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MONGOLIAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY

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INTRODUCTION

History of the Mongolian Dictionary Project

In our time, when all the languages of the world and especially those of the Orient have become the object of scientific research as well as practical study, the publication of a Mongolian - English Dictionary does not seem to need justification. Yet, because the Mongolian sector of this field of research is still little cultivated, although the spade-work was done more than a hundred years ago, a few notes on the events that led to the compilation of this dictionary may be of interest.

The father of Mongolistics is the Dutch scholar, I. J. Schmidt (1779-1847). Living in Russia, he became interested in Mongols, and took up the study of their culture and language. He published the results of his research in a number of valuable works, comprising several texts with translations, a grammar, and a small dictionary (1835). His dictionary was soon superseded by the monumental work of the Polish scholar J. E. Kowalewski, whose "Dictionnaire Mongol-Russe-Français," was published in three volumes in Kazan, 1844-1849. It included a substantial part of the difficult Buddhist terminology with Tibetan and even some Sanskrit equivalents. In this respect the book is even now without parallel in Mongolian lexicography. Golstunski's "Mongolian-Russian Dictionary," which was published in 1893-1896, was basically a revision and expansion of Kowalewski's work, without the Buddhist terms, however.

Although the work of these two pioneers created much interest in Mongolian studies in Russia, it aroused very little response elsewhere in the Western world. In fact, systematic study of the language outside of Russia did not begin until the last years of the nineteenth century, when my teacher, Professor W. Grube (1855-1908), an outstanding Sinologue and a student of the eminent Russian Orientalist W. P. Wassilyev (1818-1900), inaugurated courses in Mongolian at the University of Berlin.

In the United States, the first seat of learning to include the Mongolian language in its curriculum was the University of California, Berkeley, where instruction has been offered since 1936. This course had to start from scratch: there were no substantial facilities for study. A few years later, the general upsurge of American interest in "uncommon languages" that followed the outbreak of World War II led to the initiation of a special intensive course in Mongolian at the same University, and this made even more evident the need for instructional material in English. As a first step in providing this, I, although not a Mongolist in the strict sense of the word – for until 1942 I

had concentrated my research chiefly on Mongolian Buddhist texts – submitted to Dr. Robert G. Sproul, the President of the University, a plan for the compilation of a Mongolian dictionary. The original plan, which met with Dr. Sproul's full approval, called for a dictionary in three parts: (1) Mongolian-English, (2) English-Mongolian, and (3) a Dictionary of Buddhist Terms in Mongolian, Tibetan, and Sanskrit. The work began in 1942 with a minimum of personnel and a minimum of source material: the staff consisted of myself, Dr. Richard C. Rudolph, now Professor of Chinese at the University of California, Los Angeles, and one part-time secretary. Our source materials were limited to the Mongolian-Russian dictionary of modern terms by Cheremisov and Rumyancev, loaned to us by Prof. Gaylord Simpson, now at Harvard University, to whom I feel deeply grateful on this account.

The work was begun with the hope that even with no more material than this at hand something useful might be produced within a few years. Unfortunately Dr. Rudolph left the University shortly after work on the dictionary had begun, and there was no one who could take his place. I continued to spend what time I could spare from my other duties on the compilation, but after the war in Asia was over and communication with Mongolia was restored, I found that the linguistic picture in Mongolia had changed radically. A literary revolution, inspired by new political developments, had swept away the literary language in which all serious works – such as annals, inscriptions, and official documents, as well as the Buddhist Scriptures – had been composed for the past seven hundred years, and replaced it with the spoken language, namely the Khalkha dialect. The Uigur-Mongolian script had been relegated to the dustbin and, after a short-lived attempt to use the English alphabet instead, Cyrillic characters, notwithstanding their shortcomings, were taking its place. Many old texts, and much new material, were being published in this new form Where there had been almost no source material before there was now so much that no single worker could hope to exploit it within the available time.

Further, it became obvious that free access to China would soon be impossible, and I felt impelled to make one last trip of exploration there before the gates were closed. This trip was made in 1947-1948. When I returned to Berkeley, funds for even clerical assistance were no longer available. The Mongolian Dictionary Project seemed to have capsized in the maelstorm of world affairs.

It was salvaged by the concurrence of two events. In 1949 I reached the status of partial, and in 1952 that of full emeritus, and was thus able to spend the greater part of my time on the dictionary. The second favorable event took place in 1950: the Institute of East Asiatic Studies was founded. Its first director, Professor Woodbridge Bingham, placed the Mongolian Dictionary Project within the framework of the Institute with a staff of its own under my direction. Following the reorganization of the Institute in 1957 as part of the Institute of International Studies, this arrangement continued under the Committee

on International Studies, of which Professor Paul S. Taylor was chairman, and Professor Thomas C. Blaisdell, Jr., executive secretary. The staff comprised a research linguist, Mr. Serge Kassatkin; a Mongolian research assistant, Mr. Mattai Haltod; and later, a secretary, Miss Zoya Pourtova.

Mr. Kassatkin brought with him an enviable knowledge of the languages needed on the project, namely his native Russian, English, several European languages, both spoken and written Japanese and Chinese, and a basic knowledge of Mongolian, especially of its grammar. Far from limiting himself to the office schedule, he gave many hours of extra work to the project, hours that he could ill spare from his own personal research. After severing his relations with the Institute in order to accept a position on the academic staff of the University in 1959, he continued to give voluntary assistance until the dictionary was ready for publication.

Mr. Haltod, our first Mongolian assistant, had not only a thorough and specific knowledge of his native language, acquired by practical experience in lexicographical and grammatical research, but also a sound understanding of Japanese and Chinese. His zeal and thoroughness throughout his tenure deserve warm recognition. He left the project for reasons beyond his and our control.

A most satisfactory replacement for Mr. Haltod was found in the person of Mr. Hangin, who, besides having a fine command of Mongolian, Chinese, and Japanese, knows well both written and spoken English and even acquired a knowledge of Russian during his tenure. He had earlier helped prepare a Mongolian reader and other teaching materials. He, too, has the remarkable interest in minutiae so indispensable to a lexicographer.

For a short period in 1952 the staff had the privilege of working closely with the eminent Mongolist, Professor Nicholas Poppe, of the University of Washington. The value of the energetic assistance and authoritative advice he gave so generously, even after his official connection with the project had ended, is acknowledged with great appreciation.

We were also particularly fortunate in securing the services of Miss Zoya Pourtova. She did not limit her efforts to turning out a completely satisfactory typescript; the important Cyrillic index, containing some 32,000 single entries, is almost entirely her work.

Mr. Albert Dien, a graduate student in the Oriental Languages Department, joined the staff in 1959-60 as a research assistant. His linguistic competence enabled him to prepare with me the index of ambiguous readings, an addition which should prove a great convenience to users.

It may seem surprising that with such a competent staff I should not have been able to bring the project to a speedy conclusion, but a number of unanticipated events interfered with progress. Each time new lexicographical material became available, it was necessary to revise the work already done, making improvements and corrections. After a final draft of the dictionary had been prepared, a file of a modern Mongolian newspaper

was received and several hundred new words had to be added in their proper alphabetical positions. Because of the official adoption of the Cyrillic alphabet by the Mongolian government, it was decided to add the modern forms of the keywords, as far as feasible, and to prepare a complete index of these forms. This was tantamount to preparing a dictionary in two languages as far as the keywords were concerned. Then, when a typewriter with the old Mongolian script (the property of Mr. Hangin) became available, it seemed advisable to increase the dictionary's value by giving the script form of each keyword, and this in turn made the compilation of an index of the dubious or ambiguous readings inherent in the Uigur-Mongolian script a necessity.

As the number and complexity of problems became evident, the original plan of issuing a dictionary in three parts had to be abandoned: neither time nor money was available for its fulfillment.

The plan for an English-Mongolian dictionary that would complement the Mongolian-English was first amended to one calling for a simple English index to the definitions in the main dictionary. It was finally decided to eliminate even this, but it is mentioned here because the choice of English definitions was partly determined by the original plan.

The list of Buddhist terms given on pages 1159-1192 is all that remains of the original plan for a third volume. It was at one time believed that it would be impossible to include even a selected list of the more important terms, but when the main dictionary had been completed, it became evident that a supplement containing such terms could be accommodated Consequently, with the assistance of Dr. Alex Wayman, I hurried to compile such a list. Because of the limited time at our disposal, there are doubtless inaccuracies, omissions, and inconsistencies, but the list should be of aid to the reader of simple Buddhist texts. Our main source was the Mahavyutpatti, and extensive collection of Buddhist terms in Sanskrit with Tibetan equivalents that was compiled in the ninth century, and to which Mongolian was added in the eighteenth century. Other sources included old Buddhist texts and Kowalewski's dictionary.

While the work on the main dictionary was in progress, I had begun collecting "uncommon" or "rare" words from various books and articles written by Western Mongolists. Only a small selection of these, with indication of the sources, could be accommodated in the list of Additions and Corrections on pages 1195-1216.

Acknowledgements

In concluding this historical sketch, I wish to express my profound gratitude to the many persons who have shown interest, or taken part in the work which has occupied me during the last eighteen years. Without the encouragment of Dr. Robert Gordon Sproul, President of the University of California, Emeritus, the dictionary might have never been begun. Without the sympathetic attitude of his successor, President Clark Kerr, it might never have

been finished. Professor Woodbridge Bingham, with insight and patience, charted the course of the dictionary from 1950 to 1957. After the reorganization of the Institute of East Asiatic Studies, Professor Paul S. Taylor and Professor Thomas C. Blaisdell, Jr. helped preserve the dictionary. Dr. Esther Morrison, assistant to the Executive Secretary of the Institute of International Studies since 1956, has followed the progress of the work with understanding; her efficiency and her encouragement have helped us at all times. My sincere appreciation also goes to Mr. John S. Gildersleeve of the University of California Press for his skilful editorial assistance.

Sources, Scope and Arrangement

The dictionary has been compiled from sources of the following type: dictionaries in Russian, Japanese, Chinese, French, German, and English; printed texts, chiefly historical, such as the Altan Tobci and Erdeni jin Tobci (Sayan Secen); such modern publications as textbooks, newspapers, and magazines.

Excluding the strictly archaic language, the dictionary contains the vocabulary of all periods from 1940 on, including the modern terminology developed since sovietization. A limited number of religious terms, largely those that have become part of the common language, have been included in the main body of the dictionary; strictly technical Buddhist terms and expressions, however, are presented in a special Supplement.

Mongolian words have been transliterated into the English alphabet (with the addition of Γ, G̲, K̲, Ø, Š, Z̲) and arranged alphabetically according to this transliteration of their literary form. The modern Cyrillic transcription of each word follows on the same line as the main entry, separated from it by a solidus; the old Mongolian script form of the word is given directly below the entry – words that have been divided in order to fit a limited space should be read from left to right.

Etymological explanations, if any, and references to alternative forms are given in brackets on the first line under the key word. The designation of the part of speech (v.t., v.i., adj., adv., etc.) precedes the definition. It should be noted, however, that for many words there is no formal differentiation between, for instance, substantive and adjective, or adjective and adverb, and the designation can give only an approximation of the function of the keyword. In the transliteration of verbs, endings are dropped and the omission is indicated by a hyphen, although these endings are given for the old Mongolian and Cyrillic forms. As far as feasible, the various meanings of the keywords are arranged in a logical sequence, the basic meaning, if ascertainable, coming first. Words closely related semantically are separated from one another by commas; more distantly related words or different parts of speech are set off by semicolons.

The definitions of most keywords are followed by examples of usage, given on separate lines, in which two hyphens (--) represent the keyword. For words with two or

more widely divergent meanings, the definitions are listed separately (and designated a, b, c, etc.), and examples are given under each definition. If a word has several variant forms, it is, as a rule, defined under the most common form, the examples are given there, and cross references are made from the variants.

Optional inclusion of letters in Mongolian words, and of words in the examples, is indicated by giving the letters or words that may be included in brackets.

If a word, or a particular definition of a word, was found only in one source and could not be verified, that source is given in brackets preceding the definition: [Ko.] - Kowalewski, [Go.] - Golstunski, [SH] - Secret History, etc. (See List of Abbreviations).

If a Mongolian word or compound is a loan-translation of a foreign word, or phrase, this is indicated in parentheses, immediately following the definition or example.

Transliteration

For technical reasons we have not always followed current usage in the transliteration of Oriental scripts. Deviations from commonly accepted forms are here listed separately for each language.

Mongolian

For Mongolian we write:

c	instead of	č	ai instead of ayi
ø	instead of	ö	ei instead of eyi
x	instead of	q	
y	instead of	ü	
z	instead of	ǰ	

In the suffixes ijar/ijer, bar/ber, aca/ece, ijan/ijen, e is always used instead of a, etc. Palatalization before i can be readily ascertained by referring to the Cyrillic form of the keyword in question, therefore diacritics indicating palatalization have been omitted.

Sanskrit

The palatal s (ś) is written ç and the retroflex s (ṣ) sh: The dot is not used on the anusvara ṃ unless its omission would cause ambiguity; the dot is also omitted from guttural, palatal, and cerebral (retroflex) ṇ if the structure of the word permits it.

Tibetan

For Tibetan we write:

ng	instead of	ṅ
ny	instead of	ñ
dz	instead of	ds
zh	instead of	sh
ç	represents	the palatal s
h	represents	the a chung

The silent basis of initial vowels is indicated by an apostrophe.
The bases of the words are not marked by capital letters, and the individual syllables are not separated by hyphens or dots, but simply by spacing: hdod pa, not hDod-pa or hdod·pa, etc.
Chinese transcriptions are those given in "Chinese-English Dictionary", H.A. Giles, 2nd edition.

Berkeley, California
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Ferdinand D. Lessing

MONGOLIAN ALPHABET

(According to Vladimircov's Comparative Grammar)

Initial	Medial	Final	Old value
			*a*
			*e*
			*i*
			o u
			*ö ü*
			n
			*ng*
			q > *χ*
			*γ ǧ*
			*p b w*
			(*p*)
			s
			š
			*t d*
			l
			m
			ć
			(*ǰ*)
			y
			k g
			r
			v w
			(*h*)

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

adj.	adjective
adv.	adverb
AG	Altan Gerel
anat.	anatomy, anatomic[ally]
anc.	ancient
approx.	approximately, approximative
Ar.	Arabic
AT	Altan Tobci
attrib.	attributively
auxil.	auxiliary
biol.	biological
Bo.	Bodhisattva
Bsm	Buddhism
Bu.	Buddha , Buddhist.
card.	cardinal
caus.	causative
Ch.	Chinese
Che.	Cheremisov
chem.	chemical
cf.	confer
class.	classical
coll.	collective
colloq.	colloquial
com.	comitative
conj.	conjunction
contempor.	contemporale, contemporal
conv.	converb
coop.	cooperative
copul.	copulative
cpd.	compound
dem.	demonstrative
deriv.	derived, derivative
dim.	diminutive
distr.	distributive
eccles.	ecclesiastic
ED.	Edgerton
elev.	elevated
epist.	epistolary
esp.	especially
ET	Erdeni jin Tobci
exclam.	exclamation
euph.	euphemism
fig.	figurative[ly]
fr.	from
freq.	frequentative
fut.	future
gen.	genitive
gram.	grammar, grammatical
Go.	Golstunsky
GR	V.I. Grubov
GS	Grammata Serica
Gu.	Gunzel
hend.	hendiadys
hist.	historical, history
hon.	honorific
i.	intransitive
id.	idem (the same)
imp.	imperative
imperf.	imperfect[ive]
infra	See below
interj.	interjection
interrog.	interrogative
Kaz.	V.A. Kazakevich
Ko.	J.E. Kowalewski (Dictionary)
Lauf.	B. Laufer (Sino-Iranica)
lit.	literally
limit.	limiting
loc.	locative
Lu.	A. Lubsandendev
M.	Mongolian
Ma.	Manchu
masc. g.	masculine gender
Math.	Mathew, Dictionary
meas.	measure
metaph.	metaphorical
mil.	military
Mo.	A. Mostaert (Dictionary)
mod.	modal
multipl. num.	multiplicative numeral
myth.	mythological
n.	noun
n.a.	nomen actoris
n.d.	descriptive noun
neg.	negative, negation
nom.	nominative
n.p.	noun proper
n.u.	nomen usus
num.	numeral(s)
obs.	obsolete
onomat.	onomatopoeia
opp.	opposite
ord.	ordinal
orig.	original
P.	Pali
part.	participial, participle
pass.	passive
pl.	plural, plurative
P.Gr.	N. Poppe, Grammar
polit.	political
poss.	possessive
postpos.	postposition
pr.	present
precl.	preclassical
pred.	predicate, predicative
prep.	preposition
pres. part.	present participle
pron.	pronoun
pronom.	pronominal
Pt.	Part
q.v.	which see
Ra.	G.J. Ramstedt
rec.	reciprocal
refl.	reflexive
rel.	relative
relig.	religious
Ri.	A.R. Rinchine
S.	Sanskrit
SH	Secret History
sing.	singular
SS	Sayan Secen
subst.	substantive
suff.	suffix
supra	See above
syn.	synonym[ous]
T.	Tibetan
t.	transitive
Tr.	D.A. Troxel
transcr.	transcription
transl.	translated, translation
thr.	through
Turk.	Turkish
v.	verb
v.i.	verb intransitive
Vl.	Vladimirtsov
v.pass.	verb passive
v. rec.	verb reciprocal
v.t.	verb transitive
vulg.	vulgarism
Yhk.	Yung-ho-kung

MONGOLIAN - ENGLISH

A

A, 1. / AA

[= a - a] interj. A! Oh! Well!
--, jam[b]ar saixan bui! Ah, how beautiful it is!
--, køgerykei! Oh, what a pity!
--, tege! Yes, do that!
--, teimy yy ? Oh, is that so?

A , E , 2. / AA, ɜɜ, OO, ɵɵ

interj. Exclamation used in direct address following the person addressed: O!
jeke xaγan a! O Great Emperor!
keyked e! Children!
nøkyd e ! Friends! Comrades!

-A, -E

Suffix of the dative-locative case and adverbs.
cerig yn alban-a tataxu. To draft for military service.
daruixan-a. Immediately, forthwith.
ene zabsar-a. In the meantime, at this juncture.
γazar-a. In the place; to the place.

A-

v.i., aux., and copul. To be (not all forms of this verb are used; see examples also under abacu, abasu, atal-a, axui, azu, azuγu).
--zi. Past tense used instead of azuγu (q.v.).
bi ene γazar --suγai. Let me stay at this place.
bui --mui. There is.
kylijen --γsaγar edyr udaba. [I] have been waiting for many days.
sain saγatazu --mui uu? How are you? (lit.: are you living well?)
tegyn y --γsan γazar. The place where he had been.
tein --xui-a. If it is or were so.
tende --tuγai. [Let him] be there!
tere oruzu irekyi dy bi saγuzu --bai. When he came in I was sitting.

A - A / AA

See A, 1.

AB, 1. / AE

Intensifying particle before certain adjectives and adverbs with initial a.
-- adali. Absolutely similar or identical.
-- ariγun. Completely clean or pure; very holy, immaculate.

AB, 2. / AB

n. Witchcraft, sorcery, charms; temptation, allurement, enticement.
-- tur oruxu. To be allured, yield to temptation.

AB- / ABAX

v.t. a) To take, grasp, get hold of.
--cu ireky. To bring.
--cu jabuxu. To take and go, take away; to take care of.
--cu odxu. To take away, carry off.
--uγad ire! Take and come! Bring!
γar taγan --xu. To take in one's hand[s].
xojar γar ijer --xu. To take or receive with both hands (out of politeness).
zisij-e --xu. To take as an example.

b) To receive, obtain, gain, procure, acquire; to collect (as taxes); to buy; to absorb, draw in; to adopt; to conceive.
ama --xu. To promise, pledge.
ami --xu. To save life; to take a rest.
amisx-a --xu. To breathe; to take a breath; to take a short rest.
amta --xu. To acquire a taste for.
arγ-a kemzij-e --xu. To take measures or steps.
azil du --xu. To hire for work.
cigig --xu. To absorb moisture.
cimege --xu. To obtain information.
egγn ece --cu yzebesy. Looking from this viewpoint.
ekener --xu. To take a wife, marry.
ezelen --xu. To take possession of; to occupy.
gergei --xu. To take a wife, marry.
kegeli --xu. To become pregnant (of animals).
kycyn --xu. To gain strength; to grow fat (of animals).
kylijen --xu. To accept, receive.
øs --xu. To avenge, take revenge.
salki --xu. To catch a cold.
sanaγ-a --xu. To conceive an idea, grasp the meaning.
sanal --xu. To get someone's opinion, gather opinions.

sezig --xu. To become suspicious.
tarγu --xu. To gain weight, grow fat (of animals).
terigyn 1 --xu. To take first place.
usu --xu. To get water; to absorb water; to be flooded.
xurijan --xu. To receive; to collect; to confiscate.
yge --xu. To be receptive to somebody's request; to take or follow advice.
yge ji --xu. To interrogate, question, give a hearing ; to receive testimony or statement.
ynyr --xu. To smell or get the odor or scent of.
yrecilezy --xu. To adopt a child.
yzygyr --xu. To occupy first place, stand at the head of.
ziruγ --xu. To take a photograph, have one's picture taken.

c) To remove, take off.

ami --xu. To take one's life, kill. See also b.
emegel --xu. To take off a saddle.
malaγ-a ben --xu. To take off one's hat or cap.
toluγai --xu. To decapitate.
uryuca --xu. To reap, harvest.

d) As an auxiliary verb preceded by imperfect or modal converbs describes the action as performed in the interest, on behalf, at the wish, or in the direction of the subject.

bicizy --xu. To write down or note.
surcu --xu. To learn, study.
tatan --xu. To attract to oneself; to win (as supporters, etc.); to recruit.
xarazu --xu. To take notice.
xudaldun --xu. To buy.

e) As an auxiliary verb preceded by the perfect converb describes the action as momentary.

bariγad -- ! Grab him! Grab it!
cokiγad --xu. To strike a blow.

f) The modal and perfect converbs of this verb preceded by the ablative case have the meaning of "beginning with, from, since."

ekin ece --un. From the beginning.
ørlyge ece --uγad. Since morning.
tende ece --uγad ende kyrtel-e. From there to here.

ABA, 1.

See abu.

ABA, 2. / АВ

n. Chase, hunt, battue.
-- gøryge. Hunting.
-- kiky. To go hunting.
-- talbixu. To begin a hunt; to encircle the game on a battue.
-- taraxu. The hunters spread out for the battue
-- xurijaxu. To call a finish to a hunt.
-- zarlaxu. To invite or call for a hunt.
ang -- . Hunting, trapping.

ABACI(N) / АВЧ(ИН)

n. Hunter, trapper.

ABACI- / АВААЧИХ

[= abaγaci-, abuγaci- ; contraction of abuγad oci-] v.t. To remove, take away with one, carry off
--zu øgky. To take something to a person, deliver to.
caγaza ber --xu. To execute, put to death; to prosecute according to law.
circy --xu. To drag away.
daγudazu --xu. To summon, call, recall.
ger tegen --xu. To take to one's home.

ABACID / АВЧИД

Pl. of abaci(n).

ABACIГUL- / АВААЧУУЛАХ

v. caus. of abaci-.

ABACU / АВЧ

[concess. conv. of a-] Though , although, nevertheless.
bui -- . Although there is.
teımy -- . Although it is so.

ABAD / АВД

Intensifier of negatives: (not) at all, absolutely (not).
-- ireky ygei. Does not come back at all.
-- øsky ygei. Does not grow at all.

ABAГ-A, 1. / АВГА

n. Paternal uncle.
-- ax-a. Father's brother, uncle.
-- bergen. Wife of father's brother.
-- egeci. Aunt (father's sister).
-- eke. Sister of father, aunt on father's side; wife of father's brother.

-- kyrgen ax-a. Husband of father's sister.
-- nar. Relatives on the father's side.
bayγ-a -- . Father's younger brother.
jeke -- . Father's elder brother.

АВАГ-А, 2. / АВГА

n.p. Abaga, tribe inhabiting the Eastern and Western Abaga banners in the Shilingol league of Inner Mongolia.

АВАГАСІ-

See abacï-.

АВАГАІ / АВГАЙ

n. Wife of a prince; lady; during the Manchu period was used in the meaning of M age (q.v.); sometimes used instead of abuγai (q.v.).

АВАГАІLА- / АВГАЙЛАХ

v.t. To call someone an abaγai (q.v.); to treat politely.

АВАГАІТАІ / АВГАЙТАЙ

adj. Having a wife, married.

АВАГАLDАІ / АВГАЛДАЙ

n. A shamanistic idol; a mask representing a shamanistic god; larva, chrysalis.

АВАГАLІ / АВААЛЬ

[= abali] n. The first wife or husband; legitimate wife or husband.
-- ekener. First wife, legitimate wife .
-- er-e. First husband; legitimate husband.

АВАГАХАІ

[Buriat and Kalmuk] n. Spider.

АВАІ

Term of address expressing respect or endearment (obs.).

АВАLА- / АВЛАХ

v.t. To hunt in a group or in a battue.

АВАLІ

See abaγali.

АВАRІ- / АВИРАХ

[= abira-] v.i. To climb, clamber, or crawl upon something; to climb over or across.

--xu ebesy. Clinibing plant, vine.
--zu γarxu. To climb up.

АВАRІLГ-А / АВИРЛАГА

n. The act of abari-.

АВАSU

[cond. conv. of a-] If, in case.
bui -- . If there is or are.
daγusuγsan -- . If it is finished.
tein -- . If it is or were so.

АВАU

Interjection of fear or indignation; oh! ah!

АВАХАІ / АВХАЙ

n. Princess; daughter; young lady.

АВСАLDU- / АВЦАЛДАХ

[= abucaldu-] v.i. To be in contact, be coordinated; to correspond mutually, agree.
xoγurundu ben --xu. To agree mutually.

АВСАLDUГ-А(N) / АВЦАЛДАЛ

[= abucalduγ-a(n)] n. Mutual contact or correspondence; interaction.
-- ygei jarij-a. Incoherent speech.

АВСАLDUГАТАІ / АВЦАЛДААТАЙ

[= abcalduγatu] adj. Having mutual contact or correspondence.

АВСАLDUГАТU / АВЦАЛДААТ

See abcalduγatai.

АВСАLDUГUL- / АВЦАЛДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of abcaldu-] v.t. To bring in contact, coordinate; to adapt, fit.
onul i yiledylge deger-e --xu. To coordinate theory with practice.

АВСІ- / АВЧИХ

v.i. To shrink, contract.

АВСІГU[U] / АВЧУУ

adj. Tight (of clothes); narrow, cramped, small (of space); vivid, hasty; restless, pushing, impatient.

ABCIMAL / АВЧМАЛ

[n.d. of abci-] Shrunken, contracted.

ABCIRA- / АВЧРАХ

[a contraction of abcu ireky] v.t. To bring.

ABCIRAGUL- / АВЧРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of abcira-.

ABCIRE-

Same as abcira-.

ABDAR / АВДАР

n. Trunk, chest.

ail du eriky ber -- tayan eri. Instead of looking [for something] at your neighbors, look [for it] in your own chest (proverb).

ABDAR-A

Same as abdar.

ABDARLA- / АВДАРЛАХ

v.t. To put in a trunk or chest.

ABID

n. Intestines (obs.).

ABIDA

[= caylasi ygei gerelty, S. Amitābha] n. "He who possesses immeasurable splendor," the Buddha Amitābha who presides over the western Paradise.

-- burxan. Same as above.

ulayan -- . The Red Amitābha (red is his usual color when represented in a painting).

ABIJ-A(N) / АВИА(Н)

n. Sound, tone, voice; noise.

-- yaryaxu. To make a sound.

--n zyi. Phonetics.

--n zyi jin bicig. Phonetic writing.

-- ygei. Soundless; tacit; voiceless, mute.

ABIJAS / АВЬЯАС

[S. abhyāsa, "practice," but in meaning it often corresponds more to Buddh. Sanskrit vāsanā, T. bag chags] n. Passion; inclination, tendency, predisposition, propensity; talent, gift.

-- bilig. Talent, gift.

-- cidaburi. Talent, gift, ability.

-- mayutai. Having a bad tendency.

-- tur singgeky. To abandon oneself to passion.

-- tur xudxuydaysan sedkil. A mind agitated by passion.

-- ygei. Untalented.

tørylki -- . Innate talent.

ABIJASLIG / АВЬЯАСЛАГ

adj. Talented, gifted.

ABIJATAI / АВИАТАЙ

[= abijatu] adj. Having sound or voice; audible.

ABIJATU / АВИАТ

See abijatai.

ABIR / АВИР

-- siber. Onomat. expressive of whisper.

-- siber jarilcaxu. To whisper to each other.

ABIRA-

See abari-.

ABISIG

See abisig.

ABISIG / АВШИГ

[= abisiy, S. abhiṣeka] n. Consecration by sprinkling holy water, consecration in general (as of kings, buddhas, saintly persons, laymen); powers conferred through consecration or blessings; ordainment.

-- abxu. To receive consecration or ordainment.

-- olxu. To receive consecration or ordainment.

-- øgky. To bestow consecration, ordain a monk or priest.

ABISUN / АВЬСАН

n. The wife of an elder brother in relation to the wife of a younger brother.

-- azin. Sisters-in-law.

ABLA-

v.t. To allure, seduce; to hurt through magic incantations.

ABLIG-A / АВЛИГА

n. Illicit profit; bribe; extorted fees (obs.).

ABLIГACI / АВЛИГАЧ

n. and adj. Extortioner, taker of bribes; mercenary person; venal, mercenary, avaricious.

ABLIГALA- / АВЛИГАЛАХ

v.t. To make illicit profit, take bribes, extort money.

ABLIS

[Ar. iblis] n. Class of malevolent demons.

ABSA(N) / АВС(АН)

n. Coffin, casket.

-- dur oruγulxu. To place in a coffin.

ABSALA- / АВСЛАХ

v.t. To coffin.

ABTA- / АВТАХ

[v. pass. of ab-] To be taken or seized; to be taken out; to be capable of being taken; to be overtaken; to suffer from; to come or be under the influence or power of.

daisun dur --xu. To be seized by the enemy.

kycyn dy --xu. To come under [somebody's] power; to yield to force.

usun dur --xu. To be carried away by water; to suffer from a flood.

ABTAГDA- / АВТАГДАХ

v. pass. of abta-.

ABTAI / АВТАЙ

adj. Possessing the gift of witchcraft.

ABTARA- / АВТРАХ

v.i. To be destroyed; to be carried away; to be conquered; to be defeated; to be exhausted (as by illness or work).

dain dur --xu. To be defeated in war.

degeremci dyr --xu. To be carried away by bandits.

usun dur --xu. To be carried away by flood.

ABTASKI- / АВТАСХИЙХ

v.i. To be unable to bear; to yield, give way; to be seized or attacked.

ABU / АВ, ААВ

[= aba] n. Father, grandfather, esp. applied to an old father (endearing).

-- zangtai. Behaving like an adult (of a child).

ABUCA / АВЦ(АА)

n. Taking, receiving, accepting; reception, adoption; manner or method of doing, procedure.

γar un --. Practical knowledge; skill.

ABUCAГ-A / АВЦАА

Same as abuca.

ABUCALDU- / АВЦАЛДАХ

See abcalдu-.

ABUCALDUГ-A(N) / АВЦАЛДАА

See abcalduγ-a(n).

ABUГACI-

See abaci-.

ABUГAD / АВААД

Perfect converb of ab-. See ab-, a and f.

ABUГAI / АВГАЙ, ГУАЙ

A title of respect used in addressing one's seniors: Sir, Mister. Cf. abaγai.

blam-a --. Reverend Lama.

Gendyn --. Mr. Gendun.

ungsiγci -- nar. Respected or dear readers.

xairatu nojan -- minu. My Dear Sir: (beginning a letter).

ABUГCI / АВАГЧ

[pres. part. of ab-] n. One who takes or receives.

kylijen --. One who receives or takes; successor; radio receiver.

xudaldun --. Buyer, purchaser.

ABUГUL- / АВУУЛАХ

v. caus. of ab-.

ysy ben --xu. To have one's hair cut or shaved

ABULCA- / АВАЛЦАХ

[v. coop. of ab-] To take or receive jointly or mutually; to link, join; to fight each other.

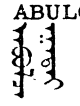
γal --xu. To catch fire, ignite.
tangγariγ --xu. To take a mutual oath; to swear to each other.
zang ijen -- . To get used to each other.

ABULCAГ-A / АВАЛЦАА



n. Mutual connection or relation; coherence, consistency, logic.
-- ygei. Disconnected; incoherent, absurd, illogical.

ABULCAГATAI / АВАЛЦААТАЙ



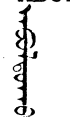
adj. Coherent, connected; consistent, logical.

ABULCAГUL- / АВАЛЦУУЛАХ



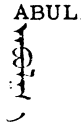
v. caus. of abulca-.

ABULDU- / АВАЛДАХ



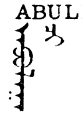
[v. rec. of ab-] To seize or hold each other, interlock, stick together, be glued together; to fight each other.

ABULГ-A / АВЛАГА



n. The act of ab-; a thing to be taken; something to which one has a claim; claim; a debt to be collected; the ability of taking, absorbing, or understanding.
-- ji abuγci. Debt collector.
-- өggylge. Receiving and giving; things to be received or given; debts to be paid or collected.
γar un -- . Guidance; practical reference or guide, study aid; manual.
γar un -- bolγaxu. To make something a guide, take as guidance.

ABULГACI / АВЛАГАЧ



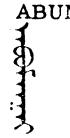
n. Collector; receiver of money, gifts, taxes, bribes, etc.

ABULTAI / АВАЛТАЙ



adj. Good or advantageous to be taken or acquired; that which should be taken, received, or accepted.

ABUMAГAI / АВАМГАЙ



adj. Receptive; inclined to receive; venal; imitative; docile; intelligent, capable.
yge --. Compliant, obedient.

ABUMTAГAI / АВАМТГАЙ



Same as abumaγai.

ABUN



[modal conv. of ab-] See also ab-, f.

ABURA- / АВРАХ



v.t. To save, rescue, help, deliver, preserve life ; to protect.
--xu byse. Lifebelt.
--xu ongγuca. Lifeboat.
amin i --xu. To save a life; to grant life (to one condemned to death, etc.).
orcilang ece --xu. To save from the circle of transmigration.

ABURAГCI / АВРАГЧ



n. Savior, rescuer; deliverer; protector.

ABURAГDA- / АВРАГДАХ



v. pass. of abura-.

ABURAL / АВРАЛ



n. Salvation, rescue, preservation; protection (esp. by a deity); refuge taken in the Buddha; compassion, pity, liberation.
-- eriky. To seek salvation, protection, or refuge (as with the Buddha).
-- un orun. Refuge.
tan u -- dur sityzy. Thanks to your patronage, thanks to you (a conventional phrase used in the epistolary style to express gratitude or appreciation).

ABURГ-A



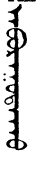
See aburγu.

ABURГU / АВРАГА



[= aburγ-a] adj. and n. Gigantic, colossal, huge, enormous, vast; giant; titan; highest rank of wrestlers; champion.
-- jeke. Huge, enormous, vast.
-- moγai. Boa constrictor, python.
-- sitaraci. Chess champion.
-- ziγasu. Huge fish; shark.

ABURГUDA- / АВРАГАДАХ



v.i. To be gigantic, colossal, huge, or enormous; to be superior.

ABURI / АВИР

n. Conduct, behavior; manners; character; disposition, temperament, temper.
-- ygei. Capricious.
-- zang = zang -- . Character, disposition, temperament; behavior.
mayu -- . Bad behavior or character.
nomuxan dølygen -- . Gentle or calm disposition.
yge -- . Speech and manners.

ABURIDA

adv. Habitually, usually, always, permanently, consistently.

ABURIDA-

Same as aburila-.

ABURILA- / АВИРЛАХ

v.i. To behave.
mayu --xu. To misbehave, behave improperly.

ABURITAI / АВИРТАЙ

adj. Having a certain character or disposition; behaving in a certain manner.

ABXUIGUL- / АВХУУЛАХ

[= abxul-] v. caus. of ab-.
tarγu --xu. To fatten (of cattle).
ysyn ijen --xu. To have one's hair cut or shaved.

ABXUL-

See abxuγul-.

ABZAG-A / АВЗАА

n. Instability of character.

ABZAGALA- / АВЗААЛАХ

v.i. To show an unstable cnaracter.

ABZAGATAI / АВЗААТ^Й

adj. Unstable, inconstant, changeable (of charácter).

ACA / АЦ

[Imperative] Give me! Bring!
tegyn i nadur -- ! Bring it , him, or her to me!

ACA(N) / АЦ(АН)

n. and adj. Bifurcated branch of a tree; fork; pitchfork; bifurcation; bifurcated, split; ambiguous; contrary, conflicting.
-- kele. Secret jargon.
-- neileky. To settle a conflict by a conference between both sides.
--n tuγurai. Cleft hoof.
--n tuγuraitan. Cloven-hoofed animals.
-- salaγatai. Branched. having bifurcated branches.
-- sanaγ-a. Ambiguity; contrary opinion.
-- zam. Fork of a road.

ACA- / АЦАХ

v.i. To catch or be caught on something; to refuse to do a job, giving an excuse; to argue, be stubborn; to put off.

ACADA- / АЦДАХ

v.t. and i. To pick up with a pitchfork; to bifurcate; to deviate; to be two-faced.

ACALA- / АЦЛАХ

v.t. and i. To toss with a pitchfork; to bifurcate.

ACARA-, 1. / АЦРАХ

v.t. To bring.
køtylzy --xu. To bring, leading by the hand or a rope.

ACARA-, 2. / АЦРАХ

v.i. To bifurcate.

ACARAIGUL- / АЦРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of acara-.

ACATAI / АЦТАЙ

[= acatu] adj. Forked, bifurcated, two-pointed.

ACATU / АЦАТ

See acatai.

ACI, 1. / АЧ

n. Favor, grace; merit; requital; reward; benefit; consequence, result.
-- ber. Owing to, thanks to; in result of.
-- ji xariγulxu. To return a favor, requite beneficence.
-- tusa. Favor and help; reward; advantage, benefit, usefulness.
-- xolbuγdal. Significance.
tegyn y -- ber. Thanks to him, her, that, etc.

ACI, 2. / АЧ



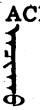
n. Grandson, granddaughter; nephew, niece (used only in reference to one's son's or brother's children).

-- kybegyn. Grandson, nephew.

-- økin. Granddaughter; niece.

-- yr-e. Children, offspring, posterity, descendants.

ACI- / АЧИХ



v.t. To load a vehicle or animal; to burden, put on the back; to pile up; to accumulate; to throw one's opponent in wrestling over one's back or thigh.

--xu temege. Pack camel.

acij-a --xu. To load.

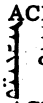
terge --xu. To load a car or cart.

ACIГCI / АЧИГЧ



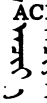
n. Loader.

ACIГUL- / АЧУУЛАХ



v. caus. of aci-.

ACIJ-A(N) / АЧАА(Н)



n. Load, burden, freight, cargo.

-- aciγci. Loader.

-- baγulγaxu. To unload.

-- kyndy bolxu. For the load or burden to be[come] heavy (also fig.).

--n u masin-a. Truck, lorry.

--n u xom. Pack saddle.

-- tegegebyri. Transportation of freight or goods; shipment.

ACIJALA- / АЧААЛАХ



v.t. To load, burden.

ACILA- / АЧЛАХ

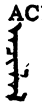


v.t. To treat with benevolence, be benevolent; to treat with filial piety; to benefit, be beneficial; to recompense, return a favor.

ecige eke ben --xu. To display filial piety to one's parents.

ene nom namaji --zu bain-a. This book benefits me greatly.

ACILAL / АЧЛАЛ



n. Benevolence, benefaction; boon; filial piety.

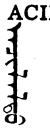
ACILALTAI / АЧЛАЛТАЙ



[= acilaltu] adj. Having or showing benevolence or filial piety.

-- kybegyn. Obedient son.

ACILALTU / АЧЛАЛТ



See acilaltai.

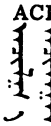
-- nom. Chinese Canon of Filial Piety (Ch. hsiao-ching 孝經).

ACILAMZI / АЧЛАМЖ



n. Benevolence; filial piety.

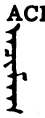
ACILГ-A(N) / АЧЛАГА



n. The act or process of loading; load, burden; any means of transporting freight.

--n u mal. Beast of burden.

ACIMAГ / АЧМАГ



n. Saddlebag; a bag for carrying personal belongings.

ACITAI / АЧТАЙ



a) [= acitu] adj. Benevolent, gracious; beneficial; deserving gratitude.

-- kymyn. Benefactor.

b) Thank you (used only to express deep gratitude).

-- bolul-a. I am very grateful to you.

ACITU / АЧИТ



See acitai, a.

ACU / АЦ



n. Needle for weaving nets.

ACUГ, 1. / АЦАГ



n. Payment or remuneration for work, wages; delivery fee; rent.

-- abxu. To deliver something for a fee.

-- barilγ-a. Fee, remuneration.

-- kølysy. Payment for work, wages.

-- ylegeky. To make an offering to the spirit of the mountain when crossing a mountain pass or a gorge.

ACUГ, 2.



[Go.] adj. Fluent (of speech).

ACUГ, 3. / АЦАГ



n. A "tooth" in the old Mongolian script, also called sidy.

ACUГDA- / АЦАГДАХ

v.t. and i. To hire a workman by the day; to work by the day.

ACUГLA- / АЦАГЛАХ

v.t. To hire; to engage to deliver something .

ACURA

Same as acu.

ADA / АД

n. Evil spirit; demon, devil; object of aversion; nuisance; obstacle, hindrance.

-- cidkyr. Devil, evil spirit.

-- ji yldeky. To exorcise demons.

-- nøkyceky. To be possessed by demons.

-- tyidker. Obstacle.

-- yzeltei. Vicious, evil.

kymyn y -- bolxu. To become a nuisance to someone.

ADA- / АДАХ

v.i. To prick, stab, or cut oneself.

ADABASI / АДАВШ

[= adabisi] adv. Extremely, exceedingly, extraordinarily, very much; excellently, very well; certainly.

-- saixan. Very charming!

ADABISI

See adabasi.

ADAГ / АДАГ

n. and adj. End, finish; extremity; estuary, lower part or mouth of a river; last; extreme, farthest (as a frontier, limit, or region); the worst, of the lowest quality.

-- taγan. At least; to the very last.

-- tu inu. At the very end.

-- un. Last, extreme.

eki -- ygei. Neither beginning nor end; endless, infinite, limitless; confused, mixed up, entangled.

ekin ece abuγad -- tu kyrtel-e. From beginning to end.

γoul un --. Mouth of a river, estuary.

kymyn y --. Villain, scoundrel.

ADAГA- / АДГАХ

v.i. To hurry, speed, strive.

ADAГAM / АДГАМ

n. Hurry, speed.

ADAГLA- / АДАГЛАХ

v.i. To come to an end, finish; to be at the end.

--zu ireky. To come at the end, come last.

ADAГU(N), etc.

See aduγu(n), etc.

ADAГUSU(N)

See aduγusu(n).

ADAIR, 1. / АДАЙР

[= adar, 1.] n. Thin boards, reeds, or straw put under the roof tiles.

ADAIR, 2. / АДАЙР

[= adar, 2] adj. Whimsical, capricious.

-- zang. Whim, caprice, fancy.

ADAIRLA-, 1. / АДАЙРЛАХ

[= adarla-,] v.t. To lay boards, reeds, or straw under the roof tiles; to build an animal shed (usually consisting only of a roof and a rear wall).

ADAIRLA-, 2. / АДАЙРЛАХ

[= adarla-] v.i. To be whimsical or capricious.

ADALA- / АДЛАХ

v.t. and i. To obsess, bewitch; to maltreat, treat as a nuisance; to rage like one possessed.

ADALAГDA- / АДЛАГДАХ

[v. pass. of adala-] To be obsessed, bewitched; to be maltreated.

ADALI / АДИЛ

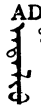
adj., adv., and postpos. The same, identical; equal; similar, resembling, analogous; similarly, identically, equally; in the same way, just as.

-- bolxu. To become similar or identical.

-- busu. Not identical, dissimilar, inequal; different.

-- erke. Equality of rights.

-- udxatai yge. Synonym.
-- ygei. Not the same, dissimilar.
arban zil yn uridaki luγ-a nigen --. Exactly the same as ten years ago.
nigen -- . The same, equal
udx-a -- yge. Synonym.
urid un -- . As before.

ADALIBTUR / АДИЛАВТАР

adj. Somewhat similar, more or less the same.

ADALICA-

v.t. and i. To compare; to be[come] or make identical or similar.

ADALICAL

n. Comparison; example.

ADALID- / АДИЛТАХ

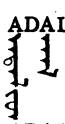
v.i. To be[come] identical; to resemble.

ADALIDXA- / АДИЛТГАХ

v.t. To compare, liken, collate; to make similar; to equalize; to treat as identical.
--basu. For example; for instance.
zisijelen --xu. To quote an example, exemplify.

ADALIDXAГUL- / АДИЛТГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of adalidxa-.

ADALIDXAL / АДИЛТГАЛ

n. Comparison; example; analogy.

ADALISA- / АДИЛСАХ

v.i. To be[come] identical; to resemble.

ADALISI / АДИЛШ

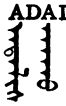
-- ygei. Incomparable; unparalleled; indescribable.

ADALISIГ / АДИЛШИГ

adj. Fairly similar or identical.

ADALISLJA- / АДИЛШААХ

v.t. To treat or consider as identical or similar; to compare; to identify.

ADALISXA-

v.t. To make similar.

ADALIXAN / АДИЛХАН

adj. Identical, equivalent, the same, similar.

ADAM / АДАМ

n. and adj. Pace, step; fast, swift, nimble (of a horse).

ADAMNA- / АДАМНАХ

v.i. To be quick or swift (of a horse).

ADAR, 1. / АДААР

See adair, 1.

ADAR, 2. / АДАР

See adair, 2.

ADAR, 3. / ААДАР

See aγadar.

ADAR, 4.

adj. Uneven, rough; bumpy.

ADARA- / АДРАХ

v.i. To be stubborn, act contrary

ADARAГ-A / АДРАА

adj. and n. Stubborn, stubbornness.

ADARAГATAI / АДРААТАЙ

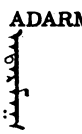
adj. Stubborn.

ADARГ-A

n. Unevenness or roughness of terrain.

ADARLA- / АДААРЛАХ

See adairla-, 1 and 2.

ADARMAГ-A / АДАРМАА

n. Pretence, simulation; whim, caprice; craftiness.
-- γarγaxu. To pretend, simulate, feign.

ADARMAГALA- / АДАРМААЛАХ

v.t. To pretend, simulate, feign.

ADARMAГATAI / АДАРМААТАЙ

adj. Cunning, crafty; clever; intricate.
-- kicetei. Intricately made.
-- kymyn. Pretender, simulator; crafty person.

ADARUU / АДРУУ

-- bydyryy γazar. Uneven or rough ground or terrain.

ADASX-A / АДСАГА

n. Worn-out horse, jade; raw hide used as a mat or rug.

-- mori. Worn-out horse.

ADATAI / АДТАЙ

adj. and adv. Possessed by a demon; devilish; quick, lively; very, exceedingly.

-- siγardaxu. To make excessive demands.

ADIJ-A / АДЬЯА

[S. adya] n. Sun; Sunday (obs.).

ADIS / АДИС

[Shortened from S. adhishṭhāna, see adistid] n. Blessing, benediction; consecration, bestowal of miraculous power by a deity; panacea; smallpox (euph., cf. caγan burxan).

-- abxu. To receive a blessing.

-- øgky. To give a blessing.

ADISLA- / АДИСЛАХ

v.t. To bless, pronounce a benediction, consecrate, dedicate.

--γsan γazar. Blessed ground; blissful place.

--n takixu. To make an offering, sacrifice.

ADISLAL / АДИСЛАЛ

n. Blessing.

ADISTAI / АДИСТАЙ

[= adistu] adj. Blessed, consecrated, blissful.

ADISTID / АДИСТИД

See adis.

ADISTIDLA- / АДИСТИДЛАХ

v.t. To bless, hallow, consecrate.

ADISTIDLAL / АДИСТИДЛАЛ

n. Consecration, blessing.

ADISTU / АДИСТ

See adistai.

ADRIS / АДРЕС

[R. адрес] n. Address (as on a letter).

ADRISLA- / АДРЕСЛАХ

v.t. To address (as a letter).

ADUГU(N) / АДУУ(Н)

[= adaγu(n)] n. Herd of horses; horse.

-- mal. Domestic animals, cattle.

--n i zakirxu jamun. Superintendency of the Imperial stables (hist.).

--n u cilaγun. A long ridge covered with continuous rows of weathered rocks or individual huge boulders.

--n u kymyn. Horse-herder.

--n u xasij-a. Stable or shelter for horses.

ADUГUCI(N) / АДУУЧ(ИН)

n. Herder of horses, keeper of a herd of horses.

--n. One of the four Imperial pastures of the Chahar league; the people of that area, who were charged with tending the Imperial horses.

ADUГULA- / АДУУЛАХ

v.t. To tend or herd cattle; to nurse or take care of children.

keyked i --xu. To nurse or take care of children.

mal --xu. To tend cattle.

ADUГUSU(N) / АДГУУС(АН), АДУУС(АН)

[= adaγusu(n)] n. Animal .

-- ji sinzileky uxaγan. Zoology.

-- mal. Animals.

-- mal i emneky uxaγan. Veterinary science.

--n amitan. Animals; fauna.

--n amitan u kyrijeleng. Zoological garden.

--n u aimaγ. The animal kingdom; fauna.

--n u orun. The animal world (one of the five or six states or "levels" of reincarnation; cf. zajaγ-a(n).

ADUГUZI- / АДУУЖИХ

v.i. To be[come] rich or well provided with horses.

ADXAГ / АТГАГ

n. Attachment to or dependence on the material world (relig.); illusion; prejudice; envy, jealousy; opinion.

-- abxu. To take vengeance.
-- sedkil. Envy, jealousy.
buruγu --. False attachment (as to the material world (relig.); erroneous view.

ADXAГLA- / АТГАГЛАХ
v.i. To cling to the material world; to be confused or infatuated; to doubt, mistrust; to have an opinion; to be prejudiced; to take vengeance.

ADXU / АТГА
n. Hollow of the hand; handful, that which is held in the hand.
-- dygyreng. Handful, as much as the hand will grasp.
nige -- sirui. A handful of earth.

ADXU- / АТГАХ
v.t. To hold in one's hand, squeeze in one's fist; to hold firmly, grasp; to massage.
--γa tai γar. The clenched hand, fist.
erke ji --xu. To seize power.
γar i --xu. To shake someone's hand.
sedkil i --xu. To gain one's confidence or trust, captivate one's soul.

ADXUГAL / АТГААЛ
n. Humerus, brachium; shoulder.

ADXUГUL- / АТГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of adxu-.

ADXULГ-A / АТГАЛГА
n. The act of adxu-.
-- jin ger. Place where one seizes or keeps something; cage, net, prison, etc.

ADXURA- / АТГАРАХ
v.i. To be seized, grasped, kept, or held in the hand.

AFRIKA / АФРИК
n. p. and adj. Africa; African.

AГ, 1. / ААГ
n. Smallpox virus.

AГ, 2. / АГ
-- ciγ. Silently, without sound.
-- ciγ bolxu. To be missing.

AГ- / АГАХ
v.i. To dry, dry up; to become tired, exhausted.

AГ-A, 1. / ААГА
n. Bran.
amun u --. Bran of cereal.

AГ-A, 2. / ААГ
n. Strength (as of tea, liquor, etc.); strong taste or odor.
-- jeketei darasu. Strong wine.

AГ-A, 3. / АГАА
n. Lady, Dame.

AГADAR / ААДАР
[= adar, 3] n. Shower, a rain of short duration.
-- boruγan. Shower.

AГALA-, 1. / ААГАЛАХ
v.i. and t. To remove the husk or bran; to sift or bolt flour.

AГALA-, 2. / ААГЛАХ
v.t. To emit a strong odor.

AГALI / ААЛЬ
n. Character, temper, nature, behavior.
-- saitai. Having a good character, good-natured.
-- ygei. Without self-restraint, capricious, whimsical; lacking self-control; coquettish.
-- ygei zang. Coquettishness.
dølygen --. Peaceful or gentle character.
zang --. Character, temper.

AГALILA- / ААЛИЛАХ
v.i. To behave, conduct oneself, act.
zoriγ ijer --xu. To behave or act arbitrarily.

AГALITAI / ААЛЬТАЙ
adj. Having a temper, a certain character, etc.

AГALZA(N) / ААЛЗ
[= aγalzi(n)] n. Spider.
--n u øgesi. Cobweb.
--n u silysy. "Spider's spittle," gossamer, cobweb.

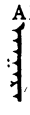
AГALZI(N)
See aγalza(n).

АГАR / ААР



n. Celestial sphere; air; atmosphere; weather.
-- byrkybci . Atmosphere.
-- ijer medege nebteregylky. To transmit by radio.
-- un baidal. Weather; atmospheric conditions.
-- un bөmbyrceg. Balloon.
-- un cerig. Air force.
-- un cigig. Humidity.
-- un kemnegyr. Barometer.
-- un kycyn. Air force.
-- un medege. Radio message, radiogram.
-- un medege nebteregylky. To send a radiogram, radio.
-- un medegen y xorij-a. Radio station.
-- un ongγuca. Airship, airplane .
-- un ongγuca jin baγudal. Airport, airdrome.
-- un ongγuca jin bairi. Hangar.
-- un siudan. Airmail.
-- un tangnaγul un ongγuca. Scout plane; reconnoitering plane.
-- un ularil. Climate, climatic conditions.
baiγali -- . Climate.
baiγali -- un baidal. Climate, climatic conditions.
ceber -- . Pure or fresh air.
kei -- . Atmosphere; air.
oγturγui jin -- . Celestial sphere.

АГАRA- / ААРАХ



v.i. To be confused, dumbfounded; to be at a loss for words.

АГАRCA(N) / ААРЦ



n. A kind of sour cottage cheese made from milk left after distillation of milk liquor.

АГАRMAГ / ААРМАГ



n. Buckwheat flour ground with the husk.

АГАRMAГLA- / ААРМАГЛАХ



v.t. To grind buckwheat with the husk.

АГАRUUL / ААРУУЛ



n. Dried aγarca(n), q.v.

АГАSI / ААШ

n. Character, temperament; manners; behavior, conduct.
-- saitai. Good-natured, having a pleasant disposition.

-- yzegylky. To show one's character; to display a temper or bad manners.
-- zaŋg. Conduct, character.
maγuxai -- γarγaxu. To display a temper or bad manners.

АГАSILA- / ААШЛАХ



v.i. and t. To behave; to act; to display a bad temper; to scold; to be angry.
saixan --xu. To act in a pleasant or friendly manner.
syrkei --xu. To rage.

АГАSILAГUL- / ААШЛУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of aγasila-] To be scolded.

АГАSILГ-A / ААШЛАГА



n. Behavior; manners.

АГАSITAI / ААШТАЙ



adj. Having a certain character or disposition; behaving in a certain manner.
olan -- . Whimsical, capricious.
saixan -- . Having a friendly or gentle disposition.

АГАŠAR / ААШАР



adv. For a while; leisurely.

АГАTAI / ААГТАЙ



adj. Having a strong or sharp taste or odor.
-- cai. Strong tea.
-- em. Bitter medicine.
-- ynyr. Aroma; pungent odor.

АГАZIГU / ААЖУУ



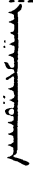
adj. and adv. Slow[ly], sluggishly, leisurely; by and by, gradually.
-- kiky. To do something slowly or sluggishly; to do at leisure.
-- kymyn. Sluggish person.

АГАZIГUD- / ААЖУУДАХ



v.i. To be too slow or sluggish; to dawdle, idle

АГАZIГUXAN / ААЖУУХАН



adv. Slow[ly], by and by, gradually; somewhat later.
-- alxuxu. To walk leisurely.
-- bosxu. To arise somewhat late.

-- jabuxu. To go slowly.

АГAZIM / ААЖИМ



adj. and adv. Slow[ly], leisurely, unhurriedly, gradually; by and by.

-- daγan. At one's leisure, without hurry; some time later on; at the latest.

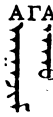
-- ijer. Slowly, leisurely, gradually.

АГAZIMDA- / ААЖИМДАХ



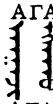
v.i. To be too slow or sluggish ; to procrastinate.

АГAZIMLA- / ААЖИМЛАХ



v.t. and i. To do something slowly or sluggishly; to procrastinate.

АГAZIMSA- / ААЖИМСАХ



v.i. To slow down, become slow.

АГAZIMXAN / ААЖИМХАН



adv. Slowly, gradually; by and by.

АГCI- / АГЧИХ



v.i. To contract, shrink.

АГCIJA- / АГЧААХ



v. caus. of aγci-.

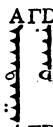
АГDA-



Passive of a- used to form a polite imperative (obs.).

ta ene γazar --xui! Please stay at this place!

АГDAГANA- / АГДГАНАХ



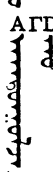
v.i. To burst out laughing, roar with laughter.

АГDUГAR / АГДГАР



adj. Short, contracted; short in stature, squat.

АГDUГULZA-



v.i. To move by contracting and stretching alternately (as a caterpillar); to creep, crawl.

АГDUI- / АГДАЙХ



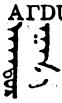
v.i. To shorten, shrink, contract.

АГDUILГA- / АГДАЙЛГАХ



v. caus. of aγdui-.

АГDURГAN-A / АГДАРГАНА



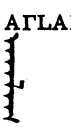
n. Lily, Lilium dahuricum.

АГDUSKI- / АГДАСХИЙХ



--n zoγsuxu. To stop suddenly (of a running horse).

АГLAГ / АГЛАГ



adj. Secluded, solitary, remote, desolate; virgin (of forest).

-- γarxu. To retire into seclusion.

-- γazar. Desolate place or region, remote locality.

АГLAГ-A



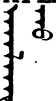
Same as aγlaγ.

АГLAГCI / АГЛАГЧ



n. Hermit, anchorite.

АГLAГDA- / АГЛАГДАХ



v.i. To retire into a lonely place; to go into seclusion, withdraw from the world.

АГLAГU[I]



Same as aγlaγ.

АГLI



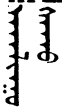
n. Excrescence, burl, or canker on a tree.

АГLIГUN / АГЛУУН



adj. Compact, dense, thick.

АГLIГUSA- / АГЛУУСАХ



v.i. To condense, become compact, dense, or thick.

АГSA- / АГСАХ



v.t. To raise, put up; to attach to or suspend from a belt.

keregyl --xu. To start a quarrel, argue.

saγadaγ --xu. To hang or attach a quiver.

segyl --. To raise the tail; to put on airs, become proud.

АГSAГ-A / АГСАА



n. A belt to which a quiver and a bow case are attached; a small bag suspended from a belt.

AГSI- / АГШИХ
v.i. To condense, contract, shrink, shrivel; to kink, curl up; to warp; to parch, dry to excess.

AГSIГUL- / АГШУУЛАХ
v. caus. of aγsi-.

AГSIГUN / АГШУУН
adj. Condensed; thick; dry; hard; stale, tasteless (as meat or stale bread).

AГSIJA- / АГШААХ
[v. caus. of aγsi-] v.t. To condense; to dry to excess.

AГSILГ-A / АГШЛАГА
n. The process of aγsi-.

AГSIRA- / АГШРАХ
v.i. To dry, congeal; to thicken, become dense; to feel thirsty.

AГSIRAГUL- / АГШРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of aγsira-.

AГSIRAMAL / АГШИРМАЛ
[n.d. of aγsi-] adj. Dried, condensed, thickened.

AГSIRГ-A / АГШИРГА
n. and adj. Bitter taste; taste of something spoiled or rotten; overroasted, overdone.

AГSIRГAN-A / АГШИРГАНА
n. Hellebore, Veratrum nigrum.

AГSU-
v.t. To trade, exchange; to lend or borrow money at interest (obs.). Cf. aγsun, 1.

AГSUM / АГСАМ
n. and adj. Fury, rage, madness; furious, fiery, violent, tempestuous; spirited.
-- mori. Fiery or spirited horse.
-- talbixu. To rage, storm, behave violently.
-- zangtai. Irritable, fretful, peevish.

AГSUMLA- / АГСАМЛАХ
See aγsumna-.

AГSUMNA- / АГСАМНАХ
[= aγsumla-] v.i. To rage, storm, behave violently; to bluster, be boisterous; to debauch.

AГSUN, 1. / АГСАН
n. Borrowing or lending money at interest; loan; usury (obs.).
-- abxu. To borrow money at interest.
-- øgky. To lend money at interest.
-- talbixu. To lend money at interest.

AГSUN, 2. / АГСАН
Same as aγsum.

AГSUNGNA- / АГСАГНАХ
Same as aγsumna-.

AГSUR- / АГСРАХ
v.i. To storm, fly into a rage, be violent or furious; to be fiery.

AГSURKILA- / АГСАРХИЙЛАХ
v.i. To be violent, rage; to jump upon.

AГŠAN
Same as gšan.

AГTA / АГТ
n. and adj. Gelding; gelded, castrated.
-- araγ-a. Wisdom tooth.
-- megezi. Gelded swine.
-- mori. Gelding.
cerig yn --. Cavalry horse or herd.

AГTACI(N) / АГТАЧ, АГТЧИН
n. Horse-herder.

AГTAI
Same as aγatai.

AГTALA- / АГТЛАХ
v.t. To geld, castrate.
--γsan. Gelded, castrated.

AГU-, 1.
v.t. To scoop out, drain; to complete, finish (obs.).

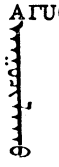
AГU-, 2.
See uγu-.

АГUCA

Same as uγuca.

АГUCI / УУЧ

adj. Magnanimous, condescending.

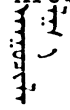
АГUCILA- / УУЧЛАХ

v.t. To pardon, forgive, condone, excuse; to treat with mercy or magnanimity.
--γarai! Forgive me! Pardon me!
--n talbixu. To pardon; to release, remit.
--xu azijamu. Will you forgive (epist.).
--xu γazar ygei. Unpardonable.
ami --xu. To spare [somebody's] life.
ketyrkei --xu. To be magnanimous.
osul i --xu. To forgive a mistake or fault.

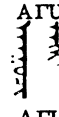
АГUCILАГUL- / УУЧЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of aγucila - .

АГUCILAL / УУЧЛАЛ

n. Pardon, forgiveness, remission of punishment or penalty; magnanimity.

АГUCILALГ-A / УУЧИЛЛАГА

n. Pardon, forgiveness, commiseration, mercy.

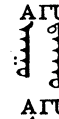
АГUCILASI / УУЧЛАШ

-- ygei. Unpardonable, inexcusable.

АГUD-

v.i. To spread, become vast, spacious, or extended.

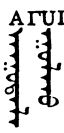
АГUDA / АГУУД

adv. Vastly, spaciously, widely; very greatly.

АГUDAL-

v.t. To expand, extend; open (as a bag).

АГUDALA- / УУДЛАХ

v.t. To pour from a large container into a smaller one, decant; to empty out, pour out; to dig for, rummage; to ferret out, expose, reveal, disclose.
--n yzegylky. To expose, reveal, disclose.
abdar --xu. To rummage in a box.
kereg --xu. To look into, investigate, or reveal a matter or affair.
niγuca ji, --xu. To reveal a secret.
øbyr ijen --xu. To search in the breast pocket.
saba --xu. To empty out a container.

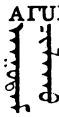
АГUDALАГUL- / УУДЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of aγudala-.

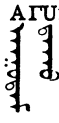
АГUDAM / УУДАМ

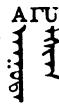
adj. and n. Wide, vast, spacious, extended; a vast space.
-- sedkil. Magnanimity; big-heartedness; imperturbability.
-- tal-a. Vast steppe.
-- zam. Wide road.

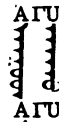
АГUDAMCI / УУДАМЧ

adj. Magnanimous, condescending; broad-minded, big-hearted; imperturbable.

АГUDAMCILA- / УУДАМЧЛАХ

v.i. To behave or act magnanimously.

АГUDAMDA- / УУДАМДАХ

v.i. To be too wide, vast, or extended; to be too magnanimous.

АГUDAMSIГ / УУДАМШИГ

adj. Very wide, vast, or spacious.

АГUDXA-

v.t. To make wide, extend, expand; to spread.

АГUI, 1. / АГУЙ

n. Cave, grotto (especially one occupied by an ascetic).
ˌkøndyi -- . Cave, den, grotto.

АГUI, 2. / АГУЙ

Same as aguu.

АГUL

-- aci. n. One's own grandson or descentant.

АГUL- / АГУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of a-] v.t. and i. To place, put into; to store, preserve in; to contain; to accommodate; tc embody.
--uγsan sanaγ-a. Meaning contained in something.
--xu γazar. Storeroom; warehouse.

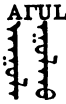
sanaγan daγan --xu. To keep in mind, remember well.

AГULA(N) / УУЛ(АН)



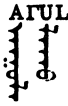
n. Mountain.
-- jin aru. The northern side or slope of a mountain.
-- jin bel. Slope, declivity.
-- jin cai. Willow herb, rosebay.
-- jin elige. The southern side or slope of a mountain; middle part of a mountain.
-- jin iruγar. Foot of a mountain.
-- jin kir-a. Mountain ridge.
-- jin øbyr. Sunny (south) side of a mountain.
-- jin sili. Upper part of a mountain; flat top of a mountain.
-- naγadxu. The mountains "play" (said of a mirage in the mountains , obs.).
--n cinegen. As big as a mountain .
-- xada. Mountains (collectively).

AГULAГUL- / АГУУЛУУЛАХ



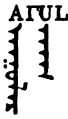
v. caus. of aγul-.

AГULALA-



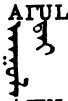
v.i. To travel in the mountains, cross mountains.

AГULARXAГ / УУЛАРХАГ



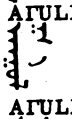
adj. Mountainous.
-- γazar. Mountainous region.

AГULATAI / УУЛТАЙ



adj. Mountainous.

AГULГ-A / АГУУЛГА



[= aγululγ-a] n. Substance, essence, content.

AГULГA- / АГУУЛГАХ



v. caus. of aγul- .

AГULIXAI, etc. / УУЛЬХАЙ



See uulixai, etc.

AГULULГ-A



See aγulγ-a.

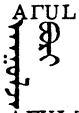
AГULZA- / УУЛЗАХ



v.i. To meet; to merge (as rivers, etc.).
bajartai --j-a! Good-by till we meet again!
daisun dur' --xu. To encounter the enemy.
geicin tei --xu. To meet a guest.

xojar zam --xu. For two roads to meet.

AГULZABURI / УУЛЗВАР



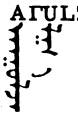
See aγulzar.

AГULZAГUL- / УУЛЗУУЛАХ



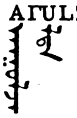
[v. caus. of aγulza-] To cause, or give an opportunity to meet; to present, introduce.
nøkyr lyge --xu. To introduce [somebody] to a friend.

AГULZALГ-A / УУЛЗЛАГА



n. Meeting, rendezvous.

AГULZALTA / УУЛЗАЛТ



n. Meeting, rendezvous.

AГULZAR / УУЛЗАР



[= aγulzaburi] n. Meeting; junction, place where something meets or crosses, merging point; abutment.
γurban γoul un -- . Confluence of three rivers.
øbydyn-y -- . The crotch in trousers.
temyr zam un -- . Railroad junction.
zam un -- . Crossroad, intersection.
ziryuγan -- . The six points of the compass: north, south, east, west, zenith, and nadir; the universe (Ch. liu-ho 六合).

AГUR, 1. / УУР



n. a) Steam, vapor; breath; atmosphere.
-- amisxal. Climate.
-- bolxu. To change into steam.
-- ijer utuxu. To fumigate with steam.
-- un kycy. Steam power.
-- un masin-a. Steam engine.
-- un terge. Automobile (obs.); locomotive.
-- un zuux-a. Steam heater.
aman u -- . Breath.
caγ -- . Weather; meteorology.

b) Anger.
-- ijen daruxu. To control one's anger.
-- kiling. Anger.
-- kyrky. To become angry.
-- kyrygylky. To anger, irritate.
-- namxaraxu. For anger to abate.
kiling -- tørygylky. To arouse anger.
tyrgen -- . Quick temper, irascibility.

AГUR, 2.

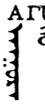
Same as ugur.

AГUR-

Same as oγur-.

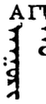
AГUR-A

Same as aγurasu(n).

AГURASU(N) / УУРС

n. Chattels, belongings, possessions.
ed -- . Possessions, belongings.

AГURCAГ

Same as oγurcaγ.

AГURI-

v.i. To knit one's eyebrows, wrinkle one's forehead (especially from anger).

AГURIL

n. Wrinkles (especially from anger); anger, fury, rage.

AГURLA- / УУРЛАХ

v.i. To be[come] angry or furious.

AГURLAГUL- / УУРЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of aγurla-] To arouse anger, irritate, exasperate.

AГURLAL / УУРЛАЛ

n. Anger, wrath.

AГURSA- / УУРСАХ

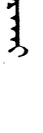
v.i. To change into steam; to be[come] angry.

AГURTAI / УУРТАЙ

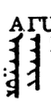
adj. Having steam, steamy; angry, irascible, irritable.
-- cirai γarγaxu. To make an angry face.

AГURTU / УУРТ

adj. Having steam; propelled by steam.

AГURXAI / УУРХАЙ

[= uγurxai] n. Mine, shaft; hole, pit; source, beginning; secret or hidden place.
-- jin azilcin. Miner.
-- jin azu yiledbyri. Mining industry.
-- jin bajaliγ. Mineral wealth.
altan u -- . Gold mine.

cilaγun negyresyn y -- . Coal mine.
jasun u -- . Grave, tomb (obs.).
sidyn y -- . Socket of a tooth, alveolus.

AГURXAICI / УУРХАЙЧ

n. Miner, worker in a mine.

AГUS- / УУСАХ

v.i. To dissolve, pass into solution.
--xu cinar. Solubility.
--xu ygei. Insoluble.
usun du --xu. To dissolve in water.

AГUSBURI / УУСВАР

n. Solubility.

AГUSXA- / УУСГАХ

v.t. To dissolve, cause to pass into solution.

AГUSXAMAL / УУСГАМАЛ

[n.d. of aγusxa-] adj. and n. Dissolved; solution.
caduγsan -- . Saturated solution.
usun -- . Hydrate.

AГUŠGI(N) / УУШГИ(Н), УУШИГ

n. Lungs.
-- cilaγu. Pumice stone.
--n u ebedcin. Pulmonary disease.
--n u xanijadu. Tuberculosis.
--n xalaγun. Pneumonia.

AГUU / АГУУ

[= uu, 2] adj. and adv. Vast, immense[ly], huge; great[ly], tremendous[ly]; very much, extremely; magnanimous.
-- jeke. Great, huge, vast, colossal.
-- sain. Very well.
-- sanaγ-a. Magnanimity.
-- tomu. Colossal, gigantic, huge.

AГUZI

See uγuzi.

AГUZIM / УУЖИМ

adj. Wide, vast, spacious; calm, imperturbable; unhurried, gradual, slow.
-- doturtai. Calm, imperturbable.
-- jeke tal-a. Vast plain.
-- tasuly-a. Spacious room.

AГUZIMDU- / УУЖИМДАХ
v.i. To be too wide, vast, or spacious; to be calm.

AГUZIMXAN / УУЖИМХАН
adv. Fairly vast, wide, or spacious; fairly calm.

AГUZIRA- / УУЖРАХ
v.i. To be[come] wide or spacious; to calm down, be relieved.
dotur --xu. To calm down, be relieved.
ger --xu. For a room or house to become more spacious.

AГZAГAR / АГЗГАР
adj. Shriveled; of short stature, dumpy.

AГZAI- / АГЗАЙХ
[= aγzi-] v.i. To warp; to contract; to shrivel; to shiver (as with cold).

AГZALZA- / АГЗАЛЗАХ
v.i. To cringe, contract, or shrivel repeatedly.

AГZAM
n. Blunt wooden arrow tip.
-- sumu. Arrow with a blunt wooden tip.

AГZAMLA-
v.t. To shoot an arrow with a blunt wooden tip.

AГZI-, etc.
See aγzai-, etc.

AGE
[Ma. age] n. Title of respect used in addressing sons of noblemen or emperors (obs.).

AGENTA / АГЕНТ
n. Agent.
xudalduγan u --. Commercial agent.

AGENTLIГ / АГЕНТЛАГ
n. Agency.

AGI, 1. / АГЬ
n. Honorific term used in referring to another person's son.

AGI, 2. / АГЬ
n. Wormwood, absinthe, Artemisia frigida.
altan --. Bupleurum bicaule (plant).

AGI- / АГИХ
v.i. To dry up, harden; to freeze.
møsy --zuxui. Ice has formed.

AGINGTA
Same as agenta.

AGIRA- / АГИРАХ
v.i. To dry up, harden; to freeze.
--n køldeky. To freeze to the bottom.

AGIRAM-A / АГИРАМ
adj. Dry, dried up, desiccated, hard; frozen.
-- xataγu. Dry and hard.

AGITACA / АГИТАЦ
[R. агитация] n. Agitation (polit.).

AGITATOR / АГИТАТОР
[R. агитатор] n. Agitator (polit.).

AGNI
[S. agni] n. Fire (relig.); the god of fire.

AGRONOM / АГРОНОМ
[R. агрономия] n. Agronomy.

AGRONOMCI / АГРОНОМЧ
[R. агроном] n. Agronomist.

AGARU / АГАР, АГАРУУ
n. Cypress; aloe.

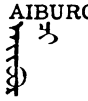
AI, 1. / АЙ
Interjection expressing pity, sympathy, worry, fear: Ah! Oh!
-- xairxan! What a pity! Oh, gracious!

AI, 2. / АЙ
n. Sound, noise.

AI, 3. / АЙ
n. Category; part of speech.
kele zyi jin --. Grammatical category.

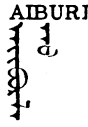
AI- / АЙХ
Colloquial form of aju-, q.v.

AIBURCI / АЙВАРЧ



n. Talkative person, one who talks nonsense.

AIBURLA- / АЙВАРЛАХ



v.i. To talk too much, be talkative, talk nonsense; to shout at.

AIDANGГU / АЙДАНГА



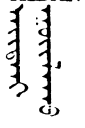
See aidangγui.

AIDANGГUI / АЙДАНГУЙ



[= aidangγu, aidangγuu] n. and adj. Desire, lust; lewd, lustful; talkative; babbler.

AIDANGГUILA- / АЙДАНГУЙЛАХ



v.i. To be lewd, lustful; to babble, talk nonsense.

--n keleky. To babble, talk nonsense.

AIDANGГURA- / АЙДАНГАРАХ



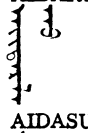
Same as aidangγuila-.

AIDANGГUU



See aidangγui.

AIDARLA- / АЙДАРЛАХ



v.i. To deteriorate (of ethics or conduct); to be rude or impolite.

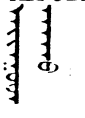
AIDASU(N) / АЙДАС



n. Fear, fright, horror.

-- kyrky. To become frightened.

AIГUDXA-



v.t. and i. To threaten; to frighten with words; to make caustic remarks.

AIL / АЙЛ



n. Family, household, homestead; neighbor-[hood]; settlement, group of tents, village.

-- eryke. Household.

-- ger. Family, household.

-- ger bolxu. To set up housekeeping, marry.

-- ger ebdereky. For a household to break up,

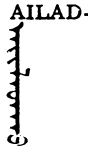
-- tosxun. Settlement, village.

-- un kymyn. Neighbor.

-- zergeldege. Neighboring, adjacent.

γurban -- un orun sayuca. A house comprising three apartments.

AILAD- / АЙЛДАХ



v.t. and i. (hon.) To know; to perceive; to glance at, examine; to deign; to say.

--uγci. A knowing one; sage.

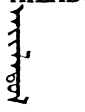
nom --xu. To recite holy scriptures.

tan u --uγsan yge. The words you have said.

ta zyderezy --bau? Did you get tired? (a polite phrase addressed to a person after his work or to a traveler after his trip).

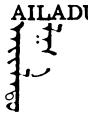
xamuγ i --uγci. The omniscient [one].

AILADUL / АЙЛДАЛ



n. (hon.) Knowledge, wisdom cognition, cognizance; consent (of an emperor or a superior).

AILADULГ-A / АЙЛДАЛГА



Same as ailadul.

AILADXA- / АЙЛТГАХ



[v. caus. of ailda-] To speak respectfully, report to or memorialize a superior or the emperor.

--xu bicig. Report to a prince or to the throne.

--xu ebkemel. Report or memorial to the throne (Ch. tsou-che 奏摺).

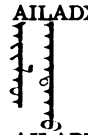
amuγulang i --xu. To greet respectfully.

γujun --xu. To request respectfully.

sin-e jin amuγulang --xu. To present New Year's congratulations.

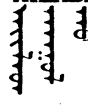
xariγu --xu anu. I respectfully answer that ... (epist.).

AILADXAГDA- / АЙЛТГАГДАХ



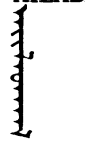
v. pass. of ailadxa-.

AILADXAГUL- / АЙЛТГУУЛАХ



v. caus. of ailadxa-.

AILADXAL / АЙЛТГАЛ



n. (hon.) Report to the throne or a superior; request, petition.

AILCI(N) / АЙЛЧ(ИН)

n. and adj. Guest, visitor; visiting.
--n zøcygecin. Guest actor, actor on tour.

AILCILA- / АЙЛЧЛАХ

v.t. To go to visit.
--xu zøcyge. Performance by a traveling actor.
ail --xu. To visit a neighbor.

AILGA- / АЙЛГАХ

See ajulγa-.

AIMAG / АЙМАГ

n. Tribe, clan; aimak (largest administrative division of the Mongolian People's Republic); class, category, species, genus, world (in nature); part of speech; faculty or department of a monastery school (cf. dacang).
-- anggi ber ilγaxu. To classify, categorize.
-- un jamun. Aimak administration.
-- un nojan. Chief of an aimak.
-- un tøb. Administrative center of an aimak.
-- un zakirγ-a. Aimak office, aimak administration.
-- xubijaxu. To demarcate aimaks or other areas; to classify.
amitan u --. The animal world, fauna.
cilaγun u --. Mineral world.
γurban -- saba. The three divisions of the Buddhist scriptures known as Tripiṭaka.
temγrlig yn --. Metals in general.
tngri nar un --. The kingdom, world, or class of gods.
urγumal un --. The vegetable kingdom, flora.
xalx-a jin dørben --. The four subtribes of the Khalkha Mongols (hist.).
xuvaraγ un --. The Buddhist priesthood, lamas in general.
yges yn --. Parts of speech.

AIMAGLA- / АЙМАГЛАХ

v.t. and i. To divide into aimaks; to subdivide; to group, assort, classify; to form into classes, districts, or groups.

AIMAGLAL / АЙМАГЛАЛ

n. The act of aimaγla-. Division, grouping, classification.

AIMAN

See under yime-.

AIMAS-

v.t. and i. To be angry; to blame, rebuke; to worry, feel anxiety.
--xui yges. Angry words.

AIMSIG

See ajumsiγ.

AIMTAGAI / АЙМТГАЙ

See ajumtaγai.

AIMU- / АЙМАХ

[Kalmuck] v.i. To become confused, mixed up; to go astray; to be unintelligible.

AIMUR / АЙМАР

n. and adj. Depravity, corruption; depraved, corrupt; lasciviousness; lascivious, lecherous.

AIMUR- / АЙМРАХ

[= aimurla-] v.i. To change for the worse, deteriorate; to indulge in lustful pursuits, be lecherous; to be seduced, yield to seduction; to be confused.

AIMURCI(N) / АЙМАРЧ

adj. Depraved, vicious; lecherous, lascivious; seduced, spoiled.

AIMURLA- / АЙМАРЛАХ

See aimur-.

AIMURLAL / АЙМАРЛАЛ

n. Depravity, vice, moral decay, carnal desire, seduction.

AIRAG / АЙРАГ

n. Kumiss, fermented milk of mares or cows.
-- nereky. To distill kumiss.
-- un emnelge. Kumiss therapy.
gegyn y --. Kumiss made of mare's milk.
sir-a --. Beer.

AIRAGDA- / АЙРАГДАХ

v.t. To drink kumiss.

AIRAGLA-, l. / АЙРАГЛАХ

v.t. and i. To ferment milk, make kumiss; to be overripe, sour; to coagulate (of milk); to exceed normal growth.

AIRAГLA-, 2. / АЙРАГЛАХ

v.i. To feel an ache in one's body; to suffer from a bone injury.

AIRAГLIГ

-- zimis. A kind of fruit (Crataegus?).

AIRIГ

See araγ.

AIS-, 1. / АЙСАХ

Same as aimas-.

AIS-, 2.

[= aisu-] v.i. To approach, draw near (obs.).

AISI-

Same as ais-, 2.

AISIKI

See aiski.

AISKI

[= aisiki] n. Witchcraft, sorcery; charm, spell; sleight of hand; witch, sorceress.

-- em-e. Witch.

AISU-

See ais-, 2.

AISUI / АЙСУЙ

Old present form of the verb ais-: approach[es], come[s] nearer.

nigen kymyn -- . [There] comes a man.

AIXUBTUR / АЙХАБТАР

adv. and adj. Terrible[-bly] frightful[ly]; fearsome; apprehensive[ly].

-- ebedky. To be terribly ill.

-- jeke. Terribly big, grandiose, colossal.

-- kyiten. Horribly cold (of weather).

-- saixan. Awfully nice.

-- tyrgen. Terribly quick.

AIZAГALA-

v.i. To speak roughly, rudely, or abusively.

AIZAГALAL

n. Coarse words, crudity or discourtesy in speech.

AIZAM

n. A gay or cheerful song or tune; dance song; clapping of hands to indicate the rhythm in dancing or singing.

AIZAMLA-

v.t. To sing merrily.

--n dayulaxu. To sing a gay or a dance song.

AJ-A, 1. / АЯА

interj. Oh! Alas!

AJ-A, 2. / АЯ

n. Sound, tune, melody; pronunciation.

-- barixu. To sing a song at a celebration.

dayun u --. Melody of a song.

yge jin aj-a. Pronunciation.

AJ-A, 3. / АЯ

n. Quality befitting or becoming an object or a situation; fitness, aptness, convenience; proper manner; decency, manners.

-- ber inu bailγaxu. To leave alone, not to interfere.

-- daγaxu. To observe decorum; to comply with other people's wishes; to adapt or accommodate oneself to.

-- ji inu olxu. To find ways and means; to find the right or proper way; to annihilate.

-- neilegylky. To make agree, fit, or tally.

-- siltaγ-a bolγaxu. To give something as an excuse.

-- ygei. Not fitting, inappropriate, improper; disagr' eable; inconvenient; indisposed, unsociable.

-- ygei bol . If there is a slip or blunder.

-- ygei kereg. Embarrassing affair or incident, awkward situation.

AJADA- / АЯАДАХ

v.i. To have a liking, inclination, or penchant for something; to adapt oneself to somebody or something, adjust oneself; to use an opportunity, avail oneself of circumstances.

--n daγalduγci. Fellow traveler, fellow passenger; conciliator (polit.).

AJAГ / АЯГ

n. Character; temper; behavior.

-- yzegylky. To show or display one's temper.

AJAГ-A(N), 1. / АЯГА(Н)

n. Cup, bowl, eating-bowl, bowl of a mendicant.

AJAГ-A, 2.

-- tegimlig. "Worthy of honor or worship;" reverend (applied originally to the Buddha and later to Buddhist monks ; Uigur ayaγqa tegimlig, S. Chadanta). Cf. gelyng.

AJAГACI(N) / АЯГАЧ

n. Maid-servant, house maid (obs.).

-- keyken. Maid-servant (obs.).

AJAГALA- / АЯГАЛАХ

v.t. To put or pour into a cup or bowl.

xoγul --xu. To put food into a bowl; to dish out food.

AJAГATAI / АЯГАТАЙ

adj. With or in a bowl or cup.

AJAГLA- / АЯГЛАХ

v.i. and t. To show one's character or temper; to behave; to scold.

AJAГUD

[= ajud, S. ayuta] n. Ten thousand (in Buddhist writings).

AJALA-, 1. / АЯЛАХ

v.i. To travel; to set out for a journey; to go on an expedition.

AJALA-, 2. / АЯЛАХ

v.t. To hum, chant.

--n ungsixu. To chant (as the text of a liturgy).

dayu -- . To hum or chant a tune.

AJALA-, 3. / АЯЛАХ

v.i. To become adjusted; to become harmonious.

AJALAГUL- / АЯЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of ajala-, 1, 2, and 3.

AJALГU / АЯЛГУУ

n. Melody, tune; tone, intonation, lilt; pronunciation; accent; dialect; exclamation, interjection.

-- abxu. To pronounce with emphatic accent, accentuate.

-- γarγaxu. To produce a tune or melody.

aman -- . Dialect; pronunciation.

salburi -- . Subdialect.

AJALГULA- / АЯЛУУЛАХ

v.t. To emit harmonious sounds, hum, chant; to play a musical instrument.

--n dayulaxu. To sing melodiously.

--n ungsixu. To recite melodiously.

dayu --xu. To hum or sing a tune or melody.

AJALГUTAI / АЯЛГУУТАЙ

adj. Having a tune or rhythm; melodious.

AJAN / АЯН

n. Travel, journey, expedition.

-- aba. Chase, hunt.

-- dain. Military campaign.

-- dur jabuxu. To travel.

-- dur morduxu. To start on a trip.

-- kiky. To travel, journey.

-- u kymyn. Traveler, wanderer, pilgrim.

-- u saba. Traveling bag.

-- u zaruly-a. Traveling expenses.

-- zam. Travel, journey, way.

-- zing. Caravan.

AJANCI(N) / АЯНЧ(ИН)

n. Traveler; pilgrim.

-- kymyn. Traveler.

--n u bayudal. Guest house, hotel, hostel.

AJANDAГAN / АЯНДАА

[dative-reflex. of aja-, 3] By oneself; naturally; automatically.

-- edegereky. To recover from an illness by oneself without medical aid.

AJANSI- / АЯНСИХ

v.i. To become weather-beaten on a journey; to get used to a long trip; to become tired from a long journey.

AJANTAL-A / АЯНТАЛ

adv. On the occasion; simultaneously, together with, at the same time.

AJAR / АЯАР

adv. Slowly, gradually; quietly, in a low voice; leisurely; carefully. Quiet! Don't rush!

-- duuγarxu. To speak slowly and softly.

-- jabuxu. To go slowly.

-- kiky. To do something slowly or leisurely.

AJARXAN / АЯАРХАН

adv. Quietly, slowly, leisurely; with discretion, carefully, accurately. Keep quiet! Slow down!

-- siγ! Not so loud! Go slow! Slow down!

AJAS, 1. / АЯС

[pl. of aj-a, 2.] n. Sound (especially sound of the voice); pronunciation, accent; rhythm, melody, tone, tune.

AJAS, 2. / АЯС

[pl. of aj-a, 3.] n. Decorum, propriety; discretion, tact; mood; inclination.

-- i daγaxu. To follow or adapt oneself to a person's mood or inclination.

-- i olxu. To get used to somebody's ways or character; to become familiar with the circumstances.

-- i yzeky. To watch somebody's moods or inclinations.

kymyn y -- ijer jabuxu. To act or proceed according to somebody's intention.

salkin u -- . Direction of the wind, the way the wind blows.

AJASDA- / АЯСДАХ

v.i. To avail oneself of an opportunity.

AJASI-

Same as ajansi-.

AJASLA- / АЯСЛАХ

v.i. and t. To go in the direction of, follow; to adapt oneself to, fit in; to avail oneself of an opportunity; to find a way out.

AJASTAI / АЯСТАЙ

[= ajastu] adj. Having a melody, tune, or tone.

AJASTU

See ajastai.

AJATAI, 1. / АЯТАЙ

[= ajatu] adj. Having a tune or melody.

AJATAI, 2. / АЯТАЙ

adj. Agreeable, fitting, convenient; reasonable; proper; handy, cosy.

-- saγudal. Comfortable seat.

yn-e -- bain-a. The price is reasonable.

AJATAIXAN / АЯТАЙХАН

adj. Agreeable, fitting, convenient; reasonable; proper; handy, cosy.

AJATU

See ajatai , 1.

AJU- / АЮУХ, АЙХ

[= ai-] v.i. To fear, be[come] frightened or afraid.

--n emijeky. To have fear.

--n socixu. To be alarmed, frightened.

--xu ygei. Fearless.

AJUD

See ajaγud.

AJUГUMSIГ

Same as ajumsiγ .

AJUL / АЮУЛ

n. Fear, horror, fright; danger, risk; catastrophe, disaster, peril, jeopardy, menace; misfortune.

-- dur uciraγulxu. To expose to danger or risk.

-- ece aburaxu. To save from danger.

-- ece xamaγalaxu. To protect or defend from danger.

-- ece zailaγulxu. To save from danger or risk.

-- uciraxu. To meet with danger, incur risk.

-- ygei. Safe, secure; absence of danger, security.

-- ygei bolγaxu. To make or render safe or secure.

-- ygei jin zøblel. Security Council.

-- zanul Threat, menace.

dain baildùγan u --. War menace or danger.
γal un --. Fire disaster.

AJULΓA- / АЙЛГАХ
[v. caus. of aju-] v.t. To frighten, intimidate; to terrorize, threaten, menace; to bluff.
--n syrdegylygci. One who threatens, terrorist.
--n syrdegylky. To threaten, terrorize.

AJULIXAI
See ajuulixai.

AJULTA / АЮУЛТ
n. Fear, danger, risk.

AJULTAI / АЮУЛТАЙ
[=ajultu] adj. Terrifying, horrible, dangerous, risky.
-- baidal. Menacing or threatening situation.

AJULTU / АЮУЛТ
See ajultai.

AJUMAR-A / АЙМААР
adj. and adv. Terrible, horrible, frightful; dangerous; terribly, awfully.
-- jeke. Awfully big.
-- kymyn. A frightful person.

AJUMSIΓ / АЮУМШИГ, АЙМШИГ
n. and adj. Terror, horror, fear; horrible, terrible.
-- ygei. Fearless[ly], daring[ly]; safe[ly].

AJUMSIITAI / АЮУМШИГТАЙ
[= ajumsiγtu] adj. Terrible, horrible, frightful; dangerous, threatening.

AJUMSIITU / АЮУМШИГТ
See ajumsiγtai.

AJUMTAΓAI / АЮУМТГАЙ, АЙМТГАЙ
adj. Fearful, timid; cautious; cowardly shy.

AJUMXAI / АЮУМХАЙ, АЙМХАЙ
Same as ajumtaγai.

AJUNGΓ-A / АЯНГА
n. Thunder.
-- baγuxu. For lightning to strike.
-- cakilγan. Thunder and lightning.

-- daγarixu. To be struck by lightning; for lightning to strike.
-- daγu. Thunderclap.
-- duuγarxu. To thunder.
-- jin sumu. Thunderbolt.
-- jin xoriγul. Lightning rod.

AJUNGΓALA- / АЯНГАЛАХ
v.i. To thunder.

AJUS
n. Fear, fright.

AJUSI, 1. / АЮУШ
-- ygei. Fearless; free from fear or danger.

AJUSI, 2. / АЮУШ
n.p. Name of a famous bodhisattva, the God of Long Life (rendered in Mo. as caγlasi ygei nasutu, q.v.).

AJUULIXAI / АЮУЛИХАЙ
[= ajulixai] n. and adj. Pit of the stomach; epigastric.
-- ebedky. To suffer from colic.

AKI-, 1. / АХИХ
v.i. To advance, progress, move forward; to increase.
nasu --xu. To advance in years, grow old.
nasu --γsan xoin-a. In one's old age.

AKI-, 2. / АХИХ
v.t. To repeat.
--γad nige. One more; once more.

AKICA / АХИЦ
n. Advancement, progress; success.

AKIΓLA- / ААХИГЛАХ
[= akila-] v.i. To be[come] short of breath, gasp for breath, pant, puff.

AKIJAD, 1. / АХИАД
adj. Stubborn; strong-minded; adverse.

AKIJAD, 2.
n. Burbot.

AKILA- / ААХИЛАХ
See akiγla-.

AKIRA- / АХИРАХ



v.i. To dry, dry up (of vegetation); to freeze through to the bottom (of water).

AKSIOMA



[R. аксиома] n. Axiom.

AKTA / АКТ



[R. акт] n. Act, deed, legal document.

-- γarγaxu. To draw up or issue an official statement or document.

emnelge jin --. Medical statement or report.

AKADEMI / АКАДЕМИ



n. Academy.

-- jin. Of the academy, academic.

AKADEMICI / АКАДЕМИЧ



n. Academician, member of an academy.

AL АЛ



adj. Red, scarlet, vermilion.

-- segyl. Stork.

-- sir-a. Reddish-yellow.

-- ulaγan. Bright red.

ALA, 1. / АЛ



[Ma. ala] n. Flat-topped hill.

ALA(N), 2. / АЛ



n. Joint of the thighs, groin, crotch; pubic region; genitals.

ALA- / АЛАХ



v.t. To kill, murder; to butcher.

--γsan kymyn. Killer, murderer; murdered or killed person.

--n kiduγci. Terrorist; hangman, executioner.

--xu ber. See alaxuvar.

--xu jal-a. Capital punishment.

--xu talaxu. To kill and loot.

--zu kiduxu. To kill, annihilate, exterminate.

araki jeke uγuzu bej-e ben --zu bain-a. [He] is killing himself with excessive drinking.

buudazu --xu. To kill by shooting.

ALABCA- / АЛАВЦАХ



v.t. To kick or strike with the foot.

ALABKI- / АЛАВХИЙХ



v.i. To jump onto a horse.

deldezy --ky. To seize a horse by its mane and jump on its back.

xoγusun ijer --ky. To jump on a running horse from behind.

ALAГ / АЛАГ



adj. Multicolored, parti-colored, spotted, variegated, motley; heterogeneous, of many kinds.

-- bulaγ. Parti-colored, motley.

-- couxur. Spotted.

-- mix-a. "Marbled" meat (i.e., meat with fat and lean streaks alternating).

-- mori. Piebald horse.

-- nidyn. Hazel or brown eye[s].

-- nidyn ceceg. Pansy.

-- taγu. Daw, jackdaw .

-- taki. Zebra.

-- xulan. Zebra.

-- ygei. One-colored; unprejudiced, impartial, unbiased, impartiality.

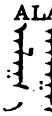
-- yzeky. To be partial or biased.

-- ziγasu. Goldfish.

-- ziryke. Heart (poetical).

xar-a --. Black with irregular white spots.

ALAГ-A(N), 1. / АЛГА



n. Palm of the hand.

-- ben xamtudxaxu. To join the palms of the hands (as in prayer or salutation).

-- tasixu. To clap one's hands, applaud, applause.

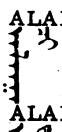
γar un --. Palm of the hand.

ALAГ-A, 2. / АЛГА



See alγ-a.

ALAГACI / АЛААЧ



n. Killer; executioner; butcher.

ALAГADA- / АЛГАДАХ



v.t. To strike or slap with the palm of the hand or with a paw; to clap.

ALAГADAГUL- / АЛГАДУУЛАХ



v. caus. of alaγadá-.

ALAГAN-A / АЛГАНА



n. Perch (fish).

ALAГCI(N) / АЛАГЧ(ИН)



adj. Motley, variegated, parti-colored, piebald (applied to the colors of female animals only). Cf. alaγ.

-- gegyy. Piebald mare.

ALAГCILA- / АЛАГЧЛАХ



v.i. To be partial or biased; to discriminate; to be one-sided in one's judgments.

--xu nidytei. Entertaining a biased view of.

--xu ygei. To be impartial.

ALAГCILAL / АЛАГЧЛАЛ



n. Partiality, bias, discrimination.

-- ygei. Without bias or discrimination; impartially.

degedy douradu --ygei. Making no distinction between high[er] and low[er] classes.

ALAГDA- / АЛАГДАХ



v. pass. of ala-.

dain du --γsan kymyn. Person killed in a war.

ALAГDAГ-A / АЛАГДААГА



[= alaγdaγaxai] n. Jerboa, jumping mouse.

ALAГDAГAXAI / АЛАГДААХАЙ



See alaγdaγ-a.

ALAГLA- / АЛАГЛАХ

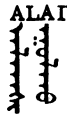


v.t. and i. To make something variegated, streak with several colors; to be or appear variegated or multicolored.

--n cimegsen. Decorated with various colors.

xar-a caγan ijer --xu. To alternate or intermix black and white.

ALAГSIГUL- / АЛАГШУУЛАХ



v.t. To peel, husk, hull, decorticate.

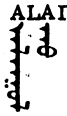
--uγsan amu. Husked cereals.

ALAГTAI / АЛАГТАЙ



adj. Parti-colored, variegated, motley.

ALAГUL- / АЛУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of ala-] To cause or allow to kill; to send a person to his death.

ALAГUR, etc.



See alγur, etc.

ALALCA- / АЛАЛЦАХ



[v. coop. of ala- .] To participate in killing; to kill one another.

ALALDU- / АЛАЛДАХ



[v. rec. of ala-] To kill each other; to fight each other.

ALALDUГAN / АЛАЛДАА



n. Slaughter, bloody battle.

ALANGGIR / АЛАНГИР



n. Bow made of fir not mounted with horn.

ALASI / АЛШ



n. Slaughter (of animals).

ALASKI-



v.i. To feel joy, happiness, or contentment; to be agreeable, satisfactory, or pleasurable.

sanaγan dur --ky. To feel happy or contented; to please, be agreeable.

ALAŠA(N) / АЛШАА(Н)



n.p. Alashan (a banner in Ninghsia); the Alashan Mongols.

ALAXUVAR



[alaxu+ ber] adv. Fatally , mortally.

-- zancixu. To beat to death.

ALBA(N) / АЛБА(Н)



a) n. Compulsion, coercion; official obligation or service; tax, impost, tribute; corvée; public use.

-- barixu. To pay tax or impost; to present tribute.

-- ber. By force, forcibly.

-- ber idegylky. To force to eat.

-- γubciγur. Tax, duty.

--n dur jabuxu. To go on an official mission or duty.

--n dur oruγulxu. To appropriate for public use.

--n dur xurijaxu. To appropriate for public use.

--n ece γarγaxu. To expel from public service.

--n u. Official, governmental, formal.

--n u kymyn. Public servant, official, governmental agent; person on duty.

--n u nөkyr. Colleague.
-- өnggeregeky. To perform one's duties perfunctorily.
ta jamar -- kizy bain-a ? What kind of work do you do? (polite).

b) adj. Official , formal, governmental; public.

--n baiγululγ-a. Government organization or institution.
--n caγ. Office hours, working hours.
--n γazar. Public or government office, establishment, or organization.
--n josun u. Official, formal.
--n kereg. Official business or duty.
--n medege. Official communication or notice; official information.
--n sedgyl. Official journal, gazette, or bulletin.
--n tusijal. Office, duty, official position.
--n zirum. Prescribed procedure.
--n zirum un kөdelmyri. Conscription of labor.

ALBACILA- / АЛБАЧЛАХ
v.t. To force, constrain, compel; to subordinate, subdue, subjugate; to do something officially.

ALBACILAГ-A / АЛБАЧЛАГА
n. Constraint, compulsion.

ALBADA- / АЛБАДАХ
v.t. To force, compel, coerce; to exert administrative pressure; to administer; to subordinate, subdue, subjugate.
--n kilgeky. To force to do.
--n tusijaxu. To exert administrative pressure.

ALBADAL / АЛБАДАЛ
n. Force, compulsion, coercion, pressure.

ALBADALГ-A / АЛБАДЛАГА
n. Constraint, coercion, pressure.

ALBAГUD
Same as albatan (obs.).

ALBANI / АЛБАНИ
n. p. Albania.

ALBATAI / АЛБАТАЙ
adj. Having a public function or charge; (one) who has to pay a tax or impost.

ALBATAN / АЛБАТАН
n. Public servant[s], government official[s] (hist.).

ALBATU / АЛБАТ
n. Subject; taxpayer; bondsman, slave, serf (hist.).

ALBID- / АЛБИДАХ
v.i. To be possessed by an evil spirit.

ALBIN / АЛБИН
n. Demon, devil, evil spirit, sprite.
-- em-e. She-devil, demoness (also used as an invective).
-- γal. Will-o'-the-wisp, ignis fatuus.

ALCAГ-A / АЛЦАА
n. Crotch of legs, scissors, etc.

ALCAГANA- / АЛЦГАНАХ
Same as alcalza-.

ALCAГAR / АЛЦГАР
adj. Thickset, squat, stocky; bowlegged.

ALCAI- / АЛЦАЙХ
v.i. and t. For the legs to be spread apart; to spread the legs apart, straddle; to sit with one's knees spread; to be opened (as scissors, compasses, etc.).
--n zoγsuxu. To stand with one's legs spread apart.

ALCAILГA- / АЛЦАЙЛГАХ
v. caus. of alcai-.

ALCALZA- / АЛЦАЛЗАХ
v.i. To walk with legs apart, straddle.

ALCAM / АЛЦАМ
n. Big step.

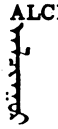
ALCANG / АЛЦАН
adj. Spread wide apart; bowlegged.

ALCARXAI / АЛЦАРХАЙ



n. Summer coat (of animals).

ALCIГUR / АЛЧУУР



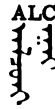
n. Scarf, shawl, kerchief, handkerchief; napkin.
γar un -- . Handkerchief.
γurbalzin -- . Triangular neckerchief.

ALCU



[= alcungγai] n. Depression on the side of an anklebone.

ALCUNGГAI



See alcu.

ALDA, 1. / АЛД



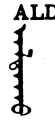
n. Fathom (originally the distance between the tips of the middle fingers of a man's outstretched arms), measure of length containing five toxui, q.v., equal to 1.6 meters.
-- ber kemziky. To measure by fathoms.

ALDA, 2. / АЛД



[= aldadu] postpos. Approximately, about, in the vicinity of.
yde jin -- . About noon.

ALDA- / АЛДАХ



a) v.t. To lose; to let go, drop; to lose control of, be unable to control; to do something by mistake or by accident, make a slip.
--zu keleky. To make a slip of the tongue.
ama --xu. To take an oath, make a promise.
ami --xu. To lose one's life, die.
buu --xu. To lose time, miss one's chance or the right time.
cidaburi ben --xu. To lose one's ability to work.
cirai --xu. To become pale or lean; to look unwell.
daγu --xu. To give a seream or shout.
γal --xu. To catch fire because of neglect; for a fire to spread or get out of control.
γar ece --xu. To lose one's grip on, lose control of.
inijedy --xu. To be unable to keep from laughing; to burst into laughter.
køl --γad gyjyldyky. To run or flee in panic.

køl --xu. To lose ground; to slip; to be panicky.
kølysy --xu. To sweat profusely.
mør --xu. To lose or miss one's way, go astray.
nilbusu --xu. To shed tears.
noir --xu. To lose sleep, suffer from insomnia.
tomuγ-a --xu. To lose one's discretion; to misbehave, be naughty.
tøry ji --xu. To lose the rule of a state.
xulaγai dur --xu. To lose by theft or robbery.
ziryke --xu. To lose courage; to be undecided, hesitant.

b) When preceded by modal converb, it signifies an action which almost happened.
alan --ba. [He, etc.] almost killed.
unan --ba. [He, etc.] almost fell.

ALDABURI / АЛДВАР



Same as aldal.

ALDADU / АЛДАД



See alda, 2.

ALDAГ-A / АЛДАА



n. Mistake, error, fault, blunder, omission; defect; loss.
-- γarγaxu. To make a mistake; to blunder.
-- kylijeky. To admit or confess one's faults or mistakes.
-- ygei. Faultless.
nom un -- . Misprint.

ALDAГATAI / АЛДААТАЙ



adj. Having a mistake or error, faulty, wrong; losing, unprofitable.

ALDAГDA- / АЛДАГДАХ



v. pass. of alda-.

ALDAГDAГUL- / АЛДАГДУУЛАХ



v. caus. of aldaγda-.
ner-e kyndy ji --xu. To undermine a person's reputation; to discredit, disgrace.

ALDAГDAL / АЛДАГДАЛ



n. Defect, deficiency, lack, want.

ALDAГDALTAI / АЛДАГДАЛТАЙ



adj. Having faults, mistakes, or omissions; defective; erroneous; with loss, losing.

ALDAГU / АЛДУУ

adj. and adv. Mistaken[ly], faulty, erroneous-[ly], wrong[ly].

ALDAГUL / АЛДУУЛ

n. Anything lost or gone astray.
-- cerig. Deserter.
-- mal. Lost or stray cattle.
-- yge. Vague rumor.

ALDAГUL- / АЛДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of alda-.
--zu abxu. To take away, snatch away, cheat out of.
cisun --xu. To bleed, lose blood.
mør --xu. To lead astray.
sanaγan daγan aγulzu --xu ygei. To engrave so firmly in one's memory as never to forget it.
uxaγ-a --xu. To scare, frighten; to cause someone to lose his senses.
yge --xu. To cause to give one's word or information.

ALDAГURA- / АЛДУУРАХ

v.i. To untie, get loose, come off; to unbutton.
tobci --xu. To be[come] unbuttoned.
ujaγ-a --ba. The knot has untied or come loose.

ALDAL / АЛДАЛ

n. Loss; slip, omission, mistake, error, fault, blunder.
-- i namancilaxu. To repent or regret one's sins or mistakes.
-- ygegyi-e. Without fault or mistake[s], unfailingly, infallibly.
tangγariγ un -- . Violation of an oath.

ALDALA- / АЛДЛАХ

v.t. To spread out one's arms; to measure by fathoms (see alda, l.).
--zu kebteky. To lie down with outstretched arms.
--zu kemziky. To measure by fathoms.

ALDALГ-A / АЛДЛАГА

Same as aldaγ-a.

ALDAR / АЛДАР

n. Fame, renown, reputation, popularity; name (polite).
-- kyndy. Reputation, authority, prestige.

-- ner-e. Renown, reputation, fame, popularity; prestige; name (polite).
-- ner-e ji baγuraγulxu. To disgrace, defame, malign.
-- neretei . Famous, well-known.
tan u -- ken bui? What is your name ?

ALDARA- / АЛДРАХ

v.i. To come loose, untie, come off; to be freed from; to disappear, vanish; to lose courage or strength or to weaken physically.
amta --xu. To lose interest or appetite; to become discouraged.
bej-e --xu. To become weak.
jala ece --xu. To be freed from guilt, exonerated.
kycyn --xu. To lose one's strength or power, become weakened, faint.
kylijesyn ece --xu. To be freed from one's fetters.
medege --xu. To lose consciousness, faint.
mori --ba. The horse has broken loose.
sezig --mui. Doubt vanishes.
tamir --xu. To weaken physically.
ysyn --mui. Hair comes undone.
zirum --xu. For morals to become lax.

ALDARAГUL- / АЛДРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of aldara-.
ajul ece --xu. To relieve from fear or danger.
kylijesyn ece --xu. To free from fetters.
sezig i --xu. To relieve from doubt.

ALDARSI- / АЛДАРШИХ

v.i. To become illustrious, famous, known, popular.
... kemen --xu. To become known, famous, or recognized as ...
xaγan kemen --xu. To become famous as a king.

ALDARSIГUL- / АЛДАРШУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of aldarsi-] To praise, glorify, celebrate; to popularize.

ALDARSIL / АЛДАРШИЛ

n. Fame, reputation, renown.

ALDARTAI / АЛДАРТАЙ

See aldartu.

ALDARTU / АЛДАРТ

[= aldartai] adj. Famous, celebrated, illustrious, well-known, popular.

-- erdemten. Famous scholar.

ALDAS / АЛДАС

n. Mistake, slip, omission, fault.

ALDASLA- / АЛДАСЛАХ

v.t. To make a mistake, omit, neglect.

ALГ-A / АЛГА

[= alaγ-a, 2.] Adverbial particle of restricted usage expressing negation: there are none; does not exist.

-- bolxu. To disappear.

zakidal --. There is no letter.

ALГASA- / АЛГАСАХ

v.i. and t. To be distracted, confused, absent-minded, inattentive; to be unstable; to be worried; to be concerned; to miss, skip.

nige edyr --γad. Skipping one day.

sedkil --xu. To be concerned or worried.

ALГASAГUL- / АЛГАСУУЛАХ

v. caus. of alγasa-.

ALГASAL / АЛГАСАЛ

n. Distraction; confusion; missing, skipping.

-- ygei. Not omitting, not losing sight of, not being distracted.

ALГASAMAГAI / АЛГАСАМГАЙ

adj. Absent-minded, distracted; worried, anxious.

ALГASANGГUI / АЛГАСАНГУЙ

n. and adj. Distraction, lack of attention or concentration; inattentive, heedless; inadvertent; worrying.

-- sedkil. Distraction; worrying mind.

ALГUI

[Buryat] n. Sarsaparilla.

ALГUR / АЛГУУР

[= alaγur] adj. and adv. slow[ly], quiet[ly], calm[ly], leisure[ly], gradual[ly].

-- ajar. Slowly, leisurely; tranquilly.

-- ijer. Slowly, gradually, calmly.

-- jabuxu. To walk slowly or quietly.

-- keleky. To speak slowly.

-- zang. Slow or calm nature or behavior.

ALГURLA- / АЛГУУРЛАХ

v.t. and i. To do or act slowly or quietly; to dawdle; to delay, put off, procrastinate.

--n saγataγulxu. To hinder, delay.

ALГUS

n. Space, distance.

ALI, 1. / АЛЬ

v.t. (imperative) Give! Give me!

abuγad -- ! Get it for me!

yzeged -- ! Look it over for me! Read it for me!

ALI(N), 2. / АЛЬ

Interr. pron. a) Which? Which one? What?

-- ali inu. Either one, both, all.

-- alin cu. Either one, both, all.

-- ali tal-a ece. From both sides, from whichever side.

-- bolxu. Every possible or available (attrib.).

-- bolxu ber. In every possible way.

-- cu = alicu. Whichever.

-- cu adali. All the same.

-- duγar? Which number?

-- kiri? In what degree?

--n du? To which one?

-- nige. Either one.

-- nigen inu? Which one?

--n zerge? In what degree?

-- zil? Which year?

ken -- inu. Both of them, all of them.

tere γurban u -- inu? Which one of the three?

b) Used adverbially to denote superlative degree.

-- jeke. Biggest, largest.

-- sain. Best.

-- tyrgen. Quickest.

c) Idiomatic use.

-- dibanggar-a jin. "Antediluvian," of yore.

-- kezij-e. Long long ago.

-- zil yn kereg. A matter of years ago.

ALIBA / АЛИВАА

pron. and adj. Whoever, whatever, whichever; who, which, what; anything, anybody; every, all.

-- jaγum-a. Anything, everything, all things.

-- nigen. Anyone, everyone.

-- nigen tal-a ber. In any or every respect.

-- zyil. All kinds, every kind.

ALICU

[= ali + cu] See under ali(n), 2.

ALIDUГAR

[= ali + duγar] See under ali(n), 2.

ALIГAN

Same as alaγ-a(n), 1.

ALIJ-A / АЛИА

adj. Playful, naughty, mischievous.

-- jabudal. Prank, trick; puerility, childishness .

-- yge. Joke, playful words.

ALIJAD- / АЛИАДАХ

v.i. To be frolicsome, mischievous, or naughty.

ALIJALA- / АЛИАЛАХ

v.i. To be playful, naughty, or mischievous; to play pranks, tease.

ALIJARXA- / АЛИАРХАХ

v.i. To be playful, naughty, or mischievous; to play pranks.

ALIJARXAГ / АЛИАРХАГ

adj. Playful; mischievous.

ALIJARXAL / АЛИАРХАЛ

n. Playful mood; mischievousness; prank, trick.

ALIM-A / АЛИМ

n. Apple.

ALIMAD / АЛИМАД

Same as aliba.

ALIRSU(N) / АЛИРС

n. Red bilberry, cranberry, Vaccinium vitis.

ALKI- / АЛХИХ

v.t. To beat, hit.

ALKILDU- / АЛХИЛДАХ

[v. rec. of alki-] To beat each other.

ALKILDUГAN / АЛХИЛДААН

n. Fight, brawl.

ALKIMI / АЛХИМИ

n. Alchemy.

ALKIMICI / АЛХИМИЧ

n. Alchemist.

ALM-A(N), 1. / АЛАМ, АЛМАН

n. Crescent; battle-axe.

--n sara. Crescent moon.

--n syke. Battle-axe, poleaxe.

ALM-A, 2. / АЛАМ

n. Hole, crevice, or crack in the earth.

ALMAГAI / АЛАМГАЙ

adj. Careless, negligent, inattentive, absent-minded, forgetful; carefree.

ALMAГUR

n. Crutches; poles for propelling a boat.

ALMAI / АЛМАЙ

adj. and n. careless[ness], absent-minded-[ness], inattentive[ness], forgetful[ness].

ALMAIDA- / АЛМАЙДАХ

v.i. To be careless, inattentive, absent-minded, or forgetful.

ALMAIDAГUL- / АЛМАЙДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of almaida-.

ALMAIDAL / АЛМАЙДАЛ

n. Carelessness, inattentiveness; absent-mindedness.

ALMAIRA- / АЛМАЙРАХ

v.t. To be careless, inattentive, or absent-minded.

ALMAS, 1. / АЛМАС

[fr. Ar.] n. Diamond.
vacir -- . Diamond.

ALMAS, 2. / АЛМАС

n. A legendary tribe of savage people; female demon, witch (also an invective referring to women).
-- emegen. Old witch.

ALMUNCUГ

See bambursi.

ALMURAD / АЛАМРАД

n. Kind of fruit resembling an apple.

ALTA(N) / АЛТ(АН)

n. Gold.
--n Golden.
--n bilzuuxai ceceg. A shrub of the pea family, Cytisus scaparius.
--n elesy. Gold dust or sand.
--n odu. Venus (planet).
--n u φlygei. Gold ingot.
--n xundaγ-a ceceg. Yellow lily.
--n zoγus. Gold coin.
-- siraxu. To gild, cover with gold.
-- tyrkiky. To gild.
caγan -- . Platinum (Ch. pai-chin 白金).

ALTACI / АЛТАЧ

n. Goldsmith, jeweler.

ALTADA- / АЛТДАХ

v.t. To gild, decorate with gold.

ALTADAMAL / АЛТАДМАЛ

adj. Gilded, gilt.

ALTAГAN-A / АЛТГАНА

Same as altarγan-a.

ALTAI / АЛТАЙ

n.p. The Altai mountains.

ALTALA- / АЛТЛАХ

v.t. To gild, decorate or cover with gold.
burxan --xu. To gild the statue of a deity.

ALTALAГUL- / АЛТЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of altala-.

ALTARГAN-A / АЛТАРГАНА

[= altaγan-a] n. Caragana leucophloea (plant).

ALTATAI / АЛТТАЙ

[= altatu] adj. Having or containing gold.

ALTATU / АЛТАТ

See altatai.

ALUS / АЛС

n., adj., adv., and postpos. Distance, distant place; distant future; far, remote (in space or time); farther, further, beyond, on the other side, across; in preference to, more than.
-- alxuxu. To step over, pass over.
-- baixu. (One) who is far away.
-- dorun-a. Far East.
-- dorun-a daki. Far-eastern.
-- dorunadu jin. Far-eastern.
-- ece. From afar.
-- γazar. Distant place.
-- ijen boduxu. To think about one's future or prospects.
-- kizaγar. Distant frontiers, regions or countries.
-- taγan. In the long run; in the future.
-- tu. In the future; far away.
-- un. Distant, far, remote; future.
-- un baraγ-a. A distant view or scene.
-- un boduly-a. Foresight, providence; long range policy or planning.
-- un bodulγatai. Foresighted, provident.
-- un zam. Long way or trip; future course.
-- xaraixu. To jump far, leap a distance, jump across.
-- xola. Far, distant, remote; far away.
aγula -- . Beyond the mountain.

ALUSDA- / АЛСДАХ

v.i. To be too remote or distant.

ALUSKI

adj. Far, distant; situated beyond or on the other side.

ALUSLA- / АЛСЛАХ

v.t. and i. To pass over, traverse; to jump over, skip; to omit, avoid; to be remote or distant.

--n xaraγdaxu. To become visible or appear in the distance.

γoul --xu. To cross a river.

γurban zil --zu. After three years.

siγum --xu. To skip or omit a line.

ALUSLAГDA- / АЛСЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of alusla-.

ALUSLAГUL- / АЛСЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of alusla-.

ALUSLAL / АЛСЛАЛ

n. Interval, intermission, interruption; ommision.

-- tasural. Interruption, break, interval.

ALUX-A(N) / АЛХ(АН)

n. Hammer, mallet.

ALUXADA- / АЛХДАХ

v.t. To strike with a hammer or mallet.

ALXAГ

adj. Annoying, disagreeable, repulsive, intolerable, hateful.

ALXAГLA-

v.t. To annoy, vex, irritate.

ALXU

Same as alxuγ-a.

ALXU- / АЛХАХ

v.i. To step, walk; to step or walk over; to elapse; to disturb.

--zu jabuxu. To walk.

zisij-a --xu. To skip one's turn.

ALXUDAL

Same as alxuγ-a.

ALXUDAM

Same as alxuγ-a.

ALXUГ-A / АЛХАА

n. Gait, walk, pace, step.

ALXUГATAI / АЛХААТАЙ

adj. Having a certain gait or walk.

tyrgen --. Having a fast gait or step.

ALXUГUL- / АЛХУУЛАХ

v. caus. of alxu-.

ALXULA- / АЛХЛАХ

v.i. To step, walk, march; to walk with quick steps.

zergelen --xu. To walk or march side by side.

ALXULKILA- / АЛХАЛХИЙЛАХ

v.i. To walk with difficulty, start to walk (as a little child or person after an illness).

ALXUM / АЛХАМ

n. Step, pace, gait.

γurban -- γazar. Three steps away.

nige -- uruγsilaxu. To take one step forward.

ALZA- / АЛЗАХ

v.t. To suffer, be unable to bear.

--xu ygei. Can endure or bear; all right; it does not matter.

ALZAГURAL

Same as alzijal.

ALZLJA- / АЛЖААХ

v.i. To be[come] tired, exhausted, weary; to be troubled.

sedkil ijen --xu. To worry, trouble.

ALZLJAL / АЛЖААЛ

n. Fatigue, weariness; worry, anxiety, trouble.

-- ygei. Indefatigable, patient.

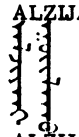
ALZLJALГA- / АЛЖААЛГАХ

[v. caus. of alzija-] To tire out, inconvenience, trouble, disquiet.

ALZLJANGГUI / АЛЖААНГУЙ

n. and adj. Fatigue, exhaustion; fatigued, exhausted.

ALZLJANGГUILA- / АЛЖААНГУЙЛАХ



v.i. To become tired, exhausted.

ALZLJAS / АЛЖААС



n. Fatigue, trouble, worry; temptation, allurement, enticement; error.

AMA(N), 1. / АМ(АН)



a) n. Mouth; the mouth as the organ of speech or voice, hence, speech, utterance; the mouth as the means of eating, tasting, etc., hence, a person as a consumer of food or as a unit in census-taking.

-- ama ber jarixu. For all to speak at once.
-- asaγuxu. To confront with a previous statement.
-- ber. By word of mouth, orally.
-- ber zakixu. To command by word of mouth, give oral orders; to communicate orally.
-- byle. Number of members in a family or household; family or household as a census unit.
-- eryke. Family, household.
-- γarxu. To utter a word, say, speak; to promise; to speak evil of, slander. See also b.
-- jeketei. Having a big mouth; talking big, bragging.
--n deger-e. In words (as opposed to actions).
--n kele. Oral or colloquial language.
--n u ajas ijer keleky. To say whatever comes into one's head.
--n u uran zokijal. Folklore.
-- øgky. To give a promise.
-- saitai kymyn. Talkative person; a person who likes to say pleasant things.
-- suruγ-a edyi mori. A horse which is not yet broken in.
-- tataxu. To hold one's tongue; to pull the reins (of a horse).
-- uran. Eloquent.
-- xaraxu. To wait for what others have to say, wait for orders or directions, lack initiative.
-- xataγu. Having a sharp or acid tongue (of people); hard-mouthed (of horses).
-- ygei mori. A tender-mouthed horse.
xoγusun --. Empty words.

b) An opening resembling or likened to a mouth; the opening of a cup, muzzle or bore of a rifle, width of a pipe or tube; mountain pass, opening of a gulch or ravine, narrow mountain valley; embouchure.

-- γarxu. For a breach, gap, or passage to open. See also a.
--n kyzygyy. The first vertebra of the neck.
buu jin --. Muzzle or bore of a gun.
jar-a jin --. Opening of a wound.

c) Speicial idiomatic usage.

-- mølty. Just then, just at the moment when.
γarxu gezy baixu du ni -- mølty daγarilduba. [I] met [him] just when [he] was about to leave.
jabuxu jin --n deger-e. Just about to go, on the point of going.

AMA, 2. / АМ



n. A measure of cloth: a square with each side equal to the width of the piece.

-- dørbelzin. Perfectly square.
γurban -- torγ-a. Three "ama" of silk.

AMADA- / АМДАХ



v.t. To muzzle; to intercept.

AMAГAI / АМГАЙ



n. Horse's bit; whistle used to attract game; sore on or in the mouth, cold sore, mouth ulcer.

-- γarγaxu. To unbridle.
-- jar-a. Pustules in the mouth, canker sores.
-- zaγulγaxu. To bridle; to restrain, control, keep in check.

AMAГAIBCI / АМГАЙВЧ



Same as amaγai.

AMAГAICILA- / АМГАЙЧЛАХ



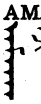
Same as amaγaila-.

AMAГAILA- / АМГАЙЛАХ



v.t. To put on or take off a bit or bridle.

AMAГALZI



n. A long rope used to tether a grazing animal.

AMALA-, 1. / АМЛАХ



v.i. To promise, swear, vow; to issue a challenge.

--γsan xuγucaγ-a. Promised time or term.
amin ijen --xu. To swear by one's life.

AMALA-, 2. / АМЛАХ
v.t. To measure cloth by squares. See ama, 2.

AMALAL / АМЛАЛ
Same as amalalγ-a.

AMALALГ-A / АМЛАЛГА
n. Promise, oath, vow.
-- amalaxu. To make a promise.

AMALASI / АМЛАШ
-- ygei. Ineffable, unspeakable; something not to be said or promised.

AMALDA- / АМАЛДАХ
[contraction of ama+aldaxu] v.i. To promise, swear, take an oath.

AMALDAГUL- / АМАЛДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of amalda-.

AMANCAR / АМАНЧАР
adj. Talkative, loquacious, voluble, garrulous.

AMAR-A
[S. amara] adj. and n. Immortal; immortality.
-- jin zimis. Mango. [Gu.] Citrus medica.

AMARA-, etc.
See amura-, etc.

AMARAГ / АМРАГ
n. and adj. Love, affection; beloved, dear, darling.
-- bolxu. To become affectionate, fall in love.
-- boru. "Love bird," a small brown bird resembling a titmouse.
-- nøkyr. Bosom friend.
-- sedkil. Love, affection.
ziryken --. Sweetheart; lover.

AMARAГLA- / АМРАГЛАХ
v.t. and i. To love, be intimate, show affection for, fall in love.

AMARAГLAL / АМРАГЛАЛ
n. Love, affection.

AMARAMAГ
See amarmaγ.

AMARAU / АМРУУ
n. Pustules in the mouth, cankers.

AMARAUDA- / АМРУУДАХ
v.i. To develop pustules or cankers in the mouth.

AMARMAГ / АМАРМАГ
[= amaramaγ] n. Wish, desire; ardent love, affection, inclination, leaning, propensity.

AMARMAГLA- / АМАРМАГЛАХ
v.t. and i. To wish passionately; to long for, feel a leaning towards.

AMARXAГ / АМАРХАГ
adj. Talkative, gossipy.

AMASAR / АМСАР
[= amsar] n. Opening, mouth, orifice, crater; entrance.
ceceg yn --. Calyx of a flower.
saba jin --. The opening or mouth of a container.
sirx-a jin --. Opening of a wound.

AMATAI / АМТАЙ
[= amatu] adj. Having an opening or mouth; talkative, eloquent, voluble, gossipy; effective (of medicine).
jeke --. Having a big mouth, talking big.
xanijadun du -- em. Effective cough medicine

AMATU / АМТ
See amatai.

AMBAN / АМБАН
[Ma. amban] adj. and n. Big, large; minister, governor, dignitary.
-- sar. A big ox.

AMBAR / АМБААР

[R. амбар] n. Storeroom.

AMBAS / АМБАС

Plural of amban.

-- nojad. Dignitaries, high officials.

AMBULATORI / АМБУЛАТОРИ

[R.амбулатория] n. Outpatient clinic; dispensary.

AMCUГUR / АМЦГАР

adj. Hollow, concave.

-- vaγar. Concave tile, gutter tile.

AMERIKA / АМЕРИКА

p.n. America.

-- jin nigedygsen ulus. United States of America.

xoitu -- . North America.

xoitu -- jin xolbuγatu ulus. United States of America (obs.).

AMI(N) / АМЬ

a) n. Life; breath, power of respiration.

-- abxu. To breathe; see also under ab-.

-- bej-e. Life.

-- ben xourlaxu. To commit suicide.

-- bøglereky. To be suffocating.

-- bøketei. Strong, of great vitality, tenacious of life.

-- dur kyrky γazar. Vital point, vulnerable spot.

-- γoul. Life; the aorta; essence, substance; favorite.

-- γujuxu. To ask (someone) to spare one's life.

-- mendy. Safe and unharmed.

--n du xourtai. Deadly; dangerous to one's life.

--n dur kyrky. To be a matter of life and death.

--n kereg. Homicide.

--n sudal. Aorta.

--n zoliγ. Ransom for life; a figurine of dough used in Lamaistic ritual in exorcising evil spirits; anything offered the spirits as ransom for the life of a sick person.

-- tasuraxu. To die.

-- temeceky. To fight for breath, be unable to breathe; to be in agony, struggle for one's life.

-- tølyky. To compensate for a lost life; to pay with one's life for having killed somebody.

-- ygei. Lifeless, without breath.

-- ygei bodas. Inanimate objects; inanimate nature.

b) adj. Private, individual, personal.

-- bej-e ji xairalal ygei. Without consideration for one's self; self-denying[ly], unselfishly.

-- ber ijen . Separately, apart, asunder, singly.

--n daγan. For oneself.

--n u. One's own, personal; private.

--n u asiγ. Personal advantage, profit, or interest.

--n u asiγ boduγci. Mercenary, self-interested; egoistic.

--n u kereg. Personal affair or business.

--n u køryngge. Private property.

-- xubi jin. Personal, private.

AMIDAI, 1. / АМЬДАЙ

n. Namesake.

AMIDAI, 2. / АМЬДАЙ

n. Cap or headgear of a shaman.

AMIDAI, 3. / АМЬДАЙ

n. Hand baggage.

AMIDU / АМЬД

adj. Living, animated.

-- baixu. To be alive.

-- baixu daγan. During one's lifetime.

-- ber. Alive, while alive.

-- bodas. Animate objects, living beings.

-- bodas i suduluγci. Biologist.

-- bodas i sudulxu uxaγan. Biology.

-- busu. Inanimate, lifeless.

-- caγ taγan. In one's lifetime, while alive.

AMIDURA- / АМЬДРАХ

v.i. To live, be alive; to live on or by; to exist; to revive; to rise from the dead, be resurrected; to be restored to life or consciousness.

--xu aγ-a. Means of livelihood.

syn ijer --xu amitan. Mammals.

AMIDURAГUL - / АМЬДРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of amidura-.

AMIDURAГULUГCI / АМЬДРУУЛАГЧ
adj. Vivifying, reviving.

AMIDURAL / АМЬДРАЛ
n. Living, existence; means of livelihood; standard of living; manner of living; revival.
-- un baidal. Living; conditions of life; standard of living.
yile --. Life and activities.

AMIDURALГ-A / АМЬДАРЛАГА
Same as amidural.

AMIJAR-A / АМИАРАА
[contraction of ami+ber+ijen] adv. Separately, individually, by oneself; privately.

AMILA- / АМИЛАХ
v.t. and i. To give life, enliven, let live, spare a life ; to animate an image (i.e., by making the finishing strokes on a sacred image, etc., also by performing certain rites); to revive, come to life, become animated.
burxan i --xu. To consecrate a sacred image.

AMILAГUL- / АМИЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of amila-.

AMINCI / АМИНЧ
n. and adj. Egoist; selfish.

AMINCILA- / АМИНЧЛАХ
v.i. To be egoistic or selfish; to be possessive.

AMIS / АМЬС
Plural of ami(n).

AMIS- / АМЬСАХ
v.i. To breathe; to sigh.

AMISX-A / АМЬСГАА
n. Breath, breathing.
-- abxuγulxu ygei. Not to allow somebody to breathe or to rest.

-- jin toγ-a gyiceky. For the predestined life span to come to an end, to breathe one's last

AMISXA- / АМЬСГАХ
[= amisxu-] v.i. To breathe.
dotuγsi --xu. To inhale.
γadaγsi --xu. To exhale.

AMISXADA- / АМЬСГААДАХ
[= amisxuda-] v.i. To become out of breath, pant.

AMISXAГ-A
Same as amisx-a.

AMISXAL / АМЬСГАЛ
[= amisxul] n. Breathing, breath; air; weather.
-- abxu. To breathe, inhale.
-- axur. Short of breath.
-- ijen barixu. To hold one's breath.
-- ijen tataxu. To hold one's breath.
-- tataxu. To draw a breath, breathe.
-- un erketen. Respiratory organ.
tngri jin --. Weather, climate.

AMISXATAI / АМЬСГААТАЙ
adj. Having breath; breathing.
-- amisx-a ygei. Almost dead, half-dead.
-- bain-a. [He] is still breathing.

AMISXU-, etc.
See amisxa-, etc.

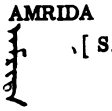
AMITAD / АМЬТАД
Plural of amitan.

AMITAI / АМЬТАЙ
adj. Having life, living.

AMITAN / АМЬТАН
n. Living being, animal, creature, human being
erdeni jin --. Precious living beings (poetic epithet applied to human beings).
kymyn --. People.
sonin -- ! [What a] strange creature!
xamuγ --. All living beings.

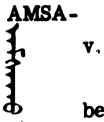
AMR-A
Same as amar-a.

AMRIDA



[S. amṛta] n. Potion of immortality, nectar of the gods.

AMSA- / АМСАХ



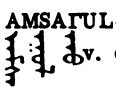
v.t. To taste; to experience (as joy or suffering).

berke ji --xu. To experience difficulties or hardships.

idege --xu. To taste food; for a guest to make a gesture of tasting food offered to him.

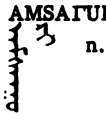
ziryalang i --xu. To enjoy felicity, be blissfully happy.

AMSAГUL- / АМСУУЛАХ



v. caus. of amsa-.

AMSAГURI / АМСУУРЬ



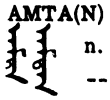
n. The act of tasting, enjoying, experiencing.

AMSAR



See amasar.

AMTA(N) / АМТ



n. Taste, flavor; liking, interest.

-- aldaraxu. To pall, become insipid or dull; to lose interest in.

-- ji amsaxu. To taste.

--n du oruxu. To acquire a taste for, develop a liking for.

-- oruyulxu. To season, flavor.

-- oruyulxu zuil. Seasoning, spices, etc.).

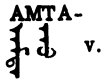
-- simte. Taste, relish, flavor; interest.

-- ygei. Tasteless, bad-tasting, unsavory, unpalatable; without interest.

-- ygei yge. Distasteful remark or words.

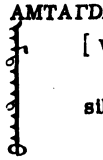
-- yly medeky. Not to have partaken or experienced; to be unable to distinguish the taste of.

AMTA-



v.t. To have a taste for, find tasty.

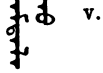
AMTAГDA- / АМТАГДАХ



[v. pass. of amta-] v.i. To taste, have a certain taste.

sikir --xu. To taste of sugar, be sweet.

AMTALA- / АМТЛАХ



v.t. and i. To try, taste; to make palatable or tasty; to spice, flavor or sweeten; to experience; to enjoy.

--zu ideky. To eat something seasoned, flavored or sweetened.

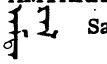
bej-e ber --. To experience personally.

AMTALAL / АМТЛАЛ



n. Spice, seasoning, relish.

AMTARAL / АМТРАЛ



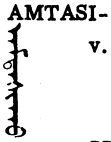
Same as amtasil.

AMTARXA- / АМТАРХАХ



v.i. To desire ardently.

AMTASI- / АМТШИХ

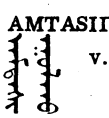


v.t. To develop a liking for; to become accustomed to, fall into the habit of (often used in a pejorative sense).

--ysan kerij-e arban yurba dakixu. A crow which has become accustomed [to something] will come back thirty three times (proverb).

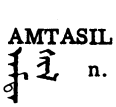
amtan dur --xu. To acquire a liking for.

AMTASIГUL- / АМТШУУЛАХ



v. caus. of amtasi-.

AMTASIL / АМТШИЛ



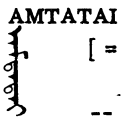
n. Taste, liking, craving; habit.

AMTASIRAL / АМТШИРАЛ



Same as amtasil.

AMTATAI / АМТТАЙ



[= amtatu] adj. Having a certain taste; tasty; sweet; agreeable.

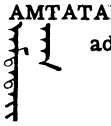
-- araki. Sweet wine.

-- idegen. Palatable food, delicacies, sweetmeats.

-- usun. Sweet or fresh water.

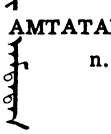
mayuxai --. Bad tasting, unsavory.

AMTATAIXAN / АМТТАЙХАН



adj. Sweet, tasty.

AMTATAN / АМТТАН



n. Sweets, sweetmeats.

AMTATU / АМТАТ

See amtatai.

AMTURI-

v.i. To be in a hurry, excited (obs.).

AMU(N), 1. / АМУУ(Н), АМ

n. Grain, cereals.
-- tarij-a. Cereals.
aman u --. Grain rations.

AMU, 2. / АМУУ

-- ceceg. Poppy, Papaver somniferum.

AMU- / АМАХ

v.i. To rest, relax; to feel contentment or joy; to be relieved.
--xui sedkil olxu. To find rest, rest one's soul.
--xu ygei. Without rest, untiringly, indefatigably.
sedkil --xu. To calm down, be relieved.

AMUГUL- / АМУУЛАХ

v. caus. of amu-.
alzijal --xu. To rest, allow to relax; to relieve troubles or worries.
sedkil i --xu. To put one's mind at ease, cause to relax.

AMUГULANG / АМГАЛАН(Г)

n. and adj. Peace, quietude, happiness, well-being; quiet, calm, peaceful, peaceable.
-- amui uu? Are you in good health? (epist., hon.).
-- baidal. Peace, quietude; peaceful state; safety.
-- kymyn. Quiet or calm person.
-- taibung ijer. Peacefully, undisturbedly.
-- ygei bolxu. To find no rest; to be sick (hon.); to be restless, worried.
sain -- boltuγai. May happiness prevail!

AMUГULANGDA- / АМГАЛАНДАХ

v.i. To be too quiet or peaceful.

AMUГULANGTAI / АМГАЛАНТАЙ

[= amuγulangtu] adj. Peaceful, tranquil; happy, prospering.

AMUГULANGTU / АМГАЛАНТ

See amuγulangtai.

AMUГUL¬À- / АМУУЛГАХ

v. caus. of amuγul-.

AMUR / АМАР

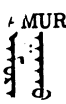
n., adj., and adv. Peace, quiet, calm, rest; leisure; pleasure; good health, well-being; easy, not difficult; peacefully, quietly.
-- amuγulang. Peace, quiet, calm, rest.
-- azil. Easy work or job.
-- bain-a uu ? How are you?
-- baixu. To live in peace, be in good condition, feel well or comfortable.
-- eriky. To greet; to salute in a prescribed manner; to inquire after somebody's health.
-- ijer saγuxu. To live peacefully, lead a life of leisure, enjoy peace and rest.
-- i olxu. To find or enjoy peace or rest; to find an easy way.
-- kereg. An easy matter.
-- kilbar. Easy, simple.
-- sain. Peace and well-being; peacefully, safely.
-- sain saγuxu. To live peacefully; to be well.
-- sain uu? How do you do? How are you?
-- taibung. Peace, quietude.
-- tγbsin. Quiet and peaceful.
-- ygei. Not easy, difficult; not well, not at ease.
-- zimur. Peacefully, blissfully.
-- zirγalang. Peace and bliss, beatitude.
mendy --. Peaceful, blissful.
sanaγ-a --. For the mind to be at ease.

AMURA- / АМРАХ

[= amara-] v.i. To rest, relax; to feel contentment or joy; to be relieved.
--xu caγ. The time of rest.
--xu orun. Place of retreat, resort.
bej-e --xu. For the body to rest; to feel rested
sanaγ-a --xu. To be relieved; to calm down.

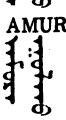
AMURAГ

Same as amaraγ.



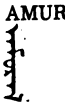
AMURAГA- / АМРААХ

Same as amuraγul-.



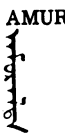
AMURAГUL- / АМРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of amura-] To let rest; to calm, give comfort, console.



AMURAL / АМРАЛ

-- ygei. Without resting; unceasing[ly], indefatigable[-ly].



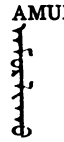
AMURALTA / АМРАЛТ

n. Rest, repose, relaxation; vacation.
-- ber jabuxu. To go on vacation.
-- jin cilyge. Regular leave of absence, vacation.
-- jin edyr. A day of rest.
-- jin γazar. Rest house, rest home; recreation center; vacation place.
-- ygei. Without rest, no rest.



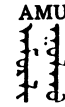
AMURCILA- / АМАРЧЛАХ

v.t. To consider as easy or simple.



AMURLI- / АМАРЛИХ

v.i. To be[come] quiet or calm; to be[come] gentle; to rest; for an illness to improve; to be[come] blissful.
ebedcin --xu. For an illness to get better; to recover from illness.
salkin --ba. The wind has calmed down.
zobalang --xu . For suffering to subside.



AMURLIГUL- / АМАРЛИУЛАХ

v. caus. of amurli-.



AMURLINGГUI / АМАРЛИНГУЙ

n. and adj. Peacefulness, serenity; peace of mind; peaceful, calm, gentle, serene.
-- bolxu. To become quiet, calm, etc.; to cease (of rain, storm, etc.).
-- dur oruxu. To enter into a state of quietude, become quiet, calm one's passions.
-- nomuxan. Quiet, tame, meek.
boruγan -- bolba. The rain has ceased.



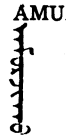
AMURSIГ / АМАРШИГ

adj. Tranquil, carefree; restful; easy.



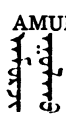
AMURXAN / АМАРХАН

adj. and adv. Calm[ly], peaceful[ly], easy[-ily], simple[-ly].
-- itegeky. To be credulous.
-- sain bain-a uu? How are you?
surxui du -- . Easy to learn.



AMURZI- / АМАРЖИХ

v.i. To calm, quiet down; to rest, relax; to stop worrying; to be delivered of a child; to recover from illness.



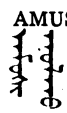
AMURZIГUL- / АМАРЖУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of amurzi-] To calm down, console; to pacify.



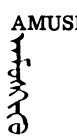
AMURZIL / АМАРЖИЛ

n. Assuagement, calming, quieting.



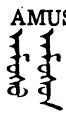
AMUSIГUL- / АМШУУЛАХ

v.t. To thrash millet with a roller, husk grain.



AMUSKI- / АМСХИЙХ

v.i. To take a rest.
--ky ygei. Without rest, untiringly, indefatigably.
sedkil --ky. To calm down.



AMUSU(N) / АМАС

n. Cooked cereal, porridge; food offering made to spirits.
-- barixu. To make a food offering to spirits.
--n u mix-a. Meat used in offerings.



AMZI- / АМЖИХ

v.i. and t. To do something in the required time; to be on time; to be successful, make progress.
aγulzazu --γsan ygei. To miss someone by being too late.
xuγucaγ-a ece emyn-e --zu kiky. To finish something before the deadline.



AMZIГUL- / АМЖУУЛАХ

v. caus. of amzi-.



AMZIL / АМЖИЛ

-- ygei. Unsuccessful[ly], futile[-ly], failing to do something on time.

AMZILГ-A / АМЖИЛГА
Same as amzilta.

AMZILTA / АМЖИЛТ
n. Success, achievement, attainment.
-- bytygelte. Success, result, achievement.
-- γarγaxu. To be successful, make progress.

AMZILTATAI / АМЖИЛТТАЙ
adj. Successful, effective, efficient, efficacious.
-- ber. Successfully.

ANA-, 1. / АНАХ
v.i. To get well; to heal (of a wound).
ebedcin --xu. To recover from illness.
jar-a jin ama --xu. For an open sore to heal.
sirx-a --xu. For a wound to heal.

ANA-, 2. / АНАХ
v.i. and t. To follow, shadow; to be in wait for; to be cautious, take precautions.

ANAГA- АНАГААХ
[v. caus. of ana-, 1.] To heal, cure, treat a disease; to seal cracks with clay, caulk.
--γci uran. Caulker.
--xu em. Medicine, drug.
--xu uxaγan. Medical science.
cisu --xu. To stop the flow of blood.
ebedcin i --xu. To cure a disease.
emnezy --xu. To cure, heal.
jar-a --xu. To heal a wound.

ANAГALГA- / АНАГААЛГАХ
v. caus. of anaγa-.

ANAГUL- / АНУУЛАХ
Same as anaγa-.

ANAI / ААНАЙ
adj. and adv. The same one, again (implying impatience or resentment); not too good, mediocre.
-- boruγan orub-a. It rained again.
-- mori. A mediocre horse.

ANAIXAN / ААНАЙХАН
Same as anai.

ANAM-A
Same as anamar.

ANAMAR / АНАМААР
adj. Curable.

ANAR / АНАР
n. Pomegranate.

ANARKI / АНАРХИ
n. Anarchy.

ANARKISM / АНАРХИЗМ
n. Anarchism.

ANARKIST / АНАРХИСТ
n. Anarchist.

ANATOMCI(N) / АНАТОМЧ
n. Anatomist.

ANATOMI / АНАТОМИ
n. Anatomy.

ANCILA- / АНЧЛАХ
v.t. To tack to windward.
salkin --xu. To tack to windward.

ANDA / АНД
n. Sworn brother, friend.
-- barixu = -- bolulcaxu. To become sworn brothers; to become friends.
-- nøkyd. Good friends; allies.
-- ulus. Allied nation[s].

ANDA- / АНДАХ
[= andu-] v.t. To make a mistake, err, blunder.
--xu endeky. To err, blunder.
--xu ygei. Infallible.

ANDAГAI / АНДГАЙ
n. Oath, solemn promise.
-- tangγariγ. Oath.

ANDAГAILA- / АНДГАЙЛАХ
v.i. To swear, take an oath, testify under oath.

ANDAГALA-
Same as andaγaila-.

ANDAГAR, 1.
Same as andaγai.

ANDAГAR, 2. / АНДГАР
adj. Having a broad or high croup (of a horse).

ANDAГARLA-
Same as andaγaila-.

ANDAГUL- / АНДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of anda-] To lead into error; to deceive; to mislead; to divert somebody's attention from a person or object.

ANDAГURA- / АНДУУРАХ
[= anduγura-] v.i. To err, mistake, take somebody or something for another.

ANDAГURAГUL- / АНДУУРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of andaγurӑ-.

ANDAГURAL / АНДУУРАЛ
n. Mistake, error, blunder.

ANDAГURAM-A
adj. Likely to be mistaken; almost alike.

ANDAГURXA-
[v. caus. of andaγura-] To cause to blunder, lead into error, confuse.

ANDAГUU / АНДУУ
n., adj. and adv. Mistake, error, mistaken, erroneous, wrong; mistakenly, erroneously.
-- ber. By mistake, erroneously.
-- buruγu. Fault, error; wrong.
-- endegyy. Mistake, error.
-- sonusxu. To hear incorrectly.

ANDAI-
v.i. To have a high croup (of a horse).

ANDAL / АНДАЛ
n. Mistake, error, blunder.
-- bolxu. To err.
-- ygei. Free from error.

ANDALA- / АНДЛАХ
v.i. To become sworn brothers; to befriend somebody; to ally oneself with .

ANDALAI / АНДЛАЙ
-- xuda. Relationship between two families when a son and daughter of one are married to a daughter and son of another (cf. xuda).

ANDU-, etc.
See anda-, etc.

ANG, 1. / АН(Г)
n. Beast[s], wild animal[s] game; hunting.
-- angnaxu. To hunt.
-- dur jabuxu. To go hunting.
-- gøryge. Game; hunt.
-- gørygesy. Beast[s], wild animals, game.
-- kiky. To go hunting.
-- un ysy. Fur.

ANG, 2. / АН(Г)
n. Crack, chink, cleft, fissure, crevice; ravine.
-- γarxu. To crack, chap.

ANG, 3.
-- zang. Manners, customs, habits.

ANGCI(N) / АНЧ(ИН)
n. Hunter, trapper.
-- noxai. Hunting dog, hound.
-- xarcaγai. Trained hunting falcon.

ANGCILA- / АНЧЛАХ
v.t. To hunt, trap.

ANGГ-A / АНГА
n. Bifurcation, branch.
-- sumu. Two-pointed arrow.

ANGГA- / АНГАХ
v.i. To be thirsty; to be dry; to hope, yearn for.
--γsan γazar. Parched earth or soil.
γazar --xu. For the soil to dry out.

ANGГAI- / АНГАЙХ
v.i. To open up; to be wide open.
ama --xu. To open one's mouth, gape.
xaγalγ-a --zu bui. The gate is wide open.

ANGГAILГ-A / АНГАЙЛГА
n. Opening, gap; hiatus.

ANGГAILГA- / АНГАЙЛГАХ
v. caus. of angγai-.

ANGГALZA- / АНГАЛЗАХ
v. i. To gape; for the mouth to open and shut repeatedly.
--n syilegleky. To breathe heavily with the mouth open, pant.

ANGГALZAГUR / АНГАЛЗУУР
n. and adj. The act of angγalza-; one who gapes; gaping; young bird, nestling.

ANGГALZAN
n. One who gapes (especially of infants or young birds); gawk, stupid person.

ANGГAR / АНГАР
n. Crevice, cranny, fissure, cleft.

ANGГARAГ / АНГАРАГ
[S. Aṅgāraka] n. The planet Mars; Tuesday (obs.).

ANGГARXAI / АНГАРХАЙ
n. and adj. Crevice, cranny, fissure; gaping, having a gap; slightly open, ajar (as a door).
-- egyde. A slightly opened door.
-- zabsar. Narrow opening; cranny.

ANGГAS
adv.
-- kiky. To open and close repeatedly.

ANGГAXAI / АНГААХАЙ
n. Fledgeling, nestling, squab.

ANGГUCI(N) / АНГУУЧ(ИН)
n. Professional hunter or trapper.

ANGГUCILA- / АНГУУЧЛАХ
v. t. To hunt, trap game.

ANGGI / АНГИ
n., adj., and adv. Class, group; part, section, category; unit, detachment; branch of science; different[ly], separate[ly], apart.
-- anggi. In groups, separately.
-- anggi bolγan xubijarilaxu. To classify, categorize.
-- jin mederel. Class consciousness.
-- jin xubijari. Class division.

-- neigemlig sudulxu uxaγan. Sociology.
-- tasuran γarxu. To split off, branch off.
-- ygei. Classless.
-- ygei neigemlig. Classless society.
arbaduγar --. Tenth grade of a school.
azilcin u --. Working class.
emnelge jin --. Department or school of medicine; medical unit.

ANGGID- / АНГИДАХ
v. t. To separate; to detach oneself from; to be different.
josun ece --xu. To be unconventional.
kymyn ece --xu. To be different from others.

ANGGIDA / АНГИД
adv. and adj. Separately; especially; apart from; except; different, another.
-- bolγaxu. To separate, detach, disengage.
-- bolxu. To become separate, different, detached; to come off or apart; to separate, disengage, detach oneself.
-- γarγaxu. To separate, divide, disengage.
-- nigen. A separate, different one.
-- ondu. Entirely different.
egyn ece --. Apart from this.

ANGGIL-
See angkil-.

ANGGILA- / АНГИЛАХ
v. t. To divide, separate, segregate, discriminate; to classify, subdivide, put in categories; to hedge off, fence off, partition (as by walls or fences).

ANGGILAГUL- / АНГИЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of anggila-.

ANGGILAL / АНГИЛАЛ
n. Classification, grouping, categorization.

ANGGILI / АНГЛИ
n. p. and adj. England; English.
-- kele. English language.
-- kymyn. Englishman.
-- ulus. England.

ANGGIR / АНГИР
adj. and n. Yellow, reddish-yellow (sometimes

used instead of sir-a); a kind of yellow duck.
-- nuγusu. A kind of yellow duck.
-- sir-a. Yellow, reddish-yellow.
-- sirui. Yellow soil.
-- un køl. Sweet potato (Ipomoea batatas).

ANGGIZIRA- / АНГИЖРАХ
v.i. To detach oneself; to separate from; to become free from; to leave; to be reduced (chem.).
--n salxu. To be separated; to branch off from; to get free from.
ajul ece --xu. To become free from fear or danger.
amin ece --xu. To separate from life (i.e, to die).
jirtincy ece --xu. To depart from the world (i.e., to die).
zobalang ece --xu. To become free from suffering.

ANGGIZIRAГUL- / АНГИЖРУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of anggizira-] To separate, disunite, detach; to free, liberate; to deprive of; to reduce (chem.).

ANGGIZIRAГULUГCI / АНГИЖРУУЛАГЧ
n. One who separates; liberator, savior; reducer (chem.).

ANGGIZIRAL / АНГИЖРАЛ
n. Separation; leaving; deliverance, liberation; dying (euphem.).

ANGKIL- / АНХИЛАХ
[= anggil-] v.i. To emit an odor.
ceceg yn ynyr --xu. For flowers to emit fragrance.
sain ynyr --xu. To have a pleasant smell.

ANGKILГ-A / АНХИЛГАА
n. Smell, odor; aroma, fragrance.

ANGKILГATU / АНХИЛГААТ
adj. Strong-smelling; fragrant.

ANGKILUMAL / АНХИЛМАЛ
[n.d. of angkil-] adj. Strong-smelling, odoriferous, odorous, fragrant.

ANGLA-
See angna-.

ANGNA- / АГНАХ
[= angla-] v.t. To hunt, trap or catch game.
ziγasu --. To catch fish (obs.).

ANGNAГURI / АГНУУР
n. Hunting; hunting place or grounds.
-- jin keregsel. Hunting equipment .
-- jin tataburi. Hunting tax.

ANGNAГURICIN / АГНУУРЧИН
n. Professional hunter or trapper.

ANGNAL / АГНАЛ
n. Hunting, trapping.

ANGNALГ-A / АГНАЛГА
n. Hunting, trapping.

ANGTA- / АНТАХ
v.t. To split, crack, cleave.

ANGX-A(N) / АНХ(АН)
n., adj., and adv. Beginning, origin, commencement; first original, initial; firstly, at first, for the first time.
-- caγ. The first time, former time, olden time.
-- eki. The very beginning.
--n dur. Firstly, first of all, at the beginning.
--n ece. At first, from the beginning, from the start.
--n ece ekileged. From the beginning.
--n u. First, initial, primary, elementary.
--n u caγ. The primitive age, earliest days.
--n u edyr. On the first day.
--n u medegdekyn. Elementary or rudimentary knowledge.
--n u tusalamzi. First aid.
-- surγaγuli. Primary school; elementary school.
-- surxu (attrib.). Elementary, rudimentary.
-- surxu debter. Elementary text book, primer.
-- šatu. The first or elementary stage or level.
-- šatu jin. Primary, first, elementary.
-- terigyn-e. In the very beginning; first of all.
-- terigyn edyr. [On] the first day.
-- udaγ-a . [For] the first time.

ANGXADUГAR / АНХДУГААР

adj. First, initial.

-- tu. Firstly, in the first place.

ANGXALA- / АНХЛАХ

v.t. To begin, start; to initiate.

ANGXAR- / АНХААРАХ

v.i. To give attention to; to look attentively, be attentive, pay attention; to observe, regard.

--basu zokixu kereg. Matter requiring attention.

--un. Attentively.

--xu ygei. Without paying attention; to disregard, neglect.

ANGXARA-

Same as angxar-.

ANGXARUГUL- / АНХААРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of angxar-] To arouse attention or interest.

ANGXARUL / АНХААРАЛ

n. Attention, regard; interest.

-- bicig. Public notice or announcement.

-- i ɣarɣaxu. To pay attention to, show interest in; to treat with care.

-- maɣutai. Inattentive, disinterested.

-- ygei. Paying no attention, passing without noticing; inattentiveness, carelessness.

ANGXARULTAI / АНХААРАЛТАЙ

adj. and adv. Attentive[ly], careful[ly].

-- ber. Attentively, carefully.

-- [ber] ungsixu. To read attentively.

ANGXARUMZI / АНХААРАМЖ

n. Attention, attentiveness.

ANGXARUMZITAI / АНХААРАМЖТАЙ

adj. Attentive.

ANGZIRA-

See anzira-.

ANI- / АНИХ

v.t. and i. To close one's eyes; for a wound, crack , or fissure to close.

nidy --xu. To close one's eyes.

sirx-a --xu. For a wound to close.

ANIBALZA- / АНИВАЛЗАХ

v.i. To blink or wink repeatedly.

ANII- / АНИЙХ

v.t. To narrow one's eyes or squint.

nidy ben --xu. To squint.

ANIILГA- / АНИЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of anii-] v.t. To narrow one's eyes or squint.

ANIR / АНИР

n. Noise, sound; echo; rumor.

-- abxu. To hear a noise or sound.

-- daɣu. Sound, noise.

-- daɣun ygei. Noiseless[ly], silent[ly].

-- øgky. To make a sound, give an audible signal.

-- ygei. Voiceless[ly], mute; without news.

nere -- . Reputation.

ANIRLA- / АНИРЛАХ

v.i. To produce a sound , make noise; to echo.

usu --n urusxu. For water to murmur.

ANIRLAГUL- / АНИРЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of anirla-.

ANIRTAI / АНИРТАЙ

[= anirtu] adj. Having a sound or noise; sonorous.

ANIRTU

See anirtai.

ANISKI- / АНИСХИЙХ

v.i. To blink one's eye[s] repeatedly.

ANISU / АНИС

n. Red bilberry, cranberry, Vaccinium vitis. Cf. alirsu.

ANISX-A / АНИСГА

n. Eyelid.

ANU

[Originally, the genitive form of the obsolete pronoun a ,they. It has almost completely lost its pronominal meaning, and is used

postpositionally to indicate that what precedes it is the syntactical subject of a sentence. It often has the same function as a definite article in English. It is now used interchangeably with inu. In modern texts, ni is used for both anu and inu.].

ailadxaxu anu. I beg to report that ... (epist.).

ax-a -- degyy degen ygyleryn: The older brother said to the younger: ...

bodisadu-a nar un jabudal -- teimy buju. Such are the deeds of the Boddhisattvas.

olangki --. The majority.

tegyn y kelegsen -- møn. What he said is right.

ygyleky --. It is said that ... (phrase introducing a narrative).

ANZIRA-

[= angzira-] v.t. To know, understand, comprehend.

ANZISU(N) / АНЗИС(АН)

n. Plow.

--n u bariγul. Handle of a plow.

--n u mør. Furrow.

--n u temyr. Plowshare.

--n ula. That part of the p ow to which the plowshare is fixed.

--n u xosiγu. Plowshare.

ANZU / АН3

n. Fine, penalty; punishment (obs. .

ANZULA-

v.t. To exact a fine, impose a punishment.

ANZUSU(N)

Same as anzisu(n).

APARAT / АППАРАТ

[R. аппарат] n. Apparatus.

ulus un --. Government organs .

ziruγ un --. Photographic apparatus, amera.

APTEK / АПТЕК

[R. аптека] n. Pharmacy.

AR

n. Lines in general; lines on the palm of the hand and on the soles of the feet; ripples on the water; stripes or patterns in textiles; incision, cut, notch.

ARAB / АРАБ

n. and adj. Arab; Arabic, Arabian.

ARAD / АРАД

[used as sing. and pl., originally plural of aran] n. Ordinary man, commoner; a subject of a ruler, state, or government.

-- irgen. People, citizenry.

-- irgen y. Civil, civic.

-- irgen y dain [bailduγan]. Civil war.

-- neite. People in general, the whole population, the public, the masses.

-- neite jin. Common, public, social, belonging to the community.

-- olan. The masses, people, the public.

-- ud. The masses, people .

-- ulus. People's Republic.

-- un. People's ; of the common people; public, national.

-- un azu axui. National economy.

-- un eregyl. Public health.

-- un erke. People's rights; democracy.

-- un jamun. People's commissariat.

-- un komissar. People's commissar.

-- un medel dy xurijaxu. To place under the control of the people.

-- un nam. People's party.

-- un xubisxal. People's revolution.

-- un zasaγ. People's government.

-- yzel. "Populism," the doctrine of the Russian Populist Party.

cerig yn --. Soldiers (as a class).

malcin --. Cattle raiser[s], herdsmen.

ARADCILA- / АРДЧИЛАХ

v.t. To democratize.

--γsan. Democratic.

--γsan orun ud. Democratic countries.

--γsan ulus. Democratic republic.

--xu josu. Democracy.

ARAГ

[= airiγ] n. Dry bed of a river or brook; gullies made by rain on the slope of a mountain.

ARAГ-A / АРАА

n. Molar; tooth of a cogwheel; two diacritic dots placed at the right of the Mongolian letter "s" to make it "š", (ᠰ᠋).

aru --. Wisdom tooth.

ARAГADA- / АРААДАХ

v.t. To jag, indent, notch.

ARAГALA-, 1. / АРААЛАХ

v.i. To cut the molar teeth.

ARAГALA-, 2.

v.i. To act quietly or with circumspection.

ARAГALDA- / АРААЛДАХ

v.i. To stand in line, line up; to crowd.

ARAГATAI / АРААТАЙ

[= araγatu] adj. Toothed; notched.

ARAГATAN

See arijatan.

ARAГATU / АРААТ

See araγatai.

ARAI / АРАЙ

adv. Just a little too...; not quite...; hardly, scarcely, barely; with difficulty.

-- baγ-a. A bit too small.

-- boluγ-a ygei. Just a little too early; not quite done yet; not quite sufficient.

-- cimai. Barely, hardly, with difficulty.

-- cirai. Barely, hardly, with difficulty.

-- degere. A little better .

-- jeke. A little too big or large.

-- kemen. Hardly, with difficulty; at last.

-- maγu. A little worse, not quite as good.

ARAIKIZY / АРАЙХИЙЖ

adv. Barely, with difficulty.

-- unaγaxu. To overcome with difficulty (as in wrestling).

ARAIXAN / АРАЙХАН

adv. Just a little too ...; not quite; hardly, barely; with difficulty.

-- zyden amiduraxu. To be barely able to exist, eke out a living.

ARAKI(N) / АРХИ(Н)

[= ariki(n)] n. Alcoholic liquor made of airaγ (q.v.) through distillation; any alcoholic beverage: brandy, wine, etc.

-- cegerleky. To abstain from liquor.

--n du oruxu. To become an alcoholic.

-- nereky. To distil liquor.

--n u γazar. Liquor shop.

mongγul -- . Mongolian milk brandy.

saγali jin -- . Brandy made of milk.

ulaγan -- . Red wine.

xar-a -- . Chinese brandy made from cereals.

ARAKICI(N) / АРХИЧ

n. Drunkard, alchoholic; a good drinker.

ARAKIDA- / АРХИДАХ

v.i. To drink wine, be a drunkard.

u køryngge ben yreky. To squander one's fortune on drink.

ARAL, 1. / АРАЛ

n. Island; peninsula (rare); oasis.

-- ud. Islands, archipelago.

-- xoiγ. Islands; islands and peninsulas.

xaγas -- . Peninsula.

ARAL, 2. / АРАЛ

n. Shaft or thill of a cart; body of a cart; chassis of an automobile; buckle.

ARALDA-

v.i. To move without turning (of wheels when driving on slippery mud or icy snow).

ARALZI- / АРИЛЖИХ

v.t. To exchange, change, interchange; to barter.

ner-e --xu. To change one's name.

solizu --xu. To exchange, barter.

zoγus --xu. To change money.

ARALZIГ-A(N) / АРИЛЖАА

[= aralzija(n)] n. Exchange, barter, trade.

-- kiky. To make an exchange; to barter, trade, do business.

-- solij-a. Barter, trade.

-- xudalduγ-a -- . Barter, trade, exchange.

ARALZIГACI(N) / АРИЛЖААЧ(ИН)

[= aralzijaci(n)] n. One who exchanges, barters, or trades.

ARALZIIUL- / АРИЛЖУУЛАХ

v. caus. of aralzi-.

ARALZIJ-A(N)

See aralziγ-a(n).

ARALZIJACI(N)

See aralziγaci(n).

ARAMAN-A / АРМАНА

n. Hippopotamus.

ARAN / АРАН

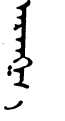
[obs. sing. of arad] n. Man, person; commoner.
-- kybegyd. Slaves, serfs.
-- sumu. A detachment of palace guards.

ARANGГ-A, 1. / АРАНГА

-- sidy. Superfluous teeth in foals.

ARANGГ-A, 2.

-- tømysy. Lilium sarana (kind of lily).

ARANGГ-A, 3. / АРАНГА

n. Platform; shed; an elevated platform or tower used in hunting wild animals; oil derrick.

ARASIJAN / АРШААН

See rasijan.

ARASU(N) / АРЬС(АН)

[= arisu(n)] n. and adj. a) Skin, hide, leather; skin of fruit, husk of grain.
-- èldeky. To prepare a hide.
-- mix-a ber tarixu. To give a hypodermic injection.
--n u ebedcin. Skin disease.
-- øngge jin ebedcin. Skin and venereal diseases.
-- siri. Skins, hides.
ang un --. Fur, pelt.

b) Race; racial.
--n u onul. Race theory.
--n onul un yzelten. Racist.

ARASUTAN / АРЬСТАН

[= arisutan] n. Race.

ARAZA / АРЗ

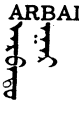
n. Strong milk brandy which has been distilled twice.

ARAZALA- / АРЗЛАХ

v.i. To become intoxicated.

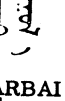
ARBA(N) / АРАВ, АРВАН

card. num. Ten.
--n. Ten; tenth of the month; detachment of ten (mil.); administrative unit of ten households.
--n arba. Ten times ten.
--n bum. One million.
--n mingγ-a. Ten thousand.
--n nige. Eleven; the eleventh day of the month.
--n nigedyger. Eleventh.
--n nigen sar-a. November, eleventh month (lunar).
--n sar-a. October, tenth month (lunar); ten months.
--n tyme. Hundred thousand.
-- u daruγ-a. Head of ten men (mil.); head of ten households.
--n xojaduγar. Twelfth.
--n xojar. Twelve; the twelfth day of the month.
--n xojar sar-a. December, twelfth month (lunar); twelve months.
--n xojar zil. Twelve years; twelve-year cycle, animal cycle (lunar).

ARBADUГAR / АРАВДУГААР

ord. num. Tenth.
-- sar-a. October; tenth month.

ARBAГAD / АРВААД

approx. and distrib. num. Approximately ten, about ten; ten each, by tens.
-- xonuγ. About ten days and nights.

ARBAГUL-A / АРВУУЛ

coll. num. Ten together, all ten; in a group of ten.

ARBAI / АРВАЙ

n. Barley.
-- jin araki. Liquor made from barley.
-- jin budaγ-a. Barley groats.
-- jin γulir. Barley flour.

ARBAI- / АРВАЙХ

v.i. To spread (as the fingers); to become tousled or disheveled.

ARBAILГА- / АРВАЙЛГАХ



[v. caus. of arbai-] To spread (as the fingers); to dishevel (as the hair).

ARBALZA- / АРВАЛЗАХ



v.i. To move with small writhing motions (as a worm), wriggle.

ARBANTA / АРВАНТАА



multipl. num. Ten times.

ARBATAI / АРАВТАЙ



adj. Ten years old.
-- kybegyn. Ten-year-old boy.
bi --. I am ten years old.

ARBATU / АРАВТ



adj. and n. Bearing the number ten; decimal.
-- jin butarxai. Decimal fraction.

ARBI / АРВИ



n. Abundance; thriftiness.
-- maγutai. Not economical, wasteful.
-- ygei. Scanty; extravagant; not economical.
-- zang. Small-minded character, thriftiness, pettiness.

ARBICI, 1. / АРВИЧ



n. Disagreeable, annoying, disgusting, hideous, loathsome, odious.

ARBICI, 2. / АРВИЧ



n. Know-it-all.

ARBICILA-, 1. / АРВИЧЛАХ



Same as arbila-.

ARBICILA-, 2. / АРВИЧЛАХ



v.i. To be annoying or disgusting.

ARBID- / АРВИДАХ



See arbizi-.

ARBIDXA- / АРВИТГАХ



[v. caus. of arbid-] v.t. To multiply, increase, accumulate.
--n øskeky. To multiply, increase, accumulate.
--xu temdeg. Multiplication sign.

ARBILA- / АРВИЛАХ



v.t. To be thrifty, economize, use sparingly, save (as one's wealth or property).

--n kemneky. To save, use sparingly.
--n keregleky. To save, use carefully, sparingly, or in a productive way.
ed i --xu. To save one's property, economize.
kemnen --xu. To save, economize.

ARBILAГUL- / АРВИЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of arbila-.

ARBILAL / АРВИЛАЛ



n. The act of arbila-.

ARBIN / АРВИН



adj. and n. Plentiful, abundant; numerous; many; abundance.

ARBING / АРВИН



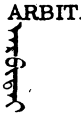
Same as xarbing.

ARBIS / АРВИС



[= arvis] n. Knowledge, erudition.

ARBITAI / АРВИТАЙ



adj. Economical, thrifty; moderate; abundant, plentiful.

ARBIXAN / АРВИХАН



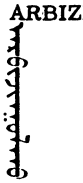
adj. Abundant, many, plentiful.

ARBIZI- / АРВИЖИХ , АРИВЖИХ



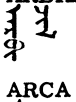
[= arbid-] v.i. To grow in number, increase, multiply, accumulate.

ARBIZIГUL- / АРВИЖУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of arbizi-] To increase; to cause to grow, multiply, or accumulate.
--un olasiraγulxu. To multiply, grow in number, increase.
mal syryg --xu. To increase the number of liv stock.

ARBIZIL / АРВИЖИЛ



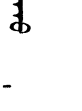
n. Augmentation, increase, growth, accumulation.

ARCA / АРЦ



n. Juniper.

ARCA- / АРЦАХ



v.i. To quarrel, argue; to contradict, disagree.
buruγusijan --xu. To criticize.
temecel ece --xu. To refuse to fight.
yn-e --xu. To bargain.

ARCAГ-A / АРЦАА



n. Dispute, argument, quarrel.
-- ygei. Indisputable, unquestionable.

ARCAГATAI / АРЦААТАЙ



adj. Disputable, questionable.

ARCALDU- / АРЦАЛДАХ



[v. rec. of arca-] To quarrel with each other; to disagree or contradict each other.

ARCALDUГ-A(N) / АРЦАЛДАА



n. Quarrel, fight, altercation; controversy.

ARCI- / АРЧИХ



v.t. To wipe, clean, or dry by rubbing; to erase; to weed.
nilbusu --xu. To wipe off tears.
sirege --xu. To wipe or clean the table.
toγusu --xu. To wipe off the dust.

ARCIГUL



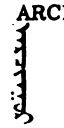
See arciγur.

ARCIГUL- / АРЧУУЛАХ



v. caus. of arci-.

ARCIГUR / АРЧУУР



[= arciγui] n. Cleaning cloth, dust rag; mop; towel.
bej-e jin --. Bathing towel.
γar un --. Hand towel.

ARCILA- / АРЧЛАХ



v.t. To look after, take care of.
--n xamaγalaxu. To defend, protect; to look after, take care of.
ami ben --xu. To live independently.

ARCILCA- / АРЧИЛЦАХ



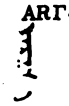
v. coop. of arci-.

ARDAГ / АРДАГ



adj. Inexperienced, unskilled; untrained (of horses); pampered (of children).

ARГ-A / АРГА



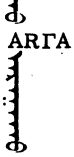
n. Means, method; way out, possibility; ruse, trick, artifice, scheming; the male or positive element in nature (Ch. yang 陽) as constrasted with the female or negative element (cf. bilig); positive pole.
-- bilig. [Knowledge of] skillful means and wisdom, two qualities possessed by the Buddha (S. upāya-prajñā); matter and mind; male and female elements (Ch. yin-yang 陰陽).
-- boduly-a. Measures, ways and means; policies.
-- dur oruxu. To fall into a trap, become a victim of a ruse.
-- jin (attrib.). Pertaining to the solar i.e., European calendar .
-- jin ularil. Solar calendar (i.e., European calendar).
-- jin zyi. Methodology.
-- kemzij-e. Measures, steps.
-- kemzij-e abxu. To take measures or steps.
-- kiky. To find a way out; to take measures.
-- meke. Trick, artifice, simulation.
-- meke zaruxu. To use tricks or underhand methods.
-- olxu. To find ways and means.
-- olzu jadaxu. To be in a predicament.
-- ygei. No way out, hopeless; helpless; absolutely inevitable; of course, certainly.
-- ygei bolxu. For all means to be exhausted; to become hopeless or helpless; to be in a predicament.
-- ygei sain. Quite good (usually contrary to expectation).
-- ziγaxu. To show a means or way out; to suggest an idea; to teach a trick or ruse.
øger-e -- ygei. There is no other way.

ARГA-, 1. / АРГАХ



v.i. To use a ruse or scheme; to find a way or means.

ARГA-, 2. / АРГАХ



v.i. To become dry or stale.
nidy --xu. To feel a sharp pain in the eyes; for the eyes to burn.

ARГACA-



Same as arγacaγa-.

ARГACAГ-A / АРГАЦАА



n. Ways and means, possibility.

ARГACAГA- / АРГАЦААХ

v.t. To find ways and means; to take steps or measures.

ARГADA- / АРГАДАХ

v.t. To coax, cajole, wheedle; to console, comfort, appease; to persuade.
idxan --xu. To coax, console, comfort.
xaγurcu --xu. To coax, wheedle, inveigle.

ARГADAГUL- / АРГАДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of arγada-.

ARГADAL / АРГАДАЛ

n. Ruse, artifice, trick.

ARГAI / АРГАЙ

n. Anklebone of cattle.

ARГAL / АРГАЛ

[= arγasu(n)] n. Argal, dry dung of animals used as fuel.
-- tegyky. To collect argal.

ARГALA- / АРГАЛАХ

v.t. and i. To find a way out; to cure or treat a patient; to use a ruse; to feign.
ebedcitei kemen --xu. To feign illness, malinger.

ARГALAГUL- / АРГАЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of arγala-.

ARГALCI(N) / АРГАЛЧ(ИН)

n. Collector of argal.

ARГALI / АРГАЛЬ

n. Argali, mountain sheep (female).

ARГAMAГ / АРГАМАГ

n. A good racing or riding horse; thoroughbred horse.

ARГAMZI / АРГАМЖ

n. Rope, tether.

ARГAMZI- / АРГАМЖИХ

[= arγamzila-] v.t. To tie or fasten with a rope.
mori --xu. To tie or tether a horse.

ARГAMZIJ-A / АРГАМЖАА

n. Rope; tether.

ARГAMZIJATAI / АРГАМЖААТАЙ

adj. Having a tether, tethered.
-- mori. Tethered horse.

ARГAMZILA- / АРГАМЖЛАХ

See arγamzi-.

ARГAR / АРГАР

See arγul.

ARГASU(N)

See arγal.

ARГATAI / АРГАТАЙ

[= arγatu] adj. Resourceful, clever, shrewd, crafty; false, illusory, deceptive.

ARГATU / АРГАТ

See arγatai.

ARГUI / АРГУЙ

n. A kind of plant (Ch. shu-erh-ts'ai 鼠耳菜).

ARГUL

[= arγar] adv. Slowly, quietly, leisurely.
-- jabuxu. To go slowly, walk softly.

ARGI- / АРГИХ

v.i. To grow old; to become senile, lose one's reason; to talk nonsense, babble.

ARIГ, 1. / АРИГ

adj. Pure, clear.
-- ceber. Clean; hygienic.
-- usu. Fresh water; clear water.

ARIГ, 2. / АРИГ

-- saγuxu. To be idle, have nothing to do.

ARIГATAN

Same as arijatan.

ARIГUD- / АРИУДАХ

v.i. To be[come] clean, pure, holy, or sanctified.

ARIГUDXA- / АРИУТГАХ

[v. caus. of ariγud-] To purify, cleanse; to hallow, sanctify; to disinfect, sterilize.

amu --xu. To remove impurities from millet.

bej-e ben --xu To purify oneself; to expiate one's sins.

ARIГUDXAL / АРИУТГАЛ

n. Cleansing, disinfection, purification, expiation.

ARIГULA- / АРИУЛАХ

v.t. To cleanse, purify; to abstain from defilement or sin.

bej-e ben --xu. To cleanse or purify oneself.

γal degegyr --xu. To purify over a fire.

ARIГULAL / АРИУЛАЛ

n. The act of cleansing or purifying, expiation, sanctification; purifying incense.

-- ijer utuxu. To fumigate with incense; to purify.

-- i talbixu. To offer purifying incense.

ARIГUN / АРИУН

n. and adj. Cleanliness, purity, chastity; clean, pure, clear; chaste; sinless; holy, sacred.

-- a toγtaγaγsan tøry. Government founded on justice.

-- caγan. Pure, clean; honest; innocent.

-- ceber. Pure, chaste; hygiene.

-- ceber bolγaxu. To clean, purify.

-- ceber i sakixu jabudal. Hygiene.

-- ceber jabuxu. To lead a chaste life.

-- ceber yn. Hygienic, sanitary.

-- ceber yn uxaγan. Sanitation, hygiene (as a science).

-- dain. Holy or sacred war.

-- egyrge. Sacred duty.

-- jabudal. Purity (of character), integrity.

-- jabudaltai. Chaste, righteous (person).

-- keyken. Chaste girl, virgin.

-- orun. Holy place; the Pure Land, "Paradise" (Buddh.).

-- sanaγatai. Pure-hearted, candid.

-- sedkil. Pure mind or heart.

-- ugijal. Ablution; baptism; flute used in religious rites.

-- usu. Clean, pure water; holy water.

ARIJ-A, 1.

[S. ārya] adj. and n. Noble, pure, holy; same as xutuγtu, q.v.

ARIJ-A, 2.

Same as araγ-a.

ARIJABALU

[S. ārya-bala "possessing the ten powers"] n. An epithet of Avalokiteçvara, worshiped as god of mercy.

ARIJATAN / АРААТАН

[= araγatan] n. Carnivorous or wild animal[s], beast[s] of prey.

ARIKI(N) , etc. / АРХИ(Н)

See araki(n), etc.

ARIL- / АРИЛАХ

v.i. To become clean or purifed; to disappear, vanish; to clear up (of weather).

--uγsan sedkil. Pure mind, soul, or thought[s], sanctity, holiness.

--xu ygei. Ineffaceable.

sezig --xu. For doubt to vanish.

tngri --xu. For the sky to clear up.

ARILГA- / АРИЛГАХ

[v. caus. of aril-] To clean, cleanse, purify; to wipe off or out; to destroy, exterminate, annihilate, liquidate; to remove, eliminate, stop; to cancel, erase; to cause to disappear; to weed; to cure or heal by supernatural powers.

ajul i --xu. To remove danger, relieve of fears.

ceberlezy --xu . To clean, dust.

ebedcin i --xu. To heal or cure illness by supernatural powers.

nigyl --xu. To free oneself from sin, expiate sins.

nisvanis i --xu. To clean oneself from passions or attachment to the material world.

usadxan --xu. To destroy, annihilate, "liquidate."

xour i --xu. To remove the evil; to get rid of poison.

xulaγai xudal i --xu. To do away with theft and lies.

ARILГАГUL- / АРИЛГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of arilγa-.

ARISU(N), etc.

See arasu(n), etc.

ARKIB / АРХИВ

[R. архив] n. Archives.

ARKIRA- / АРХИРАХ

v.i. To growl, snarl.

ARMENI / АРМЕНИ

n.p. Armenia.

ARMI / АРМИ

n. Army.

ARMIJAN / АРМЯН

n. and adj. Armenian.

ARSAГAR / АРСГАР

adj. Bristling, sticking out in all directions; rough or coarse.

-- xada. An uneven, rough rock.

ARSAI- / АРСАЙХ

v.i. To bristle or stick out in all directions; to be rough or coarse.

ARSALAN

See arslan.

ARSAR / АРСАР

adj. and adv. Of little importance, mediocre, ordinary, common; this and that, nothing in particular.

-- azil kiky. To do odd jobs.

-- zarudal. Miscellaneous expenses.

ARSI / АРШ

[= risi, S. ṛshi] n. Anchorite, hermit.

ARSILA- / АРШЛАХ

v.i. To live as an anchorite or a hermit.

ARSIM / АРШИН

n. Arshin (Russian measure of length, equal to 28 inches).

ARSIMNA-

v.t. To measure by arshins.

ARSLAN / АРСЛАН

[= arsalan] n. Lion; title given to the winner of first place in a national wrestling match (a person who has been an arslan twice is honored with the title of aburγu, q.v.).

-- tib. Ceylon.

-- u ely. Lion's den.

-- zaγan. Mammoth.

ARTAI / АРТАЙ

[= artu] adj. Striped, streaked, lined; patterned.

ARTELI / АРТЕЛЬ

[R. артель] n. Artel.

ARTER / АРТЕР

n. Artery.

ARTU / АРТ

See artai.

ARTU-

v.t. To gnaw (of a worm).

ARU / АР

n. and adj. Back, rear; north, northern; verso of a sheet or folio.

-- bej-e. Back or rear part of a body or carcass; rear or northern side of something.

-- debisker. Background.

-- du. In the rear, back, behind.

-- du ece. From behind, from the rear.

-- ger. Home or family left behind.

-- jin tysilge. Cushion for the back.

-- mongγul. Outer Mongolia.

-- tal-a. Back, rear; reverse side; northern side.

aγula jin -- du. Behind the mountains.

caγasun u --. The back or reverse of a sheet.

cerig yn -- tal-a. Rear of an army.

γar un --. Back of the hand.

ger yn --. The back of a house or yurt.

ARUГ, 1. / АРАГ

n. A loosely woven basket or dosser for collecting arγal, q.v.

-- jasun. Skeleton.

ARUГ, 2.
n. Irrigation canal.

ARUҐLA- / АРАГЛАХ
v.t. To put arγal (q.v.) in a basket (see arγu, 1).

ARUR-A / АРУР
[T. A-ru-ra, Tocharian arirāk, S. haritaka]
n. Myrobalan.

ARVIS
See arbis.

ARXAГ, 1. / АРХАГ
[= kirxaγ] n. Border, edge; selvage.
γazar un -- . Borderline between plots of land.

ARXAГ, 2. / АРХАГ
adj. Chronic, continuous.
-- ebedcin. Chronic illness.

ARXAГ, 3. / АРХАГ
adj. Big; strong, powerful; passionate.
-- er-e. Athletic man.

ARXAГAR / АРХАГАР
adj. Awkward, clumsy, cumbersome.

ARXAI- / АРХАЙХ
v.i. To be awkward or clumsy.

ARZAГAI / АРЗГАЙ
See arzaγar.

ARZAГANA- / АРЗГАНАХ
[= arzalza-] v. freq. of arzai - .
--n kødelky. To swarm.

ARZAГAR / АРЗГАР
[= arzaγai] adj. Showing teeth; grinning; bristling; uneven, rough.
-- arasutai. Rough-skinned.
-- sidytei. Buck-toothed.

ARZAI- / АРЗАЙХ
v.i. To show one's teeth, grin; to stand on end (of hair); to stand out (of a number of objects); to be rough or uneven.
--n inijeky. To grin or smile showing one's teeth.

ARZAILГA- / АРЗАЙЛГАХ
v. caus. of arzai-.

ARZALZA- / АРЗАЛЗАХ
See arzaγana-.

ARZAN / АРЗАН
Same as arzaγar.

AS
adv. particle. Right , directly, straight.
-- bolγaxu. To straighten out.
-- dumda. Right in the middle.
-- xoitu. Directly north, straight north.

ASA-, 1. / АСАХ
v.i. To burn, catch fire, ignite, burn.
--xu kei. Combustible gas.
ciideng --zu baimui. The electric lamp is burning.

ASA-, 2. / АСАХ
v.t. To climb up.
modu --xu. To climb a tree.

ASA-, 3. / АСАХ
v.i. To stick, cling to.

ASAГ-
Obsolete form of asaγu-.

ASAГA- / АСААХ
[v. caus. of asa-, 1.] To cause to burn, set fire to, kindle; to ignite; to start (as a motor).
γal --xu. To make a fire.
zula --xu. To kindle a lamp.

ASAГU- / АСУУХ
v.t. To ask, inquire, question; to ask for, request (rare).
--γsan i xariγulxu. To answer a question.
--zu lablaxu. To make an inquiry; to confirm or make sure by inquiry.
amur --xu. To inquire after somebody's health, greet.
beri --xu. To ask for a girl as a bride for one's son.
kymyn ece -- . To ask for information of somebody.

tegyn ece -- ! Ask him!
tølge --xu. To consult an oracle.

ASAГUDAL / АСУУДАЛ
n. Question, problem.
kelelceky -- . Problems to be discussed; agenda.

ASAГUГCI / АСУУГЧ
n. One who asks, questions, or examines; interrogator, examiner.

ASAГUГГA- / АСУУГДАХ
v. pass. of asaγu-.

ASAГUL- / АСУУЛАХ
v. caus. of asa-, 1.

ASAГULГ-A / АСУУЛГА
n. Question, inquiry; interrogation.

ASAГULГA- / АСУУЛГАХ
v. caus. of asaγu-.

ASAГULTA / АСУУЛТ
n. Question, inquiry, problem.
-- xaγudasun. Questionnaire, written inquiry.
-- xariγulta. Question and answer.
-- ygei. No question or problem; without question or doubt, unquestionable, unquestionably; there is no need to ask.

ASAMAГ / АСМАГ
n. Castrated boar.

ASAMAГAI, 1. / АСАМГАЙ
[= asamtaγai] adj. Inflammable.

ASAMAГAI, 2. / АСАМГАЙ
adj. Clinging, tenacious; obtrusive.

ASAMAN / АСМАН
adj. Monorchid, having only one testicle; animal castrated after maturity; unruly, disorderly.

ASAMTAГAI / АСАМТГАЙ
See asamaγai, 1 and 2.

ASAR / АСАР
n. A large tent, marquee; tower, steeple, belfry, bastion, pavillion.

xotan u -- . Gate tower of a city; bastion.

ASARA- / АСРАХ
v.t and i. To be compassionate; to take care, raise, foster, nourish, or support by charity; to be a benefactor or philanthropist; to love.
--n kymyzigylky. To take care of and educate.
--xui sedkil. Compassion, pity, commiseration
amin i --xu. To save a life.
bej-e ben --xu. To take care of one's health.
xairalazu --xu. To take loving care of.

ASARAГCI / АСАРАГЧ
n. One who takes care of, fosters, or looks after somebody; caretaker; nurse; guardian.

ASARAГUL- / АСРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of asara-.

ASARAL / АСРАЛ
n. Compassion, charity; care , attention.

ASARALTU / АСРАЛТ
adj. Compassionate, merciful, gracious; loving, caring.
-- eke. Loving or caring mother.

ASARAMAL / АСАРМАЛ
adj. Adopted, nursed (of a child).
-- kybegyn. Foster son.

ASARAMZI / АСРАМЖ
n. Care, attention.

ASARAMZILA- / АСРАМЖЛАХ
v.t. To take care of, nurse, foster,
ønycin i --n xamaγalaxu. To protect and care for orphans.

ASARANГUI / АСРАНГУЙ
adj. Solicitous; philanthropic, humane.

ASARTU / АСАРТ
adj. Having a tower or a big tent.

ASI / АШ
-- ygei. Quite good, better than expected.
-- ygei ci irebe. It is good that you came!
-- ygei kybegyn. A fine boy.
-- ygei sain. Quite good, better than expected

ASIDA / АШИД

adj., adv., and n. Always, permanent[ly], eternal[ly], infinite[ly], perpetual[iy]; eternity; immutability.
-- jaγum-a. Something lasting or permanent.
-- jin josu(n). Permanent, unchanging order; eternal truth.
-- jin orun. The realm of eternity.
-- xola. Extremely far.
-- ygei. Impermanent, changing, fleeting.
tabun --. See under egyride.

ASIГ, 1. / АШИГ

n. Profit, gain; benefit, advantage.
-- erke. Interests, rights; privileges.
-- sim-e. Productivity; products, produce.
-- xongziburi. Gain, profit.
-- ygei. Disadvantageous, without profit or benefit; is not worth while; does not pay.
-- yr-e. Result, consequence; effect.
-- zabsixu. To get rich, make a fortune.
erke --. Interest, right, privilege.
mal un -- sim-e. Products of animal husbandry.
yr-e --. Result, consequence; effect.

ASIГ, 2. / АШИГ

n. Goiter, tumor; excrescence on a tree.

ASIГLA- / АШИГЛАХ

v.t. To make use of, utilize, exploit; to take advantage of.
--n keregleky. To use, take advantage; to employ, exploit, put to use.
--n mølziky jabudal. Exploitation, making profit at somebody's expense.
kymyn i --xu. To take advantage of someone.

ASIГLAГUL- / АШИГЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of asiγla-.

ASIГLAL / АШИГЛАЛ

n. The act of using or exploiting; use, utilization, exploitation.

ASIГLALTA / АШИГЛАЛТ

n. Utilization, exploitation, use.
-- dur oruxu. To be put to use.

ASIГTAI / АШИГТАЙ

[= asiγtu] adj. Profitable, gainful, remunerative, lucrative; useful; beneficial.
-- azil. Profitable or lucrative business.

ASIГTU / АШИГТ

See asiγtai.

ASKI- / АСГИХ

v.t. To beat, hit, strike.
--zu zancixu. To beat up.

ASKIГUL- / АСГИУЛАХ

v. caus. of aski-.

ASPIRANT / АСПИРАНТ

[R. аспирант] n. Graduate student.

ASTRONOMI / АСТРОНОМИ

n. Astronomy.

ASURI

[S. asura] n. Asura, a class of evil genii.

ASURU / АСАР

adv. Very, very much, very great, extraordinarily, extremely.
-- jeke. Very great, colossal, gigantic, immense, huge.
-- tomu. Extremely big, gigantic, colossal.

ASX-A / АСГА

n. Schist, slate; boulder rocks.

ASXA- / АСГАХ

v.t. and i. To pour out, scatter, splash out, spill, shed.
boruγan --xu. For the rain to pour.
nilbusun --xu. For the tears to stream.
sirui --xu. To pour out soil or dirt.
usu --xu. To pour out or spill water.

ASXAГUL- / АСГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of asxa-.

ASXARA- / АСГАРАХ

v.i. To gush or pour out; to spill.
--n γarxu. To pour forth, gush out.

ASXARAГUL- / АСГАРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of asxara-.
--un uilaxu. To weep profusely.

AŠAR / ААШАР

adv. Gradually, slowly.

ATA(N) / АТ(АН)

n. Castrated camel.
--n temege. Castrated camel.

ATABCI / АТАВЧ

n. Camel saddle.

ATAГ-A(N) / АТАА

n. Envy, jealousy; emulation, rivalry.
-- temecel. Rivalry.

ATAГACI(N) / АТААЧ

adj. Envious, revengeful.

ATAГAR / АТГАР

Same as ataγ-a(n).

ATAГARXA- / АТААРХАХ

v.i. To envy; to rival; to be malevolent.
--n ygyleky. To say something out of envy or jealousy.
kymyn dyr --xu. To be jealous or envious of someone.
kymyn y ed ty --xu. To be envious of somebody's wealth.

ATAГARXAГ / АТААРХАГ

adj. Envious, jealous.

ATAГARXAГUL- / АТААРХУУЛАХ

v. caus. of ataγarxa-.

ATAГARXAL / АТААРХАЛ

n. Envy, jealousy; emulation, rivalry.

ATAГARXAMAR / АТААРХМААР

adj. Enviable, arousing envy.

ATAГATAI / АТААТАЙ

adj. Envious, jealous; easily excitable over a game or competition; arousing excitement.
-- kymyn. A person who gets excited easily over a game or competition.
-- naγadum. An exciting game.

ATAГATAN / АТААТАН

n. and adj. Envious people; envious, jealous.
-- daisun. Enemies.

ATAL-A

[Terminal conv. of a-] While; although.
ein --. Although it was so.
ger tegen --. While at home.
saγun --. While sitting.

ATAR / АТАР

n. Virgin land, unploughed or fallow field; place spared by a conflagration; where stalks among fresh grass; idle or unoccupied person.
-- γazar. Uncultivated or fallow land.
-- uryuca. Old grass among fresh grass; last year's vegetation.

ATARDA- / АТАРДАХ

v.i. To be undisciplined or spoiled.

ATARIJAD

Same as otrijad.

ATARLA- / АТАРЛАХ

v.t. and i. To pasture cattle on virgin land; to take a complete rest.

ATARSI- / АТАРШИХ

v.i. To remain in a virgin state for a long time (of land); to become used to being idle.

ATARSIГUL- / АТАРШУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of atarzi-] v.t. To leave a field uncultivated for a long time.

ATARZI- / АТАРЖИХ

Same as atarsi-.

ATOM / АТОМ

n. Atom.
-- cinar. Atomicity.
-- un onul. Atomic theory.
-- zing. Atomic weight.

ATU

[Ma. atu] n. A female fish (cf. atux-a).

ATUГAR / АТИГАР

adj. Contorted, twisted, bent, shrunk.

ATUI- / АТИЙХ

v.i. To contract, draw together, shrink.
køl ijen --xu. To draw up one's leg[s].

ATUILГA- / АТИЙЛГАХ

v. caus. of atui-.

ATULZA-

v.i. To crawl, creep.

ATURI- / АТИРАХ

v.t. and i. To wrinkle, contract, crease; to shrink.

byky bej-e ben --xu. To contract one's whole body.

xubcasun --xu. For clothes to become wrinkled or shrunk.

ATURIГ-A / АТИРАА

[= aturij-a] n. Wrinkle, crease, fold, crinkle.

manglai jin --. Wrinkles of the forehead.

ATURIГATAI / АТИРААТАЙ

adj. Wrinkled, crinkled, puckered.

ATURIГUL- / АТИРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of aturi-] v.t. To wrinkle, cause to contract.

kømyske ben --xu. To knit one's eyebrows.

ATURIJ-A(N)

See aturiγ-a.

ATURINGXAI / АТРИНХАЙ

adj. Wrinkled, creased, contracted.

ATUX-A

[Ma. atuxa] n. A male fish. Cf. atu.

AUГ-A / АУГАА

n. and adj. Power, strength; powerful; mighty; gigantic.

-- cidal. Power, might.

-- kycyn. Power, great strength.

-- temecel. Mighty struggle.

AUГAN / УУГАН

[= uuγan] adj. Oldest, first-born.

-- kybegyn . The oldest son.

-- surγaγuli. The oldest or very first school.

AUГATAI

[= auγatu] adj. Strong, powerful.

AUГATU

See auγatai.

AVANGГARDA / АВАНГАРД

[R. авангард] n. Vanguard.

AVANGГARDALA- / АВАНГАРДЛАХ

v.i. To be in the vanguard; to be a leader.

AVSTRALI

Same as aystrali.

AVSTRI

Same as aystri.

AVTO, etc.

Same as ayto, etc.

AX-A, 1. / АХ

interj. Oh! Alas!

AX-A, 2. / АХ

n. and adj. Older brother; senior, elder, older (also used as respectful term of address to a person of about the same age).

-- degyy Brothers; brother[s] and sister[s].

-- degyy bolxu. To become brothers, fraternize.

-- degyy jin. Fraternal.

-- degyy nar. Brothers, brethren.

-- jekes. The elders.

-- zax-a. The older, elder[s], seniors.

nada ece nige --. One year older than I.

AXACILA- / АХЧЛАХ

v.t. and i. To regard as one's elder brother or senior; to respect.

AXACILAГUL- / АХЧЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of axacila-.

AXADA- / АХДАХ

v.i. To be or appear too old; to overdo, carry too far; to be beyond one's strength, power, or ability.

acij-a --xu. For the load to be too heavy.

nasu --xu. To be too old.

AXADAГUL- / АХДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of axada-] v.t. To overdo, carry too far.

AXAI / АХАЙ

n. Respectful term used to address a married woman (obs.).

AXALA- / АХЛАХ

v.i. To be senior, elder, chief; to predominate; to excel, be superior; to exceed.

--xu deslegci. First lieutenant.

egyn y ed inu tegyn ece --mui. The material of this is superior to the material of that.

kyy inu eke ece --xu. For the interest to be greater than the principal.

AXALAGCI / АХЛАГЧ

adj. and n. Senior, leading, chief, head.

AXALAGUL- / АХЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of axala-.

AXAMAD / АХМАД

n. and adj. Seniority; superior, senior, elder; captain (mil. and sports).

-- kybegyn. The eldest son.

-- økin. Eldest daughter.

AXAS / АХАС

[plural of ax-a] n. The elders.

AXUI / АХУЙ

[future noun of a-] n. Being, existence; presence.

-- baidal. Way of living, living conditions.

-- bolzul. Living, conditions of existence.

azu --. See under azu.

AXUR / АХАР

n. and adj. Sheep's wool of autumn shearing; short. Cf. oxur.

AXURDA- / АХАРДАХ

See oxurda-.

AXURDAGUL- / АХАРДУУЛАХ

See oxurdagul-.

AXURLA- / АХАРЛАХ

v.t. To shear sheep in the autumn.

AXURXAN / АХАРХАН

See oxurxan.

AXUUNA / АХУУНА

n. Loon (bird).

AYSTRALI / АВСТРАЛИ

n.p. Australia.

-- tib. [Continent of] Australia.

AYSTRI / АВСТРИ

n.p. Austria.

AYTO / АВТО

n. and adj. Auto; automatic.

-- terge. Automobile.

-- dokij-a. Automatic signal.

AYTOBAZA / АВТОБАЗ

[R. автобаза] n. Autotransport depot.

AYTOBYS / АВТОБУС

[R. автобус] n. Autobus.

AYTOMAT / АВТОМАТ

[R. автомат] n. and adj. Automatic machine; submachine gun; automatic.

-- un. Automatic.

AYTOMATCI / АВТОМАТЧ

n. Submachine gunner.

AYTOMATCILA- / АВТОМАТЧИЛАХ

v.t. To automatize.

AYTOMOBILI / АВТОМОБИЛЬ

[R. автомобиль] n. Automobile.

AYTONOMI / АВТОНОМИ

[R. автономия] n. Autonomy.

AYTONOMITU / АВТОНОМИТ

adj. Autonomous.

-- zasay. Autonomous government.

AZA / АЗ

n. Good luck, success, happiness; fate, lot.

-- ygei. Out of luck, unsuccessful, unfortunate; unhappy.

-- ben yzeky. To make an attempt, take a chance or risk; to enjoy happiness or good luck.

-- daɣarixu. To be lucky or successful.
-- dutaxu. To have no luck, be unsuccessful.
-- maɣudaxu. To be unsuccessful or unlucky.
-- medeg! Let fate take its course! Let come what may!
-- medegsen kereg. A matter of chance or fate.
-- ygeideky. To be unlucky or unsuccessful.

AZAD / АЗАД

-- bolxu. To tire, bore; to lose one's prestige or authority.

AZAI / АЗАЙ

-- buɣural. Silvery grey hair.

AZAR

See buzar.

AZARГAN-A / АЗАРГАНА

n. Geranium.

AZATAI / АЗТАЙ

/adj. Successful, happy, lucky, fortunate.

AZI / АЗИ

See azi.

AZI-

v t. To watch, observe; to note, take notice.

AZIГ / АЖИГ

n. Attention, heed, regard; observation; notice.
-- abxu. To take as a warning; to notice; to understand, realize.
-- sezig ygei. Without notice or suspicion.
-- ygei. Without attention, inattentively; unnoticed; without noticing; unconcerned.

AZIГAR / АЖГАР

adj. and n. Bushy; uneven, rough; uneven surface, roughness.

AZIГCI / АЖИГЧ

n. and adj. Observer; observant, noticing, attentive.

AZIГLA- / АЖИГЛАХ

v.t. To observe, pay attention; to notice, note; to look attentively.
--n abxu. To take notice, note.
--zu xaraxu. To gaze at, look or observe attentively.
baidal i --xu. To observe the situation carefully.

AZIГLAГCI / АЖИГЛАГЧ

n. Observer.

AZIГLAГUL- / АЖИГЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of aziɣla-.

AZIГLAL / АЖИГЛАЛ

n. Observation, attention, notice.

AZIГLALTA / АЖИГЛАЛТ

n. Observation, attention, notice.

AZIГU

Same as azuɣu .

AZLJAMU / АЖААМУУ

Defective verb. Will you not...? Will you please...? (epist.).
yly sedkil alɣasaxu --. Please do not worry.
zakidal xairalaxu --. Will you please reply.

AZLJARA- / АЖААРАХ

v.t. and i. To observe, gaze; to pay attention, take notice.

AZIL / АЖИЛ

n. Work, job, occupation, employment.
-- kiky. To work, do a job.
-- kiky cidaburi. Capacity for work, ability to work.
-- kødelmyri. Work, labor.
-- øggygci. Employer.
-- tasuluɣci. "Shirker," absentee worker.
-- tasulxu. To interrupt work; to shirk work.
-- un caɣ. Working time or hours.
-- un edyr. Working day.
-- un xubcasu. Working dress.
-- ygei. Jobless, unemployed; unemployment.
-- ygei baidal. Joblessness, unemployment.
-- ygei kymyn. Unemployed or jobless person.
-- ygei tenygci. Idler, jobless wanderer.
caɣ ularil un --. Seasonal work.
mal un --. Stock raising.

nom un -- . Missionary activities.

AZILCI / АЖИЛЧ
adj. Businesslike, hard-working; industrious.

AZILCID / АЖИЛЧИД
Plural of azilcin.

AZILCIN / АЖИЛЧИН
n. Worker, laborer.
emegtei -- . Female worker.
ɣar un -- . Manual worker.
xariɣucalɣatai -- . Responsible worker, worker in charge.

AZILLA- / АЖИЛЛАХ
v.t. To work, toil.
--xu kycyn. Labor force or power.
kødelmyrilen --xu. To toil, do manual work.

AZILLAГ-A(N) / АЖИЛЛАГА(Н)
n. Work, procedure, function, process.
erketen y -- . The function of the organs.
xamtu jin -- . Cooperative work, teamwork.
yile -- . Activities.

AZILLAГCI / АЖИЛЛАГЧ
adj. and n. Working; worker.

AZILLAГUL- / АЖИЛЛУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of azilla-] To cause to work, give work; to entrust with work.

AZILTAI / АЖИЛТАЙ
[= aziltu] adj. Engaged in work, working, occupied; having work or a position.
marɣasi -- . There will be work tomorrow; [I] shall be busy tomorrow.
sain -- kymyn. A person having a good position; an efficient person, a good worker.
surɣaɣuli du -- . Having a position or work at a school.

AZILTAN / АЖИЛТАН
n. Worker[s].

AZILTU / АЖИЛТ
See aziltai.

AZIN / АЖИН
n. The wife of a younger brother in relation to the wife of an elder brother. Cf. abisun.

AZINAI / АЖНАЙ
[S. ājāneya, ājāniya, etc. " of noble race, blooded"] n. Name of Indra's horse.(Cf. M . xormusta); in later Buddhism the horse which is supposed to carry the faithful over the Ocean of Existence (see sansar) into Paradise (see sukavati); the best horse.

AZIR / АЖИР
-- nuɣusu. Teal, Anas crecca .

AZIRA-, 1. / АЖРАХ
v.i. To proceed, betake oneself; to sojourn; to retreat from (of exalted persons).
tngri jin orun-a --xu. To go to heaven, die (of exalted persons).

AZIRA-, 2. / АЖРАХ
v.i. To mind, observe, notice, pay attention to.
--xu ygei. Not to mind; to pay no attention.
kidel kiky ece --xu ygei. Not to shun working.
xalaɣun du cu --xu ygei, kyiten dy cy --xu ygei. To be indifferent to heat or cold, not to mind the inclemencies of the weather.

AZIRAГUL- / АЖРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of azira-.

AZIRAI
n. Devil (invective).

AZIRГ-A(N) / АЗРАГА
n. Stallion; before names of other animals it signifies the male animal.
-- kønggeleky. To geld a stallion.
--n boruɣ-a. Heavy rain.
--n du giskigylky. To cover by a stallion.
--n elzige. Male ass.
--n ɣaxai. Boar.
-- zasaxu. To geld a stallion.
sain uɣsaɣan u -- . Thoroughbred stallion.

AZIRГALA- / АЗРАГАЛАХ
v.t. To mate (as horses); to treat rudely.

AZU / АЖ
Imperfective converb of a-.
-- amidural. Life, standard of living, living conditions, economy.

-- axu. Means of existence, occupation (obs.).
-- axui. Economy, economics; livelihood.
-- axui busu. Uneconomical, impractical; unbusinesslike; remiss in one's duties.
-- axui jin. Economic.
-- axuitan. Husbandmen, farmers.
-- baidal. Life, living conditions; way of life.
-- yiledbyrizigylky. To industrialize.
gertegen sayun -- baital-a. When or while [one] was at home.

AZUГU / АЖГУУ



[= azi, past tense of a-] It was, there was or were.
teimy -- . It was so.
tere jabuysan -- . He has gone.

AZI / АЗИ



[= azi] n. p. Asia.
dumdadu -- . Central Asia.
dorun-a -- . East Asia.

B

BA, 1. / БАА

[= cu] Generalizing particle following an interrogative pronoun (Eng. -ever).

ali -- . Same as aliba.

jaγu -- kelegsen ygei amui. [He] has not said anything.

jambar -- amitan. No matter what living being, any being.

jambar -- yge. Any word[s].

ken -- . Whoever.

BA, 2. / БА

conj. And, also.

adali -- adali ygei. Similarities and dissimilarities.

ama -- bicig ijer. Orally and in writing.

edyr -- søni. Day and night.

BA, 3. / БА

pron. of the lst p. plur. We (excluding the persons addressed, obs.).

-- byrin. We all, all of us.

BA, 4. / БАА

See baγ-a, 2.

BABAΓAI

See baγabaγai.

BABANA- / БАВНАХ

onom. v.i. To bleat like a male goat; to babble, gossip; to grumble, rumble.

BABANAΓ-A / БАВНАА

n. Male goat, buck.

BABUΓAR / БАВГАР

adj. Disheveled, shaggy; bearded.

BABUI- / БАВАЙХ

v.i. To become tousled, disheveled, or shaggy; to grow a beard.

BACAΓ / БАЦАГ

[= macaγ, T. bsnyen gnas , S. upavāsatha] n. Fast, fasting, abstinence, vow of fasting.

-- abxu. To take the vows or receive the consecration of a gelyng (q. v.) which involves the practice of fasting and abstinence; to fast.

-- barixu. To fast, practice abstinence.

-- ebdeky. To break the vow of fasting, end a fast.

-- un sanvar. Vow of abstinence (also taken by laymen).

BACAΓAN / БАЦГАН

n. Daughter, girl.

BACAΓLA- / БАЦАГЛАХ

v.i. To fast, practice abstinence; to meditate (involving absolute silence and abstention from work).

BACAΓLAL / БАЦАГЛАЛ

n. The act of fasting, practicing abstinence; meditation.

BACAΓTAI / БАЦАГТАЙ

[= bacaγtu] n. and adj. [One]who fasts or meditates.

ubasi -- . A person who has received the consecration of ubasi (q. v.).

BACAΓTU

See bacaγtai.

BACASU

n. A kind of tree whose bark resembles that of the elm tree.

BACI / БАЧ

n. Fraud, deceit, ruse, trick, artifice; exaggerated politeness.

-- γarγaxu. To feign, sham, pretend.

-- meke. Ruse, artifice.

arγ-a -- . Deceit, fraud, trick.

BACICI / БАЧИЧ

n. Deceiver, liar.

BACIΓU / БАЧУУ

adj. and n. Narrow, tight; pressing; too short (of time); narrowness, tightness.

-- bolxu. To become tight or pressing.

-- γutul. Tight boots.

BACIΓUDA- / БАЧУУДАХ

v.i. To be pressed, stifled; to be in agony; to be too short (of time).

BACIГUXAN / БАЧУУХАН
adj. Somewhat narrow, tight.

BACIGINA- / БАЧИГНАХ
onomat. v.i. To crack loudly; to wrangle, quarrel loudly.

BACILA- / БАЧЛАХ
v.i. To deceive, use a ruse, act craftily; to sham, malinger; to harm.
--γsan ebedcin. A feigned illness.
soγtuγsan kemen --xu. To feign drunkenness.

BACIM / БАЧИМ
adj. and adv. Hasty, urgent, quick, instant; short (of time), urgently, quickly.
-- caγ. Short time or term; time of emergency.
-- cocim. Suddenly, unexpectedly.
boγuni -- xuγucaγan u dotur-a. In the shortest time.

BACIMAГ / БАЧМАГ
adj. and adv. Hasty, sudden[ly], quick[ly].

BACIMAГDA- / БАЧМАГДАХ
v.i. To be pressed for time; to be anxious.

BACIMDA- / БАЧИМДАХ
v.i. To be in a tight spot; to be cornered; to be anxious or worried about something for lack of time or ability to cope with it; to lose countenance, be embarrassed.
--n jaγaraxu. To hurry, hasten.

BACIMDAГU / БАЧИМДУУ
adj. Pressing, anxious; confused; hasty.

BACIMDAГUL- / БАЧИМДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of bacimda-] To cause to hurry, urge on; to cause confusion; to press upon; to embarrass.

BACIMDAL / БАЧИМДАЛ
n. Anguish, panic, embarrassment.

BACITAI / БАЧТАЙ
[= bacitu] adj. Deceitful, shrewd, cunning, sly, tricky.

BACITU / БАЧИТ
See bacitai.

BACIXAN / БЯЦХАН
Same as bicixan.

BADAГ, 1. / БАДАГ
[S. pāda(ka)] n. Stanza, strophe; sentence; paragraph

BADAГ, 2. / БАДАГ
See bydeg.

BADAГAN-A / БАГДАНА
[T. bad kan] n. Cancer of the stomach.

BADAГANATU- / БАГДАНАТАХ
v.i. To have cancer of the stomach.

BADAГANATUГUL- / БАГДАНАТУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of badaγanatu-] v.i. To suffer from cancer of the stomach.

BADAГLA- / БАДАГЛАХ
v.t. To write verse, versify; to divide or set off the verses of a stanza; to divide into sections or paragraphs.

BADAIR / БАДАЙР
n. and adj. Swelling; swollen.

BADAIRA- / БАДАЙРАХ
v.i. To become swollen, inflamed, or puffed up; to become numb; to become warm or flushed from drinking.
niγur --xu. For the face to swell.

BADAIRAL / БАДАЙРАЛ
n. Swelling; inflammation; the state of being warm or flushed from drinking.

BADAM / БАДАМ
See badba.

BADAN, 1. / БАДАН(Г)
n. A kind of sabre.

BADAN, 2.
See badang, 1.

BADANA- / БАДНАХ

onom. v.i. To babble, grumble.

BADANG, 1. / БАДАН(Г)

[= badan, 2] n. Flag, insignia, standard; decorative ribbon.

BADANG, 2. / БАДАН(Г)

n. Bergenia crassifolia; Mongolian tea.

BADAR / БАДАР

[= badir, badr-a. S. pātra] n. Bowl carried by mendicants to collect alms; offering plate; donation, alms, contribution to charity, collection for charity.

-- barixu. To ask for alms, donations, or contributions to charity; to be a religious mendicant.

-- kiky. To ask for alms or donations.

-- un xaγudasu. Subscription list (of contributors to charity, etc.).

sain dur-a jin --. Voluntary contribution.

BADARA- / БАДРАХ

v.i. To spread, expand, develop; to blow, open (of flowers); to flame, blaze, flare; to be[come] inspired, be carried away; to become clear, manifest, public; to clear up.

ebedcin --mui. The disease spreads.

γal --mui. The fire burns lustily.

ner-e --mui. The fame spreads.

BADARAΓUL- / БАДРУУЛАХ

[v.caus. of badara-] To spread, propagate; to develop; to stir up, inspire.

γal --xu. To stir the fire into a blaze.

γazar un asiγ i --xu. To develop the natural resources, exploit the soil.

ner-e --xu. To spread the fame of a person.

BADARAΓULUΓCI / БАДРУУЛАГЧ

n. Inspirer.

BADARAΓULTU / БАДРУУЛТ

-- tøry. The appellation of the years 1875 - 1908 during the Manchu dynasty (Ch. Kuang-hsü 光緒).

BADARAL / БАДРАЛ

n. The act or process of developing or spreading; growth, augmentation, propagation; gust, wave (as of enthusiasm), inspiration.

BADARAMAL / БАДАРМАЛ

[n.d. of badara-] adj. Glowing, burning, blazing; enthusiastic; blooming (of flowers).

BADARANGΓUI / БАДРАНГУЙ

adj. Spreading, growing, prosperous, flourishing; blazing, flaming; enthusiastic.

-- γal. Blazing fire.

-- gerelty. Shining, radiant, resplendent.

-- yiledbyri. Flourishing industry.

BADARANGΓUILA- / БАДРАНГУЙЛАХ

v.i. To spread, expand, propagate; to flourish.

BADARCI(N) / БАДАРЧ(ИН)

[= badirci(n)] n. A badar (q.v.) carrier, mendicant, wandering monk, monk who solicits contributions for a temple.

BADARCILA- / БАДАРЧЛАХ

v.i. To be a mendicant monk; to collect contributions for a religious purpose.

BADARLA- / БАДАРЛАХ

v.t. To collect alms; to solicit contributions.

BADBA

[= badam. T. srin bu pad ma] n. Leech.

-- xoruxai. Leech.

BADΓAN

Same as badaγan-a.

BADIR , etc.

See badar, etc.

BADM-A / БАДМА(А)

[S. padma, T. pad ma] n. Lotus, water lily (Nelumbium speciosum).

-- ceceg. Lotus flower.

ceceg yn --. Petals of a flower.

BADMARAGA / БАДМАРАГА

[S. padma-rāga] n. Ruby.

-- erdeni. Ruby.

-- zingse. The ruby button worn by princes of first rank under the Manchu dynasty.

BADR-A

See badar.

BADUN / БАДАН(Г)

n. A measure equal to 10 Chinese tou 斗 or to 3,160 cubic inches (obs.).

BADUR- / БАТРАХ

v.t. To feed or fatten pigs.

BADURГ-A

n. Swill, food for pigs.

BADXU- / БАТХАХ

v.i. To sweat heavily; to rise in swirls or whirls (dust, smoke, clouds, etc.).

aγur --mui. Steam rises in swirls.

BAГ, 1. / БАГ

[T. bag] n. Mask.

-- emysky. To wear a mask.

BAГ, 2. / БАГ

n. and adj. Bunch, bundle, bale, package; group, band, team; tufted.

-- baγ un. In piles, piled up.

-- modu. Tufted tree.

-- neileky. For teams to compete (sport).

-- tylij-e. Armful of firewood.

-- ysy. Tuft of hair on the head.

BAГ, 3. / БАГ

n. Smallest administrative unit in the Mongolian People's Republic; a number of baγs form a sumun (q.v.).

BAГ-A, 1. / БАГА

adj. and adv. a) Small in size or quantity, little, tiny, a little, not much.

-- baγ-a ber. Little by little, bit by bit.

-- baγ-a ber cimkileky. To take food in small quantities; to nibble.

-- daγan. At least.

-- γarciγ. Subtitle, subhead.

-- saγ-a. Trifle, bagatelle; little bits, odds and ends; trifling; a bit, a little.

-- saγ-a ber. Little by little, slowly.

-- saγ-a medeky. To know a little, be more or less acquainted with.

-- tariki. Cerebellum.

-- xaγalγ-a. Wicket gate.

-- ygei. Not small or little, quite significant.

b) Insignificant, petty, lower in rank; junior.

-- bajacud. Petty bourgeois.

-- ber boduxu. To underrate.

-- deslegci. Commissioned rank below that of second lieutenant.

-- γomudal. Short period of mourning (21 days).

c) Young, younger; childhood.

-- caγ. Childhood.

-- ece. From childhood.

-- jin xani. Childhood friend.

-- zalaγu. Young.

nada ece --. Younger than I.

BAГ-A, 2. / БАА

[= ba, 4, Ch. fa 罰] n. Fine, penalty.

BAГA- / БААХ

v.i. To excrete, have a bowel movement.

--xui mør. Anus.

BAГABAГAI / БААВГАЙ

[= babaγai] n. Bear.

-- jin kebteri. Bear's lair.

-- jin zulzaγ-a. Bear cub, young bear.

caγan --. White bear, polar bear.

em-e --. She-bear.

BAГABAГAICILA- / БААВГАЙЧЛАХ

v.i. To hunt bears; to surpass in strength or skill.

BAГABTUR / БАГАВТАР

adj. and adv. Somewhat little or small, trifling; a little bit, a trifle.

BAГACUD / БАГАЧУУД

[plur. of baγ-a, 1.] Youth, young ones, youngsters, juveniles.

BAГACUL / БАГАЧУУЛ

[= baγacud] n. Young people, youth (coll.).

БАГАД- / БАГАДАХ

v.i. To be[come] [too] small or insufficient. ene malaγai nadur --cu baimui. This hat is too small for me.

БАГАДХА- / БАГАТГАХ

[v. caus. of baγad-] To make small, reduce, diminish, cut down, abridge.

БАГАГІ- / БААГИХ

v.i. To smoke profusely, emit puffs or clouds of smoke.

БАГАЛА-, 1. / БААЛАХ

[= bala-] v.t. To fine, impose a penalty.

БАГАЛА-, 2. / БААЛАХ

[= bala-] v.i. To form a scab; to suppurate.

БАГАЛЗАГУР / БАГАЛЗУУР

[= baγalzuur] n. Throat, gullet, trachea, windpipe; part of a knife close to the handle.
-- un ebedcin. Disease of the throat.
-- un tøbyng. Adam's apple.
unzigir -- . Dewlap.

БАГАЛЗАГУРДА- / БАГАЛЗУУРДАХ

[= baγalzuurda-] v.t. To seize by the neck or collar; to try to suffocate, choke, or strangle.
--zu alaxu. To kill by throttling.

БАГАЛЗУУР

See baγalzaγur.

БАГАН-А / БАГАНА

n. Pillar, column, post, pole, tent-pole, rafter, joist.
-- jin jender. Pedestal of a column.
-- jin saγuri. Base of a column.
-- jin yzygyr. Capital of a column.
cakilγan utasun u --. Telegraph pole.
kei morin u --. Pole on which to attach the "wind horse" (kei mori, q.v.).

БАГАНАДА- / БАГАНАДАХ

v.t. To prop or support with a pole.

БАГАНАТАІ / БАГАНАТАЙ

[= baγanatu] adj. Having a pillar or pole; based on or supported by columns.

БАГАНАТУ / БАГАНАТ

See baγanatai.

БАГАРАНГ / БААРАН(Г)

n. Child who does not hold his excrements and soils his trousers.

БАГАС / БАГАС

[plur. of baγ-a] n. Youngsters, little ones (obs.).

БАГАС- / БАГАСАХ

v.i. To become smaller, diminish, decrease.

БАГАСАНГ

See basang.

БАГАСІГ / БАГШИГ

adj. and adv. Little, smallish; somewhat smaller or younger; few.

БАГАСУ(N) / БААС(АН)

n. Excrement, manure, dung.
-- aldaxu. To defecate; to have diarrhea.
--n u xoruxai. Tumble bug (Geotrupes laevistriatus).
--n u zam. Anus.
-- xoriγdaxu. To be constipated.
temyr yn --. Slag or dross of iron.

БАГАСХА- / БАГАСГАХ

[v. caus. of baγas-] v.t. To diminish, reduce, decrease.

БАГАТАІ / БАГАТАЙ

adj. (following a substantive). Poor in; being small; having little.
asiγ --. Yielding or having little profit or gain.
bytygemzi --. Yielding poor results; unsuccessful.
cidal --. Of little power or ability.

БАГАТУР / БААТАР*

n. and adj. Hero; knight; heroic, courageous, valiant, brave.
-- γabijatan. Veterans.
-- ziryke. Courage, pluck.

БАГАТURLA- / БААТАРЛАХ

v.i. To act courageously or heroically; to be brave.
--n. Bravely, boldly, heroically.

--n bailduγci. Valiant hero, brave fighter.
--n ykyky. To die bravely; to die a heroic death.

BAГATURLIГ / БААТАРЛАГ
adj. and n. Courageous, bold, heroic, virile; heroism, virility, courage.
-- ijer. Valiantly, courageously, boldly, heroically.

BAГATURLXA- / БААТРАЛХАХ
Same as baγaturxa-.

BAГATURSI- / БААТАРШИХ
v.i. To become courageous or brave.

BAГATURXA- / БААТАРХАХ
v.i. To show one's bravery, try to act like a hero.

BAГAXAN / БАГАХАН
adj. and adv. Nice and small; rather little, small, insignificant; few, very little, ever so little.

BAГAZA, 1. / БАА3
adj. Simple, plain, ordinary, primitive.
-- caγasu. Plain paper.
-- mori. An ordinary horse (without any special gait).

BAГAZA, 2.
Same as baγazi.

BAГAZI / БАГАЖ
n. Tool, instrument, implement, equipment.
cerig yn --. Weapon, arms, army equipment.
γar un --. Tool, instrument.
keregsel --. Implements, apparatus, instruments, equipment.
yiledbyri jin -- zebseg. Means of production.

BAГAZILA- / БАГАЖЛАХ
v.t. To equip, fit out (with tools, etc.)

BAГBAГAI / БАГВААХАЙ
[= baγbaxai] n. Bat (mammal).
-- ceceg. Dandelion.

BAГBAГAR / БАГВАГАР
adj. Of small stature, squat; stocky.
-- bej-e tei kymyn. A squat person.

BAГBAI- / БАГВАЙХ
v.i. To be or look short and strong, low and solid, stout, firm.

BAГBAXAI
See baγbaγai.

BAГBUR / БАГВАР
n. A bowl with a cover, a covered dish.

BAГCA / БАГЦ
n. Bunch, bundle, pack; domination; power.
-- daγan oruγulzu abxu. To subject to one's power, authority, domination.
-- kiib. Skein of silk.
nige -- jangzuur. A pack of cigarettes.
nige -- kyzi. A bundle of incense sticks .
nige -- sabx-a. A bundle of chopsticks.

BAГCAГ-A / БАГЦАА
n. Estimate; approximation.

BAГCAГALA- / БАГЦААЛАХ
v.t. To estimate, appraise; to know approximately or in general.

BAГCALA- / БАГЦЛАХ
v.t. To put into a pack, make into a bundle; to estimate, appraise (cf. baγcaγala-) .

BAГLA- / БАГЛАХ
v.t. To tie in bunches, bundles, sheaves, or wisps; to pack, wrap.
--daγ kymyn. Packer, one who makes up bundles.

BAГLAГ-A(N) / БАГЛАА
n. Bundle, bunch, bouquet; bale, package, stack, heap; a bolt of cloth or fabric.
-- baγlaγ-a ber. By heaps, in bunches.
-- ceceg. Bouquet, bunch of flowers.
nigen -- tylij-e. A bundle of firewood.

BAГLAГALA- / БАГЛААЛАХ
v.t. To put in bunches or piles; to group.

BAГLAГATAI / БАГЛААТАЙ
adj. Tied in a bundle, package, or bunch.

BAГLARA- / БАГЛАРАХ
v.i. To gather in groups, crowd together; to form into a lump.

--γsan xar-a egyle. Dense black cloud.
xoni --ba. The sheep crowded together.

BAГLIГU(N) / БАГЛИУН
n. and adj. Short section of a tree trunk, block of wood; short and thick.

BAГSI / БАГШ
[Ch. po-shih 博士] n. Teacher, instructor, professor, learned lama; master; mister.
surγaγuli jin --. School teacher.

BAГSI- / БАГШИХ
v.i. To assemble, gather in large quantity or great number.
modu --γsan γazar. Densely wooded area.

BAГSILA- / БАГШЛАХ
v.t. To teach, instruct, be an instructor.

BAГSIM-A / БАГШИМ
adv. In crowds, great numbers, large quantity.

BAГSIRA- / БАГШРАХ
v.i. To gather, crowd, cluster, throng; to swarm; to squeeze; to condense, contract, shrink.
--n tyriky. To crowd around somebody.
idegen deger-e --xu. To swarm over food.

BAГSUI- / БАГСАЙХ
v.i. To be or appear bushy or shaggy; to be gathered in bunches.

BAГSUR-, 1. / БАГСРАХ
v.i. To become crowded or clustered.

BAГSUR-, 2. / БАГСРАХ
v.t. To season, spice; to mix flour with butter or fat.

BAГSURГ-A, 1. / БАГСРАГА
n. Bunch, cluster.

BAГSURГ-A, 2. / БАГСРАГА
n. Spice, condiments, flavoring; mixture.

BAГTA- / БАГТАХ
v.i. To fit in (of size or shape); to have enough room for, be able to accommodate or hold; to be incorporated in, belong to; to be compatible with.

--xu ygei. Not to fit in, etc.
--xu ygei yge. "Incompatible" (i.e., obscene) language.
--zu jadaxu. Not to be able to hold or contain.
dotur-a --γsan. Contained within, the contents.
dotur-a --xu (prec. by gen.). To fall under, belong to a class, category, province, jurisdiction.

BAГTAГA- / БАГТААХ
[v.caus. of baγta-] To put in, house, accommodate; to include, contain, enclose; to incorporate (as in a territory); to support politically; to pardon.
--n oruγulxu. To fit in, accommodate, include.
--zu kiky. To fit in; to stow.
--zu xairalaxu azijamu. Will you please forgive me?
cøm i --n. All-inclusive.

BAГTAГAL / БАГТААЛ
[= baγtal] n. The capacity to contain or absorb; capaciousness, extent of room or space; volume.

BAГTAГAMZI / БАГТААМЖ
n. Holding power, capacity, capaciousness; volume; condescension, magnanimousness; tolerance.
-- jeкetei kymyn. A magnanimous or tolerant person.
-- ygei. Having no capacity to hold, crowded, not spacious, not roomy; intolerant.

BAГTAГAMZILA- / БАГТААМЖЛАХ
v.t. To fit in, set in, insert; to tolerate, forgive.
--n aγucilaxu bolbau. [I] hope [you] will forgive [me].

BAГTAГAMZITAI / БАГТААМЖТАЙ
[= baγtaγamzitu] adj. Capacious, spacious, roomy; condescending; magnanimous; indulgent, tolerant.
-- kymyn. A tolerant person.

BAГTAГAMZITU / БАГТААМЖИТ
See baγtaγamzitai.

BAГTAI / БАГТАЙ
[= baγtu] adj. Having or wearing a mask.

BAГTAL / БАГТАЛ

See baγtaγal.

BAГTALCA- / БАГТАЛЦАХ

[v. coop. of baγta-] v.i. To be included, enter into; to fit in.

BAГTAMZI / БАГТАМЖ

Same as baγtaγamzi.

BAГTARA- БАГТРАХ

v.i. To feel distressed or cramped within; to be at the point of boiling over with rage; to be filled to capacity.

--tal-a. Until filled up to capacity; until bursting.

dotur-a --xu. To feel cramped within.

BAГTASI / БАГТАШ

-- ygei. Impossible to accommodate or house; inordinate, excessive, unbearable; impossible to get along with.

-- ygei bajan. Excessively rich.

bej-e ben -- ygei bolγaxu. To consider oneself important, be haughty, conceited, make oneself incompatible.

BAГTU / БАГТ

See baγtai.

-- naγadum. Masquerade.

BAГU

See baγui.

BAГU- / БУУХ

v.i. To come or go down, fall; to descend, dismount, step down; to land (airplane); to settle down, encamp; to stop by, stop on the way; to surrender.

--xu γazar. Stopping place, lodging place .

--zu øgky. To surrender, give up.

aγar un ongγuca --xu γazar. Airdrome, airfield.

aγula ece --xu. To descend from a mountain.

ebylzijen dyr --xu. To move into winter quarters.

γazar tu --xu. To land, come down to the ground.

gyrtymbe --xu. For the gyrtymbe (q.v.) to enter into a trance.

manai du -- ! Stop by our place, come to our place !

morin ece --xu. To dismount from a horse.

tergen ece --xu. To get off a vehicle.

ysyrcy --xu. To jump down.

xaγan u siregen ece --xu. To step down from the throne, abdicate.

BAГUBCI / БУГУЙВЧ

[= buγubci, buγuibci, buγuici] n. Bracelet, wrist band .

BAГUCA / БУУЦ

n. Encampment, site of a camp; lodging; foundation of a tent or yurt.

ebylzijen y -- . Winter camp.

BAГUDAL / БУУДАЛ

n. Station, camp, inn, hotel; halt, stop.

-- un γazar. Inn.

-- un ger. Inn, hotel room.

ajancin u -- . Caravansary.

γurban -- un γazar. Distance of three days' journey.

ongγucan u -- . Landing pier.

temyr zam un -- . Railroad station, depot.

zocid un -- . Inn, guest house, hotel.

BAГUDALLA- / БУУДАЛЛАХ

v.i. To dismount, camp, stop at an inn.

BAГUI / БУГУЙ

[= baγu, buγui] n. Forearm, wrist; bracelet.

BAГULГA- / БУУЛГАХ

[v. caus. of baγu-] To cause to come down or step down; to lower; to unload; to dismiss; to copy , transfer; to hand down, promulgate, proclaim; to grant.

--γsan ziruγ. Reproduced photograph, print, copy of a picture.

--n biciky. To copy (something written).

abural --xu. To grant an answer (of an oracle).

beri --xu. To take a bride into one's household.

cerig ece --xu. To dismiss from the armed forces.

dyrsy --xu. To copy a picture or photograph.

ger --xu. To take down a tent or a house.

ger tyr --xu. To invite or accommodate somebody in a house.

malaγai --xu. To lower the ear-flaps of a hat.

modu --xu. To fell a tree.

sudur --xu. To copy a sacred book.

tergetei tylij-e ji --xu. To unload a cart of firewood.
tølge --xu. To grant a prophecy.
tusijal ece --xu. To dismiss from office.

BAГULГABURI / БУУЛГАВАР
n. Copy of manuscript, printed matter, drawing, etc.

BAГULГAL / БУУЛГАЛ
n. The act of baγulγa-.

BAГULГAMAL / БУУЛГАМАЛ
[n.d. of baγulγa-] adj. Copied, transcribed.
-- bicig. Copy of letter or book.

BAГULГARI
n. The escorting of a bride to the bridegroom.
-- jin jaγum-a. Dowry of a bride.

BAГURA- / БУУРАХ
v.i. To decline, fall; to diminish, lower, depreciate, degenerate; to fall into decadence; to slump, weaken.
bej-e jin tamir --xu. Physical strength declines or fails.
ner-e --xu. Reputation wanes.
orun --xu. To be demoted, lose one's rank, authority or dignity.
šasin --xu. Religion declines.
uxaγan --xu. Mental powers fail.
xalaγun --xu. Heat recedes.

BAГURAГUL- / БУУРУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of baγura-] To cause to go down; to lower (as price, rate of exchange, etc.); to decrease; to exhaust, weaken, impair.
cinar i --xu. To allow the quality to become inferior, let deteriorate.
itegel i --xu. To undermine somebody's faith.
kycyn i --xu. To lower, impair or limit the strength or intensity.
nigen zerge --xu. To lower or demote in rank by one degree.
yn-e xu. To lower the price.

BAГURAI / БУУРАЙ
adj. Feeble, powerless, weak in strength or spirit; poor, backward; small, narrow (of dimensions and quantities).
baγ-a -- . Weak, powerless (as a nation or people).
jadaγu -- . Weak, feeble.

BAГURAIDA- / БУУРАЙДАХ
v.i. To become weak or inferior.

BAГURAIDAL / БУУРАЙДАЛ
n. The state of being weak, inferior, or incapable.

BAГURAL / БУУРАЛ
n. Fall, falling; lowering; weakening; depreciation, degeneration, decline, dec .

BAГURCI(N)
n. Cook.
--n u ger. Kitchen.

BAГURI / БУЙР
n. Place for dismounting; dwelling place, a site of a house or yurt.
ger yn -- . Base or ground on which a yurt is erected.

BAГUU / БУГУЙ
Same as baγui.

BAГZAГAR / БАГЗГАР
adj. Thick, squat.

BAGIR
-- xar-a. Dirty-black.

BAGIRLA- / БАГИРЛАХ
v.t. To dirty, soil .

BAI, 1. / БАЙ
[Ch. p'ai 牌] n. Target, road post, signpost; bush used as a landmark.
-- modu. Signpost, road sign, bush or tree used as a landmark.
-- xarbuxu. To have target practice.

BAI, 2. / БАЙ
n. Prize in a contest.

BAI- / БАЙХ
v.i. a) To be (copula), stay, exist, live, reside; to occur, be found at a certain place, be present.
--daγ . Existing, extant; usual; all that there is.
--daγ kymyn. Everyone.
--n. See separate entry.

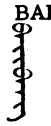
--n-a. There is, there exists.
--tal-a. At the same time when, while.
ci ende --! You stay here!
kedyi ... --bacu. However; let it be as it is; nevertheless.
teimy --tal-a. While, whilst (it is, was so).
ucir teimy --tal-a. Under these circumstances, nevertheless, in spite of this.
xamtu --xu. To be together.

b) To have, possess.
nadur mønggy --mui. I have money.

c) To cease, give up, stop.
salkin --ba. The wind has ceased.

d) Following the imperfect or perfect converb it expresses the continuative aspect of the verb.
ireged --n-a. Is here; keeps coming.
jabuzu --n-a. Is going.
kizy --n-a. Is doing.

e) Following a past participle it expresses the perfective aspect of the verb.
tere iregsen --n-a. He has come.



BAIBANG / БАЙВАН
[Ch. pai-fan 白礬] n. Alum, vitriol.
caγan --. White vitriol.
xar-a --. Dark vitriol; dark alum used as a mordant in dyeing.



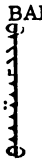
BAICA, 1. / БАЙЦ
n. Cliff, crag, bluff, rock; confluence of several rivers or sources of the same river; difficult terrain.
-- xadaxu. To dam up a river for catching fish.
xada --. Rock, bluff, steep slope.



BAICA, 2. / БАЙЦАА
See baicai.



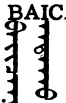
BAICA, 2 / БАЙЦ
n. State of being, staying, existing; circumstances, conditions; adverb (gram.).



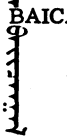
BAICAГA- / БАЙЦААХ
v.t. To investigate, inspect, inquire into, check, examine.
--n γarγaxu. To bring out, reveal through inquiry, uncover.
--xu tysimel. Examining official.
asaγuzu --xu. To question, interrogate, examine.
silγan --xu. To verify, check, examine, audit.
ucir i --xu. To investigate the cause.



BAICAГAГCI / БАЙЦААГЧ
n. Investigator, inspector, coroner.



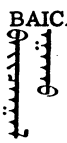
BAICAГAГDA- / БАЙЦААГДАХ
v. pass. of baicaγa-.



BAICAГAL / БАЙЦААЛ
n. Inquest, investigation, inspection.
beje jin --. Personal character investigation; biographical information.



BAICAГALГ-A / БАЙЦААЛГА
n. Investigation, inquiry; inspection, examination; control; verification; court hearing or trial.



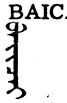
BAICAГALГA- / БАЙЦААЛГАХ
[v. caus. of baicaγa-] To order an investigation or a court examination; to allow oneself to be questioned.



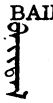
BAICAГALTA / БАЙЦААЛТ
n. Investigation, examination, inspection.



BAICAГAN
n. Investigation, information, intelligence.
-- dur oruγulxu. To subject somebody to an investigation.



BAICAI / БАЙЦАА
[= baica, Ch. pai-ts'ai 白菜] n. Cabbage.
bøgerengkyi --. Headed cabbage.
caγan --. White cabbage.
cecegtei --. Cauliflower.
urtu --. Chinese cabbage.

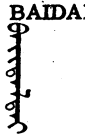


BAIDAL / БАЙДАЛ
n. a) State of being or existing; conditions, circumstances, situation; state.
amidural un --. Living conditions, standard or level of living.
amurlingγui --. Peaceful or serene state or existence.
boγul un --. Serfdom, state of slavery.
caγ un --. The present situation or conditions.
dotuγadu --. Internal conditions.
emki ygei --. Disorderly condition, disorganization.

feudal un -- . Feudalism.
icigyri songziγurity -- . Shameful condition.
jirtincy jin -- . The state of the world, world situation.
tusaγar toγtaniγsan -- . Independence.
yly zokilduxu -- . Abnormal situation, inappropriate condition .

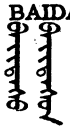
b) Appearance, shape, form, outline.

bej-e jin -- . Physical appearance; physical condition of the body, state of health.
γadanaki -- External appearance; outline.
jadazu baiγ-a -- . Tiredness, fatigue.
jadazu baiγ-a -- yzegylky. To show signs of being tired.
øngge -- . Form, shape, view.



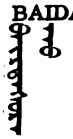
BAIDALTAI БАЙДАЛТАЙ

adj. Having a certain situation, appearance, view, form, shape, or aspect; looking like...
sain -- . Having a good shape or appearance; being in good shape, condition, or circumstances.
xur-a oruxu -- baimui. It looks like rain.



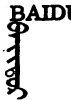
BAIDASU(N) / БАЙДАС

[= baitasu(n)] n. and adj. A three to four-year-old animal which has not yet born young (especially a mare); barren.
--n kyyser. Barren (of cattle).



BAIDASURA- / БАЙДАСРАХ

v.i. To be without young for this year (of a three to four-year-old animal, especially of a mare).



BAIDUR

Same as viidyrij-e .



BAIDURI

Same as viidyrij-e .



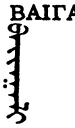
BAIDURIJ-A

Same as viidyrij-e.



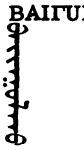
BAIGAL / БАЙГАЛ

n.p. Lake Baikal.
-- dalai. Lake Baikal.
-- møren. Lake Baikal.



BAIGALI / БАЙГААЛЬ

n. Nature as the sum total of physical forces, agencies and processes in the external world.
-- ji esergycegsen. Unnatural, contrary to the law of nature.
-- jin. Natural.
-- jin bajaliγ. Natural resources.
-- jin busu. Unnatural, artificial.
-- jin josu. Law of nature.
-- jin siligdel. Natural selection.
-- jin sudalal. Natural science.
-- jin yzegdel. Natural phenomenon.



BAIGUL- / БАЙГУУЛАХ

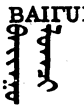
[v. caus. of bai-] a) To cause to be or exist; to create, realize, establish, institute, constitute, found, organize.
--un jabuγulxu. To organize, establish, create, execute, perform.
erkilen --xu. To organize, found, establish.
γabij-a --xu. To earn or acquire merits, perform meritorious acts.
keb --xu. To make a model or pattern.
sinecilen --xu. To reconstitute, reorganize, reconstruct; to renovate, remodel.
tybsin-e --uγsan tøry. A government founded or based on justice.
xolbuγ-a --xu. To establish contact.
zokijan --zu jabuγulxu jabudal. Organizational work.

b) To conclude a treaty or agreement.

ger-e --xu. To conclude a treaty, sign an agreement.

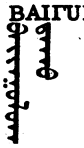
c) To build, erect, construct.

ordu xarsi --xu. To build a palace.



BAIGULUGCI / БАЙГУУЛАГЧ

n. Organizer, founder, creator, initiator.



BAIGULUGDA- / БАЙГУУЛАГДАХ

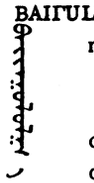
v. pass. of baiγul-.
sinecilen --xu. To be reorganized, re-established, reformed, reconstituted.



BAIGULUL / БАЙГУУЛАЛ

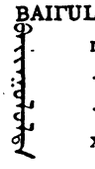
n. Organ; structure.
kele zyi jin -- . Grammatical structure.
zakirxu -- . Organ of government.

BAIГULULГ-A / БАЙГУУЛЛАГА



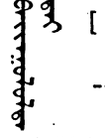
n. The act of baiγul-; structure, construction, organization; system; institution, establishment.
olan neite jin -- . Public institution.
olan ulus un -- . International organization or establishment.
zasaγ -- . Administrative institution or organ.

BAIГULULTA / БАЙГУУЛАЛТ



n. Structure, construction; set-up; organization.
-- jin azil. Organizational work.
-- ygei. Unorganized, lacking organization.
xamaγalaxu -- . Protective organization.

BAIГULULTATAI / БАЙГУУЛАЛТТАЙ



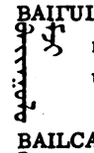
[= baiγulultatu] adj. Having or possessing an organization, organized.
-- kycy. Organized strength.

BAIГULULTATU / БАЙГУУЛАЛТАТ



See baiγulultatai.

BAIГULUMZI / БАЙГУУЛАМЖ



n. Structure.
ulus un -- . Structure of government.

BAILCA- / БАЙЛЦАХ



[v. coop. of bai-] To be or exist together; to be present.
nøkyr lyge --xu. To be with a friend.

BAILDU- / БАЙЛДАХ



[v. rec. of bai-] To fight, war, combat, engage in battle.
--n daγaγuluγci. Conqueror.
--n ezelegci. Conqueror.
--xu γazar. Battlefield.
--zu ezeleky. To conquer.

BAILDUГAN / БАЙЛДААН



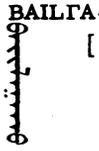
n. Battle, combat, war.
--n dur ykyky. To be killed in action, die in battle.
--n u beledkel. Preparations for war.
--n u boduly-a. War strategy.
--n u γazar. Battlefront, battlefield, theater of war.
--n u syr kycyn. Fighting power.
cerig --n u. Military, warlike, war (attr.).

BAILDUГCI / БАЙЛДАГЧ



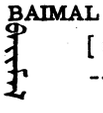
n. Warrior, fighter.

BAILГA- / БАЙЛГАХ



[v. caus. of bai-] To cause to be; to cause or allow to remain; to leave; to keep; to cause to stop; to dismiss, remove from office.
azil kiky ji --xu. To stop [someone] from working.
belen --xu. To keep in readiness.
γaltai --xu. To keep the fire burning.
jabuxu ji --xu. To stop [someone] from going.
tusijal ece --xu. To dismiss from office.
uγ γazar tuni --xu. To leave at the original place.
xaγucin josun ijer --xu. To leave [something] in its former state, leave unchanged.
zyger-e --xu ygei. Not to leave in peace, keep bothering.

BAIMAL / БАЙМАЛ



[n. d. of bai-] Constant, always present.
-- usu. Stagnant water.

BAIN / БАЙН



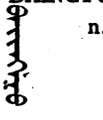
Modal converb of bai-.
-- baiγsaγar. While it was so; finally.
-- bain. Constantly, continuously, repeatedly, again and again; periodically, from time to time.
-- bain xaraxu. To look again and again.
-- dakin. Time and again.

BAINGГ-A



Same as baingγu.

BAINGГU / БАЙНГА



n., adj., and adv. Permanence, constancy; permanent, constant, usual, stationary; existing.
-- azilcid. Permanent workers.
-- ber. Always, permanently, constantly, all the time; regularly, systematically.
-- cerig. Regular army.
-- jin. Constant, permanent, stationary.
-- jin ebylzijen. Permanent winter camping grounds.
-- komis. Standing or permanent committee.
-- saγuxu γazar. Permanent residence.
-- usu. Stagnant water.

BAINGIURA- / БАЙНГУРАХ

v.i. To be wholly exhausted after a long,hard run; to be fatigued, weary, tired out.

BAIRI / БАЙР

n. a) Place of being or existing, dwelling place, abode, residence, place in general; barrack, camp, encampment; battlefield (hist.).

-- ezeleky. To occupy a place or position.

-- jin ciγulxu γazar. Battlefield, battlefront.

kymyn y -- . Human dwelling, residence.

neite jin -- . Dormitory,hostel; tenement house (divided into separate apartments or tenements).

sumun u -- . Cartridge chamber.

b) Position, situation.

-- ji inu xaraxu. To follow up the situation.

BAIRILA- / БАЙРЛАХ

v.t. To occupy a place or a dwelling.

--xu γazar. Abode, residence; location.

BAIRIN / БАЙРАН

adj. Being permanently at a given place.

-- saγurin. Permanently living or being at a given place.

xotan du -- saγuγci. City-dweller, permanent resident of a city.

BAIRISI- / БАЙРШИХ

v.i. To settle down; to be firmly fixed or established.

BAIRISIIGUL- / БАЙРШУУЛАХ

v. caus. of bairisi-.

BAISING / БАЙШИН(Г)

[Persian pīš-īvān] n. Building, structure, house.

-- barixu. To build a house.

-- ger. House.

-- un γudumzi. Passageway, hallway, corridor.

-- un saγuri. Foundation of a house.

-- un šala. Floor.

γoul -- . Main or central building.

modun -- . Wooden house.

si jin -- . Theatre building.

xar-a -- . Prison.

xojar dabxur -- . Two-story house or building.

xural un -- . Meeting hall.

BAITASU(N) , etc. / БАЙТАС

See baidasu(n), etc.

BAITUGAI / БАЙТУГАЙ

[2nd and 3rd person optative imperative of bai-] May it be! So be it ! Stop! Not only (but also), apart from, besides, in addition to; even, far from, even less.

baituγai -- ! Stop! Enough of this (in a literary context).

bi -- kymyn bygyde medemyi. Not only I, but everybody knows it.

ci ende saγuzu -- ! You stay here!

nigen sara -- nigen zil dy cy bucaxu ygei. [He] cannot or will not return in a year, not to speak of a month.

BAIZA / БАЙЗ

[= baizi] interj. Wait! Stop! Just a moment!

baiza -- . Wait a minute! Just a moment!

BAIZANA- / БАЙЗНАХ

v.i. To wait a little; to put off; to forbear, refrain from; to hesitate for a while.

BAIZI

See baiza.

BAJACUD / БАЯЧУУД

[pl. of bajan] n. Rich people, bourgeoisie.

-- anggi. Bourgeois class.

kørynggeten -- . Capitalistic bourgeoisie.

BAJACUL / БАЯЧУУЛ

Same as bajacud.

BAJALIG / БАЯЛАГ

n. and adj. Riches, wealth, prosperity; natural riches or resources; rich, wealthy.

-- ebesyn. Poa botryoides (plant).

-- kele. A rich language.

BAJAN / БАЯН

n. and adj. Richness, prosperity, abundance; rich, wealthy, well-to-do.

-- ail. Rich family.

-- bolxu. To become rich.

-- elbeg. Rich, abundant.

-- xuγur. Street organ, music box; accordion.

-- zil. Fertile year, abundant year.
mal ijer --. Rich in cattle.

BAJAR / БАЯР
n. Joy, happiness, delight, enjoyment; festival, celebration; greeting, congratulation.
-- cenggel. Joy, happiness, enjoyment.
-- josulal. Feast, celebration.
-- kiky. To celebrate; to congratulate, salute.
-- køger. Joy, gaiety.
-- kyrgeky. To greet, congratulate, salute.
-- medegylky. To present one's congratulations.
-- naγadum. Festival.
-- un buu. Gun salute.
-- un cirai. Beaming face, happy expression.
-- un daγu. Song of joy.
-- un edyr. Holiday, festival.
-- un medege. Good news; gospel.
-- un tamiki barixu. To offer snuff as a symbol of greeting or congratulation.
-- ygei. Without joy, disconsolate, despondent.
-- zirγal. Happiness.
sin-e ger yn --. Celebration on the occasion of moving into a new house, "house-warming party."

BAJARLA- / БАЯРЛАХ
v.i. To rejoice, be happy, glad, merry; t pleased.
--la! [I am] pleased! (Equivalent of "thank you.").

BAJARLAГUL- / БАЯРЛУУЛАХ
[v.caus. of bajarla-] To gladden, make happy, cheer up, give pleasure to.

BAJARLAL / БАЯРЛАЛ
n. Joy, happiness, rejoicing, enjoyment.

BAJARTAI / БАЯРТАЙ
[= bajartu] adj. Happy, joyful, cheerful, gay; pleased, satisfied.
-- [aγulzaj-a] ! Let us happily meet again! (Equivalent to "good bye!").
-- [bolula]. Congratulations!
-- edyr. Day of joy, festival.
-- kereg. Happy event.

BAJARTU / БАЯРТ
See bajartai.

BAJARXA- / БАЯРХАХ
v.i. To boast, swagger; to be proud of one's wealth.

BAJAS- / БАЯСАХ
v.i. To rejoice, be happy, cheerful, joyful, or merry; to be content.
-- un bisireky. To rejoice and worship.

BAJASUIГUL- / БАЯСУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of bajas-] To cheer, gladden, make merry; to comfort, console.

BAJASUL / БАЯСАЛ
n. Pleasure, happiness; enjoyment; triumph.

BAJASULCA- / БАЯСАЛЦАХ
v. coop. of bajas-.
daγan --. To share the joy of others; to join somebody with pleasure; to feel sympathy for the meritorious deeds done by others.

BAJASXA- / БАЯСГАХ
[v. caus. of bajas-] To cause joy, give pleasure; to make happy.
sedkil i --xu. To amuse, enjoy, divert one-self.

BAJASXULANG / БАЯСГАЛАН(Г)
n. Joy, rejoicing, pleasure, enjoyment, delight; happiness; the 29th year of the sexagenary cycle.

BAJASXULANGTAI / БАЯСГАЛАН(Г)ТАЙ
[= bajasxulangtu] adj. Joyous, joyful, gay, content; delightful.

BAJASXULANGTU / БАЯСГАЛАНТ
See bajasxulangtai.
-- aγur. Happy atmosphere.
-- køryg. [Your] delightful picture (epist.).

BAJAZI- / БАЯЖИХ
v.i. To become rich.

BAJAZIIГUL- / БАЯЖУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of bajazi-] To make rich, enrich.

BAKI / БАХЬ
n. Pliers.

BAKIM, 1. / БАХИМ
adv. Firmly, solidly, strongly.
-- barixu. To hold fast.

BAKIM, 2. / БАХИМ
adj. Short; convenient; portable.

BAKIMAГ / БАХИМАГ
adj. Strong, robust.

BAKIMXAN / БАХИМХАН
adj. Rather strong.

BAKIR / БАХИР
n. Bed of a river.

BAKTERI / БАКТЕРИ
n. Bacteria.

BAKTERIOLOGI / БАКТЕРИОЛОГИ
n. Bacteriology.

BAL / БАЛ
n. Honey; nectar.
-- buram. Molasses.
zøgei jin --. Honey.

BALA, 1. / БАЛ
n. Graphite; the dark mark left when metals such as lead are rubbed against something; leaden disk for drawing lines on paper; a metallic taste.
-- cilaγu. Graphite.
zes yn --. Taste of copper.

BALA, 2. / БАЛ
-- bolxu. To lose one's memory from intoxication, senility, or illness; to become stupid, become an idiot.

BALA, 3. / БАЛ
-- modu. Aloe.

BALA, 4. / БАЛ
See under šala, 4.

BALA-
See baγala-, 1 and 2.

BALACI- / БАЛЧИХ
v.i. To be ashamed, blush from shame; to be confused or humiliated.

BALADA- / БАЛДАХ
v.t. and i. To draw a line with graphite; to be tarnished.
toli --xu. The mirror is tarnished.

BALAГ, 1. / БАЛАГ
[= baluγ] n. Jaundice (med.).

BALAГ, 2. / БАЛАГ
n. Sand dunes.

BALAI / БАЛАЙ
adj. Dark, obscure, ignorant; intellectually or morally blind; stupid.
-- caγ. Primitive age.
-- mungxaγ. Benighted, ignorant.
-- nomtan. Heretics, pagans.
-- xarangγui. Pitch dark.

BALAIRA- / БАЛАЙРАХ
v.i. To become blind; to become dark or obscure grow dim; to lose quickness of apprehension.
uxaγan --xu. For the mind to lose its keenness; to lose consciousness or memory temporarily.

BALALA- / БАЛЛАХ
v.t. To expunge, cross out, obliterate, erase, delete, eliminate, cancel.
mør i --xu. To efface the traces.
ner-e ji --xu. To lose one's reputation.

BALALAГDA- / БАЛЛАГДАХ
v. pass. of balala-.

BALAMAD / БАЛМАД
[= balamud] adj. Savage, wild, barbarous, beastly; petulant, reckless, venturous, daring; crazy.
-- boduly-a. Wild thought.
-- iabudal. Reckless or thoughtless act.
-- kymyn. Reckless person, adventurer.
-- syidkel. Vandalism.
-- ygyleky. To talk nonsense.
xar-a -- kymyn. Blockhead.

BALAMADLA- / БАЛМАДЛАХ
v.i. To be savage, wild, cruel; to be reckless or venturesome.
--xu yzel. Adventurism.

BALAMAГ / БАЛМАГ
adj. Thoughtless, flighty, flippant.

BALAMUD
See balamad.

BALANGSA / БАЛАНС
n. Balance (bookkeeping).

BALANGSALA- / БАЛАНСЛАХ
v.t. To balance an account.

BALAR, 1. / БАЛАР
adj. Dark; obscure; blind; unclear; ignorant; primitive, primeval; thick, dense, impenetrable.
-- caγ. Dark age; prehistoric age.
-- caγ un. Primeval, primitive.
-- erte caγ. Primeval age or era.
-- erte jin kyi nigedyl. Primitive society or community.
-- oi. Thick, dense forest; virgin forest.
-- uxaγantu kymyn. Dunce, blockhead.

BALAR, 2. / БАЛАР
n. Sand dunes. [Mo.] Sandy elevations separated by groups of brush.

BALARA- / БАЛРАХ
v.i. To become obscure or dark; to blur; to become effaced; to become illegible, run (as ink); to become embroiled, confused.
cegezi --mui. The memory becomes dim or confused.
mør --bai. The traces have been effaced.
sanaγ-a --xu. For the mind to become obscured.
uxaγan --xu. For the mind to become blurred; to have a blackout.

BALARAГDA- / БАЛРАГДАХ
v. pass. of balara-.

BALARANGГUI / БАЛРАНГУЙ
n. and adj. Darkness, obscurity, obscuration, stupidity; dark, obscure; ignorant.

BALARASI / БАЛАРШ
-- ygei. Indelible, inerasable, ineffaceable.

BALARTA- / БАЛАРТАХ
Same as balara-.

BALARXAI / БАЛАРХАЙ
adj. Obscured; dark; blurred, indistinct; illegible.

BALBA / БАЛБА
adv. Completely or to pieces (of breaking).
-- delbe. Completely; through and through; to pieces.
-- deledky. To break to pieces.
-- xaγalaxu. To break to pieces.
-- zoduxu. To beat unmercifully.

BALBA- / БАЛБАХ
v.t. To smash, beat, hit.
syke ber --xu. To smash with an axe.

BALBACA- / БАЛБАЦАХ
See balbaci-.

BALBACI- / БАЛБАЧИХ
[= balbaca-] v.t. To break or smash. to pieces.

BALBAI- / БАЛБАЙХ
v.i. To swell, bulge.

BALBAL- / БАЛБАЛАХ
[= balbala-] v.t. To break into pieces, shatter, smash, destroy.
darun --xu. To crush.
toγusu bolγan --xu. To reduce to dust, grind.

BALBALA-
See balbal-.

BALBALГ-A / БАЛБАЛГА
n. The act of breaking or crushing to pieces.

BALBALZA- / БАЛБАЛЗАХ
v.i. To palpitate, fluctuate, waver, shake, wobble, quiver.
dotur-a --xu. To have palpitation of the heart.

BALBARA- / БАЛБАРАХ

v.i. To break or smash into pieces, crumble.
--γsan sirege. Broken-down table.

BALBARXAI / БАЛБАРХАЙ

adj. and n. Broken, smashed, crumbled; broken pieces, ruins.
-- terge. Broken car or cart.
xotan u --. Ruins of a city.

BALBU / БАЛБА

n.p. and adj. Nepal; Nepalese.
-- kymyn. A Nepalese.

BALCALA- / БЯЛЦЛАХ

v.t. To smash, shatter, crush.

BALCALZA- / БАЛЦАЛЗАХ

Same as balxalza-.

BALCIГ / БАЛЧИГ

n. Swamp, marsh; mud, clay, ooze, mire.
-- γazar. Morass.

BALCIГDA- / БАЛЧИГДАХ

v.i. To become muddy or swampy; to get stuck in the mud.

BALCIГTAI / БАЛЧИГТАЙ

adj. Muddy, slushy, slimy, miry.

BALCIGINA- / БАЛЧИГНАХ

v.i. To splash, produce a splashing noise.

BALCING / БАЛЧИН

n. Ornaments of iron or copper on saddle straps; a decorative armband on clothes.

BALCIR / БАЛЧИР

n. and adj. Infant, baby, suckling, newborn young; inexperienced.
-- nasu. Youth, tender age.

BALCIRAI

Same as balcir.

BALCIRDA- / БАЛЧИРДАХ

v.i.. To be young, be a baby; to be inexperienced.

BALCIRГAN-A / БАЛЧИРГАНА

[= baldarγan-a] n. Heracleum dissectum (plant).

BALDACI

n. Down, feathers under the tails of birds.

BALDAГ / БАЛДАГ

[= bardaγ] n. Hilt of a sword; knob (as on a cane).
ildyn y --. Hilt or guard of a sword.

BALDARГAN-A / БАЛДАРГАНА

See balcirγan-a.

BALГAD / БАЛГАД

[originally plur. of balγasu(n)] n. City, town; government department (hist., rendering Ch. shu 署).

BALГASU(N) / БАЛГАС

n. City, town; ruins, site of an ancient town.
--n u egyde. City gate.
--n u nojan. Head or mayor of a city or town.
ebderkei --. Ruins of a city or town.
xaγan --. Imperial city (hist., formerly the Mongolian name of Peking).

BALГASUCI(N) / БАЛГАСЧ

n. Inhabitant, citizen, townsman.

BALГU, 1. / БАЛГА

n. Mouthful, draught, gulp, swallow, small quantity of liquid.
nigen -- usu. A mouthful of water.

BALГU, 2.

n. Tamarisk.

BALГU- / БАЛГАХ

v.t. To hold water in the mouth; to swallow, gulp.
--γad uγuxu. To drink in big gulps.

BALIKA

[Ko.] n. Kind of a medicinal root.

BALING / БАЛИН

[S. bali] n. Food offering to deities, usually made of dough kneaded into various (often pyramidal) shapes (T. gtor ma, see durm-

-- ergyky. To offer a baling.
γulir un --. Dough offering.

BALKANI / БАЛКАН
n.p. The Balkans.

BALTA / БАЛТ
n. Big hammer, sledge hammer; axe.
-- syke. Battle axe.

BALTADA- / БАЛТДАХ
v.t. To hit with a balta (q.v.); to forge.

BALTAGAR / БАЛТГАР
adj. Flattened; thickset, squat, stocky.

BALTAI / БАЛТАЙ
[= baltu] adj. Honeyed, carrying honey, melliferous.

BALTAI- / БАЛТАЙХ
v.i. To be[come] flat; to stay down; to be stubby or thickset.

BALTU / БАЛТ
See baltai.
-- zøgei. Honeybee.
-- zøgei tezijeky γazar. Apiary.

BALUG
See balaγ, 1.

BALXAI- / БАЛХАЙХ
v.i. To be[come] very fat and clumsy, stout, potbellied or fleshy.

BALXALZA- / БАЛХАЛЗАХ
v.i. To be overly fat; to wobble or waddle from fatness.

BAM / БАМ
n. Scurvy, mildew, mold, rot.
-- ebedcin. Scurvy.
køl yn --. Sores from scurvy on feet or legs.

BAMBAGAR / БАМБАГАР
adj. Friable, mellow; soft; too thick, clumsy.
-- emegel. Soft saddle.

BAMBAI, 1. / БАМБАЙ
n. Valerian (a medicinal plant).

BAMBAI, 2. / БАМБАЙ
n. Shield; camel load pads; buffer, shock-absorber; defense, protection
-- barixu. To use something or someone as a shield.
-- byzigleky. Shield dance.
-- cerig. Screening force, covering detachment.
-- jabuxu. To be in a covering detachment (mil.); to act on behalf of another person.
-- jin ger. Case for a shield.
-- jin toli. Center of a shield.
-- kiky. To use something or somebody as a shield.
-- møgeresy. Thyroid cartilage.
-- ulus. Buffer state.
sirin --. Leather shield.

BAMBAI- / БАМБАЙХ
v.i. To bulge, swell, be thick, puffed up; to be or feel uncomfortable, clumsy or awkward; to be soft, downy.
duγtui dotur-a caγasu --mui. The envelope is bulging with paper.
minu xacar --tal-a xabudba. My cheek is puffed up or swollen.

BAMBAICI / БАМБАЙЧ
n. Shield-carrying soldier.

BAMBAILA- / БАМБАЙЛАХ
v.t. To shield; to protect with pads; to provide with buffers; to make a shield or a pad.

BAMBAILAL / БАМБАЙЛАЛ
n. The act of shielding, protecting with pads, providing with buffers.

BAMBURSI / БАМБАРШ
[= almuncuγ] n. Bear cub during its first year.

BANCIN / БАНЧИН
[fr. S. pandita " scholar" and T. chen "great" = " Great Scholar"]n.The Panchen Lama (cf. dalai blam-a).
-- boγda. The Holy Panchen.
-- erdeni. The "Precious Great Scholar " (S. Mahā-pandita-ratna), another appellation of the Panchen Lama.

BANDANG БАНДАН
[Ch. pan-teng 板凳] n. Bench, plank-bed.

BANDI / БАНДИ
[S. vandaya,"one to be saluted"] n. Novice in Buddhist orders; disciple or famulus of a lama.

BANDIDA / БАНДИД
[S. paṇḍita] n. Savant, scholar, teacher, pundit.

BANGGALA / БЕНГАЛИ
n.p. Bengal.

BANGKI(N) / БАНК
n. Bank (commercial).
-- jin erkilegci. Bank manager.
-- jin γazar. Banking institution.
--n u temdeg. Banknote.

BANGXUGUR / БАНХГАР
Same as bangxur.

BANGXUI- / БАНХАЙХ
v.i. To become very stout or fat; to have coarse facial features; to be bloated.
--zu tarγulaxu. To grow very fat.

BANGXUR / БАНХАР
adj. Swollen (of cheeks); bloated.

BANGZA(N) / БАНЗ(АН)
[Ch. pan-tzŭ 板子] n. Board, plank, batten; a flat stick used for punishment.

BANGZADA- / БАНЗДАХ
v.t. To beat with a flat stick (a form of punishment).

BANSI / БАНШ
Same as bijangsi.

BANTUI- / БАНТАЙХ
Same as bangxui-.

BANU / БАНУ
n. Stalactite .

BANUNCAR / БАНУНЦАР
n. Stalagmite.

BANZAL / БАНЗАЛ
[S.T. pancali] n. Short skirt of lama's dress; skirt, petticoat.

BANZI- / БАНЖИХ
v.i. To prepare onself, be prepared.

BAR / БАР
[T. par, fr. Ch. pan 板] n. Wooden printing block; xylograph.
-- daruxu. To print from engraved blocks.
-- keblel. Block printing press.
-- un bicig. Printed book, printed matter.
-- un γazar. Printing office.

BAR-A
Same as baraγ-a, 2.

BARA- / БАРАХ
a) v.t. and i. To finish, end, terminate; to expire.
--xu ygei. Unexhausted, inexhaustible; (with instr. = yly baram) not only, but also, even.
arγ-a --xu. To exhaust all means, be at wit's end.
egyn ijer --xu ygei. Not only this, but ...
kereg --xu. For a business or job to come to an end.

b) v.t. To squander, waste, dissipate, destroy; to consume; to hurt, damage.
ed xoγsil ijen --xu. To squander or waste one's possessions.
idezy --xu. To eat up, consume, waste completely (property, etc.).
xubcasu ben --xu. To wear out or damage one's clothes.

c) v.i. To die.
bej-e --xu. To die.

d) v. aux. (with gerund) indicating completion of an action.
bi tegyn i bicizy --γsan. I have finished writing it.

BARAГ-A(N), 1. / БАРАА
n. Things, objects; wares, goods, merchandise; textile, cloth; furniture.
-- delgeky. To spread out or display one's merchandise.
-- nekeky. To weave cloth.
--n u baising. Warehouse, storeroom.
--n u nirba. Storekeeper, warehouseman.
-- xurijaxu. To store goods.
acij-a -- . Load of a beast of burden.
baγ-a --n u yiledbyri. Small industries.
ed -- . Goods, merchandise.

maγu -- . Bad merchandise; good for nothing, rascal (dialect .).

BARAГ-A(N), 2. / БАРАА



n. Object visible in the distance; view; outline, silhouette; form, appearance.
-- bain-a uu? Is it visible?
-- baraγ-a ben yzelceky. To see each other from a distance.
-- boluγci = baraγabuluγci. Suite, retinue, train, attendants.
-- bolxu. To appear at a king's audience; to be in the retinue; to be present; to accompany.
-- ji yzeky. To see from a distance; to see a distant object.
-- xaraxu. To look at or watch something in the distance, look for something distant or not yet visible; to expect.
-- ygei. Nothing [is] seen at a distance, nothing [is] seen at all.
-- ygei bolxu. To disappear completely from view.
-- yzegdeky γazar. Place which can be seen from afar.
nojan u -- bolxu. To belong to the retinue of a nojan (q.v.).
xola jin -- . Distant view.

BARAГABTUR / БАРААВТАР



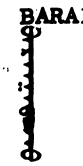
adj. Rather dark, swarthy.

BARAГABULUГCI / БАРААБОЛОГЧ



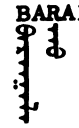
See baraγ-a boluγci under baraγ-a, 2.

BARAГADA- / БАРААДАХ



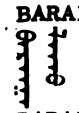
v.i. To have an audience with; to be or keep close to.
xota --xu. To be near a town or city.

BARAГALA-, 1. / БАРААЛАХ



v.i. To appear in the distance, loom, appear dimly; to become visible.

BARAГALA-, 2. / БАРААЛАХ



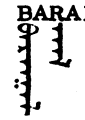
v.t. To shade, make dark.

BARAГALXA- / БАРААЛХАХ



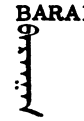
[= baralxa-] v.i. To look up, glance upward; to have an interview or an audience with a dignitary; to present oneself to (with dat.-loc. preceding).
--xui ji ailadxaxu. To request an audience.
--xui ji sojurxaxu. To grant an audience.
nojan du --xu. To have an audience with a nojan (q.v.).

BARAГALXAL / БАРААЛХАЛ



n. Audience or interview with a superior.

BARAГAN / БАРААН



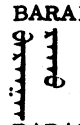
adj. Dark, dark-brown.
-- ariki. Chinese brandy made of cereals.
-- bolγaxu. To blacken.
-- cirai. Swarthy face.
-- giltaγanaγur. Biotite.
-- kyreng. Dark-brown.
-- sibaγu. Raven (metaphor).

BARAГANTA- / БАРААНТАХ



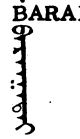
v.i. To darken; to be[come] visible (of dark objects).
γazar --xu. For a thawed place or spot to appear.

BARAГARA- / БАРААРАХ



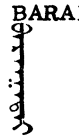
v.i. To be[come] or appear black or dark.

BARAГATAI, 1. / БАРААТАЙ



adj. Having goods, etc. See baraγ-a, 1.
gyjyky -- bolγaxu. To supply with marketable goods.

BARAГATAI, 2. / БАРААТАЙ



adj. Seen from afar, visible, conspicuous. See baraγ-a, 2.
jeke --. Appearing enormous from afar , looming.

BARAГAXAN / БАРААХАН



adj. Blackish, dark.

BARAГDA- / БАРАГДАХ



[v. pass. of bara-] To become exhausted, worn out; to decrease, die out.
arγ-a --xu. To be restless, be at a loss.
ed --mui. The wealth becomes exhausted.
elezy --xu. To wear out (as clothes, etc.).
yly --xui. Inexhaustible, infinite; indestructible; perpetual.

BARAГDAL / БАРАГДАЛ

n. Exhaustion; consummation; destruction.

BARAГDASI / БАРАГДАШ

-- ygei. Inexhaustible, endless, limitless.

toγalazu -- ygei [olan]. Countless, innumerable.

BARAГUL

See keregyl.

BARAГUL- / БАРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of bara-] To cause to end; to consume, spend, waste, destroy.

ed i --xu. To waste one's fortune or possessions.

gem yd i --xu. To expiate sins; to stop sinning.

šasin i --xu. To annihilate or destroy religion.

BARAГULA- / БАРУУЛАХ

v. i. To move toward the right or west.

BARAГUN / БАРУУН

n. and adj. Right-hand side; west; right, western; rightist (political).

-- emyn-e. Southwest.

-- γar. Right hand; western or southwestern side; right flank of an army.

-- mutur. Right hand, right arm of a Buddha or high-ranking person.

-- tal-a. West side, west.

-- u. Western.

-- ud. Rightists, right-wing deviationists (political).

-- uridu zyg. Southwest.

BARAГUNSI / БАРУУНШ

adv. Westward, toward the west.

BARAГUNTAN / БАРУУНТАН

n. Rightists, right-wing deviationists (political).

BARALXA-

See baraγalxa-.

BARAM / БАРАМ

See under yly.

BARAM-A / БАРАМ

[= barm-a] adj. and n. Weak (of a child); weakling; wretched, poor.

BARAMANU / БАРМАНУУ

[S. paramāṇu] n. Smallest particle of dust; atom, molecule.

BARAMAR

n. Squanderer; destroyer.

BARAMID

[S. pāramitā, "going to the other side"] n. Virtue, perfection, religious merits.

BARASI / БАРАШ

-- ygei. Imperishable, indestructible, inexhaustible; twenty-third year of the sexagenary cycle.

-- ygei olan. Innumerable.

toγalazu -- ygei. Innumerable, uncountable.

BARBAГAR / БАРАВГАР

adj. Coarse (of textiles); broad and thick (of a beard); hairy, shaggy.

BARBAI- / БАРВАЙХ

v. i. To be coarse (of textiles); to be broad and thick (of a beard).

--γsan uruγul. Thick lip[s].

BARCAГAR / БАРЦГАР

[= barcigir] adj. Rough, uneven; pockmarked.

-- niγur. Rough or pockmarked face.

BARCAI- / БАРЦАЙХ

v. i. To be rough or uneven; to be pockmarked.

BARCAILГA- / БАРЦАЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of barcai-] To make rough or uneven.

BARCI / БАРЧ

n. Printer, worker in a printing shop.

BARCID / БАРЧИД, БАРЦАД

[T. bar chad, interruption] n. Hindrance, obstacle; accident; esp. obstacle on the way to deliverance or nirvana.

-- bolxu. To become a hindrance or obstacle.

BARCIDTAI / БАРЧИДТАЙ

adj. Having an obstacle; pursued by bad luck.

-- kymyn. Unlucky person.

-- tyidker. Obstacles, hindrance caused by evil spirits.

BARCIGINA- / БАРЧГИНАХ

v.i. To crackle, rattle.

BARCIGIR / БАРЧГАР

See barcaγar.

BARDA- / БАРДАХ

v.i. To boast, brag; to be proud, vainglorious; to give oneself airs; to be sure or overconfident of one's intentions or about one's success.

bajan daγan --xu. To be arrogant because of one's wealth.

BARDAГ

See baldaγ.

BARDAГA(N) / БАРДАА(Н)

n. and adj. Efficiency; abundance, excess, surplus; abundant, sufficient.

-- ber. Abundantly, sufficiently; surely.

BARDAM / БАРДАМ

[= bardang] n. and adj. Pride, boastfulness, arrogance, presumption, haughtiness; braggart, boaster; proud, boasting, bragging.

-- amatu. Braggart, boaster.

-- sanaxu. To be overconfident; to take something lightly.

-- zang. Boastfulness, arrogance, presumption.

BARDAMCI / БАРДАМЧ

n. Braggart, boaster, haughty person.

BARDAMLA- / БАРДАМЛАХ

v.i. To be proud; to brag, boast; to be sure or overconfident of one's ability or success.

morin ijen --xu. To boast about one's horse.

BARDAMNA- / БАРДАМНАХ

Same as bardamla-.

BARDANG / БАРДАН

See bardam.

BARГU, 1. / БАРГА

adj. Crude, coarse; rustic, uncivilized, rough-mannered; simple, plain.

-- zangsil. Crude character.

BARГU, 2. / БАРГА

n.p. Barga, name of an eastern Mongolian tribe or their area.

BARГUZI- / БАРГАЖИХ

v.i. To become crude or coarse; to become rude or rough-mannered.

BARGI- / БАРГИХ

v.i. To produce a hoarse sound, speak with a hoarse voice.

BARGIJ-A / БАРГИА

n. and adj. Hoarseness; hoarse.

-- daγu. Hoarse voice.

BARGILTA

n. Jasper; aerolite.

BARI- / БАРИХ

v.t. a) To hold, grasp, grip, take; to seize, catch, arrest; to harbor or cherish feelings or thoughts; to keep (as a vow).

--γsan kymyn. A prisoner, captive.

--zu abxu. To seize, capture; to catch.

bars un segyl ece bitegei -- ; bariγsan xoin-a bitegei talbi. Do not seize the tiger's tail; having seized it, do not let go (proverb).

egel yn dyri --xu. To assume the appearance of an ordinary man.

erke --xu. To hold or be in power.

γar ece --xu. To hold by the hand.

γar ijer --xu. To grasp, seize, grope for, touch with one's hand.

gegyy --xu. To keep mares off the pasture and near the camp in the daytime during the milking season.

itegel --xu. To believe in.

jeke sedkil --xu. To be arrogant or over-ambitious.

mori --xu. To catch a horse (see also d.).

nara --xu. Eclipse of the sun.

øs --xu. To foster animosity.

xauli --xu. To adhere to the law; to administer the law.

zebseg --xu. To take or hold a weapon, arm oneself.

ziγasu --xu. To catch fish.

b) To build, construct; to set up, establish.

egyr --xu. To build a nest.

ger --xu. To build a yurt, tent, or house.

c) To steer, drive; to control, rule.

bej-e ben --xu. To control oneself.

terge --daγ. [One] who knows how to drive a car.

ziluγ-a --xu. To hold the reins; to drive a car or cart.

d) To present, offer, submit (humble term).

aj-a --xu. To sing a song at a banquet or feast.

amuγulang i aildxan --ba. I am sending my respectful greetings (epist.).

araki --xu. To offer wine.

beleg --xu. To offer or give a present.

kycy --xu. To give one's services or efforts to.

mori --xu. To present a horse (see also a.).

zakij-a --suγai. I will write to you (epist.).

e) To shape, model, mold; to make (of bread, cookies, etc.).

bijangsi --xu. To make bijangsi (q.v.).

f) Idiomatic uses.

anda --xu. To take an oath to become an anda (q.v.).

belge --xu. To divine.

jasu --xu. To bury; to set a bone.

keyked i --xu. To deliver a child (of a midwife).

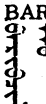
modu ben --xu. To be reduced to extreme poverty (lit. "To retain [only] a stick").

segyl --xu. To be the last; to lag behind.

g) As second element of a verbal compound, barixu loses its own meaning but does not affect the meaning of the first verb appreciably; except that it gives the first verb a more general meaning, and such compounds are used attributively or as substantives.

kelegsen --γsan. Something one has said.

saγuxu --xu. Sitting; living



BARIBCILA- / БАРИВЧЛАХ

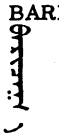
v.t. To seize, capture, arrest.
--n abxu. To arrest.



BARICA / БАРЬЦ

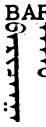
n. The act of bari-; that which is held in the hand, kept, controlled, esp. a gift, offering, oblation; hostage, pawn, guarantee. Cf. baricaγ-a.

-- dur barizu abxu. To take as a hostage.
-- jin kymyn. Hostage.
-- olxu. To grasp the essentials, reach the goal.
takil --. Offerings to a deity.



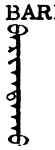
BARICAГ-A / БАРЬЦАА

n. Pledge, assurance, guarantee, security.
-- bariγuluγci. One who pledges or mortgages.
ed yn --. [Something given in] pledge, security. Cf. barica.



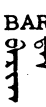
BARICAГALA- / БАРЬЦААЛАХ

v.t. To pawn; to refer to a precedent.



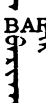
BARIГDA- / БАРИГДАХ

[v. pass. of bari-] To be captured, etc.; to allow oneself to be seized or caught.
bøgesyn dy --xu. To become lousy.
ebedcin-e --xu. To be stricken with a disease; to be disabled by a disease.
γar tu --xu. To fall into the hands of.
nara --xu. Eclipse of the sun.
toγusun du --xu. To become covered with dust.



BARIГDAL / БАРИГДАЛ

n. Captivity; eclipse of the sun or moon.



BARIГDASI / БАРИГДАШ

-- ygei. Unseizable.



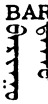
BARIГU / БАРИУ

adj. Holding fast or tight, unyielding; tight, narrow (as clothes, footgear); stingy, miserly, venal.
-- xubcasu. Tight clothes.



BARIГUBCI / БАРИУВЧ

n. Outer garment of small children.



BARIГUDA- / БАРИУДАХ

v.i. To be [too] tight, small, or narrow.



BARIГUL / БАРИУЛ

n. Handle, haft, hilt, grip; stem or stalk of a plant; brake.
dalu jin --. The narrow part of the shoulder-blade.
jaγaraltai zoγsuγaxu --. Emergency brake.
kituγan u --. Hilt of a knife.

numun u --. Handle of a bow.
toγuγan u --. Handle of a pot; pot rag, pot holder.

BARIIГUL- / БАРИУЛАХ
Verb causative of bari- ; to offer, present.
γar tur --xu. To give, offer, hand over.
ger --xu. To cause to build a house or pitch a tent.
mønggy --xu. To put someone in charge of money matters.
zebseg --xu. To give weapons; to arm.

BARIIГULГA- / БАРИУЛГАХ
v. caus. of bariγul-.

BARIIГULTAI / БАРИУЛТАЙ
[= bariγultu] adj. Having a handle.

BARIIГULTU / БАРИУЛТ
See bariγultai.

BARIJ-A / БАРИА
n. Fetters; rope for holding oxen or cows by the horns; pawn, security; advance payment, downpayment, deposit ; hostage.
-- barixu. To give or take as security or deposit.
-- kylige. Fetters, manacles.
-- naimaγ-a kiky. To sell or buy for cash.
jasun --. Caries.

BARIJACI / БАРИАЧ
n. Bone-setter; midwife.
-- ekener. Midwife.

BARIJATAI / БАРИАТАЙ
[= barijatu] adj. Fettered.

BARIJATU
See barijatai.

BARILA- / БАРИЛАХ
[v. frequent.] To seize; to pick up or grasp one thing after another; to arrest or catch (a plurality of people or animals); to massage.

BARILCA- / БАРИЛЦАХ
v. coop. of bari-.
γar γar ece --xu. To hold each other by the hand.

BARILDU- / БАРИЛДАХ
[v. rec. of bari-] To catch, seize, grab each other; to embrace each other; to wrestle; to become united, close or friendly; to agree, consent mutually; to stick together.
bøke --xu. To have a wrestling match.
er-e em-e --xu. To be united, as husband and wife.
uruγ tøryl --xu. To unite in marriage (of two families).
xouslan --xu. To be united.

BARILDUГA(N) / БАРИЛДАА(Н)
n. The act of barildu-; wrestling match; mutual relation or connection (often through fate).

BARILDUГUL- / БАРИЛДУУЛАХ
Verb causative of barildu-; to arrange a wrestling match.

BARILDULГ-A / БАРИЛДЛАГА
n. The act of barildu-; wrestling, wrestling match; connection, coherence; concatenation of circumstances conditioned by karma, fate, destiny, or chance; bonds, ties.
-- ji tasulxu. To sever relations.

BARILDULГATAI / БАРИЛДЛАГАТАЙ
[= barildulγatu] adj. Having a relation or connection; predestined.

BARILDULГATU / БАРИЛДЛАГАТ
See barildulγatai.

BARILГ-A / БАРИЛГА
n. The act of bari-; Construction, building, recompense, honorarium; fee.
-- jin uxaγan. Architecture.
emci jin --. Physician's fee
lam-a jin --. Lama's fee.
uran --. Architecture.
zam --. Road construction.

BARILГACI(N) / БАРИЛГАЧ
n. Builder, architect.

BARIM / БАРИМ
n. Grip, width of fist.

BARIMAL / БАРИМАЛ



[n.d. of bari-] adj. and n. Sculptural, sculptured, modeled; sculpture.

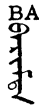
uran -- . Sculpture.

BARIMALCI(N) / БАРИМАЛЧ



n. Sculptor.

BARIMTA / БАРИМТ



n. Basis, proof, argument, evidence, fact, data, certificate; bill, invoice, receipt.

-- bicig. Written evidence; certificate; document.

-- ɣarɣaxu. To produce evidence or proof; to make out a bill.

-- ygei. There is no proof; unproved, unreliable; without proof, basis, or factual evidence.

BARIMTAГ, 1. / БАРИМТАГ



Same as barimta.

BARIMTAГ, 2. / БАРИНТАГ



[= barintaɣ , barintuɣ] n. The dress of an exalted person or infant; a cloth wrapping for a book or a holy image.

BARIMTALA- / БАРИМТЛАХ



v.t. To seize, hold fast; to stick to the point, hold a view, be based on, be guided by.

--n sakixu. To adhere firmly to.

--zu bolxu. To be possible to rely on.

dyrim i --xu. To follow regulations; to base on rules.

minykei dyr --xui. Egoism, selfishness.

sain dur-a ji --n. On a voluntary basis.

sasin i --ɣsan kymyzil. Education on a religious basis, religious education.

xauli ji --xu. To be guided by a law; to act according to law.

yge ji --xu. To be guided by someone's words.

BARIMTALAL / БАРИМТЛАЛ



n. Basis, foundation; proof, evidence; guidance.

-- ygei. Not based on anything, not having any foundation.

BARIMTATAI / БАРИМТТАЙ



[= barimtatu] adj. Tangible; well-based, proved, documented, documentary; conclusive, convincing, based on facts, concrete.

ilerkei -- ber. With concrete proof.

BARIMTATU / БАРИМТАТ



See barimtatai.

-- filim. Documentary film.

BARINTAГ



See barimtaɣ, 2.

BARINTUГ



See barimtaɣ, 2.

BARISI / БАРЬШ



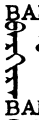
-- ygei. Which cannot be caught; intangible, elusive.

BARKILTA



Same as bargilta.

BARKIRA- / БАРХИРАХ, БАХИРАХ



v.i. To shout, cry, yell.

BARKIRAГ-A / БАРХИРАА



adj. and n. Screaming; screamer; noisy [person].

BARKIRALDUГ-A(N) / БАРХИРАЛДАА(Н)



n. Shouting, yelling (of many people).

BARLA- / БАРЛАХ



[T. par, see bar] v.t. To carve printing blocks for xylographs; to print.

--xu ɣazar. Printing office.

tamaɣ-a --xu. To carve or cut seals.

BARLAMAL / БАРЛАМАЛ

[n.d. of barla-] adj. Xylographed; printed.

BARLUГ / БАРЛАГ



n. Serf, slave, worker.

BARM-A



See baram-a.

BARS / БАР, БАРС



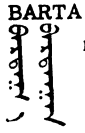
[Pers. pārs, fārs] n. Tiger; also the queen in chess (for which the reading is bers / бэрс).

-- caɣ. The time from three to five A. M.

-- debel. Uniform with stripes, suggesting tiger's skin, worn by certain troops (hist.).

-- erijen. Variegated, striped like a tiger.
-- sar-a. The first month of the lunar year.
-- un zulzaγ-a. Tiger cub.
-- zil. Third year in the twelve-year cycle.
-- ziltei. Born in the year of the tiger.
bi cimadur er-e --. " I am [like] a tiger to you": I can easily cope with you.
em-e --. Tigress.
er-e --. Male tiger; strong as a tiger.

BARTAГ-A(N) / БАРТАА



n. Uneven terrain; broken country; hillock, knoll; boulder; dangerous place.
-- cilaγu. Rock,boulder.

BARTAГATAI / БАРТААТАЙ



[= bartaγatu] adj. Rocky, precipitous, dangerous.

BARTAГATU



See bartaγatai.

BARTAIRA-

v.i. To swell, distend(as eyes, face, etc.).

BARU-



Same as bara-.

BARUГ, 1. / БАРАГ

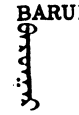
adv. Almost, nearly, generally, about.
-- aγula jin kiritei. Almost the size of a mountain.
-- bolumar-a. Almost all right.
-- segyder. Penumbra.
-- tølyb. In general, more or less; for the most part; a major part.

BARUГ, 2. / БАРАГ



-- byryg = byryg --. Dark, dim[ly], indistinct[ly], confused[ly].
-- byryg bolxu. To grow dark, dim, or indistinct.

BARUГAR / БАРГАР



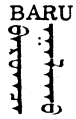
adj. Swarthy, dark (of complexion).
-- ciraitai. Having a swarthy complexion.

BARUГCAГA / БАРАГЦАА



n. Estimate.

BARUГCAГALA- / БАРАГЦААЛАХ



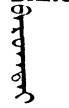
v.t. To estimate, make a (rough) calculation.
--basu. Approximately, nearly, roughly.

BARUГLA- / БАРАГЛАХ



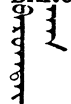
v.t. and i. To finish almost completely; to estimate, make a guess, surmise, suppose; to have an idea; to come near to, approximate.
--basu. If one estimates; approximately.
--basu γurban zil orumui. It will take approximately three years.
--n medeky. To have a general idea of.
yge ji --mui. I seem to understand (his) words.
yn-e --xu. To estimate the price.

BARUГTAI / БАРАГТАЙ



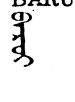
adj. and adv. Not very good, tolerable, mediocre, passable; about the same, almost right; almost correct; almost , nearly; most, major part.
-- ail. A poor family, most families.
-- kymyn. Most people; mediocre person.
nasun -- kymyn. People of about the same age.
zisyn --. Of almost identical color (of animals).

BARUГTAIXAN / БАРАГТАЙХАН



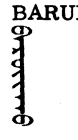
adj. Somewhat passable; mediocre, not too good.

BARUI / БАРУЙ



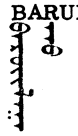
-- byryi. Dark, dimly, indistinctly, rather obscurely.

BARUI- / БАРАЙХ



v.i. To become dark, sinister, obscure; to be troubled, downcast; to grow dark in the face.

BARUILГA- / БАРАЙЛГАХ



[v. caus. of barui-] To shade, darken.
cirai --xu. To change countenance; to show annoyance or disgust.

BARULZA- / БАРАЛЗАХ



v.i. To be visible at a distance, appear on the horizon; to darken (of the day), become dusk; to become obscure, confused.

BARUS

-- burus. Obscurely, confusedly, indistinctly.

BARXASABADI / БАРХАСВАДЬ

[= braxasbadi, S. bṛhaspati] n. The planet Jupiter; Thursday (obs.).

BARZAГAR / БАРЗГАР

[= barzigir] adj. Uneven, rough.

BARZAI- / БАРЗАЙХ

v.i. To become uneven or rough.

BARZANG / БАРЗАН

n. and adj. Dirt, dirty matter; dirty, untidy.

BARZANGTA- / БАРЗАНТАХ

v.i. To be dirty or slovenly.

BARZIGIR / БАРЖГАР

See barzaγar.

BASA / БАС

adv. Again, also, too; still, yet.

-- dakin. Again, in addition to that, again and again.

-- ky. Again, still.

-- la . See basal-a.

-- nige. Another, one more, once more.

-- teged . Then, thereupon; once again.

BASAL-A

[= basa la] adv Still, again, also.

BASANG / БААСАН(Г)

[= baγasang, T. pa sangs] n. Friday.

BASAR, 1.

[Pers. bazar] n. Inhabited place, hamlet, village.

BASAR, 2. / БАСАР

Same as bašar-a.

BASILAГ / БЯШЛАГ, БЯСЛАГ

n. A kind of cheese.

BASINGГ-A / БАШИНГА

n. A kind of roach.

BASIR / БАШИР

n. Ruse, trick, machination, deceit, fraud; simulation, feigning.

-- γarγaxu. To deceive, simulate.

arγ-a -- baraxu. To exhaust all possibilities; to be at one's wit's end.

BASIRLA- / БАШИРЛАХ

v.t. To pretend, malinger, simulate.

--n xaγurmaγlaxu. To pretend, simulate.

BASIRTAI / БАШИРТАЙ

[= basirtu] adj. Cunning, wily, crafty, artful, sly.

BASIRTU / БАШИРТ

See basirtai.

BASU

[S. vasu] n. and adj. Goods, merchandise, effects, riches; great, huge.

BASU- / БАСАХ

v.t. To contemn; to hold in low esteem, treat lightly; to disregard, ignore, underestimate.

kymyn i --zu keleky. To speak of a person contemptuously.

BASUГDA- / БАСАГДАХ

v. pass. of basu-.

BASUMZI / БАСАМЖ

n. Contempt, humiliation, low esteem, disregard.

BASUMZILA- / БАСАМЖЛАХ

v.t. To disregard; to despise; to underestimate; to hold in low esteem, treat lightly.

BASUMZILAL / БАСАМЖЛАЛ

n. The act of basumzila-.

BASXA- / БАСГАХ

[= basxu-] v. i. To smoke profusely, emit puffs or clouds of smoke.

BASXAГUL-

[= basxuγul-] v. caus. of basxa-.

BASXU-
See basxa-.

BAŠAGA / БАШГА(НА)
[S. vasika] n. Euphrasia officinalis, Odontites serotina.

BAŠAR-A
n. Dianthus superbus, Dianthus versicolor.

BATAGAN-A / БАТГАНА
n. Gnat, small fly; mosquito.
altan --. A fly which lays its eggs on meat, bluebottle.

BATU / БАТ
adj. Firm, strong, solid, stable; reliable, loyal, true; chaste.
-- beki. Strong, firm, solid; lasting, steady.
-- beki bolxu. To become or grow firm, strong.
-- bolγaxu. To solidify, strengthen.
-- [caγan] modu. Maple tree; sycamore.
-- kødelysi ygei. Firm, immovable, unshaken.
-- møngke. Constant, firm; eternal.
-- odu. Fixed star.
-- økin. Chaste girl, virgin; girl who remains unmarried after the death of her fiance.
-- saγuri. Firm foundation; citadel.
-- saγuritai. Based on a firm foundation; well-grounded, firmly founded.
-- sedkil. Firmness, firm mind, solid (of character).
-- temdeg. Receipt, signed statement, certificate.
-- ygei. Flimsy, rickety, not solid, not durable; unreliable.
-- ygetei. Loyal or reliable in speech, keeping one's promise.
sakilγ-a --. Discipline.

BATUD- / БАТДАХ
v.i. To become too strong, firm, solid, or stable.

BATUDA / БАТАД
adv. Firmly, strongly, reliably, steadily, solidly.
-- barixu. To hold fast.
-- kyliky. To tie firmly.
-- orusixu. To remain firm, unshakable.

BATUDXA- / БАТАТГАХ
[v. caus. of batud-] v.t. To strengthen, solidify; to confirm, certify.

BATUDXAGUL- / БАТАТГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of batudxa-.

BATULA- / БАТЛАХ
v.t. a) To strengthen, solidify, reinforce; to defend; to observe strictly.
--n kyliky. To tie fast.
--n sakixu. To observe strictly; to defend firmly.
--n toγtaγaxu. To makea firm decision, affirm, assert.
--n xamaγalaxu. To defend firmly.
--n xamaγalaxu jabudal. Defense.
--n xamaγalaxu jamun. Ministry of defense.
tangγariγ i --n sakixu. To keep one's vow, pledge strictly.
b) To certify, confirm; to approve, sanction, ratify.
--n temdegleky. To register, insure (as mail).
--xu bicig. Certificate, written confirmation.
--xu tangkim. Notary office.
--xu xaγudasu. Certificate.
bicig --xu. To seal or validate a document.
gerecilezy --xu. To prove or corroborate by evidence.
saisijan --xu. To approve, ratify.
toγtaγal --xu. To confirm a decision.

BATULABURI / БАТАЛБАР
n. Certificate, confirmation, ratification.

BATULAG-A(N) / БАТАЛГАА(Н)
n. Confirmation, corroboration, certification; guarantee, assurance; warrant, voucher; recommendation.
-- øgky. To warrant, guarantee, vouch, attest, certify.

BATULAGATAI / БАТАЛГААТАЙ
[= batulaγatu] adj. Guaranteed, confirmed; insured, registered.
-- zakij-a. Registered or insured letter.

BATULAGATU
See batulaγatai.

BATULAGDA- / БАТЛАГДАХ
v. pass. of batula-.
said nar un zøblel ece --γsan sin-e toγtaγal. New decision confirmed by the council of ministers.

BATULAГUL- / БАТЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of batula-] To submit for confirmation, cause to affirm; to be guaranteed or recommended.

--xu ber medegylky. To submit for confirmation.

BATULALГ-A / БАТАЛЛАГА

n. Reinforcement, confirmation, corroboration; security.

BATURA-

v.i. To harden, become firm.

BATURASI / БАТРАП

n. Mint, Mentha austriaca.

BATUTAI / БАТТАЙ

[= batutu] adj. and adv. Strong, firm; reliable, solid.

-- ber. Strongly, firmly, reliably.

-- bolγaxu. To strengthen, make firm, solidify; to put on a firm basis.

-- kymyn. Reliable person.

asida -- . Firm, solid; long-lasting.

sakilγ-a -- . Disciplined.

BATUTU

See batutai.

BATUZI- / БАТЖИХ

v.i. To become strong, firm, solid[ified], strengthened, consolidated.

BATUZIIГUL- / БАТЖУУЛАХ

v. caus. of batuzi-.

ulus i xamaγalaxu kycyn i --xu. To strengthen the defensive power of the country .

BATUZIL / БАТЖИЛ

n. The process of becoming strong, firm, or solid; confirmation, corroboration, solidification; strengthening.

BAX-A, 1. / БАХ

n. Liking, wish; desire; willingness; joy; pride.

-- dur-a. Desire, wish, willingness.

-- [dur-a] ygei. Without desire, unwilling, without pleasure, with disgust.

-- xanuxu. To be satisfied, be jubilant; to feel joy over other people's misfortune.

BAX-A, 2. / БАХ

n. Frog, toad.

cegezi jin -- . Angina pectoris.

BAXADA- / БАХДАХ

[= baxadu-] v.i. To be enchanted, charmed, delighted; to be proud.

--n sonusxu. To listen with delight.

BAXADAL / БАХДАЛ

n. Desire, longing, wishing; enthusiasm; enchantment; pride.

BAXADALTAI / БАХДАЛТАЙ

adj. Enchanted, overjoyed; flattering; enthusiastic.

BAXADU-

See baxada-.

BAXAГU

See baxuu.

BAXAMZI / БАХАМЖ

n. Enjoyment, delight.

BAXAN / БААХАН

adv. Somewhat, rather; sufficiently, considerably; quite a lot, rather many or much; a little too...

-- baγ-a. A little too small.

-- ide! Eat some more!

-- jeke. Somewhat large.

-- kylijezy bai! Wait a little! Wait a moment!

basa -- kil Pour some more (tea, etc.)!

BAXARA- / БАХРАХ

v.i. To be pleased, have pleasure; to be excited with joy; to be content, feel satisfaction.

BAXARAL / БАХРАЛ

n. The act of longing for, wishing for, being pleased with; contentment, satisfaction

BAXARALTAI / БАХРАЛТАЙ
[= baxaraltu] adj. Pleased; desired, gratifying.

BAXARALTU / БАХРАЛТ
See baxaraltai.

BAXARDA- / БАХАРДАХ
v.i. To be confused or embarrassed.

BAXARDAGUL- / БАХАРДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of baxarda-.

BAXARXA- / БАХАРХАХ
v.i. To be delighted, rejoice, take pride in, admire.

BAXARXAG / БАХАРХАГ
adj. Having a desire; enthusiastic.

BAXATAI / БАХТАЙ
[= baxatu] adj. Content, pleasing, gratifying.

BAXATU
See baxatai.

BAXAU
See baxuu.

BAXUU / БАХУУ
[= baxaγu, baxau] n. Goiter.

BAXUUDA- / БАХУУТАХ
v.i. To develop a goiter.

BAXUUTAI / БАХУУТАЙ
[= baxuutu] adj. Having a goiter.

BAXUUTU
See baxuutai.

BAZA, 1. / БАЗ
n. Husbands of sisters, term used by husbands of sisters in referring to each other.

BAZA, 2. / БАЗ
[R. база] n. Base, basis.

BAZAGA- / БАЗААХ
v.t. To prepare, get or have ready.
--n beledky. To prepare.

--xu ygei. ~~Of~~ poor quality; not too good.
--xu ygei zang. Poor character.
cai xoγula --xu. To prepare tea and food.
cerig --xu. To place troops on a war footing.
xurim --xu. To prepare a banquet or feast.

BAZAGAL / БАЗААЛ
n. Preparation

BAZAGALG-A / БАЗААЛГА
n. Preparation.

BAZAGALGA- / БАЗААЛГАХ
v. caus. of bazaγa-.

BAZIIGUNA / БАЖУУНА
n. Rhubarb.

BAZIM-A
See bazimaγ.

BAZIMAG
[= bazim-a] n. Sediment, dregs, or residue of liquor.

BAZU- / БАЗАХ
v.t. To press, crush, squeeze; to wring; to grasp.
γar ijer --xu. To seize or squeeze with the hand.

BAZUGU-
Same as bazu-.

BAZUGUDA-
v.t. To grasp or squeeze with the hand or claws.

BAZUL- / БАЗЛАХ
v.t. frequent. To grip or grasp often.

BAZURA- / БАЗРАХ
v.i. To have cramps in the abdomen.

BAZURAL
n. Abdominal cramps.

BEBYGLE-
v.t. To sing or rock to sleep, soothe with a lullaby.

BECI(N) / МЭЧ(ИН), БИЧ(ИН)
[= meci(n), bici(n), fr. Sogdian] n. Ape, monkey; ninth year of the twelve-year cycle.
--n caγ. Time from three to five P.M.

BECID / МЭЧИД, МИЧИД
[= mecid, plural of beci(n)] n. The Pleiades.

BEDE
[= bide, l] n. An ancient people believed to be the ancestors of the Mongols.

BEDER
See bider.

BEDERE- / БЭДРЭХ
[= bederi-] v.t. To seek, search, look for.
arγ-a --ky. To seek means, look for a way.

BEDEREGESY(N) / БЭДРЭЭС
n. Search, quest, inquiry.

BEDEREGYL- / БЭДРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of bedere-.

BEDEREL / БЭДРЭЛ
n. Search, quest, investigation.

BEDERI- / БИДРЭХ
See bedere-.

BEDERLE-
See biderle-.

BEGCE
[= begci = bɛgter, T. beg-tse] n. A coat of mail worn under a garment.

BEGCI
See begce.

BEGDERE- / БЭГТРЭХ
v.i. To become or be left stupefied or non-plussed; to be paralyzed with fear.

BEGELEI / БЭЭЛИЙ
n. Glove[s], mitten[s].
γar un --. Glove[s], mitten[s].
xuruγun --. Glove[s], mitten[s].

BEGERE- / БЭЭРЭХ
v.i. To suffer extremely from frost, freeze, become stiff or numb from cold.
--n daγaraxu. To feel cold, suffer from cold.
γar --ky. The hands become numb from cold.

BEGEZING / БЭЭЖИН(Г)
[= begezing, beizing] n.p. Peking, the capital of China.
-- xota. Peking.

BEGTE / БЭХТ
-- bolur. Topaz.

BEGTER / БЭГТЭР
See begce.

BEILE / БЭЙЛ
[Ma. beile] n. Prince of the third rank.

BEISE / БЭЙС
[Ma. beise] n. Prince of the fourth rank.

BEIZING
See begezing.

BEJ-E(N) / БИЕ
[pl. bejes] n. a) Body, physique, organism; health.
-- aγzaixu. For the body to contract or shrivel.
-- ben. One's own body. See also b.
-- ben arcixu. To wipe or dry one's body with a towel.
-- ben xairalaxu. To take good care of one's own body.
-- coγcas. Body; anatomy.
-- coγcas i sinzileky uxaγan. Anatomy.
-- coγcas un ercim cidal. Physical energy.
-- jadaraxu. To be exhausted or tired.
-- jangzu. Bodily shape, appearance.
-- jin. Physical, bodily.
-- jin tengkege tamir. Bodily strength, health.
-- jin ziruγ. Portrait, photograph.
-- ji sakixu. To protect or preserve one's body, health, or life.
-- laγsan. (Your) body, health (honorific).
-- maγutai. Sick, unwell, weak, feeble.
-- mendy. Healthy, physically fit.
-- nicygyn. Naked.
-- ønggereky. To die (euphemism).
-- saitai. Healthy.
-- sakiγci. Bodyguard.
-- tamirdaxu. To become tired or worn-out; to become weak or feeble.
-- tegsi. Having a well-proportioned body.
-- ygei. Bodyless, incorporeal, immaterial.
-- zisy. Body, shape; complexion.
oxur --. Short stature.

urtu -- . Tall stature.

b) Person, individual; (one)self .

-- bej-e ben. Each other, one another.
-- bej-e ben xaralcaxu. To look at each other.
-- bej-e degen. To one another.
-- bej-e degen kylijen abulcaba. [They] took upon themselves.
-- ben. Oneself. See also a.
-- ben dayayaysan. Independent.
-- ben xairalaxu. To be selfish. See also a.
-- ber. Personally, in person.
-- ber medeky. To know personally.
-- degen. To oneself, for oneself.
-- degen abxu. To take for oneself.
-- eb ygei [bolxu]. [To be] sickly or ill; to feel unwell.
-- jin. Physical, personal, one's own.
-- kymyn. Single or unmarried person.
yayca -- kymyn. Solitary person, person without family or relations.
minu -- . "My person": I (epistolary style).
nige -- kymyn. = yayca bej-e kymyn.

c) Side.

youl un xoitu -- . The northern side or bank of a river.

d) Special meanings.

buu jin -- . Barrel of a gun.
jeke -- . Warp in weaving.

BEJECILE- / БИЕЧЛЭХ
v.i. To do or act personally.
--n kiky. To do personally.
--n silyaxu. To check or examine personally.

BEJELE-, 1. / БИЕЛЭХ
v.i. To assume a shape or form, be[come] realized, fulfilled, or carried out; to materialize; to come to fruition.

BEJELE-, 2. / БИЕЛЭХ
v.i. To perform a folk dance.

BEJELEGDE- / БИЕЛЭГДЭХ
[v. pass. of bejele-] To be realized, carried out, put into effect, or executed.

BEJELEGYL- / БИЕЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of bejele-] To realize, fulfill, carry out, execute, accomplish, perform, bring to fruition; to justify.

--ky cidaburi. Power or ability of bringing to realization; efficiency.
--yn gyicedkeky. To accomplish, fulfill, carry out.
--yn jabuyulxu. To put into practice.

BEJELEGYLYGDE- / БИЕЛҮҮЛЭГДЭХ
[v. pass. of bejelegyl-] To be realized, fulfilled, carried out or accomplished.

BEJELEGYLYLGE / БИЕЛҮҮЛЛЭГ
n. Realization, execution, fulfilment, accomplishment.

BEJELEGYLYLTE / БИЕЛҮҮЛЭЛТ
Same as bejelegylylge.

BEJELEL / БИЕЛЭЛ
See bejelelte

BEJELELTE / БИЕЛЭЛТ
[= bejelel] n. Realization, fruition.
-- i silyaxu. To examine the accomplishments.

BEJES / БИЕС
Plural of bej-e.

BEJETEI / БИЕТЭЙ
[= bejety] adj. Having a physical body, corporeal, material, tangible, concrete; having an abstract body; real in the sense of absolute and necessary existence; factual.
-- ber. Concretely, actually.
jeke -- . Of tall stature, robust, stalwart.

BEJETY / БИЕТ
See bejetei.
-- bodas. Physical bodies.
-- tølyblege. Concrete plan.
-- uduridulγ-a. Concrete guidance.

BEKE / БЭХ
n. Ink.
-- jin saba. Inkstand; inkwell.
-- jin talx-a. Powdered India ink.
-- uγuxu caγasu. Blotting paper.
-- xar-a. Black as ink.
kitad -- . Chinese ink.

BEKEDE- / БЭХДЭХ



v.t. To smear or soil with ink; to blacken, dye black.
--zy buduxu. To paint dark black.
caγasu --ky. To soil paper with ink.

BEKI / БЭХ



adj. Strong, firm, solid; robust, vigorous, durable.
-- batu. Strong, solid.
-- γazar. Solid earth; stronghold.
-- xujaγ. Strong armor.

BEKIDE / БЭХЭД



adv. Strongly, firmly, solidly.

BEKILE- / БЭХЛЭХ



v.t. To strengthen, make firm, reinforce, solidify; to guard.
--gsen γazar. Fortified area, fort.
--n xaγaxu. To close firmly.
ama ben --ky. To hold one's tongue, keep silent.

BEKILEGYL- / БЭХЛҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of bekile-.

BEKILIG / БЭХЛЭГ



adj. Strong, firm, solid, robust.

BEKIZI- / БЭХЖИХ



v.i. To become strong, firm, solid, durable, lasting.

BEKIZIGYL- / БЭХЖҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of bekizi-] To strengthen, solidify, reinforce, fortify; to make firm or durable.
ulus un batulan xamaγalalta ji --ky. To strengthen the national defense.

BEKIZIGYLYLGE / БЭХЖҮҮЛЛЭГ



n. Reinforcement, strengthening, solidification.

BEKIZIL / БЭХЖИЛ



n. Strengthening, solidification, reinforcement.
ulus un tusaγar toγtaniγsan baidal un --. The strengthening of national independence.

BEKIZILTEI / БЭХЖИЛТЭЙ

adj. Strong, firm, solid.
-- bolγaxu. To strengthen, make firm or solid; to solidify.

BEL / БЭЛ

n. Waist; upper part of the skull; declivity, slope in the middle or near the foot of a mountain; straps, cords, or hooks for hanging a steel and flint set and a knife case on a belt.
-- yn alciγur. A kind of handkerchief of fine material attached to the sash worn by young girls.

BELBELE-

v.t. To carry a child in one's arms; to coddle.

BELBEREKEI

See belberkei.

BELBERKEI / БЭЛБЭРХИЙ, БЭРЭВХИЙ

[= belberekei] n. Fetlock, pastern (of horses).

BELBESYN / БЭЛЭВСЭН

n. Widow; widower.
-- ekener. Widow.
-- em-e. Widow.

BELBESYRE- / БЭЛЭВСРЭХ

v.i. To be[come] a widow or a widower; to mourn, observe mourning.
--n xocurxu. To become a widow.

BELBESYREL / БЭЛЭВСРЭЛ

n. Widowhood, (period of) mourning.

BELCI- / БЭЛЧИХ

v.i. To go out to pasture, graze.

BELCIGE- / БЭЛЧЭЭХ

[v. caus. of belci-] v.t. To pasture, graze.

BELCIGER / БЭЛЧЭЭР

n. Pasture, grazing grounds; grass on a pasture.
-- ty talbixu. To drive the cattle to graze.
-- yn γazar. Pasture, pasture land.

ebesy -- . Hay and grass.
ebylzigen y -- . Winter pasture gounds.

BELCIGERLE- / БЭЛЧЭЭРЛЭХ
v.i. To graze.

BELCIGERLEGYL- / БЭЛЧЭЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of belcigerle-] To herd or tend cattle.

BELCIGIR
Same as belciger.

BELCIR / БЭЛЧИР , БИЛЧИР
n. The junction or joint of two branches; fork, bifurcation; confluence of rivers; cross-road.
-- yn zam. Road junction or bifurcation.
γoul un -- . Confluence of rivers.

BELDE- / БЭЛДЭХ
v.t. and i. To hold a person around the waist; to travel or walk along the slope of a mountain.

BELED- / БЭЛДЭХ
v.t. and i. To prepare, make ready; to be[come] ready.
ajan du --ky. To prepare for a trip.
unaγ-a kynesy --ky. To prepare transportation and provisions for a trip.
xoγul --ygsen. Food is being prepared.

BELEDBYRI / БЭЛДВЭР
n. Preparation.

BELEDKE- / БЭЛТГЭХ
v.t. and i. To prepare, make ready; to supply with, equip; to prepare oneself.
--ky cerig. Military reserves.
baγsi nar i --ky teknikym. Teachers College.
kynesy --ky. To prepare traveling provisions.
sin-e kycyn i --ky. To train cadres.
yndysy saγuri --ky. To lay foundation[s] for.

BELEDKEL / БЭЛТГЭЛ
n. and adj. Preparation, arrangement; pre-requisite, provisions, supplies, reserves; preparatory, provisionary, reserve.
-- azil. Preparatory or preliminary work.
-- bykyi. Prepared.
-- køryngge. Reserve capital, reserve fund.
-- kycyn. Military reserves; reserve force.
-- yn. Preparatory.
-- yn anggi. Reserve unit.
-- yn tølyblege. Plan of preparations.
altan [u] -- . Gold reserve.
cerig dain u -- . Preparation for war.
mix-a -- . Meat supply, meat requisition.
nøgyce --. Provisions, stores.
xudalduγ-a -- yn baiγululγ-a. Trade relations.

BELEDKELTEI / БЭЛТГЭЛТЭЙ
[= beledkelty] adj. Prepared, trained.
ulus tøry jin -- . Politically prepared or trained.

BELEDKELTY
See beledkeltei.

BELEG / БЭЛЭГ
n. Gift, present.
-- ergyky. To present, give as a present.
-- i xariγulxu. To return a present; to give a present in return.
-- øgky. To give a present.
-- yn xariγu. A return present.

BELEGLE- / БЭЛЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To [give as a] present.

BELEGTEI / БЭЛЭГТЭЙ
[= belegty] adj. Having a present.

BELEGTY
See belegtei.

BELEKEN / БЭЛХЭН
adj. and adv. Ready, prepared; in readiness, handy, at hand.
-- bailγaxu. To have handy, keep at hand, prepare.

BELEN / БЭЛЭН
adj. and adv. Prepared, ready, in readiness, available.
-- bolγaxu. To make ready.
-- caγan zoγus. Ready money, cash.
-- mønggy. Ready money, cash; reserve fund.
-- xubcasun. Ready-made clothes.
-- zelen. All ready, in perfect order.
-- zoγus. Ready money, cash, reserve fund.

BELENG / БИЛЭН

n. Obscene or indecent words; jumping disease, lata.

BELENGCI / БИЛЭНЧ

n. A person who is affected by jumping disease; a person who shouts obscenities.

BELENGDE- / БИЛЭНДЭХ

v.i. To shout obscenities; to behave as if affected by jumping disease.

BELESKE-

Same as beledke-.

BELGE / БЭЛЭГ

n. a) Sign, mark, token, symptom, symbol; prognostic, omen.

-- bilig. [Highest] wisdom (S. prajñā).

-- cinar. Sign, token; essence, substance; internal quality.

-- iru-a. Sign, omen, prognostic.

-- jin. Symbolic.

-- temdeg. Emblem, symbol.

-- zokijaxu. To forebode, presage.

mayu --. Bad omen.

sain --. Good omen.

b) Genitals (euph.).

em-e jin --. Female genitals.

er-e jin --. Male genitals.

BELGECI / БЭЛЭГЧ

n. Diviner, fortuneteller.

BELGEDE- / БЭЛЭГДЭХ

v.t. and i. To signify, prognosticate; to explain signs, divine, forebode.

BELGEDEL

n. Divination; prognostication.

BELGELE- / БЭЛЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To signify, prognosticate; to accept or consider as a good omen.

--zy kelegsen yge. Felicitous, well-wishing words.

BELGELEGCI

n. An interpreter of signs, fortuneteller.

BELGETEI / БЭЛЭГТЭЙ

[= belgety] adj. Having signs, marks; having a symptom, characteristic, or omen; having a good omen; having genitals.

-- edyr. An auspicious day.

xojar --. Having two characteristics; hermaphrodite, possessing the characteristics of both sexes.

BELGETY

See belgetei.

BELKEGYSY(N) / БЭЛХҮҮС

n. Middle part of the body, waist; middle of the slope of a mountain.

BELKEGYSYBCI / БЭЛХҮҮСЭВЧ

n. Sash, band, girdle.

BELTERGE / БЭЛТРЭГ

n. Wolf cub.

BEMBEGENE- / БЭМБЭГНЭХ

v.i. To tremble, shake, quiver (from fear, joy, etc.).

BEN

[ijen after consonants] Suffix of the reflexive-possessive case.

erke cilyge -- batulan xamaγalaxu. To defend one's liberty.

tende -- γurba xonubai. [He] passed three nights at the same place.

xamuγ kycy -- γarγaxu. To use all of one's strength or energy.

zabsar xoγurundu --. Among themselves.

BER, 1.

[ijer after consonants] Suffix of the instrumental case: It denotes the instrument or agent of the action ("with," "by"), the material of which something is made ("of"), the manner, way, or period of time in which the action is performed or takes place; after names of professions it means "in the capacity of" or "as"; after a future noun it means " in order to."

ali bolxu --. In every possible way.
ang abalaxu -- γarxu. To go hunting.
arisu -- (= arisun ijer) kigsen. Made of hide or leather.
barixu --. In order to catch.
bej-e --. Personally.
belen mønggy --. In cash, with ready cash.
ʻongxu -- yzeky. To look through the window.
edyi tedyi --. In great number or amount.
egyden ijer oruxu. To enter through the door.
erke --. Under the influence, by the power of; on account of, as a result of, because of.
γar ijer barixu. To seize or hold with the hand.
kecinen sar-a --. For so many months.
kycytei --. With strength or force.
ner-e --. Under the name of, by name.
nidy -- yzeky. To see with the eyes.
nigen zil yn xuγucaγ-a -- songγuzuxui. Elected for one year.
øni udaγan ijer. Forever, eternally.
radio -- nebteregylky. To transmit by radio.
sin-e -- baiγulxu. Renovate.
soγtuγu --. Drunkenly, in a drunken state.
terge -- ireky. To arrive by car or cart.
todurxai --. Clearly, distinctly.
tølygelegci -- songγuxu. To elect as a representative.
utasu -- jarilcaxu. To speak over the telephone.
xataγu yn-e --. At fixed prices.
xural ijer kelelceky. To discuss at a meeting.
zerge --. At once; unanimously.

BER, 2.
A syntactic particle emphasizing the subject or the preceding part of the sentence.
edyr søni ygei eribesy -- ese olbai. Though they looked for it day and night they could not find it.
ilbi surbasu -- ese medebe. Although he had studied magic, he did not learn it.
nadur ken -- øgky. Who will give [it] to me?
sibaγun -- tende baγubai. That bird lighted there.
tere xaγan -- yzeged saca... As soon as that khan had seen [it]...

BERBEI- / БЭРВИЙХ
v.i. To chill, grow numb from cold; to curl up or huddle together because of cold; to be frightened, shy.
daγarazu --ky. To curl up because of cold.

BERBEILCE- / БЭРВИЙЛЦЭХ
[v. coop. of berbei-] To huddle together because of cold.

BER-E / БЭР
[Indian yojana] n. A measure of rather indeterminate length (now roughly two kilometers).

BERGEN / БЭРГЭН
n. Wife of an elder brother; polite expression used in addressing the wife of a person of about the same age.
abaγ-a --. Wife of one's father's brothers.

BERI / БЭР
n. Daughter-in-law; bride.
-- abxu. To select a daughter-in-law, marry off one's son; to get a bride.
-- bolγan øgky. To give one's daughter in marriage.
-- ceceg. Larkspur, Delphinium grandiflorum.

BERICILE- / БЭРЧЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To behave as a daughter-in-law or a bride; to give a daughter in marriage; to take a daughter-in-law into the family.

BERIJ-E(N) / БЭРЭЭ(Н)
n. Stick, pole, club, staff, baton; handle of a whip.
γar un --. Walking stick.

BERIJED / БЭРЭЭД
pl. of beri, q.v.

BERIJEDE- / БЭРЭЭДЭХ
v.t. To brandish a stick; to throw a stick, beat with a stick; to wave a baton.

BERILE- / БЭРЛЭХ
v.i. To behave according to the rules governing a daughter-in-law's actions towards her in-laws; to stand on ceremony, behave like a new bride.

BERKE / БЭРХ
adj. and n. a) Difficult, hard; burdensome, troublesome; complicated, serious; difficulty, hardship; trouble.
-- aγula. Difficult or steep mountain.

-- bolxu. To become difficult, onerous, aggravated.
-- caγ. Hard times, difficult days, times of stress.
-- xataγuzil. Asceticism.
-- yile. Difficult task, hard work.
γasiγun --. Sorrowful, grievous, distressing; difficulties; privations, adversity.
olxui-a --. Difficult to find, acquire or obtain.
b) Skillful, competent; fit.
-- sain. Quite good, excellent.
azil du --. Competent in work.

BERKED- / БЭРХДЭХ
v.i. To be[come] too difficult, hard, or complicated.

BERKESIJE- / БЭРХШЭЭХ
v.i. and t. To consider difficult; to fear a difficulty or obstacle; to despair.

BERKESIJEL / БЭРХШЭЭЛ
n. The act of berkesije-; difficulty, hardship, obstacle, inconveninence, embarrassment.
-- saγad. Difficulty and obstacles.

BERKESIJELTEI / БЭРХШЭЭЛТЭЙ
[= berkesijelty] adj. Difficult, troublesome.
yzeky dyr --. Difficult to read.

BERKESIJELTY
See berkesijeltei.

BERKETEI / БЭРХТЭЙ
adj. Difficult, burdensome, troublesome, complicated, embarrassing.
oilγaxu medekyi dyr tuil un --. Extremely difficult to understand.

BERS / БЭРС
See under bars.

BERSEGYD- / БЭРСҮҮДЭХ
v.i. To harden, become rough (as of skin); for calluses to develop.

BERSEGYY / БЭРСҮҮ
n. Hard growth, callus, tubercle, tumor.
køl yn --. Calluses on the feet.

BERTE- / БЭРТЭХ
v.i. To be injured, hurt, crippled or maimed.
jasu --. To have a bone disjoined or broken.

BERTEGCIN
n. and adj. Stupidity, ignorance; narrow-minded or unenlightened person; stupid, ignorant.
-- ojun. Puerile mind, naïveté, ignorance.
-- y caγ. Time or age of ignorance.

BERTEGE / БЭРТЭЭ
n. Harm, injury, physical handicap.

BERTEGE- / БЭРТЭЭХ
[v. caus. of berte-] To injure, hurt, bruise, cripple, maim.
cilaγu ber --ky. To hurt with a stone.

BERTENG / БЭРТЭН
n. Invalid, disabled person; maimed, disabled, crippled.

BERTENGGI / БЭРТЭНГИ
Same as berteng.

BESEREG / БЭСРЭГ
adj. Mongrel, half-breed, crossbreed, hybrid; bastard; of unstable character, a friend who has turned enemy; a person who keeps to himself; a business doomed to failure.
-- kymyn. Son of a slave in the first generation; offspring of persons of two races, two classes, etc.
-- noxai. Mongrel dog.
-- saγarmaγ. Hybrid, mongrel.
-- sirui. Soil consisting of a mixture of earth and stones.
-- xainuγ. Cross between yak and common cow.
-- yker. Cross of horned cattle.

BETE, 1.
Same as bede.

BETE, 2. / БЭТ
n. Coconut.

BETEGE(N) / БЭТЭГ
[= beteke, beteki, betegi] n. Echinococcus (med.); crop of birds.

eligen y --. Liver echinococcus.

BETEGEI

See bitegei.

BETEGI

See betege(n).

BETEKE

See betege(n).

BETEKI

See betege(n).

BEGEZING

See begezing.

BENZIN / БЕНЗИН

[R. бензин] n. Gasoline.
-- u saba. Gasoline tank.

BETON / БЕТОН

[R. бетон] n. Concrete (masonry).

BI, 1. / БИ

pron. of 1st person sing.: I.

BI, 2. / БИЙ

v.i. [Modern form for bui] Is, exists.

BIBA

[Ch. p'i-p'a 琵琶] n. A four or six-stringed musical instrument shaped like a halved pear, "lute," "guitar."

BIBACI

n. A "biba" player.

BIBALA

[S. pippala] n. Sacred fig tree, Ficus religiosa.

BIBALI

See bibiling.

BIBILING / БИВЛЭН

n. Schizonepeta annua (plant).

BICA / БЯЦ

adv. Asunder, into small pieces, into a pulp.
-- daruxu. To crush, smash.

BICAL- / БЯЦЛАХ

v.t. To smash, crush, or squash into a pulp.

BICI(N)

See beci(n).

BICI- / БИЧИХ

v.t. To write, inscribe.
--gci. Writer, scribe, copyist.
--zy abxu. To write down, take down in writing.
--zy baγulγaxu. To copy (writing).
--zy medegylky. To report or inform in writing.
--zy øgky. To write to somebody.
xaγulzu --ky. To copy.

BICIG / БИЧИГ

a) n. Anything written (as letters of the alphabet or characters); system of writing, script; inscription; written communication, letter, missive, memorandum; document, certificate.
-- biciky caγasu. Stationery, note paper.
-- dangsan u azil. Office job, clerical work.
-- γarγaxu. To be able to read; to issue an order or statement.
-- ijer. Written, in writing.
-- jabuγulxu. To send a letter, missive.
-- yn anggi. Chancery office, document section.
-- yn kele. Written language, literary language.
-- yn keregsel. Writing utensils, office supplies.
-- yn sirege. Writing desk.
-- yn yge. Written language.
-- ysyg. Writing; literacy.
bolzuγ-a --. Contract, agreement.
γujulta --. Written request, petition.
ger-e --. Treaty, treatise, agreement.
mongγul --. Mongolian script, book, letter.
temdeg ty --. Certificate, patent.
ynemleky --. Certificate.
zam un --. Passport, travel permit.
zarlal --. Manifesto, declaration.

b) n. Written or printed book; code.
-- yn talbiγur. Bookcase.
-- zokijal. Literary work.
bicimel --. Written book, book in manuscript.
sigyky caγazan u xauli --. Criminal code.

c) n. Education, erudition.
-- baγ-a medeky. Slightly educated.
-- mededeg. Literate.
-- medeky. To be literate.
-- medeky ygei. To be illiterate.
-- ygei. Illiterate, unlettered, ignorant.
-- yn kymyn. Educated man, scholar, writer, author.

-- yn said. Scholar, learned person.
-- ysyg maγutai. One who reads and writes badly, person with little schooling.
-- ysyg ty surγaxu. To teach reading and writing.

d) adj. Civil (in contrast to military: cf. Ch. wen 文 as contrasted to wu 武).
-- cerig yn said tysimed. Civil and military officers.
-- yn tysimel. Civil servant, official.


BICIGECI / БИЧЭЭЧ
[= bicijeci] n. Clerk, scribe, copyist, secretary; sales clerk.
dangsan u -- . Account clerk, bookkeeper.
jamun u -- . Government clerk.
masin u -- . Typist.
narin -- . Secretary.


BICIGESY / БИЧЭЭС
n. Inscription.
cilaγun u -- . Stone inscription.


BICIGLE- / БИЧИГЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To put to writing; to correspond; to do something according to the books.


BICIGLEL / БИЧИГЛЭЛ
n. The act of bicigle-.


BICIGTEI / БИЧИГТЭЙ
[= bicigty] adj. Having a writ, document, or certificate; with letters, having an inscription; literate, cultured, tutored, civilized.
-- bolγaxu. To make literate, introduce literacy.

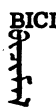

BICIGTY / БИЧИГТ
See bicigtei.


BICIGYL- / БИЧҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of bici-.


BICIJECI
See bicigeci.


BICIL
[= bisil] adj. Of small size or stature.
-- tyrygyy. Grain with small ears.

BICILZI
See under icilzi.


BICIMEL / БИЧМЭЛ
[n. d. of bici-] adj. and n. Written, something written; manuscript, inscription, writing.

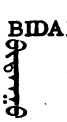

BICIXAD
[= bicixas] pl. of bicixan.

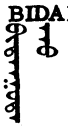

BICIXAN / БЯЦХАН
n., adj., and adv. Small child; small, tiny, little; a little.
-- bejetei. Of small stature.
-- niruγutai. Of small stature.
-- øg! Give a little!
-- tyrgen jabu! Walk a little faster!

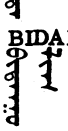

BICIXAS
See bicixad.


BICIXAXAN / БЯЦХААХАН
adj. Small, rather small, very small, ever so little.
-- øg! Give a little!


BIDA
See bide(n), 2.


BIDAГU / БЯДУУ
n. and adj. Beast; imbecile, fool; stupid, foolish, dull, awkward.
-- ojutan. Stupid people.
uxaγan -- kymyn. Stupid or dull person.


BIDAГUDA- / БЯДУУДАХ
v.i. To become slow, dull, dumb; to become awkward.


BIDAГULIГ / БЯДУУЛАГ
adj. Foolish, dull; awkward.


BIDE, 1.
See bede.


BIDE(N), 2. / БИД
[= bida] pers. pron. We.
-- nar. We.
--n y. Of us, our.
--n y ki. Ours.
ci -- xojar. We two, both of us.

BIDEGYLIG
See bydygylig.

BIDENEIKI / БИДНИЙХ

[Same as biden y ki] poss. pron. Ours.

BIDER / БИДЭР

[= beder] n. Stripes, specks, spots, mark on the skin of animals; ornament, pattern engraved on metal, stone, or wood.

BIDERLE- / БИДЭРЛЭХ

[= bederle-] v.t. To cover with speckles, spots; to carve, engrave designs on metal, stone, or wood.

--gsen. Covered with speckles, spots, etc.

mønggy --ky. To engrave silver.

BIDERTEI / БИДЭРТЭЙ

adj. Spotted, speckled; undulating, wavy; covered with marks; engraved.

BIDYGYLIG

See bydygylig.

BIDYGYN

See bydygyn.

BIDYGYRE-

See bydygyre- .

BIGIR

See bir.

BIIDYRIJ-E

See viidyrij-e.

BIIU-A

See ziu-a.

BIJANGSI / БАНШ

[Ch. pien-shih 扁食] n. Lumps of chopped meat mixed with vegetables wrapped in dough, served either boiled or fried.

BILA- / БЯЛАХ

v.t. To coat with, smear, spread; to soil.

køl --xu. To soil one's feet (as when walking through mud).

xubcasun ijen --xu. To soil one's clothes, as with mud or excrement.

BILADA-

Same as bila-.

BILAГA- / БЯЛААХ

Same as bila-.

BILAГU, 1. / БЯЛУУ

n. Club, cudgel; pin.

BILAГU, 2. / БЯЛУУ

n. Pastry, pie, tart.

BILAГUDA- / БЯЛУУДАХ

v.t. To beat with a club.

BILANGГACI / БЯЛАНГАЧ

n. and adj. Flatterer, fawner; dissembler, hypocrite; hypocritical, flattering.

BILBA

[S. bilva] n. Citron, Citrus medica.

BILBIGYRDE-

v.i. To talk at random, talk nonsense.

BILCA- / БЯЛЦАХ

v.t. and i. To smear all over; to splash in the mud.

BILCAГAI / БЯЛЦГАЙ

adj. Flat; smashed.

BILCAГANA- / БЯЛЦГАНАХ

v.i. To shake like jelly.

BILCAГAR / БЯЛЦГАР

adj. Having no substance or solidity; yielding under one's feet (as mud); flattened.

BILCAI- / БЯЛЦАЙХ

v.i. To be of thin consistency; to become smooth or flattened; to spread under pressure.

--γsan γulir. Dough of very thin consistency; batter.

--tal-a delgeky. To stretch or spread evenly under pressure.

BILCAL- / БЯЛЦЛАХ
v.t. To flatten completely, squash into a pulp; to crush.
amu --xu. To pound millet.
nidyzy --xu. To pound.

BILCARA- / БЯЛЦРАХ
v.i. To be[come] crushed, pulverized, or squashed.

BILCARXAI / БЯЛЦАРХАЙ
adj. Crushed, pulverized, squashed.

BILCIGER / БИЛЧЭЭР
Same as belciger.

BILCUD- / БЯЛЦУУТАХ
v.i. For a bump, blister, or boil to appear.

BILCULA-
Same as bilcal-.

BILCUU / БЯЛЦУУ
n. Bump, blister, boil.

BILDA- / БЯЛДАХ
v.t. To smear on, spread, apply.
ɣar ijen budu ɣ ijer --xu. To soil one's hands with paint.

BILDAIUCI / БЯЛДУУЧ
[= bildauci] n. and adj. Flatterer, adulator; flattering, servile, subservient, fawning.

BILDAIUCILA- / БЯЛДУУЧЛАХ
[= bildaucila-] v.i. To flatter, fawn, cringe, wheedle; to toady.
degedys i --n douradus i darulaxu. To fawn before one's superiors and trample on one's inferiors.

BILDAIURXA- / БЯЛДУУРХАХ
[= bildaurxa-] v.i. To be subservient, servile; to fawn, cringe.

BILDAR / БЯЛДАР
n. Physical aspect or appearance; development; quality, characteristics.
-- belge. Corporeal characteristics, stature.
-- ber jekety. Of tall stature.
bej-e -- . Physical stature or appearance.

BILDARTAI / БЯЛДАРТАЙ
[= bildartu] adj. Slender, slim; tall, of good stature.
-- belge tegysygsen. Having an extraordinary stature.

BILDARTU
See bildartai.

BILDAUCI
See bilda ɣ uci.

BILDAUCILA-
See bilda ɣ ucila-.

BILDAURXA-
See bilda ɣ urxa-.

BILE / БИЛЭЭ
[Colloquial form of bylyge] There was, were; was.

BILECYG
See bilycyg.

BILEGYDE- / БИЛҮҮДЭХ
v.t. To whet, hone, sharpen on a stone.
--ky cila ɣ u. Grindstone.
kele ben --ky. To gossip maliciously.
kitu ɣ -a --ky. To sharpen a knife.

BILEGYY / БИЛҮҮ
[= biley] n. Whetstone, hone.

BILEGYYR / БИЛҮҮР
Same as bilegyy.

BILEY
See bilegyy.

BILET / БИЛЕТ
[R. билет] n. Ticket.

BILICEG
See bilycyg.

BILIG / БИЛЭГ
[Uig. bilig] n. Wisdom, intelligence, intellect, knowledge, understanding talent, ability, capability; negative force, feminine principle (Ch. yin 陰, cf. ar ɣ -a); negative pole.

-- yn ularil. Lunar calendar.
aγuu --. Vast mind, enormous wisdom.
gyn --. Deep wisdom.
tyrgen --. Quick mind.
uxaγan --. Wisdom, intelligence.
xurca --. Sagacity, acumen.

BILIGTEI / БИЛЭГТЭЙ

[= biligty] adj. Prudent, sensible, intelligent, wise; talented.

BILIGTY

See biligtei.

BILISYG

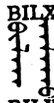
See bilycyg.

BILTA / БЯЛТ

n. Fuse or tinder for igniting an explosive charge, percussion cap.

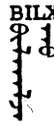
BILXA- / БЯЛХАХ

v.i. To overflow, pour over the edge or brim; to be too full.
--tal-a. Until overflowing.

BILXAGLA- / БЯЛХЛАХ

See bilxalza-.

BILXAI- / БЯЛХАЙХ

v.i. To be overfilled; to be pendulous (as belly from obesity).
gedesyn --xu. To feel too full in the stomach.

BILXALZA- / БЯЛХАЛЗАХ

[= bilxaγla-] v.i. To be about to overflow; to quiver (as the belly of a fat person).

BILXAMAL / БЯЛХМАЛ

[n.d. of bilxa-] adj. Overflowing, brimful; effusive.
-- cilaγuliγ. Effusive rock.

BILXARA- / БЯЛХРАХ

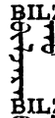
v.i. To overflow, run over; to quiver like jelly.
--tal-a. To the brim, full.
--tal-a dygyrgeky. To fill to the brim.

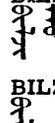
BILYCEG

See bilycyg.

BILYCYG / БЯЛЖИГ

[= bilecyg, biliceg, bilisyg, bilyceg, byleceg, bylycyg] n. Finger ring.

BILZARA- / БЯЛЗРАХ

v.i. To be smashed or crushed.

BILZI-

Same as bilci-.

BILZUUXAI / БЯЛЗУУХАЙ

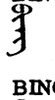
n. Any small bird.
boru --. Sparrow.
morin --. Mongolian lark.

BIMBA / БЯМБА

[T. spen pa] n. Saturn; Saturday.
-- graγ. Saturday.

BINDY

See binty.

BING, / БИН

-- bitegyy. Well closed, tightly closed.

BING, 2.

-- lang. Betel nut (Ch. pin-lang 檳榔).

BINGSE

Same as pingse.

BINTOB / ВИНТОВ

[R. винтовка] n. Gun, rifle.
-- buu. Gun, rifle.

BINTY / БИНТ

[= bindy, S. bindu, T. thig (le)] n. Small circle used as a diacritic in Sanskrit, and Manchu writings; zero.
orui jin --. A circle above vowels, indicating nasalization (i.e. ôm, q.v.).

BIR / БИЙР

[= bigir, Ch. pi 筆] n. Writing or painting brush.
-- idegylky. To dip the brush in ink, saturate the brush with ink.
-- xaranda. Pen and pencil.
-- yn saγulγ-a. Stand for writing brushes.
-- yn yzygyr. Tip of a writing brush.

BIRA / БЯР

n. Physical strength, vigor.

-- mayutai. Weak, feeble, of little strength.
-- tamir. Strength, physical power.
-- ygei. Powerless, impotent, inefficient; weak, feeble.

BIRAГU(N) / БЯРУУ
n. Calf in its second year.

BIRALXAГ / БЯРАЛХАГ
adj. Strong, vigorous.

BIRAMAN / БЯРМАН
[S. brahman] n. Brahman.
-- u nom. Brahmanism.

BIRATAI / БЯРТАЙ
[= biratu] adj. Strong, vigorous.

BIRATU
See biratai.

BIRГ-A
n. The symbol used for marking the beginning of a book or a chapter ( ).

BIRID / БИРД
[S. preta] n. Starveling ghost, demon of hunger, class of beings inhabiting the infernal regions who are tormented by constant hunger; insatiable or greedy person.

BIS
See bisa.

BISA / БЯСАА
[= bis, Ch. pi-shih 壁虱] n. Bedbug.
-- xoruxai. Bedbug.

BISI / БИШ -
Colloquial form of busu (q.v.).
-- ygei. There is plenty.
-- yy. See bisiy.

BISIГU / БУШУУ
[= busiyu] adj. Intelligent, quick-minded; alert; quick, prompt.
-- amatai. Voluble, glib.
-- kymyn. A quick person.
ama --. Voluble, glib.

BISIГUXAN / БУШУУХАН
adj. and adv. Clever, intelligent; quickly, promptly.

BISIGYRKE- / БИШУУРХЭХ
v.i. To be shy or bashful (usually of children).

BISIL
See bicil.

BISIL-
Same as bisilya-.

BISILГA- / БЯСАЛГАХ
v.i. and t. To contemplate, meditate, reflect, think, imagine; to apply oneself with zeal, practice.
nom --xu. To practice religious meditation.

BISILГAГCI(N) / БЯСАЛГАГЧ
n. Meditator, thinker.

BISILГAL / БЯСАЛГАЛ
n. Meditation, contemplation, prolonged spiritual exercise.
-- du sayuxu. To sit in meditation.
-- kiky. To practice meditation.

BISILГALCI(N) / БЯСАЛГАЛЧ
n. Contemplator meditator, thinker.

BISILГALTAI / БЯСАЛГАЛТАЙ
[= bisilyaltu] adj. Habituated to, accustomed, or practiced in contemplating; imaginary, imaginable.

BISILГALTU
See bisilyaltai.

BISILГASI / БЯСАЛГАШ
-- ygei. Unimaginable, unthinkable.

BISIRE- / БИШРЭХ
v.t. and i. To believe in, revere, worship; to adore, admire; to respect, esteem.
--kyi ojutu. Pious, devout.
--ky sedkil. Devout soul or heart, devotion.
--n talarxaxu. To be grateful.
--zy toyaxu. To respect, esteem, admire; to show respect by following.
burxan dur --ky. To believe in the Buddha or the gods.
kyndylen --ky. To worship, adore.

nom dur --ky. To believe (religiously), be a believer.

BISIREGYL- / БИШРҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of bisire-] To cause to respect or worship; to inspire confidence, cause to believe.

BISIREL / БИШРЭЛ

n. Faith, belief, trust; reverence, respect, worship, homage.

-- ygei. Disbeliever, not trusting.

-- yn jabudaltu. Pious, devout.

sysyg -- i egyskeky. To evince devotion or worship.

BISIRELTEI / БИШРЭЛТЭЙ

[= bisirelty] adj. Pious, devout, believing, religious.

-- sysyg. Pious faith.

cing -- sedkil. Piety, devotion.

BISIRELTY

See bisireltei.

BISIY / БИШҮҮ

[= bisi + yy] Serves to intensify a preceeding statement, sometimes giving it a shade of warning: How else! Surely, certainly.

eimy -- . Is it not so?

tere iregsen -- . He has come (you had better watch out)!

BISKIGYR / БИШГҮҮР

n. A wind instrument, flute, horn, clarinet, oboe.

-- ebesy. A reed mouthpiece.

-- tataxu. To play the flute.

-- tataxu kymyn. Flutist.

-- ylijeky. To play the flute.

aman -- . Small flute.

byrij-e -- . Trumpet[s] and flute[s].

xulusun --. Reed pipe.

BISKIGYRCI / БИШГҮҮРЧ

n. Flutist.

BISKIGYRDE- / БИШГҮҮРДЭХ

v.t. To play the flute.

BIŠAI

See visai.

BIŠNU

See visnu.

BITAR

[S. Vetāla] n. Corpse animated by a and used for magic purposes.

BITEGEI / БИТГИЙ

[= betegei] Prohibitive particle used before imperative, optative, and dubitative . Cf. buu.

-- jabu! Do not go!

BITEGYLE- / БИТҮҮЛЭХ

[= bitygyle-] v.t. To close up, seal off; to seal (as a letter or envelope); to celebrate the end of the old year.

BITEGYLIG / БИТҮҮЛЭГ

n., adj., and adv. Secretiveness; secretive, indistinct, obscure, not clear; confused, uncertain, doubtful; celebration on New Year's eve.

-- yge. Ambiguous words.

BITEGYMZI / БИТҮҮМЖ

n. Any device used to seal or secure; seal, wrapper; package.

BITEGYMZILE- / БИТҮҮМЖЛЭХ

v.t. To seal, close.

BITEGYN / БИТҮҮН

n. The last day of a thirty-day month; the last day of the year.

-- y orui. New Year's Eve.

BITEGYNTEI / БИТҮҮНТЭЙ

adj. Having thirty days (of a lunar month).

-- sar-a. A month which has thirty days according to the lunar calendar, corresponding to the western thirty-one day month.

BITEGYRE- / БИТҮҮРЭХ

v.i. For any passage to be closed up or obstructed; to be closed in; to feel stifled.

xabar --ky. To have a stuffed nose.

zam --ky. For the road to be[come] closed.

BITEGYY / БИТҮҮ

[= bitygyy] adj. a) Closed, shut, sealed, without an opening.

-- caγriγ. Closed ring.
-- sirx-a. Internal injury.
-- terge. Closed or covered cart or wagon.
-- tuγuraitai amitan. Solidungulate, soliped, solid-hoofed animals.
-- xabudur. A swelling without a head or opening.

b) Dense, thick, full (as beard, fog, etc.).

-- manang. Dense fog.
-- oi. Thick, dense forest.
-- solungγ-a. Full rainbow.

c) Subtle, ambiguous, equivocal, secret.

-- jarij-a. Secret talk.
-- xulaγai. Theft.
-- yge. Hint, remote allusion, covert suggestion; equivocal words, ambiguous talk.
-- ziγaxu. To hint, suggest indirectly.

BITY-

v.i. To roam, wander as a religious mendicant; to stroll, loiter; to go astray; to err.

--n jabuxu. To roam about.

BITYGYLE-

See bitegyle-.

BITYGYY

See bitegyy.

BIZALA- / БЯЗЛАХ

v.t. To smash, crack.

BIZE / БИЗ

Colloquial form of bui z-a (q.v.).

BIZIGINE- / БИЖИГНЭХ

Onomat. v. descriptive of a series of sharp, jerky sounds, such as a fusillade, the clatter of horses' hoofs, etc.; to thunder, roar.

BIZIRGYY / БИРЖҮҮ

n. Rash (eruption on the skin).

-- kizig. Typhus.

BLABRI / ЛАВИР

[= labari, T. bla bre] n. Canopy; palanquin.

BLAM-A / ЛАМ

[= lam-a] n. Lama, Tibetan or Mongolian monk or priest.

-- ner-e. Clerical name of a lama.

BOBI / БОВЬ

n. Dolt, blockhead.

BOBU

See boubu.

BODA, 1. / БОД

[= bodu, 2.] n. Large cattle (such as horses, cows, camels); unit of livestock equal to 1 cow or ox, 1 horse, 1/2 a camel, 7 sheep, or 14 goats; chessmen (excluding king and pawns).

-- mal. Large cattle, as opposed to baγ-a mal (sheep and goats).

BODA, 2. / БОД

n. Substance, matter; body, physique; object (cf. bodas).

-- bej-e. Substance, body (of a thing).
-- bej-e ber. In the flesh; in person.
-- ygei. Immaterial, unsubstantial, incorporeal; non-existing, fictitious.
ile -- ber. Clearly, manifestly.
ile -- ber yzeky. To see clearly.

BODALA

n. Potala, name of a fabulous mountain supposed to be situated at the southernmost point of the east coast of India; also name of the hill on which the palace of the Dalai Lama is situated.

BODALA- / БОДЛОХ

v.t. To count or number cattle by the head. See boda, 1.

BODAS / БОДИС

[pl. of boda] n. Body; material substance.

-- barimtalaγsan yzel. Materialism.
-- i sinzileky uxaγan. Physics.
-- un. Physical.
-- un josun u yzel. Materialism.
-- un zyi. Physics.
amidu -- i sinzileky kimi. Organic chemistry.
amidu -- i sinzileky uxaγan. Biology.

BODATAI / БОДТОЙ

[= bodatu] adj. Material, tangible, substantial; concrete; real; original.

-- bolxu. To materialize, become real.

-- ile --. Tangible, manifest.

BODATU / БОДИТ

See bodatai.

BODHI

See bodi.

BODI / БОДЬ

[= bodhi, S. bodhi] n. Perfection (rel.), saintliness; enlightenment or illumination of a Buddha or Bodhisattva.

-- modu. The Tree of Enlightenment (Buddh.).

-- mør. The Path towards Enlightenment. Name of a famous work by Tsong-kha-pa (T. Lam rim chen po).

-- sedkil. Enlightened mind; compassion.

-- xutuγ. The sanctity or rank of a Buddha.

BODICID

[S. bodhicitta] n.[Mind of]enlightenment, illumination.

-- olxu. To obtain enlightenment , become enlightened.

BODISADU-A / БОДЬСАД

[= bodisadv, bodisung, S. bodisattva] n. A bodhisattva, saintly person approaching perfect enlightenment and thus becoming a Buddha.

BODISADV

See bodisadu-a.

BODISUNG

See bodisadu-a.

BODU, 1.

See buduγ-a.

BODU, 2.

See boda, 1.

BODU- / БОДОХ

v.t. a) To calculate, compute, reckon, count, estimate.

--xu masin-a. Calculating machine, adding machine.

dangsa --xu. To make up or square accounts.

niγtalan --xu. To make calculations, do bookkeeping; to audit.

øri dyr --zu øgky. To give something in payment for a debt; to pay an account.

b) To think, reflect, consider, take into account; to strive after; to remember.

minu --xu dur. In my opinion, as I see it, it seems to me.

tusa i --xu. To have the welfare (of others) at heart.

xalaγun kyiten i --xu ygei. To be indifferent to heat or cold (used figuratively of any extreme condition).

BODUГ-A / БОДОО

[= bodu, 1.] n. Smallpox, pockmark.

-- ceceg. Smallpox.

-- jin sorbi. Pockmark.

BODUГATAI / БОДООТОЙ

[= buduγatu] adj. Having smallpox or pockmarks.

BODUГATU

See buduγatai.

BODUГDA- / БОДОГДОХ

[v.pass. of bodu-] To be considered, taken into consideration; to be calculated, reckoned; to think of; the thought occurs.

BODUГDAL / БОДОГДОЛ

n. Thought , impression.

BODUГUL- / БОДУУЛАХ

v.caus. of bodu-.

dangsa --xu. To have an account balanced; to have the books checked.

BODUL / БОДОЛ

n. Calculation, count; opinion, thought, idea, reflection, objective, intention, purport, aspiration; principle.

-- bolxu. To become thoughtful or pensive.

-- sanal. Thought.

-- ygei. Without thinking; without calculating.

minu -- ijer bolbasu. In my opinion.

BODULГ-A / БОДЛОГО

n. a) The act of counting or calculating.

butarxai jin -- . Fractions (mathematics).
tomijan u -- . Algebra.

b) Thinking, thought, reflection; view, idea, intention, judgment; program, task, policy, tactics, plan; circumspection.

-- boduxu. To reflect, think, plan.
-- bolxu. To be[come] pensive; to reflect.
-- ygei. Thoughtless, improvident.
-- zorilγ-a. Policy and aim.
toγtaγal -- . Decision[s], resolution[s].
tøry jin -- . Policy (governmental).
tøsyb -- . Plan[s].

BODULГATAI / БОДЛОГОТОЙ



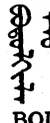
[= bodulγatu] adj. Thoughtful, having an intention, plan, or aim, intending to; discriminating, judicious, circumspect, careful.
-- kymyn. Thoughtful, circumspect, level-headed or sober-minded person; pensive person.
tøsyb -- ber. According to plans or calculations.

BODULГATU



See bodulγatai.

BODULKILA- / БОДОЛХИЙЛОХ



v.t. To plan, intend, dream of, imagine, think, cogitate.

BODULSI- БОДОЛШИХ



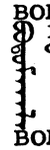
v.i. To think through, ponder.

BODULTAI / БОДОЛТОЙ



adj. Having a thought, opinion, plan, idea, or intention; judicious; pensive.
-- kymyn. A judicious person.
mergen -- . Judicious, wise, astute.

BODUMAГLA- / БОДМОГЛОХ



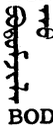
v.t. To talk to oneself; to think through, think about seriously, ponder.

BODUMZI / БОДОМЖ



n. The act of estimating; plan; aim, purpose; circumspection, consideration.
-- ygei. Lacking circumspection; rash, thoughtless.

BODUMZILA- / БОДОМЖЛОХ



v.t. To think, consider, ponder; to make plans, intend; to show consideration.

BODUNCUГ / БОДОНЦОГ



Same as tømysy(n).

BODUNG / БОДОН



n. Wild boar.
-- γaxai. Wild boar.

BODURA-, 1.



v.i. To become clear, distinct, visible, or obvious.

BODURA-, 2.



v.i. and t. To prepare ahead of time; to store up or lay in supplies; to keep in reserve; to take precautions.

BODURAL



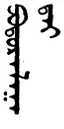
-- bicig. A memorial to the throne.

BODURALГ-A



n. The act of bodura-, 2.

BODURALГATAI



adj. Provided with supplies, money, etc. for an eventuality or emergency; taking or having taken precautions.

BODURUL



Same as bodural.

BOГ, 1. / БОГ



n. Sweepings, filth, garbage, refuse, rubbish, ashes thick scum on water.
-- saγ. Dirt, dust, esp. in a house, refuse, rubbish.
-- saγ arcixu. To clean, sweep.
-- saγ un obuγ-a. Rubbish pile.
nidyn y -- . Walleye.

BOГ, 2. / БОГ



-- mal. Small cattle.

BOГCA / БОГЦ



[= boγcu] n. Traveling bag, valise; saddle-bag; briefcase; package.

BOГCALA- / БОГЦЛОХ

v.t. To put into a traveling bag; to make a package, put in a package.

--zu boγuxu. To make into packages.

xubcasu --zu xurijaxu. To collect and pack clothes for storing.

BOГCU

See boγca.

BOГDA / БОГД

adj. and n. Holy, sacred, divine; august; a holy one.

-- ezen. The holy lord or master; [His or Your] Majesty.

-- xaγan. The Holy Khan (a title of Mongolian khans).

aru --. "The Northern Bogdo," (a respectful term of reference to the Grand Lama of Urga).

BOГDAS

pl. of boγda, q. v.

BOГSIRГ-A / БОГШИРГО

[= boγšurγ-a] n. Sparrow.

boru --. Sparrow.

BOГŠURГ-A

See boγsirγ-a.

BOГTU, 1. / БОГТ

n. Radius (anatom.).

-- cimyge. Radius (anatom.).

BOГTU, 2.

n. Cap worn by married women.

BOГTULA- / БОГТЛОХ

v.t. and i. To put the boγtu cap on a woman, i.e. to marry her off; to become engaged.

--xu mal. Animals or dowry given when entering a marriage contract.

--xu økin. A betrothed girl.

økin ijen --xu. To marry off one's daughter.

BOГU- / БООХ

v.t. a) To bind, tie, bundle, wrap, envelop

--zu alaxu. To kill by strangling.

--zu ɣkyky. To hang oneself.

caγasun du --xu. To wrap in paper.

toluγai ji --xu. To wrap up one's head.

ysy --xu. To tie one's hair; to tie the hair in the fashion of married women.

b) To stop, restrain, block, bar, obstruct (road), dam (a river); to besiege, blockade.

--zu xaγaxu jabudal. Blockade.

gemty jabudal i --xu. To prevent sins or crimes.

xaγaxu --xu jaγum-a. Obstacle, block.

c) To oblige, compel, bind, obligate.

--xui šaγšabad. Religious vow.

bej-e ben --xu. To obligate oneself to do something, take a vow; to control oneself; to be careful.

BOГUCA / БООЦ

n. Bundle, roll, sheaf; string for tying a bag; fascine, bundle of fagots; dike constructed of fascines; dike in general; agreement, contract, mutual obligation; bet, wager, stake.

-- kiky. To conclude an agreement.

-- talbixu. To bet.

BOГUCALDA- / БООЦОЛДОХ

v.t. To risk a wager, place a bet.

BOГUDAL / БООДОЛ

n. Wrapping, package, parcel, bundle, bale, pack.

-- baγlaγ-a. Tare.

BOГUDALLA- / БООДОЛЛОХ

v.t. To wrap up, tie, bind.

BOГUDALTAI / БООДОЛТОЙ

[= boγudaltu] adj. Having a wrapping, tied, wrapped.

BOГUDALTU

See boγudaltai.

BOГUDASU(N) / БООДОС

n. Band, string, ribbon; bundle, bunch, package; wrapping; scarf for the head, kerchief; puttees.

BOГUГDA- / БООГДОХ

[v. pass. of boɣu-] To be bound, tied, hindered, handicapped, obstructed, find oneself in a predicament.

ebedcin dyr --xu. To be handicapped by sickness.

BOГUГDAL / БООГДОЛ

n. Hindrance, obstacle, obstruction; delay, procrastination; break; envelopment, the state of being caught or tied.

-- ygei. Without hindrance, obstruction or delay.

ɣaciɣdal --. Hindrances, obstructions, delays, procrastination.

BOГUГDALTAI / БООГДОЛТОЙ

adj. Having obstructions, meeting with difficulties, delayed, hindered.

BOГUL / БООЛ

n. Slave, serf, bondsman; slavery, servitude, serfdom; knave (playing card).

-- bolɣaxu. To enslave, reduce to slavery.

-- salbang. Servant; lazy slave! (invective).

-- zarudasu. Footman, slave, serf, servant.

BOГULCID

[pl. of boɣul, = boɣulcud] n. Slaves.

BOГULCILA- / БООЛЧЛОХ

v.t. and i. To treat as a slave, enslave; to be a slave, live in servitude.

--n darulaɣci. Enslaver.

--xu josu. Slavery, serfdom.

darulan --xu. To enslave.

BOГULCILAГDA- / БООЛЧЛОГДОХ

[v. pass. of boɣulcila-] To be enslaved, fall into servitude.

BOГULCILAL / БООЛЧЛОЛ

n. The act of boɣulcila-; slavery, serfdom, bondage.

BOГULCUD

See boɣulcid.

BOГULГA- / БООЛГОХ

v. caus. of boɣu-.

em --xu. To have a prescription for medicine filled.

BOГULTA / БООЛТ

n. Tying, wrapping; the thing with which one ties: cord, rope, wire, bandage; the thing tied: bundle, bale, parcel, package; wrapper, cover; obstacle.

nigen -- ebesy. A bunch of hay.

xaɣalta --. Obstacle.

BOГUM / БООМ

n. High and steep promontory; narrow mountain pass or valley.

BOГUM-A / БООМ

[= boum-a] n. Poisonous abscess or carbuncle; anthrax.

-- ebedcin. Anthrax.

BOГUMADA- / БООМДОХ

v.i. To develop anthrax.

BOГUMI / БООМЬ

n. Snare or trap for catching birds, etc., noose, lasso; the cervix of the uterus of animals.

-- cokixu. To throw a lasso.

BOГUMIDA- / БООМЬДОХ

v.t. To trap with a snare, lasso, hold by a rope.

mori --xu. To lasso a horse.

BOГUMILA- / БООМИЛОХ

v.t. To catch with a snare, lariat, or lasso; to strangle.

--zu alaxu. To put to death by strangling.

--zy ykyky. To hang oneself.

BOГUMTA / БООМТ

n. Barrier, obstruction, hindrance; narrow entrance or passage; port of entry; defile; fort, fortified mountain pass, stronghold; blockade; crisis.

-- sakixu. To guard or defend a fort or pass.

dalai jin --. Port, haven.

saɣad --. Hindrances, obstructions.

zam un --. Road blockade or obstruction; a guarded post on a road.

BOГUMTALA- / БООМТЛОХ

v.t. To fortify.

BOГUMTUГ / БОЭМТОГ
n. Bet, wager.

BOГUNI / БОГИНО, БОГОНЬ
adj. Low, short; base, mean.
-- bejety. Of short stature.
-- debel. Short coat, jacket.
-- egesig. Short vowel.
-- γazar. Low place or area.
-- køltei. Short-legged.
-- uxaγantai. Short-sighted, improvident; of low intelligence.
-- xuγucaγan . Short time or term.
-- xuγacaγatai. Short-termed.
øndyr -- . Height.
urtu -- . Length.

BOГUNID- / БОГИНОДОХ
v.i. To be too short or low.

BOГUNIDUГUL- / БОГИНОДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of boγunid-] To shorten, make lower.

BOГUNIDXA- / БОГИНОТГОХ
[v. caus. of boγunid-] To shorten, lower.
xubcasun i --xu. To shorten one's dress.

BOГUNIS- / БОГИНОСОХ
v.i. To shorten, shrink.
edyr --umui. The days become shorter.

BOГUNIXAN / БОГОНЬХОН
adj. Somewhat low or short.
-- kerem. A rather low wall.

BOГURCUГ / БООРЦОГ
See boγursuγ.

BOГURSUГ / БООРСОГ
[= boγurcuγ] n. Bread, pastry.

BOГURSUГCI / БООРСОГЧ
n. Baker.

BOГUS / БООС
n. and adj. Embryo, fetus; pregnant (of animals).
-- γaxai. Sow with young.

BOГUS- / БООСОХ
[= boγusca-, boγusta-] v.i. To be[come] pregnant (of animals).

BOГUSCA-
See boγus-.

BOГUSTA-
See boγus-.

BOГUSXA- / БООСГОХ
v.i. To fecundate, impregnate.

BOГUTOU / БООГУУ
[Ch. pao t'ou 包頭] n. Turban.

BOI / БОЙ
n. Care, caring, rearing.

BOIBUR / БОЙПОР, БОЙФОР
[= boipur, T. spos phor] n. Censer, incense burner.

BOICUГUR / БОЙЦГОР
adj. Having high shoulders.

BOICUГURTU- / БОЙЦГОРТОХ
v.i. To thrust forward one's shoulders; to stoop.

BOIDA, 1. / БОЙДОО
[Ma. booi da] n. Housekeeper of a prince, palace steward.

BOIDA, 2. / БОЙД
See buida.

BOILA- / БОЙЛОХ
v.i. and t. To be a guardian, take care of, look after, nurse, rear.

BOIMILA-
Same as boγumila-.

BOIPUR
See boibur.

BOIR / БОЙР
adj. The male of some animals.
-- xaliγu. Male otter.
-- xandaγai. Male elk.

BOISIL / БОЙШИЛ
n. Yellow amber.

BOITUГ / БОЙТОГ
n. A kind of overshoes used in winter; high boots of reindeer hide.

BOITUГLA- / БОЙТОГЛОХ
v.t. To put on overshoes, etc. See boituγ.

BOIZI- / БОЙЖИХ
v.i. To grow, grow up, become strong (of children or young animals).

BOIZIГUL- / БОЙЖУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of boizi-] To allow to grow up, grow strong.

BOIZILTA / БОЙЖИЛТ
n. Growth, development (of children or young animals).

BOKI, 1. / БОХЬ
n. Residue in pipes; pitch or resin on trees.

BOKI, 2.
n. Slave of the third generation.

BOKIJ-A
adj. Fat, heavy, plump, large and fat; clumsy.
-- nuγusu. Merganser (Sophodytes cucullatus).

BOKINID- / БОХИНДОХ
See bukinid-.

BOKIR / БОХИР
adj. Weakened, bent; bow-legged; dirty, untidy.
-- berij-e. Crutch.
-- usu. Dirty water (as in sewers).

BOKIR- / БОХИРОХ
v.i. To fold, bend; to become crooked.
borbi --xu ygei. To work indefatigably (lit. "without bending the legs").

BOKIRAГUL- / БОХИРУУЛАХ
v.t. To desecrate, profane, defile.

BOKIRLA- / БОХИРЛОХ
v.t. To dirty, soil; to make untidy.

BOKIRUL / БОХИРОЛ
n. Bending; crookedness.

BOKISKI- / БОХИСХИЙХ
v.i. To bow, bend; to bend the knees.

BOKIU
adj. Torpid, benumbed (of foot or leg).

BOL / БОЛ
See bolbasu.

BOL- / БОЛОХ
v.i. a) To become, change into; to happen, occur, take place; to arrive or pass (of time); to be; to exist; to constitute, represent.
--ai. See separate entry.
--ba. See (i).
--bacu. See separate entry.
--basu. See separate entry.
--tuγai. See separate entry.
--uγad. See separate entry.
--zu baimui. There is; there is happening. See also (b).
baγ-a --xu. To be[come] small.
cinu ygyleɡsen ijer --suγai. I will act in accord with your words.
dain bailduγan --xu. War breaks out.
ende bi nige zil --uγsan. I lived or stayed here a year.
ene jaγun --ba. What is that? What has happened?.
kelezy cidaxu ygei --xu. To be[come] unable to speak, be[come] speechless.
tarij-a xurijaxu --ba. It is time to bring in the harvest.
teimy --uγad. Having become so; under the circumstances. See boluγad.
tere kymyn cimadur jaγun --umui. What is the relationship of this man to you?
uridaki mety --bai. It happened just as before; the same thing happened again.
xulaγai --ba. [He] became a thief; a theft was committed.
xural --bai. A meeting took place.
yde --xu. To become noon.
ygei --xu. To disappear, vanish, become nil.

zangsil --xu. To become a habit, become habitual.
zun --ba. Summer has arrived.

b) To be able; to be possible, suitable, or fitting; to succeed, be successful.

--xu γazar. Suitable area[s].
--xu kemzij-e. Suitable or sufficient measure, number, amount, or quantity.
--xu ygei. Not permitted, not permissible; impossible; will not do.
--xu ygei kymyn. "Impossible" person, person difficult to get along with, unreasonable person.
--zu baimui. [It] is fitting, proper, or suitable; [it] is fine.

c) To ripen, mature, become cooked; to become immune.

--uγsan. Well-cooked, well-done (food); ripe.
--uγsan idegen. Cooked food.
--uγsan mix-a. Cooked meat.
--uγsan toγusx-a. Burnt brick.
caγan burxan ijer --xu. To become immune to smallpox after recovering from it.

d) To comply with, yield, acquiesce in, obey.

ese --bai. [He] dissented, disagreed.
yge ber --xu. To comply with somebody's words, take one's advice.
zarliγ ijer --xu. To comply with somebody's order.

e) To pretend, sham (preceded by pres. part.).

idegci --ba. Pretended to be eating.
yly medegci --xu. To pretend not to know.

f) Serves to form attributive or appositional adjectival locutions.

daisun --xu eteged. Hostile elements.
minu nøkyr --xu batu abuγai. Mr. Batu, a friend of mine.

g) After the iterative form in -daγ/ -deg (nomen usus) bolxu means "to become engaged in a certain activity, to acquire a certain habit or characteristic."

mededeg --xu. To begin to understand.
sonin unsidaγ --xu. To start reading newspapers.

h) bolxu preceded by -tai / -tei means " to acquire, obtain, provide oneself with."

tere moritai --ba. He acquired a horse, he has his own horse [now].

i) bolba preceded or followed by cu has a concessive or generalizing meaning.

alin dur cu --ba. No matter to or for whom; for all and sundry.
eimy --bacu. Although it is so.
jaγu --bacu. No matter what it is.
kedyi ber eimy --bacu. No matter how it was or is; in any case, nevertheless, still, yet; be that as it may.
ken --bacu = ken bykyn. No matter who, anybody, everybody, all.
kezij-e cy --ba. Whenever it may be, all the time.

j) Indicates that the action will soon take place (preceded by future noun).

minu nøkyr ireky --bai. My friend will come soon; it is time for my friend to come.

k) Functions as a verbalizer for nouns.

baγsi zarliγ --bai. The master said.
bodulγ-a --xu. To become thoughtful or perplexed.
ezen --xu. To be the master; to be responsible for.
naγasi ben --xu. To draw or come nearer, approach.
tusa --xu. To assist, facilitate.
zarliγ --xu. To give orders, say (hon.).

l) bolxu preceded by ece means "because of, owing to."

tursilγ-a ygei ece --zu, teimy bolba. It happened thus because of inexperience.

BOLAI

[from bol-, to be] A simple copula: it is.
tere sain --. That is good.

BOLBACU / БОЛЮВЧ

[concessive converb of bol-] In spite of, although, even if; no matter how.
jambar --. No matter how; in any case.
kedyi ber eimy --. Although it was or is so; nevertheless; still, yet; be that as it may.
ken --. Whosoever, no matter who.

BOLBAL / БОЛБОЛ

See bolbasu.

BOLBASU

[= bol, bolbal, conditional converb of bol-]

a) If it is; if; if possible.

-- iretygei! Do come, if possible!

teimy busu -- . If it is not so.

tere ireky ygei -- . If he does not come.

b) Serves as an indicator of the subject: as far as ... is concerned; as for ...

bi -- . As far as I am concerned; as for me.

mongγul -- azi jin nigen ulus bolai. Mongolia is one of the Asian countries.

tere -- sain kymyn. He is a good person.

BOLBASUN / БОЛОВСОН

adj. Matured, perfected; cultured, civilized; trained, educated; experienced, prepared, cooked (obs.).

-- bolγaxu. To bring to maturity; to educate, civilize; to train.

-- idegen. Cooked food (obs.).

-- kycyn. Trained personnel, cadres.

-- kymyn. Experienced person; cultured person.

-- mergeziltei. Trained, skilled.

-- ulus. Civilized or advanced nation.

-- zangtai. Cultured, refined.

BOLBASURA- / БОЛОВСРОХ

v.i. To ripen, mature; to acquire knowledge or experience; to be[come] trained; to develop ; to acquire immunity against a disease; to be prepared or processed; to be cooked (obs.).

--γ-a ygei. Unripe, unworked, undeveloped; untrained, inexperienced.

--γsan. Ripe, mature; trained, educated, cultured.

--n gegereky. To become cultured and civilized.

ceceg ijer --γsan. Has or have become immune to smallpox.

erdem dy --xu. To mature in learning or scholarly attainments.

surγaγuli du --xu. To study in school.

BOLBASURAGUL- / БОЛОВСРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of bolbasura-] To cause to ripen, make mature; to manufacture, process; to perfect; to train; to cultivate, educate, civilize; to practice, exercise; to make immune to a disease.

kicijel i --xu. To exercise, practice a lesson.

surγan --xu. To educate, train.

tygykei ed i --xu. To process raw materials.

BOLBASURAL / БОЛОВСРОЛ

n. Ripening, maturity; education, training, development; processing; practice.

-- mergezil. Experience and skill; qualifications.

-- ygei. Uneducated, uncultured, uncivilized.

gegerel -- un azil. Work of cultural enlightenment.

jeryngkei -- . General education or culture.

ulus tøry jin -- . Political training; political maturity.

ulus tøry jin tal-a ber -- ygei. Politically untrained, politically immature.

BOLBASURALTAI / БОЛОВСРОЛТОЙ

[= bolbasuraltu] adj. Mature, educated, enlightened, cultured, civilized.

cerig yn -- bolxu. To receive or have military training.

ulus tøry jin -- . Politically educated or trained.

BOLBASURALTU

See bolbasuraltai.

BOLBASURANGGUI / БОЛОВСРОНГУЙ

adj. Experienced, competent, trained, qualified; educated, civilized, cultured; developed; mature.

BOLBAU

[= bolba + uu] Is ...? Was ...? (expressing expectation, hope, or wonder).

teimy -- ? I guess it is so; I wonder if it is so?

xairalaxu -- ? Will you please grant... (epist.).

BOLBURI

n. Ripening, maturity; perfection; production; result, consequence; possibility.

aldal un -- . Consequence of faults or errors.

yr-e -- . Result.

BOLBURXAI

adj. Round, plump.

-- bej-e. Round or plump body.

BOLDUГ / БОЛДОГ

n. Unevenness; hillock, knoll, mound.

BOLГA- / БОЛГОХ

[v. caus. of bol-] To cause to be[come]; to make, make into; to take as; to let ripen or mature; to digest; to cook, bake.

--n. Mod. conv. of bolγa-; as, in the capacity of. See also separate entry.

--n yzeky. To consider, treat as ...

amuγulangtu --xu. To put at ease.

anggi bylyg --xu. To group, arrange in groups.

bajan elbeg --xu. To enrich.

beleg --n øgky. To give as a present.

caγan --xu. To whiten, whitewash.

daruγ-a --xu. To make, appoint, or select as chief.

ecys tyr --xu. To put or place at the end; to cause to take the last place.

gergei --zu abxu. To take as wife.

idegen --xu erketen. Digestive organ[s].

jabuxu --xu. To cause or induce to go.

kycyn ygei --xu. To declare null and void, invalidate, annul; to deprive of one's rights; to make (someone) powerless.

øndyr --xu. To make high; to raise, increase (as taxes).

ørlyge --xu. To put off or wait till morning.

tyrgen --xu. To speed up, accelerate.

BOLГAN / БОЛГОН

postpositional adj. Each, every.

edyr --. Every day, daily.

kymyn --. Everyone.

zil --. Every year, year after year.

BOLIU- / БОЛГОХ

v.t. To let ripen or become mature; to cook until done; to cure, process; to refine, purify; to beware. Cf. bolγa- and bolγuγa-.

BOLIUГA- / БОЛГООХ

v.i. To be careful, cautious; to beware; to act with care; to deign to; to visit or inquire after a sick person.

ebedcintei kymyn i --xu. To pay a visit to or inquire after the condition of a sick person.

saitur --xu. To think or consider with great care.

BOLIUГAMZI

See bolγumzi.

BOLIUMAL / БОЛГОМОЛ

[n.d. of bolγu-] adj. Cooked; cured; purified, refined, etc.

-- altan. Purified gold.

BOLIUMZI / БОЛГООМЖ

[= bolγuγamzi] n. Care, carefulness, caution, foresight, circumspection; consideration, precaution.

-- ygei. Heedlessness, carelessness, thoughtlessness; thoughtless, careless, heedless.

-- ygei kymyn. Careless person.

BOLIUMZILA- / БОЛГООМЖЛОХ

v.t. and i. To be cautious, careful, consider or think carefully.

--xu keregtei. One has to be cautious.

urida ece --xu. To give careful consideration beforehand, be well prepared for something.

BOLIUMZILAL / БОЛГООМЖЛОЛ

Same as bolγumzi.

BOLIUMZILALTAI / БОЛГООМЖЛОЛТОЙ

[= bolγumzilaltu] adj. Careful, cautious, circumspect, alert, attentive.

BOLIUMZILALTU / БОЛГООМЖЛОЛТ

See bolγumzilaltai.

BOLIUMZITAI / БОЛГООМЖТОЙ

[= bolγumzitu] adj. Careful, cautious, circumspect; attentive, prudent.

-- ber. Cautiously, carefully.

BOLIUMZITU / БОЛГООМЖИТ

See bolγumzitai.

BOLIUZIN

Older form of boluγuzai.

BOLI- / БОЛИХ

v.t. To stop doing something.

BOLIГUL- / БОЛИУЛАХ

[v. caus. of boli-] To cause to stop doing something.

BOLINICA / БОЛЬНИЦ

[= bolnica, R. больница] n. Hospital, infirmary.

BOLKI / БОЛХИ

adj. Stupid, not skillful; slow, inert; unpolished, clumsy; humble expression used by the writer in reference to himself in the epistolary style ("Your humble servant...").

-- degyy. (Your) humble younger brother (= I, epist.).

-- mori. A slow, poor, bad horse.

-- mungxaγ. Stupid.

-- teneg. Stupid.

BOLKIRA- / БОЛХИРОХ

v.i. To become stupid, etc. See bolki.

BOLNICA

See bolinica.

BOLŠEVIK / БОЛЬШЕВИК

[R. большевик] n. and adj. Bolshevik, bolshevistic.

-- josu. Bolshevism.

BOLTUГAI / БОЛТУГАЙ

[Imp. of 2nd and 3rd person of bol-] Let it be, let there be.

-- boltuγai! Enough of this!

axu -- . Let it (or there) be ...

baγ-a cu -- . Even if only a little, if but a little.

BOLUCA / БОЛЦ

n. Ripeness, maturity.

BOLUCATAI / БОЛЦТОЙ

adj. and adv. Ripe, mature; enough, sufficiently.

tarij-a -- . The grain is ripe.

BOLUD, 1. / БОЛД

n. Steel.

γang -- . Steel.

BOLUD, 2.

Same as boluγad.

BOLUГAD / БОЛООД

[Perf. converb of bol-] Having become; also used as conjunction "and," and as quasi-postposition "after" (time).

baγsi -- suruγci. Teacher and student.

tabun minut -- . After five minutes.

BOLUГUZAI / БОЛУУЗАЙ

[= bolγuzin (older form), dubitative form of bol-]. What if it will be or become? I am afraid or worried that ...

toγtaγsan xuγucaγan daγan tegysken yly cidaxu -- kemen zobamui. [I am] worried that [I or we] may not be able to complete [it] within the time limit.

BOLULCA- / БОЛОЛЦОХ

[v. coop. of bol-] To become (collective), to concur, coincide; to be possible.

ali --xu baidal. Every appropriate situation, any possible chance.

ali --xu ber. By all possible means.

bide nøkyr --ja. Let us become friends.

kycyn --xu. To help, cooperate.

BOLULCAГ-A / БОЛОЛЦОО

n. Possibility, chance, opportunity; condition[s].

arγ-a -- . Possibility.

BOLULCAГATAI / БОЛОЛЦООТОЙ

adj. Having the possibility, chance or opportunity.

-- bolbasu. If it is possible.

BOLULГ-A / БОЛЛОГО

n. Immunity to a disease.

ebedcin y -- . Immunity to a disease.

BOLULTAI / БОЛОЛТОЙ

adj. and adv. Possible, probable; probably, possibly, evidently; it seems to be.

-- bolul ygei yge keleky. To talk at random or indiscreetly.

-- jabudal. Something which is possible.

kyrygsen -- . May have arrived, seems to have arrived.

urid ece medegsen -- . Evidently [he] knew [it] beforehand; they obviously foresaw [it].

BOLUMAR[-A] / БОЛМООР

adj. Possible, suitable; it seems possible, may be possible, looks as if.

idezy -- . Edible.
kizy -- . It can be done.
ungsizu -- . Readable.

BOLUMZI / БОЛОМЖ

n. Possibility; circumspection, prudence, wariness.

BOLUMZITAI / БОЛОМЖТОЙ

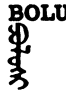
adj. and adv. Having a possibility, possible; decent, sound.
-- ygei. Impossible.

BOLUN / БОЛОН

[modal conv. of bol-] Having become; also used as conj. "and."
ezen -- sayuxu. To dominate or rule over; to become an owner or master.

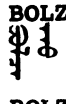
BOLUR / БОЛОР

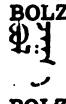
n. Crystal, rock crystal.
-- cidxuxu kyrij-e. Crystal or glass works.
-- cilayu. Crystal.
-- dabusu. Rock salt.
-- erike. "Crystal Rosary," a well-known Mongolian chronicle by Rasipungsuy (1774-75).
-- xumx-a. Crystal vase.
usun -- . Rock crystal.
utayatu -- . Smoky topaz.

BOLUSI / БОЛШ

-- ygei. Impossible, unachievable.
kerkibecy bèr -- ygei. By no means possible, impossible no matter what one does.

BOLXUICA / БОЛХУЙЦ

adj. and adv. Fit, fitting; as far as possible.
-- jeke. As large as possible.
uyuzu -- usu. Water fit for drinking; drinking water.

BOLZA -

Same as bolzu-.

BOLZAГ-A

Same as bolzuy-a(n).

BOLZAR / БОЛЗОР

Same as bolzuy-a(n).

BOLZIГ-A

Same as bolzuy-a(n).

BOLZLJ-A

Same as bolzuy-a(n).

BOLZIMAR

[= bolzimur] n. Lark.

BOLZIMUR / БОЛЖМОР

See bolzimar.

BOLZU- / БОЛЗОХ

v.t. and i. To agree on; to make an appointment; to determine beforehand, prearrange; to foresee, surmise, know beforehand.
--ysan cay. The appointed time.
--ysan yazar. The appointed place.
jamarcu baidal tokijalduxu anu --basu yly bolumui. It is impossible to foresee or predict what we shall be confronted with.

BOLZUГ-A(N) / БОЛЗОО

n. Stipulation, contract, agreement, appointed time, term; rendezvous.
-- bicig. Contract.
-- biciky. To make a written contract.
-- bolzuxu. To make an agreement.
--n u edyr. Appointed day, fixed date.
-- talbixu. To make an appointment or agreement.
-- toytaxu. To agree on a day or date.
-- xoisilayulxu. To extend a term, delay, defer.
-- ygei. Not certain, not limited (as to time), termless; [it] is possible.
dutayaxu -- ygei [He] might escape.

BOLZUГALA- / БОЛЗООЛОХ

v.t. and i. To fix, appoint a time, a day; to make a rendezvous; to agree to; to contract, come to terms.

BOLZUГATAI / БОЛЗООТОЙ

[= bolzuyatu] adj. Agreed upon, fixed, stipulated, appointed; predetermined; limited by a definite time or date.
-- bicig. Contract, written promise, pledge.
-- cay. Appointed time, time agreed upon.

BOLZUГATU / БОЛЗООТ

See bolzuyatai.

BOLZUГUL-

v. caus. of bolzu-.

BOLZUL / БОЛЗОЛ
n. Agreement; condition.

BOLZUSI / БОЛЗОШ
-- ygei. Indefinite[ly], possible, possibly; might happen, unexpected; cannot be prearranged.
jambar bolxu cu -- ygei. One cannot be sure what is going to happen.

BOM
[= bon, T. bon] n. Bon religion, the indigenous religion of Tibet.

BOMBU / БОМБО
[= bonbu, T. bon po] n. Bon priest, follower of the Bon religion.
-- jin surtal. Bon religion.

BOMBUI- / БОМБОЙХ
v.i. To be ball-shaped, globular, or rounded.

BOMDI
Same as bum.

BON
See bom.

BONBU
See bombu.

BONG NGA / БУНЪАА
[T. bong nga] n. Wolf's bane, aconite (usually Aconitum ferox).
caγan --. White aconite (Ch. mo-tung, mai-tung 麥冬).
ulaγan --. Red aconite (Ch. ch'uan-wu 川烏).

BONGXUΓUR / БОНХГОР
adj. Rounded, bulging, protuberant.

BONGXUI- / БОНХОЙХ
v.i. To be rounded and bulging.

BONGXUR / БОНХОР
Same as bongxuγur.

BOR / БОР
n. The young of an otter.

BORBI, 1. / БОРВИ
n. Part of the leg just above the heel, Achilles tendon.
-- ben xabirxu. To strike or knock the heels while walking.

BORBI, 2. / БОРВИ
n. Skin used as a container for liquids.

BORCA / БОРЦ
n. Meat cut in strips and dried.
-- mix-a. Dried meat.
nigen -- mix-a. One strip of dried meat.

BORCALA- / БОРЦЛОХ
v.t. To cut meat in strips for drying.
--γsan mix-a. Dried meat.
--zu xataγaxu. To dry strips of meat.

BORCUΓ
Same as boγurcuγ.

BORDA-
See bordu-.

BORDU- / БОРДОХ
[= borda-] v.t. To fatten animals; to fertilize the soil.

BORDUΓ-A / БОРДОО
n. The act of bordu-; fodder, forage; fertilizer
ebesy --. Fodder, forage, hay.

BORDUΓASU(N) / БОРДООС
Same as borduγ-a.

BORDUΓU / БОРДУУ
adj. Fattened; fertilized.

BORDUΓUL- / БОРДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of borda-.

BORDUΓUR / БОРДУУР
n. Fertilizer.

BORГUCUГ / БОРГОЦОГ
[= borγucui] n. Evergreen tree cone.
narasun u -- . Pine cone.

BORГUCUI / БОРГОЦОЙ
See borγucuγ.

BORГULZI / БОРГОЛЖ
n. A wooden hook or clamp on the rear of a cart for the rope which fastens the load.

BORГULZIN / БОРГОЛЖИН
-- saxal. Beard which grows on the forepart of the neck; a thin beard.

BORGI / БОРГИ
adj. Strong, robust, healthy.

BORGIJ-A, 1. / БОРГИО
n. Rapids in a river.

BORGIJ-A, 2. / БОРГИО
n. Friable soil with poor vegetation.

BORGIJATU- / БОРГИОТОХ
v.i. To murmur (of water); to become hoarse; to gab, babble.

BORGIL / БОРГИЛ
adj. Strong, robust, healthy.

BORGIM-A / БОРГИМ
adj. Thick, glutinous, viscous.

BORKI / БОРЬХ
n. Old badger.

BORTUГ / БОРТОГ
Same as bortuγu.

BORTUГU / БОРТОГО
n. Tub, small wooden bucket; flask made of leather; cylinder; empty cartridge, cartridge case.
γaulin -- . Copper or brass cartridge case.
xoγusun -- . Empty cartridge, cartridge case.

BORU / БОР
adj. Grey, brown; dark, swarthy (face); plain, simple, ordinary; coarse, rough.
-- alaγ. Grey speckled.
-- boγsirγ-a. Sparrow.
-- borulzai. Hyppolitia trifida (plant).
-- burcaγ. Pepper.
-- burγasun. Elm.
-- gem. Catarrh of the colon.
-- ger. A sooty yurt; kitchen.
-- gørygesy. Roe.
-- kiri jin kymyn. A person of plain tastes, modest, person.
-- sir-a. Same as boru gem.
-- ulaγan. Violet.
-- xar-a. Coarse, rough; common, ordinary.
-- xoγul. Meat diet.
xar-a -- . Same as boru xar-a.
xar-a -- azil. Simple physical labor.

BORUBTUR / БОРОВТОР
adj. Greyish, somewhat grey; brownish.

BORUCAR / БОРЦОР
adj. Greyish; brownish.

BORUГ-A БОРОО
n. Arrowhead consisting of a perforated bone button that produces a whistling sound when in flight.

BORUГ-A(N) / БОРОО(Н)
n. Rain.
-- arilba. The rain has stopped.
-- cidxuxu. Rain pours down.
--n u egyle. Rain cloud[s].
-- oruzu baimui. It is raining.
-- sabsixu. To rain for a long time.
-- seg kiky. The rain ceases for a while.
-- siberemyi. It drizzles.
-- simedbe. The rain has moistened the soil.
caγan -- . Hail.
xataγu -- . Hail.

BORUГALA- / БОРООЛОХ
v.i. To rain; to threaten with rain.

BORUГARXAГ / БОРООРХОГ
adj. Rainy.

BORUГASI- / БОРООШИХ
v.i. To become rainy.

BORUГATAI, 1. / БОРООТОЙ
[= boruγatu] adj. Having a boruγ-a, 1., q.v.
-- sumu. Arrow with a boruγ-a, q.v.

BORUГATAI, 2. / БОРООТОЙ
[= boruγatu] adj. Rainy.

BORUГATU
See boruγatai, 1 and 2.

BORUГCIN / БОРОГЧИН
adj. Grey (of female animals).

BORULA- / БОРЛОХ
v.i. To become grey or tanned; to look grey, yellowish-grey, brown; to insist; to force oneself to do something (as when sick).
--γsan mix-a. Slightly boiled meat, with surface only turned grey.
--γsan yzym. Black grape. [Gu.] Black raisins.
abun-a gezy --xu. To insist on having or taking something.

BORULAГUL- / БОРЛУУЛАХ
v.t. To make grey or brown; to brown (as in cooking); to resell.
--zu zaruxu. To resell.

BORULAГULГ-A / БОРЛУУЛГА
n. The act of borulaγul-.
baraγ-a --. Turnover (trade).

BORULAГULГA- / БОРЛУУЛГАХ
v. caus. of borulaγul-.

BORULDAI / БОРОЛДОЙ
adj. Grey (of birds and horses).

BORULZAI / БОРОЛЗОЙ
See boru borulzai under boru.

BORULZI(N) / БОРОЛЖ(ИН)
n. A species of birch (Betula frutiosa).

BORULZIГAN-A / БОРОЛЖГОНО, БОРОЛЗГОНО
n. Shrubs, shrubbery.

BORUNG / БОРОН(Г)
n. Racoon-dog.

BORUNGГUI
adj. and n. Grey, dark; darkness.

BORUNUI
-- sibaγuxai. Kinglet (bird).

BORUNUILA- / БОРНОЙЛОХ
v.t. To harrow.

BORZIGID / БОРЖИГТ
n.p. Clan name of Genggis Khan.

BOS- / БОСОХ
v.i. To rise, stand up; to revolt, rise in arms; to flee, desert; to become a revenant.
--cu dutaγaxu. To flee, escape.
--cu zoγsuxu. To stand up.
--uγci. Rebel.
--un xaraixu. To leap up, jump up.
dain daisun --umui. Rebellion or war breaks out
kereg --xu. Trouble starts.

BOSUГ-A, 1. / БОСГО
n. Doorsill, threshold.
-- giskigyr. Scaffold (in building).
degedy --. Lintel of a door.

BOSUГ-A, 2. / БОСОО
adj. Vertical, upright, erect.
-- modu. Standing tree.
-- zaγam. Stand-up collar.
-- zoγsuxu. To stand on one's feet.

BOSULГ-A / БОСЛОГО
n. The act of rising; revolt, rebellion.
-- γarγaγci. Rebel.
-- γarγaxu. To rise in rebellion or revolt.
-- jin. Revolutionary, rebellious.
xubisxal un esergyy --. Counter-revolution, revolt.

BOSULTA / БОСОЛТ
n. Revolt, mutiny, uprising.
-- jin. Revolutionary, rebellious.

BOSXA- БОСГОХ
[v. caus. of bos-] To cause or order to arise; to raise, construct, erect; to establish, to help to flee or desert.

--zu barixu. To erect, construct.
baγan-a --xu. To erect a column.
dakin --zu baiγulxu. To restore.
køl deger-e inu --xu. To put someone on his feet.
sym-e --xu. To erect a temple .
toγusun --xu. To stir up dust.
tuγ ijen --xu. To raise one's flag.

BOSXAГUL / БОСГУУЛ
n. Fugitive, deserter.

BOSXAГUL- / БОСГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of bosxa-.

BOSXUL / БОСГОЛ
Same as bosxaγul.

BOŠUГ / БОШГО
n. Decree of heaven, fate, destiny; prophecy, prediction; word, sentence; command, order, instruction; decision; permission.
-- ailadxaxu. To request instructions.
-- olxu. To receive a prophecy.
-- øgky. To make a prophecy.
-- xalaxu. To revolt.
-- yzegylky . To predict; to foresee.
tngri jin -- ijer. According to the decree of Heaven.
tngri jin -- i sakixu. To obey Heaven's command.

BOŠUГLA- / БОШГОЛОХ
v.t. To predict, give an oracle, a prophecy.

BOŠUXU
n. A petty officer in the banner system equivalent to a sergeant or corporal.

BOTI / БОТЬ
[fr. T.] n. Volume; a volume or book in the oblong format used for Indo-Tibetan sacred scriptures.

BOTUГ-A
See botuγu(n).

BOTUГU(N) / БОТГО
[= botuγ-a] n. Young camel in its first year, camel colt.
--n u xoγulai. Cotyledon fimbriata (plant).

BOTUГULA- / БОТГОЛОХ
v.t. To bear young (of a camel).

BOUBO / БООВ
[= bobo, Ch. po-po 餑餑] n. Cake, flat cake, cookie.
--n u pyyse. Bakery, confectionery.

BOUBOCI(N) / БООВЧИН
n. Confectioner.

BOUM-A / БООМ
See boγum-a.

BOXULDUI / БООХОЛДОЙ
n. Devil; werewolf.
-- jin idege (= ykydel yn idege, = kerijen nidyn) Asparagus dahuricus.

BOZU / БОЗ
n. Dregs, sediment after distillation, whey.

BOZUГU / БОЗГО
n. Small bird feathers; tufts on the heads of birds.

BØBEGELZIN
See bybygelzin.

BØGYGENE- / БөвөГНөХ
v.i. To mumble, mutter, grumble.

BØGCEI-
See bøgcyi-.

BØGCYGYR / Бөгцгөр
adj. Stooped, hunchbacked; convex.

BØGCYI- / Бөгцийх
[= bøgcei-] v.i. To shrivel, shrink; to bend forward.
--gsen kymyn. Stooped person.
--zy saγuxu. To sit bent forward.

BØGCYILGE- / Бөгцийлгөх
v. caus. of bøgcyi-.

BØGE / Бөө
n. Shaman.

-- jin šasin. Shamanism.
-- mørgyl. Shamanistic faith.

BØGECI / БөөЧ
n. Shaman.

BØGECILE- / БөөЧЛӨХ
v.t. To perform shamanic rites, shamanize, practice magic, evoke spirits.

BØGEGENE- / БөөГНӨХ
v.i. To gather, group; to pile up.

BØGELDYRGE / БөГӨЛДӨРГӨ
[= bøgyldyrge] n. Loop on a whip handle.

BØGELE- / БөөЛӨХ
v.i. To practice shamanism, shamanize.

BØGELZI- / БөөЛЖИХ
v.i. To vomit; to bloom (as grain).
cisun ijer --ky. To vomit blood.
tarij-a --zy baimui. The grain is blooming.

BØGELZIGYL- / БөөЛЖҮҮЛӨХ
[v.caus. of bøgelzi-] To cause to vomit.
--ky em. Emetic drug.

BØGELZIRGEN-E / БөөРӨЛЗГӨНӨ
[= bylzirgen-e] n. Raspberry.

BØGELZISY(N) / БөөЛЖИС(ӨН)
n. Vomiting, nausea; vomit, eructation.
-- kyrky. To feel nauseated.
-- xudxuxu. To feel nauseated.

BØGEM / БөөМ, БөөН
[= bøgen] n. Lump, clot, cluster; ball; bunch; crowd; heap.
-- bøgem. In heaps, in crowds.
-- ijer. Wholesale; in a lump sum; in a crowd, altogether.
-- ijer xudalduxu. Wholesale trading.
-- sirui. Clod of earth.
moγulcuγ -- . Round clod.
nigen -- utasu. A ball of thread.
ulaγan cisun u -- . Red blood corpuscule.

BØGEMLE-
See bøgemne-.

BØGEMNE- / БөөМНӨХ
[= bøgemle-] v.i. To gather together; to form into a lump, become lumpy, coagulate; to pile up.
--zy saγuxu. To sit in a group; to live in a group.

BØGEMNEGYL- / БөөМНҮҮЛЭХ
[v.caus. of bøgemne-] v.t. To gather together; to make into a lump; to concentrate, group, collect, hoard.
zebsegty kycyn ijen --ky. To concentrate armed forces.

BØGEMNEL / БөөМНӨЛ
n. The act of bøgemne-.

BØGEMNERE- / БөөМНӨРӨХ
v.i. To gather, collect, group, accumulate, form into a lump, cluster, or crowd.

BØGEMNEREGYL- / БөөМНӨРҮҮЛЭХ
v.caus. of bøgemnere-.

BØGEN / БөөН
See bøgem.

BØGENCER
-- kymyn. Servant or attendant of a shaman who assists him at ceremonies.

BØGENCYG
n. Reel, spool, or ball of thread or yarn.

BØGER-E / БөөР
n. Kidney; testicle.
-- jin øngge. Kidney color, dark red, brown.

BØGEREDENG
n. Hernia.

BØGERELE- / БөөРЛӨХ
v.t. To castrate.

BØGERELEL / БөөРЛӨЛ
n. The act of castrating, castration.

BØGERELGEN-E / БөөРӨЛГӨНӨ
n. Stone bramble (plant).

BØGERENGKEI / бөөрөнхий
[= bøgeryngkei] adj. Round, spherical, rounded, globular; irresolute, indecisive, evasive; opportunistic.
-- azil jabuγulu/-a. Opportunistic attitude or procedure.
-- cilaγu. Round stone, pebble.
-- siidbyri. Vague decision.
-- sirui. Ball or lump of clay.
-- yzelten. Person[s] without principles; opportunist[s].
-- zang. Irresolute or unsettled character; opportunistic behavior.

BØGERENGKEILE- / бөөрөнхийлэх
v.t. and i. To make round; to be irresolute or indecisive.
em --ky. To make pills.

BØGERENGKYI
Same as bøgerengkei.

BØGERSY(N) /
Same as møgeresy(n).

BØGERYNGKEI
See bøgerengkyi.

BØGESY(N) / бөөс(өн)
n. Louse.
-- kiγurasu. Lice, nits.
cidkyr --. Bedbug.
noxai --. Flea.

BØGESYD[E]- / бөөстөх
v.i. To become infested by lice.
--ygsen. Lousy.

BØGESYG
n. Testicle[s].
-- abxu. To emasculate.
-- arisu. Scrotum.

BØGETYR
See bøgtyr.

BØGEZI / бөгж
n. Metal band, hoop, or ring; finger ring; small brass or iron clamps used in mending broken iron or porcelain. [Mo.] Yoke for draft animals.

BØGLE- / бөглөх
v.t. To fill an opening, stop up, cork up; to calk; to obstruct, barricade; to prevent.
ama --ky. To stop or cover the mouth; to do something perfunctorily just to prevent someone's dissatisfaction.
nyke --ky. To stop up a hole.
øri --ky. To pay off a debt.
toγ-a --ky. To fill in a deficient amount or number.

BØGLEGE / бөглөө
n. Cork, stopper, plug, spigot.
-- abxu. To uncork, unstop.

BØGLEGESY(N) / бөглөөс
Same as bøglege.

BØGLEGYDE- / бөглүүдэх
v.i. To hide or disappear quietely; to retire, retreat.
kedyn alxum --ky. To retreat a few steps.

BØGLEGYL- / бөглүүлэх
v. caus. of bøgle-.

BØGLEGYKEN / бөглүүхэн
adv. A little further.

BØGLEGYR / бөглүүр
n. Stopper, cork.

BØGLEGYRLE- / бөглүүрлэх
v.t. To cork or stop up; to defend or protect a border; to relieve, replace.

BØGLEGYY / бөглүү
n. and adj. Remote place; remote, distant, isolated.
-- γazar. Lonely place, wilderness.
-- xola. Distant, remote, in the distance.

BØGLERE- / бөглөрөх
[= bøglyre-] v.i. To be stopped up, obstructed; to feel suffocated; to choke; to suffer from asthma.
amisxal --ky. To choke.

γasalang ijer --gsen. Overwhelmed by grief..
xoγulai --ged ykyky. To die of suffocation or choking.

BØGLYRE-
See bøglere-.

BØGSE(N) / БӨГС
n. Backside, posterior part, rear, rump, buttock.
--n bej-e. Lower part of trunk, buttocks.

BØGSEDE- / БӨГСДӨХ
v.t. To beat on the buttocks; to spank.

BØGSI-, 1. / БӨГШИХ
[= bygsi-] v.i. To choke with coughing or laughter.
--deg xanijad. Whooping cough.
--n inijeky. To choke with laughter.
--n xanijaxu. To choke with coughing.

BØGSI-, 2. / БӨГШИХ
v.i. To wait in ambush.
--gsen cerig. Soldiers in ambush.

BØGTYI- / БӨГТИЙХ
[= bøkytyi-] v.i. To bend, stoop over, bow; to be stooped, bent, curved.
--n saγuxu. To sit with one's body inclined or with one's head drooping.

BØGTYILGE- / БӨГТИЙЛГӨХ
[v.caus. of bøgtyi-] To bend, incline, bow.

BØGTYR / БӨГТӨР
[= bøgetyr] n. and adj. Stooping, bent ; hunchback.
-- mori. A humpbacked horse.
-- xamartai. Having a hooked or curved nose.

BØGTYRDE- / БӨГТӨРДӨХ
v.i. To be excessively stooped.

BØGTYRE-, 1. / БӨГТРӨХ
v.i. To bend down; to bow; to fold.
--zy niraiłaxu. To be born with hands and feet deformed.

BØGTYRE-, 2.
v.t. To throw or fling over.
xasijan degegyr --ky. To throw [something] over the fence.

BØGTYRGE
n. Slope of a hill, declivity, slant.

BØGYLDYRGE
See bøgeldyrge.

BØGZI
Same as bøgezi.

BØKE, 1. / БӨХ
adj. Strong, solid, stalwart, firm, robust, vigorous, sturdy.
-- caγan. Kind of hardwood. [Gu.] Maple.
-- γoultai. Viable, tenacious of life.
-- kymyn. Strong or robust man.
-- niγurtai. Impudent, shameless.
-- ygei. Flimsy, rickety, not solid or durable.
-- ziryke. Courage, pluck.
-- zirykety. Courageous, plucky, intrepid.

BØKE, 2. / БӨХ
n. Wrestler.
-- amalaxu. To challenge an opponent in wrestling.
-- jin ama. A challenged wrestler.
-- jin bai. Prize awarded in a wrestling match.
-- jin dabaγ-a. A wrestling victory.
-- jin meke. Wrestler's trick.
-- jin onuγ-a. Matching of wrestlers.
-- jin zasaγul. A wrestler's second.
-- zasaxu. To act as a second in wrestling.

BØKE- / БӨХӨХ
[= byggy-] v.i. To wait in ambush.

BØKEI-
See bøkyi-.

BØKELE- / БӨХЛӨХ
v.t. To strengthen, fortify, make firm, reinforce.
--zy barixu. To reinforce (as a building).

BØKELIG / БӨХЛӨГ
adj. Strong, firm, solid, vigorous, durable.
-- kymyn. A solid person.
-- ojuγsan. Solidly sewn.

BØKETEI / БӨХТЭЙ
ami --. Viable, tenacious of life.
niγur --. Impudent, shameless.

BØKEZI- / БөхЖИХ
v.i. To become strong or robust, gain strength.

BØKY(N) / Бөх(өН)
n. Hump of a camel.
--n y øgeky. Fat in the hump of a camel.

BØKYGEGER
Same as bøgcygyr.

BØKYCEI
Same as bøgcyi-.

BØKYGER / БөхГөР
adj. Bent, inclined forward.
-- kituγ-a. Chopper.

BØKYI- / БөхИЙХ
[= bøkei-] v.i. To bend down, bow, bow one's head, salute by bowing, stoop, incline; to lean.
--zy oruxu. To bend and enter (as a tent).
--zy øgky. To give, hand, or present [something] with a bow; to present excuses, apologies.
bej-e --ky. To bow, salute by bowing.

BØKYILGE- / БөхИЙЛГөХ
v. caus. of bøkyi-.

BØKYLZE- / БөхөЛЗөХ
v.i. To bend or bow repeatedly.

BØKYN-E / БөхНө
n. Horse-fly, gadfly.

BØKYNG / Бөхөн(Г)
n. Saiga antelope, gazelle.

BØKYSKI- / БөхөсхИЙХ
v.i. To bend a little, stoop a little, bow a little; to bend repeatedly and quickly; to nod one's head.

BØKYTEI / БөхТэЙ
[= bøkyty] adj. Having a hump or humps (of camels).
nige -- temege. One-humped camel.
xojar -- temege. Two-humped camel.

BØKYTÝ
See bøkytei.

BØKYTYI-, etc.
See bøgtyi-, etc.

BØLDEGE(N) / БөлДГө
n. Testicle[s].

BØLDYRGE
Same as bøgeldyrge.

BØLE
See byly.

BØLYGE
Same as bylyge.

BØMBYGE(N) / БөмБөГ(өН)
n. and adj. Ball; pellet used for crossbows; bomb; globe, sphere; globular, spherical.
-- cakilγan. Ball lightning.
-- cokiγur. Bat.
-- cokixu. To play volleyball.
-- iskylky. To play football.
-- numu. Crossbow for shooting pellets.
-- tegegci. Bomber (airplane).
-- xajaxu. To drop a bomb, release a bomb; to throw a grenade.
-- zøgegci aγar un ongγuca. Heavy bomber (airplane).
γaltu --. Hand grenade; incendiary bomb.
γar --. Handball; volleyball.
køl --. Football.

BØMBYGECI / БөмБөГЧ
n. Bomber (airplane).

BØMBYGEDE- / БөмБөГДөХ
v.t. To bomb.

BØMBYGEDEGCI / БөмБөГДөГЧ
n. Bomber; bombardier.

BØMBYGENE- / БөмБөГНөХ
v.i. To roll (of round objects); to tremble from illness; to wheedle, ingratiate oneself.
-- tel-e cicireky. To tremble from cold or fear.

BØMBYGER / БӨМБӨГӨР

adj. Spherical, globular, vaulted like a cupola.

BØMBYI- / БӨМБИЙХ

v.i. To be round or vaulted; to protrude (of something round).

BØMBYILE- / БӨМБИЙЛӨХ

v.t. To caress, cuddle; to wrap up, bundle up.

BØMBYLCEG

n. A type of silk cloth.

BØMBYLIG / БӨМБӨЛӨГ

adj. Somewhat round.

-- boγursuγ. Kind of round cakes.

-- saba. Round bowl.

BØMBYR / БӨМБӨР

n. Drum.

-- deledky. To drum.

BØMBYRCEG / БӨМБӨРЦӨГ

n. and adj. Ball, globe; spherical, globular.

-- saba. Belly-shaped vessel.

delekei jin --. Terrestrial globe.

γazar un --. Terrestrial globe.

BØMBYRI- / БӨМБӨРӨХ

v.t. To roll, turn.

--zy unaxu. To fall down and roll.

BØRTE

See børty.

BØRTY / БӨРТ

[= børte] adj. Brindled, with spots, mottled, speckled; grey.

-- cinu-a. Multicolored wolf; name of a legendary ancestor of Chinggis Khan.

-- xar-a mori. A black spotted horse.

BØS / БӨС

[Ultimately fr. Gr. byssos. See Laufer, Sino-Iranica, p. 574] n. Material for making clothes, textile, cotton, linen.

-- baraγ-a. Material, textile; cotton fabric.

-- debel. Cotton garment.

-- ger. Cotton tent.

dabuu --. Cotton cloth, textiles.

BØZIG, etc.

See byzig, etc.

BØZYN / БӨЖИН

n. Young of rabbit or hare.

BRAUNING / БРАУНИНГ

[R. браунинг] n. Browning pistol.

BRAXASBADI

See barxasabadi.

BRIГADA / БРИГАД

[R. бригада] n. Brigade; team of workers.

-- jin daruγ-a. Brigadier; team leader.

γabsiγai --. Shock brigade.

BRIJANGGY / БРИЯНГУУ

[S. Priyaṅgu] n. Dracocephalum (plant).

BSIRY

See siry.

BSIU-A

See ziu-a.

BU

[Ch. pu 步 , 240 square pu = one mou 畝] n. A land measure of five Chinese feet.

BUCA- / БУЦАХ

v.i. To return, go back, turn back, revert; to change one's mind, reverse one's de - çision.

--zu xarixu. To go back where one came from.

ama --xu. To retract or break one's word.

kelegsen ece ben --xu. To go back on one's words.

BUCAГA- / БУЦААХ

[v. caus. of buca-] To cause, order or permit to return; to return, send back.

--zu øgky. To return, give back.

BUCAГALГA- / БУУЦААЛГАХ

v. caus. of bucaγa-.

BUCAГALTA / БУЦААЛТ

n. Return; change (in small coin).

BUCAL / БУЦАЛ

-- ygei. Without return, irrevocably.
-- ygei zoriγ. Irrevocable resolution or decision.

BUCAL- / БУЦЛАХ

v.i. To boil, boil over; to be at a boil.
--ugsan usu. Boiled water.
--xu ceg. Boiling point.
--zu sirgeky. To boil away, boil down.

BUCALГ-A / БУЦАЛГА

n. The act of buca-.

BUCALГA- / БУЦАЛГАХ

[v. caus. of bucal-] To boil, bring to the boiling point.
--γsan usu. Boiled water.

BUCALГAГUL- / БУЦАЛГУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of bucalγa-.] To cause to boil or to cook.

BUCALГAГUR / БУЦАЛГУУР

n. Teapot, kettle, boiler.

BUCALTA / БУЦАЛТ

n. Return, turning back.
-- ygei. Without return[ing], irrevocable.
-- ygei ber. Without going back on one's decision; without returning.
zoγsulta -- ygei. Without stopping or returning.

BUCALULГ-A / БУЦАЛЛАГА

n. The act of boiling.

BUCALUM-A / БУЦЛАМ

adj. Boiling, boiled.
-- bulaγ. Hot springs.
-- xalaγun usu. Boiling hot water.

BUCALUMAL / БУЦАЛМАЛ

[n.d. of bucal-] adj. Boiled.

BUCASI, 1. / БУЦАШ

-- xoruxai. Intestinal worm.

BUCASI, 2. / БУЦАШ

-- ygei. Without return[ing], irrevocable, invariable.

BUD / БУД

[S. budha] n. The planet Mercury; Wednesday (obs.).

BUDAГ-A(N) / БУДАА

n. Grain, cereals, millet, porridge, gruel, groats; dinner, meal.
-- cailγaxu. To husk grain.
-- ideky. To eat a meal.
amu --. Grain, cereals.
caγan --. Rice.
γurbalzin --. Buckwheat.
keyked yn --. Semolina.
køke --. Rye.
mixatai --. Cooked cereals with meat.
singgen --. Thin porridge.
sir-a --. Millet.
tarij-a --. Grains.
ulaγan --. Brown rice.
xar-a --. Rye.

BUDAГALA- / БУДААЛАХ

v.i. and t. To eat, dine, eat rice .

BUDAГALALГ-A / БУДААЛЛАГА

n. Banquet, formal dinner.
-- kiky. To give a banquet.

BUDANG / БУДАН(Г)

n. Fog, mist, haze.
-- arilba. The fog has dispersed.
-- sekyky. The fog lifts.
-- tataxu. To be[come] foggy.
-- tunuba. The fog has settled.

BUDANGSI- / БУДАНШИХ

v.i. To become foggy.

BUDANGTA- / БУДАНТАХ

v.i. To grow foggy or hazy.

BUDANGTAI / БУДАНТАЙ

[= budangtu] adj. Foggy, hazy.

BUDANGTU

See budangtai.

BUDDISM / БУДДИЗМ

n. Buddhism.

BUDHA / БУДДА

n. Buddha.
-- jin sasin. Buddhism.
burxan --. Buddha.

BUDU- БУДАХ

v.t. To paint, color, stain, daub; to dye; to smear.
--xu γazar. Dyer's shop.
altan ijer --xu. To gild.
ulaγan ijer --xu. To paint red.

BUDUГ / БУДАГ

n. Dye, paint, coloring.
-- ijer buduxu. To paint.
-- inu γarxu. To become discolored, fade.
-- tyrkiky. To apply paint.
-- un modu. Dyewood.
ceceg ын --. Pollen.
ulaγan --. Red paint.

BUDUГCI / БУДАГЧ

n. Dyer, painter.

BUDUГLA- / БУДАГЛАХ

v.t. To color, dye.

BUDUГUL- / БУДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of budu-.

BUDULИ- / БУДЛИХ

v.t. and i. To do something in confusion; to cause confusion; to be confused.
dur-a ygei -xu. To dawdle, procrastinate for lack of liking or interest.

BUDULИГUN / БУДЛИУН

adj. Awkward, clumsy, maladroit, sluggish, tardy; dull, obtuse.

BUDULЛJAN / БУДЛИАН

n. and adj. Confusion, disorder; trouble, conflict, incident; complication, complicated.
-- γarγaxu. To create trouble or complication.
-- kereg. Embarrassing or complicated affair.
-- tёmecel. Strife, struggle, conflict; disorder.
-- u ezen. One who always starts confusion or trouble.
-- u køryngge. Source or cause of misunderstanding, embarrassment or trouble.

-- xudxuxu. To cause confusion or complication.
kili jin --. Border incident or conflict.
xojar ulus un --. Conflict between two nations

BUDULЛJANTA- / БУДЛИАНТАХ

v.t. and i. To create confusion or disorder; to be[come] complicated or confused.

BUDULЛJANTAГUL- / БУДЛИАНТУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of budulijanta-] To confuse, cause confusion or disorder.

BUDULЛJANTAI / БУДЛИАНТАЙ

[= budulijantu] adj. Confused, distrubed, pertürbed, embarrassed; conplicated.

BUDUMAL / БУДМАЛ

[n.d. of budu-] adj. Painted, colored, tainted, daubed.

BUDUNGГUI / БУДАНГУЙ

n. and adj. Darkness; dark, opaque; obscure, troubled; muddy; stupid, uncivilized; disgraceful.
-- buzar. Defilement; disgrace.
-- jabudal. Disgraceful act or conduct.
-- ji arilγaxu. To wipe out disgrace; to disperse darkness.
-- salkin. Sandstrom.
-- sedkil. Obscured, benighted, or ignorant mind.
-- usu. Turbid or muddy water.
-- uxaγan. Obscured mind.
buzar --. Dirty, filthy.

BUDUNGГUIRA- / БУДАНГУЙРАХ

v.i. To be[come] darkened, obscured, dim; to become stupid.
tngri --ba. The sky has darkened or is overcast.

BUDUNGГUIRAГUL- / БУДАНГУЙРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of budungγuira-] To make hazy; to obscure, darken.

BUDUNGГUIRAL / БУДАНГУЙРАЛ

n. The act of obscuring, darkening; stupidity.

BUDUNGГUITAI / БУДАНГУЙТАЙ

Same as budungui.

BUDURГAN-A

n. Suaeda prostrata, Iljinia Regelii.

BUГ / БУГ

n. An evil spirit, demon, vampire.
-- bosxu. To rise from the grave as a vampire.
-- cidkyr. Demons.

BUГA-

v.i. To be opinionated, capricious, obstinate.

BUГSA- / БУГСАХ

v.i. To be angry or sulky; to mope.

BUГSI- / БУГШИХ

v.i. To be angry; to rot, fester, ripen (of an abscess); to hide, be hidden.

BUГTUI-

v.i. To stoop, duck, bend down.

BUГU / БУГА

n. A male deer; a game somewhat similar to checkers.
-- jin eber. Horns of the maral; hart's horn; sal volatile.
-- naγadxu. To play buγu (game).
-- urumdaxu. The stag roars; to allure stags by a whistle.

BUГU- / БУГАХ

v.i. To buck (as a horse).

BUГUDAI / БУУДАЙ

[= buudai] n. Wheat.
-- jin ariki. Strong liquor made from wheat.
-- jin cacuγ. Wheat beard.
-- jin γulir. Wheat flour.
-- jin ilaγ-a. Hessian fly (Mayetiola destructor, Phytophaga destructor).
-- kebeg sibaγasu. Plaster made from husks of wheat mixed with clay.
ulaγan -- Wheat.
xaγuraγsan --. Parched wheat.

BUГUI / БУГУЙ

See baγui.

BUГUBCI / БУГУЙВЧ

See baγubci.

BUГUICI

See baγubci.

BUГUIL / БУГУЙЛ

n. Lasso for catching horses.

BUГUILDA- / БУГУЙЛДАХ

v.t. To catch horses with a lasso.

BUГUL

adj. Deteriorated from dampness.
-- amu. Millet spoiled by dampness.

BUГULAГ / БУГАЛАГ

[= buγuluγ] n. The humerus; shoulder, shoulder bone.

BUГULГ-A / БУУЛГА

[= buulγ-a] n. Yoke, whipple-tree; horse collar.

BUГULSI-

v.i. To be changed by nature or the passage of time; to be spoiled, corrupt; to lose the natural color.

BUГULUГ

See buγulaγ.

BUГUR-A / БУУР

n. Male camel.
-- oruxu. To rut (of male camels).

BUГURAI- / БУУРАЙХ

v.i. To appear or turn grey.

BUГURAL / БУУРАЛ

[= buγurul] adj. Grey, grey-haired, greyish
-- bolxu. To grow grey.
-- ebygen. White-haired old man.
-- mori. Partly grey horse, roan horse.
-- oruxu. To start turning grey.
-- saxal. Grey mustache.
-- xaliγun. Grey horse with dark mane and tail.
-- ysyty. Grey-haired.

BUГURALSI- / БУУРАЛШИХ

v.i. To start turning grey.

BUГURASA- / БУУРСАХ

v.i. To rut (of female camels).

BUГURCAГ

See burcaγ.

BUГURUL

See buγural.

BUГUU

Same as baγubci.

BUГZAI- / БУГЗАЙХ

v.i. To be[come] stubborn, obstinate, or capricious.

BUГZALA- / БУГЗЛАХ

v.t. To throw something on the ground.

BUI / БУЙ, БИЙ

[defective verb, also used as adj., cf. bi, 2.] Being, existing; is, am, are.

-- abasu. If there is /are.

-- baidal. Existing situation, state of affairs.

-- bygyde. Everything existing.

-- ele. Whatever there is, whatever exists, everything available.

-- z-a [= bize]. May be, seems to be; [it] is probable; perhaps.

ken -- ? Who is it?

γadaγadu u -- . Being abroad; [he] is abroad.

kymyn y erke dy -- kymyn. One who is in somebody's power.

tegyn dy -- . He has [it].

teimy -- z-a. It seems so.

BUIDA / БУЙД

[= boida, 2.] adj. Secluded, out-of-the-way, remote; devious.

-- γazar. Remote or secluded place.

BUILA / БУЙЛ

n. Peg (usually of wood) piercing the nose of a camel to one end of which the halter is attached.

BUILA- / БУЙЛАХ

v.i. To shout, cry, bellow (of camels).

BUILAГUL- / БУЙЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of buila-.

BUILALA- / БУЙЛЛАХ

v.t. To insert a buila(peg) in the septum of a camel's nose.

BUIMANG / БУЙМАНГ

n. Hearts (playing cards).

BUJAN / БУЯН

[S. punya] a) Moral, merit, meritorious act, virtuous deed, virtue.

-- i xurijaxu. To accumulate religious merits.

-- kiky. To perform a meritorious deed.

-- tegylder. Virtuous.

-- u yr-e. Fruit of good deeds.

b) Religious services performed for a deceased person or meritorious acts performed on his behalf.

-- nom. Religious ceremony for a deceased person.

-- u jabudal. Religious ceremony for a deceased person.

c) Good luck, fortune, happiness, prosperity.

-- kesig. Luck, fortune, riches.

-- ygei. Having bad luck or ill fortune.

BUJANCI / БУЯНЧ

n. Philanthropist, charitable person; benefactor.

BUJANTAI / БУЯНТАЙ

[= bujantu] adj. Virtuous; happy, lucky, fortunate; kind, charitable, beneficent.

-- edyr. Auspicious day.

-- kymyn. A virtuous person; a fortunate person.

BUJANTU / БУЯНТ

See bujantai.

-- amuγulang i ailadxan, ... A respectful phrase used in the epistolary style: "May I respectfully present my greetings..."

BUJU / БУЮУ

[defective verb used as a copula with affirmative meaning and as the conj. "or"] Is, are; or.

ama -- bicig ijer. Orally or in writing.

arγ-a -- . No other way; how else?

tegyn dy tabun kybegyn -- . He has five sons.

BUKINID- / БУХИНДАХ

[= bokinid-] v.i. To be very sad, chagrined, annoyed; to fret, grieve; to be troubled or upset; to become restive (of animals).

cidaxu ygei degen --xu. To be chagrined or frustrated because of one's inability to do something.

' dotur-a --xu. To feel sick.

BUKINIDUL / БУХИНДАЛ

n. Sadness, melancholy, worry, frustration.

BUKINIDULTAI / БУХИНДАЛТАЙ

[= bukinidultu] adj. Sad, gloomy, melancholic; saddening, irritating.

BUKINIDULTU / БУХИНДАЛТ

See bukinidultai.

BULA- / БУЛАХ

v.t. To conceal; to plant; to bury.

γazar tur --xu. To bury something in the ground.

modu -- . To plant a tree; to erect a post.

ykygsen kymyn i --xu. To bury a corpse.

BULAГ, 1. / БУЛАГ

n. Spring, source, fountain head.

-- dabalumui. A spring rises or bubbles.

-- jin usu. Spring water.

erdem yn -- . Source of knowledge.

BULAГ, 2. / БУЛАГ

adj. Having white spots, partly white.

-- køl. White foot or leg (of animals).

-- mori. A horse with white spots.

alaγ -- . See alaγ.

BULAГ, 3. / БУЛАГ

-- ebedcin. Scrofula, king's evil.

BULAГ-A(N) / БУЛГА(Н)

n. Sable.

--n tabaγ. Cat's - paw (plant).

BULAГLA- / БУЛАГЛАХ

v.i. To gush forth, bubble (as a spring).

BULAГTA - / БУЛАГТАХ

v.i. To be afflicted with scrofula.

BULAI / БУЛАЙ

adj. Loathsome, vile, abominable, disgusting; filthy.

buza" -- . Loathsome, abominable, obscene; filthy.

BULAITAI / БУЛАЙТАЙ

[= bulaitu] adj. Loathsome, vile, abominable, disgusting; filthy.

BULAITU / БУЛАЙТ

See bulatitai.

BULAMAL / БУЛМАЛ

[n.d. of bula-] adj. Hidden; buried.

BULANGGIR / БУЛИНГАР

[= bulunggir]. n. and adj. Distrubed lees or sediment in liquids; turbid; depraved, corrupt.

-- usu. Muddy or turbid water.

BULANGGIRSI- / БУЛИНГАРШИХ

v.i. To become dirty, filthy, muddy, or turbid (of liquids).

BULANGGIRTA- / БУЛИНГАРТАХ

v.i. To be[come] dirty, muddy, or turbid; to be[come] depraved, corrupt.

BULANGGIRTAI / БУЛИНГАРТАЙ

adj. Turbid, muddy, dirty; depraved, corrupt.

BULAR / БУЛАР

adj. Friable, crumbly, soft (of soil).

-- γazar. Friable soil.

BULARA-

v.i. To issue from the ground (as water); to bleed; to sink into the sand or ground.

mangxan dur --xu. To sink or get stuck in a dune.

BULARXAI / БУЛАРХАЙ

adj. Soft, friable, crumbly (of soil); covered with or buried in the sand.

-- γazar. Friable soil.

-- xuduγ. Sand-filled well.

-- zam. A road buried in sand.

BULASI(N) / БУЛШ

n. Something buried; place where something

is buried; grave, sepulchre, tomb, cemetery.
-- maγutai. Not planted properly.
--n -γazar. Burial ground.
--n du orusiγulxu. To bury.

BULASILA- / БУЛШЛАХ
v.t. To bury, put into a grave.

BULASILAГCI / БУЛШЛАГЧ
n. Grave-digger.

BULCIГANA- / БУЛЧИГНАХ
v.i. To move here and there or back and forth; to appear and disappear repeatedly.

BULCILZA- / БУЛЧИЛЗАХ
Same as bulciγana-.

BULCING / БУЛЧИН(Г)
n. Calf, muscle of the leg or arm; muscle[s].
-- nekemel. Muscular tissue.
-- urbaxu. To have cramps in the muscles of the leg or arm.
køl yn --. Calf of the leg.

BULCIRXAI / БУЛЧИРХАЙ
n. Gland; ganglion; swollen gland.
-- cocixu. Inflammation of glands, bubo.
bambai --. Thyroid gland.
bøger-e degereki --. Adrenal gland.
tungγalaγ yn --. Lymphatic gland.

BULCIRXAIГA- / БУЛЧИРХАЙТАХ
v.i. To develop glands; for a gland to swell.

BULDUR / БУЛДАР
-- saldur. Uneven, rough, rugged (of terrain); coarse, unrefined, impolite.

BULDURU / БУЛДРУУ
n. and adj. Bump, lump, wen, swelling; hillock, knoll.
-- γazar. Uneven or rough area, rugged terrain.

BULГAL-
See bulγul-.

BULГARA- / БУЛГАРАХ
See bulγura-.

BULГARI / БУЛИГААР
[= buliγar] n. Yuft, Russia leather.
-- un zabod. Tannery; leather factory.

BULГARXAI / БУЛГАРХАЙ
adj. Broken or fallen out; disjointed, luxated.

BULIU / БУЛГА
Reinforcing adverbial particle placed before verbs expressing breaking at the root, uprooting, or pulling out of a socket.
-- cokixu. To knock out (as a tooth).
-- tataxu. To pull out with the root, uproot, jerk out.

BULIU-
Same as bulgi-.

BULIUL- / БУЛГАЛАХ
[= bulγal-] v.t. To disjoint, luxate; to break at the root, knock out of a socket.
sidy --xu. To break or knock out a tooth.
yj-e ber inu --xu. To break at the joint.

BULIURA- / БУЛГАРАХ
[= bulγara-] v.i. To be disjointed or luxated; to come out of a socket; to be uprooted.
yndesyn ijer --xu. To be uprooted (of hard objects).

BULGI- / БУЛГИХ
v.i. To buck, kick; to throw off, toss off; to spit out that which cannot be chewed.

BULI
See šali.

BULI- / БУЛИХ
v.t. and i. To overcome, conquer, take by force; to be superior in strength.

BULIГAR
See bulγari.

BULIГDA- / БУЛИГДАХ
v. pass. of buli-.

BULLJA- / БУЛААХ
v.t. To take away by force , seize, grab, rob, pillage, captivate, ravish.
--n abxu. To take away by force; grab.

dur-a ji --xu. To charm, captivate.
sedkil i --xu. To captivate somebody's heart, charm; to instill with enthusiasm.
xaγan u tφry ji --xu. To usurp the throne.
zasaγ un erke ji --n abxu. To seize political power.

BULIJACALDU- / БУЛААЦАЛДАХ
[v. rec. of bulija-] To seize from each other (as power or property); to dispute, argue, quarrel.
--zu abxu. To grab, snatch.
baril --xu. To try to grab the opponent first (wrestling).
yge --xu. To argue, dispute.

BULIJACALDUГ-A(N) / БУЛААЦАЛДАА(Н)
Same as bulijalduγan.

BULIJAГDA- / БУЛААГДАХ
[v.pass. of bulija-] To be taken away by force, seized, grabbed, or robbed.

BULIJALCA- / БУЛААЛЦАХ
[v. coop. of bulija-] To seize from each other, fight over something; to argue back and forth.
olza ben --xu. To contest the booty.

BULIJALDU- / БУЛААЛДАХ
[v. rec. of bulija-] To dispute, quarrel, fuss; to argue back and forth.
esergyy tesergyy --n ygyleldyky. To quarrel, argue back and forth.

BULIJALDUГACI / БУЛААЛДААЧ
n. Quarreler, trouble-maker.

BULIJALDUГAN / БУЛААЛДААН
n. Dispute, controversy, debate.

BULIJALDUГANTAI / БУЛААЛДААНТАЙ
adj. Controversial.

BULIJALГA- / БУЛААЛГАХ
v. caus. of bulija-.

BULIL / БУЛИЛ
n. Temperance, moderation.

BULILA- / БУЛИЛАХ
v.i. To be moderate, temperate, sober.

BULILAL БУЛИЛАЛ
n. Moderation, temperance.
-- ygei. Immoderate[ly], indefatigable, indefatigably.

BULILTAI / БУЛИЛТАЙ
[= buliltu] adj. Content; moderate, sober.

BULILTU
See buliltai.

BULIMAГAI / БУЛИМГОЙ
adj. Stronger than others, superior.

BULIXAI / БУЛЬХАЙ
n. Ruse, deceit, cheating; excuse; slanderer.
-- γarγaxu. To cheat.

BULIXAICI / БУЛЬХАЙЧ
adj. and n. Deceitful, crafty or tricky [person]; cheater.

BULIXAILA- / БУЛЬХАЙЛАХ
v.t. To use a ruse or tricks; to acquire by unlawful means; to fool, trick, cheat, deceive; to make a foul play.

BULTA- / БУЛТАХ
v.i. To avoid, flee, dodge, sneak or slip away.
ajul ece --zu dutaγaxu. To flee from danger.
alban ece --zu dutaγaxu. To abscond in order to avoid corvée.

BULTACI / БУЛТАЧ
n. and adj. An easy-going person; indolent.

BULTAГUL- / БУЛТУУЛАХ
v. caus. of bulta-.

BULTAI- / БУЛТАЙХ
v.i. To stick out, appear, or show slightly.
ebesy --zu γarba. The grass peeped out of the ground.
γadaγsi --xu. To jut out, appear, or show outside.

nara egylen y zabsar ijer --zu yzegdemyi. The sun peeps out from between the clouds.

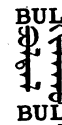
tere ene edyr --ɣsan ygei. He did not show up today.



BULTAILGA- / БУЛТАЙЛГАХ

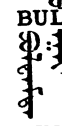
[v. caus. of bultai-] To show something partially.

tolu ɣai ben egyden ijer --xu. To show one's head outside the door.



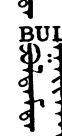
BULTALKILA-

v.t. To avoid, dodge, shun.



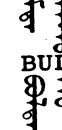
BULTAMTAGAI / БУЛТАМТГАЙ

adj. Evasive; shirker.



BULTAMTAGAILA- / БУЛТАМТГАЙЛАХ

v.i. To avoid work; to be a shirker.



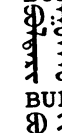
BULTARI- / БУЛТРАХ

v.i. To avoid, evade, try to get out of; to be lazy, slow, or undecided.



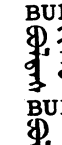
BULTARIGUL- / БУЛТРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of bultari-.



BULTASKI- / БУЛТАСХИЙХ

v.i. To appear and disappear quickly.

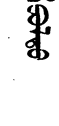


BULTU / БУЛТ

adj. and adv. All, whole, without exception; entire[ly], complete[ly].

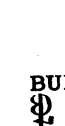
-- irelyge. All have arrived.

kereg ijen -- toɣalaxu. To tell the whole story.



BULTUR

-- saltur. Uneven, rough, rugged; unclean, untidy; rude, unpolished, impolite.



BULU, 1. / БУЛ

n. Hub of a wheel, wheel; cylinder, roller for husking grain or leveling ground.

-- cilaɣu. Stone roller used for hulling grain; boulder.

isegei jin --. Cylinder for rolling felt.

ɣazar un --. Roller for leveling ground.

tergen y --. Hub of a wheel; car or cart wheel.

BULU, 2. / БУЛУУ(Н)

n. Bump on the body; the thick end of a marrow bone.

-- jasu. Upper part of a marrow bone.



BULUDA- / БУЛДАХ

v.t. To roll with a roller; to thrash wheat; to remove the hulls of grain with a stone roller.

amu --xu. To thrash grain.

isegei ji --xu. To roll felt with a roller.

temyr bulus ijer tarij-a --xu. To thrash grain by rolling iron cylinders over it.

BULUDAGUL- / БУЛДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of buluda-.

BULUNG / БУЛАН(Г)

n. Corner, angle, end; bend of a river; bay, gulf.

dalai jin --. Bay, gulf.

delekei jin øncyg -- kyrtel-e. Reaching every corner of the world.

sirege jin --. Corner of a table.

talki jin --. Cut end of a loaf of bread.

usun --. Gulf, bay.

BULUNGGIR, etc.

See bulanggir, etc.

BULUNGNA-

v.i. and t. To make a sharp turn; to hide in a corner; to appear and scamper back into hiding (as rodents); to keep secret.

BULUNGTAI / БУЛАНТАЙ

adj. Having a corner or corners; angular.

BULXA- / БУЛХАХ

v.t. To dip in water; to rinse.

BULXAGUL- / БУЛХУУЛАХ

v. caus. of bulxa-.

BULXAI, etc. / БУЛХАЙ

Same as bulixai, etc.

BULZALA-

v.t. To boil until soft, stew, cook slowly.

BULZAR- / БУЛЗААРАХ
v.t. To evade.

BULZARГ-A
n. Evasion.

BULZARГATAI
adj. Evasive.

BULZARUГUL- / БУЛЗААРУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of bulzar-] To divert somebdoy's attention.
--zu solixu. To substitute.

BULZI- / БУЛЖИХ
v.i. To slip out, become dislocated (as a joint).
yj-e --ba. The limbhas become luxated.

BUM- / БУМ
[= gbum, bym, T. hbum] num. Hundred thousand.

BUMBA, 1. / БУМБА
[T. bum pa] n. Vessel, container (esp. for holy objects or holy water), vase, urn; suction cup, cupping glass.
-- talbixu. To apply suction cups.

BUMBA, 2. / БУМБА
[T. hbum pa] n. Vault, vaulted roof, dome; mound over a grave, tombstone, tumulus; statue, monument.
kegyr -- . Grave[s], tomb[s].

BUMBA, 3. / БУМБА
n. Nun (obs.).

BUMBADA- / БУМБАДАХ
v.i. To apply a cupping glass or suction cups.

BUMBU
Same as bombu.

BUNGXANG БУНХАН
n. Tomb, mausoleum, small shrine holding the figure of a deity.

BUR, 1. / БУР
adj. Muddy; obscure, dark, shady.

BUR, 2.
Onomat. descriptive of boiling, bubbling, or gurgling.
-- bur kiky. To gurgle, bubble.

BURAГ-A, 1. / БУРАА
[= burγ-a] n. Dense grove or forest; thicket.

BURAГ-A, 2. / БУРАА
n. and adj. Talker, gossiper; talkative, gossipy, garrulous.

BURAM / БУРАМ
[T. bu ram] n. Cane sugar; brown sugar.
-- un ariki. Liquor made of sugar cane.
-- un modu. Sugar cane.
caγan -- . Powdered sugar.
xar-a -- . Brown sugar.

BURCAГ / БУУРЦАГ
n. Pea[s], bean[s].
-- sumu. Small shot.
-- un xalisu. Pods of peas or beans.
-- un zarm-a. Pea flour.
γurbalzin -- . Buckwheat.

BURCI-
v.t. To raze, destroy; to break, crush.
sedkil --xu. To crush mentally.

BURCIGINA- / БУРЧИГНАХ
v.i. To be[come] enraged.

BURГ-A
See buraγ-a.

BURГANI- / БУРГАНАХ
v.i. For the snow to fall.

BURГASU(N) БУРГААС(АН), БУРГАС
n. Willow, osier; willow branches; twigs of willow; brushwood.
--n u gølyge. Shoots of a willow tree; pussy-willow buds.
--n u ungγaril. Catkins of willow.
--n xasij-a Fence made of osiers.
boru -- . Elm tree.
ulaγan -- . Red willow.

BURГASUDA- / БУРГААСДАХ
v.t. To beat with a willow switch.

BURГUI / БУРГУЙ

n. A piece of wire used to clean a smoking pipe; syringe; catheter, clyster, enema.

BURГUIDA- / БУРГУЙДАХ

v.t. To clean a smoking pipe; to catheterize; to give an enema.

γangsa --xu. To clean a smoking pipe.

BURГUUSU(N)

n. Mosquito, gnat.

BURGI- / БУРГИХ

v.i. To rise in clouds; to whirl (as dust, water, or smoke); to fume with anger, become enraged.

bulaγ un usu --zu baimui. The water of the spring wells up.

toγusu --mui. Dust rises in whirls.

utaγ-a degegsi --mui. Smoke curls up.

BURGIГUL- / БУРГИУЛАХ

v. caus. of burgi-.

BURGILA- / БУРГИЛАХ

v. freq. of burgi-.

--zu bucalxu. To boil briskly.

--zu origilxu. To bubble up, spout (as a spring).

BURGILDAГ / БУРГИЛДАГ

adj. Tempestuous, stormy, whirling.

BURGIRA-

Same as burgi-.

utaγ-a --mui. The smoke spreads or curls upward.

BURI

Same as buriba.

BURIBA / БУРИВАА

n. Mould, mustiness.

BURIDA-

v.i. To grow mouldy or musty.

--γsan. Mouldy.

BURЈAD / БУРИАД

n.p. and adj. Buryat.

BURЈAГUL / БУРИАГУУЛ

n. Dasiphora parvifolia (plant).

BURIMAГ / БУРИМАГ

adj. Slanderous, libelous, defamatory.

BURSANG

[Ch. fo-seng 佛僧] n. Buddhist priest or clergy.

-- xuvaraγ. Buddhist priest or clergy.

BURTAГ / БУРТАГ

n. and adj. Impurity, stain, dirt, defilement, filth; unclean, dirty, soiled, filthy.

-- bolγaxu. To soil, make unclean.

-- bolxu. To become soiled, unclean.

-- idegen. Unclean food.

-- ynyr. Foul smell.

jar-a jin --. Discharge from infected wounds, etc.

xoγ -- bolγaxu. To soil, sully, defile.

BURTAГLA- / БУРТАГЛАХ

v.t. To defile, soil, sully; to profane.

BURTAГLAГUL- / БУРТАГЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of burtaγla-.

BURTAГTAI / БУРТАГТАЙ

[= burtaγtu] adj. Dirty, soiled, defiled, impure, unclean, profane.

BURTAГTU / БУРТАГТ

See burtaγtai.

BURUГU / БУРУУ

n. and adj. Error, misconception, mistake, guilt; erroneous, false; unjust; wicked; contrary; left-hand side (of a person); right-hand side (of a riding animal).

-- ber. Incorrectly, wrongly, erroneously; falsely, unjustly.

-- ber uduriduγci. A false guide, seducer.

-- ergiky. To turn counterclockwise; to be turning the wrong way.

-- eteged. Opposite side.

-- køl. Left foot.

-- kysel. Carnal desire.

-- medel. Erroneous knowledge, misunderstanding.

-- minykei bylyge. It was my error, I was wrong.
-- nom. False doctrine, heresy, heterodoxy.
-- nomtai. Non-Buddhist, pagan, sectarian, heretic.
-- oilγaxu. To misunderstand.
-- sanaγ-a. Wicked thought[s], bad intention.
-- surtal. False doctrine, heresy, heterodoxy.
-- tal-a. Wrong side; right side of a horse, left side of a person. See zøb tal-a.
-- tataxu. To draw in the opposite direction; to lead astray or into error; to seduce.
-- xaraxu. To turn (one's head) away.
minu --. [It is] my fault, I am sorry.

BURUГUD-, 1. / БУРУУДАХ
v.i. To be wrong, be at fault; to be distorted.

BURUГUD-, 2. / БУРУУДАХ
v.i. To flee.

BURUГUDA
adv. Wrongly, unjustly, falsely.

BURUГUDXA- / БУРУУТГАХ
[v.caus. of buruγud-] To blame or accuse unjustly; to reproach; to distort.
kymyn y kelegsen i --xu. To distort somebody's words.

BURUГULA- / БУРУУЛАХ
v.i. To flee, run away, take to one's heels.
cirai --xu. To turn one's face away, try to be unnoticed.

BURUГULAГUL- / БУРУУЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of buruγula-.

BURUГUSLJA- / БУРУУШААХ
v.t. To recognize or acknowledge as incorrect, false, erroneous, or wrong; to disaprove, blame, reproach, rebuke; to accuse.
--n temdegleky. To acknowledge or recognize as unsatisfactory; to blame, reproach, criticize.
bej-e ben --xu. To blame, accuse oneself.

BURUГUSLJAГDA- / БУРУУШААГДАХ
v.pass. of burugusija-.

BURUГUSLJAL / БУРУУШААЛ
n. The act of blaming; blame, reproach, reprimand, rebuke.

BURUГUSLJALГ-A / БУРУУШААЛГАА
Same as buruγusijal.

BURUГUSLJALГA- / БУРУУШААЛГАХ
v. caus. of buruγusija-.

BURUГUTAI / БУРУУТАЙ
[= buruγutu] adj. Blameworthy, blamable, reprehensible; wrong, incorrect.
-- bolxu. To be[come] guilty; to commit errors.

BURUГUTAN / БУРУУТАН
n. Malefactors, culprits, the guilty ones.

BURUГUTU / БУРУУТ
See buruγutai.

BURUNGXUI / БУРАНХАЙ
adj. Impudent, insolent, quarrelsome.

BURUNGXUILA- / БУРАНХАЙЛАХ
v.i. To be impudent, insolent, quarrelsome.

BURUNTAГ / БУРАНТАГ
[= buruntuγ] n. Halter, rope attached to the mouth of a camel.
-- zegyky. To put a peg with a lead into a camel's nose.

BURUS
See barus.

BURXACI
[= burxanci] n. A painter of sacred, religious images.
-- uran. Same as above.

BURXAN / БУРХАН
n. Buddha, god, deity; image of Buddha.
-- baγsi. The Buddha Gautama, Shakyamuni.
-- bolxu. To become a Buddha; to die (hon.).
-- cinartai. Buddha-like, god-like; divine.
-- ørysij-e! God have mercy = God bless you! (said when somebody sneezes, etc.).

-- u køryg. Image of a Buddha; icon.
-- u mør. The way of the Buddha, way of becoming a Buddha, way to Buddhahood.
-- u šasintan. Buddhist[s].
-- u sirege. Offering table before a Buddhist image, altar.
-- u xutuγ. Sanctity or rank of a Buddha.
-- u ziruγ. Image of a Buddha, religious painting; icon.
-- ygei. Atheistic, atheist; atheism.
-- ziruxu. To paint a Buddha or religious painting.
caγan -- . Smallpox.
isegei --. Felt idols (shamanistic).

BURXANCI
See burxaci.

BURXANGGYI / БУРХАНГҮЙ
[= burxan ygei] adj. Atheistic.

BURXANGGYICYD / БУРХАНГҮЙЧҮҮД
pl. of burxanggyi.
-- yn eblel. Society of atheists.

BURZANGNA-
Same as burcigina-.

BURZIGINA- / БУРЖИГНАХ
Same as burgi-.

BURZIGIR / БУРЖГАР
adj. Curly, frizzly.

BURZII- / БУРЖИЙХ
v.i. To curle, frizzle.

BURZUI, etc.
See byrzyi, etc.

BUSAГ
See under keseg.

BUSAKI / БУСХИ
adj. and n. Bad, wicked; immoral; ignominious, shameless, depraved; disgrace, dishonor.

BUSAKILA- / БУСХИЛАХ
v.i. To act immorally, carelessly, heedlessly, ignominiously, or shamelessly.

BUSALГA-
v.i. To collect, accumulate.

BUSANI- / БУСНИХ
v.i. To break up; to be scattered, destroyed, ruined.
--n tarxaxu. To break up; to be scattered.
ami --xu. To lose one's life.

BUSANIГUL- / БАСНИУЛАХ
[v. caus. of busani-] v.t. To break up; to scatter; to destroy, ruin; to squander.
ami --xu. To kill, murder.
ebdezy --xu. To destroy.
ed køryngge --xu. To ruin financially or economically.
køgegezy --xu. To chase and disperse (as a herd of cattle).
syidken --xu. To squander.

BUSARA- / БУСРАХ
v.t. To betray, break a promise.

BUSIГU / БУШУУ
[= bisiγu] adj. and adv. Prompt[ly], quick[ly], alert; diligent.
-- amatai. Quick at repartee.
-- ber. Hastily, swiftly, quickly.
-- gyjyzy ireky. To come running.
-- kymyn. A swift person.
-- tasiγu. Quick, swift, nimble.

BUSIГULA- / БУШУУЛАХ
v.i. To be prompt, quick, alert.
-- busiγula ! Quick, quick! Make haste!

BUSIГULAL
n. Promptness, diligence, agility.

BUSIГUXAN / БУШУУХАН
adv. Promptly, nimbly.

BUSU / БУС
[= bisi] a) adj. Other, another (than), different (precedes the qualified word).
-- kymyn. Other person, another person.
-- nomtan. People of another religion; pagan[s].
-- šasintai. Heterodox, person of a different creed.
-- yge ber kelebesy. In other words.

jabuxu ece -- [arγ-a ygei]. Apart from going, there is no other means; there is nothing to be done but to go; one must go.

tegyn ece --. Apart from that, besides.

b) Relative negation following the word it negates: not ... [but ...], not only... [but...].

bi --. Not I.

caγan --, xar-a. Not white but black.

kymyn --. Inhuman.

minykei --. [It] is not mine.

tegyber zoγsuxu --. Not limited to this, besides.

BUSUCAR / БУСЦАР



[= busucir] adj. and adv. Otherwise, differently.

-- ijer. Otherwise, else, differently.

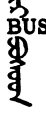
-- kelebesy. In other words.

BUSUCIR



See busucar.

BUSUD / БУСАД



n., adj., and adv. Others, the others, the rest, the remaining; strangers; [with abl.] with the exception of, except, apart from, besides.

-- ece abxu. To take, borrow, or buy from others.

-- ece niγuca bailγaxu. To keep secret from others.

-- i sityn amidaraγci. Parasite.

-- kymys. Other people or persons.

-- un erke ber bolxu. To be subject or subordinate to others.

-- un ki. Foreign, belonging to others.

dour-a duraduγsan ece --. With the exceptions mentioned hereunder.

BUSUNIГUL-



Same as busaniγul-.

BUSURUГ



-- jar-a. Eruption on the skin caused by summer heat, rash, prickly heat.

BUTA, 1. / БУТ



[= butu] n. Bush, brushwood, thicket; lump, clump ; bunch.

-- --. In heaps, piles, or bunches.

sirγulzi jin --. Anthill.

BUTA, 2. / БУТ



adv. In fragments or pieces; into pieces, completely.

-- cokixu = butacokixu. To smash to pieces, crush, destroy.

-- debseky. To trample to pieces.

-- nidyky. To crush or pound to pieces.

BUTACI / БУТАЧ



n. Illegitimate child.

-- købegyn. Illegitimate son.

BUTACOKI- / БУТЦОХИХ



See buta cokixu.

BUTARA- / БУТРАХ



v.i. To break to pieces, smash; to disperse, scatter.

--n buruγudxu. To scatter and run away.

--n gyjyldyky. To scatter in panic.

egyle --xu. The clouds disperse.

BUTARAГA- / БУТАРГАХ



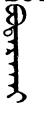
[v. caus. of butara-] To scatter, strew; to break to pieces, smash.

BUTARAГUL- / БУТРУУЛАХ



v. caus. of butara-.

BUTARXAI / БУТАРХАЙ

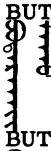


adj. and n. Dispersed, scattered; crumbled, crushed; fraction (math.), fractional.

-- mønggy. Small change, money of low denomination.

-- toγan u xubijari. Denominator of a fraction.

BUTARXAILA- / БУТАРХАЙЛАХ



v.t. To smash, crush into small pieces; to change money (into smaller denominations).

BUTU



See buta, 1.

BUTUNG / БУТАН



n. Jar with a small opening, used for wine , etc.

BUU, 1. / БУУ



[= byy] Prohibitive negation preceding imperatives.

-- ire! Do not come!

BUU, 2. / БУУ(Н)



[Ch. p'ao 砲] n. Gun, rifle, firearm.

-- jin bøgse. Butt of a rifle.
-- jin darxan. Gunsmith.
-- jin γox-a. Trigger of a gun.
-- jin siri. Gun rack.
-- jin sumu. Bullet.
-- jin temyr. Barrel of a gun.
-- xaxaxu. To misfire.
-- zebseg jin zabod. Arsenal.
cakiγur --. Flintlock.
γal --. Firelock.
γar --. Revolver, pistol.
jeke --. Artillery.
kei --. Air gun.
kei -- talbixu. To fire a blank cartridge.
kyndy jeke --. Heavy artillery.
oγudung --. Carbine.
tangka esergyceky --. Antitank gun.
tasiγur --. Small pistol.
xojar amatai --. Double-barreled gun.

BUU, 3. / БУУ
[Ch. pao 寶] n. A kind of gambling game.
-- talbixu. To play at buu.

BUU, 4. / БУУ
-- ziγasu. Whale.

BUU, 5. / БУУ
[Ch. fu 符] n. Amulet worn on a string around the neck, charm.
-- zegyky. To wear an amulet.

BUUCI / БУУЧ
n. Gunner, rifleman; shooter.

BUUDA- / БУУДАХ
v.i. To shoot with a firearm.
--zu alaxu. To kill by shooting.
--zu sirxadaγulxu. To shoot and wound, wound by shooting.

BUUDAГDA- / БУУДАГДАХ
v. pass. of buuda-.

BUUDAI
See buγudai.

BUUDALГ-A(N) / БУУДЛАГА
n. Shooting with a firearm.
-- jin γazar. Target range.
-- jin beledkel. Target practice.

BUULГ-A
See buγulγ-a.

BUULI- / БУУЛИХ
v.t. To seize or attack (of bird of prey).

BUURCI
Same as baγurci.

BUURZI
n. Slave of the second generation.

BUUZA / БУУЗ
[Ch. pao-tzŭ 包子] n. Chopped meat and vegetables wrapped in dough and steamed.

BUX-A / БУХ
n. Bull.
-- gørygesy. A bison.
-- jin segyl. Callistephus sinensis (plant).
-- noxai. Bulldog.
-- sibaγu. Bittern (bird), Botaurus.
-- zaγan. Bull elephant.

BUXADA- / БУХДАХ
v.t. To breed with a bull; to cover a cow.

BUXAR, 1. / БУХААР
n. A kind of coarse leather.

BUXAR, 2. / БУХААР
-- tarij-a. Fallow field, abandoned field.

BUXAR, 3. / БУХААР
[S. vihāra] n. Temple, monastery.
-- keid. Temple, monastery; monasteries.

BUXARTU- / БУХААРТАХ
v.t. To let lie fallow, leave uncultivated or abandon a piece of ground.

BUXASA- / БУХСАХ
v.i. To rut (of large horned cattle).

BUXUL / БУХАЛЬ
n. A haystack, rick.

BUXULDA- / БУХАЛЬДАХ
See buxulla-.

BUXULLA- / БУХЛИЛАХ

[= buxulda-] v.t. To stack hay.

BUXUR / БУХУУР

n. Buttock, rump.

BUZAGAI / БУЗГАЙ

adj. Strong, sturdy, stalwart; hard, firm, durable, solid; quite good; tangled, confused.

BUZAGAIRA- / БУЗГАЙРАХ

v.i. To be strong, sturdy, hard, firm, durable, or solid; to be tangled or confused.

BUZAGAITA-

Same as buzaγaira-.

BUZAMAGAI / БУЗАМГАЙ

adj. Hard, solid, strong; durable; rigid, stiff.

BUZAR / БУЗАР

n. and adj. Dirt; abomination, infamy; defiled; dirty, impure, dishonorable, disgraceful; obscene; extremely, very.

-- azar. Dirt, dirty, unclean, stinking.

-- burtaγ. Dirty, bad, abominable, loathsome; dirt, defilement.

-- jabudal. Libertinism, dissolute ways, shameful act[s], attitude, or conduct.

-- sain. Very good.

-- sazar. Filth, impurity.

-- yges. Obscene words.

mixan u --. Defilement from eating meat which is considered a source of disease .

BUZARDA- / БУЗАРДАХ

v.i. To become dirty, soiled, stained, unclean, or defiled; to become abominalbe.

BUZARLA- / БУЗАРЛАХ

v.t. To soil, make dirty, stain; to defile; to denigrate, sully, tarnish; to profane; to rape.

ekener keyken i --xu. To violate or rape.

ner-e --xu. To defame, discredit, dishonor.

BUZARLAGUL- / БАЗАРЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of buzarla-.

BUZARLAL / БУЗАРЛАЛ

n. Soiling, profaning, defiling.

BUZIGINA- / БУЖИГНАХ

v.i. To be confused, bewildered; to rise, whirl, seethe; to crowd, move (of a plurality of objects or living things).

BUZIGINAGUL- / БУЖИГНУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of buzigina-] To cause confusion; to raise, seethe.

toγusu -- xu. To raise dust.

BUZIGIR / БУЖГИР

adj. Curly, frizzly (of hair), fleecy, woolly; hairy, shaggy.

-- bolγaxu. To wave, curl, frizzle one's hair.

-- ysytei. Having curly hair.

BUZIGIRTU- / БУЖГИРТАХ

v.i. To be[come] curly or frizzled; to be-[come] hairy or shaggy.

BUZII-

v.i. To curl (of hair).

BY-

v.i. To be (a defective verb) see byged, bygesy, bykyi, bylyge, bykyi).

BYBEGELZIN / БУВЭЭЛЖИН

See bybygelzin.

BYBEI / БУУВЭЙ

n. Lullaby, rockaby.

BYBEILE- / БУУВЭЙЛЭХ

v.t. To rock a child to sleep, soothe with a lullaby.

BYBYGELZIN / БӨВӨӨЛЖ(ИН)

[= bøbegelzin, bybegelzin] n. Hoopoe, cf. øbelzin.

BYBYNE- / БУВНЭХ

v.i. To mumble, mutter.

BYCE

See byci.

BYCI / БУЧ

[= byce] n. Tie, ribbon, band; lace.

BYCI- / БУЧИХ

v.t. and i. To surround; to gather around.

BYCIGINE-
v.i. To cry out with rage.

BYCILE- / БЫЧЛЭХ
v.t. To tie laces, etc.

BYCITEI / БЫЧТЭЙ
adj. Having a ribbon, tie, or lace.
-- malaγai. Hat or cap with laces for tying it under the chin.

BYDEG / БЫДЭГ
adj. Obscure, dim, vague.
badaγ --. Obscurely, dimly.

BYDEKI / БЫДЭХ
adj. Obscure, dark, dim, indistinct.
-- kymyn. Stupid person.
-- mør. Indistinct trace.
-- naran u gerel. Dim sunlight.
-- øngge. Dim color.
-- tngri. Gloomy sky.
-- yge. Obscure or illegible word; inexpressive style.

BYDEKIRE- / БЫДЭХРЭХ
v.i. To grow dim, dark, or obscure; to become indistinct or blurred.

BYDYGYBCI / БЫДЫЫВЧ
n. and adj. Sketch, scheme; sketchy, schematic.

BYDYGYBCILE- / БЫДЫЫВЧЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To do or act rudely, crudely, or clumsily; to do the major part of something.
--gsen. Schematic, sketchy; tentative.
--n. Crudely; in general, approximately.

BYDYGYBCILEL / БЫДЫЫВЧЛЭЛ
n. The act of bydygybcile-.

BYDYGYLIG / БЫДЫЫЛЭГ
[= bidegylig, bedygylig] adj. and n. Simple, plain, crude, coarse; uncultured, uncivilized, backward, primitive; ignorance, illiteracy.
-- abijas. Primitive instinct.
-- kele. Crude language.
-- kymyn. An unpolished or simple person.
-- yzel. Primitive outlook.
uxaγan -- kymyn. A person with a simple mind.

BYDYGYLIGLE- / БЫДЫЫЛЭГЛЭХ
v.i. To act in a primitive or crude manner.

BYDYGYN / БЫДЫЫН
[= bidygyn] adj. Large, huge, big; crude, clumsy; plain, simple; ignorant, rough; deep (of voice).
-- cilaγu. Big stone or rock, boulder.
-- daγu. Deep or coarse voice.
-- kice. Rough finish or crude work.
-- kymyn. Simple or crude pwrson; a big man.
-- xoγula. Plain food.
-- yge. Rude or coarse words.

BYDYGYRE- / БЫДЫЫРЭХ
v.i. To grow large; to become coarse or deep (of voice).

BYDYNE / БЫДНЭ
n. Quail.
-- jin segyl. Polygonum aviculare (plant).

BYDYRE-
See bydyri-.

BYDYRI- / БЫДРЭХ
[= bydyre-] v.i. To stumble.
mori --ky. The horse stumbles.
xalturin --ky. To slip and stumble.

BYDYRKEI / БЫДЭРХИЙ
n. Top part of the breast bone, sternum.

BYGCIM / БЫГЧИМ
adj. and adv. Stifling, sticky, smothering.
-- xalaγun. Stifling hot.

BYGED / БӨГӨӨД
[perf. conv. of by-, to be] conj. And.
ynen -- xudal. True and false.
yzegsen -- sonusuγsan. Seen and heard.

BYGESY
[cond. conv. of by-, to be] If, in case that, if it is thus.
tein --. If so.
ygei --. If not.

BYGETEL-E / БӨГӨӨТӨЛ
[term. conv. of by-, to be] While, whereas, although... but.

salkin tai -- dulaγan. It is warm, although windy.
teimy --. Although it is or was so.

BYGGY- / БҮГЭХ
[= bøke-] v.i. To hide, conceal, abscond; to lie in ambush.

BYGSI- / БҮГШИХ
See bøgsi-, 1.

BYGYDE / БҮГД
adj. and adv. All, everybody, in all; general.
-- ɑy asiγtai. Of general usefulness or interest.
-- jin. Common, general, public.
-- ji medegci. Omniscient.
-- ji zakiruγci daruγ-a. Commander in chief.
-- nairamdaxu. Republican.
-- nairamdaxu aytonomitu ulus. Autonomous republic.
-- nige mingγ-a. Total of one thousand.
-- xural. Plenum.
ta --. All of you.

BYGYDEGER / БҮГДЭЭР
[= bygyde + ber] adv. All together, in all, all.
bide --. By all of us; we all.
cøm --. All in all.

BYGYRGE(N) / БҮҮРЭГ, БҮҮРГЭН
n. The pommel of a saddle.

BYGYRYGLE-
v.i. To be gentle, tender; to wag the tail.

BYILE / БҮЙЛ
n. Gum[s].
sidyn y --. Gums.

BYKY / БҮХ
adj. and adv. All, whole, everything; general, common.
-- arγ-a ber. By all possible means.
-- dyng. Grand total.
-- ed tavar. The whole property.
-- jirtincy. The whole world, cosmos.
-- jirtincy jin uxaγan. Cosmography.
-- kymyn tørylkiten. All mankind, all of humanity.
-- oruγ-a. Gross income.
-- zil yn tyrsi. Throughout the entire year.
caγ -- dyr. All the time, always.

orcin -- γazar. All the surrounding places.

BYKY- / БӨХӨХ
v.i. To be extinguished, go out.

BYKYGE- / БӨХӨӨХ
v.t. To extinguish, put out.

BYKYGEG / БҮХЭЭГ
n. Awning or cover on a vehicle; shack, hut.

BYKYGENE
Same as bøkyn-e.

BYKYI / БҮХИЙ
[fut. noun of by-, to be] Being, existing; having, possessing; containing; located at.
-- cidal. All power, might or ability.
bolbosural -- kymyn. Educated person.
bui --. All that there is.
orcim --. Nearby.
zalaγuu -- yjes. When one is young; in one's youth.

BYKYILE
adj. Whole, entire, all, everything.
-- kycyn. All one's power or strength.

BYKYLI / БҮХЭЛ
adj. Whole, entire, complete.
-- bej-e. The whole body.
-- ber. Wholly, totally, entirely, wholesale.
-- mix-a. Meat in a whole piece.
-- nasun ijer. In [one's] whole life.
-- toγ-a. A whole number, integer.

BYKYN / БҮХЭН
n. and postopositional adj. All, every, everything; no matter who.
-- i medegci. All-knowing, omniscient.
doluγan xonuγ -- dy. Every week, weekly.
γazar -- dy. At all places, everywhere.
ken --. Whoever.
kymyn --. Every man, everyone.
ta -- cøm. Every one of you.

BYLDYRI-
Same as bydyri-.

BYLE / БҮЛ
[= byli] n. Family, member[s] of the same family or household; strength.

-- olantai, Numerous (of members of a family).
ger --. Family.

BYLE- / БУЛЭХ
[= byli-] v.t. To stick, stab, pierce; to beat or churn kumiss with a beater.
airaγ --ky. To churn kumiss.
xaici ber --ky. To stab with scissors.

BYLECEG
See bilycyg.

BYLED-, etc.
Same as bylijed-, etc.

BYLEGYR / БУЛУУР
[= byligyr] n. Churning staff, a wooden stick with two cross-pieces or a disk on one end for beating kumiss; piston of a pump.

BYLEKE / БУЛХ
[= byleki, bylike] n. Tendon, sinew.

BYLEKI / БУЛХ
See byleke.

BYLELE- / БУЛЛЭХ
v.t. To stab repeatedly; to churn.

BYLETEI / БУЛТЭЙ
adj. One who has a family; strong.
-- kymyn. Married man, family man; strong person.

BYLEZEG
Same as bilycyg.

BYLEZIG
Same as bilycyg.

BYLEZYG
Same as bilycyg.

BYLGYM / БУЛГЭМ
n. Group, troupe, circle; society, guild.
eblel --, Society, union.
neigem zirum un --. Socialist society or union.
si jin --. Troupe of actors.
uran zokijalcid un --. Society of writers, authors' guild.

BYLGYMNE- / БУЛГЭМНЭХ
v.t. and i. To form in groups; to group.

BYLI
See byle.

BYLI-
See byle-.

BYLID-
See bylis-.

BYLIGEN
See bylijen.

BYLIGYR
See bylegyr.

BYLLJED- / БУЛЭЭТЭХ
v.i. To warm up, become warm.

BYLLJEDKE- / БУЛЭЭТГЭХ
[= bylijeske-, byliske-] v.t. To warm up.

BYLLJEKEN / БУЛЭЭХЭН
adj. Slightly warm.

BYLLJEN / БУЛЭЭН
[= byligen] adj. and n. Warm, lukewarm (of liquids); fever (of a child).
-- bulaγ. Warm spring.
-- usu. Warm water.

BYLLJENTEI / БУЛЭЭНТЭЙ
adj. Running a temperature (of a child).

BYLLJERE- / БУЛЭЭРЭХ
v.i. To run a temperature (of a child).

BYLLJES- / БУЛЭЭСЭХ
v.i. To become somewhat warmer, warm up.

BYLLJESKE- / БУЛЭЭСГЭХ
v.t. To make warmer, warm up.

BYLLIKE
See byleke.

BYLLIN / БУЛЭН
See bylyng.

BYLIS- / БУЛСЭХ
[= bylid-] v.i. To warm up.

BYLISKE- / БУЛСГЭХ
v.t. To warm up, make warm.

BYLTEGENE- / БУЛТЭГНЭХ
[= bylitygene-] v.i. To open one's eyes wide, stare.
--n xaraxu. To look with wide-open eyes, stare.

BYLTEGER / БУЛТГЭР
adj. and n. Bulging (of eyes); pop-eyed person.
-- nidytei. Pop-eyed.

BYLTEI- / БУЛТИЙХ
v.i. To be pop-eyed; to bulge (of eyes); to open one's eyes wide, stare.
nidy --zy xaraxu. To stare wide-eyed.

BYLTEILGE- / БУЛТИЙЛГЭХ
[v. caus. of byltei-] v.t. To stare; to open one's eyes wide.
nidy --ky. To stare wide-eyed.

BYLTENG / БУЛТЭН
adj. and adv. Protruding, staring (of eyes); pop-eyed.
-- -- xaraxu. To stare.

BYLTERE- / БУЛТРЭХ
v.i. To fall out (of an eyeball); to lose an eye.

BYLTY-
v.t. To return, restore, give back, pay; to satisfy, complete, perfect.

BYLTYGENE-
See byltegene-.

BYLY / БУЛ
[= bøle] n. Cousins (of children of two sisters only).
-- aci. Grandson or son of a byly.
-- egeci degyy. First cousins (daughters of two sisters).

BYLYCYG
See bilycyg.

BYLYG / БУЛЭГ
n. Group, division, detachment, grouping, company (of actors); clique, faction; chapter, paragraph, section.

-- eteged. Clique, band.
anggi --. Group, faction, class.
anggi -- yn. Factional.
keseg --. Groups, divisions, parts.
terigyn --. First chapter or part.

BYLYGE
[= bile, a past tense of by-, to be] Was, were, has been.

BYLYGELZE-
v.i. To speak indistinctly.

BYLYGLE- / БУЛЭГЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To be divided into groups, parts, chapters, or detachments; to form groups; to band together.

BYLYGLEGYL- / БУЛЭГЛУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of bylygle-.

BYLYGTEI / БУЛЭГТЭЙ
[= bylygty] adj. Divided into parts, chapters, detachments, or groups.

BYLYGTY / БУЛЭГТ
See bylygtei.

BYLYKEN / БӨЛГӨН
adj. Weak; thin, slender; impotent; not durable.

BYLYNCER / БУЛЭНЦЭР
n. Offspring of byly, q. v.

BYLYNG / БУЛЭН
[= bylin] n. Blood clot.

BYLYZYG
Same as bilycyg.

BYLZIRGEN-E
See bøgelzirgen-e.

BYM
See bum.

BYMBYKY
-- cymbyky. Uneven, rough.

BYNGNE- / БҮГНЭХ
v.i. To become stuffy or sultry.

BYNGNEGDE- / БҮГНЭГДЭХ
[v.pass. of byngne-] To suffer from stuffiness or sultriness.

BYNGNEM-E / БҮГНЭМ
adj. Stifling, steaming.
-- xalaγun. Stifling heat.

BYRCEG
n. Case or cover for a quiver.

BYRCEGLE-
v.t. To put a cover on a quiver.

BYREGE
Same as byrij-e.

BYRGE
n. Shack, hut.

BYRGI- / БҮРГЭХ
v.i. To be seized with fear or terror; to be in a panic, be confused; to be scattered.

BYRGIGYL- / БҮРГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of byrgi-.

BYRGYD / БҮРГЭД
n. Eagle; golden eagle.

BYRI / БҮР, БҮРИЙ
a) postpositional adj. Each, every.
caγ --. Eacht time; all the time.
edyr -- jin. Daily.
γazar -- [dy]. Everywhere, at all places.
jabuxu --. Each time [one] goes.

jangzu -- jin. Of every kind or description.
sar-a --. Every month, monthly.
tus --. Each individually.

ungsixu --. Each time [one] reads; the more [one] reads ...

b) adv. Completely, entirely, wholly, fully.
-- adali. Absolutely similar, identical.
-- ebedcitei. Quite ill, seriously ill.
-- ecys tyr. At the very end.
-- maγu. Entirely bad.

-- sain. Completely good or well; perfect.
dain ece -- urida. Long before the war.

BYRI-, 1. / БҮРЭХ
v.t. To cover, envelop; to upholster.
ger i isegei ber --ky. To cover a tent with felt.
sandali --ky. To upholster a chair.

BYRI-, 2. / БҮРЭХ
v.t. To ferment.
taraγ --ky. To prepare taraγ (q.v.).

BYRID- / БҮРДЭХ
v.i. To be[come] completed or complete; to be equipped with; to consist of; to be filled with emotion.
arban sar-a --yged. After the expiration of the ten-month period.

BYRIDKE- / БҮРТГЭХ
v.t. To take stock or inventory of; to take the census; to compute, take into account, register; to compile statistics; to verify, check; to finish, fulfill, complete; to fill in vacancies.
--ky jabudal. Stock taking, census taking.
--n abxu. To check and accept; to register.
--n temdeglegylky. To register, present for registration.
--n temdegleky. To register, make a record of.
tangγariγ i --ky. To fulfill one's vow or pledge.

BYRIDKEGYL- / БҮРТГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of byridke-.

BYRIDKEL / БҮРТГЭЛ
n. Checking, recording, registration; fulfillment, completion.
-- dangsa. Inventory list.
-- xaγudasu. Registration list; inventory list.
-- yn dyng. Summary, résumé; total.
dangsa --. Inventory.
kymyn ama mal kørynnge zerge jin toγ-a --. Statistics of population, cattle, and property.

BYRIDYL
[from byrid-] adj. Completion, finishing, perfection.

BYRIGESY(N)
See byrijesy(n).

BYRIGSI-
[= byrygsi-] v.i. To become obscure or dark.

BYRIGYL- / БУРУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of byri-.

BYRLJ-E(N) / БУРЭЭ
n. Trumpet, horn.
-- labai. Conch shell.
--n mangx-a. "Singing sand dunes," dry sand dune which makes a sound when one walks on it.
-- xoruxai. Conch shell.
-- ylijeky. To blow a horn.
aba jin --. Hunting horn.
caγaza jin --. Trumpet used to announce the execution of a court sentence.
cerig yn --. Military trumpet.
eber --. Horn ; trumpet made of a horn.
γaulin --. Brass horn or trumpet.

BYRLJECI / БУРЭЭЧ
n. Trumpeter.

BYRLJEDE- / БУРЭЭДЭХ
v.t. To blow a trumpet or horn.

BYRLJESY(N) / БУРЭЭС(ЭН)
[= byrigesy(n)] n. Cover, covering, upholstery.

BYRLJESYTEI / БУРЭЭСТЭЙ
adj. Covered, upholstered.

BYRIL- / БУРЛЭХ
v.i. To die (obs.); to be wasted, squandered, destroyed, or exterminated; to perish, be ruined.

BYRILDY-, 1. / БУРЭЛДЭХ
v.i. To be composed or formed; to become complete.
toγ-a --ky. For a number or amount to become complete.

BYRILDY-, 2. / БУРЭЛДЭХ
v.i. To coagulate, curdle.
cisu --ky. For blood to coagulate.
taraγ --ky. For taraγ (q.v.) to ferment or coagulate.

BYRILDYGYL- / БУРЭЛДУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of byrildy-, 1. and 2.

BYRILDYKYN / БУРЭЛДЭХҮҮН
n. Make-up, structure, composition, compound; entirety, sum total; component.
yges yn --. Vocabulary, a sum or stock of words.

BYRILE-
See byrilge-.

BYRILGE / БУРЛЭГЭ
n. Covering, cover, envelope.

BYRILGE- / БУРЭЛГЭХ
[= byrile-] v.t. To waste, squander; to destroy, exterminate, ruin.

BYRILGECI / БУРЛЭЭЧ
n. Squanderer, wastrel, spendthrift.

BYRILYGCI / БУРЛЭГЧ
adj. Deceased.

BYRIMØSYN / БУРМӨСӨН
adv. Completely, entirely; definitely, decidedly.
-- -e. Forever, once and for all.
-- -e tasulxu. To sever completely.
-- u martaxu. To forget completely.

BYRIN / БУРЭН
adj. and adv. All, everything, complete; wholly, completely, fully.
-- bytyn. Complete[ly], entire[ly].
-- bytyn bailγaxu. To leave intact.
-- -e. Fully, completely, entirely, wholly.
-- kycyty. All-powerful, fully authorized.
-- tegys. Complete, completely.
γj-e gesigyn -- ygei. Crippled, maimed.

BYRITY(N)
n. Swamp, quagmire; mud puddle; silt.

BYRKE-
See byrky-.

BYRKEG
See byrkyg.

BYRKEGER / БУРХЭЭР

n. Cover; cone-shaped barrel used in distilling liquor.

BYRKEGESY(N)

See byrkygesy(n).

BYRKEGYL

See byrkygyl.

BYRKY / БУРХ

n. Summer hat.

BYRKY- / БУРХЭХ

[= byrke-] v.t. and i. To grow or become cloudy ; to cover, cover up; to envelop, obscure.

egyles ijer --ky. To be enveloped in clouds.

γazar delekei ji --zykyi. [It] is spread over the whole earth.

nidy --ky. The eyes are blurred; the view is blurred.

toluγai ben --ky. To cover one's head.

BYRKYBCI / БУРХЭВЧ

n. Enveloping layer, covering; membrane.

aγar un --. Atmosphere.

cilaγun --. Lithosphere.

usun --. Hydrosphere.

BYRKYG / БУРХЭГ

[= byrkeg] adj. Dark, gloomy; overcast, cloudy; obscure.

-- edyr. A gloomy day.

tngri -- baimui. The sky is overcast.

BYRKYGDE- / БУРХЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of byrky-] To be covered, enveloped, veiled; to become dark, dim.

BYRKYGE- / БУРХЭЭХ

v.t. To cover, veil.

--gsen toluγai. Covered head.

BYRKYGELGE- / БУРХЭЭЛГЭХ

[v. caus. of byrkyge-] To cause to cover or veil.

BYRKYGESY(N) / БУРХЭЭС

[= byrkegesy(n)] n. Covering, cover, lid.

BYRKYGLE- / БУРХЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To be overcast, become dark.

BYRKYGYL / БУРХҮҮЛ

[= byrkegyl, byrkyl] n. Cover, covering, lid; veil; case; awning on a boat or cart; mosquito netting.

niγur un --. Veil for the face.

deng yn --. Lamp shade.

BYRKYGYLTEI / БУРХҮҮЛТЭЙ

[= byrkygylty] adj. Having a cover, covered.

-- terge. Covered wagon.

BYRKYGYLTY / БУРХҮҮЛТ

See byrkygyltei.

BYRKYL

See byrkygyl.

BYRYG / БУРЭГ

adj. Dark, dusky, gloomy; overcast; timid, bashful, reticent.

-- baruγ xaraγdaxu . To be dimly visible.

-- bolxu. To grow dark.

BYRYGELZE-

See byrygylze-.

BYRYGSI-

See byrigsi-.

BYRYGYLZE- / БУРГЭЛЗЭХ

[= byrygelze-] v.i. To be or appear gloomy, indistinct or dim; to see indistinctly; to appear indistinctly in the distance.

nidy --ky. For the eyes to become clouded or dimmed.

BYRYI / БУРИЙ

n. and adj. Twilight, dusk; obscure, dark, hazy, dusky, murky.

sir-a --. Time immediately after sunset.

BYRYKEI / БУРХИЙ

adj. Obscure, gloomy, dark.

sar-a --. The moon shines dimly.

BYRYLZE- / БУРЭЛЗЭХ

Same as byrygylze-.

BYRYN

Prep. conv. of by-, to be.

BYRYNGKYI / БУРЭНХИЙ

n. and adj. Twilight, dark, dusk; clouded.

BYRYNGKYILE- / БУРЭНХИЙЛЭХ

v.i. To become dark or dim.

BYRZYI / БУРЖУЙ

[= burzui] n. Bourgeois, bourgeoisie.
-- bajaliγ. Bourgeoisie and plutocracy.
-- nar. Bourgeois.

BYRZYILIG / БУРЖУЙЛИГ

adj. Bourgeois.
-- ulus. Bourgeois country.
-- xubisxal. Bourgeois revolution.

BYSE / БУС(ЭН)

n. Girdle or belt (worn around outer garments).
-- byseleky. To put on or wear a byse.
-- tailxu. To ungird; to loosen one's belt.
-- ygei. Without a belt, woman (coll.). See bysegyi.

BYSEGYI / БУСГУЙ

[= byse ygei] n. Woman.
-- keyked. Girl[s].

BYSEGYICYD / БУСГУЙЧҮҮД

n. Women.

BYSELE- / БУСЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To belt, gird; to encircle, surround, besiege, beleaguer.
byse --ky. To gird, put on a belt.
toγurin --ky. To surround, encircle, blockade.
xota ji --ky. To besiege a town or city.

BYSELEGDE- / БУСЛЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of bysele-.

BYSELEGYL- / БУСЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of bysele-.

BYSELEGYR / БУСЛҮҮР

n. That which girds or encircles; girdle, belt, ring; loop, hoop; zone.
-- caγariγ. Ring, hoop.
delekei jin --. Equator.
ger yn --. Ropes made of hair which keep the felt covering of a yurt in place.

BYSELEGYRLE- / БУСЛҮҮРЛЭХ

v.t. To gird, belt.

BYSETEI / БУСТЭЙ

adj. and n. Wearing a belt or girdle; man.
-- keyked. Boy[s].

BYSETEN

Plural of bysetei.
sir-a --. Direct descendants of the founder of Manchu dynasty, who had the privilege of wearing yellow girdles.

BYSLEGYR

Same as byselegyr.

BYTA

[S. bhūta] n. Elemental spirit, evil spirit, demon.
-- jin ada. Evil spirit.
-- jin sibaγu. "Devil's bird," eagle owl.

BYTE- / БУТЭХ

v.i. To be[come] covered, closed, stopped up; to close or heal (of a wound); to be stuffy, close (of air); to choke, suffocate, be asphyxiated.
utaγan dur --ky. To be asphyxiated by smoke.

BYTEGE- / БУТЭЭХ

v.t. To cover; to put on a cover or lid; to smother.
--zy alaxu. To kill by suffocating or smothering.
niγur ijen --ky. To cover one's face.

BYTEGELGE / БУТЭЭЛЭГ

n. Anything used for a cover or lid; veil; tablecloth.
siregen y --. Talbecloth.

BYTEGELGE- / БУТЭЭЛГЭХ

v. caus. of bytege-.

BYTEGYL- / БУТУУЛЭХ



v. caus. of byte-

BYTELTEI



adj. Sad, afflicted, troubled, embarrassed

BYTY- / БУТЭХ



v.i. To be[come] formed or fulfilled; to be-[come] executed, carried out or materialized; to come true (of a wish); to be made of, consist of; to be[come] possible or feasible; to succeed. Cf. sidi.

--gsen ygei. Did not materialize; did not succeed.

--ky ygei. Not feasible, not realizable, unrealistic, unreal, impossible.

BYTYGE- / БУТЭЭХ



v.t. To fulfill, materialize, complete, accomplish; to create, construct, produce; to evoke a deity through creative contemplation and recitation of tarni (q.v.); to create or conjure magically. Cf. sidi.

--gci. Creator , maker.

--gsen ed. Production, product, merchandise.

--n baiγulxu. To create, construct.

--n cidaxu. To be able to accomplish.

--n γarγaxu. To produce.

--n øgky. To produce, create.

bejelegylyn --ky. To carry out, execute, realize.

bisilγaxui --ky. To meditate.

burxan --ky. To consecrate an image of a deity.

bytygel --ky. (Rel.) To recite a bytygel, q.v.

ed tavar --ky. To produce goods or merchandise.

kereg --ky. To bring something to a successful end.

tangγariγ --ky. To fulfill a vow.

tarni --ky. To recite dhāranīs or mantras.

BYTYGEL / БУТЭЭЛ

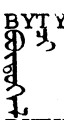


n. Accomplishment, fulfillment, materialization, creation, result, attainment, success; evocation of a deity through contemplation and recitation of tarni, q.v.

-- gyicedkel. Results, accomplishment.

yiledbyri kycyn y --. Products or results of labor.

BYTYGELCI / БУТЭЭЛЧ



n. Hermit, ascetic; meditator.

BYTYGELGE- / БУТЭЭЛГЭХ



v. caus. of bytyge-.

BYTYGELTE / БУТЭЭЛТ



[= bytygel] n. Creation, productivity, achievement.

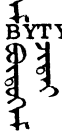
BYTYGELTEI / БУТЭЭЛТЭЙ



adj. Successful, productive, effective; creative.

-- kødelmyri. Creative work.

BYTYGEMZI / БУТЭЭМЖ



n. Achievement, success, productivity.

BYTYGEMZITEI / БУТЭЭМЖТЭЙ

adj. Successful, productive.

BYTYGYL- / БУТУУЛЭХ



v. caus. of byty-.

BYTYL / БУТЭЛ



n. Success, accomplishment.

BYTYM-E / БУТЭМ



adj. Realizable, practicable.

BYTYMZI / БУТЭМЖ



n. Success, accomplishment, effect.

-- cinar. Effect, result.

-- cinar ygei tursilγ-a. An unsuccessful attempt.

-- olulta. Successes, attainments, accomplishments, effects.

BYTYMZITEI / БУТЭМЖТЭЙ



adj. Successful, effective; feasible, practicable

-- kymyn. Successful person.

BYTYN / БУТЭН



adj. Whole, complete, intact, entire; without defect, in good condition or order; unmarred.

-- doluγan xonuγ. A whole week.

-- γazar. Virgin soil.

-- sain edyr. Day of rest, day off.

-- xadaγalaγsan . Preserved, intact, or complete.

BYTYSI / БҮТЭШ

-- ygei. Impracticable, unrealizable.

BYY

See buu, 1.

BYYBEI

Same as bybei.

BYZI- / БҮЖИХ

Same as byzigle-.

BYZIG / БҮЖИГ

n. Dance, act of dancing; stage performance, play.

-- ijer byzigleky. To dance.

-- naγadum. Dance, ballet.

-- yn ger. Dance-hall.

BYZIGCI(N) / БҮЖИГЧ(ИН)

n. Dancer.

BYZIGLE- / БҮЖИГЛЭХ

v.i. To dance.

BYZIGLEL / БҮЖИГЛЭЛ

n. The act of dancing.

C

CA / ЦАА

-- buγu. Reindeer.

-- gøregesy. Reindeer.

CAB, 1. / ЦАВ

Intensifying particle before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable ca.

-- caγan. Quite white, entirely white, snow white.

CAB, 2. / ЦАВ

n. Long gently sloping hill rising from a plain; slope, declivity.

CAB, 3. / ЦАВ

[T. cab, substitute] n. Meal for lamas.

-- barixu. To offer a meal to lamas; to partake of a meal (of lamas).

yde jin --. Noon meal of lamas.

CAB, 4. / ЦАВ

adv. Suddenly, unexpectedly.

-- gezy. Just then; suddenly, unexpectedly.

-- ucirəxu. To meet unexpectedly or accidentally.

CAB, 5.

-- ysyg. "Clear writing," Tibetan letters as used in standard print (T. dbu can, having heads, i.e. a horizontal line on top).

CABA / ЦАВ

[= taba] n. Slit, fissure, crack.

-- γarxu. To crack, split.

CABAIU, etc. / ЦАВУУ

See cabau, etc.

CABARI

See cabri.

CABATAI / ЦАВТАЙ

[= cabatu] adj. Having a slit, fissure, crack, or split; blemished.

CABATU / ЦАВТ

See cabatai.

CABATU- / ЦАВТАХ

v.i. To crack, split.

CABAU / ЦАВУУ(Н)

[= cabaγu] n. Glue.

-- ber naγaxu. To glue together.

-- bucalγaxu. To boil glue.

modun u --. Carpenter's glue.

CABAUDA- / ЦАВУУДАХ

[= cabaγuda-] v.t. To glue.

--zu naγaxu. To glue together.

modu --xu. To glue wood.

CABCI- / ЦАВЧИХ

v.t. To hew, chop; to blink; to kick with a forefoot or forefeet (of a horse).

mix-a --xu. To chop meat.

modu --xu. To chop down a tree.

nidy ben --xu. To blink one's eyes.

nidy --xu zaγur-a. In the twinkling of an eye.

CABCIDASU(N) / ЦАВЧДАС(АН)

n. Chip, splinter, wood shaving.

CABCIIUL- / ЦАВЧУУЛАХ

v. caus. of cabci-.

CABCIIUR / ЦАВЧУУР

n. Any instrument of tool for chopping: cleaver, hatchet, etc.

CABCIIURDA- / ЦАВЧУУРДАХ

v.t. To chop with a cleaver, etc.

CABCIJAL / ЦАВЧААЛ

n. Steep ravine; gully; opening or clearing in a forest.

CABCIJASU(N) / ЦАВЧААС(АН)

n. Cut made by an axe; notch, incision.

-- abxu. To make a notch or cut.

CABCIL / ЦАВЧИЛ

Same as cabcijal.

CABCILA- / ЦАВЧЛАХ

Frequentative form of cabci-.

γazar --xu. To hit the ground with the hoofs (of a horse).

modu --xu. To cut trees.

CABCILANG / ЦАВЧЛАН(Г)
n. Meadows on which grass is cut for hay; short knife for cutting grass.

CABCILCA- / ЦАВЧИЛЦАХ
v.coop. of cabci-.

CABCILDU- / ЦАВЧИЛДАХ
v.rec. of cabci-.

CABCILDUГAN / ЦАВЧИЛДААН
n. Bloody battle, mutual slaughter.

CABCILГ-A / ЦАВЧИЛГА
n. The act of cabci-; a cut-off piece; notch, cut.
mønggyn -- . A piece of silver cut from an ingot.

CABCIM-A / ЦАВЧИМ
adj. Steep; precipitous.
-- dabaγ-a. Steep mountain.
-- xada. Crag, precipitous rock.

CABCIMAL / ЦАВЧМАЛ
[n.d. of cabci-] adj. Cut, cut off, chopped; notched; hewen.
-- cilaγu. Cut stone.
-- mix-a. Chopped meat.
-- mønggyn. Piece of silver cut from an ingot.
-- xada. Steep rock, bluff.

CABDA-, 1. / ЦАВДАХ
[T. chab, honor. for chu, water] v.t. To sprinkle with consecrated water or any other consecrated liquid (with an aspergill or by dipping the fingers in the liquid and snapping them); to sprinkle, squirt.
sibar --xu. To splash mud with one's feet when walking.
silysyn --xu. To slaver, drool.

CABDA-, 2. / ЦАВДАХ
v.i. To crack, split.

CABDAГUL
n. Forest, grove.

CABDAГUR / ЦАВДУУР
n. Sprinkler made of wood used in religious ceremonies.

CABDAL / ЦАВДАЛ
n. Ritual sprinkling; libation.

CABI / ЦАВЬ
n. Groin.
-- jin bulcirxai. Inguinal gland.

CABIDAГCI(N) / ЦАВЬДАГЧ(ИН)
adj. Reddish-yellow with white tail and mane (of a mare only).

CABIDAR / ЦАВЬДАР
adj. Reddish-yellow with white mane and tail.

CABILAГUR / ЦАВИЛУУР
[= cabiluur] n. Saddle strap, saddle girth.
-- caγan. White stripe on a horse's belly.

CABILUUR
See cabilaγur.

CABLA-, 1. / ЦАВЛАХ
v.t. To eat (of lamas).

CABLA-, 2. / ЦАВЛАХ
Same as cabda-, 1.

CABRI / ЦАВИР
[= cabari, cabril, T. chab ril] n. Holy-water flask usually carried by a lama on his belt, esp. when traveling; vessel of consecrated water passed to the lamas at certain rites.

CABRIL
See cabri .

CABUГ / ЦАВАГ
[= carbaγ] n. Layers of paper or cloth glued or pasted together.
-- caγasu(n). Cardboard.

CABUГLA- / ЦАВАГЛАХ
v.t. To paste layers of cloth or paper together.

CACA
See saca.

CACA- / ЦАЦАХ
v.i. To choke, swallow wrongly, get water or saliva in one's windpipe; to have a fit of coughing.

САСАГА- / ЦАЦААХ

v. caus. of caca-.

САСАГУ, etc.

See sacaɣu, etc.

САСАR / ЦАЦАР

n. Large tent, open tent, awning tent, hut, stall.

-- barixu. To pitch a cacar.

САСАRГАNА

See cicarɣana.

САСIRГАNА

See cicarɣana.

САСУ-, etc.

See sacu-, etc.

САСУГ, etc.

See sacuɣ, etc.

САСULГ-А / ЦАЦЛАГА

n. The final form of letters a and e in Mongolian script (ᠠ).

САСURАГ / ЦАЦРАГ

See sacuraɣ.

САD- / ЦАДАХ

v.i. To be[come] saturated, filled; to satiate oneself, eat one's fill; to maturate (of small pox); to be ripe (of grain).

--xu ygei. Insatiable, insatiate.

--tal-a. To one's fill, to saturation.

--tal-a ideky. To eat one's fill.

САDI

[S. jāti] n. Nutmeg, Nux aromatica.

САDIГ / ЦАДИГ

[= cedig, S. jātaka] n. Biography, story of former incarnation of the Buddha or a Buddhist saint; genealogy.

САDU / ЦААД

See caɣadu.

САDULА / ЦАДАЛ

n. Pimple, sore.

САDURА- / ЦАДРАХ

v.i. To eat one's fill.

САDURАL / ЦАДРАЛ

n. The act of cadura-.

САDХА- / ЦАТГАХ

v.t. To satisfy or appease hunger; to saturate, satiate, sate.

ølysygsen i --xu. To satisfy the hungry one.

САDХАDАГ / ЦАТГАДАГ

adj. Filling, satiating.

САDХАГUL- / ЦАТГУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of cadxa-] v.t. To satiate, satisfy somebody's appetite.

САDХАL / ЦАТГАЛ

n. Satiation, satiety; saturation.

САDХULАNG / ЦАТГАЛАН(Г)

adj. and n. Satiated; satiety.

-- bolxu. To become satiated.

-- kebeli. Full stomach.

-- kymyn kymyn y ølyng i medeky ygei. A satiated man does not know another man's hunger (proverb).

gedesy --. Stomach is full.

САГ / ЦАГ

a) n. Time, period, season, age; time as a general situation or set of circumstances; tense (gram.).

-- aldaxu. To let the time pass, miss the right time.

-- busu. Untimely, premature.

-- caɣ ijer ijen ygei, cakildaɣ noɣuɣan ijer ijen ygei. Time does not remain unchanged, the iris does not always stay green (proverb)

-- caɣ tur. From time to time; sometimes; time and again; all the time.

-- møce. Time (in general).

-- ønggeregylky. To pass the time, to let the time pass.

-- taɣan kyrbesy. When the time comes.

-- toɣalal. Chronology.

-- tuxai dur. At the appropriate time or moment; from time to time.

-- un erke ber. Owing to the force of circumstances.

-- un sibaɣu. Migratory bird.

-- un xur-a. Seasonal rain; timely rain.
-- yj-e. Time, epoch, period.
nøgcigsen -- . Past time; past tense.
sain -- . Good or auspicious time.
sin-e --. Modern times, new age.

b) n. Hour.

kilovat -- . Kilowatt-hour.
yde jin xoin-a γurban -- tur. At three o'clock p.m.

c) n. Clock, watch.

-- taγaraγulxu. To set a watch or clock.

d) n. Weather, climate.

-- aγur. Weather.
-- ularil i sinzileky uxaγan. Climatology.

e) Idiomatic usage.

-- ygei bajasxu. To be extremely glad.
-- ygei erdem. Innumerable merits.

САГ-А, 1.

n. A little boy (obs.).

САГ-А, 2. / ЦАГАА

n. Boiled taraγ (q.v.).

САГ-А, 3. / ЦАГАА

n. Walleye,leucoma of the cornea
-- toγtaxu. For leucoma of the cornea to appear
-- unaxu. For leucoma of the cornea to appear.

САГАВIR

See caγabur.

САГАВТUR / ЦАГААВТАР

adj. Almost white, whitish, not completely white.

САГАВUR / ЦАЙВАР

[= caγabir] adj. Whitish, white; light, pale.

САГАСIN / ЦАГААЧИН

n. Outsider, stranger; one who does not belong to a particular banner or country, stateless person; emigrant.

САГАД- / ЦАГААДАХ

v.i. To be too white; to be cleared up or exposed (as a crime).
kereg --cuxui . The case has been cleared up.

САГАDU / ЦААД

[= cadu] adj. and adv. Situated on the other or opposite side; beyond.
-- bej-e. The other or opposite side.
-- bulung. Opposite corner or angle.
-- zil. The year after next.
ger yn -- . On the other side of the house.

САГАDUKI / ЦААДАХЬ

adj. Lying opposite, situated on the other side; situated beyond.
dalai jin -- Situated on the other side of the ocean, transoceanic.

САГАDXA- / ЦАГААТГАХ

v.t. To make white, whitewash; to bleach; to clear up; to prove somebody's innocence, vindicate.
--n ygyleky. To clear oneself (as from suspicion or accusation).

САГАDXAГUL- / ЦАГААТГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of caγadxa-.

САГАDXAL / ЦАГААТГАЛ

n. The act of caγadxa-.

САГАГСIN / ЦАГААГЧИН

adj. White (of female animals).
-- gegyy. White mare.

САГАГUR / ЦААГУУР

adv. Along or on the other side; farther, beyond.
aγula jin -- . Along the other side of a mountain.
nadaca --. Farther away from me.

САГАLА-, 1. / ЦАГААЛАХ

v.t. To bleach, whiten, whitewash; to peel, take off the skin, clean; to clear up; to write neatly; to make a neat copy; to make a final draft of a manuscript; to be in mourning, wear white mourning garments.
--γsan bicig. Neat copy, good copy.
alim-a --xu. To peel an apple.
γazar --xu. To clean virgin soil of vegetation for cultivation.
kereg --xu. To clear up a case or a crime.

САГАLА-, 2. / ЦАГААЛАХ

v.t. To celebrate, feast; to wish someone a Happy New Year; to celebrate the arrival of the new year; to glorify, exalt.

--xu edyr. New year's day; festival, holiday.
bujan --. To praise virtue.

САГАLI- / ЦАГААШИХ
v.i. To faint; to be overcome by the heat; to have a sun stroke; to be exhausted from physical effort.

САГАLSUN
Same as caγasu(n).

САГАLZI / ЦАГААЛЖ
[T. lcibs nya] n. Salmo lavaretus; gwyniad; lake-salmon (with white flesh).

САГАН / ЦАГААН
a) adj. and n. White (also political); light (of color); the white of an egg or of the eye; walleye (cf. caγ-a, 3).
-- buduγ. White paint or varnish.
-- boru. Light grey.
-- eteged. The Whites (political).
-- idegen. Food made from milk; food without meat.
-- terelzi. See serlig.
-- toγtaxu. See under caγ-a, 3.
øndege jin --. The white of an egg.
b) adj. and n. Mourning; white mourning clothing.
-- emysky. To put on mourning clothes.
c) adj. Pure, good, simple; noble, aristocratic.
-- sanaγatai. Good-hearted; innocent.
-- sedkil. Candor, good heart.
-- yiles. Good action, virtues.
d) adj. Level, smooth, flat.
-- γazar. Plain steppe (without hills or trees).
e) adj. Not vaccinated for smallpox.
-- keyked. A child who has not been vaccinated for smallpox.

САГАН-А / ЦААНА
[= ciγan-a] adv. Farther, beyond, behind, yonder, trans-, after.
ger yn --. Beyond the yurt or house.
møren y --. Beyond or across the river.
naγan-a --. Hither-thither; on both sides; more or less.

САГАНАХАН / ЦААНАХАН
adj. A little further or beyond.

САГАНТАН / ЦАГААНТАН
n. White Russians (political).

САГАРА- / ЦАГААРАХ
v.i. To become white; to be exonerated; declared innocent; to gain experience, become accustomed to doing a thing.

САГАРАГUL- / ЦАГААРУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of caγara-] To make white.
gem --xu. To prove one's innocence, justify oneself.

САГАРГU, etc. / ЦААРГА
Same as carγu, etc.

САГАРИГ / ЦАГАРИГ
n. Circle, ring; hoop; rim of a wheel.
døryge jin --. A stirrup.
γazar un tybsin y --. Equator.

САГАРИГLА- / ЦАГАРИГЛАХ
v.t. and i. To make a ring or hoop, fasten with hoops; to coil up; to describe a circle; to circle.
moγai --xu. For a snake to coil up.

САГАРИГLАГUL- / ЦАГАРИГЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of caγariγla-.

САГАРИГТАI / ЦАГАРИГТАЙ
[= caγariγtu] adj. Having a circle, ring or hoop.

САГАРИГТU / ЦАГАРИГТ
See caγariγtai.

САГАRSU(N)
Same as caγasu(n).

САГАSI, etc. / ЦААШ
See cinaγsi, etc.

САГАSI- / ЦАГААШИХ
v.i. To taste sour; to want to eat salt or something salty (of animals).

САГАS
Plural of caγ-a, 1.

САГАSU(N) / ЦААС (АН)
n. Paper.
--n. Paper (adj.).
--n caγan. White as paper.
--n malaγai emyskeky. To deceive (lit.: to make wear a paper hat) .
--n mønggy. Paper money, banknote.
--n pai. Playing cards.
--n sumu. Blank cartridge.
arisun --. Parchment.

САГАSULA- / ЦААСЛАХ
v.t. To cover with paper.

САГАSUTAI / ЦААСТАЙ
[= caγasutu] adj. Having paper, wrapped in paper.

САГАSUTU / ЦААСТ
See caγasutai.

САГАХАN / ЦАГААХАН
adj. Whitish, somewhat white.

САГАZA / ЦААЗ
n. Prohibition; law, esp. criminal law; punishment, esp. capital punishment.
-- ber alaxu. To put to death, execute.
-- jin bicig. Law, code, law book.
-- jin inder. Execution scaffold.
-- jin tysimel. Officer of the law (obs.).
-- luγ-a xarsilaxu. To transgress the law.
-- xauli. Laws in general.
-- xauli daγaxu. To obey the law.
-- xauli jin. Juridical, legal.
-- xauli zøblegci. Legal adviser.
-- zarcim. Laws.
xauli --. Laws in general.
xauli -- i zørciky. To violate the law.

САГАZACI / ЦААЗАЧ
n. Jurist, lawyer.

САГАZALA- / ЦААЗЛАХ
v.t. To prohibit, forbid; to outlaw; to ban; to sentence to death, execute.
--n xoriγlaxu. To forbid, ban.
--n zasaγlaxu. To punish according to law.
xauli ber --xu. To prohibit by law; to put to death (obs.).

САГАZALAГDA- / ЦААЗЛАГДАХ
v. pass. of caγażala-.

САГАZALAL / ЦААЗЛАЛ
n. The act of caγazala-.

САГАZATAI / ЦААЗТАЙ
[= caγazatu] adj. Forbidden, prohibited, banned.

САГАZATU / ЦААЗАТ
See caγazatai.

САГАZUNG
See siγazang.

САГСI- / ЦАГЧИХ
v.i. To chatter (of a magpie).

САГСIГ ЦАГЧИГ
[T. khrag khrig, S. niyuta, nayuta] n. Indefinitely large number, usually hundred thousand million, also ten billion.

САГДА- / ЦАГДАХ
v.t. To keep watch, patrol, make one's round, guard, police.
--n. Militia (colloq.).
--n ergizy jabuxu. To patrol.
--n sergeilegci. Militiaman.
--n sergeileky γazar. Militia, police department.

САГДАГ-А / ЦАГДАА
n. Policeman, guard; scout; militia, police; informer, spy (obs.).
-- γarγaxu. To send out scouts; to set out sentinels.
-- jin daruγ-a. Chief of militia or police.
-- jin zakirγan. Police administration.
jabaγan --. Foot police.
moritu --. Mounted police.
oi jin --. Forest ranger.

САГДАГСI / ЦАГДАГЧ
n. Sentinel, sentry; militiaman, policeman.

САГДАГUL / ЦАГДУУЛ
n. Guard, sentinel; informer, spy.
-- γarγaxu. To send out spies; to set out sentinels.

CAГDAГUL- / ЦАГДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of caγda-.

CAГLA- / ЦАГЛАХ
v.t. and i. To set a time; to measure, weigh, compare; to limit; to act moderately; to imagine, consider, realize.
--xui-a berke. Difficult to define or measure; immeasurable, immense, uncountable.
--zu ideky. To eat moderately.

CAГLAГUL- / ЦАГЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of caγla-.

CAГLAГUN
n. The act of measuring, weighing, or comparing; that which is measured, weighed, or compared.

CAГLAL / ЦАГЛАЛ
n. Measuring, weighing, comparing.

CAГLASI / ЦАГЛАШ
-- ygei. Immense, infinite, immeasurable, incomparable; unimaginable, incomprehensible.
-- ygei bujantu. Of incomparable virtue or merit.
-- ygei gerelty. See abida.
-- ygei jeke. Infinitely great or large.
-- ygei nasutu. "He who is of immeasurable age," name of a famous bodhisattva, the God of Long Life, see ajusi, 2.

CAГTAI / ЦАГТАЙ
adj. Having time; having a watch; having a set time or schedule.
-- ideky. To eat at a fixed time.

CAГUR- / ЦУУРАХ
Same as siγur-, 2.

CAГURГ-A(N)
See cuγurγ-a.

CAГURГALA-
See cuγurγala-.

CAГURЛ-A / ЦУУРИА
[= cuurai] n. Echo, resonance.

CAГURXAI / ЦУУРХАЙ
Same as siγurxai, 1 and 2.

CAI / ЦАЙ
[Ch. ch'a 茶] n. Tea.
-- bolγaxu. To boil tea.
-- jin ceceg. Tea blossoms, camelia (transl. of Ch. ch'a-hua 茶花).
-- jin ger. Tea room.
-- jin zoγus. Small present, tip.
-- kiky. To make tea; to pour tea.
caγan --. White tea (with milk).
cilaγun --. Brick tea.
dang --. Plain tea (without milk).
køke --. Stale tea, prepared tea which was left standing too long.
nabcin --. Leaf tea; tea leaf.
nigen --. One brick of tea.
sir-a --. One-eighth of a tea brick; ancient unit of paper money.

CAI- / ЦАЙХ
v.i. To be[come] white, turn pale; to turn grey (of hair); to dawn, grow light.
saxal ysy --γsan ebygen. Old man with white hair and beard.
sibsig ijen --xu. To disgrace oneself completely.
tamu ben --xu. To go through hell.
ysy --xu. For the hair to become grey.
zisy --xu. To grow fair (of complexion).

CAIBAГAR / ЦАЙВГАР
adj. Whitish; faded; bleached; pale.

CAIBAI- / ЦАЙВАЙХ
v.i. To be[come] whitish; to fade; to turn pale.

CAIBALZA- / ЦАЙВАЛЗАХ
v.i. To appear white in the distance; to look whitish (of distant objects).

CAIBIR
See caibur.

CAIBUR / ЦАЙВАР
[= caibir] adj. Whitish, light-colored; pale.
-- køke. Light blue.
-- øngge. Light color or complexion.

CAIBURXAN / ЦАЙВАРХАН
adj. Whitish, somewhat pale or faded.



CAICI / ЦАЙЧ

n. One who prepares or serves tea; cook in a monastery (T. ja ma, cf. zam-a).



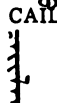
CAIDAM / ЦАЙДАМ

n. Extensive salt marsh; steppe white with patches of salt; swampy grounds between sandy hillocks; the Tsaidam area.



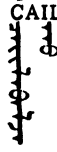
CAIGUL-

Same as cailγa-.



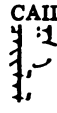
CAILA- ЦАЙЛАХ

v.t. To treat to tea; to treat to a meal, give a banquet.



CAILABALZA- / ЦАЙЛБАЛЗАХ

v.i. To look at something innattentively; to stare showing the white of the eyes; to stare blankly.



CAILALG-A / ЦАЙЛЛАГА

n. Banquet.

-- kiky. To give a banquet.



CAILGA- / ЦАЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of cai-.] To make white, whitewash, bleach; to thresh, shell; to clean; to remove nuts from a cone; to explain, interpret; to clear up; to clear oneself of suspicion.

--n buduxu. To whitewash.

--zu biciky. To make a neat copy.

bej-e ben --xu. To clear oneself of suspicion or an accusation.

kereg --xu. To clear up an affair or a case.

tarijan i --xu. To clean or thresh grain.

yr --xu. To wait till dawn; to do something till dawn; to stay awake till dawn.



CAILGAGUL- / ЦАЙЛГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of cailγa-.



CAIR / ЦАЙР

n. Zinc, tin.

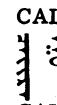
-- tyrkiky. To cover or plate with zinc.



CAIRA- / ЦАЙРАХ

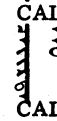
v.i. To become white; to fade; to become pale; to dawn.

borua-a --xu. Rain is coming (visible from a distance).



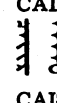
CAIRAGU / ЦАЙРУУ

adj. Whitish.



CAIRDA- / ЦАЙРДАХ

v.t. To coat or plate with zinc.



CAIRLA- / ЦАЙРЛАХ

v.t. To coat or plate with zinc.



CAISA / ЦАЙС

[Ch. ch'ai - tzŭ 釵子] n. Long hairpin.



CAIZA / ЦАЙЗ

[Ch. chai-tzŭ 寨子] n. Small fortress or stronghold; redoubt, outpost; castle.

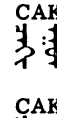
-- xaraixu. To storm a fortress.

socijalism un -- Stronghold of socialism.



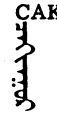
CAKI- / ЦАХИХ

v.i. To strike fire from a flint; to flash.



CAKIGUL- / ЦАХИУЛАХ

v. caus. of caki-.



CAKIGUR / ЦАХИУР

n. Flint.

-- cilaγun. Flint.



CAKIL- / ЦАХИЛАХ

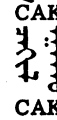
v.i. To strike; to flash; to come or pass like a flash of lightning; to walk very fast.



CAKILDAG / ЦАХИЛДАГ

n. Iris, Iris pumila.

-- un ceceg. Iris.



CAKILGA- / ЦАХИЛГАХ

v. caus. of cakil-.



CAKILGAN / ЦАХИЛГААН

n. and adj. a) Lightning.

-- cakilxu. For the lightning to flash.

-- cakilxu jin zaγur-a. In a flash of lightning.

-- gilaskiky. For the lightning to flash.

-- tngri. God of thunder.

b) Electricity; electric; telegraph; telegram; telegraphic.

-- biciγeci. Telegraph operator.

-- damziγulxu siγum. Electric transmission.

-- deng. Electric lamp or light.

-- γarxu. For electricity to generate.

-- gerel. Electric light, electricity.
-- gerel yn untaraγalγ-a. Electric switch.
-- gerel yn xorij-a. Electric power station.
-- gyjydel. Electric current.
-- i nebteregylky bodas. Conductor of electricity.
-- kødelgyr. Electric motor.
-- medege. Telegram.
-- medegen y xorij-a. Telegraph office.
-- toγusu. Electron.
-- zuux-a. Electric heater or stove.


CAKILГANZI- / ЦАХИЛГААНЖИХ
v.i. To be[come] electrified.


CAKILГANZIГUL- / ЦАХИЛГААЖУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of cakilγanzi-] To electrify.


CAKILZA- / ЦАХИЛЗАХ
v.i. To flash (of lightning).


CAKIR, 1. / ЦАХИР
adj. and n. Very white, light, snow white; white spots on finger nails or on the feathers of a bird.

CAKIR, 2. / ЦАХИР
n. Silicon.


CAKIRM-A / ЦАХИРМАА
n. Orchid.


CAKIXA
n. Affection of the mouth, etc. in infants, thrush.


CALABURI / ЦАЛБАР
n. Error, mistake, fault.
-- ygei. Faultless, without mistake.


CALAГAI / ЦАЛГАЙ
[= caliγai] adj. and n. Careless, negligent; carelessness, neglect.
osul --. Neglect.


CALAГAIDA- / ЦАЛГАЙДАХ
v.i. To act carelessly or negligently.


CALAГAIRA- / ЦАЛГАЙРАХ
v.i. To be careless or negligent.


CALAГAIRAL / ЦАЛГАЙРАЛ
n. Carelessness, negligence.


CALAГAR / ЦАЛГАР
[= calγar] n. and adj. Error, fault, omission, inaccuracy, negligence; inaccurate, negligent; wide mouthed.
-- amatai. Wide-mouthed, having a wide opening; loose-tongued, babbling.
-- ebertei. Having wide-spread horns.
-- nazaγai. Negligent and slow.
-- usun. A wide, shallow sheet of water.


CALAГARDA- / ЦАЛГАРДАХ
v.i. To be negligent, careless, or inaccurate; to err, omit, make mistakes, blunders.


CALAГARDAГUL- / ЦАЛГАРДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of calγarda-.


CALAI- / ЦАЛАЙХ
v.i. To open wide; to have a wide opening; to appear wide.
--tal-a negegeky. To open wide (as a gate).
usu --xu. For water to be spread over a wide area.

CALAILГA- / ЦАЛАЙЛГАХ
v. caus. of calai-.


CALANG
adj. Coarse, inaccurate, rough; lazy.


CALANGDAI / ЦАЛАНДАЙ
adj. and n. Imbecile, simpleton; uncouth person.


CALANGDAILA- / ЦАЛАНДАЙЛАХ
v.i. To be foolish or silly; to behave uncouthly.


CALCI- / ЧАЛЧИХ
v.i. To talk nonsense or drivel; to talk deliriously.
ama meden --xu. To talk nonsense without stopping.


CALCIJ-A / ЧАЛЧАА
n. Idle talk, nonsense; drivel.

CALCILDU- / ЧАЛЧИЛДАХ



v. coop. of calci-.

CALCIRA- / ЧАЛЧРАХ



v. i. To mumble, mutter; to stammer; to be tongue-tied.

kele --xu. To stammer, stutter.

CALCIRAГ-A / ЦАЛЧРАА



adj. Indistinct; tongue-tied.

CALГAR



See calaγar.

CALGI- / ЦАЛГИХ



v. i. To splash (as a liquid carried in a container); to wash over (as waves); to pour over.

CALGIDASU(N) / ЦАЛГИДАС(АН)



n. Spray, splash; overflow.

CALGIJ-A / ЦАЛГИА



n. Wave, surf; splashing.

CALGIJA-



Same as calgi-.

CALGIL- / ЦАЛГИЛАХ



v. frequ. of calgi-.

CALGISA



Same as calgij-a.

CALGISA-



Same as calgi-.

CALIГ, 1.



See saliγ.

CALIГ, 2. / ЦАЛИГ



n. Fetish.

CALIГAI



See calaγai.

CALING / ЦАЛИН(Г)



[Ch. ch'ien-liang 錢糧] n. Wages, pay, salary; stipend.

-- kølysy. Salary, wages, pay.

-- talbixu. To issue wages or salary.

sar-a jin --. Monthly wages or salary.

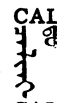
sula --. Pension.

CALINGTAI / ЦАЛИНТАЙ



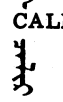
[= calingtu] adj. Having or receiving wages, salary, or a stipend.

CALINGTU / ЦАЛИНТ



See calingtai.

CALIR / ЦАЛИР



[= caril] n. Iron bar for demolishing rocks, breaking ice, etc.; crowbar, wrecking bar.

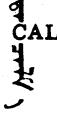
møsy --xu. To break ice with a calir.

CALIRDA- / ЦАЛИРДАХ



v. t. To use a calir, q. v.

CALM-A / ЦАЛАМ



[= salm-a] n. Lasso, lariat; cord, line, cable.

-- orkixu . To throw a lasso.

CALMA- / ЦАЛМАХ



v. t. To seize or pull by the hair.

CALMADA- / ЦАЛАМДАХ



v. t. To catch with a lasso.

CALMAГUL- / ЦАЛМУУЛАХ



v. caus. of calma-.

CALZAГA



Same as carcaxai.

CAM, 1. / ЦАМ



[= čam, T. hcham] n. "Lamaist" masked dance cham (incorrectly called "devils" dance).

-- γarγaxu. To perform a cham.

-- un baγ. Mask used in cham dance.

-- un xubcasun. Costumes worn by lamas during the cham dance.

-- xaraixu. To perform a cham.

CAM, 2. / ЦАМ



[= sam, 4 , T. mtshams] n. Interstice, seclusion.

-- dur saγuxu. To sit in meditation, live in seclusion.

CAMARXA- / ЦАМААРХАХ

See cimarxa-.

CAMCA / ЦАМЦ

n. Shirt.
dotuγur --. Undershirt.
γadaγur --. Shirt.

CAMCI / ЦАМЧ

n. Cam (q.v.) dancer.

CAMI

Same as cabi.

CAMNA- / ЦАМНАХ

v.i. To perform the cam (q.v.) dance.

CAMXAГ / ЦАМХАГ

n. Tower; turret, bastion; stronghold.
-- ger. House with tower on top.
nefti ørymdeky --. Oil derrick.

CAMXAГTAI / ЦАМХАГТАЙ

[= camxaγtu] adj. Having a tower, bastion, etc.

CAMXAГTU / ЦАМХАГТ

See camxaγtai.

CAMXUI- / ЦАМХИЙХ

dv.i. To feel as if one's stomach were too full.

CANA / ЦАНА

n. Snowshoes; sleigh; ski.
-- ber jabuxu. To walk on snowshoes; to ski.
-- jin tulγaγuri. Ski pole.

CANACI / ЦАНАЧ

n. Skier.

CANDAN

Same as zandan.

CANG, 1. / ЦАН(Г)

n. Cymbals.
-- deledky. To beat the cymbals.
-- kenggerge. Cymbals and drum[s].
dokij-a --. A slab of cast iron used as a percussion instrument.

CANG, 2. / ЦАН(Г)

n. Hoarfrost.

CANGГA- / ЦАНГАХ

v.i. To be[come] thirsty; to be[come] dried up.
ama --xu. To be thirsty.

CANGГAГ / ЦАНГАГ

n. Thirst.

CANGГALTA / ЦАНГАЛТ

n. Thirst.

CANGGILZA- / ЦАНГИЛЗАХ

v.i. To ring, resound, reverberate, make a series of sharp noises; to shout with a shrill voice.

CANGGILZAГUR / ЦАНГИЛЗУУР

n. Cymbals, rattle; music; one who has a shrill voice.

CANGGINA- / ЦАНГИНАХ

v.i. To ring, resound, reverberate.

CANGGINAГUR / ЦАНГИНУУР

n. and adj. Cymbals; ringing, resounding, shrill.
-- daγutai. Having a high pitched tone or voice.
-- xoγulai. High pitched squeaky voice.

CANGGIS / ЦАНГИС

n. A kind of cranberry.

CANGKIR / ЦАНГИР

adj. Whitish, blond; grey (of hair).

CANGKIRTU- / ЦАНГИРТАХ

v.i. To whiten, bleach; to turn grey (of hair); to turn grey in childhood.

CANGNA- / ЦАГНАХ

Same as cangtu-.

CANGTU- / ЦАНТАХ

v.i. To be[come] covered with hoarfrost.

CANGX-A, 1. / ЦАНХ

n. Colic.
-- tataxu. To suffer from colic.
saba jin --. Colic.

CANGX-A, 2. / ЦАНХ

n. Ticklishness.

CANGXALA- / ЦАНХЛАХ
v.i. To be ticklish; to shy (of a horse).

CANGXATAI, 1. / ЦАНХТАЙ
adj. Suffering from colic.

CANGXATAI, 2. / ЦАНХТАЙ
adj. Ticklish; easily frightened (of a horse).

CAR, 1.
n. Layer of frost on the surface of snow; hard crust on snow.

CAR, 2. / ЦАР
n. [onomat.] Sound of voice; cry, clamour, noise.
-- car geky. To chirr (as grasshoppers), to crunch (as snow); to crackle, rustle.
-- cir. The sound of something frying or roasting; crackle.
-- cur geky. To argue, quarrel; to bark (of a young dog).

CAR-
See cara-.

CARA / ЦАР
n. A large shallow metal plate; a large wooden bowl.

CARA- / ЦАРАХ
[= car-] v.t. and i. To prevent, forestall, take preventive measures; to prepare in advance.

CARAM
n. Mountain plateau; tundra, marshy plain with a vegetation of mosses and lichens; shallow gullies on a slope.

CARASU(N) / ЦАРС
n. Oak tree.

CARBA- / ЦАРВАХ
Same as cegci-.

CARBAГ / ЦАРВАГ
See cabuγ.

CARBAГU(N) / ЦАРВУУ
n. Wrist; forearm.

--n u jasu. humerus.
-- xumilduxu. To bend or fold the hands.

CARBAГUBCI / ЦАРВУУВЧ
n. Arm ornament, bracelet; oversleeve, false sleeve.

CARBALZA- / ЦАРВАЛЗАХ
v.i. To bend back and forth, sway; to shiver (as from cold).

CARCA
See carcaxai.

CARCA- / ЦАРЦАХ
v.i. To congeal or coagulate from cold.

CARCAГ-A / ЦАРЦАА
See carcaxai.

CARCAГA- / ЦАРЦААХ
v. caus. of carca-.

CARCAГAI
See carcaxai.

CARCAГAR / ЦАРЦГАР
adj. Congealed or coagulated from cold.

CARCAГUL- / ЦАРЦУУЛАХ
v. caus. of carca-.

CARCAI- / ЦАРЦАЙХ
v.i. To be or get wet.
--xu cerceiky. To get thoroughly wet, be soaked.

CARCAXAI / ЦАРЦААХАЙ
[= carcaγ-a, carcaγai, carca, tarca] n. Locust; grasshopper.
damziγur --. Dragonfly.
nigylty --. Locust.
temegelzigen-e --. Mantis.

CARDA- / ЦАРДАХ
[= cirda-] v.t. To starch; to size.
debel --xu. To starch clothes.

CARDAГUL / ЦАРДУУЛ
n. Starch; size, paste.
-- xuγuraxu. To become discouraged or despondent; to become disappointed.

CARDAГUL- / ЦАРДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of carda-.

CARDAI- / ЦАРДАЙХ
v.i. To be[come] big-bellied or pot-bellied; to harden, become hard.

CARDASU(N) / ЦАРДАС
n. Starch; paste, size.

CARГASU(N) / ЦАРГАС
See serkegen-e.

CARГU, 1. / ЦАРГА
adj. Capricous, obstinate; inflexible.

CARГU, 2. / ЦАРГА
Same as car, 1.

CARГUDA-, 1. / ЦАРГАДАХ
v.i. To be capricious, obstinate.

CARГUDA-, 2. / ЦАРГАДАХ
v.i. To form an icy crust (of snow).

CARГULA-, 1. / ЦАРГАЛАХ
Same as carγuda-, 1.

CARГULA-, 2. / ЦАРГАЛАХ
v.i. To walk on frozen snow.

CARGI-, 1. / ЦАРГИХ
v.i. To rattle, make a harsh sound; to speak harshly or haughtily.

CARGI-, 2. / ЦАРГИХ
v.i. To be blinded (as from snow).

CARGIJ-A / ЦАРГИА
n. Harsh sound, rumble; jarring, cracking, or rattling sound.

CARGIL / ЦАРГИЛ
n. Castanets.

CARGILDU- / ЦАРГИЛДАХ
v.t. To play the castanets.

CARIL / ЦАРИЛ
See calir.

CARLA- / ЦАРЛАХ
v.i. To be frozen; to be covered with a hard crust of ice (of snow).

CARMA- / ЦАРМАХ
v.t. To kick the ground with the hoofs, scratch the earth; to clear away snow.

CARMAГUR / ЦАРМУУР
n. Spade for clearing off snow, snow-shovel.

CARTU- / ЦАРТАХ
Same as carγuda-, 2.

CASU(N) / ЦАС(АН)
n. Snow.
-- caixu. To be white with snow.
--n caγan. Snow-white.
--n siγurγ-a. Snowstorm, blizzard.
--n sikir. Granulated sugar.
--n u nural. Avalanche.
-- xailzu baimui. The snow is thawing.
-- xaralamui. Snow turns black (when thawing).
baγ-a --. "Small Snow" (Ch. hsiao- hsüeh 小雪) the day when one of the seasonal divisions of the year begins (about November twenty second).
jeke --. " Great Snow" (Ch. ta-hsüeh 大雪) the day when one of the seasonal divisions of the year begins (about December seventh).
sir-a --. Yellow (spring) snow.
usu --. Precipitation.

CASUD- / ЦАСДАХ
v.i. To be[come] covered with snow.

CASURA- / ЦАСРАХ
v.i. To snow.
--zu bain-a. It is snowing.

CASUTAI / ЦАСТАЙ
[= casutu] adj. Covered with snow
-- aγula. Snow-covered mountain.

CASUTU / ЦАСТ
See casutai.
-- caγan aγula. The Himalayas.

CAURAI / ЦУУРАЙ
n. Echo, resonance; fame.

CAXA, 1. / ЦАХ
n. Small child, infant.
ulaγan --. Newborn baby.

САХА, 2. / ЦАХ

See caxu.

САХАLAI / ЦАХЛАЙ

See caxulai, 1.

САХАR / ЦАХАР

n.p. Chakhar, one of the Mongolian tribes and a region in Inner Mongolia.

САХАR-

v.i. To perspire, sweat violently.

САХU / ЦАХ

[= caxa, 2] n. Prop, support.

САХUDA- / ЦАХДАХ

v.t. To prop, support.

САХULA / ЦАХАЛ

n. Prop, support.

-- bosxaxu. To place supports or stays.

САХULAI, 1. / ЦАХЛАЙ

[= caxalai] n. Sea gull.

САХULAI, 2. / ЦАХЛАЙ

n. Herpes, ringworm.

-- γarxu. To develop herpes or ringworm.

САХULAITU- / ЦАХЛАЙТАХ

v.i. To develop herpes or ringworm.

САХULUUR / ЦАХЛУУР

n. Prop or support for plants.

САХUTUNA- / ЦАХТНАХ

v.i. To malign, slander; to gossip.

САХUTUNUUR / ЦАХТНУУР

n. and adj. Gossiper, babbler; addicted to scandal, calumnious, slanderous, libelous.

СЕ / ЦЭ

[Ch. ts'e 冊] n. Register; register of male population.

er-e jin --. Maturity, manhood, virility.

er-e jin --n dy kyrky. To become virile, come of age.

СЕВ / ЦЭВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adjectives and adverbs beginning with the syllable ce.

-- cegen. Entirely white or light.

-- cengker. Very light blue.

СЕВDEREGYDE-

Same as ceberegyde-.

СЕВЕR / ЦЭВЭР

adj. and adv. Clean, pure; neat[ly]; immaculate[ly]; net (as profit, etc.).

-- aγar. Clean or fresh air.

-- asiγ. Net income or profit.

-- cingnegyr. Net weight.

-- jabudal. Irreproachable conduct.

-- usu. Clean or pure water.

-- zisy. Clean appearance or complexion.

СЕВЕRCI / ЦЭВЭРЧ

adj. Clean, neat.

СЕВЕRKEN / ЦЭВЭРХЭН

adj. Rather clean, neat, etc. See ceber.

СЕВЕRKYY / ЦЭВЭРХУУ

adj. Clean, neat.

СЕВЕRLE- / ЦЭВЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To clean, cleanse; to tidy up; to purify; to purge.

--n ariγudxaxu . To cleanse, purify.

ger --ky. To clean or tidy up the house.

nam --ky. To purge the party.

xubcasu --ky. To clean clothes.

СЕВЕRLEGCI / ЦЭВЭРЛЭГЧ

n. A person who cleans up, janitor, custodian.

СЕВЕRLEL / ЦЭВЭРЛЭЛ

n. The act of cleaning, cleansing, tidying up, cleanliness.

-- dyr kicijeky. To be careful or particular about cleanliness.

СЕВЕRLELTE / ЦЭВЭРЛЭЛТ

n. Purification; purge.

nam un --. Party purge.

CEBERLIG / ЦЭВЭРЛЭГ

adj. Clean, neat.

CEBERSI- / ЦЭВЭРШИХ

v.i. To become clean or neat.

CECED

Plural of cecen.

CECEG / ЦЭЦЭГ

[= cicig, seceg] n. a) Flower.
-- bykyi uryumal. Flowering plants.
-- cecegleky. The flower blooms.
-- delgereky. A flower opens, flowers blossom.
-- tarixu. To plant flowers.
-- ygei zimis. Fig (Ch. wu-hua-kuo 無花菓).
-- yn delbe. Petal of a flower.
-- yn keltes. Petal of a flower.
-- yn kyrij-e. Flower garden.
-- yn sim-e. Nectar of flowers.
-- yn toyurcay. The bud of a flower; calyx of a flower.
-- yn vayaru. Flowerpot.
-- yn ynyr. Fragrance of a flower.
naran --. Sunflower.

b) Anything suggestive of or resembling a flower: smallpox (cf. cayan burxan, xuvar); comb of a cock; club (in cards).
-- ebedcin. Smallpox.
-- ijer ebedky. To have smallpox.
-- tarixu. To vaccinate against smallpox.
-- yn tarily-a. Smallpox vaccination.
xuvar --. Smallpox.

CECEGEI / ЦЭЦГИЙ

n. Pupil of the eye.
yal --. Crystalline lens (anat.).
nidyn y --. Pupil of the eye.
nidy y -- mety sakixu. To treasure as the apple of one's eye.

CECEGLE- / ЦЭЦЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To flower, blossom, bloom; to prosper, flourish.

CECEGLELTE / ЦЭЦЭГЛЭЛТ

n. Flowering, blossoming, blooming; prosperity.

CECEGLIG / ЦЭЦЭГЛЭГ

n. and adj. Flower garden; flowering, blossoming.

CECEGLIGCI / ЦЭЦЭГЛЭГЧ

n. Gardener.

CECEGTE- / ЦЭЦЭГТЭХ

v.i. To open (of flowers), bloom, flower; to have smallpox.

CECEGTEI / ЦЭЦЭГТЭЙ

[= cecegty] adj. Flowery, with flowers; blossoming, blooming; decorated or patterned with flowers.

CECEGTY / ЦЭЦЭГТ

See cecegtei.
-- uryumal. Flowering plants.

CECEN / ЦЭЦЭН

See secen.

CECERE-

See cicire-.

CECEREL

See cicirel.

CECERLIG / ЦЭЦЭРЛЭГ

n. Garden, flower garden; park; Tsetserlig (center of the Aru-Khangai aimak).
alim-a zimis yn --. Orchard.
keyked yn --. Kindergarten.

CECI- / ЧИЧИХ

See cici-.

CEDIG / ЦЭДЭГ

See cadiy.

CEG / ЦЭГ

[= cig, 3, T. tsheg] n. A dot, point, period; a Mongolian punctuation mark corresponding to a comma.
-- talbixu. To make a dot; to punctuate.
-- temdeg. Punctuation mark.
cubuy-a --. Dotted line.
dabxur --. Colon (in punctuation); punctuation mark in old Mongolian consisting of two dots and corresponding to a period.

dørbelzin -- . Punctuation mark ( ) used at the end of a paragraph in old Mongolian writing.

CEGCE / ЦЭГЦ
n. Order
-- ygei. Disorder; disorderly.

CEGCED- / ЦЭГЦТЭХ
v.i. To be in order, become orderly.

CEGCEDKE- / ЦЭГЦЭТГЭХ
v.t. To put in order.
emkidken --ky. To put in order.

CEGCEGEI
n. Linnet.

CEGCELE- / ЦЭГЦЛЭХ
v.t. To put in order.
--n gyicedkeky. To put in order.
--n zasaxu. To put in order.

CEGCERE- / ЦЭГЦРЭХ
Same as cegced-.

CEGCETEI / ЦЭГЦТЭЙ
adj. Having order, orderly, well arranged.

CEGCI-
v.i. and t. To raise or move the hands or feet; to grasp, pull, or trip with the hands or feet in wrestling.

CEGDEGER / ЦЭГДГЭР
adj. Prominent, protuberant.
kebeli --. Protruding belly.

CEGE, 1.
n. The flat side of an anklebone.

CEGE(N), 2.
See cige(n).

CEGE(N), 3.
postpos. As big as, the size of; up to.
ebydyg --. Up to the knee[s].
minu --. As big as I.

CEGEDEG / ЦЭГЭЭДЭГ
n. Short quilted jacket.

CEGEKEN / ЦЭГЭЭХЭН
adj. Somewhat white or light.

CEGEL / ЦЭЭЛ
n. Place with many springs; permanent spring.

CEGELTEI / ЦЭЭЛТЭЙ
[= cegelty] adj. Having many springs.

CEGELTY / ЦЭЭЛТ
See cegeltei.

CEGEM
n. Pride, presumption, arrogance.

CEGEN / ЦЭГЭЭН
adj. White, whitish, light.

CEGER, 1. / ЦЭЭР
n. Taboo, prohibition; abstinence; quarantine (due to epidemics).
-- γomudal. Mourning.
-- tailxu. To lift a quarantine.
idesi jin --. Diet; fast, abstinence from certain kinds of food.

CEGER, 2.
n. Foam or scum that forms on top of boiling liquids.

CEGERLE- / ЦЭЭРЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To taboo; to prohibit; to quarantine; to abstain.
--n kelegsen yge. A word used as a substitute for a taboo word, euphemism.
amin --ky. To abstain from killing.
araki ji --ky. To abstain from liquor.
ceger --ky. To observe mourning.
egyden --ky. To keep people away from one's door (because of illness in the house).
køl --ky. To keep away visitors.
ner-e --ky. To place a taboo on or refrain from using a name (as names of certain places, one's parents and teachers, etc.).

CEGERLEGYL- / ЦЭЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of cegerle-] To restrain; to forbid, prohibit, interdict; to persecute.

CEGERLEL / ЦЭЭРЛЭЛ
n. Taboo; prohibition; quarantine; abstention; punishment.

-- yzegylky. To subject to punishment.
bej-e jin -- kicijeky. To observe abstinence.

CEGERLELGE / ЦЭЭРЛЭЛЭГ
n. The act of abstaining or restraining; prohibition, interdiction, repression; a sign of prohibition to enter.

CEGERTEI / ЦЭЭРТЭЙ
adj. Taboo; prohibited, forbidden; quarantined.
køl --. Forbidden to enter.

CEGEZI(N) / ЦЭЭЖ
n. a) Upper front part of body, chest, breast, bosom.
-- bej-e. Upper front part of body, breast.
-- byteky. To feel stifled, suffocate.
-- jin boγulta. Bodice.
-- øndyr. Having a high chest (of a horse).
-- tyriky. To thrust one's chest forward; to be confident or proud.
ørgen --. A broad chest.

b) Memory as a faculty.
-- ber. By heart, from memory.
-- ber bicigylky. To dictate.
-- ber biciky. To take dictation; to write from memory.
-- ber ungsixu. To recite from memory.
-- bicig. Dictation.
-- jeketei = -- saitai. Having a good memory or a retentive mind.
-- maγutai. Having a poor memory.

CEGEZIBCI / ЦЭЭЖИВЧ
n. Sort of waistcoat, singlet, sweater.

CEGEZIDE- / ЦЭЭЖДЭХ
v.i. and t. To act arrogantly or haughtily; to swagger.

CEGEZIDEGYY / ЦЭЭЖДУУ
adj. Haughty, arrogant; hot-tempered.

CEGEZILE- / ЦЭЭЖЛЭХ
v.t. To learn by rote, memorize.
--n abxu. To memorize.
--n surxu. To memorize, learn by heart.
--n toγtaγaxu. To fix or retain in one's memory, learn by heart.

CEGEZILEGYL- / ЦЭЭЖЛУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of cegezile-.

CEGEZILELGE / ЦЭЭЖЛЭЛГЭ
n. The act of learning by heart or memorizing.

CEGEZIMEG / ЦЭЭЖМЭГ
n. Sleeveless vest or jacket; woman's vest; wrestler's jacket.

CEGEZIMEGCI / ЦЭЭЖМЭГЧ
Same as cegezimeg.

CEGEZITEI / ЦЭЭЖТЭЙ
adj. Having a good memory or retentive mind.

CEGLE- / ЦЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To punctuate; to stop at a period when reading; to interrupt, stop.
demei jarixu ji --j-e! Let's stop idle talk!

CEGLEL / ЦЭГЛЭЛ
n. Punctuation.

CEGTEI / ЦЭГТЭЙ
adj. Having a dot or period.
-- tasulγ-a. Semicolon.

CEGYLIS
adj. and adv. Sudden[ly], unexpected[ly].
-- boruγan. Sudden rain.
-- bosxu. To rise suddenly, jump to one's feet.
-- egyskeky. To think up, invent, or produce something suddenly or on the spur of the moment; to improvise.

CEGYLISDE-
v.i. To be hasty.
--zy kereg ebdeky. To spoil a thing through haste.

CEIDEM / ЧИЙДЭМ
n. A kind of kumiss.

CEKE, etc. / ЦЭХ
See cike, etc.

CEKER / ЦЭХЭР
adj. Having a film on the eye.
baraγun nidy ni -- mori. Horse with a film on its right eye.

CEL, 1. / ЦЭЛ

Intensifying adverbial particle before certain adjectives: absolutely, very, completely.

-- køke. Deep blue.
-- kyiten. Very cold.
-- noγuγan. Deep green.
-- zalaγu. Very young.

CEL, 2.

See under cyl.

CELBENG / ЦЭЛБЭН

-- caγan. White as snow.

CELEG

[= celeng] n. Wooden bowl.

CELEGER, 1. / ЦЭЛГЭР

adj. Vast, large.
-- tal-a. Vast plain.

CELEGER, 2. / ЦЭЛГЭР

adj. Bright, light.

CELEGERDE- / ЦЭЛГЭРДЭХ

v.i. To be too vast or large.

CELEI-, 1. / ЦЭЛИЙХ

v.i. To be vast, limitless, or boundless.

CELEI-, 2. / ЦЭЛИЙХ

v.i. To be bright or light.

CELENG

See celeg.

CELGE / ЦЭЛЭГ

adj. Wild, untamed, spirited (of horses).
-- zangtai mori. Spirited horse.

CELM-E(N) / ЦЭЛМЭ(Н)

n. Nap or pile on cloth.

CELME- / ЦЭЛМЭХ

v.i. To clear (of sky); to be awake.

CELMEG / ЦЭЛМЭГ

adj. Clear, clean; cloudless, fine (of weather); open; serene, pure, transparent.
-- edyr. Fine day.
-- oγturγui. Clear sky.
-- søni. Clear night.
-- tngri. Clear sky.
-- uxaγan. Clear mind.

CEMBE / ЦЭМБЭ

[= cengbe, cengm-e] n. Woolen cloth.
-- jin ysyn. Pile, nap (of material).
-- nekeky. To weave woolen cloth.

CEMBECI / ЦЭМБЭЧ

n. Weaver or maker of woolen cloth.

CEMBELE- / ЦЭМБЭЛЭХ

v.t. To cover with woolen cloth, upholster.

CEN / ЦЭН(Г)

[Ch. ch'ien 錢] n. Chinese weight equivalent to about four grams.

CENDEGEI / ЦЭНДГИЙ

n. Kinglet (bird).

CENDEGER / ЦЭНДГЭР

See cerdeger.

CENE / ЦЭЭНЭ

n. Peony.
-- ceceg. Peony.
jaγan -- . Peony.

CENE- / ЦЭНЭХ

v.i. To weigh; to evaluate, estimate; to be careful.

CENEG, 1. / ЦЭНЭГ

n. Weighing; evaluation, estimation.

CENEG, 2. / ЦЭНЭГ

n. Charge, load (of electricity or of a firearm).
-- abxu. To unload, discharge (a gun).

CENEGLE- / ЦЭНЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To load, charge (of a firearm).
--ge ygei sumu. Blank cartridge.
buu --ky. To load a firearm.

CENEGTEI / ЦЭНЭГТЭЙ

adj. Loaded (of firearms).

CENEGYL- / ЦЭНҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of cene-, 1.] To cause to evaluate, tax, estimate.

CENG / ЧИН(Г)
[= cing, 1, Ch. ch'eng 秤] n. Steelyard.

CENGBE, etc.
See cembe, etc.

CENGDE-
v.t. To evaluate, estimate, appraise.

CENGGE- / ЦЭНГЭХ
v.i. To exult, be happy or merry, enjoy, or amuse oneself; to take pleasure or delight in.
--n zirγaxu. To enjoy oneself, be blissfully happy.

CENGGEGYL- / ЦЭНГҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of cengge-] To cheer, gladden, make happy or merry, amuse, give pleasure.

CENGGEL / ЦЭНГЭЛ
n. The act of cengge-; fun, amusement, enjoyment, delight, pleasure.
-- kiky. To have fun, amusement, or delight.
-- naγadum. Play, diversion, amusement.
-- yn orun. Place of amusement or gaiety; paradise.

CENGGELDY- / ЦЭНГЭЛДЭХ
[v. rec. of cengge-] v.i. To rejoice; to amuse oneself; to enjoy oneself; to make merry.
--ky kyrijeleng. Club house; Palace of Culture.

CENGGELTEI / ЦЭНГЭЛТЭЙ
adj. Merry, happy, joyous.

CENGGIR
Same as cengkir.

CENGKEGER / ЦЭНХГЭР
See cengkir.

CENGKER / ЦЭНХЭР
See cengkir.

CENGKIGER
Same as cengkeger.

CENGKIR / ЦЭНХЭР
[= cengker, cengkeger] adj. Light blue, bluish.
-- køke. Bluish, dove-colored.
-- nidytei. Blue-eyed.
-- ynege. Blue fox.

CENGKIRTY- / ЦЭНХЭРТЭХ
v.i. To become bluish.

CENGLE-
Same as cengne-.

CENGLEGDE- / ЧИНЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of cengle-.

CENGLEGYL- / ЧИНЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of cengle-.

CENGLEGYR / ЧИГНҮҮР
[= cinglegyr] n. Scales, balances, steelyard.
-- yn nidyn. Index of a scale .
-- yn niruγu. The arm of a steelyard or scale.
-- yn odu. Weight marks on a scale; the constellation Libra.
-- yn sumu. Index of a pair of scales.

CENGME
See cengbe.

CENGNE- / ЧИГНЭХ
v.t. To weigh; to evaluate, appraise.

CER, 1. / ЦЭР
n. Phlegm, sputum, mucus.

CER, 2. / ЦЭР
-- cer kiky. To chirp, crackle.

CERBE- / ЦЭРВЭХ
v.i. To swing, sway.

CERBI
[Mo.] n. Official of the Darkhat in charge of the cult of Chinggis Khan.

CERCEI- / ЦЭРЦИЙХ
v.i. To be or get wet.

CERCEILGE- / ЦЭРЦИЙЛГЭХ

v. caus. of cercei-.

CERDEGER / ЦЭРДГЭР

[= cendeger] adj. Pot-bellied.

CERGE

n. Hitching post for horses.

CERIG / ЦЭРЭГ

[= cirig] n. Warrior, soldier; army, military forces, troops.

-- bolxu. To become a soldier.
-- ece baγuxu. To retire or withdraw from military service.
-- ece xalaγdaxu. To be released from military service.
-- elseky. To draft, call to military service.
-- i tarxaγaxu. To disband troops, demobilize.
-- køkigylky temdeg. Military decorations or medals.
-- tataxu. To withdraw troops; to enlist or mobilize soldiers.
-- ty daicilaγdaxu. To be drafted or mobilized.
-- tyr jabuxu. To enter the military service.
-- xalaxu. To demobilize troops; to replace troops.
-- yn. Military, army (attrib.).
-- yn alba. Military service.
-- yn anggi. Military unit.
-- yn bairi. Military barracks.
-- yn beledkel suryaγuli. Pre-military training or school.
-- yn beledkel yn daruγ-a. Quartermaster.
-- yn boduly-a. Military strategy or tactics.
-- yn caγaza. Martial or military law, army regulations.
-- yn daruγ-a. Commander of troops; officer.
-- yn dyrim. Military regulations.
-- yn γabij-a. Military merit.
-- yn [jabudal un] jamun. War Department, Ministry of War.
-- yn josulal. Parade, military review.
-- yn kereglel. Military supplies.
-- yn kycyn. Military strength or power; armed forces.
-- yn kycyrkeg josu. Militarism.
-- yn muzi. Military area or district.
-- yn nojan. Military officer.
-- yn syke. Battle-axe.
-- yn syr ijer ajulγaxu. To threaten with military force.

-- yn terigylegci. Commander of the armed forces.
-- yn tysimel. Military officer or official.
-- yn xaiγul. Military intelligence.
-- yn xubcasu. Military uniform.
-- yn zakirul. Military command.
-- yn zangzun. General.
-- yn zemseg. Weapon.
-- yn zøblel. Military council.
kizaγar un --. Frontier guard, soldier of the frontier guards.
morin -- = moritu --. Cavalry, cavalryman.
usun --. Navy; sailor.
xaγurai --. Land forces, army.

CERIGLE- / ЦЭРЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To wage a war or campaign; to mobilize an army; to use military forces.

CERIGLEL / ЦЭРЭГЛЭЛ

n. Military campaign.

CERIGSI- / ЦЭРЭГШИХ

v.i. To be[come] militarized.

CERIGSIL / ЦЭРЭГШИЛ

n. Militarization.

CERIGTEI / ЦЭРЭГТЭЙ

adj. Having troops, possessing an army.

CERIGZI- / ЦЭРЭГЖИХ

v.i. To be[come] militarized; to acquire an army; to increase the size of the army.

CERIGZIGYL- / ЦЭРЭГЖҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of cerigzi-] To militarize.
dakin --ky. To remilitarize.

CERIGZIGYLYLGE / ЦЭРЭГЖҮҮЛЭЛГЭ

n. Militarization.

CERIGZILTE / ЦЭРЭГЖИЛТ

n. Militarization.

CESCYY / ЧИСЧҮҮ

n. A sort of tussah silk.

CESE(N) / ЦЭС, ЦЭЭС



[Ch. ts'e - tzu 冊子] n. List, roll, catalog, register; report.

-- yiledky. To make a list, catalog, or report.

caling un --. Payroll.

CI / ЧИ



Pronoun of the second person singular applied to intimate friends, children, and people of lower rank: thou, you.

CIB / ЧИВ



Intensifying particle used before certain adjectives and adverbs beginning with the syllable ci.

-- cike. Quite straight; exactly, precisely.

-- cimege ygei. Without any sound without the slightest noise.

-- cimege ygei bolxu. To become absolutely silent; to vanish without a trace, be missing.

CIB- / ЧИВЭХ



v. i. To sink, become submerged, cf. zibiruγar-a --ky. To sink to the bottom.

sibar tur --ky. To sink in the mud.

CIBAГ-A(N) / ЧАВГА(Н)



[= cibuγ-a] n. Jujube; prunes, dried plums, kind of date.

--n u jasu. Kernel of a date.

--n u modun. Jujube tree.

ulaγan --. Red dates.

xar-a --. Prunes.

CIBAГANCA



See simnanca.

CIBAГU



Same as cabau.

CIBAU



Same as cabau.

CIBBY- / ЧИВЭХ



Same as cib-.

CIBBYGYL- / ЧИВҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of cib-.

CIBBYGYR / ЧИВҮҮР



n. Weights on a fishing net; plummet, sinker; anchor.

CIBBYL / ЧИВЭЛ



n. The act of sinking or drowning.

CIBBYNGKI



adj. Drowned, immerged, submerged.

CIBCIGYR / ЧИВЧҮҮР



n. Small flute or pipe for calling animals.

CIBCIGYRDE- / ЧИВЧҮҮРДЭХ



v. t. To call animals with a cibcigyr.

CIBCIRГA / ЧАВЧИРГА



n. Stick or rod used in punishment (obs.).

CIBCIRГADA- / ЧАВЧИРГАДАХ



v. t. To strike or punish with a rod (obs.).

CIBDAГ / ЧАВДАГ



adj. Sluggish, slow; trickling, flowing in a thin stream; stingy, miserly.

-- kymyn. A miser.

CIBDAГRA- / ЧАВДАГРАХ



v. i. To be sluggish; to trickle or flow in a thin stream; to be stingy or miserly.

CIBDAГSI- / ЧАВДАГШИХ



Same as cibdaγra-.

CIBE / ЧИВ



n. Penis.

CIBEGCI / ЧИВЭГЧ



Same as cikibci.

CIBEGE(N)



n. Drop; juice; spirit, essence, quintessence; semen; penis.

CIBIL / ЧИВЭЛ



n. Sin, vice; bad omen.

-- nigyl. Sin.

CIBILTEI / ЧИВЭЛТЭЙ
[= cibilty] adj. Sinful, vicious, depraved; of evil omen; of bad augury, ominous.

CIBILTY / ЧИВЭЛТ
See cibiltei.
-- ebedcin. Malignant illness, shameful illness.
-- mayu zajaγ-a. Ill fate, misfortune.

CIBUГA / ЧАВГА
See cibaγ-a.

CIBURA-
Same as cuburi-.

CIBX-A / ЧАВХ
n. Catapult, slingshot; trigger.

CIBXACA / ЧАВХАЦ
Same as cibxadasu(n).

CIBXADA- / ЧАВХДАХ
v.i. To shoot with a cibx-a (q.v.); to pluck strings.

CIBXADAГUL- / ЧАВХДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of cibxada-.

CIBXADASU(N) / ЧАВХДАС
n. String of a musical instrument.
-- deledky. To play a stringed instrument, pluck strings.

CIBXADASUTAI / ЧАВХДАСТАЙ
[= cibxadasutu] adj. Having strings; stringed.

CIBXADASUTU / ЧАВХДАСТ
See cibxadasutai.
-- køgzim. Stringed musical instrument.

CIBXAГUN / ЧАВХУУН
Same as cibdaγ.

CIBXAГURA- / ЧАВХУУРАХ
Same as cibdaγra-.

CIBXAI / ЧАВХАЙ
adj. Heavy (of small children).

CIBYGYR / ЧИВУУР
Same as cibbygyr.

CIBYNGKI
Same as cibbyngki.

CICA / ЧАЦ
n. Arms and legs.
-- jeketei. Having long arms and legs.

CICAB / ЧАЦАВ
adv. Suddenly, jerkily, with a start.
-- kiky. To jerk, start, move suddenly.

CICABALZA-
[= cicebelze-] v.i. To start, shake, move jerkily or spasmodically.

CICAГ-A / ЧАЦГА
n. Looseness of the bowels, diarrhea; watery feces.
-- aldaxu. To suffer from diarrhea.

CICAГADA- / ЧАЦГАДАХ
v.i. To suffer from diarrhea.

CICAГULIN
n. Mole; gopher, prairie squirrel.

CICARГANA / ЧАЦАРГАНА
[= cacarγana, cacirγana] n. Hippophae rhamnoides (a bush).

CICARXAГ / ЧАЦАРХАГ
See cicarxuu.

CICARXUU / ЧАЦАРХУУ
[= cicarxaγ] adj. Tall.

CICASKI- / ЧАЦАСХИЙХ
v.i. To start, move suddenly.

CICAU
See sacaγu.

CICEBELZE-
See cicabalza-.

CICEBKI-
Same as cicab kiky.

CICI- / ЧИЧИХ

[= ceci-, seci-] v.t. To poke, thrust, prod, prick, stick; to begin to sprout.

--zy coγulxu. To pierce.

CICIG

See ceceg.

CICIGESY(N) / ЧИЧЭЭС

n. Sprout, shoot.

CICIGINE- / ЧИЧИГНЭХ

onomat. v.i. To be sharp, shrill, or piercing (of sound); to tremble.

xoγulai --myi. The voice trembles.

CICIGYR

n. Thorn; prickle; a pointed piece of wood or metal used for piercing, awl.

-- xoruxai. Earwig.

CICIN

Same as cecen.

CICIRE- / ЧИЧРЭХ

[= cecere-] v.i. To tremble, shake, shiver, quake, quiver.

ajuzu --ky. To tremble with fear.

daγarazu --ky. To tremble with cold.

ziryke --myi. The heart throbs.

CICIREGLE- / ЧИЧРЭГЛЭХ

Same as cicire-.

CICIREGYL- / ЧИЧРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of cicire-.

CICIREL / ЧИЧРЭЛ

[= cecerel] n. The act of trembling, shaking, shivering, quivering, or shuddering; tremor.

CICIRELCE- / ЧИЧРЭЛЦЭХ

v. coop. of cicire-.

CICIRGE-

Same as ciciregyl-.

CICIRKILE- / ЧИЧИРХИЙЛЭХ

v.i. To tremble, shake, quiver.

CIDA- / ЧАДАХ

v.i. To be able, capable; to be able to overcome or vanquish.

--n jadan. Barely, hardly; somehow.

--n jadan jabuzu yzej-e. Let us try somehow.

--xu jin cinege ber. According to one's ability.

ungsizu --xu. To be able to read.

xamuγ daisun i --xu. To be able to conquer all enemies.

yly --xu. To be unable or incapable.

CIDABURI / ЧАДВАР

n. Ability, capability, faculty; possibility.

-- mekys. Of low ability or capacity.

-- ygei. Incapable, unable, unskilled, not gifted, not talented.

azil un -- . Capacity for work, efficiency.

azu axui jin -- . Economic possibilities.

uran -- . Skill, mastery.

CIDABURILA- / ЧАДВАРЛАХ

v.i. To show one's ability or capability, have the capacity to do something.

CIDABURITAI / ЧАДВАРТАЙ

[= cidaburitu] adj. Able, gifted, capable, skilled, efficient.

kødelmyri jin -- . Capable of working, efficient in work.

CIDABURITU / ЧАДВАРТ

See cidaburitai.

CIDAGDA- / ЧАДАГДАХ

[v. pass. of cida-] To be able to bear; to be conquered or overcome.

--xui-a berke. Difficult to bear; difficult to be conquered.

sumun-a yly --xu. Invulnerable to an arrow.

CIDAGUL- / ЧАДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of cida-.

CIDAL / ЧАДАЛ

n. Ability, capability, power; talent, gift; possibility; affluence, opulence, prosperity.

-- baγatai. Having little ability or power.

-- γarγaxu. To display one's ability, capability, or power.

-- ijeń yzelceky. To try each other's strength; to fight something out.

-- ijer ijen . According to one's ability or power.
-- kycyn. Power, strength, energy, capacity.
-- meden. With all one's might.
-- mekysdeky. To show lack of ability or power.
-- oruxu. To become able; to become strong or powerful.
-- saitai. Able, capable; powerful.
-- tengkege. Power, strength.
-- ygei. Feeble, powerless; incapable, incompetent.
-- ygei bolγaxu. To disable; to deprive of strength, ability, capability.
kiri -- . Abilities, capabilities.
kycyn -- . Power, strength.
xudaldun abxu -- . Buying power.

CIDALTAI / ЧАДАЛТАЙ
[= cidaltu] adj. Able, capable; powerful, strong; effective.
-- bolγaxu. To give strength, make strong or competent; to enable.
-- kymyn. Able person; powerful person.

CIDALTAN / ЧАДАЛТАН
n. Strong or powerful ones; well-to-do persons.

CIDALTU / ЧАДАЛТ
See cidaltai.

CIDAMAГ / ЧАДМАГ
Same as cidamaγai.
-- jadamaγ ijer. Same as cidan jadan (see under cida-).

CIDAMAГAI / ЧАДАМГАЙ
adj. and adv. Capable, able, talented; competent, skillful; strong; ably, skillfully.
-- buuci. Good marksman.
-- ojuxu. To sew skillfully.

CIDAMAГAIRXA- / ЧАДАМГАЙРХАХ
v.i. To show off or boast of one's abilities or skill.

CIDAXUICA
n. Ability, capability.
-- ber ijen. As well as one can.

CIDER
Same as cidyr.

CIDKYR / ЧӨТГӨР
n. Devil, demon, fiend; ghost.
-- arγ-a zaruxu. To use devilish tricks to attain one's objective.
-- bøgesy. Bedbug.
-- oruxu. To be obsessed by a demon.
-- yldeky. To expel or exorcise a demon.
-- yn xourlal. Harm caused by a demon.

CIDKYRTEI / ЧӨТГӨРТЭЙ
adj. Possessed by a demon; devilish; haunted.

CIDXU- / ЦУТГАХ
v.t. and i. To pour, pour into; to smelt, cast, or found metals; to mint coins; to flow.
dalai dotur-a --xu. To flow into the sea.
mønggy --xu. To cast or mint silver.

CIDXUГCI / ЦУТГАГЧ
n. Smelter, coiner.

CIDXUГDA- / ЦУТГАГДАХ
v. pass. of cidxu-.

CIDXUГDAГUN
n. Cast or smelted metal.

CIDXUГUL- / ЦУТГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of cidxu-.

CIDXUГUR / ЦУТГУУР
n. Watering pot; molten metal.

CIDXULANG / ЦУТГАЛАН
n. The act of pouring or smelting; overflowing; fish dam.

CIDXULГ-A / ЦУТГАЛГА
n. The act of casting, founding, or smelting; pouring, sprinkling; overflowing.

CIDXULГACI
Same as cidxuγci.

CIDXUMAL / ЦУТГАМАЛ
[n.d. of cidxu-] adj. Cast, founded, minted (of metals).
-- køryg. Cast statue.
-- temyr. Cast iron.

CIDYR / ЧӨДӨР

n. Hobbles for horses, consisting of three connected rings, two for the fore legs and one for the left hind leg; shackles for the feet.

-- cilaγun. Stone for a catapult.

-- ebesyn. Atragene sibirica, Polygonum convolvulus.

-- tusij-a. Hobble; shackles; hindrances, obstacles.

CIDYRLE- / ЧЕДӨРЛӨХ

v.t. To hobble a horse; to shackle the feet; to handicap or hinder.

CIDYRLEGDE- / ЧӨДӨРЛӨГДӨХ

v. pass. of cidyrle-.

CIDYRLEGYL- / ЧЕДӨРЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of cidyrle-.

CIGAN-A / ЦААНА

See caγan-a.

CIGASUNG

Same as siγazang.

CIGDAI-

v.i. To become filled; to feel full.

--tal-a. Until distended or full.

CIGDAILGA-

v. caus. of ciγdai-.

CIGTA / ЧАГТ

n. Bolt, latch; linchpin; clasp, buckle.

CIGTAG-A(N) / ЧАГТГА

n. Rope or string for pulling an object towards oneself; rope attached to the frame of the smoke hole of a yurt.

ger yn --. Rope inside a yurt attached to the frame of the smoke hole to hold it in place.

CIGTAGALA- / ЧАГТГАЛАХ

v.t. To pull a rope; to tie with ropes and pull; to tie down.

--n abiraxu. To ascend or climb with the aid of a rope.

CIGTAGALAGUL- / ЧАГТГАЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of ciγtaγala-.

CIGTAGUN / ЧАГТУУН

adj. Tight, tightly pulled, taut, stiff, tough; hard-mouthed; disobedient.

-- numu. Taut bow.

ama -- mori. Hard-mouthed or disobedient horse.

CIGUL- / ЦУГЛАХ

v.i. To assemble, accumulate, gather.

--xu ger. Assembly hall; large hall in a temple.

CIGULBURI

n. Gathering.

CIGULGA-

Same as ciγuluγul-

CIGULGALA- / ЦУГЛААЛАХ

v.i. To gather in one place; to attend an assembly or a meeting.

CIGULGAN / ЧУУЛГАН , ЦУГЛААН

n. Gathering, throng, society; assembly, meeting; league, confederacy (Ch. meng 盟, the largest military-administrative units consisting of a number of xosiγun, q.v.; they were formed during the Manchu dynasty and survived until the advent of Communism, when they were replaced by aimaγ, q.v.), cf. cuγlaγ-a(n).

-- i tarxaγaxu. To dismiss a meeting.

-- u daruγ-a. Chief of a league.

-- u ger. Meeting house or hall.

nutuγ un --. Regional assembly.

CIGULUGUL- / ЦУГЛҮҮЛАХ

[v. caus. of ciγul-] v.t. To assemble, gather, collect.

uran ziruγ --xu. To collect paintings.

CIGURAI

n. and adj. Secret, mystery; secret, hidden; smooth, shiny; polite, harmonious.

CIG, 1. / ЧИГ

n. Direction, course; straightness.

-- cig ijer. In all directions; each his own way, separately.

-- cig tegen. Each for or by himself.
-- ijen køgegsen kymyn. A person who keeps to himself.
-- ijen xarazu jabuxu. To go straight ahead.
-- ijer. Straight; separately.
-- i ziγaxu. To show or point out the direction.
-- tegen jabuxu. To go or live by oneself.
-- xaraxu. To look straight ahead.
-- yn kymyn. Stranger, outsider.
-- zirum. Order, custom.
ali -- ece. From what direction.
baraγun --. Westerly direction.
tere -- tyr. In that direction.



CIG, 2. / ЧИГ

n. Bandage, splint.
-- barixu. To bandage, splint.

CIG, 3.



See ceg.

CIGCELEGYR / ЧИГЧЛҮҮР



Same as sigcilegyr.

CIGE(N) / ЦЭГЭЭ(Н)



[= cege(n), 2.] n. Mare's milk, kumiss.

CIGEZEI / ЧИГЧИЙ



See sigeci.

CIGEZI



Same as cegezi(n).

CIGI / ЧИГ



Same as cu.

CIGIG / ЧИЙГ



n. Dampness, moisture, humidity.
-- abxu. To become damp.
-- bam ebedcin. Scurvy.
-- tataxu. To absorb or draw moisture, become damp.
-- yn xoruxai. Silver fish (insect); earthworm, rainworm.
aγar un -- noitan. Atmospheric humidity.

CIGIGCI / ЧИЙГЧ

-- xoruxai. Wood louse.

CIGIGLE- / ЧИЙГЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To moisten, make damp; to rain, snow.

CIGIGTE- / ЧИЙГТЭХ



v.i. To become damp, wet, moist or humid.

CIGIGTEGYL- / ЧИЙГТҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of cigigte-.

CIGIGTEI / ЧИЙГТЭЙ



[= cigigty] adj. Damp, moist, humid.
-- aγar. Humid air.
-- γazar. Damp place.
-- tasulγ-a. Damp room.
noitan --. Damp, humid.

CIGIGTY / ЧИЙГТ

See cigigtei.

CIGIIREG

Same as cigiraγ.

CIGIRAГ / ЧИЙРЭГ

adj. Strong, robust, powerful; massive, solid; vigorous.
-- bejetei. Of strong physique.
-- kymyn. Strong or robust person.
-- toryamsuγ. Heavy silk cloth.
-- xujaγ. Solid armor.

CIGIRAГSI- / ЧИЙРЭГШИХ



v.i. To become strong, hard, or solid.

CIGIRMAГ

Same as cigiraγ.

CIGIRSY(N) / ЧИЙРС(ЭН)

n. and adj. Straw or rush mat; straw, rush.
--n byrky. Straw hat.
--n malaγai. Straw hat.

CIGLE-, 1. / ЧИГЛЭХ



v.i. To move toward, direct oneself to; to go straight; to aim at; to steer a course.

CIGLE-, 2. / ЧИГЛЭХ



Same as cegle-.

CIGLE-, 3. / ЧИГЛЭХ



v.t. To shake a container so that its contents may settle.

CIGLE-, 4. / ЧИГЛЭХ



Same as cigzi-.

CIGLE-, 5. / ЧИГЛЭХ
v.i. To heal (of the navel of a new-born baby).

CIGLE-, 6. / ЧИГЛЭХ
v.t. To splint, bandage.

CIGLEDESYN
Same as cigzijesy(n).

CIGLEGYL- / ЧИГЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of cigle-.

CIGLEL[TE] / ЧИГЛЭЛ(Т)
n. Direction, orientation, course; tendency; aim.

CIGLERE-, 1. / ЧИГЛЭРЭХ
v.i. To head for or proceed in a certain direction.

CIGLERE-, 2. / ЧИГЛЭРЭХ
Same as cigzire-.

CIGLEREGYL- / ЧИГЛЭРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ciglere-.

CIGTEI / ЧИГТЭЙ
adj. Having a certain direction, directed; decent, decorous, proper.

CIGYRSY(N)
See cøgyrsy(n).

CIGZI- / ЧИГЖИХ
v.t. To calk, make waterproof or airtight by filling cracks; to cork; to close an opening; to fill up; to ram down.

CIGZIJESY(N) / ЧИГЖЭЭС(ЭН)
n. Material used for calking; space (printing).

CIGZIRE- / ЧИГЖРЭХ
v.i. To be calked, packed, or rammed; to be tightly filled.

CIGZIREGYL- / ЧИГЖРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of cigzire-.

CII, 1. / ЧИЙ
[Ch. ch'ih 尺] n. Chinese foot (measure, cf. toxui).

CII, 2. / ЧИЙ
[Ch. ch'i 漆] n. Varnish, lacquer.

CII, 3. / ЧИЙ
n. Steppe cherry.

CIIDENG / ЧИЙДЭН(Г)
[Ch. ch'i-teng 氣燈] n. Electric lamp; electric light; acetylene lamp (obs.).

CIILE-, 1. / ЧИЙЛЭХ
v.t. To varnish, lacquer.

CIILE-, 2. / ЧИЙЛЭХ
v.t. To measure in cii, 1, q.v.

CIITEI / ЧИЙТЭЙ
adj. Lacquered, varnished.

CIKE / ЦЭХ
[= ceke] adj. and adv. Straight; honest, frank, straightforward, just.
-- dumda. Exact center.
-- jabuxu. To go straight.
-- sanaγatu. Straightforward, honest, frank.
-- sidurγu ygylegci kymyn. person.
-- siγum. Straight line.
-- xaraxu. To look straight ahead.
-- zam. Straight road.

CIKECI / ЦЭХЧ
adj. Straightforward, frank, honest, just.

CIKELE- / ЦЭХЛЭХ
v.i. To be straight; to be frank or just; to go straight; to straighten.

CIKELEGYL- / ЦЭХЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of cikele-.

CIKELIG / ЦЭХЛЭГ
Same as cike.

CIKER
Same as ceker.

CIKERE- / ЦЭХРЭХ
v.i. To become straight, straighten out.

CIKEREGYL- / ЦЭХРҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of cikere-.

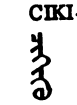
CIKI(N) / ЧИХ(ЭН)



n. a) Ear; hearing.
-- dyli. Deaf.
-- dynggineky. To have a ringing in one's ears.
--n dari. Powder for flintlock guns.
--n dy keleky. To speak into one's ear.
--n ijen φgcy saitur sonusxu. To lend an ear, listen attentively.
--n i imneky. To cut a mark in the ear, ear-mark.
--n y ceceg. Auricle of the ear, external ear.
--n y izaγur. Root or back part of the ear.
-- nykeleky. To pierce the ears.
--n y omuγ. Upper edge of the ear.
--n y sybe. Hole pierced in the ear lobes for earrings.
--n y toli. Eardrum.
--n y unizilγ-a. Ear lobe.
--n y xonggil. Auditory canal.
--n y xoluγu. Earwax.
-- orkixu. To keep one's ears open.
-- talbixu. To pay attention.
deldeng --. Protruding ears.

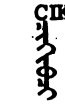
b) Anything suggestive of the ear in shape, location, or function.
--n cy. Linchpin (of an axletree).
--n ger. Side chamber, lean-to (Ch. erh-fang 耳房).
buu jin --. Pan of flintlock gun.
tarijan u --. Sprout of grain; ear or spike of grain.
tergen y --. Linchpin.
xuγur un --. Peg of a xuγur (q.v.).

CIKI- / ЧИХЭХ



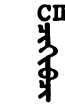
v.t. and i. To jam, stuff, press, push, shove; to stuff oneself, overeat.
--zy γarγaxu. To push out.
--zy oruγulxu. To push or stuff in.
ama uruγu ben --ky. To stuff into one's mouth.

CIKIBCI / ЧИХЭВЧ



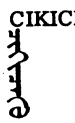
n. Ear muffs, ear laps, part of helmet which covers the ears.

CIKIBCITEI / ЧИХЭВЧТЭЙ



adj. Having ear laps, etc.
-- malaγ-a. Hat or cap with laps for the ears.

CIKICE- / ЧИХЦЭХ



v.i. To be crowded or cramped, be confined to a small place; to fit in with difficulty.

CIKICI / ЧИГЧ



Same as cikeci.

CIKIDE- / ЧИХДЭХ



v.t. To pull somebody's ear, take by the ear.

CIKIGYL- / ЧИХҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of ciki-.

CIKIGYR / ЧИХҮҮР



n. Gluttonous person; a tool used for stuffing in or packing something.

CIKILCE- / ЧИХЭЛЦЭХ



[v. coop. of ciki-] To crowd, throng, push each other, be cramped.
--zy saγuxu. To live in or be crowded into a small or narrow place.

CIKILDY- / ЧИХЭЛДЭХ



[v. rec. of ciki-] To push each other, crowd, be cramped.
--n oruxu. To enter by squeezing or forcing one's way through (of a crowd of people)

CIKILE / ЧИХЭЛ



adj. Elastic, resilient; firm, stiff, starched.
-- ygei. Weak, soft, not stiff, not starched.

CIKILE- / ЧИХЛЭХ



v.i. and t. To sprout, push out new shoots, germinate; to insert a linchpin, etc.

CIKIMEI



Same as cikeci.

CIKIR / ЧИХЭР



See siker.

CIKIR- / ЧИХРЭХ



v.i. To be unable to pass through or fit in, get stuck.

CIKIRA- / ЧАХРАХ



v.i. To squeak (as a cart, etc.).

CIKIRAГUN / ЧАХРУУН

adj. Squeaking, squeaky.
-- terge. Squeaky cart.

CIKIRM-A / ЦАХИРМАА

-- ceceg. Orchid.

CIKITEI / ЧИХТЭЙ

[= cikity] adj. Having ears, etc.; eared.
See also xulan.
sonur --. Having good hearing.

CIKITY / ЧИХТ

See cikitei.

CILAГU(N) / ЧУЛУУ(Н)

n. Stone, rock.
-- ber cokixu. To hit with a stone.
-- ber sideky. To throw stones at.
--n baising. Stone building.
--n bar. Lithographic stone, lithography.
--n singxu. Vermilion, cinnabar.
--n u aimaγ. Minerals..
--n u aimaγ i sinzileky uxaγan. Mineralogy.
--n u darxan. Stonecutter, mason.
--n yzyg. Slate pencil.
--n zam. Road paved with stone.
--n zebseg. Stone weapon or implement.
--n ziryke. Heart of stone; fearlessness; mercilessness.
-- zebseg yn yj-e. Stone age.
altan u --. Gold ore.
caγan --. Alabaster.
øncyg yn terigyn --. Cornerstone.
temyr yn --. Iron ore.

CILAГUCI / ЧУЛУУЧ(ИН)

n. Stone mason.
-- darxan. Stone mason.

CILAГUDA- / ЧУЛУУДАХ

v.t. To throw stones; to stone; to throw anything.
--zu alaxu. To stone to death.
bicig ijen --xu. To throw one's book.

CILAГULIГ / ЧУЛУУЛАГ

n. and adj. Mineral; rocky, stony.

CILAГURA- / ЧУЛУУРАХ

v.i. To harden, become petrified.

CILAГURXAГ / ЧУЛУУРХАГ

adj. Stony, stone-like, petrified.

CILAГUSI- / ЧУЛУУШИХ

Same as cilaγura-.

CILAГUTAI / ЧУЛУУТАЙ

[= cilaγutu] adj. Stony, covered with stones.
-- γazar. Stony soil or place.

CILAГUTU / ЧУЛУУТ

See cilaγutai.

CILAГUZI- / ЧУЛУУЖИХ

v.i. To become petrified.
--γsan. Petrified.

CILBANG / ЧАЛБАН(Г)

n. and adj. Albino (of animals); albinic.
-- caγan. White with a reddish muzzle.
-- nidyn. Albinic eyes, red eyes.

CILBUГUR / ЦУЛБУУР

[= culbuγur] n. Long leather cord attached to the headstall of a halter or bridle; tether.

CILBUГURDA- / ЦУЛБУУРДАХ

v.t. To hold or to lead a horse by the halter.

CILDENG / ЧИЛДЭН

-- xar-a. Jet-black.

CILE- / ЧИЛЭХ

v.i. To be[come] ill, indisposed, weary (hon.); to be[come] tired, exhausted; to grow numb.
ama --tel-e keleky. To talk until the mouth becomes dry.
bej-e --ky. To become physically tired; to become ill (hon.).
køl --ky. For the legs to become numb.
nidy --tel-e xaraxu. To look until the eyes get tired.
sedkil --ky. To worry (hon.).

CILEGE / ЧИЛЭЭ

n. Indisposition, illness (hon.); exhaustion, tiredness; numbness.
-- amurlixu. To recover from illness (hon.).
-- ber orusixu. To be continuously ill.
-- γarγaxu. To rid oneself of numbness in the extremities.

kyndy --. Severe illness (hon.).

CILEGE- / ЧИЛЭЭХ

[v. caus. of cile-] To tire, exhaust, render weak (polite); to trouble, cause sorrow or illness (polite).

tan i jeke --le. I have troubled you greatly (corresponds to "thank you very much").

tan i nige --zy bolun-a uu? May I trouble you with something?

CILEGERKE- / ЧИЛЭЭРХЭХ

v.i. To fall ill, be indisposed (hon.); to be exhausted or tired (hon.).

--ky jin dyri yzegylky. To show signs of illness.

CILEGETEI / ЧИЛЭЭТЭЙ

adj. Ill, sick (hon.).

CILELGE / ЧИЛЭЛГЭ

Same as cilege.

CILEN

[originally suffix - cila - / - cile - + n] post-pos., adv. As, according to, like.

... kemegsen --. As it is said.

mety --. (To do) like ...

tegyn --. See tegyncilen.

CILGER / ЧИЛГЭР

adj. Slender, well-proportioned (of body).

CILGERSI- / ЧИЛГЭРШИХ

v.i. To become slender.

CILII-, 1. / ЧИЛИЙХ

v.i. To lengthen, become long, stretch out.

--gsen. Elongated; tall and thin.

CILII-, 2. / ЧИЛИЙХ

v.i. To pop one's eyes, stare.

CILME-

Same as cølbe-.

CILYGE(N) / ЧӨЛӨӨ(Н)

n. a) Space in general.

-- γazar. Space; square area.

egyden y --. Crack in the door.

oi jin --. Clearing in a forest.

b) Space (temporal); leisure, freedom from work, rest, relaxation, leave, vacation.

-- abxu. To get a leave of absence or permission to resign.

-- eriky. To ask for a leave of absence, ask for one's discharge from office. See also d.

-- γarγaxu. To find time for doing something.

-- γarγaxu ygei. To give no rest; to cause to work without stopping; to find no time for something.

-- γujuxu. To ask for a leave of absence, ask for one's discharge from office.

-- keleky. To request a leave of absence.

-- olγaxu. To grant leave; to grant permission to resign.

-- ygei. Not free, being occupied or used; busy.

-- zab. Free time, leisure.

-- zabsar. Free time, intermission.

tyr --. Temporary leave.

c) Freedom in general, as opposed to dependence; freedom of action or movement.

erke --. See under erke.

d) Fitting time, occasion, opportunity.

-- daγariγulxu. To profit by or take advantage of an opportunity.

-- eriky. To look for an opportunity. See also b.

-- xaraxu. To look for an occasion or chance.

CILYGEDE- / ЧӨЛӨӨДӨХ

v.i. To take advantage of an occasion or a situation.

CILYGELE- / ЧӨЛӨӨЛӨХ

v.i. and t. To resign; to release, free, liberate ; to give leave; to dismiss.

alba ben --ky. To resign from one's position.

γaili --ky. To exempt from tax.

CILYGELEGDE- / ЧӨЛӨӨЛӨГДӨХ

[v. pass. of cilygele-] To be freed or released.

alban egyrge ece --ky. To be relieved of official duties.

CILYGETEI / ЧӨЛӨӨТЭЙ

[= cilygety] adj. Having time or leisure, not busy, being free; freed.

-- edyr. Holiday, day of rest; a free day.

bi ene edyr --. I am free today.

CILYGETY / ЧӨЛӨӨТ
See cilygetei.
-- orun. Free country.
-- irgen. Free citizens or people.
erke --. Free, independent.

CIM-A, 1.
n. Small carp.

CIM-A, 2. / ЧАМ-
Stem of oblique cases (except genitive) of pronoun ci, you.
-- ber. See cimabar.
-- du[r]. See cimadu[r].
-- ece. See cimaca.
-- ji. See cimaji.
-- luγ-a. See cimaluγ-a.
-- tai. See cimatai.

CIMABAR / ЧАМААР
[= cima ber] Instrumental of ci, you.

CIMACA / ЧАМААС
[= cima ece] Ablative of ci, you.

CIMAD-
v.t. and i. To reproach, blame, reprimand; to slander, defame; to be dissatisfied, displeased, malcontent.

CIMADU[R] / ЧАМД
[= cima du/dur] Dative of ci, you.

CIMAI / ЦАМАЙ
See under arai.

CIMAJI / ЧАМАЙЧ, ЧАМАЙ
[= cima ji] Accusative of ci, you.

CIMALA- / ЧАМЛАХ
v.t. and i. To want or demand more; to be covetous, insatiable; to be dissatisfied.
baγ-a kemen --xu. To be dissatisfied because something is too small or there is too little.

CIMALAMXAI / ЧАМЛАМХАЙ
Same as cimalaxai.

CIMALAR
Same as cimabar.

CIMALAXAI / ЧАМАЛХАЙ
adj. Covetous insatiable, greedy.

CIMALUГ-A
[= cima luγ-a] Comitative of ci, you.

CIMAR / ЧАМАР
n. Flour mixed with butter.

CIMARLA-, 1. / ЧАМАРЛАХ
v.t. To mix flour with butter.

CIMARLA-, 2. / ЧАМАРЛАХ
Same as cimala-.

CIMARXA- / ЧАМАРХАХ
[= camarxa-] v.t. and i. To want or demand more; to be covetous, insatiable; to be dissatisfied; to complain.

CIMARXAГUL- / ЧАМАРХУУЛАХ
v. caus. of cimarxa-.

CIMARXAI / ЧАМАРХАЙ
n. Temple (of the head).

CIMASA / ЧАМААС
Same as cimaca.

CIMATAI / ЧАМТАЙ
[= cima tai] Comitative of ci, you.

CIM-E
See cimege(n).

CIME- / ЧИМЭХ
v.t. and i. To adorn, decorate, bedeck, dress up.
--gsen. Adorned, decorated.
beje ben --ky. To dress oneself up, decorate oneself.

CIMED-
v.i. To be frightened, alarmed, feel uneasy.

CIMEG / ЧИМЭГ
n. Decoration, ornament, embellishment, attire, finery.
-- yge. Ornamental word, beautiful words; flattery.
-- yn dayun. Jingle of pendants

-- yn erike. Ornamental rosary.
-- yn unzilγ-a. Hanging ornament, pendant.
cikin --. Ear ornament.
usun u --. Yellow water lily.
zasal --. Head ornaments.

CIMEGCI / ЧИМЭГЧ
n. Decorator.

CIMEGDE- / ЧИМЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of cime-.

CIMEGE(N) / ЧИМЭЭ
[= cim-e] n. a) Sound, noise; hubbub.
-- anir. Sound, noise. See also b.
-- imege ygei. Without any noise. See also b.
-- øgky. To give a signal by making a sound.
-- ygei. Without noise, silent. See also b.
-- ygei! Silence! Be quiet! See also b.
dayu --. Sound, noise.
køl yn --. Sound of footsteps.

b) Rumor, news, report.
-- abxu. To collect information, gather news or reports; to reconnoiter.
-- anir ygei. Without any news. See also a.
-- γarxu. For a rumor to spread.
-- imege ygei. Without any information or news. See also a.
-- medege. News.
-- ygei. There is no news. See also a.

CIMEGELE- / ЧИМЭЭЛЭХ
v.t. To make a noise, emit a sound; to seek information.

CIMEGELEGYL- / ЧИМЭЭЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of cimegele-.

CIMEGERE- / ЧИМЭЭРЭХ
v.i. To be rumored, for a rumor to spread.

CIMEGERKE- / ЧИМЭЭР
v. t. and i. To give forth a sound or noise; to spread a rumor; to be audible.

CIMEGETEI / ЧИМЭЭТЭЙ
[= cimegety] adj. Noisy, loud; talkative; having news or information; having a certain reputation.

CIMEGETY / ЧИМЭЭТ
See cimegetei.

CIMEGLE- / ЧИМЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To decorate, embellish, adorn; beautify, attire.
cakilγan gerel ijer --ky. To adorn with electric lights.

CIMEGLEL / ЧИМЭГЛЭЛ
n. Ornamentation, ornament, decoration, attire.

CIMEGTEI / ЧИМЭГТЭЙ
[= cimegty] adj. Adorned, decorated, attired.

CIMEGTY / ЧИМЭГТ
See cimegtei.

CIMEGYL- / ЧИМҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of cime-.

CIMELGE / ЧИМЭЛГЭ
n. The act of adorning or decorating; decoration, ornament.

CIMERGE
n. Loud noise, din.

CIMERKEG
adj. Foppish, dandyish.

CIMING
[Ch. ch'ih-ming 敕命] n. Imperial order.

CIMKEGYN / ЧИМХҮҮН
[= cimkigyn] n. and adj. Severe cold when the sky is overcast, cold and gloomy weather.

CIMKERI / ЧИМХЭР
n. Binding on edge of garment or top of footwear.

CIMKERILE- / ЧИМХЭРЛЭХ
v.t. To provide with a bound edge.

CIMKI / ЧИМХ
n. Pinch (of salt, tobacco, etc.).

CIMKI- / ЧИМХЭХ
v.t. To pinch, tweak, nip; to castrate; to provide with a bound edge.

--zy abxu. To remove by pinching, nip off.
--zy ojuxu. To sew a binding on the edge of a garment.
--zy xarbuxu. To draw a bow with two fingers.
la --ky. To snuff a candle.

CIMKIGER / ЧИМХЭЭР

Same as cimkeri.

CIMKIGYL- / ЧИМХҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of cimki-.

CIMKIGYN

See cimkegyn.

CIMKIGYR / ЧИМХҮҮР

n. and adj. Pincers, nippers, tweezers; nip, pinch; painstaking, laborious.

CIMKILCE- / ЧИМХЭЛЦЭХ

v. coop. of cimki-.

CIMKILE- / ЧИМХЛЭХ

[v. freq. of cimki-] v.t. To nip, pinch repeatedly; to spend in small quantities (or sparingly); to nibble, take small bits of food; to be stingy, miserly.
--n ideky. To eat in small bits or pinches, eat without appetite; to nibble.
baγ-a baγ-a ber --ky. To eat in small bits, nibble.
ziγasu --myi. The fish nibbles the bait.

CIMKILEGYL- / ЧИМХЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of cimkile-.

CIMKILKILE- / ЧИМХЭЛХИЙЛЭХ

v.i. To be stingy or miserly.

CIMYGE(N) / ЧӨМӨГ

[= cөmyge(n)] n. Marrow; marrowbone.
-- aldaxu. To grow thin or lean.
--n tosu. Marrow used as shortening.
-- saγüxu. To put on weight.
-- tasixu. To break a marrowbone in order to extract the marrow.
dumdadu -- . Tibia.

CIMYGELE- / ЧӨМӨГЛӨХ

v.i. To put on weight, become fat.

CIMYGERKE- / ЧӨМГӨРХӨХ

v.i. To be full of marrow, be juicy or succulent.

CIMYGERKEG / ЧӨМГӨРХӨГ

adj. Full of marrow; juicy, succulent.

CIMZIGINE- / ЧИМЧИГНЭХ

v.i. To feel the bite of frost or cold; to feel a sharp pain; to itch.

CIN, 1.

Same as cen.

CIN, 2.

n. Gull.

CIN, 3. / ЧИН

[Ch. ch'in 親] Used only in compounds. See cin vang under vang.

CINA

[S. cīna] n. General name for people living north or north-east of India or east of the Himalayas; China.
mah-a -- . China [S. Mahacina, Great China].

CINA- / ЧАНАХ

v.t. To boil, stew.
--γsan. Boiled, stewed.
cai --xu. To boil tea.
mix-a -- . To boil or stew meat.

CINADU

n. adj., adv. and postpos. The other or opposite [side]; adversary, opponent; in that direction, beyond, behind, on the other side.
-- eteged. The opposite side or party, opposition.
-- jin. Other; of the other side; future.
dalai jin -- . Across the ocean.
kili jin -- . On the other side of the frontier.

CINADUDA

adv. On the other side, beyond; in the future.

CINADUKI
adj. Being on the other side, beyond, or behind; future.
baiγal un --. Trans-Baikalian.

CINADUS
[pl. of cinadu] n. Those on the opposite side, the opponents, adversaries, enemies (obs.).

CINAГDA- / ЧАНАГДАХ
v. pass. of cina-.

CINAГSI / ЧАНАГШ, ЦААШ
[= caγasi] adv. Away from; farther, beyond; from a certain time on, in the future.
-- ben. Away! Get away!
-- ben bolxu. To move still farther away.
-- bolbasuraxu. To develop further; to further one's education.
-- bolxu. To go farther away.
-- du. In the future.
-- inaγsi. Back and forth, to and fro.
byri -- ben jabuxu. To go still farther.
egyn ece --. From here on.
ene edyr ece --. From today on.
tegyn ece --. From there on, beyond that point.

CINAГSIDA / ЧАНАГШИД, ЦААШИД
[= caγasida] adv. Beyond; farther on, further, in the future.
-- jin. Farther, further.
-- jin zoriIγ-a. Further aim.
-- køgziky zam. Road of further development.

CINAГSIKI / ЧАНАГШХИ, ЦААШХИ
[= caγasiki] adj. Being on the other side or beyond; further, future.

CINAГSILA- / ЧАНАГШЛАХ, ЦААШЛАХ
[= caγasila-] v.i. To go farther, go on, proceed; to move away from; to go beyond, transgress; to be too demanding, importune.
tegyn ece --basu. If one goes farther than that.

CINAГSIXAN / ЧАНАГШХАН, ЦААШХАН
[= caγasixan] adv. A little farther.

CINAГUL- / ЧАНУУЛАХ
v. caus. of cina-.

CINAKA
[S. cīnaka] n. A kind of millet.

CINALГ-A / ЧАНАЛГА
n. Boiling.

CINAMAL / ЧАНАМАЛ
[n.d. of cina-] adj. and n. Boiled; broth; decoction; jam.
-- tutury-a. Boiled rice.
-- zimis. Boiled fruit, jam, marmalade.

CINAR / ЧАНАР
n. Quality, property, characteristics; essence, entity, spirit; nature, character; used in compounds to form abstract nouns.
-- aldaxu. To lose one's qualities or nature.
-- bykyi. Having a certain quality or characteristics.
-- maγutai. Of bad, poor, or inferior quality, nature, or character.
-- saitai. Of good quality, nature, or character.
-- toγ-a kemzij-e xojar. Both quality and quantity.
-- un tal-a ber. Qualitatively.
-- ygei. Of poor quality.
anggi jin -- ijer. As a class, from the class viewpoint.
ariγun --. The Spirit; the Holy Ghost (rel.).
ebedcin y --. The nature of an illness.
jasu --. Quality.
møn --. Real nature or character of a thing; rational nature (chiefly Buddh.).
mungxaγ --. Stupidity, ignorance.
sinzi --. Quality, characteristics.

CINARTAI / ЧАНАРТАЙ
[= cinartu] adj. Possessing a quality, property, or characteristic.
-- bolγaxu. To improve the quality.
-- xoγula. Nutritious food.
ulus tøry jin --. Of political nature or national significance.

CINARTU / ЧАНАРТ
See cinartai.

CINARZI- / ЧАНАРЖИХ
v.i. To improve in quality.

CINARZIГUL- / ЧАНАРЖУУЛАХ
v. caus. of cinarzi-.

CINDAГ-A(N) / ЧАНДАГА
n. White hare or rabbit, polar hare.

CINDAГALA- / ЧАНДАГАЛАХ
v.t. To hunt white hares or rabbits.

CINDAMANI / ЧАНДМАНЬ
[S. cintāmani] n. Wish-granting jewel (myth).

CINDAR / ЧАНДАР
n. Remains,corpse (hon.).

CINDAR-A / ЧАНДАР
n. White ashes on dying coals; sparks.
ynesyn -- . White ashes.

CINDUUL
[= cingduul] n. Jackdaw, crow.

CINE-, 1.
v.t. To measure, weigh.
--zy øliky. To weigh, measure.

CINE-, 2. / ЧИНЭХ
Same as cinere-.

CINEG / ЧИНЭГ
adj. Elegantly dressed.

CINEGE(N), 1. / ЧИНЭЭ(Н)
n. Strength, power, capacity, ability; size, quantity; prosperity, affluence, opulence.
-- aldaraxu. To lose one's strength, weaken.
-- ber ijen orulduxu. To do one's best, endeavor.
-- maγutai. Having little ability; having little means or property.
-- ygei. Without strength, ability, or capacity; powerless, weak, frail; poor.
cidal -- . Power, strength; prosperity.
køryngge --. Property.
mal -- ygei. The herd is weakened.
tataburi øgky -- ygei. Unable to pay taxes.

CINEGE(N), 2. / ЧИНЭЭ(Н)
postpos. As big as, of the same size as; in proportion to; in accordance with.
aγula jin -- . As big as a mountain.
cidaxu -- ber. According to one's ability or capacity.

edyi -- . This much; this big.
kycyn y -- ber. With all one's might.
nasun u -- . Span of life.

CINEGEDE- / ЧИНЭЭДЭХ
v.i. To have strength, be vigorous or powerful; to be capable; to be prosperous or wealthy.

CINEGELIG / ЧИНЭЭЛЭГ
adj. Strong, powerful; well-to-do, wealthy, prosperous.
-- amidural. Prosperous life.
-- arad. Well-to-do people.

CINEGERKE- / ЧИНЭЭРХЭХ
v.i. To be strong, vigorous, powerful, or audacious; to boast of one's wealth, power, or strength.

CINEGERKEG / ЧИНЭЭРХЭГ
adj. Boasting of one's wealth, power, or strength.

CINEGETEI / ЧИНЭЭТЭЙ
[= cinegety] adj. Strong, powerful; capable; prosperous, well-to-do.

CINEGETY / ЧИНЭЭТ
See cinegetei.

CINEGEZI- / ЧИНЭЭЖИХ
v.i. To become strong; to become prosperous or wealthy.

CINEGEZIGYN / ЧИНЭЭЖҮҮН
adj. Strong, vigorous; wealthy.

CINEGTY /
[Ko.] adj. Bold, audacious.

CINELGE / ЧИНЭЛГЭ
n. Rheumatic pain.

CINERE- / ЧИНЭРЭХ
v.i. To have a dull pain.

CING, 1, etc.
See ceng, etc.

CING, 2. / ЧИН
adj. and adv. Firm[ly], unshakable[-bly]; truthful[ly], sincere[ly].

-- batu. Firm, unshakable; loyal; truthful.
-- bisirel. Unshakable or true faith.
-- nuta. Firm, unshakable.
-- sedkil. Sincerity, truthfulness.
-- sysyg. Sincere devotion, unshakable faith.
-- ynen. Justice, integrity; absolutely sincere.
-- ynenci. Just, honest, truthful, sincere; loyal.
-- uran. Real artist.
-- zoriγtu. Having unshakable courage or will power; chaste.
-- zoriγtu em-e. Chaste woman.



CING, 3. / ЧИН

[Ch. ch'ing 清] n.p. Ching or Manchu dynasty (1644 - 1911).
-- gyryn. The Ching Empire.
-- ulus. The Ching Empire.



CINGDA / ЧАНД

adj. and adv. Strict[ly], firm[ly]; severe[ly], rigorous[ly]; obstinate[ly].
-- køldeky. To freeze solid.
-- sedkil. Firm mind.
-- teberiky. To embrace firmly, hold tightly.



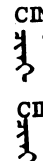
CINGDALA- / ЧАНДЛАХ

v.t. and i. To strengthen, tighten; to introduce strict rules; to exercise strict supervision.



CINGDALALCA- / ЧАНДЛАЛЦАХ

[v. coop. of cingdala-] To be each other's match, be of equal strength (of wrestlers.



CINGDUUL



See cinduul.

CINGГ-A / ЧАНГА

adj. and adv. Strong, sturdy; taut; tight; strict, firm; loud (of sound); tense, rigid; severe, stern (character).
-- araki. Strong liquor.
-- barixu. To hold fast or firm.
-- ber. Strongly, tightly, strictly.
-- daγu. Strong or loud voice.
-- daruγ-a. Strict chief.
-- egesig. Back vowel.
-- keleky. To speak loudly.
-- salkin. Strong wind.
-- tataxu. To pull hard.

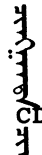
-- tusijaxu. To give strict orders.
-- ujaxu. To tie fast or tight.
-- zoriγ. Firm will.
ama -- kymyn. Tight-lipped man.
bej-e --. Physically strong (of old people).
ebedcin -- baimui. The illness is in a critical stage.
γar --. Tight-handed, stingy.

CINGГAD- / ЧАНГАДАХ



v. i. To be too strong, tight, strict, etc.

CINGГADA / ЧАНГАД



adv. Strongly, hard; strictly, firmly, sternly; loudly.

CINGГADXA- / ЧАНГАТГАХ



[v. caus. of cingγad-] To tighten; to exercise strict supervision.
kinalta ji --xu. To tighten control.
sakilγ-a batu ji --xu. To tighten discipline

CINGГADXAГUL- / ЧАНГАТГУУЛАХ



v. caus. of cingγadxa-.

CINGГADXAL



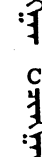
n. The act of cingγadxa-.

CINGГAГA- / ЧАНГААХ



v.t. To pull hard; to drag; to make advances to women.

CINGГALA- / ЧАНГАЛАХ



v.t. and i. To tighten; to make strict; to be severe or strict; to impose restrictions.
dyrim --xu. To tighten the rules.

CINGГALAГUL- / ЧАНГАЛУУЛАХ



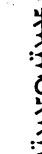
v. caus. of cingγala-.

CINGГALAL



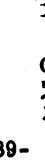
n. The act of cingγala-.

CINGГALIГ / ЧАНГАЛАГ



adj. Tough, robust, able to endure strain or hardships.

CINGГARA- / ЧАНГАРАХ



v. i. To become strong, tight or firm; to become severe or intense; to become loud.

CINGГARAГUL- / ЧАНГАРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of cingγara-] To tighten; to make firm, severe, or strict.

ujaγasu ji --xu. To tighten a knot.

CINGGE-, etc.

Same as cengge-, etc.

CINGGI-

See tege-, 2.

CINGGILZA-

Same as canggilza-.

CINGGILZAГUR / ЧАНГИЛЗУУР

Same as canggilzaγur.

CINGGILZEGYR

Same as canggilzaγur.

CINGGINE- / ЧИНГЭНЭХ

v.i. To ring, resound.

--kyi daγun. Ringing sound or noise.

--tel-e køldebe. It has frozen solid (a ringing frost).

CINGGINEGYR

Same as canggilzaγur.

CINGGIS / ЧИНГЭС

n.p. Chinggis.

-- xaγan. Chinggis Khan.

CINGLA-

See cingna-.

CINGLEGYR

See cenglegyr.

CINGNA- / ЧАГНАХ

[= cingla-] v.t. To listen; to eavesdrop.

CINGNAГUL / ЧАГНУУЛ

n. Listener, eavesdropper, spy.

-- ilegeky. To send out a spy.

-- talbixu. To plant a spy.

CINGNAГUL- / ЧАГНУУЛАХ

v. caus. of cingna-.

CINGNAГULCI / ЧАГНУУЛЧ

Same as cingnaγul.

CINGNAГUR / ЧАГНУУР

n. Stethoscope.

CINGNAL / ЧАГНАЛ

n. The act of cingna-.

CINGNALCA- / ЧАГНАЛЦАХ

v. coop. of cingna-.

CINGNEGYR

Same as cenglegyr.

CINGSANG

[Ch. ch'eng-hsiang 丞相] n. Minister of State (obs.).

CINGXA / ЧАНХ

adj. and adv. Straight, direct[ly]; absolutely.

-- buruγu. Absolutely false, wrong, or incorrect

-- degere. Directly above; at the zenith.

-- orui. Zenith.

-- øber-e. Quite different.

CINU / ЧИНИЙ

[gen. of ci, you, thou] Your, thine.

CINU-A / ЧОНО(Н)

n. Wolf.

-- jar-a. Red eczema, herpes, tetter.

-- jin elige. Buckthorn.

-- jin kørbesi. Nettle rash.

-- jin ørgesyn. Cirsium oleraceum.

-- jin segyl. Wolf's tail (a kind of plant).

-- jin xaltar. A kind of plant used for making incense sticks.

CINUNCAR

n. Jackal.

CINYKEI / ЧИНИЙХ

[= cinyki] poss. pron. Thine, yours.

ene minykei busu -- . This is not mine but yours.

CINYKI

See cinykei.

CINZUU / ЧИНЖУУ

n. Red pepper (bitter).

CIR- / ЧИРЭХ

[= sire-] v.t. To drag, haul, pull along, trail along the ground; to delay, postpone, defer, procrastinate; to draw into, allure; to implicate, involve into something unpleasant.

--cy abciraxu. To bring by dragging, haul in.

--cy γarγaxu. To drag or pull out or away.

γar ece barin --ky. To pull by the hand.

køl ijen --ky. To drag one's foot.

terge --ky. To pull a cart.

CIRAI, 1. / ЦАРАЙ

n. Face; physiognomy; appearance, mien.

-- oruxu. To acquire a good complexion; to become good-looking.

-- sinzigci. Physiognomist.

niγur -- . Face.

sain -- øgky. To show kindness or friendliness in one's face.

tngri jin -- . The appearance of the sky.

CIRAI, 2. / ЧАРАЙ

See arai.

CIRAIDA- / ЦАРАЙДАХ

v.t. To watch or observe somebody's facial expression; to look in the face.

kymyn i --xu. To look somebody in the face; to beg somebody; to depend on somebody's favor.

CIRAILA- / ЦАРАЙЛАХ

v.i. and t. To look; to look in the face; to have a certain expression on the face.

buruγu --xu. To look the other way.

maγu --xu. To show displeasure in one's face.

CIRAILIГ / ЦАРАЙЛАГ

adj. Handsome, good-looking (of face); looking healthy or well.

CIRAITAI / ЦАРАЙТАЙ

[= ciraitu] adj. Having a certain facial complexion or appearance; being likely to.

caγan -- . Having a light complexion.

cidaxu -- Appearing able to do.

køke -- . Having a swarthy face.

maγu -- . Unpleasant-looking; ugly.

saixan -- . Having a beautiful face.

CIRAITU / ЦАРАЙТ

See ciraitai.

CIRALA- / ЧАРЛАХ

v.i. To squeak, scream, cry; to grunt; to roar.

orilaxu --xu. To roar.

CIRAM-A

See cirm-a.

CIRBE-

[Ko.] v.t. To attack an enemy bravely, make a heroic attack.

CIRBI

Same as cerbi.

CIRBUГUL

Same as cilbuγur.

CIRDA-, etc.

See carda-, etc.

CIRDAI- / ЧАРДАЙХ

v.t. and i. To do something with great effort, exert oneself.

--zu tataxu. To pull with might and main.

--zu yiledky. To work indefatigably.

CIRГ-A / ЧАРГА

n. Sled, sledge, sleigh.

-- ber γulγuxu. To slide on a sled.

CIRГA-

v.t. To stop up, dam.

CIRГAГA-

v. caus. of cirγa-.

CIRГAГUDA- / ЧАРГУУДАХ

v.i. To be too tight, etc. (See cirγaγuu).

CIRГAГUU / ЧАРГУУ

adj. and adv. Tight, taut, hard, stiff, numb, not moving with ease; clumsy, awkward.

CIRГAI / ЧАРГАЙ
adj. Dense, tall, virgin (of forest).

CIRГALA- / ЧАРГАЛАХ
v.i. To attach a horse to a sleigh; to ride in a sleigh, go by sleigh.

CIRGE- / ЧИРГЭХ
v. caus . of cir-.

CIRGEGYL / ЧИРГҮҮЛ
[= cirgeyl] n. Low wide sled; trailer; barge.

CIRGEGYL- / ЧИРГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of cirge-.

CIRGEYL
See cirgegyl.

CIRIG
See cerig.

CIRKIRE-
v.i. To make noise, scream.

CIRM-A / ЧАРМАА
[= ciram-a] adj. Naked, bare, nude.
-- bej-e. Nude or naked body.
-- nicygyn. Stark naked.
-- ulaγan. Red (of the color of a new-born baby).

CIRMA-
See cirmai-.

CIRMAГUL-
v. caus. of cirma-

CIRMAI- / ЧАРМАЙХ
[= cirma-] v.i. To strive after, endeavor, make an effort.
--n orulduxu. To try hard, make an effort.
suryaγuli dur --xu. To apply oneself at school; to be diligent in one's studies.

CIRMAILГA- / ЧАРМАЙЛГАХ
v. caus. of cirmai-.

CIRMAILTA / ЧАРМАЙЛТ
n. Industriousness, endeavor, aspiration, striving, effort.

CIRMAXAN
adj. Nude, naked.
-- bej-e. Nude or naked body.

CIRXAI
Same as ciryai.

CIRYGDE- / ЧИРЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of cir-.

CIRYGDEGYL- / ЧИРЭГДҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of cirygde-.

CIRYGDEL / ЧИРЭГДЭЛ
n. Burden, trouble; delay, procrastination; "red tape," encumbrance, hindrance; attachment; involvement.
-- bolxu. To become a burden.
caγasun u --. Bureaucratic delay, "red tape."

CIS
Same as zes.

CISKI-
v.i. To chirrup, chirp, twitter, tweet.

CISU(N) / ЦУС(АН)
n. Blood.
-- asxaxu. To shed blood.
-- baγatai. Anaemic.
-- bolxu. To be smeared or stained with blood.
-- γarγaxu. To bleed.(med.).
--n ijer xanijaxu. To cough up blood.
--n ulaγan. Blood-red, crimson.
--n u øngge. Color of blood, crimson.
--n xoruxai. Leech.
-- soruγci. Bloodsucker, parasite (also fig.).
-- uγuγci. Bloodthirsty; blood sucker; leech.
-- zoγsuγaxu. To stop the bleeding of.
tamir un --. Arterial blood (obs.).

CISUDA- / ЦУСДАХ
v.i. and t. To be bloody or bloodstained; to swell from blood gathering in the tissues; to smear with blood.
køl --xu. For the feet or legs to swell.

CISULA- / ЦУСЛАХ
v.t. To bleed (med.); to devour (vulgar).

CISULALCA- / ЦУСЛАЛЦАХ
[v. coop. of cisula-] To beat each other to a bloody pulp.

CISURXA- / ЦУСАРХАХ
v.i. To suffer from an excess of blood.

CISURXAГ / ЦУСАРХАГ
adj. Plethoric, suffering from an excess of blood.

CISUTAI / ЦУСТАЙ
[= cisutu] adj. Having blood, bloody, sanguinary.
-- gedesy. Blood sausage.
-- xubcasu. Bloodstained garment.

CISUTU / ЦУСТ
See cisutai.
-- bailduγan. Bloody battle.

CIXUL / ЦУХАЛ
[= cuxul] adj. and n. Narrow, tight; pressed; rage, irritability; nervousness.
-- belciger. Overcrowded pasture grounds.
-- boduly-a. Narrow-mindedness, short-sightedness.
-- γazar. Tight or narrow place.
-- jeketei. Irritable, nervous.
-- kyrky. To be angry or nervous.
-- ojutu . Narrow-minded.
-- sanaγ-a = -- sedkil. Narrow mind, mean soul.
-- zam. Narrow road or path.
-- zangtai. Narrow-minded.

CIXULA / ЧУХАЛ
adj. Important, necessary, essential, substantial, significant.
-- bolγaxu. To prefer, emphasize; to consider important or essential.
-- bolxu. To become important, essential, significant.
-- kereg. Important affair or business.
-- kereglekyi. Importance, significance.
-- nøkyr. Important or influential friend.
-- sim-e. Essence; juice; spirit of wine; semen.

CIXULACILA- / ЧУХАЛЧЛАХ
v.t. To consider important, necessary, essential, or significant; to attribute great importance to.

CIXULDA- / ЦУХАЛДАХ
[= cuxulda-] v.i. To be narrow; to be crowded; to be pressed; to be in straitened or difficult circumstances; to be irritable, nervous or angry; to despair, be despondent, lose hope.
--zu boγuzu ykyky. To hang oneself from despair.
dötur-a --xu. To be nervous or irritable.
jaγarazu --xu. To hurry desperately.

CIXULDAГUL- / ЦУХАЛДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of cixulda-.

CIXULDAL / ЦУХАЛДАЛ
n. The state of cixulda-.

CO
See coγu.

COBTU / ЦОВТ
n. Small nail.
-- tax-a. Calk (on footwear).

COBTULA- / ЦОВТЛОХ
v.t. To drive a small nail.

COBUГ-A / ЦОВОО
[= cobuγu] adj. Clever, smart, quickwitted, alert (usually of children).
-- keyked. Clever or alert child.
-- yge. Clever word or speech.

COBUГU
See cobuγ-a.

COBXURA- / ЦОВХРОХ
v.i. To leap, jump, skip, hop.

COCI- / ЦОЧИХ
[= soci-] v.i. To start in alarm, suffer a shock, become suddenly frightened or startled; to be surprised; to swell (of glands).
--zu sereky. To start from sleep.

COCIГ-A / ЦОЧОО
n. Fright, scare, shock.

COCIГA- / ЦОЧООХ
[v. caus. of coci-] To alarm, frighten, scare, startle.

COCIM / ЦОЧИМ
Same as cocimaγ.

COCIMAГ / ЦОЧМОГ
adj. Fearful, timorous; unexpected, sudden .
-- aγurtai. Irascible, hot-tempered, quick-tempered.
-- ebedin. Sudden and acute illness.

COCIMAГAI / ЦОЧИМХОЙ
[= cocimtaγai] adj. Easily frightened, timid, timorous.

COCIMAГDA- / ЦОЧМОГДОХ
v. i. To be too sudden or unexpected, happen too suddenly.

COCIMAГDAГU / ЦОЧМОГДУУ
adj. Subacute (med.).
-- tusxu. Subacute .

COCIMDA- / ЦОЧИМДОХ
v. i. and t. To be startled, suddenly frightened; to do something suddenly.

COCIMDAГU / ЦОЧИМДУУ
adj. and adv. Easily frightened, timid; suddenly.

COCIMTAГAI / ЦОЧИМТГОЙ
See cocimaγai.

COCIR / ЦОЧИР
adv. Suddenly, unexpectedly.

COCIRDA- / ЦОЧИРДОХ
v. i. To be sudden or unexpected.

COCIRDAГUL- / ЦОЧИРДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of cocirda-.

COCUГURI / ЦОЦУУРЬ
adj. Disgusting, base, mean, despicable.

COCUГURITAI / ЦОЦУУРЬТАЙ
[= cocuγuritu] adj. Mean, base, disgusting; impure (relig.).

COCUГURITU / ЦОЦУУРИТ
See cocuγuritai.

COCUSKI- / ЦОЦСХИЙХ
v. i. To be shocked or startled by fear.

COГ / ЦОГ
n. a) Glowing coals, embers, hot ashes; sparks.
-- γarγaxu. To burn to embers.
γal un -- . Glow of fire, glowing embers; live coals
b) Saprk, glow; splendor, grandeur, glory; energy, spirit.
-- sylde. Glory; spirit.
-- zali. Grandeur, splendor, magnificence.
-- zibxulang. Grandeur, splendor, magnificence.
-- zibxulangtai. Majestic, stately, grand.

COГCA / ЦОГЦ
n. Heap, pile; mass, complex, aggregate; physical constitution, body.
-- ber obuγalaxu. To accumulate, pile up.
bej-e jin -- . Body, build, figure, constitution.
ebesyn y -- . Heap of grass, haystack, hay rick.
egyled yn -- . A cloud mass.
γal un -- . Mass of fire; campfire, bonfire.

COГCAГAR / ЦОГЦГОР
[= coγcuγur] n. and adj. Mountain peak; steep, steeply rising (as a mountain).

COГCAI- / ЦОГЦОЙХ
v. i. To rise, tower, loom up; to squat.

COГCAILГA- / ЦОГЦОЙЛГОХ
v. caus. of coγcai-.

COГCALA- / ЦОГЦЛОХ
v. t. To pile or stack up, accumulate; to build, construct; to compile.

COГCALAГDA- / ЦОГЦЛОГДОХ
v. pass. of coγcala-.

COГCALAГUL- / ЦОГЦЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of coγcala-.

COГCALAL / ЦОГЦЛОЛ
n. The act of coγcala-.

COГCAS / ЦОГЦОС
Plural of coγca.

COГCIN
[T. tshogs chen, large assembly].
-- dugang. The largest assembly hall in a temple compound.

COГCUГUR
See coγcaγar.

COГTAI / ЦОГТОЙ
[= coγtu] adj. Having embers or sparks; blazing, ardent; plucky; strong, powerful, grand, splendid, glamorous, majestic; spirited.

COГTU
See coγtai.

COГU / ЦОО
[= co] adv. Through and through, completely.
-- buudaxu. To shoot through.
-- coγulxu. To pierce through.
-- sin-e. Brand new.
-- xadxaxu. To pierce through.

COГUCI- / ЦООЧИХ
v.t. To pierce or punch holes, perforate.
nyke --xu. To punch holes.

COГUCIГUL- / ЦООЧУУЛАХ
v. caus. of coγuci-.

COГUDASU(N) / ЦУУДАС
[= coγudusu(n), coudasu(n)] n. Strip, long narrow piece.
-- bangza. Wooden lath.

COГUГCILA- / ЦООЧЛОХ
v.i. To be partial or biased; to discriminate; to be one-sided in one's judgement.

COГUL- / ЦООЛОХ
v.t. To pierce, puncture, make a hole, punch, perforate; to reveal, make known.
ciki --xu. To pierce the ear-lobes.
gem --xu. To reveal misdeeds.
φgeri --xu. To pierce an abscess.

COГULBURI / ЦООЛБОР
n. Hole, hollow, perforation; trelliswork.

COГULBURILA- / ЦООЛБОРЛОХ
v.t. To pierce, cut out, carve, engrave; to make an incision.

COГULBURILAГUL- / ЦООЛБОРЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of coγulburila-.

COГULГ-A / ЦООЛГО
n. Hole, opening; opening cut in the ice (as for fishing or watering cattle); a thawed patch on a snowy or icy surface.
-- coγulxu. To make a hole in the ice.

COГULMAR
adj. Pierced, drilled, bored, carved.

COГULTUR
n. Puncher.
-- temyr. Cutter or chisel.

COГULUГDA- / ЦООЛОГДОХ
v. pass. of coγul-.

COГULUГUL- / ЦООЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of coγul- .

COГUNTAI
n. Racoon, racoon-dog.

COГUNUГ / ЦООНОГ
n. Chink, slit.

COГUR
Same as cuγur, 1.

COГURA- / ЦООРОХ
v.i. To be pierced; to be[come] perforated or punctured; to become manifest; to be revealed or divulged; to burst open.
nyke --mui. A hole opens.
xubcasu --xu. To have holes in one's clothes.

COГURAXAI
See coγurxai.

COГURXAI / ЦООРХОЙ
[= coγuraxai, courxai] n. and adj. Hole, puncture, tear; glade, meadow; pierced through, having a hole, perforated.
-- nyke. Hole.

-- xubɾasun. Torn clothes, dress with holes in it.
mangxan -- . Depression between dunes hollowed out by the wind.

COГURXAITAI / ЦООРХОЙТОЙ
adj. Having a hole or holes.

COГUZI / ЦООЖ
[= couzi] n. Lock
zamaγ -- . Gun lock.

COГUZILA- / ЦООЖЛОХ
[= couzila-] v.t. To lock.

COГUZITAI / ЦООЖТОЙ
adj. Having a lock, locked.

COGI- / ЦОГИХ
v.i. To canter.

COGIГ-A / ЦОГИО
n. Canter.

COICUI- / ЦОЙЦОЙХ
v.t. and i. To stretch out (of legs).
--n kebteky. To sleep with outstretched legs.
--n saγuxu. To sit with outstretched legs.

COIRUN
-- cuucali. A kind of woodcock, Scolopax rusticola.

COKI- / ЦОХИХ
a) v.t. To hit, beat, thrash, strike; to knock, rap; to crush (as an enemy); to throw (as a lasso); to buck; to peck, pick (of birds).
bømbør --xu. To beat the drum.
calm-a --xu. To throw a lasso.
dobtulun --xu. To smash, inflict a defeat.
nicuγan --xu. To parry, ward off, beat off, repulse.
nidyn i --xu. To peck out the eyes.
toluγai uruγu --xu. To hit on the head.
tyimer --xu. To extinguish a steppe fire.

b) Special uses descriptive of a striking action.
cakilγan --xu. To send a telegram.
masin ijer --xu. To type on a typewriter.

salki --xu. To catch cold from a draft.
sampin --xu. To operate on abacus.
tabu --zu bain-a. The clock strikes five.

COKICA / ЦОХИЦ
Same as cokilta.

COKIГDA- / ЦОХИГДОХ
v. pass. of coki-.

COKIГUL- / ЦОХИУЛАХ
v. caus. of coki-.

COKIГUR / ЦОХИУР
n. Any striking device; drumstick.

COKIJ-A(N) / ЦОХИО
n. High crag, cliff.

COKILA- / ЦОХИЛОХ
v.t. freq. To strike or peck repeatedly and quickly.

COKILAГUR / ЦОХИЛУУР
n. Instrument used for beating or striking; percussion cap; a disease which attacks cows and oxen and kills them instantly.

COKILCA- / ЦОХИЛЦОХ
v. coop. of coki-.

COKILDU- / ЦОХИЛДОХ
v. rec. of coki- .

COKILГ-A / ЦОХИЛГО
n. The act of coki-.

COKILTA / ЦОХИЛТ
n. Blow, stroke, hit

COKIMAГ / ЦОХИМОГ
n. Heavy wooden mallet.

COLA / ЦОЛ
[= colu] n. Rank; title, appelation; nickname; ode, song of praise.
-- ergyky. To confer a title on a superior.
-- šangnaxu. To bestow a rank or title.
aldar -- . Fame; honorary title.

COLATAI / ЦОЛТОЙ

adj. Having the rank or title of.
axamad -- . Having the rank of a captain.

COLBUN

Same as colmun.

COLCARI- / ЦОЛЧРОХ

[= colcuri-, culcari-] v.i. To speak inarticulately; to mumble, mutter.

COLCUNG / ЦОЛЩОН(Г)

n. Blister, tumor, excrescence, growth, node, burr on a tree.

COLCUNGDA- / ЦОЛЩОНТОХ

v.i. To have a blister, tumor, etc.

COLCUKIRA-

v.i. To be tongue-tied, speak indistinctly or inarticulately.

COLCURI-

See colcari-.

COLГUN

Same as culγui.

COLGI- / ЦОЛГИХ

v.i. To come to the surface, emerge.

COLGILA- / ЦОЛГИЛОХ

v.t. and i. To hasten, rush; to overtake, take the lead.

COLID / ЦОЛЬД

n. An area with many small lakes.

COLMAN

See colmun.

COLMUN / ЦОЛМОН

[= colman] n. Morning star; Venus.
-- γarxu. The morning star is rising.
ydesi jin -- . Evening star.
yr yn -- . Morning star.

COLU

See cola.

COMAГ

Same as comuγ.

COMBUГAR / ЦОМБОГОР

[= combun] adj. Bud-shaped.

COMBUN / ЦОМБОН

See combuγar.

COMCAГ

[= comcuγ] n. Tent with a pointed top; pavilion; obelisk; hair gathered into a tuft.

COMCUГ

See comcaγ.

COMCUГAR / ЦОМЦГОР

adj. Contracted, shriveled, shrunk.

COMCUI- / ЦОМЦОЙХ

v.i. To contract, shrink; to greet by bending one knee.
--zu saγuxu. To sit on the ground with one leg under the body while the other knee is raised.

COMU / ЦОМ

n. Wine cup, goblet.
arakin u -- . A cup or goblet of wine.

COMUГ / ЦОМОГ

n. Stack, rick, pile (of hay, etc.).

COMUГLA- / ЦОМОГЛОХ

v.t. To heap in ricks (as hay, etc.).

COMUГLAГUL- / ЦОМОГЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of comuγla-.

COMUR

adj. Legible, clear, evident; accurate; suitable, fitting, convenient.

COMUR-

v.i. To slip and fall on the ice.

COMURLIГ / ЦОМОРЛОГ

n. Bundle, bunch, bouquet; bud; anthology.
ceceg yn -- . Bud; bouquet of flowers.
songγumal uran zokijal un -- . Anthology of selected literary works.

tarijan u --. Sheaf of grain.

COMURLIГDA- / ЦОМОРЛОГДОХ
v.i. To bud, form buds.

COMURLIГLA- / ЦОМОРЛОГЛОХ
v.t. To make a bouquet.

COMURLIГTAI / ЦОМОРЛОГТОЙ
[= comurliγtu] adj. With a bunch; in bunches; with buds.

COMURLIГTU / ЦОМОРЛОГТ
See comurliγtai.

CONDUUL / ЦОНДУУЛ
n. Black woodpecker.

CONG / ЦОН(Г)
n. Cornelian.

CONGГUR / ЦОНГОР
adj. Uneven, rugged, rough (of terrain or a road).
ongγur --. Uneven terrain; holes or dips in the road; depressions and elevations; full of holes.

CONGГURXAI / ЦОНГОРХОЙ
ongγurxai --. Full of holes; holes.

CONGKIJAL / ЦОНХИОЛ
adj. Transparent and deep (of water).

CONGXU(N) / ЦОНХ(ОН)
[Ch. ch'uang-hu 窗戶] n. Window.
-- jin nyke. Window opening; opening for light and fresh air.
-- ongγuilγaxu. To open a window.

CONGXUL / ЦОНХОЛ
See under ongxul.

CONGXUR / ЦОНХОР
See under xongxur.

CONUГ / ЦОНОГ
n. Lair or burrow of small animals.

COR, 1. / ЦОР
n. Bent piece of wood on a trap for catching birds.

COR, 2. / ЦОР
n. Hubbub, uproar.
-- cor kiky. To be noisy.

CORAI
See corui.

CORBA
See curbaγ-a (n).

CORBAГ-A(N)
See curbaγ-a(n).

CORBUI- / ЦОРВОЙХ
v.i. To protrude the lips, pout; to bulge, stick out.
--γsan uruγul. Pouting or protruding lips.

CORDU / ЦОРД
n. Gudgeon (Gobio fluviatilis).

CORIГU / ЦОРГО
n. Tube, pipe, spout, funnel ; pump.

CORIГULA- / ЦОРГОЛОХ
v.t. To fit with a tube or a spout.

CORIГUTAI / ЦОРГОТОЙ
adj. Having a tube, pipe or spout.

CORGI- / ЦОРГИХ
v.t. To make a hole with a red-hot pin or awl, pierce with a hot iron.
--zu coγulxu. To burn a hole in something with a red-hot needle, etc.
jar-a --xu. To pierce an abscess with a hot needle or lancet.

CORGIГUL / ЦОРГИУЛ
[= corgiγur] n. Awl for burning holes; subterranean passage hollowed out by water.
usun --. A gutter into which water is poured and which leads into a watering trough for animals.

CORGIГUL- / ЦОРГИУЛАХ
v. caus. of corgi-.

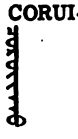

CORGIΓUR / ЦОРГИУР
See corgiγul.


CORGILΓA / ЦОРГИЛГО
n. Fireworks, firecracker.


CORI / ЦОР
adj. and adv. Alone, sole, solitary, single, only one.
-- γaγca. Only one, solitary, unique.
-- jin γanca. Only one, solitary, unique.


CORKIRA-
See curkira-.


CORUI
[= corai] n. Diaphragm, membrane.


CORUI- / ЦОРОЙХ
v.i. To rise up on the hind legs, rear (of quadrupeds); to rise on tiptoe and raise one's hands.


CORZI / ЦОРЖ
[T. chos rje, S. dharmasvāmin] n. " Lord or Master of the Law" (religious title).
-- malaγai. Special type of hat worn by corzi.


COUDASU(N)
See coγudasu(n).


COULISDA-
Same as cegylisde-.


COURA / ЦУУР
n. Hemlock (herb).


COURXAI
See coγurxai.


COUXUR / ЦООХОР
[= coxur] adj. Variegated, dappled, spotted, mottled; poek-marked.
-- dabuu. Printed cotton cloth, chintz.
colmun --. With star-like spots.
mønggyn --. With silvery spots (of horses).
xar-a --. With black spots; with white spots on back.


COUXURLA- / ЦООХОРЛОХ
v.t. To speckle, variagate; to prepare a rough draft.


COUZI
See coγuzi.


COUZILA-
See coγuzila-.


COXU, 1. / ЦОХ
n. Beetle, scarab, bug, tumblebug.


COXU, 2. / ЦОХ
n. Protuberances on the sinciput; the upper part of the forehead (coll.).
-- abxu. Same as coxuda-.

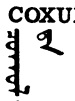

COXU, 3. / ЦОХ
-- xar-a. Jet-black.

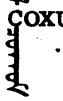

COXU- / ЦОХОХ
v.i. To agree, affirm, confirm; to make a decision; to make a resolution.

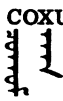

COXUDA- / ЦОХДОХ
v.t. To fillip on the forehead.


COXUDASU(N) / ЦОХДОС
n. Resolution, decision.


COXUI
See sixui.

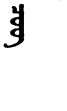

COXULTA / ЦОХОЛТ
n. Resolution, decision.


COXUM
See cuxum.


COXUMXAN
See cuxumxan.


COXUR
See couxur.


COXURU- / ЦОХРОХ
v.i. To swarm, gather together on something (of insects).


CØB, 1. ЦӨВ
Intensifying adverbial particle used before certain adjectives and adverbs beginning with the syllable cø.
-- cøgeken. Very little.

CØB, 2. / ЦӨВ
n. Deposit, sediment (especially that left after melting butter); cracklings.

CØB, 3. / ЦӨВ
n. Defilement, corruption, depravity, evil; hindrance; calamity.
-- barcid. Hindrance, obstacle (esp. in a religious sense); sin, immorality.
-- yn caγ. Age of moral decay, troublesome time, year of misfortune or calamity.
amitan u --. Calamity or decline suffered by living beings.
nisvanis un --. Misery resulting from sinfulness.

CØBEREGY / ЦӨВРҮҮ
[= cøbyregy, cøbyrigy] n. Pustule, pimple, blister; bubble.
-- xatagi. Pimple, acne.

CØBEREGYDE- / ЦӨВРҮҮДЭХ
v.i. To be[come] covered with blisters, pimples, or bubbles.

CØBEREGYDESY(N) / ЦӨВРҮҮДЭС(ЭН)
n. Pimple, pustule, blister.

CØBLE-
See cølbe-.

CØBTE-, 1. / ЦӨВТӨХ
v.i. To settle, fall to the bottom (as sediment, esp. of melted butter); to become turbid, cloudy, muddy (of liquids); to deteriorate, become spoiled.

CØBTE-, 2. / ЦӨВТӨХ
v.i. To meet with obstacles, be handicapped.

CØBTEI / ЦӨВТЭЙ
[= cøbty] adj. Turbid with sediment; muddy; cloudy; vicious, depraved, sinful.

CØBTY / ЦӨВТ
See cøbtei.

CØBYDEL / ЦӨВДӨЛ
n. Remnants of meat, waste meat; odds and ends; leftovers.
-- tarij-a. Fallen grain.

CØBYRIGY(Y)
See cøbèregy.

CØCIGE
See cøgyce.

CØCIGER / ЦӨЧГӨР
adj. Long and thin.
-- køl. Long and thin legs.

CØCII- / ЦӨЧИЙХ
v.i. To become long and thin.

CØCYGEI / ЦӨЦГИЙ
n. Cream, sour cream; residue of fruit after pressing.
-- jin tosu. Butter.

CØCYI-
v.i. To lose consciousness or faint (from a beating).

CØCYLGE-
[v. caus. of cøcyi-] To beat unmercifully.

CØGEBCILE- / ЦӨӨВЧЛӨХ
v.t. To make less numerous; to consider as too few or insufficient.

CØGEBTYR / ЦӨӨВТӨР
adj. Not numerous; rare.

CØGEBYRI, 1. / ЦӨӨВӨР
adj. Not numerous; rare.

CØGEBYRI, 2. / ЦӨӨВӨР
-- cimu-a. Jackal.

CØGECE
See cøgyce.

CØGED- / ЦӨӨДӨХ
[= cøgede-] v.i. To be too few; to be insufficient.
toγ-a ber --. To be too few in number.

CØGEDE-
See cøged-.

CØGEDKE- / ЦӨӨТГӨХ
v.t. To diminish, cut down the number or quantity.

CØGEKEN / ЦөөХөН

[= cøgyken] adj. Few; scanty, insignificant.

CØGELE- / ЦөөЛөХ

v.t. To diminish, decrease.

CØGEN / ЦөөН

, adj. and adv. Little, few; sparse, rare; insignificant.

-- busu. Not few, not rare.

-- kymyntei. Having few people, thinly populated.

-- ygetei. Of few words; taciturn, laconic.

CØGENGKI / ЦөөНХ

n. Minor part, minority.

-- yndysyten. National minority.

CØGERE- / ЦөөРөХ

v.i. To diminish in number, become rare or sparse.

odun --myi. The stars became sparse.

CØGEREM / ЦөөРөМ

See cøgerym.

CØGERESY(N) / ЦөөРС(өН)

n. Film that forms on warm milk.

CØGERYM / ЦөөРөМ

[= cøgerem, cøgyrym, cørym] n. Pond, small lake or pool.

-- γazar. Swamp, bog.

-- naγur. Small lake, pool of water.

CØGERYMKEN / ЦөөРөМХөН

n. Small lake or pool.

CØGYCE / ЦөГЦ

[= cøgece, cøcige] n. Small cup, small goblet (for oil, sacrificial grain, etc.).

takil un --. Small cup for offerings.

zula jin --. Offering lamp burning before image of a deity.

CØGYKEN

See cøgeken.

CØGYRSY(N)

[= cigyrsy(n)] n. A kind of cypress. [Gu.]

Cryptomeria japonica.

CØGYRYM

See cøgerym.

CØKE-, etc.

See cøky-, etc.

CØKY / ЦөХ

n. Three-year-old deer.

CØKY- / ЦөХөХ

[= cøke-] v.i. To despair, lose hope, be unable to cope with.

aryγ-a --ky. To be at one's wit's end.

sedkil --ky. To despair, lose hope or courage.

CØKYGE- / ЦөХөөХ

[= cøkege- , v. caus. of cøky-] v.t. To cause despair; to put someone in a difficult position.

CØKYGEL / ЦөХөөЛ

n. Despair.

CØKYGSI-

v.i. To be exhausted or worn out from doing something; to despair, lose hope.

CØKYL

[= cøkel] n. Despair, frustration.

CØKYMSI-

v.i. To despair, lose courage.

CØKYRE- / ЦөХРөХ

[= cøkere-] v.i. To despair, be frustrated or exhausted.

CØKYREGYL- / ЦөХРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of cøkyre-.

CØKYREL / ЦөХРөЛ

[= cøkerel] n. Despair, frustration; exhaustion.

CØKYRELTE / ЦөХРөЛТ

n. Despair, frustration, exhaustion.

CØL / ЦөЛ

n. Desert, desolate place; adj. deserted, desolate, uninhabited.

-- γazar. Uninhabited or desolate country; waste plot of land.
-- γobi. Desert.

CØLBE- / цөлбөх
[= cøble-, cølme-] v.t. To pick up here and there, collect objects scattered on the ground, peck.
--zy ideky. To browse.
tarij-a --ky. To glean grain.
tylij-e --ky. To gather fuel.
xoruxai --zy ideky. To pick up worms or insects and eat them.

CØLBEGDE- / цөлбөгдөх
[v. pass. of cølbe-] To be pecked; to be picked up from the ground.

CØLBEGYL- / цөлбүүлэх
v. caus. of cølbe-.

CØLCYI-
v.i. To swell, distend.

CØLE
Same as cilyge.

CØLE- / цөлөх
[= cøli-] v.t. To exile, banish.
--kyi orun. Place of exile.

CØLEGDE- / цөлөгдөх
[v. pass. of cøle-] To be exiled.
--gsen. Exiled, banished, expatriated.

CØLEGDEL / цөлөгдөл
n. Banishment, exile.

CØLEGYL- / цөлүүлэх
v. caus. of cøle-.

CØLELGE / цөлөлгө, цөллөг
n. Banishment, exile.

CØLI-
See cøle-.

CØLIE
[Kaz.] n. Desert country.

CØLME-
See cølbe-.

CØLYI[D]- / цөлийх
[= culuid-] v.i. To decline, decay, deteriorate; to diminish.

CØLYIDEGYL-
[v. caus. of cølyid-] To destroy, annihilate, debase, put in disorder.
šasin i --ky. To cause the decline of religion allow religion to decline.

CØM / цөм
adj. and adv. All, everything, completely, entirely.
-- ijer. All, everything, completely, entirely.
-- i oilγaxu. To understand everything or completely.
-- zaruxu. To use up, use completely.

CØMCI- / цөмчих
v.i. To hurry, walk hurriedly or quickly; to jump, leap, hop.

CØMCYRI- / цөмцрөх
v.i. To walk with lowered head or hiding one's face.

CØM-E / цөм
[= cømy, l.] n. Pit, seed or kernel of fruit; nucleus.
-- jin urbal. Nuclear reaction.
-- jin zebseg. Nuclear weapon[s].
atom un --. Nucleus of an atom.

CØMEDE- / цөмдөх
v.i. To ripen (of fruit or grain).

CØMELE- / цөмлөх
See cømyle-.

CØMY, 1.
See cøm-e.

CØMY, 2. / цөм
Intensifying adverbial particle descriptive of breaking, denting, or collapsing.
-- cokixu. To make a dent.

CØMY- / цөмөх
v.t. To pluck, pick (as fruits and flowers); to

reap; to crack (as nuts). [Gu.] To remove the pits from fruit.

CØMYGE(N)



See cimyge.

CØMYLE- / ЦӨМЛӨХ



[= cømele-] v.t. To make dents or holes; to demolish.

ger --ky. To tear down or demolish a house.

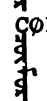
syidkezy --ky. To destroy.

CØMYR-



See cømyre-.

CØMYRE- / ЦӨМРӨХ



[= cømyr-, cømyri-] v.i. To fall in, break down or through; to crumble; to crack, dent, develop holes; to collapse, fall down ; to break into, commit burglary.

--n oruxu. To break in.

--n xaldaxu. To attack, invade, raid.

CØMYREGYL- / ЦӨМРҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of cømyre-

CØMYRI-



See cømyre-.

CØMYRKEI / ЦӨМӨРХИЙ

n. and adj. Indentation, depression; indented, depressed.

CØRYM

See cøgerem.

CØSY(N) / ЦӨС



Same as søsy.

CU, CY / Ч



An intensifying and concessive particle with a general meaning of "even," and " as for."

bi cy medeky ygei. I don't know.

... cu / cy ygei. Not even ...

jaγakiγsan cu. No matter what.

jaγakiγsan cu ygei. Nothing happened.

jambar cu. Whatever.

ken cy. Whoever.

keyked cy medemyi. Even children know [it].

nige kymyn cy ygei. There is not a single person.

tere cy teimy. [As for that] it is correct.

CUBA / ЦУВ



[= suba] n. Raincoat. [Mo.] Short fur vest. [Ra.] Large fur coat.

-- debel. Raincoat.

-- nemyrky. To throw a raincoat over one's shoulders.

CUBAГ-A



See cubuγ-a.

CUBU- / ЦУВАХ



v.i. To move one after another in single file; to file in; to fall in drops or single grains, trickle, drip.

--n. One after another (in space or time), in a sequence.

--zu oruxu. To enter one after another, file in.

ger --zu baimui. The tent is leaking

CUBUCA / ЦУВЦ



n. Path, footpath.

CUBUDAL



Same as cøbydel.

CUBUГ



Same as subaγ.

CUBUГ-A(N) / ЦУВАА(Н)

[= cubaγ-a] n. Row, file, line, string; column, echelon; procession; caravan; conveyor. [Mo.] Track followed by game going to a watering place; wooden pipe carrying water from a well or cistern to a watering trough.

--n u segyl. End of a column.

-- zam. Narrow road, pass.

cerig yn --. Military column, echelon.

CUBUГUL- / ЦУУВУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of cubu-] To cause to move in a line or file; to cause to fall in drops.

--un. Evenly, fluently; one after another, in a file.

silysy --. To drool.

CUBULTA / ЦУВАЛТ

n. Row, chain, file.

CUBUN / ЦУВАН

See under ubun.

CUBURA- / ЦУВРАХ

See cuburi-.

CUBURI- / ЦУВРИХ

[= cubura-] v.i. To move one after another; to drip.

CUBURIГUL / ЦУВРИУЛ

n. Spout, tap, faucet; funnel; opening in a wall or parapet, embrasure.

amu jin --. Funnel or scoop for grain.

CUBURIГUL- / ЦУВРИУЛАХ

[v. caus. of cuburi-] To cause to follow in a single file; to shed(as tears or blood).

nidyn y nilbusun i --xu. To shed tears.

CUBURIГUR

Same as cuburiγul.

CUBURIL[Г-A] / ЦУВРИЛ (ГА)

n. Dripping, oozing; defilement; often the same as nisvanis, q.v.

CUBURILTA / ЦУВРИЛТ

n. Line, string, column.

CUBURIUL

Same as cuburiγul.

CUBURLI

Same as suburliγ.

CUBX-A / ЦУВХ

n. Leaves of trees.

-- zulγuraxu. Leaves are falling off.

CUCA-, 1. / ЦУЦАХ

v.i. To become tired, weary, fatigued; to flutter, flit from one place to another (of birds).

--γsan. Tired , weary, exhausted.

eceky --xu. To become tired or exhausted.

CUCA-, 2. / ЦУЦАХ

v.t. To undo, untwine, untwist.

CUCACI- / ЦУЦЧИХ

v.t. To undo, untwist, untwine (as a rope,etc.).

gezιγe --xu. To undo a braid of hair.

CUCACIГUL- / ЦУЦЧУУЛАХ

v. caus. of cucaci-.

CUCAГ-A / ЦУЦАА

n. Tiredness, fatigue; fluttering of birds from one place to another.

CUCAГA- / ЦУЦААХ

v. caus. of cuca-.

CUCAГACI / ЦУЦААЧ

n. Transgressor, violator (of law).

CUCAГAГDA- / ЦУЦААГДАХ

v. pass. of cucaγa-.

CUCAГATAI / ЦУЦААТАЙ

adj. Tired, fluttering from one place to another (of birds).

CUCAL, 1. / ЦУЦАЛ

Same as cucali.

CUCAL, 2. / ЦУЦАЛ

-- γgei. Indefatigable, untiring.

CUCALA-, 1. / ЦУЦЛАХ

v.t. To disentangle, undo, unfold; to take apart, destroy, break, ruin; to reveal oneself, show one's real face; to annul, rescind (as an agreement or contract); to renew, start afresh; to revise, re-examine.

--n kemkeleky. To break into pieces; to scatter, disperse, destroy.

ysyn ijen --xu. To undo one's hair.

CUCALA-, 2.

[Che.] v.t. To kindle, set on fire.

CUCALAГDA- / ЦУЦЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of cucala-.

CUCALAГUL- / ЦУЦЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of cucala-.

CUCALAL / ЦУЦЛАЛ
n. The act of cucala-.

CUCALГA- / ЦУЦАЛГАХ
v. caus. of cuca-.

CUCALI / ЦУЦАЛ
n. Torch; firebrand; partly burned wood.
-- idxaxu. To put out a fire shortly after it has started or immediately after using it; to put the unburned parts of the wood into water after the food is cooked.
γaltu --. Firebrand.

CUCALTA / ЦУЦАЛТ
n. Fatigue, exhaustion.
-- ygei ber. Untiringly, indefatigably.

CUCARA- / ЦУЦРАХ
v.i. To come lose (of anything plaited, tied, or rolled up), fall to pieces, become disjointed or disentangled; to spread, unfold, open; to be destroyed or ruined; to be out of order; to fail; to be tired, weary, exhausted.
--γsan ongγuca. A wrecked boat.
ebderen --γsan. Ruined, destroyed; ruins.

CUCARAГUL- / ЦУЦРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of cucara-.

CUCARAL / ЦУЦРАЛ
n. Fatigue, weariness.
-- ygei. Untiring, indefatigable; unshaking.

CUCARASI / ЦУЦРАШ
-- ygei. Indestructible, immutable, solid; untiring, indefatigable.

CUCASI / ЦУЦАШ
-- ygei. Untiring, indefatigable.

CUCARXAI / ЦУЦАРХАЙ
adj. and adv. Broken, ruined, destroyed; worn out; not solid or tight, loosely attached.

CUCU-
v.i. To begin forming (as a fetus, etc.), assume a shape.

-CUD, -CYD / -ЧУУД, -ЧҮҮД
A plural suffix used only on words that refer to human beings.
emegteicyd. Women.
mongγulcud. The Mongols.

CUDASU
Same as coγudasu(n).

CUГ / ЦУГ
adv. Together with; in company, jointly; simultaneously.
-- ijer. See cuγar.
-- jabuxu. To go together.
bi -- iremyi. I am coming along.
xojar xaziγu ece -- bailduxu. To attack from two sides simultaneously.

CUГAR / ЦУГААР
[= cuγ ijer] adv. Together or along with; all together, all of a given quantity or group.
-- jabuγsan. All went.

CUГLA- / ЦУГЛАХ
[= cuγlaraxu] v.i. and t. To gather, assemble; to wrap.
caγasun du --xu. To wrap up in paper.
køl ijen --xu. To bind or wrap one's feet.
xural --xu. For a meeting to convene.
xural dur --xu. To gather for a meeting.

CUГLAГ-A(N) / ЦУГЛАА(Н)
[cf. ciγulγan] n. Assembly, gathering, meeting; wrapper.
-- un ger. Assembly house or hall.
xubcasun --. A piece of cloth in which clothes are wrapped.
xural --. Meeting.

CUГLAГUL- / ЦУГЛУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of cuγla-] To collect, assemble.
adaγu --xu. To assemble horses in a herd.
alba --xu. To collect taxes.
uran ziruγ --xu. To collect paintings or drawings.

CUГLAГULГ-A / ЦУГЛУУЛГА

n. Collection, exhibit.

γar bicimel yn --. Collection or exhibit of manuscripts.

CUГLAГULГA- / ЦУГЛУУЛГАХ

v. caus. of cuγlaγul-.

CUГLAГULUГCI / ЦУГЛУУЛАГЧ

n. Collector.

CUГLAГULUГDA- / ЦУГЛУУЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of cuγlaγul-.

CUГLARA- / ЦУГЛАРАХ

v.i. To gather, assemble; to be piled up, accumulated; to crowd, throng.

--n xuralduxu. To gather, assemble.

toγusu --xu. For the dust to gather.

CUГLARAГAN

Same as cuγlaγ-a(n).

CUГLARAГUL- / ЦУГЛАРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of cuγlara-] To gather, assemble, amass; to allow to accumulate.

CUГLARAL / ЦУГЛАРАЛ

n. Accumulation, pile, mass, heap, crowd, throng.

CUГTAГAN / ЦУГТАА

adv. Along with, together with, jointly; simultaneously.

-- saγuxu. To live together, cohabit.

CUГUL- / ЦУУЛАХ

v.t. To tear, rip, split; to write a note or decision on a document; to criticise, examine.

CUГUR, 1. / ЦУУР

n. A kind of reed pipe.

CUГUR, 2. / ЦУУР

Same as coura.

CUГURCI / ЦУУРЧ

n. One who plays a cuγur, q.v.

CUГURDA- / ЦУУРДАХ

v.t. To play a cuγur, q.v.

CUГURГ-A(N)

[= caγurγ-a, cuurγ-a, suγurγ-a] n. Lock, padlock; latch, cramp iron.

--n u nyke. Key-hole.

-- tailxu. To unlock.

CUГURГACI / ЦУУРГАЧ

n. Locksmith, blacksmith.

CUГURГAĹA-

v.t. To lock, latch.

egyden i --xu. To lock a door.

CUГURSU

Same as cøgyrsy(n).

CUL

Same as culu, 1.

CULBUГUR

See cilbuγur.

CULCAГAR

See culcuγar.

CULCUГAR

[= culcaγar, culcuγur] adj. Blown up, inflated, puffed up, bulging; pot-bellied.

CULCAI-

See culcui-.

CULCARI-

See colcari-.

CULCUГUR

See culcuγar.

CULCUI- / ЦУЛЩАЙХ

[= culcai-] v.i. To be inflated, puffed up, blown up; to be plump or chubby.

CULГAI / ЦУЛГАЙ

Same as culγui.

CULIγUI / ЦУЛИГУЙ
adj. Pure, unmixed; solid, monolithic; massive; of one color, monochromatic; smooth; plain, blank.
-- alta. Pure gold.
-- caγasu. Plain or blank paper.
-- nair. Feast without music.
-- toryγ-a. Plain silk, with no design.
xoγusun -- cai. Plain tea.

CULIγUIDA- / ЦУЛИГУЙДАХ
v.i. To be too plain, smooth, etc. See culγui.

CULIγUILA- / ЦУЛИГУЙЛАХ
v.t. To tan hides.

CULU, 1. / ЦУЛ
adj. Solid, monolithic, massive; pure, unmixed; of one color, monochromatic.
-- alta. Pure gold.
-- mix-a. Solid meat (without bones).
-- ulaγan. All red.

CULU, 2. / ЦУЛ
n. Internal organ[s], viscera.
tabun -- . The five viscera: heart, lungs, liver, spleen, kidneys.

CULUID-
See cøIyi[d]-.

CULUXAN / ЦУЛХАН
adj. Rather solid or compact.

CULXUIAR / ЦУЛХГАР
Same as culcuγar.

CULXUI- / ЦУЛХАЙХ
Same as culcui-.

CULXUNG / ЦУЛХАН(Г)
n. Excrescence, knot or burl on trees; cup or bowl made of a burl.

CUMCURI- / ЦОМЦРИХ
v.i. To run stooping. [Ko.] To hide in the forest, crawl in the grass.

CUR / ЦУР
adv. onomat. Sound produced by scratching on a hard object.

CURBA / ЦУРАВ
n. and adj. Nestling, fledgeling; young.
-- noγuγ-a. Young grass.
ulaγan --. Hatch, brood.

CURBAГ-A(N) / ЦУРВАГА
[= corba, corbaγ-a(n)] n. Young bird; chicken, duckling; sprout, shoot.

CURGILDA-
v.i. To sing (of birds), twitter, warble, chirp.

CURGIRA-
Same as curkira-.

CURKIRA- / ЦУРХИРАХ
[= corkira-] v.i. To howl, roar; to speak loudly, shout.
--n ukilaxu. To sob.

CURKIRAL / ЦУРХИРАЛ
n. Cry, noise, howl, noisy conversation.

CURUXAI / ЦУРХАЙ
n. Pike (fish).

CUU, 1. / ЦУУ
n. Sound, noise; echo; rumor; fame, glory.
-- aldar. Fame, renown.
-- yge. Rumor.
demei -- yges. Empty gossip, unfounded rumors.
xoγusun --. Boasting, bragging.

CUU, 2. / ЦУУ
[Ch. ts'u 醋] n. Vinegar.
-- du daruxu. To pickle in vinegar.

CUUCALI / ЦУУЦАЛЬ
n. Snipe.
yker --. Large snipe.

CUUDAMCI / ЦУУДАМЧ
n. Braggart; gossip; liar.

CUUDAMLA- / ЦУУДАМЛАХ
[= cuudamna-] v.i. To boast, brag; to gossip; to lie.

CUUDAMNA- / ЦУУДАМНАХ
See cuudamla-.

CUUGI- / ЦУУГИХ

v.i. To make noise, shout (of many people) ; to quarrel, squabble; to spread rumors.

CUUGIJAN / ЦУУГИАН

n. Hubbub, tumult; clamor; rumor.

CUUGIJANTAI / ЦУУГИАНТАЙ

adj. Noisy, tumultuous.

CUUGIL / ЦУУГИЛ

Same as cuugijan.

CUUGILDU- / ЦУУГИЛДАХ

v. rec. of cuugi-.

barkiraldun --xu. To shout, raise a hubbub.

CUUGINA- / ЦУУГИНАХ

Same as cuugi-.

CUUJANGBUU / ЦУУЯМБУУ

[Ch. ts'u-yang - pu 粗洋布] n. Coarse cotton cloth, calico.

CUURAI

See caγurij-a.

CUURГ-A, etc.

See cuγurγ-a, etc.

CUURXA- / ЦУУРХАХ

v.i. To spread (of rumors).

CUURXAГUL- / ЦУУРХУУЛАХ

v. caus. of cuurxa-.

CUURXAL / ЦУУРХАЛ

n. Rumor, gossip; slander, calumny, imputation, insinuation.

CUUTAI, 1. / ЦУУТАЙ

adj. Having vinegar, containing vinegar.

CUUTAI, 2. / ЦУУТАЙ

adj. Resounding, sonorous, famous, celebrated; having a bad reputation; notorious.

CUUXAL, 1. / ЦУУХАЛ

adj. Arrested in its normal development or growth; not well filled (of ears of grain); small, undersized (of children).

-- amu. Millet with undersized grains.

-- keyked. Undersized children, child arrested in its growth.

CUUXAL, 2. / ЦУУХАЛ

n. Spurry (plant).

CUXAГ / ЧУХАГ

adj. Scarse, poor, scanty; rare, precious.

-- degedy. Precious, rare.

-- zil. Lean year.

γurban --. = γurban erdeni, q.v.

oldaxui-a --. Difficult to find or obtain.

tarijan tømysyn --. Poor harvest, scarcity.

CUXAM

Same as cuxum.

CUXUI- / ЦУХУЙХ

v.i. To stick out, protrude or appear in part, show slightly.

--zu γarxu. To show on the surface, come out partly.

noγuγ-a --mui. The grass is appearing.

CUXUILГA- / ЦУХУЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of cuxui-] To show something slightly or only in part ; to hint.

ygen y yzygyr --xu. To make a slight hint, suggest indirectly.

CUXUL, etc.

See cixul, etc.

CUXULZA- / ЦУХАЛЗАХ

v.i. To appear and disappear repeatedly.

CUXUM / ЧУХАМ

[= coxum] n., adj. and adv. Reality, actuality; real[ly], actual[ly], indeed, as a matter of fact; exact[ly], precise[ly]; correct, right.

-- daγan. In reality, indeed.

-- toγ-a. Actual number.

-- zam. Right path or road.

CUXUMLA- / ЧУХАМЛАХ

v. t. and i. To do or act precisely or exactly; to be real or actual.

--n ygyleky. To speak precisely, exactly.

CUXUMXAN / ЧУХАМХАН

[= coxumxan] adv. Precisely, exactly, punctually.

CUXURI-

v.i. To step back, retire, retreat; to refuse to move foreward, resist by retreating (as a stubborn horse).

mori --zu bain. The horse is balking, jibbing.

CUXURIɪUL-

v. caus. of cuxuri-.

CUXUS / ЦУХАС

Adverbial particle describing the repeated appearance and disappearance of an object.

-- cuxus. Same as above.

-- ɣarɣaxu. To show something only in part.

-- kiky. To appear and vanish, appear for a moment only.

-- ygyleky. To allude to, hint at.

ziɣasu -- kimyi. The fish jumps from time to time.

CUXUUDASU

Same as coɣudasu.

CY / ЦУУ

n. Spike, bolt.

CYBENG / ЦУУВЭН

n. Rent; fee.

ongɣuca jin --. Boat fare.

CYCE / ЦУУЦ

n. Chisel.

-- ijer maltaxu. To hollow out with a chisel.

CYCEDE- / ЦУУЦДЭХ

v.i. To work with a chisel.

CYCEGEN

n. Bundle of grass, truss of hay.

acij-a --. Bundle, load.

CYCIGER / ЦУУЦГЭР

adj. Protruding; thin, long (of legs).

CYD

See cud.

CYDENG / ЧУДЭН

[Ch. ch'ü - teng 取燈] n. Matches.

CYDENGZE / ЧУДЭНЗ

Same as cydeng.

CYGCYRGE / ЦУГЦРЭГ

n. Hooks for a door; door bar; rings on a door for a padlock; door chain.

CYGDYI- / ЦУГДИЙХ

v.i. To lower or contract the shoulders, incline the head; to bend; to run with one's head bent down.

CYGYRGENE

n. A kind of grasshopper.

CYL / ЦУЛ

Onomat. descriptive of the sound produced by something falling into water: splash.

usun du -- getel-e unaxu. To fall into water with a splash.

CYLDERE-

v.i. To be troubled or embarrassed.

CYLTEI / ЦУЛТЭЙ

adj. Turbid, muddy (of water).

CYLYG / ЦУЛЭГ

bylyg --. Group, gang, band.

CYLYGED-

v.i. To decline, decay, get out of order.

CYLYNG / ЦУЛЭН(Г)

n. Rain-bubbles on the surface of water.

CYMBYKY

See under bymbyky.

CYNGKE / ЦУНХ

n. Bag, pouch.

CYNGKEGER / ЦУНХГЭР

adj. Convex, bulging.

CYNGKEI- / ЦУНХИЙХ

v.i. To be[come] convex or bulging.

CYNGKEILGE- / ЦҮНХИЙЛГЭХ



v. caus. of cyngkei-.

CYNGKYGER / ЦҮНХГЭР



Same as cyngkeger.

CYR



See under yr.

CYRDEGER / ЦҮРДЭГЭР



adj. Big-bellied, inflated, distended.
-- gedsyn. Inflated belly.

CYRDEI- / ЦҮРДИЙХ



v.i. To be inflated or distended.

CYRGER / ЦҮРГЭР



adj. Pot-bellied; big (of the belly, esp. of persons suffering from rickets).

CYRGERDE- / ЦҮРГЭРДЭХ



v.i. To be pot-bellied.

CYRYGY



See nuγusun.

D

DA, 1. , DE / ДАА, ДЭЭ



Intensifying particle used after the predicate often with an undertone of consent or impatience.

ab da! Well, buy it! take it!

jabubal jabu da! If you want to go, go ahead!

jabuxu cu jabuγsan da. Well, so he went (but what good will it do?)

jabuxu uu da! Well! Shall I (or we) go?

DA, 2. / ДАА



[Ch. ta] adj. Great, big.

-- kyrij-e. Former name of the city of Ulan Bator.

DA, 3. / ДАА



[Manchu da] n. Chief, head (obs.).

-- lam-a. Chief lama.

ciγulγan --. League chief (head prince of a confederation).

DAB / ДАВ



Adv. particle indicating a sudden or jerky movement.

-- dab kiky. To start, shudder.

-- deger-e. For the time being, as yet, for the present, meanwhile, in the meantime.

-- deger-e kiky azil. Work to be done immediately, immediate task.

-- dub kiky. To start, shudder.

-- geky. To start, shudder.

-- getel-e. Suddenly, unexpectedly.

-- kiky = dabki --. To start, shudder.

DABA / ДАВАА



[T. zla ba] n. Monday.

DABA- / ДАВАХ



v.t. To climb, climb over, cross over; to ascend; to transgress, violate, break (as a law); to overcome, surmount (as obstacles); to exceed, excel .

--γsan bøke. Winning wrestler.

caγaza [ece] --xu. To violate the law.

dabaγ-a --xu. To climb a mountain pass; to surmount difficulties.

degegsi --γsan zam. Uphill pass or road.

degegsi --xu. To climb up.

ilazu --xu. To conquer, defeat; to win.

kerem i --xu. To climb over the wall.

kizaγar --xu. To cross the border unlawfully.

modu --xu. To climb a tree.

tabin ece --γsan kymyn. A person over fifty years old.

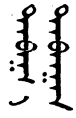
tangγariγ ece --xu. To violate an oath.

zaγun tøgyrig ece --xu ygei. Does not exceed 100 tøgyrig (q. v.).

zarliγ [ece] --xu. To transgress a command, disobey.

zerge ece --xu. To overstep one's authority or jurisdiction.

DABAГ-A(N) / ДАВАА



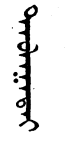
n. Mountain pass; mountain range; difficulty, obstacle; victory in a contest.

--n u orui. Summit of a mountain pass.

aγula jin --. Mountain pass.

kecegyy --. A difficult pass; great obstacle.

DABAГATAI / ДАВААТАЙ



[= dabaγatu] adj. Having a mountain pass; full of obstacles, difficult.

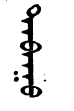
-- γazar. Area with a mountain pass; rugged or difficult place.

DABAГATU



See dabaγatai.

DABAГU / ДАВУУ



adj. and adv. Surpassing, outstanding, excellent; exceedingly, too.

-- cinar. Excellence.

-- kymyn. Outstanding person.

-- sain. Excellent.

DABAГUL- / ДАВУУЛАХ

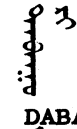


v. caus. of daba-.

--un bejelegylky. To accomplish more than is required.

ger --un sideky. To throw something over a house or tent.

DABAГURI / ДАВУУРЬ



n. Step[s] of a stairway; stairs; rung[s] of a ladder; slope or grade of a mountain.

DABAL- / ДАВЛАХ



[= dabala-, dabula-] v.i. To billow, roll (of waves); to gush forth .

DABALA-



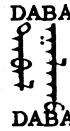
See dabal-.

DABALГ-A(N) / ДАВЛАГАА(Н)



n. Wave, surf; billowing.
-- dolgijan. Waves.

DABALГALA- / ДАВЛАГААЛАХ



Same as dabal-.

DABALГATAI / ДАВЛАГААТАЙ



[= dabalγatu] adj. Billowy, wavy, agitated, troubled.
-- dalai. Billowing sea.

DABALГATU / ДАВЛАГААТ



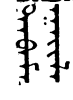
See dabalγatai.

DABAMAГAI / ДАВАМГАЙ



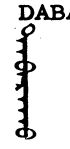
adj. Presumptuous, transgressive.

DABAMAГAILA- / ДАВАМГАЙЛАХ



v.i. To be presumptuous or transgressive.

DABARA- / ДАВРАХ



v.i. and t. To exceed; to overflow; to trespass, violate regulations; to become immoderate or unrestrained.

DABARI- / ДАВРИХ



Same as dabara-.

DABASAГ



See dabusang.

DABASI / ДАВШ



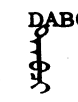
-- ygei. Insurmountable.

DABCA / ДАВЦ



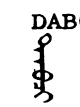
n. and adj. A minor; of small size, undersized. [Mo.] low elevation on a plain.

DABCI, 1. / ДАВЧ



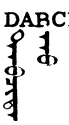
adj. Narrow (as road, ravine); cramped (as living quarters).

DABCI, 2. / ДАВЧ



n. Bow with a long string.

DABCIDA- / ДАВЧДАХ



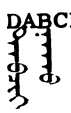
v.i. To be narrow or tight; to be cramped; to be pressed for time.

DABCIГUU / ДАВЧУУ



adj. Hasty, hurrying.
jaγaraγu --. Hurried.

DABCIGINA- ДАВЧИГНАХ



v.i. To tremble or shiver from cold.

DABDARI-



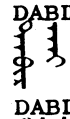
v.i. To limp slightly, move with pain or difficulty; to touch lightly, graze the ground (as a flying bird).

DABI- / ДАВИХ



v.t. To spur on a horse.

DABIRXAI / ДАВИРХАЙ



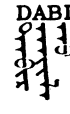
n. Pitch, tar; resin of a coniferous tree.

DABIRXAIDA- / ДАВИРХАЙДАХ



Same as dabirxaila-.

DABIRXAILA- / ДАВИРХАЙЛАХ



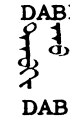
v.t. To tar, pitch.

DABISAГ



See dabusang.

DABKI-, 1. / ДАВХИЙХ



See under dab.

DABKI-, 2. / ДАВХИХ



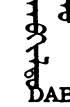
v.t. and i. To gallop; to hurry along, rush, tear along.
--zu ireky. To come galloping; to come running.

DABKIГ-A



n. Gallop.

DABKILDU- / ДАВХИЛДАХ



v. coop. of dabki-.

DABKILTA / ДАВХИЛТ



n. Gallop[ing].

DABSI-, 1. / ДАВШИХ



v.i. To advance; to be aggressive or over - demanding.

--n oruxu. To advance or move into; to set abort doing something.

jabudal dur --n oruxu. To set about doing something.

DABSI-, 2.



Same as tabsi-.

DABSIГUL- / ДАВШУУЛАХ



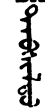
[v. caus. of dabsi-. To cause to advance.

DABSIL[TA] / ДАВШИЛ(Т)



n. Advance, progress.

DABSILTU / ДАВШИЛТ



adj. Progressive.

-- kymyn. Progressive person.

DABSISKI- / ДАВШИСХИЙХ



v.i. To advance little by little.

DABTA- / ДАВТАХ



v.t. and i. To repeat, reiterate; to review a lesson; to forge, beat.

--n Repeatedly, again, afresh.

--n ungsixu. To reread.

--xu ahux-a. Blacksmith's hammer, sledge.

--xu asaγulta. Review questions; cross examination, cross questioning.

dakin --u. See daki-.

kicijel --xu. To review a lesson.

temyr --xu. To forge iron.

xojar γurbanta --n. Two, three, or several times.

DABTAГDA- / ДАВТАГДАХ



[v. pass. of dabta-] To be repeated or reiterated; to be forged, beaten, flattened.

DABTAIUL- / ДАВТУУЛАХ



v. caus. of dabta-.

DABTAIUR



n. Battledore.

DABTAL / ДАВТАЛ



n. Repetition, reiteration; beating, forging.

DABTALCA- / ДАВТАЛЦАХ



v. coop. of dabta-.

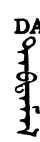
DABTALГ-A / ДАВТЛАГА



n. Repetition, review of work or lessons, reiteration; forging (of iron, etc.).

-- kiky. To repeat, review (one's work or lesson).

DABTAMAL / ДАВТМАЛ



[n.d. of dabta-] Forged, beaten, flattened.

-- altan. Wrought gold, gold leaf.

DABULA-



See dabal-.

DABUSAГ / ДАВСАГ



See dabusang.

DABUSANG / ДАВСАН



[= dabasaγ, dabusaγ, dabisaγ] n. Bladder; lower part of the abdomen, the pubic region (colloq.).

DABUSU(N) / ДАВС(АН)



n. Salt.

-- cinaxu. To extract salt by boiling.

-- kiky. To salt, put salt in.

--n sidy. Coarse salt.

--n siy. Muriatic acid (hydrochloric).

--n u aγurxai. Salt-mine, salt-pit.

--n u taγulγ-a. Saline laxative.

-- sirgegeky γazar. Salt works.

-- ygei. Without salt, lacking salt.

cilaγun --. Rock salt, crystal salt, mineral salt.

elesyn --. Powdered salt.

kitad --. Ammonia.

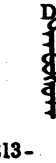
modun u --. Cinnamon.

molur --. Rock salt.

naγur un --. Salt produced from lakes.

uur --. Pure salt found on the surface of the soil.

DABUSULA- / ДАВСЛАХ



v.t. To season with salt, add salt, pickle in brine; to exaggerate.

--γsan mix-a. Salted meat.

DABUSULAГUL- / ДАВСЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of dabusula-.

DABUSULIГ / ДАВСЛАГ

adj. Salty.

DABUSUTAI / ДАВСТАЙ

[= dabusutu] adj. Having salt; salted, salty.

-- noγuγa. Pickled vegetables.

DABUSUTU / ДАВСТ

See dabusutai.

DABUU / ДААВУУ

[Ch. ta-pu 大布] n. Coarse cotton cloth.

erijen --. Chintz.

orun u -- Bed sheet.

DABXA

n. Sheatfish, catfish, Silurus.

DABXUCA / ДАВХАЦ

n. Double garment (e.g., two jackets worn at one time).

DABXUCA- / ДАВХЦАХ

v.t. and i. To put one upon another; to double; to be[come] doubled; to pile up.

alba γubciγur --zu abxu. To levy the same tax twice.

amisxul --xu. To gasp for or be out of breath; to suffer from asthma.

DABXUCAГUL- / ДАВХЦУУЛАХ

v. caus. of dabxuca-.

DABXUCALA- / ДАВХАЦЛАХ

v.t. To put one upon another; to double; to put on outer clothes.

DABXUCALAГUL- / ДАВХАЦЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of dabxucala-.

DABXUR / ДАВХАР

n., adj., and adv. Row, tier, layer, stratum; story of a building; double; consisting of several rows or layers (with a preceding numeral); twofold; pregnant; twice, in pairs.

-- azil. Double duties; duplication of work.

-- baising. Two-storied building.

-- debel. Lined garment.

-- degebyri. Double roof.

-- egyde. Double door.

-- ekener. Pregnant woman.

-- ger. Building of more than one story.

-- oru. A twin bed.

-- tein ilγal. Double case (grammar).

-- xubcasu. Double dress; lined garment, overcoat.

-- ygylebyri. Compound sentence.

bej-e --. Pregnant.

degedy --. Upper floor.

dørben --. Four stories; four-storied; four-fold, quadruple.

γurban saratai -- ekener. Woman in third month of pregnancy.

DABXURГ-A / ДАВХАРГА , ДАВХРАГА

n. Stratum, layer; a second layer of felt on a yurt.

DABXURГALA- / ДАВХАРГАЛАХ

v.i. and t. To form or arrange in strata or layers; to double; to do twice or more; to duplicate.

ger --xu. To take a second wife in the lifetime of the first.

xubcasun ijen --zu emysky. To wear a garment over another.

DABXURГALAГUL- / ДАВХАРГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of dabxurγala-.

DABXURГATAI / ДАВХАРГАТАЙ

[= dabxurγatu] adj. Double, multiplied, stratified; flaky.

DABXURГATU / ДАВХАРГАТ

See dabxurγatai.

DABXURLA- / ДАВХАРЛАХ

v.t. To put one thing on top of another; to double; to repeat, multiply, duplicate.

--zu emysky. To put one dress on top of another.

--zu talbixu. To pile up.

amisxal --xu. To breathe heavily, pant.

arba --n. Ten times (as big, much, or many).

DABXURLAГDA- / ДАВХАРЛАГДАХ



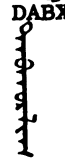
v. pass. of dabxurla-.

DABXURLAГUL- / ДАВХАРЛУУЛАХ



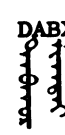
v. caus. of dabxurla-.

DABXURLIГ / ДАВХАРЛАГ



n. and adj. Story; superstructure; storied.
-- baising. A house of more than one story.
-- dotuγadu xota. The Inner City, Imperial City of Peking.
γurban --. Three-storied.

DABXURLIГTAI / ДАВХАРЛАГТАЙ



[= dabxurliγtu] adj. Storied.

DABXURLIГTU / ДАВХАРЛАГТ



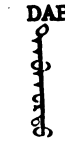
See dabxurliγtai.

DABXURTAI / ДАВХАРТАЙ



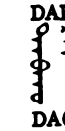
[= dabxurtu] adj. Double[d], lined (as dress, etc.), stratified, in layers; storied.
γurban -- baising. A three-storied house.

DABXURTU / ДАВХАРТ



See dabxurtai.
-- xosa. Small boxes arranged one upon the other in which dinner is carried.

DABXURUL



n. A kind of fish resembling the carp.

DACA



A compound suffix of the dative-locative + ablative in the pre-classical language which is preserved in the modern language in a very few cases (other forms dece, taca, tece occur according to vowel harmony).

DACANG



[= rasang, T. grva-tshang] n. Various faculties, such as ritual, scholastics, medicine, and divination in Lamaist monasteries.

DAD- / ДАДАХ



v. i. To become accustomed to; to become familiar with; to acquire experience.
--uγsan azil. Work to which one is accustomed or in which one is skilled.
kizy --xu. To become accustomed to doing something.

DADAГAR / ДАДГАР

Same as taγdaγar.

DADUBURI / ДАДВАР

n. Habit, skill, experience.

DADUГA- / ДАДААХ



[v. caus. of dad-] To familiarize with, train in.
nom dur --. To train in the Buddhist religion.

DADUL / ДАДАЛ

See dadulγ-a.

DADULГ-A / ДАДЛАГА

[= dadul] n. Experience, skill.
-- bolxu. To become a habit.
-- mergezil. Training and experience qualifications.

DADULГATAI / ДАДЛАГАТАЙ

[= dadulγatu] adj. Having a habit, being accustomed; experienced, skilled, qualified.
-- bolxu. To acquire a habit or a skill.

DADULГATU / ДАДЛАГАТ

See dadulγatai.

DADULГAZI- / ДАДЛАГАЖИХ

Same as dad-.

DADUMAГAI / ДАДАМГАЙ

adj. Accustomed to, experienced in, familiar with.
-- bolγaxu. To accustom somebody to something, train or teach somebody.

DAГ, 1. / ДАГ

adv. All the time, constantly, permanently.
-- saγuxu. To have a permanent residence.

DAГ, 2. / ДАГ

T. brtags] n. Mark, sign, omen; speck of dust or dirt.
-- bolxu. To get dirty.
-- daγari bolxu. To get dirty.
maγu --. Bad omen.
sain --. Good omen.

DAГ-A(N)



See dayay-a(n).

DAГA- / ДАГАХ



v.t. and i. To follow, accompany, travel with; to submit oneself to, obey; to imitate; to observe, comply with.

--n dayurijaxu. To imitate, mimic.
--n gemsiky. To repent, regret.
--n gyjyky. To run after somebody.
--n jabulcaxu. To accompany.
--n oruxu. To submit oneself to, offer one's submission, capitulate.
--xu bicig. Accompanying letter.
--xu ygei. To refuse, disobey.
--zu dayulaxu. To join somebody in singing.
--zu jabuxu. To act accordingly; to follow, accompany; to follow instructions.
--zu xaraxu. To follow with the eyes.
degesy --zu bayuzu ireky. To slide or climb down a rope.
josun i --xu. To observe a custom.
yge ji --xu. To follow the words, obey orders.

DAГABURI / ДАГАВАР



n. and adj. The act of daya-; following; additional; appendage.
-- kybegyn. Wife's son by first marriage.
-- yge. Postposition (gram.).

DAГADXA- / ДААТГАХ



v.t. To insure; to entrust one's fate to someone.
--n zalbarixu. To pray earnestly or devoutly.

DAГADXAL / ДААТГАЛ



n. Insurance.
neigem yn --. Social insurance.

DAГAГ-A, 1. / ДААГА



n. Crosspiece in the top opening of a yurt.

DAГAГ-A(N), 2. / ДААГА(Н)



[= day-a(n)] n. Colt between one and two years.

DAГAГA- / ДААХ



v.t. and i. a) To be able to carry, bear, or lift.
--n jadaxu. To be unable to bear, carry, or lift.
bej-e ben --xu. To be able to lift oneself up. See also c.
egyrcy --xu. To be able to carry on the back.
møsyn --mui. The ice can bear [weight].

b) To tolerate, withstand.

alba --xu ygei. To be unable to carry the tax burden.
ariki --xu ygei. Unable to stand liquor.
kyiten --xu. To be able to withstand the cold.
yge --xu ygei. To be unable to stand criticism or jokes.
zobalang i --xu. To withstand hardships.

c) To take on a responsibility or charge; to warrant, guarantee, vouch; to insure.

amin i --xu. To insure life.
bej-e ben --xu. To be independent. See also a.
bej-e degen --xu. To take upon oneself.
cerig --xu. To be in command of troops.
kymyn i --xu. To vouch for a person.

d) To cut well, be sharp.

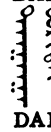
kituy-a --xu ygei. A knife cannot cut it.

DAГAГABURI / ДААВАР



n. Burden, load; responsibility, charge, task, duty.
xataγu --. A hard or difficult task.

DAГAГABURITAI / ДААВАРТАЙ



[= dayayaburitu] adj. Having a responsibility or charge.

DAГAГABURITU / ДААВАРТ



See dayayaburitai.

DAГAГACA / ДААЦ



n. Loading capacity.

DAГAГACILA- / ДААГАЧЛАХ



v.i. To behave like a colt (throw off the rider).

DAГAГALГ-A / ДААЛГА



n. The act of dayaya-.

DAГAГALГA- / ДААЛГАХ



[v. caus. of dayaya-] To charge with, impose on; to empower, authorize; to have one guarantee or vouch for.
--n øgky. To charge or entrust with.
kereg i --xu. To charge somebody with a matter.
xariyucaly-a ji --xu. To charge with the responsibility.

DAГAГALГABURI / ДААЛГАВАР



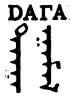
n. Charge, task, assignment.
-- øgky. To charge with, assign a task, entrust with.
ger yn --. Home assignment or work.

DAГAГALTA / ДААЛТ



n. Guaranty, warrant.

DAГAГAMAL / ДААМАЛ



n. Headman, chief, person in charge (obs.).

DAГAГAMALLA- / ДААМАЛЛАХ



v.t. and i. To oversee, supervise, control; to be a headman or chief (obs.).

DAГAГCI / ДАГАГЧ



n. One who follows or accompanies; suite, retinue; adherent, follower, disciple.

DAГAГU / ДАГУУ



postpos. Along.
γoul --. Along the river.
zam un --. Along the road.

DAГAГUL / ДАГУУЛ



n. Retinue, cortege, follower; satellite; stepchild of a father.
-- keyked. Stepchildren of father.
kimel --. Man-made satellite.
ordu jin --. Courtier.

DAГAГUL- / ДАГУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of daγa-] To cause to or let follow; to reduce to submission; to append, attach.
--xu xaγudasu. An attached note or list.
--zu ire. To bring, lead in.
kymyn y ama --zu keleky. To go along with what another says.

DAГAГULI



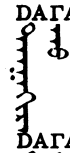
Same as daγaγul.

DAГAKI / ДААХЬ



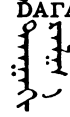
n. Snarl, tangle; combings of hair; shedding of hair; hair of a child before cutting it for the first time.
-- γarγaxu. To disentangle something lumpy or entangled (as hair).
-- xajaxu. To shed hair, molt.

DAГAKIRA- / ДААХИРАХ



v.i. To become entangled (of hair); to suffer from plica.

DAГAKIRALГ-A / ДААХИРАЛГА



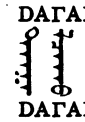
n. The state of being lumpy or matted (of hair).

DAГAKITAI / ДААХЬТАЙ



adj. Having daγaki, q.v.

DAГALCA- / ДАГАЛЩАХ



v. coop. of daγa-.

DAГALDU- / ДАГАЛДАХ



v. rec. of daγa-.
--n jabuγci. One who accompanies, fellow-traveler.
--n daγurijaxu. To imitate.
--n suruγci. Apprentice; student trainee.

DAГALDUГCI / ДАГАЛДАГЧ



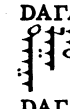
n. One who or that which follows; fellow-traveler.

DAГALГ-A



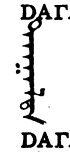
n. The act of daγa-.

DAГALГA-



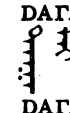
Same as daγaγul-

DAГALTA / ДАГАЛТ



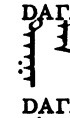
n. Fellow traveler, companion, servant; retinue, suite.

DAГAMAI / ДААМАЙ



adj. Reliable, trustworthy; patient, enduring.

DAГAMAL



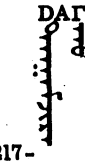
Same as daγaγamal.

DAГAMXAI / ДААМГАЙ



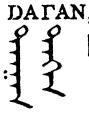
adj. Reliable, trustworthy; patient, enduring, resistant.
xalaγun --. Heat-resistant.

DAГAMZIRA- / ДААМЖРАХ



v.i. To become intense; to make progress.

DAГAN, DEGEN



[from du + ben; taγan / tegen used after words ending in γ, g, b, s, d and r] Suffix of the reflexive-possessive dative-locative case.

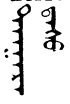
ama daγan. In one's mouth.
bej-e degen. To or for oneself.
γar taγan. In one's hand.
ger tegen. To or in one's own home.

DAГARA- / ДААРАХ



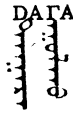
v.i. To feel cold, be cold; to catch a cold.

DAГARADASU / ДААРДАС



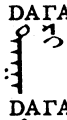
n. Chills.
-- kyrky. To feel cold, have chills.

DAГARAГUL- / ДААРУУЛАХ



v. caus. of daγara-; to feel cold.

DAГARI / ДАЙР



n. Abrasion; saddle sore.

DAГARI- / ДАЙРАХ



v.t. and i. a) To knock down or hit in passing; to run over.
--zu unaγaxu. To knock down.
terge --xu. For a car or cart to hit somebody or something.

b) To pass by, call or stop on the way, drop in.
--zu oruxu. To call on the way, drop in, stop by.
ail ijer --xu. To pass through a village; to stop by at a neighbor's or village.

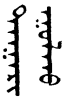
c) To attack with words or insult indirectly; to hit (of illness or misfortune).
ebedcin --xu. To have an attack of illness.
segyder --xu. To suffer a stroke.

DAГARIГDA- / ДАЙРАГДАХ



[v. pass. of daγari-] To be hit or knocked down; to be stricken, suffer an attack (of illness or misfortune).
tergen dy --xu. To be hit by a car.
zobalang du --xu. To be stricken with misfortune.

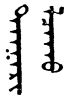
DAГARIГUL- / ДАЙРУУЛАХ



v. caus. of daγari-; to hit in passing; to take advantage of.

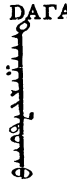
cilyge --xu. To take advantage of an occasion or opportunity.
kymyn i --zu keleky. To make critical remarks about somebody in a roundabout way.

DAГARILCA- / ДАЙРАЛЦАХ



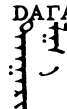
[v. coop. of daγari-] To bump or hit against each other, knock each other down.

DAГARILDU- / ДАЙРАЛДАХ



[v. rec. of daγari-] To bump or hit against each other; to run into each other; to meet each other by chance; to coincide.
daisun dur --xu. To encounter the enemy.
xotan du --xu. To meet each other in town.

DAГARILГ-A / ДАЙРАЛГА



n. The act of daγari-.

DAГARILTA / ДАЙРАЛТ



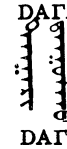
n. The act of daγari-; attack.

DAГARITA- / ДАЙРТАХ



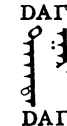
v.i. To have an abrasion or a saddle sore.

DAГARITAГUL- / ДАЙРТУУЛАХ



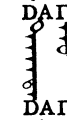
v. caus. of daγarita-.

DAГDAГAR



See taγdaγar.

DAГTA- / ДАГТАХ



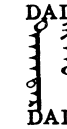
v.i. To get dirty or soiled.

DAГTAI



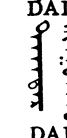
[Ch. t'o-t'ai 托台] n. The stem of a lamp which supports the bowl for the oil (hist.).

DAГTARSI- / ДАГТАРШИХ



v.i. To harden and become lumpy (of dry earth).

DAГTARSIГUL- / ДАГТАРШУУЛАХ



v. caus. of daγtarsi-

DAГU, 1.



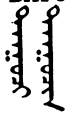
Same as daγaγu.

DAΓU(N), 2. / ДУУ(Н)



[= dayuu] n. Sound, noise; voice; tone; musical sound; song.
-- barıγdaxu. For the voice to fail (as from fear).
-- cimege. Sound, noise; news, information.
-- cøgentei. Taciturn.
-- γarγaxu. To produce a sound; compose a song.
-- γarxu. See duuγarxu.
--n u tasulγ-a. Musical rest, musical interval.
--n u uxaγan. Philology, grammar (obs.).
-- øgky. To give an audible signal.
-- tegylder. Sonorous, harmonious.
-- todudxaγci. Microphone.
-- ygei. Silent[ly], voiceless, mute, taciturn.
-- ygei geigylygci. Voiceless consonant.
arikin u --. Drinking song.
arslan u --. A lion's roar.
boγuni --. Soft or low voice.
byzig --. Dancing song.
cenggel --. Cheerful music or song.
dour-a --. Soft or low voice.
narin --. High-pitched voice.
nom un --. Religious song, hymn.
øndyr --. High-pitched voice.
sula --. Weak voice.
tngri jin --. Thunder.
xataγu cingγ-a --. Powerful voice.
yge -- ygei. Without further ado; unreservedly, unconditionally, implicitly.
yge -- ygei ber. Without saying anything, silent[ly].

DAΓUCI(N) / ДУУЧ(ИН)



n. Singer.
-- ekener. Woman-singer.
sain --. A good singer.

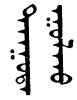
DAΓUDA- / ДУУДАХ



v.t. To call; to evoke; to read aloud; to pronounce.
--n iregylky. To call, summon.
--xu jin josun. Manner of reading, pronunciation.
--xu jin tein ilγal. Vocative case.
--zu abciraxu. To call, summon.
cerig --xu. To call up soldiers.
egyde --xu. To call at the door.
ner-e ber --xu. To call somebody by name.
ner-e --xu. To call the roll.
urin --xu. To call in, invite.

utasun ijer --xu. To call by telephone.

DAΓUDAΓUL- / ДУУДУУЛАХ



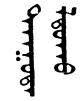
v. caus. of dayuda-.

DAΓUDAL / ДУУДАЛ



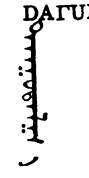
n. The act of dayuda-.

DAΓUDALDU- / ДУУДАЛДАХ



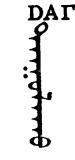
v. rec. of dayuda-.

DAΓUDALΓ-A / ДУУДЛАГА



n. Call, summons,evocation; pronunciation.
-- jin keb zirum. Rules for pronouncing texts in ancient script.
bøgc jin --. Evocation of a deity (by a shaman).
zøb --. Correct pronunciation.

DAΓULA- / ДУУЛАХ



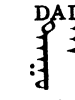
v.t. and i. To sing, chant.
--γci. Singer, chanter.
--γci em-e. Woman singer.
dayu --xu. To sing a song.

DAΓULAΓUL- / ДУУЛУУЛАХ



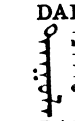
v. caus. of dayula-.

DAΓULAL / ДУУЛАЛ



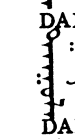
n. Hymn, song.

DAΓULALCA- / ДУУЛАЛЦАХ



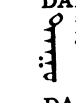
v. coop. of dayula-.

DAΓULALΓ-A / ДУУЛЛАГА



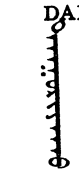
n. Singing.

DAΓURIJA(N) / ДУУРИА



n. Echo, resonance.

DAΓURIJA- / ДУУРИАХ



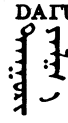
v.t. and i. To imitate, emulate, take as a model, follow an example; to resound.
--γci. Imitator.
--zu keleky. To imitate somebody's speech.
sain zisij-e ji --xu. To follow a good example.

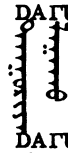
DAΓURIJAL / ДУУРИАЛ

n. Imitation; model, example.
-- bolγaxu. To give as an example; to take as an example.
yliger --. Example, model.

DAΓURIJALCA- / ДУУРИАЛЦАХ

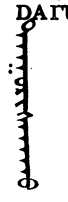
v. coop. of dayurija-.

DAΓURIJALΓ-A

Same as dayurijal.

DAΓURIJALΓA- / ДУУРИАЛГАХ

v. caus. of dayurija-.

DAΓURIS- / ДУУРЬСАХ

v.t. To sound; to be[come] known or famous.

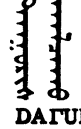
DAΓURISXA- / ДУУРЬСГАХ

v. caus. of dayuris-; to glorify.
bajar i --xu. To express one's joy; to congratulate.
ger ty kelegsen yge i γadaγsi bitegei -- ! Do not spread outside what is said at home.

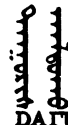
DAΓURISXAΓDA- / ДУУРЬСГАГДАХ

[v.pass. of dayurisxa-] To be glorified, celebrated, praised.

DAΓURISXAL / ДУУРЬСГАЛ

n. Glory, fame.

DAΓURISXALCA- / ДУУРЬСГАЛЦАХ

v. coop. of dayurisxa-.

DAΓURISXALDU- / ДУУРЬСГАЛДАХ

v. rec. of dayurisxa-.

DAΓURISXALTAI / ДУУРЬСГАЛТАЙ

adj. Celebrated, famous.

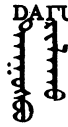
DAΓUS- / ДУУСАХ

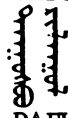
v.i. To end, finish, lapse; to become accomplished.
--tal-a. Until finished; to the end.
--tal-a ungsixu. To read to the end.

beledcy --xu. To finish the preparations.
bicizy --xu. To finish writing.
kycyn cidal --tal-a. To the last of one's strength; to the point of exhaustion.
naγadcu --xu. To finish playing, end the game.
søni --tal-a. Until the night is over.
tølyzy --xu. To pay off, pay in full.

DAΓUSBURI / ДУУСВАР

n. End, completion, termination.
-- bolγaxu. To finish, terminate.
-- ygei. Endless, interminable.

DAΓUSBURILA- / ДУУСВАРЛАХ

Same as dayusxu.

DAΓUSBURILAΓUL- / ДУУСВАРЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of dayusburila-.

DAΓUSBURITAI / ДУУСВАРТАЙ

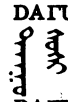
[= dayusburitu] adj. Having an end or conclusion; assiduous.

DAΓUSBURITU / ДУУСВАРТ

See dayusburitai.

DAΓUSTAL-A / ДУУСТАЛ

See under dayus-.

DAΓUSUSI / ДУУСАШ

-- ygei. Endless, unfinishable.

DAΓUSXA- / ДУУСГАХ

v.t. To end, finish, conclude, accomplish; to spend, waste, exhaust.
kizy --xu. To finish or complete something.
xamuγ kørynggе ben --xu. To waste all one's wealth.

DAΓUSXAΓDA- / ДУУСГАГДАХ

v. pass. of dayusxa-.

DAΓUSXAL / ДУУСГАЛ

n. Ending, finishing, conclusion, fulfillment.

DAΓUSXARI / ДУУСГАРЬ
n. End, completion.
-- ygei. Endless[ly].
-- ygei zobuxu. To undergo endless sufferings.

DAΓUSXASI / ДУУСГАШ
-- ygei. Interminable, endlessly.

DAΓUTAI / ДУУТАЙ
[= dayutu] adj. Having a voice; resounding, vociferous, clamorous, melodious.
jeke -- . Stentorian.
saixan -- . Having a pleasant voice or melody.

DAΓUTU / ДУУТ
See dayutai.
-- bolzimar. Lark.
-- γulir. Potato starch.

DAΓUU
See dayu(n), 2.

DAΓZI- / ДАГЖИХ
v.i. To tremble, quiver, shake ; to chatter, rattle.
ajuzu --xu. To tremble with fear.
dayarazu --xu. To tremble with cold.
sidy --xu. For the teeth to chatter.

DAGINI' / ДАГИНА
[S. dākinī] n. Heavenly fairy; a beautiful woman (in sagas, songs, etc.).

DÁGJIG
[= dajiγ, T. daγ yig] n. Dictionary, vocabulary; spelling; grammar, index.

DAI
[Ch. tai, ta 大] adj. Great (occurs only in compounds).
-- cing ulus. See daicing.
-- juvan ulus. The Yüan or Mongol dynasty in China (1271 to 1368), Ta - yuan 大元.

DAIBA- / ДАЙВАХ
v.i. To wobble, totter, sway.
γuibazu --xu. To wobble, totter, sway.

DAIBAΓ
adv. Wobbling, tottering, swaying.

DAIBAΓAR / ДАЙВГАР
adj. Swaggering, wobbling.

DAIBAL / ДАЙВАЛ
n. The act of daiba-.

DAIBALΓ-A / ДАЙВАЛГА
n. The act of daiba-.

DAIBALZA- / ДАЙВАЛЗАХ
v.i. To totter, wobble, sway, rock.
--n jabuxu. To wobble or reel while walking

DAIBALZAΓ-A(N) / ДАЙВАЛЗАА(Н)
Same as daibalzal.

DAIBALZAL / ДАЙВАЛЗАЛ
n. The act of daibalza-.

DAIBAR / ДАЙВАР
[fr. Ch. tai 帶 ?] n. Something entrusted to another to take or carry along.
-- em-e. Concubine.
-- yge. Adverb.

DAICI- / ДАЙЧИХ
v.i. To be hostile; to make war, act as an enemy.

DAICILA- / ДАЙЧЛАХ
v.t. To mobilize; to seize forcibly; to campaign.
--n baribcilaxu. To arrest, apprehend.
--n odxu. To go to war; to campaign.
angxaral i --xu. To concentrate one's attention, concentrate on.
aryγ-a kemzij-e ji --xu. To take all measures
cerig --xu. To lead troops.
kycyn i --xu. To make a great effort.
sin-e cerig --xu. To draft or enlist men.

DAICILAΓ-A / ДАЙЧЛАГА
n. Mobilization; campaign.

DAICILAΓDA- / ДАЙЧЛАГДАХ
[v. pass. of daicila-] To be mobilized or called to arms.
--xu nasu. Conscription or military age.
bailduγan u josuγar --xu. To be put on a war time footing.

DAICIN / ДАЙЧ(ИН)

adj. Fighting, warlike, militant.
-- bayatur. Fighting heroes. See daisun.

DAICING / ДАЙЧИНГ

[Ch.ta(i)-ch'ing 大清] The Great Ch'ing or Manchu dynasty, 1644 - 1911,
-- gyryn = daicing ulus.
-- ulus. The Chinese empire under the Manchu dynasty.

DAIFU / ДАЙФ

[Ch. tai - fu 大夫] n. [Chinese] physician.

DAILA-, 1. / ДАЙЛАХ

v.t. and i. To wage war; to conquer.
--zu abxu. To conquer.
--zu ezeleky. To conquer.

DAILA-, 2. / ДАЙЛАХ

v.t. To treat, regale, entertain.

DAILA-, 3. / ДАЙЛАХ

v.t. To strengthen or reinforce planks or boards with transverse timbers.

DAILAGUL- / ДАЙЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of daila-, 2.

DAILAL, 1. / ДАЙЛАЛ

n. Hostility, military campaign.

DAILAL, 2. / ДАЙЛАЛ

n. Treat, feast.

DAILALCA- / ДАЙЛАЛЦАХ

v. coop. of daila- 1 and 2.

DAILALDU- / ДАЙЛАЛДАХ

[v. rec. of daila-, 1.] To war against each other.
xoyurundu ben --xu. To make war against each other.

DAILALDUGAN / ДАЙЛАЛДААН

n. Battle, fight, skirmish.

DAILALG-A / ДАЙЛЛАГА

n. Entertainment; banquet, dinner.

DAIMING

[Ch. ta(i) - ming 大明] The Great Ming dynasty, 1368 - 1644 .

DAIN / ДАЙН

n. War, battle; hostility, enmity.
-- bailduyan. War; battle.
-- daisun. Hostility.
-- du abtaxu. To be killed in war.
-- edygegci. Warmonger.
-- u aru tal-a. [Territory] behind the lines.
-- u olza. Trophy, booty.
-- u talabai. Battlefield.
-- u tngri. God of war.
-- u tølybyri. War indemnity or reparations.
-- u yzelten. Militarist.
cerig --. War.
jeke --. Great war; world war.
kyiten --. Cold war

DAIR

Same as dayari.

DAIRA-

Same as dayari-.

DAISULA- / ДАЙСЛАХ

Same as daisungna-.

DAISUN / ДАЙСАН

n. Enemy, foe, adversary; menace.
-- daruxu. To conquer, defeat the enemy.
-- eteged. Hostile elements.
-- i arilyaxu. To annihilate the enemy.
-- i dobtulxu. To attack the enemy.
-- todxur. Evil spirit; hindrance.
-- u emyn-e bayuxu. To capitulate.

DAISUNGNA- / ДАЙСАГНАХ

v.t. and i. To be hostile; to antagonize.

DAISUNTAI / ДАЙСАНТАЙ

adj. Having an enemy; deadly, pernicious, menacing.
-- amitan. Deadly creature.

DAITA- / ДАЙТАХ

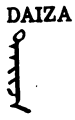
[= daitu -] v.t. To fight, wage war, attack.

DAITU-



See daita-.

DAIZA / ДАЙЗ



[Ch. tai - tzŭ 帶子] n. Cartridge belt, bandoleer.

DAJAΓAR / ДАЯАР

adv. and adj. All, whole; in all.

DAJAN / ДАЯН

adj. All, whole.

-- delekei. The whole world.

DAJIΓ



See dagjiγ.

DAKI , DEKI / -ДАХЬ, -ДЭХЬ



Suffix following stems of substantives, adjectives, and adverbs ending in n (which is retained), ng, l, m, or vowels and diphtongs; taki, teki follows stems ending in b, d, γ, g, s, r. It forms adjectives indicating "belonging to," "being in" (space and time); in colloquial usage it is added to cardinal numbers to form ordinals and is often used instead of duγar, dyger.

aru tal-a daki. Situated behind, in the back or rear of.

dalai daki. Of the sea, of the ocean, marine.

dorun-a daki. Eastern, oriental.

eyropa daki. European.

tabun daki . Fifth.

tøb deki. Central.

xola daki. Far, remote.

DAKI- / ДАХИХ



v.t. and i. To repeat, renew, reiterate, do again.

--n. See separate entry.

--n kinaxu. To reinspect, recheck, reconsider.

--xu toγ-a. Multiplicative numeral.

--zu baiγulxu. To rebuild, re-establish.

--zu kiky. To do something over again, remake.

bi --zu irej-e. I will come again.

olan --xu. To repeat many times.

xojar --n. Twice.

DAKIΓAD / ДАХИАД



adv. Again, anew, afresh.

-- nige kele ! Say it again!

DAKIΓUL- / ДАХИУЛАХ



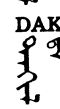
v. caus. of daki-.

DAKILΓ-A / ДАХИЛГА



n. Repetition.

DAKILTA / ДАХИЛТ



n. Repetition; relapse (med.).

DAKIN, 1. / ДАХИН



[mod. conv. of daki-] adv. Anew, again, once more.

-- dabtan. Again and again, time and again, repeatedly.

-- dakin. Again and again, time and again, repeatedly.

DAKIN, 2. / ДАХИН



delekei --. The whole world.

DAL / ДАЛ



n. Warm shelter for large cattle.

DALA , 1. / ДАЛ



[S. tāla] n. Palm tree.

-- modu. Palm tree.

DALA(N), 2. / ДАЛ(АН)



adj. Seventy; sometime used to mean "many."

--n bulcirxai ben toγacaxu. To recount all that is in one's heart, tell everything.

--n dabxur. Many-layered, consisting of many tiers or strata.

--n terigyn. Acroptilon picris (plant).

--n tobci. Androsace incana (plant).

--n tyrygyy. Acroptilon picris (plant).

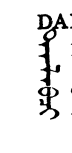
--n xalisu. Dasiphora fruticosa, Dasiphora parvifolia, Lonicera altaica (plant).

--n xudalci. Confirmed liar.

--n yge delgeky. To talk a lot.

xonin --n tyrygyy. Stellera chamaejasme [Potanin].

DALABCI(N) / ДАЛАВЧ(ИН)



n. Wing[s]; anything resembling or suggestive of wings: blade of an oar or a propeller, fins of fish, etc. Cf. dalubci.

-- delgeky. To spread the wings.

ziγasun u --. Fins of fish.

DALABCILA- / ДАЛАВЧЛАХ



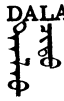
v.i. To grow wings.

DALABCITAI / ДАЛАВЧТАЙ



[= dalabcitu] adj. Having wings, etc.
dabxur -- ongγuca. Biplane.

DALABCITU / ДАЛАВЧИТ



See dalabcitai.

DALADUГAR / ДАЛДУГААР



ord. num. Seventieth.

DALAI / ДАЛАЙ



n. and adj. Ocean, sea, great lake; much, many, in great number or quanity; universal, great (obs.).
-- blama. The Dalai Lama, spiritual head of the Lamaist church and temporal ruler of Tibet.
-- jin. Of the sea or ocean; oceanic, maritime, marine.
-- jin boγumta. Sea port.
-- jin cerig. Navy, naval personnel, sailor.
-- jin cinaduki. Transoceanic.
-- jin dabusu. Sea salt.
-- jin γaxai. Dolphin.
-- jin irbis. Seal, sea lion, walrus.
-- jin kizaγar. Sea horizon.
-- jin købgegy. Sponge.
-- jin mandal. Sea level.
-- jin mori = araman-a. Hippopotamus.
-- jin møgeresy. Polyp (zool.).
-- jin naimalzi. Lobster, marine crab.
-- jin noxai. Seal.
-- jin odu. Starfish.
-- jin toxui. Harbor; gulf, bay.
-- jin vang. Neptune (astron.).
-- jin xaliγu. Beaver, otter, sea otter.
-- jin zamaγ. Seaweed.
-- jin zax-a. Seashore.
dorunadu nomuxan --. The Pacific Ocean.
dotuγadu --. Inland sea.
dørben --. The "Four Seas" which are supposed to surround the earth.
møsyn --. Arctic Sea.
sir-a --. Yellow Sea.

DALAI- / ДАЛАЙХ



v.t. and i. To raise the hand in order to strike; to brandish, swing, wield.
--zu cabcixu. To hack, hew, or chop vigorously.
ildyn i daisun dur --xu. To brandish a sword against the enemy.

DALAICA / ДАЛАЙЦ



n. The act of dalai-; preparation, readiness; amplitude.

DALAICI / ДАЛАЙЧ



n. Sailor, navigator.

DALAILГ-A / ДАЛАЙЛГА



n. The act of dalai-.

DALAILГA- / ДАЛАЙЛГАХ



v. caus. of dalai-.

DALAILTA / ДАЛАЙЛТ



n. The act of dalai-.

DALAL- / ДАЛЛАХ



v.t. and i. To beckon, wave the hand.
kymyn i --xu. To summon somebody by waving to him.

DALALГ-A / ДАЛЛАГА



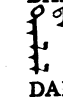
n. Beckoning gesture; name of a shamanistic-Buddhistic ceremony of "inviting prosperity."

DALALГA- / ДАЛАЛГАХ



v. caus. of dalal-.

DALALTA / ДАЛАЛТ



n. The act of dala-.

DALANG / ДАЛАН(Г)



n. Nape of the neck (of animals); withers (of a horse); a strip of land; furrow; the part of a dirt road between the wheel tracks; oblong pile or elevation; embankment; dike, dam; garden bed; convolutions of the brain.

DALANGLIГ / ДАЛАНЛИГ



n. Dam, weir; corduroy road.

DALANGNA- / ДАЛАГНАХ



v.t. To form an oblong elevation; to make furrows or garden beds; to make a dike.

DALANGNAIUL- / ДАЛАГНУУЛАХ



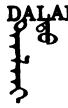
v. caus. of dalangna-.

DALANGTAI / ДАЛАНТАЙ



[= dalangtu] adj. Having a dalang (q.v.).
-- arγal. An oblong pile of animal dung.

DALANGTU / ДАЛАНТ



See dalangtai.

DALBÀ / ДАЛБАА



See dalbaγ-a, 1.

DALBAГ-A, 1. / ДАЛБАА



[= dalba] n. Flag; sail.
tøry jin --. National flag.

DALBAГ-A, 2. / ДАЛБАА



n. Wrestler's costume.

DALBAГAI / ДАЛБАГАЙ



See dalbaγar.

DALBAГAR / ДАЛБАГАР



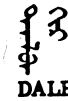
[= dalbaγai] adj. Wide, broad; having a wide opening; flat.
-- nabci. A broad leaf.
-- terge. Large flat car.

DALBAГATAI / ДАЛБААТАЙ



adj. Having a flag; having a sail.

DALBAGIR



Same as dalbaγar.

DALBAI- / ДАЛБАЙХ



v.i. To be wide and flat.

DALBAILГA- / ДАЛБАЙЛГАХ



[v. caus. of dalbai-] To spread wide.

DALBALZA- / ДАЛБАЛЗАХ



v.i. To wave , sway, float (as a flag, mane, or sail).

DALBAN / ДАЛБАН



Same as dalbaγar.

DALBIГAR / ДАЛБИГАР



adj. Awry, turned to one side (of a wide, flat object).

DALBII- / ДАЛБИЙХ



v.i. To hang down or loose; to be awry (of a wide, flat object).

DALDA / ДАЛД



adj., adv., and n. Hidden, concealed, secret[ly]: latent[ly]; reticent[ly]; illegal[ly]; secret, something hidden or unknown.
-- bairi. Hidden place, hideout.
-- ber. Secretly, surreptitiously.
-- bicig. Secret or confidential letter.
-- ece yzeky. To peep from a hidden place.
-- ed. Hidden or stolen goods.
-- γazar. Secluded place.
-- ji sityky josu. Mysticism.
-- kereg. Secret affair or business.
-- kiky. To hide, conceal; to put away.
-- niγuca. Secret, concealed, hidden.
-- nom. Occult books or teachings; occultism.
-- onisu. Secret, knack, trick.
-- oruγulxu. To hide, conceal, cover up or put in a hidden place; to do away with.
-- oruxu. To disappear from sight; to hide, go into hiding; to die.
-- yj-e. Incubation period.
kymyn ece --. Secret[ly], hidden from others.

DALDABCI / ДАЛДАВЧ



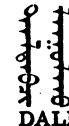
n. Screen, folding screen; a low separating wall, partition.
gerel yn --. Lamp shade; awning.

DALDABCILA- / ДАЛДАВЧЛАХ



v.t. To hide, cover; to separate with a partition; to barricade a place.

DALDABCILAГUL- / ДАЛДАВЧЛУУЛАХ



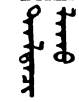
v. caus. of daldabcila-.

DALDABCILAL / ДАЛДАВЧЛАЛ



n. The act of daldabcila-.

DALDACILA- / ДАЛДЧЛАХ



v.t. To hide, conceal, cover up; to mask, veil.
--n daruγdaγulxu. To conceal.

DALDAГUR / ДАЛДУУР



adv. Secretly, surreptitiously.
-- jabuxu. To go surreptitiously or secretly.

DALDAKI / ДАЛДАХЬ



adj. Hidden, secret.

DALDAL-



See daldala-.

DALDALA- / ДАЛДЛАХ



[= daldal-] v.t. To hide, conceal; to cover, shelter, mask, veil, camouflage.

--n niγuxu. To hide, conceal, cover up; to mask, veil.

gem ty kereg ijen --xu. To cover up one's fault, guilt, or crime.

nara --xu. To obstruct the sun's light, shield from sunlight.

niγun --zu. Secretly, illegally.

šasin u nereidyl ijer --xu. To cover with the cloak of religion.

xalxalan --xu. To cover, hide, mask.

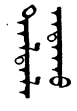
yge --zu niγuxu. To hide the truth.

DALDALAGCI / ДАЛДЛАГЧ



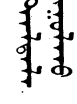
n. One who conceals.

DALDALAGDA- / ДАЛДЛАГДАХ



v. pass. of daldala-.

DALDALAGUL- / ДАЛДЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of daldala-.

DALDALAL / ДАЛДЛАЛ



n. The act of daldala-.

DALDARI- / ДАЛЬДРАХ , ДАЛДРИХ



v.i. To dodge, move suddenly aside (as to avoid a blow).

nidy --xu. To squint or blink one's eyes (as in bright light).

DALDARIL / ДАЛЬДРАЛ



n. The act of daldari-.

DALDARILTA / ДАЛЬДРАЛТ



n. The act of daldari-.

DALDUU / ДАЛДУУ



n. Lime tree, linden.

DALI / ДАЛЬ



n. Wing of a bird.

DALIGAR



See daligir.

DALIGUU / ДАЛИУ



Same as daligir.

DALIGIR / ДАЛИГАР



[= daliγar] adj. Awry; uneven, asymmetrical (e.g., horns).

DALII- / ДАЛИЙХ



v.i. To lean to one side; to be awry; to be uneven, asymmetrical (e.g., horns).

DALIM / ДАЛИМ



n. Right moment, good opportunity, favorable circumstances, chance, convenient pretext.

-- du. At the right moment, opportunely.

-- i daγaxu. To take advantage of the right moment or favorable circumstances.

ajataixan -- bolzuxui. A good opportunity presented itself.

eneky -- ijer. On this occasion, in connection with this.

DALIMDA- / ДАЛИМДАХ

v.i. To take advantage of favorable circumstances, avail oneself of an opportunity.

DALIMDAGUL- / ДАЛИМДУУЛАХ

v.t. and i. To avail oneself of an opportunity; to make something fit the occasion.

egyn i --un. At this occasion, in connection with this.

DALING / ДААЛИН(Г)

[Ch. ta - lien 褡褳] n. A purse carried hanging over the byse, q.v.

DALINGBU / ДААЛИМБА(Н)

[Ch. ta - lien - pu 褡褳布] n. Drill (cotton fabric).

DALU / ДАЛ

n. Shoulder blade, scapula; scapula of a sheep used in scapulimancy.

-- barixu. To foretell the future by sticking the flat end of the shoulder blade of a sheep

into the fire and interpreting the cracks thus produced according to certain rules.
-- ben xabcixu. To draw one's shoulder blades together (as when stretching) one's body.
-- jin møci. Joint of the shoulder blade.
-- jin toli. Flat side of a shoulder blade.
-- møren. Shoulder[s].
-- talbixu. To divine or foretell the future with a shoulder blade.
-- tølge. Scapulimancy, divination with the shoulder blades of a sheep.
-- tølgedeky. To divine with the shoulder blade.
-- tyleky. To burn the shoulder blade for divination.

DALUBCI / ДАЛАВЧ
n. Wrestler's costume.

DALUCI / ДАЛЧ
n. Diviner, one who divines by using shoulder blades of a sheep.
caγan -- . Diviner who practices scapulimancy by gazing through the hole in a scapula.
xar-a -- . Diviner who practices scapulimancy by interpreting cracks made by burning.

DALUCILA- / ДАЛЧЛАХ
v.t. To practice scapulimancy.

DALUU / ДААЛУУ, ДАЛИУ
[fr. Ch. ta-liu 大六] n. Dominoes.
-- naγadxu. To play dominoes.
-- talbixu. To play dominoes.

DALZIГAR / ДАЛЖГАР
[= dalzir] adj. and adv. Awry, oblique[ly], aslant, crosswise.

DALZIГU[U] / ДАЛЖУУ
adj. Inclined, oblique, awry.

DALZII- / ДАЛЖИЙХ
v.i. To be awry, lean to one side; to be inclined or slanting; to look surreptitiously or askance.

DALZIILГA- / ДАЛЖИЙЛГАХ
v. caus. of dalzii-.

DALZIIMAL / ДАЛЖМАЛ
[n. d. of dalzii] Awry, one-sided, crooked, oblique, slanting.

DALZILZA- / ДАЛЖИЛЗАХ
v.i. To be awry, lean to one side; to walk leaning to one side.

DALZIR / ДАЛЖИР
See dalziγar.

DAM / ДАМ
adj. and adv. Connecting, situated between; transmitting; through, through a third party, indirectly, from one to another.
-- dam. From one to another, through many hands, changing hands.
-- dam ijer. From one to another, gradually, step by step.
-- dum yge. Words heard indirectly or vaguely, rumor.
-- egyskemel yile yge. A verb which is derived from another verb.
-- giśkigyr. Ladder.
-- keleky. To transmit somebody's words.
-- kymyn y. Another person's, belonging to somebody else.
-- ner-e yge. Derivative noun.
-- niruγu. Joist supporting the ceiling.
-- øgky. To transmit, pass on.
-- sonusxu. To hear indirectly.
-- un eteged. Mediator[s], go-between[s], middleman, third party.
-- un γar damziγulxu ygei ber. Without a go-between or a third party, first hand, directly.
-- [un] kymyn. Middleman, mediator, a third party.
-- un xudalduγaci. Middleman, broker, agent.
-- un yge. Words heard indirectly, rumor.
kedyn -- egyde. (Passing through) several doors.

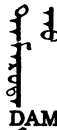
DAM, 2. / ДАМ
-- ildy. Large sword, kind of halberd.

DAM, 3. / ДАМ
Same as dem.

DAMARU / ДАМАР
[= dambaru. S. ḍamaru, T. da ma ra] n.

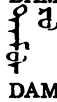
Small hand drum made of two skull crowns fastened back to back, covered with parchment, bladder, or (rarely)human skin; it is beaten by two large seeds, cowries, or pellets of suitable material attached to two short cords, with rapid turns of the wrist, and held between thumb and index finger; used in Tantric and shamanistic rites. Peddler's hand drum; child's toy drum.

DAMARUDA- / ДАМАРДАХ



v.t. To rattle the skull drum; to shake the head .

DAMBARU



See damaru.

DAMDA-



v.t. and i. To cover, enclose, close; to hide the truth. [Gu.] To obstruct, shut off.

DAMDUM



adv. Unsteadily, shakily; in doubt, with indecision .

DAMDUMLA-



v.t. and i. To doubt, be in suspense; to be indecisive, be unable to make up one's mind.

DAMLA- / ДАМЛАХ



See damna-. [Lu.] To speculate (commercially).

DAMLAГUR



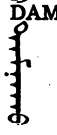
See damnaγur.

DAMNA-, 1. / ДАМНАХ



[= damla-] v.i. To be hesitant, at a loss, or in doubt; to be diffident.

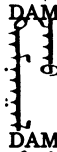
DAMNA-, 2. / ДАМНАХ



[fr. Ch. tan 擔 , carrying pole] v.t. To carry on a shoulder a load suspended on each end of a yoke; for two or more persons to carry a load suspended in the middle of a pole; to carry on a litter or stretcher.

usu --xu. To carry water by means of a yoke.

DAMNAГALZA- / ДАМНАГАЛЗАХ



v.i. To waver, falter, hesitate, be uncertain, doubt.

DAMNAГDA- / ДАМНАГДАХ



[= damlaγda-] v. pass. of damna-.

DAMNAГUL- / ДАМНУУЛАХ



v. caus. of damna-.

DAMNAГUR / ДАМНУУР

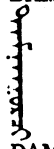


[= damnaγurγ-a] n. Yoke (as for pails), carrying pole; stretcher, litter.

-- modu. Carrying pole.

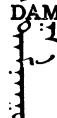
-- xudalduγ-a. Peddling, selling from place to place.

DAMNAГURCI / ДУМНУУРЧ(ИН)



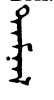
n. Porter (as of a sedan chair, etc.); peddler; old name of "China Town" in Ulan Bator (Urga).

DAMNAГURГ-A / ДАМНУУРГА



See damnaγur.

DAMNAL, 1. / ДАМНАЛ



[= damnalγ-a] n. Doubt, indecision, irresolution, hesitation; uncertainty; mistrust.

-- tasulxu. To resolve a doubt.

-- tørygylky. To arouse doubt or suspicion.

-- tøryky. For a doubt to arise; to doubt.

-- ygei. Without doubt, doubtless.

DAMNAL, 2. / ДАМНАЛ



n. The act of damna-, 2.

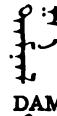
DAMNALDA- / ДАМНАЛДАХ



v.i. To lie across (of something long and clumsy).

--n unaxu. To fall over something.

DAMNALГ-A



See damnal, 1.

DAMSI- / ДАМШИХ



v.i. To be unreliable (rumor, news).

DAMZI- / ДАМЖИХ



v.i. To go from one person, place, or object to another; to pass; to pass from hand to hand; to transport goods; to climb.

--zu iregsen yge. Words which were transmitted from mouth to mouth.

--zu xudalduxu. To resell.

aryamzi ber --xu. To climb with a rope.

olan yar --xu. To pass through many hands.

orus kele ber --zu . Through the Russian language.

ørtyge --yad jabuxu. To travel by relays.

DAMZIГ / ДАМЖИГ



n. and adj. Means of transmitting or sending, medium; a stop on the way; doubt; indirect.

-- alba. Indirect tax.

-- ygei. Direct[ly], immediate[ly], guileless; without doubt, doubtless.

-- ygei ynen. Doubtlessly true.

DAMZIГDA- / ДАМЖИГДАХ



[v. pass. of damzi-] To be delayed; to be interrupted; to be carried on a pole between two persons.

ende kelegsen yge --yad tende kyrcykyi. The news told here traveling from mouth to mouth has been told there.

DAMZIГTAI / ДАМЖИГТАЙ



adj. and adv. With or having an intermediary; doubtful.

dam un yge --. Words transmitted indirectly are unreliable.

DAMZIГUL- / ДАМЖУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of damzi-] v.t. To transmit, transfer, pass through some medium; to remit (money).

--uyci. Broker, middleman, mediator.

--un jabuyulxu. To cause to be carried out by some intermediary.

--un nebteregylky. To transport, transfer, transship.

-xu cinar. Conductivity.

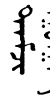
--zu øgky. To hand to, transmit to, turn over to.

dam un yar --xu ygei ber. Without intermediaries, go-betweens, or agents; immediately, directly.

radio ber --xu. To broadcast or transmit by radio.

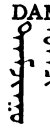
zakidal i --zu jabuyulxu. To send a letter indirectly, having it transmitted from hand to hand.

DAMZIГULГ-A / ДАМЖУУЛГА



n. Transmission (also mechanical), transfer; transmitter (also mechanical).

DAMZIГULUГCI / ДАМЖУУЛАГЧ



n. One who transmits; transmitter (mech.); conductor (electr.).

DAMZIГUR / ДАМЖУУР

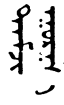


[= damziyury-a] n. A porter's carrying pole, yoke (as for pails); ladder; transverse board or plank; shelves, book stacks.

-- carcaxai. Winged grasshopper.

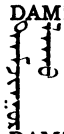
-- sirege. A small extension table.

DAMZIГURГ-A / ДАМЖУУРГА



See damziyur.

DAMZIГURLa- / ДАМЖУУРЛАХ



v.t. To carry something by means of a pole or on a yoke.

DAMZIГURLAГUL- / ДАМЖУУРЛУУЛАХ



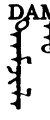
v. caus. of damziyurla-.

DAMZIJ-A / ДАМЖАА



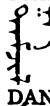
[T. dam bcah] n. Thesis; a theological degree of lamas.

DAMZILA- / ДАМЖЛАХ



v.t. and i. To carry a load on a pole lengthwise (of two or more persons).

DAMZILГ-A / ДАМЖЛАГА(Н)



n. The act of damzi-; transfer, transmission.

DANAГAR / ДАНАГАР



adj. Confident, sure; vigorous.

DANG, 1. / ДАН(Г)



[Ch. tang 當] n. Pawn, pledge.

-- kiky. To pawn.

DANG, 2. / ДАН(Г)



adj. and adv. Single, in a single row or file;

singular; odd, not in pairs; simple, not lined (of a garment); part of a whole consisting of analogous or homogeneous elements or units, without admixture; solely, exclusively, nothing but, completely.
-- bej-e. Single, completely alone, solitary.
-- cai. Plain tea without milk.
-- ceg. Dot, comma.
-- dayan. See dangdayan.
-- edyr. The next day.
-- yayca. Alone, single; only, but, however.
-- ømydy. Unlined trousers.
-- toy-a. Singular number.
-- xayaly-a. One-winged door.
-- xubcasu. Unlined garment.
-- ygylebyri. Simple sentence.
-- zisyty. Single-colored (as pure white, black, etc., of animals).
nige -- degebyritei ger. Yurt with only one layer of felt.

DANG, 3. / ДААН
adv. Extremely, very, very much, extraordinarily.
-- cu . See dangcu.
-- jeke. Too big or large.
-- udayan. Too slow.

DANGCI
Same as dangcu.

DANGCU / ДААНЧ
[= dang, 3 + cu] adv. Too much.
-- da! How could that be! What do you mean? (expressing astonishment).
-- mayu. Too bad, extremely bad.
-- ynetei. Too expensive.

DANGDAGAN / ДАНДАА
[= dang dayan] adv. All the time, always; entirely.
-- boruyan oruzu bain-a. It is raining all the time.
-- minu tanil. All [are] my acquaintances.

DANGGINA- / ДАНГИНАХ
v.i. To freeze solidly; to resound or ring (as frozen soil underfoot).
--ysan kyiten. Intensive frost.
--tal-a køldeky. To freeze, so as to become as hard as rock (e.g., water, food).

--tal-a kyliky. To tie tightly.
--tal-a xataxu. To become dry and hard, become petrified.

DANGGINAGUL- / ДАНГИНУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of danggina-] To tie tightly; to remember clearly.

DANGNA-, 1. / ДАГНАХ
v.t. To fulfil or carry out continuously, do the same thing over and over.
manay-a --xu. To stand on guard every night.

DANGNA-, 2. / ДАГНАХ
v.t. To harrow.

DANGNA-, 3. / ДАГНАХ
[fr. Ch. tang 當] v.t. To pawn.

DANGSA(N) / ДАНС(АН)
[= dangse, Ch. tang-tzŭ 檔子] n. Account book, journal, office diary, files; register, annals, records; list, roll; catalog.
-- barixu. To keep books or accounts.
-- bicig. Register, catalog, list.
-- køtylygci. Bookkeeper, clerk.
--n dur temdegleky. To register.
-- negegeky. To open an account.
-- temdegleky tysimel. Archivist, recorder (obs.).
-- xadayalayci tysimel. Archivist, recorder (obs.).
asiy [ba] aldaburi jin -- . Account of balance of gains and losses.
ed xoysil un -- . Inventory.
eke [jeryngkei] -- . Ledger (in bookkeeping).
mønggyn y -- . Cash account.
zaruly-a jin -- . Account of expenses or expenditures.

DANGSALA- / ДАНСЛАХ
v.t. To enter (in a book), make an entry in an account or register, enter in a diary; to make up a list, inventory; to enroll; to keep books.

DANGSATAI / ДАНСТАЙ
[= dangsatu] adj. Having an account; entered or contained in a list, account, etc.; being on record.

DANGSATU / ДАНСТ



See dangsatai.

DANGSE



See dangsa.

DANGX-A(N) / ДАНХ(АН)



n. Pot, teapot.

DANGXAI, 1.



adv. All the time, constantly, every now and then.

DANGXAI, 2. / ДАНХАЙ



n. Knucklebone game.

DANGZIJAD / ДАНЖААД



[Ch. tang-chia-ti 當家的] n. Shopkeeper or manager of a Chinese firm.

pyysen y --. Same as above.

DANZI / ДАНЖ



[fr. Ch. tang 當] n. Pawn, pledge.

-- dur oruγulxu. To pawn.

-- jin pyyse. Pawnshop.

DANZICI / ДАНЖИЧ



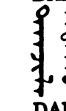
n. Pawnbroker, money-lender, usurer.

DANZILA- / ДАНЖЛАХ



v.t. To mortgage, pawn, pledge.

DANZILAГDA- / ДАНЖЛАГДАХ



v. pass. of danzila-.

DANZILAГUL- / ДАНЖЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of danzila-.

DARA, 1. / ДАР



[S. Tārā, star, usually explained as "saviouress"] n. Tara, the most popular goddess of late Buddhism.

-- eke. Mother Tārā.

DARA, 2.



Same as daraγ-a.

DARABCI



Same as darubci.

DARACA



Same as daruca.

DARAГ-A / ДАРАА



adj., adv., and postpos. with gen. Next, following, successive[ly]; after[wards], later.

-- bajartai ! Au revoir !

-- ber = daraγar. In proper order, one after the other, continuously, successively; then, thereupon, later.

-- ber jabuxu. To follow or go later.

-- daraγ-a ber. One after another; successively.

-- edyr. The next day, the following day.

-- inu. After that, afterwards.

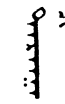
-- jin (= daraγaki). The following, next.

-- ørlyge. The following morning.

tegyn y --. After that, him, her, etc.

zil -- ber. In successive years.

DARAГACI / ДАРААЧ



adj. Next, following, successive.

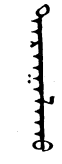
-- jin doluγan xonuγ. The following week.

DARAГAKI / ДАРААХЬ



adj. Following, succeeding, next.

DARAГALA- / ДАРААЛАХ



v.t. and i. To do or put something in order; to do successively, one after another; to do something time and again.

--n. In proper order, one after another, successively, time and again; after.

--n daγudaxu. To call out one after another.

des --xu. To enumerate in the proper order; to do something in order or sequence.

duγar --n In numerical order.

egelzi --n. In proper order, one after another; in turn, by turns.

γurban zil --n. In three consecutive years.

ner-e --n. In order of the names listed.

toluγai --n. Every single one (of people).

ysyg --n. In alphabetical order; word by word.

zil --n. Several years in succession, one year after another; in consecutive years.

zyil --n. Item by item.

DARAГALAL / ДАРААЛАЛ



n. Order, succession, sequence.

ysyg yn --. Alphabetical order.

DARAГAR, 1. / ДАРААГААР



See daraγ-a ber.

DARAГAR, 2. / ДАРГАР



adj. Hard, hardened; dried up.

-- arisun. Hardened or rough hide.

DARAI- / ДАРАЙХ



v.i. To become stiff, hard, or solid.

DARAMZI / ДАРАМЖ



n. Order, sequence.

DARASU(N) / ДАРС(АН)



n. Sweet wine made from fruit or grain.

--n cilaγu. Tartar (substance).

ariki --. Alcoholic beverages.

ulaγan --. Red wine.

DARASUDA- / ДАРСДАХ



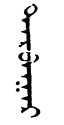
v.i. To drink wine.

DARBA-



Same as darbalza-.

DARBAГAR / ДАРАВГАР



adj. Wide open, gaping, split up.

-- ama. Large gaping mouth, aperture or orifice.

-- γang. Large jar with a wide mouth.

-- uruγul. Thick lips.

DARBAГUL / ДАРВУУЛ



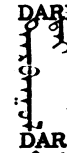
n. Sail.

DARBAГULГ-A



n. Veil worn by the bride on her wedding day.

DARBAГULTAI / ДАРВУУЛТАЙ



[= darbaγultu] adj. Having a sail.

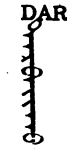
-- ongγuca. Sailboat.

DARBAГULTU / ДАРВУУЛТ



See darbaγultai.

DARBAI- / ДАРВАЙХ



v.i. To be wide, stay open, gape (of mouth).

--γsan amatai. Having a gaping mouth or a wide-open orifice.

DARBAILГA- / ДАРВАЙЛГАХ



v. caus. of darbai-.

DARBALГ-A



n. Flag, weathervane.

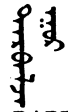
DARBALZA- / ДАРВАЛЗАХ



v.i. To float, billow, flutter (of a flag, sail, or garment); to move (of something wide-open or gaping).

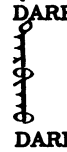
--xu xubcasu. Floating or fluttering garment.

DARBALZAГUR / ДАРВАЛЗУУР



n. One who usually opens his mouth wide when speaking or laughing.

DARBI- / ДАРВИХ



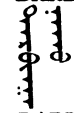
[Lu.] v.i. To become joyfully excited at the sight of a noisy crowd.

DARBIГAN



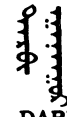
See darbijan.

DARBIГANA- / ДАРВИГНАХ



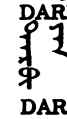
v.i. To have a spicy or sharp taste.

DARBIГANAГUR / ДАРВИГНУУР



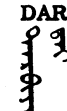
[Gu.] adj. and n. Quick-tempered, irritable; flood.

DARBIJAN / ДАРВИАН



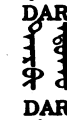
[= darbiγan] n. Cry, call.

DARBIJANTAI / ДАРВИАНТАЙ



adj. Joyful and noisy.

DARBILDU- / ДАРВИЛДАХ



v. rec. of darbi-.

DARBULГ-A



Same as darbaγul.

DARBULZA-



Same as darbalza-.

DARCIGINA-

Same as tarcigina-.

DARCUГ

[T. dar lcog] n. Streamers, usually brown or of five symbolic colors, suspended from high flag-staffs, or squares of cloth suspended from strings and inscribed with "sacred spell" (see tarni) or prayers, found on temple grounds, obos (see obuγ-a), near homes and on prayer-flags.

DARDA / ДАРД

n. A kind of flowered Chinese silk (Ch. chuang-tuan 粧緞).

DARDAГANA- / ДАРДГАНАХ

See derdegene-.

DARGI- / ДАРГИХ

v.i. To roar or rush noisily (of water).
--zu urusxu. To flow noisily.

DARGIJ-A / ДАРГИА

n. Noise; gaiety; roaring (as water).
γazar un --. Noise of steps of people walking on hard earth.
usun --. Noise of water rushing over pebbles.

DARGIJATAI / ДАРГИАТАЙ

adj. Noisy.

DARGIL / ДАРГИЛ

n. Rapids in a river, rapid current, torrent; swift stream; shoal in a river.

DARGIL[A]- / ДАРГИЛАХ

v.t. To seethe, boil.
--tal-a bucalaxu. To boil noisily.

DARGILГA- / ДАРГИЛГАХ

[v. caus. of dargi-] v.t. To boil; to agitate, disturb.

DARGIRA- / ДАРГИРАХ

v.i. To rush with noise, roar (as water); to run quickly, flow rapidly; to make noise.

DARGIRAГ-A / ДАРГИРАА

n. The act of dargira-.

DARI / ДАРЬ

[Persian dar, fire] n. Gunpowder .
-- ysyrgeky. To blow up with powder.
caγan --. Dynamite.

DARKI / ДАРХИ

n. Wind-fallen wood; branches broken by wind.

DARKIГAR / ДАРХИГАР

adj. Big and clumsy; bulky; awkward.

DARKII- / ДАРХИЙХ

v.i. To be[come] bulky or awkward.

DARSAГAR / ДАРСГАР

adj. Hardened, rough, warped, shrivelled.
-- niγur. A face with rough skin.

DARSAI- / ДАРСАЙХ

v.i. To become rough, uneven, or hard.
--γsan xada. A rough rock.

DARTA- / ДАРТАХ

v.i. To accumulate, pile up, form a heap.

DARTAГAR / ДАРТГАР

adj. Piled up.
-- møsy. Piled-up ice-floe, glacier.

DARTAI- / ДАРТАЙХ

v.i. To be lying on the back with the legs stretched out.

DARU- / ДАРАХ

v.t. a) To press, press down; to squeeze; to affix a seal; to print; to pickle, marinate, preserve.
--γsan noγuγa. Pickled vegetables.
--zu oruγulxu. To press or squeeze in, crum in.
egyde --xu. To bolt, barricade or hold a door.
xar-a --xu. To have a nightmare.

b) To oppres, suppress, subdue, defeat, restrain.
aγur ijen --xu. To restrain one's anger.
amisxal ijen --xu. To hold one's breath.
barizu --xu. To imprison.
bosulta ji --xu. To suppress a revolt.

daisun --xu. To defeat the enemy.
gindan dur --xu. To put in jail.
toluγai --xu. To oppress, trample on.

c) To outshine, eclipse, excel.

syr --xu. To outshine the grandeur, eclipse the magnificence of.

d) To cover, hide, conceal; to sit on eggs.

ama ben --xu. To cover one's mouth.
γal i ynesyn ijer --xu. To cover up the fire with ashes (as for the night).
niγun --xu. To hide, conceal.

e) To hold, delay, or shelve (as official business).

f) To deduct or withhold from one's wages or salary.

DARUBCI, 1. / ДАРАВЧ

n. Press, squeezer (mech.), pressing machine; helmet.

DARUBCI, 2. / ДАРАВЧ

n. Spurs.

DARUCA / ДАРЦ

adv. Later, following, after.
-- ber. Immediately, following one after another.

DARUCAГ-A

adv. Later, following, after.

DARUГ-A / ДАРГА

[Pers. dārōγā] n. Chief, superior; chairman; commander; director, manager; elder.
-- nar. Chiefs, commanders, the staff, administrative officers, executives.
-- talbixu. To make or install as a chief, superior, etc.
aduγun u --. Equerry, master of the horse, overseer of horses (in stables of princes).
ail un --. Chief or mayor of a village.
aimaγ un --. Chief of an aimak.
baγ-a --. Junior commander.
orulaγci --. Vice-president, acting chief.
sumun u --. Chief of a sumu(n), q.v.

DARUГALA- / ДАРГАЛАХ

v.t. and i. To head, be a chief, etc.; to command.
xural i --xu. To preside over a meeting or conference.

DARUГALAГUL- / ДАРГАЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of daruγala-] To put someone in command or at the head.

DARUГCI / ДАРАГЧ

n. Oppressor, persecutor, conqueror.

DARUГDA- / ДАРАГДАХ

v. pass. of daru-.
--γsan kereg. Something hidden; a secret affair; buried or shelved matter.
nasun dur --xu. To be pressed by one's age; to feel the weight of one's age.
xadan du --zu ykyky. To die being crushed by a rock.

DARUГDAГUL- / ДАРАГДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of daruγda-.

DARUГDAL / ДАРАГДАЛ

n. Oppression.

DARUГU / ДАРУУ

adj. Low, inclined; mild, peaceful, tame; reserved, demure, modest, retiring.
-- aγasitai. Having mild manners, modest.

DARUГUL / ДАРУУЛ

n. Press; key (as of a keyboard); plummet, weight; hen-roost.

DARUГUL- / ДАРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of daru-; to fasten, tie down with a rope, strap down; to swallow medicine with a liquid.
--zu ujaxu. To die down.
em usun ijer --zu uuγuxu. To swallow medicine with water.

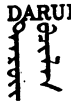
DARUГULГ-A / ДАРУУЛГА

n. Metal plates with which saddle cushions are attached; women's head ornament with which a plait is fastened; pole for holding the hay down on a cart; crosspiece under the teeth of a horse-drawn rake; leather mantle worn over a coat of mail (hist.); good upbringing or manners, obedience, docility.

DARUI / ДАРУЙ

adv. Immediately, at once, there and then; soon, as soon as; decidedly, indeed.

-- dur. Immediately, instantly.
-- tyrgen-e. Immediately, at once, right away.
tere --. Thereupon, right then.
yzegsen y --. As soon as [I, etc.] had seen, after seeing.

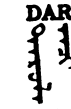
DARUIBCILAN / ДАРУЙВЧЛАН

adv. Speedily, hurriedly, swiftly.

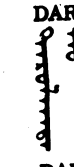
DARUIXAN / ДАРУЙХАН

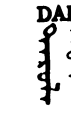
adv. Immediately, right away, now, momentarily, instantly, at once.

DARULA- / ДАРЛАХ

v.t. To oppress, suppress, exert pressure; to persecute; to take advantage of; to bully.
--n boγulcilaxu. To enslave, impose slavery, oppress.
--zu zaidalaxu. To oppress or domineer; to take advantage of.
dorumzilan --xu. To humiliate and oppress, suppress.

DARULAГCI / ДАРЛАГЧ

n. Oppressor.

DARULAГDA- / ДАРЛАГДАХ

[v. pass. of darula-] To be oppressed, suppressed.
--n mølzigdeky. To be oppressed or exploited.

DARULAГDAL / ДАРЛАГДАЛ

n. Oppression, suppression, political yoke.
xataγu --. Tyranny.

DARULAГUL- / ДАРЛУУЛАХ

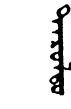
[v. caus. of darula-] To be oppressed or suppressed; to be vexed.

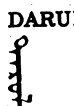
DARULAL[TA] / ДАРЛАЛ(Т)

n. Oppression, suppression, yoke (political).

DARULANGIUI / ДАРЛАНГУЙ

adj. Oppressive, oppressing; humiliating.

DARULDUГ-A / ДАРАЛДАА

n. Pressure, oppression; misfortune, bad luck.

DARULГ-A / ДАРАЛГА

n. Pressure, oppression; suppression, object which presses down, holds something in place.

DARULTA / ДАРАЛТ

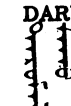
n. Press; oppression, suppression; pressure.
aγar un --. Atmospheric pressure.

DARUM-A / ДАРАМ

alaγ-a --. The width of the palm of the hand.
xuruγu --. The width of the finger.

DARUMAL / ДАРМАЛ

[n.d. of daru-] adj. Pressed; printed; pickled, preserved.
-- [bicig]. Printed [book].
-- bøs. Printed cotton cloth.
-- noγuγ-a. Pickled vegetables.
-- nom. Printed book.

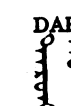
DARUMALLA- / ДАРМАЛЛАХ

v.t. To print.

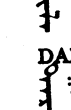
DARUMTA / ДАРАМТ

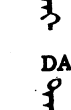
n. Pressure, oppression; load, burden, ballast; charge; weight (fig.), annoyance, nuisance.

DARUNGIUI / ДАРАНГУЙ

adj. Dictatorial, dictatory; bound, oppressed; modest.
-- zangtai. Having a retiring or modest character.

DARUNGIUILA- / ДАРАНГУЙЛАХ

v.t. To oppress, suppress; to restrain, curb, keep in check.
--n zakirxu zasaγ. Oppressive government, dictatorship.

DARUNGIUILAГUL- / ДАРАНГУЙЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of darungγuila-.

DARUSI / ДАРШ

n. Silage, silo.

DARUSILA- / ДАРШЛАХ

v.t. To silo, ensile.

DARXACI / ДАРХАЧ



n. Artisan, craftsman.

DARXACUD / ДАРХЧУУД



[= darxad] pl. of darxan, q.v.
uran -- . Masters, artisans.

DARXAD / ДАРХАД



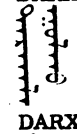
[pl. of darxan] n. Artisans, craftsmen; persons free from corvee or taxes; the Darkhat tribe in Mongolia; the Mongols charged with the cult of Chinggis Khan in Ordos, who are free from imposts, corvees and requisitions.

DARXALA- / ДАРХЛАХ



v.t. and i. To do the work of an artisan, craftsman or smith; to exempt from taxes and official duties; to set aside as sacred (as a forest or mountain).
--xu ger. Workshop.
temyr --xu ger. Smithy.

DARXALAГUL- / ДАРХЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of darxala-.

DARXAN / ДАРХАН



n. and adj. Artisan, craftsman; person free from taxes and official duties; area or place set aside for religious reasons and therefore inviolable; sacred; great, celebrated (cf. darxad).
-- aγula. A sacred mountain (where hunting and lumber working are not permitted).
-- colu. The rank and privileges of a peerage; the status of darxan; famous or celebrated name.
-- nojan. Retired high officials who enjoy certain privileges.
-- surxu. To learn a trade.
-- u ger. Workshop.
altan u -- . Goldsmith.
buu jin -- . Gunsmith.
γuli jin -- . Coppersmith.
modun u -- . Carpenter, cabinet maker.
mønggyn u -- . Silversmith.

DAS- / ДАСАХ



v.i. To get accustomed or used to, befriend oneself with, become attached, become familiar with; to get acquainted with.
--uγsan. Experienced, accustomed to.

DASI, 1. / ДАШ



n. Trimming, piping; ornaments on the shoulders of court dress resembling the wings of a bat.
-- møry. Tippet worn by princesses over a ceremonial robe.

DASI, 2.



[= rasi, T. bkra çis] n. Good luck, blessing[s]; honor.
-- xadaγ. A blessed xadaγ (q.v.).

DASIГURA-



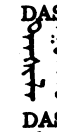
See tasiγura-.

DASILA- / ДАШЛАХ



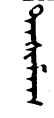
v.t. and i. To put or place under, join, add; to border, edge, trim; to adjoin, border on, be alongside of, be together with; to be designated for a post in advance before it is vacated.
--n ailadxaxu bicig. Attached report.
--n silγaγci tysimel. Assistant to the examiner.
ebydyg --n saγuxu. To sit next to.
oir-a --n saγuγsan ger. Adjacent house.

DASILAГUL- / ДАШЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of dasila-.

DASIMAГ / ДАШМАГ



n. Container, leather bag or skin for liquids; metal water flask designed for being carried on the back.

DASINGГ-A / ДАШИНГА



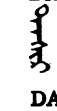
n. Sleeping shelf, plank-bed; plank for crossing a ditch; shelf.

DASINGГATU / ДАШИНГАТ



adj. and n. Having shelves; partitioned; shelves; box with partitions in it.

DASIR / ДАШИР



n. A kind of lime used in medicine. [Gu.] gypsum.

DASIRAM / ДАШРАМ



[= tasiram]n. adj. and adv. Occasion, lucky chance, right moment; occasional[ly], incidental[ly].

-- du. By the way, incidentally.
-- ijer. At this occasion, incidentally, in connection with this.

DASIRAMDA- / ДАШРАМДАХ
v.t. To avail oneself of a fortunate time, opportunity or chance.

DASIRAMDAGUL- / ДАШРАМДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of dasiramda-.
--un. On the occasion of, in connection with, on the basis of, taking advantage of.

DASU-, etc.
Same as das-, etc.

DASUL / ДАСАЛ
n. The act of das-; habit, familiarity, experience; attachment.

DASULCA- / ДАСАЛЦАХ
v. ccop. of das-.
xoγurundu ben --xu. To become used to each other.

DASULDA- / ДАСАЛДАХ
[v. rec. of das-] To become familiar with or accustomed to.
azil daγan -- . To become familiar with one's work.

DASULG-A / ДАСЛАГА
n. Habit, familiarity; experience; attachment.

DASUMAGAI / ДАСАМГАЙ
adj. Habitual, customary; accustomed to; experienced in, familiar with.

DASXA- / ДАСГАХ
[v. caus. of das-] v.t. To habituate, accustom to, familiarize with; to train.
azil du --xu. To familiarize somebody with work.

DASXAGUL- / ДАСГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of das -.

DASXAL / ДАСГАЛ
n. Habit; exercise, practice; training.
-- kiky. To practice, exercise.
kele zyi jin -- . Grammatical exercise.

DAXAGUL
n. Serf given as a (part of the) dowry.

DAXU / ДАХ
n. Coat with fur outside.

DAXULA- / ДАХЛАХ
v.i. To wear a daxu (q.v.); to bind a book.

DAXUTAI / ДАХТАЙ
adj. Having or wearing a daxu (q.v.).

DAZIN / ДАЖИН
n. Pillage, plundering, marauding.
dain --. War calamity.

DE
See da, 1.

DEB, 1.
Intensifying adverbial particle used before certain adjectives and adverbs beginning with the syllable de.
-- deger-e. Quite high, on the very top.
-- demei. Quite unnecessary, useless.

DEB, 2. / ДЭВ
n. Step, grade, rank, class, classification.
zerge --. Step, stage, class[ification].

DEB, 3. / ДЭВ
n. Terrace; hillock.

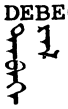
DEBDECI- / ДЭВДЧИХ
v.i. To limp slightly.

DEBDERI- / ДЭВДРЭХ
Same as debdeci-.

DEBEGE / ДЭВЭЭ, ДЭВЭГ
n. Marshy place, damp or wet area; alpine grassland.
-- γazar. Marshy place.
--n y cakirm-a ceceg. Iris flower.

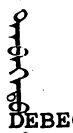
DEBEGERE- / ДЭВЭЭРЭХ
v.i. To abound; to gather (of a crowd).

DEBEGEREL / ДЭВЭЭРЭЛ



n. The act or state of debegere-.

DEBEGETY / ДЭВЭЭТ



adj. Marshy, damp.
-- tal-a. Marshy steppe.

DEBEGYL



n. Hillock on a swamp or marsh.

DEBEJ-E



Same as debege.

DEBEL / ДЭЭЛ



n. Long garment, dress, gown, robe; clothes.
γadaγadu --. Top coat.
josutu --. Ceremonial dress, full dress.
xuryan --. Lambskin coat.
ysytei --. Fur coat.

DEBELE



n. A kind of swamp bird.

DEBERI-



Same as debyre-.

DEBESEG / ДЭВСЭГ



n. Plateau, terrace.

DEBESENG



n. Slope, declivity; mountain ledge.

DEBI- / ДЭВЭХ



v.t. and i. To wave, flap (as wings); to fan; to dust, brush off (as dust); to winnow (of grain).
amu --ky. To winnow grain.
dalabci ben --ky. To flap one's wings.

DEBIGYR / ДЭВҮҮР



n. Any device used to produce wind: fan; winnowing tray or basket; sieve, riddle.
-- yn unzily-a. Pendants attached to a fan.
-- yn xabisu. Sticks of a fan.
toγustu --. Fan of peacock's feathers.

DEBIGYRDE- / ДЭВҮҮРДЭХ



v.t. and i. To wave a fan, fan oneself; to winnow with a winnowing tray or basket.

DEBIL- / ДЭВЛЭХ

v. freq. of debi-.

DEBILGE / ДЭВЛЭГ

n. The act of debi-.

DEBILKILE- / ДЭВЭЛХИЙЛЭХ

v. freq. of debi-.

DEBIS- / ДЭВСЭХ

v.t. To spread (as a rug, mattress, cushion, cover, or blanket), lay.
cilaγu --ky. To pave with stone.
debisker --ky. To spread a mattress, mat, or rug.

DEBISKE- / ДЭВСГЭХ

v. caus. of debis-.

DEBISKEGYL- / ДЭВСГҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of debiske-.

DEBISKER / ДЭВСГЭР

n. a) Anything spread out; anything to sit on (as a mat, mattress, felt, or rug); anything to steady or support something; background (as of a picture).
-- γazar. Territory, area.
-- modu. The deck of a ship.
baising un doudu --. The flooring of a room.
delekei --. Surface of the earth.
kønzil --. Bedding, everything necessary for bedding.

b) Basis or standard of a currency; paper money, bill; final consonant of a syllable.
-- ysyg. Final letter of a closed syllable.
altan --. Gold standard (of a currency).
arban tøgyrig yn --. A ten-tøgyrig bill (see tøgyrig).

DEBISKERLE- / ДЭВСГЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To put under or spread (as a rug, bedding, etc.); to provide with a background.

DEBISKERTY / ДЭВСГЭРТ

adj. Having a rug, mattress, cover, etc.
altan --. Based on gold or on a gold standard (currency).
køke --. Having a blue background.

DEBISYGDE- / ДЭВСЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of debis-.

DEBISYMEL / ДЭВСМЭЛ

[n.d. of debis-] adj. Spread out; laid with planks or boards; paved.

-- zam. Paved road; corduroy or brushwood road.

DEBKE-

v.i. To jump, leap.

DEBKECE- / ДЭВХЦЭХ

See debkeci-.

DEBKECEL / ДЭВХЦЭЛ

n. The act of debkece-.

DEBKECELDY- / ДЭВХЦЭЛДЭХ

v. coop. of debkece-.

DEBKECI- / ДЭВХЦЭХ

[= debkece-] v.i. To jump, leap, prance.

DEBKECIGYL- / ДЭВХЦУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of debkece-.

DEBKEL- / ДЭВХЛЭХ

v.i. To jump, leap, bound; to jump from one horse to another.

DEBKERE- / ДЭВХРЭХ

v.i. To leap, jump, bound, stamp the feet; prance, bounce; to hop about.

--zy baγuxu. To jump down.

--zy oruxu. To leap or jump in.

DEBKEREGE / ДЭВХРЭГ

n. Grasshopper.

DEBSE / ДЭВС(ЭН)

n. Saddle cushion; small square pieces of leather at both sides of the saddle, covering the upper part of stirrup straps.

DEBSE- / ДЭВСЭХ

v.i. and t. To stamp the feet, trample.

køl ijer γazar i --ky. To stamp one's feet.

DEBSEGENE- / ДЭВСЭГНЭХ

v.i. To stamp with one's feet.

DEBSEL- / ДЭВСЛЭХ

v. freq. of debse-.

DEBSELE- / ДЭВСЛЭХ

v.t. To cover with or put on a debse (q.v.).

DEBSI

Same as tebsi.

DEBSI- / ДЭВШИХ

v.i. To rise, go up; to develop, make progress, advance; to be promoted; to prosper, thrive.

--n køgziky. To progress, develop, improve.

zerge --ky. To be promoted.

DEBSIGYL- / ДЭВШУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of debsi-.

--zy zaγalduxu. To transfer a lawsuit to another court.

degegsi --ky. To promote in rank.

ger --ky. To move a tent to another place.

mal ben --ky. To move one's cattle to another pasture.

tarizu --ky. To transplant.

DEBSIL / ДЭВШИЛ

n. The act of debsi-; rise, progress, development, evolution; the act of honoring, respecting, veneration (esp. for something sacred).

DEBSILKILE- / ДЭВШИЛХИЙЛЭХ

v.i. freq. To change place frequently, keep moving from place to place.

DEBSILTE / ДЭВШИЛТ

n. Raise; promotion, advancement, progress, improvement; achievement, attainment.

azu axui jin --. Economic achievement.

DEBSISKI- / ДЭВШИСХИЙХ

v.i. To rise or advance gradually.

DEBTE- / ДЭВТЭХ

[= debty-] v.i. To be soaked, steeped or staurated with a liquid; to swell, expand.

DEBTEGE- / ДЭВТЭЭХ
[v. caus. of debte-] To soak or steep in a liquid, dampen, moisten, soften.
amu --ky. To soak grain.

DEBTEGEL / ДЭВТЭЭЛ
n. The act of debtege-.

DEBTEGELGE- / ДЭВТЭЭЛГЭХ
v. caus. of debtege-.

DEBTEGERI
-- γulir. Potato flour, starch.

DEBTEGSI- / ДЭВТЭГШИХ
v.i. To soften from saoking in water.

DEBTEGSIGYL- / ДЭВТЭГШҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of debtegsi-] To soak, wet.

DEBTEL / ДЭВТЭЛ
n. The act of soaking or wetting.

DEBTELGE / ДЭВТЭЛГЭ
n. The act of debte-; gruel; poultice.

DEBTEMEL / ДЭВТМЭЛ
[n.d. of debte-] Soaked, wet, saturated.

DEBTER / ДЭВТЭР
[T. deb ther, fr. Persian, ultimately fr. Greek]
n. Book, volume; copybook, notebook.
dayun u --. Song book.
degedy --. First volume (of two or three).
douradu --. Last volume (of two or three).
øbyr yn --. Pocket notebook.

DEBTERCI / ДЭВТЭРЧ
n. Archivist.

DEBTERI, 1.
[Go.] n. Young of an animal, calf, cub.

DEBTERI, 2.
adj. and n. Soaked, saturated; [one who is] given to drinking, alcoholic.
-- bolxu. To become soaked; to become dead drunk.

DEBTERLE- / ДЭВТЭРЛЭХ
v.t. To bind a book.

DEBTERLEGYL- / ДЭВТЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of debterle-.

DEBTY-
See debte-.

DEBYL- / ДЭВЛЭХ
v.i. To spout, gush, boil, bubble; to overflow; to appear unexpectedly.
nayur --ky. For a lake to flow over.

DEBYLGE / ДЭВЛЭГ
See debylyl.

DEBYLGE- / ДЭВЛЭГЭХ
[v. caus. of debyl-] To cause to boil or spout; to inflame, excite.
tacijangγui --ky. To excite passion[s].

DEBYLYL / ДЭВЛЭЛ
[= debylge] n. The act of debyl-; boiling, bubbling.

DEBYRE / ДЭВЭР
n. Vessel with a spout, jug, tea pot.
usun u --. A tin water jug.

DEBYRE- / ДЭВРЭХ
v.i. To spout, gush forth, bubble up, boil; to overflow.

DEBYREGY[Y]
n. Kettle, vessel, pot; rapid-filling well.
-- jin xabxaγ. The cover of a pot or boiler.

DEBYS-
Same as debis-.

DEBZI- / ДЭВЖИХ
v.i. To grow, develop, increase, enlarge; to progress; arise; to be excited.

DEBZIJEN / ДЭВЖЭЭН
n. Excitement, commotion.

DECE
See daca .

DED / ДЭД

adj. Following, next, succeeding, subsequent; second.

-- bylyg. Second chapter, chapter two.

-- debter. Second volume.

-- daruγa. Deputy or vice-chief.

-- erdemten. Candidate (an academic degree below the doctorate).

-- said. Vice minister.

-- zerge jin. Of second rate or rank.

DEDEGENE- / ДЭДЭГНЭХ

v.i. To speak rapidly; to chatter, talk idly; to vacillate, oscillate, swing, be unstable.

DEDLE- / ДЭДЛЭХ

v.i. To be second in rank or order.

DEGDE- / ДЭГДЭХ

v.i. To rise; to float; to fly up; to jump, hop; to happen, occur.

--n jabuxu. To move by leaps and bounds.

dain daisun --ky. For a war to break out.

kereg --ky. For an incident to occur.

naran --myi. The sun rises (higher and higher).

DEGDEGE- / ДЭГДЭЭХ

[v. caus. of degde-] To raise; to startle up; to stir up, provoke; to start.

dain bailduγan i --ky. To start a war.

toγusu --ky. To stir up dust.

DEGDEGEKEI / ДЭГДЭЭХИЙ

n. Fledgeling, nestling .

DEGDEGENE- / ДЭГДЭГНЭХ

v.i. To be agile, lively, quick; to hop, move by short brisk leaps; to be flippant, light-minded, or flighty.

DEGDEGENEGYL- / ДЭГДЭГНҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of degdegene-.

DEGDEGENEGYR / ДЭГДЭГНҮҮР

adj. Agile, quick, lively; flippant, light-minded, flighty.

DEGDEGENEL / ДЭГДЭГНЭЛ

n. The act or state of degdegene-.

DEGDEGYL- / ДЭГДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of degde-.

DEGDEGYR / ДЭГДҮҮР

n. Paper kite; aerostat , balloon.

DEGDELCE- / ДЭГДЭЛЦЭХ

v. coop. of degde-.

DEGDELZE- / ДЭГДЭЛЗЭХ

Same as degdegene-.

DEGDERGE

See degdyrge.

DEGDYL- / ДЭГДҮҮЛЭХ

v.i. To jump or vault with the aid of a pole.

--yn xaraixu. To pole-vault.

DEGDYN-E / ДЭГДЭНЭ

n. Young quail.

DEGDYRGE

[= degderge] n. Declivity, slope.

aγula jin -- . Slope of a mountain.

DEGEBYRI / ДЭЭВЭР

n. Felt covering of the upper part of a yurt consisting of two semicircular pieces; roofing of a house.

-- ber byrkyky. To cover with degebyri.

baising un -- . Roof of a house.

DEGEBYRILE- / ДЭЭВЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To cover with degebyri, q.v.

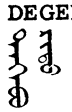
DEGEBYRILEL / ДЭЭВЭРЛЭЛ

n. The act of degebyrile-

DEGEBYRITEI / ДЭЭВЭРТЭЙ

[= degebyrity] adj. Covered with degebyri, q.v.

DEGEBYRITY / ДЭЭВЭРТ



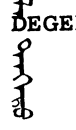
See degebyritei.

DEGEBYRLE- / ДЭЭВЭРЛЭХ



Same as degebyrile-.

DEGEDY / ДЭЭД

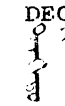


adj. Higher, upper; highest, supreme, superior, sublime; best; eminent, noble; illustrious; first, initial; principal; preceding, previous (rare); imperial (obs.).

-- boti. First volume (of two or three).
-- douradu. Above and below, the higher and the lower (as classes of people, Ch. shang-hsia 上下).
-- erdem. Superior quality.
-- erke ji bariγci. Highest official; supreme authority.
-- erkety ulus. Sovereign state or nation.
-- ezen. The Lord, His Majesty.
-- jin bicig yn ger. Imperial library.
-- jin degedy. Highest of all, supreme, sublime.
-- (jin) xaγas. The first quarter of the moon.
-- mergezil. Higher education.
-- nojan. The last prince preceding the present one.
-- sain. Excellent, lofty, very good, magnificent, most gracious.
-- sigyky tasulxu γazar. Supreme court.
-- xutuγ. Highest sanctity, Buddhahood.
-- yde. Former name of Ulan Ude (Ulaγan Yde).
-- yj-e. The preceding generation; ancestors.
-- zerge . The highest rank, class, sort or kind.

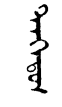
nøkyr yn --. The best of friends.

DEGEDYKI / ДЭЭДЭХ



adj. Being above or on top, superior, above.

DEGEDYS / ДЭЭДЭС



[pl. of degedy] n. The highest or upper ones; dignitaries; ancestors; denizens of heaven, saints.

-- douradus. The upper and lower classes of the people.

manu --. Our ancestors.

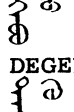
DEGEGE / ДЭГЭЭ



n. and adj. Hook; hook-shaped.

-- eber. Hook-shaped horns.

DEGEGEDE- / ДЭГЭЭДЭХ



v.t. To [catch with a] hook; to hook with one's leg or foot (wrestling).

DEGEGELE- / ДЭГЭЭЛЭХ

Same as degegede-

DEGEGETEI / ДЭГЭЭТЭЙ

[= degegety] adj. Having a hook.

DEGEGETY / ДЭГЭЭТ

See degegetei.

DEGEGSI / ДЭЭШ

adv. and postpos. Upward, up, above; higher; more than.

-- abarixu. To climb up.
-- xaraxu. To look upwards.

zaγun tøgyrig ece --. More than one hundred tøgyrig (q.v.).

DEGEGSIDE / ДЭЭШИД

adv. Higher up, upward.

-- ergyky. To raise (also fig.).

DEGEGSIKEN / ДЭЭШХЭН

adv. Somewhat higher or above.

DEGEGSIKI / ДЭЭШИХ

adj. Being on top or above; higher.

DEGEGSILE- / ДЭЭШЛЭХ

v.i. To go up, rise, advance; progress; to enhance, improve; to augment; to arise, get up from bed (hon.).

DEGEGSILEGYL- / ДЭЭШЛҮҮЛЭХ

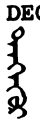
[v. caus. of degegsile-] To raise, lift up, enhance, improve; to promote, advance.

jasu cinaı i --ky. To improve the quality.
sujul bolbasuralı i --ky. To better the cultural standard.

DEGEGSILEL / ДЭЭШЛЭЛ

n. The act or process of degegsile-.

DEGEGYR / ДЭЭГҮҮР



adj., adv., and postpos. (with genitive or absolute) Above, over; on the surface.

-- degerenggyi. Arrogant, supercilous.

-- kymyn. Person of high standing.

-- nisky. To fly high.

baising -- . Over a house.

usun u -- . On the surface of the water, over the water.

DEGEGYRDE- / ДЭЭГҮҮРДЭХ



v.i. To be too high; to fly high above the target (as an arrow or bullet).

DEGEGYRKEN / ДЭЭГҮҮРХЭН



adv. Somewhat above or over.

DEGEGYRKI / ДЭЭГҮҮРХ



adj. Being on the surface; upper; superior.

DEGELBYR



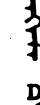
Same as degebyr.

DEGELE-



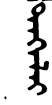
Same as degegele-.

DEGELEGDE- / ДЭГЭЭЛЭГДЭХ



v. caus. of degele-.

DEGELEI, 1. / ДЭЭЛЭЙ



n. Jacket, camisole, short fur garment.

-- xujaγ. Short cuirass.

DEGELEI, 2. / ДЭГЛИЙ

n. Egret, heron.

køke --. Blue heron.

DEGEN



See daγan.

DEGER-E / ДЭЭР

n., adj., and postpos. Top; on top of, on, at, above; high; (with the ablative) higher or better than; in addition to, besides; while, just as.

-- baraγalxaxu. To have an audience.

-- daγu. Loud voice.

-- daγu ber. Loudly.

-- dour-a jin ilγal ygei. Without discriminating between upper or lower [social] classes.

-- duraduγsan. Mentioned above.

-- ece = degerece. From above; from the top of.

-- γarxu. To go up or climb up; to surpass.

-- inu γarxu. To climb on top; to emerge on top.

-- zyg. The "upper world," heaven, elysium.

aγula jin -- . On top of a mountain.

debisker -- saγuxu. To sit or sit down on a cushion or mat.

ebydyg -- ece buudaxu. To shoot kneeling.

ene -- . In addition to this; apart from this.

gereltei -- gereltei bolxu. To become more splendid or glorious.

nar-a -- bolxu. The sun is high up.

salkin -- tal-a. The direction or side from which the wind blows; advantageous position with respect to the wind (cf. salkin doura tal-a under dour-a).

sireg-e -- . On the table.

tegyn ece -- . Better than that.

temyr i xalaγun -- inu dabta! Forge the iron while it is hot!

toluγai -- . At the head of; at the very moment (when).

xural -- . At a meeting.

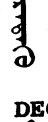
DEGERECE / ДЭЭРЭЭС



[= degere eee] adv. From the top, from above; apart from, besides; on account of, because of.

orun bairi ygei -- . For lack of living accommodations.

DEGEREDE- / ДЭЭРДЭХ



v.i. To be raised, lifted; to be too high; to improve, get better.

minu bej-e --zy bain-a. My health is improving.

DEGEREDEGYL- / ДЭЭРДҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of degerede-] v.t. To lift, raise; to improve.

DEGEREKEN / ДЭЭРХЭН



adv. A little higher; a little better.

DEGEREKI / ДЭЭРХ



adj. Being above or on top; upper; higher, superior, highest, supreme; mentioned or enumerated above.

-- dabxur. Upper story.

-- jin tusjal. Orders or commands from high authorities.

DEGERELE- / ДЭЭРЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To elevate, exalt, praise; to be higher or better; to be arrogant, overbearing, or haughty.

øber i --. To praise oneself, boast.

DEGERELKE- / ДЭЭРЭЛХЭХ



v.i. To consider oneself very important; to be arrogant or conceited.

DEGERELKEG / ДЭЭРЭЛХЭГ



adj. Arrogant, conceited.

DEGEREM



n. Robbery, pillage; violence; bandit, brigand highwayman, robber.

DEGEREMCI(N) / ДЭЭРЭМЧ(ИН)



n. Robber, bandit, highwayman.

DEGEREMCILE- / ДЭЭРЭМЧЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To rob, pillage, plunder.

DEGEREMDE- / ДЭЭРЭМДЭХ



v.t. To rob, pillage, plunder.
--n abxu. To rob, plunder.
--n bulijaxu. To rob, plunder.
γazar i --ky. To pillage a country.
kymyn i --ky. To rob people.

DEGEREMDEGDE- / ДЭЭРЭМДЭГДЭХ



v. pass. of degeremde-.

DEGEREMDEGYL- / ДЭЭРЭМДҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of degeremde-] To be robbed or plundered; to allow oneself to be robbed.
--ygsen kymyn. Victim of a robbery.

DEGEREMDEL / ДЭЭРЭМДЭЛ



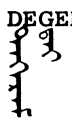
n. The act of degeremde-.

DEGEREMLE- / ДЭЭРЭМЛЭХ



Same as degeremde-.

DEGEREMTEI / ДЭЭРЭМТЭЙ



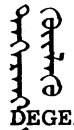
adj. Infested with robbers or bandits.
-- γazar. Robber-infested place or area.

DEGERENGGYI / ДЭЭРЭНГҮЙ



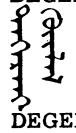
adj. and n. Supercilious, haughty, arrogant, conceited, presumptuous; haughtiness, pride, presumption, arrogance.
-- sedkiltei. Arrogant.
-- zang γarγaxu. To display arrogance.
yndysyn y -- jabuγululγ-a. Chauvinism.

DEGERENGGYILE- / ДЭЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭХ



v.i. To be arrogant, presumtuous, or haughty.

DEGERENGGYILEL / ДЭЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭЛ



n. The state of degerengkyile-.

DEGERESLJE- / ДЭЭРШЭЭХ



v.t. To prefer; to respect, honor; to select.

DEGERESLJEL / ДЭЭРШЭЭЛ



n. The act of degeresije-; preference.

DEGERME



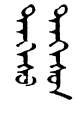
Same as degerem.

DEGERYGEI



Same as degerenggyi.

DEGESY(N) / ДЭЭС(ЭН)



n. Rope; rope made of hair; measure of length equal to 36 meters (obs.).
--n dørygetei γarxu. To barely get out of a difficult situation (lit.: to come out with rope stirrups).
--n jier kemziky. To measure with a rope.
ongγuca jin --. Ship's cable.
temyr --. Wire rope, cable.

DEGESYCI / ДЭЭСЧ



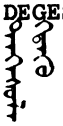
n. Rope-maker.

DEGESYLE- / ДЭЭСЛЭХ



v.t. To tie or bind with cords; to measure or survey with a rope.
--n kemneky. To measure with a rope.

DEGESYLEGDE- / ДЭЭСЛЭГДЭХ



v. pass. of degesyle-.

DEGESYLEGYL- / ДЭЭСЛҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of degesyle-.

DEGESYTEI / ДЭЭСТЭЙ



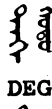
[= degesyty] adj. Having a rope.

DEGESYTY / ДЭЭСТ



See degesytei.

DEGEZI / ДЭЭЖ



n. The first or choicest part of food or drink offered to the deities; the first cup of tea, etc. or the first serving of food offered to the guest of honor; first fruits; the choicest part, cream (cf. T. phud).

-- barixu. To give the best part of the food to elders or gods as an offering.

-- ergyky. To offer the first fruits.

arikin u --. Wine offering.

cai jin --. Tea offering.

idegen umdaγan u -- ber takixu. To offer the first serving of food and drink.

DEGEZILE- / ДЭЭЖЛЭХ

v.t. To offer, sacrifice, present; to offer the first of food or drink to the gods; to take or eat the best or choicest part of; to select the best; to consider as the best, prefer to anything else; to praise, extol.

kyndylen --ky. To honor, respect.

DEGEZILEGYL- / ДЭЭЖЛҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of degezile-.

DEGEZILEL / ДЭЭЖЛЭЛ



n. The act of degezile-.

DEGNELZEGYR / ДЭГНЭЛЗҮҮР



n. Marsh, swamp, quagmire.

DEGYCI / ДҮҮЧ



[= degyyci] n. and adj. [One who is] respectful toward his elder brother or to an older person of his generation.

DEGYCILE- / ДҮҮЧЛЭХ

[= degyycile-] v.t. and i. To treat as one's younger brother; to perform the duties of a younger brother toward an elder; to be respectful toward older people of one's own generation.

DEGYCILEL / ДҮҮЧЛЭЛ

n. The act of degycile-.

DEGYCILEMDE- / ДҮҮЧЛЭМДЭХ

Same as degycile-.

DEGYCILEMDEGYY / ДҮҮЧЛЭМДҮҮ



adj. Respectful toward one's elder brother or older people of one's own generation.

DEGYLE-, 1. / ДҮҮЛЭХ

[= degyyle-] v.t. and i. To act as a younger brother; to respect one's elder brother or older people of one's own generation; to be younger.

DEGYLE-, 2. / ДҮҮЛЭХ



Same as dyli-, 2.

DEGYLI- / ДҮҮЛЛЭХ

v.i. To jump a distance, jump across or over, leap.

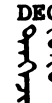
--n gyjyky. To run jumping or skipping.

kei --ky. To jump a great distance.

kørben --ky. To turn and jump (as a fish taken out of water).

xudduγ tur --ky. To jump into a well.

DEGYLILE-



v.i. To jump up, leap up, fly up.

DEGYR-, etc.

See dygyr-, etc.

DEGYRGE-



See dygyrge-.

DEGYRIN



Same as dygyreng.

DEGYY / ДҮҮ

n. and adj. Younger brother or sister; younger.
-- beri. Wife of younger brother.
-- bi. I (polite term used by the writer of a letter referring to himself).
-- keyken. Younger sister.
-- kyrgen. Husband of younger sister.
baγ-a -- Youngest brother.
nada ece --. Younger than I.
nada ece γurba --. Three years younger than I.
økin --. Younger sister.
xojar nasu --. Two years younger.
xudalci kymyn xulaγaici kymyn y --. A liar is a thief's younger brother (i.e., is almost as bad).

DEGYYCI, etc.
See degyci, etc.

DEGYYLE-
See degyle-.

DEGYYMZITEI
adj. [A person] respectful to older people of his own generation.

DEGYZI-
v.i. To be hung or suspended; to dangle; to hang oneself.

DEGYZILE- / ДҮҮЖЛЭХ
v.t. To hang up, suspend; to burden.
--zy alaxu. To hang, kill by hanging.
--zy ykyky. To hang oneself.

DEGYZILEGDE- / ДҮҮЖЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of degyzile-.

DEGYZILEGYL- / ДҮҮЖЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of degyzile-.

DEGYZILEGYR / ДҮҮЖЛҮҮР
n. Gallows, gibbet.

DEGYZIMEG / ДҮҮЖМЭГ
n. Pendulum.

DEGYZING / ДҮҮЖИН(Г)
n. and adj. Anything hanging, dangling, or suspended; an object used to hang something on; gallows, gibbet; pendulum; swings; hanging, pendulant, drooping.
-- oru. Hammock.
-- ølgei. Suspended cradle.
-- øligyr. A balance or steelyard with small scales.
-- urax-a. A kind of trap or snare for large animals.
kereg i -- talbixu. To leave a matter, business, lawsuit, etc. pending.

DEGYZINGNE- / ДҮҮЖИГНЭХ
v.i. and t. To swing; to dangle; to delay, procrastinate.
kereg i --ky. To delay or postpone a matter or lawsuit.

DEGZI- / ДЭГЖИХ
v.i. To rise, improve; to thrive, prosper; to develop; to flare up.
--zu urγuxu. To grow well.
ail ger --ky. For a family to prosper.
naran --be. The sun has risen.

DEGZIGE- / ДЭГЖЭЭХ
[v. caus. of degzi-] To lift, raise, develop, improve, make thrive or prosper.

DEGZIGYL- / ДЭГЖҮҮЛЭХ
Same as degzige-.

DEIL- / ДИЙЛЭХ
[= deile-] v.t. To conquer, defeat, vanquish; to surpass; to be able to cope with; to win a game. [Mo.] To bend down in order to regain one's balance.
--ygsen. Conqueror, victor.
bej-e ben --ky. To control or restrain oneself.
ergyzy --ky ygei. Unable to lift up.
kycyn ijer --ky. To defeat with force.
yge ber --ky. To win an argument.

DEILDE- / ДИЙЛДЭХ
[v. pass. of deil-] To be conquered, vanquished, or defeated, lose in a game; to lean to one side, be out of balance (as loads).

bi tegyn dy --lyge . I have been defeated by him.

DEILDESI / ДИЙЛДЭШ

-- ygei. Invincible.

DEILE-

See deil-.

DEILYGDE- / ДИЙЛЭГДЭХ

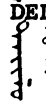
v. pass. of deil-.

DEILYGDEL / ДИЙЛЭГДЭЛ

n. Defeat.

DEILYGDESI / ДИЙЛЭГДЭШ

-- ygei. Invincible.

DEILYLTE / ДИЙЛЭЛТ

n. Victory.

DEILYNGKI / ДИЙЛЭНХ

n. Majority, major part.

DEL / ДЭЛ

n. Mane of a horse or any quadruped; bristles; pointed peak of a mountain ridge, rocky crest.
-- abxu. To cut off, shear off the mane.

DELBE, 1. / ДЭЛБЭ

adv. Through and through, to pieces, asunder.
-- cokixu. To smash, break into smithereens.
-- oruxu. To break through.
-- tataxu. To break; to pull out or apart.

DELBE, 2.

[= delbi] n. Petal of a flower; helix of the ear.

DELBECE-

See delbeci-.

DELBECI- / ДЭЛБЭЦЭХ

[= delbece-] v.t. and i. To crush, explode; to detonate, burst.
--zy xaγalxu . To explode and split.

DELBECIL / ДЭЛБЭЦЭЛ

n. The act of delbeci-.

DELBEG, 1. / ДЭЛБЭГ

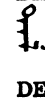
adj. and adv. Large, wide; plentiful[ly], abundant[ly], bountiful[ly].
elbeg -- . Abundant, affluent.
elbeg -- ijer. Abundantly.

DELBEG, 2. / ДЭЛБЭҖ

n. Rein[s].

DELBEGCI / ДЭЛБЭГЧ

n. Coachman, driver.

DELBEGENE- / ДЭЛБЭГНЭХ

v.i. To move, sway (of flat, protruding objects).

DELBEGER / ДЭЛБЭГЭР

adj. Wide, broad, large (usually of flat objects).
-- debel. Wide robe or garment.
-- tuγurai. Flat, broad hoof.

DELBEGLE- / ДЭЛБЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To pull a boat with a horse.

DELBEI- / ДЭЛБИЙХ

v.i. To be[come] wide or broad (usually of flat objects).

DELBELE- / ДЭЛБЭЛЭХ

v.t. To explode, blow up; to break, crack open.
--ky ed. Explosives.
--ky geigylygci. Plosive consonant[s].

DELBELEL / ДЭЛЭВЛЭЛ

n. The act, process of delbele-.

DELBELGE

n. Bridegroom's presents to the bride.

DELBELZE- / ДЭЛБЭЛЗЭХ

Same as delbegene-.

DELBENG / ДЭЛБЭН

[= delbing] adj. Bent outward, protruding.
-- ajaγ-a. A cup with broad rim bent outward.
-- cikity. Having large ears, lop-eared.

DELBERE- / ДЭЛБЭРЭХ

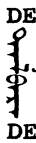


v.i. To burst or crack asunder, go to pieces, split, break; to explode; to overflow, inundate; to swell, flare up, break out; to open (of flower buds).

--ky sumu. Grenade, explosive shell.

tesereky --ky ajultu zyil. Dangerous explosives.

DELBEREDEG / ДЭЛБЭРДЭГ



adj. Explosive.

DELBEREGYL- / ДЭЛБЭРҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of delbere-.

DELBEREL / ДЭЛБЭРЭЛ



n. The act of delbere-; explosion.

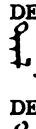
DELBERKEI / ДЭЛБЭРХИЙ



adj. and n. Split, cracked; crack, cleft, crevice, fissure, hole.

-- longxu. Cracked bottle.

DELBI



See delbe, 2.

DELBING



See delbeng.

DELDE- / ДЭЛДЭХ



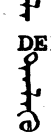
v.t. To seize an animal by the mane, hold on to the mane.

DELDEI- / ДЭЛДИЙХ



v.i. To stick out or up, protrude (of ears).

DELDENG / ДЭЛДЭН(Г)



adj. Protruding (of ears).

-- cikitei. Having protruding ears.

DELDEY / ДЭЛДҮҮ

n. Tinder fungus.

DELE-, 1.

See deli-.

DELE-, 2. / ДЭЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To wave, flap (as wings); to fan.

DELED- / ДЭЛДЭХ



v.t. To strike, beat, knock; cf. deles-.

cilaγu ber --. To throw stones, beat with stones.

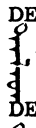
ebcigyy ben --ky. To beat one's breast.

kenggerge ji --ky. To beat the drum.

modu ber --ky. To hit with a stick.

xaγalγ-a ji --ky. To knock at the gate.

DELEDKE- / ДЭЛТГЭХ



v. caus. of deled-.

DELEDKEGYL- / ДЭЛТГҮҮЛЭХ



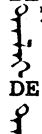
v. caus. of deledke-.

DELEDYGYL- / ДЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of deled-.

DELEG / ДЭЛЭГ



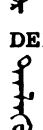
n. Cross planks in a boat.

DELEGCI / ДЭЛЭГЧ



n. Beetle.

DELEGYRE- / ДЭЛҮҮРЭХ



[= deleyre-, telyre-] v.i. To couple, pair, copulate, mate (of animals).

DELEGYRKILE- / ДЭЛҮҮРХИЙЛЭХ



v.i. To become angry, fly into a rage.

DELEGYY / ДЭЛҮҮ

adj. Large, vast, spacious, wide, extensive.

ilegyy --. Abundance; too much.

DELEKEI / ДЭЛХИЙ

n. Earth, world, universe, cosmos; surface of the earth.

-- dakin. Universal, world (in cpds.).

-- jin. World, universal, global.

-- jin bajalig. Natural resources.

-- jin bømbyrceg. Terrestrial globe.

-- jin ezen. Lord of the earth, deity of the earth.

altan --. The "golden" earth (poetical).

byky -- jin. Of the whole world, universal.

γazar --. The earth.

DELEM



Same as delim.

DELEM-E



adj. Vain, idle, good for nothing.
-- yge. Idle talk.
-- ygyleky. To talk at random, inconsiderately.

DELENG / ДЭЛЭН(Г)



n. Udder, teat.
-- cocixu. For the udder to swell.

DELES- / ДЭЛСЭХ



v.t. and i. To beat, hit, pluck; to beat, pulsate.
jatuγ-a --ky. To play jatuγ-a, q.v.
ziryke --ky. For the heart to throb.

DELESYGDE- / ДЭЛСЭГДЭХ



v. pass. of deles-.

DELEYRE-



See delegyre-.

DELGE- / ДЭЛГЭХ



v.t. and i. To spread, display, lay out, unroll, unwrap; to open; to expand, stretch, elongate; to propagate.
--zy debisky. To spread, extend, unfold.
ceceg --ky. The flower opens.
dalabci --ky. To spread the wings.
γar ijen --ky. To spread or extend one's hands.
nom --ky. To open a book.
sitygen --ky. To unroll a religious picture.
yge --ky. To talk a lot.

DELGECE / ДЭЛГЭЦ

n. The act or process of delge-; a board for drying cottage cheese; tray for displaying merchandise.

DELGEGYL- / ДЭЛГҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of delge-.

DELGEGYR / ДЭЛГҮҮР

n. Display of merchandise, shop, store; market.
-- delgeky. To display wares in the market.
-- yn yn-e. Market price, market rate.
γadaγadu jin --. Foreign market.
jeke --. Department store.
mixan u --. Meat market.

nom un --. Book market; book shop; book counter.

DELGEGYY / ДЭЛГҮҮ

adj. Spread, unfolded, unwrapped; wide, vast, ample, large, extensive, broad.
-- nutuγ. Vast country.
-- uşun. Vast expanse of water.

DELGELTE / ДЭЛГЭЛТ

n. The act of delge-.

DELGEMEL / ДЭЛГЭМЭЛ

[n. d. of delge-] adj. Spread, developed; displayed; opened; scattered, dispersed; vast, large.
-- ceceg. Flower with large petals.
-- ulus. People scattered over or inhabiting wide area.

DELGEMER

n. and adj. Spread, developed; propagation, increase, growth.

DELGER / ДЭЛГЭР

adj. Extensive, vast; full, abundant; flourishing.
-- aγula. Widely extending mountain range.
-- caγ. Prosperous time.
-- møren. Delger Møren (river in Outer Mongolia).
-- sara. Full moon.

DELGERE- / ДЭЛГЭРЭХ

v.i. To unfold, grow, increase, expand, spread, become extensive; to develop; to bloom, blossom.
--n køgziky. To develop, flourish.
ebecin --myi. The disease spreads.

DELGEREGYL- / ДЭЛГЭРҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of delgere-] To spread, propagate, disseminate; to cause to grow, expand, increase, develop, unfold; to explain in detail, interpret.
--ygci. Preacher, commentator, propagandist.
kymyzil i --ky. To spread education.
surtal i --ky. To propagate a doctrine or idea.
šasin i --ky. To propagate religion.
zarlal --ky. To publish a notice, notify the public.

DELGEREL / ДЭЛГЭРЭЛ

n. The act of delgere-. Spreading, propagation, development.

DELGERENGGYI / ДЭЛГЭРЭНГҮЙ

adj. and adv. Extensive[ly], developed.
-- ber. In detail.
-- e. In detail.
-- jarixu. To talk extensively or in detail.

DELGERENGGYILE- / ДЭЛГЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭХ

v.t. To spread, expand, develop.

DELGERENGGYILEL / ДЭЛГЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭЛ

n. The act of delgerenggyile-.

DELGERENGGYITY / ДЭЛГЭРЭНГҮЙТ

adj. Developed, detailed.

DELGYY

Same as delgegyy.

DELI- / ДЭЛЭХ

[= dele-] v.t. To stretch (as a hide or bow).
numu -- . To draw a bow.

DELIGYDE- / ДЭЛҮҮДЭХ

Same as deligyte-.

DELIGYTE- / ДЭЛҮҮТЭХ

v.i. To suffer from tympanites or a spleen disease (of animals).

DELIGYY / ДЭЛҮҮ(Н)

n. Spleen.

DELILTE / ДЭЛЭЛТ

n. The act of deli-.

DELIM / ДЭЛЭМ

n. The space necessary to stretch a bow, distance between the two ends of a stretched bow; a linear measure (from the tips of the fingers of an outstretched arm to the shoulder of the other arm), half an alda (fathom).
-- ijen gyicetel-e tataxu. To draw (a bow) to its full capacity.

DELIMEL / ДЭЛМЭЛ

[n.d. of deli-] adj. Stretched, extended.

DELIMLE- / ДЭЛЭМЛЭХ

v.t. To measure by the delim (q.v.).

DELINGCI / ДЭЛЭНЧ

n. Midge, gnat, small fly.

DELLE- / ДЭЛЛЭХ

v.t. To cut the mane.

DELTEI / ДЭЛТЭЙ

adj. Having a mane.
-- cinu-a. Large wolf with very long hair on the nape of the neck.
-- modu. Elm tree.

DELYRE-

Same as delegyre-.

DEM / ДЭМ

n. Aid, help, assistance; dexterity, knack; method or way of doing something.
-- bolxu. To assist, give a hand.
-- giskigyr. Gangplank, stepladder.
-- olxu. To acquire a knack for.
-- øgky. To give help, aid.

DEMBERIL / ДЭМБЭРЭЛ

[T. rten hbrel] n. Presage, omen.

DEMCI / ДЭМЧ

n. Business manager (a lama) in a monastery; inspector, guardian, custodian.
nojan sang un -- . Major-domo of a palace.
xurim u -- . Person who is in charge of money matters at a festival or wedding.

DEMCILE- / ДЭМЧЛЭХ

v.i. To be or act as a demci; to manage money matters.

DEMEI / ДЭМИЙ

adj. and adv. In vain, futile; absurd, unnecessary; without reason or cause; aimlessly, to no purpose; so-so.
-- cuugixu. To make noise or squabble without reason.
-- dongyudxu. To talk nonsense.
-- kesyky. To ramble, saunter, stroll aimlessly, wander, loiter.

-- kymyn. Outsider, stranger; mediocre person.
-- sain ygei. Not too good, rather poor.
-- saγuγu. To sit idly, live idly.
-- xoγusun. Empty.
-- yge. Senseless words; words not to be taken seriously, immaterial remarks; nonsense.

DEMEIRE- / ДЭМИЙРЭХ
v.i. To be idle; to do impertinent or nonsensical things; to talk nonsense.

DEMEIREL / ДЭМИЙРЭЛ
n. The act of demeire-.

DEMNE-, 1. / ДЭМНЭХ
v.t. To aid, help, assist, support.
--zy keleky. To speak in support of.

DEMNE-, 2. / ДЭМНЭХ
v.i. and t. To seesaw; to weigh (also fig.); to balance.

DEMNEGYL- / ДЭМНҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of demne-.

DEMNEGYR / ДЭМНҮҮР
n. Scales; yoke (for carrying pails, etc.); seesaw.

DEMNEL / ДЭМНЭЛ
n. The act of demne-.

DEMNELCE- / ДЭМНЭЛЦЭХ
v. coop. of demne-.

DEMTEI / ДЭМТЭЙ
adj. Having a knack for; dexterous.

DEMZI- / ДЭМЖИХ
v.t. To help, assist, support.
sanal i --ky. To support a proposition.
sedkil ijer --ky. To give moral support.

DEMZIG / ДЭМЖИГ
n. Help, assistance, support.

DEMZILGE / ДЭМЖЛЭГ
n. Help, assistance, cooperation, support.
-- yzegylky. To give assistance or support.

DENCIN / ДЭНЧИН
[Ch. tien-ch'ien 墊錢] n. Pledge, pawn, lien, bond, deposit, mortgage.
-- dy baiγ-a ji tølyn abxu. To redeem a pawn.
-- talbixu. To pawn, give security, mortgage, hypothecate.

DENG, 1.
Same as deng.

DENG, 2. / ДЭН(Г)
Same as dijan.

DENG / ДЭН(Г)
[Ch. teng 燈] n. Lighting device, lantern, lamp.
-- barixu. To light a lamp.
-- yn gerel. The light of a lamp.
tosun --. Oil lamp.

DENGBE
[T. hding ba, gding ba] n. Small rug for lamas to sit on, esp. during service.

DENGDE- / ДЭНДЭХ
See døngde-.

DENGDEGENE- / ДЭНДЭГНЭХ
Same as dengdelze-.

DENGDEGYY / ДЭНДҮҮ
See døngdegyy.

DENGDELZE- / ДЭНДЭЛЗЭХ
v.i. To swing, sway (as a litter), wobble (of something tall); to be loose, unstable or unbalanced.

DENGDELZEGYR / ДЭНДЭЛЗҮҮР
adj. Loose, unstable (of something tall).

DENGDELZEL / ДЭНДЭЛЗЭЛ
n. The state of dengdelze-.

DENGDELZEMEL / ДЭНДЭЛЗМЭЛ
[n.d. of dengdelze-] adj. Loose, unsteady.

DENGKEGER / ДЭНХГЭР



adj. Very tall or high.

DENGKEI- / ДЭНХИЙХ



v.i. To be or appear very high, tall, or large.

DENGKELZE- / ДЭНХЭЛЗЭХ



v.i. To wiggle; to move, walk (of somebody or something tall); to be unsteady; to walk with a proud step, in a dignified manner.

DENGKELZEL / ДЭНХЭЛЗЭЛ



n. The act or state of dengkelze-.

DENGLY / ДЭНЛҮҮ



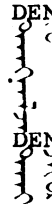
[Ch. teng-lung 燈籠] n. Lantern.

DENGNEGYL / ДЭГНҮҮЛ



n. Hillock, knoll; small mound of earth, turf, sod.

DENGNELZE- / ДЭГНЭЛЗЭХ



v.i. To tremble, swing, waver; to shake, quiver (as swampy ground, a bridge,etc.).

DENGNELZEGYR / ДЭГНЭЛЗҮҮР

n. Swamp, marsh, quagmire.

DENGNELZEL / ДЭГНЭЛЗЭЛ



n. The act of dengnelze-.

DENGSE / ДЭНС(ЭН)



[Ch. teng-tzu 戥子] n. Balance, steelyard, scales.

-- jin sumu. The wooden beam of scales.

-- jin tabaγ. A dish of a balance or scales.

DENGSEL- / ДЭНСЛЭХ



v.i. To vaccillate, oscillate, waver, totter, tremble; to doubt, be irresolute; to be[come] excited.

--yn kødelky. To shake, quake.

sedkil degen --ky. To waver, be irresolute, hesitate.

DENGSELE-



v.t. To weigh with a steelyard.

DENGSELEL / ДЭНСЛЭЛ



Same as dengselyl.

DENGSELGE / ДЭНСЛЭГ



n. The act of dengsel-; shaking, trembling; commotion, excitement.

DENGSELGE- / ДЭНСЭЛГЭХ



v.t. To bother incessantly.

DENGSELGETEI / ДЭНСЛЭГТЭЙ



adj. Jerking, jolting; swinging, swaying.

-- terge. Swaying, jolting cart.

DENGSELYGDE- / ДЭНСЛЭГДЭХ



[v. pass. of dengsel-] To be shaken, jerked, shoved.

DENGSELYL / ДЭНСЛЭЛ



n. The act of dengsel-; shaking, jerking; commotion, excitement.

DENGSELYMEL



[n. d. of dengsel-] adj. Swinging, swaying, tottering, reeling.

DENGSI- / ДЭНШИХ



v.i. To shake, jolt (as a vehicle); to go about doing nothing, loafing or gossiping.

DENGSIMEL / ДЭНШМЭЛ



[n.d. of dengsi-] adj. Shaky, jolting; loafing, gossiping, gadding about; lewd (woman).

DENGZI / ДЭНЖ



n. Hillock, knoll; terrace.

DENZI



Same as danzi.

DEPARTAMENT / ДЕПАРТАМЕНТ



[Thr. R. департамент] n. Department.

tøry jin --. State Department (U.S.).

DERBE- / ДЭРВЭХ



v.i. To flutter; to struggle (as birds or fish).

dalabci ijen --ky. To flap one's wings.

DERBEGELZE- / ДЭРЭВГЭЛЗЭХ



v.i. To flutter and open the beak (of young birds).

DERBEGER / ДЭРВЭГЭР



adj. Being large above and small below; widening toward the top; funnel-shaped; opened, gaping.
-- amsartai vaγaru. A vase widening toward the top.

DERBEI- / ДЭРВИЙХ



v.i. To be thicker or larger on top and thinner or smaller below, be funnel-shaped.

DERBELZE- / ДЭРВЭЛЗЭХ



v.i. To flutter, flap in the wind.

DERBELZEL / ДЭРВЭЛЗЭЛ



n. The act of derbelze-.

DERBELZEMEL / ДЭРВЭЛЗМЭЛ



[n.d. of derbelze-] adj. Fluttering, flapping.

DERDEGENE- / ДЭРДЭГНЭХ



[= dardaγana-] v.i. To be stiff and sticking out.

DERDEGER / ДЭРДГЭР



adj. Stiff and projecting.
-- cikitei . Having protruding ears.

DERDEI- / ДЭРДИЙХ



v.i. To be[come] stiff and projecting.

DER-E / ДЭР(ЭН)



n. Pillow.
-- cilaγu. Stone base.
-- debisker. Bedding.
-- jin ger. Pillowcase.
-- modu. Wooden neck rest; railroad tie[s].

DEREGIR / ДЭРГЭР

adj. Stiff and sticking out.
cikitei -- . Having protruding ears.

DEREI- / ДЭРИЙХ

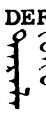
v.i. To become stiff.
--zy køldeky. To freeze stiff.

DERELE- / ДЭРЛЭХ

v.i. To lie on a pillow, use something as a pillow, rest the head on something.

--n kebteky. To lie on a pillow.
emegel --ky. To use a saddle for a pillow.

DERELEGYL- / ДЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ



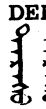
v. caus. of derele-.

DERELEL / ДЭРЛЭЛ



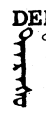
n. The act of derele-.

DERESY(N) / ДЭРС(ЭН)



n. Feather grass, broom grass, Lasiagrostis splendens.
-- malaγai. Hat made of deresy.
--n xor. Stipa inebrians.

DERESYTEI / ДЭРСТЭЙ



[= derestyty] adj. Having feather grass (frequent in place names).

DERESYTY / ДЭРЭСТ



See deresytei.

DERGEDE / ДЭРГЭД



postpos. At, by, by the side of, alongside; around, in the neighborhood, near.
-- baraγ-a bolxu. To be in the presence of a sovereign, ruler or a high lama.
egyden y -- . Near the door.
minu -- . In my presence, before me, beside me.
minu -- abcu ire! Bring (something) to me!
minu -- saγutuγai! Seat yourself beside me! Stop at my place!
xaγalγ-a jin -- saγuxu. To sit down at the gate.
zasaγ un γazar un -- . Belonging to or controlled by the government.

DERGEDEKI / ДЭРГЭДЭХ



adj. Being near to or around, being at the side of or in the presence of; near-by.
-- kymyn. One who is close or near-by.

DERKIRE-

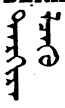


v.i. To run, race.
--n bosxu. To rise suddenly, jump up.

DERKIREL

n. The act of derkire-.

DERKIRELCE-



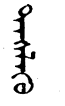
[v. coop. of derkire-] To hurry, crowd; to run here and there.

DES / ДЭС



adj. Following, next, subsequent, second.
-- daraγ-a. Sequence, order.
-- daraγ-a ber. In [proper] order, one after another, in numerical order.
-- daraγalan. In [proper] order, one after another.
-- desleky. To arrange in order.
-- duγar. Serial number.
-- ijer. One after the other, in file, according to order, continually.
-- terigylegci. Deputy chief.
-- tysimel. Deputy minister.
nigen zil un --. The course of a year, a whole year.

DESLE- / ДЭСЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To be next, follow; to occupy the second place; to arrange in a certain order; to be in a series.
--ky toγ-a. A series of numbers.

DESLEGCI / ДЭСЛЭГЧ



n. Lieutenant.

DESLEL / ДЭСЛЭЛ



n. The act or state of desle-; the next or following in a given order or sequence.

DESTEI / ДЭСТЭЙ



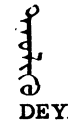
adj. Being in [a certain] order or series.

DEY / ДУУ



[Ch. tou 斗] n. A measure for grain equal to 10 šeng (q.v.).
-- ber kemneky. To measure by the dey.

DEYLI-



v.t. To touch lightly, playfully, or teasingly; to pat.

DEYR- / ДУУРЭХ



v.t. To carry somebody or something in front or behind, or in one's arms, while riding (on horseback or bicycle).

DEZYYR / ДЭЖУР



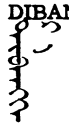
[thr. Russian, fr. French du jour] adj. and n. [Person] on duty, on guard.
-- kiky. To be on duty.

DGELYNG



See gelung.

DIBANGGAR-A / ДИВАНГАР



[S. Dīpankara] n. Name of an ancient Buddha.
ali -- jin. See under ali.

DIBIZI / ДИВИЗ



n. Division (mil.).
-- jin daruγ-a. Commander of a division.
jabaγan cerig yn --. Division of infantry.

DIBIZIJON / ДИВИЗИОН



n. Artillery battalion; cavalry squadron.
jeke buu jin --. Artillery battalion.

DICE / ДИЦ



n. Nickel.

DIDSI



Same as tedsi.

DITBARANZA



[T. Sdig pa + S. rāja] n. Scorpion.

DIG / ДИГ



n. Order, system.
-- ygei. Disorderly.

DIGDE



n. Gentiana barbata.

DIGLIM / ДЭГЛЭМ



[T. sgrig rim, sgrig lam] n. Order, system, regime.
-- ebdeky. To violate [law and] order.
-- sakixu. To maintain order.
neite jin --. Public order.

DIIZE / ДИЙЗ



[Ch. tieh - tzu 碟子] n. Saucer.

DLJAN, 1. / ДАЯАН, ДИЯАН



[S. dhyāna] n. Meditation, contemplation.

DLJAN, 2. / ДЯН



[Ch. tien 店] n. Inn, hotel.

DIJANCI / ДАЯАНЧ, ДИЯАНЧ

[= dajanci] n. Contemplator, meditator, recluse, hermit, anchorite; vegetarian (coll.).

DIKTATUR / ДИКТАТУР

n. Dictatorship.

DIL[A] / ДЭЛ

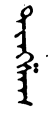
n. Sesame, Sesamum indicum.

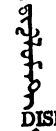
DINAMIK / ДИНАМИК

n. Dynamics.

DINAMIT / ДИНАМИТ

n. Dynamite.

DINGŠAГ

n. A pair of small palm-sized cymbals used in certain Buddhist rites; when clashed together they produce a piercing sound supposed to attract the birid (q.v.).

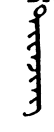
DIPLOMAT / ДИПЛОМАТ

n. and adj. Diplomat ; diplomatic.
-- xarilcaγ-a. Diplomatic relations.

DISRI

[T. sde srid] n. Province, district, kingdom; regent, administrator.

DISTIN-A

[R. десятина] n. Dessiatine, a Russian measure of surface equal to 2.7 acres.

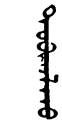
DIVAZING

[T. bde ba can, S. sukhāvati] n. The Buddhist paradise supposed to be situated in the West.

DIZYYR

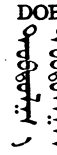
Same as dezyyr.

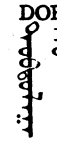
DOBDAI-

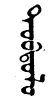
Same as dobui-.

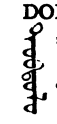
DOBTUL- / ДОВТЛОГОХ

v.i. To ride a horse at full speed, gallop; to attack, raid, storm (mil.).
--uγci. Invader, attacker, raider, assailant; galloping horseman.

--un daγarixu. To attack, assault.
--un daitaxu. To make war, attack.
--un ezeleky. To occupy by force, invade.
--un oruxu. To attack, invade.

DOBTULГ-A(N) / ДОВТЛОГО

n. Attack, assault, raid, invasion, campaign; galloping.
--n u . Offensive, aggressive.

DOBTULГA- / ДОВТОЛГОХ

[v. caus. of dobtul-] To cause to gallop, dispatch a runner or messenger; to cause to attack or raid.

DOBTULUГCI / ДОВТЛОГЧ

n. Galloping horseman; raider, attacker.

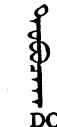
DOBTULULCA- / ДОВТЛОЛЦОХ

v. coop. of dobtul-.

DOBU / ДОВ

n. Hill, mound, knoll.

DOBUCAГ / ДОВЦОГ

[= dobucuγ] n. Elevated place, mound, hillock.
-- elesy. Sand dune.
-- toluγai. Hillock.

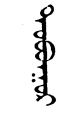
DOBUCAГTAI / ДОВЦОГТОЙ

adj. Having hillocks or low ridges.

DOBUCUГ

See dobucaγ.

DOBUГ

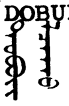
n. Top of a hill, peak.

DOBUГUR / ДОВГОР

[= tobuγur] adj. and n. Convex, protuberant, prominent, protruding; elevated; thick (as lips); elevation.

DOBUI- / ДОВОЙХ

[= tobui-] v.i. To be convex, protuberant, prominent, or protruding; to swell up, puff up.
--zu xabudxu. To swell up, swell and rise, bulge.

DOBUILCA- / ДОВОЙЛЗОХ



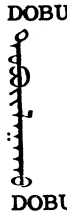
v. coop. of dobui-.

DOBUILГ-A / ДОВОЙЛГО



n. Anything convex or protruding; elevation.

DOBUILГA- / ДОВОЙЛГОХ



[v. caus. of dobui-] To raise, make something convex or protruding; to pout , stick out.

asaγudal i --xu. To raise or bring up a problem.

DOBUILГAMAL / ДОВОЙЛГОМОЛ



[n.d. of dobuilγa-] adj. Convex, raised, projecting.

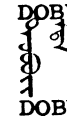
-- bej-e. Bas-relief. [Gu.] Image, statue.

DOBUIMAL / ДОВОЙМОЛ



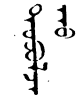
[n.d. of dobui-] adj. Convex, raised, protruding, swelled.

DOBUILTA / ДОВОЙЛТ



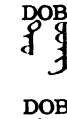
n. The act of dobui-; sculpture, carving.

DOBULZA-



[v. freq. of dobui-] v.i. To protrude or rise here and there.

DOBUNG / ДОВОН(Г)



n. Small round-top elevation, knoll.

DOBUNGTAI / ДОВОНТОЙ

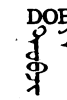


adj. Having small round elevation[s], hilly.

-- γazar. Hilly country.

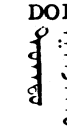
-- gybegetei γazar. Hilly country.

DOBZLJA / ДОВЖОО(Н)



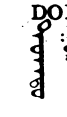
n. Platform, open porch; foundation.

DOГDUГALZA- / ДОГДГОЛЗОХ



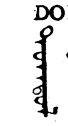
v.i. To skip along; to walk in an undecorous manner; to be fidgety.

DOГDUГUR



adj. and n. Projecting, sticking out; summit, top.

DOГDUL- / ДОГДЛОХ



v.i. To quiver, tremble, shiver, shake; to beat, throb, pulsate (of the heart); to be startled, frightened; to feel jolts,

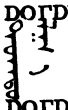
shocks, concussions; to make repeated noises.

--un kødelky. To shake, quake (as the earth).

jaγarazu --xu. To rush excitedly.

ziryke --xu. For the heart to throb.

DOГDULГ-A / ДОГДЛОГО



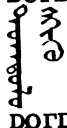
n. The act or state of doγdul-.

DOГDULГA- / ДОГДЛОГОХ



v. caus. of doγdul-.

DOГDULUSKI-



v.i. To shudder, tremble; to start, get frightened.

DOГDULZA- / ДОГДОЛЗОХ



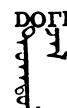
v.i. To shake, tremble; to be startled, frightened.

DOГDULZAГUR / ДОГДОЛЗУУР



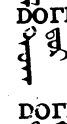
adj. Shaking, quaking, trembling; frightened.

DOГDULZAL / ДОГДОЛЗОЛ



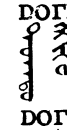
n. The act of doγdulza-.

DOГDUR / ДОГДОР



n. Pike, perch.

DOГDUSKI- / ДОГДОСХИЙХ



v.i. To start, get frightened.

DOГSID / ДОГШИД



[pl. of doγsin, T. drag gced , " terrible executioners"] n. The wrathful deities of the Lamaist religion, " Dokshit."

DOГSIN / ДОГШИН



[pl. dogsid] adj. Wild, ferocious; ruthless, violent, tempestuous, raging, terrible: severe, austere.

-- jabudal. Cruelty, brutality.

-- mori. Restive horse.

-- noxai. Vicious dog.

-- salkin. Hurricane, tempest.

-- temyr. Pig iron, crude iron.

-- yile. Ferocity.

-- zyg. Second half of the month (from the 16th to the last day).

kercegei --. Vicious, ferocious.

maγu --. Bad and ruthless.

DOГSIRA- / ДОГШРОХ

v.i. To become wild, violent, exasperated; to rage, become angry; to grow stronger (of the wind).

DOГSIRAL / ДОГШРОЛ

n. The process of doγsira-.

DOГSIRXA- / ДОГШИРХОХ

v.i. To become enraged, be carried away by anger; to behave brutally.

DOГSIRXAГUL- / ДОГШИРХУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of doγsirxa-] To make furious, put in a rage.

DOГSIRXAL / ДОГШИРХОЛ

n. Exasperation, rage, fury.

DOГTUR / ДОКТОР

[R. доктор] n. Doctor; physician, surgeon.
baγ-a --. Doctor's assistant.
jeke --. Doctor, physician .

DOГUCI

Same as doγula-.

DOГUDU

See doudu.

DOГUГSI / ДООШ

adv. Down[ward]; below; less than, under.
-- baγuxu. To descend.
-- xaraxu. To look down[ward].
arban tøgyrig ece --. Under ten tøgyrig(q.v.).

DOГUГSIDA / ДООШИД

adv. Below, down.

DOГUГSILA- / ДООШЛОХ

v.i. To go down, sink, droop, alight.

DOГUГUR

See douγur.

DOГUKILA- / ДООХЬЛОХ

v.i. To joke, bandy words with someone.

DOГUKILAL / ДООХЬЛОЛ

n. The act of doγukila-.

DOГUL-

See doγula-.

DOГULA- / ДОГОЛОХ

[= doγul-] v.i. To limp, be lame.
--zu jabuxu. To walk lamely.

DOГULANG / ДОГОЛОН(Г)

[= doγulung] adj. Lame, limping.
-- bolxu. To become lame.
-- emegen. "Limping old woman," metaph. for an incomplete rainbow.
-- nilbusu. Make-believe tears.
-- xancir. Water bird resembling the heron. [Gu.] Water rail, Rallus aquaticus, snipe.

DOГULAГUL- / ДОГОЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of doγul-] To make lame, cripple someone.

DOГULUNG

See doγulang.

DOГUNI-

Same as doγula-.

DOГUUR

See douγur.

DOГZIR / ДОГЖИР

n. A triangular pyramid of dough used in lamaistic ritual.

DOGI

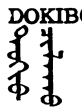
adj. and n. Experienced; expert.

DOGIRXA- / ДОГИРХОХ

v.i. To boast or be proud of one's experience.

DOKI- / ДОХИХ

v.t. and i. To beckon; to summon or signal with hand or head; to nod (as a sign of assent or invitation); to conduct (as an orchestra); to beat a drum; to rap; to doze, slumber, nod (as in drowsiness).
toluγai ben --xu. To nod.
uruγul ijer ijen --xu. To make a sign with one's lips.

DOKIBCILA- / ДОХИВЧЛОХ

v.i. To wave the hand, gesticulate.

DOKIГAR / ДОХИГОР

adj. Bent, crooked; stooping.

DOKIГUR / ДОХИУР

n. Small stick, drum stick[s]; stamen of a flower.

DOKII- / ДОХИЙХ

v.i. To become bent, crooked, or stooping.

DOKIJ-A(N) / ДОХИО(Н)

n. Sign, signal, gesture, hint, allusion, symbol.
-- ber jarilacaxu. To communicate with each other by signs; to pantomime.
γar ijer -- φgky. To make a signal or gesture with the hand.
nidyn y - - . Signal with the eyes, blinking, winking.

DOKIJA-

See tokija-.

DOKIJACI / ДОХИОЧ

n. Signalman.

DOKIJAL / ДОХИОЛ

n. Sign, mark, gesture.

DOKIJALA- / ДОХИОЛОХ

v.i. To make a sign, give a signal; to hint, allude to.

DOKIJALAГUL- / ДОХИОЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of dokijala-.

DOKIJASU(N) / ДОХИОС

n. Sign, signal.

DOKIJATAI / ДОХИОТОЙ

adj. Accompanied by signs or gestures.
-- yge. Words accompanied by signs or gestures; hint.

DOKIL- / ДОХИЛОХ

v.i. To gesticulate.

DOKILГA / ДОХИЛГО

n. Mimicking, gesticulation.

DOKILZA- / ДОХИЛЗОХ

v.i. To nod repeatedly; to agree with everything.

DOKIR-

[= tukir-] v. t. To slip a dog and incite it to chase game; to incite, urge.
noxai --xu. To slip dogs.

DOKIRГ-A

[= tukirγ-a] n. Chase, hunt; incitement, urging.

DOKIRГA-

[= tukirγa-, v. caus. of dokir-] To cause to hunt or pursue; to excite.

DOKIRГADASU(N)

[= tukirγadasu(n)] n. Hunting; incitement, urging.

DOKIRUL

[= tukirul] n. The act of dokir-.

DOKIRUMZI

[= tukirumzi] n. Inciting, urging, encouraging.

DOKIRZA

[= tukirza] n. Inciting, urging, encouraging.

DOLDAI / ДОЛДОЙ

adj. Hypocritical, insincere; toadying, fawning.

DOLDAILA- / ДОЛДОЙЛОХ

v.i. To toady, fawn.

DOLГUNCUГ / ДОЛГОНЦОГ

n. Greedy eater, glutton, gormandizer.

DOLГUNCUГLA- / ДОЛГОНЦОГЛОХ

v.i. To gormandize, be insatiable .

DOLGI- / ДОЛГИХ

v.i. To wave, undulate; to splash out; to be restless, tempestuous, irascible; to rush on.

--zu asxaxu. To splash out.

DOLGIJA(N) / ДОЛГИО(Н)

n. Wave, billow.

dayun u --. Sound wave.

gerel yn --. Light wave.

kei zai jin --. Gas cloud.

DOLGILA- / ДОЛГИЛОХ

v.i. To move in waves, float; to be undulated; to be agitated.

DOLGILAГUL- / ДОЛГИЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of dolgila-.

DOLGIN / ДОЛГИН

adj. Hot-tempered, quick-tempered, passionate; imprudent, careless.

-- mori. Spirited horse.

-- møren. A turbulent river.

-- zang tai. Of a fiery character, temperamental.

DOLGIRXA- / ДОЛГИРХОХ

v.i. To be hot-tempered or passionate; to be careless, thoughtless; to be giddy, fickle, or inconstant.

DOLGIS- / ДОЛГИСОХ

v.i. To move or rise in waves, undulate; to be agitated, impatient, irascible; to vacillate, tremble, shake.

--un cicireky. To be undulated.

DOLI-

v.t. and i. To change, exchange, barter, trade; to ransom.

DOLIГ

n. Exchange, barter; substitute; ransom.

cinu -- tu bi odsu. I want to go [as a substitute] for you.

DOLIГAR / ДОЛИГОР

adj. Crooked, crossed, squinting, cross-eyed.

DOLIГDA- / ДОЛИГДОХ

v. pass. of doli-.

DOLIГU / ДОЛИУ

adj. Crooked, curved, or bent.

DOLIГU-

Same as dolija-.

DOLIГUDA- / ДОЛИУДАХ

v.i. To become crooked, uneven.

DOLIГUL- / ДОЛИУЛАХ

v. caus. of doli-.

DOLIГUNA- / ДОЛИГОНОХ

v.i. To act servilely, ingratiate oneself, toady.

DOLII- / ДОЛИЙХ

v.i. To be cross-eyed, squint.

DOLLJA- / ДОЛООХ

[= dolyya-] v.t. To lick.

dabusu --xu. To lick salt.

xalayun cilayu --ysan kymyn. A person who has been through fire and water, wordly-wise person (lit.: one who licked a hot stone).

DOLLJABUR[I] / ДОЛООВОР

-- jar-a. Herpes of the lips.

-- xuruyu. Index finger.

DOLLJABURTU- / ДОЛООВОРТОХ

v.t. To develop herpes on the lips .

DOLLJADASU

n. Something to lick.

DOLLJAГDA- / ДОЛООГДОХ

v. pass. of dolija-.

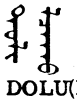
DOLLJALГ-A / ДОЛООЛГО

n. The act of licking.

DOLLJALГA- / ДОЛООЛГОХ

[= dolyyalya-] v. caus. of dolija-.

DOLILCA- / ДОЛИЛЦОХ



v. coop. of doli-.

DOLU(N)



Same as doluγ-a(ɑ).

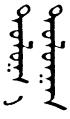
DOLUDUГAR / ДОЛДУГААР



ord. num. Seventh.

-- sar-a. July; seventh month.

DOLUГ-A(N) / ДОЛОО(Н)



card. num. Seven; sometimes used to express an indefinite or large number: many.

-- jangzu γaruγsan kymyn. Fickle person.

--n arsi. The seven anchorites (stars) in the constellation of Ursa Major (S. saptarshi, T. drang srong bdun).

--n burxan. Ursa Major.

--n doluγ-a . Seven times seven.

--n ebygen . Ursa Major.

--n γoultai. Tenacious of life, of great vitality (lit.: having seven arteries).

--n gem. Many sins or faults.

--n odun. Ursa Major.

--n sar-a. Seventh month, July.

--n xonuγ. Seven days and nights: a week.

--n xonuγ un. Weekly.

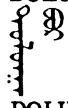
arban nigen sara jin --n u edyr-e. On the seventh of November.

DOLUГA-



See dolija-.

DOLUГABUR



Same as dolijabur[i].

DOLUГAГAD / ДОЛООГООД



distrib. num. Seven each.

DOLUГALГA-



See dolijalγaxu.

DOLUГAN-A / ДОЛООГОНО



[= dolunu] n. Hawthron.

DOLUГANTA / ДОЛООНТ

multipl. num. Seven times.

DOLUГAXAN / ДОЛООХОН



adv. Only seven, just seven.

DOLUГU-



Same as dolija- .

DOLUГULA / ДОЛУУЛ



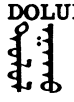
coll. num. All seven, seven together.

DOLULГ-A / ДОЛЛОГО



n. Varnish, lacquer.

DOLULГA- / ДОЛОЛГОХ



v.t. To [cover with] lacquer, varnish.

DOLUNU



See doluγan-a.

DOLURA- / ДОЛРОХ



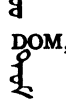
v.i. To fall out in spots (of hair); to come off or peel off easily (of bark).

DOLURXAI / ДОЛОРХОЙ



n. Bold spot on animals.

DOLUUBUR



Same as dolijabur[i].

DOM, 1. / ДОМ



[T. dom] n. Brown Tibetan bear.

DOM, 2. / ДОМ

n. Sorcery or ceremony for ridding of diseases or calamities; magic formula or cure.

-- kiky. To perform the magic cure.

-- un sudur. Sorcery book.

em -- . Medicine and magic cure; cure.

xar-a -- . Magic cure performed by a layman.

DOM, 3. / ДОМ



n. Lime tree, linden.

DOMBU(N) / ДОМБО(Н)



[= dongmu] n. and adj. Jug, tea pot; jug-shaped, oblong.

-- sikir. Sugar loaf.

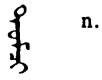
DOMBURA / ДОМБОР



n. A Kalmuk musical instrument resembling a lute; balalaika.

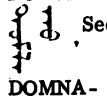
-- cokiku. To play the dombura.

DOMCI / ДОМЧ



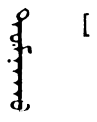
n. A person practicing dom (q.v.), sorcerer, quack.

DOMLA- / ДОМЛОХ



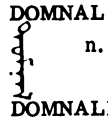
See domna-.

DOMNA- / ДОМНОХ



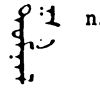
[= domla-] v.t. and i. To practice dom (q.v.); to bewitch, use charms; to cure, heal; to do something carelessly, negligently or superficially; to bungle.

DOMNAL / ДОМНОЛ



n. The act of domna-.

DOMNALГ-A / ДОМНОЛГО



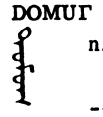
n. The act of domna-, curing through magic.

DOMU



Same as dombu.

DOMUГ / ДОМӨГ



n. Legend, fable; historical tale; joke, fun, ridicule.

-- kiky. To joke, jest, sport.

-- silyg. Satire.

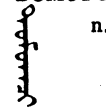
-- tuγuzi. Story, tale.

kymyn y -- bolxu. To become an object of ridicule.

ygen y --. Joke, satire, teasing, ridiculing remark.

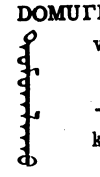
yliger --. Legend; the talk of the town; object of ridicule.

DOMUГCI / ДОМӨГЧ



n. Narrator of legends or fables; teaser; satirist.

DOMUГLA- / ДОМӨГЛОХ

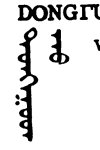


v.t. To narrate or compose a legend; to tease, ridicule.

--γsan yge. Mocking words, raillery, banter.

kymyn i --xu. To make fun of a person.

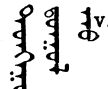
DONGГUD- / ДОНГӨДӨХ



v.i. and t. To make a sound; to cry, sing, chatter, cuckoo (of birds); to blame, rebuke, reprimand, scold, bawl out.

--cu aγasilaxu. To bawl out, scold.

DONGГUDUГUL- / ДОНГӨДУУЛАХ



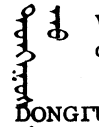
v. caus. of dongγud-.

DONGГUDUL / ДОНГӨДӨЛ



n. The act of dongγud-.

DONGГUS- / ДОНГӨСӨХ



v.i. To chatter, jabber, make idle talk.

demei jaγum-a --xu. To talk nonsense.

DONGГUSUL / ДОНГӨСӨЛ



n. Incredible story, cock-and-bull story.

DONGMU

See dombu.

DONGROI

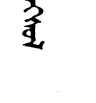
[T. ldong ros] n. Ochre, yellow varnish or paint.

DONGSI- / ДОНШИХ

v.i. To talk too much, babble, prate; to wander about idly, gad, saunter.

dongsin --xu. To talk nonsense; to talk too much.

DONGSЦACI / ДОНШӨӨЧ



n. Babbler, chatterer.

DONGSIL / ДОНШИЛ



n. The act of dongsi-.

DONGSOL

[T. mdongs gsol , lit.: " Please remember me," a prayer formula addressed to Buddha].

n. [Ko.] Felicitation, congratulation.

-- ailadxaxu. To felicitate, congratulate.

DONGSUL- / ДОНСЛОХ



v.i. To tremble, vacillate, shake, jolt (as a vehicle); to worry, be worried.

sedkil --xu. To be worried.

DONGSULГ-A / ДОНСОЛГОО



n. Jolting, joggling, bumping.

xataγu --. Heavy tremor.

DONGSULГА- / ДОНСОЛГОХ



v. caus. of dongsul-.

ciciregylyn --xu. To cause to tremble, excite, make feverish.

DONGXUI- / ДОНХОЙХ



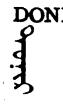
v. i. To be long-necked and big-headed.

DONGXUR / ДОНХОР



adj. Having a large head; big (of headgear).

DONIR / ДОНИР



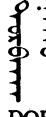
[T. mgrom gnyer] n. Clerk or secretary of a monastery.

DORAГSI



Same as doruγsi.

DORBAГANA- / ДОРВОГОНОХ



Same as dorbulza-.

DORBAI-



See dorbui-.

DORBI / ДОРВИ



n. Might, power; prosperity.

-- ygei. Powerless; poor.

DORBITAI / ДОРВИТОЙ



adj. Powerful, mighty.

DORBUГU / ДОРВОГО



n. Three-legged pot or kettle; flask.

DORBUГUR / ДОРВОГОР



adj. Sticking out, protruding.

DORBUI- / ДОРВОЙХ

[= dorbai-] v. i. To stick out, bulge out, swell, pout.

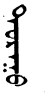
ama --xu. To sulk, pout.

DORBULZA- / ДОРВОЛЗОХ



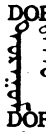
v. i. To move (of thick lips); to protrude, bulge out (of lips).

DORГU



See doruγu.

DORГUMDA- / ДОРГОМДОХ



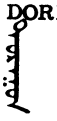
v. i. To grow feeble or weak, pine away.

DORГUMZI / ДОРГОМЖ



adj. Weak, feeble; good for nothing, useless.

DORГUN / ДОРГОН



n. and adj. Lack, deficit; insufficient, incomplete, indigent, poor.

DORGI- / ДОРГИХ



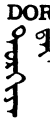
v. i. To tremble, shake, jolt, vibrate; to rumble, roll, peal, jar.

DORGIJ-A(N) / ДОРГИО



n. Trembling, shaking, vibration; rumble; echo, confusion.

DORGIJATAI / ДОРГИОТОЙ



adj. Jolting, shaking, vibrating; full of commotion, noisy; rumbling, jarring.

DORGIL[A-] / ДОРГИЛОХ



v. freq. of dorgi-.

DORGILAГUR / ДОРГИЛУУР



n. Vibrator; tympanic membrane.

DORGILALTA / ДОРГИЛОЛТ



n. The act of dorgila-.

DORGILГA- / ДОРГИЛГОХ



v. i. To sound, make noise, ring, echo.

DORIГUN / ДОРИУН



adj. Good, fair, decent.

-- kymyn. A nice person.

DORLIГ



[T. rdo rlegs = rdo rje legs pa] n. Name of a semidivine being or a group of five such mythical persons.

DORSUГUI / ДОРСГОЙ



adj. Protruding, sticking out.

-- sidy. Protruding teeth, buckteeth.

DORSUI- / ДОРСОЙХ



v. i. To protrude, stick out.

DORU / ДОР



adj. Weak, impotent, incapable, incompetent; having no good qualities.

DORUDA-



See dourada-.

DORUDU



See douradu.

DORUGSI / ДОРОГШ



[= doraγsi] adv. Downward, down; below, under, less than (with abl.).

-- baγulγaxu. To make go down, bring down, haul down.

-- jabuxu. To go downward.

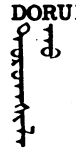
-- ygei. Not less, not less than.

dolγa naima udaγ-a ece -- ygei. Not less than seven or eight times.

egyn ece --. Below this, less than this.

xojar sara ece -- ygei. Not less than two months, at least two months.

DORUGSILA- / ДОРОГШЛОХ



v.i. To become lower, go down; to decline, fall into decay.

--n baγuraxu. To go down, decline, be degraded.

DORUGU(N) / ДОРГО



[= doryu] n. Badbadger.

DORUI / ДОРОЙ



adj. Weak, feeble, emaciated; weak-minded; suppressed, worth nothing; backward, uncultured.

-- baγurai. Backward, uncultured; underdeveloped; weak; oppressed.

-- xaraxu. To despise, look down on, regard as lowbred.

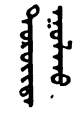
-- yndysyten. Low-class people, lowbred persons; backward nations.

DORUITA- / ДОРОЙТОХ



v.i. To become weak or worse, decay, degenerate, be degraded; to fall into misery or poverty, be ruined.

DORUITAGUL- / ДОРОЙТУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of doruita-] To weaken, cause to decline , degenerate, or to be degraded.

DORUITAL / ДОРОЙТОЛ



n. Debasement, degradation, deterioration, depreciation, ruin, decline, regress, weakening, depression, decay.

-- oruxu. To decay, decline.

nasun u --. Senility.

DORUITAMAL / ДОРОЙТМОЛ



[n.d. of doruita-] Weakened, degraded.

DORUIXAN / ДОРОЙХОН



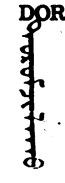
[= doruxan] adj. Somewhat weak, rather untalented.

DORUMZI / ДОРОМЖ



adj. and n. Low, abject, base; downtrodden, oppressed; dull; inconspicuous; humiliation, contempt; inferiority, weakness; object of contempt.

DORUMZILA- / ДОРОМЖЛОХ



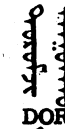
v.t. and i. To consider as inferior, despise; to blaspheme; to humiliate, insult.

bej-e ben --xu. To humble oneself, swallow one's pride.

burxan i --xu. To blaspheme a god.

maγu yges ijer --xu. To insult with words.

DORUMZILAGUL- / ДОРОМЖЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of dorumzila-.

DORUMZILAL / ДОРОМЖЛОЛ



n. Disdain, scorn; humiliation, degradation.

DORUN-A / ДОРНО



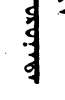
adj. and n. East, Orient; eastern, Oriental.

-- emyn-e. Southeast.

-- zyg. East, Orient.

-- zyg deki. Eastern, Oriental.

DORUNADAKIN / ДОРНОДАХИН



n. The East.

-- i sinzileky uxaγan. Oriental studies.

-- u. Eastern.

DORUNADU / ДОРНОД



adj. Eastern, situated in the east.

-- aimaγ. The Eastern Aimak.

-- nomuxan dalai. Pacific Ocean.

alus -- jin. Far Eastern.

DORUNAKI / ДОРНОХЬ

adj. Eastern, situated in the east.

DORUSLJA- / ДОРШООХ

v.t. To lower, humiliate, degrade, treat with contempt; to consider bad, poor, or inferior.

DORUSLJAGDA- / ДОРШООГДОХ

v. pass. of dorusija-.

DORUSLJAL / ДОРШООЛ

n. Lowering, humiliation, degradation, contempt.

DORUSLJALGA- / ДОРШООЛГОХ

v. caus. of dorusija-.

DORUXAN

See doruixan.

DORZIPALAM / ДОРЖПАЛАМ

[T. rdo rje pha lam] n. Diamond.

DOSI / ДОШ

n. Hillock, mound by a marmot's burrow.

DOTUGADU / ДОТООД

adj. Inter, interior, internal; Buddhist (as opposed to non-Buddhist, esp. Brahmanic).

-- baiγululta. Internal structure or organization.
-- bicigeci. Court clerk.
-- bodulγa. Innermost thought; domestic policy.
-- emci. Court physician, house doctor.
-- engger. The inner flap or fold of a gown.
-- jabudal. Internal affairs.
-- jamun. Imperial Cabinet or Chancellery (obs.); Department of the Interior.
-- jin dain. Civil war.
-- jin josun. The Buddhist way.
-- kereg. Internal affairs.
-- kereg yn jamun. Ministry of the Interior.
-- mongγul. Inner Mongolia.
-- nom. Buddhist doctrine, Buddhism (cf. γadaγadu).
-- nomtan u yzel. Views or tenets of the Buddhists.

-- nøkyr. Close or special friend.
-- said. Minister of the Interior.
-- sang. Treasury of the Imperial Household (obs.).
-- sedkil. Inner thought[s], secret thought[s]; conscience
-- udx-a. The innermost meaning or signification.
-- udxaci. Theologian.
-- xota. The Inner City of Peking (Ch. nei-ch'eng 內城).

DOTUGAZI / ДОТООЖ

n. Trousers, pants (honorif).

DOTUGLA- / ДОТОГЛОХ

v.t. To show one's deep affection or favor, be partial to.

DOTUGSI / ДОТОГШ

adv. Inward[s], toward the inside; into the interior or inland.

-- nebteregylky zyil. Import[s] (merchandise).

DOTUGSILA- / ДОТОГШЛОХ

v.i. To move or penetrate into.

DOTUGSIXAN / ДОТОГШХОН

adv. Slightly into.

DOTUGUR / ДОТУУР

adj. and adv. Inner, under- (of garments); along the inner side, within, inside; intimate[ly], private[ly].

-- bolxu. To become like a member of somebody's family, become intimate.
-- ece. From inside, from within.
-- xubcasu. Under-garment, underwear.

DOTUGURSLJA- / ДОТУУРШААХ

v.t. To consider someone close or favorite.

DOTUN-A / ДОТНО

[= dotunu] adj. and adv. Inner; inside, within; near, close, intimate; favorite, cordial.

-- jin nøkyr. Intimate friend.
-- tysimel. The favorite official of a superior or ruler.

γadan-a -- . Outside and inside.
γadan-a -- ece. From inside and outside.

DOTUNACILA- / ДОТНОЧЛОХ

v.t. To treat intimately, show favoritism.

DOTUNALA- / ДОТНОЛОХ

v.t. To treat cordially; to regard with favor; to show favoritism.

øber yn tusa ji -- . To be egoistic; to think only of one's own profit.

DOTUNALAГUL- / ДОТНОЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of dotunala-.

DOTUNU

See dotun-a.

DOTUR / ДОТОР

n. and adj. The internal or inner part of a thing; interior, inside; lining (as of a garment); entrails, viscera; sometimes inter-changeable with dotur-a.

-- debel. Underclothes, underwear.
-- ebedcin. Internal disease.
-- ebedky. To have stomach pain[s].
-- ece. From within.
-- ece duralaxu. To desire deeply.
-- γazar. China Proper (area within the Great Wall).
-- ijen sanaxu. To think to oneself.
-- maγu. Stomach trouble.
-- maγudaxu. To have stomach trouble or dyspepsia.
-- ømydy. Drawers (underwear).
-- tal-a. The inner side.
-- xubcasu. Inner garment, underwear.
-- zailγadasu. Mucous membrane of the intestines; inner lead lining of kettles.
-- ziryken y nøkyr. Intimate friend.
toryan -- . Silk lining.
xubcasun u -- . Lining of a garment.

DOTUR-A / ДОТОР

adv., n., and postpos. Within, in, among; in the course of, during, while; entrails, viscera; lining (as of a garment); sometimes interchangeable with dotur.

-- aγsaxu. To feel a pressure or spasm in the chest.
-- ben xorusxu. To harbor hatred.
-- boduxu. To think to oneself.

-- cixuldaxu. To become vexed or tourbled.
-- saraγul bolxu. To become clear within; to regain consciousness.
-- sege kiky. To be relieved from trouble or worry; to regain consiciousness.
-- sitaxu. To feel anxiety; to have a heartburn.
-- zaγatunaxu. To have a passion for, crave something; to have an evil craving.
aimaγ un -- . Within the territory of the Aimak.
axur xuγucaγan u -- . In the shortest time.
ebesyn y -- niγuxu. To hid in the hay.
ger -- oruxu. To enter a house.
kymyn y -- . Among or between men, in society.
xauli jin -- . Within the law.
xonuγ un -- . Within twenty four hours, for a day and one night.
ziryuγan sara jin -- . Within six months.

DOTURACA / ДОТРООС

[= dotur ece] From within.

DOTURAKI / ДОТОРХИ

adj. Being or situated within; internal, inner.

DOTURLA- / ДОТОРЛОХ

v.t. To line, put something on the inside of.

DOTURLAГUL- / ДОТОРЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of doturla-.

DOTURTAI / ДОТОРТОЙ

[= doturtu] adj. Having an inside; having a lining, lined.

-- debel. Lined clothes.
maγu -- kymyn. Evil or malevolent person.
saixan -- kymyn. Good-hearted person.
xar-a -- daisun. Evil-hearted enemy.

DOTURTU

See dotrutai.

DOUDU / ДООД

[= doγudu] adj. Lower, bottom.

-- bej-e. Lower part of the body.
-- debter. Last volume (of two or three).
-- uruγul. Lower lip.

DOUГUR / ДООГУУР

[= doγuγur, doγuur] adv. and postpos. Low[er] under.

-- jabuxu. To go under, below, or lower.
-- xaraxu. To look under; to look down.

DOUR-A / ДОР
adj., adv., and postpos. Humble, lowly, nether; worse, lower; below, downward, lower, under.
-- barixu. To humiliate.
-- bolxu. To become worse.
-- dour-a ben. Each individually, each for himself.
-- ece. From below, from under, from beneath.
-- γazar. Nether world, underworld, lowland. [Mo.] China.
-- izaγur. Humble origin.
-- todurxailaγsan. Explained or quoted below.
-- toγaciγsan. Enumerated below.
-- unaxu. To fall to the ground.
-- yzeky. To look down upon.
γazar --. Under the ground, underground.
iregsen -- ben. Immediately after arrival.
kymyn y -- jabuxu. To be under someone's command, be one's servant.
siregen y --. Under the table.

DOURADA- / ДОРДОХ
[= doruda-] v.i. To become low or worse; to deteriorate, degenerate.

DOURADAIГUL- / ДОРДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of dourada-] To lower; to cause to deteriorate.

DOURADAL / ДОРДОЛ
n. The act of dourada-.

DOURADU / ДОРД
[= dorudu] adj. and n. Low, lower; insignificant, inferior; lower class.
-- debter. The last volume (of two or three).
-- izaγurtu. Of humble origin, of low extraction.
-- jin xaγas. Last quarter of the moon.
-- kymyn. Person under authority, person of a lower class.
-- ojutu. Of weak spirit or mentality, of little capacity.
-- sidy. The teeth of the lower jaw.
-- tørylkity. Of humble origin, of low extraction.
-- uruγul. The lower lip.
-- zerge jin. Of a lower category.

DOURADUS / ДОРДОС
pl. of douradu.

DOURAKI / ДОРХИ
adj. Being below or situated below.

DOURAMZILA-
Same as dorumzila-.

DØB / ДӨВ
Intensifying adverbial particle used before certa adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable dø.
-- dørbelzin. Perfectly square.

DØCI, 1. / ДӨЧ
n. Grandson of zici, 1. q.v.

DØCI(N), 2. / ДӨЧ(ИН)
card. num. Forty.
--n dørben. The forty Mongolian and the four Oirat tribes.
--n jisyn xosiγu. The forty-nine banners of Inner Mongolia (hist.).
doluγan doluγan -- jisyn. Seven times seven is forty-nine.

DØCIDYGER / ДӨЧДҮГЭЭР
ord. num. Fortieth.

DØCIGED / ДӨЧӨӨД
approx. num. About forty.

DØCIKEN / ДӨЧХӨН
limit. num. Only forty.

DØCINEN
Same as tøcinen.

DØGYM
See døkym.

DØKY- / ДӨХӨХ
v.i. To approach, move closer, be close to.
yr caixu --myi. It is close to dawn.

DØKYM / ДӨХӨМ
[= døgym] adj. The closest, nearest, shortest, direct (of a road or way); convenience, expediency.

-- arγ-a. Convenient means, easy way.
-- bolγaxu. To alleviate, make easy or accessible; to make convenient or favorable.
-- i xaraxu. To seek something convenient, favorable, or expedient.
-- tusatai . Useful, advantageous, favorable.
-- ygei. Inconvenient, unfavorable, inexpedient.
-- zam. Shortest way, short cut.

DØKYMTEI / дөхөмтэй

adj. Convenient, favorable; expedient.

DØKYMZI / дөхөмж

n. Convenience, expediency, advisability; favorable circumstances.

DØL

n. Slope, declivity; even space or stretch on the slope of a mountain.
aγula jin --. Terrace or shelf on a mountain slope.

DØLGEN

See dølygen.

DØLI

See døly.

DØLIGEN

See dølygen.

DØLY / дөл

[= døli] n. Flame.

DØLY- / дөлөх

v.i. To be timid, not to dare.
xaldazu cidaxu ygei --ky. Not to dare approach.

DØLYDE- / дөлдөх

v.i. To flame, blaze.

DØLYGEN / дөлгөн, дөлгөөн

[= dølgen, døligen] adj. and adv. Gentle[-ly], calm[ly].
-- dayun. Sweet, warm voice.
-- urusxu. To flow gently.
-- zangtai kymyn. Person of a gentle character.
nomuxan -- dalai. Pacific Ocean.

DØLYGERE- / дөлгөөрөх

v.i. To become silent or quiet.

DØLYGY

adj. Slighly inclined, mildly sloping.

DØLYRE- / дөлрөх

v.i. To crack, become disjointed (as a barrel or cask from dryness).

DØMY- / дөмөх

v.i. To be barely able to make a living, eke out a miserable existence, live in poverty.
--zy azu tøryky. To live modestly.
--zy kyrky. To suffice barely.

DØMYG / дөмөг

adj. and adv. Useful, convenient[ly], satisfactory, rather good or well.

DØMYGYKEN / дөмүүхэн

adv. Scarcely, barely.

DØMYGYRE- / дөмүүрэх

v.i. To be barely able to do something.

DØMYGYY / дөмүү

adv. Scarcely, barely, passably.

DØMYNE- / дөмнөх

v.i. and t. To do carelessly, bungle.

DØN-E(N) / дөнө

n. and adj. Four-year-old male animal (bull, camel, or elephant); four-year-old male child (obs.).

DØNEZI(N) / дөнж

n. and adj. Four-year-old female animal (cow, camel, elephant); four-year-old girl (obs.).

DØNG / дөн

n. Prop, support.
-- modu. Supporting beam.
dour-a ece -- talbixu. To put up a prop, support from underneath.

DØNGDE- / дөндөх

[= dengde-] v.i. To go or be beyond the measure; to be too much or too many.
dabusu inu --ky. To be too salty.

DØNGDEGYY / дөндүү
[= dengdegyy] adv. Too, over, excessively; too much.
-- ideky. To eat too much.
-- olan. Too many.

DØNGDYGNE- / дөндөгнөх
v.i. To rise or raise oneself slightly and repeatedly.

DØNGDYGER / дөндгөр
adj. Protruding, sticking halfway out (as a plant from under the snow).

DØNGDYI- / дөндийх
v.i. To protrude, stick out halfway (from under something); to rise or raise oneself slightly.

DØNGDYIL / дөндийл
n. Stick for lifting the flap which covers the smoke hole of the yurt.

DØNGDYILE- / дөндийлөх
v.t. To raise the flap covering the smoke hole of the yurt with a døngdyil, q.v.

DØNGGE / дөнгө
n. Cangue, heavy wooden collar worn around the neck by convicts, shackles, fetters, irons, stock (for criminals).
γar un --. Handcuffs, manacles.
køl yn --. Shackles, leg chains.

DØNGGE- / дөнгөх
v.i. To be barely able to do something; to barely manage; to do something poorly or carelessly.
--zy. Barely, hardly, scarcely, somehow.
--zy amiduraxu. To barely manage to exist.

DØNGGEGYR / дөнгүүр
adj. Barely sufficient; somewhat or a little better.
-- mønggy. Barely sufficient money.

DØNGGEGYRLE- / дөнгөлөх
v.i. To manage, get by.

DØNGGELE-
v.t. To put a døngge (q.v.) on.

DØNGGELEGYL- / дөнгөлүүлэх
v. caus. of dynggele-.

DØNGGELEL / дөнгөлөл
n. The act of dønggele-.

DØNGNE- / дөгнөх
v.t. To prop up, support.

DØRBE(N) / дөрөв , дөрвөн
card. num. Four.
--n caγ. The four seasons; four o'clock; four hours.
--n ceg. Four dots used at the end of a paragraph.
--n gesigyn. The four extremities, hands and feet.
--n keyked. Same as dørbed.
--n nidytei noxai. A dog with yellow spots above the eyes, giving it the appearance of having four eyes.
--n sar-a. April.
--n ulariI. The four seasons.
--n y nige xubi. One fourth.
--n zaγu. Four hundred.
ene edyr --. Today is the fourth.
sin-e jin --. The fourth day of a lunar month.

DØRBED / дөрвөд
[pl. of dørben = dørben keyked] n.p. The Durbed, one of the four Oirat tribes; one of the banners of the Ulan Tsab League.

DØRBEDYGER / дөрөвдүгэр
ord. num. Fourth.

DØRBEGED / дөрвөөд
distrib. num. Four each.

DØRBEGYLE(N) / дөрвүүл(эн)
coll. num. Four together, in a group of four.

DØRBEKEN / дөрөвхөн
limit. num. Only four, not over four.

DØRBELZI(N) / дөрвөлж(ин)
n. and adj. Square, rectangle; cube; square

block; dice; diamonds (in cards); square felt cushion, square basket; square, rectangular, cubic.
-- ebesy. Lamium album (grass).
-- jin møryi. The stake in a game of knucklebones.
--n kegetei. Checkered.
--n øncyg. Right angle.
--n sikir. Cube sugar.
--n ysyg. Square script: the Mongolian script invented by Phags-pa Lama in 1269 (in Western literature usually quoted as Phags pa script).
bosuγ-a --n. Cube; cubic.
γonzuγui --n. Rectangle.
sonduγai --n. Parallelogram.

DØRBELZICI / ДӨРВӨЛЖИЧ

n. Dice player.

DØRBELZILE- / ДӨРВӨЛЖЛ

v.t. To make square.

DØRBELZITEI / ДӨРВӨЛЖТЭЙ

[= dørbelzity] adj. Quadrangular, quadrilateral.

DØRBENTE / ДӨРВӨНТ

multipl. num. Four times.

DØRGI-

See dorgi-.

DØRY / ДӨР

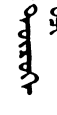
n. Iron or rope nose-ring (for cattle); lead rope (for cattle); rope handle of a basket; splint, cotter pin.

DØRYBCI / ДӨРӨВЧ

n. Halter; dog leash. [Gu.] Makeshift rope stirrups.

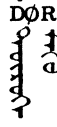
DØRYGE / ДӨРӨӨ(Н)

n. Stirrup; pedal, treadle.
-- temecemyi. [The horse] does not allow itself to be mounted (lit.: fights the stirrups).

DØRYGEBCI / ДӨРӨӨВЧ

n. Rope stirrups for donkeys or camels .

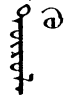
DØRYGEBCILE- / ДӨРӨӨВЧЛӨХ

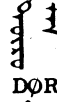
v.t. To put the dørygebci (q.v.) on.

DØRYGELE- / ДӨРӨӨЛӨХ

v.i. To put the foot in the stirrup.
døryge --ky. To put the foot in the stirrup.

DØRYGELEL / ДӨРӨӨЛӨЛ

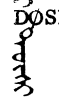
n. The act of dørygele-.

DØRYLE / ДӨРЛӨХ

v.t. To put in or furnish with a døry (q.v.); to restrain, subjugate.

DØRYLEL / ДӨРЛӨЛ

n. The act of døryle-.

DØRYTEI / ДӨРТЭЙ

[= døryty] adj. Having a døry (q.v.)
-- sebeg. Basket with a rope handle.

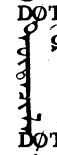
DØSI / ДӨШ

n. Anvil; metal bar for whetting scythes.
-- modun. Block of wood used as an anvil.
temyr -- = -- tømyr. Iron anvil.

DØTE / ДӨТ

[= døty] adj. and adv. Near, close, short, straight; abbreviated, abridged.
-- ber. Direct, straight, following a straight course.
-- teyke. Abridged or short history.
-- zam. Short cut.
kereg -- ber baraxu. To settle a case in an amicable way, out of court.

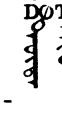
DØTECILE- / ДӨТЧИЛӨЛ

[= døtycile-] v.t. and i. To take a short cut; to consider near or close.
--n jabuxu. To go by the shortest road.

DØTECILEGYR / ДӨТЧИЛҮҮР

n. Short cut, shortest way.

DØTECILEL / ДӨТЧИЛӨЛ

n. The act of døtecile-.

DØTELE- / ДӨТЛӨХ

[= døtyle-] v.i. and t. To take a short cut,

go the easy way; to approach; to abridge.
yge --zy keleky. To give an abridged account, condense a speech.

DØTELEGYL- / ДӨТЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of døtele-.

DØTELEL / ДӨТЛӨЛ
n. The act of døtele-.

DØTERKE- / ДӨТӨРХӨХ
v.i. To display friendliness.

DØTERKEI / ДӨТӨРХИЙ
adj. Near, close, evident.

DØTY
See døte.

DØTYCILE-
See døtecile-.

DØTYGER
Classical form of dørbedyger.

DØTYLE-
See døtele-.

DØZIR / ДӨЖИР
adj. Tough, stubborn, obstinate; extremely lazy.
-- amitan. Stubborn creature, stupid creature.

DØZIRE- / ДӨЖРӨХ
v.i. To become stubborn; to become apathetic; to become deaf from harsh sounds; to dry, harden.
ciki --ky. For the ears to become deaf (as from noise).

DØZIRLE- / ДӨЖИРЛӨХ
v.i. To become stubborn; to become extremely lazy.

DØZIRLEGYL- / ДӨЖИРЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of døzirle-] To revive someone's courage.

DU, DY
Suffix of the dative-locative case. See dur.

DUB, 1. / ДУВ
Intensifying adverbial particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable du.
-- duγui. Very silently, without the slightest noise; perfectly round or circular. See duγui, 1 and 2.

DUB, 2.
See under dab.

DUBDUГUI
[= dub + duγui] See under dub, 1.

DUDURAI / ДУДРАЙ
n. Foal, the young of an ass; the young of small cattle; weak, sickly.

DUDURANG / ДУДРАН(Г)
n. Foal of a donkey.

DUГ, 1. / ДУГ
adj. Calm, tranquil, quiet; deep (of sleep).
-- geky. To take a nap, doze.
-- kiky. To take a nap, doze.
-- noir. Deep sleep.
-- ygei. Indefatigably, without respite, without interruption, continuously.

DUГ, 2. / ДУГ
interj. Check ! (In chess used in connection with the bishop only).

DUГANG
See dugang.

DUГAR / ДУГААР
[= dyger] suff. and n. Suffix of the ordinal numerals; number.
-- tabu. Number five.
nigedyger . The first.
xojaduγar. The second, number two.

DUГARLA- / ДУГААРЛАХ
v.t. To number, give a number.
des --xu. To number successively.

DUГARLAL / ДУГААРЛАЛ
n. Numeration, numbering.

DUГARTAI / ДУГААРТАЙ

adj. Bearing the number ... (bearing the No.).

DUГTUI / ДУГТУЙ

n. Cover, case, wrapping; cover of a book; envelope.
bicig yn --. Envelope of a letter.
der-e jin --. Pillow-case.
sudur un --. Cover of a book.

DUГTUILA- / ДУГТУЙЛАХ

v.t. To put something in a cover, case, or envelope.

DUГTUITAI / ДУГТУЙТАЙ

[= duγtuitu] adj. Enveloped, cased, covered.

DUГTUITU / ДУГТУЙТ

See duγtuitai.

DUГTURI- / ДУГТРАХ

v.t. To shake, rattle; to toss the head (of a horse).

DUГUI, 1. / ДУГУЙ

n. and adj. Wheel, bicycle; circle; round, circular.
-- ciraitai kymyn. Round-faced person.
-- jin byselegyr. Tire of a wheel.
-- kegetei toryγ-a. Silk with round design on it.
unuday --. Bicycle.

DUГUI, 2. / ДУГАЙ

[A contraction of dayu ygei] n., adj., and adv. Silence, reticence; silent, reticent, taciturn.
-- bolxu. To become silent, stop making noise, stop talking.
dub --. Completely silent[ly].

DUГUI, 3. / ДУГУЙ

n. Narrow bridge, plank.

DUГUICA- / ДУГУЙЩАХ

v.t. and i. To cross a stream on a small narrow bridge; to walk on something narrow; to walk on a tightrope.

DUГUILA- / ДУГУЙЛАХ

v.t. and i. To make an arc or a circle.

to form a circle.
--zu sayuxu. To sit in a circle.
dangsa --xu. To close an account.

DUГUILAL / ДУГУЙЛАЛ

n. The act of duγuila-.

DUГUILANG / ДУГУЙЛАН(Г)

n. Circle or group (e.g., political), revolutionary clubs (esp. under the Ch'ing Dynasty which opposed excessive taxes and the sale of Mongolian territory to Chinese settlers, etc.).
teyke surulcaxu --. History study group.

DUГUIRA- / ДУГУЙРАХ

v.i. To make or describe circles; to wind, curve; to go around or by a detour.

DUГUITAI / ДУГУЙТАЙ

adj. Having a circle, wheeled; having a bicycle
-- kymyn. Bicyclist.

DUГUL- / ДУУЛАХ

v.t. and i. To hear, listen.
todurxai --xu. To hear distinctly.

DUГULDA- / ДУУЛДАХ

v. pass. of duγul-.

DUГULГ-A / ДУУЛГА

n. Helmet.

DUГULГA- / ДУУЛГАХ

[v. caus. of duγul-] To bring to somebody's notice, inform, advise.

DUГULГALA- / ДУУЛГАЛАХ

v.i. To wear a helmet.

DUГULГATU / ДУУЛГАТ

adj. Having or wearing a helmet.

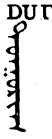
DUГUNI-

v.i. To be dizzy.
toluγai --xu. Vertigo, dizziness.

DUГURAГA

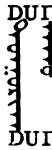
Same as duγurij-a.

DUГURIГ / ДУГАРИГ



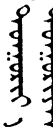
n. and adj. Circle, round figure, circumference; wheel (of a cart); globule; roller; round, circular.

DUГURIГLA- / ДУГАРИГЛАХ



v.t. and i. To make round, round off; to make a circle; to encircle; to surround.

DUГURЈ-A(N) / ДУГАРАА



n. Circle; a drinking vessel which is passed around.

--n dur sayuxu. To be seated in a circle.

egelzi --. Turn, shift.

DUГUZIRA- / ДУГЖРАХ



v.i. To get sleepy, doze off.

DUGANG / ДУГАН



[= duyang, T. hdu khang] n. Main assembly hall in a temple.

sym-e --. Temples in general

DUGANGCI / ДУГАНЧ



n. A monk who looks after the main hall of a temple.

DUL / ДУЛ



adj. Clear, serene, good, calm, bright (of weather).

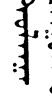
-- edyr. Serene day.

DULAГACA- / ДУЛААЦАХ



v.i. To warm oneself.

DULAГACAГUL- / ДУЛААЦУУЛАХ



v. caus. of dulayaca-.

DULAГACAL / ДУЛААЦАЛ



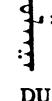
n. The act of dulayaca-.

DULAГALA- / ДУЛААЛАХ



v.t. To heat, warm up; to dress warmly, cover up warmly.

DULAГALAГUL- / ДУЛААЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of dulayala-.

DULAГALALTA / ДУЛААЛАЛТ



n. The act of dulayala-.

DULAГAN / ДУЛААН



adj. and n. Warm, heated (not of liquids); warmth.

-- ciraitai. Having a friendly face or disposition.

-- debel. Warm dress.

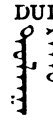
-- ger. Hothouse.

-- ilci. Heat rays, warmth.

-- orun. Temperate zone.

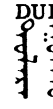
-- oruxu. To become warm (of weather only).

DULAГARA- / ДУЛААРАХ



v.i. To become warm (of weather and room temperature).

DULAГARAГUL- / ДУЛААРУУЛАХ



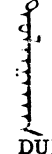
v. caus. of dulayara-.

DULAГARAL / ДУЛААРАЛ



n. The act of dulayara-.

DULAГAXAN / ДУЛААХАН



adj. Warm.

-- edyr. A warm day.

nidyn dyr --. Pleasant to the eye.

DULBA



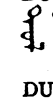
[T. dul ba, S. vinaya] n. Monks' discipline (part of the corpus of Buddhist Scriptures)

DULDUI / ДУЛДУЙ



[T. mkhar gsil, S. kakkhara] n. Stick, staff, pilgrim's staff, mendicant's staff; a stick or cane with rings, also used in religious ceremonies.

DULDUICI / ДУЛДУЙЧ



n. Mendicant monk carrying a duldui, q.v.

DULDUICILA- / ДУЛДУЙЧЛАХ



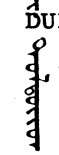
v.i. To have confidence in; to minister, serve; to do homage to.

DULDUICILAL / ДУЛДУЙЧЛАЛ



n. The act of dulduicila-.

DULDUID- / ДУЛДУЙДАХ



v.i. To lean upon a duldui (q.v.); to set hopes on, rely on.

tusalamzi dur --xu. To rely on assistance or help.

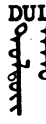
DULDUIDUL / ДУЛДУЙДАЛ



n. The act of dulduid-.

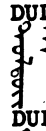
-- ygei. Without support, not leaning on anything.

DULDUILA- / ДУЛДУЙЛАХ



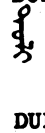
v.i. To have confidence in; to minister to, serve; to do homage to.

DULDUILAL / ДУЛДУЙЛАЛ



n. The act of dulduila-.

DULI / ДУЛЬ



adj. Middling, mediocre, average (cf. dyli).

-- kycytei. Of average fatness (of an animal).

DULLJ-A / ДУЛЛИА



-- bolxu. For the sky or weather to clear up suddenly.

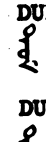
DULIMAГ / ДУЛИМАГ



adj. Insufficient, incomplete.

dutaγu --. Insufficient, incomplete.

DUM / ДУМ



See under dam.

DUMDA / ДУНД



n., adj., adv., and postpos. Middle, center; half; central; average, moderate, temperate; in the middle, among.

-- azi . Central Asia.

-- cimyge. Femur.

-- ji barimtalaxu. To be neutral, impartial; to take an average; to keep a happy medium.

-- kiky. To pour hal-full.

-- orun. Center, middle; Middle Kingdom, central, i.e. China.

-- surxu. To be a mediocre student.

-- ulus. The Middle Kingdom, China.

-- zerge. Middling, middle class.

edyr --. Midday, noon.

γazar un --. Halfway; half of the place or region.

γoul --. [In] the middle or center.

kyrijen --. In the middle of the court.

øbersed yn -- ece. From one's midst.

xojar eteged yn -- keleky. To mediate between two parties, act as go-between.

DUMDACI / ДАНДАЧ



adj. Of the middle, central, middle; mediocre.

-- kymyn. Person of mediocre ability; go-between.

DUMDADU / ДУНДАД



adj. Middle, central.

-- arad ulus. The Republic of China.

-- dalai. The Mediterranean Sea.

-- dorun-a. The Middle East.

-- erte jin yj-e. Middle Ages.

-- erten . Middle Ages.

-- γazar. The Middle Kingdom - China.

-- ulus. The Middle Kingdom, China.

DUMDAГUR / ДУНДУУР



adv., adj., and postpos. Through the middle or midst of, through the very center; in two, by halves; in the middle, among; incomplete, half.

-- ajaγ-a. Half a cup or bowl.

-- caγ. Half an hour.

-- sar-a. Half a month.

-- yne. Half price.

jeke --. A little more than half.

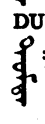
sibar un -- γarxu. To walk through the mud.

DUMDAГURLA- / ДУНДУУРЛАХ



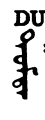
v.t. To split in two, pierce through the middle; to do a thing half way; to fill half-full; to reduce by half.

DUMDAГURLAL / ДУНДУУРЛАЛ



n. The act of dumdaγurla-.

DUMDAГURXAN / ДУНДУУРХАН



adj. Somewhat central; incomplete; half-full.

DUMDAKI / ДУНДАХЬ



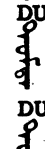
adj. Middle; situated or placed in the middle or between; central.

DUMDALA- / ДУНДЛАХ



v.i. To be in the center.

DUMDALAL / ДУНДЛАЛ



n. The state of dumdala-.

DUMDAXAN / ДУНДХАН



adv. More or less (in) the center.

DUMDAZI



n. Average, mean.

DUNDA, etc.



Same as dumda, etc.

DUNG



[T. dung] n. Big sea shell; shell; wind instrument made of a shell.

-- caγan. Snow-white

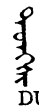
-- ylijeky. To blow a conch.

DUNGLI



n. Figures or figurines which are offered to the spirits.

DUNGSIIUR / ДУНШУУР



[= dyngsigyr] n. Hundred million.

DUNI



[= tuni] A contraction of dative-locative du+inu.

DUR, DYR / -Д , -Т (after р, г,с,в)



[= du, dy (after vowels and n, ng, m, l); tur, tyr or tu, ty (after all other consonants)] A suffix of the dative-locative case expressing direction: to, in, into; location; at, in, within; time: at the time of, during, while, when; purpose , reason or advantage: for the purpose of, for the reason of, for the benefit of; agent or instrument of a passive verb: by, with; possession (with the verb "to be" or comitative -tai).

abdar tur oruγulxu. To put in a chest or trunk.

araki dur soγtuγsan. Intoxicated with wine.

asaγuγsan dur. When asked.

bolzimar tur xubilxu. To change into a lark.

burxan dur sysygleky. To believe in Buddha.

caγasun dur biciky. To write on paper.

daisun dur alaγdaxu. To be killed by the enemy.

emyne zyg tyr. In the south.

ene on dur. Within this year.

γal dur tylegdeky. To be singed by fire.

ger tyr kyrky. To arrive at the house.

ger tyr oruxu. To enter a house.

idesi dyr keregleky. To use for food.

jaγun dur. For what reason? Why?

kymyn dyr yly yzegdeky. Not to be seen by others.

minu baγ-a dur. When I was a child.

nigen caγ tur. At one time, once.

nøkyr tyr nom øgky. To give a book to a

tegyn dyr bajasxu. To rejoice over it.

tegyn dyr mønggy bain-a. He has money.

tegyn y tuxai dur. For that reason; for his benefit.

tere lama dur nom ygei. That lama has no religious training.

tere ucir tur. For that reason.

usun dur jabuxu. To go after water.

usun dur orkixu. To throw into the water.

xotan-a iregsen dyr. When he (etc.) came to the city.

zarliγ boluγsan dur. When he spoke or gave a command.

zida dur nebte zidalaγdaxu. To be transfixed by a bayonet.

DUR-A(N) / ДУР



n. Wish, desire, wanting, liking, inclination; volition; arbitrariness; taste, fancy.

-- ber. Voluntarily, willingly, zealously, arbitrarily, to one's heart's content, as one likes or pleases.

-- ber abxu. To take as one pleases ; to take at one's own will, arbitrarily, highhandedly.

-- ber aγasilaxu. To behave as one pleases.

-- ber ijen jabuxu. To act or behave as one pleases.

-- ber ijen zangnaxu. To act arbitrarily.

-- bēr inu talbixu. To let somebody have his own way.

-- ber oruγsan cerig. Voluntary troops.

-- daruxu. To satisfy a wish or desire.

-- dur-a ber. Everyone according to his desire or whim.

-- γutuxu. To grieve, be sad or chagrined.

-- køde1ky. To desire, crave for.

-- kyrky. To have or develop a desire.

-- meden. According to one's desire, following one's wish or whim, arbitrarily.

-- øgky. To give in, yield.

-- ygei. Not liking, malcontent, dissatisfied; having no taste for, having an aversion for; unwilling[ly], reluctant[ly].

-- ygei bolxu. To become discontent; to cease to love or like.

aman -- ijer. (To speak) as one pleases, without discrimination or discretion.

bi jabuxu -- ygei. I do not want to go.

bi tegyn dy -- ygei. I do not like him (her or it).

jabuxu -- ygei. [He does] not want to go.

øber øber yn -- ber bolγaxu. To leave it to a person's wish, pleasure, or decision.
sain -- . Free will, voluntariness.
sain -- ber. Voluntarily.
sain -- jin. Voluntary.

DURAD- / ДУРДАХ



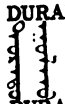
v.t. To mention, quote, enumerate, set forth; to slip in a remark, touch upon; to invoke, implore (gods).
deger-e --uγsan. Aforementioned, quoted above.
eneky xauli jin dotur-a ziγazu --uγsan. Provided in this law.
kymyn y gem i --cu keleky. To mention or talk about other people's faults.
sain i --xu. To praise (somebody's) virtues or good qualities.
tngri burxan --xu. To implore Heaven, the Buddha, or god.

DURADUГDA- / ДУРДАГДАХ



γ. pass. of durad-.

DURADUГUL- / ДУРДУУЛАХ



See duradxa-.

DURADULCA- / ДУРДАЛЦАХ



v. coop. of durad-.

DURADXA- / ДУРТГАХ



[= duraduγul-, v. caus. of durad-] To remind, recall to one's memory; to remember.

DURADXAL / ДУРТГАЛ



n. Mention , reminder; memory, recollection; souvenir.
-- baγuraγsan. One who lost his memory and became stupid.
-- ygei. Without mentioning ; against one's reminder.
baγ-a nasun u -- . Childhood memories.

DURADXALГ-A



Same as duradxal.

DURAKI



-- zøgei. Wasp.

DURAL



n. Desire, concupiscence.

DURALA- / ДУРЛАХ



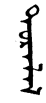
v.t. and i. (with acc. or dat.-loc.) To wish, desire ardently; to be incined or disposed toward something; to be fond of; to fall in love with; to hanker after, long for.
--n tacijaxu. To have a strong passion.
idegen dyr yly --xu. To lose one's appetite.
mønggy dy --xu. To be fond of money.

DURALAГUL- / ДУРЛУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of durala-] To arouse a great desire or feeling for something.

DURALAL / ДУРЛАЛ



n. Ardent desire, passion, love, inclination, covetousness; striving, yearning.

DURALAMAR[-A] / ДУРЛАМ



adj. Seductive, tempting, enticing, desirable.
-- ygei. Unenviable, undesirable.

DURAMAГCI / ДУРМАГЧ



adj. Ill-disposed, indisposed, unkind; cold.

DURAMAГCIXAN / ДУРМАГЧХАН



adj. Ill-disposed, indisposed; indifferent, unconcerned.

DURANG / ДУРАН

[= durung] n. Telescope, binoculars.
-- xaraγ-a. Optical sight, telescopic sight.

DURANGDA- / ДУРАНДАХ



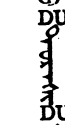
v.t. To look through a telescope or binoculars.

DURAS- / ДУРСАХ



v.t. To remind, remember, mention, inform.
--un jarixu. To mention.

DURASI- / ДУРШИХ



v.t. and i. To wish, desire; to develop an appetite.

DURASIГUL- / ДУРШУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of durasi-] To arouse desire or willingness; to allure, entice, tempt, seduce.

DURASLJA- / ДУРШААХ



v.t. To wish, desire; to do something according to one's desire.

DURASIJALГA- / ДУРШААЛАХ

v. caus. of durasija-.

DURASIL / ДУРШИЛ

n. Wish, desire, inclination; appetite.
-- egysgeky. To desire, have a mind to, be inclined to.
--negegeky. To [show one's] desire.
-- yly amuxu. For the desire not to cease.
cimadu egyn i abxu -- bain-a uu. Do you want to buy this?

DURASILTAI / ДУРШИЛТАЙ

adj. Desirable.

DURASUL / ДУРСАЛ

n. Recollection, memory.

DURASXAL / ДУРСГАЛ

n. Memory, commemoration, remembrance; souvenir; monument; slogan, catchword, motto.
-- bolγaxu. To commemorate; to give as a memento.
-- un cilaγu. Monument, memorial stone.
-- un temdeg. Memo, note; monument, memorial.
-- un xaγalγ-a. Triumphal gate or arch.

DURASXALTAI / ДУРСГАЛТАЙ

[= durasxaltu] adj. Memorable, remarkable, noticeable.

DURASXALTU / ДУРСГАЛТ

See durasxaltai.
-- edyr. Memorial day; memorable day.

DURATAI / ДУРТАЙ

adj. and adv. Willing, liking, desiring, inclined, disposed to; voluntary; willingly; voluntarily.
-- ber. With pleasure, willingly.
-- dur-a ygei. Willy-nilly.
-- jabuxu. To go gladly, willingly.
asaγuxu dur --. One who likes to ask questions.
bej-e bej-e degen --. Having mutual affection or love.
ygen dy --. Talkative; (one) who likes to listen in.

DURDUM

Same as durdung

DURDUNG / ДУРДАН(Г)

n. Crepe (fabric), silk.
-- alciγur. Silk kerchief.
-- byse. Silk belt.

DURM-A

[= durum-a, T. gtor ma, S. bali] n. Dough kneaded in many different shapes offered as food to deities in religious ceremonies, esp. in "tantric" rites.

DURMUSU

See tormusu(n).

DURUI- / ДУРАЙХ

v.i. To be clearly visible; to strike or catch the eyes.

DURUIMAL / ДУРАЙМАЛ

[n. d. of durui-] adj. Very clear, quite visible.

DURUM-A

See durm-a.

DURUNG

See durang.

DURUSU(N) / ДУРС

n. Shell, bark, specif. bark of the birch tree.
-- øbciky. To scratch off the bark.

DURVA

[s. dūrvā , grass] n. "Durva" grass. Agrostis linearis, Panicum dactylon (plant).

DUSA-, etc.

Same as dusu-, etc.

DUSU- / ДУСАХ

v.i. To drip; to fall in drops, trickle, leak.
boruγan --mui. Rain falls in drops.

DUSUBURI / ДУСВАР

n. Drop(of liquids,including medicine).

DUSUГA- / ДУСААХ

[v. caus. of dusu-] To make drip, drop, pour in drops; to sprinkle; to spill.

araki --xu. To perform a libation of an alcoholic beverage.
nidyn dyr em --xu. To put a drop (or drops) of medicine into the eye.

DUSUГADASU(N) / ДУСААДАС

n. Drop[s] of water; drop, clot; defilement, impurity; gout.

DUSUГAГDA- / ДУСГААГДАХ

v. pass. of dusuγa-.

DUSUГAГUR / ДУСААГУУР

n. Pipette, medicine dropper.

DUSUГAL / ДУСААЛ

n. The act of pouring out drop by drop; drop[s].
boruγan u --. Rain drop[s].

DUSUГALГA- / ДУСААЛГАХ

v. caus. of dusuγa-.

DUSUL / ДУСАЛ

[transl. from T. thig le = S. bindu] n. Drip, drop; gout; seminal fluid, sperm; dots (specifically the diacritic for the letter transcribed as γ :).
-- talbixu. To put dots.
-- un saba. Scrotum .
caγan -- . Planet Venus.
nigen -- boruγan. A drop of rain, rain drop.

DUSUL- / ДУСЛАХ

[v. freq. of dusu-] v.i. To trickle, drip, drop.

DUSULALГA / ДУСЛАЛГА

n. Dripping, trickling.

DUSULГA- / ДУСАЛГАХ

[v. caus. of dusul-] To drop.

DUSULTA / ДУСАЛТ

n. The act of dusu-.

DUTA- / ДУТАХ

v.i. To be insufficient, short, lacking, scarce; to suffer shortage of.
cidal --xu. To lack ability.
mønggy --xu. To be short of money.

DUTAГA-, 1. / ДУТААХ

[v. caus. of duta-] To cause insufficiency, cause to be lacking or missing.

DUTAГA-, 2. / ДУТААХ

v.i. To run away, flee, escape.
--n buruγudxu. To take flight, flee.
--xu γazar. Refuge, retreat, asylum.
bucazu --xu. To run back, flee.
tøb ece --xu kycy. Centrifugal force.

DUTAГALCA- / ДУТААЛЦАХ

v. coop. of dutaγa-, 2.

DUTAГALГÁ- / ДУТААЛГАХ

v. caus. of dutaγa-.

DUTAГDA- / ДУТАГДАХ

[v. pass. of duta-] To be insufficient, defective, faulty, missing, lacking, absent.
--xu tølyb. See under tølyb.
zoγus --xu. To be short of funds.

DUTAГDAГUL- / ДУТАГДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of dutaγda-] To cause a lack or shortage, cause to be insufficient; to omit.
-- ygei ber. Without omission, in regular sequence.
tasijaran --xu. To commit an oversight, make an error.

DUTAГDAL / ДУТАГДАЛ

n. Lack, defect; insufficiency, deficit; mistake, blunder, omission.
-- γaciγdal. Lack, want, deficiency.
aldaγ-a --. Insufficiency, blunders, omissions, mistakes, errors.
baraγan u --. Lack of merchandise.

DUTAГDALTAI / ДУТАГДАЛТАЙ

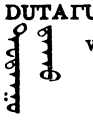
adj. Showing mistakes, errors, omissions, or defects; unsatisfactory, defective.

DUTAГU / ДУТУУ

adj., adv., and n. Insufficient[ly], incomplete[ly], lacking, missing, defective[ly]; crippled state; innate defect, invalidism, infirmity.
-- ber gyicedkeky. To execute or carry out incompletely.
-- duγulxu. To hear incompletely.

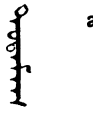
-- ji tølyzy øgky. To pay up the shortage.
-- kemziky. To measure insufficiently, give too short measurements.
-- saratai keyked. Prematurely born child.
-- takir. Invalid, crippled, maimed.
-- tøryky. To give birth prematurely.
erketen --. Invalid, crippled, maimed.
xubi --. Unlucky, unfortunate [person].

DUTAGUDA- / ДУТУУДАХ



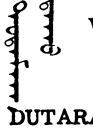
v.i. To [prove to] be insufficient, short , or incomplete.

DUTAMAG / ДУТМАГ



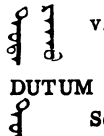
adj. and n. Insufficient, defective; too little; having an insufficient quantity; needy, poor; lack, deficit, delinquency.
-- jabudal. Deficit, insufficiency, shortage, scarcity.
-- yile yge. Deficient verb.
idesi --. Suffering from lack of food.

DUTAMAGDA- / ДУТМАГДАХ



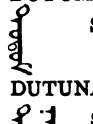
v.i. To be too little or insufficient.

DUTARA- / ДУТРАХ



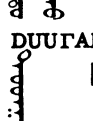
v.i. To lack.

DUTUM



See tutum.

DUTUNA-

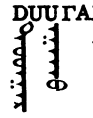


Same as dydyne-.

DUUGAR- / ДУГАРАХ

[= dagu garxu] v.i. To produce a sound; to sound, resound; to roll (as thunder).
--xu ygei saguxu. To sit without uttering a word.
buu --xu. For a gunshot to be heard.
yge --xu. To speak out.

DUUGARGA- / ДУГАРГАХ



v. caus. of duugar-; to play (a musical in - strument).

DUULGAR / ДУУЛГАР



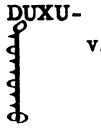
n. Obedience.

DUXU / ДУХ



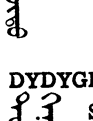
n. Front part of the head, forehead (colloq.); a "star," mark on the forehead of a horse; occiput, back of the head (dialect.).
-- dour-a. Lower part of the forehead.
-- dour-a ece xagaxu. To scowl; to look askance.

DUXU- / ДУХАХ



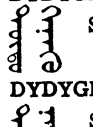
v.i. To almost reach; to be almost as large or big; to be almost as much as; to barely pass through.

DYDY



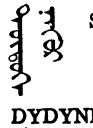
[Ch. tu - tu 都督] n. Military governor of a Chinese province.

DYDYGENE-



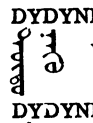
Same as dydyne-.

DYDYGENEGYR



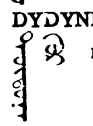
Same as dydynegyr.

DYDYNE- / ДУДНЭХ



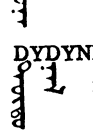
v.i. To mumble, mutter, talk indistinctly.

DYDYNEGYR / ДУДНҮҮР



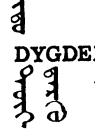
n. Mumbling, indistinct talking.

DYDYNEL / ДУДНЭЛ



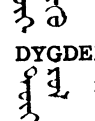
n. The act of dydyne-.

DYGDER- / ДУГДРЭХ



v.i. To be hesitant, stumble, stammer.

DYGDERYL / ДУГДРЭЛ



n. The act of dygder-.

DYGER



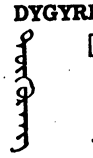
See duyar.

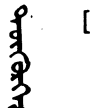
DYGYR- / ДУУРЭХ

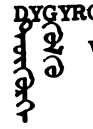


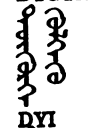
[= degyr-] v.i. To be[come] filled or full; (fig.) to expire, finish, end (of time or events); to be completed or finished.
-- tel-e. Until something becomes full, to the brim; to the end, completely, to the utmost extent.
--ygsen! It is all up! That does it! All is lost! (interj. expressing failure or despair).
--ygsen kymyn. A person for whom there is no hope; shameless or impudent person.

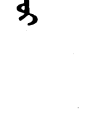
tergen dyr kymyn --bei. The car is filled to capacity with people.

DYGYRENG / ДҮҮРЭН(Г)

[= degyren, degyreng, degyrin] adj. and adv. Full, filled; complete, perfect; fully, completely, perfectly.
-- busu. Imcomplete.
-- busu ber. Not in full, not entirely, not quite.
-- ciraitai. Full-faced.
-- erke. Plenary powers.
-- erketei. Plenipotentiary.
-- ijer. Fully, completely.
-- kiky. To fill up.
-- todurxai. Quite clearly, evidently.
byrin -- [ijer]. Fully and completely, perfectly, entirely.
ger -- inijedyn bolbai. The house was filled with laughter.
gyiced -- ijer. Fully, completely, perfectly, entirely.
ɸcyken -- yn caγ. " The time of the small abundance" : the beginning of summer.
sedkil -- . Having peace of mind, calm, content, satisfied.

DYGYRGE- / ДҮҮРГЭХ

[v. caus. of dygyr-] To fill, fill out; to carry out; to complete, finish, supplement; to cause or allow to elapse.
azil ijen --ky. To finish one's work.
suryaγuli --ky. To finish or graduate from a school.

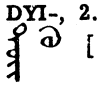
DYGYRGEGYL- / ДҮҮРГҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of dygyrge-.

DYGYRGEGYLGE- / ДҮҮРГҮҮЛГЭХ

v. caus. of dygyrgegyl-.

DYI / ДҮЙ

n. Skill, dexterity.
-- mayutai. Awkward, clumsy.
-- ygei. Not skillful.

DYI-, 1. / ДҮЙХ

v.t. To receive a discount; to buy wholesale and cheap.

DYI-, 2. / ДҮЙХ

[Ch. tui 對] v.i. To be right or correct.

DYIBE- / ДҮЙВЭХ

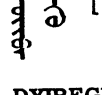
[= tyibe-] v.i. To be excited or alarmed; to be in a panic.

DYIBED-

v.i. To sound, make a noise.

DYIBEDKE-

[v. caus. of dyibed-] To make a sound, noise, or racket.

DYIBEGE- / ДҮЙВЭЭХ

[v. caus. of dyibe-] v.t. To cause a disturbance, alarm.

DYIBEGEL / ДҮЙВЭЭЛ

n. The act of dyibege-.

DYIBEGELE- / ДҮЙВЭЭЛЭХ

v.i. To make noise; to echo.

DYIBEGELEL / ДҮЙВЭЭЛЭЛ

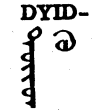
n. The act of dyibegele-.

DYIBEGEN / ДҮЙВЭЭН

n. Noise, clamor; commotion, disturbance.

DYIBEGENTEI / ДҮЙВЭЭНТЭЙ

adj. Sonorous, noisy, clamorous; disturbed, agitated.

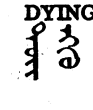
DYIBEN

Same as dyibegen.

DYID-

v.i. To be held up, hindered, stopped by an obstacle.

DYIL- / ДҮЙЛЭХ

v.t. To shave.

DYILGE- / ДҮЙЛГЭХ

[v. caus. of dyi-] v.t. To fit, adjust, make right or correct.

DYINGGY / ДҮЙНГЭ

adj. Silly, foolish.

DYINGGYRE- / ДУЙНГЭРЭХ

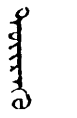
v.i. To be stunned, deafened (by a loud noise).

DYINGGYREL / ДУЙНГЭРЭЛ

n. The state of dyinggyre-.

DYINGGYTE- / ДУЙНГЭТЭХ

v.i. To be silly or foolish.

DYIRE- / ДУЙРЭХ

v.i. To be confounded, stunned, or stupefied; to faint, feel giddy or dizzy; to feel a ringing in the ears; to be at a loss what to do.

DYIREGSI- / ДУЙРЭГШИХ

v.i. To become foolish or senseless.

DYIREGYL- / ДУЙРУУЛЭХ

[v. caus. of dyire-] To stun, deafen, to anesthetize; to fool.

DYIREGYY / ДУЙРУУ

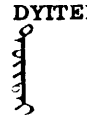
adj. Foolish, stupid.

DYIRENG / ДУЙРЭН

n. and adj. Idiot; idiotic, stupid, foolish, simple-minded.

DYIRYG / ДУЙРЭГ

adj. Foolish, absurd; incoherent.

DYITEI / ДУЙТЭЙ

adj. Dexterous, apt, skillful
-- kymyn. A dexterous person.

DYIZE / ДУЙЗ

[Ch. tui-tzŭ 對子] n. Pair, a pair of scrolls.
-- dyize ber. In pairs.

DYIZELE- / ДУЙЗЛЭХ

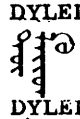
v.t. To arrange in pairs.

DYLEI, 1. / ДУЛИЙ

adj. Deaf; dull, lusterless, not transparent, clouded.
-- balai. Blockhead, numbskull, dunce.
-- sil. Frosted glass.
nige ciki inu --. One ear is deaf.

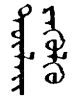
DYLEI, 2. / ДУЛИЙ

tngri jin --. Raincoat.

DYLEID- / ДУЛИЙДЭХ

v.i. To be[come] deaf, have poor hearing.

DYLEIRE- / ДУЛИЙРЭХ

v.i. To grow deaf; to be apathetic or indifferent.

DYLEIREGYL- / ДУЛИЙРУУЛЭХ

[v. caus. of dylerire-] v.t. To deafen, make deaf.

DYLEIREL / ДУЛИЙРЭЛ

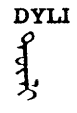
n. Deafness.

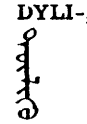
DYLEIRKE- / ДУЛИЙРХЭХ

v.i. To pretend not to hear, simulate deafness.

DYLER

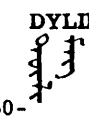
Same as dylei, 1.

DYLI / ДУЛ

n., adj., and adv. Half, middle; middle of the day or night, noon, midnight; middling, mediocre, average; halfway, partly.
-- beietei. Of average height.
-- calγsan. Half grey, partly grey (of hair).
-- dumda. Average.
-- mori. Mediocre horse.
-- zil. Mediocre or average year (neither good nor bad).
edyr --. Noon, at noon, in broad daylight.
šøni --. Midnight.
xojar --. The two "middles" (noon and midnight).

DYLI-, 1. / ДУЛЭХ

v.i. To spend a night without sleep.
søni --n jabuxu. To go or travel through the night.

DYLI-, 2. / ДУЛЭХ

v.i. To strain the abdominal muscles to force a bowel movement or in birth pains; to have difficulty in speaking before a dignitary; to exert oneself, moan with exertion.

DYLIMEG / ДУЛМЭГ

adj. (One) who sists up or stays awake all night; sleepless.

DYLITY

adj. Middle, mean, half.

DYNG, 1. / ДУН(Г)

n. Total, sum; summary; conclusion, result, outcome, issue.
-- ijer. In full, in a lump.
-- kiky. To sum up, summarize.
-- toγ-a. Sum, sum total.
bygyde xural un --. The results of the plenary session.
byky --. Grand total.
sain -- yzegylky. To show good results.

DYNG, 2. / ДУН(Г)

-- γuva [Ch. tung - kua 冬瓜] Winter melon. [Gu.] Green marrow; Benincasa cerifera.
-- kyiten. The coldest time of winter; bitter cold.

DYNGGINE- / ДУНГЭНЭХ

v.i. To make a hollow sound, resound; to make a rumbling sound; to hum.
--kyi daγun. Deafening noise; humming of bees.
--kyi dingšaγ. A copper cymbal which is beaten with a stick.
--zy jabuxu. To go, march, proceed with great noise.

DYNGGINEGYR / ДУНГЭНҮҮР

adj. and n. Making a hollow noise; a five-gallon gasoline can.

DYNGGYR / ДУНГЭР

n. Shaman's drum (a large, shallow one -headed drum beaten with a curved stick).

DYNGGYRDE- / ДУНГЭРДЭХ

v.i. To beat a drum.

DYNGLE- / ДУНЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To sum up; to result; to draw conclusions.

DYNGNE- / ДУГНЭХ

v.i. To sum up.

DYNGNELTE / ДУГНЭЛТ

n. The act of summing up; total, sum; conclusion.

DYNGSE(N) / ДУНС(ЭН)

n. Pipe tobacco.
--n tamiki. Pipe tobacco.
noγuγan --. Chinese tobacco.
ulaγan --. Russian tobacco.

DYNGSIGYR / ДУНЧҮҮР

See dungsiγur.

DYNGSYGER / ДУНСГЭР

n. and adj. Morose[ness], melancholy, sorrow [ful]; desolate, bleak.

DYNGSYI- / ДУНСИЙХ

v.i. To be silent, maintain one's silence (as from shame); to be morose, sulky, pensive, melancholic; to look askance.
--n. Silently, morosely.
--zy saγuxu. To sit still and silently.

DYNGSYILCE- / ДУНСИЙЛЦЭХ

[v. coop. of dyngsyi-] To be silent, pensive, or melancholic (of more than one person).

DYRBE-

Same as dyrbi-.

DYRBEL / ДУРВЭЛ

n. Hindrance, handicap, obstruction, delay.
-- ygei. Without obstacle, hindrance, or delay.

DYRBELE-

v.t. To hinder, prevent, obstruct; to delay.
--kyi torxui ygei. Without the slightest obstacle.

DYRBELTY

adj. Having an obstacle, being hindered or delayed.

DYRBELZE- / ДУРВЭЛЗЭХ

v.i. To blaze, flame.

DYRBI- / ДУРВЭХ

v.i. To be frightened, panic-stricken; to run or flee in panic.

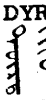
DYRBIGE- / ДУРВЭЭХ

[v. caus. of dyrbi-] To cause a panic; to rout.

DYRBIGINE-

v.i. To crackle, sparkle, blaze (of a flame).

DYRDKI- / ДУРДХИЙХ



v.i. To leap or jump up; to fly up.

DYRE-



See dyry-.

DYRGE- / ДУРГЭХ



[= dyrgi-] v.i. To make noise, be tumultuous; to raise a hubbub.

DYRGERE- / ДУРГЭРЭХ



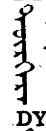
v.i. To be noisy, raise a hubbub.
--n ireky. To arrive with a great noise.

DYRGEREL / ДУРГЭРЭЛ



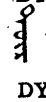
n. The act of dyrgere-.

DYRGERELCE- / ДУРГЭРЭЛЦЭХ



v. coop. of dyrgere-.

DYRGI-



See dyrge-.

DYRI / ДУР



n. Shape, form, outline, figure; complexion, appearance, expression of the face; view, look; symptom.
-- belge. Sign, characterstic mark.
-- cirai. Face, complexion.
-- josu. Habit, usage.
-- xubilxui. Transformation of the shape.
-- ygei. Disfigured, ugly.
nirvan u -- yzegylky. "To show the aspect of entering nirvāna," originally said of the Buddha; to die (of a dignitary).
yly alladxu jin -- ber asaγuxu. To ask feigning ignorance.

DYRI-



See dyry-.

DYRIM / ДУРЭМ



n. Statute, rule, regulation, law, legislation.
-- γarγaxu. To give an example, be a model; to make a rule or law.
-- josu. Regulation[s]; custom[s], habit[s]; plan, pattern.
-- kemzij-e. Rule[s], regulation[s]; tariff.
-- toγtaγaxu. To establish rules.
-- xauli. Laws, legislation.

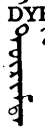
-- yzegylky. To feign, simulate; pretend, sham; to threaten.
kelen y --. Grammar.
kycyn ynelekyi jin --. Labor regulations.
tusxai --. Special rules.

DYRIMCI / ДУРЭМЧ



n. One who complies with rules; law-abiding person.

DYRIMDE- / ДУРЭМДЭХ



v.i. and t. To feign, pretend, simulate; to threaten.

DYRIMLE- / ДУРЭМЛЭХ



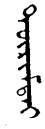
v.t. To act or do something according to the rules and regulations; to do something just for the sake of rules or laws; to follow (as an example).

DYRIMLEL / ДУРЭМЛЭЛ



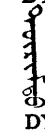
n. The act of dyrimle-.

DYRIMTEI / ДУРЭМТЭЙ



[= dyrimty] adj. and adv. Having a rule, regulation, custom, habit, regulated, prescribed (by the rules, etc.); systematically, orderly.

DYRIMTY / ДУРЭМТ



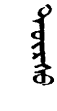
See dyrimtei.
-- xubcasu. Prescribed or formal dress; uniform.

DYRITEI / ДУРТЭЙ



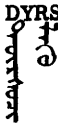
adj. Having a figure, shape, etc. See dyri.
køgsin --. Old-looking.
kymyn y --. In the shape of a man, anthropomorphic.
kymyn y -- baixu. To behave like a human being.

DYRSY(N) / ДУРС(ЭН)



n. Form, shape; figure; countenance, appearance; pattern, model; picture, representation, portrait, statue .
-- kelberi. Shape, model.
-- køryg. Portrait.
-- sirygyn. Ugly or fierce appearance.
-- ygei. Having no shape; outrageous, ill-mannered, mischievous, dissolute.
-- ygei bolγaxu. To disfigure.
-- ygei kymyn. An outrageous person.

DYRSYCILE- / ДУРСЧИЛЭХ



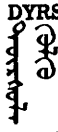
v.t. To represent, present, make according to a model, model.

DYRSYLE- / ДУРСЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To give a shape or a form; to picture, portray, represent, photograph; to liken; to assimilate.

DYRSYLEGYL- / ДУРСЛҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of dyrsyle-.

DYRSYLEL / ДУРСЛЭЛ



n. Picture, image.

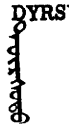
DYRSYTEI / ДУРСТЭЙ



[= dyrsyty] adj. Having a form or a figure of; material, fleshy, corporeal.

arslan u --. Resembling a lion; lion-like.

DYRSYTY



See dyrsytei.

DYRY- / ДУРЭХ



v.t. To put, push, or stick into; to slip in, insert, thrust in; to dip, soak, plunge, immerse.

γal dur --ky. To stick into the fire.

kituγ-a ber --ky. To stick a knife into.

selm-e ben xui du --ky. To sheath one's s sword.

uγuta daγan --ky. To stuff into one's bag.

xuruγu juγan usun dur --ky. To immerse one's finger in water.

DYRYBCI / ДУРЭВЧ



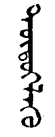
n. A kind of boots used for wading through water; a pack frame.

DYRYGDE- / ДУРЭГДЭХ



v. pass. of dyry-.

DYTYGLE-



v.i. To whistle, cry, call, coo (imitating the sound of birds).

E

E, 1. / ЭЭ

interj. Oh!

--, jaγakiγsan saixan bui! Oh, how beautiful it is.

-- ma ygei. Without uttering a sound, mute[ly], silent[ly]; unsociable, unaffable; stupid, imbecile, mute, dumb.

E, 2.

See A,[E]2.

-E / -ЭЭ

suff. of the dat.-loc. See also -a.

arban nigèn sara jin jisyn [edyr]-e. On the ninth of November.

tyrgen-e. Quickly.

EB, 1. / ЭВ

Intensifying adverbial particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with e.

-- erte. Very early.

EB, 2. / ЭВ

n. Agreement, harmony, peace; coordination; system, order; inclination; ability.

-- aryγ-a. Propriety, fittness, proper way.

-- ej-e. Harmony and kindness, harmonious friendship.

-- emki. Order, sequence, arrangement.

-- ijer. Artfully, skillfully; tactfully, diplomatically.

-- mayudxu. For relations to worsen.

-- nairamdal. Accord, harmony, peace, friendship.

-- nairamdal erkimleky. To be peace-loving.

-- nairamdal un boduly-a. Peace plan, peace policy.

-- naramdal un ger-e. Peace pact.

-- neilegylky. To adjust, fit together.

-- neileky. To agree.

-- nigedkeky. To agree.

-- seb ygei. Impossible to put together so as to make a whole.

-- xabu mayutai. Awkward, clumsy.

-- xamtu jin. Communistic.

-- xamtu [jin] josu. Communism.

-- xamtu zalayucud un eblel. Communist youth league.

-- ygei. Disunited, unfriendly; inconvenient, awkward; disagreeable; recalcitrant; unwell, indisposed; embarrassed.

-- ygei baidal. Disagreement, disharmony.

-- ygei ber. Unwell, indisposed (adv.).

-- ygei bolxu. To become unfriendly; to become inconvenient; to feel embarrassed.

-- ygei kymyn. Intractable or obstinate person.

-- ygeireky . To feel unwell.

-- zyi. Coordination, system, order.

dotur-a -- ygei bolxu. To feel indisposed or unwell; to be embarrassed.

eje -- . Peace, harmony.

eje -- ygei. Disharmony, disaccord.

xojar kymyn i -- ygei bolγaxu. To sow discord between two persons.

EB, 3. / ЭВ

n. Male beaver.

EBCE- / ЭВЦЭХ

v.i. and t. To reconcile oneself with, make up with; to embrace; to unite. Cf. ebse-.

EBCEGE / ЭВЦЭЭ

n. Reconciliation.

EBCEL / ЭВЦЭЛ

n. Reconciliation, friendship, union; embrace; sexual intercourse, coition; crossing, interbreeding (biol.).

boγuni -- . Short circuit.

EBCELDY- / ЭВЦЭЛДЭХ

[v. rec. of ebce-] v.t. To embrace each other; to be united; to have sexual intercourse; to be crossed, interbred.

EBCI / ЭВЧ

adj. Polite, pleasant; compliant.

EBCI-, 1.

[Mo.] v.t. To do something quickly or promptly; to ride or walk quickly.

EBCI-, 2.

Same as øbci-.

EBCIGYBCI / ӨВЧҮҮВЧ

n. Breastplate.

EBCIGY(N) / ӨВЧҮҮ(Н)

[= ebcigyy] n. Sternum, chest; brisket.
--n y jasu. Breastbone.
--n y mix-a. Flesh or meat of the chest; brisket.

EBCIGYY

See ebcigy(n).

EBDE- / ЭВДЭХ

v.t. To destroy (concrete or abstract objects), break, wreck, ruin, annihilate; to break up, rescind (as a resolution or agreement); to violate (as an oath, vow, rule, ethics); to transgress (as a law); to deprive (as of power, independence, or freedom); to disturb (as order or peace); to stir up (as a quarrel).
--n syidkeky. To ruin, destroy.
amur engke ji --ky. To disturb the peace.
emki ji --ky. To disturb, destroy the order, disorganize.
ginzi ji --ky. To break fetters.
josun i --ky. To violate ethics or mores.
kereg --ky. To spoil an affair or business.
masin i --ky. To damage or ruin a machine.
šašin i --ky. To destroy religion.
tusijal --ky. To deprive an official of his rank, dismiss from office.
zang --ky. To corrupt morals.

EBDECI- / ЭВДЧИХ

[perfective of ebde- or repetitive of ebdele-]
v.t. To break, destroy, ruin.

EBDECIGYL- / ЭВДЧҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ebdeci-.

EBDEGCI / ЭВДЭГЧ

n. Wrecker, destroyer; transgressor; violator, criminal.
-emki --. Disorganizer.
xauli ji --. Law-breaker, trespasser or violator of law.
zirum --. Disturber of law and order.

EBDEGECI / ЭВДЭЭЧ

Same as ebdegci.

EBDEGYL- / ЭВДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ebde-.

EBDEL / ЭВДЭЛ

-- ygei. Without breaking or violating; indestructible, inviolable; sacred; eternal.
šaγsabad i -- ygei sakixu. To observe religious discipline or moral obligations.

EBDELE- / ЭВДЛЭХ

v. freq. of ebde-.

EBDEMEL / ЭВДМЭЛ

[n.d. of elde-] adj. Destroyed, ruined, broken.

EBDERE- / ЭВДРЭХ

v.i. To break down, fall to pieces; to fall down, decline, deteriorate; to be wrecked.
--kyi γalab. Aeon (S. kalpa) of destruction or decay (Buddh.).
--kyi sitygen. Cause or object of destruction; (metaph.) the perishable world.
--ky ygei. Indestructible.
josun --ky. For morals to decay.
kesig --ky. To lose favor, fall into disgrace; to fall upon evil days.
kymyn lyge --ky. To get into a quarrel, be at loggerheads with somebody.
mix-a--ky. For meat to deteriorate.
øngge --ky. For color to fade or change.
sedkil --ky. To be in disagreement.
zirum --myi. Mores decline.

EBDEREGYL- / ЭВДРҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of ebdere-] To cause to destroy, demolish, ruin, exterminate, annihilate; to spoil; to embroil, breed mischief; to cause discord.

EBDEREL / ЭВДРЭЛ

n. Destruction, wreck, havoc, catastrophe; dissension, overthrow, quarrel, squabble; conflict.
-- busunil. Destruction.
-- dain. Disastrous battle.
-- γaryaxu. To destroy, disorganize.

-- syidyl. Destruction, wreck, catastrophe.
-- ygei. Indestructible, imperishable, irresistible, unconquerable, unsurmountable; inviolable, sacred.
-- yn kenggerge. Tambour used in battle; war drum.
-- yn sitygen. [This] perishable world.
-- yn xubcasu. Armor, cuirass.

EBDERELCE- / ЭВДРЭЛЦЭХ
v. coop. of ebdere-.

EBDERELDY- / ЭВДРЭЛДЭХ
v. rec. of ebdere-.

EBDERELTEI / ЭВДРЭЛТЭЙ
[= ebderelty] adj. Destructible, brittle, fragile, breakable; ruinous, disastrous, baleful; disorganized, disarranged; rebellious.

EBDEREMEL / ЭВДЭРМЭЛ
[n.d. of ebdere-] adj. Ruined, destroyed.

EBDERESI / ЭВДЭРШ
-- ygei. Indestructible, inviolable, firm, solid; imperishable; irresistible, invincible.
-- ygei batu. Indestructible, firm, solid.

EBDERKEI / ЭВДЭРХИЙ
n. and adj. Scrap, fragments, debris; ruin, wreck; ruined, destroyed, broken, cracked.
-- coγuzi. Broken lock.
-- temyr. Scrap iron.

EBEBEY
See ebei.

EBECI(N) , etc.
Same as ebedci(n), etc.

EBED- / ӨВДӨХ
v.i. To be taken ill, be sick; to hurt, feel pain.
--cy bain-a. [I] feel pain, it hurts.
ende --cy bain-a. It hurts here.
toluγai --ky. To have a headache.

EBEDCILE-
v.i. To feel pain; to be sick.

EBEDCIN / ӨВЧИН
n. Illness, disease, pain; mania , craze.
-- dakixu. To have a relapse of sickness.
-- daruxu em. Sedative, anodyne.
-- dy bariγdaxu. To be constantly, habitually ill, ailing for a long time; to suffer from a chronic desease.
-- dy xataxu. To become emaciated from illness.
-- namdaγuluγci. Sedative.
-- nomuγaraγulxu. Sedative; anodyne.
-- urbaxu. To have a relapse of sickness, illness becomes worse.
-- y dabaγ-a dabaxu. To pass a crisis (in illness).
-- ydereky. For illness to become (more) complicated.
-- ygei. Free from illness; healthy.
-- y køryngge. Disease breeder, source of infection ; crazy, foolish.
-- y siltaγan. The cause of the illness.
-- y yr-e. Bacillus, bacteria, virus.
-- zobalang. Suffering, illness.
caγan --. Cattle plague, rinderpest.
cisun u --. Blood disease.
nisvanis un --. Moral defilements, passions.

EBEDCITEI / ӨВЧТЭЙ
adj. Having illness, diseased, unwell, unhealthy; morbid, sickly.
-- kymyn. Patient, sick person.

EBEDCITEN / ӨВЧТӨН
n. Patients, sick people.
-- y ger. Hospital, infirmary.

EBEDKE- / ӨВТГӨХ
[v. caus. of ebed-] To cause pain or illness.

EBEI / ЭВИЙ
[= ebebey, ebey, ebyy] interj. Ah! Alas! (expressing pity, regret or sympathy).

EBER / ЭВЭР
n. Horn; callosity; corn, callus.
-- ama. Mere words, prevarication; empty promise; slander, demunciation.
-- dabusu. Hartshorn, carbonate of ammonium, sal volatile, sal cornucervi volatile.

-- soruγul. Suction cup.
-- xadaxu. To attach horns to a bow.
køl yn --. Callosity or corn on a foot.

EBER[E]- / ЭВРЭХ
[= øbyre-, l, øbyry-] v.i. To dry, dry up.

EBEREGE- / ЭВРЭЭХ
Same as eberegyl-.

EBEREGYL- / ЭВРҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of eber(e)-] v.t. To dry.

EBERGE-
Same as eberege-.

EBERLE- / ЭВЭРЛЭХ
v.i. To grow horns; to feel a sudden sharp pain, suddenly become violently ill; to suffer, agonize.

EBERLIG / ЭВЭРЛЭГ
adj. and n. Horny, corneous; unicorn, a fabulous animal with one horn.

EBERMEL / ЭВЭРМЭЛ
[n. d. of eber-] adj. Dried.

EBERSI- / ЭВЭРШИХ
v.i. To develop calluses.

EBERSIG
Same as ebersil.

EBERSIJE- / ЭВЭРШЭЭХ
v.i. To suffer, agonize.
--n ebedky. To suffer from illness.

EBERSIJEL / ЭВЭРШЭЭЛ
n. Suffering; agony.

EBERSIJELE- / ЭВЭРШЭЭЛЭХ
v.i. To suffer, agonize.

EBERSIJELTEI / ЭВЭРШЭЭЛТЭЙ
adj. Having pain, pained, distressed.

EBERSIL / ЭВЭРШИЛ
n. Pain, torment, sudden attack or fit of illness chronic disease.

EBERSILE- / ЭВЭРШЛЭХ
Same as ebersijele-.

EBERZIGYY / ЭВЭРЖҮҮ
adj. Horny, corneous; callous.

EBESY(N) / ӨВС(Өг.)
[= ebysy(n)] n. Grass, hay, herb.
-- abxu. To mow grass, make hay.
-- idegci. Herbivora.
--n degesy. Grass rope.
--n nemyrge. Cloak made of grass, grass raincoat.
-- noγuγ -a. Grass in general, grasses.
--n y obuγaxai. Grass hut.
--n y uciγ. Blade of grass.
--n y zangγuu. Caltrops, Tribulus (bot.).
-- xadulang. Hay making.
-- xurijaxu. To stack hay.

EBESYCI(N) г / ӨВСЧИН
n. Mower, hay-maker; seller of grass or hay.

EBESYD- / ӨВСТӨХ
v.i. To become weedy, be[come] covered with grass or herbage.

EBESYLE- / ӨВСЛӨХ
v.t. To feed cattle with grass or hay; to feed on growing herbage; to lead to pasture.

EBESYTEI / ӨВСТЭЙ
[= ebesyty] adj. Having grass, grass-covered.
-- aral. Oasis.
-- tal-a. Meadow; level grassland.

EBEY
See ebei.

EBI / ЭВИЙ
n. Female beaver.

EBI-
v.t. Constantly to desire more (said of a stingy person).

EBIR
--siber jarilcaxu. To whisper, speak in a low voice.

EBKE- / ЭВХЭХ
v.t. To fold; to coil or fold into loops (as a string or rope).

EBKEGDE- / ЭВХЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of ebke-.

EBKEGE / ЭВХЭЭ
adj. Folded.
-- zax-a. Turndown collar.

EBKEGESY(N) / ЭВХЭЭС
n. Fold; plait, pleat, tuck.

EBKEGETEI / ЭВХЭЭТЭЙ
adj. Folded, pleated.

EBKEGYL- / ЭВХҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ebke-.

EBKEGYRGE / ЭВХҮҮРЭГ
adj. Folding, foldable, collapsible.
-- kituγ-a. Folding knife, jackknife.

EBKELGE / ЭВХЛЭГ
n. Fold; something folded; roll, bundle, package, packet.
caγasun u --. Roll of paper.

EBKEMEL / ЭВХМЭЛ
[n.d. of ebke-] Folded, plaited, pleated; folding; document folded like an accordion.
-- bicig. Ligature (in writing).
-- caγasu. Folded paper; a roll or scroll of paper.
-- kituγ-a. Folding knife, jackknife.
-- kyzi. Coil of incense.
-- sirege. Folding table.
-- ysyg. Ligature (in writing).
-- zokijaγci. An official in charge of reports submitted to the throne.

EBKEMELTY
adj. and n. Rolled, folded; roll, scroll, examination paper.

EBKERE- / ЭВХРЭХ
v.i. To roll, be rolled up, curl up; to roll (of waves); twisting of bowels, volvulus (med.).
--n kebteky. To lie coiled up.

EBKEREGYL- / ЭВХРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ebkere-.

EBKEREL / ЭВХРЭЛ
n. The act of ebkere-.

EBLE- / ЭВЛЭХ
v.i. To become harmonious; to come to an agreement, enter a union.
daisun luγ-a --ky. To make peace with the enemy.

EBLEGYL- / ЭВЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of eble-] v.t. To fit, piece together, gather; to put in order, put together, assemble objects in order to make them into a whole; to compile, set up, mount; to adapt; to draw together; to unite, render accordant or compatible; to reconcile, conciliate, mediate.
--zy zasaxu. To fix something by piecing it together.
er-e em-e xojar i --ky. To reconcile a married couple
mønggy --ky. To collect money from various sources.

EBLEGYLEGCI / ЭВЛҮҮЛЭГЧ
n. Conciliator, appeaser; compiler; one who assembles, puts together, installs; fitter, assembler, adjuster.

EBLEGYR / ЭВЛҮҮР
n. Weaver's beam.

EBLEL / ЭВЛЭЛ
n. Harmony, agreement, accord, union, association, society.
xubisxaltu zalaγucud un --. Union of the Revolutionary Youth.

EBLELDY- / ЭВЛЭЛДЭХ
[v. rec. of eble-] To agree mutually, make an agreement; to be organized into a union.
--n jabuxu. To proceed or act jointly or in agreement with.
--n nigedky. To unite, form an organization.
batu ber --gsen kycyn. Consolidated power.

EBLELDYGYL- / ЭВЛЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ebleldy-.

EBLELGE / ЭВЛЭЛГЭ
n. Conciliation, accord, consent; arrangement, proper order.

EBLEMEL / ЭВЛЭМЭЛ
[n.d. of eble-] adj. Harmonious, well-arranged, orderly.

EBLERE- / ЭВЛЭРЭХ
v.i. To reconcile oneself, make peace with, compromise.
--gci. Compromiser.
ene jabudaltai --zy bolxu ygei. He [etc.] cannot reconcile himself with this action or behavior.

EBLEREGYL- / ЭВЛЭРҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of eblere-] To reconcile.

EBLEREGYLYSI / ЭВЛЭРҮҮЛШ
-- ygei. Irreconcilable, incompatible.

EBLERESI / ЭВЛЭРШ
-- ygei. Incompatible, irreconcilable.
-- ygei daisun. Implacable enemy.

EBLIG / ЭВЛЭГ
adj. Polite, courteous, compliant, tractable; convenient.
-- keletei. Eloquent, voluble.

EBSE- / ЭВСЭХ
v.i. To make peace with, live harmoniously, reconcile oneself with; to form a block or coalition. Cf. ebce-
--zy ejetei bolxu. To reconcile oneself, make peace with.
zaryu --ky. For a lawsuit to be settled.

EBSEGYL- / ЭВСҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of ebse-] To conciliate, reconcile.
ebderegsen kymyn i --ky. To make peace between quarreling parties.

EBSEL / ЭВСЭЛ
n. Harmony, agreement; peace; coalition, block.

EBSELDY- / ЭВСЭЛДЭХ
[v. rec. of ebse-] To reconcile oneself (to, with); to agree, come to an understanding; to form a block or coalition.
--n kelelceky. To discuss together and come to an understanding.

EBSELDYGYL- / ЭВСЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of ebseldy-] To cause to be friendly again, reconcile, mediate, make peace (between parties).

EBSESI / ЭВСЭШ
-- ygei. Not agreeing, discordant, irreconsilable.

EBSI
n. Female of a big bear.

EBSIGIS / ЭВШГЭС
n. Female sable.

EBSIJE- / ЭВШЭЭХ
v.i. To yawn.

EBSIJEL / ЭВШЭЭЛ
n. Yawn, yawning.

EBSIJELGE / ЭВШЭЭЛГЭ
n. Yawn, yawning; the drawing of a bow to full capacity.

EBSIJELGE- / ЭВШЭЭЛГЭХ
v. caus. of ebsije-.

EBTEI / ЭВТЭЙ
[= ebty] adj. Friendly, amicable, compliant; convenient, comfortable; dexterous.
-- salaxu. To separate peacefully or amicably.
ejetei --. Harmonious[ly], peaceful[ly].

EBTEIKEN / ЭВТЭЙХЭН
adj. Quite convenient or handy.

EBTY / ЭВТ
See ebtei.
-- ay-a. Honorary title of the wife of a 7th class official (obs.).

EBYCE-, etc.
Same as ebce-, etc.

EBYDYG / өвдөг

n. Knee; sty on an eyelid.
-- bokirxu. To bend the knee, kneel on one knee.
-- γarxu. To develop a knee bulge on the trousers; to develop a sty.
-- søgydky. To kneel.
-- yn toli. Kneepan, patella.
-- zergecen saγuxu. To sit close to; to sit knee to knee.
nidyn y --. Sty.

EBYDYGCEGE / өвдөгч

adv. Up to the knees, knee-deep.

EBYDYGCI / өвдөгцөө

n. Kneepiece (of a cuirass); knee shackle used for animals and prisoners.

EBYDYGCILE- / өвдөгчлөх

v.t. To bind the knee, tie something around the knee.

EBYDYGLE- / өвдөглөх

v.i. and t. To squat, press the knees against, squeeze down with the knees; to hit or push with a bent knee; to put an ebydygci (q.v.) on.
temege --ky. To put on ebydygci (q.v.) on a camel to prevent it from rising.

EBYGE / өвөг

n. and adj. Ancestor; grandfather.
-- abu. Grandfather.
-- degedys. Ancestors.
-- ecige. Grandfather.

EBYGEBTYR / өвгөтөр

adj. Rather old (of men).

EBYGECILE- / өвөгчлөх

v.t. To respect the ancients, honor the elders.

EBYGED / өвгөд

[pl. of ebyge(n)] n. The elders, old people ancestors, ancients; senior.
-- i asaraxu ger. Home for the aged.
-- køgsid. Old men and women.
-- kymyn. Old man.
-- yn sym-e. Temple dedicated to the ancesters of the reigning family (Ch. tsu-miao 祖廟).
-- yn yge. Sayings of the ancients.

EBYGEN / өвгөн

n. and adj. Old man; old (of men)
-- ecige. Grandfather.
caγan --. The god of soil, in the cam (q.v.) dance represented as a white-haired old man.

EBYGERE- / өвгөрөх

v.i. To become old, age.

EBYGEZIJER / өвөгжөөр

adj. Aged, old.
-- nasutai. Aged, old.

EBYL / өвөл

n. and adv. Winter; in winter.
-- caγtu. In winter time.
-- yn baising. Winter home.
-- yn naran u bucalta. Tropic of Capricorn.
-- yn segyl sar-a. The last winter month.
-- yn takil. Winter solstice offering (Ch. tung-chi 冬祭).
-- yn tuil. Winter solstice; beginning of winter.
-- yn tuil yn tig. Tropic of Capricorn.

EBYLZI- / өвөлжих

v.i. To pass the winter.
--ky nutuγ. Winter camp.
--n. Throughout the winter.

EBYLZIGE

See ebylzij-e.

EBYLZIGYL-

v. caus. of ebylzi-.

EBYLZIJ-E / өвөлжөө(н)

[= ebylzige] n. Winter residence, winter quarters or camp.
-- baγuxu. To move into winter quarters.

EBYLZIJELE- / өвөлжөөлөх

v.i. To move to a winter camp or winter quarters.

EBYLZING / өвөлжий(г)

n. Winter quarters.
-- baγuxu. To move into winter quarters.
-- oruxu. To move into winter quarters.

EBYR, etc.

See øbyr, etc.

EBYSY(N)

See ebesy(n).

EBYY

See ebei.

ECE

Suffix of the ablative case with the following functions:

a) Separative ablative denoting direction from, moving away from, beginning with, springing from (referring both to space and time).

adaγ -- . From the end.

aru bej-e ece. From behind.

dain -- urid. Before or prior to the war.

egyn -- abcu yzebesy. If we look (at it) from this point of view; from this it follows or appears that; thus ...

egyn -- nigen zil yn emyn-e. A year before this.

ger -- γarxu. To come out of the house.

modun i izaγur -- oγtulxu. To cut down a tree from the root.

mongγul -- γaruγsan nigen jasun. A tribe of Mongolian origin.

nøgyge tal-a -- . On the other hand; from the other side.

xaγan u xatun -- nigen kybegyn tørybei. A son was born to the khaghan's wife.

xoin-a -- jabuxu. To follow.

xola -- . From afar.

b) Ablative of contact.

debel -- tataxu. To pull by the dress.

γar -- barixu. To take or seize by the hand.

kyzygyn -- teberiky. To embrace.

c) Ablative of cause or reason.

jambar ucir -- . On account of what? For what reason?

keyked -- ajuxu. To be afraid of children; to be afraid for the children.

zirγalang bujan -- bolumui. Happiness comes from virtue.

zobalang anu nisvanis -- bolumui. Suffering comes from attachment to the world.

d) Partitive ablative (indicating objects which are only partially affected by the action).

cai -- uγuba. He drank some of the tea.

jaγum-a -- ojulcaba. [She] took part in sewing things.

e) Exclusive ablative (usually followed by such words as: busu, øger-e, γadana) in constructions corresponding to "besides," "different from," "apart from," " except," "other than."

jabuxu -- busu arγ-a ygei. There remains nothing but to go.

nige -- cøgeken busu. Not less than once.

tegyn -- γadan-a. Besides that.

urid -- øger-e. Differently, other than before.

f) Comparative ablative.

egyn -- sain. Better than this.

tegyn -- jeke. Bigger than that.

g) Agentive or subjective ablative denoting the actor (actual subject), especially with passive verb forms.

xural -- toγtaγaba. A resolution was passed by the assembly.

h) Objective ablative used with verbs meaning to fear, beg, request.

... -- ajuxu. To be afraid of (somebody).

... -- asaγuxu. To ask (somebody).

... -- γujuxu. To ask, request.

ECE- / ЭЦЭХ

v.i. To become lean, thin, gaunt or attenuated; to become exhausted or tired.

--ky cucaxu. To become exhausted or tired.

ECEGE- / ЭЦЭЭХ

[v. caus. of ece-] To exhaust, overwork, wear out, cause to become feeble.

køgegen --ky. To chase to exhaustion, bring to bay.

ECEGEGDE- / ЭЦЭЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of ecege-.

ECEGEKEN / ЭЦЭЭХЭН

adj. A little meager, rather thin, somewhat skinny; beautiful, handsome, good-looking; fair, fitting, adequate, acceptable.

-- mori. A rather good horse.

ECEGEN

Suffix of the reflexive-possessive-ablative case.

ger -- . From his own house.

ECEGERKE- / ЭЦЭЭРХЭХ

v.i. To become exhausted, thin, emaciated; to become weak or feeble.

ECEL / ЭЦЭЛ
n. Fatigue, weariness, exhaustion.

ECELTE / ЭЦЭЛТ
n. Fatigue, weariness, exhaustion.
-- [cucalta] ygei. Indefatigably.

ECEN / ЭЦЭН
adj. Emaciated, meager, thin.
-- mori. Lean, emaciated horse.

ECENGGE / ЭЦЭНГЭ
See ecengkei.

ECENGGIR / ЭЦЭНГЭР
adj. Skinny, thin.

ECENGGIRE- / ЭЦЭНГЭРЭХ
v.i. To become emaciated, meager or thin; to pine away, wither, fade.

ECENGKEI / ЭЦЭНХИЙ
[= ecengee] adj. Tired, wearied; thin, skinny.

ECENGKEIDE-
v.i. To lose weight, become thin or skinny.

ECESI
-- ygei. Indefatigable.

ECI-
See oci-, 1.

ECIGE / ЭЦЭГ
n. Father.
-- burxan. God the Father.
-- eke. Father and mother, parents.
-- mal. Sire, male parent of an animal.
-- orun. Fatherland, homeland (very rare, usually: eke orun).
tezigegsen -- . Stepfather, fosterfather.

ECIGED / ЭЦГЭД
n. Ancestors.

ECIGEDE- / ЭЦЭГДЭХ
v.t. To insult somebody by calling his father names.

ECINE / ЭЧНЭЭ
[= ecin-e] n., adj., and adv. Absence; secret, private, in secret; in the absence of, out of sight.
-- ber. In the absence of; in secret.
-- ber surulcaxu. To study by correspondence.
-- gergei. Concubine, secret wife.
ile -- ygegyi-e. Openly and secretly.

ECINEKI / ЭЧНЭЭХЬ
adj. Secret, confidential, hidden, unexplored.
-- yile. Secret, secret matter.

ECINGGIR
Same as ecenggir.

ECYD- / ЭЦТЭХ
v.i. To end, finish, cease, stop, be completed.

ECYDKE- / ЭЦТГЭХ
v. caus. of ecyd-.

ECYGEDYR
See ɸcygedyr.

ECYL- / ЭЦЛЭХ
v.i. To end, cease, stop, cease to exist; to come to an end; to be destroyed, die.

ECYLGE- / ЭЦЭЛГЭХ
[v. caus. of ecyl-] To finish, end, stop; to complete, bring to an end.

ECYS / ЭЦЭС
n. End, conclusion, finish.
-- bolγaxu. To finish, complete.
-- boluγsan. Dead (of people).
-- bolxu. To end; to die.
-- i inu xaraxu. To wait to the end.
-- segyl. End, termination, conclusion.
-- tegen. At the end; at last.
-- tyr. To the end; at the end, finally.
-- xoitu. Life after death.
-- yn yge. Epilogue, concluding words.
-- yn zorilγ-a. Ultimate aim.
amin u -- . End of life, death.

ECYSLE- / ЭЦЭСЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To [come to an] end, terminate, finish; to die.
--n Finally, irrevocably.

--n tasulxu. To make a final decision.
nasun --ky. To die.

ECYSLEL / ЭЦЭСЛЭЛ
n. The act of ecysle-; the end.

ECYSTE- / ЭЦЭСТЭХ
v.i. To come to the end, be finished, completed.

ECYSTEGYL- / ЭЦЭСТҮҮЛЭХ
[v.caus. of ecyste-] To finish, exhaust, wear out; to put to a nonplus.

ECYSTETEL-E / ЭЦЭСТТЭЛ
adv. Until the end.

ED / ЭД
n. Thing[s], object[s], property, possessions, belongings; article, item; (manufactured) commodity, material, haberdashery, textile, woven fabric; merchandise; matter, element, substance.
-- abxu. To take bribes.
-- boda kiky. To process the carcasses of killed animals.
-- bolbasuraγulxu azil. Manufacturing industry.
-- bolγaxu. To appropriate (objects); to make something useful out of junk.
-- bøs. Textiles.
-- bøs yn yildedbyri. Textile industry.
-- kereglegcid yn xorsij-a. Consumers' cooperative union.
-- kereglel. Commodities.
-- kørynggе. Possessions, property.
-- material un. Material.
-- sakiγci. Guardian of treasures.
-- xadaγalaγci. Treasurer, cashier.
-- xaxuuli. Imputation, pretext, excuse, precedent.
-- xubijaxu. To divide the loot.
-- yiledbyri. Industry, production.
-- yildedbyri jin. Industrial, productive (of industry, etc.).
-- yn. Material (adj.).
-- yn sang. Treasury, repository of treasures.
-- yn sojul bolbasural. Material culture.
-- yn tngri. Genius - guardian of riches.
-- yn zasaγci. Economist.
-- yn zasaγ un. Economic, material.
-- yn zasaγ un ebderel. Financial panic or ruin, economic crisis.

-- yn zasaγ un kimural. Economic crisis.
ger yn -- baraγ-a. Utensils and furniture of a house.
noγusun --. Wollen fabric.
toryan --. Silk fabric.
tygykei --. Raw material.

EDE(N) / ЭД
[pl. of ene] pron. These, they (referring to things or persons near to the speaker).

EDE-
See egede-.

EDEGE- / ЭДГЭХ
v.i. To recover, get well, heal.
-- ygei. Incurable.

EDEGEGE- / ЭДГЭЭХ
[v. caus. of edege-] To cure, heal.
--zy bolumui. Is [or are, etc.] curable.

EDEGEGEL / ЭДГЭЭЛ
n. Healing, curing, cure.

EDEGEGELGE / ЭДГЭЭЛГЭ
n. Healing, curing, cure.

EDEGER / ЭДГЭЭР
pron. and adj. These.

EDEGERE- / ЭДГЭРЭХ
v.i. To recover from illness; to revive after withering; to close (of a wound).
--ky ygei. Incurable, irremediable.

EDEGESI / ЭДГЭШ
-- ygei. Incurable, irremediable.

EDEIRE- / ЭЭДИЙРЭХ
v.i. For the mind to become obscured or blurred.

EDEM
See egedem.

EDEMEG
See egedemeg.

EDENEIKI
See edenykei.

EDENER / ЭДНЭР

pron. and n. They; these people.

EDENG

n. A kind of fish; sawfish. [Gu.] Sea-beaver, sea-otter, Enhydra marina.

EDENYKEI / ЭДНИЙХ

[= edeneiki] poss. pron. Their, belonging to them, of these (coll.).

EDLE-

v.t. To use, utilize, employ; to appropriate; to have agreeable or disagreeable experience; to indulge in; to enjoy; to suffer.

--ky erke. The right to use or possess.

--kyi josu(n). Custom, usage; conduct.

erke ji --ky. To exercise, possess or enjoy the rights or powers; to have the right to, be fully privileged.

γal usun u ajul i --ky. To suffer from the elements.

γazar --ky. To utilize or own land.

jal-a -- . To undergo punishment.

mønggy --ky. To use money.

ølyskyleng yn adas i --ky. To suffer (from) demons of hunger.

tegys --ky. To use or enjoy completely or to the fullest extent.

xataγuzil i --ky. To practice austerities.

zirγalang --ky. To enjoy happiness.

zobalang i --ky. To suffer, bear sufferings.

EDLEBYRI / ЭДЭЛБЭР

[= edlegyri] n. Possessions, property; use, utilization, utilities, implements, instruments.

EDLEGDE- / ЭДЛЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of edle-] To be possessed, used, or employed; to be enjoyed.

EDLEGYL- / ЭДЛҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of edle-] To allow to or let use; to entrust, charge with, allow to control; to cause to bear, let suffer.

erke ji --ky. To confer the right or power.

γasiγun i --ky. To subject a person to sufferings.

EDLEGYRI

See edlebyri.

EDLEL / ЭДЛЭЛ

n. Things, things owned, property, possession; articles; usage, use; manufactured objects, works of art.

-- baraγ-a. Utensils, instruments, furniture.

cerig bailduγan u -- . War material.

køgzim yn -- . Musical instrument.

mønggyn -- . Articles made of silver.

EDLELGE / ЭДЛЭЛГЭ

See edlel.

ED TEI

[= ed ty] adj. Having property or possessions; rich, wealthy.

ED TY

See ed tei.

EDY(N)

Same as ødy(n).

EDY- / ӨДӨХ

[= ødy-] v.t. To begin, start, commence.

kereg --ky. To start or give an impetus to an affair.

keregyl --ky. To start a quarrel.

EDYGE / ӨДӨӨ, ЭДҮҮГЭЭ

[= odu] adv. and adj. Now, at present .

-- caγ. Present day, modern times; present tense (gram.).

-- darui. Right away, immediately, at once.

-- degen. At present, right at this moment.

-- jin. Present, contemporary, actual.

-- yj-e [dy]. At this time, at present.

-- [yj-e] jin. Present, actual, contemporary, current.

EDYGE- / ӨДӨӨХ

[= ødyge-, v. caus. of edy-] v.t. To instigate, provoke, incite; to lure, allure.

daisun i --ky. To provoke the enemy.

keregyl --ky. To start a quarrel.

xadxun --ky. To bait, provoke, instigate.

EDYGEGCI / ӨДӨӨГЧ

n. Instigator, provoker.

dain -- . War monger.

xadxun -- . Instigater, provoker.

EDYGEKEN / өдөөхөн

adv. Only at present, now, today.

EDYGEKI / өдөөхь

adj. Present, actual.
-- burxan. Buddha of the present age.

EDYGEL / өдөөл

n. Lure, enticement; temptation.

EDYGELGE / өдөөлөг

n. Provocation.

EDYGELGE- / өдөөлгөх

v. caus. of edyge-.

EDYGYI

Same as edyi.

EDYGYL- / өдүүлэх

[v. caus. of edy-] To begin, start, lay a foundation, produce, originate, devise, commit; to induce, prompt.
ary-a --ky. To devise means, a scheme or artifice.
bujan dur --ky. To cause one to perform good deeds, encourage to virtue.
dain i --ky. To plot a war.
gemty kereg --ky. To commit a crime.
mayu sanay-a --ky. To conceive a wicked idea, make an evil plot.

EDYGYLBYRI

n. Origin, beginning, extraction, descent; anything produced or erected; product, produce, yield.

EDYGYLGE

n. Beginning, origin; plot.
gemty kereg yn --. Criminal plot or conspiracy.

EDYI, 1. / өдий, -дүй

post pos. Not yet (usually preceded by nomen imperfecti).
irege -- cay. Time which has not yet come, future.
tere jabutal-a --. It is still too early for him to go.
xotan du kyrky --. It is still a long way to the city; it will still take a long time to reach the city.

yzege --. Have not seen yet, unseen before.

EDYI, 2. / өдий

adj. and adv. This many, this much.
-- boltal-a. Up till now.
-- cinegen. This much, this many, this big, as big or as much as this.
-- dutayu bain-a. This much is missing or wanting.
-- kyrtel-e. Up till now.
-- nasun kyrygsen. Has (or have) reached such an age.
-- tedyi ber. In a considerable number or quantity.
-- tedyi saj-a toyan u kymys. Several million people.
-- tedyi zil yn dotur-a. In the course of many years.

EDYIKEN / өдийхөн

adj. and adv. Only this much, at most, in all.

EDYLGE / өдлөг

n. The act or state of edy-.

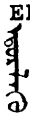
EDYN

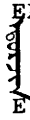
Plural of edyi.

EDYR / өдөр

n. Day, date, in the daytime; day time; day of the month.
-- baraxu. To lose the day; to idle away one's time.
-- byri. Every day; daily.
-- byri jin kereg jabudal. Every day's business; routine work.
-- byri jin kereglel. Daily necessity.
-- byri jin medege. Daily news.
-- dumda. Midday, noon.
-- dylici. Meridian.
-- ece -- tutum. From day to day; (with) every day.
-- ece -- ty. From day to day; (with) every day.
-- edyr. Daily, every day.
-- edyr yn. Daily, of every day.
-- ijen kylijeky. To await one's death.
-- ijer. In broad daylight, in a day, in day-time, during the day.
-- ireky tutum. Every day; with the arrival of every day.

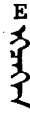
-- øngereky tutum. [With] every day, from day to day.
-- sar-a udaxu ygei. Time does not tarry (i.e., flies).
-- søni . Day and night (24 hours).
-- søni jir. dotur-a. In the course of a day and a night.
-- søni tegsidkyi. Equinox.
-- søni tengcegyy. Equinox.
-- søni ygei. By day and by night; around the clock.
-- tegen. [Within] the same day.
-- urtu bolxu. The days are growing longer.
-- xuγucaxu. To fix or appoint a day or date.
-- yn azil. Daily work, routine.
-- yn γazar. (Distance of) a day's journey.
-- yn kymyn. Day laborer, worker hired to work by the day.
-- yn nige. Once a day.
-- yn sonin. Daily newspaper.
-- yn tngri jin xubing. Water-clock; clepsydra; the top part of the water-clock.
arban nigen sar-a jin doluγan u -- -e. On the seventh of November.
ene -- = øngedyr. Today.
γurban u -- . On the third (of a month).
sin-e zil yn -- . New Year's day or festival.
tergel -- . The fifteenth day of a lunar month.
tørygsen -- . Birthday.
xar-a -- . Inauspicious day, ill-omened day.


EDYRLE- / ӨДӨРЛӨХ
v.t. and i. To spend the day (in the field); to date (as a letter, document, etc.).


EDYRZIN / ӨДӨРЖИН
adv. In the course of the day; all day long.


EFU
[Ma. efu] n. Son-in-law of an emperor or king.


EGCE / ЭГЦ
adj. and adv. Steep, perpendicular, hanging down; vertical[ly]; straight; straightforward, abrupt[ly].


EGCEKEN / ЭГЦХЭН
adj. Rather steep or straight.

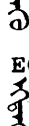

EGCELE- / ЭГЦЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To straighten, unbend; to make steep or vertical.

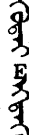

EGCELEL / ЭГЦЛЭЛ
n. The act of egcele-.


EGCIM / ЭГЧИМ
n. and adj. Steepness, steep slope; steep, craggy; straight.
-- γazar. Steepness, abyss.


EGCIS / ЭГЧИС
adj. and adv. Hasty, speedy, quick, impatient, restless, quick-tempered; absolutely, categorically, completely.
-- aγurtai kymyn. Excitable person whose anger passes quick.


EGDEGYCE- / ЭГДҮҮЦЭХ
v.i. To be[come] indignant; to feel disgusted; to have an aversion; to shrink (as from disgust).


EGDEGYTEI / ЭГДҮҮТЭЙ
adj. Disgusting, abominable.


EGDEGYY / ЭГДҮҮ
adj. Indignant.
-- kødelky. To become indignant or disgusted.
-- kyrky. Same as above.


EGE-, 1. / ЭГЭХ
v.i. To return , go back; to fall back, retreat; to die.
cerig --myi. The army is returning from battle or war.


EGE-, 2. / ЭЭХ
v.t. and i. To warm; to dry in the sun or by fire.
γal du --ky. To dry at the fire; to warm oneself by the fire.
naran dur --ky. To dry in the sun; to warm oneself in the sun.


EGEBYR / ЭЭВЭР
n. Heat or warmth of the sun.

EGECI / ЭГЧ

n. and adj. Elder sister; older (referring to the age of women).

-- degyy. Sisters.

xojar nasu --. Two years older (of a woman).

EGECIMED / ЭГЧМЭД

adj. Elder, elderly (of a woman).

EGECINER / ЭГЧНЭР

n. Elder sisters.

EGED-

See egede-.

EGEDE- / ЭЭДЭХ

[= ede-, eged-] v.i. To turn sour, sour, curdle, set, coagulate.

cisun --myi. Blood curdles.

EGEDEIRE-

v.i. To curdle; to become confused, mixed up in one's mind; to become flustered.

EGEDEM / ЭЭДЭМ

[= edem] n. Dregs; food for various domestic animals; mixture of cold milk and hot buttermilk or of cold buttermilk and fresh milk; curdled milk.

EGEDEMEG / ЭЭДМЭГ

[= edemeg] Same as egedem.

EGEDEMEGDE- / ЭЭДМЭГДЭХ

v.i. To ferment, turn sour, coagulate, curdle.

EGEDENG / ЭЭДЭН

n. Thin gruel, paste (glutinous).

EGEDERE-, 1. / ЭЭДРЭХ

v.i. To turn sour, curdle, coagulate; to be entangled, embroile.

EGEDERE-, 2. / ЭЭДРЭХ

v.i. To stammer; to hesitate. See egere-, 3.

EGEDEREGE / ЭЭДРЭЭ

n. Confusion, tangle, embroilment.

EGEDMEG

Same as egedem.

EGEG / ЭЭГ

n. Place exposed to the sun, but protected from the wind; covered or sheltered place; roof.

-- tyr sayuxu. To sit in the sun protected from wind.

xada jin --. Overhanging rock.

EGEGE / ЭГЭЭ

adv. Just like, exactly.

-- tegyn tei adali. Just like that [one].

EGEGE-

Same as ege-, 2.

EGEGERE- / ЭЭРЭХ

Same as egere-, 1 and 2.

EGEGLE- / ЭЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To go to a sheltered place.

EGEGYL- / ЭГҮҮЛЭХ

[v.caus. of ege-, 1.] To return, send back, give back.

--yn øgky. To return something.

EGEI-

v.i. To shake, move, tremble, swing.

EGEL / ЭГЭЛ

adj. Low, ignoble, common; ordinary, plain; simple.

-- arad. Common people.

-- bolγaxu. To simplify.

-- bolxu. To become simple.

-- busu. Not simple or not ordinary.

-- douradu kymyn. Common or ordinary person, person of low extraction.

-- kymyn. Man of ignoble birth, common or ordinary man.

-- tørylkiten. Simple creatures, inferior creatures; people, commoner.

EGELDYR- / ЭГЭЛДРЭХ

v.t. To hang something on the arm, carry on the arm or slung over the shoulder; to tow or track a boat with ropes; to bind, tie, tie around.

buu --ky. To carry a gun slung over the shoulder.
γar --ky. To carry the arm in a sling.

EGELDYRGE / ЭГЭЛДРЭГ
n. Shoulderstrap.

EGELDYRGE- / ЭГЭЛДЭРГЭХ
[v. caus. of egeldyr-] To hang or sling over the arm or shoulder; to support or carry an injured arm in a sling; to put a sling on an injured arm.

EGELE
[= egege + le] adv. Exactly; just like, almost, barely.
-- ger tegen baixu siγ bain-a. Just like at home, just as if one were at home.
-- ykygsen ygei. Barely escaped death.

EGELGE-
v. caus. of ege-, 2.

EGELLE- / ЭЭЛЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To spare, pass by(as a calamity which passes without doing harm).

EGELZI / ЭЭЛЖ
n. Shift, turn, relief.
-- ber. By turns, alternately.
-- daraγalan. By turns, one after another, in proper order.
-- ber. By turns, alternately.
-- zisij-a. Sentinel, sentry.
caγ un -- . The change or cycle of the seasons.

EGELZI- / ЭЭЛЖИХ
v.i. To alternate, change, take turns.
--n. In shifts or turns.

EGELZIGE
See egelzij-e.

EGELZIJ-E(N) / ЭЭЛЖЭЭ(Н)
[= egelzige] n. Change, shift, turn, relay, relief.
-- ber manaxu. To watch in shifts or turns.
dørben caγ un --n. Succession of the four seasons.

EGELZILE- / ЭЭЛЖЛЭХ
v.i. To alternate, take turns, change, do by turns.
--n. By turns, alternately.

EGELZILEL / ЭЭЛЖЛЭЛ
n. Change, shift, turn; rotation.

EGELZILEGYL- / ЭЭЛЖЛУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of egelzile-.

EGELZITEI / ЭЭЛЖИТЭЙ
adj. Having or being done in turns, shifts or alternations; alternating, successive.

EGEM / ЭГЭМ
n. Clavicle, collarbone. [Gu.] Complete arm.
-- yn jasu. Clavicle, collarbone.

EGEMCE- / ЭГЭМЦЭХ
v.i. To be of the same height.

EGEM-E, 1.
n. Crowd, throng; crowded state.

EGEM-E, 2. / ЭЭМ
-- xalaγun. Heat, sultriness; hot, sultry.

EGEMEG / ЭЭМЭГ
[= egemyg] n. Earring.

EGEMYG
See egemeg.

EGENEGSI-
v.i. To be inspired, be possessed by demons; to be quite confident; to be[come] proud.

EGENEGTE / ЭГНЭГТ
adv. Already; completely; always, forever, eternally.
-- caγ byri. At all times, always; eternally.

EGER / ЭЭР
Same as egermeg.

EGERCEG / ЭЭРЦЭГ
[= erceg] Femoral bone; hip joint.

EGERE-, 1. / ЭЭРЭХ
[= egeri-] v.t. To seek, search; to demand; to wish strongly, need urgently; to expect, hope.
--ky ajuxu. Hope and fear.
asiγ --ky. To seek riches, strive for wealth.

EGERE-, 2. / ЭЭРЭХ

v.t. and i. To rotate, whirl, turn, revolve; to spin, twist; to surround, stand around; to gather in a pile; to entangle, mix up, confuse; to ride around a herd in order to keep it together; to recur frequently (of illness).

aduγun --ky. To bring horses together by causing them to circle.

noγusu --ky. To spin wool.

utasun --ky. To spin thread.

EGERE-, 3. / ЭЭРЭХ

v.i. To stutter, stammer; to choke from crying or sobbing.

EGEREGYL / ЭЭРҮҮЛ

n. Spindle, spinning-wheel, spinning loom.

EGEREGYL- / ЭЭРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of egere-.

EGEREGYY / ЭЭРҮҮ

adj. and n. Stuttering, stammering; stutterer, stammerer.

EGEREL / ЭГЭЭРЭЛ

n. Search, seeking; demand; strong desire, ardent hope, longing, yearning.

-- kysel. Aspiration.

EGERELTE / ЭГЭЭРЭЛТ

n. Request, wish, expectation.

EGEREM-E / ЭЭРЭМ

n. Stutterer, stammerer.

EGEREYL

Same as egeregyl.

EGERI-

See egere-, 1.

EGERM-E / ЭЭРЭМ

n. Open plain, desert, steppe.

-- kødege. Desert, steppe.

-- tal-a. Desert, steppe.

EGERMEG / ЭЭРМЭГ

n. Scum or foam on sour milk.

EGERY

Same as egeregyy.

EGESIG / ЭГШИГ

n. Musical sound or tone; euphony, melody, song; modulation of voice; pronunciation; vowel.

-- abij-a. Vowel sound.

-- ajalγu. Musical tones; vowel sounds.

-- ajalγu jin suruly-a. Phonetics.

-- daγun. Harmony; melody; vowel.

-- daγun u taγaral. Vowel harmony.

-- køgzim. Tune melody, music.

-- neilegylyn daγulaxu. To sing with a melodious voice.

-- tataxu. To sing melodiously, modulate the voice.

-- ygei geigylygci. Consonant not followed by a vowel.

iraγu --. Melodious song, harmony, melody.

EGESIGLE- / ЭГШИГЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To be harmonious, sound sweet or harmoniously; to emit harmonious or melodious sounds; to chant or recite prayers or invocations; to read, tell, or speak in a sing-song.

--n daγulaxu. To sing harmoniously.

EGESIGTEI / ЭГШИГТЭЙ

[= egesigty] adj. Sonorous, resounding; harmonious, melodious, having a vowel, vocalized.

EGESIGTY / ЭГШИГТ

See egesigtei.

-- daγun. Harmonious song.

-- geigylygci. Consonant followed by a vowel, vocalized consonants.

-- xaircaγ. Phonograph, gramophone.

EGESKI- / ЭГЭСХИЙХ

v.i. To fall back, retreat, withdraw; to evade, avoid, deviate.

EGEZEGEI / ЭЭЗГИЙ

[= ezegei] n. Curds; cottage cheese.

EGEZIG

n. Upper part of a garment.

-- zaγam. Brocade trimming around the collar and cuffs.

EGLJY-
v.i. To incline, bend, stoop (as the top of a tree)

EGIM
Same as egem.

EGNEGE
See engnege.

EGSI- / ЭГШИХ
v.i. To dry, dry up; to dry in the sun.

EGSIGE- / ЭГШЭЭХ
[v.caus. of egsi-] v.t. To dry, desiccate; to dry in the sun.

EGSIGELGE- / ЭГШЭЭЛГЭХ
v. caus. of egsige-.

EGSILGE- / ЭГШИЛГЭХ
v. caus. of egsi-.

EGYBER / ҮҮГЭЭР
[instrumental case of ene "this"] Through this, by this; at this occasion or juncture.

EGYD- / ҮҮДЭХ
v.i. and t. To originate, spring up, begin, start; to take place; to be born; to found, initiate. Cf. egys-.
--cy γarxu. To originate, spring up, take place.
--ygci. Initiator, founder, creator.

EGYDBYRI / ҮҮДВЭР
n. Founding, creation, initiation.

EGYDE(N) / ҮҮД(ЭН)
n. Door, gate; entrance; beginning, aspect.
-- daγudaxu. To call at the door for admission.
--n ece (prec. by gen.) For the sake of, in view of; for the purpose of; by means of, through, because of.
--n xacar. Leaf of a door or gate.
--n y comurliγ. Fretwork on a door.
--n y elgygyr. Hooks from which the door curtain is suspended.
--n y ger. Porch, entrance, hall.
--n y køsigyrge. Bar or bolt of a door.
--n y tasulγ-a. Anteroom, entrance hall.
-- sakiγci. Doorkeeper, janitor.

sain dur-a jin -- ece. By one's own will, voluntarily.

EGYDECI / ҮҮДЭЧ
n. Doorkeeper, gatekeeper, janitor.

EGYDEL
See egydyl.

EGYDENCER
n. Small door.

EGYDKE- / ҮҮТГЭХ
v. caus. of egyd-.

EGYDKEBYRI / ҮҮТГЭВЭР
n. Intention, purpose, enterprise.

EGYDKEL / ҮҮТГЭЛ
n. Intention, enterprise.
xouratu -- Harmful or wicked intention or plan.

EGYDYGCI / ҮҮДЭГЧ
See under egyd-.

EGYDYL / ҮҮДЭЛ
[= egydel] n. Origin, beginning, commencement.

EGYGER
Same as egyber.

EGYLDER / ҮҮЛДЭР , ҮҮЛТЭР
n. Kind, species; breed, stock, race, blood.
mal un -- saiziraγulxu. To improve the breed of livestock.
sain -- yn. Of good stock.
sain -- yn mal. Cattle of good stock.

EGYLE(N) / ҮҮЛ(ЭН)
n. and adj. Cloud; cloud-like pattern or design; cataract of the eye.
-- daldalaxu. To be hidden by clouds; to die (hon.).
-- degdeky. For clouds to form or gather.
--n alaγ mori. Skewbald horse (with dapples resembling clouds).
--n cilaγu. A kind of marble (with cloud pattern).

--n y cilaγun. Hail (lit.: stones of the cloud).
-- saγuxu. For a cataract to develop on the eye.
-- sarnilxu. For clouds to scatter.
-- sekyky. For clouds to disperse.
-- unaxu. For a cataract or growth to form or develop on the eye.
-- ygei. Without a cloud, cloudless.
semezin -- . Fleecy clouds, cirri.



EGYLED
Same as egyles.



EGYLEDE- / УУЛДЭХ
v.i. To become cloudy or overcast.



EGYLERKEG / УУЛЭРХЭГ
adj. Cloudy, overcast.



EGYLES / УУЛС
[pl. of egyle] Clouds.



EGYLESI- / УУЛШИХ
v.i. To become clouded or overcast.



EGYLETE- / УУЛТЭХ
v.i. To become clouded or overcast.



EGYLETEI / УУЛТЭЙ
[= egylety] adj. Clouded, cloudy, having clouds; cloud-patterned.



EGYLETY / УУЛТ
See egyletei.
-- tebsi. Tray with cloud-patterned carving on which sovereign's manifestoes were displayed.
-- toryγ-a. Silk fabric with cloud-like pattern.



EGYN / УУН
Stem of the demonstrative pronoun ene.
-- dy = -- dyr = egyndy. Dative-locative of ene; therefore, for this reason.
-- -e. Dative-locative of ene; therefore.
-- ece = egynce. Ablative of ene.
-- ece xoisi. Hereafter, from now on.
-- y = egyny. Gen. of ene: his,her, its, their.
-- y ki = egyneiki. Poss. pron. of 3rd person sing.: his, her, its.

EGYNCE / УУНЭЭС
See egyn ece under egyn.



EGYNCILEN / УУНЧЛЭН
[modal conv. of egyncile-] adv. Similarly to this, [in] this way, thus.
-- tegyncilen. In every possible way.



EGYNDY
See egyn dy under egyn.



EGYNEIKI / УУНИЙХ
Possessive pronoun of 3rd person singular: his her, its.
ene nom -- . This book is his.



EGÝNY / УУНИЙ
See egyn y under egyn.
noxai jin -- . Dog house or kennel.



EGYR / УУР
n. Nest; lair; "cell" (as of a political party).
-- i zasaxu. To build a nest.
-- urbaγulxu. To turn a nest inside out; to investigate, expose a crime.
caγan -- . Edible bird's nest (of salangane).
nam ын -- . Party cell.



EGYR- / УУРЭХ
[=ygyr-]v.t. To carry or load on one's back; to bear; to take a burden or responsibility upon oneself.
buu --ky. To carry a gun on one's back.
buruγu ben toluγai daγan --ky. To take the consequence of one's error.
jala --ky. To be fined, penalized.
ner-e --ky. To have the reputation of, be notorious for.
niruγu ben --ky. To carry one's hands behind one's back.
toluγai daγan --ky. To take on, as a task or responsibility.
tusijal --ky. To be charged or occupied with.

EGYRGE / УУРЭГ
[= ygyrge] n. Burden, load; task, duty, responsibility, obligation; role, part, function.
-- abxu. To take on a responsiblity or duty.
-- ber jabuxu. To make a pilgrimage on foot, carrying one's belongings in a bundle on one's back.
-- ji kylijelgeky. To charge with a task, responsibility or obligation.
-- kylijeky. To carry a responsibility; to accept a duty or obligation.

alban -- . Official duties or obligations.
nigen -- tylij-e. A bundle of firewood.

EGYRGE-
v. caus. of egyr-.

EGYRGECI / УУРЭГЧ
n. One who carries a load on the back.

EGYRGELE- / УУРЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To carry on one's back; to load; to take up a duty or burden; to impose a duty or obligation.

EGYRGELEGYL- / УУРЭГЛУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of egyrgele-.

EGYRGELEL / УУРЭГЛЭЛ
n. The act of egyrgele-.

EGYRGESYN
Same as ørgesy(n).

EGYRGETY / УУРЭГТ
adj. Having or carrying a load or burden.

EGYRI / УУР
adv. and adj. Long time, long ago; old, ancient.
-- udal ygei. Soon after that, not long after.
-- yly udan. Soon after that, not long after.
øni -- . For a long time.

EGYRIDE / УУРД
adv. and adj. Long (of time), all the time, always, constantly; forever; permanent, eternal.
-- jin. Constant; of a long period, long-term, eternal, perpetual, permanent.
-- jin nøkyr. A permanent friend.
-- jin josun. Ancient custom, old usage; immutable order; inviolable law perfect syllogism; indisputable proposition, conclusion, or argument.
-- møngke. Forever.
møngke -- . Forever.
tabun -- = tabun asida. [Ch. wu-ch'ang 五常]. The five constant virtues: ørysijel (jen 仁 , benevolence), zirum (i 義 righteousness), josulal (li 禮 , propriety), mergen (chih 智 , knowledge), batu (hsin 信 , sincerity).

EGYRIDEKI / УУРДЭХЬ
adj. Constant, permanent, perpetual.

EGYRIS-
v.i. To nest; to become set or established.

EGYRIZI- / УУРЖИХ
v.i. To last, stay, or remain for a long time; to linger.

EGYRLE- / УУРЛЭХ
v.i. To make a nest; to live in a nest; to stick all the time to the same place, be a stay-at-home (derogatory).

EGYRTE- / УУРТЭХ
v.i. To be preoccupied or overburdened, feel oneself unable to cope with, find it difficult to, be inconvenienced.

EGYRTEGYL- / УУРТУУЛЭХ
[v. caus. of egyrte-] To give somebody much trouble; to inconvenience, bother.

EGYRTEL / УУРТЭЛ
n. Entanglement, trouble, burden.

EGYRTY-
Same as egyrte-.

EGYS- / УУСЭХ
v.i. To begin, originate, spring from, appear, arise, descend; to be born. Cf. egyd-.
--ygsen. [Having] begun, originated, or sprung from.

EGYSBYRI / УУСВЭР
[= ekilbyri] n. Beginning, origin, source, appearance; young breed (young animals, children, plants).

EGYSBYRILE- / УУСВЭРЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To begin, start, originate.

EGYSGER / УУСГЭР
n. Shaft of an arrow or spear; trajectory (of a missile).

EGYSKE- / УУСГЭХ
[v. caus. of egys-] To lay the ground or

foundation, make begin, cause to originate, produce; to make, start (as a war); to set in motion, give an impetus, stimulate; to create, establish; to commence.

--gci. See separate entry.

--kyi. Beginning, origin, appearance, phenomenon.

--n γarγaxu. To found, originate; to introduce, initiate.

arγ-a --ky. To find ways and means, take steps or measures; to use a ruse.

bailduγan i --zy γarγaxu. To start a war.

γasalang sedkil buu -- Do not abandon yourself to grief, do not grieve.

maγu sanaγ-a --ky. To conceive an evil plan.



EGYSKEGCI / УУСГЭГЧ

n. Founder, initiator, pioneer, instigator, stimulator.

ebedcin y --. Pathogene.



EGYSKEGDE- / УУСГЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of egyske-.



EGYSKEGYL- / УУСГУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of egyske-.



EGYSKEL / УУСГЭЛ

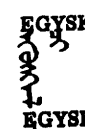
n. Starting point, origin; commencement; initiative; enterprise; intention; motive, cause, reason.

-- baibasu tegyskel baixu. What has a beginning, has an end.

-- talbixu. To lay a foundation, make a start.

-- tegyskel. Beginning and end; cause and effect.

kereg yn --. The beginning or starting point of an affair or business.

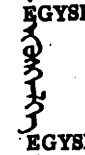


EGYSKELCI

Same as egyskegci.

EGYSKELGE

n. Beginning; intention.



EGYSKEMZI / УУСГЭМЖ

n. Initiation, creation, beginning.



EGYSYGDE- / УУСЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of egys-] To be founded, started, or originated; to begin, come into being, originate, spring or issue from.



EGYTE- / УУТЭХ

v.i. To be[come] covered with warts.



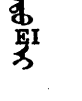
EGYY / УУ

n. Wart; excrescence.



EGYYTY / УУТ

adj. Warty; verrucose; knotted, nodose.



EI / ИЙ

interj. expressive of compassion, sorrow, fright, or disgust.

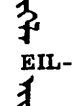
-- køgerykei! Interjectional phrase expressing compassion or affection.

-- xai. Expression of crying, moaning.



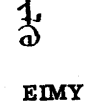
EIGLE- / ЕЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To wail, lament.



EIL-

v.i. To run away, flee; to detach oneself, free oneself.



EIMY / ИЙМ

adj. and adv Such; so, thus (sometimes following the substantive it qualifies; in this case it takes the case suffix, if any).

-- baixu ygei. It is not so.

-- boluγsan u xoin-a. After this, thus.

-- buju. Such is the case; it is so.

-- busu bolbasu. If not so; otherwise; if this is not the case.

-- deger-e ece. Besides this.

-- dy / dyr. Therefore, for this reason.

-- dy yzebesy. If we look at it, then...; it is obvious or it follows that.

-- jaγuma gezy medegsen ygei. Did not know that it is or was like this.

-- jangzu ber. In such a manner, this way.

-- jin. Such.

-- jin kymyn. Such a person.

-- jin tula. As a result, in view of this; for this purpose or reason; therefore.

-- nige. Such a ...

-- ørgen. As wide as this.

-- sanaγatai. Having such an intention, with such a view in mind.

ucir -- dyr. For this reason.

EIMYKEN / ИЙМХЭН



adj. Something like this.

EIN / ИЙН



adv. so, thus, in this way or manner.
-- keleryn. Said thus: ...
-- kemen. So saying, with these words.
-- ky. Such, such a one, just so, so then; in this manner.
-- ky bolbasu. If it is so; assuming this to be so.
-- tein yge kelelceky. To talk about this and that.

EINKEN



Same as eimyken.

EISI / ИЙШ

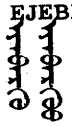


adv. (colloq.) Here, hither, to this side; a little nearer, closer.
-- boli [Move] over here! [Come] this way!
-- sayu! Sit down here! Sit on this side! Sit a little closer!
-- teisi. To and fro; hither and thither; back and forth; in every direction.
-- teisi jabuxu. To go here and there.

EJ-E / ЭЕ

n. Peace, accord; harmony, concord; amity, friendship, urbanity; comfortableness.
-- eb. Concord, peace, amity, friendship.
-- nairamdal. Friendliness, peace.
-- nairamdal dotur-a kelelceky. To settle amicably.
-- nairamdal talbixu. To show friendliness; to yield for the sake of friendship.
-- nam ygei. Disharmonious, discord[ant].
-- ygei. Disharmony, disharmonious[ly], inconvenient[ly], akward[ly].
yar tur -- ygei. Difficult to handle.
yazar un -- ber ger barixu. To build a house in conformity with the local conditions.
sayuxu dur -- ygei. Inconvenient to sit on.

EJEBERGY[Y] / ЭЕВРЭГ



adj. Favorable, harmonious; the symbol k'un 坤 in the Chinese Book of Changes (I-ching 易經).

EJELDEG / ЭЕЛДЭГ



[= ejeledeg] adj. Soft, flexible, tender; friendly, propitious; sociable, courteous, polite, urbane.

-- ay-a. Title of the wife of an official of the 5th class.
-- ayasitai . Friendly, pleasing, complaisant, urbane.
-- arisu(n). Soft skin or leather.
-- zang. Flexibility of character or manners, urbanity.
-- zøgelen. Gentle, tender.

EJELE- / ЭЕЛЭХ



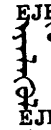
v.t. To straighten the threads of the warp; to put in order, arrange, regulate; to adapt, adjust, accommodate; to organize; to harmonize, make correspond; to settle (as a quarrel); to find a way out, compromise.

EJELEDEG



See ejeldeg.

EJELEGYL- / ЭЕЛҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of ejele-.

EJELEL / ЭЕЛЭЛ



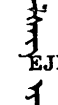
n. Peace, order, concord; act of arranging, putting in order, or regulating.

EJELIG / ЭЕЛЭГ



adj. Friendly, kind, obliging, complaisant, affable.
-- ijer. Intimately.

EJELSEG



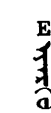
Same as ejelig.

EJER, 1. / ЭЕР



n. Slime or mucus in the intestines of fish; fat in the intestines of animals or humans; slime on a fish or a frog; cod-liver oil; nutritiousness; the state of being satisfied with food.
-- ygei. Gluttonous.

EJER, 2.



See ijer.

EJERGY / ЭЕРЭГ



adj. Peaceful, obedient, submissive, accommodating, docile; favorable.

EJERSI- /
v.i. To be[come] satiated.

EJERTEI / ЭЕРТЭЙ
adj. Having ejer (q.v.); satisfied with food, satiated.

EJESE- / ЭЕСЭХ
v.i. To agree, come to terms, become amiable.

EJETEI / ЭЕТЭЙ
[= ejety] adj. Peaceful; harmonious, friendly, amicable; obedient, compliant, yielding; easy-going.
-- ebtei bolxu. To become friendly or harmonious.
-- nairtai. Friendly, amicable.

EJETY
See ejetei.

EKE / ЭХ
n. and adj. a) Mother, maternal; native.
-- bariγci. Obstetrician.
-- kele. Native language, mother tongue.
-- nilx-a. Mother and child, mothers and children.
-- nutuγ. Native or home country, mother country, home.
-- orun. Homeland, motherland, native country.
-- orunci. Patriot.
-- orunci sedkil. Patriotic spirit.
-- orunci yzel. Patriotism.

b) Beginning, origin, source, draft; original. Sometimes used interchangeably with eki(n).
-- aγurxai. Beginning, source; cradle (met.).
-- bicig. Original, original text, draft or document.
-- γarγaxu. To make a draft.
-- γazar. Source, original place.
-- sudur. Original text.
ger-e bicig yn --. The original of a treaty or contract.
surbulzi --. Source; origin.
tøbed --. The Tibetan original (text).

c) Principal, chief.
-- bel. Capital (money).
-- dangsa. Chief ledger (accounting).
-- kørynggе. Capital (money).

EKEGYDE- / ЭХУУДЭХ
v.t. To poison; to mix poison with eatables.

EKEGYDEL / ЭХУУДЭЛ
n. Poisonous dough prepared from the bark and leaves of wild walnut used as bait in fishing.

EKEGYN / ЭХУУН
adj. Tart, sour, astringent taste of unripe fruits, etc.; strong (as of tea); caustic (chem.).
-- amta. Sour or rancid taste, taste of deteriorating food.
-- cai. Strong tea.
-- tosun. Rancid butter.

EKELE- / ЭХЛЭХ
v.t. To [write a rough] draft.

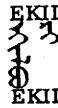
EKENER / ЭХНЭР
[originally pl. of eke] n. and adj. Woman, wife, married woman, women in general female.
-- abxu. To take a wife, marry (of a man).
-- gegeky. To divorce a wife.
-- keyken. Women and girls.
-- ygei. Unmarried man, bachelor.

EKENERTEI / ЭХНЭРТЭЙ
adj. Having a wife, married.

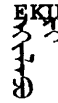
EKI(N) / ЭХ(ЭН)
n. and adj. Beginning, commencement; fountain, source; origin; cause; yeast; original, draft. Cf. eke (b).
-- adaγ. Beginning and end.
-- bicig. Original (of a letter, document, etc.).
-- bulaγ. Beginning, source.
-- dangsa. Main ledger.
-- egysbyri. Beginning, source; origin; germ.
-- γazar. Continent.
-- izaγur. Pedigree, source.
-- kemzij-e. Standard.
--n dy. In the beginning, at first.
--n ece. At first, from the beginning, from the start.
--n ece abun. From the beginning.
--n sar-a. The first of the three months of a season.
--n y. First, original, primary, initial; elementary.

--n y cayasu. The first page; title page, title leaf.
--n ygei. Having no beginning.
--n y ysyg. Capital letter, initial letter.
--n y ziryuyan sar-a. The first six months.
-- toluyai ygei. No beginning, no start.
-- yliger. Prototype, archetype.
-- zax-a. Beginning, point of departure; order, arrangement, rule.
-- zokijaxu. To make a draft of a letter or document.
sar-a jin -- . Beginning of a month.
xabur un -- sar-a. The first spring month.

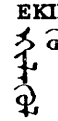

EKICI
n. and adj. Beginner, starter, originator, pioneer; author; intial, beginning.

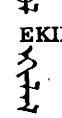

EKILBYRI
See egysbyri.


EKILE-
v.t. and i. To begin, start, come into being, originate; to untertake.
--n dayulaxu. To lead in singing, give the tune.
naiman cay ece --n. From 8 o'clock on.
ungsizu --ky. To begin to read.

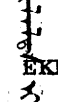

EKILEBYRI / ЭХЭЛБЭР
n. Beginning, origin.

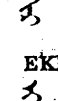

EKILEGCI
n. Beginner, starter; initiator, pioneer.


EKILEGYL- / ЭХЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ekile-.

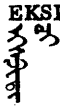

EKILEL / ЭХЛЭЛ
n. Commencement, beginning, start, origin; undertaking.

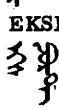

EKILELTE / ЭХЛЭЛТ
n. Beginning, origin; initiative; genesis.


EKIR
Same as iker-e.


EKITEI / ЭХТЭЙ
[= ekity] adj. Having a beginning or source.
yurban -- kereg. Threefold crime or offense.


EKITY
See ekitei.

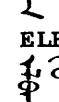

EKSPĘDIČI / ЭКСПЕДИЦ
[R. экспедиция] n. Expedition.


EKSPORT / ЭКСПОРТ
[R. экспорт] n. Export.

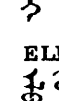

EL
[= il] n. Accord, harmony, peace; union; ally.
-- ulus. Ally, friendly nation.


ELBEG / ЭЛБЭГ
n. and adj. Abundance; abundant, plentiful, rich; rather large or loose (of clothes).
-- debel. Loose-fitting fur coat.
-- delbeg ijer. Abundance ; profusion; abundant.
-- delbeg jabuxu. To live in abundance.
boruyan -- zil. Rainy year.

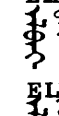

ELBEGKEN / ЭЛБЭГХЭН
adj. Somewhat abundant or fertile.


ELBEGSI- / ЭЛБЭГШИХ
v.i. To be abundant or plentiful.

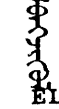

ELBEGSIL / ЭЛБЭГШИЛ
n. Abundance, plenty.


ELBEGSIRE- / ЭЛБЭГШИРЭХ
v.i. To abound, be plentiful.


ELBEGTEI / ЭЛБЭГТЭЙ
adj. Plentiful, abundant.


ELBEGZI- / ЭЛБЭГЖИХ
v.i. To abound, be plentiful.


ELBEGZIGYL- / ЭЛБЭГЖҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of elbegzi-] To make something abundant, contribute to the abundance of.


ELBEGZIL / ЭЛБЭГЖИЛ
n. The process of becoming abundant or state of being abundant.

ELBENGKY / ЭЛБЭНХЭ

n. Racoon.

ELBERI- / ЭЛБЭРЭХ

v.t. To respect or honor parents or elders.

ELBERIL / ЭЛБЭРЭЛ

n. Veneration, respect; filial piety.
-- aγucilal. Forgiveness, pardon.
-- ygei sibaγu. A kind of owl (said to eat its own mother. Cf. Ch. hsiao 梟).

ELBERILTEI / ЭЛБЭРЭЛТЭЙ

adj. Pious (of filial piety), respecting one's parents.
jeke --. (One) who has utmost respect towards his parents, (one) who is a model of filial piety.

ELBERINGGYI / ЭЛБЭРИНГҮЙ

adj. Dutiful or loyal to parents.

ELCEL

Same as elcil.

ELCI(N) / ЭЛЧ(ИН)

n. Messenger, courier; envoy, ambassador; apostle, missionary.
-- ilegeky. To send a messenger.
--n said. Ambassador.
--n y γazar. Legation (place).
-- tosxu. To receive a messenger, ambassador, or envoy.
onca byrin erke ty --n said. Ambassador, extraordinary and plenipotentiary.

ELCIL / ЭЛЧИЛ

-- ygei. Desolate, uninhabited.
-- ygei aγlaγ aγula. Isolated and uninhabited mountain.
-- ygei γazar. Uninhabited place; desert; barren land.
-- ygei mangx-a. Desert covered with dunes.

ELCILE- / ЭЛЧЛЭХ

v.i. To go as an envoy or ambassador.

ELCIM-E / ЭЛЧИМ

-- tal-a. Desert, steppe; uninhabited region or place.

ELDE-, 1. / ЭЛДЭХ

v.t. To dress, curry, prepare, soften, tan (of leather); to knead; to roll or flatten (of dough); to beat, drub.
--gsen tamaki. Ground tobacco.
arasun --ky kymyn. Currier, leather-dresser, tanner.
γulir --ky. To knead flour, make dough.
kymyn i --ky. To give somebody a severe thrashing.
sur --ky. To soften a leather strap.

ELDE-, 2. / ЭЛДЭХ

v.t. To drive, chase, pursue.
--zy barixu. To pursue and catch.

ELDEB / ЭЛДЭВ

adj. All kinds of, different, various.
-- arγ-a ber. By all possible means, in every way.
-- i yzeky. To see all kinds of things, have all kinds of experiences.
-- ijer. In every way, in various manners.
-- øngge jin. Variegated, particolored, polychrome, of all kind, of all sorts.
-- ønggetei. Many-colored, particolored, variegated.
-- tøryl yn. Of all kinds.
-- yn. Of all kinds, of every description.
-- yn kymyn. All kinds of people; a peculiar person (colloq.).
-- zyil. Various kinds, a variety.
-- zyil ijer. By all possible means.

ELDEBCILEN / ЭЛДЭВЧЛЭН

adv. In different ways or various manners.

ELDEBLE- / ЭЛДЭВЛЭХ

v.i. To strive in every possible way, do one's best; to contrive.
--n. In every possible way, in different ways; in general, in brief.

ELDEGYL- / ЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of elde-.

ELDEGYRCI(N) / ЭЛДҮҮРЧ(ИН)

n. Tanner, currier.

ELDEGYRI / ЭЛДҮҮР

n. Scraping knife or stick used in tanning hides; tanning, currying of leather.

γar -- . Tanning by hand.

ELDELGE / ЭЛДЛЭГ

n. Tanning, dressing, currying (of leather).

ELE, 1. / ЭЛ

adj. This, this same, the very same, identical; the given, the mentioned, all.

-- kereg yn tula. For this reason, therefore.

-- ucir. For this reason, therefore.

-- zyil yn. This kind of; all of, every kind of; the above mentioned.

ELE, 2. / Л

Earlier form of the intensifying particle la/le (q.v.).

sain -- bolxu boltuγai. Let it be good! Let it be accomplished successfully! May it turn out well.

tere -- caγ tur. Just at that time, only at that time.

tøryky byi -- bygesy maγad ykyky bui. Anything that is born must inevitably die.

ELE, 3. / ЭЛ

[S. elā] n. Cardamom.

ELE-, 1. / ЭЛЭХ

v.t. To wear out (as by attrition).

--gsen. Worn-out.

ELE-, 2.

See ili-.

ELEG / ЭЛЭГ

n. Object of derision; mockery, scoff, cynicism.

-- barixu. To ridicule, mock at.

-- bolγaxu. To ridicule, mock.

-- kiky. To ridicule, mock.

ELEGDE- / ЭЛЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of ele-] To be worn out; to weather.

--gsen. Worn-out, shabby, threadbare.

--n coγuraxu. To develop holes through wear.

γutul un ula --gsen. The sole of the shoe is worn through.

ELEGDEL / ЭЛЭГДЭЛ

n. Wear and tear; erosion.

ed xoγsil un -- . Wear and tear of property.

ELEGE- / ЭЛЭЭХ

[v. caus. of ele-] To wear out.

mori --ky. To wear out a horse in riding.

xubcasun juγan --ky. To wear out one's clothes.

ELEGLE- / ЭЛЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To poke fun or laugh at, ridicule, satirize.

--gsen silyg. Satirical poem, satire.

--gsen ziruγ. Caricature, cartoon.

ELEGLEGDE- / ЭЛЭГЛЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of elegle-.

kymyn dy --ky. To be laughed at by others.

ELEGLEGYL- / ЭЛЭГЛҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of elegle-] To be laughed at.

kymyn ijer --ky. To be laughed at by others.

ELEGLEL / ЭЛЭГЛЭЛ

n. Ridicule, mockery, scoff.

ELEGYL- / ЭЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ele-.

ELEI

-- balai bolxu. To become confused or dim (of the mind).

ELEI- / ЭЛИЙХ

v.i. To be[come] dull, unimaginative; to talk nonsense.

ELEKTRON / ЭЛЕКТРОН

n. Electron.

ELEMEG / ЭЛМЭГ

adj. Wild, untrained; ignorant; not broken in (horse). Cf. emneg.

-- kymyn. Wild or ignorant person.

ELENGKEI / ЭЛЭНХИЙ

adj. Worn-out, shabby; eroded; useless (person).

-- γutul. Worn-out boots.

-- tylengkei. Worn-out, shabby.

ELESY(N) / ЭЛС(ЭН)

n. Sand, dust.

-- cøl. Sand desert.

--n cilaγu. Sandstone.

--n γazar. Sandy place or region.

--n siγuryγ-a. Sand storm.

--n y luubang. Chervil (root), Dancus carota.

-- siγuraxu. For a dust storm to rage.

-- sirui. Sand, dust
-- toγusun. Sand and dust.

ELESYNCER / ЭЛСЭНЦЭР
n. Sandy soil or loam.

ELESYTEI / ЭЛСТЭЙ
[= elesyty] adj. Sandy, mixed with sand.

ELESYTY / ЭЛСТ
See elesytei.

ELGY- / ӨЛГӨХ
[= ølgy-] v.t. To hang, hang up, suspend.
--n xadaxu. To nail onto (as pictures to the wall).
--zy abxu. To pick or hoist up with a hook.
--zy talbixu. To hang up, suspend.
ergigylge --ky. Windlass (as used in shoeing horses).
kerem dy --ky. To hang on the wall.
xadasun ece --ky. To hang on a nail.
yge --zy abxu. To find an opening for a conversation.

ELGYBCI / ӨЛГӨВЧ
n. Braid for tying women's breeches and skirts; carrying strap, slip or petticoat strap.

ELGYCE / ӨЛГӨЦ
n. The spreader in a loom with which the threads of the warp are lifted up and lowered when weaving; hanger, hook for hanging.

ELGYCE- / ӨЛГӨЦӨХ
v.i. To play the elgycege (q.v.).

ELGYCEGE / ӨЛГӨЦӨӨ
n. Cat's cradle (a game).

ELGYGDE- / ӨЛГӨГДӨХ
[v. pass. of elgy-] To be hanged, suspended; to be hooked or caught; to hang.

ELGYGYL- / ӨЛГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of elgy-.

ELGYGYR / ӨЛГҮҮР
[= elgyr] n. Suspension device, hook, peg, nail (to hang things on), hanger.

-- xalxabci. Hanging screen.
egyden y --. Hooks for suspending curtains.
xubcasun u --. Hook or hanger for clothes.

ELGYGYRTY / ӨЛГҮҮРТ
adj. Having a hanger, hook, etc.; suspended, hung up, hanging, pendulous.

ELGYMEL / ӨЛГӨМӨЛ
adj. Hung up, suspended, hanging, pendulous.
-- gyr. Suspension bridge.
-- utasun terge. Suspended cable car.

ELGYR
See elgygyr.

ELIGE / ЭЛЭГ
n. Liver; (fig.) breast, belly; blood relative[s] (used attributively).
-- ben teberiky. To cross one's hands over one's breasts (a gesture of grief).
-- emtereky. "For the liver to break," i.e. to be heartbroken.
--n aimaγ. Blood relatives.
--n ece dur-a ygei. To dislike something profoundly.
-- nimgen. Compassionate, tenderhearted.
--n øngge. Liver color, dark brown color.
--n sadun. Blood relatives.
--n tøryl. Close relatives.
--n uruγ. Close relatives.
--n y. Hepatic.
--n y cilaγun. Stones in the liver.
-- terigylezy kebteky. To lie on one's belly.
-- xaγaraxu. To burst out laughing, guffaw.
-- xaralazu zobaxu. To have a deep grief.
-- xatan inijeky. To laugh a belly laugh.
aγulan u --. Southern slope of a mountain.
numun --. The inner side or "belly" of a bow.

ELIGEBCI / ЭЛГЭВЧ
n. Abdominal band (protecting the belly against cold); a kind of warm vest worn next to the skin.

ELIGEBCILE- / ЭЛГЭВЧЛЭХ
v.t. To wear an eligebci (q.v.).

ELIGELE- / ЭЛЭГЛЭХ
v.i. and t. To lie on one's stomach; to love tenderly, be attached to.

--zy kebteky. To lie on one's stomach.

ELIGESEG / ЭЛЭГСЭГ

adj. and n. Affectionate, amiable, amicable, kind.

-- tøryl. Affectionate relatives.

ELIGESEGLE- / ЭЛЭГСЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To be kind or affectionate, have tender love for.

ELIGESLJE- / ЭЛЭГШЭЭХ

v.t. and i. To love tenderly (as parents, relatives); to be devoted to.

ecige eke ben --. To love one's parents tenderly.

ELLJ-E / ЭЛЭЭ

n. Hawk; kite; vulture.

-- segyl sumu(n). Arrow with point resembling a crescent.

-- xar-a. Seed; darnel; cockle (in millet). [Gu.] Panicum crus galli (plant).

-- ynege(n). Fabulous three-footed animal living in water.

ELINCEG

Same as elynce.

ELKEG / ЭЛХЭГ

n. Sieve, sifter, strainer, bolter.

-- yn cayarly. The round frame of a sieve.

kilyasun --. Hair sieve.

toryan --. Silk sieve.

ELKEGDE- / ЭЛХЭГДЭХ

v.t. To sift, bolt.

γulir --ky. To bolt flour.

ELMEG / ЭЛМЭГ

Same as elemeg.

ELMIG

Same as elemeg.

ELSE- / ЭЛСЭХ

v.i. and t. To join, enter, enroll, enlist; to draft, conscript.

--n oruxu. To join, enroll, enlist.

cerig ty --ky. To join the colors.

ELSEG / ЭЛСЭГ

adj. Kind, courteous, friendly, polite.

ELSEGLE- / ЭЛСЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To be polite, pleasant, courteous, agreeable.

ELSEGYL- / ЭЛСҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of else-] To draw into, draft, enlist, enroll, recruit, mobilize.

--yn abxu. To attract, attach to oneself; to draft.

--yn oruγulxu. To draft, enroll.

ELSEL / ЭЛСЭЛ

Same as elselte.

ELSELTE / ЭЛСЭЛТ

n. Acceptance; recruiting, enrollment.

ELTEI / ЭЛТЭЙ

[= iltei] adj. Peaceful, quiet, pleasing.

ELTY

-- gørygesy. Deer, hart, stag.

ELTYLE-, 1. / ЭЛТЛЭХ

v.t. To weave, knit.

ELTYLE-, 2. / ЭЛТЛЭХ

v.t. To break off, crush, crumble.

ELTYRE- / ЭЛТРЭХ

v.i. To become worn-out or shabby; to crumble, be crushed.

--gsen. Worn-out, shabby.

ELTYRKEI / ЭЛТЭРХИЙ

n. Splinter, sliver, chip.

ELY / ЭЛ

n. Hole, cave, den, burrow, lair.

ELY-

v.t. To cut, clip, pluck, peel, pare, trim (of branches of trees or unusable parts of meat).

ELYGYL-

v. caus. of ely-.

ELYN / ЭЛЭН

-- xulun bolxu. To become deserted, empty, or quiet.

ELYNCE / ЭЛЭНЦ

n. Great-grandfather; great-grandmother.
-- ebyge. Great-grandfather.
-- ecige. Great-grandfather.
-- eke. Great-grandmother.
-- emege. Great-grandmother.

ELYNCEG / ЭЛЭНЦЭГ

Same as elynce.

ELZIGE(N) / ИЛЖИГ, ИЛЖГЭН

n. Donkey, ass.
--n ciki. [Gu.] Loquat. [Go.] Persimmon.
--n y dudurai . Donkey colt or foal.
-- teneg. As stupid as an ass.

ELZIGECI

n. Donkey herder.

EM / ЭМ

n. Medicine, drug, witchcraft (obs.).
-- arγ-a. Remedy.
-- barixu. To practice medicine.
-- beledkeky γazar. Pharmacy.
-- dom. Medicine, drug, potion.
-- kyrteky. To receive medicine (as from a lama); to take medicine.
-- modun. Medicinal tree.
-- nairaγuluγci. Pharmacist, druggist.
-- tarixu. To vaccinate.
-- tungnaxu. To dose medicine.
-- uγuxu. To swallow or take medicine.
-- yn ger. Pharmacy.
-- yn køl. Ingredients of a medicine.
-- yn nairaγulγ-a. Compounding of medicine; medical prescription.
-- yn nom. Medical handbook,book on medicine.
-- yn tung. Dose of medicine.
-- yn uxaγan. Medical science, pharmaceutics.
-- yn zor. Medical prescription.
-- zasal. Cure, medical treatment.

EMBYRE- / ЭМБЭРХ

[= embyri-] v.i. To fall apart, tumble down, ruin, go to pieces; to diminish; to become rotten.

EMBYREGYL- / ЭМБЭРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of embyre-.

EMBYREL / ЭМБЭРЭЛ

n. The act of embyre-; snow avalanche.

EMBYRI-

See embyre-.

EMCI / ЭМЧ

n. Physician, surgeon, doctor.
-- domci. Physicians and medical men (coll.).
-- jin xanaγur. Scalpel.
-- ji zakirxu jamun. Medical board; medical administration.
baγ-a --. Doctor's assistant, assistant physician.
jeke --. Medical doctor, physician.
kymyn y --. Physician.
mal un --. Veterinarian.

EMCILE- / ЭМЧЛЭХ

v.t. To heal, cure, treat medically.
--n anaγaxu. To heal, cure, treat medically.

EMCILEGYL- / ЭМЧЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of emcile-.
--ygci. Patient under medical treatment.

EMCILEL / ЭМЧЛЭЛ

n. The act of emcile-, treatment, cure; remedy.

EMCILGE / ЭМЧЛЭГ

n. Treatment, cure.

EMCY

Same as ϕmci.

EMCYGYR

n. Person with a short upper lip.
-- uruγul. Puckered lips, contracted lips.

EMDYNE

n. Female quail.

EM-E / ЭМ

n. and adj. Woman, wife; female.
-- abcu ϕgky. To get a wife for one's son.
-- cimu-a. Female wolf.
-- egesig. "Female," i.e.front vowel (e, ϕ, y).
-- eresy. Hermaphrodite . See eresy.
-- kelelceky. To seek in marriage, woo.
-- xongγurcuγ un saxal. Pistil.
-- yge. Word with "female," i.e. front vowel[s]; word of the feminine gender.

baγ-a -- . Secondary wife.
er-e -- ygei adali erke. Equality of rights between the sexes.
jeke -- . Chief wife.

EMECILE- / ЭМЧЛЭХ
v.i. and t. To act or behave like a women; to take for a wife; to treat someone as one's wife.

EMEGCIN / ЭМЭГЧИН
n. and adj. Female (of quadrupeds and fowls).

EMEGE / ЭМЭГ
adj. Grand-(mother).
-- eke. Grandmother.

EMEGED / ЭМГЭД
pl. of emegen.
-- yn nara. Warm autumn day.

EMEGEL / ЭМЭЭЛ
n. Saddle.
-- abxu. To unsaddle.
-- yn bygyrge. Pommel of the saddle.
-- yn kømyldyrge. Breaststrap.
-- yn modu. Saddletree.
-- yn oluncuγ. Saddle-cushion.
-- yn saγudal. The seat of the saddle.
-- yn xabtasu. Saddletree, saddlebow.
erbegelzin -- . Children's saddle (with a cross-bar between the front and back pommels).
terge kølky -- . Saddle for attaching a cart.
xangγai -- . Pack saddle.
xucan bygyrgety -- . Saddle the front bow of which is not higher than the cushion.

EMEGELCI(N) / ЭМЭЭЛЧ(ИН)
n. Saddler.

EMEGELLE- / ЭМЭЭЛЛЭХ
v.t. To saddle.

EMEGELZI
n. Goddess of children watching over health and happiness. Guardian genius of the house. Various pieces of material tied to a string and hung on the exterior side of the door; when edibles are brought into the yurt, they are always held up to the hanging pieces of material.

EMEGEN / ЭМГЭН
n. Old woman, old wife.
-- eke. Grandmother.
-- kimusu. Snail.
-- silbi. Atraphaxis frutescens (plant).
-- xulusun caγasu. Reed paper, bamboo paper.
caγan -- . Female genius protecting children.

EMEGERE- / ЭМЭГРЭХ
v.i. To grow old, age (of women). [Gu.] To wrinkle as from being in water a long while (of the skin).

EMEGTEI / ЭМЭГТЭЙ
n. Woman, female.
-- malcin. Herdswoman.
-- nøkyr. Wife, spouse.
-- zaruca. Female servant, maid.
ger yn ezen -- . Mistress of the house, housewife.

EMEGTEICYD / ЭМЭГТЭЙЧҮҮД
[pl. of emegtei] n. Women.
-- yn tegsi erke. Equality of women.

EMELE- / ЭМЛЭХ
v.i. To live in adultery with a woman; to practice pederasty.

EMES
Plural of em-e.

EMESE- / ЭМСЭХ
v.i. To act like an adult woman (of a girl); to be woman-crazy.

EMESEG / ЭМСЭГ
adj. and n. Lover of women, women chaser; woman-crazy; feminine, womanly.

EMETEI / ЭМТЭЙ
adj. Having a wife, married.

EMGEG / ЭМГЭГ
n. Bad health, illness; state of being maimed or mutilated; grief, worry.
ebedin -- . Illness, suffering.

EMGEGLE- / ЭМГЭГЛЭХ
v.i. To be sick, suffer from illness; to be maimed or crippled.

EMGEGLEL / ЭМГЭГЛЭЛ
n. Sickness, illness; deformity.

EMGEGTEI / ЭМГЭГТЭЙ
adj. Sick, ailing; injured; mutilated, crippled.

EMGENI- / ЭМГЭНЭХ
v.i. To worry, be in mourning, grieve; to suffer; to condole.
--ky bicig. Obituary.
--n. Dolefully, ruefully, mournfully.
--n γasiγudaxu. To grieve, mourn.

EMGENID-
Same as emgeni-.

EMGENIGYL- / ЭМГЭНҮҮЛЭХ
v., caus. of emgeni-.

EMGENIL / ЭМГЭНЭЛ
n. Sorrow, grief, mourning; condolence.
-- γasiγudal. Mourning; memorial meeting for a deceased person.

EMGENILTEI / ЭМГЭНЭЛТЭЙ
[= emgenilty] adj. Sorrowful, mournful; painful; uneasy; afflicted, suffering, tormented.

EMGENILTY
See emgeniltei.

EMLJE- / ЭМЭЭХ
v.i. To fear, be afraid; to be shy or to feel embarrassed.
ajun --ky. To fear, be afraid.
ynen kereg ece ajun --ky. To fear the truth.

EMLJEL / ЭМЭЭЛ
n. Fear, apprehension; shyness, embarrassment.
-- ygei. Having no fear, fearless, bold, daring.

EMLJELGE- / ЭМЭЭЛГЭХ
[v. caus. of emije-] To intimidate, scare.

EMLJELTEI / ЭМЭЭЛТЭЙ
adj. Frightful, dreadful, dangerous; shy, timid.

EMLJESKI- / ЭМЭЭСХИЙХ
v.i. To fear, be afraid.

EMKERID- / ЭМХЭРДЭХ
v.t. To hem, put a border on a garment.

EMKI / ЭМХ
n. Order, system, organization.
-- cegce. Order, system.
-- cegce ygei. Disorder[ly], irregular, unsystematic.
-- cegce ygei baidal. Anarchy.
-- ebdegcid. People disturbing a given order, system or organization, bringing dis - order, chaos, or anarchy; disorganizers, violators of regulations.
-- γarγaxu. To bring about order, arrange or put in order; to systematize.
-- zirum. Order, system.
-- zirum ygei. Without order or system.

EMKIDKE- / ЭМХЭТГЭХ
v.t. To put in order, arrange, systematize, plan.
--n baiγulxu. To bring in order, establish, organize.

EMKILE- / ЭМХЛЭХ
v.t. To put in order, arrange, organize, systematize.
--gci. Organizer.
caγaza xauli --ky. To systematize or codify the law.

EMKILEGYL- / ЭМХҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of emkile-.

EMKILELGE / ЭМХЛЭЛГЭ
n. The act of emkile-.

EMKIRE- / ЭМХРЭХ
v.i. To fall into order; to become orderly.

EMKY / ҮНХ
[= ymky] n. Bite, morsel; mouthful; a little, a drop.
-- emky ber. In small pieces, parts, or fragments.
-- talx-a. A morsel of bread.
nige -- ideky. To eat a mouthful.

EMKY- / ҮНХЭХ
[= ymky -] v.t. To put into or hold in the mouth; to collect, gather.
aman daγan --ky. To put into one's mouth.

EMKYGYL- / УНХҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of emky-.

EMLE- / ЭМЛЭХ
See emne-.

EMLEG
See emneg.

EMLEGYL- / ЭМЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of emle-.

EMNE- / ЭМНЭХ
[= emle-] v.t. To medicate, treat.
--ky domnaxu. To treat medically, cure.
--ky uxaγan = anaγaxu uxaγan. Medical science, medicine.

EMNEG / ЭМНЭГ
[= emleg, eming] adj. Not broken in, untrained, untamed (as a horse or ox); wild, un - bridled, unrestrained. Cf. elemeg.
-- mori. Wild, untrained horse.
-- surγaxu. To train or break in (as a horse).

EMNEGYL- / ЭМНҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of emne-.
bej-e ben --ky. To undergo medical treatment.
bej-e jin ebedcin i --ky. To have one's illness treated.

EMNELGE / ЭМНЭЛЭГ
n. Medical treatment; medicine (science).
-- ji abxu. To receive medical treatment, be cured, recuperate.
-- jin angxan u tusalamzi. First aid.
-- jin azil. Medical work.
-- jin γazar. Medical institution or center, hospital.
-- kiky. To cure, treat.
mal un --. Veterinary medicine.
tøbed --. Tibetan medicine.

EMNIG
See emneg.

EMSE-
Same as emsegle-, 1.

EMSEG
adj. Sensitive to pain; weak, tender.

EMSEGLE-, 1. / ЭМСЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To nurse, look after a child or patient; to wait upon.
--n xairalaxu. To nurse a patient.

EMSEGLE-, 2. / ЭМЗЭГЛЭХ
v.i. To be sensitive to pain; to be weak, tender.

EMTEGEI / ЭМТГИЙ
n. and adj. Notch, jag, chipped place, breach, gap, split, jagged.
mairaγ --. Toothless (as an old man).

EMTEGER / ЭМТГЭР
adj. Jagged; notched, serrated; having holes, gaps; chipped.
-- semteger. Nicked (as a knife); dented; negligent[ly], without order, discordant; uneven, irregular.
-- semteger kituγ-a. Jagged knife.
-- sidyn. Broken tooth.

EMTEI / ЭМТЭЙ
[= emty] adj. Having medicine; curative, medicinal, healing, salubrious.
-- araki. Medicated alcoholic beverage.

EMTELE- / ЭМТЛЭХ
v.t. To jag, notch, serrate; to chip, crumble, break off.
ir i --ky. To chip the edge of a blade.

EMTERE- / ЭМТРЭХ
v.i. To be chipped, nicked; to be [heart] broken.
--zy unaxu. To chip off.
ziryke --ky. To be heartbroken.

EMTERKEI / ЭМТЭРХИЙ
adj. and n. Jagged, notched, chipped off; notch, jag, broken off piece.
-- kituγ-a. Jagged knife.
-- saba. Chipped vase or vessel.
-- semterkei. Notched, jagged, damaged.

EMTY / ЭМТ
See emtei.
-- modun. Medicinal tree.

EMYN-E / ӨМНӨ
a) n. and adj. South; southern; front.
-- øryn-e. South-west.

-- tal-a. Southern quarters, southern side.

b) adv. and postpos. Before, in front of, facing; against; in the presence of.

-- duraduγsan. The above mentioned.

-- ece esergyceky. To resist, fight, protest, or argue against.

-- ece inu nige kymyn irezy jabumui. There is a person coming toward him.

-- xoina jabuxu. To be in somebody's personal service, be in the retinue.

arad olan u -- . In front of the people, in the eyes of the people.

ci -- jabu! You go in front (or ahead)!

gereci nar un -- . Before the eyes or in the presence of witnesses.

minu nidyn -- . Before my eyes.

c) Earlier, before, prior to.

dain u -- . Before the war.

egyn ece nigen zil yn -- . A year before that time.

jaγun u -- . First of all.

d) For the sake of, on behalf of in the name of; in view of.

arad olan u -- ece. For the sake of the people.

cinu -- ece. For your sake, on your behalf.

eke orun u -- ece. For the sake of mother-land.

EMYNECI

Same as emynedy.

EMYNEDY / ӨМНӨД

adj. Southern; front[al].

-- γobi jin aimaγ. South-Gobi Aimak in Outer Mongolia.

-- møsyn dalai. Antarctic Ocean.

EMYNEGSI

Same as emynesi.

EMYNEKI / ӨМНӨХ

adj. Southern, front[al], being in front or ahead of (with gen.); former, preceding.

-- taiza. Proscenium.

egyn y -- . Taking place before this, which happened before or earlier than this, previous, preceding in time, former.

EMYNESI / ӨМНӨШ

adv. Forward, southward.

EMYS- / ӨМСӨХ

v.t and i. To wear, put on (as clothes, headgear, etc.).

--cy yzeky. To try on.

xubcasun --ky. To wear or put on a dress.

EMYSKE- / ӨМСГӨХ

Same as emysygyl-.

EMYSKEGYL- / ӨМСГҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of emyske-.

EMYSYGYL- / ӨМСҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of emys-.

debel --ky. To dress someone.

malaγai --ky. To have someone put on a hat.

EMZI- / ЭМЖИХ

v.t. To trim (as with fur or ribbon), make or sew a hem.

EMZLJER / ЭМЖЭЭР

n. Border (as of a dress), edging, hem, trimming.

-- xosimaγ. Lace.

γutul un -- . Welt (on shoes).

ENDE / ЭНД

adv. and postpos. Here; on this side of or near to.

-- ece = endece. From here, hence.

ger yn. On this side of or near the yurt or house.

ENDE- / ЭНДЭХ

v.i. To err, fall into error, be mistaken, blunder; to go astray; to die. Cf. anda-.

--ky ygei. Without mistake or fail; without going astray; infallible, faultless.

--zy alaxu. To kill by mistake.

dain du --ky. To die in battle.

mør --ky. To go astray, lose track.

zam --ky. To stray; to err, make a mistake.

ENDECE / ЭНДЭЭС

Same as ende ece.

ENDEGDE- / ЭНДЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of ende-] To be led into error, misled, cheated or deceived; to die by accident.

ENDEGDEL / ЭНДЭГДЭЛ
[= endel] n. Mistake, blunder, omission, error, mishap.
-- tasij-a. Mistake, blunder, error; omission, misprint.
-- ygei. Errorless, faultless; infallible; impeccable.

ENDEGYRE- / ЭНДУУРЭХ
v.t. and i. To err, be mistaken; to go astray; to talk or act absurdly; to mistake somebody or something for another.
--zy toγalaxu. To miscalculate.
cilaγu gezy --ky. To mistake something for a stone.
zam ijen --ky. To lose one's way.

ENDEGYREGYL- / ЭНДУУРУУЛЭХ
[v. caus. of endegyre-] To mislead, lead astray; to cause to err; to confuse someone.

ENDEGYREL / ЭНДУУРЭЛ
n. Mistake, error, lapse, oversight; delusion; misunderstanding; guilt.
-- ygei. Without mistake or fail; faultless; infallible; spotless; pure; immaculate, perfect.
-- ygei yiles. Just, right, or good actions.

ENDEGYRELTEI / ЭНДУУРЭЛТЭЙ
[= endegyrelty] adj. Having mistakes, erroneous, faulty, wrong, guilty.

ENDEGYRELTY / ЭНДУУРЭЛТ
See endegyreltei.

ENDEGYREM-E / ЭНДУУРЭМ
adj. Alike, such as may be mistaken for somebody or something else.
-- andaγuram-a. Completely alike or identical.

ENDEGYY / ЭНДУУ
n., adj., and adv. Mistake, error, fault, blunder; wrong, erroneous.
-- andaγuu. Error, mistake.
-- ber. Wrong[ly], erroneous[ly], mistaken[ly].
-- ber tailburilaxu. To misunderstand, misinterpret.
-- jarij-a. False rumors, idle talk.
-- keleky. To misspeak.
-- tanixu. To mistake somebody for another.

-- tasij-a. Mistake, omission, misprint.
-- ygei. Faultless.

ENDEGYYTEI / ЭНДУУТЭЙ
adj. Mistaken, erroneous, faulty, wrong.

ENDEKI / ЭНДЭХ
adj. Being here, local, of this place.
-- josun. Local custom.
-- tendeki. Of here and there.

ENDEL / ЭНДЭЛ
See endegdel.

ENDESKI-
v.i. To make a slight mistake, be somewhat wrong, err to a certain extent.

ENE / ЭНЭ
demonstr. pron. This; he, she (referring to a person near the speaker), it.
-- bykyi. All this.
-- cegen. This size, this kind.
-- darui. At this very moment.
-- edyr. Today.
-- ky. This same, this very, this one, the given.
-- mety. Such, of this kind; thus, in this way, so.
-- øgede. Thither.
-- tere. This and/or that; this and/or another, such as or the like.
-- tere ygei. Without affliction or trouble.

ENECILEN
Same as egyncilen.

ENEDEKI / ЭНДЭХ
adj. Being on this side, here.
-- baising. The house on this side or here.

ENEDKEG / ЭНЭТХЭГ
n.p. India.
-- dabusu. Sal ammoniac; ammonium chloride.
-- dalai. Indian Ocean.
-- kele. Indian language[s] esp. Sanskrit.
-- kitad. Indo-China.
-- orun. India.
-- yn bicig. Sanskrit script, writing, or book.
-- yn γadaγadu dalai. Indian Ocean.

ENEGDE-
v.i. To be tormented, suffer.

ENEGEKEN

adj. The present, this very.
-- nasu. This life, the present life.

ENEGSI- / ЭНЭГШИХ

v.i. To become accustomed to; to recognize each other; to make friends with, become intimate.

ENEGSIGYL- / ЭНЭГШҮҮЛЭХ

[v.caus. of enegsi-] To instil affection or love for a person.

ENEKEN / ЭНЭХЭН

adj. This, this same; this only, just this; the only one.
-- mørtegen. At this time, immediately.

ENEKY / ЭНЭХҮҮ

[= ene ky] See under ene.

ENEL- / ЭНЭЛЭХ

v.i. To suffer pain of body or mind; to grieve, lament, be distressed.
ajul ijer --ygsen. Tormented by fear, in an agony of fear.

ENELGE / ЭНЭЛЭГ

n. Sorrow, affliction, grief, lamentation; suffering.
-- ber nerbegdegsen. Stricken with grief or suffering; sufferer, sick person.

ENELGE- / ЭНЭЛГЭХ

[v.caus. of enel-] To cause suffering or grief, give pain, torture.
γasalγazu --ky. To make suffer, cause grief, torture.

ENELGETEI / ЭНЭЛЭГТЭЙ

adj. Having or suffering from grief, being afflicted.

ENELYL / ЭНЭЛЭЛ

n. Distress, mourning; torment, suffering.

ENELYLTY / ЭНЭЛЭЛТ

adj. Sorrowful, mournful.

ENERI- / ЭНЭРЭХ

v.i. To have pity or compassion; to be touched or moved; to be benevolent, display tender love, show sympathy or humaneness.
--gci. Softhearted, compassionate.
--gci eke. Tenderhearted mother.
--kyi sedkil tøryky. To have compassion.

ENERIL / ЭНЭРЭЛ

n. Pity, compassion; benevolence, clemency, tenderness, love (esp. parental); humaneness.
-- ygei. Pitiless, merciless.

ENERILTEI / ЭНЭРЭЛТЭЙ

[= enerilty] adj. Compassionate, benevolent, kind; tenderhearted; loving tenderly (of parents).

ENERILTY / ЭНЭРЭЛТ

See eneriltei.

ENERINGGYI / ЭНЭРЭНГҮЙ

n. and adj. Pity, compassion, sympathy, humaneness; compassionate, sympathetic, humane.
-- sedkil. Compassion, pity, sympathy.

ENERINGGYILE- / ЭНЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭХ

v.i. To have compassion, be merciful.

ENERINGGYILEL / ЭНЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭЛ

n. Compassion, mercy, pity.

ENETEGE / ЭНЭТЭЭ

adv. [On] this side, thither.

ENG, 1. / ЭН(Г)

n. Width (of material), dimension; extent.
-- aγuzim bain-a. The extent (of a surface) is considerable.
-- idaγulad ojuxu. To sew two pieces of material together lengthwise.
-- kizaγar ygei. Without edge, border, or limit, infinite, limitless.

ENG, 2. / ЭН

adv. Very, most.
-- sacaγu. Identical, the same.
-- terigyn. First of all, very first.

ENG, 3. / ЭН(Г)

n. Something usual, ordinary, or customary.
-- yn. Usual, ordinary, customary, routine, every day's; simple, plain, elementary, common, mediocre, average; nonorganized; private; civilian.

-- yn arad ud. Common people.
-- yn azu axuitan. Private farmers or owners (non-collectivized).
-- yn busu. Not ordinary, not common, unusual.
-- yn butarxai toγ-a. Proper fraction.
-- yn caγ. Normal times, ordinary time.
-- yn edyr yn. Daily, everyday, routine .
-- yn eteged. Ordinary people.
-- yn ijer. As usual, as customary, normally.
-- yn jaγum-a. Ordinary thing[s].
-- yn kymyn. Common or ordinary person, a civilian.
-- yn tøryl yn azu axui jin eblel. The simplest or most primitive economic union or unit.
-- yn xubcasun. Civilian clothes.
-- yn xudalduγ-a. Private commerce.
-- yn yge. Everyday language or talk.

ENGGE-

See ingge-.

ENGGED[E]- / ЭНГЭДЭХ

v.i. To turn down the lapels, open the flaps of one's garment, bare one's chest (as because of heat).

ENGGER / ЭНГЭР

n. Flap of a garment, lapel[s]; southern slope of a mountain or hill.
-- yn caγ. Pocket watch.
-- yn tobci. Buttons on the right side of a garment.
-- yn zaγam. Lapel[s].
-- yn zegylte. Chest decoration.
dotuγadu -- . The inside flap of a garment.
γadaγadu -- . The outside flap of a double-breasted garment.
mangxan u -- . Sunny or southern side of a dune.

ENGGERLE- / ЭНГЭРЛЭХ

v.i. To skirt or pass by the southern side of a mountain.

ENGGESKE / ЭНГЭСЭГ

n. Rouge.
-- buduxu. To apply rouge.
-- jin modu. A tree yielding pigment for rouge.
-- tyrkiky. To apply rouge or lipstick.

ENGGESKED[E]- / ЭНГЭСЭГДЭХ

v.t. To rouge one's face; to apply lipstick.

ENGKE / ЭНХ

n. and adj. Peace, tranquility, quietude; happiness, prosperity; peaceful, peaceable.
-- amuγulang. Peace, tranquility, quietude; the appelation of the years 1662-1722 during the Manchu Dynasty (Ch. k'ang-hsi 康熙).
-- caγ. Peace time.
-- eregyl = eregyl -- . Good health, healthy.
-- esen. Prosperity, happiness; prosperous, well off, happy ; health[y].
-- mendy. Well-being, security, propserity; safe; healthy.

ENGKERE-

See engkyre- .

ENGKEZI- / ЭНХЖИХ

v.i. To become peaceful or calm.

ENGKEZIGYL- / ЭНХЖҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of engkezi-] To bring about peace or tranquility.
--yn zirγaγulxu. To establish peace, happiness, welfare, or prosperity .

ENGKEZIL

n. Peace, tranquility, quietude.

ENGKEZING / ЭНХЖИН(Г)

n. Paradise.
-- yn orun. Paradise.

ENGKYRE- / ЭНХРЭХ

[= engkere-] v.t. To cherish, love tenderly.
--kyi sedkil. Tender love.

ENGKYREG / ЭНХРЭГ

adj. Dear, favorite, cordial, intimate.
-- yge . Flattering or kind words, compliment.

ENGKYREI / ЭНХРИЙ

adj. Dear, favorite, beloved, tender.

ENGKYREILE- / ЭНХРИЙЛЭХ

v.t. To cherish, love tenderly, caress, fondle.
--gsen ner-e. Pet name.
--n øskeky. To bring up with tender care.

keyked jygen --ky. To treat or bring up one's children with tender care.

ENGKYREILEL / ЭНХРИЙЛЭЛ
n. The act of engkyreile-.

ENGKYRELE-
Same as engkyreile-.

ENGNE- / ЭГНЭХ
v.t. To form a row, line up; to sew two pieces of material lengthwise; to measure textiles by their width.

ENGNEGE / ЭГНЭЭ
[= egnege] n. Rank, file, row.
--engnege ber. In rows.

ENGSE- / ЭНСЭХ
v.t. To desire ardently; to importune.
--zy γujuxu. To importune, pester with a request or requests.
--zy jaγaraγulxu. To press, urge on, incite; to make haste.

ENGSEL- / ЭНСЛЭХ
v.i. To be troubled, upset, or disturbed; to crave, desire strongly.
--yn dengselyn. Breaking into tears, shedding tears, sobbing; tormented, disturbed, upset.

ENGTEI / ЭНТЭЙ
adj. Wide, broad.

ENIKE / ЭНЭХ
n. Lintel of a door or window.

ENYNEIKI
Same as egyneiki.

ERBEGCI
n. Small butterfly.

ERBEGEKEI / ЭРВЭЭХИЙ
[= erbekei] n. Butterfly, moth.

ERBEGELZI(N) / ЭРВЭЭЛЖ(ИН)
See under emegel.

ERBEGEN / ЭРВЭЭН
adj. Flitting back and forth; floating; fickle.
-- ysy. Fluttering or tousled hair.
-- del. Fluttering mane.

ERBEGER / ЭРЭВГЭР
adj. Bristling, disheveled, projecting in many directions.
-- serbeger. Brsitling, uneven, jutting out in many directions.
-- ysyn. Disheveled hair.

ERBEGNE- / ЭРЭВГЭНЭХ
v.i. To wriggle; to have the sensation of an insect creeping over one's body.

ERBEI / ЭРВЭЙ
n. A measure of about eight feet (Ch. jen 仞)

ERBEI- / ЭРВИЙХ
v.i. To bristle, jut out unevenly; to wriggle (as an insect does with its legs when picked up).

ERBEILE- / ЭРВЭЙЛЭХ
v.t. To measure by the erbei (q.v.).

ERBEKEI
See erbegekei.

ERBELZE- / ЭРВЭЛЭЭХ
v.i. To flit, flutter; to move swiftly.

ERBELZI(N)
Same as erbegelzi(n).

ERBENG / ЭРВЭН
-- derbeng nisky. To flutter, fly about.
-- serbeng. Bristling, disheveled, projecting in many directions; uneven, irregular.

ERCEG
See egerceg.

ERCEI- / ЭРЧИЙХ
v.t. To be[come] wrinkled, gnarled , rough

ERCID- / ЭРЧИДЭХ
v.t. To turn in one's hand; to brandish, flourish.

ERCIGINEGYR / ЭРЧИГНҮҮР

n. Humming top ; gyroscope.

ERCILE-, 1. / ЭРЧЛЭХ

v.t. To twist (as thread or rope) ; to spin.

ERCILE-, 2. / ЭРЧЛЭХ

v.i. To be plump or fleshy; to be vigorous or strong.

ERCILEGYL- / ЭРЧЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ercile-

ERCIM / ЭРЧИМ

n. Torsion, twist; intensity, energy, steadfastness.

-- oruγulxu. To increase the torsion.

-- ygei. Not well twisted, not well spun; not strong or intense.

utasun u --. The twist of a thread.

ERCIMLE- / ЭРЧИМЛЭХ

v.i. To twist; to intensify.

ERCIMTEI / ЭРЧИМТЭЙ

adj. and adv. Energetic[ally], steadfast[ly], intensive[ly]; twisted; stout, strong.

-- azillaxu. To work energetically or intensely.

-- zoriγtai. Energetic.

egyrge ben -- ber gyicedkeky. To fulfil one's duties efficiently.

ERCIS / ИРТЫШ

n. p. The Irtish river.

ERDEM / ЭРДЭМ

n. Knowledge, learning; science; skill, art, ability; wisdom; virtue; merit; [good] quality.

-- bilig. Wisdom.

-- bolbasural. Education, enlightenment; culturedness, culture, civilization.

-- mergezil. Learning.

-- sinzilgen. Scientific research or study.

-- sujul. Education, enlightenment, culture, civilization.

-- sujul ygei. Uneducated, uncivilized, uncultured.

-- surxu. To study, acquire knowledge or skill, receive an education.

-- uxaγan. Knowledge, science.

-- ygei. Unlearned.

-- yn kyrijeleng. Learned or scientific committee.

cerig yn --. Military art.

degedy --. Finest quality.

γar un --. Manual skill.

jeryngkei --. General education.

ERDEMTEI / ЭРДЭМТЭЙ

[= erdemty] adj. Learned, educated; clever, capable, skilled; virtuous; wise.

bicig --. Educated, cultured.

ERDEMTEN / ЭРДЭМТЭН

n. Learned person[s], scholar[s].

-- uxaγantan. Intelligentsia.

-- y zøblel. Learned council or commission.

niγuγsan --. Hermit-sage, a sage who lives in solitude.

ERDEMTY

See erdemtei.

ERDENI / ЭРДЭНЭ

[S. ratna] n. and adj. Treasure, jewel, gem; precious.

-- γoul modu. Coral tree, coral.

-- [jin] cilaγu. Precious stone, gem, jewel.

-- [jin] saγurin. Throne of a ruler.

-- jin sang. Repository of treasures, jewels, or gems.

-- xada. Precious stone, jewel, gem.

γurban --. The Three Treasures or Jewels (Buddha, his teachings, and the clergy).

ERDENICILE- / ЭРДЭНЭЧЛЭХ

v.t. To regard as precious, treat as costly, value, prize.

ERDENIS / ЭРДЭНЭС

Plural of erdeni.

ERDENITEI / ЭРДЭНЭТЭЙ

[= erdenity] adj. Precious, valuable.

ERDENITY / ЭРДЭНЭТ

See erdenitei.

ERDES / ЭРДЭС

n. Mineral.

ERDY- / ЭРДЭХ

v.i. To be presumptuous or arrogant; to take undue advantage of one's superior position or connections.

bajan dayan --ky. To take undue advantage of one's wealth.

ERDYGY(N) / ЭРДҮҮ

adj. Dashing, sprightly.

ER-E / ЭР

n. and adj. Man, male (often preceding names of animals, where in certain cases it may designate a castrated male), husband; manly, daring, bold, brave, plucky.

-- egesig. "Male," i.e. back, vowel (a, o, u).

-- em-e. Husband and wife; man and woman; the two sexes (human).

-- em-e bolxu. To become husband and wife, marry.

-- em-e jin. Pertaining to husband and wife, matrimonial; sexual.

-- em-e jin xolbuy-a. Matrimonial ties; sexual relations.

-- em-e ygei. Both men and women; irrespective of sex.

-- ji nasun darun-a, ayula ji casun darun-a. Old age overcomes man [even as] snow covers the mountain (prov.).

-- jin sain. The best of men.

-- kyisy. Masculine gender.

-- kyisyty yge. Word of the masculine gender.

-- kymyn. Male person.

-- noxai. Male dog.

-- saitai. Manly, masculine; plucky.

-- takij-a. Cock, rooster.

-- xongyurcuy un sacal. Stamen[s].

-- yge. Word with "male," i.e. back, vowel[s]; word of the masculine gender.

-- ygei. Unmarried (of women).

ERE-, 1.

Same as eri-.

ERE-, 2. / ЭРЭХ

v.t. To tie or wind around.

ERECILE- / ЭРЧЛЭХ

v.i. To act like a man; to disguise oneself as a man.

EREGCIN / ЭРЭГЧИН

adj. Male (of animals and birds).

EREGELZE- / ЭРЭГЭЛЗЭХ

v.i. To hope; to waver, doubt.

EREGTEI / ЭРЭГТЭЙ

n. Man, male person.

-- emegtei azilcid. Male and female workers.

-- zaruca. Male servant.

EREGY

Same as eregyy.

EREGYDE- / ЭРҮҮДЭХ

v.i. and t. To torture.

EREGYDEL / ЭРҮҮДЭЛ

n. Torment, torture.

EREGYL / ЭРҮҮЛ

n. and adj. Health; healthy, sound; sober, abstinent; untouched, unplowed, virgin (of soil).

-- bolyaxu. To make healthy, restore to health or normalcy; to make sober.

-- bolxu. To become healthy or sober.

-- busu. Unhealthy, sick.

-- engke. Healthy, health, normal (of health).

-- i xamayalaxu [jabudal]. Health protection.

-- i xamayalaxu jamun. Health Department.

-- mendy. Health.

-- mendy ji xamayalaxu. To preserve the health.

EREGYLZI- / ЭРҮҮЛЖИХ

v.i. To get well, become healthy.

EREGYLZIGYL- / ЭРҮҮЛЖҮҮЛЭХ

v.i. To make healthy or normal; to improve sanitary conditions; to remedy.

EREGYY, 1. / ЭРҮҮ

n. Torture, torment, chastisement; capital punishment.

-- degyzing. Gallows, a hanging device for torturing.

-- edleky. To suffer from torture, be tortured or tormented.

-- jin. Criminal (attrib.).

-- jin caγaza. Criminal law.
-- jin gemty yile kereg. Criminal act.
-- jin kereg. Crime, criminal act or case.
-- jin kereg yn zaryu. Criminal suit.
-- tulγaγulxu. To [put to the] torture (in order to extort a confession).

EREGYY, 2. / ЭРҮҮ

[= erey] n. Chin, lower jaw.
-- møltyreky. For the jaw to become dislocated.

EREKE- / ЭРХЭХ

v.i. To recur (of an illness), have a relapse; to become raw (of a wound).

EREKEBCİ

Same as erekeibci.

EREKEI / ЭРХИЙ

n. Thumb, big toe.
-- daruxu. To make a thumb print; to be niggardly.
-- xuruγu. Thumb.

EREKEIBCI / ЭРХИЙВЧ

n. Thumb ring (worn as an ornament and for protection in archery).

EREKEIBCILE- / ЭРХИЙВЧЛЭХ

[= erkeibcile-] v.t. To put on erekeibci, q.v.; to draw the bow with thumb and index finger.

ERELE- / ЭРЛЭХ

v.i. To boast of one's courage; to pretend not to be afraid.

ERELKE- / ЭРЭЛХЭХ

v.i. To boast of one's courage; to pretend to be brave; to be impudent or haughty.

ERELKEG / ЭРЭЛХЭГ

adj. Manly, virile, courageous, forceful.
-- zoriγ. Valor.

ERELKEGLE- / ЭРЭЛХЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To be brave, courageous, violent, forceful.

ERELTE / ЭРЭЛТ

See erilte.

EREMDEG / ЭРЭМДЭГ

n. and adj. Invalid, cripple; maimed, crippled.
-- dutaγu. Invalid; maimed, deformed, misshaped person, cripple; monster.
-- zerimdyg. Invalid, cripple; maimed, crippled.

EREMECE-

v.t. To love passionately, be very much attached to; to pity.

EREMECEL

n. Inclination, attachment; love.

EREMECELTEI

adj. Worthy of attachment, love, or pity.

EREMEG / ЭРМЭГ

adj. Manly, viril, undaunted; sterile, barren.
-- gegyy. Sterile mare.
-- ynij-e. Barren or dry cow.

EREMEGSI- / ЭРМЭГШИХ

v.i. To become barren (of animals).

EREMEKEI

adj. Manful, manly, brave, daring; strong.

EREMELZE- / ЭРМЭЛЗЭХ

v.i. To aspire, wish, strive or yearn for, dream of; to hope; to aim at.
--n kyseky. To wish, hope, expect ardently, dream of; to strive after.

EREMELZEL / ЭРМЭЛЗЭЛ

n. Aspiration, striving; wish, hope, desire; yearning; tendency.
kysel --. Hope, expectation.

EREMELZELGE / ЭРМЭЛЗЛЭГ

n. Aspiration, striving, hope, desire.
-- kysel. Intention, wish, hope, striving, yearning.

EREMELZELTEI / ЭРМЭЛЗЭЛТЭЙ

adj. Having a wish or hope, hopeful.

EREMSI- / ЭРЭМШИХ

v.i. To hope, rely upon; to take courage; to give oneself airs, be haughty, arrogant; to become accustomed to; to act with impunity taking undue advantage of one's wealth or connections.

--ky sedkil. Pride, haughtiness, swagger.

kycyn dyr ijen byy --! Do not take undue advantage of your strength!

kycyn dyr ijen --ky. To rely on one's strength.

EREMSIGYL- / ЭРЭМШҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of eremsi-.

EREMSIL / ЭРЭМШИЛ

n. Pride, haughtiness, conceit, arrogance.

ERENGCI-

v.i. To jump, leap, move by successive leaps.

ERES, 1. / ЭРС

Plural of ere.

ERES, 2. / ЭРС

[= eris] adj. and adv. Decided[ly], decisive[ly], resolute[ly], categorical[ly], straight, bold; promptly, outright; direct[ly]; steep.

-- aγula. Craggy or steep mountain.
-- angxarul. Special attention or care.
-- daisud. Arch enemies.
-- γazar. Steep place.
-- ijer. Resolutely, decidedly, decisively, straight, directly, categorically; boldly.
-- ijer keleky. To speak bluntly.
-- øger-e. Contrary, opposite.
-- siγud [ijer]. Categorically, vigorously.
-- siidbyritei. Decided, resolved, categorical, direct.
-- tasu. Blunt[ly], point blank, categorical[ly], decisive[ly], flatly, radical[ly].
-- tasurxai. Quick[ly], prompt[ly], resolute[ly], unconditional[ly].
-- tasu temecel. Decisive battle or struggle
-- xada. Steep rock.
-- xaraxu. To look straight ahead.
-- yge ber. [Speaking] bluntly.
-- ygetei kymyn. Harsh-speaking man.
-- zangtai. Straightforward or quick person.
-- zoriγ. Determination, resoluteness.

ERESDE- / ЭРСДЭХ

v.i. To be too resolute or straightforward.

ERESLE- / ЭРСЛЭХ

[= erisle-] v.t. and i. To separate, cut through, asunder, or off; to do something quickly or with zeal; to dare; to act resolutely; to be punctual, precise, correct, or expeditious, straight ahead.

--n. Decidedly, doggedly, obstinately.

--zy xaraxu. To look straight ahead.

ERESLEG

Same as ereslig.

ERESLIG / ЭРСЛЭГ

adj. Decisive, resolute, categorical, straightforward.

ERESY / ЭРС

[= ersy] adj. and n. Of both sexes, hermaphrodite; of both genders, neuter.

-- egesig. Neuter vowel (the vowel i).
-- kyisy. Neuter gender.
em-e --. Hermaphrodite with preponderantly female characteristics.
er-e --. Hermaphrodite with preponderantly male characteristics.

ERETEI / ЭРТЭЙ

adj. Having a husband, married (of women); masculine, viril; powerful, strong.

EREY

See eregyy, 2.

ERGI / ЭРЭГ

n. Steep bank; steep precipice or slope.

-- γuu. Ditch with steep banks.
-- manglai. High forehead.
gyn --. Deep ravine, steep bank.

ERGI- ЭРГЭХ

v.i. and t. a) To turn or move around, revolve; to circumambulate (as an act of devotion or worship).

--ky toγurixu. To circumambulate.
--n jabuxu. To walk, move around; to make an inspection tour.
--zy xalixu. To fly around; to circle in the air.

duγui --ky. For a wheel or wheels to turn.
Maidari --ky. To circumambulate a temple with a statue or painting of Maitreya, the future Buddha (a religious ceremony).

b) To surround, encompass, encircle.
--n toγurin. Surrounding; all a ound; [in the] neighborhood.

c) To return, turn back.
--ged nige. Once more; one more; encore.
--ky tølygen y yge. Reflexive pronoun.
--zy xaraxu. To look back..
ger tegen --ky. To return to one's home.

d) To visit regularly or repeatedly.
--zy ocixu. To visit again.
--zy yzeky. To make a regular visit (usually to a relative or friend); to look back.
ebedcitei kymyn i --zy yzeky. To visit a sick person.

ERGICE / ЭРГЭЦ
n. The act of ergi-; orbit, orb, circuit.

ERGICE- / ЭРЭГЦЭХ
v.i. (often with freq meaning) To keep going or coming back; to make the rounds; to think over, consider; to be in doubt.

ERGICEGE / ЭРЭГЦЭЭ
n. The act or state of ergice-.

ERGICEGYL- / ЭРЭГЦҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of ergice-] To turn over; to consider, think over, examine; to walk (v.t., as a horse or dog); to work at, be busy with.
--yn boduxu. To think through, compare or consider from various angles, weigh; to imagine, suppose.
--yn niγtalaxu. To examine from all side, look over.
--yn sanaxu. To think over, consider, ponder, imagine.
sedkil degen --ky. To contemplate, ponder.

ERGICEL / ЭРЭГЦЭЛ
n. The act of ergice-.

ERGIGYCER / ЭРГҮҮЦЭР
n. A somewhat stupid or doting person.

ERGIGYDE- / ЭРГҮҮДЭХ
a) v.i. To be[come] stupid.

ERGIGYL / ЭРГҮҮЛ
n. The act of ergi-; patrol, round; weaver's beam, rolling pin, spit, hoist , jack; river bend; street corner.
-- mørgyl. Circumambulation of a temple, statue or saintly person (as a religious ceremony).
-- saγuri. Lathe.
usun u --. Whirlpool, eddy.

ERGIGYL- / ЭРГҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of ergi-] a) To cause to turn; to turn around, rotate; to screw; to wind up (as a watch); to put something into a state opposite to the one in which it was before; to return (as something borrowed); to turn a garment inside out; to make over a garment by reversing the material.
--ky siγum. Compasses for describing circles.
--yn øgky. To return (something borrowed).
caγasun --ky. To turn the leaves of a book, leaf through a book.
kyrdyn i --ky. To turn a wheel.
nidy ben --ky. To roll one's eyes.
tegerm-e --ky. To turn a millstone, set going a mill.

b) To plow, dig.
kyrze ijer --ky. To turn the soil.
sin-e --ygsen γazar. Freshly plowed field.

c) To translate.
mongγul yge ber --ky. To translate into Mongolian.

d) To fool, confuse.
kymyn y toluγai --ky. To confuse or mislead someone.

ERGIGYLDE- / ЭРГҮҮЛДЭХ
v.t. To turn in a lathe.

ERGIGYLEGDE- / ЭРГҮҮЛЭГДЭХ
Same as ergigylygde-.

ERGIGYLGE(N) / ЭРГҮҮЛЭГ
n. Anything one turns: screws or winds; windlass; spiral; whirlpool, whirlpit, vortex;

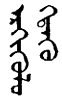
bristling tuft of twisted hair on top of the head; turning.
--n xadaγasu. Screw.
degesyn y --. Piece of wood used for tightening the ropes which hold the load in place.
dørben caγ un --. Cycle of the four seasons.
usun u --. Whirlpool, eddy.
xuduγ un --. Windlass of a well.

ERGIGYLTEI / ЭРГҮҮЛТЭЙ



adj. Having or being provided with a screw, spiral, or winding; threaded, spiralled (as a screw).
-- tataγur. Sheave, pulley.

ERGIGYLYGDE- / ЭРГҮҮЛЭГДЭХ



v. pass. of ergigyl-.

ERGIGYY / ЭРГҮҮ



adj. and n. Foolish, stupid; forgetful, absent-minded; idiot, fool.
-- amitan. Stupid creature or person.

ERGIL / ЭРГЭЛ



n. Turning, rotation; orbit, circuit; circumambulation of a temple, pagoda (stupa), etc.; veneration, reverence.

ERGILGE / ЭРГЭЛЭГ



Same as ergil.

ERGILTE / ЭРГЭЛТ



n. The act of turning, turn; turning point; return, coming back; visits at specific intervals of time.
-- xobuγ-a. Well bucket (pulled by a windlass).
-- ygei. Irrecoverable, irrevocable.
sin-e --. "New turn of things," "new deal," "new policy" (as pursued in Mongolia since 1932).

ERGILZE- / ЭРГЭЛЗЭХ



v.i. To turn around; to doubt, hesitate, vacillate.

ERGIMEL / ЭРГЭМЭЛ



[n.d. of ergi-] adj. Revolving, spinning, winding, circular, spiral; changeable, unsteady.
-- satu. Winding staircase.

ERGINEG / ЭРЭГНЭГ



n. Cupboard, shelf, shelves, a stand for kitchen utensils.

ERGIY



Same as ergigyy.

ERGIYL



Same as ergigyl.

ERGLIG



See erlig.

ERGY- / ӨРГӨХ



[= ørgy-] v.t. a) To raise, lift up.
--gsen ner-e. A second name or style adopted by a person (Ch. tzŭ 字).
--zy biciky. To elevate words above the margin (beginning a new line, as was done in formal letters and reports as a token of respect).
--zy tasixu. To throw the opponent by lifting him at the armpits (in wrestling).
degegside --ky. To raise; to present (hon.).
γar --ky. To raise the hand, vote by raising hands.
nidy ben --ky. To raise one's eyes.
tuγ --ky. To carry the flag high.
xundaγ i --ky. To raise one's glass and toast someone's health.

b) To offer, present; to offer as a sacrifice.
--n barixu. To present; to offer as a sacrifice.
durasxal bolγan --ky. To give as a souvenir.
sin-e zil yn beleg --ky. To offer New Year's gifts.
tangγariγ --. To offer an oath or vow.
xatun bolγan --ky. To propose a spouse (to a prince).

c) To adopt a child; to nurse.
--zy abxu. To adopt (a child).
kybegyn --ky. To adopt a son.

d) To extol; to show respect.
cola --ky. To tender an honorary title.
xurim --ky. To give a banquet.

ERGYCE / ӨРГӨЦ



n. Offering, sacrifice; donation, gift.
-- ergyky. To make a sacrifie or donation; to give a present, make a gift.

ERGYDEG / ӨРГӨДӨГ



adj. and n. Flatterer; self-advertiser; falling from exhaustion (of an animal).
-- mori. Jade, worn-out horse.

ERGYDEL / ӨРӨГДӨЛ

n. The act of raising, offering, etc.; application, petition; deposition; present.
-- barixu. To submit a petition.
-- bicig. Petition, application.
-- medegylky. To submit an application.
γomudal un -- . Written complaint.

ERGYGDE- / ӨРГӨДӨХ

v. pass. of ergy-.

ERGYGE(N)

See ørgyge(n).

ERGYGYL- / ӨРГҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ergy-.

ERGYL / ӨРГӨЛ

n. Donation, present, gift, sacrifice, offering; respect, reverence; petition, report.
-- barica. Donation, present, gift.
-- ergyky. To sacrifice, make an offering.
-- kyndylel. Honor, respect, esteem; complaisance, civility, politeness.
-- yn bicig. Petition, written report.

ERGYLGE / ӨРГӨЛГӨ

n. The act of lifting up; offering, presentation; gift (to a superior); esteem, respect.

ERGYLTE / ӨРГӨЛТ

[= ørgylte] n. The act of raising; tool or machine for lifting, such as crane, jack, thick pole for raising heavy weights; object lifted up, such as offering; report to an official; accent, stress (gram.).
udx-a jin -- . Logical stress or accent.

ERGYMEL / ӨРГӨМӨЛ

[n.d. of ergy-] Adopted (child).
-- ax-a degyy. Half-brothers, stepbrothers.
-- kybegyn. Adopted son.
-- keyken . Adopted daughter.

ERGYMZI / ӨРГӨМЖ

n. Favor, blessing, benefaction; the act or fact of being raised or supported; care, protection, help, education.
-- tedkymzi, Care, help.
nøkyr yn -- ber. Owing to the help or support of a friend.

ta bygyde jin -- dyr bi sain baimui. Thanks to your blessings I am well (polite phrase).

ERGYMZILE- / ӨРГӨМЖЛӨХ

v.t. To raise, elevate (as to a rank); to confer, grant, or bestow a rank, title, dignity, etc.; to show respect toward.
--n olγuxu. To grant (as a title or rank).
--zy biciky. To begin a new line and elevate the first word in that line above the margin (as a token of respect).
kymyn i --ky. To show respect to a person.
nekezy --ky. To confer a posthumous title.
vang kergem --ky. To confer the dignity of prince upon somebody.

ERGYMZILEGDE- / ӨРГӨМЖЛӨГДӨХ

v. pass. of ergymzile-.

ERGYMZILEGYL- / ӨРГӨМЖЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ergymzile-.

ERGYMZILEL / ӨРГӨМЖЛӨЛ

[= ergymzilge] n. The act of ergymzile-; conferring a rank or title; diploma conferring a rank or title, etc.; title given to wives or mothers of officials; reward.

ERGYMZILGE / ӨРГӨМЖЛӨГ

See ergymzilel.

ERI-, l. / ЭРЭХ

v.t. To seek, look for, search; to beg, request; to inquire (as after somebody's health); to intercede on behalf of.
--zy yzeky. To try to find out, investigate.
amuγulang i --ky. To inquire after the health, express good wishes (very formal).
amur i --ky. To greet, inquire after someone's health; to seek to avoid difficulties.
arγ-a --ky. To explore ways and means, look for possibilities.
-azil --ky. To look or ask for a job.
kymyn lyge sanaγ-a --n kelelceky. To talk with someone with the intention of finding out his opinion; to sound out.
øber yn bej-ė degen kyndylel --ky. To seek fame, honor, be ambitious.
surcu --ky. To search or hunt for, try to find out.

хоγulai --ky. To earn one's bread.

ERI-, 2. / ЭРЭХ

v.t. To tie tight, tie around.

ERIBELZE- / ЭРВЭЛЗЭХ

v.i. To look around, search everywhere, look for something thoroughly; to entertain great hopes, desire ardently.

ERIBELZEGYL- / ЭРВЭЛЗҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of eribelze-.

ERIBELZEL / ЭРВЭЛЗЭЛ

n. The act of eribelze-.

ERICE- / ЭРЦЭХ

v.t. and i. To recall, recollect, remember.

ERIG / ЭРЭГ

n. Screw.

-- γarγaxu. To thread a screw.

-- siruγ. Screws, bolts.

em-e --. Screw nut, female screw.

er-e --. Male screw.

ERIGDE-, 1. / ЭРЭГДЭХ

[v.pass. of eri-] To be missed, be remembered.

ERIGDE-, 2. / ЭРЭГДЭХ

v.t. To screw up, screw fast, screw in; to turn a handle.

ERIGDEL / ЭРЭГДЭЛ

n. The state of erigde-, 1.

ERIGYDE-

Same as eregyde-.

ERIGYL- / ЭРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of eri-.

ERIGYLE- / ЭРҮҮЛЭХ

v.t. To torture, torment.

ERLJ-E / ЭРЭЭ

-- aldaxu. To throw off restraints; to become ill-mannered.

-- ygei. Without standing on ceremony, frank; unceremonious.

ERIJECE-

See erijeci-.

ERIJECI- / ЭРЭЭЧИХ

[= erijece-] v.t. To daub, smear; to scribble, write carelessly (used in correspondence referring to one's own writing).

ERIJEDE- / ЭРЭЭДЭХ

v.i. To become spotted or motley.

ERIJELE-, 1. / ЭРЭЭЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To variegate; to dapple, make spotted, striped; to be or appear variegated, striped, or streaky.

eldeb buduγ ijer --ky. To variagate with different colors.

mør --n baimui. The tracks go criscross.

ERIJELZI- / ЭРЭЭЛЖИХ

Same as erijelzile-.

ERIJELZILE- / ЭРЭЭЛЖЛЭХ

v.i. To appear variegated; to be dazzled; to appear dimly, glimmer indistinctly at a distance; to glimmer in various colors, be opalescent.

nidy --ky. For the eyes to be dazzled.

ERIJELZIMEL / ЭРЭЭЛЖМЭЛ

[n.d. of erijelzi-] adj. Blurred, confused.

ERIJELZI(N) / ЭРЭЭЛЖ(ИН)

n. Something motley, streaked, striped, particolored pattern, figure; variegated wide ribbon of silk or brocade.

ERIJEN / ЭРЭЭН

adj. Motley, variegated, particolored; speckled, spotted; striped; streaky.

-- couxur. Motley, variegated.

-- dabuu. Striped woven material, printed cotton cloth, calico.

-- elesy. Dunes covered with vegetation.

-- tarilan. Variegated, motley.

-- xoγulai. Gruesome voice; false or off-pitch voice.

sira --. Yellow background with patterns, dots, stripes, etc., in another color.

ERLJENDE- / ЭРЭЭНДЭХ

v.i. To be too motley or variegated.

ERLJESY / ЭРЭЭС

n. Screw thread; string or cord tied around something.

ERLJESYLE- / ЭРЭЭСЛЭХ

v.t. To screw up, wind up; to thread (as a screw); to tie a string or cord around something (as a package).

ERLJESYTEI / ЭРЭЭСТЭЙ

adj. Threaded (as a screw); tied around with a string or cord.

ERIKE(N) / ЭРХ

n. Garland, beads, string of pearls, chaplet, rosary.

-- ijen toγalaxu. To tell or finger one's rosary.

-- tataxu. To tell one's beads.

ceceg yn --. Garland or wreath of flowers.

cindamani --. Precious beads, string of gems (used in book titles).

ERIKETEI / ЭРХТЭЙ

adj. Having a rosary.

ERIL / ЭРЭЛ

n. Search (specifically, search for lost animals); request; prayer; solicitation, petition; wish, desire.

-- i xangγaxu. To satisfy one's request or one's wish.

kysel --. Intention[s], wishes, hope[s], expectations.

ERILCE- / ЭРЭЛЦЭХ

v. coop. of eri-.

amur --ky. To inquire about each other's health.

ERILGE(N) / ЭРЛЭГЭ

n. The act of eri-; searching, seeking; request, wish, desire; alms.

ERILTE / ЭРЭЛТ

[= erelte] n. Search, quest, investigation; demand.

ERIS

See eres, 2.

ERISLE-

See eresle-.

ERKE / ЭРХ

a) n. Right, privilege; power, authority.

-- aldaxu. To lose one's rights.

-- bariγcid. Those who wield power, who are in or represent authority; administrators, administration, authorities.

-- barixu γazar. Seat of authority, government, administration.

-- ber (with gen. preceding). In consequence of, because of, on account of, by means of.

-- ber adxuxu. To hold in control.

-- ber ijen. Arbitrarily.

-- bisi = erkebsi (q.v.).

-- bulijaxu. To deprive one of his rights.

-- bykyi = --tei. Having or being vested with the authority or right, entitled to.

-- cilyge. Freedom, liberty.

-- cilyge bykyi. Free, possessing political freedom (used attributively).

-- cilyge olγaxu. To free, deliver, liberate.

-- cilyge olxu. To acquire freedom, become free.

-- cilygetei kymyn. A free man.

-- dyr abxu. To conquer, subdue, subjugate.

-- ezeleky. To dominate, rule, govern, reign.

-- ji barixu. To have power or authority.

-- ji ebdeky. To deprive of rights.

-- ji ezerkeky. To seize or usurp rights.

-- jin dour-a. Under authority or control.

-- jin douraki. Being under the power or jurisdition of, dependent upon.

-- kemzij-e. Competence, authority.

-- kycy. Power, force, strength; privilege, right, licence, prerogative, authority.

-- medel. Power, authority, jurisdiction.

-- olxu. To acquire the right, license, authority to, become authorized, privileged.

-- øgky. To empower, give authority.

-- syr. Power, sway, influence.

-- tegsi. Equality of rights, equal rights.

-- tusijal. Duty, responsibility.

-- xasuxu. To deprive one of his rights.

-- xasuγdaγsan. Disfranchized (person), one deprived of his rights.

-- ygei. Without control (over), without rights or privileges; by all means, inevitably, unconditionally; must, needs; certainly, without fail; involuntarily.
asiγ --. Privileges, unrestricted prerogative.
byrin --. Full rights.
byrin -- cilygety baidal. Complete independence.
jabuxu -- ygei. To have no strength to walk, be unable to walk.
øber yn -- ygei. Involuntary, involuntarily, against one's will; having no choice.
surxu --. Right to an education.
tusxai --. Privilege, monopoly.
ulus tøry jin ba ed yn zasaγ un -- asiγ. Political and economic privileges, rights.
xubilγan u -- Supernatural forces.

b) adj. and n. Self-willed, willed, willful, wayward, capricious; spoiled (of children); willfulness, waywardness, capriciousness.
-- bailγaxu. To be permissive with children, spoil one's children.
-- dur-a ber aγasilaxu. To act or conduct oneself willfully or capriciously.
-- dur-a ber ijen amiduraxu. To live as one pleases; to be free; to lead a carefree life.
-- emseg. Spoiled (child); delicate.
-- keyked. Stubborn or self-willed child.
bej-e jin -- ji daγaxu. To give reins to one's passions.

ERKEBCI

Same as erekeibci.

ERKEBCILE-

Same as erekeibcile-.

ERKEBSI / ЭРХБИШ

[= erke + bisi] Must, no matter how, by all means, inevitably, indisputably.

ERKEGYD

n.p. pl. During the Yüan (元) or Mongol Dynasty the name of the Christians (chiefly Nestorian); later the name of their descendants; also the name of a clan of the Ordos Mongols. In western literature we find the form Erküt.

ERKEGYN

Singular of erkegyd (q.v.).

ERKEI

See erekei.

ERKEIBCI, etc.

See erekeibci, etc.

ERKELE- / ЭРХЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To use one's power; to be in charge of, manage, dominate; to display affection or love (toward parents); to play (of children).

ERKELEGYL- / ЭРХЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of erkele-.

ERKELIG / ЭРХЛЭГ

adj. Mighty, powerful; highhanded, headstrong, arbitrary; disobedient, self-willed; irresponsive, irreverent.

ERKEMSI- / ЭРХЭМШИХ

v.t. and i. To rule, reign, dominate, have power or authority.

ERKEMSYG / ЭРХЭМСЭГ

adj. Honorable, worthy, respectable; outstanding.
-- bytegel. An outstanding achievement or work.
-- nojan. Your [or his] excellency; honorable...

ERKEMSYGLE- / ЭРХЭМСЭГЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To treat with respect, consider worthy; to be or act arrogantly.

ERKESEG

adj. Arrogant, haughty.

ERKESI- / ЭРХШИХ

v.t. and i. To amass power or authority; to dominate, reign; to become self-indulgent through the accruements of one's position of power or authority.

ERKESIGYL- / ЭРШҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of erkesi -] To give full power or authority, empower, authorize.

ERKESIJE- / ЭРХШЭЭХ

Same as erkesi-.

ERKESIJEL / ЭРХШЭЭЛ

n. Rule, sway, domination; right or claim on something.

-- yn dour-a. Under the sway or influence of.

ERKESIL / ЭРХШИЛ

n. Power, authority, strength, might.

-- dyr oruxu. To submit, yield, or surrender to power; to obey.

-- ergyky. To salute, greet, congratulate.

-- ergykyi jin bicig. Congratulatory letter.

ERKETEI / ЭРХТЭЙ

[= erkety] adj. Having power, rights, privileges, or jurisdiction; being free.

-- kybegyn. Spoiled boy, a boy brought up too permissively, delicately brought up.

-- kymyn. Powerful person; privileged person.

byrin --. Fully empowered or authorized; (= tusaγar toγtaniγsan) independent, sovereign.

byrin -- said. Minister plenipotentiary.

tasulxu --. Having the right to vote or make decisions.

tegsi --. Having equal power[s] or right[s].

zøbleky --. Having the right to deliberate.

ERKETEN / ЭРХТЭН

[pl. of erketei] n. a) Those who have power, those in power; authorities; masters.

cerig yn -- ner. Military authorities; militarists.

b) Organ[s] of the body, organs of senses.

-- dutaγu. Cripple, disabled, invalid, incapacitated.

-- ese byridygsen. Crippled, deprived of an organ or limb.

amisxul un --. Organs of breathing.

amin u --. Vital force, life.

amin u -- ece xaγacaxu. To part with life, die.

bej-e jin tabun --. The five senses.

belge jin --. Sexual organs.

kødelky --. Organs of locomotion.

mederel yn --. Organs of sensation.

c) The twelve signs of the zodiac.

ERKETY / ЭРХТ

See erketei.

ERKILE- / ЭРХЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To have charge of, manage, direct; to occupy oneself with.

--gci. See separate entry.

--gcid. Plural of erkilegci.

--gsen said. Head of a ministry (obs., Ch. shang-shu 尚書).

--n baicaγaγci said. Chief prosecutor (obs. Ch. tso-tu yü-shih 左都御史).

--n silγaγci tysimel. Chief examiner (obs. Ch. cheng-k'ao-kuan 正考官).

azil i --ky. To direct, manage, or be in charge of a job.

baγsi jin azil --ky. To be engaged in teaching, do educational work.

bej-e jin kycyn i --ky. To do manual or physical work.

kereg --ky γazar. Secretariat.

sonin i --ky. To edit or manage a newspaper.

ERKILEGCI / ЭРХЛЭГЧ

n. One who is in charge of work, task or organization, director, manager, head, editor.

kereg --. Business administrator.

sonin u --gci. Editor of a newspaper.

ERKILEGYL- / ЭРХЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of erkile-.

ERKILELGE

n. The act of erkile-.

ERKIM / ЭРХЭМ

[= erkin] adj. Supreme, best; important; distinguished, respectable, honorable; " Dear..., My dear [Sir]," etc. (used in beginning a letter).

-- bolγaxu. To treat or consider as important.

-- bolxu. To be[come] important.

-- cinar. Best quality.

-- cixula. Important.

-- degedy. Honorable, distinguished, most important.

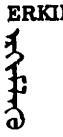
-- ergygsed. Those (or one) who have (or has) the highest standing in the provincial examination for the second degree (Ch. chieh-yüan 解元).

-- kyndyty. Respectable, venerable (esp. in epistolary style).

-- oruγsad. Those (or one) who have (or has) the highest standing in the triennial examination formerly held at Peking (Ch. hui-yüan 會元).

-- sain. The best, the finest.
-- silideg. Those (or one) who have (or has) the highest standing in the palace examination for the highest degree, formerly held triennially at Peking (Ch. chuang-yüan 狀元).
-- temyr. Gold.
-- uralal. Masterpiece, masterly work.

ERKIMLE- / ЭРХЭМЛЭХ



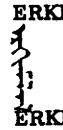
[= erkimne-] v.t. To prefer, hold in great favor or high regard; to esteem, honor; to prize.
--ky ygei. Disdain, thinking unworthy.
--zy takixu. To venerate, worship.
engke taibung --ky. To be peace-loving.
kymyn y jabudal i --ky. To attach importance to other people's affairs.

ERKIMLEGYL- / ЭРХЭМЛҮҮЛЭХ



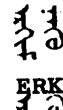
v. caus. of erkimle-.

ERKIMLEL / ЭРХЭМЛЭЛ



n. Respect, esteem, reverence, distinction.

ERKIMNE- / ЭРХЭМНЭХ



See erkimle-.

ERKIMSILE-



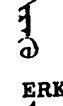
v.t. To give distinction to (as by rewards or appointments).

ERKIN



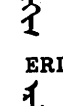
See erkim.

ERKIRE- / ЭРХРЭХ



v.i. To feel pain (as from abrasions or scratches); to feel a sharp pain.

ERKIS / ЭРХЭС



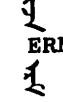
n. Male sable.

ERLIG / ЭРЛЭГ



[= erglig] n. King of hell, god of death.
-- nom un xaγan. See nom.

ERLIZE / ЭРЛИЙЗ

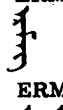


n. Mongrel, half-breed.

ERM-E / ЭРЭМ

n. Artemisia Sieversiana, Artemisia macrocephala.

ERMEG



Same as eremeg.

ERMYGE(N) / ӨРМӨГ



[= ørmyge] n. Coarse fabric made of hair of camel or sheep's wool; bast mat.
temegen --. Textile made of camel's wool.

ERSE / ЭРС



-- burcaγ. A kind of bean (red and white), Phaseolus mungo. [Tatarinov] Semina Pisi. [Gu.] Small red bean, Abrus precatorious.

ERSELENG



[cf. arslan] n. [Ko.] A fabulous five-colored lion or tiger-eating animal.

ERSY



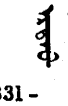
See eresy.

ERTE(N) / ЭРТ(ЭН)



n., adj., and adv. Early time; early, earlier, long ago; former, ancient.
-- balar caγ. Primeval period, prehistoric age.
-- balar caγ un. Primeval, primordial.
-- caγ tur. Formerly, once upon a time.
-- caγ un. Antique, of old times.
-- jin yge. Same as --n y yge.
-- kybegyn. Son born of young parents.
--n ece [= ertece]. Since early time; since long ago; well in advance.
--n ece inaγsi. Since olden times down to the present.
-- nigen caγ tu. Once upon a time, in former time.
--n y. Of old time, ancient, antique.
--n y bicig yn sudulul. Epigraphy.
--n y ulus. People or nations of antiquity.
--n y yge. Proverb, old saying, aphorism.
--n y yledegdel. Historic remains, relics, fossils, antiques, ruins.
-- orui. Sooner or later.
-- tarij-a. Grain sown early in the year.
-- urida. Olden times, long ago, once upon a time.
ørlyge --. Early in the morning.
xabur --. In early spring.

ERTEBTYR / ЭРТЭВТЭР



adv. Rather early.

ERTECE / ЭРТЭЭС
See erten ece under erte.

ERTECILE- / ЭРТЧИЛЭХ
v.i. To be early.

ERTEDE- / ЭРТДЭХ
v.i. To be too early or premature.

ERTEGER / ЭРТГЭР
adj. Turned up, curled up.
-- γutul. Boots with turned-up toes.

ERTEI- / ЭРТИЙХ
v.i. To be turned up; to curl up.

ERTEKEN / ЭРТХЭН
adj. and adv. Early, as soon as possible, without delay, in good time.
-- bos! Get up as early as possible.
-- -e. Early, in good time.

ERTEKI / ЭРТЭХ
adj. Old, ancient.

ERTELE- / ЭРТЛЭХ
v.i. To be or arrive early, rise, start early; to hurry, be prompt or quick; to do something early.
--n. Early in the morning.
--n bosxu. To rise early in the morning.

ERTES / ЭРТЭС
[pl. of erte] n. Ancestors, ancients.
-- yn yge. Old saying, adage, maxim.

ERTY-
Same as erdy-.

ERTYN-E
n. Quail.

ERY-
v.t. To dig, cut, hack.
nyke --ky. To dig a pit.
xudduγ --ky. To dig a well.

ERYGE(N)
See øryge(n).

ERYGYL-
v. caus. of ery- .

ERYGYY
Same as eregyy, 1, 2.

ERYKE / ӨРХ(ӨН)
[= ørke] n. Smoke hole in the roof of a yurt (which is covered with a square felt flap in bad weather); flap covering a smoke hole; household; family; statistical unit used in census.
-- ama. Family, household.
-- bytegeky. To close the smoke opening on top of the yurt with a flap.
-- dørbelzileky. Same as above.
-- jin dangsa. List of households,census record.
-- jin terigylegci. Head of a household or family.
-- salγaxu. To divide the household; to apportion, portion out (e.g. among one's sons, giving each his share).
-- tataxu. To open the smoke hole of a tent.
-- tusaγarlaxu. Same as -- salγaxu.
ail --. Household, court, family.
egyde --. Household.
tabun zaγun --. Five hundred families.

ERYKETEI / ӨРХТЭЙ
[= erykety] adj. Having a smoke vent, a house, or a family.

ERYMEL
[n.d. of ery-] adj. Excavated, exhumed, dug out.
-- usu. Well.

ERYS- / ӨРСӨХ
[= øris-] v.i. To emulate, rival, compete; to forestall.

ERYSTE-
[= øriste-] v.i. To be exhausted; to be ruined through misfortune or calamities; to be conquered, overcome.
ebedcin dyr --ky. To be ruined by illness.

ERZINE / РЕЗИН
[R. резина] n. India rubber, rubber.

ERZING / ЭРЖИН
-- tana. Mother-of-pearl.

ES / ЭС
n. Cell (biol.).
-- yn γoul. Nucleus of a cell.

ESE / ЭС
Negation used before all indicative forms of verbs, nomen perfecti, conditional and concessive converbs; may take verbal suffixes; see next entry. Not, no.
-- bolxu. To be of no avail, come to naught; to decline, reject.
-- bygesy. If not, otherwise, or else.
-- egydygsen. Not created; self-existent; simple, not complicated.
-- ezelegsen. Invincible, unconquerable, unharmed, incorruptible, safe.
-- ilaγdaγsan. Invincible, unconquerable, victorious.
baγsi -- irebe. The teacher did not come.
ta -- irebesy. If you will not come.

ESE- / ЭСЭХ
Defective negative verb, see ese.
--besy. See separate entry.
--kyl-e. Or, otherwise.
iregsen --gsen i yly medemyi. It is unknown whether he came or not.
ireky --ky. Whether ... come[s] or not.
jabuxu --ky. To go or not.
kiky --ky. To do or not to do.
ykybey --bey . Did he die or did he not?

ESEBEL / ЭСВЭЛ
Same as esebesy.

ESEBESY / ЭСВЭЭС
[Conditional converb of ese-] If not, otherwise, or else.

ESEBYGESY
See ese bygesy under ese.

ESEGEI
See isegei.

ESEKYL-E
Or, otherwise.

ESEN / ЭСЭН
adj. and n. Healthy, good health; calm, quiet.
-- mendy kyrcy ireky. To arrive safely, arrive in good health.

ESENI- / ЭСНЭХ
v.i. To recuperate, recover; give birth (euph.).

ESERGEN-E / ЭСЭРГЭНЭ
n. Rash (on the body).
ʻulaγan --. Scarlet fever.

ESERGY / ЭСРЭГ
adj. and adv. Opposite, contradictory; against, anti -; (cf. esergyy).
-- eteged. The opposition, the opposite side or faction.
-- salkin. Head wind.
-- tesergy. Antagonistic; contradictory.
-- zoγsuxu. To take a stand against.
šasin u --. Antireligious.

ESERGYCE- / ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭХ
v.t. and i. To turn or act against, counteract, oppose, resist, object to; to be obstinate.
--ky anggi. Opposition party or parties.
--n bosxu. To revolt, rise against.
--n tөmeceky. To struggle against, fight with.
--zy keleky. To speak against.
dain i --ky. To oppose war, be antimilitaristic.

ESERGYCEGCI / ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭГЧ
n. Antagonist, opponent, adversary.

ESERGYCEGYL- / ЭСЭРГҮҮЦҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of esergyce-.

ESERGYCEL / ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭЛ
n. Resistance, opposition, antagonism, counteraction, reaction, struggle against, protest.
-- busu. Unequal match.
bailduγan u --. Opposition to war.
temecel --. Struggle.

ESERGYCELDY- / ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭЛДЭХ
[v.rec. of esergyce-] To struggle, fight with one another; to resist.

ESERGYCELDYGYL- / ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of esergyceldy-.

ESERGYLE- / ЭСЭРГҮҮЛЭХ

v.i. To oppose, object, protest, resist, argue, dispute; to rival, compete.

--gci. Adversary, opponent, disputant.

ESERGYLEL / ЭСЭРГҮҮЛЭЛ

n. Dispute, controversy, debate, opposition, resistance, contrast.

ESERGYY / ЭСЭРГҮҮ

adj., adv., and n. Opposite, facing, vis-a-vis; against, opposing, counter-, anti-; opposing, enemy; reactionary.

-- adxu. Cupped handfuls.

-- boduly-a. Opposite opinion, objection, contradiction.

-- bosuyci. Rebel, participant in a revolt.

-- bosuly-a. Armed uprising.

-- eteged. The opposing side, the opposition.

-- jabudal. Opposing movement, contrary action; opposition, revolt.

-- kycy. Reactionary force.

-- ner. Opponents, enemies, counter-revolutionaries.

-- temeceky. To oppose, antogonize; to attack, assail; to dispute.

-- tesergyy. Turning backs to each other, antagonistic; mutually opposed.

-- xariyulxu. To oppose, antagonize, resist, contend against.

-- yzel. Opposite viewpoint.

-- yzelten. Opponents, reactionaries.

arad un -- . Against the people, enemy of people, public enemy.

xayan u -- . Against the emperor.

(xubisxal un) -- eteged. Counter-revolutionary elements.

(xubisxal un) -- ner. Counter-revolutionary elements.

ESI, 1. / ИШ

[= isi] n. a) Trunk of a tree, stem of a plant stalk, slip, graft, shoot, scion; grip, handle .

kituy-a jin -- . Handle of a knife.

modun u -- . Trunk of a tree.

tarijan u -- . Stalk of grain or grass.

b) Foundation, basis; origin, source.

-- barimta. Basis, foundation.

-- barimta ygei. Unfounded.

-- muxur ygei. Incoherent; nonsensical.

-- muxur ygei yge. Meaningless words.

c) Command, permission, instruction, percept, prophecy; ethics, morals.

-- abxu. To receive orders, instruction, etc.

-- ber yzegylygsen. Demonstrated, proved, not arbitrary.

-- ese yzegylygsen. Unproved; arbitrary, spontenenous; illicit, unauthorized.

-- jin udx-a. Meaning or purport of the instruction.

-- ɸgky. To give permission, instruction or order.

-- yzegylygci. Prophet.

-- zyi. Moral obligations, ethics.

-- zyi dy neileky ygei jabudal. Unethical conduct or procedure.

kyngzi jin -- . The ethical maxims of Confucius.

d) Collective name of the five colors, blue, red, yellow, white, and black which in combination with the twelve signs of the zodiac form the appelations of the individual years of the sexagenary cycle.

e) Special use.

-- xatun. Principal or first wife of a khan.

ESI, 2. / ЭШ

Interjection expressing compassion, displeasure, or disdain.

ESICILE- / ИШЧЛЭХ

v.i. To inquire into the origin.

ESIGE

See isige(n).

ESILE- / ИШЛЭХ

v.t and i. To make or attach a handle; to take rise, have origin in, originate, spring from; to point out, demonstrate; to give instruction, guide; to refer to the original source.

ESITEI / ИШТЭЙ

[= eisty] adj. Having a handle, helve, stem, stalk, etc.

ESITY

See esitei.

-- emkemel. Scroll, roll of paper (on a wooden cylinder or around a stick).

-- kenggerge. Drum on a wooden stand.

ESKE- / ЭСГЭХ

v.t. To cut, cut out (as material), cut off

yar ijen --ky. To cut one's hand.

xubcasu --ky. To cut out a dress.

ESKEGDE- / ЭСГЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of eske-.

ESKEGYL- / ЭСГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of eske-.

ESKEGYR / ЭСГҮҮР
n. Knife for cutting garments, tailor's or leather cutter's knife; scissors.

ESYG / ЭСЭГ
[= ysyg, 2] n. Sour beverage; kumiss made from mare's milk; leaven.

ETE-, 1. / ЭТЭХ
v.t. To fill with food; to put in a bowl or vase.

ETE-, 2. / ЭТЭХ
v.t. To pick, pluck out.
--ky uxuxu. To dig out; to instigate.

ETEGED / ЭТГЭЭД
n. and adj. (Group or body of) persons, elements; side, party (as in a business deal, lawsuit, etc.); different, strange, odd, queer, eccentric; colossal; violent. vicious.
-- daisun. Foreign enemy or enemies.
-- zangtai. Queer, odd, eccentric.
caγantan u --. The Whites (political).
eneky duraduγsan --. The party or person[s] mentioned above.
eng yn --. Private person[s].
xojar -- [ece]. [From] both sides; mutual[ly].
xudaldun abxu --. Purchaser[s], customer[s].

ETEGEDLE- / ЭТГЭЭДЛЭХ
v.i. To act queerly, strangely or oddly.

ETEGER / ЭТГЭР
adj. Turned up, bent up, lifted up.
-- sirege. Table with turned-up edges or ends.
-- uni. Rafters with turned-up ends.

ETEGYL- / ЭТҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ete-.

ETEI- / ЭТИЙХ
v.i. To turn up, curl up.

ETENG / ЭЭТЭН
-- γutul. Boot with upturned toe.

ETERI-
v.i. To turn up, curl up.

ETNOGRAFI / ЭТНОГРАФИ
[R. этнография] n. Ethnography.

ETNOLOGI / ЭТНОЛОГИ
[thr. R.] n. Ethnology.

ETYGENI
[= itygen] n. Shamanist goddess of the earth.

EZE, 1. / ЭЗ
n. Fate, destiny.
-- inu ireky = -- inu tataxu = -- inu xadxuxu. For fate to draw one to misfortune (said of a phenomenon one interprets as a prelude to calamity).

EZE, 2. / ЭЗ
See ezegyi.
-- ygeireky. To be[come] depopulated or deserted.

EZED / ЭЗЭД
Plural of ezen, q.v.
γazar un --. Landowners; spirits of the soil.

EZEGEI
See egezegei.

EZEGYI / ЭЗГҮЙ
[Contraction of eze ygei, cf. ezen ygei] adj. No man's, uninhabited, desolate, abandoned.
-- xoγurundu. In one's absence.
-- xoiγur. In one's absence.
ger yn ezen --. The master of the house is absent.
minu -- dyr. During my absence.

EZEGYIRE- / ЭЗГҮЙРЭХ
[Contraction of eze ygeileky] v.i. To be[come] uninhabited, desolate, or abandoned.

EZEI
[= ezeykei] Term of endearment used when addressing little children or

elderly women.

EZELE- / ЭЗЛЭХ



v.t. To occupy; to own, possess; to dominate, rule; to take up space; to indicate, predict (in divination, see tølge).
--gci. Subduer, conqueror.
--n abxu. To seize, occupy.
--n saγuxu. To occupy.
ed aγurasun i --ky. To take over property.
kymyn y γazar i --ky. To seize or usurp somebody's land.
tyrimekeilen --n abxu. To seize, snatch.

EZELEGDE- / ЭЗЛЭГДЭХ



[v. pass. of ezele-] To be possessed or governed by, ruled over.
cidkyr ty --gsen. Possessed by an evil spirit.
ebedcin-e --ky. To be beset with illness.

EZELEGECI / ЭЗЛЭЭЧ



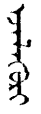
n. Possessor, proprietor, owner; ruler, lord, master.

EZELEGYL- / ЭЗЛУУЛЭХ



v. caus. of ezele-.

EZELEGYRI / ЭЗЛУУР



n. Kingdom, dominion, estate, landed property; mastery, sway.
burxan u --. Kingdom of God (biblical).

EZELEL / ЭЗЛЭЛ



n. Possession, ownership, property.
γazar un --. Landownership, real estate.

EZELELGE / ЭЗЛЭЛГЭ



n. The act or state of ezele-.

EZELEMEGEI / ЭЗЛЭМГИЙ



adj. Imperious, fond of power, despotic; commanding, overbearing, domineering.

EZELIG / ЭЗЛЭГ



adj. Ruling, sovereign.
-- izaγur. Princely or noble descent; high or royal birth or heritage; dynasty.
-- izaγurtu. Of princely or noble descent.

EZEMDE- / ЭЗЭМДЭХ



v.t. To possess, own.

EZEMSI- / ЭЗЭМШИХ



v.i. To become master or lord of something; to take possession of, conquer, appropriate, occupy; to familiarize oneself with; to command, control.
--gci. Master, lord; one who has mastery of.
sudulun --ky. To study, familiarize oneself with.
onul i --ky. To become familiar with a theory.
zebseg --ky. To learn the use of arms.

EZEMSIL / ЭЗЭМШИЛ



n. The act of ezemsi-; appropriation, controlling, commanding, mastering; occupation.
-- yn byse. Occupation zone.
γazar --. Landownership.

EZEN / ЭЗЭН



[pl. ezed] n. Lord, master, ruler, owner.
-- boγul yn neigem. Feudal society.
-- bolxu. To take responsibility, stand responsible, vouch for somebody or something.
-- burxan. Lord God.
-- esi. Ruler, lord.
-- saγuxu. To become master or owner of something.
-- ulus. Suzerain state.
-- xaγan. Emperor, monarch, sovereign, His Majesty.
-- xorij-a. "Lord's camp," the shrine dedicated to Chingis Khan, located in the Ordos Inner Mongolia.
-- ygei. Having no master or owner, free, uninhabited; anarchy.
-- ygei baidal. Anarchy.
-- ygei γazar. No-man's land, desert.
-- ygei keyken. Illegitimate child.
-- ygei mal. Ownerless cattle.
-- ygei xoγurundu. During one's absence:
amin --. Members of the family of a murdered person who have the right to demand a court trial.
azu yiledbyri jin --. Manufacturer, plant owner.
bi yge degen -- bolumui. I stand by my words.
ed yn --. Property owner; proprietor, wealthy man.
γazar un --. Landowner; spirit of the soil.
ger yn --. Master of the house; husband; landlord.
kelegsen ygen degen -- bolxu. To keep one's promise.
øri jin --. Creditor.

toγuγ-a tulγan -- . Mistress of the house(lit. : mistress of the kettle and trivet).
yiledbyri jin -- . Industrialist.

EZENTEI / ЭЗЭНТЭЙ
[= ezenty] adj. Having a master, lord, or owner; inhabited.

EZENTY / ЭЗЭН
See ezentei.
-- ulus. Empire, kingdom, autocratic state.
-- zasaγ. Monarchy.

EZERKE- / ЭЗЭРХЭХ
v.i. and t. To act arbitrarily, highhandedly, despotically; to act like an autocrat; to seize other people's property, usurp.
--gci anggi. Ruling class.
--n abxu. To occupy, seize, usurp.
--zy jabuxu. To act arbitrarily.
erke --ky. To take the law in one's own hands, take by force.

EZERKEG / ЭЗЭРХЭХ
adj. and n. Autocratic, acting arbitrarily, imperialist[ic]; fond of power, domineering; hateful, odious; despot[ic], usurper.
-- josu. Despotism, tyranny, imperialism.
-- kørynggeten. Imperialists, imperialistic.
-- sinuxai. Covetous, greedy; exacting, extorting.
-- tyrimekei. Imperialism , imperialistic.
-- ulus. Despotic or imperialistic nation.
-- xaγantu josu. Imperialistic czarism.
-- yd. Imperialists.

EZERKEGLE- / ЭЗЭРХЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To seize, usurp.

EZERKEGLEL / ЭЗЭРХЭГЛЭЛ
n. The act of ezerkegle-.

EZERKEGYL- / ЭЗЭРХҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ezerke-.

EZERKEILE-
Same as ezerkegle-.

EZETEI / ЭЗТЭЙ
adj. Ill-omened, auguring misfortune.

EZEYKEI
See ezei.

EZI / ЭЭЖ
[= ezii] n. Mama (familiar term).

EZIGEI
interjection expressing regret for a loss, mistake, etc.

EZII
See ezi.

E

EYROP / ЕВРОП
n. and adj. Europe; European.

Ғ

FABRIK / ФАБРИК
[R. фабрика] n. **Factory, plant**
-- un ezen. **Owner of a factory, manufacturer.**

FABRIKCI
n. **Manufacturer, maker.**

FAKULITET / ФАКУЛЬТЕТ
n. [R. факультет] n. **Department (of university or institute).**

FALANG
Same as palang, 1.

FALANGDA-
Same as palangda-.

FANGSA
Same as pangsa.

FARANČI / ФРАНЦ
Same as franči.

FARMACEVT / ФАРМАЦЕВТ
[R. фармацевт] n. **Pharmacist.**

FASIST / ФАШИСТ
n. **Fascist.**
-- josu. **Fascism.**

FASISM / ФАШИЗМ
n. **Fascism.**

FEDERAČI / ФЕДЕРАЦИ
[R. федерация] n. **Federation.**

FEODAL / ФЕОДАЛ
[R. феодал] n. **Feudal lord.**
-- josu. **Feudalism.**
-- un esergyy. **Anti-feudal.**
xar-a sir-a --. **Secular and clerical feudal lords.**

FEODALISM / ФЕОДАЛИЗМ
[R.] n. **Feudalism.**
-- un yj-e. **Feudal age.**

FERM / ФЕРМ
[R . ферма] n. **Farm.**

FESTIVALI
[R . фестиваль] n. **Festival.**

FILANTROPI / ФИЛАНТРОПИ
[R. филантропия] n. **Philanthropy.**

FILOLOGI / ФИЛОЛОГИ
[R. филология] n. **Philology.**

FILOSOFI / ФИЛОСОФИ
[R. философия] n. **Philosophy.**
-- jin. **Philosophical.**

FILOSOFICI / ФИЛОСОФИЧ
n. **Philosopher.**

FIN / ФИН
n. and adj. **Finn; Finnish.**

FINANSIST / ФИНАНСИСТ
[R. финансист] n. **Financier.**

FINLAND / ФИНЛЯНДИ
[R. финляндия] n. **Finland.**

FIZIK / ФИЗИК
[R. физика] n. **Physics.**
-- yn. **Pertaining to physics.**

FIZIKCI / ФИЗИКЧ
n. **Physicist.**

FIZIOLOGI / ФИЗИОЛОГИ
[R.физиология] n. **Physiology.**

FIZIOLOGICI / ФИЗИОЛОГИЧ
n. **Physiologist.**

FLOT / ФЛОТ
[R. флот] n. **Navy, fleet.**

FONEM / ФОНЕМ
n. **Phoneme**

FONETIK / ФОНЕТИК
[R. фонетика] n. **Phonetics.**

FONOGRAF / ФОНОГРАФ
[R. фонограф] n. **Phonograph.**

FORMALISM / ФОРМАЛИЗМ
[R. формализм] n. **Formalism.**

FORMALIST / ФОРМАЛИСТ
[R. формалист] n. **Formalist.**

FRANČA
Same as franči.

FRANČI / ФРАНЦ
n. p. **France.**

FRONT / ФРОНТ
n. **Front (mil.).**

FY
[Ch. fu 府] n. **A Chinese administrative division.**

FYNT / ФУНТ
[R. фунт] n. **Pound.**

FYZIN / ФУЖИН
[Ma. fujin, Ch. fu-chin 福晉] n. **Lady (Manchu-Mongol title of nobility).**

Г

ГА / ГА

[fr. R. га (abbreviation for гектар)]. n. n. Hectare (= 2.471 acres).

ГАВ / ГАВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable γa.

-- γaγca. Sole, single, unique, quite alone, sôlitary.

-- γaγcaγar. Solitarily, solely.

ГАВА, 1. / ГАВ

n. Manacles, handcuffs.

ГАВА, 2. / ГАВ

n. Crack, chink, cleft, fissure, rent, crevice, flaw.

-- γarxu. To split, develop fissures, crack, burst.

sorbi -- . Fissure, chink.

ГАВАLA / ГАВАЛ

See gabala.

ГАВАLA- / ГАВЛАХ

v.t. To handcuff, manacle.

ГАВАТА-

See γabatu-.

ГАВАТU- / ГАВТАХ

[= γabata-] v.i. To split, crack; to have cracks.

ГАВАТUL

n. The state of γabatu-.

ГАВІ / ГАВЬ

[Gu.] adj. As good as others, on par with others.

-- ygei. Not so good.

-- ygei kymyn. Subnormal or defective person; impolite person.

ГАВLJ-A(N) / ГАВЬЯА(Н)

n. Merit, achievement; heroism, valor; worthy service.

-- baiγulxu. To display valor, heroism, earn merit.

-- bytygeky. To achieve merits.

-- ner-e. Merit.

--n u odun. Order (decoration).

--n u temdeg. Decoration for distinction.

-- tusa. Merit.

cerig yn -- . Military exploits, military merits.

cisun --n u odun. Order of the Red Banner (military decoration, obs.).

ГАВІJA-

v.i. To refer or belong to, be included in, fall under.

ГАВІJACIRXA- / ГАВЬЯАЧИГАХ

v.i. To boast about one's merits.

ГАВІJACIRXAГ / ГАВЬЯАЧИРХАГ

adj. Boastful, proud.

ГАВІJACIRXAL / ГАВЬЯАЧИРХАЛ

n. The act of γabijacirxa-.

ГАВІJARXA- / ГАРЬЯАРХАХ

v.i. To boast of one's merits.

ГАВІJATAІ / ГАВЬЯАТАЙ

[= γabijatu] adj. Meritorious.

-- kymyn. Man of merit; solicitous, eager or zealous person.

ГАВІJATU / ГАВЬЯАТ

See γabijatai.

ГАВІLING

[T. khab len, "needle-taker"] n. Loadstone, magnet.

ГАВSІГАІ / ГАВШГАЙ

adj. and n. Swift, expeditious; valiant; vanguard; shock (worker, troops).

-- anggi. Shock unit, shock troops; unit of troops.

-- azil. Shock work.

-- ber. Swiftly, in an accelerated manner.

-- cerig. Vanguard; shock troops.

--cud . Shock workers (rare).

-- morin. Swift horse.
-- yiledbyricin. Shock worker.

ГАВSIГАILA- / ГАВШГАЙЛАХ
v.i. To be swift , expeditious, prompt.
--n. Swiftly, quickly, applying speed-up or shock methods or tactics.
--n azillaxu. To work quickly; to work at a shock tempo.

ГАВSIГАILAL / ГАВШГАЙЛАЛ
n. The act or state of ɣabsiɣaila-.

ГАВUR
See gabur.

ГАВUU
n. Lieutenant (mil., obs.). [Mo.] Epithet for the wolf.

ГАСА
n. and adv. The other side, yonder.

ГАСА- / ГАЦАХ
v.i. To harden, dry; to freeze, freeze over; to be blocked, entangled, caught, or jammed; to become mulish, obstinate; to resist, thwart, oppose; to contradict; to interfere, stand in the way; to die (of animals).
kymyn dyr --xu. To be or stand in somebody's way.

ГАСАГ-А(N), 1. / ГАСАА(Н)
n. Hamlet, village.
-- kyi. Village.
-- tosxun. Village.

ГАСАГ-А(N), 2. / ГАСАА
n. Obstacle, annoyance; obstinacy, stubborness.

ГАСАГ-А(N), 3. / ГАЦАА(Н)
n. Promontory between two rivers; narrow passage between rocks and water; mountain from which several rivers spring.

ГАСАГ-А, 4. / ГАЦАА
n. Pillars or poles connected by crossbeams; paling, palisade; rail[ing].

ГАСАГАLA-, 1. / ГАЦААЛАХ
v.t. To hinder, resist.

ГАСАГАLA-, 2. / ГАЦААЛАХ
v.t. To drive piles or stakes.

ГАСАГDAL
Same as ɣaciɣdal.

ГАСАГАSI- / ГАЦААШИХ
v.i. For a village to take shape or form.

ГАСI-
Same as ɣaca-.

ГАСIГ / ГАЧИГ
n. Need, poverty, misery; calamity, misfortune, disaster; drought, dryness; trouble, difficulty, sorrow.
zud --. Starvation of cattle, murrain.

ГАСIГDA- / ГАЧИГДАХ
v.i. To be in or get into difficulties ; to be subject to pressure; to need.
idegen xubcad ijer --xu. To suffer from lack of food and clothing.
kereg tyr --xu. To be involved in a lawsuit.
maɣu caɣ tur --xu. To fall upon evil times, suffer from calamities.
ølyscy --xu. To suffer from hunger.

ГАСIГDAГUL- / ГАЧИГДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of ɣaciɣda-] To lead into difficulties, cause lack, dearth, or need.

ГАСIГDAL / ГАЧИГДАЛ
n. Difficulty, embarrassment, need, hardship; perplexity, calamity, trouble.
-- ygei bolɣaxu. To remove a difficulty or trouble.
dutaɣdal --. Want. lack.

ГАСIГDALTAI / ГАЧИГДАЛТАЙ
adj. Difficult, troublesome, embarrassing, inconveniencing; suffering need, meeting with difficulties.

ГАСUГU / ГАЦУУ
n. Picket, stake.
-- siɣaxu. To drive in stakes.

ГАСUR



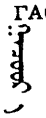
n. Sash of a rectangular window; window frame.

ГАСUR-А



See γасuur-а.

ГАСUUR-А / ГАЧУУР



[= γасur-а] n. Spruce (Picea obovata).

-- jin toγurcuγ. Spruce cone.

ГАDАВАLZА-



v.i. To stoop, stagger (as under a heavy load).

ГАDАГ-А / ГАДАА



adj., adv., and postpos. Out of, outside, outer, external[ly], outward[ly]; non-Buddhist.

-- ece . From outside.

-- γarγaxu. To take or move outside.

-- γarxu. To go out[side].

-- tal-а. The outside.

ger yn -- . Outside or about the house.

ГАDАГАDU / ГАДААД



adj. Outer, external, exterior; foreign, strange; not local, not domestic.

-- baidal. The exterior; external form, appearance, shape.

-- bej-е. The exterior; appearance.

-- boduly-а. Foreign policy.

-- dalai. Ocean.

-- dur. Abroad.

-- dyrsy ji barimtalaγsan yzel. Formalism.

-- ece abciraxu baraγ-а. Imported goods.

-- ece oruγulxu. To import from abroad.

-- jabudal. Foreign affairs.

-- jabudal un jamun. Ministry of foreign affairs.

-- jin. Outer, outside, foreign, strange; international; non-Buddhist, heretic.

-- jin daisun. External enemies.

-- jin josun. The external (i.e. non-Buddhist) way (of ruling a country).

-- kymyn. Foreigner.

-- nom. Non-Buddhist, especially Brahmanic doctrine or religion.

-- ulus. Foreign country.

ГАDАГSI / ГАДАГШ



adv. Outward, out of, [toward the] outside; away, abroad.

-- γarγaxu. To carry out; to export.

-- emysky. To wear something wrong side out.

ГАDАГSILА- / ГАДАГШЛАХ



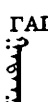
v.i. To go out, appear outside.

ГАDАГUN



adj. and n. Exterior, outside.

ГАDАГUR / ГАДУУР



adj., adv., postpos., and n. Outside, on the exterior of; in the vicinity of, near; exterior, outer, upper (clothes); the exterior, outside.

-- kyrij-е. Outer enclosure.

kerem yn -- . Outside the city wall.

orun toγuγan ece -- . Supernumerary.

xauli ece -- . Outside of the law, illegally, unlawfully.

xubcasun -- emysky. To wear on top of other clothes.

ГАDАГURCILА- / ГАДУУРЧЛАХ



v.t. To consider or treat as an outsider; to exclude.

--n yzeky. To look upon as an outsider.

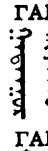
--zu adalaxu. To abase and exclude; to treat as an outcast.

ГАDАГURKI / ГАДУУРХИ



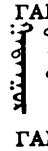
adj. Being outside, about , or around; exterior; superficial, light-minded.

ГАDАГURSIJА- / ГАДУУРШААХ



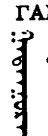
Same as γadaγurcila-.

ГАDАГURTА- / ГАДУУРТАХ



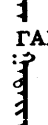
v.i. To be or go outside; to miss the mark when shooting.

ГАDАГURXА- / ГАДУУРХАХ



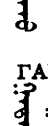
v.t. To consider as foreign, strange, or queer; to look down upon, look askance; to restrain; to embarrass.

ГАDАI- / ГАДАЙХ



v.i. To bend, fold, be crooked, grow crooked; to be a sway-back (of a horse); to become askew, curved.

ГАDАILГА- / ГАДАЙЛГАХ



[v. caus. of γadai-] To bend, fold.

ГADAN-A / ГАДНА

adv., adj., and postpos. Outside of, outside of the house; exterior, outer; apart from, in addition to; except, besides.

-- ece. From without, outside, abroad.

-- ece oruγuluγsan. Import (attr.), imported.

-- γarγaxu. To chase out.

aγil un caγ un --. Outside of or apart from working time.

egyn ece --. Apart from this, in addition to this.

ГADANAKI / ГАДНАХЬ

adj. Superficial, external, outer.

ГADAR / ГАДАР

n., adj., and postpos. The exterior, outside (as of a dress, etc.); exterior part; cover (esp. of a book); fat; outer, external, on top of.

-- dotur [ygei]. [Both the] outside and inside, exterior and interior.

-- køryg. Outline, contour.

-- tataxu. To cover with fabric; to upholster.

debel yn --. Outside, on top, or over a fur coat.

γaxai jin --. The fat of swine, lard.

sudur un --. Cover of a book.

ГADARГU / ГАДАРГУУ , ГАДРАГА

n. Surface.

delekei jin --. Surface of the earth.

kørysyn y -- jin yj-e. Topsoil.

ГADARLA- / ГАДАРЛАХ

v.t. and i. To cover a coat or robe with material; to put an outside covering on something; to become fat, become covered with fat; to surmise. have a general idea.

debel cembe ber --xu. To face, with cloth, garments made of pelts the fur of which is worn inside

nom --xu. To put a cover on a book.

ГADASU(N) / ГАДАС(АН)

n. Stake, picket, pale; peg.

altan -- odun. Polar star (also name of a decoration of merit).

modun --. Wooden stake.

temyr --. Iron stake.

ГADUR-A / ГАДАР

n. Vase, basin.

ГАГАГLA- / ГААГЛАХ

v.i. (onomat.) To quack, croak, caw, cackle, cluck.

ГАГАI / ГАГАЙ

-- egeci = abaγa egeci. Paternal aunt.

ГАГСА / ГАНЦ

[= γanca] adj. and adv. Alone, all alone, single, unique; the only one; solely.

-- ami ben abcu jabuxu. To live thinking only of oneself.

-- bej-e. Alone, with nobody else present; individual (subst.). [Ri.] Single (person).

-- bej-e kymyn. Solitary person, recluse; bachelor, spinster.

-- ber. See γaγcaγar.

-- ber ijen. In private, privately, alone, lonely, by oneself, solitary.

-- bi busu. Not only I.

-- edyr. Only one day.

-- γaγca ber. One by one, individually.

-- jeke. Of unique greatness or grandeur.

-- ky. Only, exclusively, solely; however.

-- kymyn y. Intended or designed for one person only.

-- kymyn y oru. Single bed.

-- nige. Now and then, from time to time.

-- sanaγ-a. Only one thought.

-- tngri ji sityky yzel. Monotheism.

-- zoriγtu. Having a single purpose; unshakeable, firm.

ГАГСАDA- / ГАНЦДАХ

[= γancada-] v.i. To be alone, be only one; to be helpless or forlorn.

ГАГСАГАR / ГАНЦААР

[= γancaγar , γaγca ber] adv. Alone, solitarily, singularly.

-- ijer saγuxu. To live alone.

ГАГСАГАRDA- / ГАНЦААРДАХ

[= γancaγarda-] v.i. To be only one; to become lonesome, live a lonesome life; to be outnumbered.

ГАГСАГАRLA- / ГАНЦААРЛАХ

[= γancaγarla-] v.i. and t. To be alone in a place, live in isolation; to do by oneself; to isolate.

--xu jabudal. Individualization.
--xu yzel. Individualism.

ГАГСАГАRLAL / ГАНЦААРЛАЛ

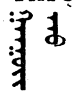
n. The state of γaγacaγarla-; isolation.

ГАГСАХАN / ГАНЦХАН

[= γancaxan] adj. and adv. Only one, all alone; only, solely; but.
-- bej-e. One only, quite alone.
-- minu tulada. Only for my sake.
-- moritai kymyn. A person who has only one horse; lone rider.

ГАГИГUR / ГАГАГАР

adj. That which leans forward, advances; projecting, jutting out; having a long neck (as a camel's).

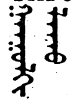
ГАГИI- / ГАГАЙХ

v.i. To lean forward, project, be prominent (physically, as the neck of a camel).

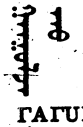
ГАГИILГА- / ГАГАЙЛГАХ

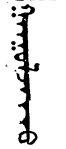
v. caus. of γaγui-.

ГАГИLI

Same as γauli, 2.

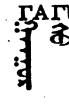
ГАГULKILA- / ГАГАЛХИЙЛАХ

See γaγulza-.

ГАГULZA-, 1. / ГАГАЛЗАХ

v.i. To plead poverty, have the appearance of one who is dying of hunger.

ГАГULZA-, 2. / ГАГАЛЗАХ

v.i. To try to speak but be unable to express oneself; to stutter (as when in a hurry); to be unable to swallow.
--n eriky. To keep demanding, importune with requests.

ГАГUN

-- γuγun. An adverbial phrase descriptive of inarticulateness.

ГАГURSU(N) / ГУУРС(АН)

n. Stem, stalk, stubble; quill; spike on an ear of corn; chaff; field with stubbles of last year's harvest; tube, pipe, esp. tube on helmet in which feathers are stuck.
tarij-a --. Stubbles.

ГАI, 1.

[Ch. chieh, kai 街] n. Street.

ГАI, 2. / ГАЙ

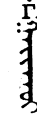
n. Misfortune, bad luck; misery, distress, harm; calamity, disaster, trouble.
-- barcid. Calamity, misfortune.
-- bolxu. To cause calamity or misfortune; to be a burden to someone.
-- saγad. Harm, injury.
-- tarixu. To cause calamity or misfortune.
-- tataxu. To bring upon oneself misfortune.
-- uciraxu. To meet with calamity, misfortune.
-- ygei = γaiγui (q.v.)
-- zedker. Bad fortune, visitation.
-- zobalang. Calamities, visitations.

ГАID

n. Cry, bellowing, roaring, howling.

ГАIDA- / ГАЙДАХ

Same as gaitu-.

ГАIГUI / ГАЙГУЙ

[= γai ygei] adj. and adv. Not bad, fairly good or well; it doesn't matter, it is all right; to one's heart's content.
-- bitegei ai! It is all right, don't be afraid!

ГАILA-

v.t. To contemn, despise, scorn, reject; to consider as taboo, avoid to pronounce.
--daγ yge. Words usually avoided on account of taboo.

ГАILI / ГАЙЛЬ

n. Customs, duty, tolls.
-- abxu dyrim kemzij-e. Customs tariff.
-- jin dain. Tariff war.
-- jin γazar. Customhouse.
-- jin kereg i erkileky keltes. Department of customs.
-- jin tataburi. Customs duties.
-- jin xorij-a. Customhouse.
-- xurijaxu kymyn. Customs collector.
-- ygei. Duty-free.
-- ygei boγumta. Free port.

ГАILICI(N) / ГАЙЛЬЧ



n. Customs officer.

ГАILILA- / ГАЙЛИЛАХ



v.t. To collect customs duties.

ГАIMU / ГАЙМ



[Ch. kai-mo, chieh-mo 芥末 "ground mustard"] n. Mustard (plant).

-- noγuγ-a. Mustard (plant).

ГАISU



n. Obstacle, hindrance; evil, misfortune; evil spirit, devil.

-- daruxu. To place a "poultice" on a sick child (a cup with dry millet wrapped in a cloth), a religious ritual for suppressing an evil spirit.

-- γarγaxu. To avert evil.

ГАITAI / ГАЙТАЙ



[= γaitu] adj. Unlucky, unfortunate, ill-fated, ill-starred; hazardous, distressing.

ГАITU / ГАЙТ



See γaitai.

ГАITU- / ГАЙТАХ



v.i. To fall into misfortune or distress.

ГАIXA- / ГАЙХАХ



v.i. To wonder, marvel; to be amazed, astonished, or surprised; to be perplexed, be at a loss.

--n bisireky. To marvel and wonder at.

ceceglig i --xu. To admire the flower garden.

ГАIXAГDA- / ГАЙХАГДАХ



v. pass. of γaixa-.

ГАIXAГUL- / ГАЙХУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of γaixa-] To astonish, make someone wonder; to boast, vaunt, brag; to display ostentatiously one's power or wealth.

ГАIXAГULГ-A



n. Astonishment, surprise, amazement; ostentatious display.

ГАIXAL / ГАЙХАЛ



adj. and n. Strange, queer, quaint; astonishment, wonder; miracle, prodigy, spectacle, show; odd fellow; that one (when the name of the referent is to be avoided).

jaγu gegci -- bain-a. What a funny bird (colloq.).

ГАIXALTA / ГАЙХАЛТ



n. Rapture, delight; perplexity, quandary.

ГАIXALTAI / ГАЙХАЛТАЙ



adj. Wonderful, astonishing, marvelous, admirable; striking, surprising.

-- jabudal. Wonderful deed.

-- xaixan. Marvelously beautiful.

jaγutai -- bui! How marvelous!

ГАIXAM-A / ГАЙХАМ



Same as γaixaltai.

ГАIXAMAR / ГАЙХМААР



adj. Wonderful, marvelous, astonishing, surprising.

ГАIXAMSIГ / ГАЙХАМШИГ



n. and adj. Astonishment, wonder, marvel, miracle; marvelous, astonishing, remarkable, sensational.

ГАIXAMSIГTAI / ГАЙХАМШИГТАЙ



[= γaixamsiγtu] adj. Marvelous, wonderful, remarkable; miraculous, supernatural; extraordinary, surprising.

ГАIXAMSIГTU / ГАЙХАМШИГТ



See γaixamsiγtai.

ГАIXAMSIГLA- / ГАЙХАМШИГЛАХ



v.t. To consider unique, remarkable, wonderful, or marvelous.

ГАIXARA-



v.i. To be astonished, surprised.

ГАIXASI / ГАЙХАШ



n. Astonishment, surprise.

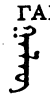
-- baraγdaxu. To become exhausted (of possibilities); to be[come] desperate.

ГАL / ГАЛ



n. Fire, conflagration.
-- abxu. To catch fire, ignite.
-- abxu sil. Burning glass, magnifying glass.
-- abulcaxu. To blaze up; to catch fire, ignite.
-- abulduxu. To catch fire here and there.
-- dur mørgyky. To worship the fire or hearth (a marriage ceremony).
-- γarγaxu. To produce fire.
-- γarxu. To flare up (of fire, light).
-- negeky. To open fire (mil.).
-- sir-a. Reddish yellow.
-- sudur. "Fire Books," book containing the ritual for the fire cult.
-- toγuγ-a. Kitchen.
-- ulaγan. Bright red, fire-red.
-- ulaγan ønggetei. Fire-red, red-hot.
-- un baγsi. The layman who recites prayers at the fire ritual on the 23rd or 24th day of the 12th moon.
-- un ger. Kitchen.
-- un øcig. Offering made to the fire god.
-- un saba. Coal-pan, brazier.
-- un tngri. Fire god.
-- usun u ajul. Natural calamities.
-- xamaγalaxu onisu. Safety lock (of a gun).
tegydeg --. Bonfire.

ГАLAB / ГАЛАВ



[= galab, S. kalpa, T. skal pa] n. Mythological period of time in Buddhist cosmology, eon, period, age.
-- jegyleky. Destruction (end of the world), cataclysm, deluge.
møsyn --. Ice age.

ГАLAГU(N) / ГАЛУУ



n. Goose.
--n u degdegekei. Gosling.
--n u ysy. Down of a goose.
caγ un --. Migratory goose.

ГАLAIXAN / ГАЛАЙХАН



-- eke. Female spirit of the hearth (shamanistic). Cf. odxan.

ГАLCI / ГАЛЧ



n. Fireman, stoker.
-- toγuγaci. Cook.

ГАLDA- / ГАЛДАХ



v.t. To burn; to set fire to, kindle; to cremate;

to defrost the soil by kindling a fire.
--xui bej-e. A corpse to be cremated.

ГАLIRA- / ГАЛИРАХ



v.i. To be lazy or indolent; to avoid work; to leave, go away.

ГАLIRAL / ГАЛИРАЛ



n. The act or state of γalira-.

ГАLIRALTAI / ГАЛИРАЛТАЙ



adj. Lazy, indolent, remiss.

ГАLLA- / ГАЛЛАХ



v.t. and i. To kindle, burn; to heat; to open fire, shoot, bombard.

ГАLTU / ГАЛТ



adj. Having fire, fiery, ardent, igneous.
-- aγula. Volcano.
-- aγula jin amasar. Crater (of a volcano).
-- γuu. Firepit, fire-ditch, furnace.

ГАLZAГU / ГАЛЗУУ



[= γalziγu] adj. and n. Rabid, insane; possessed by a demon; frenzied, enraged; violent, tempestuous; hydrophobia, rabies.
-- doγsin. Raging, mad, violent, ruthless.
-- ebedcin. Rabies.
-- kymyn. Madman, violent or ferocious person.
-- morin. Extremely mettlesome horse.
-- noxai. Rabid dog.

ГАLZAГURA- / ГАЛЗУУРАХ



v.i. To be[come] rabid, enraged; to fly into a rage; to be[come] insane.
--γsan noxai. Rabid dog.

ГАLZAГURAГUL- / ГАЛЗУУРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of γalzaγura-] To madden, enrage; to cause one to lose his reason.
yzym --xu. To pound raisins.

ГАLZAГURAL / ГАЛЗУУРАЛ



n. The state of γalzaγura-; madness, insanity.

ГАLZIГU



See γalzaγu.

ГALZIR / ГАЛЖИР

adj. and n. Curved, crooked; bent, slanting, oblique; bend, curve.

ГALZIRA-

v.i. To bend, fold, become crooked, oblique.

ГALZIRTU- / ГАЛЖИРТАХ

Same as γalzira-.

ГAM / ГАМ

n. Thrift, parsimony, economy; conservation; careful handling or conduct.

-- aldaxu. To act heedlessly, without following instructions.

-- kiky. To conduct oneself, proceed or live carefully, follow a strict regime (esp. after an illness).

-- ygei. Merciless, ruthless, not careful, careless; thriftless.

-- ygei edleky. To use carelessly.

xair-a -- ygei. Ruthless[ly], merciless[ly]; negligent[ly], heedless[ly].

xair-a -- ygei temeceky. To fight ruthlessly, mercilessly.

ГAMNA- / ГАМНАХ

v.t. and i. To save, spare, economize; to treat or handle with care; to reserve, preserve; to cherish.

--zu. Cautiously, warily, prudently, with discretion.

--zu xadaγalaxu. To preserve.

ГAMNAГDA- / ГАМНАГДАХ

v. pass. of γamna-.

ГAMNAГUL- / ГАМНУУЛАХ

v. caus. of γamna-.

ГAMNAL / ГАМНАЛ

n. The act of γamna-.

ГAMSIГ / ГАМШИГ

n. Epidemic, plague; adversity, calamity, misfortune; trouble, affliction, death.

-- dayarixu. For a calamity to strike.

-- γaruly-a. Misfortune and loss.

-- zobulang. Calamity, misfortune.

γai --. Calamity, misfortune.

ГAMSIГDA- / ГАМШИГДАХ

v.i. To be afflicted or troubled, suffer misfortune.

ГAMSIГDAL / ГАМШИГДАЛ

n. The state of γamsiγda-.

ГAMSIГLA- / ГАМШИГЛАХ

v.i. To become sorrowful, experience sorrow, pain or affliction.

ГAMSIГLAL / ГАМШИГЛАЛ

n. The state of γamsiγla-.

ГAMSIГTAI / ГАМШИГТАЙ

adj. Unfortunate, adverse, calamitous.

ГAMTAI / ГАМТАЙ

adj. Cautious, careful; thrifty, economical.

-- ber. Cautious[ly], warily, prudent[ly], with discretion; thriftly, sparingly.

ГANABALZA- / ГАНАВАЛЗАХ

v.i. To swagger, walk with a conceited or lordly swing.

ГANABALZAL / ГАНАВАЛЗАЛ

n. The act of γanabalza-.

ГANALZA- / ГАНАЛЗАХ

Same as γanabalza-.

ГANCA , etc.

See γaγca, etc.

ГANDAГAR / ГАНДГАР

adj. Sunken; curved backward, arched, crooked; holding one's chest out

ГANDAГARI / ГАНДГААРЬ

n. Elder, Sambucus sibirica (plant).

ГANDAI- / ГАНДАЙХ

v.i. To be[come] bent, curved, or depressed in the middle with upturned ends; to hold one's chest out.

ГANDAILГA- / ГАНДАЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of γandai-] To bend the two ends of an object towards each other (as of a bow).

ГANDARI- / ГАНДРИХ

v.i. To bend, curve, arch, twist.

ГANDI

[= gandi, S. gandhi] n. Flat, hollow, long wooden instrument beaten with a stick; it is used as a drum or gong to call the priests for service or meeting.

ГANDUNG / ГАНДАН

[T. rkang dung] n. Trumpet made of a human thighbone, used in Tantric rites.

ГANG, 1. / ГАН(Г)

[Ch. kang 鋼] n. and adj. Steel; made of steel.

-- bolud. Steel.

-- temyr. Steel.

ГANG, 2. / ГАН(Г)

[Ch. han 旱] n. Drought; lack of fodder.

-- γaciγ. Drought, dryness.

-- γaciγ zil. Dry year.

-- γamsiγtai yj-e. Period of drought.

-- tailxu. For a drought to be relieved by rain.

-- xalaγun. Drought, heat.

ГANG, 3. / ГАН(Г)

[Ch. kang 缸] n. Vat (esp. tanner's vat); tub, tun, barrel, large pot, water jar.

-- xubing. Cask, barrel.

usun u --. Water tub.

ГANG, 4. / ГАН

n. Baying, barking, squealing, yelping (as of dogs).

-- γang. Yelping of a dog; various sounds emitted by domestic animals.

ГANG, 5. / ГАН

n. Flaw, split, slit.

ГANGDA- / ГАНДАХ

v.i. To dry up from heat or the sun; to fade, wither, droop; to become sun-tanned.

--γsan. Withered, faded.

tngri --zu bain-a. The weather has been dry, there is a drought.

ГANGDAГU / ГАНДУУ

adj. Withered, faded.

ГANGГ-A, 1. / ГАНГА

n. Cliff, bluff, high bank; abyss, chasm, precipice, gully, ravine.

-- nur-a. Cliff, abyss.

ГANGГ-A, 2. / ГАНГА

-- ebesy. Wild thyme, Thymus serpyllum.

ГANGГ-A, 3. / ГАНГА

n. Calamity, distress, or misfortune caused by evil influences and to be averted or eliminated by sorcery.

-- γarγaxu. To exorcise evil.

-- ungsixu. To recite magic spells in exorcising.

ГANGГ-A, 4. / ГАНГА

-- møren. The Ganges river.

ГANGГALA-, 1. / ГАНГАЛАХ

v.t. To exorcise evil.

ГANGГALA-, 2. / ГАНГАЛАХ

v.i. To be dressy or dandyish.

ГANGГAN / ГАНГАН

adj. Dressy, dandyish.

ГANGГU- , etc.

Same as γangxu-, etc.

ГANGГUNA-

v.i. To honk (as geese, etc.).

ГANGГUR / ГАНГАР

See under gynggyr.

ГANGGINA- / ГАНГИНАХ

v.i. To yelp, give forth piercing cries; to cackle, gaggle (of geese).

ГANGLA-

v.i. To howl (as a dog).

ГANGLAГUR

See γangnaγur.

ГANGNA- / ГАГНАХ
[Ch. han 釬] v.t. To solder; to join or make fast (as with cement).
--γci. Solderer, welder.
--xu em. Soldering flux (Ch. han-yao 釬藥).

ГANGNAГDA- / ГАГНАГДАХ
v. pass. of γangna-.

ГANGNAГUL- / ГАГНУУЛАХ
v. caus. of γangna-.

ГANGNAГUR / ГАГНУУР
n. Soldering metal; soldering spot.

ГANGNAГURCI / ГАГНУУРЧ
n. Solderer, welder.

ГANGNAMAL / ГАГНАМАЛ
[n.d. of γangna-] Something soldered.

ГANGSA(N) / ГАНС
[= γansa, Ch. kan-tsŭ 桿子] n. Tobacco pipe.
-- tataxu. To smoke a pipe.
cimeglegsen --. Pipe with inlaid work, decorated pipe.

ГANGSADA- / ГАНСДАХ
v.i. To smoke a pipe.

ГANGSALA- / ГАНСЛАХ
v.i. To smoke a pipe.

ГANGSARA- / ГАНСРАХ
v.i. To be afflicted or chagrined; to grieve, despair; to be irritated or outraged; to be reprimanded; to be poor, become a pauper; to be unable to speak from grief.

ГANGSARAГUL- / ГАНСРУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of γangsara-] v.t. To affect, grieve, vex; to cause to despair; to impoverish.

ГANGSARAL / ГАНСРАЛ
n. Sadness, grief, sorrow; despair; impoverishment.

ГANGSARALTAI / ГАНСРАЛТАЙ
adj. Sad, gloomy, despondent, afflicted, irritated, outraged.

ГANGSI-, 1. / ГАНШИХ
v.i. For a drought to set in.

ГANGSI-, 2. / ГАНШИХ
v.i. To yelp, howl (of dogs).

ГANGXU- / ГАНХАХ
v.i. To sway, shake, swing or waver.

ГANGXULZA- / ГАНХАЛЗАХ
v.i. To sway, shake, swagger.

ГANI / ГАНЬ
adj. Frenzied, mad; lonesome, outcast, forgotten.
-- zaγan. Mad elephant.

ГANI- / ГАНИХ
v.i. To make efforts, endeavor, strive.

ГANIRA- / ГАНИРАХ
v.i. To be mad; to be intoxicated; to be lonely or depressed.

ГANIRAГUL- / ГАНИРУУЛАХ
[v. caus.of γanira-] v.t. To madden, drive mad; to intoxicate.
--xu umdaγan. Intoxicating liquor.

ГANIRAГULUГDA- / ГАНИРУУЛАГДАХ
v. pass. of γaniraγul-.

ГANIRAL / ГАНИРАЛ
n. Madness; mental obscuration (Buddh.).

ГANIRALTU / ГАНИРАЛТ
adj. Mad.

ГANISU / ГАНЬС
n. The young of the badger.

ГANSA
See γangsa(n).

ГANZIR / ГАНЖИР



n. Pagoda-shaped structure found on the roof of Lamaist temples; now also cross on churches and crescent on mosques.

ГANZIRLA- / ГАНЖИРЛАХ



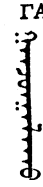
v.i. To mount a γanzir (q.v.).

ГANZUГ-A(N) / ГАНЗАГА



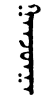
n. Thongs attached to a saddle for tying an object.
-- jin xudalduγ-a. Peddling.
-- maγutai. Incapable, unfit, awkward.
-- neileky. To take part unanimously.
-- tataγu. Incapable, unfit, awkward.

ГANZUГALA- / ГАНЗГАЛАХ



v.t. To suspend from a saddle by means of γanzuγ-a (q.v.).
toluγai ben --xu. To hang one's head (from grief); to sit nodding.

ГANZUГATAI / ГАНЗГАТАЙ



adj. Having γanzuγ-a; having baggage attached to the saddle.

ГAR / ГАР



n. Hand, arm; side (right or left); flank, wing (of an army).
-- albatu. Serfs of a taizi for personal services.
-- bej-e ber. Personally, with one's own hands.
-- cerig. Body-guard of a military chief.
-- deger-e. On one's hands, in one's care.
-- dyryky. To put one's hand into; to put one's hand to, start.
-- ergyky. To raise one's hand.
-- ijen γarγaxu. To show one's skill or mastery.
-- ijer ijen. With one's own hands.
-- køl. Hands and feet, extremities; myrmidon.
-- køl bolxu. To be[come] somebody's satellite or myrmidon.
-- talbixu. To put one's hand on; to sign (as a document).
-- tegen barixu. To take in one's hand.
-- temdeg. Receipt.
-- tur abxu. To take in one's hand.
-- un kymyn. Servant, myrmidon.
-- uran. Skilful in handicrafts.
-- xaraxu. To depend on others, live on other people's expenses; to wait for other people to act first.
-- xoγusun. Empty-handed.

baγsi jin -- tur bicig surxu. To learn to read and write with a teacher.
ulaγan -- ijer. With bare hands.
zegyn --. Left hand, left wing of an army or a people; Zungaria.

ГAR- / ГАРАХ



v.i. a) (Of physical motion from inside to outside or upward). To go or come out, emerge, leave; to climb, ascend; to pass over, across, or through; (very frequently added to other verbs of motion, as to go, come, fly, etc. to qualify motion).
-- ! Get out!
--cu ireky. To come out.
--cu jąbuxu. To go out.
--un. Modal converb of γar-. See also separate entry.
abuγad --xu. To take out, remove.
aγulan deger-e --xu. To ascend a mountain.
alta --xu. For gold to be mined.
γadaγ-a --xu. To go outside.
ger ece --xu. To leave the home or family; to become a monk.
modun deger-e --xu. To climb a tree.
nebte --xu. To go or pass through.
niscy --xu. To fly across or over.
olum ijer --xu. To ford.
tosu --xu. For oil to come out , appear, or be produced.
su --xu. For water to come out.
utaγ-a --xu. For smoke to come out or be produced.
xaziγu ber --xu. To pass by.

b) To appear, show, occur, happen, take place, eventuate, break out.
ajul --xu. For danger or an accident to occur.
dain --xu. For a war to break out.
γal --xu. For fire to break out.
jar-a --xu. For a sore or ulcer to break out; to have syphilis.
kereg --xu. For an incident to happen.

c) Idiomatic uses.
araki ece --xu. To give up drinking.
buduγ inu --xu. For the color to come off or fade.
ner-e dy --xu. To become famous.
surulcan --xu. To complete training, graduate.
zam --xu. For a path to be trodden; for a road to open up (actually or figuratively).

ГАRABCI
[= xarabci] n. Armor on shoulders or arms.

ГАRAГ
See graγ.

ГАRAM
See γarum.

ГАRANGГ-A / ГАРАНГ
n. Trap for catching polecats.

ГАRASI / ГАРАШ
See γarazi.

ГАRAX-A
See γarix-a.

ГАRAZI / ГАРАЖ
[= γarasi, R. гараж] n. Garage.

ГАRCAГ
Same as γarciγ.

ГАRCAГ-A / ГАРЦАА
-- ygei. Incontestable[-bly], indisputable[-bly], unquestionable [-bly].

ГАRCIГ / ГАРЧИГ
[T. dkar-chag] n. Table of contents, index, list, catalog; inventory of a temple, temple guide (book); title, heading, headline; label; sign, signboard; written address.

ГАRCIГLA- / ГАРЧИГЛАХ
v.i. and t. To draw up a table of contents; to prepare a list or catalog; to entitle, give a title to; to address (as a letter).
--n jabuγulxu. To send to the address of.

ГАRDA- / ГАРДАХ
v.t. To do something with one's own hands ; to hand, give; to take in the hand, receive, accept; to accept responsibility, take charge of, manage.
--n abuγsan kymyn. Person who has assumed the responsibility.
--n bailduxu. To fight hand-to-hand.
--zu abxu. To take or receive with one's own hands, take personally.
--zu φgky. To hand, give something to someone personally.

ГАRDAL / ГАРДАЛ
n. The act of γarda-.

ГАRГА- / ГАРГАХ
[v. caus. of γar-] v.t. a) (Of physical motion from inside to outside or upward); to cause to go or let go or come out, release, emit; to take or carry out; to export; to raise.
--xu baraγ-a. Export goods.
--zu abxu. To take out.
degedy šatun-a --xu. To raise to a higher level.
γadaγsi --xu. To take out, lead out; chase out (of a place); to export.
γadan-a --xu. To take out.
gerel --xu. To emit rays, shine.
kelen ijen --xu. To stick one's tongue out.
nilbusu --xu. To shed tears.
xaγalγ-a ece γadaγsi buu --! Do not let [him, etc.] out of the gate!

b) To cause to appear, occur, happen, or take place; to bring about; to commit.
bosulγ-a --xu. To start a revolt.
gem --xu. To commit a crime or sin.
ilγaburi ji --xu. To make a distinction, discriminate.
kereg --xu. To make trouble, provoke a scandal, commit a crime.
xudal cuurxal i --xu. To start or spread false rumors.

c) To issue, publish, proclaim; to reveal, express, show, submit; to create.
asaγulta --xu. To put questions; to create a problem.
asiγ tusa --xu. To derive profit or benefit from.
dyng i --xu. To give a summary, make a grand total.
gem ijen --xu. To show or reveal one's defects.
gemten i --xu. To expose or detect criminals.
idebki sanaγacilγ-a --xu. To show initiative.
kele ama --xu. To spread rumors or gossip; to provoke an altercation.
maγu aγasi ben --xu. To reveal one's bad character or conduct.
tusijal --xu. To give instructions or orders.
ucir --xu. To reveal the cause, reason or motive.
xauli --xu. To publish a law.
zabsarlan --xu. To free, exclude, isolate.
zam --xu. To build or open a road; to pave the way (fig.).

zang --xu. To show a certain character or behavior.
zarlal --xu. To proclaim or announce.
zegelelge --xu. To issue or float a loan.

d) To exclude, expel, discharge; to exert.

alban ece --xu. To fire, expel from office.
azil ece køgegen --xu. To dismiss from work.
ceberlezy --xu. To purge; to expunge; to dismiss.
køgegen --xu. To exclude, dismiss, expel, discharge.
kycy ben --xu. To exert one's strength.
kycyn cidal --xu. To exert oneself, make efforts, exhaust one's strength.

e) Idiomatic uses.

amin ijen --xu. To save one's life.
arγ-a --xu. To find ways and means.
ysyg --xu. To be able to read.
xaltu mølty --daγ. (One) who can hardly read.

ГАРГАГУ / ГАРГУУ
n. and adj. Extroardinary, unusual; court fee, fine (obs.).

ГАРГАГУL / ГАРГУУЛ
n. Small three-sided box for taking out ashes, dustpan.

ГАРГАГУL- / ГАРГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of γarγa-.
angxaral i --xu. To cause to pay attention; to draw or attract attention.
budulijan temecegen i --xu. To provoke a quarrel, fight or incident.

ГАРГАЛГ-А / ГАРГАЛГА
n. The act of γarγa-.

ГАRIDASU(N)
n. Dirt, filth, sweepings; excreta; garbage.
-- γazar. Latrine.
-- nyke. Latrine.

ГАRIГ / ГАРАГ
[T. gzah nad] n. Paralysis, apoplexy.

ГАRIX-А / ГАРХИ(Н)
[= γarax-a] n. and adj. Ring, earrings worn by women; ring-shaped, annular.
-- eber. Curved horn.

-- noxai. Dog with curved tail.
-- xujaγ. Chain mail.

ГАRLA- / ГАРЛАХ
v.t. To handle; to do something with one's own hands.

ГАRNIZON[G] / ГАРНИЗОН
[R. гарнизон] n. Garrison.

ГАRŠA
[S.kashāya] n. A kind of cloak worn by priests at services.
-- debel. Id.

ГАRSI- / ГАРШИХ
v.i. To have a singular ability in, be able to handle or do a thing well; to be in favor of someone; to become accustomed to or dependent on somebody's services or assistance; to get accustomed to someone or something.

ГАRSU
carsuh u --. Acorn.

ГАRTA- / ГАРТАХ
v.i. To be surpassed, overwhelmed, conquered, or defeated; to remain behind, be late; to be [put] in a quandary, be nonplussed.

ГАRUCA / ГАРЦ
n. The act of γar-: issue; excursion, sally, sortie; the thing which goes out, comes up, or appears; germination, harvest, crop; the thing through which one may go out: exit, door.

ГАRUDI / ГАРДИ
See garudi.

ГАRUГУ / ГАРУУ
Same as γarui.

ГАRUI / ГАРУЙ
adv. More than, beyond, over.
zaγu --. More than a hundred.
zil --. Over a year.

ГАRUIXAN / ГАРУЙХАН
adv. A little more than.

xojar zaγun -- . A little more than two hundred.

ГARUL / ГАРАЛ
n. Origin, beginning, source; ancestors, forefathers.

ГARULГ-A / ГАРЛАГА
n. Outlet, exit, escape; origin, source, mine; commencement; issue; extraction; spending, expense; damage, loss.
erdeni jin -- . Mine of precious stones or minerals.
nom un --. Origin of religion.
sain -- . Noble descent or origin.

ГARULГADA- / ГАРЛАГАДАХ
v.i. To suffer damage or incur losses.

ГARULTA / ГАРАЛТ
n. Issue, outlet, escape; sally, sortie, exit, excursion; origin, source, commencement; prime cause, motive; occasion; extraction; production, produce, product.

ГARUM / ГАРАМ
[= γaram] n. Ford, crossing; landing (pier); port.

ГARUMAГAI / ГАРАМГАЙ
adj. Outstanding, the best; capable, skillful.
-- amzilta. Excellent success or result.
-- ziluγuduγci. Outstanding leader.

ГARUN / ГАРАН
[mod. conv. of γar-] More than, exceeding, beyond, upwards; too (much, etc.). Cf. γar-.

ГARUSI / ГАРШ
-- ygei. There is no way out; there are no other possibilities.
orusi -- . Arrival and departure; appearance and disappearance.

ГARUZA / ГАРЗ(АН)
n. Loss; expenses.
-- γarxu. To suffer a loss.
-- oruza. Income and expenses.
-- syidkel. Losses.
-- yzeky. To suffer or sustain a loss.

ГARUZATAI / ГАРЗТАЙ
adj. Suffering losses, with a loss.

ГARUZADA- / ГАРЗДАХ
v.i. To spend, expend; to suffer damage, incur losses.

ГARUZADAL / ГАРЗДАЛ
n. The act of γaruzada-.

ГARUZALA- / ГАРЗЛАХ
v.t. To sustain a loss; to waste or spend.

ГARZAГAR / ГАРЗГАР
adj. Lean, thin; wrinkled; tough-skinned.

ГARZAI- / ГАРЗАЙХ
v.i. To be[come] thin; to decline; to be exhausted; to develop wrinkles.

ГARZI / ГАРЖ
-- noxai. Large ferocious dog.

ГASAГAN
Same as γacaγ-a(n), 2.

ГASAL- / ГАСЛАХ
v.i. To be sorrowful or afflicted; to regret, grieve, lament; to whine, yelp (of dogs).
--n enelky. To wail, lament.
--zu ukilaxu. To sob in grief.

ГASALANG / ГАСЛАН(Г)
[= γasalul] n. Sorrow, grief, affliction, misfortune; discontent, affliction.
-- ece nøgciky. To be freed from sorrow (i.e. enter nirvana, die).
-- sedkil egyskeky. To abandon oneself to affliction.

ГASALANGTAI / ГАСЛАНТАЙ
[= γasalangtu] adj. Sad, sorrowful.
-- ber. Afflictedly, sorrowfully.

ГASALANGTU / ГАСЛАНТ
See γasalangtai.

ГASALГA- / ГАСЛАГАХ
[γ. caus. of γasal-] v.t. To afflict, grieve, vex; to bother, trouble.

ГASALUГUL- / ГАСЛУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of γasal-] To vex, afflict, cause sorrow, plunge someone into misfortune.

ГASALUL / ГАСЛАЛ
See γasalang.

ГASALULCA- / ГАСЛАЛЦАХ
v. coop. of γasal-.

ГASAN / ГАСАН
adj. Too clever for one's age, precocious (of children).

ГASANA / ГАСНА
n. Iron pick for making holes in the ice; small shovel for digging out plant roots.
-- jin xabtaγai. Flat side of a pick.

ГASIГU(N) / ГАШУУ(Н)
adj. and n. Bitter; sour; bitterness (also fig.); sorrowful.
--n amta. Bitter salt lake.
--n bolxu. To become bitter.
--n dabusun. Bitter salt.
-- orgixu. To have a bitter taste in one's mouth; to taste bitter.
-- usun. Bitter, undrinkable water.
-- yge. Bitter or caustic words.
-- zobalang. Bitter suffering, torment.

ГASIГUDA- / ГАШУУДАХ
v.i. To grow bitter or rancid; to sorrow, grieve, be afflicted; to mourn, deplore, lament.
--n ukilaxu. To weep bitterly.

ГASIГUDAГUL- / ГАШУУДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of γasiγuda-] v.t. To grieve, trouble, vex.

ГASIГUDAL / ГАШУУДАЛ
n. Grief, sorrow, sadness, mourning, condolence, vexation, affliction.
-- un xubcasu. Mourning dress.
-- un xural. Memorial meeting (for a recently deceased person); funeral gathering, funeral service.

ГASIГUDALTU / ГАШУУДАЛТ
adj. Afflicted, troubled, vexed, sorrowful.

ГASIГUXAN / ГАШУУХАН
adj. Rather bitter; rather sorrowful.

ГASILA- / ГАШЛАХ
v.i. To turn bitter or sour (esp. of liquids); to spoil.

ГASILAL / ГАШЛАЛ
n. The process of γasila- (q.v.).

ГASILAMAL / ГАШЛАМАЛ
[n.d. of γasila-] adj. Rancid, spoiled, sour, bitter.

ГASKIR-
Same as xaškir-

ГASUГ
[T. bka-cog] n. Diploma, patent.

ГATANG
[T. bka thang] n. Order, ordinance, regulation, instruction.

ГATAR
Same as γadur-a.

ГATUL
See γatulγ-a.

ГATUL- / ГАТЛАХ
v.i. To cross a river; to overcome difficulties.
γoul --xu. To cross a river.

ГATULГ-A / ГАТАЛГА
[= γatul] n. Ford, crossing; ferry (rare).

ГATULГA- / ГАТАЛГАХ
[v. caus. of γatul-] To cause or help to cross a river; to transport across water; to liberate.
γoul ijer --xu. To ferry over a river.

ГATULГAГCI / ГАТАЛГАГЧ
n. Ferryman; liberator.

ГАТULГАТU / ГАТЛАГАТ

adj. Passable, fordable.

ГАТUR-A

Same as γadur-a.

ГАU , / ГУУ

[= γuu, l. Ch. kou 溝] n. Ditch, hollow, pit, hole, trench; gorge, ravine.

ГАULA- / ГУУЛАХ

v.t. To make a ditch, etc. See γau.

ГАULI, l.

[Ch. kao-li 高麗] n.p. Korea.
-- kymyn. A Korean.
-- ulus. Korea.

ГАULI(N), 2. / ГУУЛЬ, ГУУЛИН

[= γuuli] n. Brass, copper.
--n toγuγ-a. Copper or brass cauldron.
caγan --. White copper.

ГАХАI / ГАХАЙ

n. Pig, hog, swine.
-- aduγuluγci. Swineherd.
-- jin ciki. Pig ears, rhubarb.
-- jin del. Pig bristles.
-- jin ysy. Pig bristle.
-- jin zulzaγ-a. Suckling pig.
-- mixan u borca. Ham.
-- xabudur. Mumps.
-- zil. Year of the pig, the twelfth year in the duodenary cycle.
em-e --. Sow.
er-e --. Boar; castrated male hog.
zerlig --. Wild boar.

ГАХАICI / ГАХАЙЧ

n. Swineherd.

ГАХАICILA- / ГАХАЙЧЛАХ

v.i. To go boar hunting.

ГАХАISIG / ГАХАЙШИГ

adj. and adv. Piggish, pig-like.

ГАХАS

plf. of γaxai (obs.) .

ГАZAR / ГАЗАР

n. a) Ground, soil, earth, land, terrain.
-- delekei. The earth, ground, land.
-- delekei sinzileky uxaγan. Geography (as a science).
-- edleky. To utilize or own land.
-- sirui. Earth, soil. See also b).
-- taki. Earth (attr.), terrestrial.
-- tarijalang un. Agrarian, agricultural.
-- tarijalang un arad un jamun. Comissariat or ministry of agriculture.
-- tarijalang un azil. Agriculture.
-- tarijalang un uxaγan. Agronomy.
-- toluγai. Hill.
-- tur orusiγulxu. To bury.
-- ulaγan-a. Rubus saxatilis, red berry with a large stone.
-- un ama. Gorge surrounded by mountains; cavity or cave in the ground.
-- un baidal. Topography, character of a country or region.
-- un bømbyrceg. Terrestrial globe.
-- un bømbyrceg yn majaγ. Terrestrial globe.
-- unr dumdadu dalai. Mediterranean Sea.
-- un keltes. Department of agriculture.
-- un kørysy. Ground, soil.
-- un ziruγci. Topographer, cartographer.
-- zyi. Geography.
-- zyi jin. Geographic.
xaγurai --. Dry land; continent.

b) Locality, region, district, territory, country, place (physically and figuratively), point; room (possibility of admission); way.
-- a. At a place.
-- byri. Everywhere, anywhere.
-- byri dy. Everywhere, universal[ly] .
-- debisker = debisker --. Territory, terrain, area.
-- debisker sinzileky uxaγan. Geology.
-- debisker yn ziruγ. Geographical map or plan.
-- orun. Area, territory, place.
-- sirui. Territory. See also a.
-- un baidal. Location, local situation.
-- un zang. Local customs.
-- usu. Territory.
-- ygei. [There is] no possibility, [it is] impossible.
ataγarxaxu -- ygei. There is no reason for jealousy.

belciger yn -- . Pasture.
γoul -- . Central place, center, center of authority, capital, metropolis.
sezigleky -- ygei. No room or reason for doubt or suspicion.
zailaxu -- ygei. There is no place to escape or hide.

c) Office, institution; department, bureau.
-- baiγululta. Institutions and organizations.
aγar un medege abxu -- . Radio station.
zasaγ un --. Government.
zasaγ un -- un alban u sedkyl. Official government paper or organ.

d) Distance; Chinese mile (1,889.76ft.).
edyr yn -- . Distance of a day's journey.

e) Idiomatic usage.
-- alaγadaxu. To have no way out; to be in a hopeless situation.

ГАZARCI / ГАЗАРЧ
n. Guide, conductor.

ГАZARCILA- / ГАЗАРЧЛАХ
v.t. and i. To show the way, guide, escort; to be a guide.

ГАZARCILAГUL- / ГАЗАРЧЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of γazarcila-.

ГАZARDA- / ГАЗАРДАХ
v.i. To land; to touch the ground (in wrestling); to run aground; to be stranded; to be alone and helpless, be in a desperate position; to stick close to the ground (as smoke).

ГАZARDAL / ГАЗАРДАЛ
n. The act or state of γazarda-.

ГАZARLA- / ГАЗАРЛАХ
v.i. To return to a former place of living (of animals).

ГАZARLAГUL- / ГАЗАРЛУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of γazarla-] To inter, bury.

ГАZI / ГАЖ
adj. and n. Anomaly.

-- buruγu. Abnormal, unnatural.
-- buruγu zangtai. Self-willed, wayward, capricious .

ГАZI- / ГАЖИХ
v.i. and t. To warp, bend, get out of shape, twist, fold; to go wrong, deviate, depart from custom; to violate (as a law), disobey (as an order).
caγaza ece --xu. To deviate from the law.
tusijal -- . To disobey a command.
xauli --xu. To violate the law.
yge --xu. To be disobedient.
zam --xu. To stray from the road.

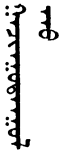
ГАZIГ / ГАЖИГ
adj. and n. Crooked, bent; deviation, anomaly.
-- oruxu. To become bent or crooked.
sorunzan -- . Magnetic anomaly.

ГАZIГU / ГАЖУУ
adj. Crooked, curved; slanting, corrupt, immoral; distorted, perverse, unjust, partial ; erroneous, faulty.
-- buruγu. False, erroneous, unnatural, abnormal.
-- jabuxu. To procede irregularly, commit a mistake or a wrong.
-- modun. Warped wood.
-- øngge. Wrong color.
-- surtal. False doctrine, heresy.
-- udxa. Distorted meaning.
-- yge. False, erroneous deceitful words.
-- yge keleky. Not to speak to the point , not to say the right thing; to make caustic or uncalled for remark[s].
-- yzel. Wrong view, erroneous idea, false doctrine, heresy.
-- zam. Wrong way; wrong method or view.
-- zang. Capricious character; duplicity.
-- zang γarγaxu. To behave capriciously, abnormally.
buruγ-u -- ber. Insincerely, irregularly, perverselv.

ГАZIГUDA / ГАЖУУД
adv. Sideways, askew; on the side; in the wrong manner.

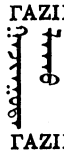
ГАZIГUDA- / ГАЖУУДАХ
v.i. To become curved or bent; to deviate; to become distorted or perverted.

ГАZIГUDAГUL- / ГАЖУУДУУЛАХ



v. caus. of γaziγuda-.
sakilγ-a batu ji --xu. To undermine the discipline.
xauli ji --xu. To violate the law.

ГАZIГUDALA- / ГАЖУУДЛАХ



v.i. To go wrong, depart from established custom.

ГАZIГUDALALГ-A / ГАЖУУДЛАГА



n. Distortion, twist, disturbance.

ГАZIГUL- / ГАЖУУЛАХ



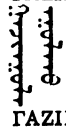
v. caus. of γazi-.

ГАZIГULA- / ГАЖУУЛАХ



v.t. To bend, twist.

ГАZIГULAГUL- / ГАЖУУЛУУЛАХ



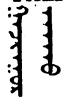
v. caus. of γaziγula-.

ГАZIГURA- / ГАЖУУРАХ



v.i. To be wrong, deviate; to violate ethics.

ГАZIГURXA- / ГАЖУУРХАХ



v.i. To act or speak wrongly; to act against one's conscience.

ГАZIRA- / ГАЖРАХ



v.i. To warp.

ГОВАI



Same as γubai.

ГОВСIГUR / ГОВЧУУР



n. Impost, tax.

ГОВI / ГОВЬ



n. and n.p. Gobi, semidesert; the Gobi.
-- jin sir-a. Saltwort, Salsola.
cøl --. Desert.

ГОВIГUL-



Same as γubiγul-.

ГОВIL / ГОВИЛ



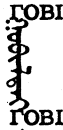
n. Cavity, hole, pit, hollow, groove, depression.

ГОВILDA- / ГОВИЛДОХ



v.i. To cut a groove in wood or metal.

ГОВILTAI / ГОВИЛТОЙ



adj. Having a cavity or cavities, having holes.

ГОВIRAГU



Same as γubiraγu.

ГОВIRXAГ / ГОВИРХОГ



adj. Having a semi-desert character.

ГОВUR / ГОВОР



adj. Having no branches (of a tree).

ГОСI



n. Blemish, defect, error.

ГОСILA-



v.i. To mock at, make fun of, make a fool of; to reprove, find fault with, accuse.

ГОСILADAГ



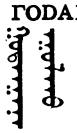
adj. and n. Mocker.

ГОDAГANA- / ГОДГОНОХ



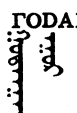
v.i. To move or wag (as of a short tail); to gambol (of animals); to fidget, be restless.

ГОDAГANAГUL- / ГОДГОНУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of γodaγana-] To gambol with flying tail (of cows and calves).
xuruγu ben --xu. To move or shake one's finger

ГОDAГANAГUR / ГОДГОНУУР



n. and adj. Fidgety [person].

ГОDAI / ГОДОЙ



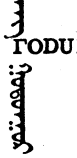
n. and adj. [Something] short and sticking out.
-- segyl . The end of the fat tail of a sheep.

ГОDANG / ГОДОН



Same as γodai.

ГОDUГUR / ГОДГОР



adj. Short and sticking up (as a tail).

ГОDUI- / ГОДОЙ
v.i. To stick up (of a short tail).

ГОDUILГА- / ГОДОЙЛГОХ
[v. caus. of γodui-] To raise, lift (the tail).
segyl ijen --xu. To raise the tail.

ГОDULI / ГОДИЛ
n. Horn-tipped arrow.
orkiru --. Whistling arrow.

ГОDULIDA- / ГОДИЛДОХ
v.i. To shoot a horn-tipped arrow.

ГОDULZA- / ГОДОЛЗОХ
v.i. To bob rapidly (as a short tail, etc.).

ГОDUNG
See gedeng.

ГОDUS / ГОДОС
-- γodus. Bobbing up and down. See also gedes.

ГОDUSKI- / ГОДСХИЙХ
v.i. To bob up and down.

ГОГСU
See γorcuγ-a.

ГОГСUBCI
n. Reel, spool.

ГОГСUГ-А / ГОГЦОО
[= γoγcu] n. Skein (as of silk); hank; loop.
-- utasu. Skein of thread.

ГОГСUГАDA- / ГОГЦООДОХ
v.t. To make into loops, wind into a skein.

ГОГСUГАRA- / ГОГЦООРОХ
v.i. and t. To form into a loop (of thread); to wind a thread on a reel or spool.

ГОГUD / ГОГОД
n. Kind of wild leek, allium lineare, allium odorum.

ГОГUГLA- / ГОГООГЛОХ
v.i. To cackle.

ГОГUI
n. Snipe.

ГОГUSU(N)
Same as γoγud.

ГОГUU
onomat. The cry of a rooster.

ГОГUZI- / ГООЖИХ
[= γouzi-] v.i. To leak, drip, trickle, spill out.
--zy sarixu. To drip on the side, run down the side or spout.
kølysyn --xu. To drip with sweat.
siudaitai γulir --xu. For flour to spill out of a bag.

ГОГUZIГUR / ГООЖУУР
[= γouziγur] n. Gutter; faucet.

ГОГUZIMAL / ГООЖМОЛ
[= γouzimal , n.d. of γoγuzi-] adj. Leaky, drippy.

ГОГUZIRXAI / ГООЖИРХОЙ
[= γouzirxai] adj. Leaky, drippy; cracked.

ГОIDA / ГОЙД
adj. Excellent, superior, exquisite, best; very very much, extraordinarily.
-- kyiten γazar. Extremely cold place.

ГОIMING / ГОЙМОН
[Ch. kua-mien 掛麵] n. Noodles vermicelli.
køndyi --. Macaroni.

ГОJACI / ГОЁЧ
n. and adj. Bias, partiality, hypocrite; hypocritical.
-- kysel. Partiality.
-- ygei. Unbiased, impartial.

ГОJACILA- / ГОЁЧЛОХ
v.i. To act with partiality, be biased; to be or act as a hypocrite.

ГОJI
See γoju.

ГОJU / ГОЁ
[= γoji] adj. Beautiful; smart; well-dressed, elegant.

ГОЈU- / ГОЁХ

v.i. To adorn oneself; to flaunt, play the dandy, dress oneself up.

--zu γangγalaxu. To spruce oneself up, play the dandy.

ГОЈUCI / ГОЁЧ

n. and adj. A fop, foppish; scatter-brained, giddy.

ГОЈUCILA- / ГОЁЧЛОХ

v.i. To smarten oneself up, dress up; to parade, show off.

ГОЈUL / ГОЁЛ

n. Ornament, decoration.

-- un xubcasun. Ornate or formal dress.

ГОЈULГ-A / ГОЁЛОГО

n. The act of γoju-; apparel, attire, finery.

ГОЈULIГ / ГОЁЛОГ

adj. Rather elegant or artistic; rather pretty, smart or well-dressed.

ГОЈULKILA- / ГОЁЛХИЙЛОХ

v.i. To adorn oneself with elegance, dress smartly; to like adornment; to be a dandy or fop.

ГОЈULZA- / ГОЁЛЗОХ

v.i. To show off, be conscious of or make a display of one's beauty.

ГОЈUMSUГ / ГОЁМСОГ

adj. and n. Spruce, trim, dapper; idle, vain; fop, dandy.

-- yges. Flowery words or language.

ГОЈUMSUГLA- / ГОЁМСОГЛОХ

v.i. To dress like a fop, adorn oneself.

--n ygyleky. To speak eloquently, use high-flown language.

ГОЈURXA- / ГОЁРХОХ

v.i. To be a fop, follow the fashions, adorn oneself; to strut.

ГОЈUU / ГОЮУ

[Ch. kao - yao 膏藥] n. Plaster (med.).

ГОЈUXAN / ГОЁХОН

adj. Graceful, beautiful.

ГОL- / ГОЛОХ

See γolu-.

ГОLLJ-A / ГОЛИО

n. Grasshopper, locust, kind of cicada.

temeg-e --. Locust.

ГОLU- / ГОЛОХ

[= γol-] v.t. To abhor, loathe, contemn; to be fastidious; to refuse, despise (as being below one's dignity); to reject.

azil i baγ-a kemen --zu bolxu ygei. One must not despise a job as unimportant.

botuγu ben --xu. To reject one's young (of a mother camel).

ekener ijen --xu. To dislike or reject one's wife.

ГОLUГDA- / ГОЛОГДОХ

[v. pass. of γolu-] To be despised or rejected.

--γsan keyken. A rejected girl.

ГОLUГDAL / ГОЛОГДОЛ

n. Rejected or defective goods or merchandise, waste.

ГОLUГUL- / ГОЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of γolu-.

ГОLULTA / ГОЛОЛТ

n. Rejection.

ГОLUMTA / ГОЛОМТ

n. Fireplace in a yurt, hearth in the center of the tent; inheritance; focus (physics).

-- ber balalaxu. To uproot, wipe out, exterminate a whole family.

-- sakiγci. Continuer of the family line.

-- sakixu. To continue one's family, line.

-- tasuraxu. To remain without posterity, become extinct (as a family or clan).

-- xadaγalaxu. To continue one's family or clan.

-- zalγamxilaγci. Heir.

γal --. Fireplace, hearth.

xaldaburi jin --. Hotbed or breeding ground of infection.

ГОLUMTAГAI / ГОЛОМТГОЙ

adj. Hard to please, demanding too much, choosy, fussy.

ГОМINGDANG / ГОМИНДАН

[Ch. kuo-min-tang 國民黨] n. The Kuo-mintang (Chinese Nationalist Party).

-- nam. Same as above.

ГОМSIГ / ГОМШИГ

n. Repentance, regret.

ГОМSIГTAI / ГОМШИГТОЙ

[= γomsiγtu] adj. Regrettable.

ГОМUDA- / ГОМДОХ

v.i. To be distressed; to mourn; to complain, submit a complaint, appeal; to take offence or umbrage, feel insulted.

--zu medegylky. To appeal, submit a complaint.

--zu sanaxu. To bear a grudge, be disgruntled.

bi cimadur --xu ygei. I do not feel offended by you.

ГОМUDAГUL- / ГОМДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of γomuda-.

ГОМUDAL / ГОМДОЛ

n. Grief, sorrow, mourning, distress; complaint, appeal; repentance.

-- baraγdaxu. To stop complaining.

-- ergyky. To submit a complaint.

-- eriky. To complain, lament.

-- γarγaxu. To complain.

-- keleky. To make a complaint.

-- medegylky. To bring a complaint; to appeal.

-- tailxu. To take off mourning.

-- tørygylky. To cause sorrow; to offend or hurt someone's feelings.

-- un ezen. Plaintiff.

-- un tobcij-a. Department of Complaints.

jeke --. Great mourning (forty-nine days for parents).

ГОМUDALTAI / ГОМДОЛТОЙ

[= γomudaltu] adj. Sorrowful, lamentable, regrettable, sorrowful, afflicted, distressed; having a complaint, complaining; offensive, insulting.

-- kereg. Matter for complaint.

-- kymyn. Accuser, plaintiff.

ceger -- kymyn. Person in mourning.

ГОМUDALTU / ГОМДОЛТ

See γomudaltai.

ГОМUDARA-

v.i. To be afflicted or troubled.

ГОМURXA- / ГОМОРХОХ

[= xomurxa-] v.i. To be dissatisfied; to start a lawsuit, appeal.

ГОМURXAГUL- / ГОМОРХУУЛАХ

v. caus. of γomurxa-.

ГОМURXAL / ГОМОРХОЛ

Same as γomudal.

ГОNGГANI- / ГОНГИНОХ

v.i. To whine, whimper.

ГОNGSI- / ГОНШИХ

v.i. To talk through the nose.

ГОNGSUГUR / ГОНСГОР

[= xongsuγur] adj. Gloomy, morose, sullen, sulking, taciturn.

-- cirai. A morose or sullen face.

ГОNGSUI- / ГОНСОЙХ

v.i. To be[come] sad, sullen or sulky; to despair, lose courage.

ГОNGSUILГA / ГОНСОЙЛГО

n. Despair.

ГОNGTUГ / ГОНТОГ

n. Erysimum altaicum (plant).

ГОNGXUN / ГОНХОН

n. Bell tower, belfry, campanile.

ГОNI / ГОНЬ

n. White spots on the nails.

kimusun --. White spots on the nails.

ГОNID / ГОНЬД

n. Caraway, Carum buriaticum, Saposhikovia divaricata (plant).

yker --. Sphallerocarpus gracilis.

ГONZAI- / ГОНЗОЙХ
v.i. To taper, have an oval or elongated shape.

ГONZI / ГОНЖ
adj. Useless; hopless.

ГONZUГ-A
Same as γonzuγui.

ГONZUГUI / ГОНЗГОЙ
adj. and n. Oval, oblong.

ГONZUГULIГ / ГОНЗГОЛОГ
adj. Oblong, oval; oblong, elongated, extended.

ГONZUГUR / ГОНЗГОР
adj. Long, stretched, thin and long, oblong,oval.
-- dørbelzin. Oblong, quadrilateral, rectangle.
-- tarki. Medulla oblongata.

ГONZUILГ-A / ГОНЗОЙЛГО
n. Oblong or oval figure.

ГOR / ГОР
Onomat. descriptive of a murmuring or gurgling sound.
-- -- kiky. To murmur, gurgle (of water).

ГORBI
n. Elevation, raised place; parget, bas-relief.

ГORBILA-
v.i. For an elevation to form.

ГORDUI- / ГОРДОИХ
v.i. To be hard or dry.

ГORI / ГОРЬ
n. Expectation, hope; desire, wish.
-- tasuraxu. To lose hope, despair.
-- ygei. Hopeless; unreliable, useless, incapable; of no avail; impossible.

ГORICI / ГОРЬЧ
n. Wisher, hoper.

ГORICILA- / ГОРЬЧЛОХ
v.t. To expect, hope for, be anxious to obtain, try to get.

ГORIDA- / ГОРЬДОХ
v.i. To hope or wait for, expect eagerly; to have a craving or inclination for.
... kemen --xu. To hope eagerly that ...

ГORIDAГUL- / ГОРЬДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of γorida-.

ГORIDAL / ГОРЬДОЛ
n. The act of γorida-.

ГORIDALГ-A / ГОРЬДЛОГО
n. Desire, hope, wish, expectation.

ГORILA- / ГОРИЛОХ
Same as γorida-.

ГORIM
[T. go rim] n. Rule, order; moral, ethics; habit, custom; usage, pattern, fashion.
-- josu. Manners, custom[s], usage, etiquette.

ГORITAI / ГОРЬТОЙ
adj. Hopeful.

ГORIX-A
See γorux-a.

ГORKI / ГОРХИ
n. Buckle, ring or hook of a belt, clasp.
-- kele. Tongue of a buckle.

ГORKILA- / ГОРХИЛОХ
v.t. To [fasten with a] buckle.

ГORLUS / ГОРЛОС
n. The Gorlos tribe of the Zirim confederacy.

ГORTIГ / ГОРТИГ , ГОРТОГ
[T. skor thig] n. Compasses (for drawing); set of drawing instruments;circle, line.
-- jar-a. Hemorrhoids, piles.
-- keregsel. Set of drawing instruments.
-- tataxu. To draw a circle or line.
-- un γuj-a. Legs or branches of a pair of compasses.

ГORTIГLA- / ГОРТИГЛОХ
v.t. To draw a circle or line.

ГORTIГLAL / ГОРТИГЛОЛ

n. The act of γortiγla-.

ГORUBKI

n. Small brass ring (to attach bells, etc.).

ГORUI- / ГОРОЙХ

v.i. To get stuck in the throat; for the throat to become dry.

ГORUX-A / ГОРХИ

[= γorix-a] n. Small river, rivulet, stream, creek.

ГORZAI-

See γorzui-.

ГORZUIГUR / ГОРЗГОР

adj. Dried up, emaciated.

-- jasun. Dried bones; skeleton.

ГORZUI- / ГОРЗОЙХ

[= γorzai-] v.i. To dry up, harden (as skin); to be thin or emaciated.

ГOU

Same as γuu, 1.

ГOU-A

See γuu-a.

ГOUL, 1. / ГОЛ

n. and adj. Axis, shaft, spindle; pivot; trunk; core; kernel; wick of a lamp; center, nucleus, heart (as of a matter); origin; foundation, basis; aorta; central, main, chief; pivotal; fundamental, basic; general.

-- baγan-a. Central pillar supporting the ends of a girder.

-- bodul. Main thought, principle.

-- bolγaxu. To make something the chief or most important thing, give preference to; to take as a foundation or basis.

-- daruxu. To satisfy one's hunger.

-- deger-e. Mainly, chiefly, basically.

-- ijer. In a just or equitable manner.

-- kycyn. Basic power or strength.

-- tasulxu. To break the aorta (a method of killing sheep), murder.

-- temyr. Barrel of a gun.

-- un kei. Hysteria.

-- zam. Main road; highway.

-- zoriγ-a. Main objective.

buu jin --. Barrel of a rifle or gun.

jeke --. Great bulk (of something).

kereg yn --. The gist of the matter.

temyr --. Barrel of a rifle or gun.

ulaγan --. Aorta, artery.

zula jin --. Wick of a lamp.

ГOUL, 2. / ГОЛ

n. River; river bed; valley; large lake (rare).

-- ebesy. Bulrush, Typha latifolia.

-- un eki(n). Source of a river.

-- un olum. River crossing, ford, ferry.

-- un salaγ-a. Tributary of a river.

salburi --. Tributary of a river.

ГOULCI, 1. / ГОЛЧ

adj. Straight, just, unbiased, honest.

ГOULCI, 2. / ГОЛЧ

n. Diameter.

ГOULCILA- / ГОЛЧЛОХ

v.i. To prevail, predominate.

--n. Mainly, chiefly, preponderantly, basically.

--n azillaxu. To occupy oneself chiefly with...

ГOULDAГU / ГОЛДУУ

adv. Mostly, chiefly, mainly.

mori -- aduγu. Herd of horses consisting chiefly of geldings.

ГOULLA- / ГОЛЛОХ

v.i. To be in the center, prevail, predominate; to be the main thing, basis, vital, essential, most necessary part.

--γsan ygylebyri. Main sentence.

ГOULTAI / ГОЛТОЙ

adj. Reasonable; fair.

-- kymyn. A reasonable person.

ГOUM / ГОМ

n. Wide valley of indistinct contours; more or less barren steppes.

ГOUNI / ГООНЬ

adj., adv., and n. Alone, lonely; single man, bachelor, widower.

-- γaγca. Alone, lonely.

ГОUZI-, etc.
See γoγuzi-, etc.

ГОХ-А / ГОХ
n. Crook, hook; fishhook.
-- temyr. Trigger of a firearm.
bayulyaxu --. Trigger of a firearm.
temyr --. Iron hook; fishhook.
ziγasun u --. Fishhook.

ГОХАВСІ / ГОХОВЧ
n. Clasp; buckle; crupper ring; hook.

ГОХАДА- / ГОХДОХ
[= γoxala-] v.t. To [catch with a] hook; to hook the opponent's leg with one's own (wrestling).
γox-a ber --xu. To fasten or seize with a hook.
tataźu --xu. To pull, drag with a hook.
ziγasun --xu. To hook fish.

ГОХАДАЛ / ГОХДОЛ
n. The act of γoxada-.

ГОХАЛА- / ГОХЛОХ
See γoxada-.

ГОХАРА- / ГОХРОХ
v.i. To form a hook or hooks.

ГОХАТАІ / ГОХТОЙ
[= γoxatu] adj. Having or provided with a hook or hooks.

ГОZIGINA- / ГОЖГОНОХ
v.i. To trickle, flow in a thin stream.

ГОZIGINAГUL- / ГОЖГОНУУЛАХ
v. caus. of γozigina-.

ГОZUГUR / ГОЖГОР, ГОЗГОР
adj. Tall and thin; erect, sticking up, raised; elongated; long and tight, close-fitting (clothes).
-- kelberi. Elongated figure or shape.

ГОZUI- / ГОЗОЙХ, ГОЖИЙХ
v.i. To be tall and thin, long and tight, close-fitting (of clothes); to be erect, rise, stick up.

--γsan aγula. Mountain rising steeply from a narrow basis.

ГОZUILГА- / ГОЗОЙЛГОХ
[v. caus. of γozui-] To erect, raise.

ГОZUIMAL / ГОЗОЙМОЛ
[n. d. of γozui-] adj. Upright, erect, raised.

ГUBAI / ГУВАЙ
[Cf. γuu-a] adj. and n. Beautiful, pretty, charming [person].
-- xatun. Belladonna (plant).

ГUBARU- / ГУВРАХ
v.i. To be agitated, sway in the wind (of vegetation).

ГUBAZI / ГУВЖ
n. A stick which is attached to the neck of a dog to prevent it from gnawing through the leash. [Mo.] Large wooden clamp put on the nose of a young camel whose nose is not yet perforated, to which a halter is attached; stick attached at one end to a peg going through the nose of a camel and at the other end connected with the halter.

ГUBAZILA- / ГУВЖЛАХ
v.t. and i. To tie a γubazi (q. v.) to the neck of a dog.

ГUBCI-, 1. / ГУВЧИХ
v.t. and i. To collect or levy taxes; to impose corvee.
alba --xu. To levy taxes; to impose corvee.

ГUBCI-, 2. / ГУВЧИХ
v.t. To catch fish with a net.

ГUBCI- 3. / ГУВЧИХ
v.t. To put a saddlecloth on the back of an animal.

ГUBCIГUR, 1. / ГУВЧУУР
[= xubciγur] n. Tax, impost, tribute.
-- keltyrigylky. To exempt from imposts or taxes.
-- tataburi. Tax, impost.

ГUBCIГUR, 2. / ГУВЧУУР
n. Fishing net, seine.

ГUBCIГUR, 3. / ГУВЧУУР
n. Saddlecloth; nippers, claws, pincers.
-- emegel. Pack saddle. [Gu.] Small saddle for use with a cart.

ГUBCIГURCI / ГУВЧУУРЧ
n. Collector of fees or contributions, taxcollector.

ГUBCIГURDA-, 1. / ГУВЧУУРДАХ
[= γubciγurla-] v.t. To collect taxes.

ГUBCIГURDA-, 2. / ГУВЧУУРДАХ
[= γubciγurla-] v.t. To fish with a seine.

ГUBCIГURDAГUL- / ГУВЧУУРДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of γubciγurda-, 1, 2.

ГUBCIГURLA- / ГУВЧУУРЛАХ
See γubciγurda-, 1 and 2.

ГUBI- / ГУВИХ
v.i. To be afflicted; to suffer; to pierce, poke, jab; to be very hungry.
dotur-a --xu. To feel hunger pangs within one; to feel very hungry.

ГUBIГUL- / ГУВИДЛАХ
v.t. To transmit, transport, remit.

ГUBIJAN / ГУВИАН
adj. Being very hungry, starving, starveling.

ГUBIRA- / ГУВИРАХ
v.t. To poke, ram.

ГUBIRAГU / ГУВРУУ
n. A scar or wale on the skin from hitting or lashing.
-- tataxu. For a scar or wale to form.

ГUCI(N), 1. / ГУЧ(ИН)
card. num. Thirty; the thirtieth (date).
--n kyrygsen kymyn. A person who has reached the age of thirty.

ГUCI, 2. / ГУЧ
n. Great-grandson.

ГUCIDUГAR / ГУЧДУГААР
ord. num. Thirtieth.

ГUCIГAD / ГУЧААД
approx. num. About thirty.
-- nasutai. About thirty years old.

ГUCINCAR / ГУЧИНЦАР
n. Son of the γuci (q.v.).

ГUCINTA / ГУЧИНТ
multipl. num. Thirty times.

ГUDAMZI
See γudumzi(n).

ГUDUI / ГУДУЙ
n. Potentilla strigosa (plant).

ГUDUI- / ГУДАЙХ, ГУДУЙХ
v.i. To bend, incline, lower; to be bent downward, the hind part being lower than the front; to droop; to set (of the sun).
--zu saγuxu. To sit with the head bent down; to sit hanging one's head.
toluγai --xu. To bend or hang one's head.

ГUDUILГA- / ГУДАЙЛГАХ
[v. caus. of γudui-] v.t. To incline, bend, lower.
toluγai ben --xu. To bend or hang one's head.

ГUDUL
n. Rivulet; narrow canal, artificial channel.

ГUDUM / ГУДАМ
n. Passage, thoroughfare; hallway, corridor.

ГUDUMZI(N) / ГУДАМЖ(ИН)
[= γudamzi] n. Street, lane.
baising un --. Hall, corridor.
γoul --. Main street.

ГUDUMZILA- / ГУДАМЖЛАХ
v.i. To stand in lines or rows.

ГUDUR[A]- / ГУДРАХ
v.t. To push in, press in, stuff in; to shove, ram, cram into; to devour, swallow, glut, guzzle.

ГUDUS / ГУДАС

adv. Along, lengthwise; on the way; in the middle of; downward.
-- jabuxu. To go along (a road).
-- kiky. To make a sudden downward movement.
egyde jin -- . On the doorway.
zam [un] -- . On the road, all along the road, during the whole journey.

ГUГURSU(N) / ГУУРС(АН)

[= γuursu(n), γaγursun] n. Tube, pipe, straw, stalk; quill of a feather.
--n biškigyr. Flute.
bir -- . The bamboo tube of a writing brush.
buγudai jin -- . Straw of wheat.
duγulγ-a jin -- . Tube holding a feather on top of helmet in upright position.
tarijan u -- . Stalk of grain.
tursixu -- . Test tube.

ГUIBA- / ГУЙВАХ

[= γuibi-] v.i. To waver, sway; to move back and forth in the wind; to be unsettled in one's mind, vacillate; to wag.

ГUIBAГANA- / ГУЙВГАНАХ

Same as γuibalza-.

ГUIBAГUL- / ГУЙВУУЛАХ

[= γuibiγul-] v. caus. of γuiba-.
--un kelbeilgeky. To pervert, corrupt; to cause to waver.
--un zabxaraγulxu = --un kelbeilgeky.

ГUIBALTA / ГУЙВАЛТ

n. Wavering, hesitation.
jamar cu -- ygei ber. Without the slightest hesitation.

ГUIBALZA- / ГУЙВАЛЗАХ

[= γuibilza-] v. freq. To stagger, waver; to swagger.

ГUIBANGГU

n. Goat-sucker, churn-owl, fern-owl.

ГUIBI-, etc.

See γuiba-, etc.

ГUILINCI / ГУЙЛИНЧ

[= γuilingci, γuirinci, fr. T. dge slong, pronounced gelong, equivalent of S. bhikshu, Pali bikkhu] n. and adj. Beggar, mendicant, beggarly, begging. See also gelyng.
-- baidal. Beggary, misery.

ГUILINCILA- / ГУЙЛИНЧЛАХ

[= γuirincila-] v.i. To beg, be a beggar.
--n tøgeriky. To roam about as a beggar.

ГUILINGCI

See γuilinci.

ГUIRINCI / ГУЙРАНЧ

See γuilinci.

ГUIRINCILA- / ГУЙРАНЧЛАХ

See γuilincila-.

ГUJ-A / ГУЯ

n. Thigh, rump; shank, leg.
-- jin mix-a. Flesh or meat of the thigh.
bydygyn -- . The upper part of the thigh.
xaγalγ-a jin -- . Jamb of a gate.
zuzaγan - -. The thickest part of the thigh.

ГUJABCI / ГУЯВЧ

n. A thin thong for tying up the lower part of the gown to the thigh.

ГUJACI

Same as γojaci.

ГUJADA- / ГУЯДАХ

v.t. To whip on the thighs or rump, spank.
--zu alaxu. To kill by hurling to the ground (as a small animal).

ГUJILI / ГУЙЛЬ

n. Begging; alms.

ГUJU- / ГУЙХ

v.t. To ask, request, beg, solicit.
-- abxu. To solicit, obtain by begging.
bi cimaji --j-a. I want to ask (or beg) you (to do something).
økin i --xu. To ask for the hand of a daughter.

ГUJULГ-A / ГУЙЛГА

n. The act of γuju-; request, demand, petition, supplication.
-- γujuxu. To beg for alms, be a beggar.
-- jin bicig. Written petition.
-- kiky. To ask, request, beg.

ГUJULГA- / ГУЙЛГАХ

v. caus. of γuju-.

ГUJULTA / ГУЙЛТ

n. Request, demand, petition, supplication .

ГULAD- / ГУЛДАХ

[= γulid-, γulud-] v.i. To roll or tumble down, fall down a precipice, precipitate.
--cu ykyky. To roll into an abyss and die.
--un unaxu. To fall into an abyss.

ГULADURI

n. Place where something is apt to slide down, slope, declivity.

ГULADXA- / ГУЛТГАХ

[v. caus. of γ lad-] v.t. To roll or throw down; to precipitate.
--n alaxu. To kill (somebody) by throwing (him) from a high place.

ГULADXAL / ГУЛТГАЛ

[= γulidxal] n. Precipice; a deep depression between two high mountains.

ГULBIГANA- / ГУЛБИГАНАХ

v.i. To wind (of a road or river), meander; to twist, wriggle.

ГULBIГAR / ГУЛБИГАР

adj. Thin, sickly.

ГULBII- / ГУЛБИЙХ

v.i. To be thin or sickly.

ГULDAI- / ГУЛДАЙХ

v.i. To lie (of long objects); to lie stretched full length.

ГULDANG / ГУЛДАН(Г)

[= γuldung] n. Arch (as of a bridge or gate).
-- zam. Tunnel.

ГULDASU(N) / ГУЛДАС

n. Rush, Scirpus locustris. [Gu.] Calamus, sweet-flag, Acorus calamus.

ГULDU / ГУЛД

adv. and adj. Lengthwise, the length of; declivous, sloping.
γazar un køndelen --. Longitude.
køndelen --. Crisscross, lengthwise and crosswise.

ГULDUГA-

v.i. To spill, pour out, flow; to pass through, penetrate, pierce.

ГULDUNG / ГУЛДАН(Г)

See γuldang.

ГULDUNGГUD-

v.i. To lower the head (said of horses and other animals when ill)

ГULDURA- / ГУЛДРАХ

circy --xu. To drag, pull, trail along.

ГULDURI- / ГУЛДРИХ

v.i. To spill; to be poured out; to pass through, penetrate; to slide, skid, slip, glide; to cross over; to spread, diffuse, scatter; to intrigue, scheme; to spy; to use a ruse, plot.
--n jabuxu. To pass through (e.g. crowd).
--n urusxu. To flow through (as a river through a forest).

ГULDURIГUL- / ГУЛДРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of γulduri-.

ГULDURIL / ГУЛДРИЛ

n. River bed.

ГULГA-

See γulγu-.

ГULГU- / ГУЛГАХ

[= γulγa-] v.i. To glide, slide, skate, skid; to crawl.
--zu jabuxu. To crawl, slither (of reptiles).
γar ece --xu. To slide from the hand.
møsyn deger-e --xu. To slide or skid on ice.
tesigyr ijer --xu. To skate.

ГULIГUГA- / ГУЛГААХ

v. caus. of γulγu-.

ГULIГUГUL- / ГУЛГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of γulγu-

ГULIГUГUR / ГУЛГУУР

n. and adj. Ice skate[s]; skating rink; smooth, accommodating, obliging.

-- zangtai. Having an accommodating or obliging disposition.

ГULIГULГ-A / ГУЛГАЛГА

n. The act of skating or crawling.

ГULIГUMAL / ГУЛГАМАЛ

[n.d. of γulγu -] adj. Slippery.

ГULIГURI- / ГУЛГАРИХ

v.i. To slide, skate; to speak fluently or rapidly.

ГULIГURIГ-A / ГУЛГАРАА

n. Place which is smooth and slippery like ice.

ГULGI- / ГУЛГИХ

v.t. To vomit, throw up.

ГULGIDASU(N) / ГУЛГИДАС(АН)

n. Vomiting.

ГULGIГUL- / ГУЛГИУЛАХ

[v. caus. of γulgi-] To cause or induce vomiting.

ГULID-, etc.

See γulad-, etc.

ГULIR / ГУЛИР, ГУРИЛ

[= γuril] n. and adj. Flour; floury, powdery.

-- bolγaxu. To reduce to flour.

-- em. Medicine in powder form.

-- tataxu. To grind grain.

-- ziγuraxu. To mix dough.

caγan --. White flour.

dаγutu --. Potato flour or starch.

narin --. Fine flour.

ГULIRLA- / ГУРИЛЛАХ

v.t. To grind, reduce to flour.

ГULSA- / ГУЛСАХ

Same as γulγu-.

ГULSIГ / ГОЛШИГ

adj. Pleasant; elegant; luxurious.

ГULUD-

See γulad-.

ГULZAГAI / ГУЛЗГАЙ

adj. and n. Awry, twisted, bent, slanting; oblique, crooked; curvature, crookedness, sinuosity.

-- ji zalaxu. To straighten something curved or crooked.

ГULZAГANA- / ГУЛЗГАНАХ

v.i. To bend, twist, wind.

ГULZAГAR / ГУЛЗГАР

Same as γulzaγai .

ГULZAI- / ГУЛЗАЙХ

v.i. To bend, become crooked, twisted or turned out of shape.

ГULZAILГA- / ГУЛЗАЙЛГАХ

v. caus. of γulzai-.

ГULZALZA- / ГУЛЗАЛЗАХ

Same as γulzaγana-

ГULZIГAR / ГУЛЖГАР

adj. Bending under its own weight; thin, lithe; punny.

ГULZIGINA- / ГУЛЖГАНАХ

v.i. To bend, twist.

ГULZII- / ГУЛЖИЙХ

v.i. To be bent down at the end (as branches of a tree); to hang one's head; to yield or bend under a heavy load; to feel weak; to lack liveliness; to be thin, delicate, puny; to wither, fade.

--γsan toluγaitai. With drooping head (as horse).

acij-a dayayaxu ygei --xu. To bend under an unbearable burden.

ГULZILZA- / ГУЛЖИЗАХ
v.i. To bend, wind, twist.

ГUNA(N) / ГУНА(Н)
n. and adj. A three-year-old animal (chiefly of bull, ox, or tiger); three-year-old .[Ra.] Third day of a month.
--n buxa. Three-year-old bull.
--n kybegyn. Three-year-old boy.
sar-a jin --. Third day of a month.

ГUNAZI(N) / ГУНЖ(ИН)
n. and adj. Three-year-old cow; three-year-old (of female animals).
--n gegyn. Three year old mare.

ГUNDA- / ГУНДАХ
v.i. To become exhausted, feeble, weak; (coll.) to become ruined.

ГUNDAI-
Same as yunda-.

ГUNDAMAL / ГУНДАМАЛ
[n.d. of yunda-] adj. Downcast, dismal; puny, weak.

ГUNG, 1.
-- bej-e. Sole, solitary, single.

ГUNG, 2.
-- yang . [onomatop.] n. Call of an aquatic bird; cackle of a goose.

ГUNGSI- / ГУНШИХ
[= yunsi-] v.i. To talk through the nose or with a nasal twang; to snuffle.

ГUNGSIJ-A / ГУНШАА
adj. and n. Speaking through the nose; nasal twang.

ГUNI
Same as yoni.

ГUNI- / ГУНИХ
v.i. To grieve, be afflicted, sad.

ГUNIГ / ГУНИГ
n. Sadness, grief, anguish; sorrow, affliction; despondency, low spirits.

ГUNIГALZA- / ГУНИГАЛЗАХ
v.i. To lament, be sad, mourn.

ГUNIГALZAL / ГУНИГАЛЗАЛ
n. The act of yuniyalza-.

ГUNIГLA- / ГУНИГЛАХ
v.i. To grieve; to be afflicted, sad, depressed, or worried; to mourn.

ГUNIГLAГUL- / ГУНИГЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of yuniyla-.

ГUNIГLAL / ГУНИГЛАЛ
n. The act of yuniyla-.

ГUNIГTAI / ГУНИТАЙ
adj. Sad, sorrowful, mournful, downcast, cheerless; monotonous, melancholy.
-- ber. Dolefully, sadly.
-- silyg. Elegy.

ГUNIRA- / ГУНИРАХ
v.i. To be or become sad, grieved, sorrowful; distressed, afflicted.
--zu zobaxu. To be distressed.

ГUNIXARA- / ГУНИХРАХ
v.i. To be sad, melancholy, be lonely for; to grieve, sorrow.

ГUNSI- / ГУНШИХ
See yungsi-.

ГUNZI(N)
Same as yunazi(n).

ГUR
Onomat. describing various "guttural" sounds.

ГURA / ГУР
n. Roebuck, wild goat.

ГURABALZA- / ГУРВАЛЗАХ

v.i. To crawl, creep (of snakes).

ГURANGГ-A / ГУРАНГА

adj. and n. Weakening, weakness, languor (from hunger).

ГURANGГAD- / ГУРАНГАДАХ

v.i. To be weakened or worn out by hunger, be exhausted (from hunger).

ГURANGГADUL / ГУРАНГАДАЛ

n. The state of γurangγad-; weakness, exhaustion.

ГURANZU / ГУРАНЗ

n. Whetstone; emery; petrification, fossil.
-- bolxu. To become petrified or fossilized.
-- cilaγu. Grindstone, large whetstone; petrification; a petrified object, such as a tree, etc.

ГURANZUDA- / ГУРАНЗДАХ

v.t. To grind with a grindstone, sharpen with a whetstone.

ГURBA(N) / ГУРАЗ, ГУРВАН

card. num. Three.
-- dakin. Three times.
-- dakixu. To repeat three times.
--n 'baγsi. Great bear, Ursa major.
--n caγ. The three times: past, present, future; three hours; three o'clock.
--n dabxur. Three layers, threefold, three storeys (of a house); triple .
--n gyng. Three stars in the constellation Leo.
--n jangzu jin. Of three kinds.
--n u nigen xubi. One third (1/3).
--n xubi. Three equal parts; three copies; three per cent.
--n zaγu. Three-hundred.
-- tabu arban tabun. Three times five is fifteen.
syke kituγ-a caril -- . An ax, a knife, and a crossbar.
tabun xubi-jin -- xubi. Three fifths (3/5).
zaγun u -- xubi. Three per cent.

ГURBADUГAR / ГУРАВДУГААР

ord. num. The third; thirdly.
-- internačional. The Third International.

ГURBAГAD / ГУРВААД

distrib. num. Three each; by threes.

ГURBAГUL-A / ГУРВУУЛ

coll. num. Three, all three, three together, in threes.

ГURBALZILA- / ГУРВАЛЖЛАХ

v.t. To make triangular.

ГURBALZIN /. ГУРВАЛЖИН

n. and adj. Triangle, triangular.
-- øncyg. Triangle, three-cornered.
adali talatu -- . Equilateral trianagle.
adali xaziγutu -- . Isosceles triangle.

ГURBAMUSULA- /

See γurmusula-.

ГURBAMUSUN

See γurmusun.

ГURBANTA / ГУРВАНТ

multip. num. Three times.
-- ber. Three times (rare).

ГURBATAI / ГУРАВТАЙ

adj. Three-year-old.

ГURBAXAN / ГУРАВХАН

adj. Only three.

ГURГULDAI / ГУРГАЛДАЙ

n. Nightingale.
altan -- . Nightingale.

ГURГUUL / ГУРГУУЛ

[= kirγuul, kiraγul] n. Pheasant.
-- un segyl. A variety of grass used for making mats.
altan -- . Gold pheasant.

ГURMUSULA- / ГУРАМСЛАХ

[= γurbamusula-] v.t. To triple, twist three threads together.
--zu tamuxu. To splice three strands.

ГURMUSUN / ГУРАМСАН
[= γurbamusun] adj. Triple, three times, thrice.
-- degesy. A cord, a string (of three strands).

ГURTUM
See gyrtymbe.

ГUSI- / ГУШИЙХ
v.i. To wither, fade.

ГUTA- , etc.
See γutu-, etc.

ГUTAГAR / ГУТГААР
ord. num. The third (a literary form).

ГUTAГARI /
See γutari, 2.

ГUTARI, 1.
n. and adj. Dishonor, infamy, shame, fault, blemish; vicious, mean, dishonorable, infamous.

ГUTARI, 2. / ГУТААР
[= γutaγari] n. Burbot, eel-pout.
-- ziγasu. Burbot, eel-pout.

ГUTARITAI
adj. Shameful, infamous, disgraceful, ignominious.

ГUTU- / ГУТАХ
[= γuta-] v.i. To be[come] depressed or despondent.
dur-a --xu. To lose pleasure or interest.
sedkil --xu. To feel depressed or despondent.

ГUTUBURI
[= γutaburi] n. Shame, humiliation, dishonor.

ГUTUГ / ГУТАГ
n. Remorse, compunction.
-- olxu. To take one's own mistakes to heart.

ГUTUГA- / ГУТААХ
[= γutaγa-] v. caus. of γutu-; to disgrace, dishonor.
ner-e ji --xu. To disgrace, dishonor.

ГUTUГU
adj. Dejected, despondent, downcast, cheerless.

ГUTUГUL-
Same as γutuγa-.

ГUTUL / ГУТАЛ
n. Boot[s], footwear.
-- emysky. To put on boots.
-- ojuxu. To sew or make shoes.
-- un tosu. Shoeblack, shoe polish.
-- un zaγuzai. Counter of a boot or shoe.
ebkegesyn -- . Top-boots with "accordion" shafts.
naγamal ulatai -- . Shoes with glued on soles.
orus -- . Russian, i.e. high boots.

ГUTULCI / ГУТАЛЧИН
n. Shoemaker, cobbler.

ГUTUMSIГ / ГУТАМШИГ
n. Shame, dishonor; vulgarity, triviality.

ГUTUMSIГLA- / ГУТАМШИГЛАХ
v.i. To deteriorate; to be put to shame, disgraced, dishonored.

ГUTUMSIГTAI / ГУТАМШИГТАЙ
[= γutumsiγtu] adj. Disgraceful, ashamed; confused; troubled, uneasy.
ner-e niγur -- kereg. A disgraceful affair.

ГUTUMSIГTU / ГУТАМШИГТ
See γutumsiγtai.

ГUTURA- / ГУТРАХ
[= γuturi-] v.i. To be confused, put in disorder; to despair, lose courage; to grieve, be unhappy.

ГUTURAL / ГУТРАЛ
n. Despair, despondency.

ГUTURI-
See γutura-.

ГUU, 1.
See, γau.

ГUU, 2. / ГУУ
n. Frame; locket; show window.

ГUU-A / ГУА
[= γou-a, γuv-a] adj. Beautiful, pretty; charming, elegant; stately, portly.

-- da. Beautifully; well.
-- bicig. Calligraphy, penmanship.
-- saixan. Beautiful, handsome.
-- saixan u uxaγan. Easthetics.
-- xubcasun. Elegant dress.
-- yzeskylengty. Beautiful, charming.

ГUUГALA- / ГУУГАЛАХ
v.i. To halloo, shout to one another; to coo.

ГUULI / ГУУЛЬ
See γauli(n), 2.

ГUUNI
Same as γouni.

ГUUR / ГУУР
n. Larvae of the botfly on the back of an animal; scars on the skin from the larvae of the botfly.

ГUURAI- / ГУУРАЙХ
v.i. To grow thin; to have a poor appearance.

ГUURSU
See γuγursu(n).

ГUURTA- / ГУУРТАХ
v.i. For the larvae of the botfly to appear on the back of cattle; to be pierced by the larvae of the botfly (as the skin of cattle).

ГUUZI- / ГУУЖИХ
v.i. To molt, cast off the hair or feathers (of birds and animals); to peel, scale off.

ГUV-A, 1.
See γuu-a.

ГUV-A, 2. / ГУА
[Ch. kua 瓜] n. Gourd, pumpkin, squash, cucumber, melon.
amatataixan --. Melon (Ch. t'ien-kua 甜瓜).

ГUVAD / ГУАД
-- γuvad. Same as γuvaγ γuvaγ.

ГUVAГ / ГУАГ
-- γuvaγ. Onomat. Croaking (as of frogs).

ГUVAГLA- / ГУАГЛАХ
v.i. To croak, cackle.

ГUVAI / ГУАЙ
Polite form of address following the rank or name of the person addressed (equivalent to Mr. in English).

ГUVALIГ / ГУАЛАГ
adj. Beautiful, charming.

ГUVANGZA / ГУАНЗ
[Ch. kuan-tzŭ 館子] n. Restaurant, tavern, inn.
cai jin --. Teahouse, teashop.
xoγula cai jin --. Restaurant and teahouse.
xoγulan u --. Restaurant, tavern.

ГUVANGZADA- / ГУАНЗДАХ
v.i. To take one's meal in a restaurant or an inn.

ГUZI
-- taxai. n. A kind of a bird (Ch. huai-ch'uan 槐串).

G

GE- / ГЭХ

v.i. a) To say (cf. literary form keme- for the details of usage; see also gebecy, gedeg, gegci, getel-e).

ci jaγu --n-e? What did you say?
oruxu --ky. To want or intend to come in.
tere jaγu --ky bol? What will he say?
tere jaγu --zy bain-a? What is he saying; what did he say?

b) The verb ge- is also used as a verbalizer after adverbial expressions (cf. ki-).

pang --zy duuγarxu. To make a cracking sound.
tys --tel-e unaxu. To fall with a bang.

c) Idiomatic uses.

--ky mety. And so forth, etc.
--kyl-e. If, when.
--ky zerge. And so forth, and the like.
arai --zy. Just barely, somehow.

GEB / ГЭВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable ge.

-- gegegen. Very bright, most serene.
-- genedte. Suddenly, quite unexpectedly.
-- genedteken. Suddenly, all of a sudden.

GEBECY / ГЭВЧ

[concess. conv. of ge-] But , on the other hand.

-- bi medeky ygei. But I don't know.
tein -- . Even so.

GEBKYI / ГЭВХЎЙ

[= geskyi, T. dge-skos] n. Master of discipline, proctor in a temple.

GEBSI / ГЭВШ

[= gesi, T. dge bşes, often pronounced geshi and so written in Western books] n. Clerical title or degree given to learned monks; also magician, sorcerer, esp. in the old sects.

GECEGYR

n. Slope, declivity, precipice; uneven space.

GECIGIGYR

Same as giskigyr.

GECYL

[T. dge-tshul] n. Member of the clergy of the second rank.

GEDE / ГЭДЭЭ

n. Nape or back of the neck; occiput. [Mo.] Little protuberance at the base of the occiput.

GEDEG / ГЭДЭГ

[n.u. of ge-] adj. (After names of people or objects) Called, named, mentioned, the said.

GEDEGER / ГЭДГЭР

adj. With head thrown back, bearing one's head high; leaning or bending backwards; obstinate, stubborn; arrogant, conceited.

GEDEI- / ГЭДИЙХ

v.i. To bend backwards; to throw back one's head; to pose, give oneself airs; to show off; to swagger; to be obstinate.

GEDEILGE- / ГЭДИЙЛГЭХ

v. caus. of gedei-.

toluγai ben --ky. To throw back one's head.

GEDEL / ГЭДЭЛ

n. Lobe of the ear.

GEDENG ГЭДЭН

[= γoдung] adv. and adj. Bent back; thrusting out one's chest and throwing one's head backwards.

-- γodung. Bumpy, uneven.

GEDERGE(N)

See gedergyy.

GEDERGEDE- / ГЭДРЭГДЭХ

v.i. To tip or tilt back.

GEDERGEN / ГЭДЭРГЭН

n. Mountains with gentle rise on the northern face, and steep slope on the south.

GEDERGYLE- / ГЭДРЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To bend or be turned backward, draw back; to jib, balk (as a horse).

--n kebteky. To lie on one's back, lie face upwards.

GEDERGYY / ГЭДРЭГ

[= gederge(n)] adv. Backwards, to the rear, back, in the opposite or reverse direction.

-- ben xaraxu. To look back.

-- bolγaxu. To place or push backward.

-- bucaxu. To return, come back.

-- ijen jabuxu. To go back.

-- tataxu. To pull back.

-- urbaxu. To turn back.

-- uruγu. To and fro, forward and backward.

caγ -- ergigylky. To set a clock or watch back.

GEDES / ГЭДЭС

-- γodus. adj. and adv. Bumpy, uneven.

GEDESKI- / ГЭДЭСХИЙХ

v.i. To make a sudden movement backward (as in fright).

GEDESY(N) / ГЭДЭС, ГЭДСЭН

n. Belly, abdomen; stomach; bowels, intestines; the loop for o/u in Mongolian script [ᠣ] .

-- dygyreng. [With a] full stomach.

-- dygyrky. Flatulence; for the stomach to be flatulent.

--n y ebedcin. Gastric disease, intestinal ailment.

-- γarγaxu. Disembowel.

bydygyn -- . Large intestine.

degereki -- . Duodenum.

minu -- ølyscy bain-a. I am hungry.

narin -- . Small intestine.

zam un -- . Curve of a road.

GEDESYDE-

v.i. To be[come] pregnant, be with child.

GEDESYLE- / ГЭДЭСЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To stuff one's stomach; for the stomach to become full.

GEDESYTEI / ГЭДЭСТЭЙ

adj. Having a belly; pregnant (of women).

jeke -- . Pregnant (woman).

vaγaru --. Potbellied.

GEDYSY(N)

Same as gedesy(n).

GEGCI / ГЭГЧ

[n.a. of ge-] adj. A certain, so-called; said; very, much (in idiomatic expressions).

batu -- kymyn. A person called Batu.

sain -- jin kymyn. A very nice person.

GEGDE

n. Kind of gilt paper.

GEGDE- / ГЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of ge-] To be called, named, or considered as .

sain baγsi --ky. To have the reputation of a fine teacher.

GEGE(N)

See gegege(n).

GEGE- / ГЭЭХ

v.t. To lose; to abandon, give up, leave, reject; to curb (as one's passions).

--zy γarγaxu. To repudiate one's wife.

icegyri ben --ky. To become brazen, be lost to shame.

mønggy --ky. To lose money.

umtaxu idekyi ben cøm --ky. To lose sleep and appetite.

GEGEBCI / ГЭГЭЭВЧ

n. Window.

GEGEGDE- / ГЭЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of gege-] To be lost; to be left, rejected, repudiated.

--gsen ekener. Divorced or repudiated woman.

yge --ky. To leave out or omit a word or words.

GEGEGDEGYL- / ГЭЭГДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of gegegde-.

--ky yregdegylky ygei ber asiγlaxu. To exploit without loss or waste.

GEGEGE(N) / ГЭГЭЭ(Н)

[= gege(n)] n. and adj. Daylight; morning dawn; light; splendor, brightness; heart, mind (honorific); bright, brilliant, serene.

-- γarγaxu. To radiate.
--n caγan. Bright, light.
--n caγan edyr ijer. In broad daylight.
--n degen ailaɑxu. To consider (honorific).
--n ojutu. Intelligent, enlightened, having a clear mind.
-- oruxu. To dawn; to be lighted or illuminated; to recover one's eyesight; to begin to see.
-- tasulγ-a. Light room.
-- tasuraxu. To grow dark (of the day).
baγsi -- degen sedkibei. The teacher thought in his mind.


GEGEGEN / ГЭГЭЭН
n. Term of reference and address for incarnate lamas usually translated as "Serene Holiness," cf. xubilγan, xutuγtu.


GEGEGERE- / ГЭГЭЭРЭХ
[= gegere-] v.i. To dawn, grow light; to become clear; to become enlightened or cultured.
--gsen kymyn. Enlightened or civilized person.
yr --ky. It dawns.


GEGEGETEI / ГЭГЭЭТЭЙ
adj. and adv. Light, bright, luminous, shining; while it is still light.
-- kyrky. To arrive while it is still light.


GEGERE- / ГЭГЭЭРЭХ
See gegegere-.


GEGEREGYL- / ГЭГЭЭРҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of gegere-] v.t. To enlighten, educate, civilize.
--ky jin azil. Educational work.
--ky keltes. Department of education.
arad i --ky. To educate the people.
arad i --ky [jabudal un] jamun. Commissariat or ministry of people's education.


GEGEREL / ГЭГЭЭРЭЛ
n. Education, enlightenment; culture.
-- bolbasural. Enlightenment, education.


GEGESYN
n. Spoke of a wheel.
xalbaγ-a --. Spokes with broad ends.


GEGYN / ГҮҮ(Н)
[= gegyy] n. Mare.
-- køky. Skullcap (bot.).
-- y araki. Wine made of mare's milk.


GEGYY
See gegyn.

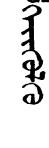

GEI- / ГИЙХ
v.i. To beam, shine, emit light; to become clear; to dawn, grow light; to [re]incarnate (as a xubilγan, q.v.); to rejoice, enjoy a state of bliss.
--n yzegdeky. To be illuminated or luminescent, shine.
tngri --ky. For the sky to become clear.
yr --ky jin yj-e dy. At down, day-break.


GEICILE- / ГИЙЧЛЭХ
v.i. and t. To visit, go visiting.


GEICILEGYL- / ГИЙЧЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of geicile-] v.t. To invite; to regale.


GEICIN / ГИЙЧИН
n. Visitor, guest.


GEICINTEI / ГИЙЧИНТЭЙ
adj. Having a guest or guests.


GEIGYL- / ГИЙГҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of gei-] To lighten; to enlighten, illuminate; to give joy, cause to rejoice.
sir-a jin šasin i --ygci. He who enlightens or preaches the teaching of the Yellow Sect, a missionary of the Yellow Sect.


GEIGYLYGCI / ГИЙГҮҮЛЭГЧ
adj. and n. Consonant (sound or letter).
-- abij-a. Consonant.
xataγu --. Hard consonant.


GEILGE- / ГИЙЛГЭХ
[v. caus. of gei-] To make bright, illuminate; to make happy.
gerel ijer --ky. To illuminate, lighten up.

GEJEDE-
[= gejele-] v.i. To hang down, be inclined or bent to one side.

GEJELE-
See gejede-.

GEKI-
[= geky-] v.i. To nod one's head (in affirmation or when signaling somebody).

GEKIS / ГЭХЭС
-- kiky. To bow or nod one's head; to greet, salute.

GEKY-
See geki-.

GEKYILGE-
v.t. To tuck up (as a skirt).

GELDYRI- / ГЭЛДРЭХ
v.i. To walk slowly, saunter.

GELME- / ГЭЛМЭХ
v.i. To become frightened or terrified.
tanixu ygei kymyn ece --ky. To be afraid of unknown people or strangers.

GELMEGDE- / ГЭЛМЭГДЭХ
[v. pass. of gelme-] To be frightened, terror-stricken; to be ruined. Cf. kelmegde-.
--n sønyky. To be ruined.
--n yregdeky. To be ruined.

GELMEGDEGYL- / ГЭЛМЭГДҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of gelmegde-] To ruin, to devastate; to lay waste.

GELMEGELZE-
v.i. To become frightened, shake with fear or horror.

GELMEGYL- / ГЭЛМҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of gelme-] To cause fear, frighten, terrorize.

GELMELGE / ГЭЛМЭЛГЭ
n. Fear, terror; dismay.
-- abxu. To calm fear; to make quiet, pacify.

GELMELI
n. Tome, volume, division, chapter.

GELYNG / ГЭЛЭН(Г)
[= dgelyng = ajaγ-a takimliγ = bujan edlegci, T. dge slong, S. çramana] n. Monk.
-- bacaγ abxu. To take the vows of a gelyng.
-- toin. Lama.
-- yd. Monkhood (monks collectively).

GELYNGMA / ГЭЛЭНМАА
[T. dge slong ma; see gelyng] n. Young nun, female novice.

GEM / ГЭМ
n. Defect; disease, ailment; fault, mistake; wrong, harm; crime; sin, vice.
-- aldal. Sin, fault.
-- bolxu. To harm, be injurious.
-- ece. Through the fault of.
-- kiky. To do evil, cause harm.
-- olxu. To receive an injury; to be afflicted by an ailment.
-- ygei. Without fault; innocent; it does not matter; no harm [is] done.
xaγucin --. An old ailment.
ziryken y --. Heart defect or disease.

GEMERKEN / ГЭМЭРГЭН
n. and adj. Quarreller, grumbler; quarrelsome.

GE MING
[Ch. ko-ming 革命] n. Chinese revolutionary party.

GEMLE-
See gemne-.

GEMNE- / ГЭМНЭХ
[= gemle-] v.i. and t. To be stricken with a disease, develop a sickness, flaw or fault; to accuse.

GEMNEGDE- / ГЭМНЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of gemne-.

GEMNEGYL- / ГЭМНҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of gemne-.

GEMNEL / ГЭМНЭЛ



n. Repentance; trouble, distress, chagrin; indisposition, illness.

GEMSI- / ГЭМШИХ



v.i. To repent, regret, feel remorse, do penance, confess (sins), plead guilty.
--ky γomudaxu. To be sad or sorry.
--n namancilaxu. To confess one's sin[s] and repent.
mayu kigsen ijen --ky. To repent one's wrongdoing.

GEMSIGDEGYN / ГЭМШИГДХҮҮН



n. Cause for repentance; fault, sin.

GEMSIGYL- / ГЭМШҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of gemsi-.

GEMSIGYLENG / ГЭМШИГЛЭН(Г)



n. Repentance, regret, remorse.

GEMSIGYLENGTY / ГЭМШИГЛЭНТ



adj. Penitent, repentant.

GEMSIGYRI / ГЭМШҮҮР



n. Repentance.

GEMSIL / ГЭМШИЛ



n. Repentance, regret, contrition.

GEMSILGE / ГЭМШИЛГЭ



n. Repentance, regret.

GEMSILTY / ГЭМШИЛТ



adj. Penitent, repentant.
-- sedkil tøryky. To grieve, repent.
-- sedkil ygei. Insensitive (morally), callous, inhumane.

GEMTE- / ГЭМТЭХ



See gemty-.

GEMTEI / ГЭМТЭЙ



[= gemty] adj. Defective, diseased, faulty, sinful, guilty, harmful, criminal.
-- jabudal. Crime, sin.
-- kereg. Crime, criminal action.
-- kymyn. A criminal; a person with a chronic disease or ailment.
-- modu. A diseased tree.
-- yile . Crime, sin, grave trans gression.
eregyy jin -- kereg. Criminal act[ion].

GEMTEL / ГЭМТЭЛ

See gemtyl.

GEMTEN / ГЭМТЭН



n. The guilty or indicted one[s].

GEMTY / ГЭМТ

See gemtei.
-- kereg. Crime.
-- keregten. Criminals.

GEMTY- / ГЭМТЭХ

[= gemte-] v.i. To be[come] injured or damaged; to be[come] guilty; to commit a fault or crime; to fall ill; to be spoiled, injured, impaired.
--gsen. Defective, hurt, injured.
--gsen ygei. Unhurt, uninjured.
jasu --ky. For a bone or bones to become injured.
køl --zykyi . The foot is injured.

GEMTYGE- / ГЭМТЭЭХ

[v. caus. of gemty-] To cause harm, injure, damage; to insult, offend; to maim, mangle, cripple.
--gsen. Damaged, injured.

GEMTYGYL- / ГЭМТҮҮЛЭХ

zodazu --ky. To hurt by beating.

GEMTYL / ГЭМТЭЛ

[= gemtel] n. Damage, injury, defect; ruin, destruction, loss; adversity, calamity.
ajul --. Dangers and calamities.
azu axui jin --. Economic breakdown, crash.

GENDY (N)

n. Small male panther; male of carnivorous animals in general. [Gu.] Male tiger.
--n bars. Male tiger.
--n noxai. Male dog.

GENE-

[= geny-] v.i. To be worried, troubled; to commit mistakes.

mistakes through carelessness; to repent; to grumble.

GENEDE- / ГЭНДЭХ

v.i. To be taken by surprise, be panic-stricken; to overlook; to take a false step , to commit a mistake; to be credulous.

--zy daisun dur bariγdaxu. To be seized by the enemy by surprise.

GENEDEGYL- / ГЭНДҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of genede-] To take by surprise.

--yn abxu. To take by surprise (as a position or city in war).

GENEDEL / ГЭНДЭЛ

n. The act, state, or result of genede-; panic; error, fallacy, mistake.

GENEDELGE / ГЭНДЛЭГ

n. The act or state of genede-; panic; erring; unforeseen danger.

GENEDELTEI / ГЭНДЭЛТЭЙ

adj. Harboring danger[s] or risk[s], dangerous.

-- caγ. Times full of unforeseen dangers.

GENEDTE / ГЭНТ, ГЭНТЭД

adv. Suddenly, unexpected[ly], by chance, by accident.

-- ber. Suddenly, by accident, unexpectedly.

-- bosxu. To get up suddenly.

-- jin. Sudden, unexpected; accidental, untimely.

-- jin ajul. Unexpected calamity (as caused by a natural disaster).

geb -- . Unexpectedly, suddenly.

GENEDTEGYL- / ГЭНДҮҮЛЭХ

Same as genedegyl-.

GENEDTEKEN / ГЭНТХЭН

adv. Unexpectedly, suddenly.

GENEDTEL / ГЭНТЭЛ

n. Surprise, suddenness.

GENEGERKE- / ГЭНЭЭРХЭХ

v.i. To be indisposed, fall ill.

GENEGYL- / ГЭНҮҮЛЭХ

[= genygyl-, v. caus. of gene-] To trouble, disturb; to cause someone to repent.

GENEKEN / ГЭНЭХЭН

adj. Careless, negligent, imprudent; somewhat stupid or naive, credulous, gullible; somewhat unexpected.

GENELGE

n. Indisposition, illness.

GENEN / ГЭНЭН

adj. Silly, doltish, careless, negligent; unexperienced; peevish, touchy; puerile, childish, naive; unexpected.

-- ajul. Unforeseen danger.

-- ijer. Superficially, lightly, negligently.

-- itegel. Naive faith.

-- kymyn. Careless or improvident person.

GENERAL / ГЕНЕРАЛ

[R. генерал] n. General (mil.).

GENGGINE- / ГЭНГЭНЭХ

v i. To moan; to hum.

GENGGYR[E]- / ГЭНГЭРЭХ

v.i. To be insatiable, greedy; to desire ardently.

dotur-a --ky. To feel hungry.

GENY-, etc.

See gene-, etc.

GENYGER

n. Chastisement sent by a divinity for sin.

GENYLTY

adj. Troubled, grieved, penitent.

GEOGRAFI / ГЕОГРАФИ

[R. география] n. Geography.

GEOLOGI / ГЕОЛОГИ

[R. геологи] n. Geology.

GER / ГЭР

n. a) Yurt; house, dwelling, domicile; home.

-- abxu. To set up housekeeping; to marry a wife; to buy a house.

-- baising. House.

-- baraγ-a. House and what belongs to it; property, possessions, estate.
-- barixu. To pitch a yurt; to build a house.
-- byli. Family (people belonging to one household).
-- eryke. Household (as a unit in statistics).
-- mal. House and cattle, household, possessions.
-- tegen. At home, in one's own house.
-- ygei. Homeless.
-- yn azu kiky. To do domestic work.
-- yn daruγ-a. Master of the household.
-- yn kereglel. Household furniture, utensils or appliances.
-- yn kymyn. Person belonging to the household, family member; slave.
-- yn oruncuγ. A makeshift yurt.
-- yn yj-e jin bicig. Genealogy, pedigree.
-- zaγur-a. Among one's own people, within one's own family.
boru -- . Kitchen, servants' quarters; storeroom.
burxan u -- . A yurt or room devoted as a shrine to the Buddha.
caγan -- . Yurt covered with new white felt.
xar-a --. Old, dirty, tattered yurt; prison.

b) Case, sheath, receptacle.

ajaγan u -- . Case or cover for bowl or cup.
buu jin -- . Holster, case or cover for a gun.
kituγ-a jin -- . Sheath for a knife.
nidyn y -- . Eyehole, the orbit or socket of the eye.
zegyn y -- . Needle case.

GER-E, 1. / ГЭРЭЭ

n. Lustre, brightness, light; complexion; dawn; torch.
-- barixu. To light, illuminate.
-- γarγaxu. To kindle a lamp. light.
-- siralaxu. To dawn.
sir-a -- . Dawn.
xacar un -- . Complexion.

GER-E, 2. / ГЭРЭЭ

n. Agreement, pact, treaty, stipulation, contract; testimony, confirmation, witness, proof.
-- baiγulxu. To conclude a treaty or contract, make an agreement.
-- bolxu. To be[come] a bail for someone; to warrant, vouch for, guarantee; to act as witness.

-- bolzuγ-a . Agreement, treaty.
-- kelelcege. Agreement, contract.
-- kiky. To make a contract.
-- zøriceky. To violate a contract or treaty.

GER-E, 3. / ГЭРЭЭ

-- xacar. Cheekbone.

GEREBCI / ГЭРЭВЧ

n. Source of light; torch, lantern, lamp, candle, candlestick.
-- talbiγur. Candlestick.

GERECI / ГЭРЧ

n. Testimony, document, proof; illustration; witness.
-- barimta. Testimony, certificate, documentary proof, facts.
-- batulaγ-a . Proof; witness.
-- jin kymyn. Witness.
-- talbixu. To attest, witness, certify.
-- temdeg. Affidavit, recommendation, testimonial.

GERECILE- / ГЭРЧЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To bear witness, give testimony, give evidence, prove, certify, testify, attest, confirm, corroborate; to call for witness, cite as witness.
--besy . If one wants to illustrate, for instance.
--n medegylky. To give evidence, prove.
--n zaγalduxu. To witness, bear testimony against.
batulan --ky. To confirm, corroborate, prove, illustrate.
dabxur batulan --ky. To confirm, corroborate, prove in two ways.

GERECILEGYL- / ГЭРЧЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of gerecile-.

GERECILELGE / ГЭРЧЛЭЛГЭ

n. The act of gerecile-.
-- bolγaxu. To give testimony or proof, testify; to use as evidence.

GEREL / ГЭРЭЛ

n. Light, beam of light; illumination; splendor; shine, gloss, polish.
-- cimeglel. Decoration with lights, festive illumination.
-- γarγaxu. To give light; make shine.

-- γarxu. To beam, shine.
-- sinzileky uxaγan. Optics.
-- ygei. Dim, dull, dark.
γal un -- . Light produced by fire.
γurban -- . The three luminaries; sun, moon, and stars (Ch. san-kuang 三光).
naran ᠨᠠᠷᠠᠨ -- . Sunlight, sunshine, sunbeam.
ønggetei -- . Colored light.

GERELDE- / ГЭРЭЛДЭХ
[= gereldy-] v.i. To come to light, become visible or noticeable; to light[en], illuminate.

GERELLE- / ГЭРЭЛЛЭХ
v.i. and t. To shine, be bright; to illuminate.

GERELLIG / ГЭРЭЛЛЭГ
n. Optics.

GERELTEI / ГЭРЭЛТЭЙ
[= gerelty] adj. Gleaming, brilliant, radiant, beaming, effulgent, glorious.
maγu -- . Poorly lightened.

GERELTY / ГЭРЭЛТ
See gereltei.
-- camxaγ. Lighthouse.

GERELTY- / ГЭРЭЛТЭХ
v.i. To shine, glow, glitter; to emit light; to clear up, become clear.
toda --ky. To become clearly visible.

GERELTYGYL- / ГЭРЭЛТҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of gerelty-] To make shine, project light.
--ygci. Projector.

GERETEI / ГЭРЭЭТЭЙ
adj. Bound by a contract, treaty, or agreement.

GERGEI / ГЭРГИЙ
[pl. gergen] n. Wife, married woman.
-- abxu. To take a wife, marry.
-- bolxu. To become a wife, marry.

GERGEITEI / ГЭРГИЙТЭЙ
adj. Having a wife, married.

GERGEN
Plural of gergei.

GERIJES
See gerijesy.

GERIJESLE-
See gerijesyle-.

GERIJESY / ГЭРЭЭС
[= gerijes] n. Testament, last will.
-- kiky. To make a will.
-- nomlal. Will, testament.
-- talbixu. To bequeath, make one's will.
-- yge. Last admonitions (as of a parent on deathbed to children, etc.), will, testament, bequest.
-- zarliγ. Last will, testament, bequest, heirloom.

GERIJESYLE- / ГЭРЭЭСЛЭХ
[= gerijesle-] v.t. and i. To [make one's] will, make a testament.
--gsen yges. Will, testament.
--zy øgky. To will, bequeath.

GERLE- / ГЭРЛЭХ
v.i. To get married, take a wife (of a man).
--gsed. Married people, husband and wife.

GERLELGE
n. Marriage, wedding.

GERMAN[I] / ГЕРМАН
n.p. and adj. Germany; German.
-- ulus. Germany; Germans.

GERS
-- eberty. See sery.

GERTEI / ГЭРТЭЙ
[= gerty] adj. Having a house or family; married (of men only).
xojar -- kymyn. Man with two wives.

GERTY / ГЭРТ
See gertei.

GES- / ГЭСЭХ
v.i. To melt, thaw; to be changed, corrected, instructed, converted.
--ygsen. Melted, thawed.
γazar --cy bain-a. The ground is thawing.

GESER / ГЭСЭР
n.p. Gesser (mythological hero).

GESGELEN
See geskyleng.

GESIGYD / ГИШҮҮД
See gebsi.

GESIGYN / ГИШҮҮН
[= gesigyy, pl. gesigyd] n. Branch, limb of a tree; shoot, sprout, tendril; limb, part (of the body); spoke of a wheel; a component, part of something ; member (as of a party or organization) .
-- busu azilcin. A worker who is not a member (of a union or party), unorganized worker.
nam un --. Party member.
orulaγci --. Membership candidate.
tabun --. The five members of the body (head, arms, and legs).
yj-e --. Extremities of the body; joint and limb.

GESIGYNTEI / ГИШҮҮНТЭЙ
[= gesigynty] adj. Branchy, bushy, with two or more component parts, etc.; complex.

GESIGYTY / ГИШҮҮНТ
See gesigyntei.

GESIGYY / ГИШҮҮ
See gesigyn.

GESKE- / ГЭСГЭХ, ГЭСГЭЭХ
v.t. To thaw, melt, defrost; to correct, change, direct; to instruct, convert.

GESKE[LE]GYN/ ГЭСГҮҮН , ГЭСЭГЛҮҮН
Same as geskyleng.

GESKYI
See gebkyi.

GESKYLENG / ГЭСЭГЛЭН
[= gesgelen] adj. Thawed, melted.
-- caγ. Spring (time).

GETE- / ГЭТЭХ
v.i. To stalk; to watch, spy; to lie in ambush, lie in wait.
--zy kebteky. To lie hidden, lie in ambush.
--zy medeky. To ferret out.
--zy oiratuxu. To approach stealthily.

GETEGCI / ГЭТЭГЧ
n. One who stalks; spy.

GETEGYL- / ГЭТҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of gete-.

GETEGYR / ГЭТҮҮР
adj., adv., and n. Circumspect, prudent, cautious; sly; stealthily; (petty) thief, pickpocket.

GETEGYRCI / ГЭТҮҮРЧ
n. A skilful stalker or tracker.

GETEGYRLE- / ГЭТҮҮРЛЭХ
v.i. To be circumspect, prudent or cautious.

GETEL-E / ГЭТЭЛ
[terminal conv. of ge-] adv. Meanwhile, however, still; but, nevertheless, in spite of.
-- teimy busu. But then it is not so.
jaγ --. Just right, perfectly; just at that moment.

GETYL- / ГЭТЛЭХ
v.i. To traverse, cross, ford, wade, ferry across; to be delivered, freed, saved.
dalai ji --kyi onγguca. Seagoing vessel.

GETYLGE- / ГЭТЭЛГЭХ
[v.caus. of getyl-] To cause to traverse or cross; to transport; to deliver from danger or misfortune; to save.
ajui ece --ky. To deliver from danger.

GETYLGEGCI / ГЭТЭЛГЭГЧ
n. Liberator, savior.
-- nom. The saving religion.

GETYLGEGYL- / ГЭТЛЭГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of getylge-.

GETYLYGYL- / ГЭТЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of getyl-.

GETYLYSI / ГЭТЛЭШ

-- ygei. Impassable (river, etc.).

GEYGE

[= geygi, gygegi] n. Hook, fishhook.

-- xadxuxu. To angle, fish with a hook.

GEYGELE-

[= gøgile-, gøgide-] v.t. To angle, fish with a hook.

GEYGI

See geyge.

GEZIBENE-

v.i. To have goose pimples.

GEZIGE, 1. / ГЭЗЭГ

n. Nape of the neck; plait or braid of hair, pigtail, queue; hair in general.

-- daruxu. To follow at somebody's heels, pursue.

-- jin cerig. Rear guards.

-- talbixu. To let the hair grow so as to have a braid or pigtail.

GEZIGE, 2. / ГЭЖИГ

n. Tickle.

GEZIGEBCI / ГЭЗГЭВЧ

n. Anything covering, protecting or ordinarily found on the neck; neck-guard of a helmet; queue decoration; panache of a helmet ; plume; tassel on a bridle; neckstrap of bridle.

GEZIGEDE-, 1. / ГЭЗЭГДЭХ

v.t. To hold, pull or seize by the queue, grab by the hair.

GEZIGEDE-, 2. / ГЭЖИГДЭХ

[= gezigele-, gezigene-, gizigene-] v.t. To tickle.

GEZIGEI

Same as gezige, 2.

GEZIGELE- / ГЭЖИГЛЭХ

See gezigede-, 2.

GEZIGENE-

See gezigede-, 2.

GEZIGETEI, 1. / ГЭЖИГТЭЙ

adj. adj. Having a pigtail or queue.

GEZIGETEI, 2.

adj. Ticklish, sensitive to tickling.

GI

-- buγu. n. Small horned antelope.

GIBLEGYR / ГИВЛҮҮР

n. Head covering worn by women in summer; veil, net for the face.

GICIGE / ГИЧИЙ

n. Bitch; the female of wild animals.

GICIGEN-E / ГИЧГЭНЭ

n. Silverweed, Potentilla anserina (plant).

GICKI-

Same as giški-.

GIDAГAR / ГЯДГАР

adj. Having a military bearing.

GIDAI- / ГЯДАЙХ

v.i. To thrust out one's chest.

GIJALTU

n. A kind of sea fish (Ch. pai-tai-yü 白帶魚).

GIJANGSI

[Ch. chiang-hsi 江西] n.p. Kiangsi (province in China).

GIJANGSU

[Ch. chiang-su 江蘇] n.p. Kiangsu (province in China).

GIJAZUXÀN

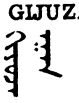
n. and adj. [Ko.] Woman. [Go.] Of neuter sex, hermaphrodite (cf. gijuzaγan).

GIJUDAГUN

[giju + daγun , Ch. chio 角] n. The third musical tone of the pentatonic scale.

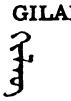
GIJUUZA

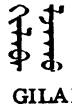
Same as ziuza.

GIJUZAГAN

adj. Hermaphrodite (cf. gijazuxan).

GIJYN

See under vang.

GILAB / ГЯЛАВ

adv. With a flash, glare or sparkle.
-- kiky. To flash, gleam.

GILABALZA- /

See gilbalza-.

GILAГAN ГЯЛААН

[= giluγan] adj. Bright, shiny.

GILAГAR / ГЯЛГАР

adj. Radiant, beaming, shining; glossy.

GILAI- / ГЯЛАЙХ

[= gilui-] v.i. To shine, be[come] shiny, glitter; to beam with joy; to triumph, exult; to squint.
--la , Thank you (coll.).

GILAIM-A

[Ko.] n. Quiet, silence.

GILALZA- / ГЯЛАЛЗАХ

[= gilulza-] v.i. To twinkle, sparkle; to scintillate, glitter, gleam, shine; to be glossy or shiny; to be dazzled; to be radiant, beaming.
--γsan. Shining, splendid, magnificent.
odu --zu baimui. Stars are sparkling.

GILAS / ГЯЛС

[= gilus] adv. With a flash.
-- kiky. To flash.

GILASKI- / ГЯЛАСХИЙХ

[= giluski-] v.i. To flash, sparkle, shine.
cakilγan --myi. The lightning flashes.

GILBA

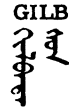
n. Edging, jagged border around a flag or banner.

GILBA- / ГЯЛБАХ

v.i. To flash, beam.
casun du nidy --xu. To become blinded by snow, become snow-blind.

GILBADAГ / ГЯЛБАДАГ

[n.u. of gilba-] adj. Dazzling, blinding.

GILBADASUN / ГЯЛБАДАС

n. Any small shimmering or glittering object (as the scales of fish).

GILBAГ-A / ГЯЛБАА

n. Radiance, refulgence, sheen, reflection, glare; summer lightning.
-- γarxu. To flash (of lightning).
casun u --. The dazzling white of snow.

GILBAГATAI / ГЯЛБААТАЙ

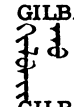
adj. Dazzling, blinding.

GILBAI- / ГЯЛБАЙХ

v.i. To glitter, glimmer; to dazzle.

GILBALГ-A / ГЯЛБАЛАГ

n. The act of gilba-; glare, ray of light; illuminated spot.

GILBALZA- / ГЯЛБАЛЗАХ

[= gilabalza-, cf. gilbelze-] v. freq. To flash, shine, beam, glitter.

GILBALZAГUR / ГЯЛБАЛЗУУР

adj. Chestnut with speckles (of the color of horses).

GILBE- / ГИЛБЭХ

v.i. To flash or shine in the distance; to shine in iridescent colors; to look in askance. scowl.

GILBEGEN / ГИЛБЭЭН

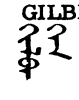
n. Light, flash.

GILBEL- / ГИЛБЭЛЭХ

v.i. To shine; to emit light; to sparkle.

GILBELGEN / ГИЛБЭЛГЭН

n. Brightness, glare, glow, flash of lightning.

GILBELZE- / ГИЛБЭЛЗЭХ

[cf. gilbalza-] v.freq. To shine, glitter, glare; to flash (in the distance).

GILBIGINA- / ГЯЛБАГАНАХ

See gilbigine-.

GILBIGINE- / ГИЛБЭГНЭХ

[= gilbigina-] v.i. To shine, sparkle, emit light; to dazzle.

GILBIŞKI- / ГИЛБЭСХИЙХ

v.i. To sparkle.

GILGEMEL

[= gilgymel] adj. Clear, luminous; limpid, transparent.

-- øngge. Good complexion, beautiful appearance.

GILGYGYR / ГИЛГЭР

adj. Oily, shiny, glossy, smooth.

GILGYMEL

See gilgemel.

GILIS

Same as gilas.

GILTAGAN-A / ГЯЛТГАНА

n. Brilliance, shine.

GILTAGANA- / ГЯЛТГАНАХ

[= giltangna-, giltagina-] v.i. To glitter, shine, beam.

GILTAGANAGUR / ГЯЛТГАНУУР

[= giltangnaγur] n. Mica.

GILTAGINA-

See giltaγana-.

GILTAGIR / ГЯЛТГАР

adj. Brilliant, shining.

GILTANGNA-

See giltaγana-.

GILTANGNAGUR

See giltaγanaγur.

GILTARA-

[= giltere-] v.i. To shine, scintillate.

GILTE

n. Lustre, shine, glare, brilliance.

naran -- bolxui caγ. The time of sunrise.

GILTEGEILE-

v.i. To shine, sparkle, glitter.

GILTEGEN-E / ГӨЛТГӨНӨ

[= giltygen-e] n. Alabaster.

GILTERE-

See giltara-.

GILTYGEN-E

See giltegen-e.

GILUGAN

See gilaγan.

GILUI-

See gilai-.

GILULZA-

See gilalza-.

GILUNG

[= gilyng] adj. Shiny; smooth; bald; barkless; dry (of trees).

-- saba. Bowl made of dry wood.

-- xozigir. Bald-headed.

GILUS

See gilas.

GILUSKI-

See gilaski-.

GILYGELZE-

v.i. To shine, glare, glisten.

GILYGEN

adj. Shimmering, bright.

GILYGER / ГИЛГЭР

adj. Smooth, shiny, bright; gorgeous.
-- møsy. Glazed frost, ice crust on the ground.
-- yzy. Glossy hair.

GILYI- / ГИЛИЙХ

v.i. To be smooth or glossy; to glisten, have a sheen; to be worn smooth; to be slippery.

GILYNG

See gilung.

GILZIGIR / ГИЛЖГИР

adj. and n. Bent, twisted, crooked; person with a wry or twisted neck.
-- kyzygyytei. Having a wry neck.

GILZII- / ГИЛЖИЙХ

v.i. To be inclined or bent to one side, be awry.

GILZIR

Same as gilzigir.

GINADI

n. Trap for small animals, such as martens and sables.

GIMNASTIK / ГИМНАСТИК

[R. гимнастика] n. Gymnastics, physical exercises.
-- kiky. To perform physical exercises.

GINARAL

Same as general.

GINDAN / ГЯНДАН

n. Prison, jail.
-- ece γarγaxu. To release from prison.
-- i zakiruγci. Warden.
-- u daruγ-a. Jailer, warden of a person.
-- u tasulγ-a. Prison cell.

GINGGIN

[Go.] n. Blue satin without floral design.

GINGGINA-

See ginggine-.

GINGGINE-

[= ginggina-] v.i. To emit a monotonous sound; to howl, whine; to chant or hum monotonously.

GINGSI- / ГИНШИХ

v.i. To sob; to read with a chanting voice; to purr.

GINZI / ГИНЖ(ИН)

n. Chains, fetters, shackles, irons, bond, tie.
-- numun. Trap with a chain attached to it (used to catch the animal by the head).

GINZILE- / ГИНЖЛЭХ

v.t. To provide with a chain; to put in chains or fetters.

GINZILEGYL- / ГИНЖЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ginzile-.

GIR

Same as gkir.

GIRBI / ГИРВИ

adj. Ignorant, foolish; lax, slack; bashful, shy, modest; cowardly.

GIRBI- / ГИРВИХ

v.i. To be bashful, shy, modest, cowardly; to be afraid.

GIRBIDE- / ГИРВИДЭХ

v.i. To be ignorant, foolish.

GIRBISI- / ГИРВИШИХ

v.i. To be bashful, shy or modest.

GIRIN

[Ch. chi-lin 吉林 , Ma. Girin] n.p. Kirin (province in Manchuria).

GIRMANI

Same as german[i].

GIŠKI- / ГИШГЭХ

v.t. To step, trample or tread on; to trail, press one's feet against; to get a foothold.
kymyn y køl deger-e --ky. To step on somebody's foot.

GIŠKIBYRI / ГИШГЭВЭР

n. Tread, step.

GIŠKICE / ГИШГЭЦ

n. Step; a stony path across marshes; a place to walk on, pavement; stepping stones in a brook.

GIŠKICI- / ГИШГЭЧИХ
v.t. To trample under the feet.

GIŠKIDEL / ГИШГЭДЭЛ
n. Step.

GIŠKIGDE- / ГИШГЭГДЭХ
[v. pass. of giški-] To be trampled under foot.

GIŠKIGYL- / ГИШГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of giški-.

GIŠKIGYR / ГИШГҮҮР
n. Ladder, flight of steps; step; footboard; pedal.
-- ijer baγuxu. To step down a ladder or stairs.
-- yn damziγur. Rung of a ladder, step of a stair.

GIŠKILE- / ГИШГЭЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To step; to trample under foot.

GIŠKILGE / ГИШГЭЛГЭ
n. The act of going, walking, trampling under foot, or stamping the feet.

GIŠKILTE / ГИШГЭЛТ
n. The act of giški-; tread, step.

GIU
See ogiu.

GIUVANSA
[Ch. chüan-tzŭ 絹子] n. Silk used for painting.

GIVANG
[T. gi vang, gi bang] n. Bezoar, stony concretions in the digestive tract of certain animals, formerly believed to be antidotal.
-- cilaγu. Bezoar-stone; ammonite. [Gu] Gallstone.

GIZIGENE-
See gezigede-, 2.

GKIR / ХИР
[= kir, 2] n. Dirt; defilement, vice, sin.
-- bolxu. To become dirty or grimy.
-- ygei. Purity; spotless, immaculate; unstained, faultless.

GKIRTE- / ХИРТЭХ
v.i. To be[come] foul, soiled, or dirty; to be[come] obscured or eclipsed (as the sun).

--gsen. Soiled, dirty.
--ky amurxan. Easily soiled.
nara --ky. For the sun to be eclipsed.

GKIRTEGE- / ХИРТЭЭХ
[v. caus. of gkirte-] To soil, make dirty, stain; to desecrate, profane, defile.

GKIRTEGYL- / ХИРТҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of gkirte-.

GKIRTEI / ХИРТЭЙ
[= gkirty] adj. Dirty, soiled, smudgy, filthy; ill, sick.

GKIRTY
See gkirtei.

GO
[Ch. kuo 國] n. Country, state.

GOSI / ГҮҮШ
[= gyysi, Ch. kuo-shih 國師] n. "Teacher of the State," official title conferred by the ruler upon the highest Buddhist dignitary of the state (hist., China).

GOVLA
[S. guda, gola] n. Globe, sphere.
γazar un --. Terrestrial globe.

GØBDE- / ГӨВДӨХ
v.t. To beat, strike; to dust by beating.

GØBDEL / ГӨВДӨЛ
n. The act of gøbde-.

GØBDYRIGYDE- / ГӨВДРҮҮДЭХ
v.i. To have pimples.

GØBDYRIGYTEI / ГӨВДРҮҮТЭЙ
adj. Uneven rough having a pimple.
-- γazar Uneven terrain.

GØBDYRIGYY / ГӨВДРҮҮ
[= gybdyregyy] n. Elevation, unevenness, roughness on the surface of an object, wart, blister, acne, pimple.
xoskinaγ un --. Haemorrhoids.

GØBI- / ГҮВЭХ
[= gybi-] v.t. To hit repeatedly; to shake out, dust by beating.
toγusun --ky. To dust by shaking or beating.
xubcasun --ky. To dust clothes by shaking or beating.

GØBIGYR / ГҮВҮҮР
[= gybigyr] n. Utensil for beating rugs, duster made of feathers, dustcloth, mop.
-- ijer gøbiky. To dust with a duster.

GØBIGYRTE- / ГҮВҮҮРТЭХ
[= gybigyrte-] v.t. To apply a gøbigyr (q.v.).

GØBSI- / ГӨВШИХ
[= gybsi-] v t. To thrash, hit, beat repeatedly and rapidly.

GØBYGYNE- / ГҮВГЭНЭХ
[= gybygyne-] v.i. For the throat to tickle or feel irritated; to have the sensation of an insect or insects crawling on the skin.

GØBYGYNEL / ГҮВГЭНЭЛ
n. Ticklish feeling; sensation of an insect or insects crawling on the skin.

GØBYGYR
Same as gøbigyr.

GØGDYGYR
adj. Hilly, uneven.

GØGI
n. Hook, fishhook.
-- ber ziγasu abalaxu. To fish with a hook.

GØGIDE-
[= gøgile-] v.t. To [catch with a] hook.

GØGIDEL
n. The act of gøgide-.

GØGILE-
See gøgide-.

GØKYL / ГӨХӨЛ
n. Forelock (of a horse); fringe or tuft of hair.

GØLBYRGE
n. Lizard.

GØLIGE
See gølyge.

GØLIGER / ГӨЛГӨР
adj. Smooth, slippery; lustrous.

GØLII- / ГӨЛИЙХ
v.i. To be smooth, slippery, or lustrous; to be stupified; to stare.

GØLIM
See gølm-e.

GØLM-E / ГӨЛӨМ
[= gølim] n. Saddle cloth, horsecloth, saddle strap.
emegel yn --. Saddle strap.

GØLMI / ГӨЛӨМ
n. Large fishing net; net for catching quadrupeds and birds.

GØLMIDE- / ГӨЛӨМДӨХ
v.t. To catch with a net.

GØLMIDEGYL- / ГӨЛӨМДҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of gølmide-.

GØLYGE / ГӨЛӨГ
[= gølige] n. and adj. Pup, young dog or cat; sprout, shoot, seedling; bud (of a flower); button; not ripe, immature.
-- γarxu. To bud, sprout.
modun u --. Shoot of a tree.
noxai jin --. Young of a dog, pup.

GØLYGEDE- / ГӨЛӨГДӨХ
See gølygele-.

GØLYGELE- / ГӨЛӨГЛӨХ
[= gølygede-] v.i. To whelp; to sprout, bud.

GØNZI- / ГӨНЖИХ
v.t. To pry open; to raise or lift a little; to move or push forward with a lever.

GØNZIGYR / ГӨНЖҮҮР

n. Door bar; crowbar; lever of the second kind (mech.); bar on padlock.

GØNZIGYRDE- / ГӨНЖҮҮРДЭХ

See gønzigyrle-.

GØNZIGYRLE- / ГӨНЖҮҮРЛЭХ

v.t. To pry with a bar; to carry on a yoke.

GØNZIGYRLEGYL- / ГӨНЖҮҮРЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of gønzigyrle-.

GØR / ГӨР

n. False accusation, slander.
-- gyzir. Slander, false accusation.

GØRE

Same as gør.

GØRECI / ГӨРЧ

n. Slanderer, calumniator.

GØRDE- / ГӨРДӨХ

[= gørle-] v.t. To slander; to accuse falsely or maliciously; to deny what one knows to be true; to disavow.

GØRLE- / ГӨРЛӨХ

See gørde-.

GØRLEGDE- / ГӨРЛӨГДӨХ

v. pass. of gørle-.

GØRY-, 1. / ГӨРӨХ

v.t. and i. To take advantage of a situation.

GØRY-, 2. / ГӨРӨХ

Same as gyry-.

GØRYGE(N) / ГӨРӨӨ

n. Hunting, chasing; game.
-- angnaxu. To hunt.
-- kiky. To hunt game.
-- noxai. Hunting dog.

GØRYGECI / ГӨРӨӨЧ

n. Hunter, trapper.
ang --. Hunter.

GØRYGECILE- / ГӨРӨӨЧЛӨХ

v.i. To go hunting.

GØRYGECILEGYL- / ГӨРӨЭЧЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of gørygecile-.

GØRYGED

Plural of gørygesy(n).

GØRYGELE- / ГӨРӨӨЛӨХ

v.t. To hunt.

GØRYGELECI / ГӨРӨӨЛЧ

n. Hunter.

GØRYGELEGYL- / ГӨРӨӨЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of gørygele-.

GØRYGELEL / ГӨРӨӨЛӨЛ

n. The act of gørygele-.

GØRYGESY(N) / ГӨРӨӨС(ӨН)

n. Wild herviborous animal, game, beast; antelope.
boru --. Roe.
byky --. Aurox.
kymyn --. Bear (cf. Ch. jen-hsiung 人熊).
uluγan --. Antelope.
xar-a --. Bear.

GØRYGESYCI / ГӨРӨӨСЧ

n. Hunter.

GØRYGETEI / ГӨРӨӨТЭЙ

adj. Having game.
keremy jin -- γazar. An area in which squirrels are hunted.

GRAГ / ГАРАГ, ГАРИГ

[= γaraγ, grag, gaγaγ, S. graha] n. Planet; day of the week; week.
-- tusxu. "Hitting" or influence of the planets; paralysis; apoplexy.
-- un ebedcin. Apoplexy; paralysis.
-- un ger. House or position of a planet.
daba --. Monday.
doluγan --. The so-called Seven Planets (Sun, Moon, Mars, Mercury, Jupiter, Venus, Saturn).

GRAG
See gray.

GREK / ГРЕК
n. and adj. Greek, Grecian.

GŠAN / АГШИН
[S. kshana] n. Moment, small fraction of time.
-- zaγur-a. Momentarily, for a moment.

GUMBAR-A
-- matar. [S. kumbhira, " Ganges crocodile"] n. A mythical monster; often confused with the crocodile.

GUVA / ГУА
Same as γuv-a, 2.
amtatu --. Muskmelon.

GYBDYREGYY
See gøbdyrigyy.

GYBDYRYY
Same as gøbdyrigyy.

GYBEGE(N) / ГҮВЭЭ
[= gybyge] n. Hillock, knoll, mound.
-- toluγai. Hillock, knoll, mound.

GYBEGER / ГҮВЭЭР
adj. Protruding, jutting, sticking out.

GYBEGETEI / ГҮВЭЭТЭЙ
[= gybegety] adj. Having knolls or mounds, hilly.
-- γazar. Hilly country, uneven terrain.

GYBEGETY / ГҮВЭЭТ
See gybegetei.

GYBEI- / ГҮВЭЙХ
v.i. To protrude, jut stick out; to swell up; to rise (as a hillock).

GYBER-E
n. Bruise or wale caused by lashing.

GYBERED-
v.i. To have bruises or wales.

GYBI-, etc.
See gøbi-, etc.

GYBIDE-
Same as gøbi-.

GYBSI-
See gøbsi-.

GYBYGE
See gybege(n).

GYBYGYNE-
See gøbygyne-.

GYCE / ГҮЦ
[= kyce] n. Small kettle used for tea, oil, etc.

GYDKE- / ГҮТГЭХ
v.i. To slander, claumniate, accuse falsely.

GYDKEGYL- / ГҮТГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of gydke-.

GYDKEL / ГҮТГЭЛ
[= gydkelge] n. Slander, calumny, false accusation.

GYDKELGE / ГҮТГЭЛЭГ
See gydkel.

GYDYGYR / ГҮДГЭР
adj. Protruding, jutting, projecting; convex, vaulted.
-- γazar. Uneven or hilly terrain.

GYDYI- / ГҮДИЙХ
v.i. To protrude, jut out, project.

GYDYS / ГҮДЭС
adj. Steadfast, staunch; straightforward, outspoken.

GYGEGI
See geyge.

GYGY
See gygyl.

GYGYL / ГҮГЭЛ
[= gygy, T. gu gul] n. Balsam, balm, aromatic resin.

xar-a --. Vatica lanceaefolia (Ch. an-pa-hsiang 菴巴香).

GYI-

See gyjy-.

GYIBYR / ГҮЙВЭР

n. Flail; the four sticks or planks attached to the flail; sling; stone for the sling.

-- xajaxu. To sling.

GYIBYRDE- / ГҮЙВЭРДЭХ

v.t. and i. To thrash with a flail; to [throw with a] sling.

GYIBYREL

n. Sprout, shoot.

GYICE

See gyjyce.

GYICE- / ГҮЙЦЭХ

v.i. and t. To come to an end, be finished or completed; to run out (time); to expire; to overtake, catch up with

--ged terigyleky. To overtake and surpass.

--zy ocixu. To catch up with.

nasu --ky. To be full-grown or fully developed.

ojuzu --ky. To finish sowing.

sar-a --ky. For the gestation period to be completed.

GYICED / ГҮЙЦЭД

adj. and adv. Whole, full, complete, entire; all without exception, completely.

-- busu. Incomplete, unfinished; imperfect.

-- ijer. In all, completely.

-- kemzij-e. Full measure, quantity.

-- nasutai. Adult, grown-up, mature, of mature years.

-- sain. Perfectly good, quite good, perfect.

-- toγ-a. Full quantity, number, or amount.

-- ygei. Incomplete.

byrin -- ijer. Fully and completely.

GYICED- / ГҮЙЦТЭХ

v.i. To be accomplished, finished, completed.

GYICEDKE- / ГҮЙЦЭТГЭХ

v.t. To fulfill, complete, carry out, realize, execute; to end, finish, terminate.

--ky erke bariγcid. Executive authorities.

--ky γazar. Executive organ or agency.

acilal --ky. To consumate one's filial obligations

zirum i --ky. To fulfill one's moral obligations.

GYICEDKEGCI / ГҮЙЦЭТГЭГЧ

pres. part. of gyicedke-.

-- xorij-a. Executive committee.

GYICEDKEGDE- / ГҮЙЦЭТГЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of gyicedke-] To be carried out, be put into practice, be realized.

... barimtalazu --ky jabudal. To carry out on the basis of...

GYICEDKEGYL- / ГҮЙЦЭТГҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of gyicedke-.

albacilan --ky. To cause or force to carry out or fulfil.

GYICEDKEL / ГҮЙЦТГЭЛ

n. Completion, fulfillment, realization; result, success, attainment, achievement, execution.

-- bykyi. Having results, successful, fruitful, effective.

olulta --. Results, attainments, achievements, conquests.

GYICEDKELTE / ГҮЙЦТГЭЛТ

n. The act of guicedke-; fulfillment, realization, execution.

GYICEDKEM-E / ГҮЙЦЭТГЭМ

adj. Feasible, practicable.

GYICEDKESI / ГҮЙШЭТГЭШ

-- ygei. Unfeasible, unrealizable.

GYICEGDE- / ГҮЙЦЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of gyice-] To be finished or accomplished; to be reached, followed or overtaken.

GYICEGE- / ГҮЙЦЭЭХ

[v. caus. of gyice-] To finish, accomplish; to fulfill, fill in gaps, complete; to supplement.

--n biciky. To finish writing.

--zy dygyrgeky. To supplement, fill up.

--zy øgky. To pay or give a balance due.

dutaγu ji --ky. To supply what is wanting, fill a need.

GYICEGELGE- / ГҮЙЦЭЭЛГЭХ
v. caus. of gyicege-.

GYICEGYL- / ГҮЙЦҮҮЛЭХ
Same as gyicege-.

GYICELDY- / ГҮЙЦЭЛДЭХ
v.i. To be assembled or collected to the full amount or number.

GYICELDYGYL- / ГҮЙЦЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of gyiceldy-] To complete, fulfil.
sanaγsan kysegsen i --ky. To fulfil or satisfy completely all demands.

GYICESI / ГҮЙЦЭШ
-- yǵei. Unattainable, unrealizable, infeasible, inexhaustible, interminable.

GYICETEI / ГҮЙЦТЭЙ
See gyijycetei.

GYIDEL / ГҮЙДЭЛ
See gyjydel.

GYIKEN
See gyjyken.

GYILENEI
n. Mango tree, Mangifera indica.

GYILESY(N) / ГҮЙЛС(ЭН)
n. Apricot.
-- modun. Apricot tree.
--n sir-a. Apricot-yellow.

GYILGE- / ГҮЙЛГЭХ
See gyjylge-.

GYILGEGE(N) / ГҮЙЛГЭЭ
See gyjylgege.

GYILTE
See gyjylte.

GYJY- / ГҮЙХ
[= gyi-] To run; to flow; to be current, marketable (as merchandise, commodities, money).

--deg mori. Racing horse.
--geci. Racer, runner.
--ged jabuxu. To go running.
--ky baraγ-a. Marketable goods.
--zy bosxu. To jump up.

GYJYCE / ГҮЙЦ
[= gyice] n. Running; circulation.

GYJYCETEI / ГҮЙЦТЭЙ
[= gyicetei] adj. Salable, marketable; effective.
-- baraγ-a. Marketable merchandize or goods.

GYJYDEL / ГҮЙДЭЛ
[= gyidel] n. The act of gyjy-; running; current, circuit.
-- daγarixu. To be paralyzed.
cakilγan -- . Electric current.
cisun u --. Blood circulation.

GYJYKEN / ГҮЖХЭН
[= gyiken] adj. Shallow; superficial.
-- erdem. Shallow knowledge, superficial education.

GYJYLCE- / ГҮЙЛЦЭХ
v. coop. of gyjy-.

GYJYLDY- / ГҮЙЛДЭХ
[v. rec. of gyjy-] To run (of many people).
dutaγazu --ky. To disperse, scatter.

GYJYLGE- / ГҮЙЛГЭХ
[= gyilge-, v. caus. of gyjy-] To cause to run; to circulate, do business.
mori --ky. To run a horse.
xudalduγ-a --ky. To run a business, trade.

GYJYLGEGE / ГҮЙЛГЭЭ
[= gyilgege(n)] n. Turnover, circulation.
baraγan u -- . Circulation of merchandize.
xudalduγ-a Turnover of goods.

GYJYLTE / ГҮЙЛТ
[= gyilte] n. Run, running.
cakilγan u -- . Flash of lightning.
sedkil yn -- . A flash of thought.

GYLA / ГҮЛ
[= gyle, S. gola, T. go la] n. Globe; orange.

GYLE
See gyla.

GYM
See under nam.

GYN / ГҮН

n. and adj. Depth; deep, profound; dark, deep (of colors); (metaphor.) depth, profoundness of thought or mind.
-- bilig. Profound wisdom.
-- bolγaxu. To deepen, intensify.
-- dyr kyrky. To reach the bottom, penetrate deeply.
-- e. See separate entry.
-- kyndy. Deep and heavy (as a debt of gratitude).
-- noγuγan. Deep green.
-- uxaγan. Philosophy.
-- uxaγantan. Person with a deep mind, philosopher.
jeke dalai jin iruγar --, erdemty kymyn y sanaγ-a --, engke tøry jin bodulγ-a --. Deep is the bottom of the sea, profound are the thoughts of a sage, and penetrating are the policies of a flourishing state (prov.).

GYN-E / ГҮНЭЭ

adv. Deeply, profoundly; deep down.
-- talarxaxu. To thank profoundly.
-- xaramsaxu. To deeply regret.

GYNG / ГҮН(Г)

[Ch. kung 公] n. A feudal title roughly equivalent to duke or count.
ulus tur tusalaxu --. Imperial Duke of the second degree (Ch. fu-kuo-kung 輔國公).
ulus un tysij-e --. Imperial Duke of the first degree (Ch. chen-kuo-kung 鎭國公).

GYNGCEY

[Ch. kung-ch'ou 貢紬] n. A kind of silk.

GYNGDEGYN

[gyng + daγun] n. The first musical tone of the pentatonic scale (Ch. kung 宮).

GYNGGYNE- / ГҮНГЭНЭХ

v.i. To hum (of a bumble bee); to speak with a nasal twang; to mumble.

GYNGGYR / ГҮНГЭР

-- γangγur. Onomat. descriptive of the murmur of people, distant voices, banging, or clatter.
-- γangγur kiky. To speak in a low voice, whisper.
-- gyngyr kiky. To speak in a low voice, whisper.

GYNGZY / ГҮНЖ

[Ch. kung-chu 公主] n. Princess, daughter of emperor.

GYNGZYGEI / ГҮНЗГИЙ

[= gynzegei] adj. and n. Deep, profound; serious; depth, profundity, profoundness.
-- bolxu. To become deep, sink in
gyn --. Deep, profound.
gyn -- asaγulta. A profound or serious problem or question.

GYNGZYGEIBTYR / ГҮНЗГИЙВТЭР

adj. Rather deep.

GYNGZYGEID- / ГҮНЗГИЙДЭХ

v.i. To be too deep.

GYNGZYGEILE- / ГҮНЗГИЙЛЭХ

v.t. To deepen, make deeper; to excavate.

GYNGZYGEIRE- / ГҮНЗГИЙРЭХ

v.i. To become deep, sink in; to be[come] aggravated.

GYNGZYGEIREGYL- / ГҮНЗГИЙРҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of gynzygeire-] To deepen, make profound[er].

GYNZE

n. Raft of logs, ferryboat.

GYNZEGEI

See gyngzygei.

GYNZID / ГҮНЖИД

[= kynzid] n. Sesame.
-- yn tosu. Sesame oil.
-- yn yr-e. Sesame seed[s].

GYR, 1.

[= gyr-e] n. A crowd of people; cavalry brigade.
-- ulus. A crowd of people; all the people

GYR, 2. / ГҮҮР

[= gyyr] n. Bridge.

GYRBEL / ГУРВЭЛ

n. Lizard.
moγai --. A kind of lizard.
xoni --. A kind of lizard with red dots.

GYRBELZE- / ГУРВЭЛЗЭХ

v.i. To move like a snake, slither; to wind (as a road or river), meander; to move peristaltically (of the intestines).

GYR-E

See gyr, 1.

GYREGE(N) / ГУРЭЭ(Н)

n. Area of the neck below and in front of the ear.
--n y bulcirxai jin xalaγun. Mumps.
--n y sudasu. Jugular vein.

GYRELZEGEN-E

[kyrelzegen-e] n. Cricket; katydid; long-horned grasshopper.
noγuγan --. The field cricket.

GYRELZI

See gyrelzegen-e.

GYRGYM

[S. kunkurma, T. gur kum, gur gum] n. Saffron.

GYRI

n. Basket.

GYRIM / ГУРЭМ

[= gyrym, T. sku rim] n. Religious ceremony, prayer, rite; rank, grade.
-- bytygeky. To conduct a religious ceremony; to venerate.
-- kiky. To conduct or perform a religious ceremony.
-- ungsiγulxu. To have a religious ceremony performed.

GYRM-E

[T. gor ma] n. Stones, pebbles. [Go.] A pile of crumbly rocks on a mountain.

GYRTYMBE

[= γurtum] n. A person able to evoke a deity (usually Vajrapāṇi, i.e. Vcirbani, q.v.) which deity, possessing the person, causes him to go into a trance, deliver

oracles and work miracles.

GYRY, 1.

[S. guru] n. Teacher, spiritual guide (most frequently applied to the Buddha).

GYRY, 2. / ГУР

n. Ironstone; pebble.
-- cilaγu. Pebble.
ulaγan --. Hematite.

GYRY- / ГӨРӨХ, ГУРЭХ

v.t. To braid, twine, weave.
--gsen abdar. Wicker basket.
gezige --ky. To braid a plait.
utasu --ky. To braid a cord.

GYRYBELZE-

Same as gyrbelze-.

GYRYGE / ГӨРӨӨ

n. Wickerwork.
-- abdar. Wicker basket.
-- xasij-a. Wicker fence.

GYRYGYL- / ГӨРУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of gyry-.

GYRYI- / ГУРИЙХ

v.i. To swell, be inflated (of something long, e.g. veins, welts, etc.).

GYRYM

See gyrim.

GYRYMEL / ГӨРМӨЛ

[n.d. of gyry-] adj. Braided, woven, plaited.
-- byse. Braided belt.
-- tasiγur. Whip made of several braided strands.
-- ysy. Braided hair.

GYRYN / ГУРЭН

[Ma. gurun] n. Country, state, people, nation
-- y bangki. State or national bank.

GYYR

See gyr, 2.

GYYSI

See gosi.

GYZEGE / ГҮЗЭЭ

n. Stomach of animals; rumen used as container for butter, kumiss, etc.

gedesyn -- . Intestines, tripe, belly.

GYZEGELE- / ГҮЗЭЭЛЭХ

v.t. To put into a gyzege (q.v.); to stuff oneself, overeat.

sir-a tosu --ky. To put butter into a gyzege (q.v.).

GYZEGELZEGENE / ГҮЗЭЭЛЗГЭНЭ

n. Strawberry, Tragaria virginiana.

GYZIR / ГҮЖИР

n. and adj. Slander, calumny; aspersion; libel; slanderous, stubborn, persistent, tenacious.

-- ijer zaγuxu. To implicate falsely.

-- ni caixu. To be cleared of false accusations.

-- yge. Calumny, slander, aspersion, defamation.

GYZIRCI / ГҮЖИРЧ

n. Slanderer, calumniator.

GYZIRDE- / ГҮЖИРДЭХ

v.t. To slander, calumniate.

--gci. Slanderer, calumniator.

GYZIRDELGE / ГҮЖИРДЛЭГЭ

n. Slander, calumny, vilification; concocted stories.

GYZIRKEI / ГҮЖИРХИЙ

adj. False, slanderous.

GYZIRKEILE- / ГҮЖИРХИЙЛЭХ

v.t. To slander, calumniate.

GYZIRKEILEL / ГҮЖИРХИЙЛЭЛ

n. The act of gyzirkeile-.

GYZIRKEL / ГҮЖИРХЭЛ

n. The act of gyzirke-.

GYZIRLE- / ГҮЖИРЛЭХ

v.t. To slander, calumniate, accuse falsely.

--n zaγaldaxu. To accuse falsely.

--zy darulaxu. To enforce or impose upon another one's calumny or false accusation.

GYZIRLEGDE- / ГҮЖИРЛЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of gyzirle-.

GYZIRLEL / ГҮЖИРЛЭЛ

n. The act of gyzirle-; slander, calumny.

GYZIRMEG / ГҮЖИРМЭГ

[= gyzirmekei] adj. Stubborn, persistent, tenacious; slanderous.

GYZIRMEGLE- / ГҮЖИРМЭГЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To slander, calumniate; to act stubbornly or persistently.

GYZIRMEKEI / ГҮЖИРМЭХИЙ

See gyzirmeg.

G

GABALA / ГАВАЛ

[= γabala, S. kapāla] n. Skull, cranium, brain-pan, esp. when used in Tantric ritual.

-- ajaγ-a. Skull bowl used in Tantric ritual.

GABÅLADA- / ГАВАЛДАХ

v.t. To hit on the skull.

GABUR

[= γabur, S. karpura, T. ga bur] n. Camphor.

sil -- . Camphor.

GALAB

See γalab.

GANDI

See γandi.

GARUDI / ГАРДИ

[= γarudi, S. garuda] n. Garuda, the king of birds in Indian mythology.

GANDARISUN

-- balγasun. [S. gandharva - nagara, town of the Gandharvas, "spirits of the air."] n. Castles in the air, mirage, fata morgana.

GANDHAR-A

n.p. Gandhāra, ancient country, NW India.

GANGGA / ГАНГА

[S. ganga, T. gang gā] n.p. The Ganges river

GARAГ

See graγ.

GOMBO

[T. Mgon po, S. Nātha] n. The Lord, esp. Mahākāla, patron of the Mongols.

H

H A letter chiefly used to transcribe the sound "h" in foreign words.

HA



,-- ha. See **хаха**.

HE



-- bei. Hopeh (province in China).
-- nan. Honan (province in China).

HIMALAJ-A / ГИМЛАЙ



[S. Himālaya, "Abode of Winter"] n.p. The Himalaya mountains.

I

I

pron. Hypothetical base of inu (q. v.).

IB, 1. / ИВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable i.

-- ile. Very clear, evident.

-- ilerkei. Very clear[ly], evident[ly].

-- izil. Exactly the same.

IB, 2. / ИВ

-- cib. Quietly, in silence, without noise.

IB, 3. / ИВ

adv. Through and through.

-- cokixu. To break through.

-- daγarixu. To burst into, break through.

IBAГ

[Go.] adj. Somewhat better or easier.

-- sir-a sibaγu. [Go.] The large eagle owl.

IBAГU

[= ibau] [Go.] n. A sea shell.

IBAU

See ibaγu.

IBCAГU / ЯВЦУУ

[= ibcu, ibcuu] adj. Narrow; tight; reserved; narrow-minded.

-- baidal. The state of being narrow; reservedness; narrow-mindedness.

-- γazar. A narrow passage.

-- izaγur. Caste.

-- yzel. Limited or narrow vision, narrow-minded policy; egoism.

IBCAГUDA- / ЯВЦУУДАХ

v.i. To be[come] narrow or tight; to be narrow-minded.

IBCAГURA- / ЯВЦУУРАХ

v.i. To become narrow or tight ; to be narrow-minded.

IBCAГURAL / ЯВЦУУРАЛ

n. The state of ibcaγura-.

IBCAГUXAN / ЯВЦУУХАН

adj. Somewhat narrow.

IBCU

See ibcaγu.

IBCUГAR / ЯВЦГАР

Same as ibcaγu.

IBCUU

See ibcaγu.

IBE- / ИВЭХ

v.t. To pad, lay something between or under.

duγui dur cilaγu --ky. To block a wheel with a rock.

IBEGE- / ИВЭЭХ

v.t. To protect, help; to treat kindly, have compassion for; to patron.

--gci. Protector, patron.

arad i --ky. To care for the welfare of the people.

IBEGEGCI / ИВЭЭГЧ

n. Helper, protector, patron.

IBEGEGDE- / ИВЭЭГДЭХ

[v.pass. of ibege-] To be under the protection of.

IBEGEL / ИВЭЭЛ

n. Protection, grace, blessing; help, assistance, defense.

tan u -- ijer. Thanks to your help or protection.

IBEGELṬEI / ИВЭЭЛТЭЙ

adj. Benevolent, protective, kind toward one's subjects.

IBEGESY(N) / ИВЭЭС

n. Prop, stay, support; padding; railroad tie.

IBEL-

See ibil-.

IBER / ИВЭР

-- siber. See ibir.

IBIL- / ИВЛЭХ

[= ibel-] v.i. and t. To descend, come or fall down; to flow or drip incessantly; to appear, flow (of milk from the udder at the time of sucking); to continue giving milk (of cow after weaning calf).

IBILGE- / ИВЛЭГЭХ

[v. caus. of ibil-] To cause a cow to release her milk; to cause the flow of milk before milking (e.g. by letting the young suck); to wheedle something out of a person, milk someone.

IBIR / ИВЭР

-- sibir. Jabber, murmur, indistinct whisper.

IBIRE- / ИВРЭХ

v.i. To crumble, slide; to crash through.

IBROPA

Same as eyropa.

ICA-

[Go.] v.t. To hope for, expect.

ICAГ

n. Hope, expectation.

ICE-, 1. / ИЧИХ

[= ici-] v.i. To be or feel ashamed.
--deg ygei. Shamelss.
--ky ygei. Shameless.
ajuxu --ky. Fear and shame.
tan ece --myi bi. I feel ashamed before you.

ICE-, 2. / ИЧИХ

[= ici-] v.i. To retire into hibernation; to become torpid (of animals, birds, etc.).
--gsed. Hibernating animals, insects, or snakes.

ICEGE(N) / ИЧЭЭ(Н)

n. Hollow (in a tree), den, haunt, lair (such as may be used by animals for hibernation); hibernation.
--n ece γarxu. To come out of hibernation.

ICEGE- / ИЧЭЭХ

[= icige- , v. caus. of ice-, l.] To shame, make ashamed.

ICEGELE- / ИЧЭЭЛЭХ

v.i. To hibernate.

ICEGYBTYR / ИЧИХЭВТЭР

[=icigybtyr] adj. Shameful, scandalous, ignominious.

ICEGYL- / ИЧҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ice-.

ICEGYRE- / ИЧҮҮРЭХ

[= icigyre-] v.i. To be or feel ashamed.

ICEGYREL / ИЧҮҮРЭЛ

n. The act of icegyre-.

ICEGYRI / ИЧГҮҮР

[= icigyr, icigyri] n. Shame, disgrace, ignominy; embarrassment.
-- ben aldaxu. To disgrace oneself.
-- ben gegeky. To disgrace oneself.
-- ece xaγacaγsan. Shameless, impudent.
-- songziγuri. Shame, disgrace.
-- ygei. Shameless, impudent.
-- ygei aγasilaxu. To act shamefully or impudently.

ICEGYRITEI / ИЧГҮҮРТЭЙ

adj. Shameful, disgraceful.
-- baidal. Disgraceful condition.
-- kereg. A shameful affair, disgrace.

ICEMEKEI / ИЧИМХИЙ

Same as icemtegei.

ICEMTEGEI / ИЧИМТГИЙ

adj. Shy, bashful.
-- ajumtaγai. Shy and timid.

ICENGGYRE- / ИЧИНГҮҮРЭХ

v.i. To be or feel ashamed, embarassed or disgraced.

ICENGGYREGYL- / ИЧИНГҮҮРҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of icenggyre-] To put to shame.

ICENGGYREL / ИЧИНГҮҮРЭЛ

n. Shame, disgrace, ignominy; embarrassment.

ICENGGYRELTEI / ИЧИНГҮҮРЭЛТЭЙ

adj. Shameful, ignominious, scandalous.

ICENGGYRESKI- / ИЧИНГҮҮРСХИЙХ

v.i. To be ashamed.

ICENGGYRI / ИЧИНГҮҮР

n. Shame, disgrace, ignominy, embarrassment.
-- medegci. Having a sense of shame or conscience.

ICERI / ИЧИР

[= icir] n. Shame, disgrace, dishonor.
-- ygei. Shameless.

ICERITEI / ИЧИРТЭЙ

[= icerity] n. and adj. Feeling of shame; shameful, infamous, disreputable, ignominious.
-- bolγaxu. To put to shame, make ashamed.

ICERITY /

See iceritei.

ICI-, etc.

See ice-, 1 and 2, etc.

ICIG

n. Shame.

ICILZI / ИЧИЛЖ

-- bicilzi. Swarming, wriggling, as worms, ants, etc.

ICIR, etc.

See iceri, etc.

IDAM, 1.

[T. yi dam] n. Lamaist genius or tutelary deity, personal protector.
-- tngri. As above.

IDAM, 2. / ЯДАМ

See under xuruγu(n).

IDAMDA- / ЯДАМДАХ

v.t. To make a libation to the idam by flicking a few drops of a beverage (tea, brandy, milk, etc.) on the ground with the ring finger (see xuruγu).
cai --zu sacuxu. To make a libation by flicking a few drops of tea on the ground.

IDE, 1. / ИД

n. Sorcery.

IDE, 2. / ИД

n. and adj. Daring, audacity, force, vigor; dexterity, ability; activeness; active, energetic.
-- baγuraxu. To become weak or feeble.
-- cidal. Strength, energy.
-- dumda ben. In full swing, full blast.
-- kycyty. Strong, vigorous.
-- surxu. To perform gymnastics or military exercises.
-- tengseky. To compete in skill and dexterity.
-- xalaγundu . When at the hottest point; at the most suitable time.
-- ygei. Clumsy, maladroit.
kycyn y --. Energy; force of youth.
nasun u -- dy. In the prime of life.

IDE- / ИДЭХ

v.t. To eat, consume; to gnaw, corrode; to exploit; to accept bribes, embezzle funds.
--gsen. Corroded, rusty.
--ky dur-a. Appetite.
--ky uγuxu zyil. Foods and beverages, groceries.
--zy xanuxu. To be satiated.
mønggy --ky. To take bribes; to embezzle public funds.
xaxuuli --ky. To take a bribe or bribes.
xoγul --ky . To dine.
xoruxai --gsen. Eaten by insects, afflicted with caries.
xoruxai --ky. To gnaw (of insects).

IDEBKI / ИДЭВХ

adj. and n. Active, energetic, agile; activity, energy.
-- cidal. Energy.
-- γarγaxu. To show energy, be active.
-- kicijel. Activity, energy, industriousness.
-- sanaγacilaγ-a. Initiative.
-- zoriγ. Stimulus.
azil i γalzaγu -- ber jabuγulxu. To work with feverish energy.

IDEBKILE- / ИДЭВХИЙЛЭХ



v.i. To put in effort, exert oneself; to act energetically, work with zest, work deftly or energetically.
--n Actively, energetically, strenuously.
--n tayulixu. To attack swiftly, fall upon (an enemy).
--n xamayalaxu. To protect zealously.

IDEBKILEGYL- / ИДЭВХИЙЛҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of idebkile-] To cause or induce to make efforts; to make someone work hard; to make active, stimulate into action.

IDEBKITEI / ИДЭВХТЭЙ



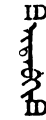
[= idebkity] adj. and adv. Active[ly], energetic[ally].
-- ber. Energetically.
-- kymyn. Energetic person.
-- orulcaxu. To take an active part.

IDEBKITEN / ИДЭВХТЭН



n. The active or energetic ones, active members, active group, activist[s].
-- gesigyd. Active members.

IDEBKIZI- / ИДЭВХЖИХ



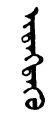
v.i. To become active.

IDEG



See idegesi.

IDEGDE- / ИДЭГДЭХ



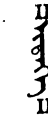
[v. pass. of ide-] To be eaten; to be corroded, eroded; to be undermined; to be defrauded; to suffer from a skin disease.
kymyn dy --ky. To be defrauded.
usun du --ky. To be undermined or eroded by water.

IDEGE(N), 1. / ИДЭЭ(Н)



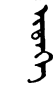
n. Food, nourishment, provisions; pus; kernel (as of a nut).
-- barixu. To serve food.
-- kiky. To prepare food.
--n umdayan u zyil. Food, provisions.

IDEGE, 2. / ИДЭЭ



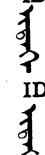
Same as idegeri.

IDEGE, 3. / ИДЭЭ



n. Tannin.

IDEGECILE- / ИДЭЭЧЛЭХ



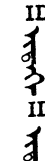
v.t. To eat.

IDEGELE-, 1. / ИДЭЭЛЭХ



v.t. To eat.

IDEGELE-, 2. / ИДЭЭЛЭХ



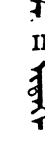
v.i. To fester, suppurate.

IDEGELE-, 3. / ИДЭЭЛЭХ



v.i. For a kernel to form.

IDEGELE-, 4. / ИДЭЭЛЭХ



v.i. To tan.

IDEGELEGYL- / ИДЭЭЛҮҮЛЭХ

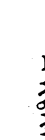


v. caus. of idegele- 1, 2, 3, and 4.

IDEGELIG / ИДЭЭЛЭГ

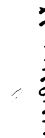
n. Tendency to suppurate; tendency to cause trouble.

IDEGEMYRTE-



[= idegemyrty-] v.i. To rot; to become bad.

IDEGEMYRTY-



See idegemyrte-.

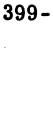
IDEGERI / ИДЭЭР

[cf. øgeri] n. Pus, matter.
-- bykyi jar-a. Festering wound, ulcer.
-- nebciky. For a suppuration to burst.
-- tataxu. To draw pus; to suppurate.

IDEGERILE- / ИДЭЭРЛЭХ

v.i. To generate pus, suppurate, discharge matter.

IDEGESI / ИДЭЭШ



[= ideg] n. Bribe.
-- xaxuuli. Bribery, bribe.

IDEGESI- / ИДЭЭШИХ

v.i. To become accustomed to, familiar with, acclimatized or adjusted to; to become strong (as an infusion or tea).
--gsen zang. Usage, custom.
cai --ky. For the tea to become strong.

IDEGESIL / ИДЭЭШИЛ



n. The process of idegesi-; that to which a person is or becomes accustomed or with which he is familiar.

-- toxunil. Acclimation.

IDEGETEI / ИДЭЭТЭЙ



[= idegety] adj. Having food; taking food.

IDEGETY / ИДЭЭТ



See idegetei.

-- modu. Tree with edible fruit.

IDEGYL- / ИДҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of ide-] To cause to eat; to feed, nourish.

xoγul --ky. To treat someone to a meal.

IDEGYR / ИДҮҮР



n. Receptacle for feeding animals (such as pigs or dogs), trough.

IDELGE



n. Food, nourishment.

IDEMEG / ИДМЭГ



adj. Having a good appetite; greedy, venal.

IDEMEGEI



See idemekei.

IDEMEKEI / ИДЭМХИЙ



[= idemegei, idemkei] adj. Gluttonous, voracious; venal, mercenary.

IDEMEKEIRE- / ИДЭМХИЙРЭХ



v.i. To be gluttonous or voracious; to be venal or mercenary.

IDEMER / ИДМЭЭР



adj. Eatable, edible; consumed, eaten; having a keen appetite.

IDEMERTE-



v.i. To rot, spoil.

IDEMKEI



See idemekei.

IDER / ИДЭР



adj. Vigorous, strong, energetic, brisk; young.

-- nasu. Mature age, manhood; prime years.

-- nasutai. Being of age, in one's prime.

-- zalaγu. Young and strong; youth, prime of life; vigor or ardor of youth.

-- zalaγucud. Youth, young people.

IDER-E / ИДРЭЭ



n. Chicory.

IDERKE- / ИДЭРХЭХ



v.i. To be vigorous, strong, brisk, energetic, healthy, mature.

IDERKEG / ИДЭРХЭГ



adj. Strong, robust, powerful; plucky, valorous.

-- sanaγatai. Strong-willed, steadfast.

IDERKEL / ИДЭРХЭЛ



n. The state of iderke-.

IDERMEG



[Gu.] n. Fray, chip, score.

IDERMEGDE-



[Gu.] v.i. To become frayed, chipped or scored.

IDERMEGLE-



[Gu.] v.t. To fray, chip, score.

IDERSI- / ИДЭРШИХ



v.i. To grow up, mature.

IDERSIL / ИДЭРШИЛ

n. Maturity; fruition; manhood, womanhood.

IDESI / ИДЭШ



n. Food, nourishment; edibility.

-- ygei. Not eatable, not fit for consumption .

øber-e kymyn y -- boλxu. To fall a prey to others.

IDESILE- / ИДЭШЛЭХ



v.i. To eat, nourish oneself, go out for food, find food.

IDETEI / ИДТЭЙ



adj. Strong; adroit, dexterous; capable, talented, gifted; witty; ingenious.

IDIJALIS / ИДЕАЛИСТ



n. and adj. Ideal.st[ic].

IDIJALISM / ИДЕАЛИЗМ

n. Idealism.

IDUГAN

See uduγan.

IDXA- / ЯТГАХ

v.t. To persuade, assuage, convince; to agitate, engage in propaganda; to dissuade, warn; to chase animals in one direction.

--n surγaxu. To dissuade somebody from doing something reprehensible.

--n uxaγulxu. To persuade, convince, win over; to agitate, propagandize.

--xu xaγudasu. Propaganda leaflet.

mal --xu. To drive cattle in one direction (preventing them from dispersing).

xorizu --xu. To dissuade.

IDXAГCI / ЯТГАГЧ

n. One who persuades or dissuades.

IDXAГUL- / ЯТГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of idxa-.

IDXAL / ЯТГАЛ

n. Persuasion; dissuasion.

-- xoriγ-a. Dissuasion.

IDXALCA- / ЯТГАЛЦАХ

v. coop. of idxa-.

IDXALГ-A / ЯТГАЛГА

n. Agitation, propaganda, incitement.

-- uxaγulγ-a. Agitation, propaganda.

IDXAMZI / ЯТГАМЖ

n. Persuasion.

IГCAM / ЯГЦАМ

adj. Urgent, pressing, important.

-- alba. Urgent official business.

-- jaγaraltai. Urgent, pressing, important.

IГCI

See iγcu.

IГCU / ИГЧ

[= iγci, niγcu] n., adj. and adv. Thickness; thick, dense[ly] (of grass or trees); crowded.

-- dygyrcykyi. Crowded, filled up; abundant, crammed or swamped with.

IГTA

Same as niγta.

IG, 1. / ИГ

n. Spindle.

IG, 2.

-- maγ kiky. To have a petty quarrel.

IGDE- / ИГДЭХ

v.t. To turn the spindle, spin.

IJEN

Reflexive-possessive suffix as used after consonants. See ben.

IJER

Suffix of the instrumental case as used after consonants. See ber.

IKER-E / ИХЭР

[= ikir-e] n. Twins.

γurban --. Triplets.

IKERELE- / ИХЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To give birth to twins.

IKES / ИХЭС

n. Caul, amnion; placenta.

IKIR / ИХИР

-- sikir. Trifles, trivial objects; small-minded[ly]; mean[ly]; ignoble.

IKIR-E

See iker-e.

IL

See el.

ILA- / ЯЛАХ

v.t. To conquer, defeat, vanquish, win a victory; to overcome, surpass, distinguish, surmount.

--zu dabaxu. To conquer, vanquish, defeat, overcome.

--zu deileky. To conquer, vanquish, defeat, overcome.

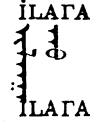
bailduγan ijer --xu. To conquer, defeat, be victorious in battle.
saγad boγumta ji --zu deileky. To overcome obstacles.

ILAГ-A(N) / ЯЛАА(Н)

n. Fly, gnat, gadfly.
-- bariγci. Sundew (plant).
-- bataγan-a. Flies in general.
-- køke terigyy. A kind of gadfly.
--n u gøbigyr. Fly-swat.
--n u xour. Toadstool.
boru --. Grey fly.
køke --. Green fly.

ILAГA-, 1.

See ilaγu-.

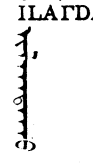
ILAГA-, 2. / ЯЛААХ

v.t. To fry something thin.

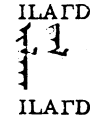
ILAГAI / ЯЛГАЙ

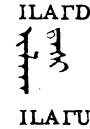
adj. Speaking with a bur.

ILAГALГA-

v. caus. of ilaγa-, 1 and 2.

ILAГDA- / ЯЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of ila-.
bailduγan ijer --xu. To be defeated in battle.
γal dur yly --xu. Incombustible.

ILAГDAL / ЯЛАГДАЛ

n. Defeat.

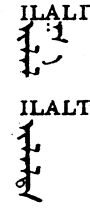
ILAГDASI / ЯЛАГДАШ

-- ygei. Unconquerable, undefeated, invincible.

ILAГU- / ЯЛГУУХ

[= ilaγa-, 1.] v.t. To vanquish, surpass, overcome, win a victory.
--γci. Victor, victorious.
--γsan bajar. Triumph.
dain ece --xu. To conquer the enemy, win a battle or war.

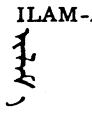
ILALГ-A / ЯЛЛАГА

See ilalta.

ILALTA / ЯЛАЛТ

[= ilaly-a] n. Victory.

ILALTATAI / ЯЛАЛТТАЙ

adj. Victorious, successful.

ILAM-A / ЯЛМА

[= ilm-a] n. Mulberry (tree).
-- tegyky. To pick mulberry leaves for feeding silkworms.

ILANGIUI / ЯЛАНГУЙ

See ilangγuj-a.

ILANGIUJ-A / ЯЛАНГУЯА

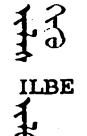
[= ilangγui] adv. Specially, particularly; moreover, furthermore.
neng --. Especially, particularly, mainly, above all.

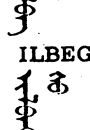
ILARI

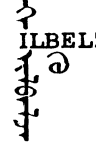
adj. Cured from illness.
-- bolxu. To recuperate, recover, heal or close (of a wound).
-- kiky. To recover.

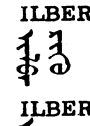
ILBASKI-

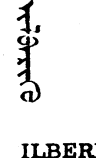
v.i. To dodge, duck; to jump aside from fright.

ILBE

See ilbi.

ILBEGESY(N) / ИЛБЭЭС

n. Fishbait.

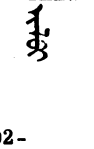
ILBELZE-

v.t. To caress, stroke; to please, flatter, pay compliments, fawn.

ILBERGY

Same as ilberikei.

ILBERI- / ИЛБЭРЭХ

v.t. and i. To be smooth, slick; to be crafty or cunning; to flatter.
--gsen yge. Flattering words.

ILBERIKEI / ИЛБЭРХИЙ

[= ilbergy] adj. Smooth, even; agreeable, pleasant, flattering.

ILBI / ИЛБЭ

[= ilbe, jilbi, jelbi, jilvi] n. Magic, witchcraft. [Lu] Sleight of hand.

-- yzegylky. To perform magic .

ILBI- / ИЛБЭХ

v.t. To smooth with the hand, stroke, caress; to appease.

ILBICI / ИЛБЭЧ

n. Sorcerer, magician; prest digitator .

ILBIDE- / ИЛБЭДЭХ

v.i. To practice witchcraft.

ILBIGYR / ИЛБЭҮР

n. Flattery; artfulness, ruse; seduction.

ILBIGYRCI / ИЛБЭҮРЧ

n. Flatterer, fawner, deceiver; seducer.

ILBIGYRDE- / ИЛБЭҮРДЭХ

v.t. To flatter; to caress; to deceive; to seduce.

ILBIGYRKEN / ИЛБЭҮРХЭН

adv. Flatteringly; stealthily, furtively.

-- ijer. Stealthily, furtively, surreptitiously.

ILBIN

adj. Bent, curved, twisted; sly, artful.

ILCI(N) / ИЛЧ(ИН)

n. Warmth, heat; body temperature; ray or shaft of light.

-- egyskegci. Calorific, producing heat.

-- jin kemzigyr. Clinical thermometer.

bej-e jin --. Body temperature.

γal un --. Heat of fire.

naran u --. Heat of the sun.

nojan u -- ijer. Owing to the favor of the prince (used by a member of the princely family).

ILCILE- / ИЛЧЛЭХ

v.t. To warm, heat.

ILCITY / ИЛЧИТ

adj. Hot, warm, warmth-producing.

ILDAM, 1. / ЯЛДАМ

adj. Friendly, kind, obliging, sympathetic, courteous.

ILDAM, 2. / ЯЛДАМ

n. Occasion, opportunity.

ene -- ijer . In connection with this, for this reason.

ILDAM, 3. / ЯЛДАМ

-- tal-a. Open space, field, waste plot of land, uninhabited tract.

ILDAMLA- / ЯЛДАМЛАХ

v.i. To be friendly, kind or sympathetic.

ILDAR / ЯЛДАР

n. Occasion, opportunity; right or favorable time or moment.

-- a = -- tur. On the way to; at the right moment, occasion, or opportunity; in passing; opportunely, at leisure; at the time of.

-- i olxu. To get a chance; to find an opportunity.

ILDAR-A

See under ildar.

ILDE

See ilidy(n).

ILDEG

Same as ejéldeg.

ILDERE-

v.i. To scratch oneself.

ILDY(N) / ИЛД

n. Sword, saber.

-n y ir. Edge of a sword.

--n y xui. Sheathe of a sword.

--- selem-e. Swords in general.

ILDYCI / ИЛДЭЧ

n. Sword maker; carrier of a sword, swordsman.

ILDYLE- / ИЛДЛЭХ

v.t. To hit or pierce with a sword.

ILDYTEI / ИЛДТЭЙ

[= ildyty] adj. Having or carrying a sword.

ILE / ИЛ

adj. and adv. Clear, manifest, obvious; perceptible, visible, distinct; open[ly], public[ly], overtly, in reality.
-- bolγaxu. To make clear; to manifest; to set forth, reveal.
-- bolxu. To become clear or public; to appear.
-- γarγaxu. To reveal, make public, show, make clear.
-- γarxu. To become clear, manifest or obvious.
-- keleky. To tell somebody frankly or to his face.
-- kereg. Matter of common knowledge.
-- todurxai ber. Perfectly clear, openly.
-- zakij-a. Postal card.
sanaγ-a -- bain-a. The meaning or intention is clear.

ILE-, 1. etc.
See ili-.

ILE-, 2.
[obs., instead of ilege-] v.t. To send.

ILECILE- / ИЛЧЛЭХ
v.t. To declare, reveal, make clear, manifest, or public.
toduraγulun --ky. To make clear, show, indicate.

ILED-
v.i. To be evident, clear, open.

ILEDEG
adj. Clear , manifest, evident, public.

ILEDKE- / ИЛТГЭХ
[v. caus. of iled-] To [make a] report, make public, manifest, known; to publish, reveal; to lecture.
--n baicaγalγaxu. To submit for inspection or examination.
--n tungxaγlaxu. To publish, proclaim.
erke cilyge ji --n tungxaγlaxui. Declaration of rights.

ILEDKEBYRI / ИЛТГЭВЭР
Same as iledkel.

ILEDKEGCI / ИЛТГЭГЧ
n. Speaker, lecturer; index (math.).

ILEDKEGYL- / ИЛТГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of iledke-.

ILEDKEL / ИЛТГЭЛ
n. Report, account; lecture.
-- kiky. To make a report; to lecture.
-- medege. Information, report, account.

ILEDKELCI / ИЛТГЭЛЧ
n. One who gives a report; speaker, lecturer.

ILEDTE / ИЛТЭД
[= ilete] adj. and adv. Open[ly], manifest[ly], evident[ly], obvious[ly], concrete[ly], distinct[ly], clear[ly].
-- bolγaxu. To manifest, disclose, make public.
-- γarxu. To appear, originate, become incarnated.
-- medegci = -- yzegci. Clairvoyant.
-- medeky. To know precisely or exactly.
-- todurxai. Perfectly clear, manifest or distinct way, manner or degree.
-- xaraγci. Clairvoyant.

ILEGE
See iligi.

ILEGE- / ИЛГЭЭХ
v.t. To send, dispatch.
--ky bicig. A letter to be sent; official letter or memorandum.
kymyn --ky. To send or dispatch a person.

ILEGELGE- / ИЛГЭЭЛГЭХ
v. caus. of ilege-.

ILEGELTE / ИЛГЭЭЛТ
n. The act of sending or dispatching; something sent or dispatched; package, parcel.

ILEGY
See ilegyy.

ILEGYBTYR / ИЛҮҮВТЭР
adj. and adv. Just a little more than needed, a little too much.

ILEGYD[E]- / ИЛҮҮДЭХ



v.i. To be[come] superfluous, redundant, or abundant; to exceed.

toγtaγaγsan kemzijen ece --gsen. Exceeding the fixed norm, beyond normal.

ILEGYDEGYL- / ИЛҮҮДҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of ilegyde-.

ILEGYDEL / ИЛҮҮДЭЛ



n. Leftovers, surplus, excess.

ILEGYKEN / ИЛҮҮХЭН



adv. and adj. In excess; more plentiful or abundant; rather superfluous, unnecessary, or useless.

-- cidaltai. A little stronger.

ILEGYR / ИЛҮҮР



See iligyr.

ILEGYRDE-



See iligyrde-.

ILEGYY / ИЛҮҮ



[= ilegy, ilygy, ylegyy] adj., adv., and n. Much, too much or many, more, more than needed, expected or necessary, superfluous, exceeding, remaining; better, excellent, outstanding; profit, gain, advantage, excess, surplus.

-- caγ. Overtime, extra time.
-- delegyy. Abundant.
-- dutaγu ygei. Not too much nor too little, just right, exact.
-- γarxu. To have left over.
-- ideky. To overeat.
-- kedyn kymyn. A few more people.
-- keleky. To exaggerate; to talk too much.
-- mori. Reserve horse.
-- nige xubi. One extra,
-- orun toγan u . Supernumerary.
-- өgky . To give too much.
-- saratai zil. Leap year.
-- tarij-a. Surplus grain.
-- toγan u. Supernumerary.
-- yge keleky. To talk more than necessary.
-- yzeky. To envy.
-- zang. Whimsicality, quaintness, crankiness; obstinacy.

-- zarudal. Extra expenses, superfluous expenses.
ehe inu -- . This is better.
γurban -- γarluγ-a. There are three too many.
mingγ-a -- kymys. More than 1000 people.
- zaγun u tabun xubi ece -- ygei. Not more than five per cent.
zil -- . More than a year.

LEKEN / ИЛХЭН



adj. Quite evident, obvious, clear, manifest.

-- yzegdeky. To be quite clearly visible.

ILELE- / ИЛЛЭХ



v.t. To make clear, reveal, bring to light.

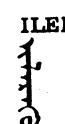
ILERE- / ИЛРЭХ



v.i. To become clear, plain, evident, reveal oneself, show, appear.

--n γarxu. To come to light, appear.
kereg --ky. For a matter to come to light.
ynen --zy γarba. The truth came to light.

ILEREGYL- / ИЛРҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of ilere-] To make clear, explain, declare; to reveal, publish, expose, unmask; to try in court, give a hearing.

--yn γarγaxu. To explain, reveal, bring to light, unmask, expose.
kymyn y γabij-a ji --ky. To make a person's merits known.
udx-a ji --ky. To reveal or explain the meaning.

ILEREL / ИЛРЭЛ



n. Representation, expression, manifestation.

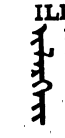
ILERKEI / ИЛЭРХИЙ



adj. Evident, clear, distinct; open, obvious, conspicuous , public; distinctive, concrete.

-- ber. Clearly, plainly, evidently, obviously, publicly, frankly, candidly.
-- bolγaxu. To make clear or evident.
-- emci. Skilled or learned physician.
-- todu. Clear, intelligible.
-- todurxai. Clear, plain, distinct.

ILERKEIKEN / ИЛЭРХИЙХЭН



adj. Rather clear, obvious, or evident.

ILERKEILE- / ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭХ

v.t. To uncover, lay open, disclose, reveal, explain; to express, declare; to assure; to report.

--n ailadxaxu bicig. Petition; report.

--ɑy øgky. To explain, make clear for someone.

batu --ky. To certify; a certificate, ticket, diploma, membership card.

bej-e ben --ky. To reveal oneself, appear (of a supernatural being).

kymyn dyr --n keleky. To clarify for someone.

sanal --ky. To express one's opinion.

ILERKEILEGDE- / ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of ilerkeile-.

ILERKEILEGYL- / ИЛЭРХИЙЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ilerkeile-.

ILERKEILEL / ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭЛ

[= ilerkeilelte] n. The act of ilerkeile-; report; tablet with a commendatory inscription granted by the Emperor; tablet with an inscription over the gates of palaces, temples, public places, stores, etc.; sign-board; promise, assurance.

ILERKEILELGE / ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭЛГЭ

n. Revelation (also relig.), manifestation ; explanation, manifesto; publicity.

ILERKEILELTE / ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭЛТ

See ilerkeilel.

ILETE / ИЛТ

See iledte.

ILEYR

See iligyr.

ILEZI- / ИЛЖИХ

v.i. To become clear, manifest, or evident.

ILГA- / ЯЛГАХ

v.t. To separate, assort; to classify, analyze, distinguish; to discern, discriminate, differentiate; to select the best.

--n sinzileky. To analyze.

--xu tølygen y yge. Indefinite pronoun.

--zu medeky. To know or understand clearly.

--zu tanixu. To distinguish and recognize.

--zu yzeky. To [be able to] distinguish clearly.

sain maɣu ji --xu. To distinguish good from bad.

xar-a caɣan i --xu. To expose, unmask; to distinguish right from wrong.

ynen xudal --xu. To distinguish between truth and untruth.

ILГABURI / ЯЛГАВАР

n. Distinction, difference, differentiation, discrimination; classification; peculiarity.

-- ygei. Without distinction or difference; indistinct[ly]; indeterminate[ly], indiscriminate[ly].

eregtei emegtei kemeky -- ygei [ber]. Irrespective of sex.

onca -- bykyi. Peculiar, particular, specific.

ILГABURILA- / ЯЛГАВАРЛАХ

v.t. To distinguish, differentiate, separate, assort, single out, classify.

--xu ygei ber. Without discriminating; irrespective of.

časin ba yndysy ji --xu ygei. Irrespective of religion and nationality.

ILГABURITAI / ЯЛГАВАРТАЙ

adj. Distinctive, characteristic, different.

-- -a. Differently, distinctly, peculiarly, particularly, in a distinguished manner.

-- yge. Clear words, words the meaning of which is clear.

ILГAГ-A / ЯЛГАА

n. Difference, distinction, differentiation, discrimination.

-- ygei. Without distinction or discrimination, identical.

ILГAГATAI / ЯЛГААТАЙ

adj. Dissimilar, different, distinct.

ILГAГCI / ЯЛГАГЧ

n. Sorter.

ILГAГDA- / ЯЛГАГДАХ

[v. pass. of ilɣa-] To be[come] singled out or left out; to be discriminated against.

ILГAГUL- / ЯЛГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of ilγa-.

ILГAL / ЯЛГАЛ
n. Difference, distinction.
-- ygei. Without difference, differentiation or distinction; no difference, identity.
ebyl zun -- ygei. Summer and winter are the same (as to climate); without differentiating winter or summer.
tein --. Grammatical case. See under tein.

ILГALГ-A / ЯЛГАЛГА
n. The act of distinguishing, discriminating, differentiating or sorting out.
-- medegdeky ygei. Indistinguishable.
-- ygei. Without difference, identical.

ILГALLA- / ЯЛГАЛЛАХ
v.t. To distinguish, differentiate; to decline (gram.).

ILГALTA / ЯЛГАЛТ
n. Difference.
-- ygei. The same, identical.

ILГAM / ЯЛГАМ
Same as ilγalta.

ILГAMAL / ЯЛГАМАЛ
[n.d. of ilγa-] adj. Different, diverse, distinct.

ILГAMZI / ЯЛГАМЖ
n. Difference, diversity; differentiation, discrimination; discernment; faculty of discriminating; partiality.
-- ygei. Indiscernible, not clear.
cikin dyr -- ygei. Indistinguishable to the ear.

ILГAMZILA- / ЯЛГАМЖЛАХ
v.t. To distinguish, discriminate; to examine, analyse.

ILГAMZILAГUL- / ЯЛГАМЖЛУУЛАХ
v.caus. of ilγamzila-.

ILГAMZITAI / ЯЛГАМЖТАЙ
adj. Different, diverse, distinct; able to discriminate; partial.
-- yge. Clear, intelligible words.

-- yzegdeky. To be clearly visible.

ILГARA- / ЯЛГАРАХ
v.i. To distinguish oneself, differ, be outstanding or distinguished; to be segregated or separated.
sain --xu ygei. Cannot be clearly distinguished.
xojar tegesi --xu. To become segregated or separated into two groups or categories.
yge --xu ygei. [his, etc.] words are indistinct.

ILГARAL / ЯЛГАРАЛ
n. Difference, differentiation.
anggi jin --. Class difference[s].

ILГARXAI / ЯЛГАРХАЙ
adj. Distinctive.

ILГUM
adj. Adroit, agile, alert, swift, brisk; speaking distincly or audibly; docile, tractable (as a horse); obliging, complaisant.
-- kymyn. Accommodating person.
-- mori. Docile horse.

ILGI / ИЛЭГ, ИЛГЭН
n. Suede, chamois leather.

ILGIDE- / ИЛГЭДЭХ
v.t. To trim with suede.

ILGILE- ИЛЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To prepare suede or chamois leather; to remove the hair from a hide, depilate.

ILGIRE- /
See ilgisi-.

ILGISI- / ИЛЭГШИХ
[= ilgire-] v.i. For the leather to be[come] softened and tanned.

ILI, 1. / ИЛ
n. A young deer, fawn.

ILI, 2. / ИЛИЙ
n.p. Ili district of Sinkiang.
-- mori. Horse from the Ili district.
-- xobdu. Kobdo.

ILI- / ИЛЭХ
[= ele- , 2, ile-,1] v.t. To caress, stroke with one's hand; to rub, massage.
--zy singgegeky. To rub in.

saxal ijen --ky. To stroke one's beard.

ILIDY(N) / ЮЛД



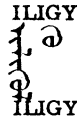
[= ilde] n. Ringworm, eczema, herpes (on the face).

ILIGI



[= ilege] n. Hemp, cannabis.

ILIGYL- / ИЛҮҮЛЭХ



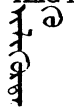
v. caus. of ili-.

ILIGYR / ИЛҮҮР



[= ilegyr, ileyr] n. Flatiron, iron for pressing.

ILIGYRDE- / ИЛҮҮРДЭХ



[= ilegyrde-] v.t. To iron (clothes).
xubcasu --ky. To iron clothes.

ILIJESY / ИЛЭЭС



n. Cement plaster, slaked lime (for the plaster); stucco; stucco work; bare plank-bed.

ILILE- / ИЛЛЭХ



[freq. of ili-] v.t. To touch, pet, or stroke repeatedly.

ILM-A



See ilam-a.

ILMAГAI / ЯЛАМГАЙ



adj. Weak-willed, irresolute, vacillating, fickle; cowardly.
-- kym¸n. Weak-minded or weak-willed person, weakling.

ILMAГAIDA- / ЯЛАМГАЙДАХ



See ilmaγaila-.

ILMAГAILA- / ЯЛАМГАЙЛАХ



v.i. To be weak-minded, undecided, irresolute.

ILMAГAIRA- / ЯЛАМГАЙРАХ



See ilmaγaila-.

ILMAГAIRAL / ЯЛАМГАЙРАЛ



n. The state of ilmaγaira-.

ILMAГALZA- / ЯЛАМГАЛЗАХ



v.i. To be weak-willed, undecided, or irresolute.

ILTE



adv. At one's own free will; freely; idly.

ILTEI



See eltei.

ILYGY



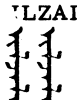
See ilegyy.

ILYY



Same as ilegyy.

ILZAL[A]- / ЯЛЗЛАХ



[= ilzil(a)-] v.t. To cause or allow to rot or decay; to boil until soft, overboil; to mash.
--zu cinaxu. To boil until soft, stew.

ILZARA / ЯЛЗРАХ



[= ilzira-] v.i. To rot, decay; to become soft or mushy from overboiling.
--γsan mix-a. Meat overcooked by boiling.

ILZARAГUL- / ЯЛЗРУУЛАХ



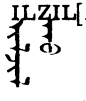
v. caus. of ilzara-.

ILZARXAI / ЯЛЗАРХАЙ



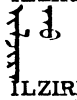
adj. Mushy, soft; rotten, decayed.
-- sibar. Slush.

ILZIL[A]-



See ilzal[a]-.

ILZIRA-



See ilzara-.

ILZIRE- / ИЛЖРЭХ



v.i. To rot, decay, spoil, deteriorate.
--gsen. Rotten, fusty, moldy.
--gsen mix-a. Spoiled meat.

ILZIREGYL- / ИЛЖРҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of ilzire- .

ILZIREL / ИЛЖРЭЛ



n. Putrescence, rot; decay, corruption; destruction.

ILZIRKEI / ИЛЖИРХИЙ



adj. Rotten, decayed, spoiled.

IM / ИМ

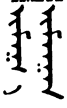


[= nim, im-e] n. Mark, sign, token, earmark (as of cattle, sheep); testicle.

-- zim ygei. Disappearing without a trace.

-- tamaγ-a. Brand, mark, stamp.

IMAГ-A(N) / ЯМАА



[= nimaγan] n. Goat.

-- buryasun. Rose willow, willow (Ch. ch'ang-liu 長柳).

-- geky dy temege geky. To speak about a camel while spoken to about a goat (proverb), i.e., to speak incongruously through thoughtlessness or contumacy.

-- gørygesyn. Wild goat (Ch. ch'ing - yang 青羊).

--n arca. Juniper, Juniperus sibirica.

--n boru. [Go.] A kind of tree with black bark and round leaves (Ch. shan-huai 山槐): Sophora Japonica (frequent in North China).

--n byrij-e. Conch (musical instrument).

--n siralzi. Wormwood, Artemisia scoparia.

--n u eber. Horn of a goat; Caryopteris mongolica (plant).

-- xaryan-a. Caragana pygmaea (plant).

em-e --. She - goat.

er-e --. Castrated male goat.

IMAГTA / ЯМАГТ



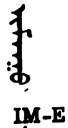
adv. Always, constantly; solely, uniquely; exceedingly.

-- terigyn ece . Since the very beginning.

caγ --. All the time; incessantly.

kezij-e --. All the time, unceasingly, continually.

IMAГU



n. Unit of measure approximately equal to one inch (Ch. ts'un 寸).

IM-E



See im.

IMEGE



See under cimege(n).

IMER- / ИМРЭХ

v.t. To twirl or rub between the fingers.

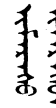
cayasu --ky. To twist or roll a piece of paper between the fingers.

IMEREGDESY / ИМРЭГДЭС



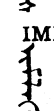
n. Small bits of string or thread; fuse, wick.

IMERESY(N)



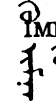
n. Short pieces of thread; tendrils of a trailing plant; sprouts; wick, linstock, fire - brand; fuse.

IMESKEL / ИМСГЭЛ



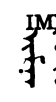
n. Feathers of an arrow.

IMLE- / ИМЛЭХ



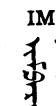
Same as imne-.

IMNE- / ИМНЭХ



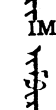
v.t. To earmark cattle (by cutting or punching).

IMNEGYL- / ИМНҮҮЛЭХ



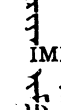
v. caus. of imne-.

IMPERIJALIS / ИМПЕРИАЛИСТ



Same as imperijalist.

IMPERIJALISM / ИМПЕРИАЛИЗМ



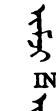
n. Imperialism.

IMPERIJALIST / ИМПЕРИАЛИСТ



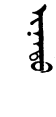
n. and adj. Imperialist, imperialistic.

IMZI / ИМЖ



n. Kangaroo.

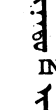
INADU / ЯНАД



[= nayadu] adj. and adv. Located on this side or here; nearest (local and temporal).

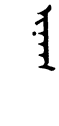
-- zax-a. This (the nearest) river bank, the river bank on which we are.

INADUKI / ЯНАДАХ



[= nayadukı] adj. Situated on this side; nearest.

INAГ / ЯНАГ



adj. and n. Beloved, darling; favorite; lover; friend; benevolence, affection.

-- amaray. Beloved; one who is in love; intimate.

-- amaray dayu. Love song.

-- amaray un zokijal. Romantic story, love story.

-- sedkil. Affection.
-- un tngri. God of love.

INAГLA- / ЯНАГЛАХ
v.t. and i. To love, like, be fond of, fall in love with; to bear one good will; to favor; to be[come] close, intimate, friendly.

INAГLAГCÍ / ЯНАГЛАГЧ
n. Lover.

INAГLAГUL- / ЯНАГЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of inaγla-.

INAГLAL / ЯНАГЛАЛ
n. Love, affection, favor, benevolence, good will.

INAГLALCA- / ЯНАГЛАЛЦАХ
[v. coop. of inaγla-] To love each other.

INAГLALTAI / ЯНАГЛАЛТАЙ
[= inaγlaltu] adj. Favorite, beloved, dear.

INAГSI / ЯНАГШ
[= naγasi] adv. Hither, to this place, here (with verbs of motion); since, until now, to date.
-- cinaγsi. Back and forth; to and fro, both ways.
-- cinaγsi jabuxu. To walk to and fro; to have social intercourse.
-- ireky. To come here.
egyn ece --. Henceforth, henceforward, for the future.
erten ece --. From ancient times.
tegyn ece --. Since then, ever since.

INAГSIDA / ЯНАГШИД
adv. Here, hither, on this side, nearer, closer; up to here; as far as this.
tørygsen ece --. From the time of birth.

INAГSIKI / ЯНАГШХЬ
Close or near; located or situated on this side.

INAГSILA- / ЯНАГШЛАХ
v.i. To approach, come near, move hither; to get better, improve (of health).

INAГSIXAN / ЯНАГШХАН
adv. A little nearer to this side; before the end of.

INAГTAI / ЯНАГТАЙ
[= inaγtu] adj. Beloved, dear, darling, friendly; Veronica longifolia, speedwell (plant).

INALIГ
Same as inaγ.

INARU / ЯНАР
postpos. Before, until (with gen. prec.); since.
arban u --. Before the tenth (of the month).
ekilegsen ece --. From the very beginning.
ireky jin --. Before coming or arrival.

INASI
Same as inaγsi.

INCAГA- / ЯНЦГААХ
[= ingcaγa-] v.i. To neigh, whinny.

INCAГALГ-A / ЯНЦГААЛГА
n. Neighing.

INCAГLA- / ЯНЦАГЛАХ
[= ingcaγla-] v.i. To groan, moan; to neigh; to tremble, shake.

INCI / ИНЧ
n. Snapping with the fingers, fillip (usually with the middle finger).

INCID- / ИНЧДЭХ
[--xu or --ky, = nincid-] v.i. To snap the fingers.

INDER / ИНДЭР
[= jender] n. Stage, pedestal, platform, foundation, elevation, stand; (instructor's) chair, pulpit.
-- yn køl. Support or prop of a platform.
-- yn xural. Mass meeting.
sirui jin --. Terrace.

INDR-A NILA
[S. indra-nila] n. Emerald, sapphire.

INDU-
[= intu-] v.t. To unite, join, gather; to make an agreement or contract; to consult, confer.

INDULDU-
[v. rec. of indu-] v.t. To make an agreement, stipulate.
mayu sedkil ijer --xu. To agree upon an insidious plan.

INDYSTRI / ИНДУСТРИ
n. Industry.
-- jin. Industrial.

INDYSTRICILA- / ИНДУСТРИЧЛАХ
v.t. To industrialize.

INEGE-
See inije-.

INENGGI
n. A kind of fish (Ch. hsiao-yü 鮹魚).

ING, 1. / ИН(Г)
n. Bacteria, microbe.
-- xoruxai. Bacteria, microbe.

ING, 2. / ИН(Г)
n. Mania.
xulayai --. Kleptomania.

ING, 3. / ИН(Г)
n. Cylindrical stone roller for threshing grain; millstone.
-- yn tosxuyur cilayun. The lower millstone.
yker --. The larger millstone.

INGBU
n. A pass for traveling over the system of relay stations.
zam un -- bicig. As above.

INGCAГA-
See incaya-.

INGCAГLA-
See incayla-.

INGDE- / ИНДЭХ
v.t. To grind, mill.

tarij-a --ky. To grind grain.

INGDEGYL- / ИНДҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ingde-.

INGGE(N) / ИНГЭ(Н)
n. Female camel.
--n temege. Female camel.

INGGEGYKEN / ИНГҮҮХЭН
adj. Sarcastic, caustic.
-- yge. Caustic remarks, sarcasm; proverb, common saying, moral (of a fable); circulating rumours.

INGGI- / ИНГЭХ
[Contraction of ein + geky] v.t. To do thus, in this manner.
--zy. So, thus, in this way or manner.
--zy cinggizy. By this or that means, in various ways ; in some way or other.

INGTUUR / ИНТООР
[Ch. ying-t'ao 櫻桃] n. Cherry.

INGZI / ИНЖ
[= inzi] n. Dowry, trousseau; serfs as part of the dowry.
-- dayayuluysan kymys. People as part of the dowry.
-- dayayulxu. To be sent as dowry (serfs).
-- mal. Livestock given as a dowry.

INGZILE- / ИНЖЛЭХ
[= inzile-] v.t. To give a dowry.

INIBELZE-
v.i. To laugh; to smile.

INIGE-
See inije-.

INIJE- / ИНЭЭХ
[= inege-, inige-] v.i. To laugh, chuckle.
dayuu aldan --ky. To burst into laughter.
elige køsitel-e --ky. To be convulsed with laughter.
nilbusu yartal-a --ky. To laugh until tears come.

INIJECEGE-

[v. pl. of inije-] To laugh (of many people together).

INIJEDY(N) / ИНЭЭД(ЭН)

[= inijedym] n. Laughter, smile; joke; laughingstock.

-- aldaxu. To roar with laughter, burst into laughter.

-- barixu. To mock, make fun of someone.

-- bolxu. To become a laughingstock.

-- γarγaxu. To make a joke, make laugh.

-- kyrgeky. To provoke laughter.

-- naγadum. Joke, fun, pleasantry.

INIJEDYM / ИНЭЭДЭМ

See inijedy(n).

INIJEDYMCI / ИНЭЭДЭМЧ

n. Joker, merry-andrew.

INIJEDYTEI / ИНЭЭДТЭЙ

adj. Funny, humorous, laughable, ridiculous.

-- yliger. Funny story.

INIJELCE- / ИНЭЭЛЦЭХ

v. coop. of inije-.

INIJELDY- / ИНЭЭЛДЭХ

v. rec. of inije-.

INIJELGE- / ИНЭЭЛГЭХ

[v. caus. of inije-] To cause to laugh, make laugh.

--ky kei. Laughing gas.

--ky zøcyge. Comedy.

INIJEMSIG

Same as inijemsyg.

INIJEMSYG / ИНЭЭМСЭГ

n. and adj. Smile; smiling.

INIJEMSYGLE- / ИНЭЭМСЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To smile.

INIJEMSYGLEL / ИНЭЭМСЭГЛЭЛ

n. Smile.

INTERNAČIONAL / ИНТЕРНАЦИОНАЛ

n. and adj. International.

-- yzelten. Internationalist.

INTERNAČIONALCILA- / ИНТЕРНАЦИОНАЛЧЛАХ

v.t. To internationalize.

INTU-

See indu-.

INU

Originally the genitive form of the extinct pronoun i, he, she, it. It has almost completely lost its pronominal meanings, and is used postpositionally to indicate that what precedes it is the syntactical subject of a sentence. Cf. anu.

INZAГ-A / ЯНЗГА

n. The young of the antelope or wild goat.

INZAГALA- / ЯНЗГАЛАХ

v.i. To bear young (of antelopes and wild goats).

INZENER / ИНЖЕНЕР

n. Engineer.

INZI

See ingzi.

INZILE-

See ingzile-.

IR / ИР

n. Blade, edge of a knife.

IR-

v.i. To fill up; to pack; to heap up; to crowd. [Gu.] To be folded (as a hem).

IRA- / ЯРАХ

v.t. To expose; to open wide, thrust or draw open; to cut open; to draw back (as a covering).

cegezi ben --xu. To expose one's chest; to speak frankly.

køsige --xu. To draw open a curtain.

IRAГ-A

n. Ripples on the surface of water.

IRAГALA- / ЯРААЛАХ
[= irala-, iraγatu-] v.i. To ripple, bubble (of water); to undulate (as water just before boiling).

IRAГATU- / ЯРААТАХ
See iraγala-.

IRAГLA- / ЯРАГЛАХ
v.i. To sob, whimper, weep, cry.

IRAГU / ЯРУУ
n. and adj. Melodious sound; agreeable or pleasant sound; harmony; harmonious, melodious; singer (obs.).
-- ajalγu. Agreeable sound, pleasant melody; melody, harmony.
-- aldar. Great fame, glory, renown.
-- busu. Discordant, dissonant (of sound).
-- dαγu. Melodious voice, agreeable sound, musical note, tone; tune.
-- nairαγ. Poetry.
-- nairαγci. Poet.
-- nairαγuluγci. Fiction writer, writer of belles lettres; poet.
-- saixan dαγutai. Having a melodious voice.
-- ujangγ-a. Harmony, melody.
-- zirgigci. Golden oriole.
-- zokijal. Belles lettres, poetry.

IRAГUDA / ЯРУУД
adv. Melodiously, harmoniously.

IRAГUI / ЯРГУЙ
n. Anemone (plant).

IRAГUL- / ЯРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of ira-.

IRAГUTU / ЯРУУТ
adj. Melodious; harmonious.
-- dαγu. Harmonious or pleasant song.

IRALA-
See iraγala-.

IRALГ-A
n. Ripples on the surface of water; wrinkles on the forehead.

IRALZA- / ЯРАЛЗАХ
v.i. To sparkle, shine.

--γsan caγan sidy. Gleaming white teeth.

IRBAГANA- / ЯРАВГАНАХ
v.i. To make grimaces, wrinkle one's forehead; to be supercilious or haughty.

IRBAI- / ЯРВАЙХ
v.t. and i. To wrinkle, pucker, purse; to knit one's eyebrows, make grimaces, make a sour face; to be supercilious.

IRBALZA- / ЯРВАЛЗАХ
Same as irbaγana-.

IRBELZE- / ИРВЭЛЗЭХ
v.i. For tears to well up; to be about to cry.

IRBIGINE- / ИРВЭГНЭХ
v.i. To have the sensation of hair touching or insects creeping on one's skin.

IRBIS / ИРВЭС
n. Panther, leopard.

IRCI
adv. To the full, to the brim; completely.

IRE- / ИРЭХ
a) v.i. To come, arrive, approach.
--gci. Comer, one who comes.
--ge edyi. Has or have not come; see also the contracted form iregedyi.
--ge ygei. Has or have not come.
--gsen kymyn. One who came.
--ky caγ. Future tense (gram).
--ky sar-a. Next month.

b) aux. verb indicating the direction (in space or time) toward the speaker.
baγuzu --ky. To climb down, come down.
bolzu --ky. To come into being; to become.
dabkizu --ky. To come galloping.
gyjyzy --ky. To come running.
kereglegseger --ky. To come into use.

c) Idiomatic use.
tanizu --ky. To come to know.

IREGEDYI / ИРЭЭДҮЙ
[= ire + ge + edyi] adj. Future, coming.
-- caγ. Future time or tense.

IREGYL / ИРҮҮЛ

n. That which prompts to come, allures, entices; whistle for alluring birds; decoy bird put in a cage to entice other birds for capture; call, calling out.

IREGYL- / ИРҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of ire-] To let come, call, send for.
urizu --ky. To invite to come.
xariyu --ky. To send ar answer.

IRELTE / ИРЭЛТ

n. The act of coming, arrival.

IRELZI / ИРЭЛЖ

n. Ripples on the surface of water.

IRГA- / ЯРГАХ

v.t. and i. To dig a hole; to burrow (of animals); to hide in a burrow.

IRГAГA- / ЯРГААХ

v.t. To oppose, talk back, talk against.

IRГAI / ЯРГАЙ

n. Cotoneaster malanocarpa (plant).

IRГALA-

Same as irayla- .

IRГAMZI

Same as aryamzi.

IRГU-

v.i. For the eyes to itch or ache (as when irritated by dust).

IRGE, 1. / ИРЭГ

n. Castrated ram, , wether.

IRGE, 2.

[Go.] n. Narrow band of felt encircling the base of a yurt.

IRGE, 3.

-- jin ger. Buildings flanking the gate, utility building[s].

IRGE-

v.t. To fill up, heap up, stuff; to pack.

IRGEN / ИРГЭН

[Ma. irgen] n. People, subject, citizen; Chinese (coll.).
-- kymyn. Chinese (subst.).
-- y. Civil.
-- y dain. Civil war.
dumdadu -- ulus. Republic of China.
eregyy jin ba -- y kereg. Civil and criminal cases (in court).

IRGENSIL / ИРГЭНШИЛ

n. Civilization.

IRGEREKYY / ИРГЭРХҮҮ

adj. Chinese-like, Sinicized (said of a Mongol who has adopted Chinese ways and manners).

IRGERKEG

adj. Chinese-like, Sinicized.

IRGEYL

n. Turned rim, edge , or brim; turned edges of tiles used for fitting the tiles together.

IRGEYLTEI / ИРГҮҮЛТЭЙ

adj. Having an edge or turned rim.
-- var-a. Border tile[s].

IRIM

n. Pus (obs.).

IRKE

n. Backside, posterior; cattle louse.

IRKIRE- / ИРХРЭХ

v.i. To growl, snarl; to bare one's teeth (of dogs).

IRLE- / ИРЛЭХ

v.t. To sharpen, make a sharp edge.

IRM-A

-- modu. [Ko.] Pepper tree (Ch. hua-chiao-shu 花椒树).

IRME- / ИРМЭХ

v.i. To blink, wink.
nidy --ky jin zayur-a. An instant, moment, instantly.

IRMEG / ИРМЭГ



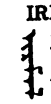
n. Edge, border; fringe; upper border or rim; brink of ravine; shore.
-- ijer jabuxu. To walk along the edge, brink or rim.
γoul un --. River bank.
siregen y --. Edge of a table.

IRMEGLE- / ИРМЭГЛЭХ



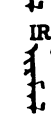
v.t. and i. To trim (a garment); to move along the edge, border, or bank.
--zy jabuxu. To walk along the border or bank.
γoul --zy jabuxu. To walk along a river.

IRMELKILE- / ИРМЭЛХИЙЛЭХ



To blink or wink frequently, nictitate.

IRMELTE / ИРМЭЛТ



n. Winking, blinking.

IRMELZE- / ИРМЭЛЗЭХ



v.i. To blink.

IRTAI- / ЯРТАЙХ



v.i. To sneer, wear a contemptuous expression.

IRTEI / ИРТЭЙ



adj. Having an edge, sharp.
xojar --. Double-edged.
xojar -- syke. Double-edged hatchet or axe.
xurca -- cilaγu. A sharp-edged stone.

IRTINCY



Same as jirtincy.

IRU-A / ЕР



[= iruu-a, irv-a] n. Foreboding, bad omen, premonition.
-- belgecin. Diviner, prophet, fortuneteller.
maγu --. Bad sign, bad omen.
sain --. Good sign or omen.

IRUCI / ЕРЧ

n. Fortuneteller, diviner.

IRUΓAL / ЕРООЛ

See iruγar.

IRUΓAR / ЕРООЛ

[= iruγal] n. Bottom; ground, foundation, base; root; foot of a mountain.

-- i inu aγudalaxu. To investigate the deeper causes or reasons.
-- ygei. Bottomless; incomprehensible, inscrutable.
baγan-a jin --. Pedestal or base of a column.
baising un --. Foundation of a house.
tngri jin --. Horizon.

IRULA- / ЕРЛОХ

v.t. To presage, portend; to curse.

IRUU-A



See iru-a.

IRV-A

See iru-a.

IRY-

Same as ir-.

IRYGE- / ЕРӨӨХ

v.t. and i. To wish well, bless, pray; to felicitate; to propose a toast.
irygel --ky. To give a blessing, offer felicitations.
kymyn i --ky. To give somebody a blessing.
zorin --ky. To wish good luck or success.

IRYGEDYN



Same as irygel.

IRYGEL / ЕРӨӨЛ

[= iryger] n. The act of blessing, benediction; prayer, praying; invocation (in favor of one); benevolence, graciousness.
-- talbixu. To make a wish, wish well, bless, pray.
buruγu --. Invocation of evil, curse.
xoitu tøryl degen dakin er-e em-e bolxu jin -- ji talbixu. To take a vow to become again husband and wife in the next incarnation.

IRYGELCE- / ӨРӨӨЛЦӨХ

[v. coop. of iryge-] To bless or pray for each other; mutually to make solemn wishes for good fortune.

IRYGELTEI / ЕРӨӨЛТЭЙ

[= irygelty] adj. Predestined, blessed, fortunate.

IRYGER



See irygel.

IRZAГANA- / ЯРЗГАНАХ



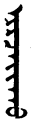
v.i. For a row or group of small objects to move or appear; for teeth to show; to consist of many small pieces.

IRZAГAR / ЯРЗГАР



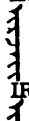
adj. Showing teeth, gaping; having protruding teeth.

IRZAI- / ЯРЗАЙХ



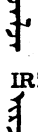
v.i. For a row or group of small objects to move or appear; for teeth to show; to grin, sneer.

IRZAILГA- / ЯРЗАЙЛГАХ



[v. caus. of irzai-] v.t. To bare one's teeth.

IRZALZA- / ЯРЗАЛЗАХ



v.i. To smile, smirk, simper; to show one's teeth.

IRZASKI- / ЯРЗАСХИЙХ



v.i. To smile, smirk, simper.

IRZIGINE- / ИРЖИГНЭХ



v.i. To produce a noise by moving an object over a rough surface.

IRZIGIR / ИРЖГЭР



adj. Grainy, rough.

IRZII- / ИРЖИЙХ



v.i. To become rough or grainy.

IRZIILGE- / ИРЖИЙЛГЭХ



v. caus. of irzii- .

IS- / ЭСЭХ; ИСЭХ



v.i. To ferment, turn sour; to rise (of dough); to oxidize.

--ygsen syn. Milk which has turned sour.

ISAN-A



[S. Içāna, = erke tegylder] adj. and n. Invested with full power, powerful; sovereign, master.

ISEGEI / ЭСГИЙ



[= esegei] n. Felt.

-- daruγci. Maker of felt.
-- daruxu. To make felt.
-- debisker. Felt rug.
-- γutul. Felt boots.
-- kiky. To make felt.
-- tuγurγatan. Mongols (lit.: felt tent dwellers).

ISEGEIRE- / ЭСГИЙРЭХ



v.i. For fibres of wool, cotton, etc. to become matted and lumpy.

ISEL-



Same as isyl-.

ISERGEN-E



Same as esergen-e.

ISERI / ИСЭР



n. Stool, tabouret, bench.

ISI



See esi, 1.

ISIГUN



-- yge. Bad language, invective.

ISIGE(N) / ИШИГ



[= esige] n. Kid, young goat.

ISIRGEN-E



Same as esergen-e.

ISIY



n. Boil, furuncle, abcess.

ISKE- / ЭСГЭХ, ИСГЭХ



[v. caus. of is-] To allow or cause to ferment, turn sour or curdle; to leaven.
--ky eke. Yeast, barm.
--ky køryngge. Ferment, leaven.
γulir --ky. To set dough for rising.
syn --ky. To allow the milk to sour.

ISKEGYL- / ЭСГҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of iske-] To allow to sour; to leaven.

ISKEGYR / ЭСГҮҮР



n. Leaven, ferment, yeast.

ISKEL / ЭСГЭЛ



n. The process of fermentation.

-- tørygylygci. Oxygen.
-- yn zai. Oxygen.

ISKELENG
See iskyleng.

ISKELTE
n. Fermentation.

ISKERY-
See iskire-.

ISKIRE- / ИСГЭРЭХ
[= iskery-] v.t. To whistle.

ISKIREGE / ИСГЭРЭЭ
n. The act or sound of whislting.

ISKYCE- / ӨШИГЧИХ
v.t. To strike or kick with the feet frequently or continually.

ISKYL- / ӨШИГЛӨХ
[= øskele-, øskyl[e]-] v.t. To trample under one's feet, step on, kick; to push against with the foot.
esergyy --kɣ. To kick against.

ISKYLBYRI / ӨШИГЛӨВӨР
n. Spring (mech.).

ISKYLENG / ЭСГЭЛЭН
[= iskeleng] adj. and n. Acid; fermented, sour; something fermenting, something turned sour.
-- airaɣ. Fermenting kumiss.
-- syn. Sour or clabbered milk.
-- ynyr. Sour odor.

ISKYLGE / ӨШИГЛӨГӨ
[= øskilge] n. Kick.

ISKYLGYR / ӨШИГЛҮҮР
n. Pedal.

ISKYLYGYL- / ӨШИГЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of iskyl-.

ISY / ИС
n. and adj. Soot, black.
-- torɣ-a. Black satin.

ISYL- / ИСЛЭХ
v.i. To turn sour, ferment.

ISYLTE / ЭСЭЛТ, ИСЭЛТ
n. Leaven, yeast.

ITAIU / ЯТУУ
n. Partridge.

ITALI / ИТАЛИ
n.p. and adj. Italy; Italian.
-- ulus. Italy.

ITE
n. Jay (bird). [Gu.] Hoopoe, Upupa.

ITEGE- / ИТГЭХ
v.i. To believe, trust, rely on; to hope.
--zy sedkiky. To put faith in.
burxan dur --ky. To believe in Buddha.
kycyn cidal du --ky. To rely on power.
tuslamzi du --ky. To hope for help.
yge dy --ky. To take on trust.

ITEGEGDE- / ИТГЭГДЭХ
[v. pass. of itege-] To enjoy confidence.

ITEGEGYL- / ИТГҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of itege-] To make believe, inspire faith, convince.

ITEGEL / ИТГЭЛ
n. Faith, trust; confidence, conviction; refuge; protector, patron, guardian, chief, head; (often) the Buddha or Mahākāla, "the Great Black One " (one of the aspects of the Indian Shiva),the special protector of Mongolia and the Mongols.
-- aldaxu. To lose confidence or trust.
-- batutai. Having firm convictions, firmly believing.
-- ebdɛky. To break faith.
-- kyndy. Trust, esteem; authority.
-- tøryky. For faith to originate or develop.
-- ygei. Unbelieving ; untrustworthy, unreliable; disbelief; disbeliever.
amitan u --. Protector of all living (animate) creatures; saint, deity; the Buddha.
jirtincy jin --. Protector or refuge of the world : the Buddha.

ITEGELTEI / ИТГЭЛТЭЙ

[= itegelty] adj. True, reliable, trustworthy, loyal; believing, believer.

-- nøkyr. Trustworthy friend.

-- tysig. Reliable support.

ITEGELTY / ИТГЭЛТ

See itegeltei.

ITEGEMZI / ИТГЭМЖ

n. Trust, faith, conviction; confidence, loyalty.

-- baraxu. To lose the trust or confidence of others.

-- jin bicig. Warrant, charter (document).

-- kyndy. Trust, esteem, authority.

-- kyndytei. Enjoying confidence; authoritative.

-- ygei. One who cannot be belived or trusted, unreliable, untrustworthy, disloyal, incredulous.

ITEGEMZILE- / ИТГЭМЖЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To trust, believe in, have confidence in; to rely on.

--ky bicig. Credentials.

--ky xaγudasu. Written authorization, warrant.

--ky ziγuxu bicig. Diplomatic credentials.

ITEGEMZILEGYL- / ИТГЭМЖЛҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of itegemzile-] To cause to trust, inspire confidence; to convince.

ITEGEMZILEL / ИТГЭМЖЛЭЛ

n. Trust, confidence,

-- kylijeky. To enjoy somebody's confidence.

ITEGEMZITEI / ИТГЭМЖТЭЙ

[= itegemzity] adj. True, reliable, deserving confidence.

ITEGEMZITY / ИТГЭМЖИТ

See itegemzitei.

-- xorsij-a. Credit co-operative.

ITEGESI / ИТГЭШ

-- ygei. Incredible, unbelievable; unreliable.

ITELGY

n. Gyrfalcon.

ITYGEN

See etygen.

IZACI-

v.i. To thicken, condense; to coagulate, curdle; to burst, break open.

IZAΓUR / ЯЗГУУР

n., adj. and adv. Root, basis, foundation; origin, beginning; genesis, genealogy, descent, extraction; caste (Indian); once [upon a time].

-- doruitaγsan. Degenerated.

-- ece. From the beginning; originally; long since, from time immemorial, of yore, since olden times.

-- kiged tailburi. Text and commentary.

-- maxabud. Element (chem.).

-- uγsaγ-a. Origin, extraction.

-- un. Old (belonging to the original stock); ancestral, patriarchal, tribal; radical, fundamental.

-- un caγ. Ancient times, antiquity.

-- ygei. Without beginning or foundation; unknown, ignoble, of low birth or family, humble.

-- yndysy. Beginning, commencement, origin; national.

aimaγ --. Race, family, tribe.

degedy --. Illustrious origin, noble family.

maγu --. Low or humble origin.

modun u -- a. Under a tree.

yge jin --. Root of a word.

IZAΓURTAI / ЯЗГУУРТАЙ

[= izaγurtu] adj. [Having a] beginning, original, fundamental; well-born, of illustrious or noble birth.

IZAΓURTAN / ЯЗГУУРТАН

n. and adj. Those who belong to a noble family or clan; aristocrats; illustrious, noble or celebrated (of a plurality of persons).

-- u kybegyn. Young man of noble birth.

degedy --. Member[s] of the noblest family or families.

IZAΓURTU / ЯЗГУУРТ

See izaγurtai.

sain --. Well-born, of illustrious or noble birth.

IZALA- / ЯЗЛАХ

v.t. To allow to thicken , coagulate or curgle; to cause to burst or break open.

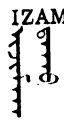
IZAMAГ / ЯЗМАГ



[= izimaγ] n. Condensed liquid; sediment or coagulated substances suspended in liquid.

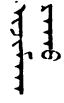
syn y -- . Curds forming when making ørym-e, q.v.

IZAMAГDA- / ЯЗМАГДАХ



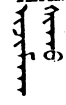
v.i. To become thick, coagulate, curdle.

IZAMAГRA- / ЯЗМАГРАХ



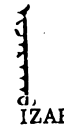
v.i. To become thick, coagulate, curdle.

IZAMAГSI- / ЯЗМАГШИХ



v.i. To become thick, coagulate, curdle.

IZARA- / ЯЗРАХ



v.i. To thicken, condense, coagulate, curdle; to burst or break open.

IZARAL / ЯЗРАЛ



n. The process of izara-.

IZI / ИЖ



adj. and n. Complete; total, complete quantity; a number of things of the same kind, set, unit.

IZIL, 1. / ИЖИЛ



n. and adj. One of a pair or complete set; peer; fellow, companion; belonging to the same herd; of the same color; accustomed to or familiar with each other; same, identical, equal.

-- busu. Odd, not even, unpaired.

-- ece salγaxu. To break (as a set).

-- mori. A pair of horses of the same color; two horses always together.

-- sibaγu. Mandarin duck, Anas galericula.

-- ygeí. Odd, not even, not paired; unparalled, unmatched.

-- yge. jeke. Unmatched in size, very large.

egege -- . Completely alike.

IZIL, 2. / ИЖИЛ



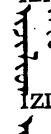
n. The Volga river.

IZILID- / ИЖИЛДЭХ



v.i. To get used to, become friends, be in harmony or sympathize with; to be too similar; to be too familiar; to belong to the same group, herd, or breed (of cattle).

IZILIDKE- / ИЖИЛТГЭХ



[v. caus. of izilid-] v.t. To join, unite, mix.

IZILSE- / ИЖИЛСЭХ



v.i. To join a company or herd; to make friends with others; to be alike.

IZILSI- / ИЖИЛШИХ



See izilse-.

IZILTEI / ИЖИЛТЭЙ



[= izilty] adj. Complete, entire, total; (one) who is or becomes accustomed; belonging to the same kind or herd (of cattle).

IZILTY / ИЖИЛТ



See iziltei.

IZIMAГ



See izamaγ.

IZITEI / ИЖТЭЙ



adj. Complete, completed; connected, put together.

J

JAB, 1. / ЯВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable ja.

-- jaγan. Very pink.

JAB, 2. / ЯВ

adv. Exactly, just right.

-- getel-e. Exactly, just right.

-- kizy. Exactly, precisely, just right, close-fitting.

-- tab. Exactly.

JABAΓALA-

See jabuγ-la-.

JABAΓAN

See jabuγan.

JABAΓARA-

See jabuγara-.

JABAI / ЯВАЙ

n. Appearance, aspect, look.

-- maγutai. Having a poor or sickly appearance.

-- ygei. Bad looking.

JABALAΓ

n. A kind of small bird resembling the owl. [Gu.] Sores on a horse's back which are difficult to heal.

-- γalaγu. Osprey, fish-hawk.

JABSI- / ЯВШИХ

v.i. To bark; to gabble; to make no secret of one's intentions; to speak frankly.

JABSIΓUR / ЯВШУУР

n. and adj. Babbler; talkative; frank.

JABU- / ЯВАХ

v.i. a) To go; to walk; to depart, go away.

--zu ocixu. To go on foot (a definite destination implied or expressed).

amuralta ber --xu. To go on furlough.

daγaγulun --xu. To take somebody along.

daγazu --xu. To follow something or somebody. See also b).

dutaγazu --xu. To flee, run away.

mori ber --xu. To go on horseback.

sain -- ! Bon voyage! See also b).

sidar --xu. To be a personal attendant or a member of a retinue.

terge ber --xu. To go by car or cart.

b) To act or conduct oneself as, live as, lead the life of; to be; to move, play (chess, cards).

--γsan jabudal. Actions or deeds performed; service record.

... bolzu --xu. To live as.

cing-ynen ijer --xu. To act with honesty and justice.

daγazu --xu. To act in conformity with. See also a).

daruγ-a --xu. To act as or be a chief.

er-e em-e bolzu --xu. To live as husband and wife, be married.

mendy --xu. To be healthy.

nairaltai amaraγ --xu. To live in harmony and peace.

sain inaγ --xu. To live in close friendship.

sain --xu. To lead a good life. See also a).

zalaγu --xu. To be young.

zarliγ ijer --xu. To act in accordance with the command.

c) As an auxiliary verb it denotes the idea of continuity of the action or state expressed by the main verb. With verbs of motion it usually expresses direction away.

kereglezy --xu. To be using, keep using.

kyndylezy --xu. To keep in esteem.

niscy --ba. [It] flew away.

JABUCA / ЯВЦ

n. Process; progress; tempo, course, speed.

-- saitai. Progressing well; effective; marketable.

-- ygei. Ineffective; unmarketable.

azil un --. Progress of work.

xurdun --. Speed (speaking , e.g., of work in progress).

JABUDAL / ЯВДАЛ

n. a) The act of going or walking; walk, gait, motion, movement.

-- xataγu. Of hard gait (horse).
-- ygei. Unable to walk.

b) Act, action, deed; process, procedure; situation; practice, conduct; incident, event, occurrence, matter, affair; forms abstract nouns, esp. when preceded by nom. fut.

-- bolxu. For an affair, condition or problem to arise or develop.
-- du siγurxai. Decisive in acting, constant in work.
-- maγu kymyn. Immoral person.
-- un baica. The circumstances or conditions of an affair.
barixu -- . The act of building; construction.
berke --. Difficult matter or affair.
bicig ygei -- . Illiteracy.
eimy -- γarxu abasu. If such a thing should happen, if such a situation should arise.
mønggyn y -- . Financial affairs, finances.
sain --. Good deed or conduct.
sinedken øgerecileky --. Reorganization.
tusaγar toγtanixu --. Independence, sovereignty.
xamaγalaxu -- . Defense, protection.
xubiscal un --. Revolutionary movement, revolution.
zøgelen -- . Mild or gentle manners.

JABUDALTAI / ЯВДАЛТАЙ

[= jabudaltu] adj. Behaving in a certain manner.
γaziγu -- . Dissolute, debauched.
sain -- kymyn. Good-mannered person; virtuous person.
xataγu -- . Hard-mouthed (horse).
zøgelen -- . Soft-mouthed (horse).

JABUDALTU / ЯВДАЛТ

See jabudaltai.

JABUGALA- / ЯВГАЛАХ

[= jabaγala-] v.i. To go on foot, walk.
--zu ireky. To come on foot.

JABUGAN / ЯВГАН

[= jabaγan] adj. and adv. Pedestrian; on foot; smallish, petty, short.
-- cerig. Infantryman, infantry.
-- ijer. On foot.
-- ijer jabuxu. To go on foot, walk.
-- keregyl. Petty squabbles.
-- kymyn. Pedestrian.
-- saγuxu. To squat, sit upon the hams or heels.

-- siralži. Artemisia Adamsii.
-- sirege. Low rectangular table.
-- yliger. Short story.
-- zam. Sidewalk.
-- ziγsaγal. Dismounted formation.

JABUGAR / ЯВГААР

[= jabuγan + ijer] adv. On foot.

JABUGARA- / ЯВГАРАХ

[= jabaγara-] v.i. To lose one's horse, be forced to travel on foot.

JABUGDA- / ЯВАГДАХ

[v. pass. of jabu-] To be carried out or effected.
ene azil --xu ygei. This work does not move on.
jambar cu tølyblege ygei ber --zu bui. [It] is carried through without any plan.
zøb zirum ijer --xu. To be effectuated according to the correct principles.

JABUGUL- / ЯВУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of jabu-] a) To cause to go; to send, dispatch.
--uγci. Sender.
kymyn ijer yge --xu. To send word or a message by someone.
tomilan --xu. To delegate, send out on official business.

b) To cause or allow to live.

maγu samaγun ijer --xu. To allow to lead a dissolute life.

c) To carry out or through, execute, put into practice; to wind up (a watch, etc.).

--xu arγ-a. Method, tactics.
kampani --xu. To carry out a campaign.
sinecilen --xu. To reform, renew, reorganize.
ulus un zasaγ i --xu. To administer a government.
xural i --xu. To conduct a meeting.

JABUGULUGDA- / ЯВУУЛАГДАХ

[v. pass. of jabuγul-] To be sent or dispatched, carried out, executed.

JABUGULULG-A / ЯВУУЛЛАГА

n. Action, conduct, measure, practice; procedure; campaign; machinations, intrigues.
-- kiky. To promote; to contrive.
arγ-a -- ud. Measures, steps.
azil -- . Act, activity, operations.
cerig yn -- . Military operations.

JABULCA- / ЯВАЛЦАХ

[v. coop. of jabu-] To go, walk, leave together; to communicate with, be connected with.

--γci. Fellow traveler, companion.

inaγsi cinaγsi --xu. To visit back and forth.

JABULCAГCI / ЯВАЛЦАГЧ

n. Travel companion.

JABULDU- / ЯВАЛДАХ

[v. rec. of jabu-] To have sexual intercourse.

JABULГ-A / ЯВЛАГА

n. The act of walking or going; departure.

JABULTA / ЯВАЛТ

n. The act of going; procession, train, walk, gait.

JABUMAГAI / ЯВАМГАЙ

adj. Inclined or able to walk; tending to stray (of animals).

JABUSI / ЯВШ

-- ygei. Not fit for walking (because of danger), impassable (road).

-- ygei zam. Impassable road.

JABUSITAI / ЯВШТАЙ

adj. Passable (road, etc.).

JABUXUN

[pre-classical pl. of jabuxui] n.pl. Those who will go.

JADA- / ЯДАХ

v.i. To have no strength or power; to exhaust; to be in need; to suffer; to be unable.

--n zobaxu. To suffer.

--xu du. At least.

--xu ygei. Not being unable; perhaps; untiring.

--zu jabuxu. To suffer, be tormented.

arγ-a --xu. To have exhausted all means; to be at a loss.

baizu --xu. To be unable to control oneself.

bej-e ben barizu --xu. To be unable to control oneself.

olzu --xu. To be unable to find out.

salun --xu. To be unable to part with or leave.

sidy ebedcy --zu jabuxu. To have an unbearable toothache.

yzen --xu. To hate; to envy, be jealous.

JADAГU / ЯДУУ

adj. Poor, needy; pauper; indigent; weakened, enfeebled.

-- arad. Pauper[s].

-- bejetei. Being in poor health.

-- dorui. Poor, indigent.

ygei --. Poor, penniless.

ygegyy -- nar. Paupers, poor people, have-nots.

JADAГUCUD / ЯДУУЧУУД

[plf. of jadaγu] n. Poor people, paupers.

JADAГULIГ / ЯДУУЛАГ

adj. Poor.

JADAГURA- / ЯДУУРАХ

v.i. To become poor; to lose strength, become feeble.

JADAГURAL / ЯДУУРАЛ

n. Impoverishment, need; weakening.

JADAГUS / ЯДУУС

[pl. of jadaγu] n. The poor, poor people.

JADAГUXAN / ЯДУУХАН

adj. Rather poor.

JADAMAГ / ЯДМАГ

adj. Sickly, feeble; poor, insolvent.

JADANGGI / ЯДАНГИ

[= jadanggir] adj. Indigent, poor, miserable; scanty; weak.

-- ygei. Poor and miserable.

ger -- kymyn. Man from an impoverished home.

JADANGGIR / ЯДАНГИР

See jadanggi.

JADANGGIRA- / ЯДАНГИРАХ

v.i. To become poor, impoverished.

JADARA- / ЯДРАХ

v.i. To be unable to try in vain; to be tired, exhausted; to succumb (with fatigue), break down (with fatigue); to be reduced to poverty; to need urgently.

--γsan. Exhausted.
--zu zydereky. To be tired, exhausted, fatigued.
arγ-a ygei --xu. To be in a predicament; not to know what to do.

JADARAГU / ЯДРУУ
adj. and n. Poor; exhausted, weak; exhaustion.
-- ji arilγaxu. To relieve from exhaustion, dispel the feeling of exhaustion.

JADARAГUL- / ЯДРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of jadara-.

JADARAL / ЯДРАЛ
n. The act of jadara-; poverty; weakness; fatigue, weariness.

JADARALTA / ЯДРАЛТ
n. Breakdown from exhaustion or fatigue.

JADARANGГUI / ЯДРАНГУЙ
adj. Poor, weak, feeble.

JADARASI / ЯДРАШ
-- ygei. Indefatigable.

JAГ / ЯГ
adv. Exactly, just right or enough; closely, tightly.
-- saixan. Exactly, just right.
-- taγ. Exactly, just right.
-- taγaraxu. To fit exactly.
-- teberiky. To hug or embrace tightly.
-- ujaxu. To tie tightly.
-- xuγucaγan du. Just at the appointed time.
-- ynen. Perfectly true.

JAГ-A
See under xaγ-a, 2.

JAГABTUR / ЯГААВТАР
adj. Pinkish.

JAГABUR
Same as jaγabtur.

JAГAГAD
Same as jaγakiγad.

JAГAKI- / ЯАХ
[= jaki-, jei-, jeki-] v. interrog. How to act? what to do? How to proceed?
--basu bolxu ... What should one do? How should one act?
--γsan. What [kind of]? What happened? What did he do?
--zy [= jaγun kizy]. How, In what manner?
--zy cu bolxu ygei. It is not possible under any condition.

JAГAKIBACU / ЯАВЧ
adv No matter what

JAГAKIГAD / ЯАГААД
[conv. perf. of jaγaki-] adv. Why, What for? How?
-- eimy boluluγ-a. How did it become that way?

JAГAKIN
[Modal conv. of jaγaki-] How, in what way?

JAГAN / ЯГААН
adj. Pink, rosy, ruddy, roseate, violet, lilac.
-- cene. Peony.
-- xacartai. Red-cheeked, rosy-cheeked.
køke --. Violet (colored).

JAГARA-, 1. / ЯАРАХ
v.i. To hurry, hasten, rush, speed; to be busy.
--n sandurun. In haste, hastily; in a panic.
--xu daγan. Hurriedly, in a hurry.
--zu megdezy. In a hurry, in haste.
bitegei -- ! Do not hurry!

JAГARA-, 2. / ЯГААРАХ
v.i. To become pinkish, turn rosy; to blush, flush, redden.

JAГARABCILA- / ЯАРАВЧЛАХ
v.i. To hurry, hasten.
--n. Hastily, hurriedly.
--n yiledky. To do something in a hurry.
--zu jabuxu. To depart in a hurry.

JAГARABCILAГUL- / ЯАРАВЧЛУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of jaγarabcila-] To prod, urge on, speed up.

JAГARAГU / ЯАРУУ

adj. Hasty, speedy, quick; busy.
-- ɣaltu terge. Express train.
-- mendy. Hasty, hastily.
-- zangtai. Hasty, impetuous.

JAГARAГUL- / ЯАРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of jaɣara-] v.t. To press, hasten, urge.
tyrgen gyicedke kemen --xu. To urge one to finish quickly.

JAГARAL / ЯАРАЛ

n. Speed, haste, hurry, urgency, pressure.
-- ygei. Without haste, leisurely.
-- jaɣun. What is the hurry?

JAГARALCA- / ЯАРАЛЦАХ

v. coop. of jaɣara-.

JAГARALTAI / ЯАРАЛТАЙ

[= jaɣaraltu] adj. Speedy, hurried, hasty, urgent.
-- kereg. A pressing or urgent matter.

JAГARAM / ЯАРАМ

-- ygei. There is no hurry.

JAГARAMAГ / ЯАРМАГ

[= jaɣarlatai] adj. Hasty, quick.

JAГARAMTAГAI / ЯАРАМТГАЙ

adj. Prompt, diligent; hasty, hurried.

JAГARMAГ / ЯАРМАГ

[R. ярмарка , fr. German Jahrmarkt]n. Market, fair.
-- xudalduɣ-a. Market, fair, market trading.

JAГASI

See under ,xamiɣasi.

JAГLAГUN / ЯГЛУУН

adj. Strong, robust, stocky.

JAГSI-, 1. / ЯГШИХ

v.i. and t . To be firm or unyielding; to be obstinate; to be resolute or determined; to stick to; to be obtrusive or importunate; to lock.
--tal-a. See separate entry.

--zu xarijaxu. To curse volubly.

JAГSI-, 2. / ЯГШИХ

v.i. To chirp, chatter (of birds).

JAГSIГUR / ЯГШУУР

n. Latch, bar for closing a gate.

JAГSITAL-A

[term. converb of jaɣsi-, 1] Firmly, solidly, tightly; unyieldingly, without receding.
-- tokiraxu. To come to a definite agreement.

JAГU(N) / ЮУ(Н)

interr. pron. What? What kind of? Which?
-- bolbacu. In any case, anyhow.
-- bui? What is it?
-- gezy? Why? For what reason?
-- kemekyl-e. If one asks why; because; the reason is ...
--n ba. Anything, whatever, whichever (in neg. sentences).
--n ber ygei. To have nothing; without anything.
--n cu. Whatsoever, no matter what; any, every; (with negation) nothing.
--n cu bolba. Whatsoever, no matter what.
--n cu medeky ygei. Know[s] nothing.
--n cu ygei. [To have] nothing.
--n du ? Why? What for?
--n kysegsen tere bytyky. Whatever one wishes will come true.
--n u emyn-e. Before all, above all.
--n u ucir ece? For what reason? On account of what?
--n u urida. Above all, first of all.
gem --n ba ese bolbai. No harm whatever was done.
nadur zebseg baɣazi jaɣun cu ygei. I have no weapon of any kind.
ta --n kymyn bui? Who are you? What kind of person are you?
tegyn ece ajuxu kereg -- ? Why should one fear it (or him)?

JAГUCU

Same as cu.

JAГUDAI

Same as juaɣutai.

JAГUKI-

Same as jaγaki-.

JAГUM-A / ЮМ, ЮУМ, ЮУМ

n. Thing, object; goods; something, anything.
-- bygyde. All [things], everything.
-- bygyde mededeg. Omniscient.
-- kegym-e. Things, objects.
-- ojudaγ masin-a. Sewing machine.
-- xadaγalaxu baising. Storage, warehouse.
-- ygei. Nothing.
-- yly medegci. Ignoramus.
-- yzegsen kymyn. A man of wide experience.
γadaγsi γarγaxu --. Export goods.
γurban zyil --. Three kinds of things.
ideky --. Food, something to eat.
sain --. Something good or beautiful.
singgen --. Liquids.
sonin --. Something new or interesting, news; novelty.
uγuxu --. Beverage[s].
ugijaxu --. Laundry.
ungsixu --. Reading matter.

JAГUNAI / ЮУНЫ

adj. What kind of?
-- kymyn. What kind of a man?
ene -- jaγum-a baimui. What kind of a thing is this?

JAГUNDU / ЮУНД

Same as jaγu(n) du.

JAГUTAI / ЮУТАЙ

adv. and interj. With what? How? What a...!
-- irebei. By what means did he come?
-- saixan. How beautiful, what a beauty!

JAГUXAN

adv. and n. Something, somewhat, anything.
-- ber ygei. Nothing whatsoever.
-- kegyken. Something; small objects scattered here and there.

JAKI-, etc.

See jaγaki-, etc.

JAKIRAM-A

[T. skam gyong] adj. Completely dried up.

JAL-A / ЯЛ

n. Guilt, fault, crime, felony, misdemeanor; compensation, punishment, penalty, fine.
-- abxu. To exact a penalty, enforce a punishment.
-- daγaγaxu. To be responsible for a crime.
-- dur oruxu. To commit a crime, become guilty; to be liable to be fined or punished.
-- edleky. To serve one's sentence.
-- jangx-a. Crime, misdeed; fine, mulct.
-- kelteregylky. To amnesty, reduce the punishment, pardon.
-- onuγaxu toγtaγal. Indictment.
-- siidkeky. To sentence.
-- toγtaγaxu. To fix a penalty, sentence.
-- toγtaγsan yge. Verdict (law).
-- torγaγuli. Fine, penalty
-- tølybleky. To prepare a bill of indictment.
-- tølybyri. Fine, penalty.
-- tølyky. To pay a fine.
-- ygei. Innocent, guiltless.
-- zimelel. Crime, fault.
alban u --. Official misconduct, malfeasance.
bej-e jin --. Corporeal punishment.
ed yn --. Fine, penalty.
mønggøn y --. Fine, penalty.

JALADA- / ЯЛДАХ

v.i. To be[come] guilty.

JALALA- / ЯЛЛАХ

v.t. To accuse, charge, indict, prosecute; to punish, sentence.
kyndy ber --xu. To punish severely.

JALALAГCI / ЯЛЛАГЧ

n. Prosecutor.
ulus un --. State attorney.

JALALAГDA- / ЯЛЛАГДАХ

[v. pass. of jalala-] To be punished; to be condemned.

JALALAГUL- / ЯЛЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of jalala-.

JALALAL / ЯЛЛАЛ

n. Punishment, condemnation; fine.

JALATAI / ЯЛТАЙ

[= jalatu] adj. Accused, guilty, sentenced; criminal.

-- kymyn. Criminal, guilty person, defendant (in a lawsuit).
ykyky -- kymyn. Person sentenced to death.

JALATAN / ЯЛТАН
n. Defendant[s] in a lawsuit; criminal[s]; the accused.
-- u sandali = -- u sayudal. The dock, place for defendents in court.
ulus tøry jin -- ud. Political criminals.

JALATU / ЯЛТ
See jalatai.
-- eteged. Criminal elements, criminal[s], the accused.
kymyn i alaγsan -- . Murderer.

JALI / ЯЛИ
-- ygei. Unimportant, insignificant, trifling.

JALI- / ЯЛИХ
v.i. To be in great quantity; to be of good quality.
--xu ygei. Small, insignificant, unimportant, it does not pay (to do it), is not worth while.
--zu idegsen ygei. Has or have not eaten much.
casu jaliγsan ygei. Only a little snow has fallen.
ene zil mal --zu ygei. This year the cattle are not too good (i.e. lean).

JALIJ-A / ЯЛИА
-- ygei. Futile, vain; superficial; unimportant, insignificant.
-- ygei jaγum-a . Unimportant thing, trifle.
-- ygei kereg. Trifling matter, trifle.
-- ygei zyil. Trifling matter, trifle.

JALLJA-
v.i. and t. To hasten; to do more than half.

JALLJATAI / ЯЛЛИАТАЙ
adj. Important, significant; having a substantial amount.
-- kereg busu. Insignificant affair.
-- ygei. Insignificant, irrelevant, amounting to nothing.
-- ygei bay-a. Very small.

JALIM / ЯЛИМ
Same as jalij-a

JALING
adv. Only; only so; only one.

xarbuxu byri nige γazar i -- noxu . To hit always the same spot when shooting.

JALKITU
-- γazar. Firm ground; frozen ground.

JAM-A, 1. / ЯМ
n. Strangles, glanders.

JAM-A, 2. / ЯМ
[S. Yama] n. The god of the dead and king of Hades. See erlig.

JAMAR
See jambar.

JAMARXAN
See jambarxan.

JAMBA / ЯМБА
See jambu.

JAMBAR / ЯМАР
[= jamar] interr. pron. What; what kind, type, or class of?
-- cu kinalta ygei ber. Without the slightest consideration or thought.
-- -- . What, whatever ?
-- kemebesy. If one asks: "What is it"?
-- keregtei. What do you need?
-- zil. Which year (of the animal cycle)?
bej-e -- bain-a ? How is your health? How are you feeling?

JAMBARCILAN / ЯМАРЧЛАН
adv. In what manner? How?

JAMBARXAN / ЯМАРХАН
[= jamarxan] pron. and adj. What, what kind of?

JAMBU / ЯМБА
[= jamba] n. Office and dignity of an official; privilege or insignia of high rank.

JAMBULA- / ЯМБАЛАХ
v.t. To reward with insignia of high rank.

JAMU
Same as jambu.

JAMULA- / ЯАМЛАХ

v.t. and i. To go to an office; to hold an official position; to administer.

--zu sayuxu. To sit in official capacity.

JAMULAГUL- / ЯАМЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of jamula-.

JAMUN / ЯАМ(АН)

[Ch. ya-men 衙門] n. Office, bureau, ministry; people's commissariat; administration, management.

-- u said. Minister[s].

azu axui jin jabudal un --. Ministry of economic affairs.

degedy --. The highest government offices or authorities.

dotuyadu jabudal un --. Ministry of domestic affairs.

elcin said un --. Embassy, legation.

yadayadu jabudal un --. Ministry of foreign affairs.

kinan baicayaxu --. Ministry of state control.

JANDARA-

v.i. To be shaken or jolted when riding in a cart.

JANG, 1. / ЯН(Г)

n. Polite manners, etiquette, ceremonies.

-- ygei. Unceremonious, having no manners.

JANG, 2.

[T. dbyangs, pron. yang] n. Chanting (of religious texts).

-- tataxu. To chant (of sacred texts).

JANG, 3. / ЯН(Г)

[Ch. yang 洋] adj. Foreign.

-- jara. Syphilis, syphilitic sore.

-- sixui. Cement.

JANGCIN / ЯНЧИН

[Ch. yang-ch'in 洋琴] n. Dulcimer.

JANGCIJAN / ЯНЧААН

[Ch. yang-ch'ien 洋錢] n. Silver dollar (obs.).

JANGDANG / ЯНДАН(Г)

[Ch. yen-t'ung 烟筒] n. Chimney.

-- køgelegci. Chimney-sweep .

JANGDUГ-A / ЯНДАГ

n. Fault, defect.

JANGDUГADA- / ЯНДАГДАХ

v.i. To be defective; to be hindered.

JANGGIJ-A, 1. / ЯНГИА

[= janggircay, 1.] n. Packsaddle, saddle without cushion.

JANGGIJA-A, 2. / ЯНГИА

n. Sharp, high-pitched sound.

JANGGINA- / ЯНГИНАХ

v.i. To emit a sharp, high-pitched sound; to ache.

JANGGINALГ-A / ЯНГИНАЛГА

n. The act of janggina-.

JANGGIR / ЯНГИР

adj. and n. Bald; without flesh(of bones), without vegetation (of mountains); mountain goat.

-- imay-a: Mountain goat.

JANGGIRCAГ, 1. / ЯНГИРЦАГ

See janggij-a, 1.

JANGGIRCAГ, 2. / ЯНГИРЦАГ

n. A toy bell or rattle.

JANGLA-

v.t. To chant (of sacred texts).

JANGNA-

See jangla-.

JANGSAГ

adj. Coquettish.

JANGSI- / ЯНШИХ

v.i. To bore with nagging or empty talk; to prattle, jabber without stopping; to curse continuously; to bark continuously.

JANGSIBURI / ЯНШВАР

n. Chatter, prattle, jabber; barking.

JANGSIГUR / ЯНШУУР

adj. Clamorous, vociferous, noisy; barking continuously.

JANGSIJ-A / ЯНШАА

n. and adj. Babbler; quarrel; verbose, clamorous, noisy; barking continuously; cursing constantly.

JANGSIL / ЯНШИЛ

n. The act of jangsi-.

JANGX-A / ЯНХ

See under jal-a.

JANGXALA- / ЯНХЛАХ

v.i. To be[come] a harlot or prostitute.

JANGXAN / ЯНХАН

[Ch. yang-han 養漢] n. Prostitute, harlot.
-- em-e. Prostitute.
-- γazar. House of ill-fame.
-- jabudal. Prostitution.

JANGZU / ЯНЗ

[Ch. yang-tzŭ 樣子] n. Shape, form; aspect; expression of the face; complexion; manner or way of doing a thing; kind, sort, type; character, conduct, mood.
-- baidal. Form, aspect.
-- byri. Diverse, various, varied.
-- γarxu. For the outline or shape to appear, emerge, or become visible.
-- jangzu jin. Of various types, of all kinds, heterogeneous; various, diverse.
-- ygei. Formless, shapeless, without style.
eldeb -- jin. Of all or different kinds, of every description; different, heterogeneous.
γurban -- jin jaγum-a. Three kinds of things or objects, three different objects.
ireky -- ygei. It is unlikely that [he, etc.] comes.
keb -- ygei. Ugly.
nige -- jin. Uniform, homogeneous; monotonous.
xubcasun u --. The form or style of dress.

JANGZULA- / ЯНЗЛАХ

v.i. and t. To adorn, spruce up; to be pretty; to have a certain shape or manner; to put in order; to give oneself airs; to follow the fashion.

JANGZULAL / ЯНЗЛАЛ

n. The act or state of jangzula-.

JANGZUTAI / ЯНЗТАЙ

adj. Having a shape, form, manner, etc. (see jangzu); adorned, properly dressed, pretty; having a good appearance, manner, or shape.

JANGZUUR / ЯНЖУУР

[Ch. yen-chüan-erh 烟卷兒] n. Cigarette.

JANKIR / ЯНХИР

adj. Meagre, lean, skinny, emaciated.

JAPON / ЯПОН

n.p. and adj. Japan; Japanese.
-- kymyn. A Japanese.
-- u. Japanese.
-- ulus. Japan.

JAR-A / ЯР

n. Ulcer, boil, sore; scab, mange; knot in wood.
-- ebedcin. Syphilis.
-- jin ama. Opening or aperture of a wound.
-- jin øgeri. Pus of a sore.
-- jin sorbi. Scar.
kitad --. Syphilis.
maγu --. Syphilis.

JARA- / ЯРАХ

Same as ira-.

JARABAГANA- / ЯРАВГАНАХ

v.i. To grimace; to be supercilious.

JARABAГAR / ЯРАВГАР

adj. Wry, contorted; haughty, arrogant.
-- kymyn. Person with a wry expression on his face.

JARADA- / ЯРДАХ

[= jaradu-] v.i. To have ulcers, boils, etc.

JARADAГ

See jardaγ.

JARADAL / ЯРДАЛ

n. The state of jarada-.

JARADU-

See jarada-.

JARAГAI / ЯРГАЙ

n. Cornelian cherry (plant).

JARDAГ / ЯРДАГ

[= jaradaγ] j. and adj. Whim, caprice; whimsical, capricious.

-- kødelky. To become whimsical or capricious.

JARDAГLA- / ЯРДАГЛАХ

v.i. and t. To indulge in whims.

JARDAГLAL / ЯРДАГЛАЛ

n. Whim, caprice.

JARDAГSI- / ЯРДАГШИХ

v.i. To become whimsical or capricious.

JARDAГSIL / ЯРДАГШИЛ

n. The act of jardaγsi-.

JARГACIN / ЯРГАЧИН

n. Butcher; hangman, executioner.

JARI- / ЯРИХ

v.i. To speak, converse, talk, chat.

todurxai --xu. To tell in detail.

JARIГ / ЯРИГ

adj. Talkative; importunate.

JARIГ-A

Same as jarij-a(n).

JARIГLA- / ЯРИГЛАХ

v.t. and i. To bore with talking; to talk nonesense; to be importunate.

JARIГLAL / ЯРИГЛАЛ

n. The act of jariγla-.

JARIJ-A(N) / ЯРИА(Н)

n. and adj. Conversation, talk, tale, discourse; talkative.

-- cuurxal. Gossip, rumors.

-- kiky. To carry on a conversation.

--n u kele. Colloquial language.

-- ygei. Undisputable, unquestionable; indescribable; exactly right.

-- ygei kymyn. Reticent person.

-- ygylel. Tale, narrative.

demei --. Idle talk.

JARIJATAI / ЯРИАТАЙ

adj. Eloquent, voluble; talkative; disputable, questionable.

JARILCA- / ЯРИЛЦАХ

[v. coop. of jari-] To speak, talk, converse, gossip.

--γci. Interlocutor.

yge --xu. To have or carry on a conversation.

JARILCAГ-A / ЯРИЛЦАА

n. Conversation, talk.

JARIMTAГAI / ЯРИМТГАЙ

adj. Eloquent, voluble, talkative.

JARSIГ / ЯРШИГ

n. Embarrassment, annoyance; inconvenience, trouble; burden; nonsense.

-- kiky. To cause embarrassment or trouble.

JARSIГTAI / ЯРШИГТАЙ

[= jarsiγtu] adj. Troublesome, annoying.

-- kereg. Troublesome matter.

JARSIГTU / ЯРШИГТ

See jarsiγtai.

JASI

See under xasi.

JASIL / ЯШИЛ

n. Buckthorn, Rhamnus erythroxylon (bot.)

JASILI / ЯСЛИ

[= jasli, R. ясли] n. Day nursery.

JASLI

See jasili.

JASU(N) ЯС(АН)

n a) Bone, skeleton; dead body, corpse, remains; dice; frame.

-- bolxu. To ossify, change into bone.
-- egyrky. To bury one's father.
-- γarγaxu. To remove the corpse.
-- jeketei. Bony, rawboned.
-- kegyr. Corpse.
--n pai. Dominoes. [Ch. ku-p'ai 骨牌].
--n u xalisu. Periosteum.
--n u yj-e. Joints of the bones.
-- sirkireky. For the bones to ache; to have rheumatism.
-- xajaxu. To play at dice; to embroil, stir up discord (complete expression being, xojar noxoi jin xoγurundu -- xajaxu, to throw a bone between two dogs).
-- ygei mix-a. Boneless meat.
-- ygei zang. Quarrelsome or difficult character.
bej-e jin -- . Skeleton.
ger yn -- modu. Wooden frame of a yurt.
toluγai jin -- . Bones of the head, skull.
xokimai -- . Skeleton.

b) Race, family, clan; descent.

-- ax-a degyy. Distant relatives on the father's side.
-- mix-a. Family, clan, race relation.
caγan -- . Noble birth, noble descent.

c) Kernel, stone of a fruit, pit.

samur un -- . Cedar nut.

d) Quality (usually of paper or textile).

-- cinar. Quality.
-- maγutai. Of a poor quality.
-- saitai. Of good quality.

JASULAГ

See jasuliγ.

JASULIГ / ЯСЛАГ

adj. Bony; strong.
-- mori. Strong horse.

JASURXAГ / ЯСАРХАГ

adj. Bony; of good quality.

JASUTAI / ЯСТАЙ

[= jasutu] adj. Having bones; belonging to a race, stock, or generation; of good quality; strong, sturdy; honest, conscientious, reliable.
caγan -- . Nobleman, of noble birth.
maγu --. Of bad quality (usually of paper or textiles).
sain -- . Of good quality (usually of paper or textiles).

JASUTAN / ЯСТАН

n. Nation, people.
-- u. Ethnic.
alaγ --. Of mixed descent.
baγ-a --. National minority.
zizig baγ-a --. National minorities.

JASUTU / ЯСТ

See jasutai.

JATUГ-A / ЯТГА

[S. vīna, T. pi wang] n. Zither harp.
-- daruxu. To play the zither harp.
-- jin tebke. Bridge on stringed instruments.

JATUГACI / ЯТГАЧ

n. Player of zither harp.

JATUГADA- / ЯТГАДАХ

v.t. and i. To play the zither harp.

JATUГALIГ

n. Ten-stringed instrument.

JEGYD- / ЮУТЭХ

v.i. To move away, pass on; to die, end, transmigrate.
nasun --ky. To pass from life through death to another reincarnation, die.
orun ece --ky. To leave one's domicile, emigrate.

JEGYDKE- / ЮУТГЭХ

[v. caus. of jegyd-] To change one's place of living, residence, dwelling, etc.; to emigrate; to finish one's life, die, perish.

JEGYDKEL / ЮУТГЭЛ

n. Change, instability; change of place or dwelling, migration; death, destruction.
-- ygei. Imperishable.

JEGYLE- / ЮУЛЭХ



v.t. To transfer by pouring, transfuse, change from one container to another; to change.

mori --ky. To change mounts.

saba --ky. To empty a container.

JEGYLEL / ЮУЛЭЛ



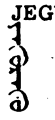
n. The act of jegyle-.

JEGYR



-- kegyr. Cracking noise made when walking on ice or snow; quick[ly], swift[ly].

JEGYRE- / ЮУРЭХ



v.i. To crunch, crackle; to crumble, shatter.

sidy --ky. For a tooth to crumble.

JEI-



See jaγaki-.

JEKE / ИХ



adj. and adv. Great, big, large (both physical and abstract); older, elder; majestic, imposing; adult (adj.); much, very, greatly.

-- abaγ-a. Older brother of father, uncle.

-- abaγ-a bergen. Wife of one's father's older brother, aunt.

-- ama kelegci. Braggart, boaster, swaggerer.

-- amatai. Wide-mouthed, big-mouthed; boastful.

-- baγ-a. Size, measurement (cf. Ch. ta-hsiao 大小).

-- bajarlaluγ-a. Many thanks, thank you very much.

-- ber. Greatly.

-- ber aγurlaxu. To be extremely angry.

-- ber boduxu. To overrate.

-- bolγaxu. To make big.

-- γar ijer zaruxu. To use wastefully, spend carelessly (usually of money).

-- kycytei. Very strong, mighty, powerful.

-- kymyn. Adult person; great or important person.

-- olan. Very many.

-- sanaγ-a. Ambition.

JEKED- / ИХДЭХ



v.i. To be too big or large; too many, too much.

JEKEDE / ИХЭД



adv. Greatly, much, very much.

-- bajarlaluγ-a. Many thanks, thank you very much.

-- kyseky. To wish ardently.

-- zobaxu. To suffer or worry much.

JEKEDEGYL- / ИХДҮҮЛЭХ



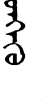
[v. caus. of jeked-] To increase; to surpass; to exaggerate.

JEKEDEL / ИХДЭЛ



n. Enlargement, increase.

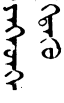
JEKEDKE- / ИХТГЭХ



[v. caus. of jeked-] To increase, enlarge; to magnify (as with a microscope); to reinforce; to exaggerate.

--n ygyleky. To exaggerate, swagger, brag, boast.

JEKEDKEGDE- / ИХТГЭЭГДЭХ



v. pass. of jekedke-.

JEKEDKEGYL- / ИХТГҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of jekedke-.

JEKEDKEL / ИХТГЭЛ



n. Enlargement, increase; exaggeration; bragging.

-- ygei. Without exaggeration.

JEKEKEN / ИХХЭН



adj. and adv. Fairly big or large; fairly important, rather significant; a little more.

-- ijer. Considerably.

-- øgky. To give a little more.

-- xubi. Major part.

JEKEL-E



adv. Greatly, much, very much, extraordinarily.

-- γaixaxu. To be greatly surprised or astonished.

-- kyiten. Very cold.

JEKEMED



n. The elder ones, elders or seniors; important people.

aimaγ un -- . The elders of a village or neighborhood.

nutuγ un -- . The elders or notables of a place.

JEKEMSI-
See jekemsy-.

JEKEMSY- / ИХЭМСЭХ
v.i. To make oneself important, be arrogant.

JEKEMSYG / ИХЭМСЭГ
adj. Grand, magnificent, majestic, arrogant, supercilious.

JEKEMSYGLE- / ИХЭМСЭГЛЭХ
v.i. To be arrogant or haughty.

JEKEMTEGEI / ИХЭМТГИЙ
adj. Bombastic, turgid, pompous.

JEKENGKI / ИХЭНХ
n. and adj. Majority; the greater, larger or major part; predominant, prevalent.
-- bolxu. To be prevalent, in the majority.
-- degen. For the most part, in most cases.
-- inu keyked. Most of them are [or were] children.
-- xubi. Major part, greater part.

JEKERKE- / ИХЭРХЭХ
v.i. To be proud or presumptuous; to pride oneself; to make oneself important, put on airs.
--n ayasilaxu. To act in a proud or arrogant manner.

JEKERKEG / ИХЭРХЭГ
adj. and n. Arrogant, conceited; boastful; pompous.

JEKERKEL / ИХЭРХЭЛ
n. Pride, presumption.

JEKES / ИХЭС
[pl. of jeke] n. Lords, dignitaries; ghosts, spirits, souls of the ancestors.
-- bayas. The big ones and the small ones; adults and children.
-- blam-a nar. Higher Tibeto-Mongolian clergy.
-- eres. Great men.

JEKESE- / ИХСЭХ
v.i. To increase; to consider oneself important.

JEKESEGE- / ИХСГЭХ
v. caus. of jekese-.

JEKESEL / ИХСЭЛ
n. The state of jekese-.

JEKESIG / ИХШИГ
adj. Pretty large, too large.

JEKETEI / ИХТЭЙ
[= jekety] Preceded by substantives it forms attributive adjectival locutions.
aci --. Meritorious, deserving.
bujan --. Rich in religious merits or virtues.
coy zibxulang --. Rich in power and splendor, splendid and powerful, glorious, majestic, grand.
kycyn auy-a --. Powerful, mighty.
uxayan bilig --. Endowed with great wisdom.
xaram naidangyui --. Very stingy and greedy, avaricious.

JEKETY / ИХТ
See jeketei.

JEKEYRE- / ИХҮҮРЭХ
v.i. To feel an aversion, be disgusted.

JEKEZI- / ИХЖИХ
v.i. To become greater or larger, increase, grow.
bej-e --ky. For the body to grow.
xayan u nasun --zy ǿtelkyi-e oir-a bolbai. The khan is approaching old age (hist.).

JEKI-
See jayaki-.

JELBI
See ilbi.

JENDER
See inder.

JENGGEGYKEN / ИНГҮҮХЭН
adj. Sarcastic.
-- Sarcasm.

JENGGEGYN
[= jenggyn] n. Invective, objurgation; rebuke, blame.
-- yge. Invective.

JENGGYN
See jenggegyn.

JERE(N) / ИР(ЭН), ЕР(ЭН)
[= jiren] num. Ninety.

JEREDYGER / ИРДҮГЭЭР
adj. Ninetieth.

JEREGED / ИРЭЭД
approx. num. About ninety; by nineties; just ninety.

JERY / ЕР
adj. and adv. General, usual, habitual, universal, public; in general, generally; (emphasizing the following negation:) [not] at all.
-- bolxu ygei. Quite impossible, just will not do.
-- busu. Unusual, extraordinary, emergency.
-- degen. Generally, in general; (with negation) at all.
-- dumda bicig. "The Doctrine of the Mean" (Ch. chung-yung 中庸) one of the Chinese Four Classical Books (Ch. szŭ-shu 四書).
-- dyr. See jeryde.
-- inu. Generally speaking, in general.
-- jin. Usual, customary, regular; normal.
-- jin busu. Not general, special, unusual, irregular, abnormal.
-- jin medel. Common sense.
-- jin udx-a. General meaning.
-- jin yge. Every day's talk, household talk.
-- medeky ygei. Does not know at all.
-- ynen. Perfectly true, the whole truth.

JERYDE / ЕРД
[= jery dyr] adv. In general, generally.
-- jin. Usual, habitual, ordinary.
-- jin køske. Ordinary means of transportation (usually by wagon).

JERYNGDEG / ЕРӨНДӨГ
n. Antidote; antitoxin.
-- bolxu. To be an antidote or counteractive.
nigyl yn -- bujan. The antidote of sin is a good deed.

JERYNGKEI / ЕРӨНХИЙ
adj. and (rarely) n. General, common, chief, main; universal; chief or head.
-- anggi. General part of a book or law code.
-- baidal. General situation.
-- bajasxui oi. Public park (obs.).
-- bolbasural. General education.
-- cinar. Common nature, ordinary, general characteristics.
-- degen. Generally, in general, fundamentally, usually.
-- delgegyr. Department store.
-- dyr. In general.
-- γazar. Main administrative office.
-- kimural. General crisis.
-- štab. General staff.
-- toimu. General survey; general idea.
-- zang. Usual temper, mood, attitude, or character.

JERYNGKEILE- / ЕРӨНХИЙЛӨХ
v.t. and i. To make general, generalize; to sum up; to be head or chief, dominate.
--gsen yge. General expression.
--n. In general.
--n zakirxu. General management or administration.

JERYNGKEILEGCI / ЕРӨНХИЙЛӨГЧ
n. President, chairman.

JERYNI
[jery+ni] adj. and adv. General; in general; always, constantly.

JEYZI / ҮҮЖ
n. Sheaf, bundle, bunch.
ebesyn y --. A sheaf of hay.

JEYZILE- / ҮҮЖЛЭХ
v.t. To tie in sheaves.

JEYZILEGYL- / ҮҮЖЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of jeyzile-.

JILBI / ИЛБЭ
See ilbi.

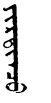
JILVI
See ilbi.

JIN
[used after vowels and diphthongs; = u, y (after

"n");= un, yn (after consonants other than n). A suffix of the genitive case.
ba/si jin ger. The teacher's house.
ba/si jin kelegsen yge. Words spoken by the teacher.
/urban ca/ un /azar. Three hour trip.
modun u darxan. Carpenter.
tegyn y bicigsen nom. The book written by him.

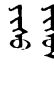
JIRE(N)

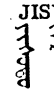
See jere(n).

JIRTINCY / ЕРТӨНЦ

n. The universe, the world, cosmos.
-- ece /aru/san. Hermit, anchorite (Buddh.), solitary.
-- ece nøgcigsen. [One] who has left this world.
-- ji ailadu/ci. "Knower of the world," epithet of the Buddha.
-- ji bari/ci. Lord of the world.
-- jin. Worldy, secular, profane.
-- jin yile. Mundane vanities.
-- jin yile jabudal. Worldly actions.
-- ji yzeky yzel. World conception.
-- ygei. Eccentric.
-- ygei a/asilaxu. To act unreasonably.
cøb --. The world or age of decay or corruption (Buddh.).

JIRTINCYS

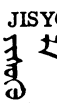
pl. of jirtincy, q.v.

JISY(N) / ЕС(ӨН)

num. and n. Nine; the ninth of the month; nine (playing card).
-- ekileky. The advent of wintry weather.
--n ca/an u alba. Tribute consisting of nine white animals, i.e. one camel and eight white horses (hist.).
--n dabxur. Ninefold.
--n jisy najan nige. Nine times nine is eighty one.
--n mal. The nine animals (a unit of fine consisting of two horses, two oxen, two cows, two three-year-old bulls and one two-year-old calf).
--n xa/al/-a. The nine gates of the capital (Ch. chiu-men 九門).
--n za/u. Nine hundred.

JISYDYGER / ЕСДҮГЭЭР

ord. num. The ninth.

JISYGED / ЕСӨӨД

distrib. num. By nines, in groups of nine; nine times each.

JISYGYLE(N) / ЕСҮҮЛ(ЭН)

coll. num. All nine, nine together.

JISYLE- / ЕСЛӨХ

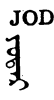
v.i. and to. To amount to nine; to do nine times; to be ninefold.

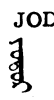
JISYNTE / ЕСӨНТ

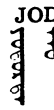
multip. num. Nine times.

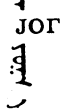
JIVANGGILI

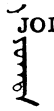
[R. Евангелие] n. Gospel, evangel.

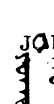
JODAR / ЁДОР

[= jodur, T. g'yo dar "Moving flag" = dar lcog] n. Streamers or ribbon-like flags, called also darcu/, suspended from masts in front of temple halls; masts from which such flags are suspended; piece of cloth with sacred religious inscriptions attached to a pole and planted on a grave; club or stick for striking cattle.

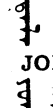
JODUR

See jodar.

JODURDA- / ЁДОРДОХ

v.t. To beat or hit with a stick or club.

JOГ-A

See joga.

JOГГA / ЁГТ

[= jo/tu] adj. Allegorical, metaphorical, enigmatic.
-- ni/uca. Deep mystery.
-- yliger. Fable.
-- yliger zokija/ci. Writer of fables, fabulist.

JOГГALA- / ЁГТЛОХ

v.i. To speak allegorically; to allegorize.

JOГГALAL / ЁГТЛОЛ

n. Allegory; enigma.

JOГTU

See joγta.

JOGA

[= joγ-a, S. yoga] n. Union (particularly union with the deity through meditation); junction; veneration, most profound contemplation or concentration.

JOGI

[S. yogin] n. Practicer of yoga, yogin.

JOILA- / ЁЙЛОХ, ЁОЛОХ

v.i. onom. To moan, groan.

JOILAL / ЁЙЛОЛ

n. The act of joila-; a moan, groan.

JOILALDU- / ЁЙЛОЛДОХ

v. rec. of joila-.

JOKIBALZA- / ЁХИВОЛЗОХ

v.i. To be unfriendly or ungracious.

JOKIR / ЁХИР

adj. Unfriendly, ungracious, rude.

JOLBUГUR / ЁЛБОГОР

adj. Flabby, flaccid, limp.

JOLBUI- / ЁЛБОЙХ

v.i. To be[come] flabby or limp.

JOLU / ЁЛ

adj. and n. Big, large, great. [Kaz,] Big mountain.

-- noxai. Large dog, bulldog.

-- sibaγu. Lammergeier.

JOLUГUR / ЁЛГОР

adj. Drooping, hanging.

JOLUI- / ЁЛОЙХ

v.i. To hang down, droop.

JOLXUDASU(N) / ЁЛХДОС

n. Liquid stool, diarrhea, dysentery.

JOLXUDASULA- / ЁЛХДОСЛОХ

v.i. To have diarrhea or dysentery.

JOLXUГANA- / ЁЛХГОНОХ

Same as jolxui-.

JOLXUI- / ЁЛХОЙХ

. v.i. To droop, quiver with fat; to grow fat or fleshy.

JOLXUILZA- ЁЛХОЛЗОХ

v.i. To quiver with fat.

JOLXUIMAL / ЁЛХОЙМОЛ

[n.d. of jolxui-] adj. Fat, fleshy.

JONGXUR / ЁНХОР

n. Floss silk. [Mo.] Pure silk.

-- utasu. Silk thread.

tygykei --. Raw silk.

JORUГ / ЁРСГ

n. and adj. Coarse linen, canvas.

-- bøs. Linen.

-- dabu = dabu --. Cotton cloth.

JOSU(N) / ЁС(ОН)

a) n. Generally accepted rule, traditional custom, habit, or usage; etiquette; doctrine, dogma, principle; regime, system; policy; mode, manner, method.

-- ber. See josuγar.

-- dyrim. Rule, regulation; system.

-- kiky. To salute; to perform a ceremony.

--n dur neilelceky. To agree with the rules, be fitting or reasonable.

-- ygei. Unreasonable, irrational; uncouth, unmannered.

-- zirum. System, order, regime, regulations; the law of nature; order of things.

-- zirumtai bolγaxu. To render systematic, make orderly.

eyropa jin --n u emnelge. European medicine.

irgen y --. Morals and customs of the people.

saγuxu -- . Manner of sitting.

salxu -- . The ceremony of leaving or departure.

teimy baixu -- ygei. Ought not to be so.

tøbed --n u emnelge. Tibetan medicine.

ulus tøry jin -- zirum. Political order or regime.
ynen mayad --. True and incontestable principle.
zøblel yn --. Soviet regime or system.

b) Function analogous to the English suffixes of abstract nouns, such as -ism.

eb xamtu --. Communism.
imperijalis --. Imperialism.
køryngget y --. Capitalism.

JOSUCILA- / ЁСЧЛОХ

v.i. To act according to custom, law or rule.
--n. According to custom or rules; regularly, justly, properly, legally.
--n dayaxu. To conform to.
--n gyicedkeky. To fulfill in a proper way.
--n yiledky. To follow the custom or rule in doing something.
--zu jabuxu. To conduct oneself or behave well, act according to reason, law or custom; to proceed ethically.
xauli ji --n dayaxu To proceed legally, act according to law.

JOSUCILAL / ЁСЧЛОЛ

n. Good order, regularity; legality.

JOSUГAR / ЁСООР

[= josu ber] adv. According to custom, rule or law; suitably, properly; according to, following, on the basis of, in agreement with.
-- bolyatuyai. May it be carried out or acted upon accordingly.
-- bolyaxu. To approve; to permit.
ene --. So, in this way or manner; according to this, thus.
jambar --. How? In which way?
kelelcegsen --. According to the agreement.
kyinyn y --. Appropriate to or characteristic of a man.
nigen --. Entirely, altogether.

JOSULA- / ЁСЛОХ

v.i. To act according to custom, tradition, or law; to salute, greet; to celebrate.
--n buudaxu. To fire a salute.
--n mørgyky. To bow respectfully.
barayalxazu --xu. To pay respects at an audience; to worship.
malayai abun --xu. To salute by taking off one's hat.

JASOLAГUL- / ЁСЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of josula-.

JOSULAL / ЁСЛОЛ

n. Rite, ceremony; etiquette, rules of conduct, politeness, salute; celebration, festivity; parade.
-- un. Solemn, triumphal, festive (attr.).
-- un buu talbixu. To fire a salute.
-- un jabudal un jamun. Ministry of Rites and Ceremonies (hist.).
-- un xayaly-a. Triumphal gate or arch.
-- un xubcasun. Full or formal dress.
-- zirum. Program of a festivity, celebration; order, ceremonial.
alban -- un. Official (adj.).
bajar --. Festival, celebration.
ziysayal --. Festive procession, public demonstration.

JOSULALTU / ЁСЛОЛТ

adj. Ceremonial, formal.

JOSURXA- / ЁСОРХОХ

v.i. To be pedantic.

JOSURXAГ / ЁСОРХОГ

n. and adj. Formalist, pedant; punctilious, pedantic.

JOSURXUГU / ЁСОРХУУ

Same as josurxay.

JOSUTAI / ЁСТОЙ

[= josutu] adj. Regular; just, legal, legitimate; appropriate, proper, decent; real, actual; (one) who knows the customs and ceremonies; (one) who follows a certain method or doctrine, adherent, follower; formal, gala; moral, ethical; habitual, usual, ordinary; normal, standardized; (with fut. part.) [it] is proper, [one] should or ought, must be (as a result of something, logically), real.
-- alta. Real gold.
-- kereg. Just act.
-- kymyn. Polite person.
jabuxu --. [I] have to go.
kideg --. Being in the habit of making or doing.

temdegleky -- [baimu]. It is to be remarked.
tende baixu --. Should or ought to be there.

JOSUTU / ЁСТ

See josutai.
-- byse. Girdle for ceremonial dress.
-- cayaza sayasabad. Moral precepts.
-- debel. Ceremonial robe or garment.
-- xayan. The rightful khan (hist.).
-- xubcasu. Ceremonial robe, uniform.
øber-e --. Extraordinary, unusal.
sain --. Appropriate, fitting; moral.

JØM

Same as jym, 1.

JUГAN / ЮУГААН

[= jygen] Suffix of the reflexive-possessive accusative.
ulus --. One's own country or people (acc.).
ulus -- azu axui ji køgzigylky. To develop the economy of one's country.

JUM, 1. / ЮМ

A copula or predicative affirmative particle of the colloquial.
teimy --. That is so, it is so.

JUM, 2.

See jym, 1.

JUU / ЮУ

Interrogative particle (used instead of uu).

JUVAMBUU / ЮАМБУУ

[Ch. yüan-pao 元寶] n. Silver ingot.

JUVAN / ЮАН

[Ch. yüan 元]n. p. Mongol Yuan dynasty (1271 - 1368).

JYGEN / ЮУГЭЭН

See juyan.

JYM, 1. / ЮМ

[= jum, 2, T. yum, "mother"] n. The Book of Transcendental Wisdom (S. Mahā-prajnā-pāramitā - sūtra), the "Mother of all the Buddhas."
-- ergiky. To make a solemn procession with horses carrying the "jym" and praying for rain.
-- xuraxu. To read, recite the "jym" (in a temple, on a hilltop near a spring) praying for rain (Lamaist rite).

JYM, 2. / ЮМ

Same as jayum-a.

JYY / ЮУ

Interrogative particle (used instead of yy).

JYYDEN / ЮУДЭН

n. Hood.

K

KE

See kege(n).

KEB, 1. / ХЭВ

Intensifying adverbial particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable ke.

-- kedyken. Just a few.

KEB, 2. / ХЭВ

n. Mold, pattern, model, type, form, shape; printing block or type, font; cliche; custom, customary rule; order, normal state.

-- baidal. Normal state or situation.

-- bicigci. One who writes the text for a printing block.

-- dyri. Form, shape, style.

-- dyrim. Manners, morals.

-- ijer. As before, as usual, as formerly, in the old way.

-- ijer daruxu. To print.

-- ijer yleky. To remain or be left unaltered.

-- i sakixu. To mind one's own business.

-- kemzij-e. Limit; norm, standard, standard size.

-- saitai. Having a nice figure.

-- seilky. To carve a printing block.

-- tyr daruxu. To print by means of wooden blocks.

-- ygei. Shapeless, inappropriate.

-- yn. Ordinary, usual, routine.

-- yn baidal. Usual or normal state, situation, or condition.

-- yn beke. Printer's ink.

-- yn cayasun. Printing paper.

-- yn ger. Printing establishment.

-- yn josuyar. According to the model, pattern, or custom.

-- yn kereg. Ordinary or routine matter, ordinary case.

engke taibung un -- . Peaceful state.

yutul un -- . Last for shoes.

jery jin -- baidal. The general, usual, or normal course of affairs.

urid un -- ijer. As before, according to precedent.

xayucin -- ijer. As of old.

KEBCEG / ХЭВЦЭГ

See kebcig.

KEBCEGEI / ХЭВЦГИЙ

adj. Disgusting; whimsical, capricious; stubborn.

KEBCI

Same as kebcegei.

KEBCIG / ХЭВЦЭГ

[= kebceg] adj. Disgusting; whimsical, capricious; mean; violent, cruel; steep; narrow.

-- dabay-a. Steep mountain, steep mountain pass.

-- nur-a. Narrow defile.

KEBCIGLE- / ХЭВЦЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To be avaricious; to covet; to be whimsical; to be cruel or wild.

KEBCIGLEL / ХЭВЦЭГЛЭЛ

n. The state of kebcigle-; avarice, greed.

KEBCILEN / ХЭВЧЛЭН

adv. As before, as of old, as usual; according to a custom, model, or pattern.

KEBEDESY

See kebidesy.

KEBEG / ХЭВЭГ

[= kebig] n. Husk, peel, chaff; bran.

tarijan u -- . Husks of grain, chaff.

KEBEI / ХЭВИЙ

n. Council, deliberation (hist.).

KEBEKEN, 1 / ХЭВХЭН

adj. Not too good, mediocre.

KEBEKEN, 2.

n. Pendent ornament[s], pendant[s].

KEBELI / ХЭВЛИЙ

n. Belly, stomach; paunch; womb.

-- ber jabuyci. Reptile, worm.

-- ebdeky. To have abdominal pains after childbirth; to have a stomach ache.
-- kebtesi. Womb, matrix.
unzigir --. Hanging paunch.
xaisun u --. The body of a copper kettle.

KEBELITEI / ХЭВЛИЙТЭЙ
adj. Having a belly, big-bellied; pregnant.
jeke --. Big-bellied.

KEBENEG / ХЭВНЭГ
n. Felt raincoat or cloak ; raincoat.
isegei --. Short raincoat of felt.

KEBERE- / ХЭВРЭХ
[= kebire-] v.i. To wear out, break down.

KEBEREG / ХЭВРЭГ
[= keberig] adj. Brittle, fragile, frail, flimsy, not solid, not durable.
-- cilaγu. Brittle stone.
-- kymyn. Frail person.
-- utasu. A weak thread or string.

KEBEREGDE- / ХЭВРЭГДЭХ
v.i. To be[come] fragile, frail, breakable, or weak.

KEBERIG
See kebereg.

KEBI- / ХИВЭХ
v.i. To ruminate, chew the cud.
--deg amitan Ruminant[s].

KEBIDESY / ХИВДЭС
[= kebedesy, kibedesy, kigedesy] n. Rumination, cud.

KEBIG
See kebeg.

KEBIJER
See keb ijer.

KEBILGE / ХИВЭЛГЭ
n. Cud, rumination.

KEBIRE-
See kebere-.

KEBIS / ХИВС(ЭН)
n. Rug, carpet.
isegei --. Felt rug.

KEBLE- / ХЭВЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To make molds or casts; to [put in a] mold; to print ; to publish.
--gci. Printer.
--gsen kyzi. Molded incense sticks.
--ky γazar . Printing office.
--n daruxu. To print.
--n γarγaxu. To publish (printed matter).
modun bar tur seilen --ky. To print from wooden blocks.
nom --ky. To print books, book printing.

KEBLEGDE- / ХЭБЛЭГДЭХ
[v. pass. of keble-] To be printed or published.
--n γarxu. To be published; to appear in print.

KEBLEGYL- / ХЭВЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of keble-.

KEBLEGYR / ХЭВЛҮҮР
n. Mold, form, pattern; shoe last.

KEBLEL / ХЭВЛЭЛ
n. Printing, impression, edition, publication; publishing house, press.
-- yn keltes. Publishing department.

KEBSI- / ХЭВШИХ
v.i. To settle, become established; to become habitual, traditional, or normal; to develop or assume a definite form or shape.

KEBSIL / ХЭВШИЛ
n. Routine, customs, tradition; structure.
amidural un --. Tenor of life.
neigem zirum un --. Socialist structure.

KEBTE- / ХЭВТЭХ
v.i. To lie down, recline.
--zy buudaxu. To shoot from a prone position.
--zy untaxu. To lie down and sleep.
degesi xanduzu --ky. To lie with one's face turned upwards.

KEBTEGE / ХЭВТЭЭ
[pres. part. of kebte-] adj. and adv. Lying down; horizontal.

-- ber iǰen xoγul ideky. To eat while reclining.
-- melekei. Crocodile.
-- siγum. Horizontal line.

KEBTEGYL- / ХЭВТҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of kebte-] To cause someone or something to lie down.
--zy talbixu. To lay down.

KEBTEGYRI / ХЭВТҮҮР
Same as kebteri.

KEBTEI / ХЭВТЭЙ
[= kebty] adj. Having a form or model; patterned.

KEBTELGE / ХЭВТЛЭГ
n. The state of kebte-.

KEBTER
Same as kebteri.

KEBTERI / ХЭВТЭР
n. Place to lie down; bed, couch; uterus, placenta.
-- jin ebedcin. Illness confining one to the bed.

KEBTESI / ХЭВТЭШ
n. Place to lie down; lair, den, cave; uterus, placenta.
-- zasaxu. To prepare a lair; to make a bed.
noxai jin --. Kennel.

KEBTY / ХЭВТ
See kebtei.
-- josun. The period or reign title Hsüan-t'ung 宣統, the last of the Ch'ing (Manchu) Dynasty (1909 - 1911).

KEBYI- / ХЭВИЙХ
v.i. To bend down, incline; to list , careen.

KEBZI- / ХЭВЖИХ
Same as kebsi-.

KECE, 1. / ХЭЦ
n. The edge of a fishing net. [Mo.] The rope on which a net for catching hares is strung and which forms its edge.

KECE, 2. / ХЭЦ
adj. Steep.

-- dabaγ-a. Steep pass.

KECE, 3. / ХЭЦ
n. Tambourine.
bøge jin --. Shaman's tambourine.

KECEGE
n. Group of hills with uniformly shaped peaks.

KECEGE- , etc.
See kesege-, etc.

KECEGYDE- / ХЭЦҮҮДЭХ
v.i. To become difficult; to become grave (as an illness); to find oneself in a difficult situation.
ebedcin masi --zykyi. The disease took a turn for the worse.

KECEGYDEL / ХЭЦҮҮДЭЛ
n. The state of kecegyde-.

KECEGYSIJE- / ХЭЦҮҮШЭЭХ
v.t. To consider or regard as difficult, recognize the difficulty of something.

KECEGYSIJEL / ХЭЦҮҮШЭЭЛ
n. Difficulty, sorrow, labor, grief.

KECEGYTEI / ХЭЦҮҮТЭЙ
adj. Vicious, intractable, wicked.

KECEGYY / ХЭЦҮҮ
[= kecigyy, kecyy] adj. and adv. Difficult, hard, vehement; bold, courageous; terrible, fierce; extremely.
-- berke. Extremely difficult.
-- bøke. Very solid, strong, resistent.
-- caγ. Difficult or serious time[s].
-- kymyn. Fierce person.
-- kyndy. Very serious (of illness).
-- salkin. Strong or violent storm.
-- ynetei. Extremely dear or costly.

KECIGYY
See kecegyy.

KECINEN / ХЭЦНЭЭН, ХИЧНЭЭН
[= kedyi cinegen] adv. How much? How many? What amount?
-- bolbacu. No matter how much or how many.

-- mingγan kymyn. Many thousand people, thousands of people.
-- mønggy ber abuba? How much did you pay (for merchandise).
-- zil. How many years?

KECYY



See kecegyy.

KED



Plural of ken (obs.).

KEDEGEN-E / ХЭДГЭНЭ



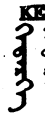
n. Horsefly, gadfly; wasp, bumblebee.
bal un --. Honeybee.

KEDER / ХЭДЭР



adj. Testy, irascible, cross, quarrelsome; obstinate, disobedient.
-- ygetei. Caustic, biting, sarcastic.
-- zangtai. Quarrelsome, cantankerous.

KEDERGE(N) / ХЭДРЭГ



n. A wooden scraper used in tanning hides.

KEDERGEDE- / ХЭДРЭГДЭХ



v.t. To use a wooden scraper in tanning hides.

KEDERGEDEL / ХЭДРЭГДЭЛ



n. The act of kedergede-.

KEDERLE- / ХЭДЭРЛЭХ



v.i. To rage, be testy; to be obstinate; to contradict.

KEDERM-E / ХЭДРЭМ



n. The soft part of the hoof.

KEDY(N) / ХЭД(ЭН)



adv. and adj. How much? How many? How many times? Some, several, few, several times.
-- dakin. Several times.
-- dakizu. Several times, repeatedly.
-- dyger. See kedydyger.
-- kedyn. Much, many, for the most part; several.
-- kedyn kymyn. Several people.
-- kedyn sar-a ber. [During] several months.
-- kedyn udaγ-a. Many times, several times; at various times.
--n be. How many there may be.
--n caγ. What time [is it]? How long? How many hours?
--n sar-a jin dotur-a. In the course of several months; within a few months.
--n zaγun zil dyr. In several centuries.
-- udaγan. How many times? How often? Several times.
-- zyil. Several kinds, different kinds.
arban --. More than ten.
arban --n zil bolzu bui. It has been more than ten years.
ene edyr --n bui? What is the date today?

KEDYDYGER / ХЭДДУГЭЭР



[= kedy dyger] interr. adj. Which number? Which one in a given order or series? How many?

KEDYGED



distrib. adv. How much to each? Several to each.

KEDYGYLE(N) / ХЭДҮҮЛ



coll. adv. How many of ...? Several of ...

KEDYI / ХЭДИЙ



interr. adj. How much? How many? How (in questions before adjectives and verbs).
-- ber? With how much? On what date? Although.
-- ber nairamdaltai saγuxu ji kyseky bolbacu. Although he wants to live in peace...
-- ber teimy bolbacu. Notwithstanding, nevertheless, although.
-- cinegen? How much? How many? Of what size? Of what amount?
-- cinegen bolbacu. No matter how much or how many.
-- cinegen jeke? How large?
-- dy? When?
-- jadaγurabacu. No matter how poor I am.
-- jeke bolbasu tedyi sain. The bigger the better.
-- kyndy. How heavy?
-- øndyr bui? How high or tall is it?
-- teimy abacu. Be it as it might be, notwithstanding.
-- udan-a uu? How long will it take?
-- udaxu bui? How long does it last? How long will it take?
ende ece -- xola bui? How far is it from here?



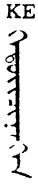
KEDYIBER / ХЭДИЙГЭЭР

See kedyi ber under kedyi.



KEDYICE / ХЭДИЙГЭЭС

[= kedyiece] interr. adv. From how many or how much?



KEDYICINEGEN

[= kedyi cinegen] adv. How much? How many? Of what amount or size?

-- ... tedyicinegen. As much or many as ... so much or many ...; in proportion to...



KEDYID-

v.i. To rise; to extend, continue; to surpass; to be immeasurable or infinite.

--ygsen erdemten. Outstanding scholar.



KEDYIN / ХЭДИЙН

See kedyin-e.

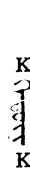


KEDYIN-E / ХЭДИЙНЭЭ

[=kedyinei, kedyin] adv. Since long ago; sometime ago; already.

-- γal untarazuxui. The fire has gone out already.

ali -- kereg. A thing of the past.



KEDYINEI / ХЭДИЙНЭЭ

See kedyin-e.



KEDYKEN / ХЭДХЭН

adj. Just a few, only a few, a handful, a trifle.

-- kymyn bain-a. There are only a few persons present.

-- yge. [Just] a few words.

cøgen -- toγan u. Of an insignificant or negligible amount or number.

KEDYNTE / ХЭДЭНТ(ЭЭ)

adv. How many times? Several times.

-- zakidal ilegegsen bolbacu xariγu ygei. Although many letters were sent there is, (or was) no reply.



KEDYR-

v. .. To wear a garment over one's shoulders.

kebeneg --ky. To wear a raincoat over one's shoulders.



KEDYRGE, 1. / ХЭДРЭГ

n. [Over]coat, raincoat.

boruγan -- . Raincoat.



KEDYRGE, 2. / ХЭДРЭГ

-- oγusur. Saddle strap.



KEGE(N) / ХЭЭ

[= ke] n. and adj. Pattern, design, ornament; beauty; ornamented, decorated; beautiful, pretty, fine.

-- baraxu. To act without restraint.

-- kymyn. Well-dressed person, fop.

-- ygei. Plain, without designs, unconventional, unceremonious, indecorous.

-- ygei kymyn. Unconventional or indecorous person.

ceceg -- . Floral design.

toγan u -- . Designs on silk.



KEGEDESY(N) /

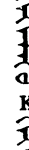
Same as kegesy(n).



KEGELE- / ХЭЭЛЭХ

v.t. To decorate, adorn, ornament.

bej-e ben --. To adorn oneself, spruce up.



KEGELEGYL- / ХЭЭЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kegele-.



KEGELEL / ХЭЭЛЭЛ

n. The act of kegele-.



KEGELI, 1. / ХЭЭЛ

n. Womb; pregnancy; embryo; belly (obs.).

-- xajaxu. To have a miscarriage.

KEGELI, 2. / ХЭЭЛ

n. Bribe, graft.

-- cidxuxu. To give a bribe.

-- ideky. To accept a bribe.

-- øgky. To bribe, buy over.

-- tylkiky. To bribe, buy over.

-- xaxuuli. Bribe, graft.

KEGELITE- / ХЭЭЛТЭХ

v.i. To be[come] pregnant (usually of animals).

KEGELITEGYL- / ХЭЭЛТҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of kegelite-] To make pregnant, mate, pair

KEGELITEGYLGE / ХЭЭЛТҮҮЛЭГ
n. Coupling, mating.
γar --. Artificial insemination.

KEGEL'TEI / ХЭЭЛТЭЙ
adj. Pregnant.

KEGEMSYG / ХЭЭМСЭГ
adj. Adorned, attired, elegant, foppish.

KEGEMSYGLE- / ХЭЭМСЭГЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To adorn oneself; to be foppish.

KEGENCER / ХЭЭНЦЭР
adj. and n. Adorned, bedecked; spruce, finical.
-- kymyn. Fop, dandy.

KEGENCERLE- / ХЭЭНЦЭРЛЭХ
v.i. and t. To adorn, bedeck oneself; to embellish.

KEGER / ХЭЭР
adj. Bay or chestnut (color of horses).

KEGER-E / ХЭЭР
n. Uninhabited place; desert; steppe, waste-land, field (mil.).
-- jin cai. Wild tea.
-- jin cidkyr. Spirits of the steppe, manes of men who wander in the steppe.
-- jin dyrim. Field service regulations.
-- jin γalaγu. Steppe goose, wild goose.
-- jin jeke buu. Field gun, field artillery.
-- jin mori. Horse of the steppe.
-- jin ongγud. Spirits of the steppes, manes of men who wander in the steppe.
-- jin surγaγuli. Field exercises, maneuvers.
-- køgsin. Gerfalcon.
-- noxai. Wolf (euph.).
-- tal-a. Steppe.
-- xonuxu. To spend the night outside.
-- yzym. Wild grape.

KEGESY(N) / ХЭЭС
n. Spoke of a wheel.

KEGESYLE- / ХЭЭСЛЭХ
v.t. To furnish with or make spokes.

KEGETEI / ХЭЭТЭЙ
adj. Ornamented; covered with plaster, plastered;

colored, multicolored.

KEGSEI- / ХЭГСИЙХ
[= kygsei-] v.i. To be haughty, arrogant, or overbearing.

KEGSJ-
v.i. To have a dry cough.

KEGYKEN, 1.
See keyken.

KEGYKEN, 2.
See under jaγuxan.

KEGYM-E
See under jaγum-a.

KEGYR / ХҮҮР
n. Corpse, dead body; cemetery.
-- aγulxu γazar. Morgue, mortuary.
-- γarγaxu. To remove a corpse (from the tent into the steppe or to the burying ground).
-- [i] ongγulaxu. To bury the dead.
-- orusiγulxu γazar. Burial place, grave.
-- talbixu. To remove a corpse into the steppe, bury the dead.
-- xailaxu. To cremate a corpse.
-- xajaxu. To bury (lit., throw away) the corpse.
-- yn bulasi. Tomb, burial ground.
-- yn dabusu. Salt used for preserving a dead body.
-- yn γazar. Cemetery.
-- yn modu. Wood used for cremating a corpse, funeral pyre.
-- yn obuγ-a. Tomb, sepulcher.
-- yn orijadasu. Cotton sheet for wrapping a dead body, shroud.
-- yn orusil. Burial ground, sepulcher.
-- yn talbiγur. Catafalque.
-- yn xubcasu. Shroud, winding-sheet.
ebyged yn -- bumba ji takixu. To worship or make offerings at the tombs of the ancestors.

KEGYRGE
See køgerge, 1 and 2.

KEGYRZIGENE / ХҮҮРЗГЭНЭ
n. Pigeon, dove.

KEGYS

-- kegys. Intermittently, in gusts, in waves.

KEGYSER / ХҮҮСЭР

[= keyser] adj. Barren, sterile (of females).

KEGZE / ХЭГЗ

[= kegzi] An intensifying particle before verbs. It often corresponds in meaning to adverbs "out," "away," or "off."

-- tataxu. To pull out or off.

KEGZEGYN / ХЭГЖҮҮН

[= kegzigyn] adj. Testy, obstinate, irritated, hot-tempered; arrogant, overbearing.

-- kymyn. Person who uses rude coarse language.

-- yge. Rude or coarse language.

-- zang. Arrogance, haughtiness.

KEGZEGYRKE- / ХЭГЖҮҮРХЭХ

v.i. and t. To be[come] enraged, furious or violent; to attack in fury; to use violent language in talking to somebody; to be arrogant.

--n jabuxu. To act vehemently or passionately; to storm.

KEGZEGYRKEL / ХЭГЖҮҮРХЭЛ

n. The act or state of kegzegyrke-.

KEGZEGYY / ХЭГЖҮҮ

See kegzegyn.

KEGZELE- / ХЭГЗЛЭХ

v.t. To mark with an axe; to incise slightly; to strip off.

KEGZER

n. and adj. A testy or quarrelsome person; captious, nagging, faultfinding.

KEGZERE- / ХЭГЗРЭХ

[= kegzire-] v.i. To tear, peel off; to be crushed, bruised, worn through, or damaged.

KEGZI

See kegze.

KEGZIGYN

See kegzegyn.

KEGZIRE-

See kegzere.

KEI / ХИЙ

a) n. Air, wind, atmoshpere, gas.

-- abxu. To get a cold.

-- aγar. Atmosphere, space.

-- amisxul. Air, breath.

-- baraγan. Twilight.

-- barixu. To inhale; to breathe heavily.

-- γarxu ygei ber. So that no air can escape, hermetically.

-- jin amin. Respiration, breath.

-- [jin] buu. Air gun.

-- mori. "Wind horse," a small flag usually surmounted by a trident showing the imprint of the "jewel-bearing horse" (erdeni mori, q. v.) and tarni (q. v.): a symbol procuring good luck.

-- moritai. Lucky, fortunate.

-- salki. Storm, whirlwind.

-- xui. Whirlwind, tornado.

-- zabsar ygei bolγaxu. To close hermetically.

-- zai. Gas.

-- zai ygei. Airtight.

kyiten -- . Gonorrhea.

xouratu -- . Poison gas.

b) adj. Mental, psychic.

-- ebedcin. Mental disease, insanity.

-- ebedcin i araγalaxu uxaγan. Psychiatry.

-- kødelky. To be nervous or irritable.

-- sudal. Nerve[s].

-- sudal un aimaγ. Nervous system.

c) adj., adv. Empty, idle; in vain.

-- boduly-a. Idle thought.

-- cokixu. To miss in hitting.

-- sumu. Blank shot.

-- xoγusun. In vain, uselessly.

-- xoγusun ygetei. Idle talker, windbag.

-- yzegdel. Hallucination.

KEIBYR

n. A kind of arrow used for long distances.

KEID / ХИЙД

n. Convent, monastery, temple.

-- tyr orusixu. To enter or live in a monastery

aγlaγ -- . Isolated monastery.

kyrij-e -- . Monasteries (in general).

KEIDCI

n. Monk.

KEIDE- / ХИЙДЭХ

v.i. To be blown away or off by the wind; to fly off; to be[come] empty; to become delirious, hysterical, or insane.

KEIDEL
n. Hydrophobia, rabies.

KEILE- / ХИЙЛЭХ
v.i. and t. To fill up with air, blow up, pump air; to space, place at intervals, leave space between.
--zy biciky. To space in writing.
--zy talbixu. To place objects so that the air may circulate around them:
γazar ece --zy talbixu. To place an object so as to leave space between its bottom and the floor or ground.

KEILEL / ХИЙЛЭЛ
n. The act or state of keile-.

KEIRE- / ХИЙРЭХ
v.i. To become insane.

KEIRKE- / ХИЙРХЭХ
v.i. To be[come] hysterical or nervous.

KEIS- / ХИЙСЭХ
v.i. To fly in the wind, be blown or carried away by the wind; to shake, wave, billow (as grass in the wind).
--cy jabuxu. To be carried away by the wind; to wave or shake (as grass in the wind).
salkin dur --ky. To wave in the wind.

KEISBYRI / ХИЙСВЭР
n. and adj. Anything hanging or dangling; lightheaded; abstract.
-- oilγalta. Abstract concept or notion.
-- zang. Flippancy.

KEISDE-
v.i. To be agitated, scattered, upset.
modun salkin dur -- kødelymyi. The trees are shaken by the wind.

KEISKE- / ХИЙСГЭХ
[v. caus. of keis-] v.t. To wave, scatter, blow asunder; to fan; to hoist; to winnow.
--kyi salki. Gusty or fitful wind.
salkin dur --ky. To throw to the wind, allow to be carried away by the wind.

KEISKEGDE- / ХИЙСГЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of keiske-.

KEISKEGYL- / ХИЙСГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of keiske-.

KEISYL / ХИЙСЭЛ
n. The act of keis-.

KEISYM-E / ХИЙСЭМ
n. and adj. Steepness of a slope, crag, bluff; steep.
-- aγula. Steep mountain.
-- γazar. Steep slope, crag, bluff.
-- xada. Rock, crag.

KEITE- / ХИЙТЭХ
[= keity -] v.i. To run after a mare (of a stallion); to be idle, unoccupied; to lose one's mind, rave.

KEITEGYL- / ХИЙТҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of keite-.

KEITEI / ХИЙТЭЙ
[= keity] adj. Filled with air or gas; inflated; mad, insane.
-- γalzaγu. Mad, insane.
-- noxai. Rabid dog.

KEITY / ХИЙТ
See keitei.

KEITY-
See keite-.

KEJEDE- / ХЭЕДЭХ
v.i. To bend down; to lean or slant to one side.

KEJEGE / ХЭЕГ
adj. Slanting, leaning to one side.

KEJEGELDE-
v.i. To slant, slope, lean.

KEJELE- / ХЭЕЛЭХ
v.i. To lean or fall to one side.

KEJENG / ХЭЕН
n. Selvage or list of a fabric.

KEKERE- / ХЭХРЭХ

v.i. To belch, eruct.

--ky ebedcin. Belching, eructation.

KEKIDEGLE-

v.i. To be meticulous, petty; to be base or low.

KEKIR

-- sekir. Carelessly, sloppily; improperly.

KEKYDEG

[= kekyreg] n. Chest, breast, thorax; front part or forequarter of a carcass.

KEKYGLE-

v.i. To cuckoo.

KEKYL

Same as køkyl.

KEKYLZE-

v.i. To swagger, act proudly, put on airs.

KEKYREG

See kekydeg.

KEL-

v.i. To be strung (as pearls); to follow in succession.

KELBEGEI / ХЭЛБЭГЭЙ

adj. and n. Oblique, slanting, inclined; in - iquitous, unscrupulous.

-- γazar. Slope, declivity.

-- sedkiltei. Crooked-minded, dishonest.

KELBEGER / ХЭЛБЭГЭР

adj. Crooked, bent; one-sided, lopsided.

acij-a -- baimui. The load is lopsided.

KELBEGERDE- / ХЭЛБЭГЭРДЭХ

v.i. To be too much inclined or awry.

KELBEGYY / ХЭЛБҮҮ

adj. Leaning, crooked, inclined; uneven, oblique.

-- γazar. Uneven or inclined area; slope, slant, declivity.

KELBEI / ХЭЛБИЙХ

v i. To lean or be inclined to one side; to list,

careen; to deviate.

ger --zy baimui. The yurt is tilted.

saγuxui dur --ky ygei. To sit straight.

yde --zy baimui. It is a little past noon.

KELBEIGYY

adj. Crooked, oblique; perverse, depraved.

KELBEILGE- / ХЭЛБИЙЛГЭХ

v. caus. of kelbei-

KELBELZE- / ХЭЛБЭЛЗЭХ

v.i. To be out of balance, list, careen; to sway, waver; to vacillate, be irresolute.

KELBELZEGYL- / ХЭЛБЭЛЗҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kelbelze-.

KELBELZEL / ХЭЛБЭЛЗЭЛ

n. Wavering, vacillation.

KELBERI / ХЭЛБЭР

[= kilbyri, kelbyri] n. Form, shape; sketch, outline.

-- dyrsyn y uxaγan. Stereometry.

-- ygei. Having no shape, form; shapeless, amorphous .

josutu --. Regular figure.

kele zyi jin --. Grammatical form.

tøgyrig --. Round figure.

yzeskyleng --. Beautiful figure.

KELBERI- / ХЭЛБЭРЭХ

v.i. To lean to one side, incline, slope; to be biased; to sway, swing; to deviate from the norm, be abnormal; to act insincerely or deceitfully.

--n γuibaxu. To deviate from the correct path.

naran --be. The sun is setting.

yly --gci. Immutable, unchangeable, firm.

KELBERIGEI

adj. Inclined; trembling; hesitating.

KELBERIGYL- / ХЭЛБЭРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kelberi-.

šasin i --ky. To cause to deviate from the religion.

KELBERIGYY / ХЭЛБЭРҮҮ

adj. Bent to one side, crooked; partial, biased; deceitful, crafty, wily.

KELBERIL / ХЭЛБЭРЭЛ

n. Slant, inclination; deviation, trend; instability, inconstancy.

-- ygei. Immovable, constant[ly], firm[ly]; unshaking[ly].

barayun u --. Right-wing deviation (polit.).

KELBERILZE-

v.i. To incline, lean to one side; to swing, rock.

KELBERIS

-- xaibaris. Crooked, not straight.

KELBERISI / ХЭЛБЭРШ

-- ygei. Immutable, unchangeable, constant.

-- ygei batu. Unshakable.

KELBERITY / ХЭЛБЭРТ

adj. Having the form or shape of, -shaped.

KELBERIZI- / ХЭЛБЭРЖИХ

v.i. To have or assume a certain shape.

KELBYRI

See kelberi.

KELE(N) / ХЭЛ(ЭН)

n. a) Tongue.

-- ben yaryaxu. To stick one's tongue out.

-- egeregyy. Stammering, faltering.

-- kyrgeky. To touch with the tongue.

--n y izayur. Root of the tongue.

b) Anything resembling the tongue; bell clapper, tongue of a buckle, etc.

xongxun u --. Tongue of the bell.

c) Language, dialect, speech.

-- abxu. To receive or gather information.

-- am-a. Wrangle.

-- am-a yaryaxu. To arouse altercation and adverse criticism.

-- barixu. To gather or obtain intelligence; to take somebody prisoner for interrogation.

-- bolxu. To act as someone's interpreter.

-- ilegeky, To send word.

-- jabuyulxu. To ask somebody to transmit something orally, pass on orally.

--n dyr oruxu. To begin to talk (of infants).

--n y ajalyu. Dialect.

--n y sinzilel. Study of languages, linguistics.

--n y zyi. Same as kele zyi.

-- sirygyn. The words are harsh.

-- sudulxu uxayan. Linguistics.

-- xurca. Chatterer; verbose, talkative.

-- ygei. Dumb, mute. See kelegei.

-- zyi. Grammar.

calayai --. Verbiage, drivel, incoherent speech.

egel -- = xar-a --. Simple language.

irayu --. Pleasant, elegant, or melodious speech, eloquence.

jarijan u --. Colloquial language.

nom un --. Literary language or expression.

KELE- / ХЭЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To utter words, express in words; to speak, say, tell, narrate.

bi ese --be yy? Did I not say so?

mongyul yge --ky. To speak Mongolian.

ucir ben --ky. To give a reason or explanation.

yge --ky. To speak, make a speech.

KELECI / ХЭЛЧ

n. Interpreter, commentator.

KELEGCI / ХЭЛЭГЧ

n. Speaker; predicate (gram.).

eng yn --. Simple predicate (gram.).

KELEGDE- / ХЭЛЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of kele-] To be spoken about, be the topic of conversation.

KELEGDEGCI / ХЭЛЭГДЭГЧ

n. That which is spoken about; subject (gram.)

eng yn --. Simple subject (gram.).

KELEGEI / ХЭЛГИЙ

[=kele ygei] adj. Dumb, mute; stammering, stuttering, tongue-tied.

-- bolxu. To grow dumb.

-- ceceg. Hyacinth.

-- dylei. Deaf and dumb.

-- sarana. A kind of lily.

KELEGEIBTYR / ХЭЛГИЙВТЭР

adj. Tongue-tied.

KELEGEIRE- / ХЭЛГИЙРЭХ

v.i. To be dumb; to be tongue-tied; to stammer.

KELEGEITY- / ХЭЛГИЙТЭХ

v.i. To be tongue-tied, speak inarticulately.

KELEGELZE- / ХЭЛГЭЛЗЭХ

v.i. To stutter, stammer, speak inarticulately.

KELEGELZEL / ХЭЛГЭЛЗЭЛ

n. The act of kelegelze-.

KELEGYL- / ХЭЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kele-.

KELELCE- / ХЭЛЭЛЦЭХ

[v. coop. of kele-] To speak, talk, converse together; to discuss; to negotiate.

--gsen keyken. Fiancee, betrothed girl.

--ky asaγudal. The problem or subject for discussion , order of the day.

--ky kereg yn tobjiγ. Agenda, order of the day.

asaγulta ji --ky. To discuss a problem.

kereg --ky. To discuss a matter, negotiate.

sigymzılen --ky. To discuss.

yge --ky. To carry on a conversation or negotiations.

yne --ky. To bargain about the price.

KELELCEGDE- / ХЭЛЭЛЦЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of kelelce-.

KELELCEGE(N) / ХЭЛЭЛЦЭЭ(Н)

n. Conversation; talk, conference, discussion; negotiation; understanding; agreement.

-- γarxu. There arises a question or need for discussion.

-- kiky. To carry on a discussion.

ama --. Oral discussion; oral-agreement or understanding.

KELELCEGER / ХЭЛЭЛЦЭЭР

n. Agreement, pact.

KELELCEGYL- / ХЭЛЭЛЦҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of kelece-] To cause to talk or converse; to submit for discussion or consideration.

kinan --ky ber oruγulxu. To submit for discussion, put on the agenda.

KELELCEL / ХЭЛЭЛЦЭЛ

n. Discourse, speech, conference, consultation.

KELELCELGE

n. Conversation, discourse.

KELELDY-

[v. rec. of kele-] To speak, converse, discourse.

KELELE- / ХЭЛЛЭХ

v.i. To speak.

KELEMEGEI / ХЭЛЭМГИЙ

adj. Talkative, loquacious, voluble, garrulous; eloquent.

KELEMEGEITY- / ХЭЛЭМГИЙТЭХ

v.i. To fail to achieve success on account of trying to show off one's eloquence.

KELEMYRCI / ХЭЛМЭРЧ

n. Interpreter; translator.

kymyn i -- ber keregleky. To employ a person as an interpreter.

KELEMYRCILE- / ХЭЛМЭРЧЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To intepret, act as an interpreter.

KELEMYRCILEGYL- / ХЭЛМЭРЧЛҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of kelemyrcile-] To cause or order someone to translate or interpret; to employ as an interpreter or translator.

KELEMYRCILEL / ХЭЛМЭРЧЛЭЛ

n. The act of kelemyrcile-.

KELETEI / ХЭЛТЭЙ

[= kelety] adj. Having a tongue; endowed with speech, able to speak; expert in a language or languages; eloquent, voluble.

-- amatai. Eloquent, voluble.

KELETY / ХЭЛТ

See keletei

KELI

inter. adv. When? (pre-classical).

KELI-

v.t. To lead or drive away, chase, exile.

KELKI- / ХЭЛХЭХ

v.t. To string (e.g. pearls), thread; to stud, as with beads; to unite, join; to index.

--gsen subud. Strung pearls.

erike [ji] --ky. To string the beads of a rosary.

KELKIDESYN

n. String for threading objects together (as pearls, etc.).

KELKIGDE- / ХЭЛХЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of kelki-.

zidan dur --ky. To be pierced by, emplaced on.

KELKIGYL- / ХЭЛХҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kelki-.

KELKIJ-E / ХЭЛХЭЭ

n. String (of beads, etc.); objects threaded, strung or joined together; bunch; connection, tie, bond, relation

-- jasu. Skeleton.

-- maγtaγal. Eulogy, hymn in prose and verse.

-- tasurcuxui. For a connection to break (also metaphorically).

-- xolbuγ-a. Tie, bond, contact.

baγsi šabi jin --. Bond between teacher and pupil.

eriken y --. Rosary.

nige -- zoγus. String of coins.

KELKIJELE- / ХЭЛХЭЭЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To string, tie together; to be in connection or contact; to index.

KELKIJELEGYL- / ХЭЛХЭЭЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kelkijele-.

KELKIJESY / ХЭЛХЭЭС

n. Cord, string (for beads or Chinese money); a string of 1000 cash; index.

yge jin --. Index of words.

KELKIJESYLE- / ХЭЛХЭЭСЛЭХ

v.t. To tie; to thread, string.

KELKIJETEI / ХЭЛХЭЭТЭЙ

[= kelkijety] adj. Strung, tied together; having connection; connected, being in contact with; composed, coherent.

-- subud. Pearls on a string.

-- zoγus. Cash strung together.

tøryl yn --. Related by blood, consanguineous.

tuil un oir-a xarilcaγ-a -- ber. Being in closest contact with.

utasun du --. Strung on a string or cord.

KELKIJETY / ХЭЛХЭЭТ

See kelkijetei.

KELKIMEL / ХЭЛХМЭЛ

[n. d. of kelki-] adj. Threaded, strung; connected, united.

KELME- / ХЭЛМЭХ

Same as gelme-.

KELMEGDE- / ХЭЛМЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of kelme-] v.i. To be destroyed; to suffer loss or damage. Cf. gelmegde-.

KELMEGDEL / ХЭЛМЭГДЭЛ

n. Destruction, ruin, loss, damage.

KELTEGE

n. Crucian, crucian-carp (fish).

KELTEGEI / ХЭЛТГИЙ

adj. Slanting, askew, inclined; divergent, incorrect; unfair, biased, partial.

-- sanaltai. Biased, prejudiced.

-- sar-a. Half-moon, crescent.

-- saran kelberi. Crescent shape.

-- talbixu. To put aside, segregate.

-- yzeky. To come to an unfair conclusion; to be partial or unfair to.

malaγai -- talbixu. To wear one's hat at a rakish angle, cock one's hat.

zam ece --. Off the road.

KELTEGEILE- / ХЭЛТГИЙЛЭХ

v.t. To incline, lean; to make or do something with a biased attitude.

KELTEGER / ХЭЛТГЭР

adj. Slanting, askew, inclined.

KELTEI- / ХЭЛТИЙХ

v.i. To incline from the perpendicular, lean, be crooked.

ørygesyn teisi ben --ky. To lean or incline to one side.

xan-a --zy baimui. The wall is leaning over.

KELTEILGE- / ХЭЛТИЙЛГЭХ

[v. caus. of keltei-] v.t. To incline, lean; to make crooked.

KELTELE- / ХЭЛТЛЭХ

v.t. To break open, break off, chip off.

KELTENG / ХЭЛТЭН(Г)

adj. Inclined to one side, awry, lopsided.

KELTENGKEI / ХЭЛТЭНХИЙ

n. and adj. Fragment; fragmented, corrupt, spoiled.

KELTER-

See keltere-.

KELTERE- / ХЭЛТРЭХ

[= kelter-] v.i. To split off, chip off; to detach oneself from.

--n unaxu. To chip off.

KELTERKEI / ХЭЛТЭРХИЙ

n. and adj. Splinter, sliver, fragment, chip, splint; knicked.

-- kituγ-a. Knicked knife.

-- saba. Chipped container.

KELTES / ХЭЛТЭС

n. Department, section, division (as of an office), sector; bureau; petal of a flower; chip, fragment

jeryngkei --. General department, chief division.

mal azu axui jin --. Department of Animal Husbandry.

KELTYRI- / ХЭЛТРЭХ

v.i. To chip off, break off, fall of; to become free or exempt from; to decline from; to avoid, dodge.

zobalang ece --ky. To become free from suffering.

KELTYRIGDE- / ХЭЛТРЭГДЭХ

[v. caus. of keltyri-] To be freed, exempt from; to be amnestied.

KELTYRIGYL- / ХЭЛТРҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of keltyri-] To free, exempt from; to pardon, forgive.

--ky zarliγ. General amnesty.

amitan i tamu ece --ky. To free or save people from hell.

buruγu --ky. To pardon a wrongdoing.

jal-a --ky. To grant amnesty.

jalatu kymyn i --ky. To pardon a culprit.

nigyl kilince ji --ky. To forgive sins.

KELTYRIGYLYGDE- / ХЭЛТРҮҮЛЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of keltyrigyl-] To be forgiven or freed from punishment

KELTYRIL / ХЭЛТРЭЛ

n The act of keltyri-.

KELTYRIS

-- xaibaris. Rocking, swaying, staggering, with unsteady steps.

KELY

n. Clitoris.

KEM / ХЭМ

n. Measure, size, proportion; limits; measure of time, term.

-- dyr kyrky. To have a full measure.

-- ece γarxu. To exceed the measure or limits.

-- i medegci. Moderate, temperate.

-- ijer. In proportion to.

-- ygei. Measureless, immeasurable, immense.

caγ un --. Length of time, duration; hour.

cinu bosxu jin -- dy. At the time of your arising from sleep.

møce jin --. Water clock, clepsydra; watch, clock.

naran u --. Sun dial.

nasun u --. Life span.

KEME- / ХЭМЭЭХ

v.i. To say, speak; to be named or called; to intend (cf. kemen).

... --becy. Even, although (in neg. sentences).

... --besy. If or when one says...

--n. mod. conv. of keme-. See separate entry for special uses.

batu --ky kymyn. A man named Batu.
bolxu ygei --myi. [He] said no.
ci jaγun --be? What did you say?
jaγun --besy. If one asks why or what.
ner-e --gsen. In name only.
ner-e --gsen em-e. Wife in name only.
yliger yn dalai --ky nom. The book called "An Ocean of Stories."

KEMEBESY
See keme-.

KEMEGDE- / ХЭМЭЭГДЭХ
[v. pass. of keme-] To be said; to be called or named.
nøkyr --ky ken ken. Your friend so and so (epist., used when the writer refers to himself).

KEMEKE / ХЭМХ
n. A small pumpkin or gourd; cucumber.
ørgesyty --. Cucumber.

KEMELCE- / ХЭМЭЭЛЦЭХ
v. coop. of keme-.

KEMELE-
See kemeli-

KEMELI- / ХЭМЛЭХ
[= kemele-] v.t. To gnaw, nibble, chew.
jasu --ky. To gnaw a bone.

KEMELIGYL- / ХЭМЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kemeli-.

KEMEN
mod. conv. of keme-; it has the following special uses:
a) Preceding verbs or verbal expressions describing speaking, hoping, intending, planning, etc., it terminates what in English would be direct or indirect speech, between which two there is no distinction in Mongolian.
arγ-a ygei -- sedkiky. To think that there is no way out...
ir-e -- zarliγ bolxu. To order to come.
nøkyr marγasi iremyi -- kelebei. [My] friend said [he] would come tomorrow.
zyitei -- yzeky. To acknowledge or consider as right or correct.
b) Preceding other verbs or expressions it may be translated as:
1. As, in the nature, condition, or capacity of.
beleg -- barixu. To give as a present.
kølysy -- nigecy møngyy tegyndyr oldaγsan ygei. He did not receive a single farthing for wages.
xaγan -- kyndyleky. To repect as king.
2. Because; in order to, for the purpose of.
bi surγaγuli dur erdem sursuγai -- orubai. I entered school in order to study.

KEMERLIG / ХЭМЭРЛЭГ
n. A kind of silk.

KEMI / ХИМ
n. Marrow of bones. [Mo.] Spongy extremities of certain bones.

KEMISI- / ХИМШИХ
v.i. To develop blood and marrow in the bones.

KEMKE, 1. / ХЭМХ
[= xamx-a] adv. Into pieces, asunder.
-- cokixu. To smash into pieces.

KEMKE, 2.
Same as kemeke.

KEMKECE-
See kemkeci-.

KEMKECI- / ХЭМХЧИХ
[= kemkece-, xamxaci-] v.t. To smash, break, pound, crush into pieces.

KEMKEDEG / ХЭМХДЭГ
n. [Something crushed or broken into] small pieces, fragments, crumbs.
-- amu. Fine groats, pearl barley.

KEMKELE- / ХЭМХЛЭХ
[= xamxala-] v.t. To break to pieces, smash; to pulverize, crush, stamp; to shatter, squash; to pound in a mortar; to make a dent, indent.
cilaγu --ky. To pound stones (into small pieces)
daruzu --ky. To crush, squash.

KEMKELEGDE- / ХЭМХЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of kemkele-.

KEMKELEGYL- / ХЭМХЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kemkele-.

KEMKELEGYYR / ХЭМХЛҮҮР
n. Any device which serves to crush or pound.

KEMKERE- / ХЭМХРЭХ
[xamxara-] v.i. To burst or break asunder or into pieces, be smashed; to crumble.
--n ebdereky. To crumble, break into pieces.

KEMKEREGE / ХЭМХРЭЭ
n. Pieces, fragments, broken parts.

KEMKERKEI / ХЭМХЭРХИЙ
adj. and n. Broken, smashed, crumbled; broken pieces.
-- abdar. Broken box.

KEMKI- / ХИМХЭХ
v.t. To bite, snap with the jaws.
jasun i --ky. To gnaw bones.

KEMKILE-
Same as kemkele-.

KEMLE-, etc.
Same as kemne-, etc.

KEMLEL / ХЭМЛЭЛ
n. Rhythm, rhythmics.

KEMNE- / ХЭМНЭХ
v.t. To measure; to save, economize.
--zy keregleky. To use sparingly.

KEMNECE / ХЭМНЭЦ
n. Measure for determining quantity (as spoon, cup, etc.); norm.

KEMNEGDE- / ХЭМНЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of kemne-.

KEMNEGYL- / ХЭМНҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kemne-.

KEMNEGYR / ХЭМНҮҮР
n. Measure, scale, standard; gauge; meter; ruler.

aγar un darulta jin --. Barometer.
øndyr boγuni jin --. Measure for determining height.
salkin u --. Anemometer.
xaγurai noitan u --. Hygrometer.

KEMNEGYRDE- / ХЭМНҮҮРДЭХ
v.t. To measure, determine the quantity.

KEMNEL / ХЭМНЭЛ
n. Measure; economy, thrift.
-- ygei. Immeasurable, infinite, immense; excessively.

KEMNELGE / ХЭМНЭЛЭГ
n. Measure; economy, thrift.

KEMNELTEI / ХЭМНЭЛТЭЙ
adj Normalized, standardized; economized.
-- bolγaxu. To normalize, standardize, measure.

KEMNESI / ХЭМНЭШ
-- ygei. Immeasurable, immense; incomprehensible.

KEMSI- / ХЭМШИХ
v.i. To be regular or standard.

KEMTEGE
n. Bones near the hoofs of a horse.

KEMTEI / ХЭМТЭЙ
[= kemty] adj. Provided with a scale, graduated; measured, proportioned; moderate.
-- uγuxu. To drink moderately.

KEMTY / ХЭМТ
See kemtei.

KEMZI- / ХЭМЖИХ
v.t. To measure; to estimate the measurements.
--ky i uxaγan. Geometry.
γazar --ky keregsel. Geodetic instrument.
γazar --ky uxaγan. Geodesy.
øndyr nam i --ky. To measure the height.

KEMZIGDE- / ХЭМЖИГДЭХ
v. pass. of kemzi-.

KEMZIGE



Same as kemzij-e(n).

KEMZIGYL- / ХЭМЖҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of kemzi-.

KEMZIGYR / ХЭМЖҮҮР



[= kemzigyri, kemzijeri] n. Measuring devices: meter. gauge; balance, scales, ruler.
-- yn zegyy. Pointer or hand on scales.
kycyn y --. Dynamometer.

KEMZIGYRI



See kemzigyr.

KEMZIJ-E(N) / ХЭМЖЭЭ(Н)



n. Measure; norm, standard, gauge, level; format, size, measurement; distance; limit; moderation, temperance.
-- abxu. To measure; to take measures.
-- ece ketyregsen. Exceeding the limit, excessive extreme .
-- ece ønggereky. To go beyond the limit, exceed the limit.
-- kizaγar. Limit.
-- tegylder. Measured, proportioned.
-- ygei. Immeasurable, immense, unfathomable, unlimited, unrestricted; exorbitant, excessive; immensity.
-- ygei erkety. Having unrestricted power.
-- ygei zasaγ. Unlimited power, absolutism.
-- ygei ynetei. Priceless; exorbitant price.
γazar un --. Distance.
nige -- ber kiky. To make according to the same norm or standard, make in the same size.
sujul un --. Cultural level.
xataγu --. Drastic or stern measures.

KEMZIJECI / ХЭМЖЭЭЧ



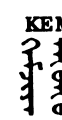
n. One who measures; logician, dialectician.
-- jin uxaγan. Dialectics, logic.

KEMZIJELE- / ХЭМЖЭЭЛЭХ



v.t. To limit; to measure; to survey; to proportion, regulate, standardize.
--zy øgky. To weigh out.
γazar --gci. Surveyor.
xasuzu --ky. To limit.

KEMZIJELEGYL- / ХЭМЖЭЭЛҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of kemzijele-.

KEMZIJELEL / ХЭМЖЭЭЛЭЛ



n. Limitation.
-- ygei. Immeasurable, unfathomable, limitless.
-- ygei bajar. Infinite joy.

KEMZIJERI / ХЭМЖЭЭР



See kemzigyri.

KEMZIJESY(N) / ХЭМЖЭЭС



n. A measure (as of length), a ruler, gauge, scale.

KEMZIJETEI / ХЭМЖЭЭТЭЙ



adj. Having [a certain] measure or duration; limited, normalized, standardized, proportioned, harmonious, balanced; moderate, temperate.
-- azil un caγ. Standarized working time.

KEMZISI



-- ygei. Immeasurable, immense.

KEN / ХЭН



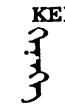
inter. and relat. pron. Who? Which?
-- ba ygei. Nobody.
-- ber. Someone; whoever.
-- ber cy yly tusalamui. No one will help him.
-- ber ygei. Nobody.
-- bolbacu. Anybody, whosoever.
-- bui? Who? Who is there?
-- cy. No matter who, whoever, anyone, anybody.
-- cy atuγai. Whoever it may be.
-- cy itegeky ygei. Nobody will believe it.
-- cy medemyi. Anyone knows it.
-- cy ygei. Nobody.
-- γuvai ! Mister! (Term used in addressing strangers).
-- ken. So and so.
-- kymyn. Any man, anyone.
-- medeky byi? Who knows?
-- y ? Whose?
-- y ki? Whose?
ali --. He who, she who, that which.

KENCIR-E



n. Fault, error.
-- ygei. Without fault, without defect.

KENEGE / ХЭНЭЭ



n. Mental disorder; psychosis.

KENEGERKE- / ХЭНЭЭРХЭХ
v.i. To be mentally ill; to be indisposed.
ariki dur --ky. To be muddled from liquor.

KENG
interj. A grunt of disapproval.

KENGGERGE(N) / ХЭНГЭРЭГ, ХЭНГЭРГЭН
n. Drum, tambourine.
-- cokixu. To drum.
-- [ji] deledky. To drum, play the tambourine.
-- jin arisun byrijesy. Drumhead.
-- jin berij-e. Drumsticks.
-- jin dokiγur. Drumsticks.
--n xalisu. Tympanum (anat.).
bailduγan u --. War drum.
byryi bolxu jin --. Sunset drums (military signal).
caγaza jin --. Drum signal announcing the publication of an edict.
ilaxu --. Drum announcing victory.
ykyger yn --. Funeral drum.
zam un --. Drum beaten during the travel of a high-ranking official.

KENGGERGECI / ХЭНГЭРЭГЧ
n. Drummer.

KENGGERGEDE- / ХЭНГЭРЭГДЭХ
v.i. To beat the drum or tambourine.

KENGGY-
v.i. To wander, rove.

KENGGYR-
v.i. To loiter; to stroll, wander.

KENGKEI- / ХЭНХИЙХ
v.i. To be large and empty (of room, area, etc.).
--gsen ger. A large and empty house.

KENGKERE-
v.t. To scratch, graze, or touch the skin lightly.

KENGKIN / ХЭНХЭН
n. Seal, fur seal.

KENGKYI-
Same as kengkei-.

KENGSI-, 1. / ХЭНШИХ
v.i. To have a dry cough.

KENGSI-, 2. / ХЭНШИХ
v.i. To burn slightly, brown (as food).

KENGSIGYN / ХЭНШҮҮ(Н)
[= kengsigyy] n. and adj. Smell of frying food; smell of burning .
-- talbixu. To burn meat as an oblation.
-- ynyr. Smell of something burnt: cooking odor.

KENGSIGYY
See kengsigyn.

KENTEG / ХЭНТЭГ
n. Quick temper, irascibility.

KENTEGLE- / ХЭНТЭГЛЭХ
v.i. To fly into a rage, become angry or very impatient.

KENTEGTEI / ХЭНТЭГТЭЙ
adj. Quick-tempered, irascible.

KENYKEI / ХЭНИЙХ
adj. Whose?

KENZE / ХЭНЗ
n. Aftermath, rowen; late-grown crop, child born to old parents; weak child.
-- noγuγ-a. Aftergrass.
-- xurγ-a. Lamb born by a ewe which had already a lamb that same year.

KER / ХЭР
interrog. adv. How? In what way?
-- boluγsan. How did it happen?
-- byri. Everyone.
-- cinegen. How much? How many?
-- kiky. See kerki-.
-- mety. How?

KERBE / ХЭРВЭЭ
[= kerber] If, in case of.
-- teimy bolbasu. If that is the case.

KERBEJ-E
Same as kerbe.

KERBER / ХЭРВЭЭР

See kerbe.

KERBI-

v.t. To trim (by cutting, clipping, etc.).

KERBIGYL-

v. caus. of kerbi-.

KERCEGEI / ХЭРЦГИЙ

[= kercigei] adj. Wicked, cruel, brutal; insidious; quarrelsome; cantankerous.

-- doγsin. Fierce, cruel.

-- doγsin baidal. Ruthlessness; cruelty; carnage, villainy.

KERCEGEIDE- / ХЭРЦГИЙДЭХ

v.i. To be too fierce, cruel, or brutal.

KERCEGEILE- / ХЭРЦГИЙЛЭХ

v.i. To act cruelly, ferociously, wickedly; to rave.

--gci. Violent person.

--zy. In a violent, ferocious or cruel way.

KERCI- / ХЭРЧИХ

v.t. To cut, mince, slice, carve; to make incisions, notch.

--zy abxu. To cut off.

keseg bolγan --ky. To cut into pieces, cut up.

mix-a --ky . To cut or carve meat.

KERCIGDE- / ХЭРЧИГДЭХ

v. pass. of kerci-.

KERCIGEI

See kercegei.

KERCIGINE- / ХЭРЧИГНЭХ

v.i. onomat. To crunch.

KERCIGYR / ХЭРЧҮҮР

n. Chopping knife, cleaver, chopper.

KERCIJESY(N) / ХЭРЧЭЭС(ЭН)

n. Incision, notch, score, clipping, cut, rip, gash ; rut, groove

KERCIJESYLE- / ХЭРЧЭЭСЛЭХ

v.t. To cut, carve, make incisions or notches.

KERCIJESYLEGYL- / ХЭРЧЭЭСЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kercijesyle-.

KERCIM / ХЭРЧИМ

n. Piece, slice; incision, notch.

-- mix-a. Piece or slice of meat.

-- talx-a. Piece of bread.

KERCIMEG / ХЭРЧМЭГ

n. Notch, score; finely chopped dried meat.

KERCIMEL / ХЭРЧМЭЛ

[n.d. of kerci-] adj. Cut, cut up, minced, chopped.

-- mix-a. Cut or sliced meat.

-- tamaki. Cut tobacco; fine tobacco.

KERCIR-E / ХЭРЧИР

n. Mud, silt, sediment in a river; uneven bottom of a water-filled depression.

KEREG / ХЭРЭГ

n. a) Thing (abstr.), matter, affair in general; incident; trouble; case (legal); practice (as opposed to theory).

-- bolγazu. Making a point of, intentionally.

-- deger-e. In practice.

-- jabudal. Matters, affairs.

-- medegci. District magistrate (tr. of Ch. chih-shih 知事 , "the knower of the affairs ").

-- ødyky. To stir up trouble.

-- tarixu. To plant the seeds of trouble.

-- tulγaxu. To accuse, charge with a crime, indict.

-- xaldaγaxu.To incriminate, accuse of, charge with.

-- yn ezen. Plaintiff; troublemaker.

-- zarγu. Lawsuit, litigation.

alban u -- . Public affair, affair of state.

alban u --ijer. On official business.

γadaγadu yn -- jabudal. Foreign affairs.

γadaγadu -- yn jamun. Ministry of foreign affairs, commissariat for foreign affairs.

γoul -- . Chief affair, business, duty or aim.

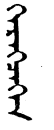
gemty --. Criminal offense.

gemty -- yn. Criminal (attr.).
jalatu --. Criminal act, crime.
øber yn --. One's own affair, personal affair or business.

b) Need, necessity; use, purpose; benefit, advantage.

-- bayatai. Of little use, rate.
-- ygei. Useless, unnecessary.
abuysan u -- ygei. Not necessary or not worth while to take or buy.
jayun --. What need is there?
ygyleky jayun --. What is the use of mentioning it?

KEREGCEGEN / ХЭРЭГЦЭЭН



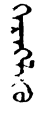
n. Need, necessity, want.
-- baray-a. Needed merchandise.
-- ece ilegyy. More than needed, surplus.

KEREGCIN



n. Female antelope.

KEREGLE- / ХЭРЭГЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To use, employ, apply, put into effect, exploit; to need; to make use of; to be necessary, needed or required; to heed.
ary-a kemzij-e yd i --ky. To employ or carry through measures.
ger ijen --ky ygei kymyn. A person who pays no regard to his family.
kølysyn y kycy ji --ky. To hire labor.
øbersed ijen --ky. To use for oneself.
radio --gci. A subscriber to radio service, regular radio listener.
tere minu kelegsen i --gsen ygei. He did not heed what I said.
zebseg i --ky. To use force of arms.

KEREGLEGDE- / ХЭРЭГЛЭГДЭХ



[v. pass. of keregle-] To be necessary; to be applied, used; to be appointed to or charged with .
--ky ben boliysan yge. Obsolete words or expressions.
--ky zyil. Product[s].

KEREGLEGDEKYN / ХЭРЭГЛЭГДЭХҮҮН



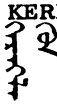
n. Material[s], raw material[s], commodities.

KEREGLEGYL- / ХЭРЭГЛҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of keregle-.

KEREGLEKYN / ХЭРЭГЛЭХҮҮН



Same as keregsel.

KEREGLEL / ХЭРЭГЛЭЛ



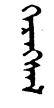
n. Necessity, need, requirement; consumption; monetary allowance; gain , profit, expense, outlay; tool, equipment; stock, stock in trade; commodities.
-- xasuxu. To cut down, curtail on commodities.
-- yn dangsa. Inventory.
xonuy un --. Per diem allowance.

KEREGSE- / ХЭРЭГСЭХ



v.i. and t. To be necessary, needed, useful; to need, use, apply, exploit; to take into account, consideration.
--ky toy-a. Necessary or required number.
--ky ygei. Not being in need of; not to be necessary; to ignore .
--ky ygei boluyaxu. To discard, ignore.
--n yzeky. To consider necessary or important; to take into consideration or account.
usun --ky. To use water.

KEREGSEL / ХЭРЭГСЭЛ



n. Need, necessity; thing[s] needed, appurtenances; household goods or appliances; equipment; apparatus, implements.
ger yn --. Home furnishings, household goods.
yiledbyrilel yn --. Means of production.

KEREGSIJE- / ХЭРЭГШЭЭХ



[= keregsige-] v.t. To need; to take into account; to consider useful or important; to heed.

KEREGSIJEMZI / ХЭРЭГШЭЭМЖ



n. Attention, heed.

KEREGSIJEMZITEI / ХЭРЭГШЭЭМЖТЭЙ



[= keregsijemzity] adj. Necessary, important, useful, required; fit[ting], appropriate; involved in.
seremzitei ber yiledky --. Cne must act or proceed with caution.

KEREGTEI / ХЭРЭГТЭЙ

[= keregty] adj. Having business or a matter; necessary, needed, useful.

-- jaγum-a. Useful object.

-- kymyn. A useful person; one who has come on business.

mori --. A horse is needed.

KEREGTEN / ХЭРЭГТЭН

n. and adj. Criminal; accused, indicted, suspect; respondent, defendant; prisoner.

-- eteged. The accused (party), criminals, guilty persons, convicts; criminal elements.

KEREGTY

See keregtei.

KEREGYL / ХЭРҮҮЛ

[= keregyr] n. Quarrel, dispute, altercation.

-- baraγul. Quarrel.

-- cuugijan. Quarrel, dispute.

-- γarγaxu. To quarrel.

-- kiky. To quarrel.

-- temecel. Quarrel, dispute, altercation, struggle.

KEREGYLCI / ХЭРҮҮЛЧ

[= keregyrci] n. and adj. Quarreler, quarrelsome person.

KEREGYR

See keregyl.

KEREGYRCI

See keregylci.

KERELDY- / ХЭРЭЛДЭХ

v.i. To quarrel, wrangle, dispute; to squabble; to [have a] fight.

KERELDYGEN / ХЭРЭЛДЭЭ(Н)

n. Quarrel, dispute.

KERELDYGYL- / ХЭРЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of kereldy-] To embroil, cause a quarrel, set at variance.

nøkyd i --ky. To cause a quarrel between friends.

KERELDYL / ХЭРЭЛДЭЛ

n. Quarrel, strife, dispute, altercation.

-- yn eki. Reason for quarrel.

KERELZEGENE / ХЭРЭЛЗГЭНЭ

n. Field mouse.

KEREM / ХЭРЭМ

n. Mound, wall, rampart; walled enclosure or city; fortress, citadel, castle.

-- yn cilaγu. Stones for building a wall.

-- yn ziruγ. Fresco, wall painting.

caγan --. The Great Wall of China.

sir-a --. Yellow Wall (that part of the Great Wall which separates the Chinese provinces Shansi 山西 and Hopei 河北).

xota -- yd. Towns and cities.

KEREMTEI / ХЭРЭМТЭЙ

adj. Walled .

-- xota. Walled city.

KEREMY(N) / ХЭРЭМ, ХЭРМЭН

n. Squirrel.

baraγan --. Dark brown squirrel.

caγan --. White squirrel.

KEREMYCI / ХЭРЭМЧ

n. Squirrel hunter.

KEREMYCILĖ- / ХЭРЭМЧЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To hunt squirrels.

KERESGE / ХЭРСЭГ

n. Balustrade, railing, banister; trellis.

KERESGELE- / ХЭРСЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To make a balustrade or railing.

KERESGELEGYL- / ХЭРСЭГЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of keresgele-.

KERESY / ХЭРС

n. A plant growing near salt lakes favored by camels: Salicornia herbacea.

KERGEI-

v.i. To be proud, puffed up, presumptuous.
--ky dyri. Imposing or impressive appearance, proud or haughty bearing.

KERGEM / ХЭРГЭМ

n. High office or rank; title; honor.
-- colu. Ranks, titles in general.
-- kyrteky. To be promoted, raised in rank.
tysimel yn --. High office or rank.

KERGEMTEN / ХЭРГЭМТЭН

n. High-ranking or titled person[s], high officials, dignitaries.
keseg --. Caste.

KERI -, etc.

See kire-, etc.

KERIJ-E(N) / ХЭРЭЭ(Н)

n. Crow; raven, rook.
--n nidyn (=boxuldui jin idege). Asparagus dahuricus.
-- ørgesyn. Lycium chinense.

KERISTOS / ХРИСТОС

n.p. Christ.
-- un sym-e keid. Christian church[es].
-- un mørgylten. Christians.

KERKI- / ХЭРХЭХ

[ker + ki-] v.interrog. How to act? What to do? How to proceed?
--becy. No matter how, by all means, in any case.
--becy ber. Under any circumstances, no matter how, in any case.
--becy ber xalazu yly bolumui. Under no circumstances should one change it.
--becy .... ygei. In no way, by no means.
--n. How? Which way? In what manner?
--zy. How? In what manner?
xoisi talbizu --becy yly bolumui. Under no circumstances should it be delayed or put off.

KERKIBECY / ХЭРХЭВЧ

adv. No matter what. See also under kerki-.

KERKIN / ХЭРХЭН

See under kerki-.

KERLE-

v.t. To knit.

KERS

See kiris.

KERSEGYDE- / ХЭРСҮҮДЭХ

v.i. To be too careful or circumspect; to be penetrating or astute.

KERSEGYLE- / ХЭРСҮҮЛЭХ

v. t. and i. To understand or grasp an idea; to act cautiously.
--n jabuxu. To act cautiously, proceed with circumspection.

KERSEGYLEL / ХЭРСҮҮЛЭЛ

n. Wisdom; capacity for understanding or grasping an idea, acumen; caution.

KERSEGYY / ХЭРСҮҮ

adj. Wise, circumspect, prudent; careful, circumspect, astute.
-- kymyn. Prudent person.

KERSENG / ХЭРСЭН

n. Breast (of an animal), brisket.

KERY / ХЭР

n. Forest on the north slope of a mountain.

KERY-, 1. / ХЭРЭХ

v.t. To attach, tie, bind; to weave; to lead by a leash.
xan-a --ky. To tie the xan-a (q.v.) of a yurt together.

KERY-, 2. / ХЭРЭХ

v.i. To roam, wander.
--ky jeke zam. Highway; main road.
--zy jabuxu. To wander, roam.
kesyn --gci. Wanderer, vagabond.

KERYDESY(N) / ХЭРДЭС

n. Ball(of thread, etc.).

KERYDESYLE- / ХЭРДЭСЛЭХ

v.t. To wind into a ball (of thread, etc.).

KERYDESYLEGYL- / ХЭРДЭСЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kerydesyle-.

KERYGDE- / ХЭРЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of kery-.

KERYGETEI

adj. Tied, led by a leash.

KERYLEN / ХЭРЛЭН

-- [møren]. The Kerulen river (in northern Mongolia).

KERYLGE / ХЭРЛЭГЭ

n. Moving from one place to another, nomadic life; roaming, wandering.

KERZEGER / ХЭРЗГЭГ

adj. Skeleton-like.

KERZEI-, 1. / ХЭРЗИЙХ

v.i. To be rude, wicked, malignant.

KERZEI-, 2. / ХЭРЗИЙХ

v.i. To be skeleton-like.

KERZIGINE- / ХЭРЖИГНЭХ

v.i. For the stomach to growl.

KES

adv. Abruptly, in a decisive manner; suddenly; off (with verbs meaning breaking or tearing).

-- kizy tasuraxu. To break suddenly, snap off.

-- tasulaxu. To tear off.

KESE- / ХЭСЭХ

v.i. To be corrected.

KESEG / ХЭСЭГ

n. Part, piece, portion, fragment; group; paragraph, chapter, section; division, department; moment; some time.

-- bolγaxu. To divide into parts or pieces.

-- boruγ-a. Shower, intermittent rain.

-- busaγ bolγaxu. To cut or break into pieces.

-- busaγ ebedcin. Trifling illness, indisposition.

-- busaγ oγtucixu. To cut into pieces.

-- cilaγu. Fragments of stone.

-- γazar. Lot, plot of land; clod, sod.

-- keseg. In pieces, into pieces; from time to time.

-- keseg ijer. In pieces, in fragments, by snatches.

-- keseg xubijaxu. To divide into parts.

-- kymyn. A group of persons.

-- moritai kymyn. A group of horsemen.

-- orun. Part of a place, district, area.

-- zaγur-a. [For] some time, [for] a moment.

ene -- yd yn alicu nigen. Any of these groups.

mal xojar --. Two groups or herds of cattle.

modun u --. Piece of wood.

nigen --. One piece, a piece.

xojar --. Two pieces or parts.

xojar -- bolγan xuγulxu. To break in two pieces

KESEGCILE- / ХЭСЭГЧЛЭХ

v.t. To divide into pieces, parts, or groups.

KESEGE- / ХЭСЭЭХ

[= kecege-] v.t. To correct, chastise, discipline; to tame, subdue.

buruγutu ji --ky. To punish the guilty.

KESEGEGDE- / ХЭСЭЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of kesege-] To be reprimanded, subdued, restrained, or corrected.

KESEGEL / ХЭСЭЭЛ

n. Correction, reprimand.

KESEGELGE / ХЭСЭЭЛГЭ

[= kesegemzi] n. The act of kesege-; punishment, chastisement, correction.

KESEGELTE / ХЭСЭЭЛТ

n. Punishment, chastisement, correction.

KESEGEMZI / ХЭСЭЭМЖ

See kesegelge.

KESEGLE- / ХЭСЭГЛЭХ

v. t. To cut, break, or divide into parts, strips, groups, etc.

--n kerciky. To cut into pieces.

--n xubijaxu. To break up or divide into pieces.

KESEGLEGDE- / ХЭСЭГЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of kesegle-.

KESEGLEGYL- / ХЭСЭГЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kesegle-.

KESENEG / ХЭСНЭГ'
[= kiseneg] n. A kind of quiver carried on the back.

KESESI
-- ygei. Incorrigible.

KESIG / ХИШИГ, ХЭШИГ
n. Grace, favor, blessing; good luck or good fortune; turn (one's place, time, or opportunity in a scheduled or alternating order).
-- ebedcin. Gout.
-- edyr. Sunday.
-- kyrteky. To be granted a favor.
-- šangnaγxu. To grant or bestow a favor.
-- tarxaγaxu zarliγ. Edict announcing Imperial favors.
-- tyr mørgyky. To thank (a ruler) for a favor.
aman --. A man's allotted share of worldly happiness or good luck.
minu -- bui. It's my turn.

KESIGLE- / ХИШИГЛЭХ
v.t. To give presents; to confer favors; to do in turns.

KESIGTEN / ХИШИГТЭН, ХЭШИГТЭН
n. Favored or blessed persons; Chinggis Khan's bodyguards; name of a Mongolian xosiγun (q.v.) in Zuu Uda (q.v.) aimak in Inner Mongolia.

KESIGYNE
n. Wood sorrel (plant)

KESY- / ХЭСЭХ
v.i. To wander, rove, travel, roam, itinerate; to visit.
--gci. Wanderer.
--n jabuxu. To wander, roam.
ail --ky. To wander from yurt to yurt; to loaf, idle.

KESYGECI / ХЭСЭЭЧ
n. Wanderer, loafer.

KESYGYCILE- / ХЭСҮҮЧЛЭХ
v.i. To roam, rove, to loaf.

KESYGYL- / ХЭСҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of kesy-] To exchange something with someone; to transfer from one person to another, put in circulation.

KESYGYLCE-
v.t. To exchange, barter; to alternate, move from one place t another.
zikegyn xalaγun --zy egelziĭemyi. Heat and cold follow each other.

KESYGYLGE-
v. caus. of kesygyl-.

KESYL / ХЭСЭЛ
n. Wandering, roaming, peregrination.

KESYLGE / ХЭСЛЭГЭ
n. Wandering, vagabondage, vagrancy.

KETE / ХЭТ(ЭН)
n. Steel for striking fire, tinder box with flint and steel for striking fire; lighter.
-- cakiγur xojar. Steel and flint for striking fire
-- cokixu. To strike fire.

KETEBCI / ХЭТЭВЧ
n. Case or pouch with steel for striking fire; wallet.
sumun u --. Bandoleer.

KETEGENE
Same as kedegen-e.

KETEGYY / ХЭТҮҮ
[= ketey] n. Boil, blister, abscess; burr (on tree); inion (anat.).

KETEY
See ketegyy.

KETY, l. / ХЭТ
adv. Beyond, in excess, over; ultra.

-- acixu. To overload.
-- aγasilaxu. To behave or act in an excessive manner.
-- sanaxu. To be too ambitious.
-- ulaγan. Ultra red.
-- xaraixu. To jump over something.

KETY, 2. / ХЭТ
n. Origin, beginning; the future.
-- ji xaraxu. To look into the future.
-- nutuγ. Native land.
-- sanaγ-a. Project, plan.

KETYL- / ХЭТЛЭХ
Same as getyl-.

KETYR-
See ketyre-.

KETYRE- / ХЭТРЭХ
[= ketyr-] v.i. To exceed (as the measure, standard, or quota), surpass, go beyond, transgress; to be impudent, insolent.
arba ece --ky ygei. Not more than ten.
caγ ece --ky. To be overdue; to be late.
cinu tere yge --bei. Your remarks go too far.
kemzij-e ece --ky. To exceed or overstep the permissible limit.
masi --gsen. Excellent, distinguished.
toγan ece --gsen. Exceeding the number.
xuγucaγan eoe --ky. To miss the final date, term, or dead line.
yne --bei. Prices have become excessive.

KETYREGYL- / ХЭТРҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of ketyre-] To overdo, carry to excess; to cause great harm.
--yn bejelegylky. To carry out to excess.
--yn syidkeky. To spend too much.
caγ ece inu -- yly bolumui. [It] must not extend beyond the time limit.
tere --zy bain-a. He is overdoing it.

KETYREL / ХЭТРЭЛ
n. Exaggeration.

KETYREMEGEI / ХЭТРЭМГИЙ
adj. and adv. Excessive[ly], extreme[ly]; insolent[ly], arrogant[ly], disobedient[ly].
-- sain. Perfectly good.
-- zang. Impudence.

KETYREMEGEIDE- / ХЭТРЭМГИЙДЭХ
Same as ketyremegeile-.

KETYREMEGEILE- / ХЭТРЭМГИЙЛЭХ
v.i. To act or behave in an excessive manner; to be impudent.
ezen y dergede --ky. To be insolent to one's master.

KETYRENGGYI / ХЭТРЭНГҮЙ
adj. Excessive, extreme.

KETYRGE
Same as kedyrge, 2.

KETYRKEI / ХЭТЭРХИЙ
adj. and adv. Extraordinary, excessive, extreme, overmuch, eminent; distinguished, superior; exorbitant; ultra.
-- cingγ-a. Overstrict.
-- doγsiraxu. To be[come] utterly mad.
-- iłegyy ber. Extraordinarily, excessively.
-- olan. Too many.
-- onuγ. Overbearing pride, arrogance.

KEY / ХҮҮ
See kyy, 1.

KEYKED / ХҮҮХЭД
n. Children; child.
-- baγacud. Children.
-- γarxu. For a child to be born.
-- sig. In a childish way, in a puerile manner.
-- tøryky. To give birth to a child.
-- [yn] zang. Puerility, childishness.
økin --. Girls.

KEYKEN / ХҮҮХЭН
[= kegyken, 1.] n. Child, infant; girl, virgin, maiden; young lady.
-- kele. Uvula.
-- xalisu. Hymen, maidenhead.
saixan --. Beautiful girl.

KEYKIR / ХҮҮХЭР
n. Boaster, braggart; flatterer, liar.

KEYKIRE- / ХҮҮХРЭХ
v.i. To fly into a rage.

KEYRE- / ХҮҮРЭХ

v.i. To be torn, come out in handfuls (as hair); to be fragile or brittle.

KEYREG / ХҮҮРЭГ

adj. Crisp, crunchy; fragile, brittle; soft.
idekyi dyr --. Easy to masticate, soft (of food).

KEYRSI- / ХҮҮРШИХ

v.i. To get tainted from dampness; to rot from moisture; to become extremely thin.

KEYSER

See kegyser.

KEYSI / ХҮҮШ

n. Shady place.

KEYSILE- / ХҮҮШЛЭХ

v.t. To shade; to put in the shade.

KEZIG

See kizig.

KEZIJ-E / ХЭЗЭЭ

adv. When? What time?
-- ber. Sooner or later.
-- ber jirtincy dyr sayubasu ber. However long my life will be in this world ...
-- cy bolba. No matter when; always.
-- cy bucaxu nicuxu ygei. Never to refuse, never to go back on one's word.
-- cy umartaxu ygei. I shall never forget.
-- de. See kezijede.
-- ece. Since when?
-- imayta. See imayta.
-- [kezij-e] ygei. Immediately, right away, soon, quickly.
-- manayar. Some day.
-- nige cay tu. Once (upon a time); some day.

KEZIJEDE / ХЭЗЭЭД

adv. Always, continuously, all the time; (in negative constructions) never.
-- jin. Permanent, fixed.
bi tan u aci ji -- yly umartamui. I shall never forget your kindness.

KEZIJEIL

[Gu.] adj. Old.

KEZIJELSI-

[Gu.] v.i. To become old.

KEZIJEN-E

See kezijenei.

KEZIJENEI / ХЭЗЭЭНИЙ

[= kezijen-e] adv. and adj. Since long ago, a long time ago; sometime ago; already; old, of long standing.
-- ece [ben]. Since long ago, from olden times.
-- erte [ece] . [From] times immemorial.
-- ki. Old (time), ancient, of old standing.
tegyn lyge bi -- tanil bylyge. I have been acquainted with him for a long time.
tere -- iregsen. He had come already some time ago.

KEZIM / ХЭЖИМ

n. Caparison, saddle cloth.

KI, -KI, 1.

Suffix forming possessive adjectives which chiefly denote locality or time.
degere --. Upper.
edyge --. Present.
maryasi --. Taking place tomorrow.
olan --. Major part, majority.
xoyurundu --. Being, existing between.

KI, 2.

[= temdeglel, Ch. chi 記] n. Memorandum book (obs.).

KI- / ХИЙХ

v.t. a) To do, act, perform; a "quasi-verbalizer" added to nouns or adverbs (cf. ge-).
--ged. See separate entry.
--gsen. See separate entry.
--zy beledkeky. To prepare.
--zy bytygeky. To fulfill, perform, execute, carry out.
aba --ky. To hunt.
alba --ky. To do office work; to serve as an official.
ang gøryge --ky. To hunt.
bailduyan --ky. To make war.
dain [bailduyan] --ky. To make war.
esergyceky jabudal i --ky. To make or show resistance.

γomudal --ky. To raise or submit a complaint.
ger yn azil --ky. To do housework.
iledkel i --ky. To make a report.
jarij-a --ky. To carry on a conversation.
kymyn dyr maγu --ky. To do somebody harm.
taniγulγ-a jarij-a --ky. To carry on an instructive conversation, give information.
xudalduγ-a --ky. To be engaged in trade.
xural [i] --ky. To convene a meeting, call a conference.
zebsegty esergycel i --ky. To offer armed resistence.
zøblegen --ky. To conduct a conference.

b) To make, produce, manufacture, fashion, construct, build.

arasun ijer --gsen. Made of leather or skin.
cilaγu ber --gsen baising. Building constructed of stone.
isegei --ky. To make felt.

c) To put or place into; to pour into.

cai --ky. To make or pour tea.
saba dur usu --ky. To pour water in a vessel.
uγuta dotur-a --ky. To put into a bag.

d) To use as; to treat as.

der-e --ky. To use as a pillow.
gergei ben --zy abxu. To take for a wife.

KIB



See kiib.

KIBEDESY / ХИВДЭС



See kebidesy.

KICE / ХИЙЦ



n. Make, construction.

KICI / ХИЧ



n. Mustard.

KICIGEL



See kicijel.

KICIJE- / ХИЧЭЭХ



v.t. and i. To exert oneself, apply oneself to; to make an effort, endeavor, strive; to arrange; to take care, be cautious; to guard against, beware of.
-- ! Look out!
--zy. Carefully, zealously, assiduously, industriously.
--zy azillaxu. To work carefully, do one's best.
bej-e ben --ky. To take good care of one's health; to watch one's step.
kymyn dyr yzegdekyi ece --gtyn! Avoid being seen or discovered!
øber yn tusa ji --ky. To make efforts, strive, for one's own profit.
xota ji --ky. To take defense precautions for the city.
xudalduγ-a --ky. To apply oneself to business or trade.

KICIJEL / ХИЧЭЭЛ



[= kicigel] n. Exertion, endeavor, industriousness; caution; subject or course of study or instruction; class; lesson.
-- dabtaxu. To review a lesson.
-- i egyskeky. To make efforts, show zeal or devotion, be dedicated to one's work.
-- kiky. To attend a class; to study.
-- ygei. Not zealous, careless, thoughtless.
-- yn erkilegci. Person in charge of the instruction.
bailduγan u -- . Maneuvers.
cerig yn -- . Military subject or course.
idebki -- . Activity, effort, endeavor, exertion, application.

KICIJELDY-



v. rec. of kicije-.

KICIJELGE- / ХИЧЭЭЛГЭХ



v. caus. of kicije-.

KICIJELLE- / ХИЧЭЭЛЛЭХ



v.i. To study in class; to conduct a class, give a lesson.

KICIJELTEI / ХИЧЭЭЛТЭЙ



[= kicijelty] adj. Painstaking, diligent; careful, cautious, circumspect, prudent; having or giving a class.

KICIJELTY / ХИЧЭЭЛТ



See kicijeltei.

KICIJEMZI / ХИЧЭЭМЖ



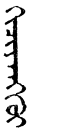
n. Care, caution.
-- ygei. Inert, inactive.

KICIJEMZITEI



adj. Prudent, provident, circumspect.

KICIJENGGYI / ХИЧЭЭНГҮЙ



n. and adj. Zeal, application; zealous, industrious; careful, cautious.
-- ysyg. Fine and careful penmanship.
-- zangtai. Prudent, provident.

KICIJENGGYILE- / ХИЧЭЭНГҮЙЛЭХ



v.i. To be zealous or studious; to be cautious, be attentive; to take heed, beware of; to be respectful or humble.
--n. With an effort, zealously; respectfully.
--n dayaxu. To conform respectfully.
--n yujuxu. To request humbly.

KICIJENGGYILEGYL- / ХИЧЭЭНГҮЙЛҮҮЛЭХ



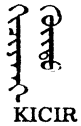
v. caus. of kicijenggyile-.

KICIJENGGYITEI / ХИЧЭЭНГҮЙТЭЙ



[= kicijenggyity] adj. Zealous, studious, painstaking.

KICIJENGGYITY / ХИЧЭЭНГҮИТ



See kicijenggyitei.

KICIR / ХИЧИР



n. Ends of a bow.

KIDEL / ХИЙДЭЛ



n. Act, action, work.
-- kiky. To work.

KIDU- / ХЯДАХ



v.t. To cut; to massacre, slaughter, kill; to annihilate, destroy.
--yci. Murderer, assasin.
--n alaxu. To slaughter, kill.
--n sønygeky. To kill, annihilate.
cayazalan --xu. To put to death, execute.

KIDUГAN / ХЯДААН



n. Slaughter, carnage.

KIDULCA- / ХЯДАЛЦАХ



v. coop. of kidu-.

KIDULГ-A / ХЯДЛАГА



n. Slaughter, massacre, carnage.

KIГAZA / ХЯАЗ



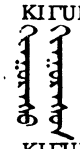
n. Edging, braid (as of a dress).

KIГUR / ХИУР



See kigiri.

KIГURASU(N) / ХУУРС



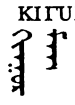
[= kiyurusu(n)] n. Nit

KIГURASUDA- / ХУУРСДАХ



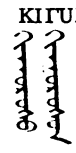
v.i. To become infested with nits.

KIГURMAГ / ХИУРМАГ



See xairmay.

KIГURUSU(N)



See kiyurasu(n)

KIG / ХИГ



n. Moss, green mold, scum on water surface; lichen.

KIGDE- / ХИЙГДЭХ



v. pass. of ki-.

KIGDYRI / ХИГДЭР



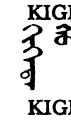
n. Green mold on rocks under water; alga.

KIGED / ХИЙГЭЭД



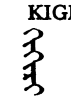
[perfect converb of ki-, and conj.] Having done; and. In the classical and modern language this conjunction is usually placed before the last word of a group, but in the pre-classical language and even in the early state of the classical period it was placed after the last word of a group and took the required case suffix.
ci -- yze! [You] try to do it!
eldeb erdenis ynyrten kyzis -- i ergymyi. [I] offer various jewels and incense.
xayan -- xatun. The king and the queen.

KIGEDESY



See kebidesy.

KIGIRI / ХИЙР



[= kiyur, kiri, 2] n. Standard, guidon.
-- dalbay-a. Standard, flag.

KIGSEN
[past. part. of ki-] adj. Made, manufactured; man-made, artificial.
-- sidy. Artificial tooth.

KIGTEI / ХИГТЭЙ
adj. Covered with moss or scum.
-- usu. Water covered with scum.

KIGYL-
v. caus. of ki-.

KIIB / ХИВ
[= kib] n. Silken scarf or kerchief; silk tissue, silk; gauze, crape.
-- toryγ-a. Silk of inferior quality used in religious ceremonies; scarves made of it, blessed by a lama, are worn around the neck (zanggij-a) or suspended in front of religious images; crape.
bykyli --. A whole piece of silk.

KIILESA
Transcription of S. kleça. See nisvanis.

KIJ-A / ХИА
n. Officer in the service of a prince; aide, body-guard, page, adjutant; footman, orderly.

KIJABAN
n. Hemp cloth.

KIJACI-
v.t. To chop, cut; to slaughter, annihilate.

KIJACIIGUL-
v. caus. of kijaci-.

KIJAG / ХИАГ
n. Couch grass, Aneurolepidium pseudo-agropyrum.

KIJAGLA-
v.i. To screech (of hawks and other predatory birds).

KIJAGTU / ХИАГТ
adj. and n.p. (Place) covered with spear grass; the city of Kiakhta (Kyakhta).

KIJALA- / ХИАЛАХ
v.i. To serve as a kij-a (q.v.).

KIJAR
Onomat. descriptive of the cry of raptorial birds.
-- kijar. As above.

KIJARA-
v.i. To crumble, fall apart, die off.
--tal-a alaxu. To annihilate, exterminate.

KIJARCIGINA- / ХЯРЧИГНАХ
onomat. v.i. To squeal, creak.

KIJUR
-- xoruxai. A kind of yellow moth used as bait for fish and birds.

KIKI
Onomat. expressive of laughter: Ha, ha.

KIKILI / ХИЙЛ
n. Violin.
morin --. Violincello.

KIKIRI
Same as kigiri.

KILAB / ХЯЛАВ
-- xulub. Looking askance, giving a squinting or mean look.

KILAG-A
[Ko.] n. Burdock.

KILAGAN-A / ХЯЛГАНА
[= kilγan-a] Feather grass, Stipa glareosa, Stipa gobica.
baγ-a --. Feather grass of the Gobi.

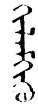
KILAGAR / ХЯЛГАР
[= kilar] adj. Cross-eyed, squint-eyed; askew, slanting.
-- nidy. Squinting eyes.

KILAI-, etc.
See kilui-, etc.

KILAM / ХЯЛАМ
-- kiky. Same as kilamki-.

KILAMALZA- / ХЯЛМАЛЗАХ
Same as kilulza-.

KILAMKI- / ХЯЛАМХИЙХ



v.t. To look about, look behind one, turn one's head to look at something; to lose one's head, take fright; to be worried.

--n yzeky. To look about; to look behind one.

KILAR / ХЯЛАР



See kilaγar.

KILBAR / ХЯЛБАР



adj. and adv. Easy, simple; easily, simply; simple-minded; accessible, approachable.

-- døkym. Convenient, handy.

-- døkym ijer. Easily, conveniently.

-- ijer. Easily; cheaply.

-- ygei. Not easy, difficult.

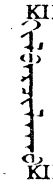
amur -- ijer. Easily, conveniently; quietly, happily.

kimda -- . Cheap, inexpensive.

medekyi dyr -- . Easy to understand or realize.

tegyn i tanixu -- . It is easy to recognize him.

KILBARCILA- / ХЯЛБАРЧЛАХ



v.t. To make easy or simple, simplify; to popularize; to treat something lightly; to abbreviate.

KILBARXAN / ХЯЛБАРХАН



adj. Rather easy or simple; rather inexpensive.

KILBYRI



See kelberi.

KILCE- / ХИЙЛЦЭХ



v. coop. of ki-.

KILE



Same as kili, 1.

KILENG / ХИЛЭН



[= kiling, 2] n. Velvet, plush.

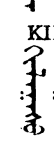
-- øgedeng. Velvet.

KILΓANA



See kilaγan-a.

KILΓASU(N) / ХЯЛГАС(АН)



n. Hair of the mane and tail, horse hair.

--n oγusur. Rope made of horse hair.

--n sirbegyl. Fly whisk made of animal hair.

--n tour. Net made of hair.

--n xoruxai. Hairworm.

xoruxai -- . Short tail of a horse.

KILGE- / ХИЙЛГЭХ



[v. caus. of ki-] To let, cause, or force to do something, entrust a task to someone.

azil --ky. To cause or let someone work.

xural --ky. To order to hold a meeting, charge with convening a meeting.

yile [ji] --ky. To give somebody work to do, entrust with work.

KILI, 1. / ХИЛ



n. Furrow between two fields, border, boundary; frontier; limitation.

-- dabaxu. To cross the frontier.

-- degereki. Situated on or near the frontier, marginal.

-- jin caγdaγ-a. Frontier guard[s].

-- jin obuγ-a. Border marker usually consisting of a pile of stones.

-- jin temdeg. Frontier sign.

-- jin xaraγul. Frontier guard[s].

-- kizaγar. Frontier of a country, borderland, marginal region.

-- nebtereky. To cross the frontier.

-- talbixu. To delimit, demarcate.

-- tataxu. To mark the boundaries, demarcate.

-- xamaγalaγci. Frontier guard[s].

-- xaraγul un cerig. Frontier guard[s]or troops.

KILI, 2.



-- zangtai. [Go.] Kind, tender.

KILI, 3. / ХИЛ



n. Bow of a musical instrument; violin (cf. kikili); also a musical instrument known as morin xuγur (see under xuγur).

KILIM-E / ХИЛЭМ



n. Sturgeon.

KILINCE / ХИЛЭНЦ



n. Sin.

-- ece xaγacaγsan. Free from sin, impeccable, innocent.

-- yiledky. To sin, commit a sin, trespass.

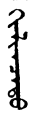
gem -- . Sin.

KILINCETEI / ХИЛЭНЦТЭЙ



[= kilincety] adj. Sinful.

KILINCETY / ХИЛЭНЦЭТ



See kilincetei.

-- xoruxai. Scorpion (insect and sign of the zodiac, cf. diγbaranza).

KILING, 1. / ХИЛЭН(Г)



n. Temper, wrath, rage, anger.

aγur --. Wrath, rage, anger.

KILING, 2.



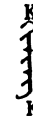
See kileng.

KILING, 3. / ХИЛЭН(Г)



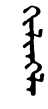
[Ch. ch'i-lin 麒麟] n. The so-called unicorn of Chinese mythology; rhinoceros.

KILING, 4.



See under xalang.

KILINGLE- / ХИЛЭГНЭХ



[= kilingne-] v.i. To be[come] angry, lose one's temper, rage, rave.

KILINGLEL / ХИЛЭНЛЭЛ

n. Anger, irritation.

KILINGLESKI-

v.i. To become angry or furious.

KILINGNE- / ХИЛЭГНЭХ

See kilingle-

KILINGNEGYL- / ХИЛЭГНҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kilingne-.

KILINGTEI / ХИЛЭНТЭЙ

[= kilingty] adj. Enraged, furious.

KILINGTY / ХИЛЭНТ

See kilingtei.

KILIS, 1.

Plural of kili, 1.

KILIS, 2. / ХИЛС

n. and adj. Injustice, wrong, grievance; unjust, unfair, undeserved.

-- gyzir. Injustice; calumny, slander.

-- unal. Great wrong, gross injustice.

-- ygei. Innocent.

-- ygei ynen. Quite true, absolutely true.

KILISTE- / ХИЛСТЭХ



v.i. To be unjustly accused or punished; to be maligned or slandered.

KILISTEI / ХИЛСТЭЙ



adj. Unjust, wrongful.

KILM-A



See kilmaγ-a.

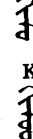
KILMAG-A



[= kilm-a] n. A fishing device with hooks placed in the water.

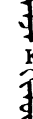
-- xoruxai. Worms or myriapods found in grain.

KILOVATT / КИЛОВАТТ



n. Kilowatt.

KILUBALZA- / ХЯЛБАЛЗАХ



Same as kilulza-.

KILUI- / ХЯЛАЙХ

[= kilai-] v.i. To look askance at, squint; to look at someone with scorn or anger.

KILULZA- / ХЯЛАЛЗАХ

[v. freq. of kilui-] v.i. To look askance, squint; to stare, goggle; to look with scorn at.

KILUMALZA- / ХЯЛМАЛЗАХ

Same as kilulza-.

KILUNGGURLA-

v.i. To look askance at, squint.

KIM-A / ХИМ

n. A kind of hemp; the fiber of hemp. [Gu.] Flax; raw flesh of deer or fish.

KIMAG-A / ХЯМГА

n. Care; guardianship; caution; thrift, economy; accurateness.

-- ygei kymyn. Careless or neglectful person.

KIMAGADA- / ХЯМГАДАХ



v.t. and i. To save, guard, conserve, economize; to become adjusted, become normal or orderly; to concentrate.

KIMAГADAГUL- / ХЯМГАДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of kimaγada-.

KIMAГADALГ-A / ХЯМГАДАЛГА

n. The act of kimaγada-.

-- dur øgky. To put in the care of or entrust to somebody.

KIMAГALA- / ХЯМГААЛАХ

v.t. and i. To do or act carefully; to guard, conserve, save, economize; to put in order, arrange; to concentrate.

KIMAГATAI / ХЯМГАТАЙ

[= kimaγatu] adj. Thrifty, economical, solicitous, accurate, careful.

KIMAГATU

See kimaγatai.

KIMCA

See kımcaγ-a.

KIMCAГ-A

[= kimca] [Gu.] n. Line; measure.

KIMDA / ХЯМД

adj. and adv. Cheap[ly], inexpensive[ly]; easy, easily, simple, simply.

KIMDARA- / ХЯМДРАХ

v.i. To become cheap or inexpensive.

KIMDARAГUL- / ХЯМДРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of kimdara-] To cheapen, cut down the costs or price.

yn-e ji --xu. To cut down the price.

KIMDARAL / ХЯМДРАЛ

n. The act of kimdara-; lowering of prices.

KIMDAXAN / ХЯМДХАН

adj. Cheap; rather easy or simple.

KIMEL / ХИЙМЭЛ

[n.d. of ki-] adj. [Man-]made, artificial, synthetic; false, substitute.

-- amisx-a. Artificial respiration.

-- dabusu. Borax.

-- dabusun u kycil. Boric acid.

-- køl. Artificial leg.

-- møce. Prosthesis, artificial limb.

KIMI / ХИМИ

[R. химия] n. Chemistry.

-- jin. Chemical.

-- jin anggı. Chemical unit (mil.).

-- jin baildu γan. Chemical warfare.

-- jin uxaγan. Chemistry.

-- maxabud. Chemical element.

KIMICI / ХИМИЧ

n. Chemist.

KIMSAГ-A / ХЯМСАА

n. Nippers, tweezers.

-- ber xabcıxu. To hold with tweezers.

KIMURA- / ХЯМРАХ

v.i. To fall into decay, deteriorate; to be upset be disorderly; to conflict, clash.

bej-e --xu. To be indisposed.

sedkil --xu. To be confused or upset.

tngri --xu. For the weather to become bad.

KIMURAГUL- / ХЯМРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of kimura-.

KIMURAL / ХЯМРАЛ

n. Disorder, confusion, chaos; trouble; conflict, clash; crisis.

-- un γazar. The field, scene or focus of trouble.

-- ygei. Imperturbable, serene.

ebderel --. Trouble, disorder.

ed yn --. Economic crisis, depression.

ulus tøry jin --. Political crisis.

KIMURALDU- / ХЯМРАЛДАХ

v.i. To become troubled, agitated or disturbed; to clash, conflict.

KIMURALDUГAN / ХЯМРАЛДААН

n. Conflict, clash, collision; discord.

KIMURALDUГUL- / ХЯМРАЛДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of kimuraldu-] To cause to quarrel; to set at variance; to intrigue, plot, scheme.

KIMURALTAI / ХЯМРАЛТАЙ

[= kimuraltu] adj. Troubled, agitated; critical.

KIMURALTU / ХЯМРАЛТ

See kimuraltai.

KIMUSU(N) / ХУМС(АН)

[= xumusun] n. Claws, talons; nails.
--n u kituγ-a. A knife for cutting finger nails.
emegen --. Oyster; snail.

KIMUSULA- / ХУМСЛАХ

v.t. To claw, scratch with claws.

KIMUSUTAI / ХУМСТАЙ

[= kimusutu] adj. Having claws or nails.

KIMUSUTAN / ХУМСТАН

n. Those who have claws, predatory beasts and birds.

KIMUSUTU / ХУМАСТ

See kimusutai.

KIN

[Ch. ch'in 琴] n. Chinese musical instrument with seven strings.

KINA-, 1. / ХЯНАХ

v.t. and i. To examine carefully, investigate, check, verify; to observe, trace; to scan, scrutinize; to be attentive, careful or thorough.
--γci. Investigator, controller, supervisor; proofreader.
--n. Carefully, attentively, in detail.
--n baicaγaγci. Inspector, controller.
--n baicaγaxu. To inspect, superintend, supervise.
--zu boduxu. To reflect, meditate; to consider carefully; to calculate.

KINA-, 2.

See kinu-.

KINAGUL- / ХЯНУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of kina-] To present for checking or controlling.

KINAL / ХЯНАЛ

n. Careful examination, investigation, exploration, control, supervision.
-- kicijel ygei. Without attention or control; careless[ly].

KINALCA- / ХЯНАЛЦАХ

v. coop. of kina-

KINALГ-A / ХЯНАЛГА

Same as kinalta.

KINALTA / ХЯНАЛТ

n. Control, revision, supervision, investigation; attention, care, caution.
-- jin dour-a. Under the control of ...
-- jin toγ-a. Preliminary figures of a plan or project.
-- talbixu. To set up [a system of] inspection or control.
-- ygei. Inattentive, thoughtless, without care or checking.
bolγumzilalta --. Care and caution.

KINAMAГAI / ХЯНАМГАЙ

adj. Careful, prudent, attentive, cautious, circumspect, perspicacious; exacting.
-- kymyn. A prudent person.
usun masi tungγalaγ bolbasu ziγasun ygei bolumui; kymyn masi --bolbasu nøkyr ygei bolumui. Water that is too clear has no fish; a man who is too wary has no friends (proverb).

KINAMZI / ХЯНАМЖ

n. Prudence, extreme care.
-- seremzi. Vigilance.

KINAMZILA- / ХЯНАМЖЛАХ

v.t. and i. To do or act earnestly or carefully; to be attentive or careful.

KINAMZILAL / ХЯНАМЖЛАЛ

n. Prudence.

KINAMZITAI / ХЯНАМЖТАЙ

adj. Prudent, careful.
-- ber. Prudently, carefully.

KINGГ-A(N) / ХЯНГА(Н)

n. Horse's withers; mountain range or ridge; mountainous area covered with taiga and swamps.
-- købci. Wooded mountains; taiga; mountain forests.
--n dabaγ-a. The Khingan mountains.

KINGГAR-A, 1. / ХЯНГАР

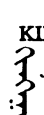


n. Large knife (often with two blades), chopping knife, cleaver; harvesting knife, sickle.

-- jasu. Shin-bone. [Lu.] Fibula.

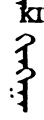
tarijan i -- ber xaduxu. To harvest a crop.

KINGГAR-A, 2. / ХЯНГАР



n. Crest of a hill.

KINGГARADA- / ХЯНГАРДАХ



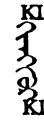
v.t. To cut with a harvesting knife.

KINGГARADAL / ХЯНГАРДАЛ



n. The act of kingγarada-.

KINGGYR



See under xangγur.

KINGLE-



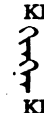
[= kingna-] v.t. To learn or acquire something by degrees.

KINGLESI



-- ygei. Incomprehensible, inaccessible, unapproachable.

KINGNA-



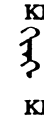
See kingle-.

KINGXULA- / ХЯНХЛАХ



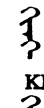
v.t. To look for a quarrel or trouble; to think evil of others.

KINGXULAL / ХЯНХЛАЛ



n. The act of kingxula-.

KINGXUU / ХЯНХУУ



n. Quarrelling, backbiting.

KINO / КИНО

[R. кино] n. Motion picture; motion-picture theater.

-- γarγaxu. To show motion pictures.

-- segyder. Motion pictures.

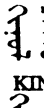
negydel yn --. Itinerant motion-picture theater.

KINU- / ХЯНАХ



[= kina-] v.t. To have a secret grudge; to desire the death of a person.

KINULCA- / ХЯНАЛЦАХ



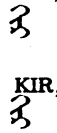
v. coop. of kinu-.

KINZIR



n. Rope for tying lambs; climbing plant, vine. Cf. køgene.

KIR, 1.



See under xar, 1.

KIR, 2.



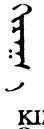
See gkir.

KIR-A / ХЯР



n. Summit or ridge of a mountain, small mountain chain; foothills; slope; a strip (usually of horn) attached to the front and rear edges of the saddle.

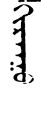
KIRAГ-A / ХЯРАА



n. Dusk before dawn.

yr yn --. At or before dawn.

KIRAГU(N) / ХЯРУУ

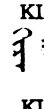


n. Hoarfrost.

-- unaxu. For hoarfrost to form.

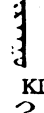
caγan --. Hoarfrost.

KIRAГUL / ХЯРУУЛ



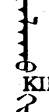
See γurγuul.

KIRAГUTA- / ХЯРУУТАХ



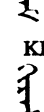
v.i. To be[come] covered with hoarfrost.

KIRALA- / ХЯРЛАХ



v.i. and t. To walk on the summit of a mountain; to trim the saddle with kir-a (q.v.).

KIRAM / ХЯРАМ



[= kirm-a] n. Boiled milk diluted with water.

KIRAMAГ / ХЯРМАГ



[= kirmaγ] n. Fine or fluffy snow; first snow, new-fallen snow.

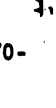
-- casu. Same as above.

KIRAMAГLA- / ХЯРМАГЛАХ



v.i. To snow while the sun is shining.

KIRAMLA- / ХЯРАМЛАХ



v.t. To boil diluted milk.

KIRATAI
adj. Having a kir-a (q.v.)
toxuγsan emegel inu jasun -- mønggyn keregkeltei.
His saddle has a bone kir-a (q.v.) and silver ornaments (poet.).

KIRBE- / ХИРВЭХ
v.t. To shorten gradually; to trim or clip evenly; to level up.

KIRBEGDE- / ХИРВЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of kirbe-.

KIRBEGEDESY(N) / ХИРВЭЭДЭС
See kirbegesy(n).

KIRBEGELE- / ХИРВЭЭЛЭХ
v.t. To trim, border; to furnish with a hem or fringe.

KIRBEGESY(N) / ХИРВЭЭС
[= kirbegedesy(n)] n. Fur trimming.

KIRBEGESYLE- / ХИРВЭЭСЛЭХ
v.t. To border or trim with fur.

KIRBEGESYLEGYL- / ХИРВЭЭСЛЭГДЭХ
v. caus. of kirbegesyle-.

KIRBEGESYTY / ХИРВЭЭСТ
adj. Trimmed with fur.
-- malaγ-a. Fur-trimmed hat.

KIRBEGYL- / ХИРВҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kirbe-.

KIRBUSU(N) / ХЯРВАС
n. Smell of singed hair or wool; smell of something burning.
--n u ynyr. Smell of burning.

KIRBUSULA- / ХЯРВАСЛАХ
v.t. To singe or burn hair or wool.

KIRBUSULAL / ХЯРВАСЛАЛ
n. The act of kirbusula-.

KIRDKI- / ХИРДХИЙХ
[= kiridki--] v.i. To shudder with fear, be terror-stricken.
ajun --zy. Shuddering with fear.

KIRE- / ХЭРЭХ
[= keri-] v.i. To be stingy or miserly.

KIREG
[= kerig, kirig] adj. and n. Avaricious, miserly, stingy (person).

KIREGYY
adj. Timid, fearful, apprehensive; obstinate

KIRES- / ХИРСЭХ
v.i. To hide, conceal oneself; to be motionless; to cower (of a frightened bird or animal).

KIRGA- / ХЯРГАХ
v.t. To cut off, shear, clip.
--γci. Barber, shearer.
--n alaxu. To annihilate, exterminate.
unagγasun i --xu. To shear wool.
xonin u noγusu ji --xu. To shear sheep.
ysyn i --xu. To give a haircut.

KIRGAGDA- / ХЯРГАГДАХ
v. pass. of kirγa-.

KIRGAGUL- / ХЯРГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of kirγa-.

KIRGAGUR / ХЯРГУУР
n. Scissors, shears.

KIRGUI / ХЯРГУЙ
n. Small hawk, small predatory bird.

KIRGULIG
-- xarcaγai. Hawk.

KIRGUUL
See γurγuul.

KIRGIS / ХИРГИС
n.p. Kirghiz.

KIRI, 1. / ХИР



a) n. Measure, degree, bound, limit, capacity, quality, according to, commensurate with.

-- ben medeky. To know one's limits, abilities or possibilities; to be moderate.

-- ben medeky ygei. To overrate or overestimate one's capacities or abilities.

-- ber. According to one's limit, limitations, or capacity.

-- cidal. Ability.

-- cinege. Capacity.

-- cinege ber. According to one's capacity.

-- ece ketyreky. To exceed the measure.

-- ece ketyrenggyi. Beyond measure.

-- kemzij-e. Limit, capacity.

-- kemzij-e ygei. Unlimited.

cidal un -- ber. Commensurate with or in proportion to one's capability or possibility.

keyked yn -- uxaγan ygei. Not having as much intelligence as a child.

kymyn y -- ji medeky. To know somebody's limits, capacities, or abilities; to appraise a person correctly.

nige kymyn y -- ber. Sufficient for one man.

øber yn kycyn kørynggen y -- cinege ber. In accordance with the [available] power and means.

b) adv. Almost, nearly, about, around.

ali --. To what degree?

arba jin --. Around ten.

edyge --. At present, now.

ene --. At present, at this moment, for a certain period, for the present.

nige sara jin --. About a month.

yge jin --. About noon.

yr caixui -- dyr. At dawn or daybreak.

c) adv. How? How much? To what extent?

-- kecegyy kigsen bain-a! How cleverly done!

-- olan kymyn bain-a? How many persons are there?

-- zerge bain-a? How is your health? How do you feel?

d) Idiomatic usage.

-- kiri tegen. Each one in his own way.

KIRI, 2.



Same as kigiri.

KIRIDKI-



See kirdki-.

KIRIG



See kireg.

KIRILE- / ХИРЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To act to the best of one's ability; to determine the place or time; to fix the price, appraise, evaluate; to be moderate.

--zy abxu. To take moderately, take only the amount needed.

--zy medeky. To estimate, arrive at by appraisa

KIRILEGYL- / ХИРЛҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of kirile-.

KIRILEL



n. Appraisal, evaluation; temperance, moderation.

KIRIS / ХИРС



[= kers] n. Rhinoceros, unicorn.

enedkeg yn -- gørygesy. The Indian rhinoceros.

KIRITEI / ХИРТЭЙ



[= kirity] adj. Having a measure or limit; moderate, proper, within bounds; corresponding to.

-- aγasila! Behave yourself!

-- ber ideky. To eat moderately.

ali -- ? In what measure? To what extent? How?

tabu --. About five.

xojar caγ --. About two hours, around two o'clock.

xojar sar-a jin -- γazar. Distance of a journey of two months.

KIRIZIS

Same as krizis.

KIRKIR-A

n. Hoarse breathing; phlegm.

KIRM-A

See kiram.

KIRMAГ, etc.

See kiramaγ, etc.

KIRSA / ХЯРС

n. Steppe fox, Alopex corsac.

KIRTE-, etc.
Same as gkirte-, etc.

KIRTY-, etc.
Same as gkirte-.

KIRU- / ХЯРАХ
v.t. To cut into small pieces, mince.

KIRUГUCAI
n. A kind of small hawk.

KIRUГUL- / ХЯРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of kiru-.

KIRURGI
[R. хирургия] n. Surgery.

KIRXAГ
n. Border, edge.

KIRY-
v.i. To have fear; to be afraid.

KIRYGE / ХӨРӨӨ(Н)
n. Saw.
-- jin ir. The teeth of a saw.
-- jin ir sig. Zigzag, not straight.
-- jin sidy. The teeth of a saw.
-- niruγu. A kind of fish.
γar --. Handsaw.

KIRYGECI / ХӨРӨӨЧ
n. Sawyer.

KIRYGEDE- / ХӨРӨӨДӨХ
v.t. and i. To saw; to move in a zigzag manner.
--gci. Sawyer.

KIRYGEDEGYL- / ХӨРӨӨДҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kirygede-.

KIRYGELE- / ХӨРӨӨЛӨХ
v.t. To make a saw.

KIRYGETEI / ХӨРӨӨТЭЙ
[= kirygety] adj. Having a saw.

KIRYGETY / ХӨРӨӨТ
See kirygetei.

KIRZANG / ХЯРЗАН
n. Perineum.

KISA, 1. / ХЯС
n. Forge, furnace.

KISA, 2. / ХЯСАА
n. Steep precipice, steep river bank.

KISA- / ХЯСАХ
v.t. To hamper, impede, obstruct intentionally.

KISAГ-A / ХЯСАА
n. Impediment, hindrance, obstacle.

KISAГAN
-- tngri. A shamanist deity.

KISAГATAI / ХЯСААТАЙ
adj. Impeditive, hindering, obstructive.

KISAГDA- / ХЯСАГДАХ
v. pass. of kisa-.

KISAГUL- / ХЯСУУЛАХ
v. caus. of kisa-.

KISENEG
See keseneg.

KISIGYN-E / ХИШҮҮН
[= kišyyn-e] n. Rhubarb.

KISU-, etc. / ХУСАХ
See xusu-, etc.

KISUГ-A / ХЯСАА(Н)
n. Shell, clam, oyster.

KIŠYYN-E
See kisigyn-e.

KITAD / ХЯТАД
n. and adj. China; Chinese.
-- baicai. Chinese cabbage.

-- qabusu. Sal ammoniac.
-- γazar. China.
-- jar-a. Venereal disease.
-- kymyn. A Chinese.
-- ulus. China.
-- un. Chinese (attr.).

KITADCILA- / ХЯТАДЧЛАХ
v.t. To sinicize; to translate into Chinese.

KITADCILAL / ХЯТАДЧЛАЛ
n. The act of kitadcila-.

KITARAГU(N)
[= kitarau, kitaruu] n. Knot on thread.
-- bilzuuxai. Sparrow.

KITARAU
See kitaraγu(n).

KITARUD-
v.i. To be covered with knots; to be puckered (of silk); to be twisted tightly, be uneven (of thread).

KITARUU
See kitaraγu(n).

KITUГ-A / ХУТГА(Н)
[= xutaγ-a, xutuγ-a] n. Knife, knife-like cutting tool or weapon.
-- ber oγtulxu. To cut, slice with a knife.
-- jin xui. Sheath for knife or sword.
ebkemel --. Pocket knife, penknife.
kimusun u --. Knife for cutting finger nails.
yzyn y --. Knife for shaving, razor.

KITUГALA- / ХУТГАЛАХ
v.t. To cut or stab with a knife.
øber ijen --zu ykyky. To stab oneself to death.

KITYGE / ХИТЭГ
n. The stern of a ship or boat.
-- barixu. To steer (a ship).

KIXA- / ХЯХАХ
v.t. To choke; to menace, intimidate; to oppress; to hinder.

KIXUNA- / ХЯХНАХ
v.i. To squeak, creak.

KIXUNAM-A / ХЯХНАМ
adj. Closely-woven, thick.

KIZA / ХЯЗ
n. Border, edging, hem (of a garment).

KIZAГALA-
Same as kizaγarla-.

KIZAГALAL / ХЯЗААЛАЛ
n. Limitation, restriction.
-- ygei dalai. Limitless sea; ocean.
-- ygei medekyi. Infinite knowledge.
-- ygei oγturγui. Limitless sky.

KIZAГALAN
See kizaγalang.

KIZAГALANG / ХЯЗААЛАН
[= kizaγalan, kizalang] adj. Four-year-old (of domestic animals).
-- imaγ-a. Four-year-old goat.
-- xoni. Four-year-old ram.

KIZAГALASI
-- ygei. Limitless, infinite, boundless.

KIZAГAR / ХЯЗГААР
n. Border, frontier, limit, bound, end.
-- ece nøgcigsen. Exceeding the limits, boundless.
-- γazar. Borderland.
-- muzi. Frontier province.
-- orun. Borderland; distant province.
-- ygei. Unlimited, infinite, vast.
dørben zyg naiman --. The four main and eight intermediate points of the compass.
kili --. Border, frontier.

KIZAГARLA- / ХЯЗГААРЛАХ
v.t. and i. To delimit, fix the limits of, demarcate; to be restricted or limited.
egyber --xu busu. Not confining oneself to this [but...], not only this, but.

KIZAГARALAГDA- / ХЯЗГААРЛАГДАХ
[v. pass. of kizaγarla-] To be limited, bordered, enclosed in frontiers; to be restricted.

KIZAГARLAГUL- / ХЯЗГААРЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of kizaγarla-.

KIZAГARLAL / ХЯЗГААРЛАЛ
n. The act or state of kizaγarla-.

KIZAГARTAI / ХЯЗГААРТАЙ
[= kizaγartu] adj. Having a frontier or border; limited.
nigen -- bolxu. Having a common frontier, contiguous.

KIZAГARTU / ХЯЗГААРТ
See kizaγartai.

KIZAГASU(N)
n. Trimming or border on garments.

KIZALANG
See kizaγalang.

KIZI, 1. / ХИЖ
n. A pile of sand, sand dune.

KIZI, 2.
n. Mustard plant, rape, Brassica.
-- jin tosu. Mustard oil, rape oil.
caγan --. White mustard or rape.

KIZIG / ХИЖИГ
[= kezig] n. Epidemic, pestilence, infectious disease, infection.
-- ebedcin. Contagious disease.
-- kyrky. To contract a disease, fall ill.
gedesyn y -- [ebedcin]. Typhoid fever.
xuluγan-a --. Bubonic plague.

KIZIGDE- / ХИЖИГДЭХ
v.t. To catch an epidemic disease.

KIZIGDEL / ХИЖИГДЭЛ
n. The act of kizigde-.

KIZIGLE- / ХИЖИГЛЭХ
v.i. For an epidemic to develop or spread.

KIZIM / ХИЖИМ
n. Trepang, holothurian.

KLYB / КЛУБ
[R. клуб] n. Club (social).

KØ
See køge.

KØB, 1. / ХӨВ
Intensifying adverbial particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable kø.
-- køke. Entirely blue or green.
-- kønggen. Quite light; quite easy.

KØB, 2. / ХӨВ
n. Deep place, depth, profundity.
usun u --. Depth of water.

KØB- / ХӨӘӨХ
v.i. To rise to the surface, float, drift.
--cy γarxu. To swim across.
--ky gyr. Pontoon bridge.
usun degere --ky. To float or drift on the water.

KØBBY-
Same as køb-.

KØBBYGYL- / ХӨВҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of køb-.

KØBCI(N), 1. / ХӨВЧ(ИН)
adj. Whole, complete, all; everything.
-- bej-e. The whole body.
-- ulus. All the people; everybody.

KØBCI, 2. / ХӨВЧ
n. Mountain ridge, range, or plateau; woods, forest, taiga.
-- oi. Forest.
aγula jin --. Mountain chain.

KØBCI, 3. / ХӨВЧ
n. Bowstring; chord (geom.).
-- neilegylky. To adjust the string of a bow.

KØBCIDE- / ХӨВЧДӨХ
v.t. To draw a bow-string; to fluff cotton with a special bow; to strangle.
--n alaxu. To strangle, execute by strangulation.

KØBCIDEGYL- / ХӨВЧДҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of købcide--.

KØBCILE- / ХӨВЧЛӨХ
v.t. To string a bow; to strangle.
-- alaxu. To strangle.
bykyi kycyn i --ky. To exhaust one's power or strength.

KØBCILEGYL- / ХӨВЧЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of købcile-.

KØBCILEGYR / ХӨВЧЛҮҮР

n. Notch at end of bow for holding bowstring.

KØBE- / ХӨВӨХ

v.t. To tack, baste (in sewing).

KØBEGE(N) / ХӨВӨӨ(Н)

[= købyge] n. Brim, border, trimming, edging; edge, hem, rim; bank of a river, shore.
-- deki. Situated on the shore or bank, littoral.
-- ygei. Vast, infinite.
debel yn --. Hem, border of a fur coat.
malaγai jin --. Brim of a hat.
møren y --. Bank of a river.
siregen y --. Edge of a table.

KØBEGELE- / ХӨВӨӨЛӨХ

v.t. and i. To border, hem, edge, trim; to move along the bank or edge.
--n jabuxu. To go along the edge or shore; to skirt.
erdenis ijer --ky. To border with precious stones.
γuuli ber --ky. To make a brass border or trimming.
mangx-a --zy jabuxu. To skirt the dunes.

KØBEGETY / ХӨВӨӨТ

adj. Having a selvedge, border, or bank.
-- sir-a xosiγu. "Bordered yellow banner," one of the eight banners of the Chahar league (Manchu military system, Ch. hsiang-huang-ch'i 鑲黃旗).

KØBENG

See købyng.

KØBEREKYI

Same as købyrkei.

KØBERKEI

See købyrkei.

KØBKE, 1.

n. Moss; sponge.

KØBKE, 2. / ХӨВХ

n. Box, chest; basket.

KØBKEI- / ХӨВХИЙХ

v.t. and i. To blow up, make swell; to be puffed up with pride.

KØBKEL- / ХӨВХЛӨХ

v.i. To jump up, start, rise; to palpitate; to take flight; to float, drift.
usun ece degegside--ky. To emerge from the water
usun u degegyr --yn odxu. To float on the surface of water.
ziryken --ky. Palpitation of the heart.

KØBKELEGYR / ХӨВХЛҮҮР

n. Suspension bridge.

KØBKELGE- / ХӨВХӨЛГӨХ

v. caus. of købkel-.

KØBKELZE- / ХӨВХӨЛЗӨХ

v.i. To be inflated; to float; to dodge or shun one's duty; to be absent-minded or flighty

KØBKI- / ХӨВХИЙХ

v.i. To be absent-minded, heedless, or flighty.

KØBKYG / ХӨВХӨГ

adj. Heedless; thoughtless, flippant.

KØBKYGER / ХӨВХГӨР

adj. Vainglorious, haughty.

KØBKYLZE-

Same as købkelze-.

KØBSYGEL / ХӨВСГӨЛ

n.p. Lake Khöbsögöl.
-- dalai. As above.
-- naγur. As above.

KØBY-

v.t. To unwind, uncoil, unreel.
utasun --ky. To unwind a thread.

KØBYGE

See købege (n).

KØBYGEI

Same as kømyg.

KØBYGYL- / ХӨВҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of køb-.

KØBYGYR

[= kybygyr] n. and adj. Nasal cartilage; a humped ridge of the nose; vault, arch over the hearth; convex[ity], protuberant.

-- var-a. Convex tile.

KØBYNG / ХӨВӨН(Г)

[= købeng] n. Cotton, cotton yarn.

-- ebesy. Cotton grass, Eriophorum latifolium.

KØBYNGLIG / ХӨВӨНЛӨГ

adj. [Made of] cotton.

KØBYNGTEI / ХӨВӨНТЭЙ

adj. Cotton-padded

-- debel. Cotton-padded coat or gown.

KØBYR

See køgebyr.

KØBYRE-, 1. / ХҮВРЭХ

[= kyber-] v.i. To bend, bow down, incline; to go against the wind; to become loose or untied.

KØBYRE-, 2. / ХҮВРЭХ

[= kyber-] v.i. To grow, sprout, germinate.

KØBYRID- / ХӨВӨРДӨХ

v.t. To overcast (in sewing).

--cy ojuxu. To overcast (in sewing).

KØBYRIDYGYL- / ХӨВӨРДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of købyrid-.

KØBYRKEI

[= køberkei] n. Loose loop, running knot.

KØDEGE(N) / ХӨДӨӨ(Н)

n. Open steppe; country side, rural district.

-- ail. Country family.

-- azil. Agricultural labor.

-- azu axui. Agriculture.

-- γazar. Countryside , rural district; desert.

-- jin zerlig yge. Rude or rustic words, profanity.

-- kymyn. Nomadic people, steppe dwellers; country people.

--n y. Rural, rustic, country (anton. town); steppe (attr.).

--n y kymyn. Villager, steppe dweller; provincial person.

-- tal-a. Country (anton. city); steppe.

-- tarijalang. Fields.

-- zam. Country road; cart road.

KØDEGELE- / ХӨДӨӨЛӨХ

v.i. To go into the steppe or open country; to live, move, or travel in the open country; to deposit a corpse in the steppe.

KØDEGELEGYL- / ХӨДӨӨЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kødegele-.

KØDEL- / ХӨДЛӨХ

v.i. To move, budge, shake, stir; to be moved; to start, depart; to act, be actuated; to be touched.

--ky ygei. Immovable, motionless, immobile.

--ky zøgeri. Movable, chattels, personal property.

ebedcin --ky. For an illness to recur.

erte --ky. To move early; to start a journey early.

γazar --ky. For the earth to tremble, for an earthquake to occur.

møren --ymyi. The river is agitated.

salkin --myi. The wind stirs.

sedkil --ky. To be touched or moved (of emotions).

xour-a --ky. To become angry, chagrined, or envious.

zang inu --ky. For irascibility to flare up.

ziryke --ymyi. The heart beats.

KØDELBYRI

n. The act of kødel-; also used instead of kødelmyri.

-- ygei. Immovable, firm, stable.

KØDELGE- / ХӨДӨЛГӨХ , ХӨДЛӨГӨХ

[v. caus. of kødel-] To set in motion, move, shake, stir; to incite.

--nabxu. To set in motion; to carrv off (hist.)

arad i --ky. To stir up the people.
ebedcin i --ky To cause an attack of illness.
γazar --ky. To shake the earth.
sirui --ky. To stir the ground, i.e. to dig, excavate, cultivate.

KØDELGEGDE- / хєдєлгєгдєх
v. pass. of kødelge-.

KØDELGEGE(N) / хєдєлгєє(н), хєдлєгєє(н)
n. Movement, motion; action, operation activity.
teyken --n. Historical movement.
xubisxal un --. Revolutionary movement.
xubisxal un esergyy --. Contrary movement, counter-revolutionary movement.

KØDELGESI / хєдєлгєш
-- ygei. Firm, immovable, unshaken.

KØDELMEGEI / хєдлємгий
adj. One who likes to move about; fidgety.

KØDELMYRI / хєдєлмєр
n. Work, labor, business (cf. kødelbyri).
-- ben xajacaγaxu jabudal. Strike, walkout.
-- jin edyr. Working day.
-- ji xajaxu. To go on strike, walk out.

KØDELMYRICIN / хєдєлмєрчин
n. Worker, laborer.
-- anggi. Working class.
-- azilcid. Workers, laborers.
-- y baiγulalγ-a. Labor organization.
-- y kødelgegen. Labor movement.

KØDELMYRILE- / хєдєлмєрлєх
v.i. To work, labor.
azillaxu --ky. To work, labor.
naiman caγ --ky. To work eight hours.

KØDELMYRITEI / хєдєлмєртэй
[= kødelmyrity] adj. Having work.

KØDELMYRITY / хєдєлмлрт
See kødelmyritei.

KØDELYL / хєдлєл
n. Movement, motion; agitation.

-- ygei. ɔtionless.

KØDELYLCE- / хєдлєлцєх
v. coop. of kødel-.

KØDELYLGE / хєдєллєгє
n. Movement, motion

KØDELYSI / хєдлєш
-- ygei zøgeri. Immovable property, real estate.
cing bisirel ece -- ygei. [Of] unshakable faith.

KØDELYSKI- / хєдєлсхийх
v.t. To move a little; to agitate.

KØDYGE(N)
See kødege(n).

KØDYSY(N) / хєдєс
n. Prepared sheepskin, sheep pelt; tanned skin of gazelle, depilated goat or sheep skin.
--n debel. Garment of sheep leather.

KØG / хєг
n. Tune, music.
-- daγu. Singing, music.
-- nair. Music, harmony; singing.
-- nairaγuluγci. Orchestra conductor.
-- nairaγulxu. To tune musical instruments; to conduct an orchestra.
-- nair kiky. To make music.
-- neilegylky. To tune musical instruments.

KØGE, 1. / хєє
[= kø, køgege] n. Soot; obstacle, hindrance; trouble.
-- bolxu. To become blackened with smoke or soot; to become a hindrance.
-- tyrkiky. To rub or soil with soot.

KØGE, 2. / хєє
n. Ring in a coat of mail, coat of mail.
-- xujaγ. Coat of mail, armor.

KØGE-, 1. / хєєх
v.i. To swell, distend, intumesce; to foam.

KØGE-, 2. / ХӨӨХ

v.t. To chase, pursue, expel; to exclude; to fire.
--n arilγaxu. To expel, purge.
--n zailaγulxu. To drive away, expel.
--zy gyiceky. To pursue and catch up with.
--zy tarxaγaxu. To disperse.
bataγan-a --ky. To chase away flies.
gedergyy --ky. To chase back.

KØGEBYR

[= købyr] n. Quagmire, bog.

KØGECE / ХӨӨЦ

n. The act of køge-, 1 and 2.

KØGECELDY- / ХӨӨЦӨЛДӨХ

[v. rec. of køge-] To chase after each other, pursue each other; to chase or pursue together.
øbersed yn erke asiγ i --ky. To pursue the interests of many people.
xoγusun ner-e jin xoin-a ece --ky. To pursue empty fame (of many people).

KØGEGCI

n. Persuer. See also under orula- .

KØGEGDE- / ХӨӨГДӨХ

[v. pass. of køgege-] To be chased away, excluded, dismissed or expelled.
azil ece --ky. To be dismissed from work.
xola orun-a --ky. To be expelled, exiled to a distant country.

KØGEGE

See køge.

KØGEGE-, etc.

Same as køge-, 2, etc.

KØGELCE- / ХӨӨЛЦӨХ

v. coop. of køge-, 2.

KØGELDY- / ХӨӨЛДӨХ

v. rec. of køge-, 2.

KØGELE- / ХӨӨЛӨХ

v.t. To clean from soot.

KØGELGE- / ХӨӨЛГӨХ

v. caus. of køge-, 1 and 2.

KØGEMEI, 1. / ХӨӨМИЙ

[= kømei] n. Fur on throat or belly of an animal; dewlap of bovines.

KØGEMEI, 2. / ХӨӨМИЙ

[= kømei] n. Pharynx; throat.
-- jin gyn. Naso-pharynx (anat.).

KØGENE / ХӨӨНӨ

[= køgyne] n. Rope with ends attached to a stake driven in the ground to which lambs and kids are tied; rope to tie the neck of a sheep during milking; creeping stem of a plant.
-- dyr køgeneky. To tie a lamb.

KØGENE- / ХӨӨНӨХ

v.t. To tie (a lamb) to a køgene (q.v.).

KØGENELDY- / ХӨӨНӨЛДӨХ

[v.rec. of køgene-] To be[come] entangled (of thick grass).

KØGER / ХӨӨР

n. and adj. Joy; happy; boastful.
-- bolxu. To be overcome with joy.

KØGER-

See køgere-, 1 and 2.

KØGERDE-, 1. / ХӨӨРДӨХ

v.t. To pet, fondle.

KØGERDE-, 2.

See køgergede-.

KØGERDEG / ХӨӨРДӨГ

Same as køgeregyy.

KØGERDEGYL- / ХӨӨРДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of køgerde-.

KØGERE-, 1. / ХӨӨРӨХ

[= køger-, køgeri-] v.i. To foam up, overflow, rise (as boiling milk).

KØGERE-, 2. / ХӨӨРӨХ

[= køger-, køgeri-] v.i. To become excited; to rejoice; to boast.

KØGEREGE- / ХӨӨРГӨХ

[= køgerge-] v. caus. of køgerge-, 1 and 2.

KØGEREGYY / ХӨӨРҮҮ

adj. Excitable; boastful.

KØGEREKEL

n. Haughtiness, pomposity, superciliousness.

KØGEREKYI

Same as køgerkei.

KØGERGE, 1. / ХӨӨРӨГ

[= køgyrge , kegyrge] n. Bellows.
-- daruxu. To blow with bellows.
tulum --. Bellows made of the whole skin of an animal.

KØGERGE, 2. / ХӨӨРӨГ

[= kegyrge, køgyrge] n. Bridge.
-- jin niruγu. Beams of a bridge.
-- jin tulγaγur. Pillars of a bridge.
-- ijer γarxu. To cross a bridge.
-- talbixu. To build a bridge.
cilaγun --. A stone bridge.
ongγucan --. Pontoon bridge.

KØGERGE, 3. / ХӨӨРӨГ

[= køgyrge] n. Snuffbottle.

KØGERGE, 4. / ХӨӨРӨГ

[= køgyrge] n. Tambourine, drum.
-- deledky. To beat the drum.
kyrel --. Gong.

KØGERGE- / ХӨӨРГӨХ

See køgerege-.

KØGERGEDE- / ХӨӨРӨГДӨХ

[= køgerde-, 2, kegyrgede-] v.t. To blow with bellows.
γal i --ky. To blow the fire with bellows.

KØGERGEDEGYL- / ХӨӨРӨГДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of køgergede-.

KØGERI-

See køgere-, 1 and 2.

KØGERKE- / ХӨӨРХӨХ

[= køgyrke-] v.i. To brag, boast.

KØGERKEG / ХӨӨРХӨГ

[= køgyrkeg] n. and adj. Swaggerer, braggart.

KØGERKEI / ХӨӨРХИЙ

[= køgerykei] adj. and n. Arousing pity, pitiful; nice, darling, sweet.
-- aγasi. Gentle character, sweet disposition.
ejeldeg --. Gentle.

KØGERKEILE- / ХӨӨРХИЙЛӨХ

v.i. To pity, feel sorry for.

KØGERKEILEL / ХӨӨРХИЙЛӨЛ

n. The act of køgerkeile-.

KØGERKEILELTEI / ХӨӨРХИЙЛӨЛТЭЙ

adj. Deserving compassion or sympathy; poor or wretched.
-- baidal. Pitiful or wretched condition or situation; plight.

KØGERKEN / ХӨӨРХӨН

adj. Lovable; sweet, gentle, nice (of person and thing); fine, elegant.

KØGERYKEI

See køgerkei.

KØGERYKYI

Same as køgerkei.

KØGERYLDY- / ХӨӨРӨЛДӨХ

v. coop. of køger-.

KØGESY(N) / ХӨӨС(ӨН)

n. Foam, froth, spume, suds.
-- cøgeresyn. Scum, foam.
-- γarxu. To foam, froth.
-- tataxu. To foam, froth.
aman ece -- γarxu. To foam or froth at the mouth.

KØGESYDE- / ХӨӨСДӨХ

v.i. To [become covered with] foam.

KØGESYLENG / хөөслөн(г)

adj. Porous, spongy.

KØGESYRE- / хөөсрөх

v.i. To become foamy, foam, froth.

KØGEZIRE- / хөгцрөх

[= cøgzire-] v.i. To become fusty or moldy.

amu --gsen. The millet is moldy.

KØGLE- / хөглөх

v.t. To play music.

KØGSE- / хөгсөх

v.i. To become happy or excited.

KØGSEGE- / хөгсөөх

v. caus. of køgse-.

KØGSEI- / хөгсийх

v.i. To be conceited or proud.

KØGSIBTYR / хөгшивтөр

adj. Rather old (of people).

KØGSID / хөгшид

[pl. of køgsin] n. The ancients; elders.

KØGSILIG / хөгшлөг

adj. Old-looking (of a young person).

KØGSIN / хөгшин

adj. and n. Old (of men and animals); old man, old woman.

KØGSIRE- / хөгшрөх

v.i. To grow old, become decrepit.

--gsen. Aged, old.

KØGSIREL / хөгшрөл

n. Aging; old age.

KØGTEI, 1. / хөгтэй

adj. Having music; tuned (musical instrument).

KØGTEI, 2. / хөгтэй

adj. Funny, comical, amusing, entertaining.

KØGYL

n. [Gu.] The sloe tree, blackthorn, Prunus spinosa.

KØGYNE

See køgene.

KØGYRGE

See køgerge 1, 2, 3, 4.

KØGYRKE-

See køgerke-

KØGYRKEG

See køgerkeg.

KØGZI- / хөгжих

v.i. To begin to flame, blaze up; to rise, develop, progress, flourish; to be zealous; to be in a gay mood; to burn with passion

--zy delgereky. To develop and spread.

--zy manduxu. To develop and prosper.

delgeren --ky. To develop, flourish, progress.

γal --be. The fire has spread.

øgede --ky. To develop, prosper.

KØGZIGE- / хөгжөөх

[v. caus. of køgzi-] To make a fire, cause to burn; to develop, make prosper

γal --ky. To fan a fire, kindle a fire.

KØGZIGELGE- / хөгжөөлгөх

v. caus. of køgzige-.

KØGZIGYL- / хөгжүүлэх

[v. caus. of køgzi-] To develop, evolve, improve, raise, strengthen; to perfect.

ail ger ijen --ky. To cause one's family to prosper.

udx-a sujul i --ky. To raise the cultural level.

KØGZIL / хөгжил

n. Rise; growth; development, progress; zeal, ardor, enthusiasm; gaiety.

-- amzilta. Achievements.

-- olulta. Achievements.

KØGZILCE- / хөгжилцөх

v. coop. of køgzi-.

KØGZILTE / хөгжилт

n. Rise, development, growth, progress; enthusiasm.

KØGZILTEI / хөгжилтэй
adj. Developed, prosperous; gay; enthusiastic.

KØGZÌM / хөгжим
n. Music; musical instrument; orchestra, band.
-- dayu. Music and singing.
-- egyskeky. To play or perform music.
-- yn bayazi. Musical instrument.
-- zokijayci. Composer.

KØGZIMCI(N) / хөгжимч
n. Musician.

KØGZIMDE- / хөгжимдөх
v.t. To play a musical instrument.

KØGZIMLE- / хөгжимлөх
Same as køgzimde-.

KØGZIMNE- / хөгжимнөх
Same as køgzimde-.

KØGZIMTEI /
adj. Musical, harmonious; merry, cheerful, gay.

KØGZIRE- / хөгжрөх
See køgezire-.

KØJYGE / хөөө
n. Nest or food hoard of rodents.

KØJYGELE- / хөөөлөх
v.t. To pile up grass near a burrow, to hoard food for winter (of field mice or marmots).

KØKE, 1. / хөх
adj. Blue, sky-blue; green; ash-colored, dark (of face).
-- baising. Grey brick building.
-- barayan. Dark-blue.
-- bolzimar. Skylark.
-- boru. Darkish or ash (color); charcoal color (of a horse).
-- ebesyn. Green grass.
-- møngke tngri. Eternal blue sky.
-- nayur. Koko Nor (Ch. Ch'ing-hai 青海).
-- noxai. Wolf (euphem.).
-- sarisu. Green morocco leather.
-- xoyulaitu. Peacock; blue jay.

KØKE(N), 2.
See køky(n).

KØKEBTYR / хөхөвтөр
adj. Bluish, somewhat blue.
-- ulayan. Violet, bluish red.

KØKEBYR
adj. Bluish.

KØKECE
[= køkecy] n. Indigo; tomtit, titmouse. [Gu.] Blue-indigo; snipe, plover, godwit.

KØKECY
See køkece.

KØKEGCIN / хөхөгчин
adj. Bluish-gray (of female animals or birds).
-- mori. Bluish-gray mare.

KØKEGE / хөхөө
[= køkyge, køkei, køkegykei] n. Cuckoo.
-- jin darasu. Sempervivum, which grows on rock and is used for making a sour beverage.

KØKEGYKEI
See køkege.

KØKEI
See køkege.

KØKEKEN / хөххөн
adj. Somewhat blue.

KØKEL
See køkyl.

KØKEMDYG / хөхөмдөг
adj. Bluish, azure; indigo.
-- modu. Indigo plant.

KØKERE-, 1. / хөхрөх
v.i. To become blue or green (for vegetation).
uruyul inu --ky. For the lips to turn blue.

KØKERE-, 2. / хөхрөх
v.i. To laugh heartily.

KØKEREG
adj. Somewhat blue, green.

KØKI- / ӨӨӨ'
v.i. To have courage; to be[come] inspired; to be glad or happy.

KØKIGYL- / ӨӨҮҮЛЭӨ
v. caus. of køki-.
--ky temdeg. Certificate of merit.
--yn køgzigeky. To stimulate by rewards or prizes.

KØKIJ-E
Same as køkijel.

KØKIJE-
Same as køkigyl-.

KØKIJEL / ӨӨӨӨЛ
n. Praise, award.

KØKIL / ӨӨӨЛ
n. Stimulation, excitement; inspiration.

KØKILDY-
v. rec. of køki-.

KØKILGE
n. Encouragement, stimulation, incentive.

KØKIRE-
v.i. To become lively or inspired; to take courage.

KØKY(N) / ӨӨ
[= køke(n), 2] n. Female breast, nipples; udder.
-- køkygylky. To suckle a child.
-- køkyky. To suck the breast.
--n i køkygylky. To suckle, nurse at the breast.
-n y tobci. Nipple[s], teat[s].

KØKY- / ӨӨӨӨ
v.t. To suck the breast.

KØKYBCI / ӨӨӨӨВЧ
n. Underwaist; brassiere.

KØKYGE
See køkege.

KØKYGYL / ӨӨҮҮЛ
n. Suckling.

KØKYGYL- / ӨӨҮҮЛЭӨ
[= v. caus. of køky-] To suckle.
--ygsen eke. Wet nurse.

KØKYGYLGE / ӨӨҮҮЛГЭ
n. The act of suckling.

KØKYGYLI / ӨӨҮҮЛ
n. Suckling, sucker.

KØKYGYR / ӨӨҮҮР
[= køkyyr] n. Skin bag for wine or other liquids.
-- saba. Skin bag for kumiss.
arikin u --. Wineskin.
usun u --. Skin bag for water.

KØKYL / ӨӨӨЛ
[= køkel] n. Long hair, braid; forelock of a horse; crest of a bird. [Cu.] Flowing mane or tail of a horse.
-- ysy. Forelock, lock, ringlet.

KØKYLTE / ӨӨӨЛТ
n. The act of køky-; nipple for feeding or pacifying babies.
-- eke. Wet nurse.

KØKYRE-
Same as køkere-, 2.

KØKYTY / ӨӨТ
adj. Having breasts, bosomed.

KØKYYR
See køkygyr.

KØL / ӨЄЛ
n. a) Foot, leg.
-- deger-e bosxu. To rise to one's feet (also metaph.).
-- deger-e inu γarγaxu. To put somebody on his feet.
-- γar. Hands and feet, extremities.
-- køŋggen. Light-footed; quick to render services.
-- neicegylyn jabuxu. To keep in step with.
-- saitai. Sturdy-legged.
-- xurdun. Light-footed; swift-footed; quick to render services.

-- ygei. Footless. See also (b).
-- yn baγubci. Anklet.
-- yn mør. Footstep, trace.
-- yn orijalta. Cloth wrappers worn under boots.
-- zigiiky. To stretch the legs.
kimel -- . Artificial foot or leg.
ojudal un -- masin-a. Treadle sewing machine.
uridu -- . Foreleg or foot.

b) Something resembling or functioning as a leg or foot (of a natural or man-made object); foot, leg, base, stand, lower part of an object, etc.

-- ygei . Bottomless; very deep. See also (a).
-- ygei uṣu. Bottomless body of water.
aγula jin -- . The foot of a mountain.
gyr yn -- . Piers of a bridge.
naran u -- . Point where the sun sets.
siregen y -- . Leg of a table.
usun u -- . Bottom of a body of water (such as river, lake, or ocean).
ziruγ un aparat un -- . Tripod of a photographic camera.

c) Calamity, upheaval, trouble; hardship.

-- yimegen. Disturbance, riot.
cerig yn -- . War troubles.
dain bailduγan u -- . Hardships of war.
daisun -- . Bandits, highwaymen.

d) Special and idiomatic uses.

-- bolxu. To bustle.
-- dy oruxu. To begin to walk (of a baby).
-- inu γazar kyrky ygei. To feel as if walking on air (from joy).
-- kyndy. Pregnant, pregnancy.
-- meden xaraixu. To jump or rush at full speed.
-- mori. Wheel horse, shaft-horse.
-- nigedky. To be an accomplice or an associate in guilt.
-- zalγaxu . To give to the needy; to help materially those who ask.
em yn -- . See under em.
γudamzi jin -- . Street traffic.
mal un -- . The number of livestock.
yge jin -- . A line (in a poem, verse, probably after S. pada).

KØL- / ᠬᠥᠯᠥᠬ
v.t. To harness, hitch to a vehicle.
terge --ky. To hitch a draft animal to a vehicle.
yker tyr anzisun --ky. To hitch an ox to a plough.

KØLBERI- / ᠬᠥᠯᠪᠡᠷᠥᠬ
v.i. To turn over, tilt, topple; to capsize, reel over; to wallow, roll on the ground (as of horse); to turn from one side to another; to slide to one side (as a saddle); to be unsteady.
γazar tur --ky. To roll on the ground or floor.

KØLBERIGYL- / ᠬᠥᠯᠪᠡᠷᠦᠭᠡᠯ
[v. caus. of kølberi-] To cause to roll, loll, or wallow; to throw down, overthrow; to [cause to] change.

KØLBERIL / ᠬᠥᠯᠪᠡᠷᠡᠯ
n. Changeability, mutability; fickleness, unsteadiness.

KØLBERIMEKEI
adj. Shaky, unstable, unsteady, fickle.

KØLBERISI
-- ygei. Not sliding; unshakable , immovable, standing firmly, solid.

KØLBY-
v.t. To swallow without chewing, gulp.
--zy ideky. To swallow whole.

KØLBYRI / ᠬᠥᠯᠪᠥᠷ
n. Shaft or thill of a cart.

KØLCI-
See kølcy-.
--zy umtaxu. For two persons to sleep in opposite directions with the feet of each in the armpits of the other for warmth.

KØLCY-
[= kølci-] v.t. and i. To warm; to become warm or flushed.
γar ijen --ky. To warm one's hands at a fire.

KØLCYGE- / ᠬᠥᠯᠴᠥᠭᠡ
[v. caus. of kølcy-] To warm oneself by the fire.

KØLCYGYRE- / ᠬᠥᠯᠴᠦᠷᠦᠭᠡ
v.i. To become flushed or heated; to become drunk.

KØLCYGYY / хөлчүү

adj. Flushed, warm, heated; drunk.

-- soγtaγu. Inebriated.

KØLCYLGE / хөлчлөг

n. A brazier for warming feet and hands.

KØLDĒ-, 1.

See køldy-.

KØLDE-, 2. / хөлдөх

v.t. To hold or catch by the feet.

KØLDEGE-

See køldyge-.

KØLDEGYR

-- urax-a. A kind of trap for hawks.

KØLDY- / хөлдөх

[= kølde-, 1] v.i. To freeze, congeal.

--gsen. Iced, frozen, congealed.

--ky caγ. Time or period of frost.

--zy ykyky. To freeze to death.

KØLDYGE- / хөлдөөх

[v. caus. of køldy-] v.t. To freeze, congeal.

KØLDYGYR

n. Small shovel, scoop.

KØLDYGYY / хөлдүү

adj. Frozen, congealed, frosted.

-- γazar. Frozen soil.

-- mix-a. Frozen meat.

-- usu. Frozen water.

KØLDYL / хөлдөл

n. Freezing, congelation.

KØLDYMEL / хөлдөмөл

[n.d. of køldy-] adj. and n. Frozen; ice cream.

-- casun. Packed or icy snow.

KØLEMZI

Same as kylemzi.

KØLERE-

See kølyre-.

KØLESY(N)

See kølysy(n).

KØLGE(N), 1. / хөлөг

n. Mount or other means of transportation (of eminent persons); road, path; (metaphorically) major divisions of Buddhism (S. yāna).

baγ-a --. The Lesser or Smaller Vehicle, one of the major divisions of Buddhism (S. Hinayāna).

jeke --. The Great[er] Vehicle, one of the major divisions of Buddhism (S. Mahāyāna).

vcir --. Thunderbolt or Diamond Vehicle, a subdivision of Mahāyāna, known in Western writings as Lamaism, Tibeto-Mongolian Buddhism, or Tantrism.

KØLGE(N), 2. / хөлөг

n. Chessboard.

KØLGECI, 1. / хөлөгч

n. Driver.

KØLGECI, 2. / хөлөгч

n. Adherent of one of the three kølgen (q.v.).

KØLGELE- / хөлөглөх

v.t. To ride or travel by any means of transportation (elevated style).

--kyi mori. A mount for the use of an eminent person.

egylen degegyr --ky. To ride on clouds (elevated style).

KØLKY-

See kylky-.

KØLKYNDEI

Same as køl kyndy, see under køl (d).

KØLLE- / хөллөх

v.t. To harness or hitch (as a horse to a cart); to stand on, be supported by.

dørben --ky. To be on all fours, be on one's hands and knees.

KØLMEG

See kølmyg.

KØLMY-

v.i. To freeze over.

KØLMYG, 1.

[= kølmeg] n. Weeds in stagnant or slow-flowing fresh water.

KØLMYG, 2.

n. Trained or disciplined animal.

KØLTEI / ХӨЛТЭЙ

[= kølty] adj. Having a foot or feet; having capital.

-- xudalduγ-a. Trade with a great circulation of capital.

ulaγan -- amitan. "Red-footed creature" (human being as referred to by animals in fairy tales).

KØLTEN / ХӨЛТӨН

adj. Having feet.

dørben --. Four-footed, quadruped[s].

KØLTY / ХӨЛТ

See køltei.

jisyn -- caγaγan tug. The white flag, with nine crenels, used by Chinggis Khan (hist.).

olan --. Having many feet, many-footed.

xojar --. Two-footed, biped, man.

ziryuγan --. Six-footed.

KØLTYNG

[Gu.] n. Diaper.

KØLYG / ХӨЛӨГ

See kylyg.

KØLYGCIN / ХӨЛӨГЧИН

[= kølyglig] n. A broken-in, trained horse.

KØLYGLE- / ХӨЛӨГЛӨХ

Same as kølgele-.

KØLYGLIG

See kølygcin.

KØLYMZI

Same as kylemzi.

KØLYRE- / ХӨЛРӨХ

[= kølere-] v.i. To sweat, perspire.

KØLYREGE- / ХӨЛӨРГӨХ

[v. caus. of kølyre-] To cause to perspire.

--ky em. Sudorific agent or medicine.

KØLYREGYL- / ХӨЛРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kølyre-.

KØLYSY(N) / ХӨЛС(ӨН)

[= kølesy(n)] n. a) Sweat, perspiration.

-- γarxu. To perspire.

b) Payment for work, wages; hire, rent, charges, fees; interest, commission.

-- abxu. To receive wages.

--n ijer. On hire, for money, for rent.

--n ijer jabuxu. To work for wages.

--n y. Hired, engaged.

--n y ger-e. Labor contract.

--n y kymyn. Wage earner, worker.

-- tølyky. To pay rent, wages, etc.

-- ygei. Free of charge.

-- yrezigylky. To accumulate interest; to increase interest.

gerel yn --. Charges for electric light.

KØLYSYCI

n. Laborer, journeyman.

KØLYSYLE- / ХӨЛСЛӨХ

v.t. To hire, rent, rent out; to lend money on interest, produce or earn interest.

--gci. One who hires people for work, employer.

--gsen kymyn. Hired hand, worker, journeyman.

--n zaruxu. To hire for work.

--zu abxu. To hire, rent.

KØLYSYLEGDE- / ХӨЛСЛӨГДӨХ

v. pass. of kølysyle-.

KØLYSYLEGYL- / ХӨЛСЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. pass. of kølysyle-.

KØLYSYTEI / ХӨЛСТЭЙ

[= kølysyty] adj. Perspiring; with pay or interest; rented, hired.

KØLYSYTY / ХӨЛСӨТ

See kølysytei.

KØM / ХӨМ



n. Rawhide, depilated skin; blackened and smoked cow-hide; parchment.

-- arisun. Parchment.

-- ɣutul. Boots made of smoked cow-hide.

saɣari -- . Edges from the leather made of the croup of a horse (inferior in quality to that of the middle of the piece).

KØMEI / ХӨӨМИЙ



See køgemei, 1 and 2.

KØMEL / ХӨМӨЛ



[= kømeli] n. Wild onion.

KØMELI



See kømel.

KØMERI-



See kømyri-.

KØMYG



[= kømygei] n. Shed; roof, esp. roof over a portico, eaves; shelter; awning, canopy; overhang of a mountain

xada jin -- . Shelter under a rock, overhang of a rock.

KØMYGEI



See kømyg.

KØMYGESY



n. A kind of wild chickory with yellow flowers.

KØMYLDYRGE(N) / ХӨМӨЛДРӨГ



n. Breast strap of the harness.

KØMYLDYRGELE- / ХӨМӨЛДРӨГЛӘХ



v.t. To attach the breast strap.

KØMYRGE / ХӨМРӨГ



n. Warehouse, storehouse, storeroom, grain magazine; coffer, chest; treasury; pantry, larder.

KØMYRGECI



n. Person in charge of a warehouse, superintendent of a grain magazine or treasury.

KØMYRI- / ХӨМРӨХ



[= kømeri-] v.t. and i. To upset, overturn, capsize; to cover with a bowl or other concave object.

--gsen saba. A vessel or container turned upside down.

--n talbixu. To put or place (a container) upside down.

ajaɣ-a ben --ky. To put one's bowl upside down.

KØMYRIGEN



Same as kømyrigy.

KØMYRIGY / ХӨМРҮҮ



adj. Turned upside down, overturned.

KØMYRIGYL- / ХӨМРҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of kømyri-] To overturn, upset; to veto.

KØMYRIL / ХӨМРӨЛ



n. The act or state of kømyri-.

KØMYSGE / ХӨМСӨГ



n. Eyebrow[s]; the brow of a hill; steep slope of a mountain.

aɣula jin -- . Steep slope of a mountain.

congxu jin -- . Cornice.

niɣta -- . Thick eyebrows.

zøgelen --. Soft or fine eyebrows.

zuzaɣan -- . Thick eyebrows.

KØMYSGETY / ХӨМСӨГТ



adj. Having eyebrows.

KØNDE- / ХӨНДӨХ



[= køndy-] v.t. To touch, irritate.

KØNDEGYL- / ХӨНДҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of kønde-.

KØNDEI / ХӨНДИЙ



[= køndyi] adj. and n. Hollow, empty; cavity, hole, gorge, ravine, [Kaz.] A fairly wide valley.

-- ger. Large room without partitions.

-- modu. Hollow tree.

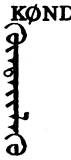
-- tal-a. Plain without hills.

-- temyr. Gun, "rod" (slang).

-- xoɣusun. Hollow, empty; cave, cavern.

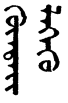
modun u --. Hollow in a tree.

KØNDEILE- / хөндийлөх



v.t. To hollow out, scoop out, excavate, undermine, tunnel.
γazar --ky. To excavate earth.

KØNDEILEGE- / хөндийлгөх



v. caus. of køndeile-.

KØNDEILEGYL- / хөндийлүүлэх



v. caus. of køndeile-.

KØNDEIRE- / хөндийрөх



v.i. To become empty, hollow, or undermined; to come off, separate; to become alienated; to lose somebody's favor or affection.
xolbuγ-a --zy bui. The ties break.

KØNDEIREGYL- / хөндийрүүлэх



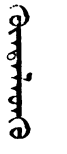
v. caus. of køndeire-.

KØNDELEBCI / хөндлөвч



n. Crossbeam.

KØNDELED- / хөндөлдөх



[= køndyled-] v.t. and i. To stand athwart the road, block the way; to obstruct, stop up.
alba --ky. To obstruct the collection of taxes.
zam --ky. To block the road.
zam dy --cy kebteky. To lie across the road.

KØNDELEDKE-



v. caus. of køndeled-.

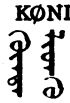
KØNDELEN / хөндлөн(г)



[= køndylen] adj. and adv. Across, transverse; horizontal; strange; foreign; side; on the side.
-- ece tasuluγci. Referee.
-- γarxu. To intersect (as a road).
-- ger. Side buildings, houses on the side.
-- ijer. Across, horizontally.
-- ijer biciky. To write horizontally.
-- kymyn. Stranger, outsider.
-- oγtulxu. To cut across.
-- siγum. Horizontal line.

-- ulus. Strange people.
-- yzeky. To look aside.
-- zam. A crossroad (a road that crosses a main road), side road.

KØNDELID-



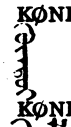
Same as køndeled-.

KØNDY-



See kønde-.

KØNDYI, etc.



See køndei, etc.

KØNDYLED-



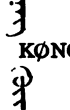
See køndeled-.

KØNDYLEN



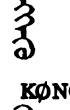
See køndelen.

KØNEG



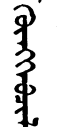
See kønyg.

KØNGGE-



v.i. To become easy; to become free; to get rid of something; to become better (of illness).

KØNGGEBCILE- / хөнгөвчлөх



v.t. To make lighter or easier, relieve, alleviate, assuage.
acij-a --ky. To alleviate the burden.
bej-e ben --ky. To put on a lighter garment.
jal-a ji --ky. To reduce a punishment.

KØNGGEBCILEL / хөнгөвчлөл



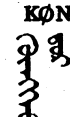
n. Facilitation, alleviation, assuaging, facility.
-- bykyi. Being facilitated, alleviated, assuaged, reduced (as a burden or punishment).

KØNGGEBTYR / хөнгөвтөр



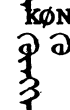
adj. Somewhat light (of weight).

KØNGGED- / хөнгөдөх



v.i. To become [too] light; to be facilitated, alleviated or reduced (as a burden or punishment).

KØNGGEDKE-



v. caus. of køngged-.

KØNGGEDKEGYL- / ХӨНГӨТГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kønggedke-.

KØNGGEGYL-
v. caus. of kønggе-.

KØNGGEKEN / ХӨНГӨХӨН
adj. Somewhat light (of weight); of little importance; insignificant.
-- sanaγtai. Thoughtless, flighty, flippant.

KØNGGELE- / ХӨНГӨЛӨХ
v.t. and i. To make light, alleviate, mitigate, reduce, assuage; to be careless or negligent; to disregard, despise , think light of; to condemn; to soften, mollify; to castrate.
--n basuxu. Having no respect; distressing.

KØNGGELEGYL- / ХӨНГӨЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kønggele-.

KØNGGELEL / ХӨНГӨЛӨЛ
See kønggelelte..

KØNGGELELTE / ХӨНГӨЛӨЛТ
[= kønggelel] n. Lightness; facilitation , alleviation; exemption, privilege.
-- ji yzegylky. To grant a remission.
alban tataburi jin --. Reduction of taxes.

KØNGGELIG / ХӨНГӨЛӨГ
adj. Unassuming (of persons of importance).

KØNGGEMSYG / ХӨНГӨМСӨГ
adj. and adv. Modest, polite.
-- ejeldeg. Polite and friendly.
-- zang. Politeness.

KØNGGEMSYGLE- / ХӨНГӨМСӨГЛӨХ
v.i. To be polite, act politely.

KØNGGEN / ХӨНГӨН
adj. and adv. Light (of weight); cheap; easy; unimportant, irrelevant.
-- caγan. Aluminum.
-- kymyn. Polite person.
-- yzeky. To consider unimportant, make light of.

KØNGGERE- / ХӨНГӨРӨХ
v.i. To become light; to be delivered (of a child), give birth.

KØNGGEREGYL- / ХӨНГӨРҮҮЛЭХ
[v.caus. of kønggere-] To lighten; to relieve; to mark down the price.

KØNGGEZI- / ХӨНГӨЖИХ
v.i. To become free from one's burden; to give birth.
bej-e --ky. To be delivered (of a child).
kybegyn --ky. To be delivered (of a male child).

KØNGKEI- / ХӨНХИЙХ
[= køngkyi-, kyngkei-] v.i. To have a high and bulging forehead and sunken eyes.

KØNGKEILGE- / ХӨНХИЙЛГӨХ
v. caus. of køngkei-.

KØNGKER / ХӨНХӨР
[= køngkyr, kyngker] adj. and n. Low (of country); sunken, deep-set (of eyes); having a high and bulging forehead and sunken eyes; ravine, gully.
-- cyngkeger. Depression, dip.
-- γazar. Lowland; terrain with depressions.
-- nidyn. Sunken eyes.

KØNGKYGER / ХӨНХГӨР
adj. Having sunken eyes.

KØNGKYI-
See køngkei-.

KØNGKYR
See køngker.

KØNTERE- / ХӨНТРӨХ
[= køntyre-] v.i. To turn over, be upset.
ama uruγu ben --ky. To drink something in one gulp.

KØNTEREGYL- / ХӨНТРҮҮЛЭХ
[= køntyregyl-] v. caus. of køntere-.

KØNTERGE(N) / ХӨНТӨРГӨ(Н)
adj. Tipped or tilted forward.

KØNTERGE- / ХӨНТӨРГӨХ
Same as kønteregyl-.

KØNTERGEDE- / ХӨНТРӨГДӨХ
v.i. To tip or tilt forward.

KØNTYRE-
See køntere-.

KØNYG / ХӨНӨГ
[= køneg] n. Bucket, pail.

KØNYGE- / ХӨНӨӨХ
v.t. To harm, injure, hurt; to torture, mistreat.

KØNYGEGDE- / ХӨНӨӨГДӨХ
v. pass. of kønyge-.

KØNYGEL / ХӨНӨӨЛ
n. Harm, injury; torture, torment; suffering, trial.
xour --. Harm, detriment.

KØNYGELGE / ХӨНӨӨЛГӨ
n. The act of kønyge-.

KØNYGELGE- / ХӨНӨӨЛГӨХ
v. caus. of kønyge-.

KØNYGELTEI / ХӨНӨӨЛТЭЙ
[= kønygelty] adj. Harmful, pernicious, fatal.

KØNYGELTY / ХӨНӨӨЛТ
See kønygeltei.

KØNYGLE- / ХӨНӨГЛӨХ
v.t. To put in a bucket.

KØNZILE(N) / ХӨНЖИЛ
n. Blanket, bedcover, bedding, quilt.
-- debisker. Blanket and mat, bedding.

KØR / ХӨР
-- sirui. Reddish clay used in smelting copper.
casun u --. Packed snowdrift.

KØRBE-
[= kørby-, kørbi-] v.i. To turn over, turn from one side to another; to topple; to turn somersaults; to change; to break one's promise.
--gci. A turncoat.
--n ømkereky. To wallow.

KØRBEGE- / ХӨРБӨӨХ
v. i. To tumble; to go head over heels; to roll over; to loll.

KØRBEGYL- / ХӨРБҮҮЛЭХ
v.t. To turn, turn over; to change, alter; to buy and resell; to translate.
cinaγsi --ky. To turn to another direction.
daγu --ky. To disguise one's voice; to imitate another's voice.

KØRBEL
n. Change, turning.

KØRBESI, 1. / ХӨРБӨШ
n. Swelling on the palate of a horse; pimple, blister; rash, eruption.

KØRBESI, 2. / ХӨРБӨШ
-- ygei. Impossible to change.

KØRBI-
See kørbe-.

KØRBY-
See kørbe-.

KØRGE-
Same as køryge-.

KØRKY
n. Curtain, veil.

KØRLE- / ХӨРЛӨХ
v.i. To become packed (of snow).

KØRSI(N) / ХӨРШ
n. and adj. Neighbor, neighboring, neighborhood.
ail -- ulus. Neighboring country.

KØRSIS
[pl. of kørsi(n)] n. Neighbors (hist.).

KØRY- / ХӨРӨХ
v.i. To cool off, become cool ; to freeze, congeal.
--gsen γazar. Frozen ground.
--gsen usu. Cooled water.

KØRYDESY(N)
See kørysy(n).

KØRYG / хөрөг

n. Image (in general), portrait, statue.
-- dyrsy. Image, picture, portrait.
-- ziruxu. To draw a picture, make a portrait.
burxan u --. Statue or image of a Buddha or any other diety.

KØRYGE- / хөргөх

[v. caus. of køry-] v.t. To cool off, freeze, chill.

KØRYGELGE

n. Freezing.

KØRYGLE- / хөрөглөх

v.t. To paint or draw an image.

KØRYGTEI / хөрөгтэй

[= kørygty] adj. Having or showing the image, etc., of.

KØRYGTY / хөрөгт

See kørygtei.

KØRYNGGE(N) / хөрөнгө

n. a) Seed, grain; leaven, yeast, ferment; source, origin.
-- barixu. To select the best seeds for sowing.
-- jin nabci. Hops.
-- sacuxu. To scatter seeds, sow.
-- tegyky. To gather or select seeds.
arikin u --. Wine ferment.

b) Capital (esp. in modern economy), property, estate, means, resources, fund.
-- busu. Noncapitalistic.
-- cinege. Financial strength.
-- xoγsil. Property, chattel.
-- ygei. Having no property.
-- ygei kymyn. Pauper.
-- zøgeri jin tataburi. Property tax.
ed --. Property, possessions, means.
kødelky --. Movable property.
øber γn -- ber. At one's own expenses.
ulus un --. State property.
ulus un -- bolγaxu. To declare something state property, nationalize.
xubi neilegylygsen --. Joint stock (capital).

KØRYNGGELE- / хөрөнгөлөх

v.t. To ferment.

KØRYNGGELEL / хөрөнгөлөл

n. The act of kørynggele-.

KØRYNGGELIG / хөрөнгөлөг

adj. Prosperous, well-to-do; capitalistic.
-- kymyn. Well-to-do person.

KØRYNGGETEI / хөрөнгөтэй

[= kørynggety] adj. and n. Owning property, capitalistic; wealthy, well-to-do.

KØRYNGGETEN / хөрөнгөтөн

n. and adj. Capitalist[s]; capitalistic; bourgeoisie
-- busu. Noncapitalistic.
-- ulus ud. Capitalistic countries.
-- y busu. Noncapitalistic.
-- y busu zam. Noncapitalistic line[s].
-- y eteged. Capitalist[s], capitalistic class.
-- y josu. Capitalism.
-- y xubisxal. Bourgeois revolution.
-- y yzel. Capitalism (as a theory or view).
-- y zirumtu. Bourgeois.
zγizig --. Petty bourgeoisie.

KØRYNGGETY / хөрөнгөт

See kørynggetei.
-- josu. Capitalism.

KØRYNGGEZI- / хөрөнгөжих

v.i. To acquire capital, become rich.

KØRYSY(N) / хөрс(өн)

[= kørydesy(n)] n. Uppermost stratum of earth; topsoil, soil, turf, crust; peel, rind.
--n y douraki usu. Subsoil water.
--n y yj-e. Stratum of soil.
-- urbaγulxu. To turn topsoil.
γazar un --. Soil.

KØRYSYLE- / хөрслөх

v.t. To take off the outer covering or layer, skin, peel.

KØRYSYLEL / хөрслөл

n. The act of kørysyle-.

KØRYSYTY / ХӨРСТ
adj. Covered with skin, bark, etc.
-- γazar. Land or plot covered with grass.

KØRYZENG / ХӨРЗӨН
[= kørzin] n. Brick of dry compressed dung used for fuel or building walls.

KØRYZENGTY- / ХӨРЗӨНТӨХ
v.i. To be covered with dry, tamped down dung (of the floor of an animal shelter).

KØRZEI- / ХӨРЗИЙХ
v.i. To crack; to become rough, uneven, dry, hard, or brittle.

KØRZIGIR / ХӨРЗГӨР
adj. Cracked; rough, uneven.

KØRZIN
See køryzeng.

KØSEG
Same as køske.

KØSER / ХӨСӨР
[= køsyr] n. Earth, soil, ground; floor.
-- e unaxu. To fall on the ground.
-- tyr søgydky. To kneel on the ground.
-- untaxu. To sleep on the ground or on the floor.

KØSERDE- / ХӨСӨРДӨХ
v.i. To be thrown on the ground; to be rejected or abandoned; to become weak or exhausted.
--zy unaxu. To fall on the ground.

KØSERDEGYL- / ХӨСӨРДҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of køserde-] To throw on the ground; to throw away; to reject, refuse, renounce, discard, waive, repudiate.
--yn xajaxu = --yn xajaγdaγulxu. To reject, refuse, throw away.

KØSGE
See køske.

KØSI-, 1. / ХӨШИХ
v.t. To overcast (in sewing).
--zy ojuxu. To overcast (in sewing).

KØSI-, 2. / ХӨШИХ
v.t. To prevent, impede; to block, prop up; to bolt; to lift up with a lever.

egyde --ky. To bolt a door.

KØSI-, 3. / ХӨШИХ
v.i. To harden, stiffen, become stiff (body, tongue, etc.); to fall asleep (of a limb); to become torpid or numb; to be[come] petrified; to coagulate; to contradict, object; to be[come] obstinate.
elige --ky. To split one's sides with laughter.

KØSIGE(N) / ХӨШИГ
n. Curtain; blind; canopy.
burxan u --. Curtain before the image of a divinity.
ger tyr -- xadaxu. To put up a wall hanging.
toryan --. Silk curtain.

KØSIGELE- / ХӨШИГЛӨХ
v.t. To make a curtain; to put up a curtain or wall hanging.

KØSIGYL- / ХӨШҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of køsi-.

KØSIGYN / ХӨШҮҮН
adj. Hard, uneven, rough; stubborn, obstinate; rude, impolite.
-- baidal. Stiff or unbending attitude.
-- yge. Rude words or language.
xataγu --. Ruthless.
xataγu -- sedkil. Pitiless, ruthless heart.

KØSIGYR / ХӨШҮҮР
n. Bolt or bar of a door, axletree; lever; support, rest.
køndelen --. Slip bolt.

KØSIGYRDE- / ХӨШҮҮРДЭХ
v.t. To bolt, bar; to hinder, barricade; to resist, oppose.

KØSIGYRGE / ХӨШҮҮРЭГ
n. Lever, yoke, beam, pole, perch; crowbar; transversal bar to bolt or lock a door.
nigedyger ba xojaduγar zerge jin -- yd. Levers of the first and second class (mech.).

KØSIGYRGE- / ХӨШҮҮРГЭХ
v.t. To lift up with a lever.

KØSIGYRGEDE- / ХӨШҮҮРЭГДЭХ
[= køsiyrgede-] v.t. To lift up with a lever.

KØSIGYRGEGDE- / ХӨШҮҮРГЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of køsigyrge-] To be lifted with a lever.

KØSIGYRGELE- / ХӨШҮҮРЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To resist; to reject; to barricade, hinder.

KØSIGYRKE-

[= køsiyrke-] v.i. To be stubborn.

--n ygyleky. To contradict, dispute, argue.

KØSIGYRKEGYL-

v. caus. of køsigyrke-.

KØSIGYRLE- / ХӨШҮҮРЛЭХ

v.t. To fasten by means of a latch or bolt; to lift with a lever; to be stiff, rigid; to be stubborn.

KØSIGYRLEGDE- / ХӨШҮҮРЛЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of køsigyrle-.

KØSIGYRLEGYL- / ХӨШҮҮРЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of køsigyrle- .

KØSIJ-E / ХӨШӨӨ

n. Monument, stele, tombstone; tumulus, burial place, tomb.

-- bosxaxu. To erect a momument.

-- cilaγun. Tombstone; stele; border stone.

KØSIJE- / ХӨШӨӨХ

v.t. To render stiff or rigid; to cause to coagulate.

KØSILCE- / ХӨШИЛЦӨХ

v. coop. of køsi-.

KØSIYRGEDE-

See køsigyrgede-.

KØSIYRKE-

See køsigyrke-.

KØSKE / ХӨСӨГ

[= køsge, køsyg] n. Transportation; mount, conveyance, cart; provisions for travel; baggage of a person of rank.

-- acij-a. Baggage, esp. of a person of rank.

-- unulγ-a. Means of transportation.

acilγ-a --. Bale, bundle, freight, load; means of transportation.

tegegebyri jin --. Freight transportation.

temeg-e --. Camel caravan, camel cart.

unuγ-a --. Means of transportation; riding horse.

zing yn --. Transportation of cargo or freight.

KØSYG

See køske.

KØSYR

See køser.

KØTE

[Ra.] n. Servants, retinue; tent.

KØTECI

See køtyci.

KØTEGE

n. Turtledove, pigeon.

KØTEL-, etc.

See køtyl-, etc.

KØTYCI / ХӨТӨЧ

[=køteci] n. Guide; escort; groom, orderly; officer's servant.

daγalduxu --. Servant, domestic.

KØTYL, 1. / ХӨТӨЛ

[= køtel] n. Mountain pass, low pass.

KØTYL, 2. / ХӨТӨЛ

n. Mounted guide.

KØTYL- / ХӨТЛӨХ

[= køtel-] v.t. To lead by the hand, lead; to conduct, guide; to instruct.

--yn ziluγadaxu. To lead, guide.

--ygci. Guide, conductor, leader.

--zy abuγacixu. To lead away; to abduct.

--zy daγaγulxu. To lead, head, be at the head o

mori --. To lead a horse.

KØTYLBYRI / ХӨТӨЛБӨР

n. and adj. Leadership, guidance; leading.

mør yn --. Program (political).

KØTYLBYRILE- / ХӨТӨЛБӨРЛӨХ

v.t. To guide, lead, conduct, direct.
--ky ziɣaburi. Instruction[s], direction[s].

KØTYLCE- / ХӨТӨЛЦӨХ

v.i. To walk arm in arm or holding hands.

KØTYLCI / ХӨТӨЛЧ

n. Guide, conductor, leader.
noxai --. The chief dog of a hunting pack.

KØTYLGE / ХӨТӨЛГӨӨ

n. Rein, leader, leash.
-- mori. Spare horse.

KØTYLGE- / ХӨТӨЛГӨХ

v. caus. of køtyl-.

KØTYLYGDE- / ХӨТЛӨГДӨХ

v. pass. of køtyl-.

KØTYLYGYL- / ХӨТЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of køtyl-.

KØTYLYL / ХӨТЛӨЛ

n. The act of køtyl-.

KØTYLYLCE- / ХӨТЛӨЛЦӨХ

v. coop. of køtyl-.

KØZER / ХӨЗӨР

n. Playing card[s]; trump[s].

KRIZIS

[R. кризис] n. Crisis.
-- kimural. Crisis.

KY / ХҮҮ

Particle emphasizing the preceding word (often written together with the emphasized word).
basa --. Also, too (emphasized); again.
ein --. Thus, in the same way.
ene -- = eneky. The same, the very same; the given, mentioned, actual.
ɣaɣca -- = ɣaɣcaky. Only.
ɣaɣca -- toɣ-a ji erkimlegky. To emphasize only quantity.
tere --. That same, the same.
xarin --. However; on the contrary.

KYB / ХҮВ

Intensifying adverbial particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable ky.
-- kyndy. Quite heavy.

KYB-

[= kyby-] v.i. To wander, ramble.

KYBE / ХҮВ

n. Knot, loop.

KYBEGYCILE- / ХҮҮЧЛЭХ

v.t. To treat as one's son.

KYBEGYCILEL / ХҮҮЧЛЭЛ

n. The act of kybegycile-.

KYBEGYKEN

Diminutive of kybegyn.

KYBEGYLE-

v.i. To give birth.

KYBEGYMERKEI

n. and adj. Youth, young man; youthful, young-looking.

KYBEGYMSYG

[Gu.] n. Great affection for a son.

KYBEGYN / ХҮВҮҮН

n. Son, boy; pawn (chess). Cf. kyy.
-- y saba. Womb, placenta.
ergymel --. Adopted son.
odxan --. Youngest son.

KYBEGYRE-

v.i. To grow up; to g rminate, begin to sprout.

KYBELENG

-- sir-a noxai. A dog of deep yellow color.

KYBER- / ХҮВРЭХ

See købyre-, 1 and 2.

KYBER-E / ХҮВЭР

adj. and n. Callous; welt or scar from beating.

KYBERED- / ХУВЭРДЭХ

v.i. For a welt or scar to develop.

KYBKE-

v.i. To become confused, embarrassed, perplexed; to be unable to understand, be dumfounded; not to know what to do.

KYBKER

[= kybkyr] n. Antelope; roe deer.
-- alaγ mori. Piebald horse.
-- imaγ-a. Mountain goat of yellowish grey color.

KYBKI-

v.i. To be very light (of weight).

KYBKYR

See kybker.

KYBY-

See kyb-.

KYBYGYR

See købygyr.

KYBYKIRE-

v.i. To begin to get tainted (meat).

KYBYR / ХУВЭР

-- modu. Mangle, roller, rolling pin.

KYBYRLE- / ХУВЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To knead; to roll out dough.

KYBYRLEGYL- / ХУВЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kybyrle-.

KYCE

See gyce.

KYCI / ХУЧ

[= kycɣ2] adj. and n. Sour; acidity; a kind of orange.
-- baγatai. Not very souɣ, of low acidity.
-- oruxu. To become sour.

KYCIGELZI

n. A small wild orange.

KYCIGEN

adj. Large, big, grown up.

KYCIL / ХУЧИЛ

n. and adj. Sour [taste], acid[ity]; pungent, pungency, acid (chem.).
-- amtan. Sour taste.
-- cilaγu. Tartar (dental).
-- tørygci. Oxygen.
bolur un dabusun u --. Muriate, hydrochloric acid.
dabusun u --. Boracic acid.
kykyr yn --. Sulphuric acid.

KYCILDER

adj. and n. Anything sour; somewhat sour.

KYCILER

n. A kind of sour fruit.

KYCILTEI / ХУЧИЛТЭЙ

[= kycilty] adj. Sour, astringent.

KYCILTY / ХУЧИЛТ

See kyciltei.

KYCIR / ХУЧИР

adj. Difficult, hard, complicated, grave; heavy, pressing; serious (as illness).
-- ebedcin. Serious illness.
-- kereg. Difficult, complicated, or serious matter.
-- kizig. Grave disease, epidemic.
-- kyndy. Very heavy, hard, or difficult.
kyndy -- tataburi. Heavy taxes.

KYCIRLE- / ХУЧИРЛЭХ

v.i. To become difficult, hard, aggravating.
--n. With force.
--n zancixu. To beat cruelly.

KYCIRMEG / ХУЧИРМЭГ

[= kycirmegei] adj. Bold, audacious; violent.
-- ijer. Violently; pluckily; with all one's might.

KYCIRMEGEI

See kycirmeg.

KYCIRTE- / ХУЧИРТЭХ

v.i. To be troublesome, difficult, or hard.

KYCIRTEI / ХУЧИРТЭЙ

adj. Difficult, hard to do.

KYCIRTEL / ХУЧИРТЭЛ

n. The state of kycirte-.

KYCITEI / ХУЧТЭЙ

adj. Sour, acid, astringent.

-- zyrzi. China orange.

KYCY(N), 1. / ХУЧ(ИН)

n. Power, force (also military), strength; effort; energy; validity.

-- abxu. To grow fat (of animals).

-- aldaxu. To lose strength or speed.

-- baγatai. Of little power, weak, feeble, without strength.

-- ben talbiɤu. To make every effort.

-- deiledky. To be defeated.

-- kødelmyri. Work, labor.

--n cidal ijen γarγaxu. To apply one's strength or energies.

--n cinege ber ijen. With all one's might.

--n ijer. With strength or force, forcefully, forcibly.

--n ijer abxu. To take by force.

--n tegylder. Possessing power, strength, or authority; valid, effective.

--n ygei. Without strength, power, energy, or force; invalid.

--n ygei bolγaxu. To render powerless, make weaker; to annul, void, cancel, invalidate.

--n ygei bolxu. To lose one's power; to become invalid, ineffective, null and void, rescind (as a law), revoke (as a will).

--n y kereg. Crime of violence.

--n y kymyn. Hired worker, journeyman.

--n y kyrgen. Son-in-law who lives with bride's family.

aγur un --. Steam power.

baiγali jin --. Powers of nature or the elements, natural powers.

bej-e jin --. Physical work or energy.

cakilγan u --. Electrical power.

dotuγadu --. Internal resources.

ed yiledbyri jin --. Productive power.

γoul --n. Main or basic force, vital strength.

mønggy jin -- ijer. By using money, with money.

sedkil yn --. Mental or intellectual power.

KYCY, 2.

See kyci

KYCYDEL / ХУЧДЭЛ

n. Violence, force, coercion, constraint; voltage, tension (elect.).

jeke -- yn gyjydel. High-tension current (elect.).

KYCYLE- / ХУЧЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To force, use force or violence; to exert oneself, use every effort.

--n γujuxu. To beg urgently, demand.

--zy abciraxu. To bring somebody by force or against his will.

bej-e ben --n jabuxu. To work with all one's strength, exert oneself.

KYCYLEGYL- / ХУЧЛУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of kycyle-.

KYCYLEL / ХУЧЛЭЛ

n. Power, strength; lust, sensuous desire.

KYCYMDE- / ХУЧИМДЭХ

v.i. To use all of one's strength; to use force or violence.

--n. Strongly, forcibly, by force.

--n abxu. To take by force.

KYCYMDEGYL- / ХУЧИМДУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of kycymde-.

KYCYNTEI

See kycytei.

KYCYRKE- / ХУЧИРХЭХ

v.t. and i. To [use] force, compel, show violence; to make a display of or boast of one's strength.

--n. By violence, by force.

--n abxu. To seize by force.

--n kylijelgeky. To force something upon somebody.

--zy kilgeky. To force to do or make.

KYCYRKEG / ХУЧИРХЭГ

adj. Strong, powerful, forceful ; violent.

-- cerig. Powerful army.

-- ijer. By brutal force, ruthlessly.

-- temecegci. Powerful fighter.

-- ulus. Powerful country or nation; a power.

cerig yn -- josu. Militarism.

KYCYRKEGDE- / ХУЧИРХЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of kycyrke-.

KYCYRKEGLE- / ХҮЧИРХЭГЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To compel, force; to be violent; to take advantage of one's strength.

KYCYRKEGLEL / ХҮЧИРХЭГЛЭЛ

n. Violence, force, compulsion.

KYCYRKEGYL- / ХҮЧИРХҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kycyrke-.

KYCYRKEL / ХҮЧИРХЭЛ

n. Violence, force.

bydygylig -- ijer. By crude force or methods.

KYCYTEI / ХҮЧТЭЙ

[= kycyty, kycyntei] adj. Strong, powerful, valid; energetic.

-- ber. By force; in a strong or powerful or forceful way; strongly, forcibly.

-- bolγaxu. To strengthen, reinforce; to validate, make valid, put into effect.

-- bolxu. To gain strength; to become effective.

-- xubiral. Drastic change.

delekei jin jekeken -- ulus. The great world powers.

jeke -- . Powerful, strong.

KYCYTEN / ХҮЧТЭН

n. The powerful or strong ones.

KYCYTY / ХҮЧИТ

See kycytei.

byrin -- elci. Ambassador plenipotentiary.

KYDEBYR / ХҮДВЭР

adj. Rude, indecorous, ill-mannered.

KYDEKI / ХҮДЭГ

adj. and n. Rude, impolite; ill-bred person.

KYDEKIKEN / ХҮДЭГХЭН

adj. Rather rude or impolite.

KYDEKILE- / ХҮДЭГЛЭХ

v.i. To be rude, act in an impolite manner.

KYDELIG / ХҮДЛЭГ

adj. and n. Rude, impolite [person].

KYDENG

n. Fog, mist; darkening, dimness.

-- baγuxu. For the fog to set in.

-- tatazu bain-a. The fog hugs the ground.

KYDER, 1. / ХҮДЭР

adj. and n. Thickset, massive; strong, energetic; hard.

-- xataγu. Hard (as work).

KYDER, 2. / ХҮДЭР

n. Ore.

-- cilaγu. Ore.

temyr yn -- . Iron ore.

KYDERI / ХҮДЭР

n. Musk deer.

-- jin zaγar. Musk.

KYDERTEI / ХҮДЭРТЭЙ

adj. Ore-bearing.

KYDES- / ХҮДСЭХ

v.i. To swim (of snakes).

KYDYGYR

[= kygdygyr, cf. gydygyr] n. Convex, bent.

-- kymyn. Hunchback.

-- niruγutai morin. Sway-backed horse.

KYGDY

n. Thick quilted trousers, wadded trousers.

KYGDYGYR

See kydygyr.

KYGEITE-

[Go.] v.i. For whitlow to develop.

KYGSEI-

See kegsei-.

KYGYNELDY-

v.i. To talk, converse.

KYGYRNE- / ХҮҮРНЭХ

v.i. To talk , converse.

KYGYRNEL / ХҮҮРНЭЛ

n. Coversation, talk.

KYI, 1. / ХУЙ



n. Family; clan, kinsfolk; hamlet of ten houses; place of assembly for people of the same rank; crowd.
-- eligen. Relatives.
-- jin daruγ-a. Bailiff of a village.
-- nigedyl. Community.
-- ømyg. Detachment of troops.
-- ulus. A crowd of people, concourse.
tøryl --. Family, tribe.

KYI, 2. / ХУЙ



.[= kyisy(n)] n. Navel, umbilicus; umbilical cord.
-- abxu. To deliver a child, assist in childbirth.
-- nigetei. Born by the same mother.

KYI, 3. / ХУЙ



-- kyi uryuxu. To grow in clumps.
-- kyi salkin. Gust of wind.

KYIGY-



v.i. To gather, assemble, reunite.
--zy ireky. To gather in crowds.

KYIKYR



adj. and n. Alert; agile, skillful; brave man.

KYILE- / ХУЙЛЭХ



v.i. To run in packs, flock together (esp. of wolves in rut).

KYILEN, 1.



adj. Grey, bluish.
-- boru. Bluish-grey.
-- køke. Bluish.

KYILEN, 2.



See under xaila-.

KYILEN, 3.



See kylen, 2.

KYILSY(N)



See kyisy(n), 1.

KYIR



n. Knots of a bowstring.

KYIRMYG

Same as yiremeg.

KYIRTY



adj. Having a knot or knots (of a bowstring).

KYIS / ХУЙС



n. Bouquet, bunch of flowers; bud of a flower.
-- bøgem ijer. Wholesale (adv.).

KYISY(N), 1. / ХУЙС



[= kyilsy(n)] n. Navel; umbilical cord; center, middle; isthmus.
-- temteriky. To uproot, extirpate, destroy (usually of a family or clan).
kyrdyn y --. Hub of a wheel.
mandal un --. Center of a mandala or circle.

KYISY, 2. / ХУЙС



n. Sex; gender (gram.).

KYISYTY / ХУЙСТ



adj. and n. Having a navel. [Ko.] Blue lotus.

KYITEKEN / ХУЙТХЭН



adj. Somewhat cold.

KYITEN / ХУЙТЭН

[= kyityn] n. and adj. Cold (also metaph.), frost; gonorrhea; cool, unfriendly.
-- abxu = kyitengdeky. To contract gonorrhea.
-- cirai. Scowling face; cold expression.
-- cisutu amitad. Cold-blooded animals.
-- dulaγan u kemnegyr. Thermometer.
-- ebedcin. Gonorrhea.
-- γazar. Cold area or region; dangerous area.
-- ijer injeky. To laugh bitterly or ironically; to laugh derisively.
-- mør. Evil ways.
-- mørty amitan. Men of evil ways (as bandits or thieves.
-- sigyderi. Cold dew, hoarfrost.
-- søsyn ebedcin. Biliousness.
-- xaraca. Cold look or glance.
jeke --. Very cold; the time of the Great Cold (Ch. ta-han 大寒 , one of the seasonal divisions of the Chinese year).

KYITENGDE- / ХУЙТЭНГЭХ



v.i. To contract gonorrhea.

KYITERE- / ХУЙТРЭХ



[= kyityre-] v.i. To cool off, become cold.

KYITEREGYL- / ХУЙТРУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of kyitere-.

KYITEREL / ХУЙТРЭЛ
n. Cold, frost.

KYITY-
v.t. To unbend or unstring a bow.

KYITYN
See kyiten.

KYITYRE-
See kyitere-.

KYKYDYNE- / ХУХДНЭХ
v.i. To laugh in a partly suppressed manner, giggle.
--zy inijeky. To laugh in a partly suppressed manner.

KYKYL
Same as køkyl.

KYKYR / ХУХЭР
n. Sulphur.

KYKYRLIG / ХУХЭРЛЭГ
adj. Sulphurous.

KYLCIN
See kylecin.

KYLECIN
[= kylcin] n. A hideous and frightful demon, bogey, bugbear, goblin.
-- xoduγucin. Bugbear, bogey, goblin.

KYLEMZI / ХУЛЭМЖ
n. Subterrainean room or cave, basement, cellar.
ceceg yn --. Hothouse for flowers.

KYLEN, 1.
See xulan.

KYLEN, 2.
[= kyilen, 3] Exclamation expressing dissatisfaction, fear, etc.: Oh! Alas! Woe to me!
xoxui --. Alas!

KYLER
See kyrel.

KYLI- / ХУЛЭХ
v.t. To bind, tie, tighten.
--kyi jin ger. Prison, jail.
--zy ujaxu. To tie, bind.
cingda --ky. To tie solidly.

KYLICE- / ХУЛЦЭХ
v.t. and i. To wait for, expect; to be patient; to tolerate, bear; to be indulgent or tolerant.
namaji --gtyn. Please forgive me.
--n ønggeregeky. To tolerate (someone's mistake).
tør --ky. To wait a little.

KYLICEL / ХУЛЦЭЛ
n. Patience, forbearance, indulgence, tolerance, forgiveness, pardon.
-- øciky. To ask forgiveness, excuse oneself, apologize.

KYLICELTY / ХУЛЦЭЛТ
adj. Patient, forbearing; affable; humble, modest.

KYLICENGGYI / ХУЛЦЭНГҮЙ
n. and adj. Patience, forbearance, indulgence, tolerance; patient, indulgent, tolerant.
-- ece ilegyy bujan ygei, kiling ece ilegyy kilince ygei. There is no greater virtue than patience, there is no greater sin than anger (proverb).
-- kymyn. A patient person.
-- sedkilty. Patient, forbearing, tolerant, indulgent.
-- ygei. Unbearable, intolerable.

KYLICENGGYITEI / ХУЛЦЭНГҮИТЭЙ
[= kylicenggyity] adj. Patient, forbearing, tolerant.

KYLICENGGYITY / ХУЛЦЭНГҮЙТ
See kylicenggyitei.

KYLIGDE- / ХУЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of kyli-.

KYLIGE / ХУЛЭЭ

n. Fetters, bonds; bundle.
-- dyr oruxu. To be in fetters.

KYLIGELZE- / ХУЛГЭЛЗЭХ

v.t. and i. To wait for, wait a little; to tarry; to hesitate.

KYLIGYL- / ХУЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kyli-.

KYLIJE- / ХУЛЭЭХ

v.t. and i. a) To wait, expect.
--gsen ijer olan zil bolluγ-a. Waited for many years.
--n jadaxu. Not to be able to wait; to expect or wait for with impatience.
bolzuγ-a --ky. To wait for the term (agreed upon), wait for the appointed time.
tende ben --zy bai. Wait at your place there!
xurumxan kylij-e. Wait á while!
yde bolxu ji --ky. To wait until noon.

b) To receive, accept; to acknowledge, admit; to be indulgent or tolerant.
--ky ygei. Not to let pass, be unforgiving.
--n abxu. To receive, accept.
--zy abxu. To accept, receive.
aldaγ-a ben --ky. To admit one's error, acknowledge one's mistake.
bicig i --zy abxu. To receive a letter.
buruγu ben --ky. To admit a fault; to apologize.
xariγucalγ-a ji --ky. To accept a responsibility, be responsible.

c) To submit to, be subject to; to bear, suffer, experience.
--zy daγaxu. To obey, submit to.
darulaγdal i --ky. To submit to or suffer oppression.
jal-a ji --ky. To be sentenced, punished; to admit a crime.
kycyn i --ky. To bear pressure.
mølzigdel i --ky. To be exploited.
zobalang i --ky. To suffer hardship, grief.

KYLIJEGDEL / ХУЛЭЭГДЭЛ

n. Waiting; procrastination.
-- boγuγdal. Procrastination, delay.

KYLIJEL / ХУЛЭЭЛ

n. The act of kylije-.

KYLLJELCE- / ХУЛЭЭЛЦЭХ

v. coop. of kylije-.

KYLLJELGE / ХУЛЭЭЛГЭ

n. Waiting, expecting, enduring.

KYLLJELGE- / ХУЛЭЭЛГЭХ

[v. caus. of kylije-] a) To cause or order to wait; to tire or wear out by keeping somebody waiting, leave in suspense; to cause to accept, receive.
--gsen egyrge zorilta. Problems and tasks set or assigned.
xariγucalγ-a ji --ky. To charge with a responsibility.

KYLLJELTE / ХУЛЭЭЛТ

n. Expectation; official obligation or duty, engagement.

KYLLJESY(N) / ХУЛЭЭС(ЭН)

n. Anything which fetters, binds or ties, such as bonds, ties, manacles, fetters (also metaph.); knots; hindrance, obstacle, obstruction; tutelary spirits who record good and evil deeds.
temyr --n dyr orusixu. To be fettered with iron chains.

KYLLJESYLE- / ХУЛЭЭСЛЭХ

v.t. To bind, tie, fetter; to roll into a scroll; wrap; to hinder, prevent.

KYLLJESYLEGYL- / ХУЛЭЭСЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kylijesyle-.

KYLIJESYTEI / ХУЛЭЭСТЭЙ

adj. Bound, tied, fettered.

KYLIL

n. Bundle, bunch; tie, knot; prescribed manual gestures made during worship, cf. mutu: the "trigrams" used in divination (Ch. kua 卦 of the "Book of Changes I-ching 易經).

KYLILGE

n. The act of binding or tying; bundle, bunch; bandage; union, combination.

KYLIS
n. Incense burner, censer.

KYLKY- / ХУЛХЭХ
[= kølky-] v.t. To gulp down, swallow whole; to be gluttonous.
--zy zalgixu. To gulp down whole, swallow whole; to eat gluttonously.

KYLTYGCIN
n. Devil.

KYLTYGYR / ХУЛТГЭР
adj. and n. Repulsive or disgusting old grumbler.
-- køgsin. Repulsive or disgusting old grumbler.

KYLYG
[= kølyg] n. A strong and swift horse.

KYM
See under nam, 2.

KYMEL / ХУМЭЛ
Same as kømel.

KYMELI
Same as kømel.

KYMLIG
[Mo.] n. Woman's shirt.

KYMYLE- / ХӨМУУЛЭХ
v.i. To be[come] a man or a human being.

KYMYN / ХУН, ХӨМУУН
n. Man, person, people; another man, another person; personality.
-- ama. Population, inhabitants.
-- amitan. Mankind, people.
-- byri. Everybody.
-- dyr øgky. To give something to someone; to give a daughter in marriage.
-- inu sain. [He] has a good personality.
-- sudulul. Anthropology.
-- tørylkiten i sinzileky uxaγan. Anthropology (obs.).
-- xar-a. People.
-- y. Man's; other people's; someone else's.
-- y em-e. The wife of another man.

-- ygei. Without human beings, uninhabited, desolate.
-- y ki. Belonging to another; other people's.
-- y medel dy baixu. To depend upon another or others, be under somebody's power or authority.

KYMYS / ХУМУУС
[pl. of kymyn] n. People, population, persons in general.
alban u --. Civil servants, government employees.
ger byli jin --. Members of the family.

KYMYZI- / ХӨМУУЖИХ
v.i. To grow up, be raised or brought up; to become adult; to rise in the world, become successful.
--gsen. Grown up, adult.

KYMYZIGYL- / ХӨМУУЖУУЛЭХ
[v. caus. of kymyzi-] To rear, raise, bring up children; to educate.
zasan --ky γazar. Rehabilitation center.

KYMYZIGYLEL / ХӨМУУЖУУЛЭЛ
n. Upbringing or raising of children.

KYMYZIL / ХӨМУУЖИЛ
n. Education.
ger yn --. Domestic education, home studies.
suruly-a --. Education.

KYMYZILGE / ХӨМУУЖЛЭГ
Same as kymyzil.

KYMYZILTE / ХӨМУУЖИЛТ
n. Education.

KYMYZILTEI / ХӨМУУЖИЛТЭЙ
adj. Having an education, educated.
-- bolγaxu. To give an education.

KYNDY / ХУНД
adj. and n. a) Heavy, weighty; weight, gravity.
-- acij-a. Heavy load, heavy burden.
-- bolxu. To become heavy; to become pregnant.
-- jeke buu. Heavy artillery gun, heavy artillery.
-- kønggen. Heavy and light, weight.
-- nyser. Very heavy.

b) Difficult, hard, grave; serious; severe; important; respected, honored; respect, authority.
-- azil. Hard work or labor.
-- ber. Heavily, severely.
-- ber jalalaxu. To punish severely.
-- bolγaxu. To consider important.
-- ebedcin. Grave illness.
-- jin -- γasiγun berke ji yzeky. To experience the greatest difficulties.
-- kilince. Grave sin.
-- kimural. Heavy crisis.
-- kycir. Difficult, hard, grave, serious.
-- xataγu. Heavy, serious.
-- xataγu ebedcin. Severe illness.
-- xauli caγaza. Strict or severe laws.
-- xour-a. Great harm.
-- yge. [Words of an] elevated style.
-- ygei bolγaxu. To undermine someone's authority, discredit, defame.
-- ygei bolxu. To lose one's reputation, prestige or authority.
ebedcin -- bolba. The illness became serious.
itegel -- ji olxu. To win confidence and authority.

KYNDYD- / ХҮНДДЭХ
v.i. To become too heavy, grave, difficult, or serious.

KYNDYDKE- / ХҮНДЭТГЭХ
[v. caus. of kyndyd-] To make heavy, render difficult, create difficulties; to aggravate; to consider important, ascribe significance to; to respect, revere.
--n . With respect, respectfully.
--n josulaxu. To greet respectfully; to celebrate, solemnize.

KYNDYDKEGYL- / ХҮНДЭТГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kyndydke-.

KYNDYKEN / ХҮНДХЭН
adj. Somewhat heavy.

KYNDYLE- / ХҮНДЛЭХ
v. t. To show respect, revere, honor; to be polite; to treat, regale, entertain.
--n ergyky. To respect and honor.
--n takixu. To sacrifice with devotion.
bej-e ben --ky. To respect oneself, show self-respect.
ergyn --ky. To respect, show deference to.

KYNDYLEGDE- / ХҮНДЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of kyndyle-.

KYNDYLEGYL- / ХҮНДЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of kyndyle-.

KYNDYLEL / ХҮНДЛЭЛ
n. Honor, respect, esteem, veneration; politeness.
-- dyr sinuxu. To be vainglorious.
-- ygei. Disrespectful, irreverent.
-- yiledky. To show respect.
-- yzegylky. To honor, respect.

KYNDYLELTEI / ХҮНДЛЭЛТЭЙ
adj. Respectful; polite.

KYNDYRE- / ХҮНДРЭХ
v.i. To become heavy; to become difficult, burdensome or wearisome; to become severe (of illness); to become expensive.
bej-e --ky. For the body to become heavy; to feel weak.

KYNDYREGYL- / ХҮНДРҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of kyndyre-] To make heavy, burden, oppress; to aggravate, make difficult.

KYNDYREL / ХҮНДРЭЛ
n. Aggravation; turn for the worse.

KYNDYSI- / ХҮНДШИХ
v.t. To regard as heavy, consider burdensome or difficult.

KYNDYSIJE- / ХҮНДШЭЭХ
v.t. To respect, esteem.

KYNDYTEI / ХҮНДТЭЙ
[= kyndyty] adj. Honored, respected, honorary; important.
-- bolγaxu. To make respected or honored; to lend authority to, boost.
-- egyrge. Important task; honorary duty.
-- terigylegcid. Honorary presiding board.

itegemzi -- . Enjoying great confidence or authority.

KYNDYTY / ХҮНДЭТ

See kyndytei.

-- nøkyr. Dear friend (address in letters).

KYNESY(N) / ХҮНС(ЭН)

[= kynysy(n)] n. Provisions; allowance, ration.

-- aγulxu γazar. Depot for provisions.

-- beledkel. Provisions.

--n y tulum. Sack of provisions.

-- zyil. Victuals, provisions.

zam un --. Provisions or victuals for travel.

KYNESYLE- / ХҮНСЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To feed oneself, eat receive nourishment; to live; to procure food, supply with provisions.

KYNESYLIG / ХҮНСЛЭГ

n. Abundance of food.

KYNGGENE-

See kynggine-.

KYNGGERIS-

[= kynggires-] v.i. To sound, make noise; to neigh.

--kyi daγu. Loud voice or noise.

--kyi salki. Howling wind.

KYNGGERISKEL

[= kynggireskel] n. Loud voice, noise.

KYNGGINE- / ХҮНГЭНЭХ

[= kynggene-] v.i. To make a hollow sound.

--zy cinggineky. To sound tambourines or timpani.

--zy suugixu. To drone, hum (of engines).

bydygyn --gsen daγu ber. In a deep bass.

KYNGGINEGYR / ХҮНГЭНҮҮР

n. Resonance; echo.

KYNGGIREDE-

v.i. To speak loudly; to talk with a high-pitched voice.

KYNGGIRES-

See kynggeris-.

KYNGGIRESKEL

See kynggeriskel.

KYNGGYNE-

Same as kynggine-.

KYNGGYR

n. onomat. Snow with a hard and hollow crust which when stepped upon makes a hollow sound.

KYNGKEI-, etc. / ХҮНХИЙХ

See køngkei-, etc.

KYNGKER / ХҮНХЭР

See køngker.

KYNGKYI-, etc.

Same as køngkei-, etc.

KYNGZI

[Ch.k'ung-tzŭ 孔子] n.p. Confucius.

KYNYLDE-

Same as kygyneldy-.

KYNYSY(N)

See kynesy(n).

KYNZID

See gynzid.

KYR 1. / ХҮР

-- jeke ulus. The whole great people.

KYR, 2. / ХҮР

Same as kyri, 2.

KYR- / ХҮРЭХ

v.i. a) To reach, arrive at; to touch; to amount to.

--cy ireky. To arrive at one's destination; to reach, draw nearer.

--tel-e. See separate entry.

arban tøgyrig --lyge. (The cost) amounted to 10 tugurik.

barin --kyi. To be on the point of catching.

buu -- ! Don't touch!

caγ tayan --ky. To arrive at the expected or appointed time or hour.
egyden dyr --ky. To arrive at the gate.
γar --ky. To touch, touch with the hand, put one's hand on or reach something; to encroach; to offend by some action.
nasun dur --ky. To reach a certain age; to come of age.
nasun du --ygedyi. Minor in years.
sanaγan dur --ky. For one's expectations to be fulfilled.
ta ene jabudal dur tusalaxu dur --besy. If you [come to] lend a hand in this matter.
xojar nasun-a --ky. To attain the age of two.
ykykyi --cy byky. To be on the point of dying, be near death.

b) To be sufficient.

--ky ygei. To be wanting or insufficient , fall short of.
kycy yly --ky. For the strength not to suffice.

c) Idiomatic usage: to feel (as cold, etc.) suffer (from illness); to begin, become, etc.

aγur --ky. To become angry, fly into a rage.
ama --ky. To taste (food); to speak against or vilify someone.
amin dur --ky. To be vital, be a matter of life and death.
daγaraγad xanijad --cykyi. He caught cold and started to cough.
dur-a --ky. To wish badly, have a burning desire.
ebedcin --ky. To fall ill.
inijedy --ky. To begin to laugh, burst into laughter.
kysel degen --ky. To see one's wish fulfilled, reach one's aim.
uridaki daγan --ky ygei. Not as good as, less good than the former.
xoruxai --ky. To wish badly, burn with a desire or passion.
yge dyr ijen --ky. To keep one's promise.
zalxaγu --ky. To feel lazy, to be[come] lazy.

KYRCE

n. A kind of sea fish.

KYRCEMTY

adj. Famous, distinguished, noble.

KYRD

-- kiky. onomat. To make a sudden explosive noise. [Ko.] To make noise, shout, cry; to talk nonsense.

KYRDY(N) / ХУРД(ЭН)

n. Wheel, circle, cycle; prayer wheel or cylinder; circle of transmigration, the rebirths, wooden collar worn by criminals by way of punishment. [Gu.] Cog, gear.

-- ergigylky. To turn or twirl the prayer wheel.
--n ergygylygci xaγan. "The wheel turning Khan," the king of the Universe (S. Cakravartin).
--n y møger. The rim of a wheel.
arγ-a jin --. Machine; artfulness, slyness, artifice.
naran u --. The sun disk.
nom un --n i ergigylky. To turn the wheel of religion, metaph. for preaching, explaining religious books, or spreading the (Buddhist) religion.
sibarci jin --. Potter's wheel.
tergen y --. Wheel of a cart.

KYRDYTY / ХУРДЭТ

adj. Having a wheel, etc.
γaγca -- terge. A vehicle with one wheel; wheelbarrow.

KYREBTYR / ХУРЭВТЭР

adj. Brownish, somewhat dark, dark brown.

KYREGCIN

adj. Brown (of female animals).

KYREL

[= kyril, kyler] n. Bronze.
-- zebsegyn yj-e. Bronze age.

KYRELZEGEN-E

See gyrelzegen-e.

KYREN

See kyreng.

KYREN-E / ХУРНЭ

n. Skunk, polecat; weasel.
caγan --. Weasel.

KYRENG / ХУРЭН

[= kyren, kyrin] adj. [Dark] brown, maroon (esp. of fur); deep violet.
-- bolur. Amethyst.
-- erijen. Of deep-brown ground with sparse spots of some other color.
-- erijeń byrgyd. Brown eagle with white spots.
-- øngge. Brown color.
-- saxaltai. Brown-bearded.
-- ulaγan. Brownish red; dark red, dark brown; purple, blood red.

KYRENGCIN

Same as kyregcin.

KYRENGZI-

v.i. To become brown, dark brown, or dark red.

KYRENTE- / ХУРЭНТЭХ

v.i. To become brown, dark brown , or dark red.
--zy ulaixu. To grow dark red.

KYRGE- / ХУРГЭХ

[v. caus. of kyr-] To cause to arrive; to send, deliver, dispatch, convey, transfer; to accompany, take home; to deliver, conduct the bride to the home of her husband; to give as a present.
--gci. One who brings, delivers, accompanies, or conducts; messenger, guide, convoy, escort.
--zy øgky. To accompnay, guide, show the way; to give as a present.
aγur --ky. To provoke anger.
ama --ky. To taste, try by tasting; to send words.
beleg --ky. To give a present.
beleg ty --ky. To give as a present.
beri --ky. To escort the bride to the house of the groom.
ecys tyr --ky. To bring to a conclusion.
γar --ky. To touch with one's hand; to try one's hand at.
γasiγudal i --ky. To express compassion, sympathy, condolence, or regret.
ilγalta du --ky. To lead to victory.
inijedy --ky. To cause one to laugh.
kele --ky. To give information, tell.
kereg i tuil dur --ky. To bring a deal to conclusion.
kymyn y aγur --ky. To arouse somebody's anger.
kyndy xour --ky. To cause great harm.
kysegsen γazar tur cimaji --sygei. I shall take you to the place where you wish to go.
mendy --ky. To bring greetings.
noir --ky. To make one sleepy.
tusa --ky. To bring benefit, prove useful.
yge --ky. To convey or transmit somebody's words or message.
zakidal --ky. To deliver a letter.

KYRGEGYL

n. Conductor, guide; escort, convoy; leader.
zam un --. Conductor, guide; convoy, escort.

KYRGEGYL- / ХУРГУУЛЭХ

[v. caus. of kyrge-] To cause to arrive; to supply, send, or dispatch.
mori ber --ky. To send or deliver by horse.
tuil dur --. To carry out to its fullest extent.

KYRGEGYLCI

n. Guide, conductor.

KYRGELE- / ХУРГЭЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To be a son-in-law or bridegroom; to act as proxy for a bridegroom; to live in the house of the father-in-law.

KYRGELTE / ХУРГЭЛТ

n. The act of kyrge-.

KYRGEN / ХУРГЭН

n. Husband of one's daughter or sister; son-in-law; bridegroom.
-- ax-a. Brother-in-law (husband of one's elder sister).
-- degyy. Brother-in-law (husband of one's younger sister).
-- keyken. Bride and groom.
-- oruxu. To become a son-in-law.
sin-e --. Bridegroom.

KYRI, 1. / ХУР

-- xoruxai. Silkworm.
-- xoruxai jin egyr. Cocoon of silkworm.

KYRI, 2. / ХУР

-- degyy. Brother-in-law (wife's younger brother).

KYRID / ХУРД

n. Hairy worms found in decaying dried meat.

KYRIDLE- / ХУРДЛЭХ

v.i. To be filled with worms; to develop maggots.

KYRLJ-E(N) / ХУРЭЭ

n. Anything girding, encircling, or enclosed: fence; enclosure,yard; camp; monastery; border, edging; metal edges of a cup, mounting of a cup; precinct, bound; sphere of influence.

--n dyr oruγulxu. To send into a monastery.
--n y bøke. Court wrestler.
-- xasij-a. Encircling wall.
-- xorij-a. Temple[s] in general; pen for cattle, sheep.
-- xota. Enclosure, fence.
aru --. A former name of the capital of Outer Mongolia, Urga (now Ulan Bator).
cerig yn --. Soldiers' barracks, military camp.
jalatu jin --. Prison, jail.
malaγai jin --. Brim of hat.
morin u --. Pen, enclosure for horses.
naran u --. Halo around the sun.
neislel --. The capital Urga.
noγuγan u --. Vegetable garden.
sara jin --. Halo around the moon.
xasij-a --. Enclosure, fence.
xonin u --. Sheep pen.

KYRIJECI(N) / ХУРЭЭЧ

n. Gardener; watchman of a yard or a fence.

KYRIJELE- / ХУРЭЭЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To fence off, enclose, encircle, surround; to be surrounded by a halo (of sun or moon).

--n abxu. To fence in close in.
--zy. (Arranged) in a circle, around.
kyrij-e ber --ky. To fence, build a fence around.
mal --ky. To drive the cattle into a pen.
naran --bei. The sun is encircled by a halo.

KYRIJELEGDE- / ХУРЭЭЛДЭХ

v. pass. of kyrijele-.

KYRIJELEGYL- / ХУРЭЭЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of kyrijele-.

--yn toγuriγulxu. To gather around.
bej-e ben --ky. To gather around oneself; to surround oneself with.

KYRIJELENG / ХУРЭЭЛЭН(Г)

n. Yard, garden; committee.

arad un cenggeldyky --. The People's House in Ulan Bator.
sinzileky uxaγan u --. Committee of Sciences (the highest scientific institution in the MPR).
sudur bicig yn --. Library.

KYRIJETY / ХУРЭЭТ

adj. Having a fence, fenced, enclosed; walled.

KYRIL

See kyrel.

KYRIN

See kyreng.

KYRKI-

v.i. To talk nonsense, chatter indiscreetly.

KYRKIR-E / ХУРХРЭЭ

n. Waterfall, cascade, cataract.

KYRKIRE- / ХУРХРЭХ

v. i. onomat. To growl, grunt, snarl; to roar (as a waterfall).

noxai --ky. For a dog to growl.

KYRKIREL / ХУРХРЭЛ

n. Growling, snarl.

KYRKIRELTY

adj. Noisy, sonorous.

KYRM-E / ХУРЭМ

n. Short jacket (worn by men over their long gown at formal occasions).

KYRMEG

n. Pile of fallen leaves.

KYRMELI / ХУРМЭЛ

[= kyrymeli] n. Sedge, carex.

-- ger. Hut covered with kyrmeli.

KYRTE- / ХУРТЭХ

v.t. and i. To reach, touch; to obtain, receive (esp. a favor) from a superior; to be worthy of, deserve; to be distinguished by favors.

amalalγ-a --ky. To taste (hon.).
bi --le. Thank you, I have had enough.
ebedcin --ky. To fall ill.
ørysijel i --ky. To receive a favor from superior.
šangnal --ky. To receive rewards.
tuslamzi --ky. To receive help.

KYRTEGE- / ХУРТЭЭХ



[v. caus. of kyrte-] To cause to receive; to grant, give , confer; to honor, vouchsafe.
øglige ji --ky. To give alms.

KYRTEGEL / ХУРТЭЭЛ



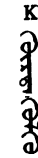
n. The act or state of kyrtege-; case (gram. obs.); property; concern.
arad tymen y --. National property.
cimadur -- ygei. Does not concern you.
keregleky --. Accusative case.
xarijalaxu --. Genitive case.

KYRTEGELGE- / ХУРТЭЭЛГЭХ



v. caus. of kyrtege-.

KYRTEGYL- / ХУРТҮҮЛЭХ



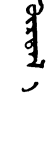
[v. caus. of kyrte -] To grant, give, confer.
ømci --ky. To bequeath, make a bequest.
šang --ky. To give a reward.

KYRTEI / ХУРТЭЙ



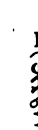
adj. and adv. Abundant, rich, sufficient.

KYRTEL-E / ХУРТЭЛ



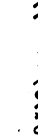
[term. converb of kyr-] Until, till, up or close to.
arban sar-a --. Until October.
edyge --. Until now, so far.
ene --. Up to here, to this point.

KYRTELEKI / ХУРТЭЛХИ



adj. [That] which is up to or until ...
zirγuγan sar-a --. That which is up to or until six months.

KYRTEMZI / ХУРТЭМЖ



n. The act of receiving; thing received; blessing, benefit, favor; advantage; something sufficient for all.
-- maγutai. Not sufficient [for all].

KYRTEMZITEI / ХУРТЭМЖТЭЙ

adj. Sufficient for all.

KYRTENGGI, 1. / ХУРТЭНГИ

adv. Sufficiently, plentifully, abundantly.

KYRTENGGI, 2. / ХУРТЭНГИ

n. Scab, mange; sore, ulcer.
-- jar-a. Cancer; leprosy; ulcer.

KYRYGYL- / ХУРҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of kyr-] To cause to arrive or reach.
budulijan dyr --ky ygei ber. So as not to lead to confusion.

KYRYLCE- / ХУРЭЛЦЭХ

[v. coop. of kyr-] To reach or arrive together; to suffice.
--ky [toγ-a] ber. In a sufficient number or amount.
--ky ygei. Not to be sufficient, be lacking or wanting.
--n ireky. To appear, show up.
cilyge --ky ygei. There is not time enough.
idezy emyscy --ky ygei. Not enough to eat or wear.
kycyn --ky. The power, strength, or might is sufficient.

KYRYLCEBYRI / ХУРЭЛЦВЭР

n. Sufficiency, adequate quantity.

KYRYLCEBYRITEI / ХУРЭЛЦВЭРТЭЙ



adj. Sufficient, enough.

KYRYLCEGYL- / ХУРЭЛЦҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of kyrylce-] To cause to reach or arrive, lead to; to cause to suffice.
baraγ-a ji --ky. To provide sufficient merchandise.

KYRYLCELGE

Same as kyrylcebyri.

KYRYLTE / ХУРЭЛТ

n. The act of kyr-.

KYRYMEG

adj. Reaching, attaining.

KYRYMELI

See kyrmeli.

KYRYSI / ХУРШ

-- ygei. Inaccessible.

KYRZE / ХУРЗ(ЭН)

n. Shovel, spade.
-- ijer maltaxu. To dig, excavate with a spade.
γal un --. Shovel for removing ashes from hearth.
modun --. Wooden spade or shovel.

KYRZEDE- / ХУРЗДЭХ

v.i. and t. To work with a shovel or spade; to shovel.
γazar --ky. To work the soil with a shovel.

KYRZIGINE- / ХУРЖИГНЭХ

v.i. To make noise; to roar; to crash, rumble, din; to purr.
--zy daγu γarxu. To make a continuous loud noise; to roar.
--zy inijeky. To burst out laughing.

KYSE- / ХУСЭХ

v.t. and i. To wish, desire, long for, crave; to be inclined to; to strive after; to beg, solicit.
--gsen γazar. Desired place, destination.
--gsen ijer mety. As desired.
--kyi orun. The object of a desire.
--kyi sedkil. Desire.
--ky sedkil i daγaxu. To follow the impulse of the heart.
minu --ky inu. It is my wish to ...

KYSEBYRI / ХУСВЭР

n. Desire, wish, longing, want, lust.

KYSEGYL- / ХУСҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of kyse-] To arouse hopes, evoke a desire.

KYSEL / ХУСЭЛ

n. Wish, desire, hope, yearning, inclination; love, lust.
-- eremelzelge. Hope.
-- i baxaduγci. Voluptuous, sensual, concupiscent.
-- i edleky. To yield to voluptuousness, satisfy one's desires.
-- ijer jabuγci. Voluptuous, sensual.
--lyge tegysygsen. One who wishes ardently; voluptuous.
buruγu --i edleky. To yield to voluptuousness; to commit adultery.
dur-a --. Wish, hope.
sanal --. Wish; advice, suggestion.
sinul --. Desire, wish, striving, yearning, passion, lust.

KYSELENG / ХУСЛЭН

n. Wish, intention, striving.
-- bolxu. To desire or expect ardently or impatiently.

KYSELTEI / ХУСЭЛТЭЙ

[= kyselty] adj. Having a desire; desired, wished; beloved; hopeful.

KYSELTY

See kyseltei.

KYSEMER

adj. Desirable, desired.

KYSYG

n. Wish, expectation.

KYSYNYG, 1. / ХУСНЭГ

n. Register, list; chart, table; column (of a table, register, etc.); straight lines which separate columns of a table or register.
-- tataxu. To rule off columns.

KYSYNYG, 2. / ХУСНЭГ

n. Poppy, Papaver.
-- ceceg. Poppy, Papaver.
-- yn øngge. Poppy color, light-red.
-- yn sim-e. Juice of the poppy; opium.
-- yn yr-e. Poppy seed.

KYSYNYGLE- / ХУСНЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To rule off columns, make a chart or table.

KYSYNYGTY / ХУСНЭГТ

n. Table, chart.

KYTEGE

n. Turtledove.

KYTEGER

[= kytegyr] adj. Bent.

KYTEGYR

See kyteger.

KYTYGYR
[Kaz.] n. Elevation; hilly country.

KYY, 1. / ХУУ
[= key, coll. form of kybegyn] n. Son; young boy; interest.
ceber asiγ -- . Net profit.
mønggyn y -- tølyky. To pay interest.

KYY, 2. / ХУУ
[Ch. k'u 庫] n. Treasury, cashier; granary, store, warehouse.
-- sang. Treasury.
sang -- ji baicaγaγci. Inspector of finance, auditor.

KYYCI
n. Overseer of a treasury or finances (obs.).

KYYDEI / ХУУДЭЙ
[Ch. k'ou-tai 口袋] n. Bag, wallet, purse; tobacco pouch.
dabusun u -- . Salt sack.

KYYLE- / ХУУЛЭХ
v.t. To lend money on interest.

KYYNE- / ХУУНЭХ
v.i. To talk, converse.

KYYNELDY- / ХУУНЭЛДЭХ
v. rec. of kyyne-.

KYYNELGE / ХУУНЭЛГЭ
n. Discourse, conversation.

KYYNELGETY / ХУУНЭЛГЭТ
adj. Talkative, garrulous.

KYYR / ХУУР
n. Conversation, discourse; word.

KYYRKEG / ХУУРХЭГ
n. Talker, chatterer.

KYYRSE / КУРС
[R. курс] n. Course (as of instruction).

KYYSANG /
[= kyy sang] n. Treasury.

KYYSER / ХУУСЭР
adj. Sterile, barren.

KYYTEI / ХУУТЭЙ
adj. Interest bearing.
-- mønggy. Money loan (against interest).

KYZI / ХУЖ
n. Incense (usually made of fragrant barks); incense stick.
-- ebesy. Fragrant herb.
-- jin saba. Incense burner.
-- jin sirege. Sacrificial table for burning incense.
-- sitaγaxu. To burn incense.
bosuγ-a --. Incense stick.

KYZILE- / ХУЖЛЭХ
v.t. To perfume, scent.

KYZILEGYL- / ХУЖЛУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of kyzile-.

KYZILIG / ХУЖЛЭГ
adj. Odoriferous, fragrant.
-- xuluγan-a. Muskrat, desman.

KYZIS / ХУЖИС
Plural of kyzi, q.v.

KYZITY / ХУЖИТ
adj. Odoriferous, fragrant.
-- usu. Odoriferous water, liquid perfume.

KYZYGYBCI / ХУЗУУВЧ
n. Something worn about the neck: collar, necktie, scarf, etc.
-- modu. Wooden yoke.

KYZYGYBCILE- / ХУЗУУВЧЛЭХ
v.t. To put (something) about or on the neck.

KYZYGYBCILEGYL- / ХУЗУУВЧЛУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of kyzygybcile-.

KYZYGYDE- / ХУЗУУДЭХ
v.t. To place one's arms around another's neck, embrace; to hang around the neck; to seize by the neck.

KYZYGYN / XY3YY(H)

See kyzygyy .

KYZYGYTEI / XY3YYTƏЙ

[= kyzygyty] adj. Having a neck.
urtu -- amitan. Long-necked animal.
xaʏ-a --. Black-necked; black-headed sheep.

KYZYGYTY / XY3YYT

See kyzygytei.
doluʏan --. Long-necked (used facetiously).

KYZYGYY / XY3YY(H)

[= kyzygyn] n. Neck; jugular vertebra; something suggestive of a neck.
-- alaʏ. White-necked.
-- deger-e unuxu. "To ride on someone's neck," i.e., to domineer over.
-- køsiky. To have a stiff neck.
aman --. First vertebra.
urtu --. A long neck.
xatan --. Second vertebra.
xui modun u --. Butt end of a gun.

K

KALU

-- jin ceceg. Malva rotundifolia. [Gu.] Mallow, hollyhock, Malva sylvestris.

KAMBU / ХАМБА

[= xambu, T. mkhan po] n. Prior, abbot.

KAMPANI / КАМПАНИ

[= xampani, R. кампания] n. Campaign.
olan tymen y -- . Mass campaign.
xudal ygdkel yn -- . Smear campaign.

KANDALI

-- modun. The plantain tree (a kind of banana).

KAPITAL / КАПИТАЛ

n. Capital.
køryngge -- . Capital.
xudalduγan u køryngge -- . Commercial capital.

KAPITALISM / КАПИТАЛИЗМ

n. Capitalism.

KAPITALIST / КАПИТАЛИСТ

n. Capitalist.

KAPITALTAN / КАПИТАЛТАН

n. Capitalist.

KAPITALTU / КАПИТАЛТ

adj. Capitalistic.
-- baidal. Capitalism.
-- delekei. The capitalistic world.

KARAMAN / КАРМАН

[R. карман] n. Pocket (of a garment).

KARM-A / ГАРМАА

[S. karma] n. Action, act, especially acts as the determining factors which shape our various reincarnations, therefore fate, destiny; religious ceremonies, sacred rites.

KARSIN

n. Kerosene .

KASIKA

[T. Ka çi ka] n. Fine cloth made in Kaçi (Benares).

KASS / КАСС

[R. касса] n. Cashier, cashier's office.
mønggy xadaγalaxu -- . Savings Bank.

KASUG

[T. bkah cog] n. Charter, patent, diploma, passport.

KATOLIГ

[= xatoliγ] adj. Catholic.
-- šasin. Catholicism.
-- un ezen. The Pope.

KAUMING

[Ch. kao-ming 誥命] translated as uxaγulxu ergymzilel] n. Patent conferring honorary title on a mandarin below the fifth order.

KOLONI / КОЛОНИ

n. Colony.
-- γazar. Colony.
-- jin. Colonial.
xaγas -- jin. Semi-colonial.

KOLONICILA- / КОЛОНИЧЛОХ

v.t. To colonize, transform into a colony.

KOLONICILAГCI / КОЛОНИЧЛОГЧ

n. Colonizer.

KOLONICILAL / КОЛОНИЧЛОЛ

n. Colonization.

KOLONITU / КОЛОНИТ

adj. Having a colony.

KOLXØZ / КОЛХОЗ

[R. колхоз] n. Kholkhoz, collective farm.

KOMBINAD / КОМБИНАТ

[R. комбинат] n. Combine (a machine or combination of organizations, etc.).

KOMENDANTA / КОМЕНДАНТ

[R. комендант]n. Commandant, military commander.

KOMINGTERIN / КОМИНТЕРН

[= eb xamtu jin internaconal] n. Comintern.

KOMIS / КОМИСС

[R. комиссия] n. Commission; committee.
-- un xudalduγ-a. Commission trade.
-- un xudalduγaci. Broker, middleman.
kinan baicaγaxu -- . Auditing or inspection committee.
silγan ceberleky -- . Purging committee.
ynemleky kinaxu -- . Mandate or mandatory commission.
zasaγ un azar un -- . Government committee.

KOMISAR / КОМИССАР

[R. комиссар] n. Commissar.
arad un -- . People's commissar.

KOMMYNA / КОММУН

[R. коммуна] n. Commune.
-- jin. Communistic, communal.
-- jin gešigyd. Member of a commune.
paris un -- . The Paris Commune (1792-1794).

KOMMYNISM / КОММУНИЗМ

n. Communism.

KOMMYNIST / КОММУНИСТ

n. Communist.
-- neigem. Communist society.

KOMPAS / КОМПАС

n. Compass (magnetic).

KOMSOMOL

[R. комсомол] n. Young Communist League.

KONCERT / КОНЦЕРТ

[R. концерт] n. Concert.

KONSUL / КОНСУЛ

n. Consul.
-- un jamun. Consulate.

KONTOR / КОНТОР

[R. контора] n. Office, bureau.

KONTRIBUCA

[R. контрибуция] n. Contribution, indemnity.

KOPÈRACA

[R. кооперация] n. Cooperation.

KOPERATIB

[R. кооператив] n. Cooperative (store).

L

LA, LE, 1. / Л



[cf. el-e, 2] Intensifying particle.

cøm le keregtei jaγum-a. All these are necessary things.

jaγucu atuγai jabuxu la keregtei. Come what may, one has to go.

LA, 2. / ЛАА(Н)



[Ch. la 蝲] n. Candle.

-- barixu. To light a candle.

-- (jin) γoul. Candlewick.

-- jin køl. Candlestick.

-- jin saγuri. Candlestick.

LAB, 1. / ЛАВ



adj. adv. and n. Sure[ly], positive[ly]; definite-[ly], certain[ly]; authentic[ally], verified; authenticity.

-- barixu. To hold or grip tightly.

-- barimtalaxu. To adhere strictly to.

-- medeky. To know for sure.

-- møn. Quite true, positively so.

-- tab saγuxu. To sit snugly or firmly.

-- talbixu. To set firmly (so as to avoid falling).

-- yge. Truthful words, the truth.

-- ygei. Not certain, not sure.

LAB, 2. / ЛАВ



[Ch. la 蝲] n. Wax, candle.

-- un talbiγur. Candleholder, candlestick.

LABAI / ЛАВАЙ



n. Seashell, conch; conch (as musical instrument), trumpet.

-- cilaγu. Hardened or petrified tortoise shell.

-- jin daγuu. The sound of a conch.

-- tataxu. To blow a conch or trumpet.

caγan -- . White conch shell used as musical instrument in religious services.

LABAICI / ЛАВАЙЧ



n. Trumpeter.

LABARA- / ЛАВРАХ



[= lebere-] v.i. To drip, run out drop by drop (as pus); to come to a head, break (as abcess, ulcer, or boil).

LABARI



See blabri.

LABASIГ



See labsiγ.

LABLA- / ЛАВЛАХ



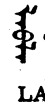
v.t. and i. To make sure; to make inquiries.

--n asaγuxu. To inquire, ask, ascertain.

--n medeky. To ascertain.

--zu saγuxu. To sit [down] firmly.

LABLAГDA- / ЛАВЛАГДАХ



v. pass. of labla-.

LABLAГUL- / ЛАВЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of labla-.

LABLAL / ЛАВЛАЛ



. n. The act of labla-.

LABORATORI / ЛАБОРАТОРИ



n. Laboratory.

-- jin sinzilge. Laboratory analysis.

LABRI



Same as blabri.

LABSA / ЛАВС



n. Large snowflakes.

LABSA- / ЛАВСАХ



v.i. To fall in flakes (as snow).

--n unaxu. As above.

LABSI-, 1. / ЛАВШИХ



v.t. and i. To eat greedily; to champ.

LABSI-, 2. / ЛАВШИХ



v.i. To sew through (as in padding).

LABSIГ



[= labasiγ] n. A kind of dress, cloak (often cotton-padded).

LABSIRA- / ЛАВШРАХ

v.i. To advance gradually.

LABTA / ЛАВТ

adv. Exactly, precisely; effectively; indubitably; sincerely.

-- ci tegyn lyge uciraxu bui z-a. You will meet with him beyond doubt.

-- minu kybegyn buju. He is my own son; he is truly my son.

LABTAI / ЛАВТАЙ

adj. and adv. Sure, certain, reliable, authentic, truly, really, exactly, definitely.

LABTAI- / ЛАВТАЙХ

v.i. To sprawl, stretch oneself.

--n kebteky. To lie stretched out; to lie sprawling.

LABTALA-

v.t. and i. To make sure of, find out about something, verify; to fulfil something with precision.

--n bayulγaxu. To copy exactly.

LABTALAL

n. The act of labtala-; assurance.

LABXAN, 1. / ЛАВХАН

adj. and adv. Precise[ly], exact[ly], certain[ly], sure[ly]; effectively, indubitably.

LABXAN, 2. / ЛАВХАН

See labxu, 1.

LABXU, 1. / ЛАВХ

[= labxan] n. Muddy or miry area.

LABXU, 2. / ЛАВХ

n. Quiver.

LACA / ЛАЦ

[T. la cha] n. Sealing wax.

-- ber tamaγ-a daruxu. To seal with wax.

LACADA- / ЛАЦДАХ

v.t. To seal with sealing wax.

LACADAGUL- / ЛАЦДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of lacada-

LAG, 1.

[S. laksha] n. A hundred thousand, a lac (Anglo-Indian term).

LAG, 2. / ЛАГ

n. Mud, dirt, clay, sweepings.

-- bolxu. To fill with mud or dirt, silt.

-- noitan. Thoroughly soaked, very moist, damp, humid, viscous.

-- sibar. Muddy place, mire.

-- sirui. Slime, ooze, mire, slimy earth, silt.

LAG, 3. / ЛАГ

onomat. adv. Movement or action with a sound suggestive of "layγ," i.e., a subdued, splashy sound, similar to English "plop": the sound of frogs jumping into the water, also the boiling of thick liquids, etc.

-- layγ bucalxu. For a liquid to boil with the sound "plop, plop."

-- layγ inijeky. To laugh heartily.

LAG, 4. / ЛАГ

-- sayuxu. To sit firmly.

LAGAR

Same as lageri.

LAGAZA / ЛААЗ

[= laza] n. Can, tin; cistern, tank.

usun u --. Water cistern.

LAGDA- / ЛАГДАХ

v.i. To become sticky, thick, or lumpy.

LAGDAL / ЛАГДАЛ

n. The act of layda-.

LAGLAGAR / ЛАГЛАГАР

adj. Corpulent; clumsy, awkward; haughty.

LAGLAI- / ЛАГЛАЙХ

v.i. To be corpulent; to slouch in one's chair; to be[come] clumsy or awkward; to be haughty.

--n sayuxu. To sit firmly, slouch in one's chair

LAGLAILGA- / ЛАГЛАЙЛГАХ

v. caus. of laylai-.

LAGSI- / ЛАГШИХ

v.i. To babble, prattle, gossip; to become sticky.



LAΓSIM-A / ЛАГШИМ
adj. Viscous, sticky, glutinous, slimy, mucilaginous.



LAΓŠAN / ЛАГШИН
[S. lakshana] n. Mark, sign, characteristic, visible quality, mark of preference; health; body, person (hon.).
-- belge. Mark[s], esp. bodily marks.
-- belges lyge tegylder. Possessing all the signs of perfection or beauty.
-- cimeg. Distinctive ornament, characteristic.
-- nairaγ. Body beautiful; visible marks and proportions of the body.



LAΓTAR
See under loγtur.



LAΓU- / ЛАГАХ
v.t. To eat greedily or gluttonously (usually said of pigs).



LAΓUSA / ЛУУС
See luusa.



LAGÄNG
[T. gla sgang] n. Name of a medicinal root.

LAGERI / ЛАГЕРЬ
n. Camp.





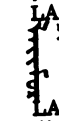
LAI, 1. / ЛАЙ
n. Mud, dirt, silt (in a well or pond).
-- daruxu. To fill or block up with mud.



LAI, 2. / ЛАЙ
n. Misfortune, trouble.



LAIDA- / ЛАЙДАХ
v.t. To remove mud and sediment from a well.



LAIMURCI
Same as luibarci(n).



LAIMURTA-
Same as luibarda-.



LAITUΓUR
adj. Weak, feeble.



LALU / ЛАЛ
[T. kla klo] n. Mohammedan, Moslem.
-- jin josu. Islam, Mohammedanism.
-- jin surtal. Islam, Mohammedanism.



LAM-A / ЛАМ
See blam-a.



LAMBUΓAI / ЛАМБУГАЙ
[= lama abuγai] Polite way of addressing lamas in pre-revolutionary Mongolia.



LAMP
[R. лампа] n. Lamp.
-- un tosu. Kerosine.



LANG / ЛАН(Г)
[Ch. liang 兩] n. A Chinese unit of weight, 37.3 gram; a tael or ounce of silver.
-- alta. An ounce of gold.
arban -- . Ten taels or ounces of silver.



LANGΓUU / ЛАНГУУ
[Ch. lang-kuei 廊櫃] n. Counter of a shop.
-- jín kymyn. Sales clerk.



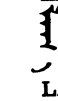
LARZA
n. Musk.



LATIN / ЛАТИН
adj. Latin.
-- kele. Latin language.
-- ysyg. Latin alphabet or script.

LATINCILA- / ЛАТИНЧЛАХ
v.t. To latinize.





LAX-A / ЛАХ
n. Sheatfish.



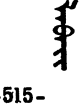
LAXAI- / ЛАХАЙХ
v.i. To sit sedately, ceremoniously, or with an air of importance.



LAZA
See laγaza.



LE
See la.



LEBEI-
[Gu.] v.i. To become ill-proportioned.

LEBELE-

v.t. To squeeze out, force out (as pus); to open, make an incision.

LEBERE-

See labara-.

LEBSI- / ЛЭВШИХ

v.i. To penetrate or seep through; to ooze, percolate.

--zy uγulγaxu. To pour a liquid into the mouth (as of a sick person).

taza --zy γoγuzixu. For water to seep through the ceiling.

LEBSIGYL-

v. caus. of lebsi-.

LEG

adj. Drooping.

LEGLEGER / ЛЭГЛЭГЭР

adj. Shabby, unkempt.

LEGLEI- / ЛЭГЛИЙХ

v.i. To become shabby or unkempt.

LEGLI

-- segli. Shabby; tattered.

LEKCA / ЛЕКЦ

[R. лекция] n. Lecture.

LEKTOR / ЛЕКТОР

[R. лектор] n. Lecturer.

LETEGER

adj. Bulky and clumsy.

LETEI-

v.i. To be bulky and clumsy

LHAIBA

[T. lhag pa] n. Mercury (planet); Wednesday.

LI / ЛИЙ

[= lii, Ch. li 里] n. A Chinese measure of varying length, averaging 1/3 of a mile.

dørbelzin --. Square li.

LIBAI / ЛИЙБАЙ

[Ch. li-pai 禮拜] n. Week (obs.).

-- edyr. Sunday.

-- nige. Monday.

LIBERAL / ЛИБЕРАЛ

n. Liberal.

LIBRGAN

[T. le brgan] n. Poppy.

-- u sim-e. Juice of the poppy, opium.

LIGBYMIG

[T. lig bu mig] n. Malachite.

LII

See li.

LIMBY

See lingby.

LINGBY / ЛИМБЭ

[= limby, T. gling bu] n. Flute.

LINGBYCI / ЛИМБЭЧ

n. Flutist.

LINGBYDE- / ЛИМБЭДЭХ

v.t. To play on a flute.

LINGSE

[Ch. ling-tzu 綾子] n. A kind of thin silk.

LINGXU-A / ЛИНХУА

[Ch. lien-hua 蓮花] n. Lotus, water lily, nenuphar, Nymphaea nulumbo, Nelumbium speciosum

caγan --. White lotus.

LISI / ЛИШ

n. Pink, carnation.

LITE / ЛИТ

See lity.

LITY / ЛИТ

[= lite, T. lehu tho, lo tho] n. Enumeration of chapters, register, index; calendar, almanac.

LIU

[Ch. liao 料] n. Fodder for horses consisting of beans mixed with grain.

LO

[Ch. lo 羅] n. A kind of silk gauze.

LOBSI / ЛОВШ

See nobsi.

LOBXU / ЛОВХ

n. Very wet land which is difficult to plough; wet soil or sand into which one sinks when walking.

LOCABA

[= lovačab-a, T. lotsāva] n. Translator, interpreter; philologist.

LOГDUSKIN

adv. Suddenly, unexpectedly.

LOГSI / ЛОГШ

n. Pigsty; lair, place to lie down (as for pigs); straw bedding for pigs.

LOГSI- / ЛОГШИХ

v.i. To stitch, sew.
--zu ojuxu. To sew.

LOГTUR / ЛОГТОР

-- laγtar. Heavily, clumsily, with difficulty (of the movements of a fat people).

LOGIГ / ЛОГИК

[R. логика] n. Logic.

LOLUI / ЛОЛОЙ

n. Pig's anklebone.

LONGXU / ЛОНХ(ОН)

n. Bottle, vase; cupping glass.
ceceg yn --. Flower vase.

LONGXULA- / ЛОНХЛОХ

v.t. To put in a vase or bottle.

LONGXUTAI / ЛОНХТОЙ

-- usu. A bottle of water.

LOTO

Same as lity.

LOUMI

[Ch. lao-mi 老米] n. Rice brown from age.

LOVAČCABA

See locaba

LOZUNG / ЛОЗУНГ

[German "Losung" thr. R.] n. Watch word, catch word; slogan, motto.
urij-a --. Slogan, motto.

LUГ-A

Suffix of the comitative case.
ax-a luγ-a jabuxu. To go with the elder brother.
tegyn lyge jarilcaxu. To talk to him.

LUГSI- / ЛУГШИХ

v.t. To pulsate, beat (of pulse or heart).

LUIBAR / ЛУЙВАР

n. Swindle, extortion, fraud, cheating, mud slinging.

LUIBARCI(N) / ЛУЙВАРЧ(ИН)

n. Swindler, extortionist.

LUIBARDA- / ЛУЙВАРДАХ

v.t. To swindle, extort.

LUTA, 1.

See lutu.

LUTA, 2. / ЛУТ

n. False window.

LUTU

[= luta] adj. Firm, unmovable, steady.

LUTUDA- / ЛУТДАХ

v.t. To make firm, solid, fixed or unmovable.

LUU / ЛУУ

[T. klu, snake or serpent "demon," S. nāga] n. Dragon.
-- caγ. Time from 7 to 9 in the morning.
-- sar-a. The third month in the lunar calendar.
-- jin daγu. The cry of the dragon, i.e. thunder.
-- jin søsy. Bottle-gentian.
-- zil. Fifth year of the duodenary cycle.

LUUBANG / ЛУУВАН(Г)



[Ch. lo-po 蘿蔔] n. Turnip, carrot.
alaγ --. Beet.
amtatai --. Carrot.
γasiγun --. Radish.
sir-a --. Carrot.
ulaγan --. Radish.

LUULI, 1. / ЛУУЛЬ, ЛУЙЛ



n. Chenopodium glaucum, Atriplex sibirica (plant).
ulaγan --. Tomato.

LUULI, 2.



n. Potter's wheel; clay container, jar for wine.

LUUS / ЛУС



[pl. of luu] n. God of water; lord of the earth, the earth god.
-- un xaγan. Dragon king; genius of the water.

LUUSA / ЛУУС



[= laγusa, Ch. lo-tzŭ 騾子] n. Mule.

LUUTU / ЛУУТ



adj. Having a dragon design.

LUUXA / ЛУУХ



n. Rheum discharged from the eyes; tumor on the eyelids.

LUUXADA- / ЛУУХДАХ



v.i. To have rheum in the eyes.

LUUZING / ЛУУЖИН(Г)



[Ch. lo-ching 羅經] n. Magnetic compass; watch, clock.
-- un kele. Magnetic needle.

LYBKI-



v.i. To be[come] sultry.

LYG / ЛУГ



Onomat. describing a muffled, heavy sound.
-- kim-e xalaγun. A stifling heat without any breeze.
-- kitel-e søgydky. To fall heavily on one's knees with a thumping sound.
-- kizy budangtaxu. To become foggy.

LYGE



See luγ-a.

LYGLEI- / ЛУГЛИЙХ



v.i. To become abnormal in size; to be clumsy or coarse.

LYNG



[T. lung] n. Instruction; order, command; prophecy.

M

MA

See mai, 1.

MACAГ, etc. / МАЦАГ

See bacaγ, etc.

MACU- / МАЦАХ

v.i. To clamber; to hurry, walk quickly.

MACULKILA- / МАЦАЛХИЙЛАХ

v.i. To walk with large steps; to walk quickly.

MAD / МАД

n. Checkmate (chess).

MADAГ / МАДАГ

[T. ma dag, " not pure or correct"] n. Mistake, fault, error.

aldaγ-a --. Mistake, fault, error.

MADAГA(N)

n. Hunting knife; small sword.

MADLA- / МАДЛАХ

v.t. To checkmate (in chess); to corner, place in a predicament.

MADUMADI

[T. ma tu ma ti].n.p. Mohammed.

MAГ / МАГ

See under ig, 2.

MAГAD / МАГАД

adj., adv., and n. Sure[ly], certain[ly], true [-ly]; probable, probably, real[ly], indeed, undoubtedly; most likely; certainty, determination, reality.

-- barimta. Sure proof.

-- γarxu jin temdeg. Credentials of a religious.

-- γarxui jin šaγšabad. The precepts for a monk.

-- i γarγaγci. One who unveils or demonstrates the truth.

-- ygei. Possibly, perhaps.

-- ynen. Invariable truth; must be true.

-- yzegdel. Something actually visible; true appearance.

MAГADLA- / МАГАДЛАХ

v.t. and i. To verify, ascertain; to certify, confirm, affirm; to determine.

--xu ynen. Theorem (math.).

baicaγazu --xu. To investigate and verify.

todurxailan --xu. To make a thorough check.

MAГADLAГDA- / МАГАДЛАГДАХ

[v. pass. of maγadla-] To be assured, persuaded, convinced; to be demonstrated, affirmed; to be decided.

MAГADLAГUL- / МАГАДЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of maγadla-] To subject to an investigation.

MAГADLAL / МАГАДЛАЛ

n. The act of maγadla-; verification, confirmation, ascertainment.

MAГADLAŠI / МАГАДЛАШ

-- ygei. That which cannot be investigated; unforeseen or unforeseeable; perhaps, not certain.

MAГADTU

adj. Real, exact, positive, sure, certain; true, genuine.

MAГADXAN / МАГАДХАН

adv. Really, indeed, truly.

MAГALINGГU / МААЛИНГА(Н)

n. and adj. Flax (plant); linen; flaxen

zarm-a --. Linseed.

MAГAZI- / МААЖИХ

v.t. To grasp or scratch with the claws; to curry; to clamber.

degesi --xu. To curry favor with one's superior.

mori --xu. To curry a horse.

MAГAZIГUL- / МААЖУУЛАХ

v. caus. of maγazi-.

MAГAZIГUR / МААЖУУР

n. Scraper, rake; currycomb; itch, rash (eruption), scab, mange.

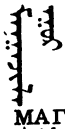
sibar un --. Tool with prongs for mixing straw and mud in making loam.

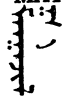
MAГAZILA-, 1. / МААЖЛАХ

v.t. To scratch; to seize or scrape with the claws or nails; to tear to pieces.

MAГAZILA-, 2. / МААЖЛАХ

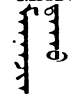
v.t. To varnish, lacquer.

MAГAZILAГUR / МААЖЛУУР

n. Scraper, rake.

MAГAZILГ-A / МААЖЛАГА

n. The act of scratching, scraping.

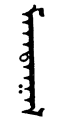
MAГAZIN / МААЖИН(Г)

[= mazing] n. Varnish, lacquer.

MAГAZINDA- / МААЖИНДАХ

v.t. To varnish, lacquer.

MAГTA- / МАГТАХ

v.t. To praise, eulogize, laud, extol, glorify.
--n daγulaxu. To sing (a hymn, etc.) in praise of somebody.
bej-e ben --. To boast, brag, praise oneself.
niγur deger-e --xu. To praise a person to his face.

MAГTAГAL / МАГТААЛ

[= maγtal] n. Act of praising, eulogy; praise, hymn of praise.
-- un daγu. Hymn.

MAГTAГDA- / МАГТАГДАХ

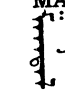
v. pass. of maγta-.

MAГTAГUL- / МАГТУУЛАХ

v. caus. of maγta-.

MAГTAL / МАГТАЛ

See maγtaγal.

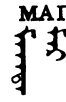
MAГTALГ-A / МАГТЛАГА

n. The act of praising; praise, eulogy.

MAГTALTA / МАГТАЛТ

n. The act of maγta-.

MAГTALTAI / МАГТАЛТАЙ

adj. Praiseworthy, commendable.

MAГTAMAR / МАГТМААР

adj. Laudable, praiseworthy.

MAГU / МУУ

adj., adv., and n. a) Bad, evil; unfavorable, abominable; poor, below standard.
-- bej-e ji abxu. To be reborn in one of the lower three classes of existence, namely as an animal, a starveling ghost, or as an inmate of hell (Buddh.).
-- ber xaraxu. To treat badly.
-- biciky. To write badly, have a poor hand (writing).
-- caγ. Evil times.
-- keletei. Foul-mouthed.
-- kiky. To do something poorly; to wrong someone.
-- kymyn. Bad person.
-- meke. Ruse, deceit.
-- mønggy. Bad or forged money.
-- oluγai. Appendix (anat.).
-- samaγun. Dissolute, depraved, corrupt.
-- yzel. Manner of viewing things falsely; false doctrine, false conception and explanation (of a doctrine).
-- zajaγ-a. Unfavorable rebirth, evil destiny.
tegyn y bej-e --. He feels poorly, is in bad health.

b) Dear, poor (when applied to one's own family it becomes a term of endearment).
-- ezi mini. My dear old mother.
-- kyy mini. My poor son.

MAГUCILA- / МУУЧЛАХ

v.t. and i. To act in an evil manner; to debase, degrade, depreciate; to blame or accuse; to defame, dishonor; to scorn, disdain.

MAГUCILAL / МУУЧЛАЛ

n. The act of maγucila-; accusation, etc.

MAГUD-

See maγuda-.

MAГUDA- / МУУДАХ

[= maγud-] v.i. To worsen; to become weak, thin; to decline, deteriorate; to fall out with or quarrel with one.

bej-e --zu baimui. I feel poorly.

caγ --xu. For the situation to have worsened.

ger --ba. The house is dilapidated.

kymyn dyr --xu. To become ill-disposed toward someone.

uxaγan --xu. To become dull of apprehension.

xarilcaγ-a --xu. For relations to worsen.

MAГUDAГUL- / МУУДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of maγuda-.

MAГUDULГ-A / МУУДЛАГА

n. Corruption, decadence, deterioration.

MAГUDXA- / МУУТГАХ

[v. caus. of maγud-] To make worse; to slander, calumniate, malign; to blame, rebuke, reprimand.

dalda --xu. To speak badly about someone behind his back.

ner-e ji --n γutuγaxu. To discredit, undermine somebody's reputation.

MAГUDXAL / МУУТГАЛ

n. The act of censuring, calumniating, reprimanding, blaming.

MAГUI

Ancient form of maγu.

MAГUILA-, etc.

See maγula-, etc.

MAГULA- / МУУЛАХ

[= maγuila-] v.t. To slander, despise, calumniate.

--zu keleky. To speak badly about somebody, caluminate.

MAГULAГUL- / МУУЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of maγula-] To allow oneself to be ill-treated.

MAГULAL / МУУЛАЛ

n. The act of maγula-.

MAГULAMXAI / МУУЛАМХАЙ

adj. Having a propensity to slander.

MAГULAR

n. Outrage, offense, abuse, affront; discontentment.

MAГUN

Plural of maγui (obs.).

MAГURA- / МУУРАХ

v.i. To faint, swoon.

MAГURAГUL- / МУУРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of maγura-] To cause to faint.

MAГURAL / МУУРАЛ

n. Fainting; deterioration.

MAГUS

Plural of maγui (maγu). Bad people.

MAГUSAIN / МУУСАЙН

[maγu + sain] adj. Bad, evil.

MAГUSIГ / МУУШИГ

adj. Rather bad, evil, unfortunate.

MAГUSIJA- / МУУШААХ

v.t. To blame, reproach, accuse, scold; to slander, calumniate; to despise.

MAГUSIJAГDA- / МУУШААГДАХ

v. pass. of maγusija-.

MAГUSIJAL / МУУШААЛ

n. Blame, reprimand, reproach, scorn.

MAГUSIJALГA- / МУУШААЛГАХ

v. caus. of maγusija-.

MAГUTAI / МУУТАЙ

[= maγutu] adj. Bad, evil, unfortunate, detrimental, pernicious.

cıdal -- . Powerless; poorly gifted.
dotur-a -- . Evil-minded.
ner-e -- . Of bad reputation.

MAIUXAI / МУУХАЙ
adj. and adv. Ugly, nasty, filthy, dirty, sordid, bad; badly, utterly, awfully, very.
-- aila. [I was] awfully frightened.
-- baidal. Bad or sordid life or situation.
-- bolula. "It was bad," I am sorry.
-- bolxu. To become ugly, etc.
-- cirai. Ugly face; sullen or morose face.
-- dyrsy(n). Ugliness, repulsive appearance.
-- yzeky. To look threateningly, scowl.
-- ynyr. Offensive odor.
niγur tu -- bolxu. To lose face; to hurt someone's feeling.

MAIUXAN / МУУХАН
adj. Somewhat bad, stupid, silly, foolish.

MAIUZIRA- / МУУЖРАХ
v.i. To faint, lose one's senses; to become weak or deadened; to deteriorate, become worse.
--n unaxu. To faint, lose consciousness.
--zu ykyky. To die.

MAIUZIRAL / МУУЖРАЛ
n. Faint, syncope (med.).

MAHA-A
[= max-a, S. mahā] adj. Great.
-- kala = jeke xara). The "Great Black One," the most popular of the eight "Terrible divinities, or protectors of the faith, formerly worshiped as the special protector of the Mongols.

MAI, 1. / МАЙ
[= ma] exclam. Here, take it.
-- ab! As above.

MAI, 2. / МАЙ
n. Smoky fire of dried dung, see aryal.
-- manaraγulxu. To emit clouds of smoke, smudge.

MAI, 3. / МАЙ
[R. май] n. May (month).
-- sar-a . The month of May.

MAIDA- / МАЙДАХ
v.t. To build a bonfire, build a fire to keep off mosquitoes.

MAIDARI / МАЙДАР
[S. Maitreya] n.p. Maitrèya, name of the next buddha expected to appear in this world.

MAIG-A / МАЙГА
adj. Bandy-legged, crooked-legged, intoed.
-- køltei. Bandy- legged.

MAILA
n. Edge, border; [Mo.] Eastern slope of a hill or mountain whose edges are higher than its concave center.

MAILA- / МАЙЛАХ
v.i. To bleat.

MAILACA
[Ch. li 荔] n. The lichee , Nephelium litchi.

MAILAGA(N) / МАЙЛАА
n. Bleating, shrieks, shouts, moans.

MAILASU / МАЙЛС
n. Cypress (tree).

MAIMA / МАЙМАА
[= naima, maimaγ-a, Ch. mai-mai 買賣]
n. Trade, commerce, business.
-- kiky. To do business, carry on trade or commerce.

MAIMACI(N) / МАЙМААЧ(ИН)
[= naimaci(n)] n. Merchant, dealer, trader; trading village.

MAIMAG-A
See maima.

MAIMAGALZA- / МАЙМГАЛЗАХ
v. t. To chew feebly, chew something for amusement. [Gu.] to chew or masticate poorly because of poor teeth.

MAIMAGAR / МАЙМГАР
adj. Having an unsteady gait.

MAIMALA- / МАЙМААЛАХ

v.i. To do business, trade.

MAIMAR / МАЙМАР

-- maimar. Unsteadily (of gait).

MAIMARI- / МАЙМРАХ

v.i. To walk unsteadily, reel.

MAIRAГ / МАЙРАГ

[= meireg] adj. Having only a few teeth; toothless; dull, blunt (as knife); having a worn or rounded edge or corner.

MAIRAГLA- / МАЙРАГЛАХ

v.i. To become dull, blunt; to have the corners worn down or the angles rounded; to become toothless.

MAIXAI

n. Skin covering the head of animals.

MAIXAN / МАЙХАН

n. Tent.
-- barixu. To pitch a tent.
-- cacar. Large tent.
-- siγaxu. To pitch a tent.
-- u baγan-a. Tent pole.

MAIZIГAR / МАЙЖГАР

adj. Crooked, wry; bow-legged.

MAIZIGI / МАЙЖГИЙ

adj. Worn down on one side (of a shoe or boot).

MAIZIGIRA- / МАЙЖГИРАХ

v.i. To become crooked or bent.

MAJ-A

[S. māyā] n. Illusion.

MAJAГ / МАЯГ

[= majiγ] n. Appearance, form, shape, figure, type, pattern, sample; sketch, outline; style, fashion; affectation.
-- baidal. Form, shape; appearance.
-- bykyi jin. Of the type of, typical for.
-- γarγaxu. To mince manners, act unnaturally; to pretend.
-- kiky. To make a mold or model.
-- tataxu. To make a form or mold or model; to act elegantly.
arγa --. Procedure, method.
degedy -- un. Of the highest type.
eimy -- ijer. In this manner, in such a way.
kelberi --. Form.
neigem zirum un --. Socialist pattern.
nigen -- un. Uniform.

MAJAГLA- / МАЯГЛАХ

v.i. To [make a] sketch; to make a gesture of doing something; to be capricious; to be affected, pretentious.

MAJAГLAГUL- / МАЯГЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of majaγla-.

MAJAГLAL / МАЯГЛАЛ

n. The act of majaγla-.

MAJAГTAI / МАЯГТАЙ

adj. Having a certain form, shape, or appearance.
-- kymyn. An affected or pretentious person.
iregьen --. It seems he has [they have] come.

MAJIГ

See majaγ.

MAJUUZA / МАЮУЗ

n. Saddle cushion (sometimes with pockets).

MAL / МАЛ

n. Domestic animal, livestock, cattle.
-- aduγusun. Animals.
-- azu axui. Animal husbandry, cattle raising.
-- emnelge jin uxaγan. Veterinary science.
-- un emnelgeci. Veterinarian.
-- un emnelge jin γazar. Veterinary hospital.
-- un jarγacin. Butcher.
-- xariγuldaγ kymyn. Herdsman.
aduγusu --. Beast[s], animal[s].
baγ-a --. Smaller domestic animals (sheep, goats).
γar --. Domestic animals such as sheep, goats, and cattle kept at hand within easy reach.
sain uγsaγan u --. Thoroughbred cattle.
syn y --. Milch cattle.

MALAГ-A

See malaγai.

MALAГAI / МАЛГАЙ



[= malaγ-a] n. Hat, cap, headgear; head (as of a nail, pin, etc.).
-- abxu. To take off one's hat.
-- daruxu. To press down one's hat.
-- ece sal[u]xu. To separate from one's [official] hat (said of an official leaving his post.
-- jin sarabci. Brim of a hat.
-- multulxu. To remove one's hat.
isegei --. Felt hat.
ørgen sarabcitu --. A hat with a large brim.
sir-a --. Yellow hat worn by priests of the reformed (so-called Yellow) sect of Tibeto-Mongolian Buddhism.
sumun u --. Cartridge head.

MALAГAICI(N) / МАЛГАЙЧ



n. Hatter, hat maker, hat merchant.

MALAГAILA- / МАЛГАЙЛАХ



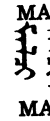
v.t. To rivet.

MALAГAITAI / МАЛГАЙТАЙ



[= malaγaitu] adj. [One] who has or is wearing a hat; headed (as a pin, nail, etc.).
-- xadaγasu. Nail with a head.

MALCI(N) / МАЛЧ(ИН)



n. Cattle raiser, cowherd, herdsman.

MALIJA-



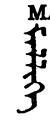
Same as milaγa-.

MALLA- / МАЛЛАХ



v.t. To raise or tend cattle, take care of cattle; to treat someone as an animal; to deceive.
aduγulxu --xu. To tend cattle.
mal --xu. To tend cattle; to be engaged in cattle raising.
mal --zu amiduraxu. To live on cattle raising; to make a living by cattle-raising.

MALLIKA



[S. mallikā, Ch. mo-li -hua 茉莉花]
n. Sort of jasmine.

MALSIГ / МАЛШИГ



adj. Animal-like.

MALTA- / МАЛТАХ



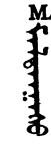
v.t. To dig, excavate, unearth, mine.
--gci. One who digs; hewer, miner.
--zu abxu. To dig out, uncover, unearth.
--zu γarγaxu. To dig out, uncover, unearth.
negyresy --zu abxu. To mine coal.
nyke --xu. To dig a hole.
xabar --xu. To pick one's nose.

MALTACA / МАЛТАЦ



n. A stick with a hook on the end used for pushing oneself on skis or snowshoes.

MALTAГASU(N) / МАЛТААС



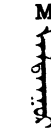
n. Hollow groove.
suγun u --. Piece of material cut out so as to fit the sleaves of a garment.

MALTAГUL- / МАЛТУУЛАХ



v. caus. of malta-.

MALTAГUR / МАЛТУУР



n. Any tool used for digging, digger.
-- ebesy. An herb coming out before all the others in spring; ivy. [Gu.] Hedera helix.
cikin --. Earpick.

MALTAГURDA- / МАЛТУУРДАХ

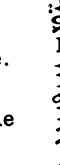


v.t. To shock grain with a pitchfork; to rake; to dig with a digging tool.

MALTAГURLA- / МАЛТУУРЛАХ

v.t. To gather hay, grass, etc., with a rake; to rake.

MALTALKILA- / МАЛТАЛХИЙЛАХ



v.t. To dig here and there.

MALTAMAL / МАЛТМАЛ

[n. d. of malta-] adj. and n. Dug out (of the earth), unearthed, mined; mineral.
asiγtu --. Useful mineral.

MALTASKI- / МАЛТАСХИЙХ

v.t. To dig little by little.

MALU / МАЛ

n. Large bottle, vase, jar; earthen jar with narrow opening, used for oil.

MALUR / МАЛАР

n. Striped wildcat; Felis sylvestris.

MALZAN / МАЛЗАН

n. Bald spot, star (on the forehead of a horse); broad forehead.

MAN / МАН-

Stem of first person plural (exclusive).

-- du. To us.

-- u. Our.

MAN-A(N) / МАНА(Н)

See manuγu.

MANA- / МАНАХ

v.t. To keep vigil, hold night watch, safeguard, stand guard over; to make the rounds as guard during the night.

adaγu --xu. To guard a horse herd at night.

ebedcitei kymyn i --xu. To watch a patient.

γal --xu. To cover up the fire for the night, cover coals with ashes to keep them glowing over night.

tarij-a ben -- . To watch one's crops against loss from thieves or animals.

xaγalγ-a --xu. To guard the gate.

MANACA / МАНААС

Ablative of man : from us.

MANAГ-A(N) / МАНАА

n. The act of watching or guarding; guard, night sentry, watch, patrol, post.

-- manaxu. To stand guard over.

--n u cerig. Night sentry.

--n u cerig yn urij-a. Watchword, password.

--n u ger. Sentry box.

--n u xalaγ-a. Relief of sentries.

edyr yn -- . Day watch.

MANAГACI / МАНААЧ

n. Watchman, guard.

MANAГAR / МАНАГААР

See maryasi.

MANAГARSI

See maryasi.

MANAГUL / МАНУУЛ

n. Guard, sentinel (night) watch; scarecrow.

MANAГUL- / МАНУУЛАХ

v. caus. of mana-.

MANAГULCI / МАНУУЛЧ

n. Guard, sentinel, patrol; watchman.

MANAI / МАНАЙ

Colloq. form of man u, see under man.

MANAIKI / МАНАЙХ

[= manuxai] adj. and n. Ours, belonging to us; our home or family.

MANAN

See manang.

MANANG / МАНАН

[= manan] n. Mist, steam, fog.

-- unijar. Mist, haze.

MANANGTA- / МАНАНТАХ

v.i. To become foggy.

MANARA- / МАНАРАХ

v.i. To grow foggy or misty, roll or swirl (of fog); to be[come] obscured by fog; (fig.) to become hazy, dizzy; to faint.

MANARAГUL- / МАНАРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of manara-] To raise a cloud of smoke or dust; to lay down a bank of fog or smoke; to cause to faint.

MANCA

See manza.

MANCAR / МАНЦАР

n. Talc.

MANCU / МАНЦУУ

n. Pestle; stick, cudgel.

MANCUI / МАНЦУЙ

n. Swaddling clothes, diaper.

MANCUILA- / МАНЦУЙЛАХ



v.t. To swaddle.

MANCULA- / МАНЦУУЛАХ



v.t. To pound, grind or crush in a mortar.

MANCULAГDA- / МАНЦЛАГДАХ



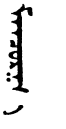
v. pass. of mancula-.

MANCULAГUL- / МАНЦЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of mancula-.

MANCURГ-A / МАНЧУУРГА



n. Small wooden mallet or club which may be used with one hand; pestle for pounding tea.

temyr -- . Iron club.

MANDA-



See mandu-.

MANDAL / МАНДАЛ



[S. Mandala, "anything round: disk, circle, orb"] n. Disk, circle, circumference, orb; a pictorial or plastic representation of the universe as conceived in Buddhist cosmography. The center of the mandala circle is usually occupied by the image of a deity, for the most parts a buddha in his palace, forming a square center and surrounded by his retinue (nøkyd). The whole mandala is filled with the pertinent emblems and symbols. It serves the priest in performing the liturgy of evoking the deity (See bytygel).

-- ariγulxu. To purify, perfume with incense, consecrate a temple.

-- un sirege. Altar (Lamaist).

acilal un -- . "Thanksgiving mandal," in its simplest form it is a metallic disk, often with a small elevation in the center, representing the cosmic Mount Sumeru (see symer). In performing the thanksgiving ritual the priest makes up small piles of fragments of precious stones , metals, etc., reciting the prescribed text, after which he lifts up the whole as a "cosmic" offering to the Buddha.

caγan -- cidxuxu. To pour butter and brandy into the fire as a religious ceremony (performed during daytime).

ebydyg yn -- . Knee-cap, patella.

γal un -- . Buddhist fire offering.

kei jin --. Atmosphere.

kyilsyn u -- . Navel.

naran u -- . Sun disk.

saran u -- . Moon disk.

usun u -- . Hydrosphere.

xar-a -- cidxuxu. The same ceremony as described under caγan -- cidxuxu performed at night.

MANDU- / МАНДАХ



[= manda-] v.i. To rise, become higher; to tower, loom; to rise (sun, moon, flame); to propagate, spread; to thrive, prosper; to develop, originate.

--xu boltuγai. Hurray for..! Long live...!

degegsi --xu. To rise up or into the air.

engke taibung --xu boltuγai. Let there be peace.

naran --xu caγ. The time of sunrise.

oγtarγui dur --xu. To rise up to the sky.

MANDUГUL- / МАНДУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of mandu-] To raise, lift up; to propagate, develop, make prosper.

tuγ --xu. To hoist a flag.

xubisxal i --xu. To start a revolution.

zasaγ i --xu. To raise to power; to restore a regime.

MANDUГUR / МАНДГАР



adj. Big, fat, stout.

MANDUL / МАНДАЛ



n. Origin, beginning, rise; revival, rebirth; renaissance; flourishing.

MANDULA- / МАНДЛАХ



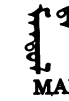
v.i. To rise; to revive, be reborn.

MANDULГ-A / МАНДЛАГА



n. The act of mandu-; revival, rebirth, renaissance.

MANDULTA / МАНДАЛТ



n. The act of mandu-.

MANDUTUГAI / МАНДТУГАЙ



[Imp. of 2nd and 3rd person of mandu-]

Hurray for..! Long live ... !

MANGIUR / МАНГАР

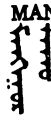


adj. and n. Stupid, doltish; headache after a drinking bout, "hangover."

-- γarγaxu. To take a morning drink in order to overcome a hangover.

-- kymyn. Simpleton.

MANGIURLA- / МАНГАРЛАХ



v.i. To behave or act foolishly; to have a headache after a drinking bout.

MANGIUS / МАНГАС



n. Fabulous, usually many-headed monster, a kind of ogre.

MANGGALAM



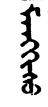
[S. maṅgalam, "blessing"] n. Good fortune, happiness (a word often found in colophones).

MANGGIR / МАНГИР



n. Wild onion.

MANGGISU(N) / МАНГИС



n. Badger (Meles vulgaris).

--n u segyl. Name of a wild plant.

MANGLAI / МАНЛАЙ



[= mangnai] n. and adj. Forehead; front, vanguard; chief, leader; principal, advanced, foremost, supreme.

-- du jabuxu. To march at the head, lead, guide.

-- jin cerig. Vanguard.

-- mori. The best horse.

-- otrijad. Vanguard detachment.

-- uduriduγci. Leader.

nom un jeke --. Great religious leader, chief of the faithful (of the Buddha, etc.).

takil un dotur-a degedy --. The supreme sacrifice.

MANGLAIBCI / МАНЛАЙВЧ



n. The visor of a helmet.

MANGLAILA- / МАНЛАЙЛАХ



v.t. and i. To lead, guide, direct, head; to be in the vanguard.

--n uduridxu. To lead, guide.

MANGLAILAGUL- / МАНЛАЙЛУУЛАХ

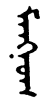
[v. caus. of manglaila-] To put at the head of, make a leader; to be under the leadership, be led by.

MANGNAI / МАГНАЙ



See manglai.

MANGNUG / МАГНАГ



[Ch. mang-lung 蟒龍] n. Brocade; silk material interwoven with dragons of certain type in silver or gold.

-- debel. A brocaded ceremonial robe.

-- torγ-a. Chinese material which resembles cloth of gold brocaded with dragons and flowers.

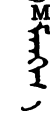
bosuγ-a --. A kind of silk with the emblem of two dragons.

MANGSIIU(N)



adj. Somewhat stupid, foolish, imprudent, thoughtless.

MANGX-A(N) / МАНХ(АН)



n. Long sandy hill; newly formed sand dune.

-- elesy. Shifting sands, dune.

MANGXAN / МАНХАН



n. Horse with a star on its forehead.

MANGXAR / МАНХАР



n. Horse or cattle with a white head or face.

MANGXUG / МАНХАГ

[T. sman khug] n. Bag or container for medicine, portable pharmacy.

MANGXUU / МАНХУУ

n. and adj. Stupid (person), lout, clod.

-- teneg. Loutish, doltish.

MANGXUURA- / МАНХУУРАХ

v.i. To be[come] stupid.

MAHI

[S. mahi , " Water buffalo"]

-- yker. n. Water buffalo, buffalo.

MANI, 1. / МАНЬ

Same as manai.

MANI, 2. / МААНЬ



[S. maṇi, "jewel"] n. Gem, jewel, precious stone; wish-granting stone or jewel, talisman, precious object; "mani, " abbreviation of the famous invocation most frequently uttered by "lamaists ": oṃ maṇi padma huṃ.

-- jin ziryke(n). Emerald.

-- migzim. The invocations oṃ maṇi padme huṃ and dmig brtse ma.

-- toγalaxu. To count, i.e. repeat constantly the invocation: oṃ maṇi padme huṃ; to purr, of a cat.

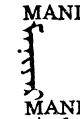
noγuγan -- Emerald.

MANIFEST / МАНИФЕСТ



n. Manifesto.

MANIJAR



Same as manang.

MANIJARTU-



Same as manangta-.

MANIJEBRI / МАНЕВР



[R. манёвр] n. Maneuvers.

-- du γarxu. Togo out on maneuvers.

-- jin suryaγuli. Maneuver training, maneuvers.

MANIJEBRILA- / МАНЕВРЛАХ



v.i. To maneuver.

--n jabuxu. To maneuver.

MANING / МАНИН



[T. ma ning] adj. Hermaphrodite; neuter, sexless.

MANIXAN



n. Tutelary genius of game, hunting and hunters.

MANTAU / МАНТУУ



[Ch. man-t'ou 饅頭] n. A kind of steamed bread.

MANTR-A



[S. mantra] n. Syllable or formula, usually in Sanskrit, by which a deity is evoked or invoked; prayer, magic formula.

-- urixu. To recite, repeat or read mantra.

MANTUIUR / МАНТГАР



adj. [One] with a large head, large-headed.

MANU, 1.



Same as manu, see under man

MANU, 2.



-- jin ceceg. Rosa banksia (flower).

MANUIU



[= man-a(n), Ch. ma-nao 瑪瑙] n. Chalcedony.

MANUX-A



n. Counterfeit gem, doublet.

MANUXAI



See manaiki.

MANZA / МАНЖ



[= manca, T. mang ja] n. Prepared tea (honorif. in reference to lamas).

MANZI-



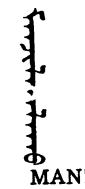
v.i. To be thin, meagre; to be pendulous.

MANZILG-A / МАНЖИЛГА



n. Anything pendulous, trinkets.

MANZILGALA- / МАНЖИЛГАЛАХ



v.t. and i. To wear trinkets; to make or put on trinkets or silk fillets.

subud ijer --n cimeky. To decorate with jewelry of fine pearls.

MANZIN / МАНЖИН



[= manzing, Ch. man-ching 蔓菁]n. Turnip.

cikir yn --. Sugar beet.

ulaγan --. Beet.

MANZING



See manzin.

MANZIUXAI / МАНЖУУХАЙ



n. Name of a plant.

MANZU / МАНЖ



n. Manchu, a Manchurian.

-- γazar. Manchuria.

-- kymyn. Manchu , Manchurian.

MANZUUR / МАНЖУУР



n. The town of Manchouli at the border of Manchuria and Siberia.

MANZUXUI / МАНЖХУЙ



n. Gylly flower.

MANZUŠIRI



[= manzusri, S. Manjuçrī] n One of the three chief Bodhisattvas, symbolizing superwisdom (belge bilig), forms often a triad with Avalokiteçvara (xongsim) and Samanta-Bhadra (masi sain).

MANZUŠRI



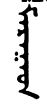
See manzusiri.

MARAL / МАРАЛ



n. Maral, species of deer; Orion.
γurban --. Orion's belt.

MARΓAD / МАРГАД



[S. marakata, T. mar gad] n. Emerald.
-- erdeni. Emerald.

MARΓASI / МАРГААШ



[= manaγar, manaγarsi, maryata] adv. Tomorrow.
-- jin . Tomorrow's, of tomorrow.
tegyn y --. The next day, the following day.

MARΓASIKI / МАРГААШХИ



adj. Taking place tomorrow; tomorrow's.

MARΓATA / МАРГААД



See maryasi.

MARΓU- / МАРГАХ



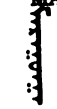
v.i. and t. To argue; to refuse, decline; to resist.

MARΓUΓ-A(N) / МАРГАА(Н)



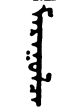
n. Quarrel, argument, conflict; doubt.
-- ji aldaxu. To lose one's wager.

MARΓUΓACI / МАРГААЧ



n. Disputer, squabbler, argumentative or quarrelsome person.

MARΓULCA- / МАРГАЛЦАХ



[v. coop. of maryu-] To refuse something together; to reject something together; to argue, quarrel.

MARΓULCAΓ-A / МАРГАЛЦАА



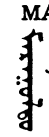
n. Argument; arguing, quarrel.

MARΓULDU- / МАРГАЛДАХ



[v. rec. of maryu-] To argue; to decline as. a favor, etc.
bide udaγan --bai. We argued for quite a while

MARΓULDUΓ-A(N) / МАРГАЛДАА(Н)



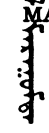
n. Argument, controversy, quarrel;, refusal; enmity, animosity.
xob --n. Quarrel, brawl.

MARΓULTA / МАРГАЛТ



n. The act or state of maryu-.

MARΓUMTAΓAI / МАРГАМТГАЙ



adj. Quarrelsome, argumentative, disputatious.

MARΓUSI / МАРГАШ



-- ygei. Indisputable; without doubt.

MARΓUSKI- / МАРГАСХИЙХ



v. i . To make a pretense at refusing, refuse half-heartedly.

MARIJ-A / МАРИА



n. Body, flesh; corpulence, pudginess.
zalaγu --n. Youth, childhood.

MARIJA- / МЯРААХ



[= mirija-,miraγa-] v. i. To approach furtively, creep up stealthily, crawl; to stalk game.
--zu yzeky. To steal up on, stalk.

MARIJALA- / МАРИАЛАХ



v.i. To grow fat, take on weight.

MARIJATAI / МАРИАТАЙ



[= marijatu] adj. Large, fat , fleshy; fat or obese person; chubby, plump.

MARIJATU



See marijatai.

MARIJAZI - / МАРИАЖИХ



v.i. To become fat, pudgy, or stout.

MARIJAZIΓUL- / МАРИАЖУУЛАХ



v. caus. of marijazi-.

MARKA / МАРК



[R. марка] n. Postage stamp.

-- naγaxu. To stick on a stamp.

MARSI / МАРШ
[R. марш] n. March, movement.
-- ber jabuxu. To march.

MART
[R. март] n. March (month).
-- sar-a. March.

MARTA-, etc.
See umarta-

MASI / МАШ
adv. Extremely, very, very much.
-- sain. Very good.

MASIDA / МАШИД
adv. Very, very much; extremely, completely, entirely.

MASIJAN
n. and adj. Machine, engine, automobile (obs.). See masın-a.

MASIN[-A] / МАШИН
n. and adj. Mechanical device, automobile.
-- a jin xorij-a. Garage.
-- baγazi. Machinery and tools, implements.
-- buu. Machine gun.
aciγan u --. Truck, lorry.
cakilγan u --. Electric machine.

MASINCI / МАШИНЧ
n. Engineer, mechanic.

MASINCILA- / МАШИНЧЛАХ
v.t. To mechanize.

MASINZIIGUL- / МАШИНЖУУЛАХ
v.t. To mechanize.

MATA- / МАТАХ
v.t. To curve or bend; to hollow out in a vault-shape.

MATAGAR / МАТГАР
adj. Bent, curved.
-- selm-e. Curved sabre.

MATAGDA- / МАТАГДАХ
[v. pass. of mata-] To be curved or bent.

MATAI- / МАТИЙХ
v.i. To bend. curve.

MATAILGA- / МАТИЙЛГАХ
v.t. To bend, bow, curve.

MATAL / МАТАЛ
-- ajaγ-a. Large cup or bowl.

MATALG-A / МАТЛАГА
n. Outward curve or curvature.

MATAMAL / МАТМАЛ
[n.d. of mata-] adj. Bent, curved.

MATAR / МАТАР
[S. makara, "sea-monster, crocodile"] n. Monster; sea monster; crocodile.
-- un ger. One of the signs of the zodiac, Capricornus.
-- un kımusu. Name of a plant, Struthiopteris germanica.
-- un toluγai. Animal heads made of copper or iron with rings in their mouths attached t doors in lieu of knockers.

MATARA-
See matari-.

MATARI- / МАТРАХ
[= matara-] v.i. To bend, curve, stoop.

MATARIIGUL- / МАТРУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of matari-] v.t. To bend, curve.

MATARINGIUI / МАТРАНГУЙ
n. and adj. Curvature, winding, sinuosity; crooked, curved.

MATERI
n. Matter, substance, material.

MATERIJAL / МАТЕРИАЛ
n. Material.
barilγ-a jin --. Building materials.
ed -- un tusalamzi. Material assistance.
sonin du -- i biciky. To write material for a newspaper.

MATERIJALIST / МАТЕРИАЛИСТ
n. Materialist.

MATERIJALIZM / МАТЕРИАЛИЗМ
n. Materialism

MAUZAR / МАУЗЕР
n. Mauser (pistol).

MAVUZAR
Same as mauzar.

MAX-A
See maha-a.

MAXABUD / МАХБОД
[S. mahā-bhūta, "the four great elements"]
n. The body conceived as an aggregate of "elements," organism; matter; element (in nature); constitution; vital principle.
-- ijen gegeky. To die.
-- tegsi. Equilibrium or harmony of elements, i.e. the state of health, well-being.
-- tungγalaγ. Health, state of health.
-- un ebderel. Destruction of the body, death.
-- un xarsilal. Unhealthy condition of the body, state of illness.
bej-e --. Body, organism.
γal --. The element of fire.
kimi jin --. Chemical element.
tabun --. The five "elements": water, fire, metal, wood, earth [Ch. wu-hsing 五行].
yndysyn --. Element.

MAZING
See maγazin.

MECI(N) / МЭЧ(ИН)
See beci(n).

MECID / МЭЧИД, МИЧИД
[pl. of meci(n)] n. Monkeys, apes; galaxy.
-- odu. Pleiades; comet.

MEDAL
n. Medal.

MEDE- / МЭДЭХ
v.t. and i. a) To know, understand, perceive, be conscious of; to find out; to be in charge of, have the power of decision.
--gci. See separate entry.
--ky cidaburi. Faculty of knowing or feeling.
--lyge. I have understood, I understand.
bej-e ben --ky. To be on one's own, be independent.
buruγu ben --ky. To know or realize one's fault[s].
ci --zy kigerei! Do it on your own!
ebedky i --ky ygei. To be insensitive to pain.
jadaraxu i --ky ygei. Indefatigable.
josu --ky. To become familiar with manners and customs.
mendy --ky. To inquire about someone's health; to greet.
minu --ky ber bolbasu. As far as I know.
ucir i --ky ygei. Unfamiliar with the reasons behind or background of a situation.
ucir yly --ky eteged nar. Uninstructed people, not familiar with the circumstances, outsiders.

b) Idiomatic usage.
irezy --myi. It is possible [he] will come.
xoγulai --n xaskirxu. To shout at the top of one's voice.
zoriγ --n jabuxu. To go where one pleases; to roam, wander.

MEDECE / МЭДЭЦ
n. Knowledge; range of perception.

MEDECETEI / МЭДЭЦТЭЙ
adj. Knowing, competent.

MEDEGCI / МЭДЭГЧ
n. One who knows or understands; an expert or connoisseur; one who is in charge.
ilede --. One who knows clearly.
saitur --. One who knows well or perfectly; wisdom.

MEDEGDE- / МЭДЭГДЭХ
[v. pass. of mede-] To be or become known; be perceived or felt; to be manifested; to inform, advise, notify; to sense, be aware of; to feel.
--ky ygei. Imperceptible, inconspicuous, unnoticeable; not clear.
neitelezy --ky. To be published.
yly --ky [To be] unknown.

MEDEGDEGYL- / МЭДЭГДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of medegde-.

MEDEGDEGYN / МЭДЭГДХҮҮН

n. All that which is known, understood, learned, recognized; object of study; knowledge, science, perception, sensation; rudiments, principles, elements; category.

MEDEGDEL / МЭДЭГДЭЛ

n. Sensation, perception; feeling; information, news.

MEDEGE(N) / МЭДЭЭ(Н)

n. Information, news, communication, message, telegram; declaration; advice, report; intelligence.

-- abulcaxu. To exchange information.

-- abxu. To receive news, information; to make inquiries, find out.

-- aldaraxu. To lose consciousness, faint.

-- aldaxu. To lose consciousness.

-- cimege. Information.

-- ygei. Unknown, unknowable; ignorance, nescience.

-- ygei bolba. He has lost consciousness.

-- ygei unaxu. To fall down unconscious.

aγar un --n. Radio news.

cakilγan -- . Telegraphic communication, telegraph.

MEDEGEDYI

[medege + edyi] adv. Not yet knowing, before knowing.

-- eteged. Those who do not yet understand.

MEDEGELE- / МЭДЭЭЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To inform, inquire about, find out about, make inquiries.

--gci. Informant.

MEDEGERKE-

Same as mederke-.

MEDEGETEI / МЭДЭЭТЭЙ

[= medegety] adj. [One] who has information or is informed; instructed, intelligent; known.

MEDEGEZI(N) / МЭДЭЭЖ

n. That which is well-known.

-- jin kereg. A well-known fact.

MEDEGYL- / МЭДҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of mede-] To report, inform, notify; to make known; to make one realize, instruct; to allow someone to take charge of .

--ky anu. [I should like] to report [to you] that..(epist.).

--ygci. One who makes a report.

bajar --ky. To congratulate.

kymyn ı --ky. To prosecute, sue a person.

medege --ky. To submit a report; to send information.

toluγai --ky. To let someone take charge.

MEDEGYLGE / МЭДҮҮЛЭГ

n. Information, communication, report.

MEDEKYI

[fut. n. of mede-] n. Knowledge; feeling, sensation; intelligence, intellect, perception.

-- γarxui jin orun. The source of knowledge.

-- kymyn . Man of intellect, expert, con - noisseur.

-- uxaγan. Developed intellect, intelligence.

kelen y -- . The sensation or sense of taste.

nidyn y -- . Knowledge which comes through sight, visual perception or impression.

sedkil yn -- . Will; knowledge acquired by the mind.

xabar un -- . Sensation of smell.

MEDEL / МЭДЭЛ

n. a) Knowledge.

-- tegysygsen. Expert, connoisseur, learned person.

-- ygei. Ignorance, nescience; unconscious.

b) Authority, power, jurisdiction.

-- abxu. To assume authority over, take on authority.

-- dy baidaγ. One who or that which is subject to, dependent on, or placed under the authority or control of ; controlled by.

kymyn y -- dyr oruxu . To be subject to others.

MEDELCE- / МЭДЭЛЦЭХ

[v. coop. of mede-] To know, manage or administrate together.

MEDELGE / МЭДЛЭГ



n. Knowledge, understanding, learning, study; authority, jurisdiction.

MEDELTEI / МЭДЭЛТЭЙ



[= medelty] adj. and n. [A person] who knows or has knowledge; connoisseur; learned; knowing, competent, understanding.

jeke -- . Very influential, authoritative (person); very learned.

MEDELTY / МЭДЭЛТ



See medeltei.

MEDEMEKEI / МЭДЭМХИЙ



adj. Know-it-all.

MEDEMEKEIRE- / МЭДЭМХИЙРЭХ



v.i. To be a know-it-all.

MEDERE- / МЭДРЭХ



v.t. and i. To feel, sense; to acknowledge, admit.

--ky erketen. Sense organs.

amta ji --ky. To know or distinguish flavors.

ynyr i --ky. To smell, get the odor or scent of.

MEDEREGYL- / МЭДРҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of medere-] To cause to acknowledge, affirm or own; to give to understand.

taniγulun --ky. To acquaint with, inform.

MEDEREL / МЭДРЭЛ

n. Sensation, feeling, consciousness; presentiment, foresight, premonition; sense of touch; instinct.

-- ygei. Having lost consciousness; numb.

anggi jin --. Class consciousness.

ulus tøry jin uxaburi --. Political consciousness.

yndysyn y uxaburi --. National consciousness or feeling.

MEDERKE- / МЭДЭРХЭХ

v.i. To boast about being an expert, consider oneself knowing more than others, behave like an expert without being one.

--gci. One who pretends to be an expert.

MEDERKEG / МЭДЭРХЭГ



adj. One who likes to show off his knowledge, a know-all.

MEDERKEGLE- / МЭДЭРХЭГЛЭХ



Same as mederke-.

MEG



[Ra.] adj. Lean (of cattle and other domestic animals).

MEGCEGER



[Ra.] adj. Very lean.

MEGDE-



See mengde-

MEGEZI / МЭГЖ



n. Sow.

MEGYS, etc.



See mekys, etc.

MEIREG



See mairaγ.

MEIREN



[Ma. meiren] n. A high official next in rank to the tusalaγci (q.v.) in the banner administration.

-- zanggi. Deputy lieutenant general under the Manchu Dynasty.

MEKE / МЭХ



n. Deceit, fraud, trick, ruse; cunning, artfulness; astuteness; dissimilation.

-- dyr oruxu. To be deceived, fall into a trap.

-- dyr oruγulxu. To cheat, deceive.

-- γarγaxu. To act craftily, use a trick or ruse.

-- kiky. To use a trick .

-- ygei. Artless, guileless, naive, simple-minded.

-- zalici. Deceiver, impostor; trickster; hypocrite; medicine man.

bøke jin --. Trick in wrestling.

MEKECI / МЭХЧ

n. Deceiver, cheat, charlatan, quack, hypo rite.

MEKEI / МЭХИЙ

adj. Shy, bashful, modest.

MEKEID- / МЭХИЙДЭХ
v.i. To be too shy or modest.

MEKEIRE- / МЭХИЙРЭХ
v.i. To be shy, bashful, or modest.

MEKELE- / МЭХЛЭХ
v.t. To deceive, cheat, outwit, mystify; to act craftily.
--n tøgerigylky. To mystify.
xaγurun -- = --n xaγurxu. To deceive, cheat.

MEKELEGDE- / МЭХЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of mekele-.

MEKELEGYL- / МЭХЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of mekele-.

MEKER / МЭХЭЭР
n. Name of a wild plant, vivparous snake-weed (Polygonum viviparum).

MEKETEI / МЭХТЭЙ
adj. Deceitful, crafty, wily, shifty, resourceful, hypocritical.
-- em-e. A crafty, wily or seductive woman, coquette.

MEKYI- / МЭХИЙХ, МӨХИЙХ
v.i. To bow, incline, bend; render homage.
--n josu. To salute by bowing.
--zy sanabasu. In my humble opinion.

MEKYISKI-
See mekyski-.

MEKYS / МӨХӨС
[= megys] adj. Weak, feeble; mediocre, poor, insufficient, incomplete; needy, miserable.
-- kymyn. Humble person.
cidal --. Weak, of poor strength or ability.
kycyn --. Powerless, incapable.

MEKYSKI- / МЭХЭСХИЙХ
[= mekyiski-] v.i. To incline; to bend the head or bow respectfully; to render homage, salute.

MEKYSKILGE- / МЭХЭСХИЙЛГЭХ
v. caus. of mekyski-.

MEKYSTE- / МӨХӨСТӨХ
[= megysde-] v.i. To lose one's strength, weaken; to be feeble; to be insufficient, poor, mediocre; to lack.
arγ-a --ky. To lack means.
cidal --ky. To lack power or strength.
dutaγdan --ky. To lack or be insufficient.
ger yn azu kiky kymyn ijer --ky. To lack or need someone to do the household work.

MELCEG / МЭЛЦЭГ
n., adj., and adv. Doubt, perplexity, indetermination; doubtful, indefinite.

MELCEIM-E / МЭЛЦИЙМ
n. and adj. Wasteland, deserted place; open, without obstruction.
-- γazar. Wasteland, steppe.

MELEKEI / МЭЛХИЙ
[= menekei] n. Frog, toad.
-- jin jasu. Tortoise shell.
-- xoruxai. Tenodera aridolia, a black six-legged insect with a hard shell which gives off a fetid odor.
jasutu --. Turtle, tortoise.
jeke --. Tortoise.
laγ --. Tortoise.

MELIJED / МЭЛЭЭД
adv. For the most part (of quantity), in large numbers, much; a considerable number. Cf. nelijed.

MELIORACI
[fr. Latin, through Russian] n. Melioration.

MELIRGE / МЭЛРЭГ
n. Jasmine.

MELMEGER / МЭЛМГЭР
n. and adj. The shimmer of a brimming body of water; brimming; bright-eyed.

MELMEI / МЭЛМИЙ
n. Eye[s] (hon.).

MELMEI- / МЭЛМИЙХ
v.t. and i. To become very full, or completely full; to shine, be bright, reflect light (as hair, water, eyes).

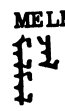
--tel-e. To the edge, brim, or limit.
--tel-e dygyrky. To be filled to the brim.
naγur --zy bainam. The lake shines or reflects light.



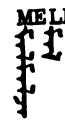
MELMELZE- / МЭЛМЭЛЗЭХ
v.i. To be full to overflowing; to well up; to be[come] [over]full (with liquid).
usu salkin du --zy bainam. The water shimmers and ripples in the wind.



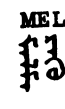
MELMELZEGYL- / МЭЛМЭЛЗЭҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of melmelze-.



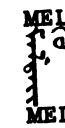
MELMELZEL / МЭЛМЭЛЗЭЛ
n. The act of melmelze-.



MELMELZEMEL
[n.d. of melmelze-] adj. Very full, replete.



MELMERE- / МЭЛМЭРЭХ
Same as melmelze-.



MELTEI- / МЭЛТИЙХ
v.i. To be full to overflowing.



MELZE- / МЭЛЗЭХ
[= melzi-] v.t. To make a bet, place a wager, argue as to the prospective winner; to try to overcome; to complete; to object to; to deny, repudiate one's words.



MELZEGE / МЭЛЗЭЭ
[= melzij-e] n. Bet, stake, wager, argument over something, dispute, debate, controversy.
-- kiky. To make a bet, place a wager.
-- naγadum. Contest, match.
-- talbixu. To place a bet, wager; to argue as to the prospective winner.
-- ygei. Unquestionable, incontestable.



MELZELCE- / МЭЛЗЭЛЦЭХ
[v. coop. of melze-] To argue, quarrel.



MELZEN / МЭЛЗЭН
n. and adj. Bald place; bald.
-- yker. Cattle with white spots on the head.

MELZI-

See melze-.

MELZIJ-E

See melzege.

MELZILGE / МЭЛЗЭЛЭГ

n. Dispute.

MENCE



n. Present, gift made to shamans .

MENDY / МЭНД

n. and adj. Health; healthy; [may you] be healthy= how are you? well-being; peaceful.
-- amuγulang. Well-being, welfare.
-- amuγulang ijer irebei. He arrived safe and sound.
-- amuγulang saγu! Farewell, good bye.
-- amur. Peace and health! (greeting).
-- baixu. To be healthy, be in good health.
-- γarxu. To escape unharmed, get safely away.
-- kyrgeky. To convey (somebody's) greetings.
-- sain. Well and happy.
-- sain saγucuγazu bain-a yy ? How are you all?
-- ygei zøriky. To pass by without saluting.
amuγulang -- saγuxu. To live happily.
eregyl -- jin bicig. Health certificate.
tanu eregyl -- jin tølyge. I am drinking your health!
xarilcan -- ji asaγulcaxu. To inquire mutually about each other's health; to salute each other.

MENDYCILE- / МЭНДЭЧЛЭХ

v.t. To greet, salute, inquire about the health of someone.

MENDYCILEL / МЭНДЭЧЛЭЛ

n. Salute, greeting.

MENDYLE- / МЭНДЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To be born (said of illustrious persons); to greet, salute.
--gsen edyr. Birthday (elevated style).

MENDYLEL / МЭНДЛЭЛ

n. Birth.

MENDYSYN / МЭНДСЭН

n. and adj. Healthy, health.

MENE

interj. and adv. There! Here! Immediately, instantly, this moment.

MENEG / МЭНЭГ

See meneng.

MENEKEI

See melekei.

MENENG / МЭНЭН

[= meneg] n. and adj. Stupid person, dolt; stupid, imbecile; paralysis, palsy.
-- ebedcin. Paralysis.
-- teneg. Stupidly, senselessly.

MENENGCER / МЭНЭНЦЭР

adj. Doltish, idiotic.

MENENGDE- / МЭНЭГДЭХ

v.i. To be doltish or stupid; to act stupidly.

MENENGKEN / МЭНЭГХЭН

adj. Somewhat stupid or doltish.

MENENGTY- / МЭНЭГТЭХ

v.i. To become doltish.

MENERE- / МЭНЭРЭХ

v.i. To become stupid or dull; to faint, lose consciousness; to become numb.
γar minu --be. My hands have become numb.

MENEREL / МЭНЭРЭЛ

n. The process of becoming blunt or weak ; enfeeblement; hysteria.

MENGDE- / МЭНДЭХ, МЭГДЭХ

[= megde-, mengdeni-]v.i. To be[come] excited or worried; to be[come] embarrassed, troubled, perplexed, or confused; to become stupid or imbecilic ; to remain motionless and without feeling, remain paralyzed; to be in a hurry, rush.
--n sangdan .Urgently, hastily, precipitously; in disorder.

MENGDEGE- / МЭНДЭЭХ

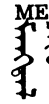
[v. caus. of mengde-] v.t. To trouble, confuse, put in disorder; to agitate, disconcert.

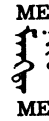
MENGDEGYR- / МЭГДҮҮРЭХ

v.i. To be lost, troubled, perplexed.

MENGDEL / МЭНДЭЛ

n. Disorder, confusion, trouble.
-- jaγaral. Hurry, haste, bustle.
-- sandal. Disorder, confusion, trouble.

MENGDELCE- / МЭНДЭЛЦЭХ

v. coop. of mengde-.

MENGDENI- / МЭНДНИХ

See mengde-.

MENGDERE- / МЭНДРЭХ

v.i. To be troubled, disturbed, or sad; to be agitated, disconcerted, or in disorder; to be upset by haste, fear, or some inconvenience; to lose one's composure or poise; to become embarrassed.

MENGDY

See under sangdu.

MENGGE / МЭНГЭ

n. Birthmark, mole; sign.
-- sinziky. To examine birthmarks in order to predict someone's fortune.

MENGGER / МЭНГЭР

n. Consumption, phthisis; catarrh of throat or chronic bronchitis.
-- xanijadu. Chronic cough.

MENGGETEI / МЭНГЭТЭЙ

adj. Having a birthmark or birthmarks.

MERE- / МЭРЭХ

v.t. To gnaw, chew.
--deg amitan. Rodent[s].
--gci. Rodent.
--zy coγulxu. To gnaw through.

MEREGCI / МЭРЭГЧ

n. Rodent.

MEREI- / МЭРИЙХ

v.i. To strive, make an effort.

MEREIMZI / МЭРИЙМЖ
n. Striving, effort, zeal.

MERGECI / МЭРГЭЧ
n. Fortune teller.

MERGED / МЭРГЭД
plural of mergen.

MERGEDE-
v.i. To be an excellent marksman; to be skillful, adroit.

MERGELE- / МЭРЭГЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To act the know-it-all; to divine, predict; to tell fortunes,be a soothsayer; to be wise, act wisely.
--zy keleky. To predict.

MERGELEGECI / МЭРЭГЛЭЭЧ
n. Fortune teller.

MERGELKE- / МЭРГЭЛХЭХ
v.t. To display one's knowledge.

MERGEMSI- / МЭРГЭМШИХ
v.i. To have or acquire outstanding abilities; to pretend to be an expert.

MERGEN / МЭРГЭН
n. and adj. A good marksman; wisdom; wise, learned, sage, experienced; apt.
-- aryγ-a. Wise plans or measures.
-- bolxu. To be[come] wise, experienced; to acquire experience.
-- buudaγci. Excellent marksman.
-- kymyn. Wise man.
-- omul. Wisdom.
-- uxaγan. Wisdom, intelligence, sagacity.
-- uxaγatu. Of eminent intelligence or mind.
-- xarbuγaci. Good marksman.
-- yge. Proverb, adage; wise words, pithy saying; aphorism, maxim.
-- ziluγadalγ-a. Wise guidance.
yge dyr --. Eloquent.

MERGESI- / МЭРЭГШИХ
v.i. To become qualified.

MERGEZI- / МЭРЭГЖИХ
v.i. To become learned, wise, prudent, expert; to qualify, be competent.
--gsen. Experienced, expert, qualified.
--gsen kymyn. Expert, specialist.
bicig tyr --ky. To become a scholar.
buu dur --ky. To become skillful in handling a gun.

MERGEZIL / МЭРЭГЖИЛ
n. Qualification, specialization, speciality, profession.
-- dadul. Training and experience.
-- maγutai. Poorly qualified.
-- ygei. Unqualified, untrained.

MERGEZILTEI / МЭРЭГЖИЛТЭЙ
adj. and n. Experienced, qualifed, specialized; specialist.
-- azilcin. Qualified or specialized worker.
daduly-a --. Skilled, experienced.

MERGEZILTEN / МЭРЭГЖИЛТЭН
n. Specialist[s], expert[s].

MERGID / МЭРГЭД
n.p. Name of a Mongolian tribe, the Merghit or Merkit.

MERGYY / МЭРГЫЫ
adj. Stupid, ignorant.

MERMERKI-
v.i. To feel a slight pain at the pit of the stomach or in the chest.

MERU
Same as symer.

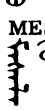
MESE / МЭС
n. Any edged weapon or tool, knife, dagger, sabre, sword; surgical scalpel.
-- ber byleky. To pierce with a sword.
-- jin zasal. Surgery.
-- jin zasal kiky. To practice surgery, operate.
-- zasalci. Surgeon.

MESECI / МЭСЧ
n. Maker of swords.



MESEDE- / МЭСДЭХ

v.t. To cut with a sword, etc; to practice surgery.



MESELE- / МЭСЛЭХ

v.t. To cut with a knife, pierce with a bayonet, etc.



MESIL / МЭШИЛ

[T. me çel] n. Lens.



METAL / МЕТАЛ

[R. металл] n. Metal.



METEGE- / МЭТГЭХ

v.i. To argue, quarrel.



METEGER / МЭТГЭР

adj. Having a long slightly lifted jaw.



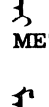
METEI- / МЭТИЙХ

v.i. To be bent or twisted (of extremities or pointed objects).



METER / МЕТР

n. Meter.



METY / МЭТ

adv. and adj. a) In comparisons: as, like, similar.

ene -- ber. This way, in this manner, thus.

ene -- (jin) . Similar to this, like this, such.

geky -- . And so forth, and so on.

jambar -- ber. In what manner.

temyr -- . Like iron, as iron.

temyr -- batu. Strong as iron.

tere -- ber. In such a manner or way, thus.

toli -- tegsi. As level as a mirror, i.e. very flat.

b) Apparently, as if, as though, seemingly; pretending.

ajuγsan -- . [Acting] as if afraid, pretending to be afraid.

jabuxu -- . Pretending to walk or travel.

medeky -- . As if he, etc. knew.

sociγsan -- . As if frightened, pretending to be frightened.

ygei -- . Seem[s] not to be.

yzeky ygei --. [Acting or behaving] as if not seeing.



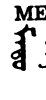
METYCILEN / МЭТЭЧЛЭН

adv. In such a way, likewise, in like manner, as if, somehow.



METYS

Plural of mety, q.v.



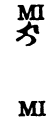
METYSIG / МЭТШИГ

adj. and adv. Like, resembling, similar, likewise



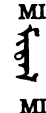
MEXANIГ / МЕХАНИК

n. and adj. Mechanics; mechanical.



MI / МИЙ

See miγui.



MIDAL

Same as medal.



MIГMAR / МЯГМАР

[T mig dmar] n. The planet Mars; Tuesday.



MIГUI / МИГУЙ

[= mi] n. Cat.

-- jin nidy. Opal. [Ch. mao-ching 猫睛].

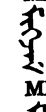
-- jin zulzaγ-a. Kitten, kitty.

er-e -- . Tomcat, male cat.



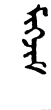
MIGZEM

See migzim.



MIGZIM / МИГЖИМ

[= migzem] n. A frequently used Lamaist invocation.



MIKROB / МИКРОБ

n. Microbe.



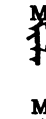
MIKROSKOP / МИКРОСКОП

n. Microscope.



MILAГ-A / МЯЛГА

n. Whip, scourge.



MILAГA- / МЯЛААХ

v.t. To anoint, smear with oil; to perform the ritual of anointing new-born children, new dwellings, and other newly perfected objects by smearing them with butter, milk, etc. for securing good fortune.



MILAГADA- / МЯЛГАДАХ

v.t. To whip.



MILAГAR

n. Flat nose.

MILAГUD



-- xurım. Feast celebrated on the occasion of the birth of a child.

MILAN / МЯЛАН(Г)



See milzan.

MILANTA- / МЯЛАНТАХ



See milzanta-.

MILCAI- / МЯЛЦАЙХ



v.ı. To become soft; to become wet.

MILLIJON / МИЛЛИОН



n. Million.

MILLIMETR / МИЛЛИМЕТР



n. Millimeter.

MILMERE-



v.i. To grow weak, feeble.

MILTAГAR / МЯЛТГАР

adj. Flat, flat-faced.
-- ajaγ-a. A flat bowl.
-- eber. Horns bent backwards.

MILZAN / МЯЛЗАН(Г)



[= milan] n. Cattle plague, rinderpest.
yker yn -- ebedcin. Cattle plague.

MILZANTA- / МЯЛЗАНТАХ



[= milanta-] v.i. To suffer from rinderpest.

MINDAГ / МЯНДАГ



[T. ming-hdags] n. A ceremony through which a religious name is conferred upon a lama.
colu --. Id.
ner-e --. Id.

MINDASU(N) / МЯНДАС

n. Floss-silk, silk thread.
--n toryamsuγ. Silk.
--n u utasu. Tangled silk threads.
--n xujaγ. Padded armor.
-- xoruxai. Silkworm.
-- xormuγci. Kind of padded apron worn by soldiers during the Manchu dynasty.

MING / МИНГ

[Ch. ming 明] n.p. The Ming dynasty (1368 - 1644).

-- ulus. Id.

MINGГ-A(N) / МЯНГА(Н)



n. Thousand.
- n u daruγ-a. Leader of thousand men.
--n u nojan. Commander, chief of a thousand men, chiliarch.
-- tymen. Tens of thousands, myriads.

MINGГAD / МЯНГАД



n. Name of a Mongolian tribe.

MINGГAГAD / МЯНГААД



approx. num. About a thousand.

MINGГATU / МЯНГАТ



adj. and n. Having a thousand; chief of a thousand men, chiliarch.

MINGZI(N) / МИНЖ(ИН)



n. Beaver.

MINI / МИНЬ; МИНИЙ



Coll. form of minu, q.v.

MINIMYM



n. Minimum.

MINTUUZA / МЯНТУУЗ



[Ch. mien t'iao-tzu 麵條-子] n. Noodles.

MINU / МИНИЙ



[= mini, genitive of bi] poss. pron. My, mine.

MINUT / МИНУТ



[R. минута] n. Minute.

MINYKEI / МИНИЙХ



adj. My own, mine.

MINYKEILE- / МИНИЙХЛЭХ



[= minymkeile-] v.t. and i. To consider as one's own, appropriate.
--n ezeleky. To appropriate, usurp.

MINYMKEILE- / МИНИЙМХИЙЛЭХ



See minykeile-.

MINZUГ



[T. mi hkhrugs] num. Ten billion.

MIRA-
Same as miraγa-.

MIRAГA- / МЯРААХ
See marija-.

MIRALKILA-
v.i. To stop every moment to look about; to scout about, look out for.

MIRALZA- / МЯРАЛЗАХ
v.i. To smile; to glare, dazzle.

MIRALZIГUR
-- takij-a. A kind of hen.

MIRIJ-A
Same as marij-a.

MIRIJA-
See marija-.

MISIGE-
See misije-.

MISIJE- / МИШЭЭХ
[= misige-] v.i. To smile, laugh (elev. style).

MISIJEL / МИШЭЭЛ
n. Smile, laugh (elevated style).

MISIJELGE- / МИШЭЭЛГЭХ
[v. caus. of misije-] To provoke a smile or laugh (elevated style).

MISIJEMSYG / МИШЭЭМСЭГ
n. Smile (elevated style).

MISIJEMSYGLE- / МИШЭЭМСЭГЛЭХ
v.i. To smile (elevated style).

MISIL
Same as mesil.

MISIR
[Arabic el-mizr] n.p. Egypt.
-- bolud. Egyptian steel.

MITA- / МЯТАХ
v.i. To fear, be scared; to be nonplussed.
--xui sedkil. Fear.
xamuγ ece yly --n. Fearing nothing, undaunted.

MITAL / МЯТАЛ
n. Fear.
-- ygei zoriγ. Fearlessness.

MITAMAГAI / МЯТАМГАЙ
adj. Timid, afraid.

MITARA- / МЯТРАХ
v.i. To be afraid, cower, quail; to lose confidence or courage.

MITARAГUL-
v. caus. of mitara-.

MITARAL / МЯТРАЛ
n. The state of mitara-.

MITARASI / МЯТРАШ
-- ygei. Unshakable[-bly], steadfast[ly]; invincible[-bly].
-- ygei zoriγ. Unbending will.

MITING
[R. МИТИНГ] n. Meeting (gathering).

MIX-A(N) / МАХ(АН)
n. and adj. Meat, flesh, body; real, actual.
-- barimta. Fact; confrontation.
-- ben idəky. To be[come] tired or exhausted.
-- cisu. Flesh and blood.
-- cisun u. Vital, corporal, physical.
-- cisun u barilduly-a. Blood brotherhood.
-- cisun u tøryl. Blood relationship.
-- idegci. Carnivorous, carnivora.
--n dur šangdaγuraxu. To have an aversion for fat meat.
--n sily. Meat broth, bouillon.
-- saγuxu. To put on flesh.
-- siraxu. To roast meat.
-- tataxu. To chop meat.
-- ygei. Fleshless.
adaγun u --. Horsemeat.
alaγsan --. Meat of killed animals.
caγan --. Rectum.

γaxai jin -- . Pork.
sine -- . Fresh meat.
tarγun -- . Fat meat.
xar-a -- . Lean meat.
ykygsen -- . Meat of animals which died.

MIXACIN / МАХЧИН
n. and adj. Ogre; cannibal, man-eater; carnivorous.
-- sibaγu. Bird of prey.

MIXALA- / МАХЛАХ
v.i. and t. To become fat, obese, fleshy, corpulent; to torture (a human being); to drub, thrash.

MIXALIГ / МАХЛАГ
adj. Fleshy, obese, corpulent, full, pudgy.
-- ciratai. Having a fat face.

MIXASA- / МАХСАХ
v.i. To be hungry for meat.

MIXASAГ / МАХСАГ
adj. Fond of meat.

MIXATAI / МАХТАЙ
adj. Having meat fleshy, obese, corpulent.
-- sily. Meat soup.

MIXAZI- / МАХЖИХ
v.i. To grow fat, fleshy, or corpulent.

MIZI
n. The great elk.

MOBI
-- ceceg . A kind of flower.

MOD
Plural of modu(n) (obs.).

MODU(N) / МОД(ОН)
n. a) Tree, woods, forest.
--n u bej-e. Trunk of a tree.
--n u jar-a. Knot of tree.
b) Wood, wooden, lumber, timber; firewood; stick, staff; domino.
-- ben barixu. "To hold one's stick or whip," i.e. own only a stick or whip, having lost everything else; to become bankrupt.

-- cilaγu. Construction materials.
--n . Wooden.
--n badɯ-a. Magnolia yulan (Ch. yü-lan-hua).
--n baising. Wooden building.
--n bar. Printing block.
--n keb. Printing block.
--n køl. Wooden leg[s], artificial leg[s], horse (gymnastics).
--n odun. Jupiter.
--n sidurγu. A two-stringed guitar.
--ɯ u ørgysy. Thorn, prickle, splinter.
-- tulxu. To lean on a staff, walk with a stick.
emegel yn -- . Wooden frame of a saddle.
ger yn -- . Wooden framework of a yurt.
mori ben unuzu -- ben barixu. To hold a stick while riding one's horse (having lost all possessions but these).
c) Measurement of length: verst (0. 6629 miles); verst post; measure of length equivalent to Ch. ch'ih 尺 , foot; meter (obs.).
tabun --n u γazar. A distance of five verst.
tabun -- torγ-a. Five meters of silk.

MODUCI / МОДОЧ
Carpenter.
-- darxan. Carpenter.

MODULA- / МОДЛОХ
v.i. To perch on a tree; to become hard like wood; to enter a forest.

MODULIГ / МОДЛОГ
adj. Abundant with trees or forests, thickly wooded.

MODURA- / МОДРОХ
v.i. To become woody or ligneous; to become stiff or hard.

MODURXAГ / МОДОРХОГ
adj. Wooded, woody , ligneous.

MODUTAI / МОДТОЙ
adj. Wooded.
-- γɯdumzi. Boulevard.
eldeb -- oi. Forest with various kinds of trees.

MOГAI / МОГОЙ
[pl. moγas] n. Snake, serpent.
-- jar-a. Small red pimples which appear around the abdomen; shingles.

-- ziγasu. Eel.
-- zil. "The snake year," sixth year of the duodenary cycle.
kymyn y γar ijer -- bariγulxu. To use somebody as a cat's paw.

MOГAISIГ / МОГОЙШИГ
adj. Serpentine, sinuous.

MOГAS
Plural of moγai (q.v.)

MOГULCAR / МОГОЛЦОР
adj. Blunt, without point; without horns; harmless.

MOГULCUГ / МОГОЛЦОГ
adj. and n. Round like the full moon; globular; something round; ball; pendant.

MOГUTUR / МОГОТОР
adj. Blunt; hornless; capricious, stubborn.

MOIL / МОЙЛ
[= moilsun(n), moisu(n)] n. Bird-cherry.

MOILSU(N)
See moil.

MOINAГ
adj. Knotty, nodulous.

MOISU(N)
See moil.

MOKI
Same as boki, 1.

MOLKI
Same as bolki.

MOLTUГCIN
n. Hare.

MOLUГUR / МОЛГОР
adj. Blunt, dull; rounded.

MOLUR / МОЛОР
n. Topaz (cf. bolur).
utuγatu --. Smoky topaz.

MONCA
n. Wooden club, wedge, mallet.

MONCADA-
v.t. To cleave with a wedge; to hit with a club or mallet.

MONCAГ
See moncuγ.

MONCUГ / МОНЦОГ
[= moncaγ] n. Large red ornamental tassel suspended from horse's neck and/or breast; dew-lap.

MONCUГLA- / МОНЦОГЛОХ
v.i. To sprout and form a round bunch (of a number of seeds); to form into a bunch or cluster.

MONCUГUR / МОНЦГОР
adj. and n. Round, globular, tuberous; ball of fringes, ornament for horses.

MONCUГURГ-A / МОНЦУУРГА
[= moncuγ-a] n. Knob.

MONCUГURГATAI / МОНЦУУРГАТАЙ
adj. Having a knob.

MONCUГURXAN / МОНЦГОРХОН
adj. Slightly rounded, somewhat globular.

MONCUI- / МОНЦОЙХ
v.i. To be round.

MONCUILГA- / МОНЦОЙЛГОХ
[v. caus. of moncui-] To make globular or round.

MONCUILTA / МОНЦОИЛТ
n. The state or condition of moncui-.

MONCURГ-A
See moncuγuγ-a.

MONGГUL / МОНГОЛ
n. Mongol, Mongolian; Mongolia.
-- amu. Dry precooked millet.
-- ariki. Liquor made from milk.
-- ijer. In the Mongolian language.
-- ijer keleky. To speak in Mongolian.

-- jasutu. Of Mongol descent.
-- nutuγ. Homeland of the Mongols.
-- ulus. The Mongolian people or nation, Mongolia.
-- yge jarixu. To speak Mongolian.
bygyde nairamdaxu -- arad ulus. The Mongolian People's Republic.
degedy --. "Upper Mongolia", the Kukunor Mongols or region.
γadaγadu --. Outer Mongolia.
γadaγadu -- un tøry ji zasaxu jabudal un jamun. Bureau administrating the non-Chinese peoples under the Manchu dynasty (Ch. li-fan-yüan 理藩院).

MONGΓULCI / МОНГОЛЧ
n. A Mongolist.

MONGΓULCILA- / МОНГОЛЧЛОХ
v.t. and i. To translate into Mongolian; to do something in the Mongolian way.
--n orciγulxu. To translate into Mongolian.

MONGΓULCUD / МОНГОЛЧУУД
[pl. of mongγul] n. The Mongols.

MONGΓULZI- / МОНГОЛЖИХ
v.i. To be[come] mongolized.

MONGΓULZIΓUL- / МОНГОЛЖУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of mongγulzi-] To Mongolize.

MONOPOLI / МОНОПОЛИ
n. Monopoly.
-- erke. Monopoly, exclusive rights.
arikin u --. Liquor monopoly.

MORCII- / МОРЧИЙХ
v.i. To frown, make a sour face.

MORDA- / МОРДОХ
[= mordu-] v.i. To mount a horse; to set out; to start on a journey, depart.
--xu cilaγu. Stone to step on for mounting a horse.
--xu edyr. Day of departure.
--zu γarxu. To ride or set out.

MORDAΓUL- / МОРДУУЛАХ
[v.caus. of morda-] To help to mount a horse; to see someone off.
keyken ijen --xu. To marry off one's daughter.

MORDU-
See morda-.

MORI(N) / МОРЬ, МОРИН
n. and attrib. adj. (in the latter case with a final n) Horse, equine; (chiefly in names of plants and animals) great, big, large (cf. yker); knight (in chess).
-- ber salaxu. To check with the knight.
--n agi. Common wormwood (Artemisia absinthium).
--n degegyr. On horseback; (idiomatically) hurriedly, hastily.
--n sil. Large bottle.
--n siralzi. Artemisia annua.
--n siryulzi. Large ant, termite, white ant.
--n tarmuγur. Horse-drawn rake.
--n ulaγan-a. Guelder-rose.
--n xada. Gooseberry.
--n xuluγan-a. Field mouse.
--n zegergen-e. Ephedra equisetina.
--n zil. Horse year, the seventh year of the Zodiac.
-- terge. Horse-cart.
-- ujaxu. To tie up a horse; to train a horse for racing.
-- urulduγulxu. To have a horse race.

MORICI / МОРЬЧ
n. Herdsman of horses, horseman, horse groom.

MORILA- / МОРИЛОХ
v.i. To mount a horse (obs.); to leave or set out for (hon.); to die (hon.); converb imperf. used with certain other verbs as a polite imperative).
--zu bayu. Please dismount! Please enter!
--zu ire. Please come.
--zu sayata. Please sit down.
--zu sayu. Please sit down.
nojan neislel dy --gsan. The prince has left for the capital.
sain --. Bon voyage!
ta kezij-e --n-a uu? When will you depart?

MORITAI / МОРЬТОЙ
[= moritu] adj. Having a horse; with a horse, (one) on horseback, mounted.
-- kymyn. Rider, horseman, person on horseback.

MORITU / МОРЬТ
See moritai.
-- cerig. Cavalry.

MOTOR / МОТОР
n. Motor .
-- un tasuγ. Motor workshop, machine shop.

MOTORCI / МОТОРЧ
n. Motorist.

MOTORTU / МОТОРТ
adj. Provided with a motor.
-- duγui. Motorcycle.

MOTUR
Same as mutur.

MOXU- / МОХОХ
v.i. To be blunt or dull; to get tired, weaken, exhaust one's strength.
kycyn --xu. To exhaust one's strength, wear oneself out.

MOXUDAГ / МОХДОГ
adj. Blunt, not sharp; dull, stupid.
-- bidaγu. A stupid man; slow, dull, clumsy.
uxaγan ojuŋ -- bolxu. To lose one's intelligence, become dull-witted.

MOXUГ-A / МОХОО
adj. Blunt, dull; exhausted, worn out, overcome with fatigue.
-- kituγ-a. Blunt knife.
-- sedkil. Stupid mind; stupidity, dullness.
-- tarkitai. Dim-witted, weak-minded.

MOXUГA- / МОХООХ
[v. caus. of moxu-] To make dull or blunt; to make tired or exhausted; to discomfit, outwit; to overcome, overpower.
kycyn i --xu. To take the edge of someone's power.

MOXUГAГDA- / МОХООГДОХ
[v. pass. of moxuγa-] To be dulled; to become blunt; to be driven out of one's wits, become disconcerted.

MOXUL / МОХОЛ
n. The act or state of moxu-.

-- dur kyrky. To be at one's wit's end.
-- ygei. Unlimited, inexhaustible.

MOXUSI
-- ygei. Unfailing, inexhaustible.

MOXUTUR
Same as moγutur.

MOZIGIR / МОЖГОР
Same as muziγar.

MOZII-
Same as muzii-

MØ¢E, 1. / Мөч
[= møci] n. Quarter of an hour (obs.).
-- jin xubi. A minute.

MØCE, 2. / Мөч
[= møci] n. Limb (of the body).
dørben --. The four extremities.

MØCE- / Мөцөх
v.t. To examine, interrogate; to test, prove.

MØCEGDE- / Мөцөгдөх
v. pass. of møce-.

MØCEGERKE- / МөчөөРХөХ
[=møcigerke-] v.i. To rival, compete, emulate.

MØCEGERKEL / МөчөөРХөЛ
n. Emulation, rivalry; dispute, controversy.

MØCEGYL- / МөЦҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of møce-.

MØCELGE / Мөчлөгө
[= møcilge] n. Grave or critical period or situation.

MØCI / Мөч
See møce, 1 and 2.

MØCI- / МөЧИХ
v.t. To cut the dry branches, prune or trim a tree; to strip off leaves.

MØCID / МөЧИД
adv. and adj. Close to the border, rim or edge;

not thoroughly, imperfectly; shallow; feeble.
-- barixu. To hold an object by the edge or end so as to have an uncertain grip of it.
-- boduxu. To think in a shallow manner.
-- ojuxu. To sew too close to the edge.
-- uxaxu. To understand imperfectly or superficially.
dutaγu --. Carelessly, perfunctorily, haphazardly.
uxaburi --. Lacking understanding.
uxaγan --. Feeble-minded, backward.

MØCIDDY- / мөчиддөх
v.t. and i. To lack or miss something.

MØCIDKEN / мөчидхөн
adj. and adv. To be too close to the border of something; to be too careless about something.

MØCIGERKE-, etc.
See møcegerke-, etc.

MØCIL / мөчил
adj. Weak; maimed.

MØCILELDY-
v.i. To be barely sufficient; to have just enough.

MØCILGE(N)
See møcelge.

MØCIR / мөчир
n. Twig, small branch or limb of a tree; dry branch.
-- olantai. Branchy, having many branches.

MØCIRLE- / мөчирлөх
v.i. To grow branches; to spread branches, branch out; to cut branches.

MØD
See møn.

MØDDY
n. A kind of small pea.

MØDY / мөд
adv. Soon, shortly; later.
-- iremyi. [I, etc.] will come soon.

MØGER / мөөр
n. Circumference of a wheel, rim, hoop; periphery, circumference; wheel.

MØGERE- / мөөрөх
[= møgeri-] v.i. To moo, low, bellow (of cows).

MØGEREGYL- / мөөрүүлэх
v. caus. of møgere-.

MØGERESY(N) / мөгөөрс(өн)
n. Cartilage, gristle.
--n хоγulai. Windpipe, trachea.
--n хоγulai jin xalaγun. Bronchitis.
ebcigyn y --. Cartilage on both sides of the sternum.

MØGERESYDE- / мөгөөрсдөх
v.i. To become cartilaginous.

MØGERI-
See møgere-.

MØGERLE- / мөөрлөх
v.t. To fashion the rim of a wheel.

MØGY[Y] / мөөг
n. Mushroom.
--n y sarkinaγ. Gills of a mushroom.
caγan --. Champignon.
sir-a --. Yellow mushroom.

MØKY- / мөхөх
v.i. To become extinct, die out; to collapse.
--ky sønyky. To become extinguished, disappear, vanish.
baγurazu --ky. To decline and become extinct.
kycy --ky. The strength sinks.

MØKYGE- / мөхөөх
[v. caus. of møky-] v.t. To destroy, annihilate.

MØKYGEGDE- / мөхөөгдөх
v. pass. of møkyge-.

MØKYLIG / мөхлөг
[= møkyrig] n. and adj. Grain, granular, circular, globular, spherical, spheroid.
-- arbai. Grain of cereal.

MØKYLIGLE- / мөхлөглөх
v.t. To make into a pellet or little ball.

MØKYLIGTY / мөхлөгт
adj. Grainy, granular.

MØKYLZE-
v.i. To bow frequently or many times, keep bowing.

MØKYRE-
v.i. To be ro longer able to, be completely incapable.

MØKYRIG
Same as møkylig.

MØKYRIGYL-
v.t. To make round or ball-shaped.

MØLI- / мөлөх
v.t. To trim (as branches), level, even; to cut, whittle away, rub off.

MØLIGDE- / мөлөгдөх
v. pass. of møli-.

MØLIGER / мөлгөр
adj. Smooth, even, rounded; blunt, obtuse.

MØLIGYL- / мөлүүлэх
v. caus. of møli-.

MØLILTE / мөлөлт
n. The act of møli-.

MØLIR / мөлөр
Same as møliger.

MØLKY- / мөлхөх
v.i. To crawl on all fours, creep.
--zy γarxu. To creep, crawl out of.
--zy jabuxu. To crawl.
γazar ijer --zy jabuxu. To crawl on the ground.

MØLKYGYL- / мөлхүүлэх
v. caus. of mølky-.

MØLMYLZE-
Same as melmelze-.

MØLSY(N)
See møsy(n), 1.

MØLTY / мөлт
[= møltys] adv. Slightly, somewhat, superficially.
ama --. See under ama(n), 1, c.

MØLTYLE- / мөлтлөх
v.t. To dislocate, disjoint. Cf. multul-.
eregyy ji inu --ky. To dislocate someone's jaw.

MØLTYLEGDE- / мөлтлөгдөх
v. pass. of møltyle-.

MØLTYRE- / мөлтрөх
v.i. To loosen, detach; to be dislocated, disjointed; to escape. Cf. multura-.

MØLTYREGYL- / мөлтрүүлэх
v. caus. of møltyre-.

MØLTYS
See mølty.

MØLYI- / мөлийх
v.i. To become smooth and rounded; to become blunt; to flow slowly.
--zy urusxu. To flow slowly.

MØLYILGE- / мөлийлгөх
[v. caus. of mølyi-] To smooth , round off (as edges or corners).

MØLZI- / мөлжих
v.t. To gnaw; to eat the bones clean; to exploit.
--gci. Exploiter.
--n soruγci. Parasite.
jasu --ky. To gnaw or pick a bone clean.

MØLZIGDE- / мөлжигдөх
[v. pass. of mølzi-] To be exploited (speaking of human beings).
--gci. The exploited (person).
ed yn tal-a ber --ky. To be exploited economically.

MØLZIGDEL / мөлжигдөл
n. Exploitation (political or economic).

-- darulaγdal. Exploitation and oppression.

MØLZIGYL- / МӨЛЖҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of mølzi-.

MØLZIGYR / МӨЛЖҮҮР
n. The remainder of the meat on bones after the substantial part has been removed.

MØLZILGE / МӨЛЖЛӨГ
n. Exploitation.

MØLZILTE / МӨЛЖИЛТ
n. Exploitation.

MØLZIMTEGEI / МӨЛЖИЛТГИЙ
adj. Greedy, mercenary.
-- xudalduγ-a. Speculation (com.).
-- xudalduγaci. Speculator, profiteer.

MØN / МӨН
A deictic word serving as dem. pron., adj., adv., and copula; real, true, genuine, the very same, given; really; precisely, truly, exactly; proper; is/are; it is so; ancient plural mød.
-- ! Right!
-- bej-e. True body.
-- belge. True sign, token, omen, or mark; cause, basis; essence, nature, substance.
-- cy . Still the same.
-- keleky. To speak truly.
--ky. The same, this very, also.
--ky edyr. On the same day.
--ky josuγar. In the same way, manner, or order.
-- le. In the same way, as before.
-- søni. That same night.
-- tegyncilen. Just in the same manner.
-- yy, bisi yy? Right or wrong?
ene bolbasu cixula kereg --. This is an important event.
ene -- . This is right; this is the right one.

MØNDYG
n. [Kaz.] Mountain[s] with peaks.

MØNDYL / МӨНДӨЛ
n. Young marmot (cf. tarbaγan).

MØNDYR / МӨНДӨР
n. Hail, sleet.
-- cokixu. To be hit or beaten down by hail.
-- dyr cokiγdaxu. To be hit by hail.
-- orumui. It hails.
cilaγun -- . Aerolite.

MØNGGY(N) / МӨНГӨ(Н)
n. and adj. Silver; money; 1/100 of a tøgyrig, q. v.
-- jin ølygei. Silver ingot.
-- køryngge. Financial means.
-- kyylegci. Moneylender.
--n. Silver.
--n sang kyy. Finances.
--n sang kyy jin budulijan. Financial crisis.
--n tøgyrig. Silver dollar.
--n uruγul. White-mouthed horse.
--n usu. Quicksilver, mercury.
--n y. Pecuniary, monetary.
--n y abdar. Strong-box, safe.
--n y gyilgege. Circulation of money.
--n y gyjydel. Circulation of money.
--n y sang. Treasury.
--n y [temdegty] caγasu. Paper bill, paper money.
--n zoγus. Silver coin.
-- saγulγaxu. To deduct money owed.
caγan -- . Silver.
ulaγan -- . Copper coins.

MØNGGYLE- / МӨНГӨЛӨХ
v.t. To silver, cover with silver leaf.
--gsen. Silvered, covered with silver, silver-plated.

MØNGGYLEGYL- / МӨНГӨЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of mønggyle-.

MØNGGYZI- / МӨНГӨЖИХ
v.i. To become rich, accumulate money.

MØNGKE / МӨНХ
adj. and adv. Eternal[ly], perpetual[ly], permanent[ly].
-- amurliγsan. One who is enjoying eternal tranquility (in nirvana).
-- batu. Eternally firm.
-- ber. Forever.
-- busu. Not eternal, impermanent, mortal.
-- casu. Glacier.
-- nasu. Eternal life, immortality.
-- ner-e ji xotala zyg tyr tygegeky. To make one's name immortal in all directions.

-- noγuγan. Evergreen.
-- xaγan. Møngke-khan (grand-son of Chinggis Khan, reigned 1251-1259).
-- xarγan-a. Piptanthus mongolicus (plant).
-- ygei. Perishable, unstable, of short duration, fragile.
-- ygei cinar. Instability, vanity, fragility.
-- zula. Perpetual lamp, never extinguishing lamp (placed before the image of a divine person).

MØNGKEDE / МӨНХӨД
adv. Eternally, forever.

MØNGKERE- / МӨНХРӨХ
v.i. To become immortal.
--kyi amuγulang. Eternal bliss.
--kyi yzel. Belief in the immortality of the soul.

MØNGKEREGYL- / МӨНХРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of møngkere-.

MØNGKEREL / МӨНХРӨЛ
n. Eternity, permanence.

MØNGKEZI- / МӨНХЖИХ
v.i. To be eternal, continue forever, become immortal.

MØNGKEZIGYL- / МӨНХЖҮҮЛЭХ
v.i. To make lasting or perpetual; to continue.

MØNY / МӨнӨӨ
adv. Just now, recently, not long ago; now, at present, today.
-- cάγ. At present, now.
-- edyr. Today, nowadays.

MØNYKEN / МӨНӨӨХӨН
adv. Now, recently, not long ago.

MØR / МӨР
n. Way, path (also metaphorically), trace, trail; line in a book.
-- γarxu. For a trace or trail to appear or become visible.
-- ijen køgeky. To content oneself with what there is; to be moderate.
-- ijer jabuxu. To follow a trail or track.

-- tegen. See separate entry.
eçys yn --. Future path.
morin u --. Horse trail.
nige -- bicig. One line of writing.
nigen --. One way, uniform.
nigen -- bolγaxu. To make uniform.
surγaγuli sojul un --. The path of education and culture.
tarij-an u -- γarγaxu. To start the first furrow in a field, start ploughing a field.
tergen ɣ --. Traces of a cart, rut.
terigyn --. The first or front row.

MØRDE- / МӨРДӨХ
v.t. To trail, trace, follow; to investigate; to adhere to (as a schedule or program).
--n baicaγaγci. Investigator.
--n baicaγaxu. To investigate.
--n baicaγaxu γazar. Investigating agency.
--n daγaxu. To follow.
--n daγurijaxu. To imitate.
--n sakixu. To observe (as a law).
casun dur --ky. To follow somebody's footsteps in the snow.
dangsa --ky. To investigate files, audit books.
kereg --ky. To investigate a matter or case.
yge --ky. To trace the source of a rumor or news
ynen zam i -- ky. To follow in the right path.

MØRDEGYL- / МӨРДҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of mørde-] To cause to trace; to investigate.

MØRDELGE / МӨРДЛӨГӨ
n. Guidance, instruction; investigation, interrogation.
-- bolγaxu. To take as guidance, follow the instruction.
ziγaburi --. Instruction.

MØRED
Plural of møren.

MØREN / МӨРӨН
n. Large river or lake.
-- y urusxal. Current of a river.

MØRGY / МӨРӨГ
n. Carp (fish).

MØRGY- / МӨРГӨХ

v.t. and i. To butt(of animals); to hit, knock one's forehead against something; to pray; to bow.
--zy dokixu. To make a full prostration.
--zy γujuxu. To implore, supplicate, beseech.
beri --ky. A salutation performed by the bride before the parents-in-law, guests, relatives.
burxan dur --ky. To prostrate oneself before the Buddha, salute the Buddha.
kesig tyr --ky. To thank for a favor.
toluγai --ky. To make a full prostration touching the ground with one's forehead (Ch. k'o-tou 磕頭).

MØRGYCE- / МӨРГӨЦӨХ

v.t. To butt, strike with horns.

MØRGYCELDY- / МӨРГӨЦӨЛДӨХ

[v. rec. of mørgyce-] To butt each other (of animals).

MØRGYGDE- / МӨРГӨГДӨХ

[v. pass. of mørgy-] To be hit.

MØRGYGYL- / МӨРГҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of mørgy-.

MØRGYL / МӨРГӨЛ

n. Bowing, a bow;kow-tow; pilgrimage, public prayer; cult, religious worship, divine service, religious ceremony.
-- kiky. To go on a pilgrimage.
-- øgky. To give a blessing.
-- talbixu. To give a blessing to a devotee.
-- yn γazar. Oratory, room or place for worship.
-- yn orun. Place of worship, as a temple, church, etc.

MØRGYLCE- / МӨРГӨЛЦӨХ

[v. coop. of mørgy-] To butt each other; for a number of people to render homage by kneeling together and knocking the ground with their heads.

MØRGYLCIN / МӨРГӨЛЧИН

n. Worshiper, pilgrim; religionist.
-- arad. Pilgrims.

MØRGYLDY- / МӨРГӨЛДӨХ

[v. rec. of mørgy-] To strike with horns, butt each other; to collide; to conflict.
terge --ky. For cars to collide.
xoγurundu ben --ky. To conflict.

MØRGYLDYGEN / МӨРГӨЛДӨӨН

n. Collision; conflict.

MØRGYLE-

v. freq. of mørgy-.

MØRGYLTE / МӨРГӨЛТ

n. The act of mørgy-.

MØRGYLTEI / МӨРГӨЛТЭЙ

adj. Professing a religion.

MØRI

See møry(n).

MØRLE- / МӨРЛӨХ

v.t. and i. To trace, follow; to imitate; to appear in rows.
balaraγsan bicig --ky. To trace faded letters with ink.
mal --ky. To follow the traces of cattle.

MØRTEGEN, 1. / МӨРТӨӨ

[mør+tegen] adj., adv., and conj. Different, another.
-- jabudaγ kymyn. Person who used to walk or to do things his own way.

MØRTEGEN, 2. / МӨРТӨӨ

conj. Notwithstanding, yet, although.
bej-e inu baγ-a -- sanaγ-a inu jeke. While his body is small, his ambition is big.

MØRTEGEN, 3.

adv. Immediately, at once.
eneken -- jabu! Go at once!

MØRY(N) / МӨР(ӨН)

[= møri] n. Shoulder; back of a knife.
-- γarxu. For the shoulder joint to become dislocated.
-- sacaγu. Equal rank.
-- søry. Shoulder.
-- zergeceky. To be equal; to compete, vie.
-- zergecen. Shoulder to shoulder, unitedly; serriedly, crowded.
kituγan u --. The back of a knife.

MØRYBCI / МӨРӨВЧ

n. Shoulder pads, cover for the shoulder, tippet; shoulder straps, suspenders, braces;

shoulder loop or rifle sling.

MØRYBCILE- / МӨРӨВЧЛӨХ
v.t. To shoulder, put or carry on the shoulder[s].

MØRYGED- / МӨРӨӨДӨХ
v.t. To miss, long for.
kybegyn ijen yzej-e kemen --ky. To long for one's son.

MØRYGEDYL / МӨРӨӨДӨЛ
n. Longing, yearning.

MØRYI / МӨРИЙ
n. Stake, prize, bet, wager.
-- abxu. To win a wager.
-- aldaxu. To lose a bet.
-- ideky. To win a prize at a contest.
-- onuxu. To win a wager.
-- talbixu. To stake, bet, wager.
azirγ-a jin --. Stallion races.
bøki jin --. Wrestling match.
yzegyr -- abxu. To win the first prize at a contest.

MØRYICE- / МӨРИЙЦӨХ
v.i. To make a bet, wager, gamble; to emulate, rival, compete; to fight, quarrel.
--gci. Competitor, emulator.
--n naγadxu. To compete, rival (in games); to bet, gamble.
--zy urulduxu. To race horses in a private contest.

MØRYICEGYL- / МӨРИЙЦҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of møryice-.

MØRYITEI / МӨРИЙТЭЙ
adj. Having a stake, wager, or bet.
-- toγlam. Game of hazard, gambling game.

MØRYLE- / МӨРЛӨХ
v.t. To shoulder, put or carry on the shoulder[s].

MØRYN
Same as møren.

MØSIJE-
Same as misije-.

MØSKI-, 1. / МӨШГӨХ
v.t. To trail, follow, pursue; to investigate, inquire into.
--zy jabuxu. To trail or track.
mør --ky. To follow a path or trail.

MØSKI-, 2. / МӨШГӨХ
v.t. To edge, hem.

MØSKIBYRI / МӨШГӨВӨР
n. Investigation, inquiry.

MØSKIGDE- / МӨШГӨГДӨХ
[v.pass. of møski-] To be followed, pursued.

MØSKIGDƏSI / МӨШГӨДӨШ
-- ygei. Untraceable.

MØSKIGYL- / МӨШГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of møski-.

MØSKIJERI / МӨШГӨӨР
n. Edging, trimming, hem.

MØSKIJERILE- / МӨШГӨӨРЛӨХ
v.t. To hem or trim a garment.

MØSKILCE- / МӨШГӨЛЦӨХ
v. coop. of møski-.

MØSKILGE / МӨШГӨЛГӨ
n. Tracing, tracking; investigation, inquiry.

MØSY(N), 1. / МӨС(ӨН)
[= mølsy(n)] n. Ice.
-- bolxu. To become ice, freeze .
--n ciker. Rock candy, lump sugar, candy.

MØSY(N), 2.
n. Time, a recurrent occasion.
nige --. See nigemysyn.

MØSYN
n. Strand (of a rope).

MØSYTE- / МӨСТӨХ
v.i. To become icy, be covered with ice.



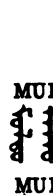
MØSYTY / МӨСТ
adj. Icy, iced, glacial.



MULTU / МУЛТ
Adverbial particle, descriptive of complete or sudden dislocation or separation.
-- cingγaxu. To tear or snatch away with force.
-- cokixu. To knock out.
-- tataxu. To take off or out, pull out.



MULTUL- / МУЛТЛАХ
[= multula-] v.t. To free by taking off or out, pull out completely (as a plant with its roots); to unharness, unyoke; to unhook, uncouple, unlink, disconnect, unscrew, disjoint (limb), luxate. Cf. møltyle-.
-- un abxu. To pull out, disentangle, liberate; to take off (dress, hat, or boots).
xazaγar i --xu. To remove the bridle.



MULTULA-
See multul-.



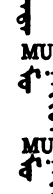
MULTURA- / МУЛТРАХ
v.i. To pull out, disentangle oneself; to be freed from; to disjoint; to slip off; to escape; to break loose. Cf. møltyre-.
--n γarxu. To disentangle oneself, get out of.



MULTURAL / МУЛТРАЛ
n. The act of multura-.



MUNA, 1. / МУНА
n. Wooden club, stick, mallet.
-- mancurγ-a. Strong heavy club.



MUNA, 2. / МУНА
n. Glass pearls, counterfeit jewels.



MUNADA- / МУНАДАХ
v.t. To beat, strike or pound with a club, etc.

MUNAID / МУНАЙД
n. and adj. Excess, outrage; outrageous.

MUNAIDLA- / МУНАЙДЛАХ
v.i. To commit excesses, outrages.

MUNDAГ-A / МУНДАА
n. Withers (of a horse).



MUNGDA- / МУНДАХ
v.i. To become insufficient; to come to an end, be exhausted; to be in trouble or in difficult circumstances.
--xy ygei. Not lacking, plentiful.



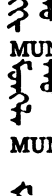
MUNGDAL / МУНДАЛ
n. Lack, shortage, insufficiency.



MUNGDANI- / МУНДНИХ
v.i. To be in a difficult position, be in need or distress.
--zu jabuxu. To be in distress.



MUNGDASI / МУНДАШ
-- ygei. Inexhaustible; infinitely; there is no lack.



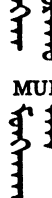
MUNGГANI- / МУНГИНАХ
v.i. To dawdle; to be confused; to become troubled; to become stupid.



MUNGKINA-
Same as mungγani-.



MUNGLA-
v.i. To be in need, wanting.



MUNGXAГ / МУНХАГ
n. and adj. Stupidity, ignorance; stupid, ignorant foolish.
-- ax-a. "[Your] stupid elder brother," a modest term used by an elder to refer himself (Ch. yü-hsiung 愚兄).



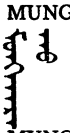
MUNGXAГLA- / МУНХАХЛАХ
v.i. and t. To be[come] stupid; to make oneself ridiculous; to do a stupid thing; to consider or treat someone as stupid.

MUNGXAГURA- / МУНХУУРАХ
v.i. To be[come] stupid, besotted, or foolish.

MUNGXAГXAN / МУНХАГХАН
adj. Rather stupid, weak-minded, imbecilic.

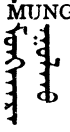
MUNGXANI- / МУНХИНИХ
Same as mungγani-.

MUNGXARA- / МУНХРАХ



v.i. To be[come] stupid, ignorant, insensible; to be[come] dull (of the mind).

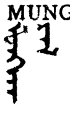
MUNGXARAIGUL- / МУНХРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of mungxara-] To keep in ignorance, deceive, fool.

uxaγan i --xu. To obscure the mind.

MUNGXARAL / МУНХРАЛ



n. Ignorance, stupidity, obscuration, insensibility.

MUNGZIIGUN



n. Stupid fellow, blockhead.

MUNU- / МУНАХ



v.i. To become weak or feeble-minded.

MUR-A



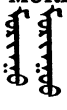
-- xoruxai. Cantharis, Spanish fly.

MURI- / МУРИХ



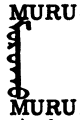
v.i. To go astray, act contrarily.

MURIIGU[U]



[= muruγu] adj. Contrary, astray; stubborn; crooked, twisted.

MURU-



Same as muri- .

MURUIGAR / МУРГАР



adv. Obliquely; tortuously.

MURUIGNA-



v.i. To wiggle.

MURUIU



See muriγu.

MURUI / МУРУЙ



adj. and n. Awry, slanting, bending; gnarled; uneven; bend, curve, curvature; crookedness.

-- jabudal. Tortuous manner of walking; ruse, guile.

-- køl. Crooked leg or foot.

-- kyzygy. Wry neck.

-- muskiγu. Bent, twisted.

-- xambartai. Wry-nosed.

-- zangtei. Obstinate, recalcitrant.

MURUI- / МУРУЙХ



v.i. To bend, be crooked; to turn, meander.

baraγunsi --xu. To turn west.

MURUID- / МУРУЙДАХ



v.i. To bend, twist; to become crooked.

MURUILG-A / МУРУЙЛГА



n. Curvature, detour; crookedness.

MURUILGA- / МУРУЙЛГАХ



[v. caus. of murui-] To bend, curve, distort; to turn aside, deflect.

MURUITAI / МУРУЙТАЙ



[= muruitu] adj. Bent, curved.

MUSI



n. Pap made of flour thinned with water or bouillon.

MUSKI- / МУШГИХ



[= muški-] v.t. To turn, twist, twirl, twine; to wring, strain.

--zu baixaγaxu. To inquire closely.

--zu jabuxu. To reel when walking (as a drunk); to move sinuously (as a serpent).

alciγur --xu. To wring out a wet cloth or towel.

degesyn --zu tataxu. To twist a rope.

ebydyg --xu. To get hold of the enemy's knee and throw him down (in wrestling); to clench with the leg.

gedesy --xu. To have cramps in the abdomen.

kymyn i --xu. To hold people back or down; to wring things out of people ; to extort; to constrain, coerce; force, put pressure on.

zam --n muruizu jabuxu. To make a detour.

zerge --xu. To demote an official.

zingse --xu. To deprive an official of his insignia of rank.

MUSKIIGU / МУШГИУ



adj. Twisted, spiraled; unjust, iniquitous.

MUSKIIGUL- / МУШГИУЛАХ



v. caus. of muski-.

MUSKIIGUR / МУШГИУР



n. Wooden peg with which one tightens the cord that fastens a load on a wagon; gag; tourniquet.

-- modu. Windlass.

MUSKIГURDA- / МУШГИУРДАХ
v.t. To gag.

MUSKIJ-A / МУШГИА
n. Handful; lock (of hair, beard), bundle (as of silk thread); skein; spliced strands; spiral, spring; rifling of firearms.

MUSKIJACI / МУШГИАЧ
adj. and n. Stubborn [person]; obstinate animal; curved, tortuous.

MUSKIL / МУШГИЛ
n. Colic, grip, cramp, spasm.

MUSKILTA / МУШГИЛТ
n. Bend, curvature, curve.
nuγulγ-a -- . Bends, curves; deviations (e.g. from a political line).

MUSKIMAL / МУШГИМАЛ
[n.d. of muski-] adj. Twisted, spliced.

MUTUR / МУТАР
[S. mudrā, "seal"] n. Any of the different hand gestrues used in religious ceremonies (see kylil), such as praying, blessing, making offerings, reciting dharanis or mantras (see tarni); hand (referring to deities or dignitaries); seal, imprint of a seal; emblem, symbol.
-- ijen talbixu. To lay one's hand on somebody's head (in blessing); to sign one's name (hon.).
ezen y -- ijer bicigsen bicig. Letter written by the hand of the emperor; Imperial rescript.

MUUBIN
-- caγasu. A kind of Chinese writing paper (Ch. mao-pien-chih 毛邊紙).

MUUR
Same as miγui.

MUUSAIN
Same as maγusain.

MUUTUU / МУУТУУ
-- caγasun. A kind of coarse Chinese writing paper (Cn mao-t'ou-chih 毛頭紙).

MUUXAI
Same as maγuxai.

MUXADXA-
v.i. To learn, make inquiries, interrogate . [Ra.] To become blunt.
mør muskizu --xu. To backtrack.

MUXAMMID / МУХААМИД
n.p. Mohammed.
-- un mørgylten. Mohammedans.

MUXU- / МУХАХ
Same as moxu-.

MUXULAГ / МУХЛАГ
Same as muxuliγ.

MUXULAID- / МУХЛАЙДАХ
v.t. To make round.

MUXULIГ / МУХЛИГ
adj. and n. Rounded, ball-shaped, globular, spherical; kiosk, pavilion.
-- rily. Pill, globule, small ball.
-- terge. A covered cart.

MUXUR / МУХАР
adj. Blunt, blunted; cropped; hornless, tailless, bobtailed; amputated, maimed; rounded (as number); dead-end; blind (figuratively).
-- γar. Amputated or maimed hand or arm.
-- γudumzi. Blind street.
-- gedesy. Vermiform appendix.
-- kituγ-a. Blunt knife.
-- nyke. Blind hole.
-- sanaγ-a. Stupidity.
-- sanaγatu. Stupid.
-- segylty. Bobtailed.
-- solungγ-a. Incomplete rainbow.
-- sysyg. Superstition.
-- sysygtei. Superstitious.
-- xaγui. Blind road.
-- xori. Exactly twenty.
-- ygei xola. Infinitely long, infinitelv distant.
-- ynij-e. Hornless cow.

MUXURDA- / МУХАРДАХ
v.i. To be[come] exhausted, tired, weak; to be embarrassed, be at one's wit's end, be unable to find a way out, unable to

cope with a problem.
ary-a --xu. To be in a predicament or fix.
zoyus ijer --xu. To be pressed for or desperately in need of money.

MUXURDAГUL- / МУХАРДУУЛАХ
[v.caus. of muxurda-] To exhaust, weaken; to impoverish; to embarrass, perplex, nonplus.
yge --xu. To silence an opponent in debate.

MUXURDAГULUГDA- / МУХАРДУУЛАГДАХ
[v.pass. of muxurdayul-] To be exhausted, become weak; to be[come] poor.
-- ygei. Unlimited, infinite.
-- ygei sambay-a. Unlimited strength, power or knowledge.

MUXURLA- / МУХАРЛАХ
v.t. To make dull or obtuse; to make hornless; to deprive, prevent from using.
mori ji --xu. To deprive somebody of the use of his horse.
zebseg i --xu. To disarm.

MUZAГAI
See under xazayai.

MUZAГAR
See under xazayar, 1.

MUZI / МУЖ
n. Province, region, area.
-- jin nojan. Governor of a province or district, local chief.
-- xubijaxu. To divide into provinces.

MUZIГAR / МУЗГАР
adj. Squinting, slanting.

MUZII- / МУЖИЙХ
v.i. To have a squinting eye; to become awry.

MUZIJALA- / МУЖААЛАХ
v.i. and t. To carpenter.

MUZIJAN / МУЖААН
[Ch. mu-chiang 木匠] n. Carpenter, cabinet maker.
-- ba barily-a jin azil. Carpentry and construction work.

MUZILA- / МУЖЛАХ
v.t. To divide into provinces; to isolate oneself; to establish one'sr rule over an area.

MUZILAГUL- / МУЖЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of muzila-.

MYNDYRGE
n. Embankment, bank.

MYNTYR / МӨНТӨР
See under tentyr.

MYTYGY
n. Sharp edge (as of a sword or the head of an arrow), double blade.

MYY / МУ
n. A Chinese mou or acre (Ch. mu, mou 畝).

MYZE
n. Staff, stick.

MYZEI / МУЗЕЙ
[R. музей] n. Museum.

N

NAB / НАВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable na.

-- narin. Very fine (as opposed to coarse, thick); narrow.

NABCI

[T. snab phyis] n. A piece of heavy wool cloth used by lamas as handkerchief.

NABCI(N) / НАВЧ

n. Leaf (of a plant), folliage; petal.

--n. Leaf (adj.).

--n alta. Gold leaf.

lingxu-a jin --. Leaves of a lotus.

NABCILA- / НАВЧЛАХ

v.i. To grow leaves, foliage (as trees in spring); to appear, grow (of leaves)

NABCIRXAG / НАВЧИРХАГ

adj. Leafy, having thick foliage.

NABCIS

Plural of nabci(n).

NABCITAI / НАВЧТАЙ

[= nabcitu] adj. Having leaves, foliage.

NABCITU / НАВЧИТ

See nabcitai.

NABSAGAR / НАВСГАР

n. and adj. Ragamuffin, beggar, tramp; ragged, shaggy.

NABSAI- / НАВСАЙХ

v.i. To be in rags.

NABŠA

[Ko.] [= kitad dabusu] n. Ammonium chloride.

NABŠAI- / НАВШИЙХ

v.i. To be flat, flattened out; to be out of shape.

bi boruγan du --tal-a norba. I got soaking wet in the rain.

NABTAGAR / НАВТГАР

adj. Low, short, not tall; slanting, sloping; hanging down, lop; stocky, short with a broad back (of a horse). Cf. nabtar.

NABTAI- / НАВТАЙХ

v.i. To hang, hand down, droop; to flatten out; to become low or slanting; to hover (of clouds); to fly slowly and low (of a bird).

--γsan cikı. Drooping ears.

--γsan uruγul. Drooping underlip.

NABTAILGA- / НАВТАЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of nabtai-] To lower, hang low; to press down.

NABTAIMAL / НАВТАЙМАЛ

[n.d. of nabtai-] adj. Hanging, drooping, crouching.

NABTALZA- / НАВТАЛЗАХ

v.i. To wiggle, sway or move from side to side (as a dog).

NABTALZAMAL / НАВТАЛЗМАЛ

[n.d. of nabtalza-] adj. Shaking, flopping.

NABTAR / НАВТАР

adj. and n. Low, not high; hanging down, suspended; tattered; rags, tattered garment.

-- bejety. Of small stature.

-- γazar. Lowland, plain (geogr.).

NABTARA- / НАВТРАХ

v.i. To wear out, tear, become shabby, tattered.

NABTARTA- / НАВТАРТАХ

v.i. To become low; to become tattered.

NABTARXAI / НАВТАРХАЙ

adj. and n. Worn out, shabby, torn, tattered; shabbiness; rags, old clothes, tatters.

-- debel. Torn cloak.

-- sabtarxai. Tattered, torn.

NABTARXAN / НАВТАРХАН

adj. Somewhat low, etc. See nabtar.

-- mori. Small, undersized horse.

NABTAS / НАВТАС
-- geky = -- kiky. See nabtaski-.

NABTASKI- / НАВТАСХИЙХ
[--ky] v.i. To go down, bend suddenly (as to avoid a blow); to become suddenly flat.

NABTASU / НАВТАС
n. Rags, shreds. See also nabtarxai.

NACI(N) / НАЧ
n. Falcon.

NAČIONALISM / НАЦИОНАЛИЗМ
n. Nationalism.

NADA / НАД
Allomorphic stem of bi, I; dat.-loc. of bi, I.
-- dur. Dative-locative of bi, I.
-- ece = nadaca. Ablative of bi, I.
-- luγ-a. Comitative of bi, I.

NADACA / НАДААС
See nada ece.

NADACILAN / НАДЧИЛАН
adv. Like myself.

NADADUR
See nadur.

NADUR / НАД, НАДАД
[= nada dur, nadadur, namdur, namadu] Dative-locative of bi, I.

NAГ
-- melekei = laγ melekei. Tortoise.

NAГA- / НААХ
[= niγa-] v.t. To paste, glue, stick; to smear.
bicig --xu. To post a notice (on the wall); to mend a torn page of a book, etc.
bitegylezў --xu. To seal, as an envelope.

NAГACU / НАГАЦ
n. Maternal uncle; relatives on mother's side.
-- abu. Maternal grandfather.
-- ax-a. Oldest brother of mother.
-- bergen. Wife of mother's brother.
-- ecige. Maternal grandfather.
-- egeci. Sister of mother.
-- eke. Maternal grandmother.
-- kyrgen ax-a. Husband of mother's younger sister.
-- nar. Maternal relatives.
jeke -- egeci. Oldest sister of mother.

NAГAD- / НААДАХ
v.i. and t. To play, play games, play an instrument; to enjoy or amuse oneself.
--xu cenggeky. To enjoy or amuse oneself.
kφzer --xu. To play cards.
limby ber --xu. To play the flute.
taizi deger-e --xu. To take part in a stage play.

NAГADAKI / НААДАХЬ
See naγaduki.

NAГADU / НААД
adj. and adv. Situated on this side.
-- bej-e. Over on this side, this side

NAГADU-
See naγad-.

NAГADUГUL- / НААДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of naγad-.

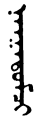
NAГADUKI / НААДАХЬ
[= naγadaki] adj. The nearest; situated on this side.
-- cinaduki. Situated on this side and on the other side; before and after (of space or time).

NAГADUL / НААДАЛ
See naγadum.

NAГADULCA- / НААДАЛЦАХ
v. coop. of naγad-.

NAГADUM / НААДАМ
[= naγadul] n. Game, play; stage play; amusement, entertainment; festival, celebration, especially the national sport festival in Mongolia.
-- bajar. Entertainment, amusement, festival.
-- barixu. To make fun, play pranks or practical jokes.
-- bolγaxu. To jeer at somebody.
-- busu. [It] is no joke, [it] is not amusing.

-- γarγaxu. To give a theatrical performance; to have a celebration.
-- inijedym. Joke; amusement.
-- kiky. To poke fun at; play a joke; jeer at somebody.
-- xošung. Play, fun, jest.
bajar -- . Entertainment, amusement, festival.
ulus un [jeke] --. The festival of the 11th of July (anniversary of the Mongolian revolution).

NAГADUMCI / НААДАМЧ

n. One who likes to play or to have fun; participant in a game or play; gay person; player; jester, performer.

NAГAГUR / НААГУУР

adj., adv., and postpos. Superficial, unreliable; nearer; on or along this side.
-- boduxu. To consider superficially.
-- kymyn. Unreliable person.
mangxan u --. [On] this side of the dunes.
ykykyi jin -- bolxu. To be at death's door.

NAГAГURDA- / НААГУУРДАХ

v.i. To be on this side; not to reach the target.

NAГAI / НАГАЙ

n. Female marmot.

NAГAL / НАГАЛ

-- [saxal] . Beard in the depression under the lower lip, goatee.

NAГALDU- / НААЛДАХ

[v. rec. of naγa-] To stick, adhere; to cuddle; to cling to.
tegyn tei bitegei -- ! Don't touch him! Keep away from him!

NAГALDUCA / НААЛДАЦ

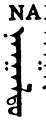
n. Viscosity, adhesiveness.

NAГALDUГUL- / НААЛДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of naγaldu-.
--uγsan xaγudasu(n). Index or table of contents pasted or appended to a book or document.

NAГALDUГUR / НААЛДУУР

n. Glue, paste.

NAГALDUMAГAI / НААЛДАМХАЙ

adj. Sticking, adhesive; (a person) of whom it is difficult to rid oneself.

NAГALDUNGGI / НААЛДАНГИ(Р)

adj. Sticky, adhesive.

NAГALГA- / НААЛГАХ

v. caus. of naγa-.

NAГALINGXAI, 1. / НААЛИНХАЙ

adj. Affectionate, tender, friendly.

NAГALINGXAI, 2. / НААЛИНХАЙ

[= nalingxai] n. Dung fly, gadfly. [Gu.] Sand fly. [Mo.] Small fly which stings cattle.

NAГALINGXAIDA- / НААЛИНХАЙДАХ

v. i. To follow and hang on to someone (of a child or person); to pester; to be affectionate, friendly.

NAГALTA, 1. / НААЛТ

n. Act of gluing, pasting; adhesion, sticking.

NAГALTA, 2. / НААЛТ

n. Spleen.

NAГAMAL / НААМАЛ

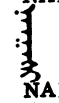
[n. d. of naγa-] adj. Pasted, affixed with glue.
-- ulatai γutul. Boots with soles glued in layers.

NAГAN

-- buu. Belgian Nagant revolver.

NAГAN-A / НААНА

adv. Nearer; on this side; (with dates) before.
-- saγuzu baimui. [He] lives on this side.
arban u --. Before the tenth (of a month).
γoul un --. On this side of the river.

NAГASI, etc. / НААШ, НАЙШ

See inaγsi, etc.

NAГASU(N) / НААС(АН)

n. Glue, paste.

NAГBU[M]

[= naγbun, T. snag bum] n. Inkpot, inkstand, inkwell.

NAIBUN
See nayбu[m].

NAIUN
-- [møren]. The Nonni river.

NAIUR / НУУР
n. Lake, pond; a dry lake bed
-- cøgerym. Lake, pond.

NAIURLA- / НУУРЛАХ
v.i. To form (of a lake).

NAIURMAГ / НУУРМАГ
n. Pool, swamp, small lake, water reservoir.

NAIURMALIГ / НУУРМАЛИГ
n. Pond, lake.

NAIUSKI-
See niyuski-.

NAGŠADAR
[S. nakshatra] n. Lunar mansion (astrology).
xorin naiman --. The twenty-eight lunar mansions.

NAI / НАЙ
n. Friendship.
-- talbixu. To yield politely.

NAIDA- / НАЙДАХ
v.t. and i. To hope; to rely upon; to have faith in, trust; to expect, count on.
--n yujuxu. To beg, request.
bej-e degen --xu. To be self-reliant.
tusalamzi demzilge dy --xu. To hope for, rely on help.

NAIDABURI / НАЙДВАР
n. Faith; reliance, expectation.
-- ygei. Unreliable, wavering.
itegel --. Reliability, loyalty, trustworthiness.
itegel -- ji yzygylzy ileregylky. To manifest faith or loyalty.

NAIDABURILA- / НАЙДВАРЛАХ
Same as naida-.

NAIDABURITAI / НАЙДВАРТАЙ
[= naidaburitu] adj. Dependable, reliable, trustworthy.
-- tysig. Reliable support.

NAIDAГDA- / НАЙДАГДАХ
v. pass. of nada-.

NAIDAГUL- / НАЙДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of naida-.

NAIDAL / НАЙДАЛ
n. Hope, expectation; reliance.

NAIDALCA- / НАЙДАЛЦАХ
v. coop. of naida-.

NAIDALГ-A / НАЙДЛАГА
n. Expectation; reliance, trust.
-- ygei bolxu. To despair; to have no one to rely upon, have no trust in.

NAIDALTAI / НАЙДАЛТАЙ
[= naidaltu] adj. Reliable, true, trusty.

NAIDAMAL / НАЙДМАЛ
[n.d. of naida-] adj. Expected, relied upon.

NAIDANGIUI / НАЙДАНГУЙ
n. Envy, malevolence, ill will, hatred.
-- tørygylky. To arouse envy.

NAIDANGIUILA- / НАЙДАНГУЙЛАХ
v.t. and i. To envy; to be ill-disposed, malevolent.

NAIDANGIUIRA-
Same as naidangyuila-.

NAIDANGIUITAI / НАЙДАНГУЙТАЙ
[= naidangyuitu] adj. Envious; malevolent.

NAIГU- / НАЙГАХ
v.i. To flutter in the wind; to quiver; to shake, sway; to reel, walk unsteadily; to hang down (as branches, leaves), bow down, stoop.
salkin dur --xu. To be stirred by the wind; to flutter in the wind.

NAIГUГUL- / НАЙГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of naiyu-.

NAIГULCA- / НАЙГАЛЦАХ
v. coop. of naiγu-.

NAIГULГ-A
n. Swinging, shaking, rocking.

NAIГULZA- / НАЙГАЛЗАХ
v.i. To shake, tremble, quiver, sway.

NAIГULZAГUL- / НАЙГАЛЗУУЛАХ
v. caus. of naiγulza-

NAIГUMAL / НАЙГАМАЛ
[n.d. of naiγu-] adj. Fluttering, swaying, waving.

NAILZA- / НАЙЛЗАХ
v.i. To shake, swing, bend (as branches of a tree in the wind); to sway; to quiver (leaves, etc.).

NAILZAГUR, 1. / НАЙЛЗУУР
[= nailzur] n. Branch, bough; twig, sprout, shoot.
-- buryasu(n). A flexible twig, switch or bush.
-- modu. Young tree.

NAILZAГUR, 2. / НАЙЛЗУУР
n. Glanders.

NAILZUR
See nailzaγur, 1.

NAIMA, 1. etc.
See maima, etc.

NAIMA(N), 2. / НАЙМ(АН)
card. num. Eight.
--n caγ un azil un edyr. Eight-hour working day.
--n sar-a. August; the eighth month of the lunar year; eight months.
--n talatai. Octagonal.
--n u edyr. The 8th day of a month.
--n zaγu. Eight hundred.

NAIMADUГAR / НАЙМДУГААР
ord. num. and n. Eighth; number eight.

NAIMAГAD / НАЙМААД
distr. num. Eight for each.

NAIMAГULA(N) / НАЙМУУЛ
coll. num. All eight, eight together.

NAIMALZI(N) / НАЙМАЛЖ
adj. and n. Octagonal; crab (naiman "eight" from the number of its legs).

NAIMAN / НАЙМАН
n. The Naimans (ancient tribe); one of the banners in the Zuu Uda League.

NAIMANTA
multipl. num. Eight times.

NAIMAXAN / НАЙМХАН
limit. num. Only eight, just eight.
-- nasutu kybegyn. A boy of only eight years.

NAIR / НАЙР
n. Accord, harmony, concord, friendliness; feast, banquet, festivity, celebration.
-- bajar. Celebration, feast.
-- ebdeky. To break up a friendship, destroy harmony.
-- køg = -- køgzim. Music (on festive occasions).
-- naγadum. Play, amusement, entertainment, festival, celebration .
-- talbixu. To show friendliness, peaceful intentions; to yield as a gesture of friendship.
ej-e --. Friendliness, amicability.
xair-a -- ygei. Unmercifully, unsparingly, uncharitably, without pity.

NAIRA-
[Go.] v.i. To be in harmony , agreement, order.

NAIRAГ / НАЙРАГ
n. and adj. Mixture, compound; proportion, symmetry; composition; harmonious; poetic.
-- zokijal. Poetry, poem.

NAIRAГLAL / НАЙРАГЛАЛ
n. Poem.

NAIRAГU / НАЙРУУ

adj. Harmonious, peaceful, peaceable, gentle, meek.

NAIRAГUL- / НАЙРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of naira-] v.t. To mix, compound; to compose, edit, compile; to tune musical instruments.
--un xolbuxu. To bring into harmony; to compile.
--un zokijaxu. To compose, write.
em --xu. To mix, prepare a medicine, fill a prescription.
idegen i --xu. To prepare, season food.
silyg --xu. To compose, write a poem.
tøbed yge lyge --xu. To compare with or adapt to the Tibetan language.

NAIRAГULГ-A / НАЙРУУЛГА

n. Mixture, compound; composition, literary work; style, structure.
-- jin dyrim. Rules of style, stylistics.
em yn --. Preparation of a medicine, filling of a prescription.
irayu --. Belles-lettres, fiction, poetry, literary work.
uran --. Poetry, belles-lettres.

NAIRAГULUГDA-

v. pass. of nairayul-.

NAIRAГULUL[TA] / НАЙРУУЛАЛ(Т)

n. The act of arranging, constructing,compiling; arrangement, construction, composition, disposition.
kelen y --. Sentence structure.

NAIRAL / НАЙРАЛ

n. Accord, harmony, amity, peace.
-- ygei. Discordant, inharmonious; unsociable.

NAIRALDU- / НАЙРАЛДАХ

[v. rec. of naira-] To be in concord, accord, harmony; to coincide, tally with; to be harmonious (of sounds).
--xui sedkil ijer. Peacefully, with a friendly attitude, in a friendly way.

NAIRALDUГUL- / НАЙРАЛДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of nairaldu-.

NAIRALГ-A / НАЙРЛАГА

n. Accord, harmony; union; friendship; literary work, belles-lettres; composition, structure (chem.).

NAIRALTAI / НАЙРАЛТАЙ

[= nairaltu] adj. Harmonious, peaceful: friendly, amicalble.

NAIRAM / НАЙРАМ

n. Harmony, accord, friendship.
-- ygei. Not harmonious; unfriendly.

NAIRAMDA- / НАЙРАМДАХ

v.i. To make peace with; to be in harmony, at peace with; to be reconciled.
ax-a degyy jin josun ijer --xu. To live in brotherly harmony, be like brothers.
bygyde --xu ulus. Republic.

NAIRAMDAГU / НАЙРАМДУУ

adj. Harmonious, peaceable, gentle, friendly.
-- bolxu. To be peaceful, peaceable, friendly.

NAIRAMDAГUL- / НАЙРАМДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of nairamda-] To reconcile, pacify.

NAIRAMDAL / НАЙРАМДАЛ

n. Peace; friendship, concord; agreement, conciliation.
-- tasulxu. To break off or sever friendly relations.
-- un ger-e. Peace treaty, treaty of friendship.
-- un xarilcay-a. Peaceful relations.
xalayun -- Intimate friendship.

NAIRAMDALTAI / НАЙРАМДАЛТАЙ

[= nairamdaltu] adj. Harmonious, peaceful, amicable.
-- baixu. To maintain friendly relations.

NAIRAMDALTAN / НАЙРАМДАЛТАН

n. Those at peace with one another; having solidarity; living harmoniously; pacifists.

NAIRLA- / НАЙРЛАХ

v.i. To feast, celebrate, have a party; to compose.
--zu yge olulcaxu. To negotiate in a friendly spirit and come to an agreement.

NAIRLAГ-A / НАЙРЛАГ-А

n. The act of nairla-.

em yn --. Compounding of medicine; prescription.

NAIRTAI / НАЙРТАЙ

[= nairtu] adj. Friendly, amicable, peaceful, harmonious.

-- saixan jabuxu. To live in peace (with somebody); to be friendly with.

NAIRTU

See nairtai.

-- nøkyr. Good friend.

-- salkin. Gentle wind, zephyr.

NAIS

See neis.

NAITA-

See naitaγa-.

NAITAГA- / НАЙТААХ

[= naita-] v.i. To sneeze.

NAITAГALГA- / НАЙТААЛГАХ

v. caus. of naitaγa-.

NAIZI / НАЙЗ

n. Friend; master of ceremonies at a wedding.

ziryken mety --. Dearly loved friend, intimate friend.

NAIZILA- / НАЙЗЛАХ

v.i. To be, act as naizi, q.v.; to be friends with, be on friendly terms.

NAIZIRXA- / НАЙЗАРХАХ

v.i. To behave like a naizi, q.v.; to be favorable to; to be in sympathy or be friendly with.

NAJA(N) / НАЯ(Н)

card. num. Eighty.

NAJADUГAR / НАЯДУГААР

ord. num. The eightieth.

NAJAXAN / НАЯХАН

limit. num. Only eighty.

NAJUD

[S. nayuta] card. num. Trillion.

NAKI- / НАХИЙХ

v.i. To bend; to cave in, be shaky.

NAKIГAR / НАХИГАР

adj. Bent, bending; flexible; vacillating, unsteady, wavering; snub-nosed, pug-nosed.

NAKIJ-A / НАХИА

n. Shoot of grass; leaf bud.

NAKIL- / НАХИЛАХ

[= nokil-] v.i. To move or wave rhythmically (of vegetation).

--un nokilun. Waving back and forth; graceful (of woman's gait, etc.).

NAKILZA- / НАХИЛЗАХ

v.i. To bend, move up and down.

--n ciciregy. To shake and tremble.

šatu --xu. For the ladder to shake.

NALAГAR / НАЛГАР

adj. Slow, sluggish; carefree.

NALAI- / НАЛАЙХ

v.i. To be quiet; to be good-natured; to be carefree; to be slow, sluggish, careless. [Ra.] To be broad, wide (of an overflowing river).

NALDAГAR / НАЛДГАР

[= -- neldeger] adj. Baggy or loosely fitted (of garments).

NALI -

See nalu-.

NALINGXAI / НАЛИНХАЙ

See naγalingxai.

NALIŠAM / НАЛЬШИМ

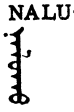
[T. na le çag] n. Black pepper.

NALTA

-- salta. Sloppy clothes; the staggering of a drunken person or a person carrying too heavy a load.

NALTAГ-A

n. and adj. Sticky, stickiness.

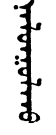
NALU- / НАЛАХ

v.i. To lean against something with one's back; to lean over, bend over, incline.
møryn ijer xana dur --xu. To lean with the shoulder against the wall.

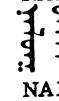
NALUГDA- / НАЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of nalu-.
ebesy salkin du --zu unaluγ-a. The grass was bent down by the wind.

NALUГU / НАЛУУ

adj. Slanting, sloping, declivitous.
-- engger. Slope, declivity.

NALUГUL- / НАЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of nalu-] To put against, lean against.
tajaγ i egyden dɔr --xu. To lean the stick against the door.

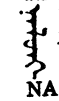
NALUГUXAN / НАЛУУХАН

adj. Somewhat sloping, declivitous, slanting.

NALULCA- / НАЛАЛЦАХ

v. coop. of nalu-.

NALUMAL / НАЛМАЛ

[n.d. of nalu-] adj. Leaning, bent; reposed.

NALUNGXAI / НАЛАНХАЙ

adj. Bent, inclined; plunged in sin, fallen.

NALURXAI / НАЛАРХАЙ

adj. Inclined, bent, leaning.

NAM, 1. / НАМ

n. Group, class; political party; gang.
-- busu. Non-party, nonpartisan.
-- busu kereg jabudal. Non-party activities.
-- eblel. The party and the organization.
-- ece køgegezy γarγaxu. To expel or purge from the party.
-- neileky. To join a party, be an adherent, a partisan.
-- un anggi. Group within a party, faction.
-- un baiγululy-a. A party organization or establishment; the structure of a party.
-- un ciglel. Aim of the party.
-- un idebkiten. Active party member.

-- un silγalta = -- un ceberlelte. Party purge (re-examination of party members as to their loyalty and personal conduct).
-- un xorij-a. Party committee.
-- zasaγ. Party and government.
caγan -- . The White Russian party, White Guards, anti-communists.
eb xamtu [bolsiviγ] -- . Communist [Bolshevist] party.
γomingdang -- . The (Chinese) Kuomintang party.
mongγul arad un xubisxaltu -- . Mongolian People's Revolutionary party.
nige -- . [Belonging to] one or the same party, gang or group.

NAM, 2. / НАМ

adj. and n. Low; calmness, tranquillity; quietness.
-- γazar. A low place, lowland, plain (geogr.).
-- gym/kym. Calmness, tranquillity; quiet[ly] peaceful(ly).
-- gym ijer. Quietly, noiselessly.
-- [gym] saγuxu. To sit still, quietly; to remain silent, quiet.
-- num. Quiet, calm, peaceful.
-- toγtaγun. Quiet, peaceful, calm, tranquil.
--zim. Peaceful[ly], quiet[ly], calm[ly].

NAMADU / НАМД

[= namdur] See nadur.

NAMAГ / НАМАГ

See namuγ.

NAMAГ-A, 1. / НАМАА

n. Jar. [Ri.] Wine barrel, tun.

NAMAГ-A, 2. / НАМАА

n. Leaves, foliage.

NAMAГU / НАМУУ

adj. Low, slanting, gently sloping.
-- dabaγ-a. Gently sloping mountain pass.

NAMAJI / НАМАЙГ

Acc. of bi, I.

NAMALUГ-A
[= nada luγ-a] Comit. of bi, I.

NAMANCILA- / НАМАНЧЛАХ
[fr. S. namas, bow, salutation] v.t. and i. To put the palms of the hands together, especially in greeting or praying; to pray; to bow; to repent, confess.
--zu zalbarixu. To pray.
niγyl i --xu. To confess and repent one's sins.

NAMANCILAL / НАМАНЧЛАЛ
n. Penitence, repentance, confession.

NAMBULZA- / НАМБАЛЗАХ
See namulza-.

NAMDA- / НАМДАХ
v.i. To calm down, become appeased; to abate, subside; to be[come] silent; to grow quiet; to become lower.

NAMDAГUL- / НАМДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of namda-] To appease, calm, pacify.

NAMDAL / НАМДАЛ
n. Calm, quiet.

NAMDUR
See nadur.

NAMLJ-A, 1.
n. Metal plates of armor covering the shoulders, épaulières.

NAMLJ-A, 2.
Same as namaγ-a, 2.

NAMIRA- / НАМИРАХ
v.i. To flutter, sway.

NAMMULZA-
See namulza-.

NAMNA- / НАМНАХ
v.t. To shoot with a bow. [Ri.] To chase, pursue.

NAMNAГUL- / НАМНУУЛАХ
v. caus. of namna-.

NAMNAL / НАМНАЛ
n. Shooting with bow and arrow.

NAMNALZA- / НАМНАЛЗАХ
See namulza-.

NAMOVA
[S. namos, namo] n. Salutation, reverence.

NAMRIL
[= teiг tailburi, T. rnam hgrel] n. Explanation, commentary.

NAMTAR / НАМТАР
[T. rnam thar] n. Biography; legend; history.
bej-e jin -- . Autobiography.
øber yn[kigsen] -- . Autobiography.

NAMUГ / НАМАГ
[= namaγ] n. Marsh, swamp, mire, bog, quagmire.
-- un kørysy. Peat.
-- un køryzeng. Peat.
sibar -- . Marshland, swamp.

NAMUГNA- / НАМГАНАХ
v.i. To move up and down, shake (as ground under one's feet).

NAMUГTAI
[= namuγtu] adj. Swampy, marshy.
-- tala. Swamps.

NAMUГU
See namaγu.

NAMULZA- / НАМИЛЗАХ
[= nammulza-, namnalza-, nambulza-] v.i. To be agitated; to tremble, shake; to move up and down.
modun šala --mui. The wooden floor is shaking.

NAMULZAГUL-
v. caus. of namulza-.

NAMULZAL



n. Agitation, trepidation, trembling, shaking.

NAMUR / НАМАР



n. Autumn, fall.
-- ijer. In autumn, in fall.
-- un adaγ sar-a. The last month of autumn.
-- un aγur oruxu. Beginning of autumn (Ch. li-ch'iu 立秋).

NAMURSI- / НАМАРШИХ



v.i. For autumn to approach.

NAMURSU(N)



See namusu(n).

NAMURZI- / НАМАРЖИХ



v.i. To pass the autumn (at a certain place).

NAMURZIГ-A



See namurzij-a.

NAMURZIГUL- / НАМАРЖУУЛАХ



v. caus. of namurzi-.

NAMURZIJ-A(N) / НАМАРЖАА



[= namurziγ-a, namurzing] n. Autumn encampment.

NAMURZING



See namurzij-a(n).

NAMUSU(N)



[= namursu(n)] n. Herpes, tetter; dead tissue, scab; ulcer; ringworm.
-- jar-a. Herpes, tetter (on the face); ulcer, eczema.
sirxan degereki --. Scab on a wound.

NAMXAN / НАМХАН



adj. Quiet; shallow; low; of small stature.
-- niruγutai. Not too tall in stature.
-- salkin. Soft or gentle wind, zephyr.

NAMXARA- / НАМХРАХ



v.i. To calm or quiet down (as a storm), be appeased; to fall, sink, be lowered, be reduced (as water after floods).
aγur --ba. The anger has abated.
γal --ba. The fire has subsided.
salkin --ba. The wind has calmed down.

NAMXARAГUL - / НАМХРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of namxara-] To appease, calm down.
aγurlal i --xu. To subdue anger.

NAMZI- / НАМЖИХ

v.i. To quiet down, become quiet; to subside, get better.
salkin --ba. The wind has died down.

NAMZIГUN / НАМЖУУ

adj. Quiet, peaceful, calm, still.

NAMZIR / НАМЖИР

n. Swaggering.

NAMZIRTAI / НАМЖИРТАЙ

adj. Important, swaggering.

NANCI-

See zanci-.

NANDIN / НАНДИН

[S. nandin] adj. Joyous; sacred, noble.
-- gegci. Lovely, cute.
-- sedkil. Noble heart or character.
-- sedkil talbixu. To give one's loyal affection.
narin --. Most exact, most precise (as machinery).

NANGGI / НАНГИ

n. Water caltrop, water chestnut.
-- caγan. Potato .
-- sirui. Loam, loess; clay, potter's clay.
-- zangγuu. Thistle (bot), a prickly plant. [Gu.] Caltrop.

NANGGIJAD / НАНХИАД

[= nanggijas] n. and adj. Chinese.
-- arur-a. [Gu.] Chinese olive; Canarium album.
-- γurγuul. Chinese pheasant.
-- teyke. Chinese history.

NANGGIJAS

See nanggijad.

NANGSI- / НАНШИХ

v.i. To babble; to grumble. [Gu.] To act inconsistently or imprudently; to act foolishly or crazily.

NANGSIJ-A / НАНШАА

n. Babbling, chattering.

NANGSIJACI / НАНШААЧ

n. Chatterbox. [Go.] Dotard, imbecile.

NAR / НАР

Suffix added to stems of words denoting human beings and deities to express plurality; also: " ... and others."

daruγ-a .. The chiefs, heads, commanders.

sǫnin u erkilegcid -- . Editorial staff of a newspaper.

tǿlygelegci -- . Delegates, delegation.

terigylegcid -- . Presiding board.

NARA(N) / НАР(АН)

n. Sun.

-- barixu. Eclipse of the sun.

-- γarxu. The sun rises.

-- γarxu zyg. Direction of the sunrise, east.

-- kyrijelebe. A halo has developed around the sun.

-- manduba. The sun rose.

--n [u] gerel. Sunlight.

--n u tuil. Solstice.

--n u tujaγ-a. Sunbeam.

--n u zoγsulta. Solstice.

-- singgeky. The sun sets.

-- tai kyrcy irebei. Came just before sunset.

-- unatala. Until or before sunset.

-- ürγuxu. The sun rises.

xurca -- . Scorching sun.

NARASU(N) / НАРС

n. Conifers (pine, fir, etc.).

--n ger-e. Torch; firestick (pine splinter used to light fires).

NARATAI / НАРТАЙ

adj. Sunny, with the sun.

-- edyr. Sunny day.

NARGI- / НАРГИХ

v.i. To be merry, cheerful, joyful; to make merry, enjoy oneself; to jest, joke.

NARGIΓUL- / НАРГИУЛАХ

[v. caus. of nargi-] To cheer, gladden, enliven, make merry.

NARGIJ-A(N) / НАРГИА

n. and adj. Mirth, gaiety, merriment, merrymaking; gay, cheerful.

-- kymyn. Gay or cheerful person, jester.

NARGIJACI / НАРГИАЧ

n. Gay or cheerful person; one who likes to enjoy himself.

NARGIJATAI / НАРГИАТАЙ

adj. Merry, cheerful, gay.

NARIBCILA- / НАРИЙВЧЛАХ, НАРИВЧЛАХ

v.i. To proceed, act cautiously or accurately; to penetrate, investigate carefully; to pursue with zeal; to know or understand thoroughly; to work or proceed with an eye to detail.

--n baicaγaxu. To investigate thoroughly.

--n biciky. To write well, with precision.

--n boduxu. To think over thoroughly, carefully; to audit; to compute.

--n kinaxu. To verify carefully, scrutinize.

--n toγalaxu. To count carefully.

--zu yzeky. To scan.

narin --n. In detail.

NARIBCILAΓUL- / НАРИЙВЧЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of naribcila-.

NARIBCILAL / НАРИЙВЧЛАЛ

n. The act of naribcila-; scrutinizing; precision, exactness.

NARIBTUR / НАРИЙВТАР

adj. Rather narrow.

NARID- / НАРИЙДАХ

v.i. To become thin, slender, narrow, tight

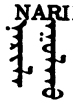
NARIDXA- / НАРИЙТГАХ

v.t. To make thin[ner], refine; to narrow, contract.

NARILA- / НАРИЙЛАХ

v.t. and i. To spare, refrain from using, economize; to save, be stingy; to do something carefully, with attention; to sift, winnow.

NARILAГUL- / НАРИЙЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of narila-.

NARILALCA- / НАРИЙЛАЛЦАХ



v. coop. of narila-.

NARIN / НАРИЙН



adj. a) Fine (not coarse); narrow, tight; thin, slender; high-pitched.

-- baraγ-a. Silk fabric.
-- bej-e tei. Of slender build.
-- boruγan. Fine rain, drizzle.
-- ǰulir. Fine wheat flour.

b) Of good quality; fine, delicate; thin.

-- ed. Precious material, textile[s]; fine things.

c) Thrifty, miserly, stingy, shrewd.

-- kymyn. Miser.
-- zangtai. Stingy.

d) Careful, thorough; elaborate, detailed.

-- a = -- ijer = -- todurxai ber. With precision and clarity.
-- bicigeci. Secretary.
-- bicig yn daruγ-a. Chief secretary.
-- bicig yn daruγ-a nar un γazar. Secretariat.
-- keleky. To tell or relate in detail.
-- kinaxu. To scrutinize.
-- niγta. Exact, precise, thorough.

e) Special use.

-- ebedcin. [Ri.] Catarrh of the digestive organs.

NARIXAN / НАРИЙХАН



adj. Rather fine, thin, slender, etc. See narin.

NARMAГAR / НАРМАГАР , НАРМИГАР



adj. Snub-nosed, pug-nosed.

NARMAI, 1. / НАРМАЙ



adj. All, everything, everything in general; entire, whole; vast, wide.

-- jeke azi jin. Pan-Asiatic.
-- mǒngγul. Pan-Mongolian.
-- ulus. The whole people or country.

NARMAI, 2. / НАРМАЙ



n. Soft palate.

NARMAI- / НАРМАЙХ



v.i. To be snub-nosed, pug-nosed.

NARMALZAГUL- / НАРМАЛЗУУЛАХ



[Ri.] v.t. To decorate, adorn.

NASI / НААШ, НАЙШ



See inaγsi.

NASU(N) / НАС



n. a) Year in relation to life; age; old age.

-- ax-a. Older (of persons).
-- degyy. Younger (of persons).
-- jeke. Aged, long-lived.
--n du daruγdaxu. To be weighed down by th years, carry the burden of old age.
baγ-a --. Childhood, young age.
baγ-a zalaγu -- . Young, vigorous age.
nilcaγai baγ-a --. Infancy, childhood.
ter-e nada ece nige -- ax-a. He is one year older than I.
xar-a baγ-a --n daγan. In one's childhood.

b) Lifetime, rebirth, reincarnation.

-- baraxu. To die.
--n ece anggiziraxu. To depart from life; to di
--n tegylder. Possessing life, alive, living; venerable.
--n u ecys tyr kyrky. To approach the end of one's life; to age.
--n u todxar. Lifetime burden or hindrance.
-- ønggereky. To pass away, die.
bi nigen -- ber umartaxu ygei. I shall not forget it all my life .
urida -- . Previous incarnation.
urtu -- . Long life, longevity.
xoitu -- . Future rebirth or life.

c) Specifically mature age, maturity; the time of life at which some particular power or capacity develops.

-- bolxu. To age, become old, become of a (certain) age.
-- gyicegsen. Full-grown
-- jabuxu. To grow old.
-- kyrygsen. Adult, grownup.
--n du kyrygedyi kymys. Minors, those who have not reached maturity.
--n u ider. Vigorous years of life, prime of life.
øsky -- . Adolescence.

NASUDA / НАСАД



adv. Throughout one's lifetime; all the time, always.

NASULA- / НАСЛАХ

v.i. and t. To age, grow old, be (so many years) old; to reach the age of.

dala ɣarui --ɣsan. Reached an age of more than 70.

urtu --xu boltuɣai. May you live long!

NASUTAI / НАСТАЙ

[= nasutu] adj. Having the age of, (so many) years old; aged, elderly.

-- kymyn. Elderly person.

arban jisyn -- . Nineteen years old.

baɣ-a --. Young, of young age; being in the early period of life or growth.

jeke --. Very old, advanced in years, aged.

sacaɣu -- . Of the same age, coeval.

NASUTAN / НАСТАН

n. Aged people, elders.

NASUTU

See nasutai.

NASUZI- / НАСЖИХ

v.i. To age, become old (of people).

--ɣsan kymyn. An old or aged person.

NATUГAR / НАТГАР

adj. Short, not high, low.

NATUГARTA- / НАТГАРТАХ

v.i. To become short or low.

NATUI- / НАТАЙХ

v.i. To hang, hang over; to bend down; to impend.

NATULZA- / НАТАЛЗАХ

v.i. To stagger, wobble, waddle; to flap in the wind.

NAXAI / НАХАЙ

n. Depression under the lower lip.

NAZAГAI / НАЗГАЙ

adj. Slow, hesitant; dawdling; sluggish; careless; negative.

NAZAГAIDA- / НАЗГАЙДАХ

v.i. To be slow, hesitant; to be careless.

NAZAГAISI- / НАЗГАЙШИХ

v.i. To become slow, lax; to become careless.

NAZAГAIXAN / НАЗГАЙХАН

adj. Rather slow, sluggish.

NEBCI- / НЭВЧИХ

v.t. and i. To pierce through, seep through; to break the shell (of hatching birds).

NEBCINGKEI / НЭВЧИНХИЙ

adj. Broken open, pierced through.

NEBSEGENE- / НЭВСЭГНЭХ

v i. To move (of something wide and long).

NEBSEGER / НЭВСГЭР

adj. Wide and long.

-- хubcasu. Wide and long clothes.

NEBSEI- / НЭВСИЙХ

v.i. To be tattered, in rags; to be wide and long (clothes).

NEBTE / НЭВТ

adv. Through, entirely; thoroughly.

-- coɣulxu. To pierce through.

-- cokixu. To break through, make one's way through.

-- ɣarxu. To go through.

-- medeky. To know thoroughly.

-- nebte xadxuxu. To pierce through and through.

-- xaraxu. To look through something.

-- xarbuxu. To shoot through, pierce by shooting (with an arrow).

NEBTEL- / . НЭВТЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To break through, pierce, pass through, penetrate; to breach through, chisel through.

--zy coɣulxu. To pierce through.

--zy keleky. To explain thoroughly, fully.

NEBTELE-

See nebtel-.

NEBTERE- / НЕВТРЭХ

v.i. To pass through; to penetrate, permeate; to be absorbed; to seep through; to get wet, soaked, drenched.

--ky temdegtei bicıg. Passport.
--ky ygei. Impervious, impenetrable (as soil, etc.); unintelligible.
--ky zam. Communication route, thoroughfare.
--n ireky. To intrude.
--n oruxu. To penetrate, seep through, leak out; to appear, become evident.
--zy γarxu. To leak through (as liquid through a vessel); to go through (as a bullet).
--zy medekyi. To understand each other; to know thoroughly.
--zy norxu. To get wet through and through; to percolate.
boruγan --gsen ygei. The rain has not penetrated.
kizaγar --n orγuxu. To flee over the border, emigrate.
usu --ky ygei. Waterproof, watertight.
yge [ji] --ky. To understand the words.

NEBTEREGDE- / НЭВТРЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of nebtere-.

NEBTEREGYL- / НЭВТРҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of nebtere-] To cause or order to penetrate or to pass through; to import; to embed, enroot; to inculcate; to transmit (as a message); to conduct (as electricity); to cause to spread; to make propaganda.
--ky cinar. Conductivity.
--ygci. See separate entry.
--ygsen baraγ-a. Merchandise sent through or across.
--yn abciraxu. To import.
--yn jabuγulxu. To apply generally; to put into general practice.
--yn uxaγulxu. To propagandize.
bicizy --ky. To communicate in writing.
cakilγan i --ky. To conduct electricity.
cakilγan i --ky ba --ky ygei bodas. Conductors and nonconductors of electricity.
cakilγan medege --ky. To send a telegram, communicate by telegraph.
sojul i olan dur --ky. To spread civilization among the people.
surtal --ky. To propagate teachings or theories, agitate.
tegegeky --ky jabudal. Transportation, transfer.

yge --zy keleky. To make oneself understood;
zam --ky. To open a road, blast a trail.

NEBTEREGYLYGCI / НЭВТРҮҮЛЭГЧ
n. One who transmits; inculcates, etc.; propagator, agitator; importer.
cakilγan medege --. Telegrapher.
radio ber [or aγar ijer] medege --. Radio telegrapher.

NEBTERELCE- / НЭВТРЭЛЦЭХ
[v. coop. of nebtere-] To be in connection, have connection.
cimege --ky. To exchange news or letters, correspond.
kele --ky. To [be able to] communicate in a language.
mongγul kele ber --ky. To communicate in Mongolian.
xarilcan --ky [jabudal]. Communication, intercourse.
xudalduγ-a --ky. To have commercial relations.

NEBTERKEI / НЭВТЭРХИЙ
adj. and adv. Pierced; soaked; all the way through; thorough(ly).
-- jar-a. [Ko.] Fistula; open boil.
-- medeky. To know thoroughly.
-- toli. Encyclopedia.

NEFTI / НЕФТЬ
[R нефть] n. Petroleum, mineral oil.

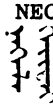
NEGE- / НЭЭХ
[= negege-] v.t. To open.
dangsa --ky. To open an account.
egyde --ky. To open the door.
pyyse --ky. To open a shop.
xural [i] --ky. To open a meeting, have a conference.

NEGEGDE- / НЭЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of nege-.

NEGEGE-, etc.
See nege-, etc.

NEGELEGEI / НЭЭЛГИЙ
n. Cover, lid; carapace, shell of testaceans.

NEGELEGEITEI / НЭЭЛГИЙТЭЙ



adj. Having a cover or lid.
-- ajaγ-a. Cup with a lid.

NEGELGE / НЭЭЛГЭ



n. The act of opening.

NEGELGE- / НЭЭЛГЭХ



v. caus. of nege-.

NEGELTE / НЭЭЛТ



n. Opening
angxan u -- . The first opening (of a theater), premiere; the first meeting.

NEGELTETEI / НЭЭЛТТЭЙ



adj. Open, opened.

NEGER / НЕГР



n. Negro.

NEGY- / НҮҮХ



v.i. To nomadize, move from place to place, change pasture grounds; to trek, migrate; to move to a new place.
--zy zailaxu. To evacuate.

NEGYDEL / НҮҮДЭЛ



n. and adj. Nomadizing, nomadic life; nomad camp; transhumance; itinerant, traveling.
-- kiky ≈ negy-.
-- yn baidal. Nomad life, condition; transhumation.
-- yn bairi. Nomadic camp.
-- yn γazar. Nomadic camp.
-- yn xudalduγ-a. Traveling store.

NEGYDELCI(N) / НҮҮДЭЛЧ



n. and adj. Nomad, people living a nomadic life; migrant.
malcin -- . Cattle raising nomads.

NEGYDELLE- / НҮҮДЭЛЛЭХ



v.i. To live a nomadic life, nomadize, wander, migrate.

NEGYLCE- / НҮҮЛЦЭХ



v. coop. of negy-.

NEGYLGE- / НҮҮЛГЭХ



[v. caus. of negy-] To move, cause to nomadize, transfer to another place, relocate.

--n iregylky. To bring in, relocate, resettle.

NEGYRESY(N) / НҮҮРС



n. Coal; charcoal; ashes.
-- bolxu. To be[come] carbonized or charred; to be reduced to ashes.
--n kycil. Carbonic acid.
-- tørygci. Carbon.
cilaγun -- . Coal (mineral).
modun -- . Charcoal.

NEGYRESYSI- / НҮҮРСШИХ



v.i. To become carbonized; to burn black.

NEGYRESYTE- / НҮҮРСТЭХ



See negyresysi-.

NEGYRI / НҮҮРЬ



n. Camp of nomads; distance between camps of nomads.

NEI / НИЙ



adj., adv., and n. One and all; all together; in accord, jointly; all at once; accord.

NEICE / НИЙЦ



n. and adj. Conformity, agreement; harmony; sociable.

NEICE- / НИЙЦЭХ



v.i. To agree with; to unite, join; to be harmonious.

NEICESI / НИЙЦЭШ



-- ygei. Not conforming, not agreeing.

NEICETEI / НИЙЦТЭЙ



[≈ neicety] adj. Compliant, sociable, amiable, pleasant.

NEICETEIKEN / НИЙЦТЭЙХЭН



adj. and adj. Compliant, sociable, pleasant, amiable; amiably, in a friendly manner, peaceably, pleasantly.

NEICETY



See neicetei.

NEICILE- / НИЙЧЛЭХ



v.i. To be together, gather at one place; to have common property; to be friendly, in accord.

NEID- / НИЙДЭХ
v.i. and t. To be joined, tied, twisted; to unite, join.

NEIDEM / НИЙДЭМ
n. Totality.

NEIDKE- / НИЙТГЭХ
v.t. To unite, join, connect; to spin or twist (as thread).
degesy(n) --. To twist or splice a rope.
utasu --ky. To twist several strands into a thread, splice.

NEIDKEGYL- / НИЙТГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of nedike-.

NEIDKEMEL / НИЙТГЭМЭЛ
[n.d. of neidke-] adj. Joined, connected; braided, twisted.
-- utasu. Twisted thread.

NEIGECILE- / НИЙГЭЧЛЭХ
v.t. To make equal or uniform.

NEIGEDKE- / НИЙГТГЭХ
v.t To make equal or uniform.

NEIGEDKEGYL- / НИЙГТГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of neigedke-.

NEIGEM / НИЙГЭМ
n. and adj. Society, community; uniform, equal, alike, similar; social, public.
-- dajaγar. The whole society.
-- ijer delgeregsen. Widely spread or distributed.
-- ijer delgeregsen ebedcin. Widly spread or endemic disease[s].
-- sojul. Socialistic culture.
-- tegsi baidal. Social equality.
-- yn. Common, collective, social.
-- yn azu axui. Social economy.
-- yn sinzi baidal. Social form.
-- zirum. Socialism.
-- zirumtu. Socialist[ic].
-- zirumtu zøblel yn zasaγtu bygyde nairamdaxu orus ulus. Russian Socialist Federated Soviet Republic.
-- zirum un. Socialist[ic].
-- zirum un arad yzelten. Social democrats.

-- zirum un xubisxal. Socialist revolution.
-- zirum un zam. Socialistic way of development.
olan -- yn. Social.

NEIGEMCILE- / НИЙГЭМЧЛЭХ
v.t. To spread over the whole society, socialize.

NEIGEN / НИЙГЭН
adj. and adv. Equal[ly], uniform[ly]; same, alike; well-shaped, of good proportions; everywhere.
-- bejetei. With a well-proportioned body.

NEILE- / НИЙЛЭХ
v.i. a) To unite, join, connect; to gather together.
--gsen saba ud. Communicating vessels (phys.).
--n xuralduxu. To flock together, gather.
bej-e --ky. To unite in sexual intercourse.
bicig --ky. To collate texts.
daisun luγ-a --ky. To join the enemy.
γar --ky. To act jointly.
nam --ky. To join a party, enter a group.
nigen γazar tur --ky. To meet at one place.
xojaγula --zy jabumui. The two go together.

b) To correspond, agree; to be fitting; to conform, coincide.
josun luγ-a --ky. To agree with or conform to the rules, manners or habits.
sanaγ-a --ky. To be in agreement with somebody.
sanaγ-a dur --ky. To please.
sanal --ky. To be congenial.
sanal yly --ky. To disagree, not to come to an agreement.
sekdil --ky. To be in agreement, have an understanding with somebody.
yge --ky. To speak or act in collusion.

c) To meet (e.g. frontiers or ends).
zax-a --ky. To border, be contiguous.

d) To sharpen slightly (a knife, etc.).

NEILEBYRI / НИЙЛБЭР
n. Union, concord; agreement; joining, connection

NEILEGYL- / НИЙЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of neile-] a) To draw together; to pair, mate (animals), unite, combine, join, match; to add to.
ama -ky. To bring face to face, confront.
xubi --ky. To contribute a share, become a shareholder.

b) To coordinate; to bring into agreement with; to adapt; to collate.

--yn sinzileky. To collate, compare critically (as texts), be engaged in a comparative study.

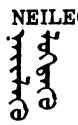
--yn yzeky. To compare, collate.

baidal dur -- . To make something fit the circumstances.

sanal --ky. To coordinate or bring into agreement (opinions).

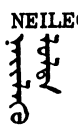
c) To compile.

--zy zokijaxu. To compile.



NEILEGYLYGDE- / НИЙЛҮҮЛЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of neilegyl-.



NEILEGYLYLTE / НИЙЛҮҮЛЭЛТ

n. Connection, joining, uniting; compilation; coition.



NEILELCE- / НИЙЛЭЛЦЭХ

[v. coop. of neile-] v.i. To join, assemble, gather; to agree, be in harmony, fit, correspond, match.

--ky ygei. Does not conform, agree; is not right or fitting.

asiγ tusa du --ky. To answer the interests of; to be in one's interests.

surtal luγ-a --ky. To conform with the theory, habit, custom, doctrine.



NEILELDY- / НИЙЛЭЛДЭХ

[v. rec. of neile-] v.i. To be together (of a number of persons); to join together, gather.



NEILELDYGYL- / НИЙЛЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of neileldy-] v.t. To gather at one place; to join; to conciliate, make agree.



NEILELGE / НИЙЛЛЭГ

n. The act of neile-.



NEILELTE / НИЙЛЭЛТ

n. Union, unity; alliance, coalition, confederation; coincidence; concurrence; confluence of rivers.



NEILEMZI / НИЙЛЭМЖ

n. Sociability, harmony, agreement, correspondence; decency.

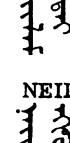
-- ygei. Disagreement, discord; quarrelsome, unsociable; not corresponding.

-- zokimzi. Harmony, agreement.



NEILEMZITEI / НИЙЛЭМЖТЭЙ

adj. Harmonious, corresponding, appropriate; amiable, sociable; decorous, decent



NEILENGGYI

Same as neilengkei.



NEILENGKEI / НИЙЛЭНХИЙ

adj. and adv. All, whole, entire; in general; altogether



NEILENGKEILE- / НИЙЛЭНХИЙЛЭХ

v.t. To bring together, unite.



NEIS / НИЙС

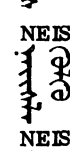
[= nais] n. Accord, unanimity; agreement of opinion, harmony of thoughts.

-- ygei. Disagreement.



NEISLE- / НИЙСЛЭХ

v.t. To found a capital city.



NEISLEGYL- / НИЙСЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of neisle-.



NEISLEL / НИЙСЛЭЛ

n. Capital of a country, metropolis.

-- xota. Capital of a country, metropolis.



NEITE / НИЙТ

adj., adv., and n. All, everything; common. general; together; in general, commonly; society, community, public; total.

-- ber. All; generally, collectively, together.

-- dy toγtaγaγsan. Generally established.

-- jin. Common, general, public, collective.

-- jin baidal. Social conditions.

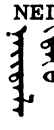
-- jin baiγululγ-a. Public establishment or organization.

-- jin cerig yn alba. General [compulsory] military service.

-- jin ed yn zasaγ sinzileky uxaγan. Political economy (as a science).
-- jin ed yn zasaγ. Economics.
-- jin kele. Common language.
-- jin songγulta jin erke. Common suffrage.
-- jin xauli josu. Common law or custom.
-- neigem. All in general, together, totally.
-- olan ж olan -- .
-- tobcij-a. General division.
-- toγ-a. Total number, total amount.
arad -- jin azu axui. People's economy.
narin -- ber. Accurately, precisely.
olan -- . All, the masses, society.
olan -- jin. Belonging to the masses or the community.
ulus -- . The whole community, the country.


NEITEGER
See neite ber.


NEITELE- НИЙТЛЭХ
v.t. To publish, print; to publicize, announce, advertise.
keblen --ky. To publish; to be published.
todurxailan --ky. To announce clearly.
zarlan --ky. To publish or announce (as a governmental order).

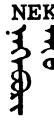

NEITELEGDE- / НИЙТЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of neitele-.


NEKE-, 1. / НЭХЭХ
v.t. To claim, demand; to exact; to pursue in order to seize; to seek.
--zy abxu. To exact.
--zy daγaxu. To pursue relentlessly.
--zy ergymzileky. To bestow a posthumous title or rank.
jal-a --ky. To prosecute, accuse of a crime.
øri --ky. To collect a debt, demand payment; to demand a favor in return, " cash in on ."
xoina ece --ky. To pursue, run after.


NEKE-, 2. / НЭХЭХ
v.t. To knit; to weave.
bøs --ky. To weave cotton cloth.
oimusu --ky. To knit socks.

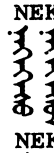

NEKEBYRI, 1. / НЭХВЭР
n. Persecution, pursuing, chasing, pursuit; demand.


NEKEBYRI, 2. / НЭХВЭР
n. Weaving, knitting.


NEKEBYRILE- / НЭХВЭРЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To pursue, chase; to demand, claim.

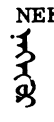

NEKEGDE- / НЭХЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of neke-, 1 and 2.


NEKEGE
n. The act of neke-, 1 and 2.


NEKEGESY(N) / НЭХЭЭС
n. Knitting; textile, woven material.


NEKEGYL / НЭХҮҮЛ
n. Pursuit, chase.


NEKEGYL- / НЭХҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of neke-.


NEKEGYR / НЭХҮҮР
n. Knitting needles; knitting equipment; fabric, cloth.


NEKEI / НЭХИЙ
n. and adj. Sheepskin with its wool; fur-lined.
-- debel. Sheepskin coat, furcoat.
bydygyn -- . Coarse sheepskin.
narin -- . Fine sheepskin.


NEKELCE- / НЭХЭЛЦЭХ
v. coop. of neke-.


NEKELEI / НЭХЛИЙ
n. and adj. Bastard; illegitimate (of a child).
-- keyked. Illegitimate child.


NEKELTE / НЭХЭЛТ
n. Demand; persecution, pursuit; prosecution, lawsuit.

NEKEMEL / НЭХМЭЛ



[n. d. of neke-] adj. and n. Woven, knitted; textile, woven material or goods.
-- ed. Woven or knitted articles.
xolbuxu --. Connecting tissue.

NEKEMZI / НЭХЭМЖ



n. Pursuit, chase; claim.

NEKEMZILE- / НЭХЭМЖЛЭХ



v.t. To exact, claim, demand; to sue; to search, look for; to chase.
--gci. Plaintiff; prosecutor; pursuer.
--n abxu. To demand.
--n boduxu. To think of the past, reminisce.
siγardan --ky. To demand emphatically, insist.

NELCELZE-



v.i. To stretch while running (of horses).

NELDEGER / НЭЛДГЭР



See naldaγar.

NELEGER / НЭЛГЭР



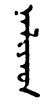
adj. Wide, vast.

NELEI- / НЭЛИЙХ



v.i. To be wide, vast.
--gsen jeke tal-a γazar. A vast steppe.

NELIJED / НЭЛЭЭД



[= nelijen, nilijed] adj. and adv. Very significant, considerable, considerably.
-- bolba. [That] was long ago; [the number or amount] has become considerable.
-- erten ece. Since long ago.
-- jeke. Significant, quite substantial, big.
-- olan. Great many, considerable in number, quite a lot, quite a few.
-- toγ-a A considerable amount, number.
-- toγan u. Numerous.
-- udaγan edyr bolba. It has been some time.
casun -- oruba. It snowed a lot.

NELLJEL



[Go.] n. Inclination, craving for, bent; temptation.

NELLJEN / НЭЛЭЭН , НИЛЭЭН



See nelijed.

NEME- / НЭМЭХ



v.t. To add, supplement, increase.
--gsen øngge. See under øngge.
--ky demdeg. Plus sign (+).
--zy. Increasingly, more
--zy byridkeky. To supplement (lit.: to make complete by supplementing).
--zy ergymzileky. To confer an additional honorary title.
--zy øg! Give more!
--zy øgky. To give in addition; to add.
yn-e --ky. To increase the price.
zerge --ky. To promote; to advance (in rank or office).

NEMEGDE- / НЭМЭГДЭХ



[v. pass. of neme-] To be added; to increase.
--n øsky. To grow, increase
olasiran --ky. To grow, increase.

NEMEGDEGYL- / НЭМЭГДҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of nemegde-.
--yn urtudxaxu. To lengthen.
astγ orulγ-a ji --ky. To increase income or revenue.
degesilegylyn --ky. To raise, increase.
kyсyn [i] --ky. To increase power; to intensify, cause to be strong.
zarudal i --ky. To increase expenses.

NEMEGDEKYN / НЭМЭГДЭХҮҮН



n. Addition, supplement.

NEMEGL L / НЭМЭГДЭЛ



n. Increase, growth, addition.

NEMEGESY(N) / НЭМЭЭС



n. Addition; appendix, supplement; increase.

NEMEGESYLE- / НЭМЭЭСЛЭХ



v.t. To add for the second time.

NEMEGYL- / НЭМҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of neme-.

NEMEGYN / НЭМҮҮН
adj. Soft; gentle; pliable.

NEMEGYRE- / НЭМҮҮРЭХ
v.i. To become soft; to thaw.

NEMEGYRI / НЭМҮҮР
n. Addition; augmentation; supplement, increase.

NEMEGYRITEI / НЭМҮҮРТЭЙ
[= nemegyrity] adj. Having an increase, addition or supplement; additional supplementary, complimentary; profitable, useful.

NEMEGYY / НЭМҮҮ
adj. Additional.
-- ørteg. Additional cost.

NEMELGE / НЭМЛЭГ
n. Addition, appendix, supplement; increase; extension.

NEMELTE / НЭМЭЛТ
n. Addition, supplement, postscript.
-- bolγan . As an addition, in addition.
-- jin temdeg. Plus sign (+).
øsylte -- . Increase, growth.

NEMERI / НЭМЭР
n. Addition, supplement, incraease, contribution.
-- bolxu. To contribute.
-- øgky. To give help; to contribute.
azil du -- bolxu. To contribute to the work.

NEMERILE- / НЭМЭРЛЭХ
v.t. To add, increase, augment; to supplement; to contribute (to a collection, fund).
mønggy --ky. To contribute money.

NEMERILEGYL- / НЭМРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of nemerile-.

NEMERILELCE- / НЭМЭРЛЭЛЦЭХ
v. coop. of nemerile-.

NEMERITEI / НЭМЭРТЭЙ
[= nemerity] adj. With a supplement, addition or appendix; additional, supplementary.

NEMESKI- / НЭМСГИЙХ
v.t. To add a little.

NEMNE- / НЭМНЭХ
v.t. To cover with a horse-cloth.

NEMNEGE / НЭМНЭЭ
n. Horse-cloth.

NEMYR / НӨМӨР
See nemyri.

NEMYR- / НӨМРӨХ
[= nømyr-] v.t. To throw or wear a garment over one's shoulder; to protect or cover (as against the weather).
kønzil ijen --ky. To throw one's blanket over one's back.

NEMYRGE(N) / НӨМРӨГ
[= nømyrge(n)] n. Cloak, mantle; blanket, cover; horse blanket; shelter.

NEMYRGE- / НӨМӨРГӨХ
v. caus. of nemyr-.

NEMYRI / НӨМӨР
[= nemyr, nømyr, nømyri] n. Shelter, cover (as against wind or rain); lee side.
-- γazar. Shelter.

NEMYRILE- / НӨМӨРЛӨХ
[= nømyrile-] v.t. and i. To make a cover, shelter; to cover oneself agianst inclement weather; to hide.
salkin ece --ky. To protect oneself from the wind.

NENG / НЭН(Г)
adv. Still [more], by far, farther.
-- baγ-a. Much smaller than.
-- darui. Immediately, right away; in hurried succession.
-- darui jin. The very next, immediate.
-- ilegyy. Evermore.
-- jeke. Still bigger.
-- jekedky. To become still greater, larger, more grave.
-- olan. Multitude; more and more.
-- sain. Better yet.
-- terigyn-e = -- terigyn dyr. Above all, first of all.
-- xurdun . More quickly.
-- ylemzi. Much more.
urid ece -- baγ-a bolba. [It] became still smaller than the previous one (of than before).

NENGDE- / НЭНДЭХ

v.i. To take a turn for the worse; to become more intense, grave.
--zy jekedky. To become more intense, grave.
ebedcin --be. The illness became worse.
γal un utaγan --zy baimui. The fire makes too much smoke.

NENGDEGDE- / НЭНДЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of nengde-.

NENGSI-

[Go.] v.i. To become accustomed, habituated; to strike up a friendship.

NENGTE / НЭНТ

adv. Furthermore.

NENGZI- / НЭГЖИХ

v.i. To search, ransack; to inspect, examine, reconnoitre.
--n baicaγaγci. Inspector (of customs, etc.).
--n baicaγaxu. To search, examine.
bej-e --ky. To search a person.
ger --ky. To search a house.

NENGZIGE / НЭГЖЭЭ

n. Search, inspection.

NENGZIGYL / НЭГЖҮҮЛ

n. Search, inspection.

NENGZIGYL- / НЭГЖҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of nengzi-.

NENGZILGE / НЭГЖЛЭГЭ

n. Search, inspection.

NERBE- / НЭРВЭХ

[= nerme-] v.t. To torment, to depress, dispirit, aggravate (harm, evil); to irritate (a wound).
--n xabcixu. To oppress.
gem --ky. To aggravate an evil.
jar-a --ky. To irritate a wound.

NERBEGDE- / НЭРВЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of nerbe-] To be oppressed; to suffer from something, suffer damage; to be hit by.

ebedcin zobalang dur --ky. To be hit by illness and suffering.

NERBEGDEL / НЭРВЭГДЭЛ

n. Torment, suffering, affliction, distress.

NERBEGDEMEL / НЭРВЭГДМЭЛ

[n.d. of nerbegde-] adj. Oppressed, troubled, tormented, suffering from, hit by.

NERBEGYL- / НЭРВҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of nerbe-.

NER-E / НЭР

n. a) Name, appellation; title.
-- ben biciky. To sign (one's name).
-- colu. Name and title; honorary title.
-- jin dour-a. In or under the name of.
-- jin xaγudasu. List of names; name card, visiting card.
-- orulcaxu. To enter one's name, register for participation; to participate.
-- øgky. To give a name.
-- solixu. To change the name.
baγ-a --. Nickname given to a young child.
dangsan [u] --. Registered "official" name of a person.
nilx-a --. Name given to an infant (to be replaced after some years by the "official" name - dangsan u ner-e).
xural du -- orulcaxu. To participate in a meeting.
b) Good reputation, good name; fame.
-- abxu. To become famous, win fame, make a name for oneself.
-- aldar = aldar --. See aldar.
-- aldarsixu. To become famous, win fame, make a name for oneself.
-- aldaxu. To lose one's reputation.
-- bytyn. Of unblemished name or reputation
-- γaruγsan. Famous, well-known.
-- γarxu. To become famous.
-- inu maγu. Ill-famed.
-- kyndy ji aldaγdaγulxu. To cause one to lose his reputation or authority.
-- kyndytei. Of good reputation; respected, popular, authoritative.
-- niγur. Reputation.
-- olxu. To make a name for oneself, acquire fame, win honor.
-- syr. Fame and grandeur.

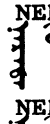
-- toxuxu. To brand with a [bad] name, stigmatize.
-- xuγuraxu. To lose one's reputation.
-- zil asaγuxu. To ask name and date of birth.
maγu -- zaγun zil. A bad name lasts a hundred years (prov.).
xar-a --. Bad reputation. See under a.

c) Nomenclature, term.
-- dokij-a. Term, terminology.
-- tomij-a. Term, terminology.

d) Noun (gram.).
-- yge. Noun.
-- yge jin nøkycel. Noun suffix.
onuγaγsan --. Proper noun.
zingkini --. Noun, substantive.



NERE- / НЭРЭХ
v.t. To distill wine; to fill a paipe.
γangsan du tamiki --ky. To fill a pipe.



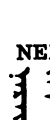
NEREDE- / НЭРДЭХ
v.t. and i. To give a name; to be known as..



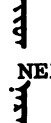
NEREGYL- / НЭРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of nere-.



NEREID- / НЭРИЙДЭХ
v.t. and i. To call, name, give a name, to be known as; to be famous.
--ygsen. Named; famed.
--yn daγudaxu. To call by the name of...



NEREIDKEL / НЭРИЙТГЭЛ
adj. Nominal.
-- ner-e. Common noun.



NEREIDYL / НЭРИЙДЭЛ, НЭРИЙДЛЭГ
n. Appellation, name; pretext, pretense.
-- ijer. Under the pretext of; under the cloak of.

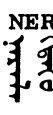


NEREIDYLTEI / НЭРИЙДЭЛТЭЙ
[= nereidylty] adj. Having a name; called, named; famous.



NERELE- / НЭРЛЭХ
v.t. To name, call, refer to by name.
--gci. Naming, calling; nominative case (gram.).

--gci tein ilγal = --ky ilγal. The nominative case (gram.).
ner-e ji --ky. To call or mention somebody by name; to invoke the name of...



NERELEGDE- / НЭРЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of nerele-.



NERELEGYL- / НЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of nerele-.



NERELGE / НЭРЭЛГЭ
n. Distillation of wine.



NERELKE- / НЭРЛЭХЭХ
v.i. To be pretentious, proud.



NERELKEG / НЭРЛЭХЭГ
adj. Pretentious, proud, vainglorious.



NERELKEL / НЭРЛЭХЭЛ
n. Pride, pretentiousness.



NEREMEL / НЭРМЭЛ
[n.d. of nere-] adj. Distilled.
-- araki. Distilled liquor.



NEREMZITY / НЭРЭМЖИТ
adj. Called, named after.
Coibalsang un --. Named after Choibalsang.



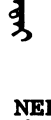
NERES / НЭРС
Plural of ner-e.



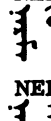
NERESI- / НЭРШИХ
v.t. and i. To be called, named; to acquire a name or a nickname.



NERETEI / НЭРТЭЙ
[= nerety] adj. Having a name; famous, renowned, celebrated.
batu gedeg --. A man called Batu.



NERME- / НЭРМЭХ
See nerbe-, etc.



NERMESYLE- / НЭРМЭСЛЭХ
v.t. To torment; to wear out or exhaust (of a person).

NERSY(N) / НЭРС
n. Blueberry.

NESI / НЭШ
n. Blood from an animal.

NI / НЬ
Used for anu, inu.

NIB / НИВ
Particle intensifying the following adj. or adv. beginning with ni.
-- nimegen. Very thin.

NIBPON
[J. Nippon - Nihon] n.p. One of the transcriptions for Japan.

NIBSIRE- / НЭВШРЭХ
v.i. To be exhausted, break down.
--tel-e zancixu. To beat one until he collapses.

NIBSIREGYL- / НЭВШРУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of nibsire-.

NICA / НЯЦ
adv. part. Asunder, into small pieces.
-- daruxu. To press or crush to pieces.
-- nicalaxu. To crush or smash to pieces.

NICACI- / НЯЦЧИХ
v.t. To grate, break up, crush.

NICALA- / НЯЦЛАХ
[= nicula-] v.t. To break into pieces, smash, crush.

NICARA- / НЯЦРАХ
v.i. To be smashed, crushed; to become bruised.

NICIGINA- / НИЧГЭНЭХ
v.i. To crackle.

NICU- / НЯЦАХ
v.i. To go back, give up, fail to carry through.
bucaxu --xu ygei. Without giving up, persevering.

NICUGA- / НЯЦААХ
See nicuɣul-.

NICUGALTA / НЯЦААЛТ
n. Repulse, repelling.
xariɣu --. Counterblow.

NICUGUL- / НЯЦУУЛАХ
[= nicuɣa-] v.t. To turn back; to repulse, repel.
egegylyn --xu. To repulse, rebuff.

NICUL / НЯЦАЛ
n. The act of nicu-.

NICULA /
[S. nicula] n. Barringtonia acutangula.

NICULA-
See nicala-

NICULG-A / НЯЦЛАГА
n. The act of nicu-; returning, return.

NICULTA / НЯЦАЛТ
n. The act of nicu-.
bucalta -- ygei. Without retreating, persistent.

NICYGYLE- / НУЦГЭЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To strip, undress, bare.

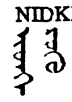
NICYGYLEGYL- / НУЦГЭЛУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of nicygyle-.

NICYGYN / НУЦГЭН
n. Nude, naked; bare, barren.
-- aɣula. Bare mountain.

NIDKEL / НЭТГЭЛ
n. Scum of liquids; scum formed on boiling meat or milk. [Ko.] Dregs, grounds, sediment.

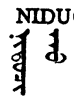
NIDKERE- / НЭТГЭРЭХ
v.i. and t. To form scum; to be twisted; to twist.
sily --ky. To form scum on soup.
utasu --ky. To twist threads.

NIDKEREGDE- / НЭТГЭРЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of nidkere-.



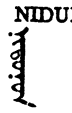
NIDKERY-

See nidkere-.



NIDUCI- / НУДЧИХ

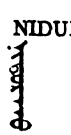
[= nuduci-] v.t. To strike with the fist.



NIDUNUN / НОДНИН

n. Last year

-- zil. Last year.



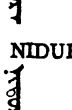
NIDUR- / НУДРАХ

[= nidura-] v.t. To strike or beat with the fist[s]; to push or nudge with the elbow.



NIDURA-

See nidur-.



NIDURГ-A / НУДРАГА

n. Fist; kulak; the cuffs of a Mongolian long coat (Ch. ma-t'i-hsiu 馬蹄袖).

-- bajacud i arilγaxu. To liquidate the kulaks.

-- nuγusu. [Ko.] A small duck with delicate flesh.



NIDURГALA- / НУДРАГАЛАХ

v.t. To hit with the fist; to threaten with the fist; to push gently with the fist in order to draw a person's attention to something.



NIDUXAN

[Ko.] n. Nitre, saltpetre.



NIDY(N) / НУД

n. Eye; anything resembling the eye in shape; meshes of a net , etc.

-- bylteigsen. Goggle-eyed, pop-eyed.

-- ciki ygei sirui oruba. The sand has penetrated into the eyes and ears.

-- maγutai. Having poor or defective vision.

--n y dalda. Out of sight, behind somebody's back.

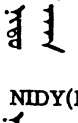
--n y surmusu . Eyelashes.

--n y uγurxai. Eye socket.

--n y xar-a. Iris of the eye.

--n y xongxur. Eye socket.

caγan -- . The white of the eye.



NIDY- / НУДЭХ

[= nydy-] v.t. To pound, powder, crush, pulverize.

cai --ky. To pound brick tea.

kemkeretel-e --ky. To crush, powder, pulverize.



NIDYBCI / НУДЭВЧ

n. Cover for the eyes.



NIDYGDE- / НУДЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of nidy-.



NIDYGYR / НУДУУР

n. Mortar; pestle.



NIDYLE- / НУДЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To look, eye; to watch with fixed attention; to bully, blame, find fault with.

--zy talbixu. To lay out in patterns (as. tiles).

bitegei tegyn i -- ! Don't bully him!

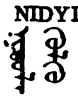


NIDYLEGYL- / НУДЛУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of nidyle-.

NIDYTEI / НУДТЭЙ

adj. Having eyes, with eyes.



NIГ / НЯГ, НИГ

adj. and adv. Solid[ly], dense[ly], condensed.

-- uryuγsan buryasu. Dense thicket.



NIГA- / НААХ , etc.

See naγa- , etc.



NIГCU

See iγcu, also niγta.



NIГTA / НЯГТ

adj. and adv. Thick[ly], dense[ly], compact[ly] ; thorough[ly], accurate[ly].

-- medeky. To know for sure, know thoroughly.

-- øgesi. A net with small meshes.

-- sir-a. [Gu.] Box-wood (tree).

-- xolbuγ-a . Close relation, union or alliance.

narin -- . In detail.



NIГTADA / НЯГТАД

adv. form of niγta.

NIГTALA- / НЯГТЛАХ
v.t. and i. To be careful; to do something thoroughly, with attention; to correct, check, examine, scrutinize.
--n boduγci. Bookkeeper.
--n sigymzileky. To discuss in detail.

NIГTALAГDA- / НЯГТЛАГДАХ
v. pass. of niγtala-.

NIГTALAГUL- / НЯГТЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of niγtala-.

NIГTALAL / НЯГТЛАЛ
n. Thorough examination, research, study.

NIГTARA- /НЯГТРАХ
[= niγta bolxu] v.i. To thicken, become compact or dense.

NIГTAXAN / НЯГТХАН
adj. Accurate, careful; close, dense, thick.

NIГU / НУГА
n. Meadow.

NIГU- / НУУХ
v.t. To hide, conceal, keep secret.
--n. Secretly, surreptitiously.
--n nebteregylky. To smuggle, import secretly.
--n nebteregylygsen [ed] baraγ-a. Contraband, smuggled goods.
--xu γazar. Shelter, place to hide.
--zu daldalaxu. To hide, conceal.
--zu saγuxu. To hide oneself; to live incognito, in hiding.
yge --xu. To keep a secret.

NIГUCA / НУУЦ
n. and adj. Secret; mystery; hidden, mysterious.
-- baiγululγ-a. Secret or underground organization.
-- ber. Secretly, surreptitiously, stealthily; incognito.
-- bicig. Secret document.
-- bolγaxu. To make or keep secret.
-- gesigyn. Secret member.
-- ner-e. Pseudonym, secret name.
-- orun. Secret place; pudenda, anus.

-- sakíxu. To keep secret, keep a secret.
-- temdeg. Secret code.
-- yge. Secret talk; password.
-- ysyg. Secret cipher, code.
-- ysyg ijer biciky. To write in cipher or code.

NIГUCAГA- / НУУЦГААХ
[v. pl. of niγu-] To conceal, hide (said of a number of persons).

NIГUCALA- / НУУЦЛАХ
v.t. To conceal, hide; to make secret, mysterious; to obscure.

NIГUDAL / НУУДАЛ
n. Secret; concealment. [Gu.] The three hot ten day periods after the summer solstice.

NIГUГDA- / НУУГДАХ
[v. pass. of niγu-] To be hidden, concealed.
--n daruγdaxu. To be covered; to be hidden and suppressed.

NIГUГDAГUL- / НУУГДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of niγuγda-] v.t. To hide, conceal.

NIГUГDAL / НУУГДАЛ
n. Concealing, hiding; secretiveness.

NIГUГDAMAL / НУУГДМАЛ
[n.d. of niγuγda-] adj. Hidden, concealed; latent, potential.
-- kycy. Potential strength, hidden power.
-- mederel. Subconsciousness.

NIГUL
-- ygegyi-e. Without concealing, openly.
-- ygei jarixu. To talk frankly or candidly.

NIГUL- / НУГАЛАХ
See nuγul-.

NIГULCA- / НУУЛЦАХ
v. coop. of niγu-.

NIГULDU- / НУУЛДАХ
v. rec. of niγu-.

NIГULГA- / НУУЛГ'АХ

v. caus. of niγu-.

NIГUMAL / НУУМАЛ

[n.d. of niγu-] adj. Hidden, concealed.

-- sar-a. Intercalary month.

NIГUN / НУГУУН

[= nuγun] n. Boy, son.

NIГUR / НУУР

n. a) Face, image.

-- caixu. To turn pale in the face.

-- cirai. Face, physiognomy.

-- tulxu. To confront.

-- uciraxu. To meet face to face, meet personally.

-- ulaixu. To blush from shame, anger; to be angry; to be excited (as over an argument).

b) Surface; façade, front[age]; page.

-- un deger-e. On the surface.

baising un --. Facade of a building.

siregen y --. Table top.

c) Used in figurative and idiomatic expression, chiefly with the notion of honor, dignity, favor or shame.

-- aldaxu. To disgrace oneself, lose face.

-- baraxu. To lose face.

-- bøke. Shameless, impudent, unblushing.

-- ebdereky. To break up (v.i., of a friendship).

-- maγutai. With a scowling face; being disliked.

-- øgky. To give excessive praise, be overly kind, nice, considerate or respectful.

-- šangnaxu. To show consideration for someone or his wishes, express approval .

-- tal-a. "Face," cordial relations; favor, friendliness, friendship.

-- talbixu. To show favor, politeness; to yield for the sake of another.

-- xairalaxu. To give credit, praise, acknowledgment.

-- xalaxu. To be embarrassed.

-- xaraxu. To do something for the sake of friendship; to act with bias.

-- ygei. Shameless, impudent.

-- ygei bolγaxu. To dishonor, defame.

-- zuzaγan. Shameless, unblushing, impudent.

arban zil yn -- yzebe. [We are] facing the tenth year [of]; it is [our] tenth year.

maγu kymyn dy -- øgcy bolxu ygei. One should not show undeserved kindness or consideration for a bad person.

minu -- i xarazu tegyn i keltyrigyl. Pardon him for my sake.

minu -- tu maγuxai. It hurts my reputation or dignity.

NIГURCILA- / НУУРЧЛЭХ

v.i. To be partial to; to be biased.

--gci. A partial, biased person.

NIГURCILAL / НУУРЧЛЭЛ

n. Partiality, discrimination.

NIГURLA- / НУУРЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To look in the face; to meet face to face, come into the presence of.

NIГURSU(N) / НУГАРС

[= nuγursu(n)] n. Spinal marrow, spinal cord.

NIГURTAI / НУУРТЭЙ

[= niγurtu] adj. Respectable; [one who is] respected, favored.

NIГURTU / НУУРТ

See niγurtai.

NIГUS / НУГАС

Adverb expressive of sudden bending.

-- geky. To bend suddenly.

køl inu --kizy jabuba. [His] legs suddenly failed him, i.e. [he] became weak in the knees.

NIГUSKI- / НУГАСХИЙХ

[= naγuski-] v.t. To conceal, hide.

NIGE(N) / НЭГ

a) num. and adv. One; the same; once; expresses momentaneous aspect when used before a verb.

-- ber. Alone.

-- busu. Not one; more than once.

-- byri. Each individually.

-- caγ. One hour; one o'clock.

-- cy. See nigecy.

-- dour-a. On the spot, right where one is; together.

--(n) dy = nigedyger ty. In the first place, first of all.
--n graγ. One week.
--n-e. See nigen-e.
-- nıge ber. One by one, one at a time, one after another, each individually, point by point.
-- nigen degen. To each other, one another; mutually
-- sar-a. One month.
--n tal-a ber... nøgyge tal-a ber. On the one hand ... on the other hand.
-- udaγ-a. Once, one time.
-- xarγuitu. Single track.
-- xaskirxu. To give a shout.
ta -- yze! Have a look!
yneker -- saixan sanaγdaba. Really for once [I] felt very happy.

b) Somebody; something; a certain; any.

-- caγ tu. Once upon a time; at one o'clock.
--n edyr. Some day, one day; once. See c.
aliba -- tal-a ber. From all sides or points, from any point of view.
alincu --n = alicu --n. Anyone.
izaγur -- axa degyy xojar baizu gen-e. Once upon a time there were a certain two brothers.
jam[b]ar cu --n. No matter who or what, whosoever, whatsoever.
zarim --n eteged. Certain persons or elements.

c) Single in kind, the same; undivided, united.

--[n] adali. The same or identical; of the same kind; similar; equal; together; in the same way.
--[n] cuγ. Together.
--[n] cuγ jabuxu. To go together.
--[n] daγuu ber. Unanimously, in unison.
--[n] deger-e. At the same time, simultaneously.
--[n] edyr. [On] the same day.
--[n] jangzutai. Similar, identical.
--[n] majiγ. Similar, identical.
--[n] mør bolxu. To become uniform.
--[n] mør yn. Uniform (adj.).
--[n] neretei. Of the same name, namesake.
--[n] obuγtai. Of one family, of the same family, clan; of the same surname.
--[n] xamtu. Together, along with; at the same time.

tegyn lyge --n adali. The same as that (or he, she, it).

d) The first (of the month).

mai sar-a jin --n y edyr. First of May.

NIGEBYRI / НЭГБҮР
[= nıge byri] Each individually, every, all.
arad --. Every single one of the arad (q.v.).
arad -- jin emyn-e tulγaraγsan egyrge. The responsibility put before each arad (q.v.).

NIGECE / НЭГЦ
n. Unit (math).

NIGECY / НЭГ Ч
[= nigency] Even one; whosoever; (with negation) nobody, not one.
-- dutaγdal ygei irecegezykyi. Everyone of them came.
-- mønggy olduγsan ygei. Not a single penny was received.

NIGED- / НЭГДЭХ
v.t. and i. To unite, federate; to agree, be in harmony.
--ygsen yndysyten y baiγululγ-a. United Nations.
der-e --ky. " The sharing of the pillow" (wedding custom).
eb --ky. To be in agreement or harmony.

NIGEDKE- / НЭГТГЭХ
[v. caus. of niged-] To unite, bind, join, combine.
--n daγaγulxu. To unite and make follow; to have the chief command of united armed forces.
kycy ben --ky. To combine, unite one's forces.
xurijangγuilan --ky. To gather together; to summarize; to unite.

NIGEDKEGDE- / НЭГТГЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of nigedke-.

NIGEDKEGYL- / НЭГТГҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of nigedke-.

NIGEDKEL / НЭГТГЭЛ
n. The act of nigedke-, uniting; union.

NIGEDYGER / НЭГДҮГЭЭР
num. adj. First, of the first or best kind.
-- bej-e. First person (gram.).
-- ty. First[ly], above all, in the first place.
xamuγ un -- ty. First of all, above all, in the first place.

NIGEDYL / НЭГДЭЛ
n. Union, unification, solidarity, unity, accord, block. [Ri.] Artel.
batu --. Solid unity; solidification, solidarity.
eb --. Solidarity

NIGEDYMEL / НЭГДМЭЛ
[n.d. of niged-] adj. United, solid, close - knit, monolithic (fig.).
-- front. United front.
-- kycy. Solid forces.

NIGEKEN / НЭГХЭН
limit. num. Only one.
ecys tyr -- ber yledeky ygei. Finally not a single one will remain.

NIGEMYSYN / НЭГМӨСӨН
adv. All together; all at once, simultaneously; once and for all.
-- gyicegecij-e ! [Let me, us, etc.] finish it (up) once and for all.

NIGENCY
See nigecy.

NIGEN-E
adv. Together; at one place.
-- saγuxu. To sit together.

NIGENTE / НЭГЭНТ
[= nigentei, nigentei-e] adv. Once, one day, one time; already.
xuγucaγ-a anu -- daγusba. The term has already expired.

NIGE[N]TEGEGYR / НЭГЭН ТЭЭГҮҮР
On the one hand... ; simultaneously.
-- ... nøgyge tegegyr. ... on the one hand ... on the other hand.

NIGENTEGESI / НЭГЭН ТИЙШ
See under tegesi.

NIGENTEI / НЭГЭНТИЙ
See nigente

NIGENTEI-E
See nigente.

NIGETEI / НЭГТЭЙ
adj. and adv. Having the same; also same as nigentei.

NIGI- / НИЙХ
v.t. To blow the nose .

NIGSI- / НЭГШИХ, НИГШИХ
v.i. To become spoiled or rancid (of food).

NIGSIGYRE- / НИГШҮҮРЭХ, НЭГШҮҮРЭХ
See zigsigyre-.

NIGYL / НҮГЭЛ
n. Sin.
-- bolxu. To sin.
-- i arilγaxu. To purify from sin.
-- yiledky. To commit a sin.
xara --. Great sin.

NIGYLES- / НИГҮҮЛСЭХ
v.i. To pity, be compassionate, merciful, sympathetic; to show grace, kindness.
-- ygci. Merciful, compassionate, sympathetic

NIGYLESKE- / НИГҮҮЛСГЭХ
[v. caus. of nigyles-] To excite pity, compassion.

NIGYLESKYI / НИГҮҮЛСЭХҮЙ
n. Pity, compassion, mercy, sympathy.
-- sedkil. A compassionate heart; compassion.

NIGYLESKYITY / НИГҮҮЛСЭХҮЙТ
adj. Compassionate, merciful, sympathetic.

NIGYLESYGDE- / НИГҮҮЛСЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of nigyles-.

NIGYLESYL / НИГҮҮЛСЭЛ
n. Mercy, clemency, compassion; grace.

NIGYLTEI / НҮГЭЛТЭЙ
adj. Sinful.
-- ! burxan u øgede xøl ijen bitegei zigi ! It is a sin! Don't point your feet toward Buddha's immage.
-- ! xacabci deger-e bitegei sayu! It is a sin! Don't sit on the threshold!

NIGYLTY / НҮГЭЛТ
adj. Sinful, sinner.
-- carcayai. Yellow locust.
-- yge. Sinful word.
-- yile. Sinful act.

NIGYRSY
n. A species of tree (Ch. su-mu 蘇木).

NIJAN /НЯН
n. Infection; epidemic.
-- [ebedcin]. Epidemic, pestilence.
-- xoruxai. Bacteria.

NIKERI
See iker-e.

NIL / НАЛ
[fr. S. nila "blue"] n. Indigo; ruby.
-- erdeni. Corundum, sapphire.

NILA- / НЯЛАХ
v.t. To smear, rub.

NILBU- / НҮЛМАХ
[= nilmu-] v.t. and i. To spit.

NILBUГUR / НҮЛМҮҮР
[= nilmuyur] n. Spittoon.

NILBUSU(N) / НҮЛМАС
[= nilmusu(n)] n. Tears, mucus, spittle.
-- yoyuzixu. To shed tears.
-- urusxayulxu. To shed tears.
nidyn y --. Tears.

NILBUSUDAГUL- / НҮЛМАСДҮҮЛАХ
v.t. To cause to weep.
--xu kei = --uyci kei. Tear gas.

NILCAГAI / НЯЛЦГАЙ
adj. Sticky, viscous; weak, without strength; tender; pulpy.
-- bay-a nasun ece ekilen .... From [his] very infancy.
-- yulir. Sticky dough.

NILCAГAIRA- / НЯЛЦГАЙРАХ
v.i. To become weak, tender; to be[come] cooked and soft (of grain); to become sticky; to become pulpy.

NILCAГAR / НЯЛЦГАР
See nilcayai.

NILCAI- / НЯЛЦАЙХ
v.i. To become sticky, clammy; to give way (as mud or slush).

NILCIGINA- / НЯЛЧИГНАХ
v.i. To radiate (of heat).

NILCIGINAM-A / НЯЛЧИГНАМ
adj. Humid, unbearably sultry (heat).
-- xalayun. Unbearable heat, sultriness.

NILCUI- / НЯЛЦАЙХ
See nilcai-.

NILCUIM-A / НЯЛЦАЙМ
adj. Sticky, adhesive.

NILГU / НЯЛГА
n. Milt.

NILГURA- / НҮЛГАРАХ
[= nulyura-] v.i. To be overcooked; to fall to pieces from excessive cooking.

NILIG / НИЛЭГ
adj. Stinking, fetid, smelly.
-- ynyr. Offensive smell.

NILIJED / НИЛЭЭД
See nelijed.

NILMU- etc.
See nilbu-, etc.

NILTARA- / НЯЛТРАХ

v.i. To wear out; to become soft or overcooked (as meat when boiled until it comes off the bones); to become raw (as skin from scratching).

NILTARAGUL- / НЯЛТРУУЛАХ

v caus. of niltara-.

NILUGUN / НЯЛУУН

adj. Oily, greasy (taste); cloying, excessively sweet (taste); disgusting.

-- amta tai. Having a greasy taste.

NILUGURA- / НЯЛУУРАХ

v.i. To have an unpleasant taste in one's mouth after eating greasy or exceedingly sweet food.

NILUM / НОЛОМ

n. Brocade.

NILX-A / НЯЛХ, НИЛХ

[pl. nilxas, q.v.] n. and adj. Infant; tender.

-- bayacud. Little children.

-- ebesyn. Tender, young grass.

-- ji nirailaxu ary-a. Obstetrics.

-- keyked. Babies, little children.

-- købegyn. Baby son.

-- noitan. Infant[s].

NILXAGAR. / НЯЛХАГАР

adj. Soft, tender, youngish.

NILXAS / НЯЛХАС

pl. of nilx-a.

-- i kymyzigylky yazar. Kindergarten.

-- i tezijeky ger. Day nursery, creche, public nursery.

-- un kyrijeleng. Kindergarten.

NILZARAI / НЯЛЗРАЙ

adj. Newly-born, tender.

NIM

See im.

NIMA / НЯМ

[fr. T. nyi ma, sun] n. Sunday.

NIMAGAN

See imay-a(n).

NIMBAI / НЯМБАЙ

adj. and adv. Precise, accurate, careful; thorough.

narin --, Careful[ly], thorough[ly], in detail, close[ly].

NIMBAILA- / НЯМБАЙЛАХ

v.t. To do [something] carefully; to scrutinize.

NIMBEGE / НИМБЭГЭЭ

[S. Nimbūka, Citrus acida] n. Lemon, lime.

NIMEGEN / НИМГЭН , НЭМГЭН

See nimgen.

NIMGED - / НИМГЭДЭХ

v.i. To be too thin (of flat objects).

NIMGEDKE- / НИМГЭТГЭХ

[v. caus. of nimged -] To make thin.

xubcasu ben --ky. To take off some of one's clothing; to make a garment thin (e.g. by removing the lining).

NIMGEKEN / НИМГЭХЭН

adj. Somewhat thin (of flat objects).

NIMGELE- / НИМГЭЛЭХ

v.t. To make thin (of flat objects), reduce in thickness.

NIMGEN / НИМГЭН

[= nimegen] adj. Thin (of flat objects); shallow.

-- cayasu. Thin paper.

minu erdem --. My knowledge is shallow (an expression of modesty).

NIMGERE- / НИМГЭРЭХ

v.i. To become thin (of flat objects).

NIMGEREGYL- / НИМГЭРУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of nimgere-.

NIMNAГUN / НЯМНУУН

adj. Thin, emaciated (of animals).

NINCID-

See incid-.

NINGCEY

[Ch. ning-ch'ou 寧紬] n. Ningpo silk.

NIRAI / НЯРАЙ

adj. and n. New-born, baby; fresh, new.
nilx-a --. New -born child.

NIRAILA- / НЯРАЙЛАХ

v.t. To give birth.
--γsan ekener. Woman who has recently given birth to a child.
--xu du. At the time of birth.
--xu γazar. Maternity home or hospital.

NIRAIXAN / НЯРАЙХАН

adj. New-born; fresh.

NIRBA / НЯРАВ, НЯРВА

[T. nyer pa , storekeeper, steward] n. Cashier, bookkeeper, steward (usually in a monastery).
baraγn u --. Storekeeper.
mønggyn y --. Treasurer.

NIRBADA- / НЯРАВДАХ

v.i. To act, work as a nirba, be a steward; to keep books.

NIRDKI- / НЯРДХИЙХ

v.i. To make a cracking noise.

NIRGE- / НЭРГЭХ

v.t. To strike (as lightning); to rumble, roll.
tngri --ky. To be punished by heaven.

NIRUГU(N) / НУРУУ(Н)

n. a) Back, spine, backbone.
-- egyreky. To carry one's hands on the back.
-- γarxu. To suffer from an inflammation of the vertebrae (spondylitis).
--n u jasu. Spinal column, backbone.
--n u yj-e. Vertebra.

b) Stature, waist.
øndyr --. Tall stature.

c) Mountain range, watershed, divide.
aγula jin --. Mountain range.

d) Ridgepole; haystack.
baising un --. Ridgepole of a building.
γurban --. Three haystacks.
nojan --. Ridgepole.

e) General state or condition.
-- jambar bain-a? How is work coming?
azil un --. The state of the work.
dyng --. General condition or state.
γoul --. General state or condition.

NIRUГUBCI / НУРУУВЧ

n. A short cloak; girdle; saddle girth. [Go.] Estimation, sketch, plan. [Gu.] Part of armor covering the back.

NIRUГUBCILA- / НУРУУВЧЛАХ

v.t. To put on a saddle girth or a mantle; to cover the back. [Go.] To make an outline estimate.

NIRUГULA- / НУРУУЛАХ

v.t. and i. To put a ridge pole on the building; to go along a mountain ridge.

NIRUГULIГ / НУРУУЛАГ

adj. Strong (of a person), tall.

NIRUГUTAI / НУРУУТАЙ

adj. Having a back, a spinal column or a stature; being in a condition or state.
azil -- bain-a. Work progresses successfully.

NIRVAN / НИРВААН, НЯРВААН

[S. nirvāṇa] n. Nirvana (the final goal of Buddhism as opposed to reincarnation in the phenomenal world; the "absolute."
--a azīraxu. To enter nirvana, die (esp. referring to the Buddha and saintly or exalted persons
-- bolxu. To enter nirvana, die (hon.).
-- dur nøgciky. To pass into nirvana, pass away (hon.).

NIS / НИС, НЯС

-- tes. Onomat. Successive sounds of cracking (not more than two or three).

NIS- / НИСЭХ

v.i. To fly; to fall from an elevation.
--cy γarxu. To fly out.
--cy ireky. To come flying.
--ky cerig yn bylyg. Flying squadron.
--ky jin uxaγan. Aviation.

--ky ongγuca. Airplane.
--ky ongγuca jin bylyg. Flying squadron.

NISACI- / НЯСЧИХ
[v.freq. of nisal-] To press, squeeze (with the fingernails or between the fingers); to crack (as lice, fleas).
bøgesy --xu. To kill lice by squeezing them between the fingers.

NISAL- / НЯСЛАХ
[= nisla-, nisel-] v.t. To hit, snap with the fingers.
deng yn γoul i --xu. To extinguish a candle by flicking the falme with the middle finger.

NISEL-
See nisal-.

NISI- / НИШИХ
v.t. To strike, hit.

NISINGKY
[Go.] n. Sugar cane.

NISKE- / НИСГЭХ
v. caus. of nis-.

NISKEL
[used chiefly in Inner Mongolia] n. Airplane.

NISLA-
See nisal-.

NISU(N) / НУС
n. Nasal mucus.
-- nigiky. To blow one's nose.
--n u alciγur. Handkerchief.

NISUΓU
n. Abscess, boil.

NISUTA- / НУСТАХ
v.i. To discharge [much] mucus.

NISUXAI / НУСХАЙ
adj. Snotty.

NISVANIS / НЯСВААНЯС , НИСВААНИС
[fr. Uigur, transl. of S. kleça] n. Defilement, corruption; sin, vice, passion (Buddh.).

NISXA- / НЯСГАХ
v.t. To wash a corpse; to gather the ashes of a cremated body.

NISXALA-
[Ko.] v.i. To clap the hands.

NISYGCI / НИСЭГЧ
n. Aviator, flier.

NISYLGE / НИСЛЭГ
n. Flight.

NISYLTE / НИСЭЛТ
n. Flight.

NITU- / НЯТАХ
v.i. To perish.

NITUL-
See nitula-.

NITULA- / НЯТЛАХ
[= nitul-] v.t. To kill; to deprive of life; to slaughter, esp. animals.
mal --xu γazar. Slaughter house.

NITULAΓUL- / НЯТЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of nitula-.

NIUMAR-A
n. Species of fish (Ch. ming-fu-yü 鯛魚).

NIXU- / НУХАХ
[= nuxu-] v.t. To rub, massage; to mash, press, knead; to crumple; to finish off, dispose of completely, kill.
γulir --xu. To knead flour.
talki bolγan --xu. To rub into a poweder.

NIXUΓDA- / НУХАГДАХ
v. pass. of nixu-.

NIXUΓUL- / НУХУУЛАХ
v. caus. of nixu-.

NIXUΓUR / НУХУУР
n. Wooden implement for kneading dough.

NIXUL- / НУХЛАХ
v.t. To rub continuously.
γar ben --xu. To rub one's hands.

NIXULCA- / НУХАЛЦАХ
v. coo . of nixu-.

NIXULKILA-
v.t. To rub, rumple.

NIXUMAL / НУХМАЛ
[n.d. of nixu-] adj. Crumpled, rumpled; kneaded.

NIZACI- / НЯЗЧИХ
See nizala-.

NIZALA- / НЯЗЛАХ
[= nizaci-] v.t. To reduce to powder, pulverize, crush.

NIZARA- / НЯЗРАХ
v.i. To crush, crumble.

NIZEGED / НЭЖЭЭД , НЭЖГЭЭД
distrib. num. One each.
-- byri dyr. To each individually.
-- -- . One each.
edyr yn --. Once a day.

NIZEGEDCILEN / НЭЖЭЭДЧЛЭН
adv. One by one, separately.

NIZEGEDCIN
[Go.] adv. One by one.

NIZIGINE- / НЭЖИГНЭХ , НИЖИГНЭХ
v.i. To thunder.
--tel-e. Thunderously.
--tel-e alaγa tasixu. To give thunderous applause.
buu --myi. The guns roar.

NO- / НОХ
See onu-

NOB / НОБ
Intensifying particle used before adj. and adv. beginning with syllable no.
-- noγuγan. Completely green, pure green.
-- noitan. Dripping wet.

NOBSI / НОВШ
[= lobsi] n. Trash, litter, rubbish, junk; old, worthless, discarded objects; rags; mess.
-- kereg. Long-drawn-out proceedings; mess.

NOCITAI / НОЧТОЙ , НОЦТОЙ
[= nositai] adj. Consistent with, corresponding to; appropriate, suitable, befitting; exact, precise, sifnificant, important.
-- yge. Apt saying, appropriate expression.

NOCU- / НОЦОХ
a) v.t. To seize, grasp, clutch; to attack, pounce on.
--zu barixu. To seize, grab (somebody).
segyl ece --xu. To seize by the tail.
b) v.i. To catch fire, begin to burn, ignite, light.
γal --xu. To catch fire.
masin-a terge --xu ygei bain-a. The automobile [engine] does not start.

NOCUΓA- / НОЦООХ
[v. caus. of nocu-] v.t. To light; to ignite, kindle.
cydeng --xu. To light a match.
deng --xu. To light a lamp; to turn the (electric) light on.
γal --xu. To make, kindle a fire.

NOCUΓALΓ-A / НОЦООЛГО
n. Process of lighting; match; lighter.

NOCUΓAN-A / НОЦГОНО
n. Xanthium strumarium (plant, Ch. ts'ang erh-tzŭ 蒼耳子).

NOCULDU- / НОЦОЛДОХ
[v. rec. of nocu-] To fight or quarrel; to busy oneself with.

NOCULDUΓA(N) / НОЦОЛДОО
n. Fight; quarrel.

NOГDA- / НОГДОХ , etc.

See onuγda- , etc.

NOГTÙ / НОГТ
n. Halter.

NOГTULA- / НОГТЛОХ
v.t. To halter.

NOГTULAГUL- / НОГТЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of noγtula-.

NOГTUMAL / НОГТМОЛ
[Ri.] n. Strong old boar.

NOГTUSU / НОГТОС
n. Short-haired fur of animals in autumn.

NOГUBIR / НОГООВОР
See noγubur.

NOГUBTUR / НОГООВТОР
adj. Greenish.

NOГUBTURXAN / НОГООВТОРХОН
adj. Somewhat green.

NOГUBUR / НОГООВОР
[= noγubir] adj. Greenish.

NOГUBURXAN / НОГООВОРХОН
adj. Somewhat green.

NOГUCA
[Ko.] n. Blue vitriol.

NOГUГ-A(N) / НОГОО
n. Grass, vegetable ; dish (food, cf. Ch. ts'ai 菜).
--n u kyrij-e. Vegetable garden, kitchen garden.
-- хаγurxu. To prepare a fried dish or meal.
caγan -- = baicai. Cabbage.
ebesy --. Grass.

NOГUГABUR / НОГООВОР
adj. Greenish.
-- sira. Greenish-yellow.

NOГUГACI(N) / НОГООЧ(ИН)
n. Kitchen gardener; seller of vegetables.

NOГUГALIN / НОГООЛИН
n. Malachite.

NOГUГAN / НОГООН
adj. Green.
-- buduγ. Green paint or dye.
-- burcaγ. Green pea[s], bean[s].
-- cegel. Whirlpool.

NOГUГARA- / НОГООРОХ
v.i. To turn green, look green.

NOГUГAXAN / НОГООХОН
adj. Somewhat green, greenish.

NOГULA- / НООЛОХ
[= nolu-] v.t. and i. To tear to pieces, tatter; to bite (of dogs); to romp, play boisterously; to bother, pester.

NOГULUR / НООЛУУР
[= noluur = noulur] n. Soft wool; down; cream; the choicest part of a thing.
-- isegei. Downy felt.
imaγan u --. Goat's wool.

NOГURA- / НООРОХ
v.i. To become tattered, threadbare, worn out, frayed.

NOГURANGXAI / НООРӨНХОЙ
[= noγurxai] adj. and n. Threadbare, shabby, worn out; tatters, rags.

NOГURSU(N) / НООРС(ОН)
[= noursu(n)] n. Down, fluffy feathers.

NOГURXAI / НООРХОЙ
See noγurangxai.

NOГUSU(N) / НООС(ОН)



n. Wool; down.

NOIR, 1. / НОЙР



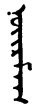
n. Sleep; drowsiness.
-- jeketei . Somnolent, inclined to sleep.
-- kyrky. To become sleepy.
-- maγutai . [One] who does or did not get enough sleep; suffering from insomnia.
-- saitai. [One] who sleeps well.
-- ygei. Insomnia; sleepless.
tegyn y-iledkel døngdegyy urtu boluγsan ijer sonusuγci kymys yn -- kyrbe. His speech was so long that the audience became sleepy.

NOIR, 2. / НОЙР



n. Fat adhering to the intestines; soap.

NOIRMAГ / НОЙРМОГ



adj. and adv. Sleepy, drowsy, not quite awake, half-asleep.

NOIRMAГLA- / НОЙРМОГЛОХ



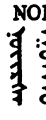
v.i. To be sleepy, drowsy, half-asleep.

NOIRSA- / НОЙРСОХ



[= noirsu-] v.i. To rest, repose, sleep (hon.).
--xu tasuγ. Bedroom.
amurxan --bau = sain --bau. Good morning (lit.: Did you sleep well?).

NOIRSAГUL- / НОЙРСУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of noirsa-] To cause to sleep, put to sleep (hon.).

NOIRSAL



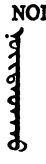
-- ygei. Without sleeping, untiringly (hon.).

NOIRSU-



See noirsa-.

NOITAD- / НОЙТДОХ



v.i. To be too wet or moist.

NOITADXA- / НОЙТОДГОХ



[v. caus. of noitad-] v.t. To wet, moisten.

NOITAN / НОЙТОН



adj. and n. Wet, damp; humid; dampness.
-- modu. Green lumber.
nilxa --. Infant.

NOITANXAN / НОЙТХОН



[= noitaxan] adj. Somewhat wet, moist, damp.

NOITARA- / НОЙТРОХ



v.i. To become wet or moist.

NOJACAR



[Ko.] Same as nojan, q.v.

NOJAD / НОЁД



Plural of nojan.
-- ezed. Princes, lords, masters.
cerig yn.--. Military officers.

NOJALA- / НОЁЛОХ



v.t. To dominate, lord over, command; to rule, reign.

NOJALIГ / НОЁЛОГ



adj. Princely, dominating, ruling; excellent.
-- izaγur tu. Of princely origin.

NOJAN / НОЁН



n. Lord, prince, chief, superior, commandant; seigneur; title sometimes given to the son of a prince or high-ranking nobleman.
-- elcin said. Mr. Ambassador.
-- ezen. Prince, ruler, master; his lordship, my lord.
-- ygei. Having no prince or master; free from personal bondage.
zaγun u --. Chief of a hundred men.
zasaγ --. Ruling prince.

NOJARXA- / НОЁРХОХ



v.i. To behave like a lord, act arrogantly, assume airs of importance and authorit
--n ezemsiky. To conquer, lord over.
delekei ji --xu. To conquer the world.

NOJARXAГ / НОЁРХОГ
adj. Lordly, princely; haughty; bureaucratic.
-- josu. Bureaucracy, officialdom.

NOJARXAL / НОЁРХОЛ
n. The act or attitude of nojarxa; domination.

NOJAZI- / НОЁЖИХ
v.i. To become a prince, master.

NOKID- / НОХЬТОХ
v.i. To soil oneself, get dirty.

NOKIL- / НОХИЛОХ
See nakil-.

NOLCAГAR / НОЛЦГОР
[= nulcaγar] [Ri.] adj. Quiet, peaceful; modest; moderate, lowly; weak, soft.

NOLГU / НОЛГО
adv. Very much, excessively.
-- bajazixu. To become very rich.

NOLU-, etc.
See noγula-, etc.

NOLUM / НОЛОМ
n. Brocade.

NOLUUR / НООЛУУР
See noγulur.

NOM / НОМ
[fr. Greek nomos] n. a) Religious book or scripture; book (in general).
-- daruxu. To print books.
-- debter. Books (in general).
-- keblegci. Book publisher.
-- surxu. To study, learn.
-- un sang. Library.
erdem --. Education, erudition.

b) Teaching (often religious teaching); dharma; religion, esp. Buddhism.
-- busu. Non-religious.
-- dur oruγulxu. To convert (to a religion).
-- nomlaxu . To preach, teach religion.
-- un debel. Monk's or lama's official dress, canonicals; cloth wrappings for religious scriptures.
-- un jabudal. Religious affairs.
-- un josu(n). Religious law, rule, dogma.
-- un zang yile. (Tantric) ritual (S. vidhi).
-- ygei. Irreligious, having no religion.
xural --. Religious ceremony.

NOMCI(N) / НОМЧ
n. Theologian; learned or erudite person, scholar; lover of books, bibliophile.

NOMCILA- / НОМЧЛОХ
v.t. and i. To teach, instruct, edify, preach.

NOMCIRXA- / НОМЧИРХОХ
v.i. To boast or be proud of one's knowledge of religion, teaching, etc.; to pretend to be a scholar.

NOMCIRXAГ / НОМЧИРХОГ
adj. [One] who boasts of his knowledge or who pretends to be learned.

NOMER / НОМЕР
[R. номер] n. Number.

NOMERLA- / НОМЕРЛОХ
v.t. To number.

NOMIN / НОМИН
[T. mu men] n. Azure-stone, laxulite (Ch. ch'ing-chin-shin 青金石).

NOMLA- / НОМЛОХ
v.t. To preach; to teach religion.

NOMLAГCI / НОМЛОГЧ
n. Preacher .

NOMLAГDA- / НОМЛОГДОХ
v. pass. of nomla-.

NOMLAГUL- / НОМЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of nomla-.

NOMLAL / НОМЛОЛ
n. Teaching, preaching, sermon.
-- un γazar. Augitorium.
-- un tangkim. Auditorium.

NOMLALГ-A / НОМЛОЛГО
n. Sermon, preaching, teaching (religious).

NOMTAI / НОМТОЙ
adj. Learned, scholarly.

NOMUГAD- / НОМГОДОХ , НОМХДОХ
v.i. To abate, subside; to [turn out to]be quiet, tame, mild.

NOMUГADXA- / НОМГОТГОХ , НОМХОТГОХ
v.t. To appease, pacify; to subjugate, conquer; to convert; to tame (as animal).
sedkil ijen --xu. To discipline oneself.

NOMUГADXAГDA- / НОМГОДХОГДОХ ,НОМХОТГОГДОХ
v. pass. of nomuγadxa-.

NOMUГADXAL / НОМГОТГОЛ , НОМХОТГОЛ
n. Appeasing, pacification; conversion (relig.).

NOMUГADXASI
-- ygei. Indomitable, untameable.

NOMUГARA- / НОМГОРОХ , НОМХРОХ
[= nomuxara-] v.i. To be peaceful, calm; to calm down; to be tamed.

NOMUГARAГUL- / НОМГОРУУЛАХ , НОМХРУУЛАХ
[v.caus. of nomuγara-] v.t. To appease, calm, pacify; to tame.

NOMUГAXAN / НОМГОХОН
adj. Rather tame, meek; gentle.

NOMUI / НОМОЙ
adj. Inert, lifeless, slow; apathetic; clumsy, sluggish.

NOMUIDA- / НОМОЙДОХ
v.i. To be slow, move slowly, linger, dawdle; to be apathetic.

NOMUILA- / НОМОЙЛОХ
v.t. and i. To be or act slow[ly], clumsy (clumsily); to put off, delay, postpone; to tarry, procrastinate.

NOMUN / НОМИН , НОМОН
n. Mole (mammal).
soxur --. Mole (mammal).

NOMUXAN / НОМХОН
adj. Peaceful, meek, gentle, calm; modest; obedient, tame.
-- dalai. Pacific Ocean.
-- døligen dalai. Pacific Ocean.

-- mori. Manageable or gentle horse.

NOMUXARA - , etc.
See nomuγara- , etc.

NOMXAMSUГLA- / НОМГОМСОГЛОХ
v.i. To be modest or humble.

NOR- / НОРОХ
v.i. To become wet, soaked, drenched, damp, moist.

NORAXAI / НОРХОЙ
adj. Short (wool, hair).

NORAXAIXAN / НОРХОЙХОН
adj. Rather short (wool, hair).

NORГA- / НОРГОХ
[v.caus. of nor-] To wet, moisten, soak.

NORMA / НОРМ
[R. норма] n. and adj. Pattern, standard, norm; normal.
-- bejelegylky. To fulfill a norm, reach a standard.
-- toγtuγaxu. To set up a norm.

NORMACIN
n. "Normalizer," shock worker.

NORUM / НОРОМ
n. Pile (of wood, logs, etc.). [Go.] Rick (of hay, etc.).

NORUMLA- / НОРОМЛОХ
v.t. To throw or lay in a pile, heap; to amass. [Go.] To heap up in ricks (as hay, etc.).

NOSITAI
See nocitai.

NOTA / НОТ
[= nouta, R. нота] n. Diplomatic note.
-- bicig. Diplomatic note
-- solilcaxu. To exchange notes.

NOULUR / НООЛУУР
See noγulur.

NOURSU(N) / НООРС
See noγursu(n).

NOUSU(N) / НООС

See noγusu(n).

NOUTA

See nota.

NOXAI / НОХОЙ

a) n. and adj. Dog; for superstitious reasons substitutes for "wolf" (cinu-a) in certain contexts; one of the 12 animal cycle (Ch. hsü 戌); swindler, cheat; crafty, cunning, tricky.

-- becin. Baboon.
-- caγ. " Dog hour," period betwêen 7 and 9 p. m.
-- γalaγu. Kingfisher, halcyon.
-- jin kele. Pauzeria lanata (plant).
-- jin sigir-a . Zygophyllum xanthoxylon (bot.).
-- sar-a. The ninth month of the lunar calendar.
-- zil. Eleventh year in the animal cycle.
er-e --. Male dog.
ølygcin -- . Bitch.

b) Idiomatic uses:

-- bolba. An exclamation expressive of realizing one's own mistake.
-- boluγsad. (Political) "Running dogs," henchmen, satellite (Ch. tsou-kou 走狗).
-- kilbar [= tong kilbar]. Ridiculously easy.
-- kymyn. Quarrelsome person.
tngri jin γurban -- . The belt of Orion (=γurban maral).

NOXAICI / НОХОЙЧ

n. Whipper-in, dog boy (a huntsman's assistant) .

NOXAICILA- / НОХОЙЧЛОХ

v.t. To hunt or chase with hounds; to imitate or act as a dog; to act in a piggish manner.

NOXAS

Plural of noxai.

NØGCI- / НӨХЦӨХ

v.i. To pass by, pass on; to die.
--gsen. Past, previous; the deceased, the late.
--gsen yiles. Previous actions.
nasu --ky. To die.
erte --gsen caγ tur. In ancient times, long ago.
ilazu tegys --gsen. Victoriously perfected (epithet of the Buddha or saintly person).

NØGCIGE- / НӨХЦӨӨХ

[= nøgcije- ; v. caus. of nøgci-] To pass the time; to free, deliver from.
amitan ı γasalang ece --ky. To deliver or save living beings from suffering.
caγ --ky. To pass time futilely.
jalatu kymyn i --ky. To put to death, execute a criminal.

NØGCIGYL- / НӨХЦҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of nøgci-.

NØGCIJE-

See nøgcige-.

NØGE- / НӨӨХ

[= nøgege-] v.t. To economize, save for the future; to put aside, keep in reserve.

NØGECE / НӨӨЦ

n. Savings.

NØGECELE- / НӨӨЦЛӨХ

v.i. To save.
--n abxu. To save, economize.

NØGEGE-

See nøge-.

NØGELE- / НӨӨЛӨХ

v.i. To come in gusts.
--ky salkin. A gust of wind.

NØGYDYR

See nøgygedyr.

NØGYGE / НӨГӨӨ

adj. The other, opposite.
-- edyr. Day after tomorrow.
-- nige(n). The other one.
-- tal-a ber. On the other hand.
-- tal-a ece. From the other side.
-- xojar. The other two.

NØGYGEDYR / НӨГӨӨДӨР

[= nøgydyr = nøgyge edyr] adv. Day after tomorrow.

NØKY- / НӨХӨХ

v.t. To patch, darn, mend; to fill a gap, fill in; to replace, substitute.

--n gyicedkeky. To fill in ; to supplement; to make complete.
--n tølyky. To compensate.
--zy biciky. To write in, enter, insert, fill in, add in writing.
xubcasu(n) --ky. To mend clothes.

NØKYBYRI / НӨХВӨР

n. Patch, mend; addition; replacement.

NØKYCE- / НӨХЦӨХ

v.i. To become intimate, contract a friendship; to be[come] possessed by a demon.
--zy bolxu. It is possible to be friends [with him].

NØKYCEGYL- / НӨХЦҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of nøkyce-.

NØKYCEL / НӨХЦӨЛ

n. Chance, circumstance, condition, factor; result; suffix (gram.).
-- i xangγaxu. To satisfy or fulfill (certain) conditions.
-- ijer. As a result [of], in consequence [of], for the reason.
-- olγuxu. To create (certain) conditions or (certain) factors.
cixula -- . Important factor.
ebedcin y -- . Cause of an illness.
siltaγan -- . Cause and effect.

NØKYCELDY- / НӨХЦӨЛДӨХ

v. rec. of nøkyce- .

NØKYD / НӨХӨД

pl. of nøkyr.

NØKYGESY(N) / НӨХӨЭС

n. Patch (on clothes, etc.).
-- nøkyky. To mend, patch.

NØKYGESYLE- / НӨХӨӨСЛӨХ

v.t. To patch, mend.

NØKYGESYTEI / НӨХӨӨСТЭЙ

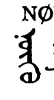
[= nøkygesyty] adj. With a patch; patched.

NØKYGYL- / НӨХҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of nøky-.

NØKYGYRI / НӨХҮҮР

n. Addition.

NØKYLGE / НӨХЛӨГӨ

n. The act of nøky-; patch, mend; supplement.

NØKYR / НӨХӨР

n. Friend, comrade, companion; husband.
-- bolxu. To be[come] a friend; to accompany.
-- sadun. Friends and relatives.
-- tataxu. To win friends, adherents; to seek a companion; to seek support or cooperation from a friend.
-- yn jósuγar. As a friend, by way of friendship.
er-e -- . Husband.
inaγ -- . Close friend, good friend.
xani -- ж -- xani. Friends, compañions, comrades.

NØKYRLE- / НӨХӨРЛӨХ

v.i. To make friends, strike up a friendship; to be friends with.

NØKYRLEL / НӨХӨРЛӨЛ

n. Friendship.
axa degyy jin -- . Brotherly friendship or relationship.

NØKYRLIG / НӨХӨРЛӨГ

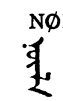
adj. Sociable; friendly.
-- ulus. Friendly nation.

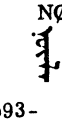
NØKYRSEG / НӨХӨРСӨГ

adj. Friendly.
-- cinar. Friendly character or nature.

NØKYRSI- / НӨХӨРШИХ

v.i. To develop a close friendship (with).

NØLE / НӨЛ

n. Fire, flame.

NØLEDE- / НӨЛДӨХ, НӨЛТӨХ

v. i. To ignite, begin to burn; to flame, blaze.

NØLEDEGYL- / НӨЛДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of nølede-.

NØLY- / НӨЛӨХ

v.i. To whirl or gyrate (in the wind or in a whirlpool).

NØLYGE(N) / НӨЛӨӨ(Н)

n. Influence, effect; distorted image in a mirror.
--n y dour-a. Under the influence.
aci --. Influence.
siγud --. Direct influence.

NØLYGELE- / НӨЛӨӨЛӨХ

v.t. To influence, affect.

NØLYGETEI / НӨЛӨӨТЭЙ

[= nølygety] adj. Having influence, influential.

NØMYILGE- / НӨМИЙЛГӨХ

v.t. To place objects in such a way that they support each other; to put up props or supports.

NØMYR, etc.

See nemyri, etc.

NØRI(N) / НӨР(ӨН)

adj. Continuous, of long duration, incessant, chronic (disease).

NØRI- / НӨРИХ, . НӨРӨХ

v.i. To last for a long time, be chronic continuous, of long duration; to be ir tsome, importunate, become a nuisance.
--n oruxu. To be continuous (of rain).

NØRILE- / НӨРЛӨХ

Same as nøri-

NØRY

See nøryge.

NØRYGE / НӨРӨӨ

[= nøry] n. Pockmarks or other small marks or moles on the face.

NØRYGEDE- / НӨРӨӨДӨХ

v.i. To be[come] pockmarked.

NØZI / НӨЖ

n. Coagulated blood, blood clot.
-- cisun. Blood clot, coagulated blood.
γar tur ijen xar-a -- adxun tørybei.[Chinggis Khan] was born with a clot of blood in his hand.

NØZID

n. Lust, sensual desire, degrading passion.
-- samaγun. Depravity, immorality, lewdness.

NØZIRE- / НӨЖРӨХ

v.i. To coagulate (of blood).

NUDUCI-

See niduci-.

NUDURΓ-A

Same as nidurγ-a.

NUΓDUΓAR / НУГДГАР

adj. Short (of neck).

NUΓDUΓULZA- / НУГДГАЛЗАХ

v.i. To bend under a load, sink beneath one's burden; to walk with difficulty.

NUΓΓURUU / НУГГРУУ

n. Hazel, grouse, sandgrouse.
køke --. Spruce grouse.

NUΓU, 1. / НУГА

n. Meadow in the winding of a river.

NUΓU, 2. / НУГА

Reinforcing adverbial particle preceding a verb and giving it the meaning of " too far."
-- tataxu. To pull off violently; to pull something so violently that it bends.

NUΓUCI- / НУГАЧИХ

v.t. To dissect, cut into parts (carcass of an animal, corpse at funeral[Tib. custom]); to separate bones at the joints; to fold, crumple (as paper, etc.).

NUΓUD, NYGYD

Plural suffix used following nouns which end in vowels or the consonant n.
altai xangγai aγula nuγud. The Altai and Khangai mountains.
amitan nuγud. Living creatures.

erdemten nygyd. Scholars.

NUГUL- / НУГАЛАХ

[= niγul-] v.t. To bend, fold; to curve; to luxate; to allow deviations (polit.).

toxui ben --xu. To bend one's elbow.

NUГULBURI / НУГАЛБАР

n. Fold, crease; folded paper or letter.

ergyn barixu --. A memorial to the throne; the visiting card of a subordinate official. (Ch. che-tzŭ 摺子).

NUГULBURILA- / НУГАЛБАРЛАХ

v.t. To make a fold, crease.

NUГULГ-A / НУГАЛАА (Н)

n. Bend, fold; deviation (polit.).

NUГULГASU(N) / НУГАЛААС

n. Fold, bend; crease; wrinkle.

NUГULKILA- / НУГАЛХИЙЛАХ

v.t. To bend, press down; to bend down an opponent in wrestling.

NUГULUГDA- / НУГЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of nuγul-.

NUГULUГUL- / НУГЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of nuγul-.

NUГUN / НУГУУН

See niγun.

NUГURA-, 1. / НУГАРАХ

v.i. To bend, stoop; to warp; to be folded; to weaken, soften.

NUГURA-, 2. / НУУРАХ

[Ri.] v.i. To become sticky, viscous.

NUГURAГUL- / НУГАРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of nuγura-.

NUГURAM-A / НУУРАМ

[= nuγurm-a] [Ri.] adj. Sticky, thick (liquid).

NUГURM-A

See nuγuram-a.

NUГURSU(N) / НУГАРС(АН)

See niγursu(n).

NUГUSU(N) НУГАС

n. Duck.

boruγcin --. Kind of wild duck resembling the domestic duck.

cyrygy --. Kind of wild duck, teal.

er-e --. Drake.

NUГUUL

[Ko.] n. The young of the lynx.

NULCAГAR

See nolcaγar.

NULГURA-

See nilγura-.

NULMU- , etc.

See nilmu- , etc.

NULX-A

n. [Go.] Rattles worn by shamans on their belts. [Gu.] Little bells.

NUM

See nam.

NUMU(N) / НУМ(АН)

n. Bow (weapon); arch; bow of a musical instrument; spring of a vehicle.

--n u elige. The inner side of a bow.

--n u købci. Bowstring.

--n u kicir. The ends of a bow.

--n u tebke. Small pieces of horn on a bow to hold the bowstring in place.

-- saγadaγ. Bow and quiver.

-- sumu. Bow and arrow.

NUMUBCI / НУМАВЧ

n. A small bow for working a drill.

NUMUCI(N) / НУМЧ
n. Maker of bows and arrows; archer, bowman.

NUMUDA- / НУМДАХ
To work a drill with a bow; to beat wool with a special bow.

NUNZI / НУНЖ
n. and adj. Old person with poor eyesight and hearing; slow, tardy; weak.

NUNZIGAR / НУНЖГАР
adj. Slow, tardy; weak.

NUNZII- / НУНЖИЙХ
v.i. To be slow, tardy, weak.

NUR-A / НУР
n. Crumbling river bank; steep bank; landslide; ravine.

NURA- / НУРАХ
v.i. To crumble, fall, collapse.
ergi --ba. The river bank has crumbled.

NURAG-A / НУРАА
n. Precipice.

NURAGA- / НУРААХ
v. caus. of nura-.
ger --xu. To tear down a house.

NURGI- / НУРГИХ
v.i. To buzz softly; to boil on a slow fire; to do something quietly or slowly; to drizzle.

NURM-A / НУРАМ, НУРМА
n. Hot cinders, embers; bonfire, campfire. campfire.

NURMASI- / НУРАМШИХ
v.i. To form red hot coals or ashes.

NURSULA- / НУРШЛАХ
v.i. To stick, be sticky; to nag, cavil; to talk idly, prattle; to indulge in smutty talk; to be a nuisance.

NURSUN / НУРШЛН
adj. Sticky; glutinous; importunate, irksome, troublesome.

NURSUXAN / НУРШХАН
adj. Rather sticky, glutinous; (fig.) rather importunate, irksome, troublesome.

NUTA / НУТ
adj. and adv. Firm[ly], stable; solid, unshakable, certain; steadily.
-- ygei. Without solidity, not firm, unstable; disconnected, incoherent.

NUTADA / НУТАД
adv. Firmly, solidly, immovably, unyieldingly, forever.
-- barimtalaxu. To hold on to something firmly; to affirm, assert firmly.

NUTALA- / НУТЛАХ, НОТЛОХ
v.t. To make firm, solid; to corroborate, confirm (a statement); to prove.

NUTALAGUL- / НУТЛУУЛАХ, НОТЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of nutala-.

NUTALAL / НУТЛАЛ
n. Affirmation, confirmation; proof, evidence.
-- un uxaγan. Logic.

NUTALALCI / НУТЛАЛЧ
n. Logician, dialectician.

NUTUG / НУТАГ
n. Pasture, nomad grounds; native place, domicile, homeland; territory, country, area, locality
-- belcir. Native pasture grounds.
-- debisker. Territory, area.
-- γazar. Nomad grounds, home.
-- orun. Region, area.
-- saγuri. Home, permanent residence.
-- un. Native; local.
-- un arad. Natives, local people.
-- un zakiryan. Local government.
-- usun. The geomantic condition of a place (Ch. feng-shui 風水).
-- ygei. Without a country, homeless.
γazar --. Country, region, territory.
γazar -- un bajaliγ. Natural resources.
kødege --. Country, rural region.
[nige] -- un kymyn. Compatriot, person from the same town, etc.

orun -- un. Local, territorial..
tørygsen --. Place of birth, native place, home.
xamtu -- . Same- country, town, etc.

NUTUГLA- / НУТАГЛАХ
v.i. To settle down; to live, dwell, make one's permanent home; to inhabit.
--n saγuxu. To settle down; to reside.

NUTUГLAГUL- / НУТАГЛУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of nutuγla-] v.t. To settle, colonize.

NUTUГLAL / НУТАГЛАЛ
n. The act of settling; settlement; colony; camp; domicile.

NUTUГLALTAI / НУТАГЛАЛТАЙ
adj. Good to live in, wonderful (place) to settle down.

NUTUГLAMAR / НУТАГЛАМААР
adj. Good to live in, wonderful (place) to settle down.

NUTUГSI- / НУТАГШИХ
v.i. To become used to a new residence or camp; to become acclimatized.

NUUR / НУУР
See ɳaγur.

NUXU- , etc.
See nixu- , etc.

NYDY- , etc.
See nidy- , etc.

NYGYD
See nuγud.

NYGYRSY / НУГЭРС
[Gu.] n. Elder tree, Sambucus nigra.

NYILE- / НИЙЛЭХ
v.t. To sharpen, whet , hone.
kituγ-a --ky. To sharpen a knife.

NYILEGYL- / НИЙЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of nyile-.

NYILEGYR / НИЙЛҮҮР
n. Oil (razor) strap, sharpener, whetston hone.

NYKE(N) / НҮХ
n. Hole, pit, chink, crevice, opening, orifice.
-- γarγaxu. To make a hole.
--n ger . Pit dwelling.
str-a ysyn y --. Pores of skin.

NYKELE- / НҮХЛЭХ
v.t. To make holes, drill a hole, pierce, perforate.
--zy coγulxu. To pierce, make a hole.

NYKELEGYL- / НҮХЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of nykele-.

NYKETE- / НҮХТЭХ
v.i. To become full of holes, wear through.

NYKETEI / НҮХТЭЙ
[= nykety] adj. Having holes.

NYMZIGE / НУМЖИГ
[Gu.] Grease, oil, fat.

NYMZIGETEI / НУМЖИГТЭЙ
[= nymzigety] adj. Greasy, soiled with grease.

NYSER / НҮСЭР
adj. Cumbersome, unwieldy, clumsy, sluggish; foolish, stupid.

NYSERDE- / НҮСЭРТЭХ
v.i. To be clumsy; to be foolish.

NYSERLE- / НҮСЭРЛЭХ
See nyserde-.

O

O / ОО

See ou.

OB, 1. / ОВ

n. Trickery, deceit, fraud, intrigue, ruse; strange manner.

-- γarγaxu. To pretend, simulate, feign.

-- meke. Intrigue, craftiness.

-- meketei. Crafty deceitful.

-- zibtei. Strange, quaint, queer.

maγu --. Ruse, deceit.

OB, 2. / ОВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adjectives and adverbs beginning with o.

-- oirxan. Quite near.

-- ondu. Completely different.

OB, 3. / ОВ

-- ygei. Inconstant, giddy, flighty, light-minded.

OB, 4. / ОВ

n. Flying squirrel.

OBAГ

Same as obuγ.

OBAГ-A, etc.

Same as obuγ-a, etc.

OBLA- / ОВЛОХ

v.i. To play a trick; to feign; to deceive, pretend, malinger.

ebedcin tei kemen --xu. To malinger, feign sickness.

OBLAM[A]TAГAI / ОВЛОМТГОЙ

adj. Deceitful, fraudulent.

OBLIГACA / ОБЛИГАЦ

[R. облигация] n. Bond (finance).

OBSERVATORI / ОБСЕРВАТОРИ

[R. обсерватория] n. Observatory.

OBTAI / ОВТОЙ

[= obtu] adj. Sly, shrewd, cunning.

OBTU / ОВТ

See obtai.

OBU, 1. / ОВОО

See obuγ-a.

OBU, 2. / ОВ

-- tobu. Neither more nor less, just right, exact; barely enough.

-- tobu jaγum-a. An insignificant or negligible thing; small matter.

OBUDU

n. Sockets of leather or felt for the arrows in a quiver.

OBUГ / ОВОГ

[= omuγ, 2] n. Family, clan, tribe; surname.

-- un axalaγci. Patriarch of a clan.

dørben -- = dørben oirad. See oirad.

ner-e --. Personal and family name.

OBUГ-A(N) / ОВОО

n. Heap, pile, mass; heap of stones; specifically an obo, a mound or cairn of rough stones built as a landmark or monument where special religious ceremonies are performed in honor of the genius loci; barrow, tumulus; border mark.

-- bosxaxu. To erect an "obo."

-- jin takilγ-a. "Obo" offering or worship.

--n u ezen. Tutelary genius of a mound.

-- takixu. To perform an "obo" ceremony.

nige -- negyresy. A heap of coal.

nige -- sirui. A heap of earth, pile of dirt.

OBUГADAI / ОВООДОЙ

n. A special cone-shaped cap worn by lamas.

OBUГALA- / ОВООЛОХ

v.t. and i. To pile or heap up, accumulate, amass; to crowd.

--zu xurijaxu. To heap up, accumulate, pile up.

tylege --xu. To pile up firewood.

OBUГALZA- / ОВГОЛЗОХ

v.i. To act haughtily or vaingloriously.

OBUГARA-, 1. / ОВООРОХ

v.i. To pile up; to crowd, swarm.
tende olan kymyn --zu baimui. Quite a crowd is piling up there.

OBUГARA-, 2. / ОВООРОХ

See ubaira-.

OBUГAXAI / ОВООХОЙ

n. Hovel, hut, shanty; (fig.) statue, idol.
-- mety cimege ygei sayuxu. To sit as silently as a statue.

OBUГTAI / ОВОГТОЙ

adj. Having the family name of ...

OBUГTAN / ОВОГТОН

Plural of obuγtai.

OBUГUNA- / ОВГОНОХ

v.i. To move up and down (of cone-shaped objects).

OBUГUR / ОВГОР

adj. Bulging, convex; similar to a heap or bump.
-- tobuγur. Bumpy, uneven.

OBUI- / ОВОЙХ

v.i. To form a conical or conoidal pile or bump, rise in the shape of a cone or conoid.
--γad γarcu ireky. For a bump to form or rise.
--γsan γazar. A cone-shaped elevation.

OBUILГA- / ОВОЙЛГОХ

[v.caus. of obui-] v.t. To pile up; to prop up.

OBULZA- / ОВОЛЗОХ

Same as obuγuna-.

OBUNG / ОВОН

adj. Bulging, convex.
-- aγula. Mountain with pointed top , peak.

OBUR / ОВОР

n. Appearance; figure, form; attitude; arrogance.
-- baγ-s . Modest looking.
-- γarγaxu. To show arrogance.
-- jeketei . Having a haugty mien.
-- syrkei. Of dreadful appearance.
-- sinzi. Appearance (of a person).

OBURDA- / ОВОРДОХ

v.i. To be arrogant or behave arrogantly; to put on a front.

OBURKILA- / ОВОРХИЙЛОХ

v.i. To look furious, arrogant; to rage, storm

OBURTAI / ОВОРТОЙ

adj. Arrogant, haughty.

OBURU- / ОВРОХ

See ubaira-.

OBUTAI

Same as obuγadai.

OBUU / ОВОО

adv. and adj. Quite, almost; rather.
-- olan. Quite numerous, quite a few.
-- sain. Quite good, nice, pleasant.
tere mongγul kele -- meden-e. He knows Mongolian rather well.

OBUUN-A

n. Motley woodpecker.

OBXUГAR / ОВХГОР

adj. High and pointed on top; prominent or aquiline (nose).

OBXUГNA- / ОВХГОНОХ

Same as obuγuna-.

OBXUI- / ОВХОЙХ

v.i. To be high and pointed on the top; to rise to the surface or above; to protrude.
--γsan xabar. Prominent, aquiline nose.
--n yzegdeky. To be visible on the surface.

OBXULZA- / ОВХОЛЗОХ

Same as obuγuna-.

OCI(N) / ОЧ

n. Spark.
γal un --. A spark.

OCI-, 1. / ОЧИХ

[= eci-] v.i. To go to a place.
surγaγuli du --xu. To go to school.

OCI-, 2.



Same as oγuci-.

OCI-, 3.



Same as φci-

OCILA- / ОЧЛОХ



v.i. To sparkle, scintillate; to emit sparks.

OCIR



See vacir.

OCITAI / ОЧТОЙ



[= ocitu] adj. Having a spark, sparkling, scintillating.

OCITU / ОЧИТ



See ocitai.

OCUГAR / ОЦГОР



[= ocun] adj. Steep and high.

OCUI- / ОЦОЙХ



v.i. To be steep and high; to squat; to sit up; to stand on the hind legs (of animals).

--n saγuxu. To squat.

--tal-a acixu. To load up high.

OCUIIГA- / ОЦОЙЛГОХ



v. caus. of ocui-.

OCUN / ОЦОН



See ocuγar.

OD



Ancient plural of on.

OD- / ОДОХ



a) v.i. To go to, proceed to.

--urun xoina. After having gone (precl.).

ci xamiγ-a --umui? Where are you going?

daγazu --xu. To follow.

b) aux. v. indicating the direction "away from a given point" if preceded by other verbs of motion.

niscy --xu. To fly away.

c) aux. v. indicating the completion of action expressed by the preceding verb.

γal sөnyzy --bai. The fire is extinguished.

ODCIGIN



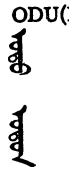
See odxan.

ODU / ОДОО



[= oduu-a] Modern form of edyge, q.v.

ODU(N) / ОД(ОН)



n. a) Star.

--n u orun i sinzileky γazar. Observatory.

--n u orun i sinzileky uxaγan. Astronomy.

--n u sinzilel. Astrology.

-- sinzilegci. Astronomer.

altan γadasu --. Polar star.

γal --. Mars.

nisky --. Shooting star.

segylty --. Comet.

b) Order, decoration, medal or badge of honor.

--n temdeg. Order or decoration.

--n temdegten. Decorated persons, those who have been awarded medals.

altan γadasu --. Order of the Polar Star.

ODUCA



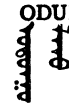
n. The act of od-.

ODUГUCI



[Go.] [= odu xoici] adv. and n. Now and later present and future life.

ODUГUL- / ОДУУЛАХ



v. caus. of od- ; to send.

ODUI / ОДОЙ



n. and adj. Dwarf, midget, pygmy; a short person; dwarfish.

ODUIN



[Go.] adj. Jutting out, protruding.

ODUKI / ОДООХЬ



Colloquial form of edygeki, q.v.

ODULГ-A



n. The act of od-.

ODULIГ / ОДЛОГ



adj. Starry, with stars.

OD'JS



See udus.

ODUTAI / ОДТОЙ



[= odutu] adj. Starry, starred, with stars.

ODUTU / ОДОТ



See odutai.

ODUU-A



Modern form of edyge.

ODUXAN / ОДООХОН



adv. Just now, just a minute ago, just recently.

-- deger-e ben. At present, at this time, right now.

ODXAN / ОТГОН



[= odxun, odcigin] a) adj. and n. Youngest child.

-- beri. Wife of youngest son.

-- kybegyn. Youngest son.

-- kyrgen. Husband of youngest daughter.

b) n. Name of the fire god.

-- γalaixan. Fire god.

ODXUN



See odxan.

OГ / ОГ

interj. An exclamation expressive of fright, surprise or nausea.

-- kiky. To jump up; to bounce up (from surprise or bumping).

OГCAM, etc.



See oγzum, etc.

OГCIM

n. Depression, ditch; ravine; valley.

OГCU / ОГЦ



adv. and n. Apart; fragment, chip, splinter.

-- ocixu. To come apart, break, break in two pieces.

OГCUM, etc. / ОГЦОМ



See oγzum, etc.

OГCUR / ОГЦОР



n. Short-haired sheep pelt; linen shirt, short jacket.

OГCURA- / ОГЦРОХ, УГЦРАХ



v.i. To break, tear, split; to separate; to become untied or disengaged; to get free.

OГCURAГUL- / ОГЦРУУЛАХ, УГЦРУУЛАХ



v. caus. of oγcura-.

OГCURГ-A / ОГЦОРГОО



[= uγcurγ-a] n. Short leather strap at the back of the saddle to which the crupper is attached.

OГLU



Same as oγtu.

OГSI- / ОГШИХ



v.i. To vomit; to be nauseated; to bulge up; to bounce out of a container.

OГSIГDA- / ОГШИГДОХ



[v.pass. of oγsi-] To be thrown out; to be bounced out of a container.

OГSIГURA- / ОГШУУРАХ



v.i. To feel nauseated, have a desire to vomit.

OГSUГAR / ОГСГОР



adj. Haughty; [too] short (of the skirt of a garment).

OГSUI- / ОГСОЙХ



v.i. To be haughty; to be [too] short (of the skirt of a garment).

OГSULZA- / ОГСОЛЗОХ



v.i. To behave haughtily; to hang loosely (as a short skirt, etc.).

OГTA



See oγtu.

OГTAL-



See oγtul-

OГTARГUI /



See oγturγui.

OГTU / ОГТ



[= oγta] adv. Fully, completely, entirely, altogether (used only to emphasize negation).

-- adali busu. Not at all similar, quite different.
-- baixu ygei. Does not exist at all; does not have any.
-- bolxu ygei. Absolutely impossible.
-- cidaxu ygei. Absolutely cannot.
-- medeky ygei. Does not know at all.
-- sezigleky ygei. Not doubting in the least.
-- xariγucalγ-a ygei. Entirely irresponsible.

ОГТUCI- / ОГТЧИХ



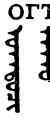
v. t. To cut into small pieces, mince, chop up, hash.
--n alaxu. To execute by cutting to pieces.

ОГТUCIГUL- / ОГТЧУУЛАХ



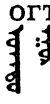
v. caus. of oγtuci-.

ОГТUCILA-



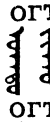
[Go.] v. i. To hunt or fish during floods at elevated places not covered with water.

ОГТUГUR / ОГТГОР



adj. Tailless, short-tailed, bobtailed.

ОГТUI- / ОГТОЙХ



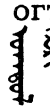
v. i. To be[come] short (of hair, tail, or clothing).

ОГТUL- / ОГТЛОХ



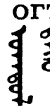
[= oγtal-] v. t. To cut, cut off, cut across, chop off; to fell; to operate surgically .
--un tasulxu. To cut down, fell.
aγula tal-a --xu. To cross mountains and plains.
modu --uγci azilcin. Lumber worker, timber worker.
modu --xu. To fell trees, cut timber.
mør --xu. To trail or trace (as in hunting game).
zam i --xu. To cut across the road.

ОГТULBURI / ОГТОЛБОР



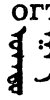
n. Cut-off piece, cut, cutting.

ОГТULDASU(N) / ОГТЛОДОС, ОГТОЛДОС



n. Something cut off, piece.

ОГТULГ-A / ОГТОЛГО



n. The act of cutting or chopping off.

ОГТULUГDA- / ОГТЛОГДОХ



v. pass. of oγtul-.

ОГТULUГUL- / ОГТЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of oγtul-.

ОГТUR



See oγutur

ОГТURГU



Same as oγturγui.

ОГТURГUI / ОГТОРГУЙ



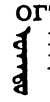
[= oγtarγui] n. Sky, firmament; atmosphere.
-- jin byse. Milky way (lit. girdle of the sky).
-- jin tøb. Zenith.
-- sinzileky γazar. Observatory.
køke -- . The blue sky.

ОГТUS / ОГТОС



See oγcu.

ОГТUXAN / ОГТХОН



Same as oγtu.

ОГU



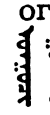
adv. Much, very, most.
-- sain. Very good.

ОГUCI- / ООЧИХ



[= ouci-] v. t. To take a mouthful of liquid; to sip.
čai --xu. To sip tea.

ОГUCIГUL- / ООЧУУЛАХ



v. caus. of oγuci-.

ОГUDARA- /. ООДРОХ



v. i. To jump, hop.

ОГUDUNG, 1. / ООДОН



adj. Short (as tail, skirt).

ОГUDUNG, 2. / ООДОН



adj. Jumping, hopping.

ОГУГА

-- edyr. A whole day.

ОГУГАТА / ОГООТ

adv. Completely, entirely; once for all

-- tebciky. To give up entirely.

ОГULI / ООЛЬ

n. Adze.

γar --. Small adze.

ОГULIDA- / ООЛЬДОХ

v.t. To cut with an adze.

ОГUNU / ОГОНО

[= onu, 2.] n. Male antelope.

ОГUR- / ОГООРОХ

[= uγur-] v.t. To leave, abandon; to neglect.

--xu ygei. Without neglecting.

aru dшr --xu. To leave behind or abandon.

zirum josun i --xu. To abandon or neglect ethical principles.

ОГURCAГ / ОГООРЦОГ

[= uγurcaγ] adj. Isolated, deserted, abandoned; lone.

-- kymyn. A recluse.

ОГURCAГLA- / ОГООРЦОГЛОХ

v.i. and t. To go one's own way; to leave, abandon.

ОГURCILA-

[= uγurcila-] v.t. To abandon, give up, leave.

ОГUSUR / ООСОР

n. Cord, string, rope.

buu jin --. Rifle sling.

døryge jin --. Stirrup strap.

ger yn --. Mongolian tent ropes.

šaxai jin --. Shoe string.

ОГUSURLA- / ООСОРЛОХ

v.t. To fasten with a string or rope, tie; to thread.

ОГUSURLAГDA- / ООСОРЛОГДОХ

v. pass. of oγusurla-.

ОГUTUN-A / ОГОТНО

n. Field rat. [Gu.] Sciurus striatus.

-- segyltei. Bobtail, short-tailed.

ОГUTUR / ОХТОР

[= oγtur] adj. Short.

ОГZAM, etc.

See oγzum, etc.

ОГZUM / ОГЗОМ

[= oγzam, oγcam, oγcum] n., adj., and adv. Abyss, steep slope; abrupt[ly].

-- ajastai daγu. A song with an animated rhythm.

-- biciky. To write in an abrupt style.

-- keleky. To speak abruptly.

-- zangtai. Passionate or quick-tempered person.

ОГZUMLA- / ОГЗОМЛОХ

v.i. To be steep or abrupt; to flare up. fly into a temper.

OGI- / ОГИХ

v.i. To be animated, lively; to boast, brag; to be optimistic; to jolt; to move up and down; to belch; to call back (as falcons).

--zu γarxu. To come or drop out, be shaken out.

OGIS- / ОГЬСОХ

v.i. To be nauseated; to belch.

OGIU / ОКЮ

[= giu , oju(n), ojuu] n. Turquoise.

OI, 1. / ОЙ

n. Full year; anniversary; birthday.

-- jin bajar kyrgeky. To congratulate on an anniversary or birthday.

-- jin edyr. Anniversary, birthday.

-- kiky. To celebrate a birthday or anniversary

nige zil yn --. First anniversary.

OI, 2. / ОЙ

n. Woods, forest, grove.

-- jin anggi. Forestry division or department.

-- jin azu axui. Forestry.

-- jin keltes. Bureau of forestry.

-- jin køryngge. Forest resources.
-- jin xauli. Forest laws.
-- modu. Wood, forest.
-- siγui. Forest, woods, thicket.
zuzaγan -- . Dense forest.

OI, 3. / ОЙ

n. Mind, intellect; memory.
-- uxaγan. Intellect.
-- ygei. Unintelligent; forgetful.

OI, 4.

Same as øi.

OI- / ОЙХ

v.i. To be rebound, ricochet, glance off; to gallop; to fly aside; to fall down; to avoid; to run, go away, flee.

OICI- / ОЙЧИХ

v.i. To fall, tumble over.

OIГUR / ОЙГУУР

[= uiγur] n.p. Uigur.

OIL / ОЙЛ

n. Whirlpool; tuft of hair.

OIL- / ОЙЛОХ

v.i. To whirl or swirl upwards; to gush forth (of liquids).
--uzu urusxu. To gush forth (as a spring).
degesi --xu. To whirl upwards.

OILA- / ОЙЛОХ

v.t. To understand , comprehend, apprehend; to memorize.
buruγu ber --xu. To misunderstand.

OILAГUL- / ОЙЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of oila-.

OILALГ-A / ОЙЛЛОГО

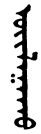
n. Understanding; concept, notion; journal, memoirs, records.

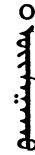
OILCA-

[Ko.] v.i. To hide in the forest (of troops); to occupy a forest.

OILГ-A(N) / ОЙЛГО

n. Whirlpool, vortex.
usun u -- . Whirlpool.

OILГA-, 1. / ОЙЛГОХ

v.t. To understand, comprehend, apprehend; to memorize.
--zu medeky. To understand, realize.
uxaburilan --xu. To understand, comprehend.

OILГA-, 2.

v. caus. of oi-.
--zu toγtaγaxu. To retain in one's memory; to keep in mind.

OILГACA / ОЙЛГОЦ

n. Intellectual receptiveness, comprehension

OILГAГUL- / ОЙЛГУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of oilγa-] To make clear; to explain; to suggest, prompt, inspire.

OILГALTA / ОЙЛГОЛТ

n. Understanding, comprehension, concept.
buruγu -- . Misunderstanding, misconception.

OILГAMZI / ОЙЛГОМЖ

n. Intelligibility; perspicuity, lucidity; notion, conception, concept.

OILГAMZITAI / ОЙЛГОМЖТОЙ

adj. Having intelligibility, etc; understandable, intelligible, perspicuous, lucid; conscientious.

OILГASI / ОЙЛГОШ

-- ygei. Incomprehensible, unintelligible.

OILINGXAI

[Go.] n. Carrion.

OILKILA-

[v. freq. of oil-] To throb, pulsate.

OILTA / ОЙЛТ

n. The act of oi-, q.v.

OILTU / ОЙЛТ

adj. Having a whirlpool.

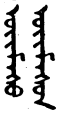
OIM-A / ОЙМ

n. Fern.

OIMA- / ОЙМОХ

[= oimu-] v.i. To swim, swim across; to ford. [S.S. 40] To fly (obs.).
--zu γarxu. To swim across, ford across.

OIMASU(N) / ОЙМС (ОН)



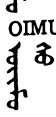
[= oimusu(n)] n. Sock; stocking.
isegei -- . Felt sock.
torγan -- . Silk stocking.

OIMU-



See oima-.

OIMUSU(N)



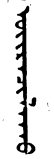
See oimasu(n).

OIR-A / ОЙР



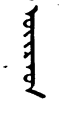
adj. and adv. Near, close, around. (As a quasi post. pos. with gen.) Close by, in the neighborhood of; recent, last.
-- bolγaxu. To bring near, put closer.
-- bolxu. To come or draw nearer, approach.
-- dotun-a. Close; dear.
-- ece. From nearby; since recent times.
-- jin baidal. Recent circumstances or conditions.
-- jin dorunadu. Near East.
-- jin kedyn edyr. Past few days.
-- [jin] kedyn zil. The past few years.
-- nøkyr. Close friend.
-- orcim. Proximity, neighborhood, environs.
-- orcim dur [prec. by gen.]. Near, in the neighborhood (of).
-- sadun. Close relatives.
-- siltaγan. Immediate cause; motive, reason, origin.
-- xabi. Near, close, neighboring.
-- zam. Short road, short cut.
[γazar un] xola -- . Distance.
xola -- jin kemzij-e. Distance.
xota jin -- . Near the city, close to the city.

OIRACILA- / ОЙРЧЛОХ



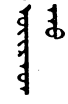
v. t. and i. To make close; to favor, treat as close, give preference to; to behave or conduct oneself like a close relative.
nutuγ un kymyn i --xu. To favor one's compatriot[s].
zam --n jabuxu. To take a short cut.

OIRAD / ОЙРОД , ОЙРОТ



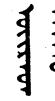
n. p. The Oirats (Western Mongols).
dørben -- . The four Oirad tribes (Øgeled, Baγatud, Xoid, Kergyd).

OIRAD-



See oirata-.

OIRADXA- / ОЙРТГОХ



[v. caus. of oirad-] To bring near, let approach, cause or allow to approach.

OIRAKI / ОЙРХЬ , ОЙРХИ



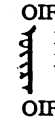
adj. Near, nearest; recent.
-- edyr. The past few days, recent days.

OIRALCAГ-A / ОЙРОЛЦЮО



n. and adj. Neighborhood; neighboring.
-- ail. Neighboring family or village.

OIRAMAГ / ОЙРМОГ



adj. and adv. Near, not far; recent[ly].

OIRASA- / ОЙРСОХ



v. i. To be close; to act friendly; to be intimate.

OIRASXAL



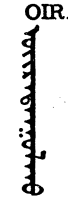
[Go.] n. and adj. Approaching, proximity; close.

OIRATA- / ОЙРТОХ



[= oirad- = oiratu-] v. i. To come or draw near, approach; to be about to do something.
--n ireky. To come or draw nearer, approach.
--zu boldaγ ygei. Someone or something from whom or which one should keep away or should not touch.
barixu dur --xu. To be about to seize, catch.
tegyn tei bitegei -- ! Don't get near him! Keep away from him!
ykykyi dur --xu. To come close to death, be at the point of death.

OIRATAГUL- / ОЙРТУУЛАХ



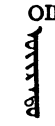
v. caus. of oirata-.
--xu ygei. Unapproachable.
--zu talbixu. To put closer.
nigen kymyn i cy bitege -- ! Do not let any one come near!
xojar eteged i --xu. To bring two sides close together.

OIRATASI / ОЙРТОШ



-- ygei. Unapproachable, untouchable; disgusting

OIRATU-



See oirata-.

OIRAXAN / ОЙРХОН

adj. and adv. Near, close.

OIS / ОЙС

n. Pit of the stomach.

OISIJA- / ОЙШООХ

v.t. To pay attention to, notice; to take into account or consideration.

--xu ygei. Without paying attention; without considering; to neglect, disregard.

OISULAD-

[S.H.] v.t. To harm (?).

OITAI, 1. / ОЙТОЙ

[= oitu] adj. Wooded, forested.

-- irgen. Forest people (hist.).

OITAI, 2. / ОЙТОЙ

[= oitu] adj. Intelligent; having a retentive memory.

OITU

See oitai, 1, and 2.

OJU(N)

See ogiu.

OJU- / ОЁХ

v.t. To sew.

debel -- . To sew a garment.

neilegyiyzy --xu. To sew something together.

OJUCI / ОЮУЧ

adj. and n. Intelligent; prudent; sage.

OJUDAL / ОЁДОЛ

n. Sewing; seam.

-- ojuxu. To do needlework.

-- un masin-a. Sewing machine.

tngri jin -- . Milky Way, "Seam of the sky."

OJUDALCIN / ОЁДОЛЧИН

n. Tailor, seamstress.

OJUГ / ОЁГ

adj. Lazy; tired (of a horse, ox, camel).

OJUГ-A / ОЁО

adj. and n. Sewn; sewing; seam; stitch. [S.S. 154] Perineum.

OJUГACI / ОЁОЧ

[= ojuγuci] n. Tailor, seamstress.

OJUГDA- / ОЁГДОХ

v. pass. of oju-.

OJUГUCI

See ojuγaci.

OJUГUL- / ОЁУЛАХ

v. caus. of oju-.

OJUKIRA-

v.t. To urge by shouting.

OJULГ-A / ОЁЛОГ

n. The act or way of sewing.

OJUN / ОЮУН

n. Intellect, mind, intelligence; wisdom.

-- bilig. Intelligence, wisdom.

-- daγan ayulxu. To put in one's mind, understand thoroughly, familiarize oneself with.

-- i erkimleky yzel. Intellectualism.

-- i negeky. To open the mind, enlighten.

-- tegylder. Wise, intelligent; well educated.

-- u. Intellectual.

-- u kødelmyri jin aziltan. Intellectual workers.

-- uxaγan. Mind, intellect; wisdom.

gyn -- . Deep mind, profound intellect.

OJUNTAI

Same as ojutai.

OJUTAI / ОЮУТАЙ

[= ojutu] adj. Intelligent, clever; wise.

OJUTAN / ОЮУТАН

n. Intelligent ones; student[s]; intelligentsia.

-- sekegeten. Intellegentsia.

-- nar. Intelligentsia; students.

OJUTU

See ojutai.

OJUU



See ogiu.

OKI / ОХЬ



a) n. and adj. Top; ornament on top of an object; symbol; superior, first.

-- manglai. The very best, excellent, superior.

modun u --. Top of a tree.

b) n. Spirit, essence, substance; source.

arikin u --. Spirits of wine.

OKILA- / ОХИЛОХ



v.t. and i. To be on top; to lead.

OKIN



See økin.

OKTIJABRI / ОКТЯБРЬ



[= oktober] n. October.

-- jin xubisxal. The October Revolution.

OKTOBER



See oktijabri.

OL- / ОЛОХ



v.t. To find, get, acquire, obtain, earn; to achieve.

--xul-a. If possible, if you find it possible; I beg, I request (espist.).

--zu abxu. To acquire, find.

amta ji --xu. To develop a taste or liking for.

amzilita ji --xu. To achieve success, obtain results.

asiγ --xu. To derive benefit from, profit by.

γabij-a --xu. To acquire merits.

γazar ece --xu. To find on the ground.

ilalta --xu. To win a battle, achieve victory.

jala --xu. To be guilty of.

kereg yn ynen caγan i --xu. To find out the truth of a matter.

keyked --xu. To become pregnant.

ner-e --xu. To become famous.

ner-e cola --xu. To establish a reputation, obtain a title.

niγur --xu. To win confidence.

surcu --xu. To learn; to find out.

ynen i --xu. To find the truth.

OLAD- / ОЛДОХ



v.i. To multiply, propagate, increase.

OLADA-



Same as olad-.

OLADUL / ОЛДОЛ



n. Multiplication, propagation, increase.

OLADXA- / ОЛТГОХ



v. caus. of olad-.

OLADXAГDA- / ОЛТГОГДОХ



v. pass. of oladxa-.

OLAN / ОЛОН



adj., adv., and n. Much, many; numerous; multitude, great number, myriads; the masses; the majority.

-- a ergygdegsen. "Acclaimed by many," name of an Indian king, also appellation of the years of the last theocratic ruler of Mongolia (1911 - 1924).

-- arad. The masses of the people, the populace

-- bolxu. To multiply, increase.

-- cøgen. Quantity, number (lit. many - few).

-- dakin. Frequently, many times.

-- du tusatai. Of general benefit, for the benefit of the majority.

-- dur kyndy ygei. Unpopular.

-- ijer. Collectively.

-- ijer kelelceky. To take council, deliberate, discuss collectively.

-- ijer toγtaxu. To be established or decided by the majority or collectively.

-- ijer zøbleky. To take council, deliberate, discuss collectively.

-- jangzu jin. Manifold, multifarious; of many kinds.

-- kymyn. Crowd, throng.

-- kymyn tei. Populous.

-- øngcygtei. Many-cornered, many-angled, polygonal.

-- øngge jin. Colored, multicolored, variegated, motley.

-- tabun. Numerous.

-- talatai. Many-sided.

-- tymen y kampani ji jabuγulxu. To conduct a mass campaign.

-- u emyn-e. Publicly, in public.

-- u kødelgegen. Mass movement.

-- ulus un xolbuγ-a. League of Nations.

-- u saisijal. Public approval.

-- u sanal abxu. To win public acclaim or recognition.

-- u sanal aldaxu. To lose public trust or authority, lose prestige.
nige -- . A great number, many.
bysygten -- . The believers, faithful (in general, speaking collectively).

OLANGKI / ОЛОНХИ

n. Majority, the major part.
jeke -- . Majority, the major part.

OLANTA / ОЛОНТ

adv. Many times, often, repeatedly.

OLASIRA- / ОЛШРОХ

v.i. To multiply, increase, grow in number.

OLASIRAGUL- / ОЛШРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of olasira-.
toγ-a ji --xu. To increase the number.

OLASUN

Same as olusu(n).

OLAXAN / ОЛХОН

adj. Quite a few.

OLBARI-, etc. / ОЛБОРИХ

See ulbari-, etc.

OLBU / ОЛБО

n. Flying squirrel.

OLBUG / ОЛБОГ

n. Quilted jacket worn under armor; square cushion for sitting; mattress.
-- talbaγ. Square cushion for sitting; mattress.

OLBUG-A

n. Track in the grass, downtrodden grass.

OLBUGAR

See ulbaγar.

OLBURI / ОЛБОР

n. Thing found; find, acquisition; gain, profit.

OLDA- / ОЛДОХ

v.pass. of ol-.
--basu. If you find it possible, I beg, I request (epist.).
cimadur --xu ygei yy ? Can you not find it?
erizy --xu ygei. To be unable to find.
keleky yge --xu ygei. To be at a loss for words.

OLDABURI / ОЛДВОР

n. Thing found, find; aquisition; profit, gain.

OLDAGDA- / ОЛДОГДОХ

[v. pass. of olda-] To be found, acquired.

OLDASI / ОЛДОШ

-- ygei. Not easily found or acquired; seldom met with, rarely occurring; rare, uncommon.

OLDUGURILA- / ОЛДУУРИЛАХ

v.t. and i. To economize, save, be thrifty, live frugally.

OLDUI / ОЛДОЙ

adj. Clumsy, stupid; humble (epist. style).
-- jin gergei. My wife.
-- minu bej-e. "My humble self," I.
-- (+ name). Your humble servant (+ name, epist.).

OLGA- / ОЛГОХ

v.t. To grant, issue; to pay out; to supply, provide or furnish with.
amuralta jin cilyge ji --xu. To grant leave, vacation.
caling kølysy ji --xu. To pay out wages or a remuneration.
erke --xu. To grant the right, privilege or power; to empower, authorize.
mønggy --xu. To pay out money; to provide money, arrange for a payment.
ner-e kergem --xu. To bestow title and rank.
xubijarilan --xu. To distribute, allot, portion out.
zøbsijerel [i] --xu. To consent, grant a favorable decision, grant permission.

OLGAGUL- / ОЛГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of olγa-.
dakin erke ji --xu. To restore a person's rights.
dakin --xu. To reinstate, restore.
jaγu kysegsen i --xu. To grant a person's wishes

OLGALTA / ОЛГОЛТ

n. The act of olγa-.

OLGU-, etc.

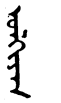
See olγa-, etc.

OLGI-

v. i. and t. To gossip, backbite; to blame; to cause or excite a quarrel, enmity; to curse.

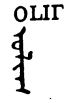
OLGIГ

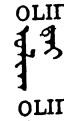
Same as olgijan.

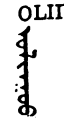
OLGIJAN

n. Malicious gossip, false rumor, calumny, libel; scandal.
-- yges i ygyleky. To backbite, gossip.
-- ysyg yges. Libelous writing and speeches.

OLI-

v.t. To butt (goat, ram).

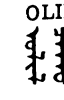
OLIГ / ОЛИГ

-- ygei. Wretch, coward; sloppy, slovenly.

OLIГTAI / ОЛИГТОЙ

adj. Useful, fit, appropriate; fine, good, decent.

OLIГUU / ОЛИО

-- soliγuu. Upside down; without order, confused; twisted in various directions.

OLII- / ОЛИЙХ

v.i. To depart from the road; to take the wrong road; to give somebody an angry or distrustful look.
--n jabuxu. To deviate from a direct route; not to follow the road.
kymyn i --xu. To look at a person angrily, scowl at.

OLILCA-

Erroneous or dialectical for olulca-.

OLIU / ОЛИО

-- soliu. Same as oliγuu soliγuu.

OLIXAI, 1.

adj. Nervous, jumpy, jittery.

OLIXAI, 2.

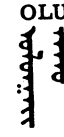
n. Blisters on animals.

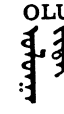
OLTURIГ / ОЛТРИГ

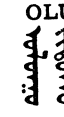
n. Small island; archipelago.

OLUГAI / ОЛГОЙ

n. Colon, large intestines; dried intestine of of sheep or cow used as container for butter or liquids.
-- jin ebedcin. Intestinal disease.
degedy -- . Small intestine.
douradu -- . Large intestine.
muxur -- . Caecum, blind gut, appendix.
muxur -- jin ebedcin. Appendicitis.

OLUГAILA- / ОЛГОЙЛОХ

v.t. To put melted butter into the dried intestine of a sheep or cow for the purpose of storing.

OLUГAITAI / ОЛГОЙТОЙ

adj. Being or contained in an oluγai, q.v.
-- sir-a tosu. Butter in an oluγai, q.v.

OLUГUIDU- / ОЛГОЙДОХ

v.i. To shoot out, upward or forward; to gush out or up.

OLUL / ОЛОЛ

-- ygei. Without finding.

OLULCA- / ОЛОЛЦОХ

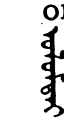
v. coop. of ol-.
dokij-a ber yge --xu. To communicate by gestures or signs.
yge --xu. To come to an agreement.

OLULTA / ОЛОЛТ

n. A find, something found; achievement, attainment.
-- bytygelte = -- bytymzi = -- gyicedkel. Achievement, attainment, success, progress; result.
-- γarγaxu. To be successful.
-- ilalta. Success, victory.
amzilta -- . Success, attainment.

OLUM / ОЛОМ

[= olung] n. Ford, crossing.
-- ijer. [By] fording, [by] wading.
-- ygei. Unfordable, deep.

OLUMTAI / ОЛОМТОЙ

[= olumtu] adj. Fordable; that may be crossed by wading, shallow.

OLUNCUГ / ОЛОНЦОГ



n. A felt pad placed between a saddle and the horse's back.

OLUNG, 1. / ОЛОН



n. The right-hand saddle girth, which has the buckle. Cf. zirim.

OLUNG, 2.



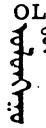
See olum.

OLUNGCUR / ОЛОНЦОР



-- sur. [Go.] Saddle girth; belly-band.

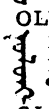
OLUNGГUDUI / ОЛОНГОДОЙ



n. High boots.

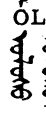
-- γutul. High boots.

OLUNGLA-



v.t. To buckle the saddle girth (cf. olung, 1.).

OLUSU(N) / ОЛС



n. Hemp; hemp thread, rope, cord.

--n degesy . Hempen rope.

--n u tosu. Hemp oil.

OLZA / ОЛЗ



n. Finding, find; acquisition, income, revenue, earning; profit, gain; booty; prisoner[s] of war.

-- asiγ = asiγ -- . Profit, gain, income; advantage.

-- asiγ un tataburi. Income tax.

-- olxu. To profit, gain, win.

-- omuγ. Profit, gain.

-- tusa. Advantage, profit.

-- xaraxu. To seek advantage, profit or gain.

bailduγan u --. War booty, trophy; prisoner[s].

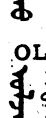
OLZALA- / ОЛЗЛОХ



v. t. To seize, capture, take prisoner; to profit, gain, make a fortune.

--γsan zebseg. Captured weapons.

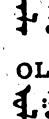
OLZALAГDA- / ОЛЗЛОГДОХ



v.pass. of olzala-.

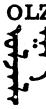
--γsan cerig. Prisoner of war.

OLZALAГUL- / ОЛЗЛГУЛАХ



v. caus. of olzala-.

OLZALALГ-A / ОЛЗЛОЛГО



n. Acquisition, gain, profit.

OLZATAI / ОЛЗТОЙ



adj. Profitable, gainful, lucrative.

OLZI-



[Go.] v.t. To capture, take prisoner.

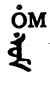
OM



[S. oṃ = um = om] A mystical syllable.

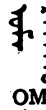
-- mani badm-a hum. "Om mani padme hūm," S. usually translated as "Om, Jewel in the Lotus, Hūm," which according to a popular, but erroneous view refers to the Buddha, his Teaching and the Buddhist Clergy. Actually it is an invocation directed to Avalokiteçvara, the Bodhisattva (see BODISADU-A) of compassion. Another explanation applying to the same Bodhisattva is, "Om , the Jewel Lotus, Hūm." According to Sanskrit grammar this interpretation would apply to a female deity.

ÖM



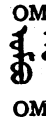
See om.

OMARXA-



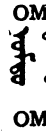
Same as omurxa-.

OMBU-



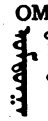
See umba-.

OMTUDA-



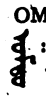
See omtuγada-.

OMTUГADA-



[Ko.] [= omtuda-] v.i. To escape, slip out, get away (of game, animals, birds, fish); to miss in shooting.

OMTUГAI / ОМТГОЙ



adj. Careless, negligent; lazy.

OMTUГAIDA- / ОМТГОЙДОХ



v.i. To be careless, negligent, lazy.

øcyken jabudal dur kemebecy -- ygei. [He] does not neglect even a small matter.

OMTUГAILA- / ОМТГОЙЛОХ



v. t. and i. To neglect, be careless, indifferent.

OMUГ, 1. / ОМОГ



n. Arrogance, haughtiness, conceit, pride; anger.

-- ijen daruxu. To quell one's own anger.

-- jeke tei. Arrogant, haughty.

-- tøryky. To become haughty or arrogant; to become angry.

OMUГ, 2. / ОМОГ



See obuγ.

OMUГ, 3. / ОМОГ



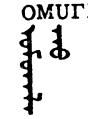
See olza.

OMUГ, 4. / ОМОГ



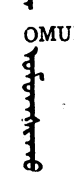
See under ciki(n).

OMUГLA- / ОМОГЛОХ



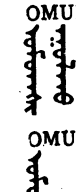
v. i. To be arrogant, act arrogantly, haughtily, irascibly; to fly into a rage.

OMUГSI- / ОМОГШИХ



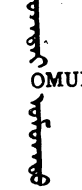
v. i. To be[come] haughty, arrogant, angry; to rage; to shout or grumble angrily; to be courageous.

OMUГSIГUL- / ОМОГШУУЛАХ



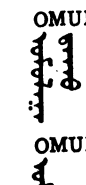
[v. caus. of omuγsi-] To cause to be proud; to encourage, inspire courage.

OMUГTAI / ОМОГТОЙ



[= omuγtu] adj. Haughty, arrogant; hot-tempered.

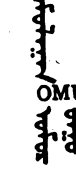
OMUГTU / ОМОГТ



See omuγtai.

-- yge. Arrogant words or speech.

OMULГADA-



v. i. To become enraged, flare up.

OMULГAN / ОМОЛГОН

adj. Hot-[tempered], turbulent, boisterous, fierce.

OMURUГU(N) / ОМРУУ

[= omuruu] n. Sternum, clavicle, breast; soft skin of animal's neck; white hair on animal's breast.

OMURUГUBCI / ОМРУУВЧ



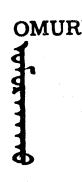
n. Shoulderpiece of armor, breastplate; breast strap of a saddle horse.

OMURUU



See omuruγu.

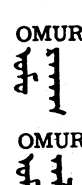
OMURXA- / ОМОРХОХ



v. i. and t. To act arrogantly or haughtily; to swagger.

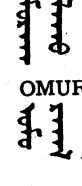
øber yn erdem ijen --xu. To show off one's merits, knowledge or talents.

OMURXAГ / ОМОРХОГ



adj. Haughty, arrogant; hot-tempered.

OMURXAГLA- / ОМОРХОГЛОХ



v. i. To behave haughtily, arrogantly.

OMURXAL / ОМОРХОЛ



n. Arrogance, haughtiness.

ON / ОН



n. Calendar year.

-- daraγalaγsan bicig. Chronicle, annals.

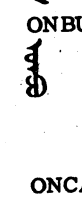
-- du oruxu = onduraxu. To pass the winter; to survive the winter weather (of animals).

-- sar-a. Date (lit.: year and month).

-- tusxu. Same as ontus-.

-- zil yn toγalal. Chronology.

ONAN



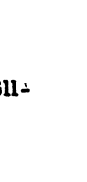
Ancient form for onun.

ONBU



[= ombu] n. Business manager (a lama) of a monastery or a hutukhtu (see xutuγtu) administration.

ONCA / ОНЦ



[= oncu] adj. and adv. Particular, specific; separate, unique, special, exclusive; especially, particularly.

-- arγ-a kemzij-e. Special measures or steps.

-- baidal. Peculiar or special situation, position or circumstances.

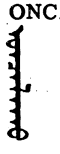
-- ber. Especially, particularly, specifically.
-- bygyde xural. Extraordinary plenum.
-- cixula. Very important.
-- cud. Outstanding ones, honor students.
-- erke. Monopoly, privilege.
-- erke bykyi. Monopolized.
-- erke bykyi baraγ-a. Monopolized merchandise.
-- ilγaburi. Specific character[istics]; peculiarity.
-- jeke. Extremely great.
-- sain. Excellent[ly], distinguished, model, exemplary.
-- sonin. Special news.
-- surulγatan. Distinguished students.
-- temdeg. Excellent mark or grade, distinctive mark, mark, insignia of honor.

ONCAΓAI



See oncuγui.

ONCALA- / ОНЦЛОХ



v. t. and i. To make or render different or unusual; to separate, single out; to stress, emphasize.
--n γarxu. To emerge on top; to distinguish oneself.
--n yzeky. To give special consideration

ONCI / ОНЧ



n. Inertia.

ONCID-



Same as ontus-.

ONCIDA- / ОНЧДОХ



v. i. To become entangled (as thread, rope, etc.).

ONCIDUDXUN



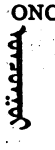
Same as onzituγai.

ONCU



See onca.

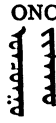
ONCUΓUI / ОНЦГОЙ



[= oncaγai, oncuxai] adj. and adv. Peculiar, unusual; specific; separate; special, particular, different; remote, isolated (of place or area); strange.
-- ber. Separately, particularly, especially.
-- cinar. Characteristic.

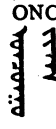
-- erkety elcin said. Plenipotentiary.
-- kycylel. Special effort.
-- mergezil yn surγaγuli. Specialized school , trade school.
-- suruγci. Special student.
-- surulγatan. Excellent student.
busud ece -- . Different from others.
kymyn ece -- . Peculiar, different from other people.
yndysyn y -- baidal. Basic or fundamental characteristics; national peculiarities or characteristics.

ONCUΓUILA- / ОНЦГОЙЛОХ



v. t. and i. To isolate, seclude, separate, single out; to discriminate; to stand out.

ONCUΓUILAL / ОНЦГОЙЛОЛ



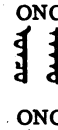
n. Isolation, seclusion; discrimination.

ONCUILΓA-



Same as oncuγuila-.

ONCULA-



See oncala-.

ONCULAL / ОНЦЛОЛ



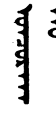
n. Separating, singling out.
-- un temdeg. Quotation marks.

ONCULIΓ / ОНЦЛОГ



adj. Special, specific, different.
-- cinar. Special property or quality; particularity.
-- sinzi. Characterstic indication or mark; special characteristic.

ONCURXA- / ОНЦОРХОХ



v. t. and i. To treat as special; to act in a special or peculiar manner; to be conceited.

ONCUXAI



See oncuγui.

ONDAI -



Same as ondui.

ONDU / ОНДОО

adj. and adv. Another, other; different[ıy]; apart, separately.

ONDUГAR / ОНДГОР

adj. Having an elevated rear part.

ONDUI / ОНДОЙ

adj. Empty, insignificant; unsuited; good for nothing, useless, vain. [Ra.] Real, original [?].

-- хоγusun. Empty, useless, vain.

-- хоγusun jabuxu. To go empty-handed.

-- хоγusun kicijel. Vain effort.

ONDUI-

See øndei-. [Mo.] To raise the backside (as a diving bird).

ONDURA- / ОНДРОХ

See on du oruxu under on.

ONG

See vang.

ONGГAI-

See ongγui-

ONGГAN

adj. Gentle, soft, meek, compliant.

ONGГARXAI

See ongγurxai.

ONGГU- / ОНГОХ

v. i. To burn inside (of a person), feel heat; to change color, wither, fade.

ONGГUCA / ОНГОЦ

n. Vessel, boat, ship; airplane; receptacle for water or fodder for livestock, trough.

-- jabuxu ygei. Not navigable; the boat is not going.

-- jin acuγ. The price of transportation in a boat.

-- jin dalbaγ-a. Sail.

-- jin daruγ-a. Captain of a ship.

-- jin irmeg. Board, side of a ship.

-- jin siruγ. Mast of a vessel.

-- jin ziluγaci. Helmsman, steersman, pilot.

-- kikyˊγazar. Shipyard.

aγar un -- = nisky --. Airplane.

aγur un -- = γal[tu] --. Steamboat.

bej-e ugijaxu --. Bath tub.

dalai jin --. Seagoing vessel.

usun doγuur jabudaγ --. Submarine.

xudduγ un --. Trough by a well for watering livestock.

xujaγtu --. Armored vessel.

ONGГUCACI / ОНГОЦОЧ

n. Boatman, ferryman; sailor, seaman.

ONGГUCALA- / ОНГОЦЛОХ

v. t. and i. To sail, travel by boat or ship; to load on a ship.

ONGГUD

Pl. of ongγun.

ONGГUI- / ОНГОЙХ

[= өngγai-] v. i. To become wide open, open up, form an opening or a gap; to gape.

--tal-a negegeky. To open wide, completely.

cegezi --ba. [He] got it off his chest.

nidy --ba. [My] eyes have opened, [I] began to realize.

tngri --ba. To clear up (of weather).

ONGГUILГA- / ОНГОЙЛГОХ

[v. caus. of ongγui-] To open, leave open.

egyde ji --! Leave the door open!

ONGГULA- / ОНГОЛОХ

v. t. To consecrate, dedicate to the tutelary deities; to bury.

cindar i --xu. To bury or inter a corpse.

γazar --xu. To consecrate a place, dedicating it to a deity. (In such places hunting, slaughtering of animals, etc. is forbidden).

mal --xu. To consecrate domestic animals to a deity. (Such animals are set free, not forced to work or give milk.)

ONGГULI- / ОНГОЛИХ

v. i. To be out of breath; to pant, breathe quickly or in a labored manner (of a sick person); to be in a dying state, near death; to overturn, tip over.

--γsan terge. Overturned cart.

ONGГULZA- / ОНГОЛЗОХ

[v. frequent. of ongγui-] v.i. To keep opening; to gape.

ONGГUN / ОНГОН

n. and adj. [pl. ongγud]. (Shamanist) spirit inhabiting a material object, genie, guardian spirit, tutelary deity; spirit of a deceased person, ghost; pure, holy, sacred, consecrated; tomb of a saint or an eminent person, family tomb; shamanist ancestral idol; naturally white hair.

-- del. The long uncut mane of a horse.

-- dobuγ-a. Hill or altar consecrated to the spirits.

-- γazar. Sacred place (where it is forbidden to hunt, cut trees or grass, dig, etc.).

-- ysy. White hairs among black ones (of young people).

ONGГUR

See under congγur.

ONGГURXAI / ОНГОРХОЙ

[= ongγarxai] n. and adj. Opening, orifice, gap, hole; breach; open, hollow.

-- cgyde. Open door.

egyden y -- ber sixaγaxu. To peep through a slightly opened door.

ONGGI / ОНГИ

n. Socket or ring for a handle in an axe, spade, or hoe.

ONGGILA- / ОНГИЛОХ

v.t. To fit in, set in a socket or ring; to dig; to dig in, rummage.

ONGLIГUD

Same as ongniγud

ONGNIГUD / ОГНУУД

[= ongniud] n.p. Name of a clan and banner in the Zuu Uda League (Eastern Inner Mongolia).

ONGNIUD

See ongniγud.

ONGXU, 1.

n. Anklebones of sheep and goats used for playing at anklebones.

ONGXU(N), 2.

--n morin. A horse kept separately as a reserve.

ONGXUГUR / ОНХГОР

adj. Senseless, stupid.

ONGXUI- / ОНХОЙХ

v.i. To live in solitude, be alone; to be inactive, idle.

--n saγuxu. To live in solitude; to be inert, inactive; to be sorrowful.

ONGXUILCA- / ОНХОЙЛЦОХ

[v. coop. of ongxui-] To pass time inactively or idly together.

ONGXUL / ОНХОЛ

-- congxul = -- tongxul. Uneven; rough; ragged, rugged; abounding in hillocks; crisscrossed by wheeltracks.

ONGXULDU- / ОНХОЛДОХ

v.i. To upset, turn over.

ONGXULDUГUL- / ОНХОЛДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of ongxuldu-.

--un kømyrigylky. To upset, turn over.

ONGXUR / ОНХОР

n. and adj. Cavity, hollow (of a bowl or other concave vessel); hollow, concave, bowl-shaped.

-- ajaγ-a. Deep cup, bowl.

ONGXUSKI- / ОНХОСГИХ

--n bosxu. To jump out of bed; to leap up, rise suddenly.

ONI, 1. / ОНЬ

[= onu] n. Notch on an arrow; defile, gorge.

-- køtyl. Narrow pass[age]; gorge, ravine, canyon.

-- uxuxu. To make a notch in an arrow.

aγula jin -- . Depression between two mountain peaks.

ONI, 2.



-- xoruxai. Earthworm.

ONIГUR / ОНИГОР



n. and adj. Narrow eyes; narrow-eyed.

ONILA- / ОНИЛОХ



v.t. and i. To nock an arrow, fit an arrow on the string; to take aim with an arrow; to aim at (also fig.); to concentrate on.

ONISU(N) / ОНЬС(ОН)



n. Spring; lock; mechanism, mechanical device; (fig.) gist, essence, knack, key.

--n arγ-a. Dexterity, knack, skill.

--n u nyke. Keyhole.

ilbi jin --. The quintessence of magic.

ONISULA- / ОНЬСЛОХ



v.t. To lock up, padlock.

ONISUTAI / ОНЬСТОЙ



[= onisuty] adj. Having a lock; mechanical.

ONISX-A / ОНЬСГО



n. Riddle, enigma, puzzle.

-- tailxu. To solve a riddle.

-- ygyleky. To propose a riddle.

ONTUГ-A, etc.



See untaγ-a, etc.

ONTUIS-



See ontus-.

ONTUS-



[= ontuis-] [Go.] v.i. To discharge an arrow in the air; to shoot into the air or over the target.

ONTUSUM-A



n. The flight of an arrow over the target or the distance which it is, or can be shot.

ONU, 1. / ОНЬ



See oni.

ONU, 2. / ООНО



See oγunu.

ONU, 3. / ОНОО



See onuγu.

ONU- / ОНОХ, НОХ



[= no-] v.t. To hit a target; to hit upon; to be due to (as a share); to guess or conjecture rightly, find the answer; to penetrate (mentally), solve; to understand.

--xui bilig. The faculty of sound sense or judgment, judiciousness, sagacity.

kymyn byri dy nizeged tøgyrig --mui. To each man one tugrik is due.

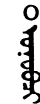
teg dumda ni --ba. [It] hit the bull's eye.

tegyn y kelegsen ni --zu bain-a. What he has said is right to the point.

tere yneker --tal-a kelebe. He really hit the nail on the head, really made a pertinent remark.

ynen udx-a ji --xu. To comprehend the true meaning or sense.

ONUBCI, 1. / ОНОВЧ



n. Small pointed knife used for trimming arrows.

ONUBCI, 2. / ОНОВЧ



n. Prudence, intelligence; meaning, significance

ONUBCITAI / ОНОВЧТОЙ



adj. To the point, exact, corresponding to one's desire; apt, expedient, appropriate, fitting.

-- todurxai. Clearly defined, exact, concrete, specific.

ONUГ-A(N), 1. / ОНОО



n. Allotment; match (one's assigned opponent in a wrestling competition).

ONUГ-A(N), 2. / ОНОО



See onuγu.

ONUГA- / ОНООХ



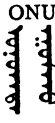
[v.caus. of onu-, same as onuγul-] v.t. To allot, allocate.

ONUГDA- / ОНОГДОХ

[= noγda-, v.pass. of onu-] To be hit; to be imposed or inflicted on, allotted to, fall to one's lot or share; to be due; to fall in with; to be subject to.

--γsan alban tataburi. Assessed tax or contribution.

nadur --γsan ygei. Was not alloted to me, I did not get or obtain.
sumun du --xu. To be hit by an arrow or bullet.

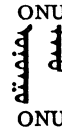
ONUГDAГUL- / ОНОГДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of onuγda-] To impose, assess; to assign to.
alban tataburi ji --xu. To impose a tax.

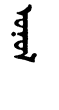
ONUГSAN

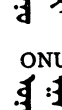
n. Understanding, intellect.

ONUГU / ОНОО

[= onuγ-a(n) 2, onu, 3] n. Slit in the side of a gown or shirt; interstice between the buttocks.
-- γarγaxu. To make a slit in a garment.
bitegyy --. Garment without a slit.

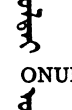
ONUГUL- / ОНУУЛАХ

v. caus. of onu-.

ONUL / ОНОЛ

n. Comprehension, perceiving, understanding; intelligence; viewpoint; theory.
-- i barimtalaxu. To base on the theory.
-- sanal. Opinion; proposal.
-- un zokijal. Theoretical work.
-- yzel. View; theory.
-- yzel i γarγaxu. To propose a theory, express one's view[point].

ONULCI / ОНОЛЧ

n. Theorist.

ONULГ-A / ОНОЛГО

n. Comprehension, understanding, concept. [Mo.] Gain, profit.

ONULTAI / ОНОЛТОЙ

[= onultu] adj. Intelligent; sagacious, reasonable.

ONUMAГAI / ОНОМГОЙ

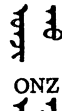
adj. Sagacious, keen-witted.
-- uxaγan. Sagacious mind, intelligence, sagaciousness.

ONUN / ОНОН

n. p. The Onon river in Mongolia.

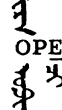
ONUSI / ОНОШ

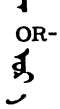
-- ygei. Incomprehensible, inconceivable.

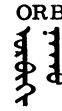
ONZI-

[S.H.] v.t. To reprimand, blame, scold.

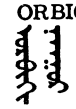
ONZITUГAI

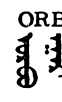
[S.H.] Imper. of onzi-.

OPERA / ОПЕРА

[R. опера] n. Opera.

OPERACI / ОПЕРАЦ

[R. операция] n. Operation.

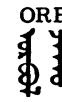
OR-A

Précl. for oru.

ORBIGINA- ОРВИГНОХ

v.i. To look around restlessly or furtively.

ORBIGINAГUR / ОРВИГНУУР

adj. Restless.

ORBUГAR / ОРВОГОР

adj. Bristling, standing on end; disheveled.

ORBUI- / ОРВОЙХ

v.i. To bristle, stand on end; to be[come] disheveled (of the hair).

ORBULZA- / ОРВОЛЗОХ

v.i. To bristle and move (as hair or bristles).

ORBUN / ОРВОН

n. Hillock, knoll; roots of a fallen tree; curved cleft in mountain or hill.

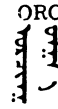
ORCI- / ОРЧИХ

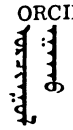
v.i. To turn around, revolve, rotate; to go through the cycle of transmigrations, transmigrate.

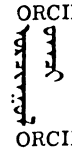
ORCIГUL- / ОРЧУУЛАХ

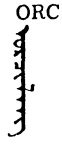
[v. caus. of orci-] v.t. To turn; to translate, interpret.
enedkeg kelen i tøbed ijer --xu. To translate from Sanskrit into Tibetan.

mongγul kele deger-e --xu. To translate into Mongolian.
nom un kyrdyn i --xu. To turn the wheel of the Law, i.e., to preach the Law (Buddhism).

ORCIГULГ-A / ОРЧУУЛГАА

n. Revolving, roatation, turn[ing]; translation.

ORCIГULГA-

v. caus. of orciγul-.

ORCIГULUГCI / ОРЧУУЛАГЧ

n. Translator, interpreter.

ORCILANG / ОРЧЛОН(Г)

[S. samsāra] n. Cycle of reincarnations or transmigration; material world.
-- ece tebciky. To leave the circle of transmigration; to die.

ORCILANGTU / ОРЧЛОНТ

-- jirtincy jin. Cosmic.
-- jirtincy jin baidal. Cosmography.

ORCIM / ОРЧИМ

[= orcin] adv. and postpos. Around, in the neighborhood, near, about; neighborhood, surroundings.
-- axui. Close, near-by, neighboring.
-- toγurin. Environment; around, in the vicinity.
-- un γazar. Surroundings, environs.
balγasun u -- . In the neighborhood of the town.
døci jin -- kymyn. About forty people; person about forty years old.
ene -- du. In this neighborhood; recently.
oir-a -- . Near, close; in the neighborhood.

ORCIMDAKI / ОРЧИМДОХЬ

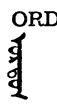
adj. Located in the neighborhood, neighboring, adjacent.

ORCIN

See orcim.

ORDU(N) / ОРД

n. Residence of a ruler; palace; camp.
-- xarsi. Palace.
naiman caγan -- . The Eight White Tents dedicated to the worship of Chinggis Khan.
zasaγ un --n. Government.

ORDUS / ӨРДӨС

n. p. Ordus or Ordos, tribe and territory of the Mongols of the Jeke Zuu (Ike Chao) League of Inner Mongolia.

ORDUSU(N)

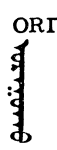
Same as orudusu(n).

ORГA(N)

irgen -- . [S.H.] People.

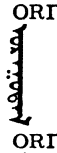
ORГU(N)

Same as orγa(n)

ORГU- / ОРГОХ

v.i. To flee, escape; to take refuge; to desert.
--γsan kymyn. Escapee, refugee.
--n zailaxu. To escape, take refuge.
--zu zilliky. To go astray and get lost.
cerig ece --xu. To desert the army.
dutaγan --xu. To escape, take refuge, find asylum.

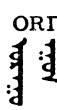
ORГUBCI

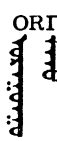
Same as oryui.

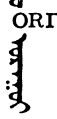
ORГUDAL / ОРГОДОЛ

n. Fugitive, deserter; refugee.
cerig yn -- . Deserter (mil.).

ORГUDUUL

Same as oryudal.

ORГUГUL / ОРГУУЛ

n. Refugee, deserter, escapee.

ORГUГUL- / ОРГУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of oryu-] To cause or allow to escape.

ORГUI / ОРГОЙ

[= oruγui] n. Helmet of a shaman with iron horns worn while shamanizing.

ORГUL / ОРГОЛ

n. The act of oryu-.

OR ӨLTA / ОРГОЛТ

n. Escape, flight.

ORGI- / ОРГИХ



v.i. To spurt, gush forth; to boil up; to belch out (of smoke); to prosper.

bulaγ un usu --zu bainam. The spring water is gushing forth.

ORGIL / ОРГИЛ



n. Summit, top.

aγula jin -- . Summit of a mountain.

odun orun i sinzileky -- . Observatory.

oγtaryui jin -- . Zenith.

ORGIL- / ОРГИЛОХ



v.i. To boil, curl, foam, froth; to spring (well, source), bubble, spurt, gush forth.

bulaγ mety --xu. To gush forth or bubble over like a spring.

ORGILAГUL- / ОРГИЛУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of origil-] To make boil, etc.; to arouse (as enthusiasm).

bilig ojun i --un γarγaxu. To display one's knowledge or talents.

eke orunci yzel i --xu. To arouse patriotism.

sanaγacilaγ-a ji --xu. To stimulate an idea or ideas, provoke thoughts.

ORGILГ-A, 1. / ОРГИЛГО



n. Overflowing, boiling.

ORGILГ-A, 2. / ОРГИЛГО



n. Hinge.

ORGILГA-



v. caus. of orgil-.

ORI, 1. / ОРЬ



adv. Only, merely, just; absolutely, completely.

-- γaγca. Completely alone.

ORI, 2.



n. Spirit, soul, life, energy.

-- saitai. Of a strong physique, robust; energetic.

ORIJA- / ОРООХ



v.t. To tie around, entwine, coil; to wrap, bandage; to wind, reel, roll (around); to tangle, confuse.

--zu asaγuxu. To ask confusing questions.

--zu boγuxu. To tie, bind, bandage.

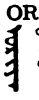
degesy ber --xu. To tie around with a rope.

olan yge toluγai --xu, urtu xormai køl --xu. [Too] many words trouble ("tie up") one's head, [too] long [a] skirt troubles one's legs (proverb).

sirx-a --xu. To bandage a wound.

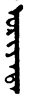
toluγai ben alciγur ijer --xu. To wrap the head with a scarf.

ORIJADASU(N) / ОРООДОС



n. Ribbon, cord, wrapping.

ORIJADASULA- / ОРООДОСЛОХ



v.t. To bind, wrap, tie around.

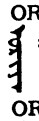
ORIJAГDA- / ОРООГДОХ



[v. pass. of orija-] To be entangled or mixed up or interwoven.

kelegsen yge degen --xu. To be entangled in one's own statements.

ORIJAГUL



-- modu. [Ko.] Ivy.

ORIJALDU- / ОРООЛДОХ



[v. rec. of orija-] To intertwine, coil together, be entangled; to become involved.

ORIJALDUГUL-



v. caus. of orijaldu-

ORIJALГ-A



See orijalta.

ORIJALГA-



v. caus. of orija-.

ORIJALГU



adj. Flexible, pliable, soft.

ORIJALTA / ОРООЛТ



[= orijalγ-a] n. Wrapper, tie, bandage.

ORIJALTATAI / ОРООЛТТОЙ



[= orijaltatu] adj. Having a wrapper or bandage; tied, wrapped, bandaged.

ORIJALTATU / ОРООЛТТОТ



See orijaltatai.

ORIJAMAL / ОРООМОЛ

[n.d. of orija-] adj. Twisted; braided; twining, creeping (of plants).

ORIJANGГU / ОРООНГО

n. Kind of creeping plant (Visseria chinensis); vine, grapevine.

altan -- ceceg. Kind of climbing plant (Tecoma grandiflora, Ch. ling-hsiao-hua 凌霄花).

yzym yn --. Grapevine.

ORILA- / ОРИЛОХ

v.i. To cry out, shout, scream.

ORILAГ-A / ОРИЛОО

n. and adj. [One] who always shouts, screams, bawls, squalls; screamer.

ORIM-A

[Go.] Kind of marine fish resembling the ling.

ORKI- / ОРХИХ

a) v.t. To throw, throw out, cast away; to reject, leave; to give up, abandon; to release a hunting bird.

--n tebciky. To abandon, reject, forsake.

bi tegyn i ger tegen --γad irebe. I left him (or it) at home.

egyde ji tasu --xu. To slam the door.

samaγun jabudal i --xu. To give up debauchery.

b) Aux. verb expressing completion of action.

umartazu --xu. To forget completely.

ORKICA / ОРХИЦ

n. That which is thrown aside; shuttle (weaving); name of the form of the letters a, e or n when they occur at the end of a word in Mongolian script(ᠠ); alternation, turn.

ORKICA- / ОРХИЦОХ

v.t. To bandy; to toss to and fro (as a ball).

ORKICAГUL-

[Mo.] [v.caus. of orkica-] To cause or allow to alternate.

ORKIDASU(N) / ОРХИДОС

n. and adj. [That which is] thrown; remnant, refuse, litter, rubbish; abandoned, deserted, contemptible, despicable.

-- em-e. A cast off, rejected, or contemptible woman.

ORKIГDA- / ОРХИГДОХ

v.pass. of orki-.

ORKIГUL

See orkiγuli.

ORKIГUL- / ОРХИУЛАХ

v.caus. of orki-.

ORKIГULI / ОРХИУЛЬ

[= orkiγul] n. The two ends of a ceremonial rosary extending beyond the large ornamental bead, usually hanging down the back of the neck; long tuft of strings of red silk attached to the back of the ceremonial hat of women , and coming down to the waist and even lower.

ORKIL[A]- / ОРХИЛОХ

v.t. To scatter, throw about without order, litter

ORKILCA-

v. coop.of orkil-.

ORKIMZI / ОРХИМЖ

[= kølysybci, T. rngul gzan] n. Scarf, usually red, consisting of a wide and long piece of cloth which lamas wrap around the body, throwing the end over the left shoulder.

ORKIMZILA- / ОРХИМЖЛОХ

v.t. To put on an orkimzi (q.v.).

ORKIRA- / ОРХИРОХ

v.i. To roar, bawl; to growl; to whistle (as an arrow).

ORKIRAL / ОРХИРОЛ

n. Roar, bawling, growl.

ORKIRU

adj. Roaring, whistling.

ORMUГ

n. Tuft of hair, wool or hempen thread, etc.

ORU / ОР

[cf. orun] n. Place; bed; vacant place, vacancy; trace; (factual) basis.

-- debisker. Bedding.

-- der-e. Bedding.

-- ji nøkyky. To fill a vacancy; to replace.

-- orun du talbixu. To allocate, put each in its place.

-- surayγ. Information; trace.

-- surayγ ygei. Without a trace (e.g. disappearing without a trace).

-- ygei. Without a basis, trace; groundless, unfounded.

-- ygei [ber] usadxaxu. To destroy without leaving a trace.

-- ygei cuurxal ud. Unfounded, wild rumor, nonsensical news, unfounded gossip.

-- zasaxu. To make the bed.

ebedciten i kebtegylyn sobilaxu--.Bed for patients.

tere jabuγsan ece xoisi -- surayγ ygei bolba. Since he left nothing has been heard of him.

ORU- / ОРОХ

v.i. a) To enter, go or come into a place, space, substance, state or condition; to penetrate; to be received (as proceeds, income).

--xui γarxui. Receipts and expenses.

--xui anu γarxui dur yly kyrylceky. The income does not cover the expenses.

ami --xu. To become alive, revive.

erke cilygety baidal dur --xu. To become free (lit. to enter into state of liberty).

ger tyr --xu. To enter a house.

kycy --xu. To gather or recover strength; to need strength.

nykelen --xu. To undermine (e.g. a city wall).

tamir tengkege --xu. To recover strength, feel stronger or better.

tuil un dorui baidal dur --xu. To fall into an extremely miserable state.

zam dur --xu. To be on the right track; to get on the road, be on the road to.

b) To yield, give in, obey; to fall under the influence of; to become addicted to; to be dependent on; to be in rut (of animals).

--γsan temege. Camel in rut.

arγan dur --xu. To fall into a trap (fig.).

darulaγdal un dour-a --xu. To come under the oppression of.

erken dyr --xu. To come under the influence of.

γar tur --xu. To fall into somebody's hands; to come under somebody's influence.

sysyg --xu. To embrace a faith, be converted.

tegyn y keleky yge minu amin dur --mui. My life depends on what he will say.

tere bolbasu minu amin dur --γsan jeke acitai kymyn møn. He is the man to whom I owe my life.

ygen dyr --xu. To obey words, be influenced by words; to believe, trust.

c) To hold, have the capacity of (of a container).

ene longxu dur xojar zing --mui. This bottle holds two catties.

idezy --xu ygei. To be unable to eat food; cannot eat any more.

d) To enter upon, begin, start; to join; to be included, fall under; to be encompassed.

aman dur --xu = kelen dyr --xu. To start to talk (of children).

azil du --xu. To start work.

bailduγan-a --xu. To become engaged in a battle.

kele aman dur --xu. To be involved in an altercation.

kereg tyr --xu. To be involved or entangled in a matter or lawsuit.

kereg zarγu tu --xu. To be involved in a lawsuit.

medege --xu. To begin to understand, notice things; to regain consciousness.

sanal --mui. An idea occurs.

suryaγuli dur --xu. To enter a school.

yn-e --. To become valuable; to become more expensive.

ynyr --. To begin to smell.

e) To fall, come down.

boruγ-a --mui = xur-a --mui. It rains.

casu --mui. It snows.

doγusi --γsan zam. Downhill road.

f) To require, take, take in.

ene azil dur baγ-a daγan γurban kymyn --mui. This work requires at least three persons.

g) v.aux. When preceded by other verbs indicates direction into.

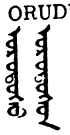
dabkizu --xu. To gallop into.

xaraizu --xu. To jump into.

ORUCI

n. Deputy, substitute.

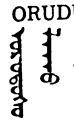
ORUDUSU(N) / ОРДОС



n. Illness, suffering; pain. [Mo.] Evil spirit which enters the human body causing illness.

-- namxaraba. The pain has lessened.

ORUDUSULA- / ОРДОСЛОХ



v.i. To recur, have a relapse; to be intermittent (of illness, pain).

ORUDUSUTAI / ОРДОСТОЙ



adj. Recurring, intermittent (pain).

ORUГ-A / ОРОО

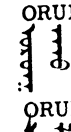


adj. Difficult to catch (of animals), difficult to get hold of, difficult to handle (of people); difficult to find (of objects); unyielding; entangled.

-- mori. Horse which is difficult to catch or handle; hard-mouthed horse.

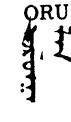
-- yge. Word difficult to pronounce.

ORUГA- / ОРООХ



See orija-.

ORUГALAN / ОРООЛОН



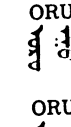
n. Vampire, a being which transforms itself into other living things.

ORUГSAD



n. Advanced scholar of the third rank in the old Chinese examination system (Ch. Chin-shih 進士).

ORUГU



See oryui.

ORUГUL



[Mo.] n. Conscript.

sin-e -- cerig [Mo.] Recruit.

ORUГUL- / ОРУУЛАХ



[v.caus. of oru-] To cause or allow to enter; to cause or allow to join; to inject; to implicate, involve; to encompass; to insert; to import.

--xu ed. Import goods.

--zu abxu. To persuade to join.

--zu ireky. To let somebody come in.

bicizy --xu. To enter in a list, register; to insert in a text.

erke degen --xu. To subject, subdue to one's power.

ger tyr --xu. To show into the house.

kycyn --xu. To give strength, strengthen.

šabi (dur) --xu. To send as a pupil or apprentice.

sanaγ-a --xu. To call one's attention to.

suryaγuli du --xu. To send to school.

xubi --xu. To contribute one's share.

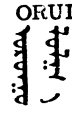
ziryken --xu. To encourage.

ORUГULГA-



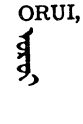
v.caus. of oruγul-.

ORUГULULГ-A / ОРУУЛЛАГА



n. Insert, inset.

ORUI, 1. / ОРОЙ



n., adj. and adv. Evening; late, in the evening, at night, p.m.

-- bolxu. To dusk, become late.

-- ireky. To come (too) late; to come in the evening.

-- jin cai. Mid-afternoon tea.

-- jin naiman caγ. 8:00 p.m.

-- jin xoγul. Supper, dinner.

-- kybegyn. Son born to aged parents.

ORUI, 2. / ОРОЙ



n. Summit, peak; crown of the head; top, roof.

-- dayan sityky. To worship faithfully; to respect highly (lit. : to respect over one's own head).

-- jin siγum. [Ko.] Equator.

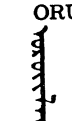
baising un -- . Roof of a building.

ORUIBCI / ОРОЙВЧ



n. Skullcap (a close-fitting cap without visor or brim), calotte.

ORUILA- / ОРОЙЛОХ

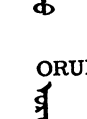


v.t. and i. To be at the head of, head, lead.

--n uduridxu. To lead, be at the head.

kødylmyricid i --xu. To head workmen, be a foreman.

ORUITA- / ОРОЙТОХ



[= oruitu-] v.i. To be (too) late, be delayed, be behind schedule.

caγ --zu bain-a. It is getting late.

odu jabuxu ygei bolbasu --mui. If [I, etc.] do not go now, [I, etc.] will be late.

ORUITAN



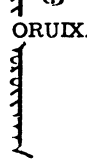
n. People with a rank button on their hats.

ORUITU-



See oruita-.

ORUIXAN / ОРОЙХОН



Dim. form of orui, q.v.

bi tegyn tei øcygedyr -- aγulzaγsan. I met him just last night.

ORULA- / ОРЛОХ



v.t. To take the place of; to replace, substitute.

--γci. See orulaγci.

--γsan. Acting, deputy.

--γsan xosiγun u daruγ-a. Acting chief of a xosiγun (banner).

--n køgegci. Lieutenant (Manchu system, junior officer in the banner).

--n siidkegci. Acting chief, head, etc.

nøkyr i --xu. To substitute for a friend.

ORULAΓCI / ОРЛОГЧ

n. and adj. Substitute, deputy, proxy; acting.

-- daruγ-a. Acting chief, chairman, director, president.

-- gesigyn. Alternate member.

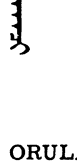
-- said. Acting minister.

ORULAΓUL- / ОРЛУУЛАХ



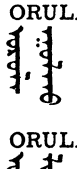
v. caus. of orula-.

ORULAΓULDA-



v. pass. of orulaγul-.

ORULAL / ОРЛОЛ



n. Substitution.

ORULCA- / ОРОЛЦОХ



[v. coop. of oru-] To take part, participate, be included in.

--γci. See orulcaγci.

--xu ygei. To keep out or away from something.

bej-e ber --xu. To take part personally.

ner-e --xu. To participate in, share.

xural dur --xu. To participate in or attend a meeting.

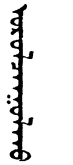
ORULCAΓCI / ОРОЛЦОГЧ



n. and adj. Participant, participating.

xural dur --. Participant in a conference.

ORULCAΓUL- / ОРОЛЦУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of orulca-] To cause or invite to take part or share, draw into, include.

--xu ygei. Not allowing or causing to take part; preventing from taking part.

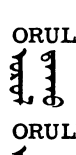
xubi ben --xu. To contribute one's share, do one's part.

ORULCAL / ОРОЛЦОЛ



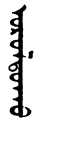
n. Sharing, participation.

ORULDA-



Same as oruldu-.

ORULDU- / ОРОЛДОХ



v.t. To try; to meddle; to be busy with; to handle; to endeavor, strive, exert oneself; to provoke, mock, tease.

--zu bykyi azilal. The work in which one is presently engaged, current work.

--zu yzeky. To try, experiment.

kymyn lyge --xu. To mock a person.

tegyn i bitegei -- ! Don't handle that!

ORULDUΓ-A / ОРОЛДОО



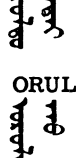
n. The act or state of oruldu-.

ORULDUΓATAI / ОРОЛДООТОЙ



adj. Industrious, active, busy.

ORULDUΓUL- / ОРОЛДУУЛАХ



v. caus. of oruldu-.

ter-e bicig i keyked ijer byy -- ! Do not let children handle that book!

ORULDULΓ-A / ОРОЛДЛОГО



n. Trial, attempt; experimentation; industriousness, zeal, effort.

-- ji γarγaxu. To make an effort, endeavor.

ORULDULΓATAI / ОРОЛДЛОГОТОЙ



adj. Active, busy.

idebki -- . Industrious, zealous, active, energetic.

ORULΓ-A / ОРЛОГО



n. Entry, income, return[s], receipt[s]; gain, profit.

-- ece ketyregsen zarulγ-a. Deficit.

-- jin dangsa. Receipt book.

-- jin zyil. Items of revenue.
-- zarulγ-a. Receipts and expenditures, income and expenses.
-- zarulγ-a jin tøsyb[lel]. Budget; estimate.
asiγ -- . Income, revenue, receipts.

ORULTA / ОРОЛТ

n. The act of oru-; entrance; income.

ORUM / ОРОМ

n. Trace; vestige, sign; footprint; current or course of water, stream; foundation, origin.
-- i daγaxu. To follow the footprints, track, or trail of.
-- ɀirum ygei. Without rhyme or reason, without order or method; unfounded, at random.
γar un -- . [Ko.] Lines in the palm of the hand.
køl yn -- . Footprint.

ORUMAL / ОРМОЛ

[n.d. of oru-] adj. [Mo.] Somebody who has been enrolled in a Mongol banner.
sin-e -- . Chinese family enrolled in a Mongol banner.

ORUMDA- / ОРОМДОХ

v.i. To do the preliminary work for construction.

ORUMLA- / ОРОМЛОХ

v.t. To substitute; to perform an official function.

ORUMTAГAI / ОРОМТГОЙ

adj. Inclined or tending to enter, join, etc. See oru- in its various meanings.
ygen dy -- . Submissive to words or orders.

ORUN / ОРОН

[cf. oru and γazar]
n. a) Place in general; territory, country, locality, area, land, site; dwelling place.
-- bairi. Site; seat, location; place.
-- bykyn. All countries or nations, the whole world.
-- du. In the place of; in place of, instead of, in lieu of.
-- nutuγ. Country, territory; rural district.
-- nutuγ un. Local, indigenous, territorial.
-- nutuγ un cerig. Provincial or local army.
-- saγuca. Dwelling, residence, abode, habitat.
-- saγurin Site, seat.
-- ygei. Homeless, without refuge, without shelter.
ax-a jin --a bi bolsu. Let me substitute for my brother (hist.).
γazar -- . Country, territory, rural district.
ger --. Dwelling place[s], abode[s].
Mongγul -- . Land of the Mongols, Mongolia.
nøkyr yn -- du. Instead of the friend.
nutuγ -- . Country, land, territory.
oruxu -- . Shelter, place of refuge or protection
oruxu -- ygei. Homeless, shelterless.
b) Institution, seat, center.
emnelge jin -- . Medical institution.
surulγ-a jin -- . Seat of learning.
xudalduγan u -- . Commercial center.
yiledbyri jin -- . Industrial center.
c) Office, official position.
-- bøgleky. To fill a vacancy.
-- du oruxu. To fill a vacancy.
-- γarxu. To have a vacancy, for a vacancy to open.
-- toγ-a. The full staff; personnel, personnel roster.
jeke -- . The throne.
xan -- . Throne.
d) Point, subject, topic
temeceldyky -- . Subject of a disputation, topic of discussion.
e) Digit (of numbers).
γurban -- tai toγ-a. Three digit number.
f) Case (gram.), cf. tein ilγal
γarxu -- . Ablative case.

ORUNCUГ / ОРОНЦОГ

n. Replacement, makeshift.

ORUNCUГLA- / ОРОНЦОГЛОХ

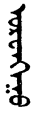
v.t. To replace, substitute.

ORUNDUГ / ОРОНДОГ

n. Bed, cot, couch.

ORUNGГ-A / ОРОНГО

n. Banner, flag, standard.

ORUNGГU / ОРОНГО

n. A kind of small dark antelope with long flat horns.

ORUNZI- / ОРОНЖИХ

v. i. To set up housekeeping, settle down.

ORUS / ОРОС

n. and adj. Russia; Russian.
-- kele. Russian language.
-- kymyn. Russian.
-- ulus. = -- orun. Russia.
xaγantu -- [orun]. Çzarist Russia.
zøblelty -- ulus. Soviet Russia.

ORUSCILA- / ОРОСЧЛОХ

v. t. To translate into Russian; to Russify.

ORUSI- / ОРШИХ

v. i. To be in; to exist; to live, reside, be located, be included; to consist of/ in ; to be obsessed (as by evil spirits); to be solid, stable ; to abide.
--ltai γazar. Place at which one should live or settle.
--n saγuγ-a γazar orun. Habitat.
--xu orun. Place to live, place of refuge.
... keṁeky [sudur] --ba. "Contains (such and such) a book" - a phrase at the end of the titles of classical Mongolian works (translation of T. bzhugs so, S. viharati sma) indicating that the word of the Buddha "abides" in the book.
nutuγlan --xu. To live, dwell, settle.
tegyn dy ada --γsan. He is obsessed by an evil spirit.
ucir anu xamiγ-a --zu amui? Where lies the reason (or cause) ?

ORUSIГUL- / ОРШУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of orusi-] To cause or allow to be in; to put into; to place in a fixed or permanent position ; to regulate; to bury, inhume, inter.
burxan i --xu. To erect a statue of a Buddha.
kegyr --xu. To bury the dead.

ORUSIГULГA-

v. caus. of orusiγul-.

ORUSIL, 1. / ОРШИЛ

n. The act of orusi-; dwelling, refuge; burial place.
-- degereki køsij-e. Mausoleum, tombstone.
-- un γazar. Burial place, grave.

ORUSIL, 2. / ОРШИЛ

n. Introduction, preface, prologue; guidebook.
bicig yn -- . Introduction to a book.

ORUSILTAI / ОРШИЛТОЙ

[= orusiltu] adj. Stable or firm in thoughts or opinions; calm, imperturbable.

ORUSILTU / ОРШИЛТ

See orusiltai.

ORUSINGГUI / ОРШИНГУЙ

adj. Stable, solid; grand.

ORUZA / ОРЗ

n. Income, gain, profit.

ORXUDUI / ОРХООДОЙ

n. Root of ginseng (Panax quinquefolium).

OSAL, etc.

See osul.

OSU- / ОСОХ

v. i. To suffer from cold weather; to freeze ; to become weather-beaten or rough (as face and hands from cold or wind).

OSUL / ОСОЛ

[= osal] n. Mishap (from negligence or carelessness); accident; carelessness, negligence; fault.
-- bolba. It is my fault; excuse me (epist.).
-- bolxu. To be negligent; to have an accident.
-- calγar. Carelessness, sloppiness, neglect.
-- ygei. Without negligence; unmistakable; without fail.
bi øbyr yn -- ijen medelyge. I recognize my mistake.

OSULDA- / ОСОЛДОХ, ОСОЛТОХ

v. i. To be negligent, lazy; to err, blunder; to have an accident.
--zu bain-a. Excuse me, pardon my negligence.
buu --xu. To have an accident with a gun.
zam dur --ba. [I, etc.] had an accident on the way.

OSULDAГUL- / ОСОЛДУУЛАХ

v. caus. To cause neglect; to hamper, hinder.

OSULDAL / ОСОЛДОЛ

n. Delinquency, accident; offence; fault.

OSULTAI / ОСОЛТОЙ

[= osultu] adj. Neglectful, careless, inaccurate, slovenly; incorrect, faulty.

OSULTU / ОСОЛТ

See osultai.

OSUR

Same as oγusur.

OSXARAГ-A

Same as osxur[uu].

OSXUR[UU] / ОСГОР(УУ)

n. Peeling (of skin, bark, etc.); crack.

OSXURDA- / ОСГОРТОХ

v.i. To peel (of skin, bark, etc.); to crack.

OTACI(N) / ОТОЧ

[= otuci(n), fr. Uigur] n. Physician, doctor; herbalist.

-- ekener. Midwife.

OTACILA- / ОТОЧЛОХ

v.t. To doctor; to treat or cure medically.

OTAГ-A

Same as otuγ-a.

OTALULTA / ОТЛОЛТ

n. Rut, heat (of animals).

OTRIJAD / ОТРЯД

[R. отряд] n. Detachment, detail, company or unit of soldiers.

OTUCI(N)

See otaci(n).

OTUГ / ОТОГ

n. Tribe; race; clan; lower administrative unit (hist.).

OTUГ-A(N) / ОТГО

n. Spray or plume of peacock feathers worn on official hats as ingignia of office or rank under Manchus.

-- jin γaγursun. Tube on top of formal Manchu hats of officials in which the otuγ-a are inserted.

γurban nidy tei --. A spray of peacock feathers on official hats under Manchus with three ocellate spots.

OTUI / ОТОЙ

Same as odui.

OTUL / ОТОЛ

n. The cylindrical spike of a reed the down of which is used for preparing tinder and for filling mattresses; reed used for making mats.

OTUR / ОТОР

n. The moving of herds to better pasture during bad seasons; springtime hunting (hist.).

-- jabuxu. To take the herds to a remote place with good grazing land.

OTURCI / ОТОРЧ

n. Herdsmen who take cattle to better pasture during the bad season.

OTURLA- / ОТОРЛОХ

v.t. To move herds to better pasture during bad seasons; to hunt in spring (hist.).

OU / ОО

[= o, ou-a] n. Powder in general; face powder.

OU-A

See ou.

OUCI / ООЧ

n. The interior side of the cheek; a mouthful.

OUCI-

See oγuci-.

OUГ

n. Hereditary slave or serf (Ch. shih-p'u 世僕).

OUKIRU-

v.i. To shout, scream, yell.

OUNA

Same as oγunu.

OUNU

Same as oγunu.

OUR / ООР



n. Mole, birthmark.

-- mengge. Big dark red birthmark.

OUX-A



n. A kind of fish (Ch. hua-chi-yü 花鮭魚).

OVA



Same as ou.

OXAR



See oxur.

OXU- / ОХОХ



v.t. To have sexual intercourse (of humans, vulgar).

OXUR / ОХОР



[= axur] adj. Short (not extended in time or space).

-- sanaγ-a. Narrow-mindedness.

-- segyl. Coccyx (the end of the vertebral solumn, beyond the sacrum).

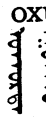
-- xuγucaγ-a. A short period.

OXURDA-



[= axurda-] v.i. To be short of; to be too short.

OXURDAГUL- / ОХОРДУУЛАХ



[= axurdaγul-, v. caus. of oxurda-] v.t. To shorten, abbreviate.

OXURXAN / ОХОРХОН



[= axurxan] adj. Somewhat short.

OZI-



See ozu-.

OZU- / ОЗОХ



[= ozi-] v.t. To kiss.

OZUГU / ОЗГОЙ



[= ozuγui] n. Penis.

OZUГUI



See ozuγu.

OZULDU- / ОЗОЛДОХ



[v.rec. of ozu-] To kiss each other.

Ø

Ø / ӨӨ

[= øge] n. Fault; roughness, unevenness.
-- erlky. To find fault, look for faults in order to accuse someone; to pick a quarrel.
-- γarxu. To develop faults.
-- γarxu ygei. To be without fault, be blameless.
-- seb. Faults, defects.

ØB, 1. / ӨВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adjectives and adverbs beginning with ø.
-- ørgen. Quite wide, quite broad.

ØB, 2. / ӨВ

n. Share, allotted part or portion; inheritance; property (to which a person has a legal title).
-- ezerkeky. To usurp property.
-- i toγtaγaxu. To determine everybody's share, distribute.
-- køryngge. Property, possessions.
-- xubijaxu. To divide the property.
-- xurijaxu. To confiscate property.
-- zalγamzilaxu. To inherit.
-- zokijaxu. To allot, distribute by shares.

ØBCI / ӨВЧ

adj. Complete, entire, whole, total.
-- xujaγtai. Completely covered by armor.

ØBCI- / ӨВЧИХ

v. t. To flay, skin.
arasun --ky. To remove the skin, flay.

ØBDEL / ӨВДӨЛ

n. Small pieces, little fragments.

ØBEDEGSI / ӨВТӨГШ

adv. and adj. Best, most, highly; worthy, distinguished.

ØBELZIN

[= øgelzin] n. Crest, tuft of feathers; hoopoe, cf. bybygelzin.

ØBER / ӨӨР

n. and adj. Self, one's own.
-- ijen. By oneself; oneself (acc.); on one's own account.
-- ijen suruγsan. Self-taught, self-educated.
-- ijen surxu bicig. Self-teaching manual.
-- øber-e. Each by himself, individually.
-- tegen. See special entry.
-- yn. One's own.
-- yn bej-e ben yzeky. To see, look at oneself (as in a mirror).
-- yn bej-e ber. Personally.
-- yn bolγaxu. To make (something) one's own; to appropriate.
-- yn dur-a. Free will, one's own will; arbitrariness.
-- yn dur-a ber. According to one's own wishes, voluntarily.
-- yn erke. Independence, free will; personal rights.
-- yn erke ber busu. Not of one's own free will.
-- yn erke ber jabuxu. To be a free man, live as a free individual.
-- yn erke ty. Independent, free.
-- yn ki. One's own.
-- yn kigsen. Made or caused by oneself.
-- yn kymyn. A person of [our] own family, kind, class, or group.
-- yn namtar. Autobiography.
-- yn sigymzilel. Self-criticism.
-- yn yn-e. Cost price.
-- zaγur-a. Among themselves or ourselves.

ØBERCILE- / ӨВӨРЧЛӨХ

v. t. To treat or consider as one's own; to appropriate.

ØBER-E, etc.

See øger-e, etc.

ØBERECILEL

See øgerecilel.

ØBEREMSI-

v. t. To appropriate, take as one's own.

ØBERID-

v.t. To make one's own; to watch, protect or defend as one's own.

ØBERMICE / ӨВӨРМИЦ

n., adj., and adv. Difference, distinction; peculiarity, special characteristics; individual[ity]; especial[ly], particular[ly], different[ly].

-- ebedcin. A special (kind of) disease.

-- γarγaγsan. Condensation, abbreviation; excerpt, extract.

ØBERSED / ӨӨРСӨД

pl. of øber (-selves).

-- yn. Of ourselves, yourselves, themselves.

-- yn xoγurundu. Between ourselves, yourselves, themselves.

ØBERSYD

Same as øbersed.

ØBERTEGEN / ӨӨРТӨӨ

adv. By oneself, upon oneself.

-- kylijegsen egyrge. An obligation or responsibility which a person has taken upon himself.

-- yiledky. To do (something) by oneself.

ØBESYBEN / ӨӨСӨӨ

adv. [By] oneself; spontaneously.

-- bytygsen. Originated by itself, self-sprung.

-- ebdereky. To break or decay by itself.

-- zasaxu. To govern oneself, be autonomous.

-- zasaxu zasaγ un ordun. Autonomous government.

ØBLE- / ӨВЛӨХ

v.t. To divide into parts, shares, distribute in portions; to own, possess; to appropriate, use or keep as one's own.

øb --ky. To own property.

ØBSI- / ӨВШҮХ

v.i. To become well-to-do.

ØBYG / ӨВӨГ

n. Tuft, crest (of a bird).

-- ceceg. Cockscomb (flower), Celosia.

ØBYGELZIN

Same as øbelzin.

ØBYGEN

Older form of ebygen, q.v.

ØBYR / ӨВӨР

[= ebyr] n. Breast, bosom, front, lap; part of the dress or coat covering the breast; south; southern side of a mountain.

-- deger-e abxu. To take (a child) on one's lap.

-- ece ben γarγaxu. To take out of a breast pocket.

-- mongγul. Inner Mongolia.

-- tal-a. Front part; southern region.

-- xangγai aimaγ. Obör Khangai Aimak (in Outer Mongolia).

-- yn debter. Notebook; pocket-sized book.

aγula jin --. Sunny or southern side of a mountain.

ØBYRE-, 1. / ӨВРӨХ

See eber[e]-.

ØBYRE-, 2. / ӨВРӨХ

v.i. To be exhausted, grow weak.

ØBYRLE- / ӨВӨРЛӨХ

[= ebyrle-] v.t. To put in one's bosom; to foster, cherish; to caress, fondle; to possess.

erdem i --ky. To foster virtue.

ØBYRTELE- / ӨВӨРТЛӨХ

[= øbyrtyle-] v.t. To put in one's bosom.

ØBYRTYLE-

See øbyrtele-.

ØBYRY-

Same as øbyre-, 1 and 2.

ØCI- / ӨЧИХ

v.i. To say, answer, testify ; to pray; to offer (Buddhist).

ØCIG / ӨЧИГ
n. Testimony, deposition (in court); prayer.
-- i abxu. To extract testimony (in a trial).
-- øgky. To testify; to depose.
aman --. Confession (in a trial).

ØCIGELDYR
See øcygeldyr.

ØCIGEN
See øcygedyr.

ØCIGLE- / .ӨЧИГЛӨХ
v.t. To interrogate, hear testimony (in a trial).

ØCIGYL- / ӨЧҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of øci-.

ØCIJEDE-
Same as øsijele-.

ØCINEN / ӨЧНӨӨН
adv. and adj. This many; this much.
-- tøcinen. Many, much.
nadur -- olan mønggy kereg ygei. I don't need this much money.

ØCYDKE- / ӨЧҮҮТГЭХ
v.t. To belittle; to underestimate.

ØCYGEDYR / ӨЦӨГДӨР
[= ecygedyr = øcigen (older form)] n. Yesterday.

ØCYGELDYR
[= øcigeldyr] n. Yesterday (an older form).

ØCYGYDE- / ӨЧҮҮДЭХ
v.i. To become smaller; to reduce.

ØCYGYKEN
See øcyken.

ØCYKEMED
n. The little one, the young one; the subordinate.

ØCYKEN / ӨЧҮҮХЭН
[= øcygyken = ycyken] adj. Little, small, insignificant, humble; few.

-- bi. My insignificant self (used by writer of a formal letter in reference to himself).
-- bolxu. To become few, small, insignificant; to dwindle.
-- cy xairalaxu ygei. Not in the least sparing, ruthlessly.
-- kereg bolγaxu. To consider something as small or as a trifling matter; to neglect.
-- sedkil. Humble mind, pettiness.
-- tedyi cy medeky ygei. [I], etc. do not understand at all (lit. not even a little).

ØD
-- ygei. Vain, useless; aimlessly.

ØDKE
n. Offering, sacrifice.
morin -- . Horse used in sacrifice made to Chinggis Khan.

ØDKEDE- / ӨТГӨДӨХ
v.i. To be too thick (mostly of liquids).

ØDKEKEN / ӨТГӨХӨН
adj. Rather thick (mostly of liquids).

ØDKEN / ӨТГӨН
adj. Thick (mostly of liquids); deep (voice), strong (tea); large and well-fed (of herds).
-- cai. Strong tea.
-- daγuu. Deep voice.
-- mør. Stool, excrement.
-- mør yzeky. To evacuate the bowels, excrete.
-- sily. Thick soup.
-- syryg. Large, well-fed herd.
-- xaγaγdaxu ebedcin. Constipation.
-- ysytei . Having thick hair.

ØDKERE- / ӨТГӨРӨХ
v.i. To become thick (see ødken).

ØDKEREGYL- / ӨТГӨРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ødkere-.

ØDTER / ӨТӨР
See ydter.

ØDTYRLE- / ӨТӨРЛӨХ, ӨТТӨРЛӨХ
See ydterle-.

ØDY(N) / өд (өн)
n. Feather.
sumun u -- . Feather[s] of an arrow.

ØDY-, etc. / өдөх
See edy-, etc.

ØDYGE
Same as edyge.

ØDYLE- / өдлөх
v.i. and t. To grow feathers; to feather an arrow.

ØDYTEI / өдтэй
[= ødyty] adj. Having feathers, feathered.
-- bicig. A missive to which a feather was traditionally attached to indicate its urgency.

ØDYTY / өдөт
See ødytei.

ØG- / өх, өгөх
a) v.t. To give, give away.
--cy ilegeky. To send, send by a messenger.
--cy jabuγulxu. To send (something) by somebody.
asaγudal du xariγu --ky. To give an answer to a question.
beleg tyr --ky. To give as a present.
cikin ijen --cy sonusxu. To lend one's ear, listen attentively.
dokij-a --ky. To [signal by making a] gesture, wave one's hand[s] (as a signal).
kele --ky. To inform, communicate.
kycy --ky. To give strength, power, instill energy, inject courage; to help, assist, support, back; to give spiritual powers, blessings or a benediction.
ner-e --ky. To give a name.
sedkil ijen --ky. To devote oneself.
xariγu --ky. To give an answer.
yge --ky. To give notice, notify.
b) Aux. v. indicating that the action is performed on behalf, or for the benefit of somebody.
abcu --ky. To obtain, get for somebody.
baγsi minu zokijal i yzezy --be. The teacher checked my written work.
baγuzu --ky. To surrender, give up.
bi cimadur abcu --gyj-e. I will get it for you.
emci tegyn i yzezy --be. The doctor examined him.

kelezy --ky. To give an explanation, explain.
nuγurazu --ky ygei. Does not bend (does not yield to me).
ta egyn i tegyn dy keleged --gyny? Will you tell this to him?
unazu --ky ygei. Does not fall, does not come off.
yzezy --ky. To examine for somebody.

ØGCILGE- / өгчилгөх
[Contracted form of øgcy ilegeky] See under øg-.

ØGE
See ø.

ØGEDE / өөд
adv. and adj. Upwards, uphill, upstream; towards; against.
-- bolxu. To rise, get up (from bed); to appear; to go, proceed, arrive; to die (honor.). to improve (of a person's behavior); to become useful, able (of a person who was incapable before).
-- ece inu nigen kymyn irebe. A person came towards him.
-- ece inu keleky. To retort.
-- morila ! Take the seat of honor!
-- tataxu. To pull upward; to help improve; to help advance; to further.
-- uruγu. Back and forth; up and down (street or stream).
-- ygei. No good, good for nothing; coward.
ger -- xarixu. To go toward the house.
kymyn -- xanduxu. To face a person.
usun -- . Upstream.
xuruγu ben kymyn -- ziγaγu. To point a finger at somebody.

ØGEDELE- / өөдлөх
v.i. To move up or against something; to rise, ascend; to advance, be successful, thrive; to improve (of circumstances).
--n manduxu. To prosper, flourish.
γoul --ky. To move upstream.
øritei kymyn --ky ygei. A man in debt will never rise (proverb).

ØGEDELEGYL- / өөдлүүлэх
v. caus. of øgedele-.

ØGEDELEL / өөдлөл

n. The act of rising, elevating; betterment.

ØGEDELESI / өөдлөш

-- ygei. Hopeless; (one) who is always in hopeless circumstances; good for nothing, unsuccessful.

ØGEDENG / өөдөн

n. Velvet.

ØGEDESY(N) / өөдөс

n. Shreds, scraps, pieces of material.

caγasun u -- . Scrap of paper.

ØGEDETEI / өөдтэй

adj. Decent, good.

ØGEG / өөг

n. Bundle, sheaf (as of grain, grass), bunch (of grass, wool); small embankments or dikes made with bamboo or reeds to protect a dam from the pressure of water; bunch of grass or straw hung by shamans on a sacrificial pole; pad made of felt or rags which porters put on their shoulders under the load; shoulder piece of armor.

ØGEKY(N) / өөх

n. Fat, lard, grease.

--n cilaγu. Soapstone, steatite.

-- tosu. Lard, fat.

ØGELE- / өөлөх

v.t. To chisel, plane; to scrape off, trim; to make a groove, or furrow; to mortise.

caγasu --ky. To trim paper.

ØGELED / өөлд

n.p. The Ölets (a Western Mongolian tribe).

ØGELEI / өөлий

adj. Huge, colossal, big; burly, corpulent.

ØGELEIKEN √ өөлийхэн

adj. Somewhat big, burly or corpulent.

ØGELENCI

[Ko.] n. Tailor.

ØGELZIN

See øbelzin.

ØGER-E / өөр

[= øber-e] adj. and adv. Other, different, separate; apart from.

-- ber. In a different way, differently.

-- ber kelebel. In other words.

-- bolxu. To be[come] different, differ.

-- kymyn. Other person, different person.

-- nige. Another one.

-- sanaγ-a. Different thought, idea, meaning.

-- ygei. Not different, the same, just the same; (there is) no difference.

nadadu -- ygei. It makes no difference to me.

nada ece -- . A person other than myself.

tegyn ece -- . Beside that, apart from that.

ØGERECILE- / өөрчлөх

[= øberecile-] v.t. To do differently or otherwise; to change, alter; to reform, reconstruct, rebuild.

--n baiγulxu. To construct, remodel, rebuild, reorganize, reconstitute.

--n kelebesy. In other words.

--n zokijaxu. To reorganize, recompose.

xauli ji --gsen jabudal. Change in the law, amendment.

zasazy --ky. To change or alter.

ØGERECILEGDE- / өөрчлөгдөх

[v. pass. of øgerecile-] To be changed; to be subject to changes, alterations, amendments.

teyke inu yndysy ber --zykyi. [The course of] history has been changed fundamentally.

ØGERECILEL / өөрчлөл

[= øberecilel] n. Change, reform.

ØGERECILELTE / өөрчлөлт

n. Change, reform.

jeke -- nygyd γaruluγ-a. Great changes have taken place.

ØGERI / өөр
n. Pus, matter, suppuration, cf. idegerr.
-- bolbasuraxu. To come to a head (of an abscess).

ØGERIDE-
[= øgerile-] v.i. To form pus, suppurate.

ØGERILE-
See øgeride- .

ØGESI(N) / өөш
n. Net, snare (for catching birds or fish).

ØGESILE- / өөшлөх
v.t. To net, catch with a net.

ØGESY(N)
n. Pus.

ØGESYTY
adj. Having pus.

ØGETEI
See ø tei.

ØGEZEG
n. Flesh on the posterior, the soft parts of the posterior, buttocks.

ØGGYGCI / өгөгч
n. Giver.

ØGGYGDE- / өгөгдөх
v. pass. of øg-.

ØGGYGYL- / өгүүлэх
v. caus. of øg-.

ØGGYJEMER
See øgijemer.

ØGGYLGE / өгөлгө
[= øggylte] n. The act of giving; debt.

ØGGYLTE / өгөлт
See øggylge.

ØGLJEMER / өгөөмөр
[= øgijemyr, øggyjemer] adj. and n. Generous, giving much, charitable. [Kaz.] Well with abundance of water.

ØGLJEMYR
See øgijemer.

ØGIRE- / өгөрөх
v.i. To become old or dilapidated; fall into ruin (of a building).

ØGIREGYL-
v. caus. of øgire-.

ØGLIGE / өглөг
n. Alms, gift, donation.
-- jin ezen. Almsgiver, donor, benefactor.
-- øgky. To give alms.

ØGLIGECI / өглөгч
n. Almsgiver, benefactor.

ØGSE-
Same as øgsy-.

ØGSY- / өгсөх
v.i. To ascend, go upstream.

ØGSYGE- / өгсөөх
v. caus. of øgsy-.

ØGSYGYN
See øgsygyy.

ØGSYGYR / өгсүүр
adj. and n. Steeply rising; ascent (of a mountain).

ØGSYGYY / өгсүү
[= øgsygyn] adj. Rising up[wards], upstream, uphill.
-- γazar. Gradually rising terrain.
-- orgil. Towering summit of a mountain.

ØGSYL / өгсөл
n. The act of going upwards, upstream.

ØGSYR



Same as øgsygyr.

ØGTE- / ӨГТӨХ



v. pass. of øg-.

ØGTEL



-- ygei. Not being given.

ØGYLE-, etc. / ӨГҮҮЛЭХ



See ygyle-, etc.

ØGZYGE / ӨГЗӨГ



n. Food for birds.

ØI / ӨӨЕ



interj. Hello! I say! Look here!

ØJYKE / ӨЕХ, ӨЕХИЙ



n. The thin flesh of the belly; pit of the stomach, depression in the chest under the ribs.

ØJYKELE- / ӨЕХЛӨХ



v.t. While skinning an animal to cut narrow strips from its belly for making thongs.

ØKIN / ОХИН, ӨХИН



[= okin] n. Girl, maid, virgin, daughter.

-- degyy. Younger sister.

-- y ger. Virgo (sixth sign of the zodiac).

ØL / ӨЛ



n. Food, provision; nutritiousness; nourishment; hunger.

-- daruxu. To satisfy hunger.

ØLBELZE- / ӨЛБӨЛЗӨХ

v.i. To look for food (mostly of animals).

ØLBER- / ӨЛӨВРӨХ, ӨЛБӨРӨХ



[= ølmer-, ølmyr-] v.i. To suffer extreme hunger, starve.

--yn ykyky. To starve to death.

ØLBERE-



See ølber-.

ØLBEREGYL-



v. caus. of ølbere-.

ØLCIR / ӨЛЧИР



adj. (One) who is not afraid of the cold, or is able to stand the cold (of both animals and people).

ØLEGEI



Same as ølygei.

ØLENG / ӨЛӨН



n. Soft grass, thick grass. [Ri.] Sedge, Carex.

-- saxal. Sedge which grows on small hillocks and is used for making inner soles. [Gu.] Shavegrass, horsetail, Equisetum.

-- xodxur. Lapwing, peewit, green plover, Vanellus cristatus.

ØLESKYLENG

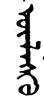


See ølyskyleng.

ØLGE / ӨЛГӨ

[= ølyge] n. Sunny side of a mountain.

ØLGEID-



Same as ølygeid-.

ØLGI



Same as ølge.

ØLGY- , etc.



See elgy-, etc.

ØLI- / ӨЛӨХ



v.t. To lift up or pry with a pole or a lever.

ØLIGYR / ӨЛҮҮР



n. Lever.

ØLILZE- / ӨЛӨЛЗӨХ



v.i. To raise one's head and look about rapidly.

ØLIR / ӨРӨЛ



n. Kind of wild apples.

ØLMEI / ӨЛМИЙ



n. Sole of foot; feet (honorific).

burxan u -- dour-a mørgyky. To worship at the feet of the Buddha.

ØLMER-

See ølber-

ØLMYR-

See ølber-

ØLTEI / өлтэй

adj. Nourishing, nutritious, hunger-satisfying.

ØLTYG

Same as ørteg.

ØLYBYR / өлбөр

adj. Weak, having poor health.

ØLYG, 1. / өлөг

n. Things, possessions, inanimate objects; the nature or matter (S. prakrti). [Ri] Raw materials intended for sale (colloq.).

-- ebedcin. Consuming disease.

-- selyg. Trifles, paltry objects.

ØLYG, 2.

Same as ølyng, 1.

ØLYGCIN / өлөгчин

n. Female (mostly of carnivorous animals); bitch.

-- arslan. Lioness.

-- bars. Tigress.

-- cinu-a. Female wolf.

-- noxai. Bitch.

ØLYGE

See ølge.

ØLYGEI / өлгий

n. Baby's cradle, swaddling clothes; ingot of gold or silver.

-- jin orijalta. Diaper, swaddling clothes.

ØLYGEID- / өлгийдөх

[= ølygeide-] v.t. To put (a baby) in a cradle; to rock in a cradle.

ØLYGEIDE-

See ølygeid-.

ØLYGEILE- / өлгийлөх

v.t. To put into a cradle.

ØLYGEN

-- salaγan ebedcin. Consuming disease.

ØLYGLE- / өлөглөх

v.i. To starve, be hungry.

ØLYNG, 1. / өлөн(г)

n. and adj. Starvation, famine, hunger; starving, hungry.

-- gedesy. Empty stomach; small intestine.

ØLYNG, 2. / өлөн(г)

n. Sedge, carex.

ØLYNGDE-

v.i. To starve, be hungry; to have an appetite.

ØLYNGGED- / өлөнгөтөх

v.i. To suffer hunger, starvation, famine; to be hungry.

ØLYNGGEDKE- / өлөнгөтгөх

[v. caus. of ølyngged-] v.t. To starve; to cause starvation, famine.

ØLYS- / өлсөх

v.i. To suffer starvation, famine; to become or feel hungry.

--cy ykyky. To die from hunger.

ØLYSKE- / өлсгөх

[v. caus. of ølys-] v.t. To cause hunger or starvation.

ØLYSKYLENG / өлсөглөн(г)

[= øleskyleng] n. and adj. Hunger, famine, starvation; hungry.

-- zobalang. Famine, starvation; suffering from starvation.

ØLYSYGYL- / өлсүүлэх

v. caus. of ølys-.

ØLYSYSKI-

v.i. To feel hunger from time to time or a little.

ØLZEI / ӨЛЗИЙ

n. Auspice, favorable omen, happiness, good luck.
-- busu. Unlucky, inauspicious.
-- utasu. The endless knot, emblem of good luck .
-- xutuγ. Happiness, blessing.
-- zanggij-a = ølzei utasu.
sain -- . Good luck, good fortune, merit.

ØLZEILE- / ӨЛЗИЙЛӨХ

v.t. To consider as auspicious, lucky.

ØLZEITEI / ӨЛЗИЙТЭЙ

[= ølzeity] adj. Auspicious, happy, lucky, fortunate.
-- edyr. Auspicious day.
-- kereg. Auspicious event, good luck.

ØLZEITY / ӨЛЗИЙТ

See ølzeitei.

ØMCI / ӨМЧ

n. Inheritance; share of property; property.
-- jin køryngge. Private property.
-- xubi. Share in an inheritance, legacy.
-- xubijaxu. To divide the family property.

ØMCILE- / ӨМЧЛӨХ

v.t. To take possession (as of inherited property); to appropriate, usurp.

ØMCIRKE- / ӨМЧИРХӨХ

v.t. and i. To be possessive.

ØMDEGE(N)

See øndege(n).

ØMDYGE(N)

See øndege(n).

ØM-E, 1.

n. Name of a goddess; middle path, mean way (of philosophic opinions); dispute, struggle.

ØM-E, 2. / ӨМ

-- cerig. Reinforcements (mil.).

ØMEKEI

See ømykei.
-- xolbu. Elder (shrub).

ØMKERE- / ӨНХРӨХ

[= ømkeri-, ømkyri-, øngkeri-] v.i. To roll about, toss, wallow.
--ky ebesy. Wormwood.
--zy γar! Get out! Get lost!
γazar tur --. To roll on the ground.
køsyr-e --ky. To roll on the ground or floor.

ØMKEREGYL- / ӨНХРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ømkere-.

ØMKERI- / ӨНХРӨХ

See ømkere-.

ØMKYRI-

See ømkere-.

ØMYDY(N) / ӨМД

n. Trousers, underpants.
γadar --. Trousers.
dotur-a --. Drawers.

ØMYG / ӨМӨГ

n. Guard, protection, shelter; reinforcement.
-- tysig. Support, stronghold.

ØMYGCI / ӨМӨГЧ

n. and adj. Defender; partial (to one's friends, etc.).

ØMYGERE- / ӨМӨӨРӨХ

v.t. To protect, guard against; to intercede, defend, support, side with.
ax-a degyy ben --ky. To side with one's own brothers.

ØMYGEREGCI / ӨМӨӨРӨГЧ

n. Defender, protector.

ØMYGEREL / өмөөрөл
n. Protection, defending.

ØMYGLE- / өмөглөх
v.t. To aid; to protect.
zasaγ i --leky. To assist in ruling, participate in government.

ØMYGLEGCI / өмөглөгч
n. Protector, guardian.

ØMYGLEL / өмөглөл
n. Protection, defending.

ØMYGSI-
Same as ømygle-.

ØMYGTEI / өмөгтэй
adj. and n. Having protection; also same as ømygci, q.v.

ØMYKEI / өмхий
[= ømekei, ømyki] adj. and n. Having an offensive smell, smelly; rotten; rot.

ØMYKEIRE- / өмхийрөх
v.i. To become rotten.

ØMYKI / өмхь
See ømykei.

ØMYLE- / өмлөх
v.t. To help, aid, support, side with.

ØMYSI-
[Go.] v.t. To give (mutual) aid or assistance.

ØMYSKI- / өмсхийх
v.i. To smile.

ØNCYG / өнцөг
n. External corner, angle; butt end of an ax, knife, etc.
yges yn --. Dialect (obs.).

ØNCYGDE- / өнцөгдөх
v.i. To be cornered, put in an awkward position.

ØNCYGLE- / өнцөглөх
v.t. To make a corner or angle; to hit with the butt end of an ax, etc.

ØNCYGLIG / өнцөглөг
adj. Angular.

ØNCYGTEI / өнцөгтэй
[= øncygty] adj. Having a corner; pointed, caustic.
-- yge. Pointed or caustic remark.

ØNCYGTY / өнцөгт
See øncygtei.

ØNDEGE(N) / өндөг
[= øndyge = ømdege = ømdyge] n. Egg.
--n caγan. The white of an egg.
--n sir-a. The yolk of an egg.
--n y xalisu. Eggshell.
--n y zulum-a. Inner lining of eggshell.

ØNDEGELE- / өндөглөх
v.t. and i. To lay eggs.

ØNDEGELIG / өндөглөг
adj. Egg-shaped, oval.

ØNDEI-
See øndyi-.

ØNDYGE(N)
See øndege(n).

ØNDYI- / өндийх
[= øndei-] v.i. To raise one's head; to raise oneself, rise slightly.
--n bosxu. To arise; to arise from oppression.
kyrijen y degegyr --zy xaraxu. To look over the wall.
saγudal ece ben --ky. To raise oneself slightly from one's seat.
tere kebteri ece ben --n bosba. He raised himself a little in his bed; he sat up in his bed.

ØNDYILGE- / өндийлгөх
v. caus. of øndyi-.

ØNDYR / өндөр
adj. and n. High, tall; height.
-- aγula. High mountain.
-- aimaγ. The heavens, empyrean.
-- bejetei. Tall in stature.
-- daγun ijer. Aloud.
-- ebyge. Forefather.
-- γazar. Highland, plateau.
-- kymyn. Tall person.
-- sanaγ-a. High mind; great ambition.
-- yneleky. To esteem or prize highly; to ask a high price for.
-- zil. Leap year.

ØNDYRDE-
Same as øndyrid-

ØNDYRID- / өндөртөх
v.i. To be[come] too high.

ØNDYRIDKE- / өндөртгөх
[v. caus. of øndyrid-] v.t. To make high, elevate.

ØNDYRLE- / өндөрлөх
v.t. To put up high, raise, elevate.

ØNDYRLEL
n. The act of øndyrle-.

ØNDYRLIG / өндөрлөг
adj. and n. High, tall; elevation.

ØNDYRZI- / өндөржих
v.i. To go up, rise.

ØNDYRZIGYL- / өндөржүүлэх
[v. caus. of øndyrzi-] To raise, lift up, enhance.
suruly-a ji --ky. To raise the standard of learning.

ØNER
Same as ønyr.

ØNG / өн(г)
n. and adj. Fertile, rich; richness, fertility.

ØNGGE(N) / өнгө
n. Color; exterior; appearance; lust, sexual passion (cf. Ch. se 色).
-- aldaxu. To fade.
-- byri jin. Multicolored, polychrome.
-- debel. Sheepskin coat without cloth covering.
-- γaryaxu. To bring out the color, polish.
-- ilγaraxu. To stand out; to be more colorful than others; to be conspicuous.
-- jin ciideng. Colored electric lamp or bulb.
--n deger-e ben. On the surface (fig.).
--n dy sinuxu. To be addicted to women.
-- oruxu. To become shining, polished; to improve in appearance, look better.
-- tataxu. To put a cloth covering on a fur coat.
-- yzygylky. To show displeasure or anger.
-- zisy. Looks, appearance (usually of women).
mønggyn -- . Silver color.
nemegsen -- . Complementary color.
yndysyn -- . Primary color.
xojar zil ønggerezy γurban zil yn -- yzebe. Two years have passed, it is now the third year.

ØNGGEI- / өнгийх
[= ønggyi-] v.t. To overhang, jut or project over; to peek at; to watch for an opportunity; to encroach.

ØNGGEIL[E]- / онгийлөх
v. freq. of ønggei-.

ØNGGEILGE- / өнгийлгөх
v. caus. of ønggei-.

ØNGGEIM-E / өнгийм
adj. Towering, lofty, steep.

ØNGGEIMEL / өнгийм
[n.d. of ønggei-] adj. Towering, lofty, steep.

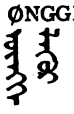
ØNGGELE- / өнгөлөх
v.t. To paint, color; to polish; (fig.) to flatter.
γutul i --ky. To shine shoes.

ØNGGELEGYR, 1. / ӨНГӨЛҮҮР



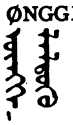
n. Stencil for painting; polisher.

ØNGGELEGYR, 2. / ӨНГӨЛҮҮР



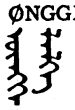
n. Depression above the Adam's apple.

ØNGGELELDY- / ӨНГӨЛӨЛДӨХ



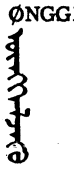
[v. rec. of ønggele-] v.i. To be partial to; to play the hypocrite.

ØNGGELELGE / ӨНГӨЛӨЛГӨ



n. Polishing, coloring; (fig.) flattery, hypocrisy.

ØNGGELZE- / ӨНГӨЛЗӨХ



v.t. To encroach, attempt ; to look or peek at something by leaning over it.

--n orulduxu. To plot an attack, a raid into somebody's territory.

ØNGGELZELGE / ӨНГӨЛЗЛӨГӨ



n. Encroachment, attempt.

ØNGGER



See ønggyr.

ØNGGERE- / ӨНГӨРӨХ



v.t. and i. To pass (over, by, up); to pass away, die.

--gci. Past.

--gsen i keleky ben bolij-a. Let us stop talking about the past.

--gsen zil = nidunun [zil]. The last year.

caγ -be. The time has passed.

ebedcin ijer --ky. To die from an illness.

nara egyden ece --be. The sun has [already] passed the door (= it is past noon).

tere modun ger i -ged baraγunsi murui! Turn west after you pass that wooden house.

ØNGGEREGE- / ӨНГӨРГӨХ



[= ønggeregyl-, v.caus. of ønggere-] To let pass; to spend time; to waste or lose time; to overdo; to forgive.

caγ i bitegei xoγusun -- ! Don't waste your time in idleness.

minu osul i --zy xairala! Please forgive my negligence.

xuγucaγ-a --ky. To miss the appointed time.

ØNGGEREGYL- / ӨНГӨРҮҮЛЭХ



[v.caus. of ønggere-] To let pass, spend (as time), overdo.

nasun ijen --ky. To pass or spend one's life.

ØNGGEREGYY / ӨНГӨРҮҮ



adv. [only before an adj.] Extremely, excessive [ly]; too.

-- jeke. Too big, too much.

aliba ji -- jeke edlebesy gem bolumui. It is harmful to overindulge in anything.

ØNGGESI- / ӨНГӨШИХ



v.i. To become bright, shiny.

ØNGGESIRE- / ӨНГӨШРӨХ



v.i. To assume color, become polished.

ØNGGESKI- / ӨНГӨСХИЙХ



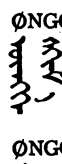
v.t. and i. To miss the date; to fail to do something on time.

ØNGGESKIM-E



[Go.] adj. Somewhat protruding, jutting out, or overhanging (as a rock).

ØNGGETEI / ӨНГӨТЭЙ



[= ønggety] adj. Colorful, bright, shiny; having (a certain) color, aspect or appearance.

noγuγan -- debel. A green garment or dress.

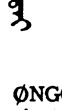
ØNGGETY / ӨНГӨТ



See ønggetei.

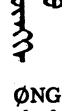
-- jirtincy. Material world; world of vanity.

ØNGGYI-



See ønggei-.

ØNGGYR, 1. / ӨНГӨР

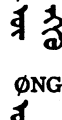


[= øngger] n. Mold; coating on the tongue; mucous membrane on the inside of the alimentary canal.

-- toγtaγsan. Moldy.

kelen y --. Coating on the tongue.

ØNGGYR, 2.



-- ygei. Stingy, miserly.

ØNGGYRTE- / ӨНГӨРТӨХ

v.i. To grow moldy; to become coated (of the tongue).

ØNGGYRY

Same as ønggeregyy.

ØNGGYRZI- / ӨНГӨРШИХ, ӨНГӨРЖИХ

v.i. For a stingy person to become generous.

ØNGKERI-

See ømkere-.

ØNGKYRI-

See ømkere-.

ØNGSE

n. Wages, salary, pay.

ØNGTEI / ӨНТЭЙ

adj. Rich; fertile (of soil); profitable.
-- γazar. Fertile soil.

ØNI / ӨНӨ

adv. Long (ago); for a long while.
-- egyride. For a long time, forever.
-- erte. A long time ago, in days of yore.
-- udaγan. Very long time; enternally.
-- urtuda. For a long time.

ØNIDE / ӨНӨД

adv. A long time, forever.

ØNIDE-

v.i. To continue or last forever.

ØNIKEN / ӨНӨХӨН

adv. [Rather] a long time.

ØNY

See ønyge.

ØNYCID-

See ønycire-.

ØNYCIN / ӨНӨЧИН

n. Orphan.

ØNYCIRE- / ӨНӨЧРӨХ

[= ønycid-] v.i. To become an orphan.
--gsen. Survivor (orphan, widow).
--n xocuraxu. To be left an orphan.

ØNYCIREGYL- / ӨНӨЧРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ønycire-.

ØNYDYR / ӨНӨӨДӨР

See ønygedyr.

ØNYGE / ӨНӨӨ

[= øny] adj. and adv. Now, today; the present, this; the said, the one.
-- ece. Henceforward.
-- edyr. Today.
-- jin. Today's; present.
-- maryγasi. Soon, before long, any day.

ØNYGEDYR / ӨНӨӨДӨР

[contraction of ønyge edyr] n. and adv. Today.
-- edyr. Today (in the daytime).

ØNYKEN / ӨНӨӨХӨН

adv. Recently, not long ago.
-- boltal-a. Until quite recently.

ØNYKI / ӨНӨӨХ

adj. and n. The one in question, that very (thing or person).
-- ji bi nigemysyn martacizai. I forgot that thing (or person) completely.
-- kereg. That very matter; the matter in question.

ØNYR / ӨНӨР

adj. Numerous; populous; consisting of many members (of a family).

ØNYRDE- / ӨНӨРДӨХ

v.i. To have a large family; to have too many members in the family.

ØNYRTEI / ӨНӨРТЭЙ

adj. Having a large family.

ØNYRZI- / ᠥᠨᠥᠷᠵᠢᠬᠤ

v. i. To become numerous; to consist of many members (family); to increase (of a family).

ØNYRZIL / ᠥᠨᠥᠷᠵᠢᠯ

n. The state of becoming numerous; an increase in the size of a family.

ØNZI- / ᠥᠨᠵᠢᠬᠤ

v. i. To stop for or pass two consecutive nights.
xojar --ky. To spend two days and three nights.

ØNZIGYL- / ᠥᠨᠵᠢᠭᠤᠯᠬᠤ

v. caus. of ønzi-.

ØNZILGEN

-- xusurung. A cow which becomes barren every other year.

ØNZIMEL / ᠥᠨᠵᠢᠮᠡᠯ

[n. d. of ønzi-] adj. That which was left over from last year or yesterday; last year's, yesterday's.
-- mix-a. Last year's meat (of animals killed the preceding year); meat left over from yesterday.
-- xoγul. Food left over from yesterday.

ØRBEGER / ᠥᠷᠪᠡᠭᠡᠷ, ᠥᠷᠥᠪᠡᠭᠡᠷ

adj. Sticking up.

ØRBEGNE- / ᠥᠷᠪᠡᠭᠨᠡᠬᠤ

v. i. To stand upright and move (of hair, grass, etc.); to bristle.

ØRBEI- / ᠥᠷᠪᠡᠢᠬᠤ

See ørybei-.

ØRBELGE / ᠥᠷᠪᠡᠯᠡᠭ, ᠥᠷᠥᠪᠡᠯᠡᠭ

[= ørbylge] n. Feather on the head (of a bird), tuft, crest; small feathers.

ØRBELGETEN

adj. and n. Feathered; (fig.) helper[s].

ØRBI

[Go.] n. Stork, heron.

ØRBID-

[Go.] v. i. To increase, intensify, spread; to burst into flame, blaze; to feel the palpitation of the heart, be[come] excited.

ØRBIDKEL

n. Increase, intensity; spread; kindling, blazing; agitation.

ØRBIL

n. Kind of stork.

ØRBIS- / ᠥᠷᠥᠪᠡᠭᠡᠬᠤ

v. i. To burst into flames, blaze.

ØRBISKE- / ᠥᠷᠥᠪᠡᠭᠡᠭᠡᠬᠤ

[v. caus. of ørbis-] To cause to burn, make fire; to spread, stir up, agitate.
--zy bosxaxu. To bring to light; to stir up.
daruγdaγsan kereg i --zy bosxaxu. To bring to light a matter that has been suppressed.
γal i --zy bosxaxu. To stir fire.

ØRBIZI-

v. i. To spread, increase.

ØRBIZIL

n. Spreading, increase.

ØRBYLGE

See ørbelge.

ØRDYM

[Go.] adj. Fat, obese, corpulent.

ØREGYY

Same as ørigyy.

ØRGE

Same as ørgyge.

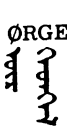
ØRGED- / ᠥᠷᠭᠡᠳᠡᠬᠤ

v. i. To be[come] wide or too wide, expand.
debel --ky. To be too loose (of clothing).

ØRGEDKE- / ᠥᠷᠭᠡᠳᠡᠭᠡᠬᠤ

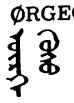
v. t. To widen, broaden, enlarge, increase, spread, develop.
--n baiγulxu. To expand, establish on a larger scale.
emnelge iin γazarud i --n baiγulxu. To increase [the number of] medical institutions.

--n baiγulxu. To enlarge, extend.

ØRGEDKEL / ӨРГӨТГӨЛ

n. Widening, spreading.

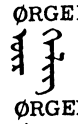
ØRGEGE(N)

See ørgyge(n).

ØRGEGYSY(N)

See ørgesy(n).

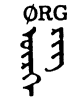
ØRGEKEN / ӨРГӨХӨН

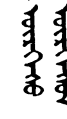
adj. Somewhat wide.

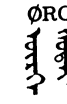
ØRGELIG / ӨРГӨЛӨГ

adj. and n. Rather wide; width.

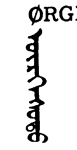
ØRGEN / ӨРГӨН

n. and adj. Wide, broad, vast; width.
-- bajan. Prosperous, wealthy.
-- bolγaxu. To widen, spread.
-- byse. A wide belt.
---e. Widely.
-- γoul. Wide river.
-- ijer. Widely.
-- ijer asiγulaxu. To make wide use of, take full advantage of.
-- jeke. Widespread, great.
-- jeke ner-e colu. Widespread fame.
-- mørytei. Broad-shouldered.
-- olan. The masses.
-- taniγulxu. To make widely known, spread the word.

ØRGERIG / ӨРГӨРӨГ

n. Latitude (geographical).

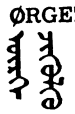
ØRGESY(N) / ӨРГӨС

[= ørgysy(n), ørgegysy(n)] n. Thorn, splinter.
minu γar tur -- oruba. I got a splinter in my hand.

ØRGESYTEI / ӨРГӨСТЭЙ

[= ørgesyty] adj. Thorny, prickly, stinging.

ØRGESYTY / ӨРГӨСТ

See ørgesytei.
-- arisutan. Animals with needles (such as hedgehogs and porcupines).

ØRGEZI- / ӨРГӨЖИХ

v.i. To widen, increase, grow, expand, spread.
--n nemegdeky. To be widened, increased, spread, extended.

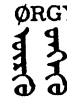
ØRGEZIGYL- / ӨРГӨЖҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ørgezi-.

ØRGEZIL / ӨРГӨЖИЛ

n. Widening, expansion.

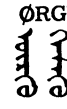
ØRGY-, etc.

See ergy-, etc.

ØRGYDKE- / ӨРГҮҮТГЭХ

v.t. To elevate, raise, lift up.

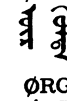
ØRGYGE(N) / ӨРГӨӨ

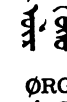
[= ørgege(n), ergyge(n)] n. Residence or tent of a prince; palace of a khan or a person of rank.
γoul -- . Guest-tent, main tent.

ØRGYGELE- / ӨРГӨӨЛӨХ

v.i. To take a wife (of a person of rank).

ØRGYL / ӨРГӨЛ

n. Elevation.

ØRGYLTE / ӨРГӨЛТ

See ergylte.

ØRGYSY(N) / ӨГӨС, ӨРГӨС

See ørgesy(n).

ØRGYY / ӨРГҮҮ

adj. Elevated, raised.

ØRGYZI-

Same as ørgezi-.

ØRI, 1. / ӨР

n. Debt, indebtedness; obligation.
-- dy bariγdaxu. To be in debt.
-- dy unaxu. To fall into debt.
-- kiky. To incur debts.
-- siri. Debts, indebtedness.
-- sixaxu. To press for payment of debts.
-- tølygesy. Paymen' of a debt; compensation.

-- tølyky. To pay a debt; to compensate.
-- zegeli. Debt; loan.

ØRI, 2:

See øry.

ØRIBED- / ӨРӨВДӨХ

See øry ebed-.

ØRIDE- / ӨРДӨХ

v.t. and i. To owe, be in debt.

ØRIGYDE- / ӨРҮҮДЭХ

v.i. To act unjustly, with prejudice, in a crafty manner.

ØRIGYY / ӨРҮҮ

adj. Unscrupulous; unjust; dishonest; hypocritical.
-- ygei. Without ruse; sincere, candid.

ØRIL

See rily.

ØRIS- / ӨРСӨХ

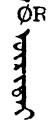
See erys-.

ØRISTE-

See eryste-.

ØRISYLDYGEN / ӨРСӨЛДӨӨН

n. Competition; rivalry.

ØRITEI / ӨРТЭЙ

[= ørity] adj. Having debts, indebted.
-- zymyn. Debtor.
bi cimadu kecynen mønggy -- bui. How much do I owe you?

ØRITEN / ӨРТӨН

n. Debtor[s].

ØRITY

See øritei.

ØRKE

See eryke.

ØRLYG / ӨРЛӨГ

n. Valiant knight, marshal, "paladin" (hist.).
-- eke. Wet nurse.

ØRLYGE / ӨГЛӨӨ

n. and adv. Morning; in the morning.
-- jin xoγula. Breakfast.
-- jin arban caγ. Ten o'clock in the morning.

ØRLYGEGÝR / ӨГЛӨӨГҮҮР

adv. In the morning.

ØRLYGYR

Same as ørlygegyr.

ØRM-E

Same as ørym-e.

ØRMEG / ӨРМӨГ

n. Crumbs, pieces.

ØRMEGLE- / ӨРМӨГЛӨХ

v.t. To crush, pulverize.

ØRMYGE, etc. / ӨРМӨГ

See ermyge, etc.

ØRNI- / ӨРНӨХ

v.i. To grow, increase, rise; to develop, flourish; to flame, burn strongly.
--n køgziky. To develop, flourish.
jeke ber --gsen amui. [It] has greatly developed.

ØRNIGYL- / ӨРНҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of ørni-] v.t. To develop, increase, raise.
--yn delgeregyiky. To spread, develop, raise, make flourish.
--yn køgziigyiky. To develop, make flourish.
øsij-e xorusxal i --yn delgeregyiky. To stir up hatred.

ØRNILTE / ӨРНӨЛТ

n. Development, growth.

ØRTE- / ӨРТӨХ

v.i. and t. To change post horses; to be caught; to reach.

minu γar tur --ky ygei baina. I can't reach [it] with my hand; [it is] out of my reach.

ØRTEG / ӨРТӨГ

[= ørtyg] n. Price, cost.

-- baγ-a tai. Inexpensive.

-- ygei. Gratis, free of charge.

-- yn-e. Price.

øberyn -- . Prime cost, production cost.

ØRTEGE(N) / ӨРТӨӨ

[= ørtyge(n)] n. Relay system with stages about 20 miles apart ("urton"); postal relay station; radio station; railway station.

-- alba. Postal relay duty.

--n y ail. Families taking care of relay stations.

--n y alba kiky. To do relay or post duty.

--n y alba xaγaxu = -- [ulaγ-a] kiky. To serve on postal relay.

--n y daruγ-a. Head of a relay station.

--n y kyrij-e. Post station, relay station.

--n y zam. Post road.

-- y zasaγ. The administration of the relay service; horse relay system.

morin --n y alba. Horse relay service.

ØRTEGECI(N) / ӨРТӨӨЧ

n. Driver of a mail coach, coachman; one on postal relay duty.

ØRTEGELE- / ӨРТӨӨЛӨХ

v.i. To travel by relay; to take one's turn in relay duty.

ØRTEGLE- / ӨРТӨГЛӨХ

v.t. To appraise, estimate, rate, evaluate.

ØRTEGYL-

v. caus. of ørte-.

ØRTY-

See ørte-.

ØRTYG

See ørteg.

ØRTYGE (N)

See ørtege(n).

ØRTYMSI-

v.i. To age, become old.

ØRY / ӨР

[= øri, 2.] n. Interior; heart; abdomen; coronary artery. [Ra.] Pit of stomach, precordia.

-- ebedky. To [have] pity, be compassionate.

-- sadun. Kin, relatives.

-- zøgelen. Soft-hearted.

ØRY- / ӨРӨХ

[= yry-, 2] v.t. To set in order, put in line, arrange in a row.

ysyg --ky. To set up in type.

ØRYBED- / ӨРӨВДӨХ

See øry ebed-.

ØRYBEI- / ӨРВИЙХ

[= ørbei-] v.i. To stand on end (as hair); to bristle.

ØRYBELZE- / ӨРВӨЛЗӨХ

v.i. To look around here and there; to move back and forth (of sparse hair or grass).

ØRYBKI- / ӨРӨВХИЙХ

v.i. To gobble, swallow; to bite, take the bait.

--zy zalgixu. To swallow.

ØRYCE / ӨРЦ

n. Diaphragm (anat.); vitals; bull's-eye.

ØRYGE(N) / ӨРӨӨ

[= eryge(n)] n. Hall, room, chamber, partition.

ØRYGEL / ӨРӨӨЛ

n. Half of a carcass; hobble for legs on one side of a horse (usually the left).

-- alaγ mori. Horses which have white spots on the front leg and the hind leg of the same side.

ØRYGELDY- / ӨРӨӨЛДӨХ

v.t. To hobble two legs of a horse (on one side).

ØRYGELSYN

Same as ørygesyn.

ØRYGESYDE- / ӨРӨӨСДӨХ, ӨРӨӨСТӨХ
v.i. To be single, unpaired or odd.

ØRYGESYLE- / ӨРӨӨСЛӨХ
v.t. To make single, unpaired or odd.

ØRYGESYLEGYL- / ӨРӨӨСЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ørygesyle-.

ØRYGESYN / ӨРӨӨСӨН
adj. One out of a pair, odd; one of two sides.
-- γartai . One-handed.
-- γutul. One boot.
-- nidy. One eye.
-- nidytei . One-eyed.
-- sar-a. The odd-numbered months (first, third, etc.).
-- toγ-a . Odd number.
ønycin -- . Orphans and widows; an orphan and its widowed mother.

ØRYGYY
Same as eregyy, 2.

ØRYLBI / ӨРЛӨВ
n. Pincers, nippers, pliers.
-- ber barixu. To seize with pincers.

ØRYLBIDE- / ӨРЛӨВДӨХ
v.t. To seize or pull with pincers.

ØRYM / ӨРӨМ
n. Auger, drill, gimlet.

ØRYMDE- / ӨРӨМДӨХ
v.t. To bore, drill, pierce, perforate.

ØRYMDEGYL- / ӨРӨМДҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ørymde-.

ØRYMDEMEL / ӨРӨМДМӨЛ
[n.d. of ørymde-] adj. Bored, drilled.

ØRYM-E / ӨРӨМ
n. Scum on boiled milk; milk condensed to a hard substance by boiling it for a long time.

-- xulaγaici. Crane fly.

ØRYMEDE- / ӨРӨМДӨХ
v.i. To congeal, become covered with scum or fat on the surface.

ØRYMYTE-
Same as ørymede-.

ØRYN-E / ӨРНӨ
n. West, western side.
-- emynety. Southwestern.
-- umar-a. Northwest.
-- zyg. Western direction.

ØRYNETY / ӨРНӨД
adj. Western, situated in the west.
-- eteged. West, western quarter.

ØRYSLJE- / ӨРШӨӨХ
v.t. To be gracious or kind to; to show mercy; to forgive.
--zy nigylesky. To be merciful.
--zy xairalaxu. To have mercy, condone.
namaji --zy xairala. Please have mercy on me! Please forgive me!
xair-a kesig i --ky. To grant, bestow a gift or favor (of a superior).
xaraγalzan --ky. To give gracious care, treat with consideration (of a superior in relation to a subordinate).

ØRYSLJEL / ӨРШӨӨЛ
n. The act or state of ørysije- ; sympathy, compassion, mercy, pardon.
-- dyr bisiren daγaxu. To entrust oneself wholeheartedly to the benevolence of.
-- yzegylky. To show favor, mercy; to pardon, be lenient.

ØRYSLJELTEI / ӨРШӨӨЛТЭЙ
[= ørysijelty] adj. Compassionate, sympathetic, humane, merciful, gracious.

ØRYSLJELTY / ӨРШӨӨЛТ
See ørysijeltei.
-- ax-a ... Salutation in a letter to a person of approximately the same social standing, rank, or age: My dear ...
-- baγsi. Salutation in formal letters to a superior: "gracious" master, teacher, etc.

ØRYSLJENGGYI / ӨРШӨӨНГҮЙ

n. and adj. Compassion, pity, mercy, kind-heartedness; compassionate, merciful, sympathetic, humane.

ØRYSLJENGGYITY / ӨРШӨӨНГҮЙТ

adj. Compassionate, merciful, humane.

Øs / Өс

n. Hatred, revenge.
-- abxu. To avenge, take revenge.
-- barixu. To foster animosity, hate, bear a grudge.
-- øri ygei. Without [mutual] obligation or hatred (revenge).

Øs- / Өсөх

v.i. To grow, multiply; to increase.
--ky nasun u bayacud. The rising generation
kymyn y toγ-a --cy baimui. The number of people is growing.
nasun --ky. To grow older.
tan u kybegyn y bej-e jeke --cykyi. Your son has grown quite a bit.

ØSBYRI / ӨСВӨР

n. Growth, growing up; younger generation; undergrowth, underbrush, young forest, young cattle.
-- jin bayacud. Teen-agers.
mal un -- . Increase in livestock.

ØSGEI

Same as øsygei.

ØSI- / ӨШИХ

v.i. To hate, bear extreme ill-will, feel vengeful; to spite.
jayakin ene mety ber ci nadur --bei? Why do you hate me so?

ØSLJ-E / ӨШӨӨ

n. Animosity, hostility, hatred; vengeance, revenge.
-- abxu. To avenge.
-- xorusxal. Animosity, hostility, hatred.

ØSLJELE- / ӨШӨӨЛӨХ

v.t. To hate, be hostile; to avenge.
urbaγsan i --ky. To hate or be hostile to traitors or deserters.

ØSLJELEGYL- / ӨШӨӨЛҮҮЛЭХ

[v.caus. of øsijele-] To cause hatred, enmity; to antagonize.

ØSLJERKE- / ӨШӨӨРХӨХ

v.i. To spite; injure through malevolence; to hate, abhor, loathe; to take revenge.

ØSLJETEI / ӨШӨӨТЭЙ

[= øsijety] adj. Hostile, inimical.
-- daisun. Mortal enemy.
-- daisun bolulcaxu. To become mortal enenmies

ØSLJETEN / ӨШӨӨТӨН

n. Enemy, foe, adversary; those hateful ones.

ØSLJETY / ӨШӨӨТ

See øsijetei.

ØSKE- / ӨСГӨХ

[v. caus. of øs-] To grow, raise, breed; to increase, multiply.
--gci. Raiser, breeder; guardian, tutor.
--gsen ecige. Fosterfather.
--gsen eke. Fostermother.
--n nemegdegylky. To increase, add to.
--n yrezigylky. To raise, increase.
mal --ky. To raise livestock, breed cattle.

ØSKEBYRI / ӨСГӨВӨР

n. Increase, multiplication, breeding.

ØSKEGDE- / ӨСГӨГДӨХ

v. pass. of øske-.

ØSKEGYL- / ӨСГҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of øske-.

ØSKELE-

See iskyl-

ØSKILE-

See iskyl-.

ØSKILGE

See iskylge.

ØSKYL[E]- / өшөглөх

See iskyl-.

ØSLE- / өслөх

v.i. To hate; to take revenge.

ØSLELDY- / өслөлдөх

v. rec. of øsle-.

ØSTEI / өстэй

[= østy] adj. Hostile, vengeful, full of hate or animosity.

ØSTEN

n. Enemies, foes, adversaries.

ØSTY

See østei.

-- sedkil. Vindictiveness, animosity, hostility.

ØSY-

v.i. To pray after the evening sacrifice when the lamps are extinguished.

ØSYGEI / өсгий

n. Heel.

-- jin tax-a. Heeltap or plate.

γutul un -- . Heel of a shoe or boot.

ØSYGEIDE- / өсгийдөх

v.t. To hit the opponent's leg with one's heel (in wrestling) ; to grasp by the heel.

ØSYGEILDY- / өсгийлдөх

v.i. To walk on the heels.

ØSYLGE / өслөг, өсөлгө

n. Growth, increase.

ØSYLTE / өсөлт

n. Growth, increase, breeding, propagation.

-- køgzilte. Growth, increase, prosperity.

-- nemelte. Growth, increase, addition.

ØTEGE / өтөг

n. Bear.

biraγun -- . A two year old bear.

cilaγun -- . Species of bear with white fur on the neck, hibernating in caves.

noxai -- . Small species of bear.

ØTEGY

n. Old man; senior.

ØTEGY / өтөгс

[= øtygys] n. Seniors, elders, chieftains.

ØTEI / өөтэй

[= øgetei] adj. Faulty; uneven.

ØTEL- / өтлөх

v.i. To age, grow old.

--kyi. The state of being old, old age.

--ygsen. Aged (of living beings).

--zy bøgcyiky. To be bent, stooping, from old age.

--zy køgsireky. To become old.

ØTELYL / өтлөл

n. The state of being old, aging, senility.

ØTY(N) / өт

n. Worms, maggots.

-- sacuxu. To lay eggs (of flies); to develop maggots.

ØTY- / өтөх

v.i. To develop maggots.

--gsen mix-a. Meat infested with maggots.

ØTYCILE- / өтөчлөх

v.t. To get rid of worms (in meat).

ØTYCILEGYR / өтөчлүүр

n. A stick used for removing worms.

ØTYG / өтөг

n. Manure, dung, humus; fertilizer; fine manure dust which covers places where cattle were kept.

-- xoruxai. White worms with red heads living in damp places or in manure.

xaγurai -- . Dry manure.

ØTYGLE- / өтөглөх

v.t. To fertilize with manure.

ØTYGSI- / өтөгших

v.t. To become fertilized.

ØTYGTEI / өтөгтэй



[= øtygty] adj. Fertilized with manure.

ØTYGTY / өтөгт



See øtygtei.

ØTYGYS / өтөгс



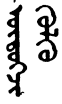
See øtegys.

ØTYGZI- / өтөгжих



v.i. To become fertilized.

ØTYGZIGYL- / өтөгжүүлэх



v. caus. of øtygzi-] v.t. To fertilize with manure.

ØTYI- / өтийх



v.i. To shrink, contract.

ØTYL-



See øtel-.

ØTYRI- / өтрөх



v.i. To shrink, contract, wrinkle; cf. aturi- .

ØZI / өж



n. and adj. Filthy or nasty person; rude, impudent fellow; lewdness, lust; debauchery; irksomeness; ill-tempered, ill-disposed, malicious.

ØZI- / өжих



v.i. To be lewd; to be troublesome, irksome; to be rude; to gloat over the misfortune of others.

ØZID



See uzid.

P

PAÇIGINA- / ПАЧИГНАА

v. i. To make repeated cracking sounds (of horse hoofs, firecrackers, etc.)

morin tuγurai sirygydyn --zu bui. The sound of the horses' hoofs became louder and louder.

PAD / ПАДХ

-- kiky. To make a cracking sound.

PADAГ-A(N) / ПАДААН

[fr. Ch. fa tan 發單] n. Invoice.

PAГDAГAR

adj. Short (of a person).

PAI / ПАЙ

[Ch. p'ai 牌] n. Target; dominoes, mah-jong, cards.

-- buudaxu. To shoot at a target, have target practice.

-- køsij-e. Monument.

-- naγadxu. To play mahjong or dominoes.

PAILUUR

[Fr. Ch. p'ai-lou 牌樓] n. Arch, portal.

PAIZA

[Ch. p'ai-tzu 牌子] n. Signboard, shop-sign, mark.

PAL

-- baγuxu. To sink (of the heart).

PALANG, 1. / ПААЛАН

[Ch. fa-lang 琺瑯] n. Enamel, cloisonne work.

-- gyjylgeky. To enamel.

PALANG, 2.

See šalang, 2.

PALANGDA- / ПААЛАНДАХ

v. t. To enamel.

PAN

[Ch. fan 幡 , T. phan] [Ko.] n. Hanging silk ornaments; ribbons.

PANAMA / ПАНАМА

n. p. Panama.

-- jin subaγ. Panama Canal.

PANG / ПААН

onom. A cracking sound (as a gunshot).

-- gezy duuγarxu. To make a cracking sound.

PANGSA / ПАНС

[Ch. fang-sha 紡紗] n. Type of Chinese silk.

PANGXAI

[Ch. p'ang-hsieh 螃蟹] n. Crab.

PANGZACI(N)

[Ch. fan tzu 販子] n. Traveling merchant, peddler.

PANGZACILA- / ПАНЗЧИЛАХ

v. i. To be a traveling merchant; to peddle.

PAPIROS

[R. папироса] n. Cigarette.

-- tamiki . Cigarette.

PARAŠUT

[R. парашют] n. Parachute.

PARIS / ПАРИС

n. p. Paris.

PAROK ARAM

See program.

PARTIZ AN

[R. партизан] n. Partisan.

PASPORT[A]

[R. паспорт] n. Passport.

PEEI

See pei, 2.

PEI

See pei, 2.

PEI, 1. / ПЭЭ
interj. Fie!

PEI, 2.
[= pei, peei, Ch. fei 妃] n. Imperial concubine.

PENG
See peng.

PENG
[Ch. p'eng 棚] n. Shed, shelter.

PENGLY
See pøngly.

PENGSE / ПЭНС
[Ch. p'en tzu 盆子] n. Large bowl, washbasin.

PENGSELDEI
n. Small bowl.

PERS / ПЕРС
n. p. Persia.

PIJANSE / ПЯНЗ
[Ch. p'ien tzu 片子] n. Visiting card; phonograph record.

PIJUU / ПИУ
[Ch. p'iao 票] n. Ticket, pass.

PILA / ПЯЛ
n. Plate, dish.

PIN
[Ch. pin 嬪] n. Women in the service of the Chinese emperor; imperial concubines.

PINGSE
[Ch. p'ing-tzŭ 平仔 ?] n. Balance, scales.

PINGSELE-
v.t. To weigh in a balance.

PIONER
[R. пионер] n. Pioneer.
-- bayacud. Pioneer youth (communist).

POL
onom. The sound of something falling in water.

POLIŠA / ПОЛЬША
[R. Польша] n. p. Poland.

POLUṢA
Same as poluu.

POLUU
[Ch. p'o-lo 笸籮] n. Basket.

POR
-- por geky. To make the sound "por por " (describing the sound of boiling, bubbling).

PORTUГALI / ПОРТУГАЛИ
[R. Португалия] n. p. Portugal.

PØNGLY
[= pengly = pyngly, Ch. feng-lu 俸祿] n. Salary, pension, allowance given to a prince, high official, etc.

PØS
onomat. The sound of beating, hitting, striking.
-- pøs gezy. With a cracking noise.

PROCENT
[R. процент] n. Percentage, per cent.

PROFESSOR / ПРОФЕССОР
[R. профессор] n. Professor.

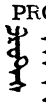
PROGRAM / ПРОГРАММ
[= parokaram, R. программа] n. Program.

PROKUROR / ПРОКУРОР
[R. прокурор] n. Public prosecutor.

PROPELLER / ПРОПЕЛЛЕР
[R. пропеллер] n. Propeller.

PROLETARI / ПРОЛЕТАРИ

[R. пролетарий] n. Proletarın.
-- nar. Proletariat.

PROTESTANT / ПРОТЕСТАНТ

n. Protestant.

PROTOKOL

[R. протокол] n. Protocol.

PSIKIATRI / ПСИХИАТРИ

[R. психиатрия] n. Psychiatry.

PSIXOLOGI / ПСИХОЛОГИ

[R. психология] n. Psychology.

PUUZING / ПУУЖИН

[Ch. pao-chang 爆仗] n. Firecracker; rocket, missile.
tib aluslaγsan nisygci -- . Intercontinental ballastic missile.

PY

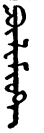
See fy.

PYD / ПУД

[= pyyde, R. пуд] n. A Russian weight, equivalent to 36.113 lb.

PYL / ПУЛ

onom. Splashing sound.
usun u dotur-a -- gezy unaba. [It] dropped into the water with a splash.

PYLEMIOT / ПУЛЕМЁТ

[R. пулемёт] n. Machine gun.
γar -- . Automatic gun.
kønggen -- . Light machine gun.
kyndy -- . Heavy machine gun.

PYN

[Ch. fen 分] n. The 100th part of a Chinese ounce; one tenth of a Chinese inch (imaγu, q.v.).

PYNGLY

See pøngly.

PYRBY / ПУРЭВ

[T. phur bu] n. Thursday; Jupiter.

PYRSIN / ПУРШ

[R. пружина] n. Mechanical spring.

PYSE

See pyyse(n).

PYYDE / ПУД

See pyd.

PYYSE(N) / ПУУС

[Ch. p'u-tzŭ 舖子] n. Shop, store; commercial firm.
-- γarγaxu. To open a shop.
-- jin bicigeci. Clerk in a shop.
nom un -- . Bookstore.

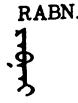
R

RA-A HU / РАХ



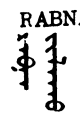
See raxu.

RABNAI / РАВНАЙ



[T. rab gnas, S. pratishthā] n. Benediction, consecration of an image, temple, etc.
-- orusiγulxu. To consecrate (a buddha's image, a holy scripture or a talisman).

RABNAILA- / РАВНАЙЛАХ



= rabnai orusiγul-.

RABSAL / РАВСАЛ



[T. rab gsal] n. Textbook of minor rites, prayers, benedictions in daily services.

RABZAMBA / РАВЗАМБА



[= masi ketyregsen, T. Rabhbyams pa] n. Doctor of theology, philosophy (Lamaist).

RADIO / РАДИО



n. Radio.
-- ber medege nebteregylygci. Radio telegraph operator.
-- jin stanza. Radio station.
-- medege. Radio announcement, radio news.
-- medegen y xorij-a. Radio station.
ziruγtu -- . Television.

RADN-A



[S. ratna] Same as erdeni, q.v.

RAM, 1. / РАМ



[T. ram, Ch. lan 藍] n. Indigo.

RAM, 2.



[R. рама , German "Rahmen"] n. Fráme
congxu jin -- . Window frame.

RASANG



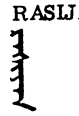
See dacang.

RASI



See dasi, 2.

RASIJAN / РАШААН, АРШААН



[= arasijan, S. rasāyana] n. Mineral spring; holy water.
-- yr-e. Myrobalan.
xalaγun -- . Hot spring, hot mineral spring.

RASIVAR



-- cilaγu. Lapis-lazuli.

RAXU / РАХ



[= ra-a hu] n.p. The demon Rāhu (enemy of the sun and the moon), one of the asuri, q.v.
-- barixu. To be eclipsed.

RAẔA



[= S. rāja] n. King, prince, rājah.

RGJAL·



[T. rgyal] n. King, ruler, victor.

RGJALÇAB



[T. rgyal-tshab] n. Regent, vicar.

RIDI / РИДЬ



[S. rddhi] n. Miracle, magic, supernatural power or phenomenon.
-- xubilγan. Miracle, magic, sorcery.
-- yzegylky. To perform a miracle; to demonstrate magic power.

RILY / ӨРӨЛ



[= øril, yril, T. ril bu] n. Little ball, pellet, pill.

RISI



See arsi.

RNAM TAR



See namtar.

ROM



[fr. Greek, fr. Latin - Roma] n.p. Asia Minor (obs.).

ROMBO

[R. ромб , fr. Greek] n. Rhombus.

ROUM-A

n. p. Rome.

RUDHIR-A

[S. rudhira] n. Blood.

RYMĒNI / РУМЫНИ

n. p. Rumania.

S

SA / САА

n. Paralysis, palsy.

SAB, 1. / САВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adjectives and adverbs beginning with sa: very, much, completely.

-- saixan. Perfectly, very nicely.

-- saji. Just a moment ago.

-- sanaγan du ygei. Quite unexpectedly.

SAB, 2. / САВ

n. Frontier, limit.

-- xosiγu. Banners with adjacent frontier.

xosiγun --. Banner frontier.

SABA / САВ

n. Any container or receptacle; vessel, vase; purse, wallet; internal organs, abdomen, matrix, uterus (anat.); river bed.

-- γazar. Basin (geogr.).

-- jirtincy. The material world conceived as a container; universe.

-- sim-e. Cosmos; material world.

-- tengcegylky. To use someone according to his ability.

bicig yn --. Brief case.

neilegsen -- ud. Communicating vessels (phys.).

niγur ugijaxu --. Washbowl.

tngri jin dyrimty --. Celestial globe (Ch. t'ien-t'i-i 天體儀).

SABA- / САВАХ

v.t. To hit or throw an object against something; to beat wool in making felt.

SABADA- / САВДАХ

v.t. To do something in a hurry; to bustle.

SABAГ-A, 1. / САВАА

n. Long stick.

SABAГ-A, 2. / САВАА

-- ygei. Irrelevant; uncalled for; officious.

-- ygei kereg. Matter of little concern; irrelevant matter.

-- ygei kymyn. Person of no importance; officious person.

SABAГADA- / САВААДАХ

v.t. To strike with a stick; to beat wool in making felt; to search for something lost.

SABAГATAI / САВААТАЙ

[= sabaγatu] adj. Relevant, important (usually in negative constructions).

ene -- jum bisi. This is not a matter of importance.

SABAГU

Same as cabau.

SABAГUN

n. The part of the reins near a horse's mouth.

SABAL- / САВЛАХ

[v. freq. of saba-] To hit or throw here and there.

SABALA- / САВЛАХ

v.t. To put in a container, bag, sack, etc.; to can.

SABAR / САВАР

n. Claws, paws; wooden fork for collecting dry dung.

γar --. Claws; agent, running-dog (fig.).

SABAR-

v.i. To be suspended, hang.

SABARDA- / САВАРДАХ

[= samurda-] v.t. To seize with the paws, claws, nails or a fork; to scratch, claw.

SABIR-

Same as sabar-.

SABKIN / САВХИН

n. Dressed skin, leather.

-- γutul. Leather boots.

torγan --. Fine leather.

SABLALDU-

[Gu.] v.i. To show favor, be gracious.

SABSA- / САВСАХ

v.i. To rise, puff (as steam or smoke); to steam.

SABSALГ-A / САВСЛАГА

n. Clamp used to torture criminals by squeezing their hands; vise (mech.); spring of a Chinese lock; valve, bellows.

coγuzi jin -- . Spring of a Chinese lock.

SABSALГALA- / САВСЛАГАЛАХ

v.t. To squeeze the fingers in a clamp.

SABSULГ-A(N)

--n ongγuca. [Go.] A small boat propelled by poles.

SABTARXAI / САВТАРХАЙ

See nabtarxai.

SABUNG / САВАН

[Fr. Persian] n. Soap.

SABUNGDA- / САВАНДАХ

v.t. To wash with soap; to lather.

SABUNGNA-

Same as sabungda-.

SABX-A(N) / САВХ

n. Chopsticks.

-- ebesy = bangbu. Valerian, Valeriana officinalis.

-- temyr. Linchpin.

SABXADA- / САВДАХ

v.t. To pick up or eat with chopsticks.

SABXALA- / САВХЛАХ

Same as sabxada-.

SACA

postpos. (following verbal forms in --γad / --ged and --γsan / --gsen). As soon as, immediately after.

ygyleged -- . As soon as he said, immediately after having said.

SAC̄A

See sač̌a.

SAČA

[= sac̄a , caca; T. tsha tsha, S. saccha = sac-chāyc ?] n. Small, often cone-shaped objects representing miniature pagodas (S. stupas) or deities used variously in Buddhist cult. They are usually kneaded of clay, sometimes with the admixture of the ashes of a lama. See G. Tucci, Indo-Tibetica, I, p. 53 ff. (Rome, 1932).

SACAГU / САЦУУ

[= cacaγu, cicau] adj., adv. and n. Equal[ly], level, even, on a level; proportionately; coeval; as soon as (cf. saca).

-- nasutai. Of the same age, coeval.

-- xubijaxu. To divide into even parts.

-- ygei. Inequality; not equal, not even.

egyn lyge -- . Along with this, simultaneously with this.

γarxui luγ-a -- . As soon as [something] came out, appeared, was seen.

nasu -- . Coeval, of the same age, contemporary.

oruxu [jin] -- . As soon as [he] entered.

SACAГULA- / САЦУУЛАХ

[= cacaγula-] v.t. To make equal or similar; to equalize; to level; to compare, collate.

--zu yzeky. To collate, compare; to try to make equal, even, etc.

SACAГULAГDA- / САЦУУЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of sacaγula-.

SACAГULAL / САЦУУЛАЛ

[= cacaγulal] n. Equality, parity.

SACAГUXAN / САЦУУХАН

[= cacaγuxan] adj. Somewhat equal, alike.

SACALA- / САЦЛАХ

v.t. and i. To equalize, make or be equal.

SACALAГUL- / САЦУУЛАХ

v. caus. of sacala-.

SACALAL / САЦЛАЛ



n. The act of equalizing; equalization, equality.
-- ygei. Incomparable; unequalled.

SACU- / САЦАХ



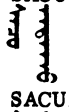
[= cacu-] v t. To sow, strew, scatter, spread; to sprinkle, spray.
ceceg --xu. To scatter flowers.
usu --xu. To sprinkle water; to make a libation of water.
xob --xu. To slander.
yr-e --xu. To sow seeds.

SACUГ / САЦАГ



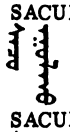
[= cacuγ] n. Tuft, fringe, tassel; bunch; crest of birds, ear of grain, beard of grain, spike.
-- øbyg. Crest of a bird.
nigen -- yzym. A bunch of grapes.
yr-e -- . Ear, spike of grain.

SACUГDA- / САЦАГДАХ



v. pass. of ṣacu- .

SACUГUL- / САЦУУЛАХ



v. caus. of sacu- .

SACUL- / САЦЛАХ



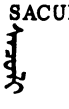
[= sacula-] v.t. To scatter, spread, spill, spray, sprinkle.

SACULA-



See sacul-.

SACULI / САЦАЛЬ



n. Aspersion or libation of milk or tea for the deities; grain and food scattered as offerings to deities.

SACULUГDA- / САЦЛАГДАХ



v. pass. of sacul-.

SACULUГUL- / САЦЛУУЛАХ



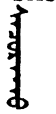
v. caus. of sacul-.

SACULUL / САЦЛАЛ



n. The act of scattering, spreading; dispersion, scattering, sprinkling.

SACURA- / САЦРАХ



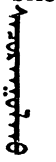
v. i. To be sown, spread, scattered; to be sent out, emitted; radiated (light); to sprinkle.
gerel --zu bain-a. The light spreads or radiates.

SACURAГ / САЦРАГ



[= cacuraγ] n. Ray or beam of light.

SACURAГUL- / САЦРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of sacura-] To spread, scatter, disperse, throw here and there, emit, radiate.
gerel --xu. To emit light.

SACURAL[TA] / САЦРАЛ(Т)



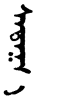
n. Radiance (of light); dispersion, scattering.
-- gerel. Diffused light.

SAD



Same as sed.

SADAГ-A / САДГА



n. Paper doll; paper doll used in shamanic rites. See H.Q. p. 180. [Mo.] Human figure made of dough by a lama, which serves as substitute for a sick person. This figure is supposed to take on the illness and is therefore thrown away after the lama has recited prayers. See zcliγ.
-- oγtulxu. To cut up a paper figure of a human being to expel evil spirits from a sick person.
zoliγ -- . Same as sadaγ-a, q.v.

SADAГANA- / САДГАНАХ



See sadara- .

SADALA-, etc.



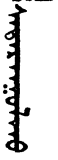
See setel -, etc.

SADARA- ◦ / САДРАХ



[= sadaγana-] v.i. To leak heavily over a wide surface.

SADARAГUL- / САДРУУЛАХ



v. caus. of sadara-.

SADARXAI / САДАРХАЙ
n. Heart, lungs, and liver collectively. [Mo.] Cartilage of the nose.

SADUN / САДАН
n. and adj. Friend; relative.
-- bolxu. To be[come] related through marriage.
nøkyr -- . Friends.
tøryl -- . Family, parentage; blood relatives.
uruγ -- . Relatives through marriage.

SADUR / САДАР
adj. Vile, immoral, lewd, wanton.
-- aγali. Libertinism, vice.
-- ekener. Lewd woman.

SADURLA- / САДАРЛАХ
v.i. To be lewd, lascivious, profligate, lead a depraved life.

SADURLAL / САДАРЛАЛ
n. The act of sadurla-

SAГ / САГ
n. Egg[s] of flies and other insects; nit[s]; fly speck[s].
xoγ -- . Refuse, offal, trash, garbage.

SAГ-A / САГА
baγ-a -- . See baγ-a.

SAГA-, 1. / САAХ
v.t. To milk.
syn --xu. To milk.
ynij-e --xu. To milk a cow.

SAГA-, 2. / САAХ
[Ko.] v.t. To shorten, contract, abridge; to diminish, lessen; to do something in a shorter time.

SAГAD / САAД
n. Obstacle, hindrance, obstruction; delay.
-- boγuγdal. Hindrances, obstructions, obstacles, delays.
-- bolγaxu. To hinder, delay.
-- bolxu. To be[come] a hindrance, stand in the way; to delay, procrastinate.
-- kiky. To hinder, impede; to delay.
-- kyrgeky. To hinder; to cause delay.
-- todxar. Hindrance, obstacle.
-- todxar i uciraγulxu. To hinder, create difficulties; to delay.
-- ygei [ber]. Without hindrance, obstacle, obstruction, delay or procrastination.

SAГADA / САГАД
Same as saγaγ, q.v.

SAГADAГ / САADAГ
n. Quiver, arrow case.
-- aγsaxu. To put a quiver on.
-- un xorumsaγ-a. Bow-case.

SAГADAГLA- / САADAГLAX
v.t. To put a quiver on; to raise (as an animal's tail).
saγadaγ --xu. To put one's quiver on.
segyl ijen --xu. To raise the tail.

SAГADKI-
[-ky] See saγad kiky.

SAГADKIL
n. Obstacle, retardation.

SAГADTAI / САADTAЙ
[= saγadtu] adj. Having obstacles.

SAГADTU / САADAT
See saγadtai.

SAГADXA- / САATГAX
v.t. To hinder, obstruct; to delay.

SAГADXAL
n. The act of delaying; delay, retardation; obstacle, hindrance.

SAГAГ / САГАГ
[= saγada] n. Buckwheat.
-- un γuhr. Buckwheat flour, black flour.
-- un kebeg. Buckwheat bran.
-- un tal-sa. Buckwheat flour.

SAГAГDA-
v. pass. of saγa-, 1 and 2.

SAГALDURГ-A / САГАЛДРАГА



n. String for attaching objects to the saddle or for fastening a hat under the chin.

malaγai jin -- . String for tying on a hat.

SAГALDURГALA- / САГАЛДРАГАЛАХ



v.t. To tie a saγaldurγ-a, q.v.

SAГALГA- / САГАЛГАХ



v. caus. of saγa-.

SAГALI, 1. / САГАЛЬ



n. Milch animal (cow, camel, etc.); milking; milk products; dairy.

-- jin ail. Neighboring family, neighbors who help each other in milking.

-- jin kønyg. Milk pail.

-- jin mal. Milch animals (cows, sheep, etc.).

syn -- . Milk products.

SAГALI, 2. / САГАЛЬ



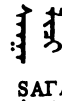
n. Automatic bow used for trapping animals; arbalest, crossbow.

SAГALI-



[Go.] To avoid, shun.

SAГALICI(N) / САГАЛЬЧИН



n. Milker, milkmaid.

SAГALIDA- / САГАЛЬДАХ



v.t. To hurl or throw; to shoot with a bow.

SAГALTA, 1. / САГАЛТ



Same as saγali, 1.

SAГALTA, 2.



The act of saγa-, q.v.

SAГAMAL / САГАМАЛ



[n.d. of saγa-] adj. Milch, milk-giving.

SAГAMX-A



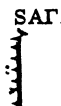
n. Salt water fish; perch (?).

SAГAR



-- ygei. Without doubt; certain[ly], positive[ly].

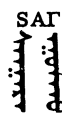
SAГARA- / САГАРАХ



v.i. To come apart, come undone (as a knot); to break up; to fail; to weaken, diminish, lessen.

kelelcegen --ba. The talk or conference was broken up or failed.

SAГARAГUL- / САГАРУУЛАХ



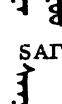
v. caus. of saγara-.

SAГARAГUU / САГАРУУ



adj. Weakened, diminished.

SAГARAL, 1. / САГАРАЛ



n. The act of saγara-; tardiness, slowness; shortness.

SAГARAL, 2. / САГАРАЛ



adj. Ashen, dun-colored.

-- mori. Dun horse.

SAГARI(N) / САГАРЬ



n. Horsehide, skin; leather, shagreen; callouses on hands or feet, corn, scab (of an ulcer or wound); fag end (of cloth).

--n γutul. Boots of horse leather.

køke -- . Blue-grained leather.

SAГARID-



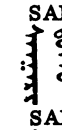
Same as saγarita-.

SAГARITA-



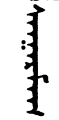
v.i. To harden, become hard (of the skin); to be covered with a scab.

SAГARITU-



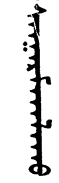
Same as saγarita-.

SAГARMAГ / САГАРМАГ



adj., adv. and n. Dubious, doubtful, indefinite; mixed; sexless; hermaphrodite; neuter gender (gram.).

SAГARMAГLA- / САГАРМАГЛАХ



v.i. To be indefinite or undetermined; to start to do many different things without accomplishing any.

SAГATA- / СААТАХ

v.i. To be delayed, detained, to sit, live, dwell, reside (hon.).

amurxan sain --zu baiγarai! Farewell! (Said at parting by the one who is leaving).

ta amurxan sain --zu bain-a uu? How are you? (hon.).

SAГATAГUL- / СААТУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of saγata-] To cause a delay hold up, hold back, hinder; to cause to dwell, install (hon.); to console, soothe, calm down.

--uγci ekener. A nurse for children.

--xu ygei. Without delay.

ene zakidal i --xu ygei jabuγul! Send this letter without delay!

jabudal i --xu. To prevent an act[ion].

SAГATAL / СААТАЛ

n. Impediment, hindrance; delay.

-- ygei. Without impediment, delay or hindrance.

SAГATASKI-

v.t. and i. To delay, hinder, obstruct; to procrastinate; to be slow, be late.

SAГCI-

v.t. To grind; to winnow; to sift, strain.

SAГCIГUL-

v. caus. of saγci-.

SAГCIГUR

n. Sieve, sifter, strainer.

SAГLAГ-A / САГЛАГА

n. Fetlock;the tuft of hair on the fetlocks of animals.

SAГLAГAR / САГЛАГАР

adj. Tufty, thick, bushy (of leaves, branches, etc.); hairy, shaggy.

SAГLAI- / САГЛАЙХ

v.i. To be tufty, thick, bushy, hairy, shaggy.

SAГSAГANA- / САГСАГНАХ

Same as saγsalza-.

SAГSAГAR САГСГАР

adj. Tufty, thick, bushy (of trees, leaves, branches, etc.); fluffy, shaggy, mussed up disheveled.

-- ysyty. Having thick, mussed up hair.

SAГSAI- / САГСАЙХ

[= saγsui-] v.i. To be fluffy, tufty; to be disheveled, mussed up; to bristle, stand on end.

--γsan nabcitai modu. Tree with dense foliage.

SAГSAILГA- / САГСАЙЛГАХ

v. caus. of saγsai-.

SAГSALZA- / САГСАЛЗАХ

v.i. To sway, move (of thick and bushy objects).

salkin dur --xu. To sway in the wind.

SAГSU / САГС

n. A kind of basket made from bamboo.

SAГSUI-

See saγsai- .

SAГSURГ-A

n. Hoarfrost.

SAГSURГATU-

v.i. To be[come] covered with hoarfrost.

SAГU- / СУУХ

a) v.i. To sit, be seated; to live, dwell, reside, stay; to be (copula), become.

--xu γazar. Residence, living quarters.

--xui orun. Residence, dwelling place; sitting place.

amuγulang taibung --xu. To lead a peaceful life.

amurxan sain --zu bain-a uu? How are you ? (Greeting used by the guest to the host: lit. Are you living peacefully?).

azu tøryn --xu. To make a living.

duγui -- ! Silence! don't speak!

nam --xu. To live peacefully, quietly.

nojan --xu. To become or be a high official.

orusin --xu. To live, reside, dwell.

saγurin-a --xu. To sit on a seat; to be enthroned.

sain --zu baiγarai! = sain --γarai! Farewell! (Said when leaving).

tyrgen ukijaxu ygeibel øngge --n-a! If you don't wash it quickly, the stain will never come out.
xaγan orun-a --xu. To rule, as a Khan.
xaγan --xu. To become a Khan.
... xotan-a --xu. To live or reside in the city of ...
xural dur --xu. To be present at a meeting.
yrgylzi --xu terigylegcid. Permanent presiding board.
zimis --zu bain-a.' Fruit is forming.
b) v. aux. Denotes progressive or continuative action or state expressed by the main verb.
ci jaγundu inijezy --zu baina? What are you laughing about?
inijezy --xu. To be laughing.
kizy --xu. To be doing.
sakizu --xu. To be protecting, protect.

SAГUCA / СУУЦ
n. Dwelling place, residence, habitat.
orun --. Dwelling places, residences.
orun -- jin beledkei. Housing facilities.

SAГUDAL / СУУДАЛ
n. Seat; manner of sitting; residency.
-- un bicigeci. Resident clerk (rotating office in the banner administration).
-- un masina. Passenger automobile.
-- zerge. Seat, rank; row.
jalatan u --. Place in court for the accused, dock.
terigyn --. Place of honor. first place in the audience.

SAГUDALTAI / СУУДАЛТАЙ
adj. Having a manner of sitting, having a seat. [Mo.] Well-formed (handwriting).

SAГUL-
Pre-classical form of saγulγa-, q.v.

SAГULCA- / СУУЛЦАХ
[v. coop. of saγu-] v.i. To sit together; to attend or be present at a meeting.
xural du --xu. To participate in a religious service (of a lama); to sit at or attend a meeting.

SAГULГ-A / СУУЛГА
n. Pail, bucket.
-- saba. Pails and other containers.
usun u --. Water bucket.

SAГULГA- / СУУЛГАХ
[v. caus. of saγu-] To cause to sit down; to set; to plant (a tree): to install, enthrone; to settle, populate; to have diarrhea.
--daγ em. Purgative, laxative.
amur taibung --xu ygei. Not letting live peacefully; not to leave in peace.
modun --xu. To plant trees.
ørtege --xu. To establish a relay station.
tegyn i xaγan --mui. [We] shall make him Khan.
uruγu --xu ebedcin. [Ko.] Diarrhea.
xaraγul --xu. To set out or establish border guards.

SAГULKILA-
[Ko.] v.i. To fly here and there, flutter.

SAГULTA / СУУЛТ
n. The act of saγu-, q.v.

SAГURI(N) / СУУРЬ(Н)
n. Place to sit, seat; dwelling, residence, lodging; foundation, base, abutment, pedestal, stand.
--n γazar. Domicile, residence, permanent place.
--n talbixu. To lay a foundation.
ger yn --. Base of a yurt made of hardened earth.
nuta --. Solid foundation.
oru --. Shelter, place to live; foundation.
xundaγan u --. A little saucer used under a wine glass.

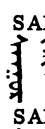
SAГURILA- / СУУРИЛАХ
v.t. and i. To lay a foundation; to be settled.

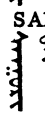
SAГURIS-
Same as saγurisi-.

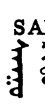
SAГURISI- / СУУРЬШИХ
v.i. To settle down, become sedentary, to have a place to live.

SAГURISIГUL- / СУУРЬШУУЛАХ
v. caus. of saγurisi-.
aimaγ un tøb i --xu. To make the aimaγ (q.v.) center permanent.
negydel arad i --xu. To make nomads live a sedentary life, settle nomads.


SAГURISIL / СУУРЬШИЛ
n. The act of settling down; residence, domicile; settlement.
-- ygei. Migratory, wandering, not settled.

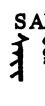

SAГURISILTAI / СУУРЬШИЛТАЙ
adj. Sedentary, settled, fixed.


SAГURITAI / СУУРЬТАЙ
[= saγuritu] adj. Having a foundation or base.
-- xubing. Teapot with a stand.


SAГURITU / СУУРЬТ
See saγuritai.

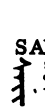

SAГUSKJ-
v.i. To slip down or off; to settle or subside suddenly; to make a misstep (of animals).

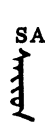

SAI
Same as saji.


SAIBUR / САЙВАР
n. and adj. Slow amble, slow-ambling (of horses).


SAIBURLA- / САЙВАРЛАХ
v.i. To amble.

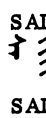

SAICUD / САЙЧУУД
n. Leading workers, foremost people. top-ranking men.
terigyn --. The very first ones, top-ranking ones.

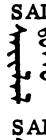

SAICUL / САЙЧУУЛ
Same as saicud.


SAID / САЙД
n. Magnate, dignitary, minister.
-- erdemten. Wise man, superior man.
-- izaγur. Aristocracy.
-- nar un zøblel. Council of ministers, cabinet.
ded --. Vice-minister; vice premier.
elcin --. Envoy, ambassador.
erkim --. Excellency (addressing a minister or ambassador in a formal letter).
jeryngkei --. Prime minister.
terigyn --. Prime minister.

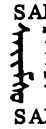

SAID-
v.i. To be[come] good. [Mǒ.] To be on good terms again (with a former enemy).


SAIDXA-
[v.caus. of said-] To improve; to consider as good, approve, praise.


SAIKI / САЙХЬ
adj. Recent.


SAILALDU-
v.i. To live harmoniously; to be good to each other (obs.).


SAIMSURA- / САЙМСРАХ
v.i. To speak well of somebody, toady, flatter; to truckle to the rich or powerful.
nojan i --xu. To flatter a prince or a high official.


SAIMSURAГCI / САЙМСРАГЧ
n. Flatterer, fawner.


SAIN / САЙН
n., adj., adv. Good (both in physical and non-material sense), well; fine, nice; proficient; without trouble or danger; free from discomfort, illness, etc.
-- azillaxu. To work well.
-- bain-a uu? How are you, how do you do?
-- bolxu. To recover (from illness); to improve.
-- edyr. Auspicious day; work-free day; Sunday.
-- kymyn. A good person.
-- kymyn dyr nøkyr olan gele, -- morin dur γazar oir-a gele. For a good man there are many friends, for a good horse all distances are short (prov.).
-- sain! Good! Fine! Well-done!
acitai -- bolula. Thank you very much!
keretei kereg ygei -- maγu kymyn. Good-for-nothing people.
maγu --. Of inferior quality; no good.
maγu -- kymyn y ygen dy buu oru! Don't listen to a good-for-nothing person.
mongγul bicig udx-a dur --. Proficient in the Mongol written language.
xamuγ un --. The best.


SAIR / САЙР
[= sairi = sairam] n. Dry bed of a stream; (sometimes) shallow place in river; pebble; callus.
-- cilaγu. Small pebbles.


SAIRA- / ÇАЙРАХ
v.i. To break, crumble; to peel off.

SAIRAM

See sair.

SAIRI

See sair.

SAIRTA- / САЙРТАХ

v.i. To roughen, become rough, weather-beaten (of the skin); to develop calluses.

SAIRXA- / САЙРХАХ

v.i. To boast, brag, be vainglorious.

SAIRXAГ / САЙРХАГ

n. and adj. Braggart, swaggerer; proud, haughty.

SAIRXAГCI / САЙРХАГЧ

n. Braggart, presumptuous or boastful person.

SAIRXAL / САЙРХАЛ

n. Blustering, bragging; ostentation, haughtiness, conceit.

SAISIJA- / САЙШААХ

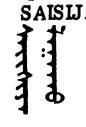
v.t. To acknowledge as good; to praise, commend; to exalt, eulogize.
--n maγtaxu. To praise, extol.
--n temdegleky. To note as outstanding.
--n zøbsijeky. To approve of; to agree to (as a plan, etc.).
--xui-a zokistai. Praiseworthy, laudable.
--zu batulaxu. To recommend.

SAISIJAГDA- / САЙШААГДАХ

v. pass. of saisija-.

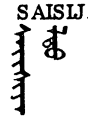
SAISIJAL / САЙШААЛ

n. Approval, praise, eulogy.
-- øgky. To recommend, give approval.

SAISIJALГA- / САЙШААЛГАХ

v. caus. of saisija-.

SAISIJALTAI / САЙШААЛТАЙ

adj. Deserving approval, praiseworthy.

SAISIJALTU / САЙШААЛТ

-- irygelty. The period Chia-ch'ing 嘉慶 1796 - 1820.

SAITAI / САЙТАЙ

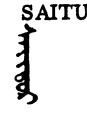
[= saitu; fr. sain] adj. Good, fine, nice.
bej-e -- . Robust, hearty, healthy.
cegezi -- . Having a good memory.
cinar -- . Of good quality.
nidy -- . Having good eyesight.

SAITU / САЙТ

See saitai.

SAITUГAR

Same as saitur.

SAITUR / САЙТАР

adv. Well, nicely, appropriately; thoroughly, duly.
-- byridygsen. Accomplished, perfected.
-- kiky. To do [it] well.
-- medeky. To understand very well, realize fully.
-- neilegylygsen. See sangrita.
-- suduluγsan. Experienced; wise.
-- ungsituγai! Read carefully!
-- uxaxu. To understand, comprehend, know completely.
-- yzeky. To see clearly, examine attentively.
yile ben -- bytygeky. To discharge one's duty well.

SAIXAГCIN

n. Hemorrhoids; piles

SAIXAN / САЙХАН

adj. and adv. Nice[ly], good looking, fine, beautiful[ly]; well; exactly.
-- amtatai. Tasty.
-- arban xojar caγ bolzu bain-a. It is exactly 12 o'clock.
-- yge. Harmonious, nice or beautiful words.
-- yge ber kymyn xaγuιxu. To deceive with bland words.
γuu-a -- . Beautiful, pretty (woman).
sain -- . Fine, beautiful; ideal.
uran -- . Art.
yzeskyleng -- . Beautiful, pretty.

SAIZIRA- / САЙЖРАХ

v.i. To become better, improve, progress, recover (health).

bej-e --mui. The health is improving.

tegyn y zang inu --zu baimui. His personality is improving.

SAIZIRAGUL- / САЙЖРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of saizira-] To improve, make better, perfect, raise the level of.

baidal i --xu. To ameliorate or improve conditions.

bej-e jin eregyl i --xu. To improve the health.

cinar i --xu. To improve the quality of something or the nature of somebody.

zasan --xu. To correct; to reform, improve.

SAIZIRAL / САЙЖРАЛ

n. Improvement, perfection.

SAJ-A, 1 / САЯ

[T. sa ya] num. Million.

mingyan -- . Billion (1,000,000,000).

olan -- . Many millions.

SAJ-A 2.

See saji.

SAJAG

n. Horse with a special kind of amble.

SAJAXAN

See sajixan.

SAJI / САЯ

[= saj-a, 2] adv. Just before, recently, a moment ago; only then, not before.

-- ece. Since recent times, recently.

-- jin. Of just now, of a moment ago.

-- jin kymyn. The person seen, met or mentioned a moment ago

bi tegyn i nidy ber ijen yzeged -- itegebei. I believed it only after having seen it with my own eyes.

tere -- ireged jabuysan. He was here just a few minutes ago.

SAJIBTUR / САЯВТАР

adv. Quite recently.

SAJIXAN / САЯХАН

[= sajaxan] adv. Just now, shortly before, a short while ago.

-- yaruyad jabuysan tere kymyn ken bei? Who is that person who left here just a second ago?

-- u. Which took place just before, recent.

SAK[illegible] / САХИХ

v.t. To protect, preserve, guard, safeguard, watch; to observe (as law or rule).

--xu cerig. Military guard.

--zu xamayalaxu. To protect, defend; to watch; to preserve.

ajul ece --xu. To save from danger

bej-e ben --xu. To protect oneself; to watch one's conduct.

eb nairamdal i --xu. To preserve peaceful relations.

eregyl i --xu jabudal. The protection of health, hygiene.

ger --n sayuxu. To sit a home; to watch the house.

kelen ijen --xu. To hold one's tongue, be silent.

nom i --xu. To defend the doctrine, religion.

sakily-a zirum i --xu. To observe discipline.

taibung i --xu. To preserve peace.

tøb i --xu. To be just, fair; to maintain neutrality.

xubi ji --xu. To mind one's own duties.

zam --xu. To guard a road; to wait on a road,

zam --zu sayuxu. To live on a roadside.

SAKIGCI / САХИГЧ

n. Guardian, defender, watchman.

engke taibung i -- . Guardian of peace.

gindan i -- . Jailer.

oi -- . Forester, woodsman, ranger.

SAKIGUL

n. The act of saki-; guard.

SAKIGUL- / САХИУЛАХ

v. caus. of saki-.

SAKIGULSU(N) / САХИУС(АН)

[= sakiyusu] n. Guardian, defender, protector; guardian spirit or deity, angel; amulet, charm.

-- dalalxu. Same as synesy daγudaxu.

SAKIГUSU(N)



See sakiγulsu(n).

SAKIJA(N) / САХИА



n. Amulet, talisman; guards, watchmen.
--n u utasu . Amulet made from threads.
--n u zangij-a. Amulet in the shape of a knot.

SAKIL / САХИЛ



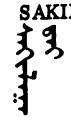
[Transl. ot S. sanvar] n. Vow, promise.
-- abxu. To take a vow (eccles.); to be ordained (eccles.).
-- ebdeky. To violate or break a vow.
-- sakixu. To fulfill a vow.
-- sanvar. Vow.

SAKILГ-A / САХИЛГА



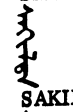
n. Act of guarding, defending, preserving, preservation; discipline, order.
-- batu. Discipline.
-- batutai. Disciplined.
-- batutai sain. Well-disciplined.
-- ygei. Undisciplined.
-- zirum. Discipline.
-- zirumtai bolγaxu. To discipline, make disciplined.
azil un -- . Work discipline.
nam un -- . Party discipline.

SAKILГATAI / САХИЛГАТАЙ



adj. Disciplined.

SAKILTA / САХИЛТ



Same as sakilγ-a.

SAKILTAI / САХИЛТАЙ



adj. Having made a vow.

SAKIUSU(N)



Same as sakiγulsun.

SAL / САЛ



n. Raft, float.

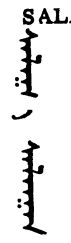
SAL- / САЛАХ



[= salu-] v.i. To separate, branch off, part with, take leave or become free from; to be detached, isolated, parted from; to

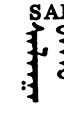
divorce, dissolve a marriage.
--zu xoladxu. To separate, remove oneself from become alienated.
anggiziran --xu. To become free from; to separate from.

SALAГ-A(N) / САЛАА



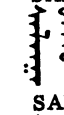
n. Branch, twig or limb of a tree, offshoot; prongs of a fork; space between fingers or toes; tributary, arm of a river; bifurcation; part or portion; department, branch (as of science, office, store); detachment, platoon (mil.).
-- møcir. Branch[es] (also fig.).
--n u daruγ-a. Commander of a platoon (mil.); head of a branch or department.
-- zam. Branch line, side road, detour.
azu axui jin -- møcir yd. Branches of economy.
yndysyn -- . Vital branches (as of economy, etc.)

SALAГAD-, 1.



Same as salaγala-.

SALAГAD-, 2.



Same as salγad-.

SALAГALA- / САЛААЛАХ



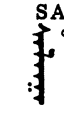
v.i. To spread out branches; to branch out; to sprout.
--n uryuxu. To grow shoots.

SALAГAN



See ølygen.

SALAГATAI / САЛААТАЙ



adj.- With branches, shoots, prongs, bifurcations, etc.; branchy.

SALAI / САЛАЙ



n. Discharge occuring before childbirth; viscous matter sticking to the body of new-born animals.

SALALZI, 1. / САЛАЛЖ



n. Thorgs of a crupper loop.

SALALZI, 2. / САЛАЛЖ



n. White-tailed snipe.

SALANG, 1. / САЛАН(Г)

adj. Dirty, unkempt, careless, sloppy.

SALANG, 2. / САЛАН(Г)

n. Cymbal.

SALBA

-- zimis. Pineapple.

SALBA-, 1. / САЛБАХ

v.t. To cut grass; to weed out

SALBA-, 2. / САЛБАХ

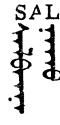
v.i. To talk nonsense.

SALBADA- / САЛБАДАХ

v.i. To speak without knowing; to speak carelessly, heedlessly, say whatever comes to mind, talk at random.

SALBADAI

adj. Talking at random, carelessly.

SALBAGANA-

v.i. To flutter.
--n keisky. To flutter in the wind.

SALBAGAR / САЛБАГАР

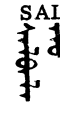
adj. Baggy (of clothes).

SALBAGTAI / САЛБАГТАЙ

adj. Having cleft hoofs.

SALBAI- САЛЬАЙХ

v.i. To become baggy (of clothes); to become weak or limp.

SALBAL[A]- / САЛБАЛАХ

v.t. To split, slit; to divide into splinters, tear off pieces of wood.

SALBALZA- / САЛБАЛЗАХ

v.i. To hang loosely (as baggy clothes).

SALBANG, 1. / САЛБАН

n. Spur (of a bird); dewclaw (of a dog).

SALBANG, 2. / САЛБАН

adj. and n Lazy, slovenly, careless [person], tattered, ragged.

SALBAR, 1 / САЛБАР

n. Claw, paw; a kind of predatory bird, falcon.

SALBAR, 2. / САЛБАР

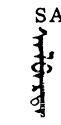
See salburi.

SALBARA- / САЛБАРАХ

v.t. and i. To claw or paw; to split, be splintered.
modu --xu. For wood to split.

SALBARANG

adj. and n. Old (of things); ragged, dilapidated.

SALBARDA-

v.t. To claw, seize with claws.

SALBARSU(N)

n. Carp.

SALBARXAI / САЛБАРХАЙ

adj. Torn, ragged; splintered
-- ciki. Slit ear (occuring in cattle as mark of ownership).

SALBATAI / САЛБАТАЙ

adj. Pretentious, showy; snobbish.

SALBIJ-A

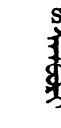
n. Affiliation; relation.
töryl --. Relationship, relatives.

SALBIJATU

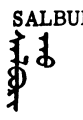
adj. Having relationship, related.

SALBUR

-- sulbar. [Ko.] In crowds, in heaps; apart, separately.

SALBURI / САЛБАР

n. Branch of river or road; sprout, shoot; branch office or establishment, subdivision; department, part.

-- γoul. Tributary of a river.
-- medelge. Branch of science.
aγula jin -- . Spur of a mountain.
anggi -- . Subdivision[s].
cakilγan siudan u -- . Post and telegraph branch office.
emnelge jin -- . Medical division, outpatient department of a hospital, medical or health station.
γaili jin -- . Customs office.
mal un emnelge jin --. Veterinary station.



SALBURI-
v.t. and i. To break, smash; to spoil; to become separated.



SALBURILA- / САЛБАРЛАХ
v.i. To branch out; to part from; to separate.



SALCI / САЛЧ
n. Raftsman.



SALDAI- / САЛДАЙХ
v.i. To stoop from fatigue; to lose one's strength, become limp; to hang in tatters; to come lose; to slacken; to be[come] discouraged.



SALDUR / САЛДАР , САЛТАР
See buldur and seldyr.



SALГ-A / САЛГА
n. Litter drawn by a horse.



SALГA- / САЛГАХ
[v. caus. of sal-] v.t. To separate, divide; to take apart; to remove; to sort out, classify; to break up (as a set, a marriage, etc.).
--n anggiziraγulxu. To tear away from, remove, isolate.
--zu xoladuγulxu. To tear away from, remove, isolate.
ajul eee --xu. To free from fear, danger, or menace.
ilγan --xu. To classify, sort, segregate.
xojar xaγas bolγan --xu. To halve, divide into two equal parts.

SALГAD-
v.i. To shake from old age or illness.



SALГALTA / САЛГАЛТА
n. Separation; segregation



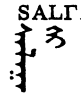
SALГAMZI / САЛГАМЖ
n. Reed of weaver's loom (used to separate the warp threads and beat home the weft).



SALГANA- / САЛГАНАХ
v.i. To tremble, quiver, shake, shudder.



SALГARA- / САЛГАРАХ
v.i. To separate from; to be separated, differ stand out.



SALГASI
-- ygei. Inseparable, undetachable.



SALKI(N) / САЛХИ(Н)
n. Wind.
-- abxu. To catch a cold.
--n bosxu. Wind arises.
--n degdebe. A wind sprang up.
--n zarlal. A nonsensical declaration or proclamation.
esergy --n. Headwind, cool breeze.
serigyn --n. Fresh wind, cool breeze.
ulaγan --n. Sand storm, tornado.
xaγurai --n. Dry wind.
xar-a --n. Storm with clouds and dust (lit. "black wind").
xui --n. Whirlwind, tornado.
zikegyn --n. Cold wind.



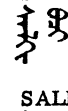
SALKIBCI / САЛХИВЧ
n. Vent in a pane.

SALKILA- / САЛХИЛАХ
v.i. To blow (of wind), be windy.
salkin --mui. The wind blows.
šuuginaγn --mui. The wind wails, howls.

SALKINTAI / САЛХИНТАЙ
See salkitai.



SALKISI- / САЛХИШИХ
v.i. To begin to blow (of wind).



SALKITAI / САЛХИТАЙ
adj. Windy.
-- edyr. Windy day.

SALLA- / САЛЛАХ
v.t. To float rafts or transport by a raft.

SALLAGCI / САЛЛАГЧ
n. Raftsman.

SALM-A
See calm-a.

SALMAG-A
[Go.] n. Long yellow hair in the tails of deer.

SALMAGAI
[Ko.] adj. Adroit, dexterous, capable.

SALTA
See nalta.

SALTAG-A(N) / САЛТАА
n. Perineum (anat.), crotch between the legs.
--n u doγuur sirγuxu. To crawl between (someone's) legs (act of degrading oneself).

SALTUR
See bultur.

SALU-
See sal-.

SALUL
-- ygei. Without separating.

SALULCA- / САЛАЛЦАХ
[v. coop. of sal-] v.i. To separate from each other, take leave from one another; to divorce.

SALULTA / САЛАЛТ
n. Separation, dissolution.
-- ygei [ber]. Without separating or deviating.

SALUNGGI / САЛАНГИ
adv. Separately, apart.

SALUNGXAI / САЛАНХАЙ
adj. Separated, detached; unassembled.

SALURXAI / САЛАРХАЙ
adj. Separated, individual; loose.

SALUSI
-- ygei. Inseparable, indissoluble, indivisible, integral.
-- ygei keseg. Integral piece or part.

SALZII- / САЛЖИЙХ
v.i. To bend to the side, incline, lean.

SAM, 1. / САМ
n. Comb.
-- sigyr. Coarse and fine combs; combs in general.

SAM, 2. / САМ
-- xoruxai. Crustacea.
bay-a -- xoruxai. [Gu.] Shrimp.

SAM, 3. / САМ
-- sam ijer. Gradually, little by little.

SAM, 4. / САМ
See cam, 2.

SAMADHI
See samadi.

SAMADI
[= samadhi, S. samadhi] n. Contemplation, profound religious meditation, contemplation.

SAMADUG / САМДАГ
[T. za ma tog, basket, translating S. karanda] n. Box, vessel, vase, chest (occurs in book titles).

SAMAGAN / САМГАН
n. Old woman.
emege -- . Old-woman.

SAMAGARA- / САМГАРАХ
v.i. To grow old; to age, become old (of women).

SAMAГUN / САМУУН

n., adj. and adv. Confusion, disturbance; disorder, disorganization; rebellion, mutiny, debauchery; adultery, depravity; disordered, troubled, agitated; immoral.
-- budulijan. Disorder, confusion.
-- caγ. Troubled times; time of confusion.
-- degdeky. Trouble or commotion starts.
-- egyskeky. To start trouble or revolt.
-- em-e. Lewd woman.
-- ı daruxu. To quell a revolt.
-- jabudal. Debauchery, immoral conduct.
-- jabuxu. To behave or live immorally or in a disorderly fashion.
-- sumu. Stray missile.
-- yıles. [Acts of] moral corruption.

SAMAГUR / САМУУР

Same as samnaγur.

SAMAГURA- / САМУУРАХ

v.i. To become confused or disordered; to become disorganized; to have confusion, disorder, disarray, rebellion; to have illicit intercourse.
tøry --xu. The government becomes disorganized.

SAMAГURAГUL- / САМУУРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of samaγura-] To cause disorder, alarm, disturbances or commotion; to disorganize, disturb; to arouse discord or mutiny; to trouble, agitate.
--un yimegylky. To disturb, cause confusion.
ene ger i keyked ijer bitegei -- ! Do not let children mess up this room .
zirum i --xu. To disturb the law, upset the order.

SAMAГURAL / САМУУРАЛ

n. Confusion, disprder, chaos, commotion, trouble, upheavel.
azu axui jin --. Economic crisis.

SAMAГURXA-

[v. caus. of samaγura-] v.t. To cause disorder or trouble; to stir up, excite.

SAMAГUR

Same as samnaγur.

SAMAZA

Same as samza.

SAMBAГ-A / САМБАА

n. Force, strength, vigor, energy; ability, capacity; knowledge, intelligence, acumen; eloquence.
-- uxaγan tai. Sharp-witted, quick-witted.
sedkil yn --. Strength of mind or soul.

SAMBAГACI / САМБААЧ

n. and adj. Vigorous person; clever, witty; quick.

SAMBAГACILA- / САМБААЧЛАХ

[= sambaγala-] v.i. To take a chance; to seize an opportunity; to do something secretly or on the sly; to do something cleverly.

SAMBAГALA- / САМБААЛАХ

See sambaγacila-.

SAMBAГATAI / САМБААТАЙ

[= sambaγatu] adj. Daring, capable; quick, agile; clever; having foresight, having ability to manage affairs.

SAMBAI

n. Cotton xadaγ (q.v.).

SAMBAR / САМБАР

[= sambar-a, T. sa hbris] n. Board, plank; blackboard; writing tablet.
cilaγun --. Slate.
xar-a --. Blackboard.

SAMBAR-A

See sambar.

SAMDAN

-- øgesi. [Ko.] Floating net, drift-net.

SAMГARDA- / САМГАРДАХ

v.i. To fuss, fidget, move restlessly, hurry in a fussy manner, bustle.

SAMI / САМЬ
n. Groin (anat.)

SAMLA- / САМЛАХ
See samna-.

SAMNA- / САМНАХ
[= samla-] v.t. To comb or dress the hair; to shear wool.
ysy --xu. To comb the hair.

SAMNAГUR / САМНУУР
n. Currycomb.
morin u -- . Currycomb.

SAMNAГURDA- / САМНУУРДАХ
v.t. To curry (as a horse, etc.).

SAMNALГ-A / САМНАЛГА
n. The act of combing or shearing.

SAMPIN / САМПИН
[Ch. suan-p'an 算盤] n. Abacus.
-- cokixu. To operate an abacus.

SAMSA / САМС
n. Plowshare bone, vomer, nasal septum.

SAMSI- / САМШИХ
v.i. To be destroyed, exterminated, ruined; to disperse in various directions; to become worse; to be spent, squandered. See also šamsi-

SAMUCA-
v.i. To become twisted, confused, mixed up.

SAMUR / САМАР
n. Cedar nut.

SAMUR- / САМРАХ
[= zamur-] v.t. To ladle and pour liquid back into the pot while boiling.

SAMURA-
Same as samur-.

SAMURDA- / САМАРДАХ
See sabarda-.

SAMURKILA-
v.i. To move one's limbs; to grab one thing after another in a disorderly manner.

SAMURXA-
v. caus. of samur-.

SAMZA / САМЗ
n. Monkey, ape.

SANA- / САНАХ
v.i. and t. a) To think, reflect, ponder.
--γsan ece deger-e. Better than one expected.
--xul-a. In my opinion; it appears that.
--zu γarγaxu. To think up, invent, make up.
bitegei maγu -- ! Don't take it wrongly! Don't take it in a oad way! No hard feelings!
jeke --xu. To be too ambitious; to think big.
maγu --xu. To suspect; to take something in a bad way.
b) To hold an opinion.
baγ-a --xu. To belittle, underestimate, consider as too small, insignificant, unworthy.
bi --basu. I think, in my opinion.
xar-a --xu. To bear ill thoughts against; to suspect, be suspicious.
c) To intend, plan.
--γsan du kyrky. To reach one's goal, achieve one's plans.
--γsan kereg. Something one has been thinking about; intention, plan.
bi jabuj-a gezy --zu bain-a. I intend to go, thinking of going.
d) To remember, keep in mind; to recall.
--zu jabuxu. To remember.
ta namaji --zu baiγarai. Please keep me in your mind, remember me.
e) To long for.
ger ijen --xu. To be homesick.
nutuγ ijen --xu. To be homesick.

SANAГ-A(N) / САНАА(Н)
n. a) Thought, thinking, idea, reflection, attention.
-- boduIγ-a. Meaning, idea.
-- maγutai. Ill-willed; suspicious-minded.
--n daγan aγulxu. To keep in one's mind; to learn by heart, remember.
--n daγan kyrky. To realize one's plans; to do something in one's own way.

--n du oruγulxu. To remind; to keep in mind.
--n dur oruxu. The thought occurs to [me, etc.]; to remember, recollect.
--n du ygei. Unintentionally, unexpectedly; being unaware.
-- talbıxu. To pay attention; to keep in mind.
-- tøryky. To conceive an idea.
aγuu -- tai. Broad-minded.
axur -- . Lack of foresight, shortsightedness.
caγan -- . Clean mind, good mind.
γoul -- . Main idea, principal idea.
jeke -- tai. Haughty, supercilious, overambitious, having great ambition.
maγu -- tai. Evil-minded, ill-willed; suspicious.
nigen -- ber. Being of one mind, unanimously.
xar-a -- . Vicious thoughts.
ynen --n ijer. Truly, sincerely, earnestly.
b) Opinion, conception, sentiment; frame of mind.
-- aldaxu. To sigh, moan.
-- amur. Having peace of mind; carefree; careless.
-- amurxu. To be relieved, acquire peace of mind.
-- ber ijen. At random, as one desires, arbitrarily.
-- bucaxu. To change one's mind.
-- ebdereky. To break up (as friendship, cordial relations).
--n u dur-a ber. Arbitrarily, highhandedly.
--n u ebedcin. Heartache, heartbreak.
-- sedkil. Frame of mind, disposition; mind and thought.
-- sedkil amur ygei. Depressed, worried.
-- sedkil aldaxu. To be out of one's mind from grief or disappointment; to be frustrated.
-- zobaxu. To worry about; to grieve.
ene jambar -- tai kymyn bei! What is his idea? What is he thinking? (expressing surprise and disgust).
øcyken -- . My humble opinion (epist.); small mind.
sain -- tai. Kind-hearted; well-meaning.
sedkil -- . Frame of mind, disposition; thought and mind.
ujaraxu -- . Languishment, sadness.
c) Intention, policy, aim.
-- ber bolxu. To be in agreement with one's desire or intenton.
-- ber busu/bisi. Against one's wish, unintentionally.

-- edyky. To start or initiate an idea or a plan.
-- oruγulxu. To suggest an idea or plan; to put an idea into someone's head.
sanaγ-a bodulγ-a. Intention, policy.

SANAГACILA- / САНААЧЛАХ
v. i. To put one's mind to; to initiate an

SANAГACILAГ-A / САНААЧЛАГА
n. Opinion, thought, idea, intention, tendency; initiative; interestedness, care.
-- ber. At the initiative of.
-- γarγaxu. To express an opinion.
-- talbixu. To give attention.

SANAГACILAL / САНААЧЛАЛ
n. The act of thinking; reflection, deliberation.

SANAГACILГATAN
n. Promoter[s], initiator[s].

SANAГAL
Same as sanal.

SANAГALZA- / САНАГАЛЗАХ
v. t. and i. To think about something seriously; to be absorbed in one's thoughts; to think constantly; to remember, recall.

SANAГALZAГAN / САНАГАЛЗААН
n. Persistent thought, aspiration, daydream.

SANAГARXA- / САНААРХАХ
v. i. To intend; to have one's mind set on something; to want or wish something badly; to covet.
tere tegyn dy --zu bain-a. His mind is fixed on it; he craves it.

SANAГASIRA- / САНААШРАХ
v. i. To think constantly; to ponder; to worry.

SANAГATAI / САНААТАЙ
[= sanaγatu] adj. Having thoughts; intending, planning; thinking.
-- ber. Intentionally, purposively.
-- bolxu. To be circumspect; to become conscious.

jabuxu -- . [I, etc.] intend to go, am thinking of going.

SANAГATU / САНААТ



See sanaγatai.

SANAГDA- / САНАГДАХ



[v. pass. of sana-] To be considered, imagined, thought of; to come to the mind; to seem.

--γad bolxu ygei. [It] keeps entering my mind.

--xui kereg. Topic of deliberation, object of thought.

ger --zu bain-a. [I am] homesick (lit. home is being thought of [by me]).

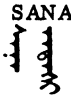
nadur teimy sig --zu bain-a. It seems so to me.

SANAГDAL / САНАГДАЛ



n. Memory, reminiscence.

SANAГDASI / САНАГДАШГҮЙ



-- ygei. Unimaginable, inconceivable.

SANAГUL- / САНУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of sana-] To cause to think, remind, draw a person's attention to, suggest, prompt.

--xu bicig, Reminder (written); memorandum.

--xu yge. Reminder; oral instruction.

bi umartacixu maγad ygei ta nadur tegyn i --zu haiγarai. I might forget it completely, please remind me of it from time to time.

urida ece --xu. To forewarn.

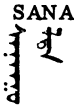
yge ben kicij-e, kymyn i maγu --cixu bolzusi ygei. Be careful with your words, you might cause some misunderstanding.

SANAГULГ-A / САНУУЛГА



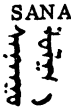
[= sanaγulγ-a] n. Reminder, memo.

SANAГULTA / САНУУЛТ



n. Reminder, postscript.

SANAГULULГ-A / САНУУЛЛАГА



See sanaγulγ-a.

SANAL / САНАЛ



n. Thought, reflection; idea, supposition, proposal, intention; opinion, viewpoint.

-- bodul/bodulγ-a. Opinions, thoughts, ideas; viewpoint, conclusions.

-- eremelzelge. Tendencies; ideas, intentions, wishes.

-- γarγaxu. To express an opinion; to make a proposal; to suggest.

-- neileky. To come to an understanding or agreement.

-- nigedky. To be of one opinion; to be in agreement.

-- onul. Opinions, thoughts, ideas.

-- oruγulxu. To make a proposal.

-- øgky. To give one's opinion; to vote.

-- sedkil. Thought, ideas; frame of mind.

-- sedkil yn sojul. Spiritual culture.

-- un. Spiritual (opp. material).

-- un erkety. Sage, philosopher.

-- ygei. Having no opinion; thoughtless.

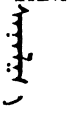
ajultai -- . Dangerous thought or tendency.

egyn y tuxai nadur -- ygei. I have no opinion about this.

olan neite jin -- . Public opinion.

øber yn -- ijer. According to one's wish, opinion or pleasure; arbitrarily, at one's own discretion.

SANALГ-A / САНАЛГАА



n. The act of thinking; reflection, thought, intention.

-- ygei. Thoughtless.

SANALTAI / САНАЛТАЙ



adj. Subject to consideration, to be considered.

SANAMSAR / САНАМСАР

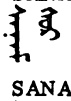


[= sanamsur]

-- ygei. Without thinking or realizing; rashly; unexpectedly, surprisingly.

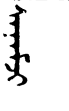
-- ygei irezykyi. [He] arrived unexpectedly.

SANAMSUR



See sanamsar.

SANAMZI / САНАМЖ



n. Thought, idea.

-- talbixu. To put one's mind to; to pay attention to.

-- ygei. Unthought of, unthinkable, unimaginable; wihtout paying atiention, disregarding.

SANAMZILA- / САНАМЖЛАХ
v.t. To recollect, think.

SANAXUL-A
[Conditional conv. of sana-] In my opinion; it appears that...

SANCIГ / САНЧИГ
[= sanziγ] n. A tuft of hair on the temples of women; side whiskers.
-- un saxal. Side whiskers, sideburns.
oi jin -- . Outskirts of a forest.

SANCIГ-A
Same as sanziγ-a.

SANCIГDA- / САНЧИГДАХ
v.t. To grasp a person by the sanciγ, q.v.

SANDA- / САНДАХ
v.i. To be in disorder, mussed up.
mengden --xu. To be in a panic, fluttered, embarrassed.

SANDAГA- / САНДААХ
[v. caus. of sanda-] To muss up; to throw about, cause disorder, disorganize.

SANDAГARA-
Same as sandaγa-.

SANDAILA- / САНДАЙЛАХ
v.i. To sit with feet hanging down.
--zu saγuxu. To sit with the feet down, in the Western manner.

SANDAL / САНДАЛ
[= sandil] n. Confusion, trouble, embarrassment, mess, disorder.

SANDAL-
Same as sandaγa-.

SANDALI / САНДАЛЬ, САНДИЛ
n. Seat, chair, bench, couch.
-- jin tysilge. The back of a chair, back cushion of a chair.

SANDARA-
See sandura-.

SANDARAXAI
Same as sandurxai.

SANDARГA-
See sandurγa-.

SANDIL
See sandal.

SANDUR-
Same as sandura-.

SANDURA- / САНДРАХ
[= sandara-] v.i. To be in disorder, confusion, disarray; to be in a hurry; to bustle, be excited; to be embarrased; to be panicky.
--xu ygei. Without confusion, calm[ly].
bi maγuxai --l-a. I was so embarrassed.
bi --zu γarzu ireged tylkigyr iјen ger tegen umartaciba. I left in such a hurry that I left my key at home.
caγ erte bain-a, bitegei -- ! It is (too) early yet, don't hurry or don't get excited!

SANDURAГUL- / САНДРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of sandura-.

SANDURAL / САНДРАЛ
n. Confusion, panic, excitement, hurry.

SANDURГA- / САНДАРГАХ, САНДРААХ
[= sandarγa-] v.t. To agitate ; to cause panic or confusion; to alarm, trouble, upset; to embarrass.

SANDURГAN / САНДАРГААН
n. Excitement, agitation; hurry; embarrassment.
yimegen -- . Agitation, confusion, alarm; turmoil.

SANDURXAI / САНДАРХАЙ
adj. Readily troubled or excited by hatred, fear, or embarrassment.



SANG, 1. / САН(Г)

[Ch. ts'ang 倉] n. Treasury, store house; granary; treasure.

-- dur oruγulxu. To put into or pay to the treasury; to confiscate.

-- ece γarγaxu. To take or issue from the treasury, provide government funds.

-- kyy. Finances, treasury. (Ch. ts'ang-k'u 倉庫).

-- kyy jin keltes. Department of finance.

-- kyy ji šamsiγdaγuluγcid. Squanderers of finances, misusers of public funds.

-- kyy jin tølyblege. Government budget.

-- un. Government, state, public (attrib. in connection with finances or public property).

-- un azu axui. National economy, state economy; state farm.

-- un daruγ-a. Treasurer.

-- un edlel = -- un ed xoγsil. State or government property.

-- un ger. Treasury building.

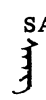
-- un [jabudal un] jamun. Ministry of finance, exchequer.

-- un tarijalang. State-owned cultivated land.

-- un yiledbyri. State or government industry.

nom un -- , Library.

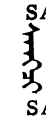
tarijan u -- . Granary.



SANG, 2. / САН(Г)

[T. sang] n. Burning of incense; name of a sutra used when burning incense.

-- talbixu. To burn incense, make an incense offering.



SANGCI / САНЧ

See zangci.



SANGDAГUR..- / САНДУУРАХ

v.i. To be uneasy, vexed, disturbed, be in a state of anxiety.



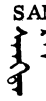
SANGDALA- / САНДЛАХ

v.t. To throw here and there, scatter around, disperse.



SANGDARAГA- / САНДАРГАХ

v.t.. To throw into disorder, confusion; to disturb; to confuse; to scare.



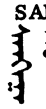
SANGDARAL / САНДРАЛ

n. Disorder, disturbance, anxiety, uneasiness; panic, fear.



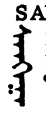
SANGDU / САНД

-- mengdy. Hurry-scurry, helter-skelter.



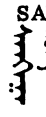
SANGГA- / САНГАХ

v.i. To evacuate the bowels (of animals, birds and flies).



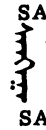
SANGГALA- / САНГАЛАХ

v.i. To smell strong; to emit a strong aroma.



SANGГASBA

[T. sngags pa] n. Tibetan priest, a layman performing religious rites (cf. tarnici).



SANGГASU(N) / САНГАС

n. Excrement, (of animals).



SANGГUI-

v.i. To be sloppy (of women); to have the hair uncombed and face unwashed.



SANGГURCAГ

n. and adj. Sloven[ly], slattern[ly], slut[tish] (usually with reference to the hair).



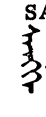
SANGGA

[S. sangha] n. Congregation of monks, monkhood, clergy. See xuvaraγ.



SANGGAR

[T. zangs dkar] n. White copper alloy; Tsangkar, a province of Ladak.



SANGGASBA

Same as sangγasba.



SANGNA

n. Forelock of a horse.



SANGNA-

v.t. To burn incense; to perfume.

SANGNABCI

n. Front strap of a bridle (across the forehead).

SANGRAM

[S. Saṃghārāma] n. Retreat or a dwelling place for monks; monastery, convent.

SANGRITA / САНСКРИТ

[S. saṃskṛta, "perfected," trans. as saitur neilegylygsen] adj. and n. Perfect[ed]; Sanskrit (the grammatically perfect language).

SANGXAI-

v.i. To sit erect.

SANGXAILCA-

v. coop. of sangxai-.
--n sayuxu. To be seated higher or lower than others according tc rank.

SANGXARA- / САНХРАХ

v.i. To run straight ahead without looking back, take a straight course in running; to act very quickly or resolutely.

SANICAR / САНЧИР

[S. çanaiçcara] n. The planet Saturn; Saturday. (obs.).

SANITAR / САНИТАР

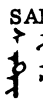
[fr. R. санитар] n. Ambulance man; male nurse; orderly (med.).
-- un anggi. Medical unit (mil.).

SANSAR / САНСАР

[S. saṃsāra] n. Samsara, sansara, circle of transmigrations, material or phenomenal world.
-- un dalai. The ocean of rebirths.
-- un kyrdy(n). Wheel or circle of transmigration.
-- un zobalang. The sufferings of the phenomenal world.

SANSARLIG

[Go.] n. Those who live in the sansar, q.v.

SANTIMETR / САНТИМЕТР

[R. сантиметр] n. Centimeter.

SANVAR / САНВААР

[S. saṃvara] n. Vow, pledge, duty of a monk.
-- abxu. To take a monastic vow or pledge.
-- ebdeky. To break a monastic vow.
-- øgky. To ordain.
-- sakixu. To keep one's monastic vow.
bacaγ barixu jin -- . Vow of fasting.

SANZAI-

See sanzi-.

SANZI / САНЖ

[Contraction of aγ san+azi] It was ...

SANZI- / САНЖИХ

[= sanzai-] v.i. To hang, hang down, be suspended, dangle.

SANZIГ, 1. / САНЖИГ

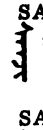
-- sanziγ. Dangling, hanging loosely with a swinging motion.

SANZIГ, 2.

See sanciγ.

SANZIГANA- / САНЖГИНАХ

v.i. To dangle, swing, sway, hang loosely.

SANZIГUL- / САНЖУУЛАХ

v. caus. of sanzi-.

SANZILГ-A / САНЖЛАГА, САНЖИЛГА

n. Act of sanzi- ; something hanging; pendulum; hanging ornament, esp . that part of a woman's finery of corals, pearls, etc. which is hanging down on both sides of the breast ; fringe, edging of tassels.

SANZILГATAI / САНЖЛАГАТАЙ

[= sanzilγatu] adj. Having or decorated with hanging ornaments.

SANZING

See unzing.

SANZIR



See unzir.

SAR, 1. / CAP



n. A bird of prey; falcon, eagle, hawk. [Mo.] Buzzard

SAR, 2. / CAP



-- sar. Onomat. description of rustling, pattering of falling drops, crunching of snow, sand, pebbles under foot or crisp things being chewed.

SAR-A, SARA(N) / CAP



(There is a tendency to write sara for the moon, and sar-a for the month).



n. a) Moon.



-- barixu. Eclipse of the moon.
-- γarxu. The moon rises.
-- gkirteky . To be eclipsed (of the moon).
--n syke. Moon-shaped hatchet.
--n [u] gerel. Moonlight.
--n u xaγucin. Waning of the moon.
-- sinedky. The moon waxes.
-- tøgyrig. The moon is full.
keltegei -- . Crescent.
saraγul -- . Clear, shining moon.
sin-e -- . New moon.
tergel -- . Full moon.
xaγucin -- . Waning moon.

b) Month. Lunar months are designated by the cardinal numbers so that xojar sar-a is February, γurban sar-a is March, etc. January, however, is caγan sar-a or in formal style terigyn sar-a. The solar months are designated by the ordinal numbers, so that January is nigedyger sar-a, etc.

-- jin belge. Menstruation, menses.
-- jin jaγum-a. Menstruation, menses.
-- jin sined. First half of the lunar month.
-- jin xaγucid. Last half of the lunar month.
angxan -- . First month or new moon.
baγ-a -- . Twenty-nine-day month in the lunar calendar.
caγan -- . The first month of the year, new year.
γaxai -- . Tenth month of the astrological calendar.
γurbaduγar -- . The third month, March.
γurban -- . March; three months.
ilegyy -- . Intercalary month.
jeke -- . A thirty-day month in the lunar calendar.

tabun -- . The fifth month, May.
tegys -- . Complete month (i.e. month of thirty days, acc. to the old calendar).
terigyn -- . First month of each season; January (formal style).
xaγuciraγsan -- . Last month.
xoïtu -- . Next month.

SARABCI(N) / CAPABЧ



n. Projecting part of a roof; roof; visor; shelter or shed for cattle.



-- jin subaγ. Gutter at the eaves.
congxu jin -- . Window awning.
egyden y -- . Porch, covered entrance projecting from the main wall and having a separate roof.
ger yn -- . Eaves.
malaγai jin -- . Visor of a hat or cap.
naran u -- . Sunshield, sunshade..
nisky ongγuca jin -- . Airplane hangar.

SARABCILA- / CAPABЧЛАХ



v.t. To make a sarabci, q.v.; to protect the eyes from sunshine with the hand when looking at a distant object, shield the eyes.
--n yzeky. To look shielding the eyes with the hand.

SARABCITAI / CAPABЧТАЙ



[= sarabcitu] adj. Having a projecting roof, eaves, or a visor, etc.
-- ger. House with a projecting roof or a porch.

SARAΓUL / CAPУУЛ



adj. Bright (as the moon), moonlit; light; clear, serene; intelligent; open, broad.
-- amisxul. Clear air.
-- bolxu. To clear up; to become light or moonlit.
-- saixan. Bright and beautiful.
-- søni. Clear night.
-- tal-a. Open plain.
-- tasulγ-a. A light room.
-- tungγalaγ. Beautiful and clear.
-- uxaγan. Clear mind, intelligence.

SARAΓULXAN / CAPУУЛХАН

adj. [Somewhat] clear or open.
-- søni. [Rather] clear night.

SARAḴA

[S. saraka] n. Spirituous liquor, brandy.

SARAL

Same as sayaral, 2.

SARALIГ

adj. Having a moon-shaped spot on the forehead (of horses, cattle, etc.).

-- keger. Bay horse with a moon-shaped spot on the forehead.

SARANA / САРААНА

n. Lilium tenuifolium, a lily with an edible bulb.

colu -- . Kind of plant with an edible root (Ch. yü-t'ou 羊頭 , Colocasia antiquorum).

SARATAI / САРТАЙ

adj. Having a moon or a month; having a moon-shaped spot on the forehead (of sheep, horned cattle).

SARBACI

n. A net to cover hair gathered in a bunch (worn by women).

SARBACIN

See sarmaycin.

SARBAГANA- / САРАВГАНАХ

See sarbalza- .

SARBAГAR / САРАВГАР

adj. Tufted, bushy, branchy, leafy.

SARBAI- / САРВАЙХ

v.i. To stretch out, stretch out to one's full length; to sprawl; to attempt to grab or attack; to be dishevelled, tousled; to have many branches stretching in various directions; to be long and spreading (of fingers).

--tala unaxu. To fall sprawling.

--zu kebteky. To lounge, sprawl, spread the limbs carelessly in a recumbent position.

SARBAILГA- / САРВАЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of sarbai-] To stretch out, extend; to spread.

yar ijen --xu. To extend one's hand (for asking or begging) ; to stretch out one's hand spreading the fingers.

SARBALZA- / САРВАЛЗАХ

[= sarbayana-] v.i. To stretch out one's limbs; to wave one's hand[s].

SARBALZI

[Gu.] n. Goosefoot, Chenopodium.

SARBAMATAГAI / САРВАМТГАЙ

adj. Who tries to do many things at the same time.

SARBASKI-

--n unaxu. To fall flat (spreading the legs and arms).

SARCIГAR / САРЧГАР

adi. Thin and crispy.

SARCIGINAX / САРЧИГНАХ

onomat. v.i. To creak, crunch, rustle.

SARCIGINAГUR / САРЧИГНУУР

adj. Creaking, crunching, rustling.

SARDAГ

See saridayγ.

SARDANG / САРДАН(Г)

Same as serteng.

SARI- / САРИХ

v.t. To urinate in an irregular manner; to drip, leak; to run down the outside of the spout or spill back (of liquid, when pouring it).

SARIDAГ / САРЬДАГ

[= sardayγ] n. A mountain with a glacier or covered with snow and ice.

SARIГ

adj. Impatient; light-minded, flighty.

SARIΓU / САРИУ
[= sariu] adj. Curved, bent, crooked, awry.

SARIΓUDA- / САРИУДАХ
v.i. To be bent, curved, crooked, awry.

SARIMSAΓ / САРИМСАГ
[= sarimsang] n. Garlic.

SARIMSANG
See sarimsaγ.

SARIN
Same as saγari (n).

SARISU(N) / САРЬС
n. Rawhide; membrane, skin; shagreen; grained leather; morocco.
--n baγbaγai. Bat.

SARISULA- / САРЬСЛАХ
v.t. To manufacture grained leather.

SARISUTAI / САРЬСТАЙ
adj. Membraneous, webbed.

SARIU
See sariγu.

SARKIDA- / САРХЬДАХ
v.i. To become snowblind.

SARKIJ-A / САРХИА
n. The ridge of a mountain.

SARKINAΓ / САРХИНАГ
n. Ventriculus of ruminants; honeycomb.
maγu --. Omasum, manyplies.
sain --. The second stomach of ruminants.

SARKINAΓLA- / САРХИНАГЛАХ
v.t. To make a honeycomb (of bees); to make many layers or folds in something.

SARKIRAΓUL, 1.
-- øgesi. [Ko.] Large seine.

SARKIRAΓUL, 2.
Same as sariγ.

SARKIRAUL
Same as sarkiraγul, 1.

SARLUΓ / САРЛАГ
n. Yak.

SARLUΓCI / САРЛАГЧ
n. Yak herder.

SARMAΓCILA- / САРМАГЧЛАХ
v.i. To act like a monkey; to ape, imitate, mimic.

SARMAΓCIN / САРМАГЧИН
[= sarbacin] n. Ape, monkey.

SARMAI / САРМАЙ
n. Leather coat made of a hide with no wool or hair on it.

SARMUΓ / САРМАГ
n. Turnip.

SARNI
-- sirui. Yellow ocher (used as a pigment in paints).

SARNI- / САРНИХ
v.i. To scatter, disperse, move in different directions; to break up into pieces.
--γsan sedkil. Wandering mind.
ail ger --xu. To break up (of a family).

SARNIΓDA- / САРНИГДАХ
v. pass. of sarni-.

SARNIΓU / САРНИУ
adj. and n. Broken into pieces, scattered, dispersed; rupture, separation, division.

SARNIГUL- / САРНИУЛАХ



[v. caus. of sarni-] To disperse, scatter; to break up; to cause a panic.

man u cerig daisun i --ba. Oun army has dispersed the enemy.

SARNILCA- / САРНИЛЩАХ



v. coop. of sarni-.

SARNILTA / САРНИЛТ



n. The act of scattering, dispersing, breaking up.

SARTAГAR / САРТГАР



adj. Having an unusually wide opening or orifice; having enlarged nostrils.

-- saba. Vessel with a wide opening.

-- xabar. Nose with distended nostrils.

SARTAГUL / САРТУУЛ



n. p Sartaghol, ancient name of Bukhara.

SARTAI- / САРТАЙХ



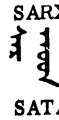
v. i. To enlarge or distend the nostrils.

SARXAD



See sarxud.

SARXUD / САРХАД



[= sarxad] n. Spirituous liquor, strong drink.

SATAГ-A



Same as sadaγ-a.

SAUГ-A



See saux-a.

SAUГAD



See saux-a.

SAUX-A



[= sauγ-a = sauγad] [S.H., AT] n. Gift, present.

SAXAГU / САХУУ



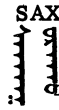
[= saxuu] n. Glanders, farcy.

-- ebedcin. Glanders, farcy.

xabar un -- . Glanders; gonorrhea.

xoγulai jin -- . Diphtheria.

SAXAГURA- / САХУУРАХ



See saxaγuta-.

SAXAГUTA- / САХУУТАХ



[= saxuuta-] v. i. To have a swelling in the throat; to contract glanders.

SAXAГUTAI / САХУУТАЙ



adj. Having glanders.

SAXAL / САХАЛ



n. Beard; beard of grain; fibres of roots.

-- ebesy. Kind of plant, Cyperus rotundus (Ch. so-ts'ao 莎草).

bitegyy -- . Whiskers (on the sides of the face and on the chin).

buγudai jin -- . Awn, beard of grain.

eregyy -- . Beard.

SAXALTAI / САХАЛТАЙ



[= saxaltu] adj. Bearded, having whiskers.

SAXAMAL



[Ko.] n. Medium-sized boar.

SAXARA-



v. i. To become corrupted, depraved.

SAXUD-



Same as saxaγuta-.

SAXUI- / САХУЙХ



v. i. To come through, appear (as shoots of plants); to stick out; to become ruffled (chiefly of feathers).

SAXUILCA-



v. coop. of saxui -

SAXULAГ / САХЛАГ



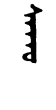
adj. Long-haired, long-wooled; hairy, shaggy; bushy; dense, thick.

-- cengme. Long-haired wool fabric.

-- debisker. Sort of fluffy mattress.

-- ysy tei. Long-wooled, long-haired, hirsute.

SAXULAГXAN



adj. Somewhat thick, bushy (of hair, grass, trees).

SAXUU, etc.



See saxaγu, etc.

SAZAR



See buzar.

SAZI- / САЖИ

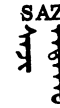


v.i. and t. To shake, toss, agitate, stir up; to twitch; to squander.

toluγai ben --xu. To shake or toss the head.

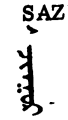
tymen lang un øb i --γad ygei bolγaba. [He] squandered [his] fortune of ten thousand taels.

SAZIГDA- / САЖИГДАХ



v. pass. of sazi-.

SAZIГUR / САЖУУР



adj. Shaking, flopping.

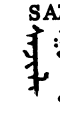
-- kenggerge. Rattle drum.

SAZILA- / САЖЛАХ



v.i. To shake, tremble, wobble while walking (from old age, illness); to sway; to drag oneself; to drag one's feet.

SAZILAГUL- / САЖЛУУЛАХ



[Mo.] v.i. To walk with swinging arms.

SAZILAL / САЖЛАЛ, САЖЛАГА



[= sazilγ-a] n. Shaking, tottering, wobbling; agitation.

SAZILГ-A / САЖЛАГА



See sazilal.

SAZILKILA- / САЖИЛХИЙЛАХ



v.i. To shake violently or steadily.

SBIILUG



See zilug.

SE



A transcription of Ch. characters ssu .

-- cuvan mozi. Szechwan Province (Ch. ssŭ-ch'uan 四川).

SEB, 1. / СЭВ



See eb, 1.

SEB, 2. / СЭВ



-- geky. To calm down.

-- seb geky. To get tired (of hands and feet).

SEB, 3. / СЭВ



n. Blemish, flaw, defect; weak spot; loose hairs; disharmony, disagreement. [Mo.] Loss, waste.

-- eriky. To look for faults.

-- i daruxu. To hide faults or defects.

ysyn y -- . Loose hairs removed by a comb, combings.

SEB, 4. / СЭВ



Intensifying particle preceding certain adjectives and adverbs beginning with se.

-- sem ijer axu. To keep silence.

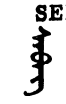
-- serigyn. Quite cool, very fresh.

SEBE- / СЭВЭХ



See sebi-.

SEBEG, 1. / СЭВЭГ



[= sebyg] n. Wicker basket, bamboo crate.

-- saba. Wicker basket.

SEBEG, 2. / СЭВЭГ



-- zarm-a. n. Lentil.

SEBEGER / СЭВГЭР



adj. Friable, fluffy.

SEBEGLE- / СЭВЭГЛЭХ



v.t. To put in a wicker basket.

SEBEGYN / СЭВҮҮН

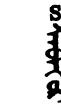


adj. New, strange, unusual, odd, peculiar.

-- amsaxu. To taste something new, new food.

-- yge. News; new word or expression.

SEBEGYR



See sebigyr.

SEBEGYRKE- / СЭВҮҮРХЭХ



v.i. To act in a strange manner. [Go.] To taste or eat something from time to time; to eat delicacies.

SEBEKI / СЭВХЬ

[= sebiki] n. and adj. Trifle, absurdity, nonsense; a thing of litte importance; insignificant, irrelevant, trifling.

-- cayan xanıjadu. Little cough.
-- xudal ijer calcixu. To tell tall tales, speak nonsense.

SEBESY(N)
See sebysy(n).

SEBESYRE- / СЭВСРЭХ
v.i. To begin to spoil, ferment, putrify, get rancid; to delapidate.

SE..I- / СЭВЭХ
[= sebe-] v.t. To wave; to fan.

SEBIGYR / СЭВҮҮР
[= sebegyr] n. Fan.

SEBIGYRDE- / СЭВҮҮРДЭХ
v.t. To fan.

SEBIKI
See sebeki.

SEBILZE- / СЭВЭЛЗЭХ
v.i. To blow gently (of wind).

SEBILZEGYR / СЭВЭЛЗҮҮР
adj. Soft or pleasant (of wind).

SEBKE / СЭВХ
n. Freckle; pimple.

SEBKEGYL / СЭВХҮҮЛ
n. and adj. Small hill, hillock; hilly.

SEBKETE- / СЭВХТЭХ
v.i. To have small spots, freckles or moles on the face.

SEBKETEI / СЭВХТЭЙ
[= sebkety] adj. Freckled.

SEBKETY-
Same as sebkete-.

SEBKI-
v.i. and t. To regulate the temperature (as cooling off hot tea by adding cold water or warming it up by adding hot water); to

recover from fatigue; to rest, refresh oneself.

SEBKIGYRI
-- ygei. [Ko.] Exhausted, fatigued; feeble, weak. [Go.] Unable to recover or recover one's breath quickly (of old or feeble people)

SEBKIRE-
v.i. To rest, refresh oneself; to relax.

SEBKYL
Same as sebkegyl.

SEBLE- / СЭВЛЭХ
v.t. To find fault, loopholes , weak spots; to mar, mark.

SEBSLJELE- / СЭВШЭЭЛЭХ
v.i. To blow gently (as wind).

SEBTE- / СЭВТЭХ
v.i. To be stained, dirty, soiled; to develop loose hairs.

SEBTEI / СЭВТЭЙ
adj. Defective, blemished, having flaws.
-- ece busu ene saixan saba bain-a. This is a beautiful vase except for the crack[s].
tegyn y kelegsen yge bicixan -- There is something wrong with what he said.

SEBTY-
Same as sebte-.

SEBYG
See sebeg.

SEBYRY
[= sengbrj, fr. T. se hbru] n. Pomegranate.

SEBYSY(N) / СЭВС
[= sebesy(n)] n. Cud; animal excreta.
-- xajaxu. To spit out the cud (usually of camels).

SEBYSYDE- / СЭВСДЭХ
v.i. To spit out the cud (usually of camels); to have diarrhea (of animals).

SEƄYSYLE- / СЭВСЛЭХ
v. t. To apply the warm content of an animal stomach to an infected part as a compress.

SECEG, etc.
See ceceg, etc.

SECEKEN / СЭЦХЭН
adj. Somewhat wise, prudent, intelligent, enlightened, capable.

SECEN / СЭЦЭН
[= cecen] adj. Wise, sage, intelligent; prudent.
-- mergen kymyn. Person of wisdom; wise and intelligent person.

SECERKE- / СЭЦЭРХЭХ
v. i. To show off one's intelligence or wisdom, etc.

SECERKYY / СЭЦЭРХУУ
adj. (One) who shows off his intelligence; smart and docile (child).

SECI-
See cici-.

SECIG / СЭЧИГ
n. Comb, crest (of birds).

SED / СЭД
n. Watch (timepiece).

SEDEGERTY- / СЭДГЭРТЭХ
v. i. To have a stiff neck.

SEDEI E- / СЭДРЭХ
v. i. To increase, become stronger; to recur; to get worse (disease); to deteriorate.

SEDEREGYL- / СЭДРУУЛЭХ
[v. caus. of sedere-] v. t. To allow illness to become worse, neglect one's illness; to cause a recurrence.

SEDERGEN-E / СЭДЭРГЭНЭ
n. Convolvulus Gortschakovii (plant).

SEDESY(N)
[Kaz.] n. Channel; branch of a river, creek.

SEDGY-
v. i. To carry dispatches, messages.

SEDGYL / СЭТГУУЛ
n. Courier, messenger; letter, missive; magazine, journal, periodical.
-- dobtulγaxu. To dispatch a messenger.
-- yn erkilegci. Editor of a journal.
sar-a jin -- . Monthly journal, magazine.
zasaγ un γazar un alban u --. Government bulletin.

SEDGYLCI / СЭТГУУЛЧ
n. Journalist.

SEDKI- / СЭТГЭХ
v. i. and t. To think, reflect, ponder; to intend.
saitur --zy yzebesy. After careful consideration.
xamuγ bygyde ji γaγca kybegyn adali --myi. [He] loves everyone as his only son.

SEDKIGCI / СЭТГЭГЧ
n. Thinker.

SEDKIGDE- / СЭТГЭГДЭХ
[v. pass. of sedki-] To be or become the object of thought.

SEDKIGDEL / СЭТГЭГДЭЛ
n. Impression.

SEDKIGYL-
v. caus. of sedki-.

SEDKIL / СЭТГЭЛ
n. Thought, idea, intention; feeling, opinion; spirit; soul, psyche, intellect, mind, heart; conscience.
-- bajasxu. To be happy, glad.
-- bulijamar. Ravishing, charming.
-- cilen = sedkilcilen. As one wishes or desires; according to one's thoughts, hopes or expectation; as expected.
-- dyr zokistai. Pleasant, agreeable.
-- i bulija,ci. Captivating, charming.

-- ijen gyicedkeky. To show one's appreciation; to express one's true feelings; to fulfill one's moral obligation.
-- i sinzileky uxaγan. Psychology.
-- sain. Of good character; of a good mind.
-- tegylder. Perfection of mind.
-- tybsın. Unperturbed; possessing a mind, soul, etc.; peaceful and tranquil; of righteous mind, fair minded.
-- ygei. Inanimate, soulless, thoughtless.
-- yn. Heartfelt, cordial; spiritual.
-- yn bajar. Cordial, heartfelt greetings.
-- yn ebedcin. Worry; heart ailment.
-- yn inaγ. Sweetheart; bosom friend.
-- yn yzel. Idealism.
-- ziryke. Heart, mind.
-- zøgelereky. To pity, soften, relent.
nigen -- ijer. Unanimously, with one mind.
sain -- . Good intention, good mind, kind heart.
sain -- ece . With the best intentions.
xar-a -- . Evil mind, wicked thought, suspicion.
ynen -- ece . From the bottom of one's heart.

SEDKILCE-
v. coop. of sedkı-

SEDKILCILE- / СЭТГЭЛЧЛЭХ
v. t. and i. To do or to be according to one's thought or wish.
--n. See under sedkil.
aliba kereg yiles cinu --n amui. [I] presume that all your affairs are progressing according to plan.

SEDKILGE / СЭТГЭЛЭГ, СЭТГЭЛГЭЭ
n. The act or process of thinking feeling; thought, intention.

SEDKILTEI / СЭТГЭЛТЭЙ
[= sedkilty] adj. Having a thought, idea or intention.
-- bolxu. To become thoughtful, start thinking.
ariγun -- kymys. People of pure heart or good will.
asaraxui nigyleskyi -- . Compassionate, merciful.
maγu -- . Having an evil mind, unfair, unscrupulous, dishonest.

SEDKIMZI / СЭТГЭМЖ
n. Thought, idea.

SEDKISI- / СЭТГЭШ
-- ygei. Unthinkable, inconceivable, unimagınable, incomprehensible.

SEDKYL
Same as sedgyl.

SEDY- / СЭДЭХ
v. t. To plan, devise, think out; to work out; to invent; to start, set going.
arγa --ky. To invent a method.

SEDYB / СЭДЭВ
n. Subject, problem; theme, topic; thesis, argument.
asaγuxu -- . Question, problem..

SEDYBLE- / СЭДЭВЛЭХ
v. t. To bring up a subject, problem, proposition.

SEDYBLEL / СЭДЭВЛЭЛ
n. The act of bringing up a subject, question, problem.

SEDYLGE / СЭДЛЭГЭ
n. The act of sedy-, q. v.

SEG, 1. / СЭГ
n. Rest, relaxation, leisure; interruption, letup.
-- ygei. Unceasing, uninterrupted; restless.

SEG, 2. / СЭГ
[cf. sekege, 3.] n. Carrion, torn corpse of an animal.
mal un -- . Carrion of a domestic animal.

SEGDEN
See megden.

SEGE
Same as sekege, 1. and 2.

SEGE- / СЭГЭХ
v. i. To trot.
cinu-a jin segelge ber --ky. To trot like a wolf.

SECEGE, etc. / СЭГЭЭ

See sekege, 1., etc.

SEGEL-

Frequentative form of sege-.

SEGELGE / СЭГЛЭГ

n. Trot.

SEGELGE-

[v. caus. of sege-] v.t. and i. To trot a horse, go at a trot.

SEGER / СЭЭР

n. Spine, backbone, spinal column; a vertebra, nape of neck; whirlwind; hill, mountain ridge.

SEGERE- / СЭГЭЭРЭХ

Same as sekegere-.

SEGEREGYL- / СЭГЭРҮҮЛЭХ

Same as sekegeregyl-.

SEGERESKI- / СЭГЭРСХИЙХ

v.i. To regain consciousness, recuperate.

SEGERTEN / СЭЭРТЭН

n. Vertebrates.

SEGETENGNE- / СЭЭТЭГНЭХ

v.i. To coquet, flirt.

SEGETENGNEGYR / СЭЭТЭГНҮҮР

n. Coquette.

SEGKE

-- ygei. Same as seg ygei.

SEGKERE-

v.i. To recover one's senses; to come to reason; to calm down; to take a rest; to relax.

SEGKERGE

Calming down; rest, relaxation.

SEGKI- / СЭГХИЙХ

[= sebki-] v.i. To [take a] rest, stop work.

SEGKILTE / СЭГХИЙЛТ

-- ygei. Without rest.

SEGLI / СЭГЛИИ

n. Mat or rug made of grass.

SEGRE- / СЭГРЭХ

v.i. To wear to shreds (as clothes), be torn to pieces

SEGSE

Same as sengse, 2.

SEGSEGER

See segsyger.

SEGSEI- / СЭГСИЙХ

See segsyi-.

SEGSY / СЭГС

n. Small basket. [Mo.] Basket for carrying soil on one's back.

SEGSYGER / СЭГСГЭР

[= segseger, segsygyr] adj. and n. [That] which sticks out in all directions; bushy, dishevelled.

-- ekener. A woman with dishevelled hair.

-- nabcitai modu. A tree with thick bushy leaves.

SEGSYGYR

See segsyger.

SEGSYGYRGE / СЭГСҮҮРЭГ

n. Sheepskin with long fleece.

SEGSYI- / СЭГСИЙХ

[= segsei-] v.i. To stick out in all directions; to bristle, be bushy, mussed up, dishevelled

--gsen ysy. Dishevelled hair.

SEGSYILGE- / СЭГСИИЛГЭХ

v. caus. of segsyi-.

SEGSYRE- / СЭГСРЭХ



v.t. To shake the head or body; to shake off, shake out (as dust).
bej-e ben --ky. To shake one's body (in order to shake off snow, dust, etc.).
toluγai ben --ky. To shake one's head in disagreement.

SEGSYRGE



Same as segsygyrge.

SEGYBCI



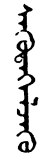
n. [Ko.] Buckles which hold the crupper of a horse. [Mo.] The lower part of the base of the tail.
-- xudurγ-a. Crupper.

SEGYDEBCI / СҮҮДЭВЧ



n. Mat shed.

SEGYDEGELZE- / СҮҮДГЭЛЗЭХ



v.i. To be reflected from objects (of beams of light); to give a dim light or reflection; to appear faintly and disappear at a distance.

SEGYDER / СҮҮДЭР



n. Shade, shadow; age (hon.); photograph; apoplexy.
-- abuγulxu. To have a picture taken.
-- ebedcin. Apoplexy, stroke.
modun u --. Shade of a tree.
nasun --. Age (hon.).
ta kedyi -- tei. How old are you? (hon.).

SEGYDERLE- / СҮҮДЭРЛЭХ



v.t. To shade, shadow, throw a shadow upon.

SEGYDERTEI / СҮҮДЭРТЭЙ



adj. Shadowy, shady; aged (hon.).
najan dørben --. Eighty four years old.
øndyr -- kymyn. Aged person (hon.).

SEGYDERTY- / СҮҮДЭРТЭХ



v.i. To have a stroke.

SEGYKE



See seyke.

SEGYL / СҮҮЛ

n. a) Tail.
-- ijen sirbaxu. To wag the tail.
muxur -- = oxur --. Coccyx (in man).
yker --. Oxtail. [Gu.] Platycephal (fish with a large head).
ziγasun --. [Ri.] Oar.
b) End (in space and time); termination, conclusion.
-- barixu. To lag behind; to come last.
-- dy. At the end; afterwards, later on.
-- ijer. Later on, afterwards.
-- ni γarxu ygei bain-a. Can't reach the end (of a task).
-- yn. Last, final.
-- yn kedyn edyr yn dotur-a. Within the last few days.
-- yn temegen y aciγ-a anu kyndy. The load of the last camel is heavy (proverb).
-- yn zil yd. The last years, recent years.
c) The "tail" or sweep at the end of certain letters in Mongolian script (orkica and caculγ-a, q.v.); suffix.
yge jin --. Word suffix.

SEGYLCI / СҮҮЛЧ

-- jin. The very last, final, end.
ønggeregsen u -- ber. At the end of last year.

SEGYLDE- / СҮҮЛДЭХ

v.t. and i. To grasp by the tail; to be last; to lag behind.

SEGYLER / СҮҮЛЭЭР

Same as segyl ijer.

SEGYLTEI / СҮҮЛТЭЙ

[= segylty] adj. Having a tail, tailed.
-- odu. See odu(n).

SEGYLTY / СҮҮЛТ

See segyltei.

SEGYREL / СҮҮРЭЛ

n. Pubic hair.

SEGYRESY(N) / СҮҮРС

Same as sigyresy(n).

SEGYY



Same as šau.

SEGYZI(N) / СҮҮЖ



n. Pelvic bone, pelvis, hip, upper part of the thigh bone; side of the body.
--n toluγai. Head of the femur.

SEGYZILE- / СҮҮЖЛЭХ



v.i. To sit sideways.
--n saγuxu. To sit sideways.

SEI- / СИЙХ



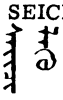
v.i. To become thin or sparse.

SEICI- / СИЙЧИХ



v.t. To loosen, poke or stir with a hoe , pitch-fork , etc., as fire, soil or hay.
γal --ky . To stir up a fire.
obuγatai ebesy ji --ky . To loosen a hay-stack (in order to air it).

SEICILE- / СИЙЧЛЭХ



v.t. To cut out (as paper, pattern, etc.).

SEIKE



Same as syike.

SEIL- / СИЙЛЭХ



[= seile-, seily-] v.t. To cut out, carve, engrave (on wood, stone or metal).
--zy temdegleky. To engrave.

SEILBYRI / СИЙЛБЭР



n. Carving, engraving.

SEILBYRICI



Same as seilygci.

SEILBYRILE- / СИЙЛБЭРЛЭХ



v.t. To engrave, cut.

SEILE-



See seil-.

SEILGE / СИЙЛГЭ



n. Engraving, carved inscription.

SEILGE- / СИЙЛГЭХ



Same as seilygyl-.

SEILGETY / СИЙЛГЭТ



adj. Having an engraving, engraved.

SEILGYR / СИЙЛҮҮР



[= seilygyr] n. Graving tool, chisel.

SEILY-



See seil-.

SEILYGCI / СИЙЛЭГЧ



n. Engraver.

SEILYGYL-



v. caus. of seil-.

SEILYGYR



See seilgyr.

SEILYMEL / СИЙЛМЭЛ



[n.d. of seil-] adj. Engraved, carved, fretted.

SEIMEGEI / СИЙМГИЙ



[= seimeger] adj. Thin, sparse, fine; transparent, meshy (of cloth).
-- bøs. Transparent, meshy cotton cloth.
-- toryγ-a. Crape.

SEIMEGEILE- / СИЙМГИЙЛЭХ



v.t. To make sparse, thin, meshy.

SEIMEGER / СИЙМГЭР



See seimegei.

SEIMEI- / СИЙМИЙХ



v.i. To be loose, slack; to be sparse, thin, transparent.

SEINYG / СИЙНЭГ



n. Two-year-old goat.

SEIRE- / СИЙРЭХ



v.i. To be[come] thin, sparse, thinly scattered.
odu --be. The stars became few, faded away at dawn.

SEIREG / СИЙРЭГ



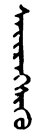
[= seirig] adj. Thin, thinly scattered, sparse (as grass, trees, population).
-- modutai γazar. Place with scattered trees, sparsely wooded place or area.
-- odu. Scattered stars.
-- ysy. Sparse hair.

SEIREGKEN / СИЙРЭГХЭН



dim. of seireg.

SEIREGSI- / СИЙРЭГШИХ



v.i. To diminish in quantity, number or frequency; to become sparse, thin; to become standoffish, reserved or cold (as in friendship or love).

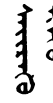
SEIREGYL- / СИЙРҮҮЛЭХ



[v.caus. of seire-] To make sparse, thin; to set far apart, space in hanging or placing; to transfer, resettle part of the population from overpopulated places; to recopy, make a fair, clean copy.

--zy biciky. To make a neat copy; to space out.

SEIREGYLGE- / СИЙРҮҮЛГЭХ



v.caus. of seiregyl-.

SEIRIG



See seireg.

SEITEI



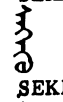
Same as syitei.

SEKE



Same as sekege, 1. and 2.

SEKE-



Same as seky-.

SEKEGE, 1. / СЭХЭЭ



[= segege] n. Consciousness, conscience, intellect, reason.

-- oruxu. To regain consciousness, come to one's senses; to begin to realize, understand (of children).

-- uxaγan ygei. Unintelligent; unconscious.

SEKEGE, 2. / СЭХЭЭ



n. Opening, hole, crack.

SEKEGE, 3. / СЭХЭЭ



[cf. seg,2.] [Ri.] n. Carrion.

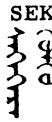
SEKEGERE- / СЭХЭЭРЭХ



v.i. To recover one's senses; to come to reason; to become awake, conscious.

ulus tøry jin tal-a ber --ky. To become politically conscious.

SEKEGEREGYL- / СЭХЭЭРҮҮЛЭХ



[v.caus. of sekegere-] To awaken; to make understand; to make listen to reason.

SEKEGEREL / СЭХЭЭРЭЛ



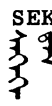
n. Awakening, consciousness.

SEKEGETEI / СЭХЭЭТЭЙ



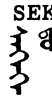
[= sekegety] adj. Intelligent, prudent; conscious.

SEKEGETEN / СЭХЭЭТЭН



n. Intellectuals, intelligentsia.

SEKEGETY / СЭХЭЭТ



See sekegetei.

SEKIR



See kekir and zekir.

SEKUND



[R. секунда] n. Second (time).

-- ýn zegyy. Second hand (of a watch).

SEKY- / СӨХӨХ



[= søky-] v.t. To raise, lift up, open by lifting up.

congxu --ky. To raise the window.

egyde --ky. To lift up the felt curtain in front of the door.

eryke --ky. To lift (raise, open) the covering of the smoke hole in a yurt.

nom --ky. To open a book.

SEKYBCITY



-- malaγai. Same as sekygyr.

SEKYGYL-



v.caus. of seky-.

SEKYGYR / СЭХҮҮР



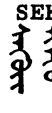
n. A hat or cap with a brim or flaps which can be turned up.

SEKYI- / СЭХҮЙХ



v.i. To rise, stand out, project; to stand on end (of hair).

SEKYILGE- / СЭХҮЙЛГЭХ



[v.caus. of sekyi-] To raise, cause to stand out stand up.

SEKYRE-

v.i. To rise, turn up, roll up.

SELBI

n. Oar, punting pole.

SELBI-, l. / СЭЛБЭХ

v.t. To supplement; to reinforce; to add or replace something missing, repair.
--ky zasaxu. To refit, overhaul, recondition, repair.
kycy --ky. To strengthen, reinforce.
zasazu --ky. To mend, repair, supplement, supply something missing.

SELBI- , 2. / СЭЛБЭХ

v.t. To row a boat.

SELBICI / СЭЛБЭЧ

n. Rower, oarsman.

SELBIDE-

v.t. To row a boat.

SELBIGYL- / СЭЛБҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of selbi-.

SELBIGYR / СЭЛБҮҮР

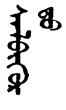
n. Oar.
-- kølten. Pinnipeds (seals, walruses, etc.).

SELBIGYRCI / СЭЛБҮҮРЧ

n. Rower.

SELBIGYRDE- / СЭЛБҮҮРДЭХ

v.t. To row a boat.

SELBIGYRTY / СЭЛБҮҮРТ

-- øngγuca. Rowboat.

SELBILTE / СЭЛБЭЛТ

n. Supplement, addition.

SELDYR / СЭЛТЭР

-- saldur jaβuxu. To walk hurriedly brushing against others.

SELE- / СЭЛЭХ

[= seli-] v.t. To row.

SELEGCE

n. Malacca tapir.

SELEGYL- / СЭЛҮҮЛЭХ

[Ri.] v.t. To shift, change over, switch over.

SELEGYR / СЭЛҮҮР

[= seligyr] n. Oar; D-valve; railway switch.

SELEGYRCI / СЭЛҮҮРЧ

n. Rower.

SELEM-E / СЭЛЭМ

[= selm-e] n. Sabre, sword.
γal ba -- ber. With fire and sword.

SELENGGE / СЭЛЭНГЭ

n.p. The Selenga river.

SELGY- / СЭЛГЭХ

v.i. To change, exchange, alternate, shift; to take turns; to work in relays or shift.

SELGYCE / СЭЛГЭЦ

n. Two wooden sticks in the loom which separate the weft; weaver's reed.

SELGYCE- / СЭЛГҮҮЦЭХ, СЭЛҮҮЦЭХ

v.i. To take a walk; to go from place to place, loiter; to replace each other by turns. [Mo.] To crisscross (of tracks or footprints).
--n jabuxu. To take a walk; to go back and forth continuously; to idle, loiter.

SELGYRE- / СЭЛГЭРЭХ

v.i. To become swollen, inflated (usually of the face). [Gu.] To become quiet and peaceful.

SELGYREL / СЭЛГЭРЭЛ

[= selgyril] n. Swelling.

SELGYRENGGI

adj. Swollen, inflated.

SELGYRIL

See selgyrel.

SELI-, etc.

See sele-, etc.

SELM- E / СЭЛЭМ

See selem-e.

SELTE / СЭЛТ

postpos. (preceded by the comitative). Together, jointly with.
-- ber. Same as above.

SELTEI- / СЭЛТИЙХ

v. i. To be emaciated, exhausted.

SELTEILGE- / СЭЛТИЙЛГЭХ

[v. caus. of seltei-] To emaciate.

SELTER

n. Tendon, sinew; vein.

SELYG

See ølyg, 1.

SEM / СЭМ

adv. Quietly, without noise, silently; secretly, by stealth, furtively.
-- cìngnaxu. To eavesdrop.
-- ijer. Same as sem.
-- [ijer] ilegeky. To send secretly.
-- xaraxu. To watch secretly ; to spy.

SEMEGER / СЭМЭЭР

[= sem ijer] See sem.

SEMEGERKEN / СЭМЭЭРХЭН

Same as semken.

SEMEL- / СЭМЛЭХ

v. t. To pull out, unravel; to separate into fibres or threads.

SEMELGE-

v. caus. of seme-.

SEMERE- / СЭМРЭХ

v. i. To come unraveled, become separated as threads, tissues, fibers; to wear out (of ends of fabrics).

SEMEREKEI

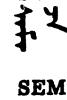
See semerkei .

SEMERKEI / СЭМЭРХИЙ

[= semerékei] adj. Unraveled, tattered, worn out.

SEMEZE

Same as semezi.

SEMEZI (N) / СЭМЭХ

n. Fat around the intestines; epiploon; fatty skin around the intestines of animals, fat of the epiploon; thin layer of fatty tissue on the cud pouch or rumen.

SEMKEN / СЭМХЭН

adj. and adv. Secret[ly], surreptitious[ly], clandestine[ly], quiet[ly], illegal[ly].
-- ijer. Secretly, surreptitiously.
-- oruxu. To sneak in.

SEMSIJE-

v. t. To hide, keep hidden or secret.

SEMSIJELGE-

v. caus. of semsije-.

SEMTEGER / СЭМТГЭР

See emteger.

SEMTERE-

v. i. To lose hair, wool, feathers, skin; to freeze out, be destroyed by frost.

SEMTERKEI

See emterkei.

SENA

[S. senâ] n. Class, section; nation, tribe; army, forces.

SENAD [fr. R. сенат]
-- jamun. Senate (obs.)

SENDECI- / СЭНДЧИХ
v.t. To turn up the earth, root up here and there; to dig a ditch.

SENDELE- / СЭНДЛЭХ
v.t. To dig, turn up, root up the earth.

SENEG
adv. From time to time.
-- seneg. From time to time, time and again.

SENGBRY
See sebyry

SENGDEN
See megden.

SENGGENE-
v.i. To sing (of wind).

SENGGERE-, etc.
See sengkere-, etc.

SENGKERE- / СЭНХРЭХ
[= senggere-] v.i. To awake (mentally); to begin to understand, realize or reason; to become conscious.
keyked --zy uxaγan oruxu. Children begin to understand and to reason.

SENGKEREGYL- / СЭНХРҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of sengkere-] To explain, teach, inform, enlighten.
toγtaγaγsan ijen nadur --ky azijamu. Will you kindly enlighten me regarding your decision? (epist.).

SENGKEREL[TE] / СЭНХРЭЛ(Т)
n. Realization, understanding, enlightenment.
-- ygei. Untrained, uninformed, uninstructed; ignorant.

SENGSE, 1. / СЭНС
n. Forced draft; fan; ventilator.
nisky ongγucan u --. Propeller.

SENGSE, 2. / СЭНС
n. Lambskin.
-- xuraγa kyrme. Short jacket lined with unshorn lamb skin.

SENGSE, 3.
saγaγ un --. Husked buckwheat, crushed but not yet reduced to flour.

SENGSETY
-- segyder. Cool shade.

SENZI / СЭНЖ
n. Ring, small loop, hoop; skein, hank; handle (of a pot, basket, etc.); ring for suspending objects. [Mo.] Pretext for suing somebody.
debyr-e jin --. Handle of a teapot.
nige -- utasu. Skein of thread.

SENZILE- / СЭНЖЛЭХ
v.t. To make or provide with a loop, ring, or handle; to hook; to clasp, hasp.

SER / СЭР
-- ser. The noise of the wind.
-- ser salkilaxu. The wind rustles.

SERBE
See serbege.

SERBEG / СЭРВЭГ
-- serbeg geky. To make short wriggling movements, "to go wriggle-wriggle."

SERBEGE / СЭРВЭЭ
[= serbe] n. Fish fins; projecting points; spring of a Chinese padlock.

SERBEGER / СЭРВЭГЭР
adj. Disheveled, with hair standing up; wriggling; thin (hair, vegetation); forked.
-- ysytei. Having disheveled hair; having thin hair.

SERBEGETY / СЭРВЭЭТ
adj. Jagged.

SERBEGNE- / СЭРВЭГНЭХ
v.i. To be agitated, move (as leaves of trees in the wind); to wriggle (as an insect with its legs when picked up); to feel an insect wriggling its legs; to have the sensation of an insect creeping over one's body.

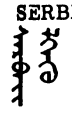
minu niruγun deger-e nige jaγum-a --zy bain-a. I feel something crawling on my back.

SERBEI- / СЭРВИЙХ



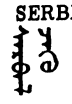
[= sirbei-] v.i. To prick up, bristle, stand erect (of many objects), stand on end (as hair, etc.).

SERBEILGE- / СЭРВИЙЛГЭХ



v.caus. of serbei-.

SERBELZE- / СЭРВЭЛЗЭХ



v.i. To wriggle (as an insect with its legs when picked up); to wiggle (hair, fins, etc.).

SERBENG / СЭРВЭН

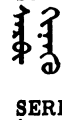


adj. and n. Sticking out, projecting, uneven, full of hillocks; swarming (as insects); mountain or rock with pointed top inclined to one side.

-- xada. Mountain or rock with pointed top inclined to one side; overhanging rock.

γazar un dobu -- . Unevenness of terrain.

SERBIGINE-



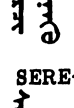
Same as serbegne-.

SERBIGYR



n. Fan (obs.).

SERCIGINE- / СЭРЧИГНЭХ



v.i. To whistle (of wind).

SERE- / СЭРЭХ

[= seri-] v.i. To awaken, revive; to recover consciousness; to become sober; to keep vigil; to learn, find out; to mistrust.

bi ene ørlyge jeke erte --be. I woke up very early this morning.

kymyn ece --ky. To be careful, distrustful of people.

noir ece --ky. To awake from sleep.

umtazu --ky. To awake from sleep.

SEREGE / СЭРЭЭ



[= serige, serij-e] n. Table fork, pitchfork; trident; fishing spear, harpoon; arrow with several points.

ziγasu xarbuxu -- . Fishing spear or harpoon.

SEREGE- / СЭРЭЭХ

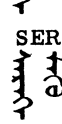


[= seregyl-, v.caus. of sere-] v.t. To wake (up); to cause to recover one's senses.

ørlyge ziryuγan caγ tu namaji -- ! Wake me up at six o'clock in the morning.

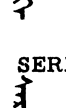
sedkil sanaγ-a ji -- . To inspire, enthuse; to comfort.

SEREGEDE-



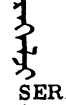
Same as seregele-.

SEREGELE- / СЭРЭЭЛЭХ



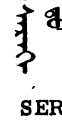
v.t. To fork, pierce with a harpoon, pitchfork, or trident.

SEREGELZI / СЭРЭЭЛЖ



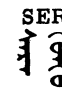
[Ko.] n. Fork used to eat fruit.[?]

SEREGETY / СЭРЭЭТ



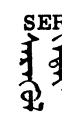
adj. Having a fork or a pitchfork; fork-shaped.

SEREGYCE-



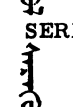
See serigyce-.

SEREGYL-



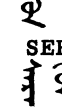
See serege-.

SEREGYLGETEI / СЭРҮҮЛЭГТЭЙ



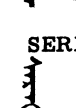
-- caγ. Alarm clock.

SEREGYN, 1. / СЭРҮҮН



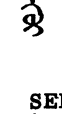
[= serigyn, 2.] adj. Awake; vigilant.

SEREGYN, 2. / СЭРҮҮН



See serigyn, 1.

SEREKYI



n. and adj. Awakening, sobering; being awake, watching; sensation, feeling; sensitiveness; presentiment, premonition.

SEREL / СЭРЭЛ



n. Awakening; vigilance; sensation.

SEREMZI / СЭРЭМЖ



[= serimzi] n. Vigilance, carefulness; circumspection, precaution.

-- ygei. Uncautious, careless.

-- ygei kymyn. Careless person.

SEREMZILE- / СЭРЭМЖЛЭХ
[= serimzile-] v.t. To be vigilant, attentive, careful; to take precautions; to watch, mind, be on guard.

SEREMZILEL / СЭРЭМЖЛЭЛ
n. Vigilance, caution, prudence, attention, carefulness.

SEREMZITEI / СЭРЭМЖТЭЙ
[= seremzity] adj. Cautious, vigilant, attentive, careful, watchful, alert.

SEREMZITY / СЭРЭМЖИТ
See seremzitei.

SERENGGYI / СЭРЭНГҮЙ
n. Caution, vigilance; awareness; prudence, precaution.

SERENGGYILE- / СЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭХ
v.t. To watch, be vigilant; to be cautious, prudent.

SERENGGYILEL / СЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭЛ
n. The act or state of serenggyile-.

SERGE- , etc. / СЭРГЭХ
See sergy-, etc.

SERGEG / СЭРГЭГ
adj. Vigilant, alert, careful, cautious; sensitive.

SERGEGE-
See sergyge-.

SERGEILE- / СЭРГИЙЛЭХ
v.t. To be on one's guard, be vigilant, careful, cautious.
--n xamaγalaxu. To protect, guard, defend against, be on the alert.
ebedcin i --ky. To protect against diseases.
γal un ajul i --ky. To prevent fires.
kizaγar i --ky cayday-a. Frontier police.

SERGENE / СЭРГЭНЭ
Same as serkegen-e.

SERGY- / СЭРГЭХ
[= serge-] v.i. To recover, grow well, sober up, regain one's spirits; to feel refreshed; to rouse oneself; to pull oneself together.

SERGYGE- / СЭРГЭЭХ
[= sergege-, v.caus. of sergy-] v.t. To encourage, comfort, soothe; to arouse, awaken; to restore, renew; to revive; to make sober.
arikin ece --ky. To cause to sober up after intoxication.
obuγ-a --ky. To rededicate an 'obuγ-a', q.v.
sedkil i --ky. To stimulate the mind, arouse enthusiasm.
uidxar i --ky. To cheer up, comfort somebody in his loneliness.
xaγucin ijen --ky. To renew an old friendship.

SERGYGELGE- / СЭРГЭЭЛГЭХ
v. caus. of sergyge-.

SERGYLENG / СЭРГЭЛЭН(Г)
adj. Intelligent, perceptive, penetrating (mind); alert; refreshing, bracing.
-- kymyn. Intelligent person.
noir --. Light sleeper.

SERGYSKI-
v.i. To recover, regain partial consciousness.

SERI-, etc.
See sere-, etc.

SERIGE
See serege.

SERIGYCE- / СЭРҮҮЦЭХ
[= seregyce-] v.i. To refresh oneself, take the air, cool off.
modun u segyder tyr --ky. To cool oneself off in the shade of a tree.

SERIGYCEGYL- / СЭРҮҮЦҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of serigyce-.

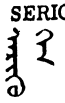
SERIGYCEL / СЭРҮҮЦЭЛ
n. The act or state of serigyce-.

SERIGYD- / СЭРҮҮДЭХ



v.i. To cool off, become fresh.

SERIGYKEN / СЭРҮҮХЭН



adj. Somewhat fresh or cool; rather refreshing.

SERIGYL-



Same as serege-.

SERIGYN, 1. / СЭРҮҮН



[= seregyn, 2.] adj. Cool, fresh.

-- ceceg. Narcissus (bot.).

-- der-e. Cool pillow used in summer (Ch. liang chen 凉枕).

-- oruxu. The cool weather starts; autumn begins.

-- salkin. Gentle breeze, zephyr.

SERIGYN, 2.



See seregyn, 1.

SERIJ-E / СЭРЭЭ



See serege.

SERIL



Same as serel.

SERIMZI



See seremzi.

SERKE / СЭРХ



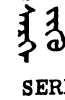
n. Castrated goat.

SERKEGEN-E / СЭРГЭНЭ



[= carγasu] n. Alfalfa. [Gr.] Medicago falcata.

SERKEI-



Same as sirkei-.

SERKELIG / СЭРХЛЭГ



n. Patrinia rupestris, Siberian patrinia (plant).

SERKENYD



Same as sergen-e.

SERKES



n.p. Circassian.

SERLIG / СЭРЛЭГ



[= caγan terelzi] n. Marsh tea, Ledum palustre (plant).

SERTEB



xabar -- serteb kiky. To distend the nostrils.

SERTEGER / СЭРТГЭР



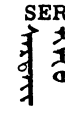
adj. Protruding, erect, standing upright.

SERTEI- / СЭРТИЙХ



v.i. To stick out or up, bulge out, project, protrude, jut out.

SERTEILGE- / СЭРТИЙЛГЭХ



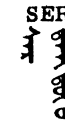
v. caus. of sertei-.

SERTENG / СЭРТЭН



adj. Upright or erect (of ears).

SERTENGDY- / СЭРТЭНДЭХ



v.i. To be coquettish, flirtatious.

SERTENGNE- / СЭРТЭГНЭХ



v.i. To be coquettish; to flirt.

SERY



[=gers eberty, fr. T. bse ru] n. Rhinoceros.

SESIG, etc.



See sezig, etc.

SESTR-A / СЕСТРА



[fr. R. сестра , sister] n. Nurse.

SETECI- / СЭТЧИХ



v.t. To break through, tear through; make an incision; to notch.

SETEGE- / СЭТГЭХ

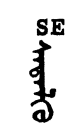


v.t. To pierce a hole.

γal i --ky. To stir up the fire.

γansa ji --ky. To clean out a pipe (tobacco).

SETEL- / СЭТЛЭХ



[= sadala-] v.t. To break through; to make a gap, dig through; to rip, tear, cut, detach, break.

SETELGE-
Same as setelygyl-

SETELYGYL- / СЭТЛЫЫЛЭХ
v. caus. of setel-.

SETER / СЭТЭР
[fr. T. seter] n. A bunch of narrow ribbons of five colors tied to the neck of an animal which is consecrated to a deity and may not be killed or used.

SETERE- / СЭТРЭХ
v.i. To burst open, rip open, tear open, crack open (usually from the edge, rim, etc.).
--gsen kerem. Cracked or burst wall.

SETEREGYL- / СЭТРЫЫЛЭХ
[v.caus. of setere-] v.t. To rip open, break open.

SETEREKEI
See seterkei.

SETEREL / СЭТРЭЛ
n. Break, gap, breach, wide crack.

SETERKEI / СЭТЭВХИЙ
[= seterekei] adj. and n. Cut, torn open, ripped, broken through; breach, gap.
-- uruγul. Harelip, split lip.

SETERLE- / СЭТЭРЛЭХ
v.t. To put on a'seter' q.v.; to consecrate an animal to the gods.

SEY, 1.
-- kizy. Oh! Alas! (An exclamation expressing sorrow, pity, or fright).

SEY, 2.
See siy.

SEYKE / СЫЫХ
[= segyke] n. Sedan chair, palanquin; covered wagon.
-- terge. Covered two-wheeled cart.

SEYRESY
Same as sigyresy(n).

SEYRSY
Same as sigyresy(n).

SEZI- / СЭЖИХ
v.t. To butt with the horns, gore.

SEZIG / СЭЖИГ
[= sesig] n. Doubt, suspicion, unbelief, distrust
-- arilγaxu. To remove doubts.
-- tøryky. Doubt, suspicion arises.
-- ygei. Without or beyond doubt.
aziγ -- ygei. Without doubt; without thinking, negligent[ly], without scruples, nonchalant[ly].

SEZIGLE- / СЭЖИГЛЭХ
[= sesigle-] v.t. To doubt, distrust, suspect.

SEZIGLEGYL- / СЭЖИГЛЫЫЛЭХ
[v.caus. of sezigle-, = sesiglegyl -] To stir up doubt or distrust; to cause suspicion.

SEZIGLEL / СЭЖИГЛЭЛ
[= sesiglel] n. Doubt, uncertainty, suspicion, distrust, suspiciousness.

SEZIGLELTEI / СЭЖИГЛЭЛТЭЙ
[= sezigleity = sesigleltei] adj. Doubtful, uncertain, questionable, suspicious, irresolute.

SEZIGLELTY / СЭЖИГЛЭЛТ
See sezigleltei.

SEZIGLEMKEI / СЭЖИГЛЭМГИЙ
[= sesiglemkei] adj. Doubting, distrusting, mistrustful, incredulous.

SEZIGTEI / СЭЖИГТЭЙ
[= sezigty = sesigtei] adj. Doubtful, suspicious; unbelieving, distrustful.

SEZIGTY / СЭЖИГТ
See sezigtei.

SEZIGYR / СЭЖҮҮР



n. Margin, hem ; slit

SEZILE- / СЭЖЛЭХ



v.i. and t. To shake; to wave; to butt repeatedly with the horns.

møry ben --ky. To shrug one's shoulders.

SI, 1. / ШИЙ



[Ch. hsi 戲] n. Theatrical performance; opera; play.

-- dayulaxu. To give a theatrical performance.

-- γarγaxu. To produce or give a theatrical performance.

-- yzeky. To go to a theatrical performance.

-- zøcyge. Play, stage performance, show.

SI, 2. / ШИЙ(ГУА)



-- γuva. n. Watermelon (Ch. hsi-kua 西瓜)

SI, 3.



-- kıng. Same as sılyglelty nom.

SIB, 1. / ШИВ



See under xob.

SIB, 2. / ШИВ



Intensifying particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with si.

--, sineken. Brand new.

-- sir-a. Completely yellow.

SIBA- / ШАВАХ



v.t. and i. To plaster, stucco; to apply mud; to apply ointment; to cover or gather thickly on something (as insects).

sibar ijer --xu. To plaster, apply clay or mud.

SIBADA- / ШАВДАХ



v.t. To pierce, drill, make a hole; to hollow, scoop out; to urge, incite, stimulate, press.

SIBADAГDA- / ШАВДАГДАХ



v. pass. of sibada-. To be washed away. [Ri.]

v.i. To soak in; to slide (of rocks, earth, etc.).

SIBADAL



n. The act of sibada-.

SIBAГ / ШАВАГ



n. Artemisia, wormwood, sagebrush.

boru -- . Artemisia xerophytica.

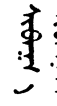
SIBAГ-A, 1. / ШАВАА



n. Heap of droppings of cattle.

nige -- arγal. A heap of arγal, q.v.

SIBAГ-A(N), 2. / ШАВГА



n. Dice; lot (as in games of chance or fortune telling); wedge; spigot.

-- orkixu. To throw or draw lots; to cast dice.

-- tataxu. To draw lots.

SIBAГAḌASU / ШАВААДАС



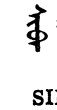
n. Mud or animal dung mixed with straw for plastering; plaster.

SIBAГALA- / ШАВААЛАХ



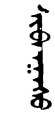
v.t. To cast lots; to drive a wedge in.

SIBAГANCA / ШАВГАНЦ



See simnanca.

SIBAГASU(N) / ШАВААС



n. Clay or lime mixed with straw or grass used for plastering; plaster, stucco, parget.

-- cilaγu. Alabaster.

sygyril -- . Clay mixed with straw.

SIBAГU(N) / ШУВУУ



[= sibau] n. a) Bird, fowl.

--n nidurγ-a. A kind of fern with edible sprouts (Ch. chüeh- ts'ai 蕨菜).

--n ongγuca. [Ko.] Small boat with pointed bow and blunt poop made of three boards.

--n u angγaxai. Nestling.

--n u egyr. Bird's nest.

--n u ger. Bird's cage.

-- uraxadaxu. To trap birds.

boru -- . Sparrow.

caγasun -- . Kite.

negydel -- . Migratory bird.

sir-a -- . Owl, screech owl.

usun -- . Aquatic bird.

.b) Child.

keyked --d. Children.

SIBAГUCI / ШУВУУЧ



n. Falconer, bird hunter; bird seller.

SIBAГUCILA- / ШУВУУЧЛАХ
v. t. To trap, catch, or hunt birds.

SIBAГUXAN
[AT] n. Small bird.

SIBAI / ШАВАЙ
adj. and n. Quick, alert, agile; light advance troops.

SIBAILA- / ШАВАЙЛАХ
v. i. and t. To be alert, quick, prompt, agile; to pursue the enemy with light troops.

SIBAMAL / ШАВМАЛ
[n. d. of siba-] adj. Covered with a coat of mud, plaster, etc.

SIBANA-
Same as sibene-.

SIBAR / ШАВАР
n. Mud, slush, morass, marsh, mire; clay, plaster, stucco.
-- baising. Adobe house.
-- namuγ. Mud, slush.
-- tur sigedky. To get stuck in the mud.

SIBARCI / ШАВАРЧ
n. Builder of adobe houses, mason, plasterer; potter.

SIBARDA- / ШАВАРДАХ
v. i. and t. To sink into or get stuck in the mud; to fall in the mud; to plaster, smear with clay.

SIBARDAГUL- / ШАВАРДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of sibarda-] To cause , allow to get stuck in the mud.

SIBARID-
[= sibaritu-] v. i. To develop a hoof disease.

SIBARITU-
See sibarid-.

SIBARLIГ / ШАВАРЛАГ
adj. Muddy, clayey; see also under sirui.

SIBARTAI / ШАВАРТАЙ
adj. Muddy, slushy, marshy.

SIƄARUSUN
n. Horsetail (bot.).

SIBAU
See sibaγu(n).

SIƄAUXAI / ШУВУУХАЙ
n. House sparrow; small bird.

SIBAZI
See šabazi.

SIƄCI
See xobci.

SIƄE
n. Fort.

SIBE- / ШИВЭХ
v. t. To tattoo, mark by incisions in the skin; to perforate.
niγur tur témdeg --ky. To tattoo the face.

SIBEGCIN / ШИВЭГЧИН
n. Maid servant.

SIƄEGE(N) / ШИВЭЭ
[= sibei] n. Tall fence, paling, or enclosure of sticks or poles; palisade; barricade; mountains with sharp ragged summits; long pole for pushing a boat.

SIBEGELE- / ШИВЭЭЛЭХ
v. t. and i. To surround with a fence, paling or palisade; to enclose; to hide in the forest.

SIBEGENE-
See sibene-.

SIBEGYR / ШИВҮҮР
n. Awl; tattooing needle; perforator.

SIBEI
See sibege.

SIƄELI / ШИВЭЭЛЬ
n. Equisetum, shave grass, scouring rush.

SIBENE- / ШИВНЭХ
[= sibegene-, sibine-] v. i. To whisper.
cikin dyr --ky. To whisper into the ear.

SIBENEGYR / ШИВНҮҮР
n. Ankle-bone.

SIBENEL / ШИВНЭЛ
n. Whisper.

SIBENELDY- / ШИВНЭЛДЭХ
v. rec. of sibene-.

SIBENYR
Same as sibenegyr.

SIBER, 1. / ШИВЭР, ШИВИР
-- šabir. Whispering, in a whisper.

SIBER, 2. / ШИВЭР
-- boruγan = -- xur-a. Drizzling rain, light shower.
-- siber boruγan oruxu. To drizzle.

SIBER, 3. / ШИВЭР
[= sibir] n. Dense shrubbery on a marsh; overgrowth on a river bank; hazel grove; dense forest, thicket.

SIBERE- / ШИВРЭХ
v.i. To drizzle.
zøgelen boruγan --zy oruzu baimui. Light rain is falling.

SIBERGEL
n. A covering worn by women over the braids, cf. sirbegel

SIBERGENE- / ШИВЭРГЭНЭХ
v.i. To drizzle intermittently.

SIBERI / ШИВЭР
n. Perspiration of the feet.

SIBERIDE- / ШИВЭРТЭХ
v.i. To perspire (of feet)

SIBERILE-
Same as siberide-.

SIBERYSYN
n. Equisetum, shave grass, scouring rush.

SIBILGER
Same as sirbegel.

SIBINE-
See sibene-.

SIBIR
See siber, 3.

SIBSI-, 1. / ШИВШИХ
v.i. To speak in a low voice; to pray in a whisper; to conjure.
tølge --ky. To divine, practice divination by drawing lots.

SIBSI-, 2. / ШИВШИХ
v.t. To sift, bolt; to filter, strain.

SIBSIГUR / ШАВШУУР
adj. and n. Wily, cunning; crafty.

SIBSIГURDA- / ШАВШУУРДАХ
[= sibxaγurda-] v.t. To whip, lash, flog.

SIBSIG / ШИВШИГ
n. Something loathsome, nasty thing; baseness, disgrace. [Mo.] Sweepings, garbage.
-- bolxu. To be[come] a disgrace.
-- ijen yzeky. To disgrace oneself.

SIBSIGLE- / ШИВШИГЛЭХ
v.i. To behave impudently, act disgracefully.

SIBSIGTEI / ШИВШИГТЭЙ
adj. Base, heinous, disgraceful, disgusting, scandalous.
-- jabudal. Loathsome affair, disgraceful act.

SIBSIGYR / ШИВШУУР
n. Whistle; tobacco pipe.

SIBSIGYRI / ШИВШУУР
n. Filth; disgrace.

SIBSILГ-A / ШИВШЛАГА
n. Sifting; straining, filtering.

SIBSILGE / ШИВШЛЭГ
n. Conjuration, incantation.

SÍBSIRГ-A / ШАВШРАГА
n. Stick or rod used for punishment; cudgel.

SIBSERIG

n. Impudence, shamelessness, baseness.

SIBTA-

v.i. To pass through, go directly through.

SIBTU / ШОВТ

[= šubtu] adv. part. All the way through; to the core.
-- γarxu. To pass all the way through.
-- xarbuxu. To pierce through or transfix with an arrow.

SIBTUГUR

adj. Thin; exhausted.

SIBTUL- / ШОВТЛОХ

[šubtul-] v.t. To pierce, pass through, cut through, transfix; to strip one of his clothes.
daisun u ziγsaγal i --xu. To cut or break through the enemy's lines.

SIBTUR- / ШОВТРОХ

[šubtur-] v.t. and i. To slip or pass through; to slide off; to come to an end; to squeeze out (as the contents of intestines); to stroke (as beard).
-- un baγuxu. To glide down, slide off.
azil --ba. The work is finished.

SIBTURГA- / ШОВТОРГОХ

v. caus. of sibtur-.

SIBTURГAN / ШУВТАРГАН

n Completion, conclusion.
dain u -- . End of the war.

SIBTYR / ШИВТЭР

n. Odor of dogs and cats.

SIBUM

n. Writing set (brush and ink-slab).

SIBX-A / ШАВХ

n. Clay; plaster; mud, slush.

SIBXA- / ШАВХАХ

v.t. To scrape out; to scoop out; to empty out; to exhaust; to put forth one's strength or effort.

bykyi kycyn i --zu γarγaxu. To use all one's strength.
kycyn ijen --n azillaxu. To work with the utmost exertion.
toγu --xu. To scoop out a pan.

SIBXACI- / ШАВХЧИХ

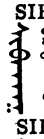
v.t. To hit or beat repeatedly with a switch.

SIBXADA- / ШАВХДАХ

v.i. To become muddy; to stick (of clay).

SIBXADASU(N) / ШАВХДАС

n. Dregs, sediment.
toγun u -- . Pot dregs.

SIBXAГURDA- / ШАВХУУРДАХ

See sibsiγurda-.

SIBXAR

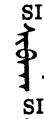
See sibxaraγu.

SIBXAR- / ШАВХРАХ

v.t. To squeeze out; to pour out to the last drop, empty out.

SIBXARAГU / ШАВХРУУ

[= sibxar(i), sibxaruu] n. Dregs, sediment, liquid residue; left-over food; the last drop.

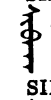
SIBXARГ-A / ШАВХРАГА

n. Dregs, sediment; liquid residue; placenta.

SIBXARI

See sibxaraγu.

SIBXARTA- / ШАВХАРТАХ

[= sibxartu-] v.t. To freeze; to form into icicles.

SIBXARTU- /

See sibxarta-.

SIBXARU[U] / ШАВХРУУ

See sibxaraγu.

SIBYGE(N) / ШӨВӨГ

n. Awl.
-- ber nykeleky. To pierce with an awl.

SIBYGEDE- / ШӨВӨГДӨХ



v.t. To pierce with an awl; (fig.) to spur, provoke.

kymyn i --ky. To spur a person on.

SIBYGELE- / ШӨВӨГЛӨХ



v.t. To pierce with an awl.

SIBYR



[Gu.] n. Bush-oak, Quercus.

SIBYRYSYN



Same as siberysyn.

SIBZI



[= sibzu] n. Small print or writing used in notes or commentary; notes, explanation.

SIBZITY



adj. Having small print or writing.

-- tailburi. Commentary written in small characters or letters.

SIBZU



See sibzi.

SICI / ШИЙЧ



[Ch. hsi 戲 + suff. ci.] n. Actor, theatrical performer.

SID / ШИД



[T. çıd] n Nut; filbert, hazelnut.

-- boruγ-a. A nut-shaped arrowhead with three holes to make it whistle in flight.

-- møgy. Small yellowish mushrooms growing near hazel trees.

SID-, etc.



See siid-, etc.

SIDAM, etc.



See siidam, etc.

SIDAR / ШАДАР

adj. and n. Near, close; favorite, minion, highly favored.

-- bicigeci. Private secretary.

-- cerig. Guards (as of a Khan or prince); bodyguard.

-- daγaγul. Suite, personal staff, entourage.

-- emci. Court physician.

-- said. Official of the entourage of a prince, favorite minister.

-- tu jabuxu. To serve the emperor or prince.

-- xani. Intimate friend.

-- zirad. Imperial guard.

SIDARCI



n. Trusted servant or attendant.

SIDARDA- / ШАДАРДАХ



v.i. To approach, draw near; to become close, become a favorite.

xaγan dur --xu. To become close to the Khan, become the Khan's favorite.

SIDARDAL / ШАДАРДАЛ



n. Advance, approaching.

SIDARLA- / ШАДАРЛАХ



v.i. To approach; to draw to oneself, place at one's side, make a favorite.

SIDARLAL / ШАДАРЛАЛ



n Advance, approach[ing].

SIDDHI



See sidi.

SIDDI



See sidi.

SIDE-, 1. / ШИДЭХ



v.t. To baste or stitch.

byrezy --ky. To stitch on a patch.

SIDE-, 2. / ШИДЭХ



v.t. To throw, fling.

minu øgede nom ijer ijen --be. [He, etc.] threw his book at me.

SIDEMEG / ШИДМЭГ



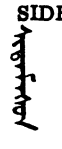
n. and adj. Basting, stitch; basted, stitched.

SIDEMEGLE-



v.t. To stitch or baste; to bind.

SIDEMESY(N) / ШИДЭМС



n. Thread, cord, string; ribbon.

SIDERE- / ШИДРЭХ

v. i. To have a sudden pain in the lower back; to have an inflamation of the nerves in the spine; to feel the pangs of childbirth.

SIDI / ШИД

[= siddhi = siddi, S. siddhi, translated by various forms of byty-.] n. Supernatural power, magic; certain mundane and supernatural gifts of which often eight are enumerated.

-- γarγaxu. To perform magic feats, display supernatural power.

-- jin yzel. Mysticism.

-- oluγsan. (Person) having obtained supernatural power; magician.

-- oruγulxu. To inject magic.

SIDICI / ШИДЭЧ

n. Sorcerer, magician, one who has supernatural power. See sidi oluγsan and sidi.

SIDITY / ШИДЭТ

adj. Magical, supernatural.

-- joga. A yogi possessing supernatural powers, thaumaturge, magician.

SIDKYL

See under xadxul.

SIDUR- / ШУДРАХ

v. i. To rise, stand erect, straighten; to pull the reins by stretching the head forward or downward (of a horse).

SIDURГ-A / ШУДРАГА

See sidurγu.

SIDURГU / ШУДАРГУУ

[= sidurγ-a] adj. Straight, honest, loyal, faithful, truthful; progressive (of people).

-- ji barizu siidkeky. To make a decision or judgment based on facts.

-- kycyn. Progressive forces.

-- kymyn. Honest person.

-- modu. [Gu.] Planetree, Sterculia platanifolia (Ch. wu-t'ung-shu 梧桐樹).

-- mør. Straight road, righteous road.

-- temecel. A just struggle.

-- ynenci = ynenci --. Honest, sincere; loyal.

ulus taγan -- . Loyal to one's country

SIDURГUD- / ШУДРАГАДАХ

v. i. To be straight; to be straightforward, honest, loyal or faithful.

SIDURГUDA / ШУДРАГУУД

adv. Rightly, directly, honestly, frankly, sincerely, truly, loyally.

-- ygyleky. To speak with frankness.

SIDURГUDXA-

v. caus. of sidurγud-.

SIDURГULA- / ШУДРАГАЛАХ

v. i. To be honest, etc. See sidurγu.

SIDY(N) / ШУД (Эр)

n. a) Tooth.

-- bulγuraγsan. Teeth have fallen out.

-- ebedky. To have a toothache.

--n ijen irzaixu. To bare one's teeth.

--n y emci. Dentist.

--n sigcilegyr. Toothpick.

-- sigcileky. To pick one's teeth.

-- ziγurxu. To have lockjaw, develop tetanus.

araγ-a -- . Molar teeth.

egyden -- . Front teeth.

γoul -- . Incisors of a horse.

b) Any projection suggestive of a tooth in shape, arrangement, cutting power, etc.; cog of a wheel; the graph " ᠯ " in old Mongolian script.

kiryge jin -- . Teeth of a saw.

nige -- ilegyy bain-a. There is one "tooth" too many (as the graph ᠯ in old Mongolian script).

sam un -- . Teeth of a comb.

SIDYLE- / ШУДЛЭХ

v. i. and t. To teethe; to sprout (of plants); to examine the teeth of a horse in order to determine the age.

SIDYLENG / ШУДЛЭН

n. and adj. Three-year-old [horse, ox]; two-year-old [sheep].

SIDYTEI / ШУДТЭЙ

[= sidyty] adj. Having teeth, toothed, dentate.

SIDYTY / ШУДЭТ

See sidytei.

SIГ / SIG / ШИГ

[Particle forming adj. and adv.] Similar to, similarly, like, appearing as; as if; so to speak.

ax-a degyy xojar siγ. Like brothers.

γal usu siγ. Like fire and water (i.e. incompatible).

tere jabuγsan jum siγ. It seems that he has gone.

tungγalaγ edyr sig saraγul. As bright as a clear day.

SIГA(N)

See šaγ-a(n).

SIГA-, 1. / ШААХ

v.t. To hit with the fist; to drive in, hammer in (as a nail, a peg).

--zu oruγulxu. To drive in (as a nail).

γadasu --xu. To drive a stake.

SIГA-, 2.

See sixa-.

SIГA-, 3.

See sixaγa-.

SIГAI / ШАГАЙ

Same as saγ-a.

SIГAI- / ШАГАЙХ

See sixaγa-.

SIГALZA-

v.t. To play "šaγ-a," q.v.

SIГANTAГ / ШААНТАГ

[= siγantuγ] n. Wedge; linchpin (inserted in an axletree outside of the wheel to prevent the latter from slipping off).

SIГANTAГDA- / ШААНТАГДАХ

[= siγantaγla-] v.t. To insert a wedge or linchpin.

SIГANTAГLA- / ШААНТАГЛАХ

See siγantaγda-.

SIГANTUГ

See siγantaγ.

SIГARDA- / ШААРДАХ

[= saγarda-] v.t. To urge, drive, speed up; to insist, importune, demand; to press, compel.

--n nekemzileky. To ask, insist, importune.

... gezy --xu. To demand that ...

-man u emyn-e --zu baixu jabudal. A matter demanding our immediate attention.

saiziraγulxu ji--xu. To demand or require improvement.

zidkyl i --xu. To require effort.

SIГARDAГDA- / ШААРДАГДАХ

[v. pass. of siγarda-] To be demanded, required.

SIГARDAГUL- / ШААРДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of siγarda-.

nada odu zoγus ygei bitegei namaji -- ! I don't have any money now. Don't press me!

SIГARDAL / ШААРДАЛ

n. Demand, incitement.

SIГARDALГ-A / ШААРДЛАГА

n. Urging, speeding up, pressing demand, urgency.

-- ji xangγaxu. To satisfy a demand.

azil un -- . Urgency or pressure of work.

SIГARU(N) / ШААР

[= siγaruγ] n. Dregs, lees, residue, sediment, tea grounds.

buduγ un -- . Sediment of paint.

SIГARUГ

See siγaru.

SIГARULA- / ШААРЛАХ

v.t. To reject or refuse inferior merchandise; to sort out articles spoiled in manufacture; to pronounce unfit for use, condemn.

SIГARULAГDA- / ШААРЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of siγarula-.

--γsan mix-a. Rejected pieces of meat, condemned meat.

SIГAZAГAI / ШААЗГАЙ

See šaγazaγai.

SIГAZANG / ШААЗАН

[= šaγazang, caγazung, Ch. ch'a-chung 茶鍾] n. Porcelain, chinaware.

-- saba. Porcelain vessel.

SIГLA- / ШАГЛАХ

[= šaγla-] v.t. To sew with small stitches, with backstitches.

SIГLAГASU(N) / ШАГЛААС

n. Small stitches, seam, gore or gusset in a garment.

SIГSIГ

Same as sigsig.

SIГU-, 1. / ШУУХ

[= suγu-] v.t. To tuck up, turn up, pull up.

xancui ben --xu. To pull up the sleeves.

xormai --xu. To tuck up the skirt (flaps) of one's garment; to tuck the flap of one's long garment under the belt in order to facilitate movements.

SIГU-, 2. / ШУУХ

v.i. To grow lean, get thin.

SIГUBANG

[= siγuubang, Ch. shu-pan 書辦 , scribe] n. Petty official in the palace of a prince or in a tribunal (hist.).

SIГUD / ШУУД

[šuγud] adv. and adj. Directly, straight; without delay, immediately, right through; definitely; categorical[ly].

-- eres. Decidedly, directly, categorically, resolutely.

-- od ! Go right away!

-- sinedkeky yzel. Radicalism.

-- uduriduly-a. Immediate leadership or guidance.

-- xarilcaγ-a. Direct or immediate connection or relationship.

-- zakiraγdaxu . To be under direct jurisdiction or control of.

-- zangtai kymyn. A straighforward person.

SIГUD-, 1. / ШООДОХ

[= soγud-] v.t. To hate, detest, feel repugnance.

tere xojar nigen nigen ece ben --cai. They were disgusted with each other.

SIГUD-, 2. / ШУУДАХ

[= suγud-] v.i. To be decided, determined; to make up one's mind.

bi jabuxu ber --ba. I have made up my mind to go.

manduxu zam dur --xu. To go straight up the road of prosperity.

sedkil --xu. To make up one's mind.

SIГUDAI / ШУУДАЙ

n. Bag, sack.

SIГUDAL / ШООДОЛ

n. Abomination, aversion, scorn.

SIГUDBURI / ШООДВОР

[= šoγudburi] n. and adj. Aversion, disgust, hatred; unloved.

SIГUDBURILA- / ШООДВОРЛОХ

[= šoγudburila-] v.t. To have an aversion, dislike.

SIГUDLAL

[Ko.] n. Haste; hurry, excitement.

SIГUDRA- / ШУУДРАХ

v.i. To go direct or straight; to take a straight course; to be straightened out.

SIГUGI- / ШУУГИХ

See šuugi-.

SIГUGINA- / ШУУГИНАХ

See šuugina-.

SIГUI / ШУГУЙ

n. Thicket, grove, forest.

ayula --. Mountains and forests.

modu --. Forest, grove, thicket.

oi --. Thicket, grove, forest.

SIГUL-, 1.

Same as šoγul- .

SIГUL-, 2.

Same as cuγul-.

SIГUM / ШУГАМ

[= šuγum, suγum] n. Line; ruler.

-- tataxu. To draw a line.

-- un utasu. A cord saturated with black ink, used by carpenters for marking straight lines.

γoul -- . Main line, trunk-line; general line.

orui jin -- . Equator.

xaraγ-a -- . Line of aim.

SIГUMCI

n. Carpenter.

SIГUMDA- / ШУГАМДАХ

[= siγumna-] v.t. To line, draw a line.

SIГUMDAГUR

n. Ruler for drawing lines.

SIГUMNA- / ШУГАМНАХ

See siγumda-.

SIГUMTAI / ШУУГАМТАЙ

[= siγumtu] adj. Having lines, ruled.

-- caγasu. Ruled paper.

SIГUR-, 1. / ШУУРАХ

v.i. To rage (as a storm); a blizzard or snowstorm breaks out.

casu --mui. There is a snowstorm.

elesy --mui. The dust rises in a column or cloud.

SIГUR-, 2. / ШҮУРАХ

v.i. To tear or rip lengthwise.

SIГURГA(N) / ШУУРГА

[šuurγ-a(n)] n. Snowstorm, blizzard; storm with cold rain.

SIГURГALA- ШУУРГАЛАХ

v.i. To rage (of a snowstorm).

SIГURXAI, 1. / ШҮУРХАЙ

n. and adj. Hole (in clothes), rent, rip; torn, ripped.

SIГURXAI, 2. / ШУУРХАЙ

adj. and adv. Direct, straightforward, frank, decided; decisive; thoroughly.

-- kymyn. Straightforward, direct person; man of decision.

SIГURXAILA- / ШУУРХАЙЛАХ

v.i. To do a thing with decision or determination.

SIГUTUR-

v.t. To toady, fawn, be officious, abase oneself.

SIГUUBANG

See siγubang.

SIG, 1. / ШИГ

See siγ.

SIG, 2. / ШИГ

n. A squad of soldiers consisting of five men (hist.).

SIGCIG

Same as sigsig.

SIGCILE- / ШИГЧЛЭХ

[= sigcile-] v.t. To clean out; to pick one's teeth.

SIGCILEGYR / ШИГЧЛҮҮР

[= sigcilegyr, sigcyr] n. Toothpick.

SIGE- / ШЭЭХ

v.i. To urinate.

SIGECI / ШИГЧИЙ

[= sigezei = cigezei]

-- xuruγu(n). The little finger.

SIGECIGEI

n. Wicker basket.

SIGED- / ШИГДЭХ

v.i. To get stuck in something, become set in or inserted; to sink (also fig.).

sibar tur --ky. To get stuck in the mud.

SIGEDKE / ШИГТГЭЭ

n. Inset, inlay, mosaic; something inserted or mounted.

SIGEDKE- / ШИГТГЭХ

[v. caus. of siged-] v.t. To cause to get stuck in something; to fit in; to set (as a precious stone).

SIGEDKEL

Same as sigedkemel.

SIGEDKEMEL / ШИГТГЭМЭЛ

[n. d. of sigedke-] adj. Set in, inlaid, mosaic.
-- bøgzi. Ring with an inlaid stone.

SIGEDKETEI / ШИГТЭЭТЭЙ

[= sigedgety] adj. Having something mounted, set in, inlaid.
-- bøgzi. Ring with an inlaid stone.

SIGEDYGYL- / ШИГДҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of siged-.

SIGELGE-

v. caus. of sige-.

SIGEMUNI

See šagjamuni.

SIGER-E

See sigir-a.

SIGERENG / ШЭЭРЭН(Г)

n. and adj. [One] who urinates frequently.

SIGESY(N) / ШЭЭС (ЭН)

n. Urine.
-- aldaxu. To be unable to control one's urine.
--n ү saba. Urinal.
-- xaγaγdaxu. Retention of the urine

SIGEZEI

See sigeci.

SIGICILE-, etc

See sigcile-, etc.

SIGICYR

See sigcilegyr.

SIGID-, etc.

See siid-, etc.

SIGIDAM / ШИЙДАМ

See siidam.

SIGINEG

-- sumu Children's arrow without a metal point

SIGIR-A / ШИЙР

[= siger-e] n. Shank, leg (of animals); hoof; fork on which the gun rests when firing.

SIGIRATU / ШИЙРТ

-- buu. A rifle with a support on which it rests when fired.

SIGSI- / ШИГШИХ

v. t. To sift, bolt; to winnow, fan (grain).
γulir i --ky. To bolt flour.

SIGSIDESY(N) / ШИГШДЭС

n. Bran separated by sifting or bolting.

SIGSIG / ШИГШИГ

n. Gore, gusset.
-- oruγulxu. To insert a gore.

SIGSIGDE- / ШИГШИГДЭХ

v. pass. of sigsi-.

SIGSIGDEL / ШИГШИГДЭЛ

n. Sifting.

SIGSIGYR / ШИГШҮҮР

n. Sieve, winnowing basket; winnowing fan; strainer.

SIGSIGYRDE- / ШИГШҮҮРДЭХ

v. t. To sift, winnow.

SIGY- / ШҮҮХ

v. t. a) To filter, strain; to skim off; to fish out with a net; to percolate.
--zy abxu. To filter out, strain, skim out.
ziγasu --ky. To catch fish with a net.
b) To try or examine in court; to judge.
--ky gesigyn. Member of the court; member of a jury.
--ky [jabudal un] jamun. Ministry of Justice.
--ky jin. Belonging to a court of justice.
--ky jin xural. A court session.
--ky jin zaruly-a. Court fees.
--ky tasulxu γazar. Court of justice.
--ky tasulxu xural. Court meeting, court session.
- n tasuluγci. Judge.
degedy --ky tasulxu γazar. Supreme court.
nom --ky. To give an examination or test to a lama.

c) To win in a game or gambling.
sitar-a --ky. To win a game of chess.
zoγus naγaduzu --ky. To win money by gambling.

SIGYDER[I] / ШҮҮДЭР

n. Dew.
-- baγubai. Dew has fallen.
caγan -- . Hoarfrost.

SIGYGCI / ШҮҮГЧ

n. Judge; member of the jury.

SIGYGDE- / ШҮҮГДЭХ

v. pass. of sigy-.
bi tegy dy γurban udaγ-a --be. I lost three games to him; I have been examined by him three times (rare).

SIGYGYL

n. Skimmer, strainer, filter.

SIGYLGE / ШҮҮЛЭГ

n. Examination (test of knowledge of a student).

SIGYLGE- / ШҮҮЛГЭХ

v. caus. of sigy-.

SIGYLTE / ШҮҮЛТ

n. Examination, interrogation, inquest; score, result of a game (chess, cards).
eregyy -- . Criminal court; trial by ordeal.

SIGYMZILE- / ШҮҮМЖЛЭХ

v.t. To discuss, criticize, debate; to appraise or review critically.
--ky erke. Freedom of speech.
--n kelelceky. To discuss, debate; to criticize (of a group of people).
asaγudal i --ky. To discuss a problem or problems.

SIGYMZILEGCI / ШҮҮМЖЛЭГЧ

n. Critic, reviewer; speaker in a discussion.

SIGYMZILEGDE- / ШҮҮМЖЛЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of sigymzile-.

SIGYMZILEL[GE] / ШҮҮМЖЛЭЛ, ШҮҮМЖЛЛЭГ

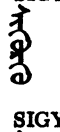
n. Discussion, debate, deliberation; criticism; commentary; critical review; editorial in a newspaper or a magazine.
-- delgeregylky. To encourage criticism widely.
-- γarγaxu. To utter or offer criticism.
-- ygylel. Article; discussion (in a newspaper, etc.).
øber yíl -- . Self-criticism.
sanal -- . Opinion; critical view.

SIGYR / ШҮҮР

n. Broom, whisk broom; filter, strainer; fine comb.
toγun u -- . Sieve for scooping; broom or brush for cleaning pots.

SIGYR-, 1. / ШҮҮРЭХ

[= sigyre-] v.t. To snatch something from the ground, seize, grab; to snatch away.

SIGYR-, 2. / ШҮҮРЭХ

[= sýgyre-] v.i. To filter through; to trickle; to percolate.

SIGYRDE-, 1. / ШҮҮРДЭХ

v.t. To sweep, wipe off, dust with a broom; to comb with a fine comb
--n ariγudxaxu. To clean thoroughly, wipe out (also fig.).
arcin --ky. To sweep and clean.

SIGYRDE-, 2. / ШҮҮРДЭХ

v.t. To swoop down upon a prey; to grope for something in the water; to pick up from the ground.

SIGYRDEGYR / ШҮҮРДҮҮР

n. Broom, whisk broom.

SIGYRE- / ШҮҮРЭХ

See sigyr-, 1.

SIGYRESY(N) / ШҮҮРС

[= segyresy(n)] n. Sigh.
-- aldaxu. To heave a sigh.

SIGYSY(N) / ШҮҮС

n. Sap, juice; food (usually meat) for offerings; food for traveling officials; whole sheep cooked and served to honored guests. See Mostaert, Dictionary, p. 638.

-- nuraγaxu. To cut, carve up a whole sheep ceremonially.

-- talbixu. To serve a whole cooked sheep to ho ored guests.

modun u -- . Sap of a tree.

SIGYSYLE- / ШҮҮСЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To be juicy, yield juice, be succulent; to serve a whole sheep ceremonially (see Mostaert, Dictionary, p. 638); to remove the moisture; to fire pottery.

SIGYSYTEI / ШҮҮСТЭЙ

adj. Juicy, succulent.

SIID- / ШИЙДЭХ

[= sigid- = sid-] v.i. To decide, make up one's mind, resolve.

zøblen --ky. To decide after discussion; to be decided in council.

SIIDAM / ШИЙДАМ

[= sigidam, sidam] n. Club (a weapon of wood or metal). [Mo.] Short stick reinforced by iron rings and provided on one end with a mass of iron with projecting nipples. It is thrown in hunting hares.

SIIDAMDA- / ШИЙДАМДАХ

v.t. To beat, wound or kill with a siidam, q.v.

SIIDAMLA- / ШИЙДАМЛАХ

Same as siidamda-.

SIIDBYRI / ШИЙДВЭР

n. Resolution, decision; court decision, sentence.

-- γarγaxu. To make a decision, pass a resolution, hand down a sentence.

-- ygei. Undecided.

SIIDBYRILE- / ШИЙДВЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To decide or solve a question, make a decision; to sentence.

eres --ky. To take a resolute decision.

xaldan dobtulaxu ber --ky. To decide to attack.

SIIDBYRITEI / ШИЙДВЭРТЭЙ

[= siidbyrity] adj. and adv. Decided[ly], resolved[ly] decisive[ly], containing a resolution or decision.

--, temecel. Decisive struggle or fight.

SIIDBYRITY / ШИЙДВЭРТ

See siidbyritei.

SIIDKE- / ШИЙТГЭХ

[v.caus. of siid-] v.t. To make a decision, pass a resolution; to try in court; to pass judgment; to punish, chastise.

baicaγan --ky. To investigate and bring to justice.

kereg i --ky. To decide an affair; to try a case (in court).

tasulun --ky. To solve, decide, pass a resolution or decision.

xorixu ber --ky. To sentence to imprisonment.

zalxaγan --ky. To chastise; to punish.

SIIDKEBYRI / ШИЙТГЭВЭР

n. Judgment, decision, sentence, resolution; ordinance.

-- ygei. Without judgment or decision.

sigyky jin -- . Court decision.

SIIDKEGCI / ШИЙТГЭГЧ

n. One who makes decisions or passes judgments.

erkilen -- . Director, governor, president of an institution; board of directors.

zalxaγan -- . Head or member of a punitive expedition.

SIIDKEGDE- / ШИЙТГЭГДЭХ

[v.pass. of siidke-] To be tried, sentenced or decided.

SIIDKEGYL- / ШИЙТГҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of siidke-] To submit for a decision.

SIIDKEL / ШИЙТГЭЛ

n. Decision, conclusion, sentence; punishment by whipping.

jala -- . Punishment.

SIIŠAZA

[Ch. hsi -hsia-tzu 戲匣子] n. Phonograph.

SIJAN / ШЯН
[Ch. hsien 縣] n. County (Ch. administrative unit).

SIJAZA / ШАА3
[Ch. sha-tzŭ 沙子] n. Bird shot.
-- buu. Shotgun.

SIKER / ЧИХЭР
[= sikir = cikir, Pers. šakar, S. çarkara]
n. Sugar.
-- ebesy. Licorice.
-- yn xulusun. Sugar cane.
caγan -- . Rock candy.
elesyn -- . Powdered sugar.

SIKERLE- / ШИХЭРЛЭХ
v.t. To add sugar, sweeten.

SIKIR
See siker, ikir.

SIKYR / ШҮХЭР
n. Umbrella, parasol: ceremonial parasol.

SIL, 1. / ШИЛ
n. Glass (as material); anything made of glass.
-- [yn] congxu. Glass window.
-- xoγulai. Glass tube.
-- xuba. Yellow amber.
congxun u -- . Window glass, window pane.
γal -- . Magnifying glass; thick eye glasses (lit. " Fire glass").
nidyn y -- . Eye glasses, spectacles.
todudxaγci -- . Magnifying glass.

SIL, 2.
n. Form, shape, appearance, beautiful appearance (of people).
-- baidal. Form, appearance.

SILABALZA- / ШАЛБАЛЗАХ
[= šalabalza-] v.i. To hurry; to rush; to be quick, swift.

SILABALZAΓUL- / ШАЛБАЛЗУУЛАХ
[v.caus. of silabalza-] v.t. To urge on, rush.

SILAΓUN
Same as siluγun.

SILAMAΓAI, etc. / ШАЛАМГАЙ
See šalamaγai, etc.

SILBAXAN / ШАЛАВХАН
adv. Promptly, nimbly, quickly.
-- jabuγad ire! Go and come back quickly!

SILBEGYSY(N)
See silmygysy(n).

SILBI, 1. / ШИЛЭВ
n. Shin bone, shank, tibia; stem of a leaf; long "tooth" representing Mongolian letter "i"; mouthpiece of a pipe; cigarette holder
-- jin irmeg. Sharp edge of the shin bone.
γar un -- . Wrist.

SILBI, 2.
n. Loop for fastening buttons.

SILBUCI- / ШАЛБАЧИХ
v.t. To scratch or abrade here and there ; to skin up.

SILBULA- / ШАЛБАЛАХ
v.t. To scratch, abrade, skin.

SILBURA- / ШАЛБАРАХ
v.i. To scratch oneself, tear; to wear out.

SILBURXAI / ШАЛБАРХАЙ
n. Scratch, excoriation, abrasion.

SILBYSY(N)
See silmygysy(n).

SILCI / ШИЛЧ
n. Glass worker, glazier.

SILDA
n. Myrrh.

SILDASU(N) / ШАЛДАС
-- [modu]. [Go.] Oak which has a single stem, quercu
palm tree. [Ri.] Lonely tree, single tree.



SILE

See šaγšabad.



SILE-, etc.

See sili-, etc.



SILEGE- / ШИЛЭЭХ

v.t. To stir fire with a poker.

γal --ky. To stoke or poke the fire.



SILEGEBYRI / ШИЛЭЭВЭР

n. Poker (for fire).



SILEGYSY(N) / ШУЛҮҮС

See silyγysy(n).



SILEMEDE- / ШИЛЭМДЭХ

v.t. To moisten with saliva; to moisten, dip into a liquid.



SILEN

Same as sily(n).



SILГA- / ШАЛГАХ

v.t. To examine; to check, verify; to select.

--n ceberleky. To sort out, select.

--n yzeky. To examine, check, test.

songγun --xu. To elect, choose, select, esp. by competitive examination.



SILГADAГ / ШАЛГАДАГ

adj. and n. Examined, checked, tested, tried; distinguished; an honorary degree (Ch. kung-sheng 貢生) awwarded to meritorious hsiu-ts'ai 秀才 who fail to obtain the second degree of chü-jén 舉人.

-- tөrүlkity. Of distinguised or noble birth.



SILГAГDA- / ШАЛГАГДАХ

v. pass. of silγa-

sain --γsan. [He, etc.] who has or have passed an examination well.



SILГAГUL- / ШАЛГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of silγa-; to take an examination.

SILГAL / ШАЛГАЛ

n. Examination, selection.



SILГALГ-A / ШАЛГАЛГА

n. The act of examining, verifying.



SILГALTA / ШАЛГАЛТ

n. Test, examination; purge.

uliral un --. Semester examination.



SILГAMAL / ШАЛГАМАЛ

[n.d. of silγa-] adj. Tested, examined, tried; selected; choice, exquisite.



SILГARA- / ШАЛГАРАХ

v.i. To be selected, singled out; to distinguish oneself; to stand out.

--γsan. Singled out, excellent.

--n γarxu. To excel, be outstanding.



SILГARAГDA-

[v. pass. of silγara-] To be separated, set apart, distinguished; to excel, be outstanding.



SILGE-

See silgege-.



SILGED-

v.i. To snake, be agitated.



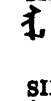
SILGEDKE-

[v. caus. of silged-] v.t. To shake; to move.



SILGEGE- / ШИЛГЭЭХ

[= silge-] v.i. To shake itself (of animals).



SILGEL-

Same as silged-.



SILGIJE-

Same as silgege-.



SILGYD-

v.i. and t. To shake, move; to be very zealous; to be jealous; to envy; to hold as very dear; to value.



SILI / ШИЛ

n. Nape of the neck; sinew of the neck; small elevation; flat-topped hill· foreshore; rapids.

-- dalang. A small flat-topped elevation.

-- jin γoul. Inner Mongolian league situated north of Chahar.

-- jin tour. A woman's ornamental net-like headdress worn low on the back of the neck.

-- jin xongxurxai. Depression in the nape of the neck.

SILI- / ШИЛЭХ

[= sile-] v.t. To choose, select or pick out the best ; to screen; to sift.
--gsen suruγci. Selected student.

SILIDEG / ШИЛДЭГ

adj. Exquisite, choice, select, elite, well-tried.
-- cerig. Selected soldiers or troops.
-- xani. Best friend.

SILIGDE- / ШИЛЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of sili-] v.t. To be chosen, selected, screened, sifted.

SILIJEBYRI

Same as silegebyri.

SILILE- / ШИЛЛЭХ

v.i. To go along a mountain ridge.

SILILGE / ШИЛЛЭГ

n. Selection, choice; choosing, screening.

SILIMEL / ШИЛМЭЛ

[n.d. of sili-] adj. Choice, elite, exquisite, the best.

SILIMTEGEI / ШИЛЭМТГИЙ

adj. Squeamish, fastidious.
ene jamar -- jum! What a squeamish person!

SILIRKE-

v.i. To be lazy or idle.

SILLE- / ШИЛЛЭХ

v.t. To insert glass, furnish or fit with glass.

SILMI /

n. Smart-weed, Polygonum hydropiper, water-pepper.

SILMU(S) / ШУЛМА(С)

See simnu(s).

SILMYGYSY(N) / ШИЛМҮҮС

[= silbegysy(n) = silbysy(n) = silymysy(n)] n. Needle of a conifer.

SILMYGYSYTY

adj. Coniferous.
-- modu. Conifer.

SILTA- / ШАЛТАХ

v.i. To be a cause or reason, be caused by; to pretend, simulate, find a pretext.

SILTAG / ШАЛТАГ

n. Cause, motive; excuse, pretext; trick, ruse, stratagem.
-- eriky . To seek a pretext.

SILTAGAN / ШАЛТАГААН

n. Cause, circumstance, chance; pretext, excuse; fetus.
-- ece. On account of, because of, in consequence of.
ucir -- . Cause, reason; syllogism, conclusion.
ucir -- ygegyi-e. Without motive or cause, for no reason.

SILTAGANTAI / ШАЛТГААНТАЙ

adj. Pregnant.

SILTAGLA- / ШАЛТАГЛАХ

v.i. To look for, find or have an excuse or a pretext; to feign, plead, simulate, sham, pretend.
ebedcintei kemen --xu. To pretend to be ill; to plead illness.

SILTAGLAL / ШАЛТАГЛАЛ

n. Excuse, pretext, simulation.

SILTAGTAI / ШАЛТАГТАЙ

adj. Having a reason, cause, motive or pretext.

SILTEGEN / ШИЛТГЭЭН

n. Village, inhabited place.

SILTY- / ШИЛТЭХ

v.i. To smoke; to give off soot.

SILTYGYNE- / ШИЛТГЭНЭХ

v.i. To be servile, fawn.
--n xaltuγunan. In a servile manner; helpfully, readily.

SILUГUD- / ШУЛУУТАХ

v.i. To be straight or honest; to become straightened out.

SILUГUDXA- ШУЛУУТГАХ

[v.caus. of siluγud-] v.t. To straighten out; to strive for; to concentrate on one aim.

SILUГUN / ШУЛУУН

adj. Straight, plain; simple; pure; straightforward, frank; honest.

-- caγan xosiγun. " Plain white banner," one of the eight banners of the Chahar league (Manchu military system, Ch. cheng-pai ch'i 正白旗).

-- kymyn. Straightforward person.

-- sedkil. Frankness, candor, honesty.

-- yges. Frank words.

-- zam. Straight road (fig.).

SILUГUXAN / ШУЛУУХАН

adj. Fairly straight, straightforward.

-- kele ! Tell me frankly.

-- sanaγatai. Straightforward, frank.

SILUMAГAI

adj. Respectable, venerable; majestic.

SILY(N) / ШӨЛ

n. Soup, bouillon, broth.

-- cinaxu / kiky. To make a soup or broth.

--n tosu. Tallow extracted by boiling animal fat and bones.

SILYG / ШУЛЭГ

[S. çloka] n. Poetry, poem, verse.

-- xolbuxu. To write verses, poetry.

-- zokijaxu. To write verses, poetry.

SILYGCI / ШУЛЭГЧ

n. Poet.

uran -- . Poet.

SILYGE / ШУЛГЭ

n. Three-year-old sheep.

SILYGLE- / ШУЛЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To versify, compose poetry; to recite poetry.

SILYGLEL / ШУЛЭГЛЭЛ

n. Poem, verse, poetry.

SILYGLELTY

-- nom. The Chinese Canon of Poetry or Book of Odes (Ch. shih-ching 詩經).

SILYGYSY(N) / ШУЛУУС

[= silegysy(n)] n. Lynx.

--n ý ely. Lynx den.

SILYKEI / ШҮЛХИЙ

adj. Slobbery, driveling; glutinous.

-- amu. Glutinous millet.

-- ebedcin. Foot-and-mouth disease.

-- sisi. Glutinous sorghum.

yker -- . Artemisia pectinata.

SILYSDE- / ШҮЛСДЭХ

v.t. To moisten with saliva.

SILYSTE- / ШҮЛСТЭХ

v.i. To get foot-and-mouth disease.

SILYSY(N) / ШҮЛС

n. Saliva, spittle, slaver, slobber.

-- ben γoγuziγulzu bain-a. [His] mouth is watering (in anticipation of something; also fig.).

aγalzin -- . Cobweb.

yker yn -- . Scabiosa Fescheri.

SILZA, 1.

See šalza. 1.

SILZA, 2.

Same as siza.

SILZALA- / ШАЛЗЛАХ

v.t. To scald; to boil until soft.

SILZI- / ШИЛЖИХ

v.i. To change a position, place, or course; to move, change, shift.

--ky ygei xataγu zoriγ. Unshakable spirit.

--n jabudaγ tuγ. A flag which passes as a prize among competing groups.

--n oruxu. To change or develop into.

yj-e --ky. To be dislocated (of bones).

SILZIGDE- / ШИЛЖИГДЭХ

[v.pass. of silzi-] To be handed over, transmitted, transferred, resettled, or substituted.

SILZIGYL- / ШИЛЖҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of silzi-] v. t. To transport, transfer, settle in another place, resettle, shift over, transplant; to change.
--yn øgky. To transmit, hand over.
bajar un bicig --ky. To transmit a congratulatory message.
mønggyn i --ky. To transfer money.
tusıjal ece --ky. To transfer, shift one from his position (official).

SILZIRA- / ШАЛЗРАХ



v. i. To scald; to become very soft from overcooking.

SILZIRE-, 1.



Same as silzira-.

SILZIRE-, 2.



Same as silzi-.

SIMAΓUL / ШУМУУЛ



See simuγul.

SIMALA- / ШАМЛАХ



[= simali-] v. t. To liĭt up, pull up, tuck up; to roll up one's sleeves.
xancui --xu. To roll up the sleeves.

SIMALI-



See simala-.

SIMARΓ-A / ШАМРАГА



[= simergen, šamaraγ] n. Snowdrift; sleet.

SIMDA- / ШАМДАХ



v. i. To hasten, rush, hurry, speed; to endeavor, make every effort.
--zu kicijeky. To work hard and fast; to spare no effort.
--zy kiky. To do quickly; to speed up.
kereg i --xu. To speed something up, expedite a business.

SIMDAΓAI / ШАМДГАЙ



adj. Efficient, prompt, swift.

SIMDAΓAILA- / ШАМДГАЙЛАХ



v. i. and t. To endeavor, make efforts.

SIMDAΓU(N) / ШАМДУУ



adj. and adv. Hasty, speedy, quick.

SIMDAΓUL- / ШАМДУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of simda-] v. t. To urge, push, rush.

SIMDAL / ШАМДАЛ



n. Hastiness, quickness; effort, diligence; promptness, alertness.

SIM-E / ШИМ



n. Sap; essence, elixir, extract; nourishment, nutritiousness; quintessence, substance; vital principle; force, vigor.
-- abxu. To obtain nourishment.
-- jin ariki. Liquor made from fermented milk.
-- ygei Not nourishing, not succulent.

SIME- / ШИМЭХ



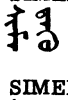
[= simi-] v. t. To draw a liquid into the mouth, suck up or in; to sip; to suck (as candy).
--n simen uγuxu. To sip, suck up (of liquid).

SIMED- / ШИМТЭХ



[= simede-] v. i. To become saturated, soaked with; to become absorbed; to penetrate, enter into.

SIMEDE-



See simed-.

SIMEDKE- / ШИМТГЭХ



[v. caus. of simed-] To soak in, absorb; to deduct.
--gsen xorin xubi. Twenty percent deducted.

SIMEDKEL / ШИМТГЭЛ



n. Soaking in, penetraing; deducting, withholding (of taxes, etc.).
xurijaγsan --. Accumulated deductions.

SIMEGYR / ШИМҮҮР



n. Reed used for sucking up liquids; suction pipe, tube.

SIMELDEG / ШИМЭЛДЭГ



n. [Gr.] Dracocephalum fruticulosum, Dracocephalum peregrinum (plant). [Mo.] Greaves of tallow.

SIMEREGYN
adj. Having strength, strong.

SIMERGEN
See simarγ-a.

SIMERKEG / ШИМЭРХЭГ
adj. Strong, robust; vigorous; overambitious, pushing.

SIMETEI / ШИМТЭЙ
[= simetv] adj. Juicy, nourishing.
-- mix-a. Juicy meat.
-- xoγula. Nutritious food.

SIMGY-
v.i. To creep in, sneak in.

SIMI-, etc.
See sime-, etc.

SIMILI-
[Go.] v.t. To stroke; to sip, suck.

SIMNACA / ШАМНАЦ
See simnanca.

SIMNANCA / ЧАВГАНЦ
[= simnaca, sibaγanca, cibaγanca, etc. fr.Sogd.]
n. Nun; female devotee who has shaved her hair and has taken certain vows, lay sister.

SIMNU(S) / ШУМНА(С)
[= silmu(s), Uig. šmnu, Sogd. (Christian) šmnū] n. Demon, evil spirit; Māra (in Buddhism).
em-e -- . Female evil spirit; she-devil (invective).

SIMNULA-
v.i. To be possessed of an evil spirit; to practice witchcraft, sorcery.

SIMSIRE- / ШИМШИРЭХ
v.i. To feel a gnawing pain.
dotur-a --ky. To have a pain inside.

SIMSIRID-
v.i. To feel pain; feel pain in one's bone.

SIMTE / ШИМТ
n. Taste, flavor; nourishment.
amta -- . See under amta.

SIMUГUL / ШУМУУЛ
[= simaγul] n. Small insect, midge, gnat, mosquito.

SINA / ШАНАА
[= sinaγ-a, 3] n. Temple (of the head), cheek bone.

SINAГ-A, 1. / ШАНАА
n. Bend of a river; ridge, mountain range; spur of a mountain.

SINAГ- A, 2. / ШАНАГА
n. Ladle, dipper, scoop.
--n xoruxai. Tadpole.

SINAГ-A, 3. / ШАНАГА(Н)
See sina.

SINAГALA- / ШАНАГАЛАХ
v.t. To ladle.

SINALA- / ШАНАЛАХ
v.i. To lament, wail, sob, moan, whimper; to regret, repent, grieve; to be afflicted or disappointed.
--n zobaxu. To grieve, suffer; to be vexed or disappointed.
enelyn --xu. To be sorry; to be unhappy; to grieve.

SINALAL / ШАНАЛАЛ
n. Sorrow, grief, affliction; repentance, penitence.

SINDASU(N) / ШАНДАС
n. Nerve, tendon, sinew, vein.
-- oγtulxu. To hamstring.

SINDASULA- / ШАНДАСЛАХ
v.t. To remove the tendon.

SINDASURXAГ / ШАНДСАРХАГ
adj. Obstinate, opinionated; fickle.

SIN-E / ШИНЭ

adj., adv. and n. New, fresh; anew, newly; a day of the first decade of the lunar month.
-- baiγulxu. To found; to rebuild, reconstruct, renew.
-- ber. In a modern or novel way, in a new fashion.
-- cerig. Recruit; new troops.
-- gerlegsen. Newly married, newly wed.
-- iregsen. Newly arrived.
-- jangzutai . New-fashioned, new-fangled.
-- jin amuγulang. New year greeting.
-- jin nigen. The first day of the lunar month.
-- jin niγur. Crescent (moon).
-- kycyn. New forces, new cadres.
-- kymyn. New person; a bride.
-- sar-a. New moon.
-- tosu. Fresh butter.
-- zil. New year.

SINEBTYR / ШИНЭВТЭР

adj. Somewhat new, fresh.

SINECILE- / ШИНЭЧЛЭХ

v.t. To renew, renovate, remake, reform, restore; to make anew.
--n Anew, afresh.
--n baiγulxu. To rebuild, reorganize, reform.
urijalaγ-a ji --ky. To renew an appeal.

SINECILEGDE- / ШИНЭЧЛЭГДЭХ

[v.pass. of sinecile-] To be renewed, reorganized.

SINECILEL / ШИНЭЧЛЭЛ

n. Renovation, remaking.

SINED / ШИНЭД

[pl. of n. sin-e] n. The first decade of the month.

SINED- / ШИНЭДЭХ

v.i. To be (too) new.

SINEDKE- / ШИНЭТГЭХ

[v.caus. of sined-] v.t. To renew, renovate; reform, reconstruct, reorganize.
--gsen šasin. Reformed religion.
--n baiγulxu. To reconstruct, reorganize, rebuild, reform.
--n saizirayulxu. To improve, reform.
--n zasayulxu. To make over, renovate, rebuild.

SINEDKEGCI / ШИНЭТГЭГЧ

n. Reformer.

SINEDKEL / ШИНЭТГЭЛ

n. Renovation, renewal, reconstruction; restoration.
-- edyr. The first day of a lunar month.

SINEKEN / ШИНЭХЭН

adj. Quite new, rather new; quite fresh, recent.
-- bariγsan ger. A recently built house.
-- mør. Fresh trace.

SINELE- / ШИНЭЛЭХ

v.t. To celebrate the New Year; to present one's wishes for the New Year.
--kγ oiratazu bain-a. The New Year is approaching.
bi cimaluγ-a --j-e. I wish to present you with a New Year's greeting (an introductory phrase preceding the formal exchange of New Year's greetings).
[sine] amarxan sain --bey! Happy New Year! (lit.: Have you passed the New Year well ?).

SINESYN

n. Larch tree, Pinus larix.

SING

Same as šeng.

SINGGU- / ШҮНГАХ

[= šungγu-] v.i. To dive, plunge; to wade in water.
usun-a --xu. To dive into the water.

SINGGUGCI / ШҮНГАГЧ

n. Diver, plunger.

SINGGULA- / ШҮГНАЛАХ

v.i. To dive, plunge.

SINGGALA

[S. Sinhala] n.p. S. name for Ceylon.

SINGGE- / ШИНГЭХ

v.i. To be absorbed into something; to dissolve (in liquid); to be imbibed, saturated; to be digested (of food); to set (of the sun).
cai dur kigsen siker --ged ygei bain-a. The sugar put in the tea has not yet dissolved.

idegsen jaγum-a --ky ygei bain-a. The things eaten are not digested.
'kølysy --gsen debel. Garment or clothes saturated with perspiration.

SINGGEBTYR / ШИНГЭВТЭР
adj. Somewhat thin (in density or consistency), sparse.
-- daγun. Somewhat thin voice.

SINGGED- / ШИНГЭДЭХ
v.i. To be[come] too thin (in density or consistency); to become rare, not dense.

SINGGEDKE- / ШИНГЭТГЭХ
[v.caus. of singged-] v.t. To dilute, make thin, thin out, rarefy.
silyn dy usu kizy --ky. To thin soup by adding water.

SINGGEGE- / ШИНГЭЭХ
[v. caus. of singge-] To cause to absorb, imbibe; to digest, as food; to impregnate; to assimilate, appropriate.
--kyi-e kilbar. Easy to digest, digestible.
idegen --ky. To digest food.
xubi du asiγlan --ky. To use or apply for one's personal advantage; to appropriate.

SINGGEGYL-
Same as singgege-.

SINGGEKEN / ШИНГЭХЭН
adj. Somewhat fluid, liquid; rather sparse, thin, diluted, waterish.

SINGGELE- / ШИНГЭЛЭХ
v.t. To rarefy, thin, thin out, dilute.

SINGGELIG / ШИНГЭЛЭГ
n. Bird cage.

SINGGEN / ШИНГЭН
adj. Thin (in density or consistency), sparse (vegetation, hair, etc.) or weak (of liquids).
-- beke. Thin ink.
-- cai. Thin or weak tea.
-- daγu. Thin voice.
-- mør. Urine (polite).
-- mør xaγaγdaxu. Retention of urine.

-- mør yzeky. To urinate.
-- ysy. Thin hair.

SINGGERE- / ШИНГЭРЭХ
v.i. To become thin, less dense, rare, watery.

SINGGEREGYL- / ШИНГЭРҮҮЛЭХ
[v.caus. of singgere-] v.t. To dilute, thin out.

SINGGI
[adjectival and adverbial particle] In the same way as, likewise, in a like manner.
mori -- yzegdezy bain-a. It looks like a horse.

SINGKEG / ШИНХЭГ
n. Gland at the base of a bird's tail feathers, uropygial gland; bad odor (of animals, esp. sheep).

SINGLAГAR
See sintaγar.

SINGNAГAR
See sintaγar.

SINGSI / ШИНШИ
See sinzi.

SINGSI- / ШИНШИХ
v.t. To smell or sniff all over; to track down by smelling (as dogs do).

SINGSICI
See sinzigeci.

SINGSIL- / ШИНШЛЭХ
Same as singsi-.

SINGXU(N) / ШУНХ
[= šungxu, S. sindura] n. Vermilion, red ink; red or purple varnish.
tungγalaγ --. Light red cinnabar.

SINGXUDA- / ШУНХДАХ
v.t. To color red or vermilion.

SINGXUR / ШОНХОР
[= šongxur] n. Falcon, gerfalcon.
-- køke tyry. A long horsefly, with a body thin in the middle, which feeds on midges.

caγan --. White gerfalcon.
cekır -- . Whitish gerfalcon.
toıγun -- . White gerfalcon (Ch. hai-tung-ch'ing 海東青).



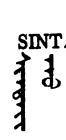
SINI

Same as sin-e.



SINTAГAR / ШАНТГАР

[= singlaγar, singnaγar] adj. Turned-up (of nose).
-- xabar. Turned-up nose.



SINTAI- / ШАНТАЙХ

v.i. To be turned up (of nose); to act snobbishly; to be sulky, pout.



SINTALA- / ШАНТЛАХ

v.t. To make blunt (as a knife), take the edge off; to discourage, cause to lose heart.
omuγ'i --xu. To discourage a person, ruin his self-confidence.



SINTARA- / ШАНТРАХ

v.i. To be blunted; to be discouraged; to be sad, afflicted; to be disappointed, disillusioned; to become calm.
yzygyr --xu. The point of the nail has blunted.
zoriγ --xu. To be discouraged or demoralized.



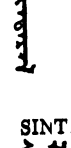
SINTARAГUL- / ШАНТРУУЛАХ

v.caus.of sintara-.



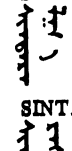
SINTARAL / ШАНТРАЛ

[= sintaralγ-a] n. The act or state of sintara-.
-- ygei. Not losing one's courage, not allowing oneself to become demoralized.



SINTARALГ-A

See sintaral.



SINTARASI / ШАНТРАШ

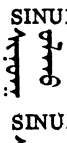
-- ygei. Imperturbable, unyielding, invincible.



SINU- / ШУНАХ

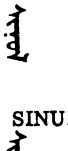
[= sinura-] v.i. To feel a strong desire or craving, yearn; to give oneself up to be lascivious; to burn with passion.
egyn dyr nige jaγum-a r-zuxui. Something must have possessed him.

olza mønggyn dyr --xu. To covet, be greedy for profit.
ønggen dy --xu. To give oneself up to women, be addicted to lust.



SINUГUL-

v. caus. of sinu-.



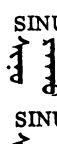
SINUL / ШУНАЛ

n. Greed, covetousness; strong desire, passion.
xobduγ -- . Greed.



SINULTAI / ШУНАЛТАЙ

[= sinultu] adj. Passionate, sensual, lustful, lewd.
arijatan cinu-a mety -- . As greedy as a rapacious wolf.



SINURA-

See sinu-.



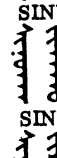
SINUXAI / ШУНАХАЙ

adj. Having a tendency to; greedy, covetous, lascivious, mercenary.
-- sedkil. Greed, covetousness.
xobduγ --. Rapacious.



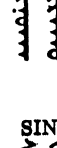
SINUXAICUD / ШУНАХАЙЧУУД

n. The greedy ones.



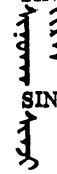
SINUXAILA- / ШУНАХАЙЛАХ

See sinuxaira-.



SINUXAIRA- / ШУНАХАЙРАХ

[= sinuxaila-] v i. To be greedy, covetous, rapacious.
mønggyn dyr --xu. To be greedy for money.



SINUXAIRAL / ШУНАХАЙРАЛ

n. Ardent desire, lasciviousness, avidity.



SINZI / ШИНЖ

[= singsi] n. Appearance, shape; mark, symptom.
-- cinar. Quality, form and content.
-- maγutai amitan. Disgusting creature, wretched-looking creature.
-- temdeg. Sign, indication, token.
-- ygei aγasilaxu. To act silly.
ebedcin y -- . Symptom of illness.
sain -- Good appearance, good sign.

SINZI- / ШИНЖИХ

v.t. To look over carefully, examine, observe, inspect.

--n yzeky. To look over carefully, examine, inspect.

γazar --ky. To examine or inspect a place or plot of land; to determine the fitness of land by divination.

SINZICI / ШИНЖЭЭЧ

See sinzigeci.

SINZIGECI / ШИНЖИЧ

[= singsici = sinzici] n. Fortuneteller; explorer.

SINZILE- / ШИНЖЛЭХ ,

v.t. To investigate, examine; to do research, study.

--ky arγ-a. Method of research or study.

--ky uxaγan. Research, science.

--ky uxaγan u. Scientific.

--zy yzeky. To examine.

gem i --ky. To investigate faults.

mongγul un --xu uxaγan u kyrijeleng. Committee of Sciences of the MPR.

SINZILEGCI / ШИНЖЛЭГЧ

n. Researcher, research scholar.

kele -- . Linguist.

SINZILEL / ШИНЖЛЭЛ

n. Investigation, research, study.

urγumal -- . Botany.

SINZILGE(N) / ШИНЖЛЭГЭЭ

n. Research, exploration, investigation, study.

SINZITEI / ШИНЖТЭЙ

[= sinzity] adj. Having a sign, symptom, or prognostic; having the shape, form, or appearance of.

SINZITY / ШИНЖИТ

See sinzitei.

SIR, 1. / ШИР

[fr. Ch. ch'i 漆] n. Varnish, lacquer.

-- talbixu. To put on a coat of lacquer.

SIR, 2. / ШИР

-- [sir] geky. Noise of rustling wind, or of water before coming to a boil (onom.).

-- sir salkilamui. The wind blows, rustles.

SIR-A / ШАР

a) adj. Yellow.

-- γa. Turmeric; ginger.

-- malaγaitu Those who wear yellow caps, priests of the Yellow Sect (Lamaist.).

-- modu. Phellodendron amurense; curcuma. [Gu.] rhubarb.

-- ulaγan. Yellowish-red.

-- xar-a. Yellow and black; ecclesiastical and secular.

-- ysy. Fuzz, fine hair on the body.

b) n. Yolk of an egg.

øndegen -- Yolk.

c) n. Bile; heartburn, acidity of the stomach; hangover.

-- ebedcin. Jaundice.

-- kødelky = -- køgereky. To suffer from heartburn.

-- xusuxu. To have heartburn; to suffer from excess of gastric acid.

SIRA- , 1. / ШАРАХ

v.t. To roast, broil, fry; to scorch, burn (of the sun); to gild.

--γsan mix-a. Fried or roasted meat.

alta ber --xu. To gild, cover with gold.

naran testesi ygei --ba. The sun was unbearably hot.

SIRA-, 2. / ШАРАХ

v.t. To inherit.

SIRABIR / ШАРВИР

[= sirabur] adj. Light yellow.

SIRABTUR / ШАРАВТАР

adj. Yellowish, light yellow.

-- noγuγan. Yellowish-green.

SIRABTURXAN / ШАРАВТАРХАН

adj. Somewhat yellowish.

SIRABUR / ШАРВАР

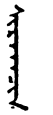
See sirabir.

SIRACU

[Gu.] n. Gamboge (yellow pigment from wood); rattan fruit; Garcinia morilla.

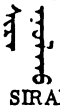
SIRAГAL / ШАРГАЛ

adj. Yellowish.

SIRAГCIN / ШАРАГЧИН

adj. and n. Yellow (of female animals only); sixth of the ten stems (cyclical signs in chronology, Ch. chi 己).

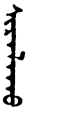
SIRAГDA- / ШАРАГДАХ

v. pass. of sira-.
xalaγun du --xu. To be roasting in the heat (fig.).

SIRAГUL- / ШАРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of sira- , 1 and 2.

SIRAIГUL

See šaraiγul.

SIRALA- / ШАРЛАХ

v. i. To be[come] yellow.
yr --xu. The day dawns (lit. the dawn turns yellow).

SIRALAГUL- / ШАРЛУУЛАХ

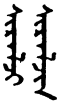
[v. caus. of sirala-] v. t. To make yellow.

SIRALAL / ШАРЛАЛ

n. Process of turning yellow.

SIRALANGKI

adj. Having become yellow, withered, faded.

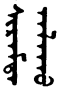
SIRALZI(N) / ШАРИЛЖ

n. Sage-brush, Artemisia vulgaris.
--n em. Sarsaparilla (Smilax).

SIRAM-A

adj. Burning hot, scorching.

SIRAMDAГ / ШАРАМДАГ

n. Shavings, chips from drilling or gouging.

SIRAMDAГLA- / ШАРАМДАГЛАХ

v. t. To heat an arrow (wrapped in shavings) in the fire to straighten it.

SIRANUD

n. Jackal.

SIRAXAN / ШАРХАН

adj. Yellowish.

SIRAZA / ШАРЗ

n. Alcohol resulting from the fourth distillation.

SIRBA- / ШАРВАХ

[= sirbe-, 2.] v. i. To wag the tail.

SIRBALZA- / ШАРВАЛЗАХ

[= sirbelze-] v. i. To wag the tail.

SIRBE-, 1. / ШИРВЭХ

[= sirbi-] v. t. To sweep; to dust.
--n alaxu. To kill all, exterminate.
toγusun i --ky. To wipe off or sweep dust.

SIRBE-, 2.

See sirba-.

SIRBEGEDE- / ШИРВЭЭДЭХ

v. i. To be shy; to shun.
tanixu ygei kymyn ece --ky. To shy away from a stranger.

SIRBEGEL

n. A conical metal casing worn on the end of the braids on both sides of a married woman's breast.

SIRBEGER / ШИРВЭГЭР

adj. Tousled, disheveled, shaggy; rough, uneven.
-- kømysge. Shaggy eyebrows.
-- ysy. Coarse, shaggy hair.

SIRBEGYL / ШИРВУУЛ

[= sirbigyr] n. Broom, whisk, fly whisk made of hair; fan.
xusun u -- . Broom made of birch branches.

SIRBEI-, etc.

See serbei - , etc.

SIRBELZE- / ШИРВЭЛЗЭХ

See sirbalza-.

SIRBI- / ШИРВЭХ

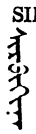
See sirbe-, 1.



SIRBIGINE- / ШИРВЭГЭНЭХ

v.i. To drizzle; to rustle (of rain).

boruγan --zu oruxu. Rain falls in small drops, sprinkles, drizzles.



SIRBIGINEGYR / ШИРВЭГНҮҮР

-- boruγan. Drizzling rain, sprinkle.



SIRBIGYR

See sirbegyl.

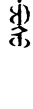


SIRBYSY(N) / ШӨРВЭС

[= sirmysy(n)] n. Nerve, sinew, tendon; fibre, filament.

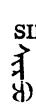
--n cilaγu. Asbestos.

-- tataxu. To suffer from spasms, cramps.



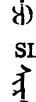
SIRBYSYLE- / ШӨРВӨСЛӨХ

v.t. To remove sinews, tendons.



SIRBYSYRKEG / ШӨРВӨСРӨХӨГ

adj. Sinewy, stringy; strong.



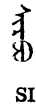
SIRBYSYTEI / ШӨРВӨСТЭЙ

adj. Sinewy, strong.



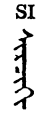
SIRCIGINA- / ШАРЧИГНАХ

[= circigine-, šarcigina-] onomat. v.i. To make a rustling, hissing or crackling sound.



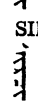
SIRCIGINE- / ШИРЧИГНЭХ

See sircigina-.



SIRDE- / ШИРДЭХ

v.t. To varnish, stain.



SIRDEG / ШИРДЭГ

n. Saddlepad.



SIRE-

See cir-.



SIREGE(N) / ШИРЭЭ (Н)

n. Table, desk; throne, seat; offering table, altar table; feast, banquet.

-- lam-a. Head lama of a lamasery.

--n deger-e saγuxu. To sit on a seat.

--n dyr saγuxu. To sit on a throne.

--n dy zalaraxu. To ascend the throne.

--n y byrkygyl. Tablecloth.

-- zasaxu. To set the table; to prepare a feast.

jabuγan --. See under jabuγan.

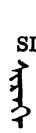
køl yn --. Footstool.



SIREGELE- / ШИРЭЭЛЭХ

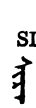
v.t. To put on the table; to arrange a feast; to stand firmly on four legs.

bux-a --zy bain-a. The bull has stiffened, stands squarely (for a charge).



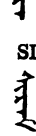
SIREGELEDYN

-- zoγsuxu. To stand firmly on four legs; to stop suddenly while running (of a horse).



SIREGYN / ШИРҮҮН

See sirygyn.



SIREM-E(N)

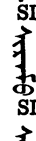
[= siremy(n), sirim] n. Pig iron, cast iron.

--n toγuγa. Cast-iron kettle, boiler.



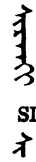
SIREMESI- / ШИРЭМШИХ

v.i. To melt or burn into a lump.



SIREMY(N)

See sirem-e(n).



SIRENGI / ШИРЭНГЭ

n. Grove, coppice of small trees, densely growing bushes.



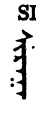
SIRГ-A / ШАРГА

adj. Light bay.



SIRГA- / ШАРГАХ

v.i. To be stubborn, unyielding, obstinate; to dispute.



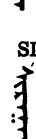
SIRГAГA- / ШАРГААХ

v.t. To press, force, urge; to embarrass; to cause chagrin.



SIRГAГCIN / ШАРГАГЧИН

adj. and n. Light bay (of a mare only); antelope (female).



SIRГAГU / ШУРГУУ, ШАРГУУ

adj. and adv. Stubborn[ly], obstinate[ly], persistent[ly].

-- azillaxu. To work persistently.

-- ber. Stubbornly, obstinately.

-- temecel. Stubborn struggle.

SIRГALZI(N)

n. Swastika.

SIRГU- / ШУРГАХ
[= šurγu-] v.i. To crawl in or under; to creep in, penetrate, infiltrate. See also under sumu(n).
--n oruxu. To sneak in, crawl in, penetrate, infiltrate.

SIRГUГUL / ШУРГУУЛ
[= šurγuul] n. Drawer; chest of drawers.

SIRГUГUL- / ШУРГУУЛАХ
[v.caus. of sirγu-] To let someone crawl in or under; to put in or under stealthily; to shove in or under.
jaγum-a ben --xu. To hide one's things in or under something.

SIRГUГULГ-A / ШУРГУУЛГА
n. Penetration, infiltration.

SIRГUL / ШАРГАЛ
adj. Bay (color of a horse).

SIRГUL- / ШУРГАЛАХ
[frequentative of sirγu-] v.i. To penetrate, get in; slip through, pass through; to sneak in.
--un oruxu. To penetrate, get in.

SIRГULZI(N) / ШОРГООЛЖ(ИН)
n. Ant.
-- jin egyr. Anthill.

SIRГUMAL / ШУРГАМАЛ
[n.d. of sirγu-] adj. Penetrating, sneaking, pushing.

SIRGE
-- jin xurim. Ceremonies performed at ezen sorij-a, q.v. on the 12th day of the eleventh lunar month.

SIRGE- / ШИРГЭХ
[= sirgi-] v.i. To dry up; to evaporate; to boil down.
--deg ygei. Inexhaustible.
xuduγ --be. The well has dried up.
ynij-e --be. The cow does not give any more milk (lit.: the cow has dried up).

SIRGEGE- / ШИРГЭЭХ
[v.caus. of sirge-] v.t. To dry, boil down, cause to evaporate.

SIRGI-, etc. / ШИРГИХ

See sirge-, etc.

SIRGY
Same as šørge.

SIRGY- / ШӨРГӨХ
[= šørgy-] v.t. To rub or scratch against something.
--zy øngge γarγaxu. To bring out the color or brightness by rubbing.

SIRGYGE- / ШӨРГӨӨХ
[= šørgyge-, v. caus. of sirgy-] To rub or scratch against something.

SIRGYGYL / ШӨРГҮҮЛ

[= sirgygyr] n. Rag, dish rag.

SIRGYGYR

See sirgygyl.

SIRI, 1. / ШИР
øri --. See øri.

SIRI(N), 2. / ШИР
n. Skin, rawhide.
--n γutul. Leather boots.
--n uγuta. Leather bag.
arisu sirin y zabod. Tannery, leather goods manufacturing plant.

SIRI-, 1. / ШИРЭХ
v.t. To quilt, stitch.

SIRI-, 2. / ШИРЭХ
v.t. To smelt ore, melt.

SIRICI(N) / ШИРЧ
n. Currier, leather-dresser, tanner.

SIRIG / ШИРИГ
n. Green meadow.

SIRIGE-

Same as sirigyl-.

SIRIGYL- / ШИРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of siri-.

SIRILDY- / ШИРЭЛДЭХ

v. i. To become disheveled, shaggy, mussed up (of hair); to be[come] covered with tall grass.

SIRILDYGE(N) / ШИРЭЛДЭЭ

n. Disheveled hair.

SIRIЬE- / ШИРЛЭХ

v. t. To cover with leather or hide.

SIRIM / ШИРЭМ

See sirem-e(n).

SIRIMEGLE- / ШИРМЭГЛЭХ

v. t. To quilt, stitch.

SIRIMEL, 1. / ШИРМЭЛ

[n. d. of siri-, 1.] adj. Quilted, stitched.

SIRIMEL, 2.

[n. d. of siri-, 2.] adj. Smelted (ore).
-- temyr. Molten iron; wrought iron.

SIRIN

n. Bronze, copper (obs.).

SIRKE / ШИРХ

n. A kind of flea.

SIRKEG / ШИРХЭГ

a) n. Fibre, filament, thread; texture; grain (as of stone).
-- saitai bøs. Fabric of fine texture.
-- tamuxu. To spin thread, rope.
b) Piece (a numerative used in counting grains of cereals, threads, pieces of paper).
arban -- utasu. Ten threads.

SIRKEGTEI / ШИРХЭГТЭЙ

adj. Having threads, fibres, or grain.
narin -- bøs. Fabric of fine texture.

SIRKEI- / ШИРХИЙХ

v. i. To bristle (of hair); to have a feeling of apprehension or horror; to frown angrily or from pain

SIRKIRA- / ШАРХИРАХ

See šarkira-.

SIRKIRE- / ШИРХИРЭХ

See šarkira-.

SIRMYSY(N) , etc. / ШӨРМӨС

See sirbysy(n), etc.

SIRTE- / ШИРТЭХ

v. t. To follow with one's eyes, look into, gaze at, stare, watch attentively, observe.
--n xaraxu. To stare, gaze about; to look attentively.

SIRTEBELZE- / ШИРТВЭЛЗЭХ

v. i. To look around.

SIRTEMEL / ШИРТМЭЛ

[n. d. of sirte-] adj. Staring; with wide-open eyes; pop-eyed.

SIRU / ШОР

See šoru.

SIRUГ, 1. / ШУРАГ

n. Pole, long mast, stake.
-- modu. Pole.
-- oruγulxu = -- unuγulxu. To impale (torture).
-- un ergigyl. Pulley on a pole.
temyr -- . Iron stake or post.

SIRUГ, 2. / ШУРАГ

[= šuruγ] n. Screw; spit for cooking meat.
-- muskixu. To screw.

SIRUГ-A / ШОРОО

See sirui.

SIRUГADA- / ШОРООДОХ

v. t. and i. To cover or be covered with soil, dirt, or dust; to separate sand from grain.

SIRUГAI

See sirui.

SIRUГLA- / ШУРАГЛАХ
[= šuruγla-] v. t. To screw up.

SIRUI / ШОРОЙ
[= siruγ-a, siruγai] n. Earth, ground, soil.
-- urbaγulxu. To turn the soil.
altan -- . Gold dust, fine gold.
γazar -- . Territory, area.
sibarliγ -- . [Ri.] Slate.
sula -- . Crumbling, friable soil; loose soil (on top).
xar-a -- . Black earth, topsoil.

SIRX-A(N) / ШАРХ
n. Wound; sore; injury.
-- boγuxu. To bandage a wound.
-- ji anaγaxu. To cure a wound.
-- olxu. To be wounded.
-- orijaxu. To bandage a wound.

SIRXACI
n. Surgeon (obs.).

SIRXAD- / ШАРХТАХ
v. i. To be wounded or injured.
zegyn γar minu --ba. My left hand was wounded.

SIRXADUГUL- / ШАРХТУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of sirxad-]. To wound.

SIRXADXA-
See sirxaduγul-.

SIRXALA- / ШАРХЛАХ
v. i. and t. To be[come] wounded or injured; to examine a wound.

SIRXATAI / ШАРХТАЙ
[= sirxatu] adj. Having a wound, wounded.

SIRXATAN / ШАРХТАН
n. The wounded, injured.

SIRXATU / ШАРХТ
See sirxatai.

SIRXUNABCI / ШУРХНАВЧ
n. Greaves, armor for the legs.

SIRXUNAГ / ШУРХНАГ
n. Legs of trousers.

SIRY / ШУР
[= šyry, bsiry] n. Coral; pierced coral.

SIRYGYD- / ШИРУУДЭХ
v. i. To be[come] rough, coarse; to be[come] rude, severe, tough, harsh.

SIRYGYKEN / ШИРУУХЭН
adj. Somewhat rough, not too smooth; somewhat rude, severe, tough, or harsh.

SIRYGYN / ШИРУУН, ШУРУУН
[= siregyn] adj. Rough to the touch, not smooth, coarse, composed of large particles; rude, severe, tough, harsh.
-- aburi. Rudeness, crudity, quick-tempered character.
-- berke. Difficult, hard, trying.
-- boruγan. Downpour, cloudburst.
-- sirkegtei . Having rough texture.
-- tululduγ-a. Bitter struggle, severe battle.
-- yge. Harsh words or language.

SIRYGYS- / ШИРУУСЭХ
Same as sirygyd-.

SIRZIGINE- / ШИРЖГИНЭХ
onomat. v. To make a rythmical noise (as with footsteps).

SISI / ШИШ
n. Kaoliang, sorghum.
erdeni -- . Maize, corn.
nojan -- . Maize, corn.

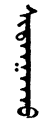
SISKIR-
Same as iskire-.

SISTEM / СИСТЕМ
[thr. R. система] n. System.
songγuγuli jin --. Election system.

SISTEMTY
adj. Systematic.

SITA- / ШАТАХ
v. i. To catch fire, burn; to be burned up.

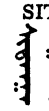
SITAГA- / ШАТААХ



[v. caus. of sita-] v. t. To kindle, set on fire; to burn.

zula ji --xu. To light a candle or lamp.

SITAГALГA- / ШАТААЛГАХ



v. caus. of sitaγa-.

SITAГAMAL / ШАТААМАЛ



[n. d. of sitaγa-] adj. Kindled; burnt, baked (e. g., pottery).

SITAMAГAI / ШАТАМХАЙ



adj. Combustible, inflammable.

SITANGXAI / ШАТАНХАЙ



adj. Burnt.

SITAR-A / ШАТАР



[fr. Pers. šatarang, S. catur-anga , "the four members or rows of the chessmen."] n. Chess.

-- jin kølge. Chessboard.

-- jin negydel. Movement of chessmen.

-- jin urulduγan. Chess tournament.

-- øryky. To set up the chessmen.

-- talbin aldaxu. To lose at chess.

-- talbixu. To play chess.

SITARACI / ШАТАРЧ



n. Chess player.

SITAXUN / ШАТАХУУН



n. Fuel.

SITY



postpos. As, like (arch.).

SITY- / ШУТЭХ



v. i. To worship; to believe in; to trust; to rely on, depend upon.

burxan u abural dur --zy. Relying on the Buddha's or god's protection or blessing.

takizu --ky. To worship, revere.

SITYGELE- / ШУТЭЭЛЭХ



v. t. To enshrine.

SITYGEN / ШУТЭЭН



n. Religious belief; place or object of religious veneration, worship or cult; shrine.

-- baiγulxu. To erect a shrine.

γurban -- . The three objects of worship (Buddha, the Doctrine, the Clergy).

SITYGYL- / ШУТҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of sity-.

SITYLGE / ШУТЛЭГ



n. Faith, belief; object of worship.

šasin -- . Religion, faith.

SITYLGETEI / ШУТЛЭГТЭЙ



adj. Having a religion or faith.

SIU / ШУУ



See siy, 1.

SIUBING



. See šuubing.

SIUDAI / ШУУДАЙ



[= šudai, Ch. hsiao-tai 小袋] n. Bag, sack.

nige -- γulir. A sack of flour (usually about 100 lbs.).

SIUDAN / ШУУДАН



n. Postal service, post office.

-- baγudal. Postal station.

-- un daruγ-a. Postmaster.

-- u temdeg. Postage stamp.

-- u xorij-a. Post office.

-- u zarulγ-a. Postman, mail-carrier.

SIUDUU / ШУУДУУ



[= šuuduu, Ch. shui-tao 水道] n. Ditch, canal.

-- tataxu. To dig ditches.

γazar usulaxu -- . Irrigation ditch.

SIUKIRA- / ШУУХИРАХ



[= šuukira-] v. i. To snore.

SIUKIRAL / ШУУХИРАЛ



n. Snoring.

SIUVAN

[Ch. hsüan 壎] n. Musical wind instrument made of clay.

SIXA- / ШАХАХ

[= siγa-, 2] a) v.t. To press, squeeze, squash; to strain (by squeezing); to crowd; to oppress; to urge, force something upon somebody, to fatten for slaughter

bitegei namaji -- ! Don't press me! Don't push me!

tere namaji øri ben øg gezy --zu bain-a. He forces me to pay my debt.

tosu --xu. To press out the oil.

b) v.i. To approach, draw near.

--zu ireky To approach.

bailduγan tegysky dyr --zu bain-a. The war is drawing to an end.

edyr --zu bain-a. The date is approaching.

ykyky --xu. To be near death.

SIXACA- / ШАХЦАХ

v.i. To crowd, be pressed, squeeze in; to be perplexed.

SIXACAГDA- / ШАХЦАГДАХ

[v.pass. of sixaca-] To become embarrassed, confused, entangled.

SIXACAL / ШАХЦАЛ

n. The act of pressing, squeezing, pushing

SIXACALDU- / ШАХЦАЛДАХ

[v.rec. of sixaca-] Same as sixaldu-.

SIXACALDUГAN / ШАХЦАЛДААН

n. Crowd, throng, crush, jam.

SIXADASU(N) / ШАХТАС

n. Oil cake left after pressing beans.

SIXAГ / ШАХАГ

n. Container for gunpowder.

SIXAГ-A(N) / ШАХАА(Н)

n. Type of oath-taking which consists of a person's going under "unclean" objects (such as the underwear of a woman in her menstrual period) in order to prove his innocence.

SIXAГA- / ШАГААХ

[= siγa-, 3.] v.t. To peer, look intently or searchingly; to peep through; to take aim.

--zu xaraxu. To gaze, spy; to peep in or through.

--zu yzeky. To look or peep through (a door, window, chink).

SIXAГADA- / ШАХАГДАХ

[v.pass. of sixa-] v.i. To be under pressure, be pressed, squeezed, oppressed.

øri dyr --xu. To be burdened by debts

xabciγdan --xu. To be pressed, squeezed.

SIXAГU / ШАХУУ

[cf. sixam] adv. and adj. Almost, about, nearly; narrow, tight.

-- zam. Narrow passage, path.

arba -- zil. About ten years.

SIXAГUL- / ШАХУУЛАХ

v.caus. of sixa-.

SIXAГUR / ШАХУУР

n. Press; pump.

usun u --. Water pump.

SIXALCA- / ШАХАЛЦАХ

v.coop. of sixa-.

SIXALDU- / ШАХАЛДАХ

[v.rec. of sixa-.] v.i. To crowd, throng; to press each other.

SIXALDUГ-A(N) / ШАХАЛДАА

n. Jam, pressure, crush, throng.

SIXALDUГUL- / ШАХАЛДУУЛАХ

[v.caus. of sixaldu-] To press; to squeeze; to cram.

SIXALГ-A / ШАХЛАГА

n. The act of pressing, squeezing; clasp for holding hair together.

SIXAM / ШАХАМ

[cf. sixaγu] adv. Approximately, nearly, almost, around.

alda -- degesy. A cord or rope about an alda (q.v.) long.

sar-a -- bolba. It is almost a month (since).

SIXAMAL, 1. / ШАХМАЛ



[n.d. of sixa-] adj. and n. Pressed, squeezed; residue after pressing, squeezing. [Ri.] Fattened for slaughter (animal).

SIXAMAL, 2. / ШАХМАЛ



n. Grown-up boar.

SIXAMDA- / ШАХАМДАХ



v.i. To be pressed, squeezed, oppressed; to hurry, be in a hurry; to hasten; to be on the point or verge of.

unaxu --xu. To be on the point of falling, almost fall.

SIXUI / ШОХОЙ



[= šoxui = coxui] n. Lime, chalk.

-- jin cilaγu. Limestone.

γaldaγsan -- . Air-slaked lime, burned lime.

tygykel -- . Limestone; chalk-stone.

SIXUIDA- / ШОХОЙДОХ



[= šoxuida-] v.t. To plaster, stucco, parget, roughcast; to whitewash.

--γsan. Sclerotic.

--xu azilcin. Plasterer, pargeter.

SIXUU



Same as sixaγu.

SIY, 1. / ШҮҮ



[= siu, šau, šey, šou, l., Ch.hsiao 硝] n. Saltpeter nitre.

-- jin kycıl. Nitirc acid.

SIY, 2. / ШИҮҮ



Emphatic particle at the end of a statement having the meaning of "you know" or "is it not?"

SIZA / ШАЗ



n. Stewed meat. [Mo.] Broth made of the meat of a sheep, fox or wolf, which one forces down the throat of sick camels.

SIZALA- / ШАЗЛАХ



v.t. To boil until soft; to stew; to scald.

γar ijen --xu. To scald one's hands.

SIZIGINE-, 1. / ШИЖИГНЭХ



v.i. To hiss (as escaping air), flow out with a noise.

SIZIGINE-, 2. / ШИЖИГНЭХ



v.i. To get suddenly out of order; to be confused bewildered; to start (from fright, fear); to move quickly.

SIZILE-



v.t. To deceive, cheat, outwit.

SIZIM / ШИЖИМ



n. Cord, string, twine; fishing line; factor, condition.

-- un mori. Extra horse attached by a rope to a wagon to assist the harnessed horse to pull a heavy load.

-- xolbuγ-a. Connection.

cixula -- . A special factor or condition.

SIZIMCI / ШИЖИМЧ



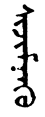
n. One who pulls a rope.

SIZIMLE-



See sizimne-.

SIZIMNE- / ШИЖИМНЭХ



[= sizimle-] v.t. To attach, fasten; to attach an extra horse to a wagon; to put a horse on a lead rope; to make cord, rope or string.

SIZING



Same as sigereng.

SIZIR, 1. / ШИЖИР



[indirectly fr. Gr. stater, name of a gold coin] n. and adj. Pure, refined [gold].

-- alta. Pure gold.

SIZIR, 2.



[AT 17] n. Happiness [?]

SIZIRLE- / ШИЖИРЛЭХ



v.t. To refine or purify gold.

SOB / СОВ



[= søb, sub] n. Otter.



SOBILA- / СУВИЛАХ
[= subila-] v.t. To take care of, look after, nurse.
--xu ebedcin. Illness requiring chiefly rest and nursing.
ebedcin --xu. To nurse to convalescence.



SOBILAGCI / СУВИЛАГЧ
[= subilaγci] n. Nurse.



SOBILAL / СУВИЛАЛ
n. Care, nursing.



SOBIN
n. Omen, sign.



SOCI-, etc. / СОЧИХ
See coci-, etc.



SOCIJALISM / СОЦИАЛИЗМ
[R. социализм] n. Socialism.



SOCIJALIST / СОЦИАЛИСТ
[R. социалист] n. Socialist
-- neigem. Socialist society.



SODU. / СОД
[= sotu, sutu] adj. Mighty, great.
-- boγda. Divine majesty.
-- mergen. Sagacious, sage.



SODU(N) СОД
n. Quill feathers of a bird's wing.



SOГ
-- zajaγ-a. Porcupine.



SOГSI-
See šoγsi-.



SOГSUI- / СОГСОЙХ
v.i. To sit idle; to stand up (of hair); to stick up or out.



SOГSURГ-A
n. Felt mat placed under the bedding.



SOГSUSKIN
-- bosxu. To stand up suddenly.





SOГTA-, etc.
See soγtu-, etc.



SOГTU - / СОГТОХ
[= soγta-] v.i. To be[come] drunk, intoxicated (also fig.); to be in rut, heat (of animals).
--γsan buγur-a. Camel in rut.
arikin dur --xu. Intoxicated with alcohol.



SOГTUГA- / СОГТООХ
[v.caus. of soγtu-] v.t. To intoxicate, inebriate, make drunk.



SOГTUГU / СОГТУУ
[= soγtaγu] adj. and n. Drunk, intoxicated, satiated; savage; drunkard, sot; in rut (of animals).
-- ber. In an intoxicated state.



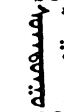
SOГTUГUL- / СОГТУУЛАХ
v.caus. of soγtu-.



SOГTUГURA- / СОГТУУРАХ
[= soγtaγura-] v.i. To begin to be intoxicated, get drunk; to feel tipsy; to be infatuated, obscured, dizzy.
bi --zu bain-a, odu uγuzu cidaxu ygei. I am beginning to feel tipsy, I cannot drink any more.



SOГTUГURAГUL- / СОГТУУРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of soγtuγura-.



SOГTUNGГUI / СОГТОНГУЙ
adj. and n. Drunk, intoxicated; drunkenness.



SOГTUNGГUIRA-
See soγtunggira-.



SOГTUNGГURA-
See soγtunggira-.



SOГTUNGGI / СОГТОНГИ
adj. Intoxicated, tipsy, drunk; in heat, in rut (of animals).



SOITUNGGIRA- / СОГТОНГИРОХ



[= soγtungγura-, soγtungγuira-] v.i. To become drunk, intoxicated, tipsy.

SOIU / СОГО



n. Female deer or maral.

SOIUCU



n. A kind of salt water fish.

SOIUD / СОГД



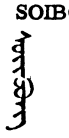
n.p. Sogdian.

SOI- / СОЙХ



v.t. To lay away for maturing or aging; to keep a horse tied up and on a special diet to prepare it for a race, to tie up a horse in the sun (in order to dry); to let a horse cool off; to put or keep somebody or something in a certain position or condition; to temper; to put on a diet.

SOIBONG / СОЙВОН



[T. bsohi dpon, "healing master"] n. [Mo.] Assistant to the chief physician in a monastery; head of a grand lama's staff.

SOIL- / СОЙЛОХ



v.i. To fly very high; to ascend; to gush forth, spout.

SOILG-A / СОЙЛГО



n. The act of soi-.

SOILGA- / СОЙЛГОХ



v. caus. of soi-.

SOILTA / СОЙЛТ



n. Safety-catch (of a gun); safety device.

SOIR, 1. / СОЙР



[Gu.] n. Coarse long hair which projects from the fur.

SOIR, 2. / СОЙР



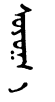
-- [sıbaγu] . Capercaillie. wood-grouse.

SOJU-



See suju-.

SOJUG-A / СОЁО



n. Eye-tooth, tusk; buck-tooth; fang; sprout, shoot, offshoot; horn needle or awl used for untying knots.

-- dabusu. Salt crystal.

-- møsy. Icicle.

-- segyl. Flourish, quirk in writing.

degedy --. Upper tusk[s].

γanγsan u --. A set of implements for cleaning a pipe consisting of a hook with a wire and a small cup.

zaγan u --. Elephant tusk, ivory.

SOJUGACI / СОЁОЧ



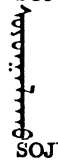
n. Worker in ivory.

zaγan u --. Worker in ivory.

SOJUGADA- / СОЁОДОХ

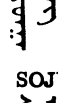
v.t. To wound with tusks; to untie a knot with an awl; to clean a pipe.

SOJUGALA- / СОЁОЛОХ



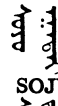
v.i. and t. Tu cut (of eye-teeth, fangs, etc.); to germinate, sprout, shoot; to use the sojuγ-a in cleaning the pipe, untying a knot, etc.

SOJUGALANG / СОЁОЛОН(Г)



n. and adj. Five-year-old [horse, ox]; three-year-old [sheep].

SOJUGATAI / СОЁОТОЙ



adj. Having tusks or fangs.

SOJUGATAN / СОЁОТОН



n. Beasts with tusks or fangs.

SOJUL, etc.



See sujul, etc.

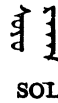
SOJURXA- / СОЁРХОХ



v.i. and t. To deign, condescend; to grant.

øggyn -- ! Deign to bestow! Please grant!

SOJURXAL / СОЁРХОЛ



n. The act of sojurxa- ; favor, kindness.

SOLAG



-- aγula. [Kaz.] Isolated mountain.

SOLANGГ-A
Same as solungγ-a, 1.

SOLBI- / СОЛВИХ
v.t. To place crosswise, cross (as legs); to clasp, join, close (as scissors).
køl ben --zu saγuxu. To sit cross-legged.

SOLBICA- / СОЛБИЦОХ
v.t. To place crosswise; to cross.
kymyn inaγsi cinaγsi --γad jabuzu bain-a. People are walking in both directions.

SOLBIГUR
n. Reel for winding thread.

SOLBIMAL / СОЛБИМОЛ
[n.d. of solbi-] adj. Folded or placed crosswise.

SOLBIN
-- nidytei. Cross-eyed.

SOLГU
See solungγus.

SOLГUUR / СОЛГУУР
n. Paint brush.

SOLI- / СОЛИХ
v.t. To change, exchange, interchange; to shift; to substitute; to mix, jumble.
--zu abxu. To get in exchange.
bicig --xu. To exchange documents.
ed i mal ijer --xu. To exchange goods for livestock.
nutuγ --xu. To migrate, change one's permanent residence.
tere ner-e ben batu gezy --ba. He changed his name to Batu.

SOLICA- / СОЛЬЦОХ
v.i. To be mixed, entangled, muddled, messed up; to mingle; to go in opposite directions (of two or more persons); to do something in shifts relieving each other.

SOLICAL / СОЛЬЦОЛ
n. The act or state of soli-.

SOLIГDA- / СОЛИГДОХ
[v. pass. of soli-] To be mixed, confused; to be put in disorder; to be changed.

SOLIГU / СОЛИУ
adj. and n. Violating the traditions or established rules; one who says absurdities, fool.

SOLIГURA- / СОЛИУРАХ
v.i. To violate tradition, established rules or order.

SOLIГUU
See oliγuu.

SOLIJ-A / СОЛИО
n. Exchange, barter, trade; interchange, change, rotation; (more frequently) confusion; madness, craziness.
-- olxu. To become crazy.
-- oruxu. To become crazy.

SOLIJARA- / СОЛИОРОХ
v.i. To become crazy; to be delirious; to act or speak without sense.
--zu ykyky. To die from madness.
bitegei -- ! Don't speak nonsense!

SOLIJATAI / СОЛИОТОЙ
adj. Mad, crazy; nonsensical, confused, mixed up.

SOLILCA- / СОЛИЛЦОХ
[v. coop. of soli-] To exchange, interchange, alternate.
nota bicig --xu. To exchange diplomatic notes.

SOLILCAГ-A / СОЛИЛЦОО
n. Change, exchange, interchange.
bodas un -- . Metabolism.

SOLILDU- / СОЛИЛДОХ
[v. rec. of soli-] To exchange; to mix up.

SOLIR / СОЛИР
n. Aerolite, meteor.
temyr -- . Meteorite consisting of iron.

SOLIU
See oliu.

SOLUΓAI / СОЛГОЙ

adj. and n. Left side or hand; left-handed; awkward; wrong, faulty.
-- ajalγu. Off pitch.
-- γar. Left hand.
-- jabudal. Wrong action; reprehensible action.
-- xoγulai. Off tune, off pitch (of voice).

SOLUΓAIBCILA- / СОЛГОЙВЧЛОХ

v.i. To use one's left hand.

SOLUΓAIDA- / СОЛГОЙДОХ

v.i. To do a thing contrary to custom; to do a thing with the left hand.

SOLUΓAIΓAR / СОЛГОЙГООР

[= soluγai + ber] adv. Left-handedly, awkwardly; wrongly.

SOLUN / СОЛОН

n. The Solons, a nomadic hunting tribe on the Upper Amur.

SOLUNGΓ-A, 1. / СОЛОНГО

n. Rainbow.
-- tataba. A rainbow appeared.

SOLUNGΓ-A, 2. / СОЛОНГО

n. Siberian marten; weasel.
turuγ -- . Kind of marten (Mustela sibirica).

SOLUNGΓADA- / СОЛОНГОТОХ

v.i. For a rainbow to appear.
tngri --ba. A rainbow appeared in the sky.

SOLUNGΓU

Same as olungγ-a, 1.

SOLUNGΓUS / СОЛОНГОС

[= solγu] adj. and n. Korea, Korean.

SOLZIGIR / СОЛЖГИР

See solzir.

SOLZIR / СОЛЖИР

[= solzigir] adj. and n. Asymmetrical, disproportioned (of objects which come in pairs).
-- eber. Disproportioned, odd horns (of bovine animals).

SOMU

n. Stack, rick.

SOMU-

[= somuda-] v.t. To stack, rick (as hay).

SOMUDA-

See somu-.

SONDAΓ / СОНДОГ

n. Small hill of clay with steep slopes and shrubbery on top (frequent in dry river beds in the Gobi). Same as tabucuγ.

SONDUΓAI / СОНДГОЙ

adj. [Ri.] Odd (of numbers).
-- dørbelzin. [Gu.] Parallelogram.

SONDUR / СОНДОР

n. Necklace, glass beads.

SONDURLA- / СОНДОРЛОХ

v.t. To ornament the neck.

SONDUU / СОНДУУ

[= sunduu] n. Thorn, spine; a thorny bush; kind of a plant with thorny or prickly fruits.

SONDUUTAI / СОНДУУТАЙ

[= sunduutu] adj. Thorny.

SONGDUΓUL / СОНДУУЛ

[= sungduγul] n. Knoll, small dune.

SONGΓU- / СОНГОХ

v.t. To choose, elect, select; to poll, ballot, vote.
--xu erke. The right to vote, suffrage.
--xu sǫngγuγdaxu erke. Active and passive suffrage.
--zu abxu. To select, choose.
dakin --xu. To re-elect.
daruγ-a dur --xu. To elect as chief.
sinecilen --xu. To re-elect.

SONGΓUDAΓ / СОНГОДОГ

adj. Choice, exquisite, the very best.

SONGΓUDAL / СОНГОДОЛ

n. Choice.

SONGГUГCI / СОНГОГЧ

n. Elector, voter.

SONGГUГDA- / СОНГОГДОХ

[v. pass. of songγu-] To be elected.
--xu erke. The right to be elected.

SONGГUГUL- / СОНГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of songγu-.

SONGГUГULI / СОНГУУЛЬ

[= songγulta] n. Election.
-- dur oruxu. To run for election.
-- jin. Elective.
-- jin erke. The right to vote, suffrage.
-- jin xauli. Election law.
-- jin kampani. Election campaign.
-- kiky. To elect.

SONGГULTA / СОНГОЛТ

See songγuγuli.

SONGГUMAL / СОНГОМОЛ

[n.d. of songγu-] adj. Chosen, elected, exquisite, choice, picked, selected.
-- zokial. Selected works, anthology.

SONGGIN-A / СОНГИНО

n. Onion.
usun -- . Water onion.
zerlig -- . Wild onion, Allium altaicum; wild chives.

SONGZIГURI

See sonziγuri.

SONICI / СОНИЧ

n. Curious, inquisitive.

SONIN / СОНИН

a) adj. Interesting; puzzling; strange, outlandish.
-- kereg. Strange affair, a puzzling matter.
-- kymyn. Strange person.
-- saixan. Interesting, marvelous.
-- [saixan] jaγu bain a ? What is new ?
-- xacin. Interesting and unusual.
-- zyil. Interesting items or news.

b) n. News; newspaper.
-- [bicig]. Newspaper, gazette.
-- γarγaxu. To publish a newspaper.
-- sedkyl. Newspaper, magazine; periodical press.
-- u surbulzilaγci. Correspondent, reporter.
-- u xorij-a. Newspaper office.
orun nutuγ un -- . Local newspaper.
tøb yn -- . National or metropolitan newspaper.
xan-a jin -- . Broadside newspaper handwritten or typewritten and published by the staff of an organization, factory, etc., containing local news, criticism, etc.

SONIRXA- / СОНИРХОХ

v. i. To find pleasure, enjoyment, or interest in, be interested; to be curious, inquisitive; to be amazed.
--n yzeky. To follow, watch with interest.
onculiγ --xu. To be particularly interested in.
ta egyn i --xu maγad ygei. You might be interested in this.

SONIRXAГ / СОНИРХОГ

adj. Interested, curious, inquisitive.

SONIRXAГUL- / СОНИРХУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of sonirxa-] To interest, arouse or spread interest.

SONIRXAL / СОНИРХОЛ

n. Interest, attention.
-- i ørnigylky. To develop or increase interest.
-- i tataxu. To arouse or attract interest.
dur-a -- . Interest.

SONIRXALTAI / СОНИРХОЛТОЙ

[= sonirxaltu] adj. Interesting, noteworthy, curious.
-- nom. Interesting or entertaining book .

SONIRXALTU

See sonirxaltai.

SONIRXUU

Same as sonirxaγ.

SONU / СОНО

n. Gadfly, horsefly.

SONUBTUR



n. Plume or tuft of hair on a helmet.

SONUMSAR / СОНОМСОР



[= sonumsur] adj. Intelligent, clever; alert.

SONUMSUR



See sonumsar.

SONUR / СОНОР



n. and adj. Hearing; the quality of hearing well; ears (hon.); possessing good hearing, having fine ears; sounding clear; the hammer bone (malleus) of the inner ear. (Such bones of animals are worn by babies and little children as a charm against forgetfulness).

-- seremzi. Vigilance, alertness.

-- ty kyrgeky. To bring to one's notice or attention.

SONURTAГUL- / СОНОРДУУЛАХ



v.t. (epist. style) To beg to report.

--xu anu. I beg to report that ...

SONUS- / СОНСОХ



v.t. To hear, listen; to obey, yield to advice.

--cu abxu. To listen to.

--xu erketen. The organs of audition.

iledkel [i] --xu. To listen to a report.

yly -- . Not to listen to; to disobey.

zakiruly-a ji --xu. To heed orders.

zarliy i --xu. To obey an order.

SONUSBURI / СОНСВОР



n. Hearsay, rumor, tradition.

SONUSTA- / СОНСДОХ



[= sonusuyda- , v.pass. of sonus- To be[come] heard or audible; to resound; to become known.

cimadu jayum-a -- bau? Have you heard anything?

eb ygei --xu. To sound disagreeable.

mongyul yge sig --xu ygei. Does not sound like a Mongol word.

SONUSUГCI / СОНСОГЧ



n. Listener; audience.

SONUSUГDA- / СОНСОГДОХ



See sonusta-.

SONUSUL / СОНСОЛ



n. The act of hearing.

SONUSULГ-A / СОНСЛОГО



n. The act of hearing.

SONUSULTAI / СОНСОЛТОЙ



adj. Worth being heard; agreeable to the ear.

SONUSXA- / СОНСГОХ



[v.caus. of sonus-] v.t. To cause to hear; to bring to one's notice, inform, announce.

SONUSXAL / СОНСГОЛ



n. Report, notice, announcement.

SONUSXULANG



n. Sound; rumor; glory, fame; euphony.

-- yge. Agreeable word or speech.

SONZI- / СОНЖИХ



v.t. To calumniate, blame, censure; to dishonor, defame; to make a laughingstock of, deride.

SONZIГURI / СОНЖУУР

[= songziyuri] n. Shame, infamy, defamation, disgrace.

SONZIГURILA- / СОНЖУУРЛАХ



v.t. To calumniate, dishonor, slander; to despise; to make ashamed.

SONZIL / СОНЖИЛ



n. The act of dishonoring or calumniating; raillery, mockery, calumny.

SONZIRAГUL- / СОНЖРУУЛАХ



v.t. To delay, put off.

SOR, 1. / СОР



n. Tip of fur, wool, or grass, esp. grey or silvery tips of fur.

SOR, 2. / СОР



[T. zor, "sickle"] n. A representation of a human skull made of dough and set upon a pyramidal substructure of stalks of

grain to which red jagged paper streamers representing flames are attached; it is from one to two feet high, painted red and burned in certain lamaistic purification ceremonies ; also the name of the ceremony.

-- xajaxu. To throw a "sor" into a bonfire.


SOR-

See soru-.


SORBI / СОРВИ, СОРИВ

n. Scar, cicatrice, mark (of a wound, smallpox).


SORBID- / СОРВИТОХ

v.i. To have the marks or scars of a wound, injury, or smallpox.


SORBITAI / СОРВИТОЙ

[= sorbitu] adj. Having a scar; scarred; marred.


SORBITU

See sorbitai.


SORГUГ / СОРГОГ

adj. Sensitive, delicate, vigilant; ferocious, wild (of domestic animals).

-- xabar. Sensitive nose.


SORГUГLA- / СОРГОГЛОХ

v.i. To be sensitive, delicate; to be vigilant; to be wild, ferocious (of domestic animals).


SORI- / СОРИХ

v.t. To try out, test, examine.

kycyn i --xu. To try out, test sombody's strength.

mori --xu. To try out a horse; to prepare a horse for a journey or a race.

yn-e --xu. To inquire about the price.

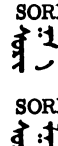
SORICA / СОРЬЦ

n. Probe, examination.

jiren zirγuduγar -- jin alta. 24 carat gold.


SORIГ-A / СОРИГОО

n. Trial, test, testing.


SORILГ-A / СОРИЛГО

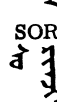
n. Trial, test, testing.


SORINCĂ(N)

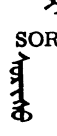
See sorunza(n).


SORINZA(N)

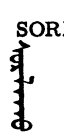
See sorunza(n).


SORINZI(N)

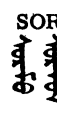
See sorunza(n).


SORISU / СОРЬС

n. Wild leek, the dried flowers of which are eaten.


SORLA- / СОРЛО́Х

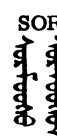
v.t. To comb out or trim the long hair of fur or wool; to decorate a horse' s mane.


SORMU(N)

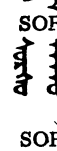
n. Beard or awn of an ear of grain; long hair of goats.


SORMUSU(N)

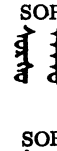
[= sormuusu(n)] n. Eyelash.


SORMUUSU(N) / СОРМУУС

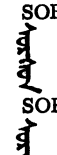
See sormusu(n).


SORSULA-, 1.

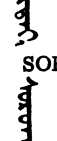
v.t. To tan deerskin.


SORSULA-, 2.

--γsan elige. Sheep or deer liver cut into pieces and broiled in the epiploon.


SORSUN / СОРСОН

n. Winter fur of an antelope; deerskin.


SORTAI / СОРТОЙ

adj. Having fine tips. See sor, 1.


SORU- / СОРОХ

[= sor-] v.t. To suck in, draw in, imbibe, inhale, absorb; to suck out; to attract (as a loadstone).

--xu kycy. Gravity, gravitation.

--xu mølziky. To exploit human beings.

soruγul ijer --xu. To suck or inhale through a tube, straw, etc.

tamaki --n uγuxu. To smoke tobacco.

SORUГUL / СОРУУЛ

n. Tube, syringe; drinking straw; suction cup.

SORUMU / СОРОМ

adj. Blind; light-hearted; unbalanced.

SORUNCA(N)

See sorunza(n).

SORUNCI(N)

See sorunza(n).

SORUNZA(N) / СОРОНЗ

[= sorinzi(n), sorinza(n), sorinca(n), sorunca(n), sorunci(n)] n. Magnet.
-- gyry. Lodestone.
-- tuil. Magnetic pole.
-- u kycy. Magnetism.
cakilγan --. Electromagnet.

SORUNZADA- / СОРОНЗДОХ

v.t. To magnetize.

SORZIGINA-

v.i. To make a rustling sound (as of patting rain).

SOTU

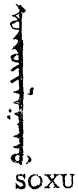
See sodu.

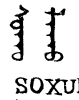
SOUR

n. Roots of horns.

SOXUI- / СОХОЙУ

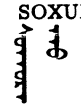
v.i. To be[come] blind (used as an invective)
--γsan soxur. An invective used in reference to a blind person.

SOXUILГA- / СОХОЙЛГОХ

[v. caus. of soxui-] To close or squint one's eyes.
nige nidy ben --xu. To close or squint one eye (impolite).

SOXULA- / СОХЛОХ

v.t. To [make] blind.

SOXUR / СОХОР

adj. Blind.
-- balai. Ignorant, illiterate.
-- gedesy. Vermiform appendix.
-- ijer. Blindly.
-- samur. Empty nutshell.
-- sysyg. Blind faith, superstition.
-- tørygsen. Born blind.
-- zegyy. Pin ("blind needle," i.e. without a hole).
-- zoγus. Chinese cash, copper coin (hist., Chinese coin with a hole in the center).
nada -- zoγus cu baixu ygei! I don't even have a penny!

SOXURA- / СОХРОХ

v.i. To become blind; to be extinguished, go out (as fire, light).

SOXURDA- / СОХОРДОХ

v.i. To be blind (also fig.); to blunder.

SØB / СӨВ

See sob.

SØBEGE / СӨВӨӨ

See sybege.

SØDY / СӨД

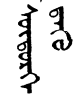
n. Sanguisorbá officinalis (plant).

SØDYLGE / СӨДЛӨГ

n. Detour, roundabout way.

SØDYRGE / СӨДРӨГ

n. Hoof disease.

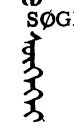
SØDYRGEDE- / СӨДРӨГДӨХ

v.i. To develop hoof disease.

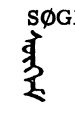
SØGE- / СӨӨХ

v.i. To become hoarse or husky.

SØGEGE-

v.t. To blame, call names, curse; to offend, injure; to trouble.

SØGEKEI

n. Shoe with a vamp reaching to the ankle bone (Chakhar dialect).

SØGEM / СӨӨМ

See søgym.

SØGENGGI / cөөнгө

adj. Hoarse, husky.

-- dayu. Hoarse or husky voice.

SØGEREGYY

Same as sørgyy.

SØGYD- / cөгтөх

v.i. To kneel down.

--cy mørgyky. To kneel down and prostrate oneself.

SØGYDKE- / cөгттөх

v. caus. of søgyd-.

SØGYM / cөөм

[= søgem] n. Span (the distance from the tip of the thumb to the tip of the index finger when stretched.

muxur -- . Short span (from the tip of the thumb to the base of the second joint of the index finger when stretched).

SØGYMLE- / cөөмлөх

[= søgymne-] v.t. To measure by spans.

SØGYMNE- / cөөмнөх

See søgymle-.

SØKE- / cөхөх

See seky-.

SØKY / cөх

n. Snowdrift; hard crust on snow or ground.

SØLER / cөлөр

adj. Weak-mouthed, docile (horse).

ama -- . Weak-mouthed, docile (horse).

SØLILZE- / cөлилзөх

v.i. To jerk the head up and down; to be weak-mouthed (of a horse).

SØLSY(N) / cөс

See søsy(n).

SØLY / cөл

n. [Go.] Rue, Ruta graveolens (Ch . yün-hsiang

芸香). [Ri.] Autumn grass which has not turned yellow.

SØLYLE- / cөллөх

[Ri.] To eat grass which has remained green in autumn.

SØLYR / cөлөр

[= sylyr] adj. and n. Bending backward (as a bow); one who throws back his head.

SØLYRTE- / cөлөрдөх

v i. To throw back one's head; to bend backward; to go or act contrary to the custom.

SØMBER

See symer.

SØMESY(N) / cөмс

[= sømysy(n)] n. Infusion of herbs, tisane, decoction; water in which millet or rice has been boiled.

SØMYRE-

Same as cømyre-.

SØMYSY(N)

See sømesy(n).

SØNDYLGE

n Stream, brook.

SØNG, 1. / cөнг

n. Small pieces of ice in a river; ice floe[s].

-- møsy. Ice floating in a river.

SØNG, 2. / cөн

n. Kumiss or wine prepared for a banquet or festival.

-- sayulyaxu. To seat guests at table.

SØNGCI / cөнч

n. Person in charge of wine at a banquet or festival.

SØNGNE- / cөгнөх

v.t. To offer or pour wine or kumiss at a banquet or festival.

SØNGTE- / СӨНТӨХ
v.i. To be covered with ice floes.

SØNI / ШӨНӨ
n. and adj. Night, at night.
-- bolxu. Night falls.
-- dumda. Midnight; at midnight.
-- dyliky = sønidele-. To spend the night doing something; to continue all night

SØNID / СӨНИД
[= synid] n. Sunid, two of the westernmost banners (divided into West and East) of the Sili jin γoul League of Inner Mongolia.

SØNIDELE- / ШӨНӨДЛӨХ
See søni dyli-.

SØNILE- / ШӨНӨЛӨХ
v.i. To spend the night in some activity.

SØNY- / СӨНӨХ
v.i. To be extinguished, go out (of fire); to perish, be exterminated, annihilated; to end, cease to be, disappear.
--gsen γaltu aγula. Extinct volcano.
--zy møkyky. To perish.

SØNYGE- / СӨНӨӨХ
[v.caus. of søny-] To extinguish a fire; to exterminate, annihilate, destroy, extirpate.
γal --ky. To extinguish a fire.

SØNYGEGCI / СӨНӨӨГЧ
adj. and n. Destroying; destroyer.

SØNYGEL / СӨНӨӨЛ
n. The act of sønyge-.

SØNYGELTE / СӨНӨӨЛТ
n. Destruction, annihilation.

SØNYL / СӨНӨЛ
n. The act or state of søny-.

SØR-, 1. / СӨРӨХ
v.i. To move in a contrary direction, go against the wind or current; to resist, be opposed, be against.
--ky sula yge. Negative particle (gram.).
salkin --ču jabuxu. To go or travel against the wind.

SØR-, 2. / СӨРӨХ
v.i. To chap, crack (of the skin).
γar --ky. To develop hangnails; for the hands to become chapped or cracked.

SØRGE- / СӨРГӨХ
[v.caus. of sør-] v.t. To oppose, be against.
ysy --ky. To stroke hair the wrong way.

SØRGYLE- / СӨРҮҮЛЭХ
v.t. To resist, oppose; to disobey; to move in a contrary direction.

SØRGYY / СӨРГҮҮ, СӨРХҮҮ
adj. and adv. Who resists, opposes; disobedient, unruly; contrary, adverse.
-- eteged. Opponent[s]; opposition, adverse side.

SØRY, 1. / СӨР
n. Support, prop, trellis (for flowers, vines, trees); small mound in front of the wind horse (kei mori, q.v.), which serves as an altar.

SØRY, 2. / СӨР
See møry(n).

SØRYBKILE-
v.t. To raid, make an incursion.

SØRYL / СӨРӨЛ
n. Resistance, obstinacy, disobedience.

SØRYLE- / СӨРЛӨХ
v.t. To prop (as weak plants).

SØRYLGE / СӨРЛӨГ
n. The act of sor-; defense fortification against arrows (obs.).

SØSY(N) / СӨС
[= sølsy(n)] n. Bile, gall.
-- jeke. Daring, brave, "having the nerve to."
-- kemkereky. To be terrified.
--n y ebedcin. Jaundice.
-- ygei. Coward.
-- ygei amitan. A coward.

SPORT / СПОРТ
[R. спорт, E. sport] n. Sport.

S.S.S.R. / СССР
n.p. U.S.S.R.

STANZA / СТАНЦ
[R. станция] n. Station.

STENOGRAFI / СТЕНОГРАФИ
[R. стенография] n. Shorthand, stenography.

SUB
-- [xaliγu] See sob.

SUBA
See cuba.

SUBA-
See subu-.

SUBAD
See subud.

SUBAГ / СУВАГ
n. Ditch, trench, canal. [Mo.] Narrow, long swampy depression with tufted grass.
tatamal --. Canal.
usun --. Canal.

SUBAГAN
See sumaγan.

SUBAГLA-, 1. / СУВАГЛАХ
v.t. To dig a ditch, trench, or canal.

SUBAГLA-, 2. / СУВАГЛАХ
v.i. To be frozen on both banks (of a river).

SUBAI / СУВАЙ
adj. Female animal (cow, mare, etc.) which has not borne a foal (or calf) during the year.
-- ynij-e. A cow which is expected to have a calf in a given year but does not.

SUBAINGГU
adj. Long, stretched; oblong.

SUBAIRA- / СУВАЙРАХ
v.i. To be without young this year.

SUBAKITA
See subasita.

SUBASITA
[= subakıta, S. subhashita] adj. Edifying, instructive; eloquent, fluent.

SUBASU
Same as subsu.

SUBI-
See subu-.

SUBILA-
See sobila-.

SUBILAГCI
See sobilaγci.

SUBIR
sabir --. Same as siber šabir.

SUBSAГ
See subasu.

SUBSARA- / СУВСРАХ
v.i. To become weak (of brandy, see subsu).

SUBSU / СУВС
n. Weak brandy (the last of the liquor distilled from airaγ, q.v.).

SUBU- / СУВАХ
[= suba-, subi-] v.t. To stretch; to unravel, unstring; to clean.
ungγasun --xu. To clean wool.

SUBUD / СУВД
[= subad] n. Pearl.

SUBUN
Same as cubun.

SUBUR- / СУВРАХ
v.i. To come down in drops or single grains; to trickle; to move one after another in single file.

SUBURГ-A(N) / СУВРАГА
[fr. Sogdian] n. Stupa, pagoda; tomb, sepulchre (for dignitaries, esp. clergymen) in the shape of a stupa.

SUBURГA- / СУВРААХ



v. caus. of subur-.

SUBURГALA- / СУВРАГАЛАХ



v.i. and t. To rise or appear like a stupa, rise in a straight line to considerable hight (smoke or trees); to construct a stupa; to enshrine the ashes of a high lama or dignitary in a stupa.

šaril i --xu. To enshrine relics in a stupa.

SUBURLIГ



adj. Long, oblong, stretched.

SUBUSUN



Same as subud.

SUBUZI / СУВЖ



[= suγuci] n. Liver roasted in the peritoneum.

SUBXURA-



v.i. To jump, leap.

SUDAI



n. Thick fold of skin hanging from the throat of cattle, dewlap.

SUDAL / СУДАЛ



n. Anything running through something else; vein, artery, pulse; rings of a tree; lode (deposit of mineral); ridge; stripe, strip; hollow, dell, coomb.

-- barixu. To take the pulse.

-- tataxu. To leave or make a linear trace or design.

-- un zanggij-a. Node of a vein.

aγula jin --. Mountain ridge.

modun -- Annual rings of a tree.

ulaγan --. Artery.

SUDALTAI / СУДАЛТАЙ



adj. Having veins, arteries, wrinkles, lines, etc.

SUDASU(N) / СУДАС



n. Vein, artery.

kei --. Nerve, esp. in T. "magical" medicine.

køke --. Vein.

SUDU



n. Long feather, plume.

SUDUL- / СУДЛАХ



v.t. To study, do research.

--un sinzileky. To study, investigate, search into.

dorunadakin i --xu uxaγan. Oriental studies.

γazar orun i --xu uxaγan. Area studies.

SUDULI



n. Wild garlic.

SUDULUL / СУДЛАЛ



n. Study, research.

SUDUR / СУДАР



[S. Sūtra] n. Sutra (class of chiefly Buddhist texts); book; textbook; chronicle.

-- un duγtui. Case for a book. (Ch. t'ao 套 han 函).

bicimel --. Manuscript.

darumal --. Printed book.

SUDURCI(N) / СУДАРЧ



n. One devoted to the study of the Buddhist sutras, sutra scholar.

SUDURCILA- / СУДАРЧЛАХ



v.t. To study the sutras, teach according to the sutras.

SUDURLA- / СУДАРЛАХ



v.t. To arrange paper in form of a sudur (q.v.); to compile a chronicle.

SUГSUR- / СУГСРАХ



v.t. To shake off (e.g. something from the sleeve); to pull severely. [Ri.] To apply artificial respiration.

SUГU(N), 1. / СУГА



[= suu, 2.] n. Armpit; long and narrow depression in the terrain.

-- tajaγ. Crutch.



aγula yin --. Space, passage or gap between two mountains.

SUГU, 2. / СУГА



Adverbial particle expressive of a sudden jerky movement.

-- tataxu. To pull out with a jerk, jerk out.

SUГUBCI / СУГАВЧ



n. Part of a cuirass under the arm; armhole pad;

quantity or portion that can be carried under the arm.
nige -- tylij-e. The amount of firewood one can carry under his arm.

SUГUBCILA- / СУГАВЧЛАХ
v.t. To hold or carry under the arm.

SUГUBCILAГUR / СУГАВЧЛУУР
n. Ornament for the arm; charms of precious stones.

SUГUCI
See subuzi.

SUГUCI- / СУГАЧИХ
v.t. To pull or pluck out.

SUГUD
adv. foll. adj. Somewhat, quite; like, as, similar. Cf. siγ.
baγ-a -- . Quite small.
eregyl -- . Quite healthy.

SUГUD-
Same as suγul-.

SUГUDA- / СУГАДАХ
v.t. To carry under the armpit; to seize or to support by the armpit.

SUГUL- / СУГАЛАХ
[= zuγul-] v.t. To pull out, pluck out, draw out; to draw in a lottery.
--zu abxu. To draw out, pull out.
selem-e ben --xu. To unsheathe, draw one's sword.
tatan --xu. To pull out, drag out, draw out.

SUГULГ-A / СУГАЛАА
n. Drawing in a lottery, lottery ticket; lot.
-- tataxu. To draw in a lottery, draw a lot.
xongziburitai -- . A lottery with prizes.

SUГULГUR / СУГАЛУУР
n. Corkscrew.

SUГULI- / СУУЛИХ
v.t. To put under the belt; to attach to the belt (as an arrow, etc.); to put one's hand into an opening in order to get something out.

SUГULUГUL- / СУГАЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of suγul-.

SUГUM, etc.
See siγum, etc.

SUГUNAГ / СУУНАГ
[= sunaγ, suunaγ] n. Column of smoke.
-- odun. Shooting star.
køke -- . Column of blue smoke.

SUГUNAГLA- / СУУНАГЛАХ, СУГАНАГЛАХ
v.i. To rise in a column (as smoke).

SUГURA- / СУГАРАХ
v.i. To come off; to slip out or off.
mori terigylezy --xu. To gain on others in a horse race.

SUГURГ-A
See cuγurγ-a.

SUГURXAI / СУГАРХАЙ
adj. Which has slipped out or come off.

SUГUSKI- / СУГАСХИЙХ
[--ky] v.i. To break loose, get free, slip out.
--n γarxu. To break loose.

SUI
Same as syi.

SUIDUГUR
adj. Limping.

SUIDULZA-
v.i. To limp slightly.

SUIX-A / СУЙХ
n. Kind of absinthium, wormood.
-- cilaγun. Asbestos, amianthus.

SUJALZA-
v.i. To sway, bend.

SUJU- / СОЁХ
v. i. To become cultured, civilized; to improve; to be enlightened.
--γsan ulus. Cultured nation.
--n geigyleky. To enlighten.

SUJUL / СОЁЛ

n. Instruction; culture, civilization; education; enlightenment.
-- badarayulxu. To spread culture; to civilize.
-- bolbasural. Culture, civilization, cultural level.
-- bolbasura i debsigylky. To raise the cultural level.
-- gegerel. Culture, civilization.
-- un. Cultural.

SUJULCI / СОЁЛЧ

n. Promoter of culture.

SUKAR-A / СУГАР

[S. çukra] n. The planet Venus; Friday (obs.).

SUKAVATI

[S. sukhāvatī] n. Name of the Western paradise presided over by the Buddha Abida (Amitābha) .

SULA / СУЛ

adj. Loose, free; vacant, empty, unoccupied; idle; poor, weak (of mental capacity).
-- arad. Common people.
-- bolxu. To become free, loose, idle.
-- ber. Emptily, without a load; without a consequence.
-- caling. Pension.
-- yazar. Vacant lot; unoccupied place.
-- kymyn. Idler, loafer; person without employment.
-- øgky. To sell at cut rates.
-- said. Minister without portfolio.
-- sirui. Friable soil, loose soil.
-- surulyatai ojutan. A lazy or backward student.
-- talbixu. To set free, deliver, release, let loose.
-- teyke. Unofficial history.
-- yge. Idle talk, gossip; scandal; grammatical particle.
-- zogsu ! Stand at ease!
ama -- . Person with a loose tongue.

SULABTUR / СУЛАВТАР

adj. Somewhat loose, rather weak.
-- cai. Rather weak tea.

SULAD- / СУЛДАХ

v.i. To be weak, light, insufficient (in discipline, strength, flavor, etc.).
kycyn --xu. To be too weak, not strong enough (as medicine, drink); to be[come] lax (as discipline).

SULADAI- / СУЛДАЙХ

[= suldai-] v.i. To become weak and tired; to relax; to droop.

SULADXA- / СУЛГАХ

[v.caus. of sulad-] v.t. To loosen, weaken, slacken; to empty.
--n bayurayulxu. To weaken, paralyze.

SULADXAL / СУЛГАЛ

n. Weakening; liberation, freeing.

SULALA- / СУЛЛАХ

v.t. To vacate, empty; to free. [Mo.] v.i. To become free from one's fetters.
--n yaryaxu. To vacate, empty.
ger --zu øgky. To vacate a room or a house for somebody else.

SULARA- / СУЛРАХ

v.i. To become loose or weak; to feel weak or exhausted.
bej-e --xu. To become weak (of body).
josu --xu. To become loose, slack (of discipline, manners).
kycy --xu. To weaken; to become loose (of strength).

SULARAGUL- / СУЛРУУЛАХ

[v.caus. of sulara-] v.t. To weaken, loosen.
bailduyan u kycyn i --xu. To weaken the fighting power.

SULARAL[TA] / СУЛРАЛ(Т)

n. Weakening, loosening; relaxing.

SULAXAN / СУЛХАН

adj. Loose, lax; soft, friable, mellow; weak.
-- ariki. Weak liquor.
-- dayuu ber jarixu. To speak in a low or soft voice.
-- sanayatai . Softhearted.
-- xoyulai . Feeble or soft voice.

SULBAR



See salbar.

SULDAI-



See suladai-.

SULI / СУЛЬ



n. [Ri.] Steppe feather grass.
caγan -- . [Gr.] Elymus giganteus .
xar-a -- . [Gr.] Psammochloa villosa.

SULTAN



[Ar. sultān] n. Sultan.

SUMAГAN / СУМГАН



[= subaγan] adj. Oblong, oval.

SUMAJ-A



Same as sumij-a.

SUMAL / СУМАЛ



n. Oblong bag or sack.

SUMARANÇA / СУМРААЗ



n. Hempseed.

SUMIJ-A / СУМЪЯА



[S. saumya, "belonging to the moon"] n. Moon; Monday (obs.).

SUMPAN



[Ch. suan-p'an kê-ta 算盤格搭] . n. Knot on top of a Mongolian cap.

SUMU(N) / СУМ(АН)



n. a) Missile; arrow, bullet; shot; ammunition.
-- dabaxu. The bullet or arrow flies above the target.
-- modu. Logwood, Brazil-wood.
--n ongγuca. Little boat made from a single trunk; dugout boat, canoe.
--n u bortuγu. Cartridge case.
--n u γuγursu. Cartridge.
--n u kebteri. Bullet mould.
-- siryuxu. The bullet or arrow goes below the target.
cakilγan u -- . Thunderbolt, lightning; fulgurite (geol.).
b) District (administrative unit), a subdivision of an aimaγ (formerly consisting of 150 soldiers with families).

--n u zakiryγ-a. "Sumun" administration.
--n u zanggi. Head of a sumun. See also c).
c) Military unit: squadron, company.
--n daruγ-a. Company commander, captain.
--n u zanggi. Company commander (hist., Manchu milit. system). See also b).

SUMUCI / СУМЧ



n. Fletcher; maker of bullets.
-- jin kituγ-a. Fletcher's knife.

SUMULA- / СУМЛАХ



v.t. To load a firearm.
buu -- . To load a firearm.

SUMUR



Same as symer.

SUN -



Same as sunu-.

SUNAГ, etc.



See suγunaγ, etc.

SUNAR-A



[Ko.] n. A medicinal plant (Ch. ming-che-ts'ai 茗菲菜).

SUNBASI



[Ko.] n. Deer's head worn as a decoy in hunting deer.

SUNDALA- / СУНДЛАХ



[= sundula-] v.t. and i. To ride on a horse, bicycle, or motorcycle sitting behind the rider; to give somebody a ride behind or in front on the same horse, etc.

SUNDALAГUL- / СУНДЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of sundala-.

SUNDASU / СУНДАС



n. Female elk or deer.

SUNDULA-



See sundala-.

SUNDUU / СУНДУУ



See sonduu.
yker -- , Acacia.

SUNG-

Same as sunu-.

SUNGDUΓUL / СУНДУУЛ

See songduγul.

SUNGΓA- / СУНГАХ

See sunuγa-.

SUNIJA- / СУНИАХ

v.i. To stretch oneself, stretch one's arms and legs.

bej-e ben --xu. To stretch oneself.

SUNIJAL

n. The act of sunija-.

SUNU- / СУНАХ

v.i. To stretch, extend, lengthen.

--zu kebteky. To lie stretched out.

SUNUΓA- / СУНААХ

[= sungγa-, v. caus. of sunu-] v.t. To extend, stretch, lengthen.

γar --xu. To extend the hand[s].

uruγul ijen --xu. To pout one's lips, as in displeasure.

xuγucaγ-a ji --xu. To extend the term or the deadline.

SUNUL / СУНАЛ

n. The act of sunu-.

SUNUMAL / СУНАМАЛ

[n. d. of sunu-] adj. Extended, spread, stretched.

SUNZI

adj. Far, distant.

SUNZURA-

v.i. To move away, be[come] far or distant.

SUR / СУР

n. Leather strap, leather band; archer's target.

-- byse. Leather belt.

-- xarbuxu. To shoot with bow and arrow; to practice archery.

SUR- / СУРАХ

v.t. To learn, study; to be accustomed; to ask, inquire.

--uγsan. Accustomed to, skilled in, inured to.

--uγsan azil. Familiar work.

--xu bicig. Textbook, manual, schoolbook, reader

daγan --xu. To learn by following an example; to study under.

saγuzu --uγsan nutuγ. The country to which one is accustomed, to which one has become acclimatized.

xalaγun γazar tur --uγsan kymyn. Person who is accustomed to a hot climate.

zam --xu. To ask the way or direction.

SURA-

v.t. and i. To inquire, interrogate; to ask in marriage.

SURAΓ / СУРАГ

[= suruγ] n. News, rumor, information.

-- cimege. News, information.

-- γarxu. For a rumor to arise.

-- kele. News, information, word.

-- talbixu. To pass the word around that certain information is desired (as about a lost animal, etc.).

-- tanuγ. Information, news.

-- tanuγ ygei No information.

SURAΓLA- / СУРАГЛАХ

v.t. To make inquiries, find out, gather information.

aldaγsan mal ijen --n jabuxu. To go around inquiring about a lost animal.

SURAΓLAL / СУРАГЛАЛ

n. The act of making inquiries, informing oneself.

SURBULZI / СУРВАЛЖ

n. Stalk or shoot planted in the ground; end of a knife or sword to which the handle is attached; the socket of an arrowhead in which the shaft is put; starting point; original source.

SURBULZILA- / СУРВАЛЖЛАХ

v.t. and i. To trace the origin of; to follow the trail of; to investigate, inquire thoroughly,

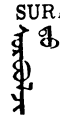
conduct inquiries, find out; to be a news reporter, correspondent.
erin --xu. To investigate, search for the origin of.

SURBULZILAГCI / СУРВАЛЖЛАГЧ

n. Correspondent, reporter.
sonin u --. Newspaper correspondent.
tusxai --. Special correspondent.

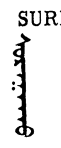
SURвULZITAN / СУРВАЛЖТАН

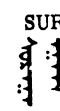
n. Aristocrat, nobility.

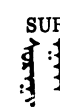
SURвULZITU / СУРВАЛЖИТ

adj. Aristocratic, noble, illustrious, distinguished.

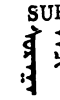
SURCIN / СУРЧИН

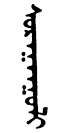
n. Archer.

SURГA- / СУРГАХ

[v. caus. of sur-] v.t. To teach, instruct, train.
--n bolbasuraγulxu. To train.
--n kymyzigylky uxaγan. Pedagogics.
--xu ergymzilel. The patent by which the emperor confers titles of honor from the 6th to the 9th ranks (Chinese-Manchu system, hist., Ch. ch'ih-ming 勅命).
--xu zarliγ. Imperial command or decree (Ch. ch'ih 勅).
bicig ysyg ty --xu. To teach to read and write.
mori --. To train a horse.

SURГAГAГ, 1. / СУРГААГ

adj. Flexible; intelligent, gifted, capable of studying.

SURГAГAГ, 2. / СУРГААГ

n. Pole, rod.

SURГAГCI / СУРГАГЧ

n. Instructor, teacher.

SURГAГULI / СУРГУУЛЬ

n. School; teaching, doctrine; training, exercise.
-- ece γadaγur. Outside of school, extracurricular.
-- jin erkilegci. Director of a school.
-- jin keyked. Pupil[s].
-- jin tasuiγ-a. Classroom.

-- jin ynemleky bicig. Diploma, school certificate.
-- jin zil. School year, academic year.
-- jin zil yn ularil. Semester.
-- kiky. To go to school, enter school; to study.
-- tegysky. To finish school; to graduate.
baγ-a --. Primary school.
baγsi nar ı beledkeky --. Normal school.
cerig yn --. Military school; military training; military exercises, maneuvers.
degedy --. College, university, institute for advanced education.
dumda --. Middle school.
jeke --. University.
jeγrynkei jin erdem yn --. School for general education.
oγui jin --. Evening school.

SURГAГULILA- / СУРГУУЛИЛАХ

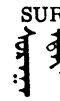
v.t. and i. To send to school, teach, educate; to attend school.

SURГAГULITAI / СУРГУУЛЬТАЙ

adj. Having school, classes; having an education or schooling.

SURГAL / СУРГАЛ, СУРГААЛ

n. Teaching, training; doctrine; education, instruction.
-- ziγaburi. Instruction, teaching.

SURГALTAI / СУРГАЛТАЙ

adj. Educated, trained.

SURГAMZI / СУРГАМЖ

n. Instruction, teaching; admonition.

SURГAMZITU / СУРГАМЖИТ

adj. Taught, instructed.

SURKIRA- / СУРХИРАХ

v.i. To whistle, sing (as a flying arrow, etc.).

SURLA-

v.t. To cut leather into straps, make leather straps.

SURMAГ

Same as surumaγai.

SURMAГAI / СУРАМГАЙ



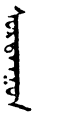
See surumaγai.

SURTA- / СУРТАХ



v.i. To be learnt, studied; tc be trained, used to, accustomed to.

SURTAГUN / СУРТГУУН



n. That which is taught or studied; science, rules, doctrine.

sir-a -- . The doctrine of the yellow (reformed) sect of Lamaism.

ulaγan -- i bisireky . To profess the red (un-reformed) persuasion of Lamaism.

SURTAL / СУРТАЛ



n. Teaching, doctrine; propaganda; habit, custom.

-- [i] delgeregylky. To spread or disseminate ideas, teaching; to agitate, propagandize.

josu -- . Ethics.

keb -- . Customs, manners, tradition

kyndy -- . Bureaucracy.

šasin -- . Religious teaching; religion.

šasin -- ygei. Atheistic, without religion and ethics.

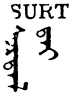
zang -- . Habits, customs, tradition.

SURTALCILA- / СУРТАЛЧЛАХ



v.t. To explain, expound; to propagandize.

SURTALTAI / СУРТАЛТАЙ



adj. Educated, refined.

kyndy -- . Bureaucratic.

SURUГ



See suraγ.

SURUГCI / СУРАГЧ



n. Student, pupil, one who learns.

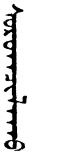
SURUГCID / СУРАГЧИД



pl. of suruγci.

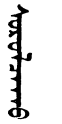
-- un saγuxu ger. Students' dormitory.

SURUГCILA- / СУРАГЧЛАХ



v.t. and i. To act like or treat as a student.

SURULCA- / СУРАЛЦАХ

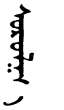


[v. coop. of sur-] v.t. To study, learn together; to become accustomed to each other.

--xu debter. Textbook, manual, schoolbook, reader.

bicig ysyg tyr --xu. To learn to read and write (of a plurality of persons).

SURULГ-A / СУРЛАГА



n. Studies, learning.

-- kicijel. Studies, learning.

-- kymyzil yn azil. Educational work.

onca -- . Special study.

SURULГATAI / СУРЛАГАТАЙ



adj. Learned, trained, educated.

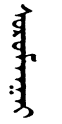
sain -- ojutan. Student who is making good progress.

SURULTA / СУРАЛТ



n. Study, learning.

SURUMAГAI / СУРМАГАЙ , СУРАМГАЙ



[= surmaγai] adj. Trained, experienced; accustomed to.

-- kymyn. An experienced person.

-- temege. Camel trained to carry a load.

-- yker. Ox trained to draw the plough.

SUTU



See sodu.

SUU, 1. / СУУ



n. and adj. Distinction, superior[ity], genius, ingenious[ness].

-- zali. Same as above.

SUU, 2. / СУУ



See suγu(n), 1.

SUUDR-A



Same sudur.

SUULAГ-A



Same as saγulγ-a.

SUULГ-A



Same as saγulγ-a

SUUMEG



Same as symeg.

SUUNAГ

See suγunaγ.

SUUSAR / СУУСАР

n. Marten.
toru --. Marten.

SUUTAI / СУУТАЙ

[= suutu] adj. Ingenious, distinguished, great.

SUUTU / СУУТ

See suutai.

SUVASTI

[S. svasti] n. Happiness, prosperity, felicity.

SUXAI / СУХАЙ

n. Tamarisk.

SUXURI- / СУХРИХ

v.i. To step back, retreat.

SY / СУУ

See syn.

SYƷE / СУВ

n. Eye of a needle; vent, opening; pore; small hole; narrow passage, defile; strategic point.
-- boγumta. A frontier mountain passage.
jisyn --. The nine body apertures (Ch. chiu-ch'iao 九竅).
zegyn y --. Eye of a needle.

SYBEGCI / СУВЭГЧ

n. The end of a thread that is to pass through the eye of a needle; needle's eye.

SYBEGCILE- / СУВЭГЧЛЭХ

v.t. To thread a needle; to contrive; to inquire, investigate, find out.

SYBEGE / СУВЭЭ

n. Side of the body from the armpit to the hip; flank; three large beads in a rosary which divide the 108 beads of the ordinary rosary into groups of 27 each.
-- ben tulxu. To put the hands on the hip, akimbo.

SYBEGYN

adj. Remarkable; miraculous.

SYBELE- / СУВЛЭХ

v.t. To thread, as a needle or beads; to put something through a small hole.

SYBERGEN / СУВРЭГ

n. Sternum.

SYBERKEG / СУВЭРХЭГ

adj. Porous.

SYGMIL

[T. sug-rmel] n. Cardamom.

SYGSMIL

Same as sygmil.

SYGYRIL / СУРЭЛ

n. Chopped straw.

SYI / СУЙ

n. Engagement, betrothal; gifts given to the bride's family.
-- talbixu. To arrange an engagement.
-- toγtaxu. To arrange an engagement.
øndegen --. The arrangement between friends for the marriage of their unborn children.

SYID / СУЙД

n. Ruin, destruction; loss, waste; havoc.
-- bolxu. To be destroyed, ruined; to be in trouble; there is an excitement, a commotion.
teden y geicın irele gezy jeke -- bolzu bain-a. Guests having come, there is quite a commotion at their place.

SYID- / СУЙДЭХ

v.i. To be wasted, squandered; to be ruined, devastated, destroyed.
ami --ky. To lose one's life.
dain du --ky. To be devastated in war.

SYIDƐLZE-

Same as suidulza-.

SYIDKE- / СУЙТГЭХ

[v.caus. of syid-] v.t. To spend, expend, waste, squander; to desolate, ruin, destroy.
caγ --ky. To waste time.
møngγy --ky. To waste money.
tobaraγ bolγan --ky. To reduce to powder, annihilate.

SYIDKEL / СҮЙТГЭЛ

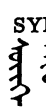
n. Expenses, expenditure; cost; squandering, extravagance; loss, devastation, ruin, ravage.
-- i γarγazu øgky. To provide or pay the expenses.
dain bailduγan u -- tølybyri. War reparations, war indemnity.
xokiral -- . Losses, destruction.
zarudal -- . Expenditure, expenses.

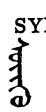
SYIDYL / СҮЙДЭЛ

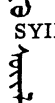
n. Destruction, ruin, loss, waste; commotion, turmoil.

SYIKE / СҮЙХ, СИЙХ

[cf. syiky] n. Earring; a part of a married woman's headdress hanging down on both sides of the head (provided by the bridegroom's family: a symbol comparable to a wedding ring); two small metal globes attached by cords to a hand drum and used for sounding it.
-- zegyky. To wear earrings or esp. the "syike."

SYIKELE- / СҮЙХЛЭХ

v.t. To put on earrings; to present a "syike" to the bride.

SYIKY / СҮЙХ

[Go.] n. Ear ornaments worn by men.

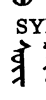
SYILE-, 1. / СҮЙЛЭХ

v.t. To contract in marrige (a girl).
--zy øgky. To betroth (a girl).
tere ail un keyken i manai --be. We have contracted for their daughter in marriage.

SYILE-, 2. / СҮЙЛЭХ

v.i. To be short of breath; to sniff, sniffle.
aγur kyrcy xabar ijen --ky. To snort angrily.

SYILEGLE- / СҮЙЛХЛЭХ

v.i. To be out of breath; to breathe with difficulty or heavily; to puff or sniff continuously. [Go.] To be officious.

SYIRE- / СҮЙРЭХ

v.i. To be broken into small pieces.

SYITEI / СҮЙТЭЙ

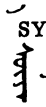
[= syity] adj. Betrothed, engaged (of a girl).
-- økin. Engaged girl.

SYITY

See syitei.

SYJ-E

[= syjege] n. Sprouts, shoots.

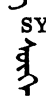
SYJEGE

See syj-e.

SYJELE- / СҮЖЛЭХ

v.i. To sprout.

SYKE / СҮХ

n. Axe, hatchet.

SYKEBCI / СҮХЭВЧ

n. Small hatchet, hand axe.

SYKEDE- / СҮХДЭХ

v.t. To chop, cut with an axe.

SYKELE- / СҮХЛЭХ

v.t. To chop, cut with an axe.

SYLBEGE / СҮЛБЭЭ

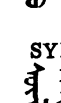
n. a) Thread. cord.
b) Relationship (logical or blood), ties; relatives
ene xojar jabudal -- ygei. There is no relationship between these two matters.
uγ -- . Origin, relationship, line of parentage.
uruγ un -- . Relationship through marriage.
c) Transmission, tradition.

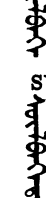
SYLBEGEDE- / СҮЛБЭЭДЭХ

See sylbegele-.

SYLBEGELE- / СҮЛБЭЭЛЭХ

[= sylbegede-] v.i. To ally oneself with; to plot; to make a secret agreement.
daisun luγ-a --ky. To make a secret pact with the enemy.

SYLBEGELELDY- / СҮЛБЭЭЛЭЛДЭХ

[v.rec. of sylbegele-] v.i. To plot together.

SYLBEGETEI / СҮЛБЭЭТЭЙ

[= sylbegety] adj. Related, connected.

SYLBEGETY / СУЛБЭЭТ
See sylbegetei.

SYLBER-
v.i. To have an inclination to, be inclined to.

SYLDE / СУЛД
n. Tutelary deity or deities, protecting genius; "soul" (often translating T. bla); flag, standard; grandeur, might, good fortune, prosperity.
-- cilaγu. Life stone (stone with which the life or destiny of a human being is mysteriously connected; T. bla rdo.
-- daγun. National anthem.
-- modu. Tree of life or destiny; New Year's Tree (a decorated tree set up at New Year's, corresponding to the Christmas tree).
-- modun u naγadum. New Year's Tree party.
-- odun. Name of a star of ill omen, the first star in Ursa Major (Ch. kou-ch'en 勾陳).
-- temdeg. State emblem.
-- tuγ. Flag, standard.
uridus un -- . Ancestral spirits.

SYLDESY(N) / СУЛДЭС
n. Bamboo, splints or strip of bamboo; fault.
-- eriky. To find fault with, investigate someone's mistake[s] or crime[s].

SYLDETEI / СУЛДТЭЙ
adj. Favored by the gods; lucky; spirited, energetic.

SYLE- / СУУЛЭХ
v.t. To add milk.
cai --ky. To add milk or cream to the tea.

SYLGYDY-
v.t. To hate, detest, abhor; to defame.

SYLIG
n. Owl.

SYLY / СУЛ
n. Incense.

SYLYR
See sølyr.

SYLZE / СУЛЗ
n. Anything interwoven; braided band; braid, plait; spool; roller, cylinder.

SYLZEGE / СУЛЗЭЭ
See zylzige.

SYLZELE- / СУЛЗЛЭХ
v.t. To wind on a spool or reel, roll into a cylinder; to braid, interweave, interlace.

SYLZI- / СУЛЗҮХ
v.t. To braid, plait, twine, wreathe; to interweave, interlace.

SYLZIGE / СУЛЗЭЭ
[= sylzege] n. Braid, plait, plat.

SYLZIGELE- / СУЛЗЭЭЛЭХ
v.t. To braid, interweave, interlace.

SYLZLJ-E(N) /
Same as sylzige.

SYLZIMEL / СУЛЗМЭЛ
[n.d. of zylzi-] adj. Laced, entwined, interwoven.
-- zamba. Latticework coop (for domestic animals).

SYMBE / СУМБЭ
n. Ramrod.

SYMBER
See symer.

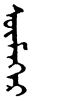
SYMBYR
See symer.

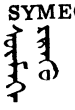
SYM-E / СУМ
n. Temple, monastery, church, shrine, chapel.
-- keid. Monastery.
γoul -- . Main temple in a temple precinct.

SYMEG / СУМЭГ
[= symegi] adj. Indistinct, dull, faint.

SYMEGELZE- / СУ(Ү)МЭЛЗЭХ
[= symelzè-] v.i. To become pale (as of flowers), not very clear; to become obscure, darkened; to be dimly visible, loom.

--n nocuxu. To burn dimly; to flicker.
--n xaraγdaxu. To appear indistinctly, loom up.
odun u --ky gerel dyr. Under the twinkling stars.

SYMEGER / СУМГЭР

adj. Obscure, indistinct, pale.
-- -- byrygylzeky. To be hazy, dim, or faintly visible.

SYMEGERDE- / СУМГЭРДЭХ

v.i. To be faint, indistinct or pale.

SYMEGI

See symeg.

SYMEI- / СУМИЙХ

v.i. To appear dimly, loom up; become faint.

SYMELZE- / СУМЭЛЗЭХ

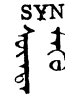
See symegelze-.

SYMER / СУМБЭР

[= symber, symbyr, sømber, S. Sumeru] n.p. Mount Sumeru, center of the Indian imaginary cosmos around which the four major "continents" with their twelve "sub-continents" are situated (see tib).

SYN / СҮҮ

[= sy] n. Milk .
-- dalai. Milk ocean surrounding the cosmic Mount Sumeru (myth.).
-- ergyky. To make a libation of milk.
-- saγali. Dairy products.
-- y noγulur. Cream.

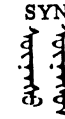
SYNDELE- / СҮНДЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To attract, seduce, entice, induce. [Ri.] To be outstanding, attractive.

SYNDELEL / СҮНДЛЭЛ

n. Allurement, attraction.

SYNDESY

Same as sundasu.

SYNESY(N) / СҮНС(ЭН)

n. The animating principle, roughly corresponding to soul or spirit.

-- daγudaxu = -- dalalxu. To call back the soul (a ritual performed for a sick person whose soul is supposed to have left him).
-- tonilxu. To deliver a soul (a ritual performed for the dead to put the wandering soul of a deceased to rest).
-- ygei boltal-a ajuxu. To be scared to death.

SYNID

See sønid.

SYR / СҮР

n. Commanding appearance; grandeur, majesty, impressiveness; militancy; might.
-- jeke tei. Majestic, very impressive.
-- kycyn. Power, strength, might.
-- yzεgylky. To exhibit one's power or force, stage a demonstration.
-- zibxulang. Majesty, glory, stateliness; power and might.
-- zibxulang tai. Majestic, impressive.
bailduγan u -- kycyn. Fighting power, strength.
cerig yn -- ijer. By the threat of military force.
xoγusun -- . False front, false appearance of power or might.

SYRCI- / СҮРЧИХ

v.t. To spray (paint, etc.); to strew, spread by scattering; to sprinkle. [Mo.] To anoint (a dying man).
--ky em. Medicine applied by spraying; ointment, unguent.
usu --ky. To sprinkle water.

SYRCIG / СҮРЧИГ

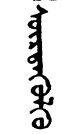
n. Sprinkling, strewing; sacrifice (made by sprinkling or strewing).

SYRCILGE / СҮРЧЛЭГ

n. The act of coating, smearing, perfuming, sprinkling; spray, liquid for sprinkling.

SYRDE- / СҮРДЭХ

v.i. To be[come] frightened, overpowered.

SYRDEGYL- / СҮРДҮҮЛЭХ

[v.caus. of syrde-] To inject fear, scare; to threaten; to show one's might, demonstrate one's power.
--yn ajulγaxu = ajulγan --ky. To threaten, menace, inject fear, terrorize.

SYRE- / СУРЭХ
v.i. To awe, inspire fear.

SYREKEI
Same as syrkei.

SYREL
n. and adj. Straw.

SYRIJ-E
n. Majestic, impressive, or frightening appearance.

SYRIJEDE-
v.i. To shine, be bright; also same as syrde-, q.v.

SYRIJETEI / СУРЭЭТЭЙ
adj. Glorious, bright, awful, fearful.

SYRKEI / СУРХИЙ
adj. and adv. Terrible[-ly], frightening[ly], terrific.
-- amitan. A terrible creature; (fig.) quite a fellow, quite a woman.
-- saixan. Extremely beautiful or good.
-- yneteil Terribly expensive!
doγsin --. Terrible, awe-inspiring.
doγsin -- baidal i γarγaxu. To exhibit a threatening countenance, be awe-inspiring.

SYRKIRE- / СУРХРЭХ
v.i. To whistle (of wind).

SYRKIREL / СУРХРЭЛ
n. Whistling sound of wind.

SYRLIG / СУРЛЭГ
adj. Threatening, awe-inspiring; majestic, magnificent, exalted.

SYRTEI / СУРТЭЙ
adj. Mighty, majestic, magnificent, impressive; daring; terrible, threatening.

-- ziγsaγal. Demonstration, exhibition of force.

SYRYG / СУРЭГ
n. Herd, flock, crowd.
-- syryg ijer. In droves, flocks, herds, detachments, groups.
aduγun u --. Herd of horses.
mal --. Domestic animals (collectively).
nige -- kymyn. Group or crowd of people.

SYRYGCI / СУРЭГЧ
n. Herdsman.

SYRYGLE- / СУРЭГЛЭХ
v.i. To form a herd, a group, a crowd; to crowd.

SYRYGLEGYL- / СУРЭГЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v.caus. of syrygle-] To collect in a place by groups, form groups, herds.

SYRYGLEL / СУРЭГЛЭЛ
n. The act of crowding, assembling, herding.

SYRYKEI
Same as syrkei.

SYSYG / СҮЖИГ, СУСЭГ, СҮЗЭГ
[= syzyg] n. Religious worship, faith, belief, piety; reverence.
-- bisirel. Faith, devotion, piety.
-- jeke tei. Very religious, pious.
-- ygei. Having no religious faith, infidel, unbelieving; atheistic.
coxur -- = muxur --. Superstition; blind faith.

SYSYGLE- / СУСЭГЛЭХ
[= syzygle-, sysyl-] v.i. and t. To believe, have faith; to revere, worship, venerate.
burxan du --ky. To believe in the Buddha, in God, or in any deity.

SYSYGTEI / СУСЭГТЭЙ
[= sysygty] adj. Devout, pious, religious.

SYSYGTEN / СУСЭГТЭН
n. Believers, the faithful ones.

SYSYGTY / СУСЭГТ
See sysygtei.

SYSYL-



See sysygle-.

SYTEI / СҮҮТЭЙ



[= syty] adj. With milk.

-- cai. Tea with milk.

SYTY



See sytei.

SYZYG



See sysyg.

SYZYGLE-



See sysygle-.

Š

ŠA / ШАА

[Ch. sha 紗] n. Light, soft Chinese silk, type of silk gauze; crape; netting, screen (wire).

-- bosuγ-a mangnuγ. Crape with dragon design (Ch. lung-sha 龍紗).

-- congxu. Screen window.

-- darda. Crape with flower design.

congxu jin --. Window screen.

ŠAB / ШАВ

Intensifying particle used before adj. and adv. beginning with ša: very, much, completely.

-- šaldang. Stark naked.

ŠABAZI / ШАВЖ

n. Insect.

-- ber amidaraγcid. Insectivora.

ŠABDA- / ШАВДАХ

v.t. To drill, bore, hollow; to urge, drive; to ask persistently, demand.

ŠABDAГU / ШАВДУУ

adj. Agile, quick.

ŠABI / ШАВЬ

[Ch. sha-mi 沙彌 , S. çramaṇera] n. Disciple, pupil, student; novice; adherent; clerical or lay subject of a hutukhtu (see xutuγtu).

-- bolγaxu. To take or send as a disciple or apprentice.

-- jin zakirγ-a. The "shabi" office, office managing the subjects of a hutukhtu (see xutuγtu).

ŠABIDA- / ШАВЬДАХ

Same as šabiĭa-.

ŠABILA- / ШАВИЛАХ

v.i. To be a student, disciple, or novice.

ŠABINAR / ШАВИНАР

[pl. of šabi] n. Disciples, students; subjects of a hutukhtu (see xutuγtu).

ŠABIR

See siber, 1.

ŠABSI- / ШАВШИХ

v.t. To pour over, water, irrigate; to moisten, bathe with warm lotion.

ŠABSIГURDA- / ШАВШУУРДАХ

v.t. To beat the dust out of something with a stick; to beat, lash.

ŠABTAB

See samtab.

ŠABTAL / ШАВТАЛ

-- abxu. To snap with two fingers on the wrist where the pulse is taken (jokingly); to give a fillip.

ŠABTAL-A

[Gu.] n. Persimmon.

ŠABUR

n. Old worn-out slippers.

ŠABX-A / ШАВХ

n. Manure.

ŠAD / ШАД

[T. çad] n. Punctuation mark in Tibetan [|]; vertical or slanting line marking a pause in a sentence or the end of a verse.

xojar --. Double "šad" [||] at the end of a verse.

ŠAГ, 1. / ШАГ

onomat. expressive of chirping or chattering of birds, ticking of a watch, etc.

-- šaγ gezy duuγarxu. To tick.

ŠAГ, 2. / ШАГ

interj. Check! (In chess, with any piece except bishop and pawn).

ŠAГ-A(N) / ШАА

[= siγa(n), siγai] n. Anklebone.

ŠAГA-

Same as siγa- 1.

ŠAΓAL- / ШААЛАХ
v.t. To skin, peel; to beat somebody.

ŠAΓALΓA- / ШААЛГАХ
v. caus. of šaγal-.

ŠAΓANTU
See šantu.

ŠAΓARDA-, etc.
See siγarda-, etc.

ŠAΓARUΓ
Same as siγaru.

ŠAΓAXAI / ШААХАЙ
See šaxai.

ŠAΓAZAΓAI / ШААЗГАЙ
[= siγazaγai] onomat. n. Magpie.

ŠAΓAZANG
See siγazang.

ŠAΓLA- / ШАГЛАХ
See siγla-.

ŠAΓŠAƀAD / ШАГШААВАД
[S. çikshā-pada] n. Rules of religious life, esp. for monks; vow to keep these rules; ethics, morals.
-- ebdeky. To violate precepts or commandments.
-- sakixu. To keep precepts, commandments, or a vow.
-- tegylder. One who keeps precepts perfectly, rigidly virtuous, strictly religious.
-- ygei. Violating precepts, immoral.
-- yneker tegysygsen. Truly perfected virtue.
calaγai --. Lack or breach of [religious] discipline.

ŠAΓSI- ШАГШИХ
[= šaγsira-] v.i. To chatter (of magpies); to click the tongue (in praise or admiration).

ŠAΓSIRA- / ШАГШРАХ
See šaγsi-.

ŠAΓŠUURΓ-A, 1. / ШАГШУУРГА
n. Hillock, mound, place grown over with reed.
-- bilzuuxai. Reed hunting.

ŠAΓŠUURΓ-A, 2. / ШАГШУУРГА
n. Small whistle used to lure foxes in hunting.

ŠAΓTI / ШАГТЬ
[= šagti, S. Çakti] n. Power, esp. the mystical power emanating from a deity; the female counterpart of a bodisadu-a, q.v.

ŠAGI- / ШААГИХ
onomat. v.i. To pour, rain heavily (describing the sound of a downpour).
boruγan --xu. To rain heavily.

ŠAGJAMUNI
[= Sigemuni, S. Çākyamuni] n.p. The Buddha Çakyamuni.

ŠAGTI
See šaγti.

ŠAGY
[Ch. sha-kuo 沙果] n. Crab apple.

ŠAJUU
n. and adj. Lenten fare; meatless diet; vegetarian.

ŠAL, 1. / ШАЛ
onomat. The sound of something dropping into water; splash.

ŠAL, 2. / ШАЛ
n. Stone-hard barren salt marsh with crevices. cf. šala, 5.

ŠAL, 3. / ШАЛ
adj. and adv. Complete, utter, total.
-- demei. Utterly useless.
-- noitan. Thoroughly wet.
-- teneg. Utter fool, hopeless fool.
-- xudal. Brazen lie.

ŠALA, 1. / ШАЛ

n. Floor, pavement, platform.

ŠALA, 2. / ШАЛ

[S. çāla] [Ko.] n. The shal tree (Shorea robusta).

ŠALA, 3. / ШАЛ

[S. çāla] n. Kind of fish (Sparus spilotus).

ŠALA, 4. / ШАЛ

-- hala. Mumble, words or talk without meaning.

ŠALA, 5. / ШАЛ

[Mo.] n. Waterless desert country.

ŠALA-, 1. / ШАЛАХ

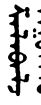
v.t. To persuade, urge, to ask persistently
arıki --xu. To urge wine upon a person.
bitegei namaji -- ! Don't press me! Don't badger me!

ŠALA-, 2. / ШАЛАХ

v.t. To check (in chess).

ŠALABALZA- / ШАЛБАЛЗАХ

See silabalza-.

ŠALABALZAGUL- / ШАЛБАЛЗУУЛАХ

v. caus. of šalabalza-.

ŠALABCI / ШАЛАВЧ

n. Trap door in the floor, felt rug for a yurt

ŠALADA- / ШАЛДАХ

v.t. To floor, cover with a flooring; to pave, to cover with asphalt, cement.
--γsan zam. Paved road.

ŠALADAMAL / ШАЛДМАЛ.

[n.d. of šalada-] adj. Paved.

ŠALAI / ШАЛАЙ

n. Satiety; loss of appetite; watery stool.
-- ber sayulγaxu. To have diarrhea.

ŠALAM-A / ШАЛАМ

n. Iron hoop put around a vase or jar to make it stronger, brace, cramp-iron, iron ring, hoop

ŠALAMAG / ШАЛМАГ

See šalamaγai.

ŠALAMAGAI / ШАЛАМГАЙ

[= sılamaγaı, šalamaγ] adj. Prompt, quick, lively, bold, determined; reckless.

ŠALAMAGAILA- / ШАЛАМГАЙЛАХ

v.i. To show alertness, boldness or daring; to be quick, fast.

ŠALANG, 1. / ШАЛАН

n. Hip strap and breeching in harness, harness; yoke.
anzısun -- = borbi -- . Singletree of a plough.

ŠALANG, 2.

-- palang. Gurgling sound (onomat.).

ŠALANGNA- / ШАЛАГНАХ

n. To put a harness on; to direct, lead.

ŠALANGTU / ШАЛАНТ

adj. Fat, fattened (of an animal).

ŠALBA, 1. / ШАЛАВ

adj. and adv. Quick, quickly.
-- jabuγad ire! Go and come back quickly.

ŠALBA, 2. / ШАЛАВ

See šalbaγ-a.

ŠALBADA- / ШАЛАВДАХ

v.t. and i. To hurıy.
ci i --xu ygei bol amzixu ygei! If you don't hurry, you can't make it.

ŠALBAG / ШАЛБААГ

See šalbaγ-a.

ŠALBAG-A / ШАЛБААГ, ШАЛБАА

[= šalbaγaγ = šalba, 2.] n. Pool, puddle; mud.

ŠALBAГADA-



v.i. To become muddy; to form pools, puddles.

ŠALBAГAГ / ШАЛБААГ



See šalbaγ-a.

ŠALBI-, 1. / ШАЛБИЙХ



v.i. To become dripping wet.

ŠALBI-, 2.



[Mo.] v.i. To stir a muddy liquid with the hands or feet; to splash or slush in the water. cf. šalbi-, 1.

ŠALBUR / ШАЛБАР



n. Leather wading trousers or wading boots.

ŠALCI-



v.i. To smear (something sticky); to talk nonsense.

bitegei -- ! Don't talk nonsense; don't smear it!

ŠALCIГ



n. Mud, slush.

ŠALCIГNA-



v.i. To splash (sound of liquid); to talk nonsense.

ŠALDALA- / ШАЛДЛАХ



v.t. To bare, make naked, strip off, undress.

ŠALDANG / ШАЛДАН(Г)

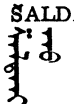


adj. Nude, naked, bare.

-- aγula. Bare mountain (with no trees).

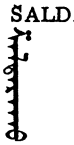
-- toluγai. Bare head.

ŠALDANGNA- / ШАЛДАГНАХ



v.i. To become naked or bare; to undress.

ŠALDARA- / ШАЛДРАХ



v.i. To become naked, bare or stripped; to wear no clothes.

--tal-a jadaγuraxu. To reach the state of having no clothes to wear, become totally impoverished.

ŠALI / ШАЛЬ



Adverb describing lack of appetite.

-- buli ideky. To eat without appetite.

ŠALI- / ШАЛИХ



v.t. and i. To talk nonsense; to squander.

mønggy zoγus ijen --xu. To squander one's own money.

ter-e jaγu --zu bain-a ? What nonsense is he talking?

ŠALIГ / ШАЛИГ

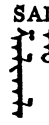


[= caliγ, 1] adj. and n. Profligate, lewd[ness], obscene, obscenity, fornication, debauchery.

-- jabudal. Debauchery, libertinism.

-- yge. Profane language.

ŠALIГLA- / ШАЛИГЛАХ



v.i. To lead a depraved life; to behave lewdly, immodestly, or indecently.

ŠALIГLAL / ШАЛИГЛАЛ



n. Lewd act, debauchery.

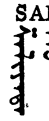
ŠALIJ-A / ШАЛИА



adj. and n. Meaningless, nonsensical; useless thing or action, nonsense.

-- ygei. Insignificant, very little.

ŠALIJATA- / ШАЛИАТАХ



v.i. To talk nonsense; to dote, be or become senile.

ŠALIJATAI / ШАЛИАТАЙ



adj. Insignificant, not worth mentioning.

-- šalij-a ygei jabudal. Things of no consequenc trifling matter.

ŠALIR



Same as šaril.

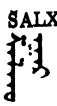
ŠALMALI



[S. çalmali] n. The seven-leaved silk-cotton tree (Bombax heptaphyllum).

ŠALXAI-

See šalxui-.

ŠALXUГAR / ШАЛХАГАР

adj. Plump, baggy, drooping.

ŠALXUI- / ШАЛХАЙХ

[= šalxai-] v.i. To be too plump, too fat; to be too wide, baggy (of clothes); to be hanging, pendant, flabby (of breasts, belly).
--γsan gedesytei. Potbellied.

ŠALXULZA- / ШАЛХАЛЗАХ

v.i. To move clumsily (of a fat person).

ŠALXUMAГ / ШАЛХМАГ

adj. and n. Curdy, clotted, coagulated; watery stool.

ŠALZA, 1. / ШАЛЗ

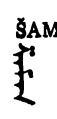
[= silza, 1.] n. Sheep tick.

ŠALZA, 2. / ШАЛЗ

n. Very soft boiled meat, overcooked meat.

ŠAM

-- šam ideky. Eating noisily (onomat.).

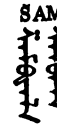
ŠAMAN

n. Shaman.

ŠAMARAГ

See simarγ-a.

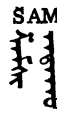
ŠAMBARAM / ШАМБАРАМ

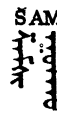
n. Hemorrhoids.

ŠAMB[H]ALA / ШАМБАЛА

[S. çambhala]
-- [jin orun] Fabulous country described in late Buddhist writings; "paradise," utopia.

ŠAMSI- / ШАМШИХ

v.t. To gulp, swallow, eat up; to embezzle, appropriate.
kymyn y jaγum-a ji --xu. To appropriate another person's property.

ŠAMSIГDA- / ШАМШИГДАХ

v. pass. of šamsi-.

ŠAMSIГUL- / ШАМШУУЛАХ

v. caus. of šamsi-.

ŠAMSIL / ШАМШИЛ

n. Embezzlement, misappropriation.

ŠAMTAB

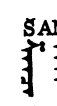
[= šabtab, T. çam thabs] n. Apron like pleated skirt worn by lamas when officiating.

ŠANA

[S. çana] n. Flax.

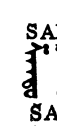
ŠANCAГ / ШАНЦАГ

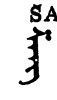
[= šantuγ] n. Wedge.

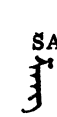
ŠANCAГLA- / ШАНЦАГЛАХ

[= šantuγla-] v.t. To drive in a wedge; to pursue, hunt (as an enemy).

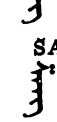
ŠANDA

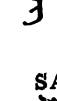
n. Small and shallow well; water which is near the surface of the ground.

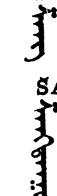
ŠANDURA- / ШАНДУУРАХ

See šangdaγura-.

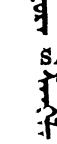
ŠANG, 1. / ШАН(Г)

[Ch. shang 賞] n. Reward, award, prize.
-- øgky. To bestow rewards; to give a prize.

ŠANG, 2. / ШАН(Г)

n. Furrow.

ŠANG, 3. / ШАН(Г)

-- šang geky. To say something over and over again; to pester.

ŠANG, 4. / ШАН(Г)

n. Gauze, gossamer (fabric).

ŠANGDAГURA- / ШАНДУУРАХ

[= šandura-] v.i. To feel nauseated after eating too much of the same food; to have an aversion to rich food; to surfeit.

ŠANGLA-

See šangna-.

ŠANGNA- / ШАГНАХ



[= šangla-] v.t. To reward, grant, bestow, confer.

kesig --γsan γazar. Land property bestowed by an emperor.

odun temdeg ijer --xu. To confer a decoration; to decorate with a star.

ŠANGNAГDA- / ШАГНАГДАХ



[v.pass. of šangna-] To be rewarded, receive a prize.

ŠANGNAГUL- / ШАГНУУЛАХ



v. caus. of šangna-

ŠANGNAL[Г-A] / ШАГНАЛ(ГА)



n. Honorarium, reward, prize.

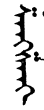
-- abxu. To receive a reward.

ŠANGSI



n. Bundle of blessed willow sticks with a small prayer-flag. It is planted in cultivated fields and near it a goat is immolated in order to secure good crops.

ŠANGŠANGDIU-A



n. A legendary bird which drives away misfortunes (Ch. chin-wu 金吾).

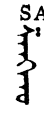
ŠANGXU / ШАНХ



n. Tuft of hair; hair clasp; coiffure; chignon of Chinese women.

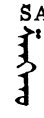
-- ysyn. Hair arranged in a tuft or tufts.

ŠANGXULA- / ШАНХЛАХ



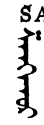
v.t. To arrange hair in a tuft or chignon (a type of hairdressing).

ŠANGXULIГ / ШАНХЛИГ



n. Women's hairdress, hair gathered in a tuft or chignon.

ŠANGXUR



-- γalaγu. A kind of goose (Ch. ch'a-yen 茶雁).

ŠANGZA / ШАНЗ



[Ch. hsien-tzŭ 絃子] n. A musical instrument with three strings plucked with the fingers.

ŠANGZUDBA



[T. phyad mdzod pa "treasurer"] n. Lama Treasurer of a monastery, chief administrator of a xutuγtu's (q.v.) administration; secretary-general (clerical).

ŠANLUU / ШАНЛУУ



[Ch. hsiang-lu 香爐] n. Censer, incense burner.

ŠANTA



[S. çānta] adj. Pacified, appeased.

ŠANTU / ШААНТ



[= šaγantu] n. Shin-bone, tibia.

-- cimyge. Marrow of the shin-bone.

ŠANTUГ / ШААНТАГ



See šancaγ.

ŠANTUГLA- / ШААНТАГЛАХ



See šancaγla-.

ŠAR, 1. / ШАР



n. Ox.

ere -- yker. [Mo.] Castrated bull (four years old or more).

ŠAR, 2. / ШАР



[T. gçar] adj. and n. Cursive Tibetan writing (T.dbu med).

-- yseg. Same as above.

ŠAR, 3. / ШАР



-- šar / sir. Onomat. description of rustling sounds (as made by a snow storm, wind, or by stepping in deep snow, etc.).

ŠARAIГUL / ШАРАЙГОЛ



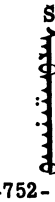
[= siraiγul] n.p. The Sharaigols (Mongols of North Tibet and Tangut).

ŠARBADA-



Same as sirba-

ŠARBAГANA- / ШАРВАГНАХ



onomat. v.i. To make a rustling or swishing sound (as of trees, grass, etc. when stirred by wind or of falling rain)

ŠARBIGINA-

Same as šarbaγana-

ŠARCIGINA- / ШАРЧИГНАХ

See sircigina-.

ŠARD

See šarda.

ŠARDA / ШАРД

[= šard] --kiky. To rustle (as leaves); to crack, crackle.

ŠARDA-

Same as siγarda-.

ŠARГULZI

-- [bilzuuxai]. Kind of aquatic bird.

ŠARID

n. Penitence, abstinence.

ŠARIL / ШАРИЛ

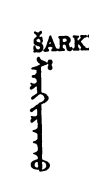
[S. çarīra] n. Holy relics; dead body or ashes of a dignitary.
-- un bumba. Urn for ashes of a dignitary.
-- un suburγ-a. Stupa containing relics.

ŠARIMARI

[S. çrāmanera] n. Novice, see sabi.

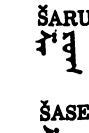
ŠARKINAГ

n. Metal plates on armor, bridles, harness or garments.

ŠARKIRA- / ШАРХИРАХ

[= sirkira-, sirkire-] v.i. To bite, sting (as pain or sensation produced by eating hot pepper, etc.); to feel pain as from rheumatism.
xabar --xu. To have a biting or stinging sensation in the nose.

ŠARUГ

Same as siγaru(n).

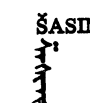
ŠASER

[T: zhva ser] n. "Yellow cap," distinguishing headwear used by priests of the yellow or reformed Lamaist church at certain ceremonies; a lama or priest of that church.

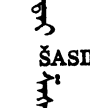
ŠASILA- / ШАЖЛАХ

[= šazila-] v.t. To prohibit , to punish.

ŠASIN / ШАШИН

[= šazin, S. çāsana] n. Religion, teaching, faith, doctrine, precept.
-- dur oruxu. To embrace a faith, specifically the Buddhist faith.
-- mørgyl = -- nom = -- sitylge. Religion, faith.
-- surtaγun. Religious teaching, religion.
-- tøry jin erke. Spiritual and secular power.
-- u esergyy. Antireligious.
-- u tøry. Theocracy.
-- ygei. Atheistic, having no religion.
buddha jin --. Buddhism.
burxan [u] --. Buddhism.
dotuγadu --. Buddhist religion.
γadaγadu --. Non-Buddhist religion.
keristos yn --. Christianity.
køke jin --. Chinese Buddhism.
lalu jin --. Mohammedanism, Islam.
sir-a jin --. Yellow sect (Tibetan Buddhism).
xar-a --. Shamanism.

ŠASINTAI / ШАШИНТАЙ

[= šasintu] adj. Having a religion, faith, or doctrine.

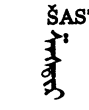
ŠASINTAN / ШАШИНТАН

n. (sing. or pl.) Those who profess a faith, believer[s], religionist[s].
keristos yn --. Christian[s].

ŠASINTU / ШАШИНТ

See šasintai.
-- nom. The name given to the Ch. Ch'un-ch'iu 春秋 , the annals of the kingdom of Lu 魯 (722 - 484 B.C.).

ŠASTIR / ШАСТАР

[S. çāstra] n. Religious or philosophical textbook, exposition; explanation; story, narrative; treatise, tract.
zarliγ kiged --. Kanjur (ganzur) and Tanjur (danzur), the two basic collections of Buddhist scriptures in Tibetan or Mongolian.

ŠASTIRCI / ШАСТАРЧ

[S. Cāstṛ] n. Author of religious works.

ŠATAI / ШАТАЙ

adj. Split, damaged (of a hoof).

ŠATAR

Same as šitar-a.

ŠATU(N) / ШАТ

n. Ladder, stairs; steps; phase, stratum, level.

-- jin giskigyr. Step of a staircase or ladder.

-- jin xacar. Banister, handrail.

øndyr -- dur γarγaxu. To raise to a high level.

sin-e --n du oruxu. Enter into a new stage.

ŠATULA- / ШАТЛАХ

v.t. To divide into phases, stages, strata.

ŠATULAL / ШАТЛАЛ

n. The act of šatula-.

ŠAU / ШУУ

See šiy, 1.

ŠAXAI / ШААХАЙ

[fr. Ch. hsieh鞋] n. Shoe[s].

ŠAZILA- / ШАЖЛАХ

See šasila-.

ŠAZIN / ШАЖИН

See šasin.

ŠEGER / ШЭЭР

n. Hazelnut.

ŠEGERENG

Same as šigereng.

ŠELGYR-

v.i. For the eyes or face to swell.

ŠĒNG

[Ch. sheng 升] n. Measure for grain equal to 31.6 cubic inches (1/10 of a dey, Ch. tou 斗).

ŠEY

See šiy, 1.

ŠEZIGEI / ШЭЭЗГИЙ

n. Small basket.

ŠO / ШОО

[T. ço] n. Dice; oracle bones.

-- naγadxu. To play at dice.

-- orkixu. To throw dice (in fortunetelling or gambling).

-- øgesí. Large fishing net.

ŠOB / ШОВ

Onomat. expressive of the sound produced by an arrow hitting the target, etc.

ŠOBSIΓUR, 1. / ШОВШУУР

n. Pipe (musical instrument); whistle.

ŠOBSIΓUR, ?. / ШОВШУУР

n. A kind of songbird.

ŠOBSIΓURDA- / ШОВШУУРДАХ

v.t. To play a pipe; to deceive, cheat; to call animals or game with a call.

ŠOBSIR-

v.i. To smack one's lips; to call animals.

ŠOBTUΓUR

adj. Narrow, tight; small, thin; exhausted.

ŠOBTUNG

adj. Narrowing towards the bottom; narrow, slender.

ŠOBUΓANA- / ШОВГОНОХ

See šobulza-.

ŠOBUΓUR / ШОВГОР

adj. Pointed, having a pointed top, conic.

ŠOBUI- / ШОВОЙХ

v.i. To have a pointed top; to taper toward the top; to be[come] conic.

ŠOBULZA- / ШОВОЛЗОХ

[= šobuγana-] v.i. To move (of pointed objects seen at a distance).

ŠOBXU / ШОВХ



adj. Pointed, cone-shaped.
-- bolxu. To be[come] pointed, taper.
-- xusiγu tu. With a pointed snout or muzzle.

ŠOBXUГUR / ШОВХГОР



adj. Pointed, sharp; conical, conoid.
-- γutul. Pointed boots.
-- malaγai. Conic cap worn by certain lamas.

ŠOBXUI- / ШОВХОЙХ



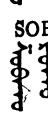
Same as šobui-.

ŠOBXULA- / ШОВХЛОХ



v.t. To make pointed or cone-shaped.

ŠOBXURU-



v.t. To pinch; to grab, seize.

ŠODA- / ШООДОХ



v.t. To throw dice; to foretell the future by throwing dice.

ŠODU- / ШООДОХ



v.i. To feel disgusted, have an aversion.

ŠODUГUR / ШОДГОР



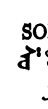
adj. Short (of a tail).

ŠODUI- / ШОДОЙХ



v.i. To stick up (of a short tail, like that of a hare or rabbit).

ŠODUNG / ШОДОН(Г)



adj. Short-tailed; tailless.

ŠOГ, 1. / ШОГ



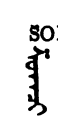
n. and adj. Joke, jest; joker, wag, wit; witty, clowning.
-- kiky. To play a prank; to clown.
-- yge. Joke, teasing.

ŠOГ, 2. / ШОГ



-- šoγ. Tick-tack; sound of a watch, trotting horse, etc. (onomat.); descriptive of the movements of the body of a trotting horse.

ŠOГCI / ШОГЧ



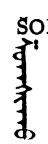
n. and adj. Jocker, wag; clown; witty.

ŠOГLA- / ШОГЛОХ



v.t. To tease; to play a joke on someone, poke fun at, make fun of, ridicule.
kymyn i bitegei -- ! Don't tease! Don't tease the man!

ŠOГSI-, 1. / ШОГШИХ



[= soγsi-] v.i. To go at a jog trot; to shake (as the body of a trotting animal).

ŠOГSI-, 2. / ШОГШИХ



[= soγsi-] v.i. To sob.
--n šoγsin uilaxu. To sob, keep sobbing.
--zu inijeky. To snort.

ŠOГSIГ-A / ШОГШОО



n. Jog trotting.
bi -- ber irele. I came at a jog trot; I came running.

ŠOГSILTA / ШОГШИЛТ



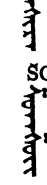
n. Jog trot

ŠOГSIRA- / ШОГШРОХ



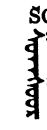
v.i. To click with the tongue (when calling a dog).

ŠOГŠUILГA-



v.i. and t. To pout the lips; to fill up.
--n kemneky. To fill up, heap up.

ŠOГŠUURLA-



v.i. To croak (of birds).

ŠOГTAI / ШОГТОЙ



[= šoγtu] adj. Facetious, joking, witty.
-- amitan. Amusing, witty, resourceful, or quickminded person.

ŠOГTU / ШОГТ



See šoγtai.
-- ziruγ. Cartoon.

ŠOГUD / ШООД

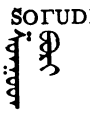


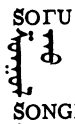
n. Mockery, derision.
-- eleg = eleg -- . Mockery, derision.

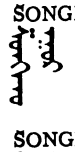
ŠOГUD- / ШООДОХ

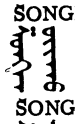


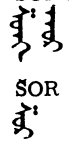
See siγud-, 1.

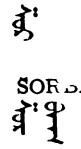
SOГUDBURI / ШООДВОР

See siγudburi.

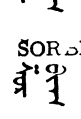
SOГUL- / ШООЛОХ

v.t. To tease; to make fun of, jeer at.

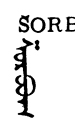
SONGXUГUR / ШОНХГОР

adj. Sunken (of cheeks), thin (of face).

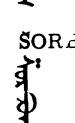
SONGXUI- / ШОНХОЙХ

v.i. To be sunken (of cheeks), be thin (of face).

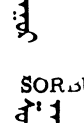
SONGXUR / ШОНХОР

See singxur.

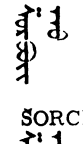
SOR / ШОР

adj. and n. Salty; salt marsh with little salt.

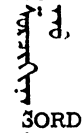
SORЭAГ

See šorbuγ.

SORЭIГ

Same as sorbuγ.

SORBUГ / ШОРВОГ

[= šorbaγ] adj. and n. Salty, bitter; salt marsh with little salt.

SORЭUГUR / ⌊ОРОВГОР

adj. Pointed, cone-shaped.
-- toluγaitaı kymyn. Man with a pointed head.
-- saxaıtaı. Having a pointed beard.

SORЭUI- / ШОРВОЙХ

v.i. To stand up or bristle (of hair); to be pointed or cone-shaped.

SORCIGINA- / ШОГЧИРНОХ

onomat. v.i. To make the sound of running or pouring water (e.g. from a faucet, etc.).

SORD / ШОРД

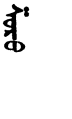
-- kiky. The sound of a bird flying up suddenly (onamat.).

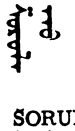
SORKIRA- / ШОРХИРОХ

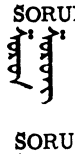
onomat. v.i. describing the sound of rain; to rustle: to whistle (as an arrow); to murmur (as a stream).

SORTAI / ШОРТОЙ

adj. Quarrelsome, slanderous.

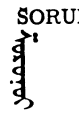
SORU / ШОР

[= siru] n. Fork; spit (for holding meat over fire).
-- modu. Wooden pole used in sacrifices; woode spit (for cooking).
-- temyr. Metal spit.

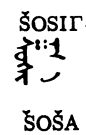
SORULA- / ШОРЛОХ

v.t. To thrust a spit through; to cook meat on a spit over a fire; to point; to sharpen.

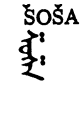
SORUN[G], 1. / ШОРОН(Г).

n. A mountain or lonely rock towering above other mountains.

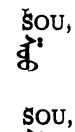
SORUNG, 2. / ШОРОН

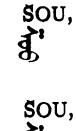
n. Jail, prison.
-- dur oruxu. To be imprisoned, be put in jail.

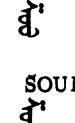
SORUNUI / ШОРНОЙ

n. Goosefoot, Chenopodium acuminatum, Chenopodium album, Atriplex tatarica.

ŠOSIГ-A / ШОШОО, ШОШГО

n. Register, list; tally.

ŠOŠA / ⌊OL

n. Beans.
bøger-e šoša. Kidney bean.

ŠOU, 1.

See sıy, 1

SOU, 2. / ШОО

-- buγu. Spotted deer.

SOU, 3. / ШОО

-- γuva. Pumpkin.

SOUBUU

[Ch. shao-pao 少保] n. Junior guardia of the heir apparent (hist.).

SOUSI

[Ch. shao-shih 少師] n. Junior preceptor of the heir apparent (hist.).

SOXUI / ШОХОЙ
See sixui.

SØLY
Same as sily.

E / ШӨРӨГ
n. Pointed stick; barrier made of pointed sticks; device made of two crossed pointed sticks which are hung on the nose of a calf to prevent its sucking milk; grater.
-- xadxuxu. To set up a barrier made of (pointed wooden) sticks.

SØRGY-
See sirgy-.

SØRGYGE-
See sirgyge-.

STAB / ШТАБ
[R. штаб] n. Staff; headquarters (mil.).
jeryngkei --. General staff.

ŠUBIR
Same as siber, 1.

SUBTU, etc.
See sibtu, etc.

SUDAГ
[T. šudaγ] n. Bulrush (root). [Gu.] Calamus.

SUDAГLA-
v.t. To roll up trousers or a gown.

SUDAI
See siudai.

SUDUL-
[Gu.] v.t. To do, accomplish, execute.

SUDUR-
v.t. To tear off, peel off.

SUDURACI
adj. Hard-mouthed (horse).

SUDURГU
n. Three-stringed musical instrument of the guitar kind.

SUГU-
See siγu-, 1.

SUГUD
See siγud.

SUГUD-
See siγud-, 2.

SUГUM, etc. / ШУГАМ
See siγum, etc.

SUГUR-
Same as siγur-, 1 and 2.

ŠULBUCI-
Same as silbuci-.

ŠULU- / ШУЛАХ
v.t. To cut, skin, scrape (as meat from bones, etc.); to belabor or drub.

SULUDASU[N] / ШУЛДАС(АН)
n. Meat removed from bones.

SUMAГAI / ШУМГАЙ
adj. Sharp, pointed; quick or agile, nimble.
-- cabciγur. Pick, pointed hoe.

SUMAГAILA- / ШУМГАЙЛАХ
v.i. and t. To be sharp; to be quick, do things quickly.

SUMAI- / ШУМАЙХ
v.i. To be[come] pointed, sharp; to be[come] sunken (of face).

SUMBA- / ШУМБАХ
v.i. To dive, plunge.

SUNGГACI / ШУНГААЧ
-- alaγ. Pochard.

ŠUNGГU- / ШУНГАХ

See singγu-.

ŠUNGXU

See singxu(n).

ŠURD

See šord.

ŠURГAГ

Same as siruγ, 1.

ŠURГAN

Same as sı,ur,a(n).

ŠURГU-

See sirγu-.

ŠURГUUL

See sirγuγul.

ŠURMUS

Same as simnus.

ŠURUГ

See siruγ.

ŠURUГLA-

See siruγla-.

ŠUSAI

[Ch. hsiu-ts'ai 秀才] n. Title of a scholar who has passed the lowest of the official examinations in Imperial China.

ŠUSIГ / ШУШИГ

n. The constellation of the Scales.

ŠUU, 1.

-- kiky. Same as šuugı-

ŠUU, 2.

-- oγulı. Adze, mattock.

ŠUUBANG

Same as siγubang.

ŠUUBING

[= siubing, Ch. shao-ping 燒餅] n. Saked round flat cake or bread.

ŠUUD

Same as siγud.

ŠUUDAN

Same as siudan.

ŠUUDUU

See siuduu.

ŠUUGI- / ШУУГИХ

[= siγugi-] v.i. To whistle, rustle, sing or howl (of wind or storm, flood, etc.), to make noise (of a crowd of people).

γadaγ-a jaγu --zu bain-a? What is that noise outside?

salkin du ebesy modu --mui. Grass and trees are rustling in the wind.

salkin --zu bain-a. The wind is whistling.

ŠUUGLJAN / ШУУГИАН

n. Noise made by a crowd of people; singing or whistling (of wind, etc.).

-- bolγaxu. To make a noise; to cause people to talk about something.

daisun irele gezy jeke -- bolzu bain-a. There is noisy talk or a rumor that the enemy is approaching.

ŠUUGILDU- / ШУУГИЛДАХ

[v. rec. of suugi-] To make a noise.

ŠUUGINA- / ШУУГИНАХ

[= siγugina-] v.i. To whistle, make noise (of wind, waves, etc.).

--xu daγu. Whistling or howling sound.

ŠUUKIRA- / ШУУХИРАХ

[= siukira-] v.i. To hiss, wheeze, whistle, snore.

ŠUUR

Same as sigyr.

ŠUURГ-A[N]

See siγurγ-a(n).

ŠY

-- king. Same as zasaγtu nom.

SYBDEN

-- aγula. [Kaz.] Long and "narrow" mountain.
-- γazar. [Kaz.] No-man's land, land not belonging to a territorial administrative unit.

SYDENGGI

adj. Withered , old.

SYGY-, etc.

Same as sigy-, etc.

SYGYI / ШҮҮГЭЭ

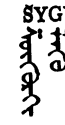
[Ch. shu-kuei 書柜] n. Wardrobe, cabinet, chest of drawers.

SYGYMZILE-

Same as sigymzile-.

SYGYRE-, etc.

Same as sigyr- 2.

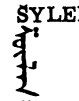
SYGYRKILE- / ШҮҮРГЭЛЭХ

v.i. To rush forward; to endeavor, do one's best.

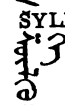
SYGYSY

Same as sigysy(n).

SYI / СҮЙ

[Ch. shui 稅] n. Tax, duty.
-- γaili. Customs, duties.

SYLEN

Same as sily(n).

SYLKYGE

n. Malaria.

SYRGEI / ШҮҮРХИЙ

adj. Somewhat ráw, not quite cooked.

SYRY / ШҮР

See siry.

SYSY

Same as sigysy(n).

T

TA / ТА

Pron. of second person singular and plural (in polite address); used in plural sense only in connection with other indication of plurality.

-- bygyde. All of you, you all.

-- bykyn. All of you, you all.

-- nar. You (polite address to a group of people).

-- xojar. You two, you both.

TA, TE / -Т

Suffix added to cardinal numerals and the words olan "many" and kedyn "how many" to form multiplicatives with the meaning of "[so many] times"; in old texts it is sometimes written separately.

bi tegyn dy kedynte kelegsen bolbacu sonusuγsan ygei. Although I have told him several times, he did not listen.

γurbanta josulaxu. To salute three times.

kedynte. Several times; how many times?

kedynte kyrygsen bolbacu ucirazu cidaγsan ygei. Although [I] went there several times, [I] was unable to meet him.

olanta. Many times, repeatedly.

TAB, 1. / ТАВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable ta.

-- taryun. Very fat.

TAB, 2. / ТАВ

n. Head of a nail; rivet; metal plate; scab.

-- saγulγaxu. To drive the nail head flush with the wood.

xadaγasun -- . Head of a nail.

TAB, 3. / ТАВ

n. Pleasure, comfort; benevolence.

-- ygei. Uncomfortable, unpleasant, disagreeable.

-- ygei bolba. It is a pity, tragedy.

TAB, 4. / ТАВ

n. Part of the scalp on which a braid or pigtail grows.

-- talbixu. To grow a braid or a pigtail.

TAB, 5. / ТАВ

[Mo.] adv. Well-done, completely (onomat.).

TAB, 6. / ТАВ

-- tab. The sound of hammering (onomat.).

TABA

See caba.

TABAГ, 1. / ТАВАГ

n. Plate, dish, platter, tray.

-- sily. A dish of soup.

TABAГ, 2. / ТАВАГ

[cf. tabaxai] n. Sole of hoof or foot; paw, foot (usually of an animal); the part of the scalp which is not shaven and from which a pigtail grows; tuft; base.

nige -- deresy. A tuft of broom-grass.

suburγan -- . Base of a stupa.

TABAГLA-, 1. / ТАВАГЛАХ

v. t. To put something on a plate.

TABAГLA-, 2. / ТАВАГЛАХ

v. t. and i. To put a patch on the sole of a camel's foot; to become fat and have a fat tail (of a sheep); to tie up (an animal) by the leg.

TABALA-

See tabla-, 2.

TABAR

See tavar.

TABAXAI / ТАВХАЙ

[cf. tabaγ, 2.] n. Hoof; paw.

TABCANG / ТАВЦАН, ДАВЦАН

n. Plateau; platform, dais; throne; table top.

Pamir -- . The Pamir plateau.

TABDAГAR

See tabduγar.

TABI(N) / ТАВЬ

n. Fifty.

TABI-

See talbi-.

TABIDUГAR / ТАВЬДУГААР
ord. num. Fiftieth.

TABIГ / ТАВИГ
n. Offering, sacrifice; religious ceremony or service.
-- takil. Offering, oblation.
-- takil barixu. To make an offering or sacrifice.
-- talbixu. To make an offering.
-- un ed. Sacrificial substances.
-- un usun. Water offered as sacrifice.

TABIГAD / ТАВИАД
approx. num. Approximately fifty.
-- toγan u. About fifty in number.

TABIГLA- / ТАВИГЛАХ
v.. To prepare an offering or sacrifice; to officiate in a temple; to respect, venerate, honor.
kyndylen --xu. To venerate, respect, worship.

TABILГ-A / ТАВИЛГА
n. The act or manner of placing; a set or number of objects placed together; donation, sacrifice.

TABILГU / ТАВИЛГА
n. Meadowsweet, Spiraea (plant).

TABLA-, 1. / ТАВЛАХ
v.t. and i. To forge the head of a nail; to rivet; to form a scab.

TABLA-, 2. / ТАВЛАХ
[= tabala-] v.i. To feel satisfied or content; to rejoice; to sit quietly; to make oneself comfortable; to rejoice at the misfortune of others, gloat.

TABLICA / ТАБЛИЦ
[R. таблица] n. Table, chart.

TABSAГ / ТАВСАГ
n. Chest, trunk; small wooden box covered with leather.

TABSAI- / ТАВСАЙХ
v.i. To have a flat surface or top.

TABSI- / ТАВШИХ
v.t. To hit gently with the palm of the hand

TABTAI, 1. / ТАВТАЙ
adj. Having a head (as a nail or a scab).
-- xadaγasu. Nail with a head.

TABTAI, 2. / ТАВТАЙ
adj. Good, comfortable, pleasant; quiet; cozy, snug.
-- saγudal. Comfortable seat.
-- saixan. Pleasant, comfortable.

TABTAI-A / ТАВТАЯА
adv. Comfortably, closely fitting.

TABTAIXAN / ТАВТАЙХАН
adj. Pretty well, fairly comfortable.

TABTALI / ТАВТАЛЬ
adj. Having small ears (of grain).

TABTUR / ТАВТАР
-- ygei. Restless, nervous, fidgety.

TABU(N) / ТАВ (АН)
card. num. Five.
--n u edyr. The fifth day of the lunar month.
--n xosuγu. Five-pointed (as a star, etc.).
--n [xosiγu] mal. The five species of livestock (cattle, horse, camel, sheep, goat).

TABUCUГ
See sondaγ.

TABUDUГAR / ТАВДУГААР
[= tabdaγar] ord. num. Fifth.
-- edyr. The fifth day of the solar month.

TABUГAD / ТАВААД
distrib. num. Five each.

TABUГULA(N) / ТАВУУЛ (АН)
coll. num. All five, five together.

TABULZIN / ТАВАЛЖИН
adj. and n. Pentagonal, five-sided; pentagon.

TABUNANG / ТАВНАН
n. Son-in-law of an emperor, prince, or nobleman.

tøry jin -- . Son-in-law of a prince of second or third order.
ulus un -- . Son-in-law of the emperor.
xosiγun u -- . Son-in-law of a prince of fourth order.
xošui -- . Son-in-law of a prince of first order.

TABUNTA / ТАВАНТАА
multipl. num. Five times.

TABUXAN / ТАВХАН
limit. num. Only five.

TABXAГAR / ТАВХГАР
[= tabxar] adj. Flat-topped; flat; low.
-- aγula. Low, flat-topped mountain.
-- ger. Low, flat house.

TABXAI- / ТАВХАЙХ
v.i. To be flat, low.

TABXAR / ТАВХАР
See tabxaγar.

TACA, 1. / ТАЦ
n. Broom; Cytisus laburnum (plant).

TACA, 2. / ТАЦ
n. Swamp, marsh, bog, slough.

TACA, 3.
See daca.

TACIГU[U] / ТАЧУУ
adj. Narrow, tight (of clothes).

TACIGINA- / ТАЧИГНАХ,
[= tazigina-] onomat. v.i. To make a great noise, crash, crackle, crack, clap, peal, thunder, roar.
--tal-a inijeky. To roar with laughter.
--zu duuγarxu. To resound, peal.
ajungγ-a jin daγu --xu. It is thundering.

TACIJA- / ТАЧААХ
v.i. To have a strong desire, love passionately, give oneself up to sensual pleasures, be salacious.

TACIJAL / ТАЧААЛ
n. Sensual desire, passion, concupiscence; lust, lasciviousness; love.

-- edleky. To enjoy carnally.
-- xanuxu. To satisfy one's sexual desire.

TACIJALTAI / ТАЧААЛТАЙ
[= tacijaltu] adj. Impassioned; given over to passions, sensuous.

TACIJALTU / ТАЧААЛТ
See tacijaltai.

TACIJANGГUI / ТАЧААНГУЙ
n. and adj. Sensuality, passion; lust, lustful, lewd; sensual pleasure; craving.
-- ber soγtuγsan. Drunk with lust.
-- ece xaγacaγsan. Passionless, free from passions.
-- jin øngge. The color of love or passion: red.
-- jin yge. Words or the voice of passion; obscene language.

TACIJANGГUITU / ТАЧААНГУЙТ
adj. Passionate, sensual, voluptuous, lascivious.

TACIR / ТАЧИР
adj. Barren, poor (of soil); bleak; having thin fur (of animals); weak, small (of plants).
-- uryuca. Poor growth (of vegetation, hair, etc.).
-- ysytei. Having sparse hair or wool.

TACIRTA- / ТАЧИРТАХ, ТАЧИРДАХ
v.i. To be barren, hard, sandy (of soil).

TACIRXAГ / ТАЧИРХАГ
adj. Unproductive, barren (of soil).

TADARU
See taduru.

TADURU
[= tadaru] n. and adj. Evil, bad, malevolent.
-- buruγu. False, erroneous, unjust.

ТАГ, 1. / ТАГ
adv. Completely, absolutely; exactly.
-- bolxu. To become nonplussed, speechless; to vanish completely.
-- dylei. Completely deaf.
-- soxur. Completely blind.
-- zoγsuba. Stopped completely.
tegyn y mongγul bicig ni -- . He knows absolutely no Mongolian.

ТАГ, 2. / ТАГ



[Turk. tay] n. Mountain; mountain terraces, flat mountain top, plateau; shelf, hanging rack.

symer -- . Mount Sumeru.

ТАГ, 3. / ТАГ



onomat. Sound of striking on something hard; knock.

-- tiy. Knock-knock (onomat.).

ТАГ-А / ТАА



n. Wish, will, pleasure (hon.).

-- ber. At one's discretion; without haste, unhurriedly.

-- ber azillaxu. To work leisurely; to work at one's own discretion.

-- ygei. To dislike; to be disliked; to be disagreeable, inconvenient; to be indisposed, not to feel well.

tan u bej-e -- ygei bain-a uu? Are you not feeling well?

ta -- ber ijen bol! Please do as you wish ! (hon.).

[ta] -- ber ijen zoyuyla! Please eat and drink whatever you like (inviting a guest to feel at home).

tere nadur -- ygei. He dislikes me.

ТАГА- / ТААХ



v.t. To guess, surmise, solve a riddle; to suspect; to admit (the possibility).

kymyn i --xu. To suspect someone.

minu yar tur kedyn burcay bain-a uu -- ! Guess how many beans are in my hand[s]!

onisx-a --xu. To solve a riddle.

ТАГАBURI / ТААВАР



n. Guess[ing], riddle; solution of a riddle; surmise.

-- ber keleky. To say as a guess.

ТАГАBURILA- / ТААВАРЛАХ



v.i. and t. To guess; to solve a riddle; to suspect; to assume.

ТАГАСА / ТААЦ



n. Amity, harmony.

tere xojar -- ygei. There is no harmony between those two.

ТАГАСА-, etc. / ТААЦАХ



See tayaci-, etc.

ТАГАСI- / ТААЧИХ



[= tayaca-] v.i. To conform, correspond; to agree.

tokiraxu --xu. To correspond to, fit in with.

ТАГАСIГUL- / ТААЧУУЛАХ



[= tayacayul-] v. caus. of tayaci-.

yn-e --xu. To appraise, set a price.

ТАГАDAI- / ТААДАЙХ



See taydui-.

ТАГАL



-- bolxu. To die (hon.).

ezen xayan -- bolba. The emperor is dead.

ТАГАLA- / ТААЛАХ



v.t. To desire, love, find pleasure in something; to be pleased with or have sympathy for; to have or express a thought or opinion (hon.); to fondle, caress, kiss.

--ysan kereg. Something wished for, wish, desire (hon.).

saisijan --xu. To praise and love.

šasin-a --xu. To be devout.

xairalan --xu. To love and be pleased (with someone).

ynysyn --xu. To kiss.

ТАГАLАГUL- / ТААЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of tayala-.

ТАГАLAL / ТААЛАЛ



n. Desire; will; pleasure, liking, love.

-- i gyicedkeky. To fulfill the command or desire.

-- tailxu. To explain or interpret the holy scripture.

-- tegysky. To die (hon.).

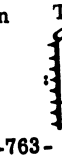
-- tegysygsen. The deceased, the late (hon.).

-- un yges. Words of love.

bej-e jin --. Carnal pleasures, love, desire.

sedkil yn -- . Pleasure, wish, desire (hon.). spiritual enjoyment, heart's desire.

ТАГАLALTAI / ТААЛАЛТАЙ



[= tayalaltu] adj. Being an object of desire, desirable; agreeable, pleasing.

TAГALAMZI / ТААЛАМЖ



n. Will, wish, desire, pleasure, liking.
-- ber. According to the wish of ...
-- ygei. Displeasing, disagreeable.

TAГALAMZILA- / ТААЛАМЖЛАХ



v.t. To be pleased with.
tngri cimaji yly --mui! Heaven will not be pleased with you!

TAГALAMZITAI / ТААЛАМЖТАЙ



[= taγalamzitu = taγatai] adj. Agreeable, good, nice, charming, pleasant; suitable, fitting; content.
-- baidal. Agreeable state or appearance.
-- salkin. Pleasant wind.
-- ynyr. Pleasant smell, fragrance.

TAГALCAГ



n. [Go.] Severed feet of an animal. [Gu.] Tarsus. [Lu.] Ankle-bone, pastern.

TAГALГ-A / ТААЛГА



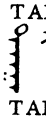
n. The act of taγa-.

TAГALГA- / ТААЛГАХ



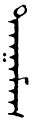
v.caus. of taγa-.
onisx-a --xu. To give a riddle to solve.

TAГALI / ТАГЛИ



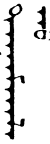
See taγli.

TAГAMAГ / ТААМАГ



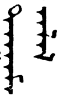
adj. Presumptive, hypothetical, suppositional, a priori.
-- ijer. At a guess, by guesswork.
-- ijer keleky. To say as a guess.
-- ynelelte. Preliminary estimate.

TAГAMAГLA- / ТААМАГЛАХ



[= taγamna-] v.t. To guess; suppose; to act on a hunch.
--zu kiky. To act on a hunch, taking a chance; to conjecture.

TAГAMAГLAL / ТААМАГЛАЛ



n. The act of taγamaγla-; guesswork, supposition, hypothesis.

TAГAMNA- / ТААМНАХ



See taγamaγla-.

TAГAMNAL / ТААМНАЛ



Same as taγamaγlal.

TAГAN



See daγan.

TAГAN-A / ТААНА



n. Wild leek, Allium tenuifolium.

TAГAR / ТААР



n. A coarse carpet; homemade coarse wollen cloth; bag, sack made of coarse wollen cloth.

TAГARA- / ТААРАХ



v.i. To meet, fit a standard, pattern or requirement, be appropriate, match; to coincide; to be correct; to get along with.
--xu ygei. Incorrect, wrong.
amta --xu. To please the taste.
bi egyn tei zam du --γad xamtu irele. I met him on the way and we arrived together.
ene --n-a uu? Is this correct?
ene debel nadur sab saixan --zu baimui. This clothing fits me perfectly.
øndyr ijer --zu bain-a. It fits vertically; it is the right length (as of garments).
sedkil dyr --xu. To please, be agreeable.
tan u yge jeke --zu bain-a. What you have said is quite right.

TAГARAГU / ТААРУУ



adj. Proper, well-timed, appropriate, suitable, fitting; mediocre.

TAГARAГUL- / ТААРУУЛАХ



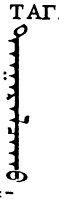
[v.caus. of taγara-] v.t. To fit, adjust, adapt, match, harmonize; to make correspond; to set a watch.
debel --xu. To fit a garment.
zabsijan i --xu. To take advantage of an opportunity.

TAГARAГUXAN / ТААРУУХАН



adj. and adv. Reasonably fitting, just right, quite suitable.
-- saixan. Quite good, just right, well-fitting.

TAГARALCA- / ТААРАЛЦАХ



[v.coop. of taγara-] To agree, assent, fit; to meet with.
tere xojar --xu ygei bain-a. The two of them are not in agreement, are not fitted for each other, are incompatible.

TAГARALDU- / ТААРАЛДАХ



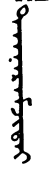
[v.rec. of taγara-] To meet each other, run into; to hit upon.
cilaγu --xu. To hit a stone (e.g. in digging).
xadaγasu --xu. To get caught on a nail.

TAГARAMZI / ТААРАМЖ



n. Fitness, suitableness, accord; acceptability.
-- ygei. Discord; unfit, inappropriate.
-- ygei jabudal. Improper act or conduct.

TAГARAMZITAI / ТААРАМЖТАЙ



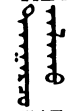
adj. Fitting, proper, appropriate; corresponding.
-- sanal. Proper thought; proposition or suggestion.

TAГARCUГ / ТААРЦАГ



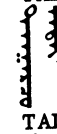
n. Pocket; purse; small bag.
-- taγan kiky. To put in one's own bag or pocket.
arisun -- . Small leather bag or purse.
nigen -- γulir. A bag of flour.

TAГARCUГLA- / ТААРЦАГЛАХ



v.t. To pocket, put something in a purse, small sack, or pocket.

TAГARCUГTAI / ТААРЦАГТАЙ



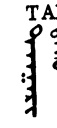
adj. Having a pocket, etc.; being in a pocket, etc.

TAГARI- / ТАЙРАХ



v.t. To cut short, cut off; to deprive of rank or title.
ysy ben --xu. To cut one's hair short.

TAГARIDASU(N) / ТАЙРДАС



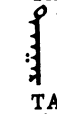
n. Something cut off, cutting, clipping.

TAГARILГ-A / ТАЙРЛАГА



n. The act of cutting, carving, etc. (see taγari-).

TAГARINGXAI / ТАЙРАНХАЙ



adj. Cut off.

TAГAS / ТААС



n. Favor, pleasure.
-- ygei. Disagreeable.

TAГASI / ТААШ



n. That which is to be guessed.
-- ygei. Not to be guessed, incomprehensible, unimaginable, inscrutable.

TAГASTAI / ТААСТАЙ



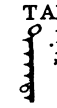
adj. Agreeable, pleasant.

TAГATAI / ТААТАЙ



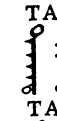
adj. Suitable, consistent; proper, agreeable, pleasing, fine.
nidy dy -- jaγum-a. Object agreeable to the eye.

TAГDAГAR / ТАГТГАР



[= daγdaγar] adj. Short in stature, not tall.
-- debel. Short or tucked-up dress.

TAГDAI- / ТАГДАЙХ



See taγdui-.

TAГDUI- / ТАГДАЙХ



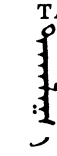
[= taγdai-, taγadai-] v.i. To be of short stature; to be short, rolled up, tucked up. [Ko.] To melt, dissolve.

TAГLA- / ТАГЛАХ



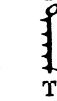
v.t. To stop up, cork, close (as an aperture); to fill in the deficiencies.
ama ji alaγ-a ber ɪjen --xu. To cover the mouth (or any opening) with the palm of one's hand.
bicig --xu. To conclude a letter by adding the date at the end.
nyke --xu. To stop up a hole.

TAГLAГ-A / ТАГЛАА



n. Anything used to stop a hole, cork, stopper, cover, lid, valve.
xudduγ un --. Lid of a well.

TAГLARA- / ТАГЛАРАХ



v.i. To be[come] occluded, stopped up.

TAГLAS / ТАГЛААС



n. Cork, stopper.

TAГLI / ТАГЛИ

[= taγali] n. Anvil with a slot for making nail heads.

TAГSI / ТАГШ



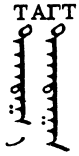
n. Small cup.
nige -- cai. A cup of tea.

TAГSI- / ТАГШИХ



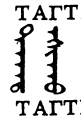
v.t. To beat, hit, click, clap; to cry (of eagles).
alaγ-a --xu. To clap one's hands, applaud.
tangnai ji --xu. To click one's tongue.

TAГTAГ-A(N) / ТАГТАА



n. Pigeon, dove.
--n øngge. Dove color; ash color.
--n siudan. Pigeon post.

TAГTASI-



v.i. To harden.

TAГTIГ / ТАКТИК



[R. тактика] n. Tactics.
-- un suryaγuli. The study of tactics.

TAГTU / ТАГТ



n. Attic, garret, mezzanine; tower; floor, story.
-- baising = -- ger. House of more than one story.

TAГTU- / ТАГТАХ



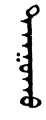
v.i. To dry or harden and stick to something; to form into icicles.

TAГU / ТУУ



n. Crow, jackdaw; a tripod for suspending a kettle over a fire.

TAГU- / ТУУХ



v.t. To drive (as cattle or a cart); to chase, pursue, track.
--zy jabuxu. To drive, drive away.
terge --xu. To drive a cart.
xulaγaici mal --zu jabuba. The bandits drove away the cattle.

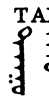
TAГUL-, 1. / ТУУЛАХ



[= toγul-, tuγul-] v.t. To pass; to surmount, overcome; go through, penetrate.
γoul i --xu. To ford a river.
usu γal i cu -- suγai bi! I shall even go through fire and water!
zobalang i --xu. To go through suffering.
zobalang i --xu ygei bolbasu kerkin zirγalang i medej-e. Id

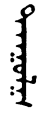
zobalang i --xu ygei bolbasu kerkin zirγalang i medej-e. If one does not suffer, how will he know what happiness is ?

TAГUL-, 2. / ТУУЛАХ



v.i. To have diarrhea.

TAГULГ-A / ТУУЛГА



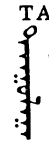
n. Purgative, laxative; diarrhea.
-- em. Purgative, laxative.
dabusun -- . Laxative salt.
tosun -- . Castor oil.

TAГULГA-, 1. / ТУУЛГАХ



v. caus. of taγul-, 1.

TAГULГA-, 2. / ТУУЛГАХ



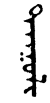
[v. caus. of taγul-, 2.] v.t. To cause diarrhea; to take a laxative, purge, physic.
--daγ em. Purgative.

TAГULI-



[= tauli-] v.t. To chase, pursue; to attack, to seize.
--zu abxu. To seize, grab, rob.

TAГULID-



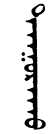
v.i. [Go.] To be sick (of children); to be cranky (of children).

TAГULILA-



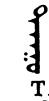
v. freq. of taγuli-.

TAГURA- / ТУУРАХ



v.i. To terminate, cease.
--γsan! It is finished!
ebedcin --ba. The illness has ceased.
kereg zarγu --ba. The lawsuit has come to an end.

TAГURAГUL- / ТУУРУУЛАХ



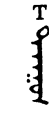
[v. caus. of taγura-] To finish, terminate, clear up.

TAГURГ-A



Same as tuγurγ-a.

TAГUS



Same as toγus.

TAГUSI / ТУУШ

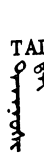


adj. and adv. Through, throughout.

-- xarilcaγ-a. A through connection or communication.

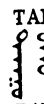
edyr -- . All day long, the whole day.

TAГUSITAI / ТУУШТАЙ



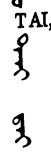
adj. Successive, consecutive; consistent, thorough.

TAГUU-



Same as taγu-.

TAI, 1, TEI



[cf. tu / ty] Suffix of the comitative with the following functions:

a) It expresses the idea of "together with, in company with."

casu tai boruγan tai xoliγad oruzu bain-a. It is snowing and raining at the same time.

ekener tei keyked tei ben jabuzu bain-a. [I, etc.] was going with [my, etc.] wife and children.

nada tai ire! Come with me!

b) It expresses possession, association, or connection with, or means "characterized or qualified by," etc. It is used both attributively and predicatively. In attributive position it is interchangeable with tu / ty.

aziltai edyr. Working day.

bi odu keregtei. I have things to do now.

ene kymyn olan moritai. This man has many horses.

moritai kymyn. Horseman, rider of a horse, man with or having a horse.

ulaγan malaγaitai keyken. Girl wearing a red cap.

c) By extension it shows that something is within a container (interchangeable with tu/ty).

ajaγatai cai. Tea in a cup.

d) Expresses age after numerals.

bi xoritai. I am twenty years old.

TAI, 2. / ТАЙ

[Lu.] n. A yurt at a relay station prepared for waiting travelers.

TAI, 3. / ТАЙ

[Ch. t'ai 臺] n. Platform. cf. taiza.

TAI- / ТАЙХ



v.t. To make an offering or oblation; to sacrifice; (as a noun) ritual, cult, liturgy, religious service.

aγula --xu. To make an offering to the mountain god.

TAIBI-



v.t. To spur a horse.

TAIBING



See taibung.

TAIBU



See taibuu, 3.

TAIBUNG / ТАЙВАН



[= taibing, Ch. t'ai-p'ing 太平] n., adj. and adv. Peace, calmness, quietude, tranquility; prosperity, happiness, bliss; peaceful, calm, happy.

-- amiduraxu. To live peacefully, happily.

-- caγ. Peaceful times.

-- ygei. Restless, without peace.

amuγulang -- . Peace, tranquility.

engke -- . Peace.

engke -- baidal. Peaceful situation, peaceful conditions.

engke -- un baiγululta. Peace organization.

esen -- . Peaceful; peace.

TAIBURA- / ТАЙВРАХ



See taibusira-.

TAIBUSIRA- / ТАЙВШРАХ



[= taibura-] v.i. To become peaceful, calm, quiet.

caγ --zu bain-a. Times have become quiet (as after a war).

sedkil inu --ba. The wind became quiet.

TAIBUSIRAГUL- / ТАЙВШРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of taibusira-] To pacify, put at ease, calm.

TAIBUU, 1. / ТАЙВУУ



n. Ceiling joist.

TAIBUU, 2. / ТАЙВУУ

adj. Quiet, calm, easy-going.

TAIвUU, 3. / ТАЙВУУ

[= taibu, Ch. t'ai-pao 太保] n. Title of a high court official; guardian of the heir apparent.

TAICI- / ТАЙЧИХ

v.t. To untie; to take off, strip off.

ger yn oγusur byci ji --xu. To untie the ropes of a yurt.

xubcasun ijen --xu. To take off or strip off one's own clothing

TAICIГUD / ТАЙЧУУД

n. A Mongol tribe of northern Mongolia at the time of Genghis Khan.

TAIDAR

See toidur.

TAIDXURA- / ТАЙТГАРАХ

v.i. To calm down, become quiet, serene; to subside, abate, pass (of feelings, sensations)

aγur --ba. The anger has abated.

cirai inu --zuxui. His face became serene.

uidxar --ba. The feeling of loneliness passed.

TAIDXURAГUL- / ТАЙТГАРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of taidxura-.

TAIFU

[= taipu , Ch. t'ai-fu 太傅] n. Grand tutor of the heir apparent.

TAIГ-A, 1. / ТАЙГА

n. Taiga, thick coniferous forest.

TAIГ-A, 2. / ТАЙГА

-- [noxai] Greyhound.

TAIГALA-

v.t. To castrate.

TAIГAM / ТАЙГАН

[= taiγan, fr. Ch. t'ai-chien 太監]. n. and adj. Castrated, eunuch; constable (hist.). [Mo.] An official charged with guarding the tomb of a person who is the object of public rites (hist.).

TAIГAN

See taiγam.

TAIL

n. Sacrifice.

TAIL- / ТАЙЛАХ

v.t. a) To undo, untie, unwrap, unbutton, undress, take off dress or shoes; to open; to free, liberate from.

egyde ji --xu. To untie a door (the doors of some yurts are tied with a rope).

γutul --xu. To take off one's boots.

kylijesyn i --xu. To free from fetters, untie the ropes; to free from the yoke of (fig.).

xaγalγ-a --xu. To open a door or gate.

xubcasu --xu. To undress.

zanggilaγ-a --xu. To untie a knot.

b) To decipher, solve.

niγuca temdeg i --xu. To decipher a secret code or secret signs.

taγaburi ji --xu. To solve a riddle.

c) To explain, interpret, comment.

--zu keleky. To explain.

--zu sonusxaxu. To explain orally.

yge jin udx-a ji --xu. To explain semantics.

zegydyn i --xu. To interpret a dream.

d) To counteract, undo the effect of (poison, etc.) to dispel, relieve.

γomudal --xu. To make up for hurting someone's feelings.

uidxar γasiγun i --xu. To dispel melancholy or sadness.

xour-a --xu em. Antidote.

TAILAГ / ТАЙЛАГ

n. Male camel prior to castration, i.e. from three to four or five years old.

TAILAN / ТАЙЛАН

See tailun.

TAILBURI / ТАЙЛБАР

n. Elucidation, explanation, commentary, interpretation; solution of riddle; annotation.

udx-a jin -- . Explanation of the meaning or contents.

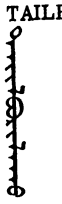
yge jin -- . Interpretation of words.

TAILBURICI(N) / ТАЙЛБАРЧ



n. Commentator.

TAILBURILA- / ТАЙЛБАРЛАХ



v.t. To explain, elucidate, interpret, comment.
--n taniγulxu. To explain and make known, comment upon.
--xu anu ... Note: (introducing an explanatory note).
--zu øgky. To explain to somebody.

TAILBURILAΓCI / ТАЙЛБАРЛАГЧ



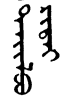
n. Expounder, commentator, analyst.
sonin u --. News commentator.

TAILBURILAL / ТАЙЛБАРЛАЛ



n. The act of tailburila-

TAILBURITAI / ТАЙЛБАРТАЙ



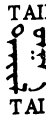
adj. Having an explanation, note, or commentary.

TAILΓ-A / ТАЙЛГА



[cf. takilγ-a] n. Offering, sacrifice.
-- jin bicig. Ritual text for sacrifices; a funeral oration or address which is read and burned in honor of the deceased.
-- jin kereg. Ceremonial affairs (ritual, sacrifice, offering, etc.).
-- jin orun. A place of religious worship.
-- takixu. To make an offering.

TAILULΓ-A / ТАЙЛЛАГА



n. Solution, explanation; solution of a riddle.

TAILUN / ТАЙЛАН



[= tailan] n. Report, account.
-- dangsa. Ledger.
-- γarγaxu. To present or issue a report.
-- iledkel. Report.
azil un --. Report on the work, progress report.
zil yn -- iledkel. Annual

TAIPU



See taifu.

TAIŠA



[Buriat for taisi, q.v.] n. Chief of a clan, tribe (hist.); highest official charged with the cult of Chinggis Khan with the darxad, q.v.

TAISI / ТАЙШ



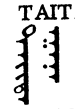
[Ch. t'ai-shih 太師] n. Grand master, imperial teacher; honorary title of the first degree.

TAISUI



[Ch. t'ai-sui 太歲] n. The planet Jupiter.

TAITAI'ANA- / ТАЙТГАНАХ



See taitalza-.

TAITAΓAR / ТАЙТГАР



n. and adj. One who has a crooked body or limbs; bow-legged; pigeon-toed.

TAITALZA- / ТАЙТАЛЗАХ



[= taitaγana-] v.i. To walk bow-legged or with the toes turned inwards.

TAIXUVA



n.A kind of salt-water fish (Ch. ts'ang-yü 鯧魚 -pomfret).

TAIZA / ТАЙЗ



[Ch. t'ai-tzŭ 臺子] n. Platform; theatrical stage. Cf. tai.

TAIZI / ТАЙЖ



[from Ch. t'ai-tzŭ 太子 , usually written t'ai-chi 臺吉] n. A Mongolian noble class; a title inherited only by descendants of Genghis Khan and his brothers.
-- nar. The taizis.
-- uγsaγatai. Of taizi descent.
terigyn zerge jin --. Taizi of the first class.

TAIZI



[Ch. t'ai-tzu 太子] n. Heir apparent, crown prince.

TAIZU



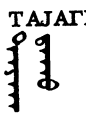
[Ch. t'ai-tzu 太祖] n. Ancestor or founder of a royal dynasty.

TAJAΓ / ТАЯГ



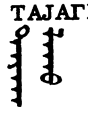
n. Cane, staff, walking stick.
-- tulxu. To lean on a cane.
-- tulzu jabuxu. To walk with a stick.

TAJAГDA- / ТАЯГДАХ



v.t. To hit with a stick or cane; to throw or fling violently or in anger; to cast off.

TAJAГLA- / ТАЯГЛАХ



v.t. To lean on a stick or crutch, walk with a stick.

TAJUNGГA



n. A kind of salt-water fish [Ch. pai-k'un-yü 白鯤魚].

TAKI / ТАХЬ



n. Wild horse, Equus przewalskii.

TAKI, TEKI



See daki, deki.

TAKI- / ТАХИХ



v.t. To sacrifice, make an offering; to revere, worship.

γurban erdeni ji --xu. To venerate the Three Jewels (Buddha, the Doctrine, the Clergy).

ongγud i --xu. To offer sacrifices to the ongγud, q.v.

tailγ-a --xu. To make offerings, sacrifices (as a religious ceremony).

TAKIГAR / ТАХИГАР



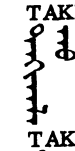
[= takir] adj. and n. Crippled, maimed (of limbs); crooked; a cripple; invective addressed to a person who has lost the use of an arm or hand.

-- bolxu. To be[come] crippled.

-- γar. Crippled hand or arm.

-- køl. Crippled leg or foot.

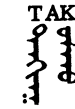
TAKIГLA- / ТАХИГЛАХ



v.t. To offer a sacrifice.

--n sityky. To worship with faith.

TAKIГUL- / ТАХИУЛАХ



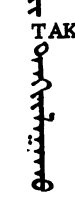
v.caus. of taki-.

TAKII- / ТАХИЙХ



v.i. To become crippled, bent, oblique.

TAKIILГA- / ТАХИЙЛГАХ



[v.caus. of takii-] To bend, make crooked.

TAKIJ-A(N) / ТАХИА



n. Chicken ; the tenth of the twelve animals of the zodiac.

-- caγ. Hour of the chicken, 5 to 7 p.m.

--n u ceceg. A chicken's comb; cockscomb (plant).



--n u egyr. A chicken's nest.

--n u zulzaγ-a. Chick.

-- sar-a. The eighth month according to the astrological calendar.

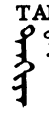
-- zil. Year of the chicken, the 10th year in the twelve-year animal cycle.

azirγan -- . Rooster.

em-e -- . Hen.

er-e -- . Rooster.

TAKIJATAI / ТАХИАТАЙ



adj. Having a chicken or chickens; born in the year of the chicken.

TAKIL / ТАХИЛ



n. Offering, sacrifice; small offering bowl.

-- tabiγ. Offering, sacrifice.

-- un sirege. Altar table.

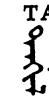
idegen y -- . Food offering.

TAKILCI(N) / ТАХИЛЧ



n. Monk in charge of the objects used in sacrifices, sacrificer.

TAKILГ-A / ТАХИЛГА



[cf. tailγ-a] n. Offering, sacrifice, oblation; cult of a deity.

TAKILГALA- / ТАХИЛГАЛАХ



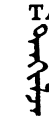
v.t. To sacrifice, offer as a sacrifice.

TAKILZA- / ТАХИЛЗАХ



v.i. To be[come] crooked, bent, or crippled.

TAKILZAГUR / ТАХИЛЗУУР



n. Shin, shank. [Mo.] Region back of the knee joint; ham, hock.

TAKIM / ТАХИМ



n. The ham, the hollow behind the knee joint.

-- šarkiraxu. To have rheumatism in the legs.

-- tataxu. To have cramps in the legs.

-- un xongxur. The hollow behind the knee joint.

TAKIMDA- / ТАХИМДАХ

v.t. To seize someone by his knee joint (in wrestling).

TAKIMDAГU / ТАХИМДГУУ , ТАХИМДУУ

n. Filial piety, respect for one's parents and elders.

TAKIMDAГUCILA-

v.i. To practice or show filial piety.

TAKIR / ТАХИР

See takiγar.

-- γoul. Crank (mech.).

TAKIRA-

v.i. To become entangled (as thread).

TAKIRI-

Same as takirla-.

TAKIRLA- / ТАХИРЛАХ

v.i. To be bent, crooked, crippled, maimed.

--n jabuxu. To walk with a stoop (like a crippled person).

TAL / ТАЛ

See tal-a, (d).

TAL-A / ТАЛ

n. and adj. a) Plain, level space, steppe.

-- bolxu. To be devastated.

caγan -- . Level plain, plain with neither elevations nor depressions, open steppe.

γobi -- . Desert.

keger-e -- . Steppe, wilderness.

saxar γobi -- . Sahara Desert.

b) Side; direction; part; faction; page (of a book).

-- ece. From the side; from the point of view.

-- tal-a ece. From every side, from all sides.

aru -- [du] . See aru.

γadaγadu -- . The outside.

nigen -- ber. On the one hand.

nøgyge -- ber. On the other hand.

nøgyge -- ece. From the other side, on the other hand.

ulus tøry jin -- ber. With regard to politics, from a political standpoint.

xojar -- . Both sides.

zegyn -- . East side or flank.

c) Favorite, favorable; favor.

-- kiky. To do a favor; to ingratiate oneself.

-- øgky. To do a favor or courtesy.

-- sar-a. Auspicious month for a wedding (determined by astrology). See also (d).

-- tanil. Favorite friend.

-- toxui tataxu. To be partial.

-- xaraxu. To be partial.

-- zasaxu. To ingratiate oneself, bring oneself into another's favor; to do a favor.

niγur -- inu jeke. [He] has much influence.

d) [= tal]. Half; one of a pair.

-- bej-e. Half of the body; one of a married couple.

-- bømbyrceg. Hemisphere.

-- dugui. Semicircle.

-- mønggy. Halfpenny.

-- nidy. One eye.

-- sar-a. Half-moon, crescent. See also (c).

-- xubi. Half.

TALA- / ТАЛАХ

v.t. To take away, confiscate; to plunder; to ruin.

--zu abxu. To rob; to confiscate.

alaxu --xu. To kill and to plunder.

tarij-a --xu. To injure the crops (of animals).

TALABAI / ТАЛБАЙ

n. Square field, public square, plaza.

-- ji byrkyky. To cover or fill the plaza.

tesigyr un -- . Skating place or rink.

TALABUR / ТАЛБАР

n. Field, public square; parade ground; plaza.

bailduγan u -- . Battlefield.

tarijalang un -- . Tilling land.

TALAГ

Same as taraγ.

TALAГAR / ТАЛААР

adv. In vain, uselessly, to no purpose.

-- bolxu. To become useless.

edyr sar-a ji -- ønggeregeky. To live in idleness; to pass one's days idly.

TALAMAI

-- [γazar]. Small plain; steppe.

TALARXA- / ТАЛАРХАХ

v.i. To be thankful or grateful; to show friendliness or respect; to appreciate.
aci dur --xu. To thank for someone's favor; to be grateful for someone's kindness.
tan dur jeke --zu amui. I am very grateful to you.

TALARXAГ, 1. / ТАЛАРХАГ

adj. Flat, level (of terrain).
-- γazar. Flat country.

TALARXAГ, 2. / ТАЛАРХАГ

adj. Friendly; formal, polite.

TALARXAL / ТАЛАРХАЛ

n. Gratitude, appreciation, friendliness, kindness; solidarity.
-- kyrgeky. To express one's gratitude.
-- un sedkil. Gratitude.

TALATAI / ТАЛТАЙ

[= talatu] adj. Having sides, borders or frontiers; favorite, favored; favorable.
-- sar-a. Auspicious month (for weddings, etc.).
tabun -- . Pentagonal.

TALATU / ТАЛТ

See talatai.
-- bilaγu. [Go.] Faceted staff with blunt metal point carved with dragons.
-- boruγ-a. Arrow with tetrahedral head made of bones, used for hunting animals.

TALBAГ / ТАЛБАГ

n. Square sitting cushion, mattress.

TALBAR / ТАЛБАР

n. Shallow, shoal, sandbank; glade in a forest.

TALBI- / ТАВИХ

[= tabi-] v.t. A. In concrete sense.
a) To place, put, set, lay or put down; to install.
sigysy --xu. To put out a sigysy, q.v.
siregen deger-e --xu. To place or put on the table.
šatu --xu. To set up a ladder.
telefon --xu. To install a telephone.
xabx-a --xu. To set a trap.
zam --xu. To build a railroad. (See also under B, c).

b) To set free, release, let loose.
--n jabuγulxu. To let go, release.
buu --xu. To shoot, fire a gun.
ebesyn dyr --xu. To put out to pasture; to release (animals) on a pasture so that they may eat a haystack.
noxai --xu. To release or set free a dog; to chase with dogs.
ziluγ-a --xu. To loosen the reins.

B. In abstract sense.
a) To establish, arrange; to appoint.
cilyge --xu. To grant or declare a holiday.
tysimel --xu. To appoint an officer.
b) To offer, exhibit, demonstrate, express, present, declare; to issue.
--zu øgky. To give out; to issue; to yield, give in.
angxaral --xu. To pay attention to.
ciki --xu. To lend one's ear, listen attentively.
esergycel --xu. To resist, oppose.
iledkel --xu. To make a report.
nom --xu. To deliver a sermon.
siγardalγ-a --xu. To [present a] demand.
xarijal --xu. To shower with insults or invectives.
zorilta --xu. To set a goal.
c) To yield, give in.
zam --xu. To yield the way. (See also under A, a).
d) In figurative expressions based on the concrete meanings (See also under A.).
ceger --xu. To put an end to the restriction or quarantine.
daγuu --xu. To let out a shout, shout loudly.
daγuu --zu ukilaxu. To weep with loud lamentations; to wail.
ebesyn dy γal --xu. To set grass or hay on fire.
γal --xu. To set on fire.
jasu --xu. To die (lit. " To lay down one's bones").
puuzing --xu. To discharge a firecracker.
saxal --xu. To grow a beard.
saxal ysy ben urtu --xu. To allow one's beard and hair to grow long.
sula --xu. To set free, release, let loose.
tyimer --xu. To set on fire.
yndysyn i --xu. To lay the foundation or the basis.

TALBICA / ТАВЫЦ

n. Place where one deposits, puts, or places something; stand.

TALBIГDA- / ТАВИГДАХ

v. pass. of talbi-.

kylijesyn ece --xu. To be freed from ties, fetters, or a yoke.

man u emyn-e --γsan zorilta. Aim or goal set for us.

TALBIГU(N) ТАЛБИУ

adj. Broad, wide, vast, gentle; calm.

-- γazar. Open field, plain; vast plain; gently sloping terrain.

-- saixan. Nice and spacious, nice and quiet.

-- urusxu. To flow gently.

-- zang tai kymyn. Calm person.

aγuu --. Vast and wide.

nair --. Concord, agreement.

TALBIГUR / ТАВИУР

n. Stand, rest; hanger; low table; board to put things on.

ajaγ-a šaγazing un --. Cupboard for dishes.

kyzi jin --. Incense tray or burner.

TALBIГUXAN / ТАЛБИУХАН

adj. Somewhat wide, broad; somewhat calm.

TALBIRA- / ТАЛБИРАХ

v.i. To be relieved; to calm down (after a fit of anger); to relax (after worry); to decrease (of cold); to thaw (of a frozen river).

TALI I- / ТАЛИЙХ

v.i. To disappear, get lost, go astray; to die.

--γsan jabudal. A long forgotten or bygone matter.

køndelen xosiγun du --xu. To disappear in another xosiγun, q.v.

TALILГA- / ТАЛИЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of talii-]. To cause to disappear.

TALKI(N) / ТАЛХИ

n. Scraper or beating stick used in tanning leather; yoke, burden; an instrument used for torture.

TALKI- / ТАЛХИХ

v.t. To use a scraper or beating stick in tanning leather; to beat someone very hard, beat to exhaustion; to oppress with great labor, exploit.

--n darulaxu. To oppress, exploit.

TALKIBCI / ТАЛХИВЧ

n. Instrument for shoeing horses.

TALKIDA- / ТАЛХИДАХ

v.t. To scrape or rub leather; to press, squeeze; to beat hard; to cheat.

TALKIГDAL / ТАЛХИГДАЛ

n. Yoke, pressure, oppression

γadaγadu ulus un erke --. Foreign yoke.

TALTALKI-

v.i. To speak indistinctly, babble.

TALTU / ТАЛТ

-- mølty. Expression descriptive of carelessness, haphazardness or a child's prattling

-- mølty sonusxu. To hear only partially; to catch a few words here and there.

-- mølty xojar jaγum-a medeky. To have merely a superficial knowledge.

ter-e nige xojar -- mølty kitad yge meden-e. He is able to say only a couple of words in Chinese.

TALU

-- dalai. Ancient name of the Caspian Sea.

TALX-A(N) / ТАЛХ(АН)

n. Powder; flour, meal; bread.

-- bariγci. Baker.

-- barixu. To make bread.

-- barixu γazar. Bakery.

-- bolγaxu. To bake bread; to grind into powder.

-- jin tegerm-e. Flour mill.

--n em. Powdered medicine.

TALXACI / ТАЛХАЧ

n. Baker.

TALXADA- / ТАЛХДАХ

v.t. To grind into powder or flour.

TALXALA- / ТАЛХЛАХ

v.t. To reduce to powder or flour; to crush, grind, pound.

--n tegermedeky. To grind into powder with a grinder.

TALXARA- / ТАЛХРАХ

v.i. To turn into powder; to crumble.

TAM-A

n. A kind of salt-water fish (Ch. hsieh-ti-yü 鞋底魚).

TAMA-

v.t. To collect or gather together.

TAMAГ-A(N) / ТАМГА

n. Seal, stamp; brand; branding iron; ace (in cards).

-- barixu. To be in charge (lit.: to hold the seal).

-- ber jabuxu. To play the ace (cards).

-- daruxu. To [affix a] seal or stamp; to brand.

-- jin buduγ. Ink used for seals, usually vermilion (Ch. yin-se 印色).

--n u γazar. Xosiγun (q.v.) government (lit.: seal office).

-- xaγaxu. To put away the Seal ceremonially for the New Year's recess (hist.).

morin u -- . Branding iron for horses; brand on a horse.

xaγan -- . Imperial seal.

xas -- . Jade seal of the Great Khan.

TAMAГALA- / ТАМГАЛАХ

v.t. To [affix a] seal; to stamp; to brand.

TAMAГATAI / ТАМГАТАЙ

[= tamaγatu] adj. Having a seal, stamp, or brand; sealed; branded.

-- mori. Branded horse.

TAMAГATU / ТАМГАТ

See tamaγatai.

-- bicig. Official document (i.e. a document bearing an official seal).

TAMAГAXAN

n. A small seal or stamp.

TAMAKI(N) / ТАМХИ

[= tamiki] n. Tobacco.

-- ece γarxu. To give up smoking.

-- jin køgerge. Snuffbottle.

--n du oruxu. To become a smoker of tobacco; to become an opium addict.

--n u saba. Tobacco pouch.

-- soruxu. To smoke tobacco.

-- tataxu. To smoke tobacco; to greet another by offering one's snuffbottle; to exchange snuffbottles in greeting.

-- uγuxu. To smoke.

caγasun -- . Cigarettes.

nabcin -- . Leaf tobacco.

xabar un -- . Snuff.

xar-a -- . Opium.

TAMAKILA- / ТАМХИЛАХ

v.t. To smoke tobacco; to exchange snuffbottles in greeting.

TAMALA- / ТАМЛАХ

v.t. To chant or sing.

TAMГA

Same as tamaγ-a(n).

TAMIKI(N) / ТАМХИ

See tamaki(n).

TAMIR / ТАМИР

n. Bodily strength, health, energy, vigor; blood vessel.

-- aldaxu. To lose strength.

-- baraxu. To be exhausted.

-- dour-a. Feeble, weak.

-- jeketei kymyn. Person with great strength, vigorous person.

-- maγutai baixu. To feel weak, have no strengtn.

-- oruxu. To gain strengtn.

-- tengkege. Strength, energy; courage.

-- ygei. Having no strength, feeble, weak.

bej-e jin --. Physical strength; physical culture.

bej-e jin -- bolbasuraγulxu. Physical culture.

kycyn -- . Strength.

kycyn -- daγusxu. To lose strength, become exhausted.

TAMIRCI / ТАМИРЧ

bej-e jin -- . [Ri.] Athlete.

TAMIRDA- / ТАМИРДАХ

v.i. To be weak, lose strength.

TAMIRDAГUL- / ТАМИРДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of tamirda-] v.t. To weaken, enfeeble, debilitate.

TAMIRTAI / ТАМИРТАЙ



[= tamirtu] adj. Strong, robust, vigorous.

TAMIRTU



See tamirtai.

TAMIRZI- / ТАМИРЖИХ



v.i. To gain strength.

TAMSI-



See tangsi-.

TAMSIJA- / ТАМШААХ



[= tamsijala-] v.t. To champ; to click the tongue; to taste food; to strum a stringed instrument; to pluck a bow string when trying out the bow.

--zu simeky. To champ and suck.

købcin i --xu = numun i --xu. To try out a bow by plucking the bowstring.

tangnai ben --xu. To champ; to click the tongue.

TAMSIJALA- / ТАМШААЛАХ



See tamsija-.

TAMSIJALGA- / ТАМШААЛГАХ



v. caus. of tamsija-.

TAMTA



n. Small mortar.

TAMTALA- / ТАМТЛАХ

v.t. To crush in a mortar; to ruin someone.

TAMTAN

n. A kind of salt-water fish (Ch. hai-niao-yü 海鳥魚).

TAMTAR- / ТАМТРАХ



[= tamtari-] v.i. To tear or break into pieces.

TAMTARI- / ТАМТРИХ



See tamtar-.

TAMTU-



v.t. To break to pieces, crush, ruin, devastate.

TAMTUCI- / ТАМТЧИХ



v.t. To tear to pieces, rip; to destroy; to pillage.

--zu ideky. To eat listlessly or nibble taking a bite here and there (usually of sick animals).

--zu uruxu. To tear to pieces.

TAMTUG / ТАМТАГ

-- ygei. Broken in small pieces, tattered, fragmentary; good for nothing.

-- ygei jabuxu. To behave very badly.

TAMTUGLA- / ТАМТАГЛАХ



v.t. To break, smash, destroy, annihilate, wear out, tatter.

TAMTUL- / ТАМТЛАХ



v.t.. To cut , break; to wear out; to destroy, annihilate.

TAMTURA- / ТАМТРАХ

v.i. To be broken to pieces.

TAMTURAXAI



Same as tamturxai.

TAMTURI-, 1. / ТАМТРИХ

v.t. To browse here and there; to eat sparsely growing grass (of cattle).

ebesy belciger i --xu. To nibble on meadow grass.

TAMTURI-, 2. / ТАМТРИХ

See temteri-.

TAMTURKILA-

See temterkile-.

TAMTURXAI / ТАМТАРХАЙ

adj. Damaged, broken; torn.

TAMU / ТАМ

[S. tamas (darkness of hell)] n. Deep abyss or pit, chasm; hell, hades; tortures suffered in hell, torments.

-- ben yzeky. To see one's hell; to be tormented as in hell.

-- dur unaxu. To fall into hell.

-- jin zobalang. Torments of hell.

TAMU- / ТАМАХ



[= tomu-,l.] v.t. To twist or spin thread or rope.

degesy --xu. To twist or splice a rope.

TAMUГDA- / ТАМАГДАХ



v. pass. of tamu-.

mori jin køl --zu bain-a. The horse is staggering, walking cross-legged (from fatigue).

TAMULA- / ТАМЛАХ



v.t. To torture, torment.

TAMULAГCI / ТАМЛАГЧ



n. Torturer.

TAMULAL / ТАМЛАЛ



n. The act or manner of torturing, torture.

TAMULГ-A / ТАМЛАГА



n. The act of twisting or spinning.

TAMUMAL / ТАМҢМАЛ



[n.d. of tamu-] adj. Twisted, spun.

TAN, 1. / ТАН



Base for the oblique cases of the personal pronoun "you."

-- dur. Dative-locative of ta, q.v.

-- u. Gen. of ta.

TAN, 2. / ТАН



An honorific used after titles in addressing or referring to persons of rank.

gegen --. Your eminence (addressing a xubilγan, q.v.).

nojan --. Your (or his) Highness; your (or his) Excellency.

TAN-A / ТАНАА



[tan + old dat.] To you (polite). Used after a title or name in addressing a letter, also in the opening words of a letter.

erkim abuγai ... --. My dear Mr. ...

erkim nøkyr ... --. My dear friend ...

TANA / ТАНА

[Turk. tana, Pers. dāna] n. Mother-of-pearl.

-- erdeni. Mother-of-pearl.

TANAIKI / ТАНАЙХЬ



[= tanuxai] adj. and n. Yours, belonging to you; your home or family.

TANAR / ТА НАР, ТААНАР



pers. pron. You (pl.). See under ta, 1.

TANG, 1. / ТАН(Г)



[Ch. t'ang 湯] n. Broth, decoction; liquid medicine for fever.

TANG, 2. / ТАН(Г)



[Ch. t'ang 堂] n. Church (applied to Christian churches in southern Mongolia).

TANG, 3. / ТАН(Г)



[Ch. t'ang 唐]

-- [ulus] n.p. The T'ang dynasty, 618 to 907 A.D.

TANG, 4. / ТАН



[Ch. t'an 灘] n. Shallow rapids.

TANG, 5. / ТАН



onomat. Sound of a gong or shot.

TANGDA- / ТАНДАХ



v.i. To run aground; to become shallow.

TANGDAU / ТАНДУУ



[Ch. t'ang-t'ou 盪頭] n. Mattock, pickaxe; a type of plow which makes two furrows at a time, releasing seed and covering it.

TANGГAI



See tangxai.

TANGГAI- / ТАНГАЙХ



[= tangxai-] v.i. To lie idly.

TANGГALZA- / ТАНГАЛЗАХ



v.i. To carry one's head high, take on airs, walk with the head in the clouds.

TANGГARIГ / ТАНГАРАГ, ТАНГАРИГ

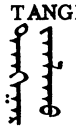


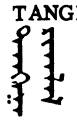
n. Solemn promise, oath, vow, pledge.

-- dabaxu. To violate an oath.

-- ebdeky. To break a solemn promise, violate an oath.

-- kiky. To take an oath, make a vow, pledge.
-- talbixu. To swear an oath.
aman -- ijen øgky. To give one's oath.

TANGГARIГLA- / ТАНГАРАГЛАХ

v.i. To take an oath, make a vow, swear.
tngri ber --xu. To swear by Heaven.

TANGГARIГLAL / ТАНГАРАГЛАЛ

n. The act of taking an oath; solemn promise, vow, pledge, oath.

TANGГUD / ТАНГАД

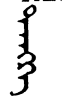
n. p. Tangut inhabitant of northwestern China, sometimes referring to the Tibetans or their country (Ch. hsi-hsia 西夏).
-- γazar. The country of the Tanguts; Tibet.
xar-a --. The Black Tangut, also applied to Tibetans in a derogatory sense.

TANGGI

adj. Frugal in eating and drinking, sober.

TANGGIM

See tangkim.

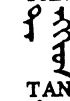
TANGKA, 1. / ТАНК

n. Tank (mil.).
-- jin cubuγ-a. Tank column.

TANGKA, 2.

[T. thang ka] n. Lamaist temple picture, so-called temple banner, "icon."

TANGKI / ТАНХЬ

adj. Delicate, tender; whimsical, spoiled.
erke -- keyked. Children who are raised delicately; spoiled, willful or whimsical children.

TANGKID / ТАНХИД

Same as tangki.

TANGKIL / ТАНХИЛ

n. Delicacy, effeminateness.

TANGKILA- / ТАНХИЛАХ

v.i. To be delicate, tender; to be spoiled.

TANGKILZA- / ТАНХИЛЗАХ

v.i. To be effeminate; to act in an affected manner.

TANGKILZAГUR / ТАНХИЛЗУУР

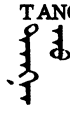
adj. Effeminate, affected.

TANGKIM / ТАНХИМ

[= tanggim, tinggim, Ch. t'ang 堂 (?)]
n. Large hall, auditorium, governmental department.
surγaγuli jin --. School hall or auditorium.
ungsilγ-a jin --. Reading room.

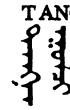
TANGLAI / ТАНГЛАЙ

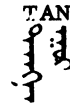
See tangnai.

TANGNA- / ТАГНАХ

v.t. To inquire about, investigate, scout, reconnoiter, spy; to wonder, marvel.

TANGNAГUL / ТАГНУУЛ

n. Intelligence, espionage; spy, secret agent; intelligence agency.
-- elsegylky. To recruit an agent or a spy.

TANGNAГULCI(N) / ТАГНУУЛЧ

n. Spy, scout.

TANGNAГUR

n. Harrow; hoe (Ch. pa 耙).

TANGNAI / ТАГНАЙ

[= tanglai] n. Roof of the mouth, [hard] palate hillock, hillside; ornamental design resembling the surface of the hard palate.
-- jin ysyg. Palatal letter.

TANGNAMSIГTAI / ТАГНАМШИГТАЙ

adj. Wonderful, miraculous, marvelous.

TANGNATU

n. Pelican; cormorant.

TANGNUU

n. p. Tannu mountains (in Tannu Tuva).
-- aγula. The Tannu mountains.
-- tiva. Tannu Tuva.
-- urijangxai. Former name of Tannu Tuva.

TANGNUUSU
[Gu.] n. Barberry.

TANGSI- / ТАНШИХ
[= tamsi-] v.t. To champ; to click the tongue in surprise, disgust, or admiration.
alaγa --xu. To applaud.

TANGSILГ-A / ТАНШЛАГА
n. Sound made by chewing; click of the tongue; applause.

TANGSU / ТАНС
n. Tenderness for children, caress, kindness.

TANGSUГ / ТАНСАГ
adj. and n. Delicious, tasty; pleasant, joyous, agreeable; delicate, exquisite, marvelous, remarkable; pleasure, joy.
-- amatan. Delicious taste.
-- idege. Delicate or exquisite food.
-- sedkil tøryky. To develop a craving for.
-- tur tasiγuraxu. To indulge in pleasures.
-- yge. Agreeable word[s].

TANGSUГLA- / ТАНСАГЛАХ
v.t. To show tenderness; to love, caress; to take great pleasure in eating good food, be a gourmet.
--xu dur duratai kymyn. Gourmet.

TANGSURXA-
v.i. To be or feel pleased.

TANGXAI / ТАНХАЙ
[= tangγai] adj. and n. Good-for-nothing; dissolute; vulgar, rowdy, crude ; hooligan, hoodlum, ruffian; simple.
-- balamad. Hooligan, hoodlum; reckless.

TANGXAI- / ТАНХАЙХ
See tangγai-.

TANGXAICI(N) / ТАНХАЙЧ
n. and adj. Scoundrel, hooligan, tramp, riffraff.

TANGXAIRA- / ТАНХАЙРАХ
v.i. To behave in an unseemly manner , let oneself go; to be dissolute; to be boisterous; to be lazy.

TANI- / ТАНИХ
v.t. To know, be familiar with; to recognize (a person or thing previously known); to identify.
--xu ygei kymyn. Stranger, unfamiliar person.
--zu ilγaxu. To distinguish, discern.
--zu medeky. To find out, recognize, learn, become familiar with.
ci namaji ken gezy --zy bain-a? Who do you think I am ?
ebedcin i --xu. To recognize or diagnose a disease.
ysyg --xu ygei. To be unable to read, be illiterate.

TANIГDA- / ТАНИГДАХ
v. pass. of tani-.
--xu ygei. Unknowable, unrecognizable.
edyr unabasu kymyn inu --mui. A man becomes known in the course of time.
tere nadur --γsan ygei. I did not recognize him (lit.: he was not recognized by me).
zam saixan --zu baimui. The road is easily recognized.

TANIГDASI / ТАНИГДАШ
-- ygei. Unrecognizable.

TANIГUL- / ТАНИУЛАХ
[v. caus. of tani-] To make known; to point the way; to introduce.
tailburilan --xu. To give an explanation, elucidate, explain.
uxaγulun --xu. To elucidate.

TANIГULГ-A / ТАНИУЛГА
n. The act of taniγul-; elucidation, explanation; introduction.
-- jin. Explanatory, elucidative.

TANIL / ТАНИЛ
n. Acquaintance, familiar person.
-- kymyn. Acquaintance.
jeke -- bolxu. To be[come] a close acquaintance.

TANILCA- / ТАНИЛЦАХ
[v. coop. of tani-] To get acquainted, become familiar; to know each other; to familiarize oneself with.
bide --ba. We have become acquainted; we have met.

TANILCAГUL- / ТАНИЛЦУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of tanilca-] To introduce (a person); to acquaint with.

sujul i --xu To acquaint with civilization.

TANIR



See tanur.

TANIRLA- / ТАНИРЛАХ



v. t. To accept an offering.

TANTUR



See tentyr.

TANU- / ТАНАХ



v. t. To reduce in size, cut off, shorten.

--zu abxu. To cut off.

xancui ji --xu. To shorten a sleeve.

TANUD



[tan + ud] pron. You (pl.).

TANUГ / ТАНАГ



See suraγ.

TANUMAL / ТАНАМАЛ



[n. d. of tanu-] adj. Shortened, reduced in size, cut down in size.

TANUR / ТАНАР



[= tanir]

ynyr --. Smell, odor.

TANUXAI



See tanaiki.

TAR, 1. / ТАР



-- tar . Onomat. describing the sound of tapping or of footsteps on a hard surface

γadaγ-a nige jaγum-a -- tar gezy duuγarcu bain-a. Outside a tapping sound is heard.

morin tuγurai -- tar gezy duuγarcu bain-a. The sound of a horse's hoofs is heard.

TAR, 2. / ТАР



n. Tip of hair.

TARA- / ТАРАХ



v. i. To disperse, scatter; to be separated; to part; to break up (as a meeting).

--zu jabuxu. To disperse, go in different directions; to break up (as a meeting); to become separated.

--zu nisky. To fly in different directions.

azil --ba. The work is over for the day.

kicijel --ba. The class is dismissed.

suryaγuli --γsan xoin-a. After school (hours); after the school has adjourned (for vacation).

xural --xu. To be adjourned (of a meeting).

yge --zu bain-a. The word is spreading.

TARAГ / ТАРАГ



n. Clabbered milk, sour milk. [Mo.] Kumiss.

TARAГA- / ТАРААХ

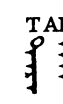


[v. caus. of tara-] To disperse (as a crowd), dismiss; to scatter, spread, spread around.

ebesy --xu. To spread hay.

xural --xu. To adjourn a meeting or assembly.

TARAГLA- / ТАРАГЛАХ



v. t. To make taraγ, q. v.

TARAГUU / ТАРУУ



adj. and adv. Scattered, dispersed; sparse[ly].

-- modu. Thin forest, scattered trees.

-- nigen kedyn ail bain-a. There are a few scattered families.

-- saγuxu. To live or sit scattered about.

TARAKI(N)



See tariki(n).

TARAM / ТАРАМ



[Gr.] n. Plantago salsa (plant).

TARASU



n. A species of small eagle (Ch. po-hsiung 柏雄).

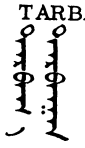
TARAXAI / ТАРХАЙ



[= tarxai] adj. Scattered, dispersed, spread, disseminated.

-- butarxai. Scattered, spread around.

TARBAГ-A(N) / ТАРВАГА(Н)



n. Marmot, Arctomys, "tarbagan."
--n kymyn. Dwarf, pigmy, midget.
--n sigir-e. [Gr.] Thermopsis lanceolata (plant).
--n [u] taxul. Tarbagan plague, pneumonic plague.

TARBAГACI(N) / ТАРВАГАЧ(ИН)



n. Marmot hunter or trapper.

TARBAГACILA- / ТАРВАГАЧЛАХ



v.t. To trap marmots.

TARBAГALA- / ТАРВАГЛАХ



v.t. To trap marmots.

TARBALZI



See tarbazi.

TARBAZI / ТАРВАЖ



[= tarbalzi] n. Sparrow hawk; tawny eagle.

TARBUS / ТАРВАС



n. Watermelon.

TARCA



See carcaxai

TARCIГ / ТАРЧИГ



n. Scanty, meager or scarce (of food),
-- xoγula. Meager food.

TARCIГDA- / ТАРЧИГДАХ



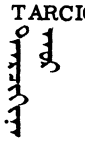
v.i. To be scanty, meager or scarce (of food).

TARCIGINA- / ТАРЧИГНАХ



[= tarzigina-, darcigina-] onomat. v.i. To rustle (of leaves); to knock, tap, clatter, stamp; to jar, rattle (from detonation).
masin u daγuu ulam xurdun --ba. The engine chugged faster and faster.

TARCIGINAГUR / ТАРЧИГНУУР



adj. and n. Rattling; rattle (instrument).

TARCILA- / ТАРЧЛАХ



[= tercile-, = darcila-] v.i. To suffer, be tormented; to squirm or toss from side to side; to stagger, waver.
ami --xu. To be in agony of death.
sarbalzan --xu. To writhe in agony.

TARГALZI



n. A Kind of bird.

TARГANAГ



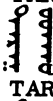
n. Breech of a gun.

TARГU(N)* / ТАРГА(Н)



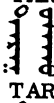
adj. and n. Obese, stout, corpulent, corpulence, plump[ness], fat.
-- abxu. To put on weight, become fat (of cattle).
-- maγutai mal. Emaciated cattle.
--n kymyn. A fat person.
--n silu. Greasy or rich soup.
-- oruxu. To put on weight, become fat (of cattle).
-- saγuxu. To put on weight, become fat (of cattle).

TARГUD- / ТАРГАДАХ



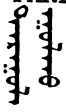
v.i. To be too fat or plump.

TARГULA- / ТАРГАЛАХ



v.i. To become fat.

TARГULAГUL- / ТАРГАЛУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of taryula-] v.t. To fatten.

TARI- / ТАРИХ



v.t. To sow, plant; to plow; to inoculate against infection, vaccinate.
bujan u yndysyn ı --xu. To plant the root of good deeds.
modu --xu. To plant trees.
tarij-a --xu. To cultivate land; to farm.
xuvar --xu. To vaccinate against smallpox.

TARIГ



See under uruγ.

TARIГUL- / ТАРИУЛАХ



v. caus. of tari-.

TARIJ-A(N) / ТАРИА



n. Grain, corn, wheat; crop; field, farm; inoculation, vaccination.
-- kiky. To inoculate, vaccinate.
--n u γazar. Cultivated field.
--n u sormu. Awn, beard of grain.
-- xaγalxu. To break up the ground for tillage, plow.
caγan -- . Wheat.
xar-a -- . Rye.

TARIJA-



Same as tari-.

TARIJACI(N) / ТАРИАЧ



n. Farmer, peasant.
--n arad. Farmer.

TARIJACID / ТАРИАЧИД



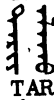
pl. of tarijaci(n).
-- un kødelgegen. Agrarian movement.

TARIJAD



pl. of tarij-a(n).

TARIJALA- / ТАРИАЛАХ



v.t. To cultivate the soil.

TARIJALANG / ТАРИАЛАН(Г)



n. Arable land, plow land; field; plantation; agriculture.
-- un. Agricultural.
-- un azil. Agriculture.
-- un baγazi. Agricultural implement.
-- un bolbasural. Ripening of crops.
alban u -- . Government fields; public fields.
γazar -- un. Agricultural; agrarian.
γazar -- un xubisxal. Agrarian revolution.
mal -- un jamun. Ministry of animal husbandry and agriculture.

TARIKI(N) / ТАРХИ



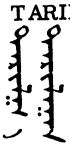
[= taraki(n)] n. Brain; occiput.
-- kødelky. Concussion of the brain.
--n cilaγu. Chalcedony, cornelian.
-- unaxu. Concussion of the brain.
-- ygei. Brainless; unintelligent, foolish; naughty, mischievous.
-- ygei zangnaxu. To act foolishly or unintelligently; to be naughty.
uxaγan --n u. Intellectual.

TARILAN / ТАРЛАН



[= tarlan] adj. and n. Spotted, speckled, flecked; varicolored, streaked; a stripe.
-- yker. Cow with a white stripe along the spine.

TARILГ-A(N) / ТАРИЛГА



n. Sowing, planting, plowing; inoculation, vaccination, injection.
ceceg ebedcin y -- . Smallpox vaccination.

TARIMAL / ТАРИМАЛ



[n.d. of tari-] adj. Sown, planted.
-- modu. Planted tree.
-- noγuγ-a. Vegetables, greens.

TARLAN / ТАРЛАН



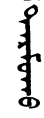
See tarilan.

TARM-A



Same as term-e.

TARMU- / ТАРМАХ



v.t. To rake (as hay); to take a bit here and a bit there; to know something partially.
--xu jin tedyi medemyi. [He] only knows a few points here and there: [he] knows only superficially.
--zu ideky. To nibble here and there (as an animal).
olan jaγum-a ji --xu. To start many things at the same time.

TARMAГUR



Same as tarmuγur.

TARMUГUR / ТАРМУУР

n. Rake (tool).

TARNI / ТАРНИ



[S. dhāranī, translated into Mongolian as toγtaγal] n. Magic spells mostly consisting of Sanskrit syllables or words and/or unintelligible phonetic units used in religious and quasi-religious rites; charms, dharani, mantra.

TARNI-

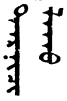
See torni-.

TARNICI(N) / ТАРНИЧ



n. Exorcist, magician; Mongolian translation for sangγasba, q.v.

TARNICILA- / ТАРНИЧЛАХ



v.t. To read or recite tarni; to lay under a spell, conjure, exorcise.

TARNIDA- / ТАРНИДАХ



v.t. To recite tarni; to conjure, enchant.

TARNIS



Plural of tarni.

TARXA- / ТАРХАХ



v.i. To scatter, spread, be dispersed.

ger ger tegen --n odcuxui. They dispersed and went home.

sarnin --xu. To scatter, disperse.

sudasun dur --xu. To spread through the veins (as a medicine).

TARXAГA- / ТАРХААХ



[v.caus. of tarxa-] v.t. To order to scatter, disperse, chase into different directions; to dismiss; to spread, disseminate; to issue, promulgate, distribute.

--xu bicig. Circular (communication).

--zu xajaxu. To scatter, throw about.

delgeregylyn --xu. To spread or disseminate (as ideas).

... ece --mui. Is/are distributed by ...

yge cuurxal i --xu. To spread rumors.

zarliγ --xu. To issue an edict.

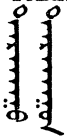
zegel elge ji --xu. To float a loan.

TARXAГAГCI / ТАРХААГЧ



n. Distributor.

TARXAГU(N) / ТАРХУУ



adj. Dissipated, dispersed, disseminated, scattered.

--n ail. Scattered households.

TARXAI



See taraxai.

TARXAMAL / ТАРХМАЛ



[n.d. of tarxa-] adj. Dispersed, scattered, spread.

TARZIGINA-



See tarcigina-.

TAS, 1. / ТАС



Onomat. expressive of a cracking sound, also of the idea of firmness, resoluteness, speed, swiftness.

-- geky. To crack.

-- gesen kyiten. Ringing cold.

-- tas. Crackling noise.

-- tes. Noise of breaking wood.

-- tus. Expression of speed, swiftness, agility, clarity, or precision.

tys -- . See tys.

yge -- tus keleky. To speak clearly and precisely.

TAS, 2.



-- γazar. Steep declivity.

TAS, 3. / ТАС

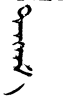


n. Vulture, condor.

-- un kyzı [Ri.] Veronica, speedwell (plant).

usun -- . Kind of aquatic bird (Ch. t'u ch'iu 鵚鷲).

TASAM-A / ТАСАМ



[= ıasm-a] n. Narrow strip of leather, thong; tape.

TASAMADA- / ТАСАМДАХ



v.t. To sew with a thong.

TASI / ТАШ



-- zam. Slanting, uphill road.

TASI-, 1. / ТАШИХ



v.t. To beat, hit with a flat object, clap, slap, slam.

alaγ-a --xu. To clap one's hands, applaud.

TASI-, 2. / ТАШИХ

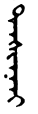


v.i. To fall obliquely, deviate, slant, slope, incline; to walk along a slope, to be

about to set (of the sun).
boruγan --n orumui. Rain falls obliquely.
ergyzy --xu. To throw an opponent in wrestling by lifting him.
nara --zu baimui. The sun is about to set.
xabiry-a --xu. To attack from the side.

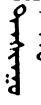
TASI-, 3. / ТАШИХ

v.t. To flatter, toady.
niγur --xu. To flatter, toady.

TASIГAI / ТАШГАЙ

adj. and adv. Crosswise, obliquely, on a bias; that which slopes.
-- γazar. Sloping terrain.
-- øncyg. Oblique angle.

TASIГU / ТАШУУ

n. and adj. Side; mountain slope; grade; sloping, slanting, oblique.
-- gerel. Slanting ray of light.
-- modun. Sloping deck of a vessel.
-- xabtaγai. Inclined plane (mech.).
aγula jin --. Slope of a mountain.

TASIГULA- / ТАШУУЛАХ

v.i. To follow a winding and climbing road; to skirt a slope.

TASIГUR / ТАШУУР

n. Whip.
-- ijer tasiγurdaxu. To strike with a whip.
-- un bøgyldyrge. A loop attached to the handle of a whip.
-- un sur. Whiplash.
-- xoruxai. Leech.

TASIГURA- / ТАШУУРАХ

[= dasiγura-] v.i. To deviate; to go wrong or astray; to be mistaken; to be infatuated; to indulge.
jirtincy jin zirγalang dur --xu. To indulge in the pleasures of the world.

TASIГURAL / ТАШУУРАЛ

n. Deviation, mistake; passion.

TASIГURCI(N) / ТАШУУРЧ

n. Whipper.

TASIГURDA- / ТАШУУРДАХ

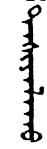
v.t. To whip, ilog, lash.
mori ben --xu. To urge on one's horse with a whip.

TASLJ-A / ТАШАА

n. and adj. Hip; side; slits on both sides of a robe, skirt,or trousers; fault, error, blunder; misprint; lie, falsehood; false, erroneous.
-- ben tulxu. To put one's arms akimbo.
-- yges. Calumnious words.
aldaγ-a --. Mistakes, blunders.
eneky toγ-a anu -- boluγsan amui. This figure or amount is incorrect.

TASLJAL

Same as tasijaral.

TASLJALA- / ТАШААЛАХ

v.t. and i. To fence off, partition off; to separate; to take cover, hide behind something; to interrupt.
--n xaraxu. To peer from behind some object.
nigen kedyn edyr --n. After a few days had elapsed, a few days later.

TASLJALABCI / ТАШААЛАВЧ

n. Partition between something; partition wall; cell, division, compartment; screen.

TASLJALASKI- / ТАШААЛСХИЙХ

v.i. and t. To sit on one side; to recline partly; to do something intermittently.

TASLJARA- / ТАШААРАХ

v.i. To be mistaken, err, be at fault; to commit an error.
--n endegyreky. To be mistaken; to fail.

TASLJARAL / ТАШААРАЛ

n. Mistake, blunder, error, lapse, misprint, erratum.

TASLJARAMTAГAI / ТАШААРАМТГАЙ

adj. Erring; liable to err.

TASILKILA-, 1. / ТАШИЛХИЙЛАХ

v.t. To ask intentionally; to importune with questions; to ingratiate oneself with somebody.

TASILKILA-, 2. / ТАШИЛХИЙЛАХ



v. i. To bustle, fuss

TASIMAГAI / ТАШИМГАЙ



n. and adj. Flattery, adulation; lie, falsehood; being inclined to flattery, adulatory.

-- ber dorumzilaxu. To slander, blame unjustly.

-- yge. Flattering speech or words.

TASIMAГAILA- / ТАШИМГАЙЛАХ



v. t. To flatter, adulate; to deceive.

TASIRAM, etc. / ТАШРАМ



See dasiram, etc.

TASIUR



Same as tasiγur.

TASIXAN



adv. and adj. A little sideways, somewhat inclined.

TASKIM-A / ТАСГИЙМ



adv. Very, extremely.

-- kyiten. Ringing frost.

TASM-A(N)



See tasam-a.

TASU / ТАС



Onomat. indicating a sudden and definite breaking, hence a perfectivizing "particle" denoting completion or completeness, frequently with the connotation of destructiveness, intensity.

-- alaxu. [A. T. 86] To massacre.

-- cabcixu. To cut off or apart; to hew off with one stroke; to slaughter.

-- eciky. To snap or break off or in two.

-- gedergyy ben unaxu. To fall flat on one's back.

-- kiky. To massacre [A. T. 86]; to go "bang" (of a gun).

-- melzeky. To deny categorically, disown absolutely.

-- oγtulxu. To cut right through or asunder.

-- orkixu. To slam (as a door).

-- øger-e. Quite different.

-- sigymzileky. To criticize severely.

-- tataxu. To tear off.

-- xar-a. Jet-black.

-- xarbuxu. To shoot right through with an arrow.

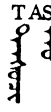
-- xazaxu. To bite or gnaw through or in two.

TASUCA-



See tasuci-.

TASUCI- / ТАСЧИХ



[= tasuca-] v. t. To break or tear apart (repeated action).

TASUDA- / ТАСДАХ



v. t. To tear apart, asunder, or to pieces.

TASUГ / ТАСАГ



n. Section; department, classroom; workshop; group, squad.

cidxuxu -- . Founding shop.

masin-a jin -- . Machine shop.

modun u -- . Carpenter's workshop.

xubcasun u -- . Clothing department; tailor's workshop.

TASUГLA- / ТАСАГЛАХ



v. t. To divide into sections; to partition.

TASUL- / ТАСЛАХ



v. t. a) To break apart; to tear asunder; to cut off; to separate.

degesyn i --xu. To tear or pull a rope apart.

b) To sever ; to discontinue, stop; to interrupt; to put an end to; to uproot; to decide (a matter or case).

--un siidkeky. To make a decision; to try or decide in court; pronounce sentence.

amin i --xu. To put an end to or to take somebody's life.

azil --xu. To stop or interrupt work.

γoul --xu. To kill, murder.

jabulcaxu ji --xu. To cut off communications.

jarij-a --xu. To interrupt a talk or conversation.

køndelen ece --uγci. Arbiter, arbitrator, referee.

mør i --xu. To efface the traces.

orudusun i --xu. To put an end to sufferings.

øglige øgkyi ben --xu. To discontinue the giving of alms.

siidken --xu. To resolve, decide.

sigyky --xu kereg. Court case, hearing, or procedure.

yndysyn i -xu. To uproot (mostly fig.).
zam i --xu. To cut off the road or communication (also fig.).

TASULBURI / ТАСАЛБАР

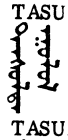
n. Something cut off; fragment; division, part; interrruption, interval, a separating stroke used in punctuation, "comma" (in Tibetan a vertical stroke); decision.
-- ygei. Indecisive, undecided; without interruption.

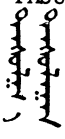
TASULDA- / ТАСАЛДАХ

[v.pass. of tasul-] v.i. To be cut off, severed, finisned, discontinued, interrupted; to stop; to be insufficient; to lack.
usun --xu. The water is cut off.

TASULDAГUL- / ТАСАЛДУУЛАХ

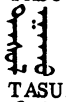
v.caus. of tasulda-.
--xu ygei. Without letup or intermission; regularly, systematically.
edyr --xu. To skip a day (in work).

TASULDAГULUL / ТАСАЛДУУЛАЛ

n. Interruption, intermission.

TASULГ-A(N), 1. / ТАСАЛГАА(Н)

n. Room; compartment; partition.
-- γarγaxu. To provide a room.
amuraxu --. Resting room.
γaltu tergen y --. Compartment in a railway car.
kicijel yn --. Classroom.
umtaxu --. Bedroom, sleeping room.

TASULГ-A, 2. / ТАСЛАГА

n. Comma.
ceg --. Punctuation.
cegtei --. Semicolon.

TASULГA-

[v.caus. of tasul-] See tasuluγul-.

TASULUГUL- / ТАСЛУУЛАХ

[= tasulγa-] v.caus. of tasul-.

TASULUL / ТАСЛАЛ

n. Intermission, interruption; separation, division; comma.

-- ygei. Without interruption, intermission, or pause.

TASULULГ-A / ТАСАЛЛАГА

n. Separation, division.

TASURA- / ТАСРАХ

v.i. To be torn away from, cut off; to be interrupted, stopped, finished.
--n anggiziraxu. To be[come] free from.
amisx-a --tal-a. Until (my, etc.) last breath.
amisx-a --xu. To stop breathing completely.
cimege --ba. The information has been interrupted.
ginzi ece --zu anggiziraxu. To become free from fetters.
mori ujaγan ece --zu jabuba. The horse became untethered and went away.
xarilcaγ-a --ba. Relations have been broken off.
yndysy --xu. To become extinct (of a family, etc.).
zam --ba. The road is cut off.

TASURAГUL- / ТАСРУУЛАХ

v.caus. of tasura-.

TASURAL / ТАСРАЛ

n. Separation, disruption, interruption, cessation, stoppage.
-- ygei. Uninterrupted[ly], unceasing[ly].

TASURALTA / ТАСРАЛТ

n. Separation, disruption, cutting off; interruption; stoppage; failure in work caused by negligence.
-- ygei. Uninterrupted[ly]; continuous[ly]; permanent[ly].

TASURASI / ТАСРАШ

-- ygei. Unbreaking, unceasing; inexhaustible [-bly], everlasting[ly].

TASURXAI / ТАСАРХАЙ

adj. and n. Torn off, cut off, detached; decisive, resolute; piece torn off; fragment.
-- sedkil. Determined mind; determination.
olusun u --. A piece of string.

TATA- / ТАТАХ

v.t. and i. A. In concrete sense: To draw, pull, drag, twitch, stretch, attract; draw (a line); to install something long; to play

(a musical instrument);to inhale;to chop or grind (as meat).
--n abxu. To take out, pull out.
--n suɣulxu. To pull out, extract.
--zu ɣarɣaxu. To pull out.
acij-a --xu. To tie or tighten the load.
amisx-a dotuɣsi --xu. To inhale.
byrij-e --xu. To blow a horn or trumpet.
cakilɣan utasu --xu. To install or put up an electric wire.
degesi --xu. To pull up[wards], lift up.
degesy --xu. To pull a rope; to partition, separate, or divide with a rope.
køsige --xu. To draw or lower a curtain; to install a curtain.
manang -- . Fog spreads.
mixa --xu. To chop, mince or grind meat.
nidy --xu. To twitch (of an eye).
numu --xu. To draw a bow.
ølung --xu. To tighten the saddle girth.
solungɣ-a --xu. A rainbow appears.
tamaki --xu. To smoke.
tamaki --zu boixu ygei. "No smoking.".
toɣosun --xu. To gather dust; to raise dust.
usun --xu. For water to subside or sink; to irrigate by means of ditches.
xuɣur --xu. To play a xuɣur, q.v.

B. In abstract sense: To attract, adduce, win over to one's side; to subtract; to arouse; to restrain; to exact, extort, levy, draft.
--n oruɣulxu. To attract, win, draw into; to invite to join.
--zu abxu. To exact, collect, draft.
alba --xu. To levy taxes or duties.
ama ben --xu. To restrain one's tongue.
bej-e ben --xu. To restrain or control oneself.
bej-e degen --n abxu. To draw over to one's own side.
cerig i --xu. To draft (mil.).
cerig ty --xu. To call to arms, mobilize, draft.
eke --xu. To quote or cite (a source, passage, or saying).
esi --xu. To quote an authority, cite as proof.
kereg ty --xy. To call to account, prosecute.
sonirxal i --xu. To arouse interest; to interest.
tusijal ece --xu. To call back from one's post.
xani --xu. To seek companionship.
yge --xu. To restrain one's tongue.

TATAB



See teteb.

TATABALZA- / TATBAЛ3AX



v.i. To make repeated motions of pulling or stretching; to jerk; to be nervous, have nervous spasms or twitches; to be hesitant; to refrain from; to be clumsy or awkward as a result of nervousness or hesitation (cf. tataɣalza-).

TATABALZAГUR / TATBAЛ3УУР



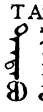
adj. Jerky, spasmodic; hesitant.

TATABURI / TATBAP



n. a) The act of tata-.
b) Tax, levy, excise, toll, customs duty.
-- bolɣagu abxu. To collect in lieu of tax (see also under c).
-- xurijaxu. To collect taxes, imposts, etc.
alban -- . Impost, tax.
asiɣ orulɣ-a jin -- . Income tax.
ɣazar un -- . Land tax.
gesigyn y -- . Membership fee or dues.
gyilgegen y -- . Sales tax.
onca erke jin -- . Tax on monopolized goods.
orun nutuɣ un -- . Local tax[es].
ulus un -- . National tax[es].
ulus un zam un -- . Public-road toll.
zisa jin -- . Tax imposed on monasteries.
c) Concubine.
-- bolɣazu abxu. To take as a concubine (see also under b).
-- jin kybegyn. Son of a concubine.
d) Half-breed, mongrel.
-- zulzaɣan. Young half-breed or mongrel.

TATABURILA- / TATBAPЛAX



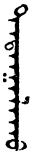
v.t. To collect a tax; to take a concubine.

TATAГAL / TATAAЛ



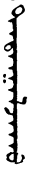
n. Aqueduct, small canal, ditch, conduit; vegetable garden.
-- dur ɣarɣaxu. To lead the water through a canal (as in irrigation).
-- naɣur. Pond, pool, ditch, small canal.
-- usu. Water flowing in a canal.

TATAГALA-



[Ko.] To draw together, tighten; to screw up.

TATAГALZA- / ТАТГАЛЗАХ



v.i. To abstain or refrain from; to hesitate, be indecisive; to disagree; to worry about (cf. tatabalza-).

--zu toγtaγazu cidaxu ygei. To shilly-shally, be irresolute.

keleky ece --xu. To refrain from speaking.

odxu dur --xu. To hesitate to go, delay going.

sedkil --xu. To worry, be concerned.

TATAГALZABURI / ТАТГАЛЗВАР



n. Disagreement, hesitation.

TATAГALZAL / ТАТГАЛЗАЛ



n. Hesitation, indecision, doubt.

TATAГASU(N) / ТАТААС (АН)



n. Small leather thong, small string.

TATAГDA- / ТАТАГДАХ



v. pass. of tata-.

elige --xu. To be touched, moved.

keyked tegen --xu. To be tied down by one's children.

TATAГU / ТАТУУ



adj. Strained, stretched, taut; tight; careful; stingy; insufficient; deformed (of fingers).

γar -- . Miserly, stingy.

TATAГUDA- / ТАТУУДАХ



v.i. To be insufficient, not quite sufficient.

TATAГULI / ТАТУУЛЬ



n. Stammering, stuttering; lisping

kele -- . Stammering, lisping.

TATAГUR / ТАТУУР



n. Anything which draws or is drawn; drawer (in a table); front piece of a woman's hair ornament; purse string; oar; tow-rope; arm of a river.

-- kituγ-a. Sickle.

-- onγguca. Rowboat, small boat.

-- siγum. Carpenter's string for marking lines.

-- usu. Arm of a river.

TATAГURA- / ТАТУУРАХ



v.i. To lower, diminish, go down, recede (of liquid); to become thin (cf. tatara-).

γoul un usu --ba. The river water has receded.

ynij-e jin syn --zu bain-a. The cow is giving less milk.

TATAГURГ-A / ТАТУУРГА



n. Cord, strap, rope; drawer.

TATAI / ТАТАЙ



interj. of disgust: Faugh!

TATAI- / ТАТАЙХ



v.i. To become short or tight (of clothes).

TATAL / ТАТАЛ



n. The act of tata-, q.v.; extract, quotation (from a book); carpenter's string for marking lines.

TATAL- / ТАТЛАХ



v t. To pull repeatedly or all the time; to draw to oneself; to write in cursive. [Mo.] To wiredraw, draw into wire; to tear with the teeth (as a wolf).

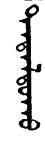
--zu biciky. To write in cursive writing.

TATALA-



Same as tatal-.

TATALDU- / ТАТАЛДАХ



[v.rec. of tata-] To pull back and forth; to twitch; to pull (of clothes).

nidy --zu bain-a, jaγu bolba? [My] eye is twitching. What has happened? (Eye twitching is considered to be an omen).

TATALГ-A / ТАТЛАГА



n. The act of pulling, attracting; attraction; mobilization, draft; a long rope for tying a load; cursive writing; tribute; pronunciation.

-- ergyn øgky. To present [as] tribute.

cerig -- . Call to military service, draft.

tergen y -- . A rope used for tying a load to a cart.

yge jin -- . Pronunciation.

TATALГA- / ТАТАЛГАХ

v.t. To write in cursive or shorthand.

--n bicigci. Stenographer.

--n biciky. To write in a running hand or shorthand.

--xu ysyg. Cursive writing, shorthand.

TATALГALA- / ТАТЛАГАЛАХ



v.t. To tie a load with a rope, draw together with a rope.

TATALZAГUR / ТАТАЛЗУУР



-- [ebedcin]. Spasm, convulsion.

TATAMAL / ТАТМАЛ



[n.d. of tata-] Drawn out, pulled, stretched; cursive (of writing); chopped, minced, ground (meat).

-- usu. Water flowing in canals or pipes.

-- ysyg. Cursive writing.

TATANGГU / ТАТАНГА



n. Ornamental plate on a lock or keyhole.

TATANGXAI / ТАТАНХАЙ



n. and adj. Something contracted; stiff, crippled (of limbs).

-- γar. Crippled hand.

TATANGXAIDA- / ТАТАНХАЙДАХ



v.i. To become crippled or stiff (of limbs).

TATAR / ТАТААР



n.p. Tartars, Tartary.

TATARA- / ТАТРАХ



v.i. To diminish, go down, subside (of water); to become thin, sparse, or shallow (cf. tataγura-).

usu --xu. Water recedes or subsides.

TATARI



n. Tax, duty, impost.

-- tataxu. To collect taxes, imposts.

TATARICI



n. Tax collector.

TATARILA-



v.t. To levy or collect taxes.

TATASI, 1. / ТАТАШ



n. Chopped, minced, or ground meat; soup made of minced meat.

TATASI, 2. / ТАТАШ



n. The length of a horse's stride in a gallop; round pace of a horse; the load of a cart.

-- xolatai . Having a long stride (of horses).

TATAU



Same as tataγu.

TATUR



Same as tataγur.

TAULAI / ТУУЛАЙ



[= tulai] n. Hare; the fourth of the twelve animals of the zodiac.

-- caγ. Hour of the hare, 5 to 7 a.m.

-- jin bøger-e. Chestnut.

-- jin bøzyn. Young hare.

-- sar-a. The second month according to the astrological calendar.

-- uruγultai. Having a harelip.

-- zil. Year of the hare, the fourth year in the twelve-year animal cycle.

TAULI-



See taγuli-.

TAUXAI, 1. / ТУУХАЙ



n. Counterweight of a balance.

TAUXAI, 2. / ТУУХАЙ



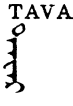
n. The smooth part of the anklebone.

TAUXAI, 3. / ТУУХАЙ



n. Metal rings worn by men at both sides of a sash for hanging a knife and a kit for striking fire.

TAVAR / ТАВАР

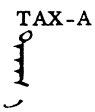


[= tabar] n. Merchandise, goods; property, chattels.

baraγ-a -- . Goods,merchandise, commodities.

ed -- . Merchandise, goods , commodities; property, chattels.

TAX-A / ТАХ



n. Horseshoe; metal or leather cleats on the heels of shoes.

-- jin tulγ-a. Calk of a horseshoe.

-- jin xadasun. Horseshoe nail.

γutul un -- . Metal plates on the soles of boots.

TAXALA- / ТАХЛАХ

v.t. To shoe a horse; to put metal or leather cleats on shoes.

TAXAR-A

n. Tax collector (a petty officer of a banner administration who by order of the high officials collects taxes and duties).

TAXATAI / ТАХТАЙ

adj. Having a tax-a, q.v.; shod (horse).

TAXU / ТАХ

n. A kind of fish (Ch. p'ang-t'ou 鰟頭).

TAXUL / ТАХАЛ

n. Mass disease, epidemic; children's diseases.
-- ebedcin. Disease, epidemic.
mal un --. Murrain, epizooty.
tarbaγan u --. Plague, pestilence.

TAXULID- / ТАХАЛТАХ

v.i. To be ill (of children); to contract an epidemic disease.

TAZA / ТАА З

n. Ceiling.
-- degebyri. Ceiling.

TAZALA- / ТАА ЗЛАХ

v.t. To put in or build a ceiling.

TAZI / ТАЖ

n. and adj. Skewbald; motley; a kind of two-colored damask or silk.
-- toryγ-a. A kind of two-colored damask or silk.

TAZIGINA- / ТАЖИГНАХ, ТАЖГАНАХ

See tacigina-.

TAZIGIR / ТАЖГАР.

adj. Short (of fur, wool, hair).

TAZII- / ТАЖИЙХ

v.i. To be[come] short (of hair).

TAZIRXAI
-- γazar. Arid land, unproductive soil.

TEB / ТЭВ

Intensifying particle used before certain adj. or adv. beginning with the syllable te.
-- tegsi. Completely even, equal, or uniform.
-- teneg. Complete fool.

TEBCI- / ТЭВЧИХ

[= tebsi-] v.t. To abandon, leave; to abstain from; to renounce, reject, despise; to kill.
--kyi-e berke. Unrejectable, difficult to abandon.
niγun bøgesy -- ! [SS 164] Kill [the child] if it is a boy!
orcilang ece --ky. To die.
xan tøry ji --ky. To abdicate.
zarliγ i --ky. To violate or disobey an order.

TEBCIJER / ТЭВЧЭЭР

n. Self-control, restraint; patience.

TEBCIJERLE- / ТЭВЧЭЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To bear, endure; to abstain; to renounce.

TEBCIL / ТЭВЧИЛ

n. Renunciation, abandonment.

TEBCILGE / ТЭВЧИЛГЭ

n. Renunciation, abandonment.

TEBEDE- / ТЭВДЭХ

v.i. To have difficulty in doing something; to hurry, hasten; to act carelessly; to be confused or perplexed.
sanaγ-a --ky. To be perplexed; thoughts are confused (as from fear).
tere --zy baimui. He is having difficulty.

TEBEDEL / ТЭВДЭЛ

n. The act or state of tebede-.

TEBEG / ТЭВЭГ

n. Shuttlecock; the button worn by officials on the hat (Manchu dynasty); top-knot of hair (when the rest is shaved off).
-- naγadxu. To play shuttlecock.
-- zalaγ-a. Tassels on the hat of an official (Manchu dynasty).
zoγusun --. Shuttlecock (usually made of coins and feathers).

TEBEGDE- / ТЭВЭГДЭХ

v.t. To pull by the topknot.

TEBEGER-E / ТЭВЭЭР

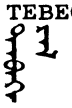
n. Fatness, plumpness.

TEBEGERE- / ТЭВЭЭРЭХ

v.i. To become vigorous; to regain one's health or strength; to recuperate; to become well off; to become plentiful or abundant.
ebedcitei kymyn --zei. The sick person has regained his strength.
ebesy --ky. Grass becomes plentiful.
mal --zy sain baimui. The animals are becoming strong and healthy; it is good that the animals are regaining their strength.
tere ail --zei! That family has become well off.

TEBEGEREG / ТЭВЭЭРЭГ

adj. Well-fed, plump.

TEBEGEREL / ТЭВЭЭРЭЛ

n. The act or state of tebegere-.

TEBEN-E / ТЭВНЭ

-- [zegyy] . A large needle used for sewing leather and other stiff material.

TEBERI / ТЭВЭР

n. Embrace, clasp, armful.
-- jin kemzij-e. An armful, as much as one can embrace and carry in both arms.
nigen -- ebesy. An armful of hay.

TEBERI- / ТЭВРЭХ

v.t. To encircle, encompass with or carry in one's arms; to embrace, press or clasp against one's breast.
--ged abxu. To embrace, clasp, or gird.
--n ynysky. To embrace and kiss.
--n zolγaxu. To greet with an embrace.
--zy ergyky. To lift up with an embrace.
kyzyn i --ky. To throw one's arms around somebody's neck.
øbyr tyr --ky. To clasp to one's breast.

TEBERIL / ТЭВРЭЛ

n. The act of teberi-; embrace, clasp.

TEBKE, 1. / ТЭВХ

n. A little stick used for raising something; notched rest for the string in a bow; bridge of a stringed instrument.

TEBKE, 2. / ТЭВХ

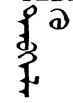
n. A hexahedral object.
-- cai. A piece of brick tea.

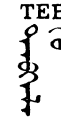
TEBKEDE- / ТЭВХДЭХ

v.t. To lift up with a little stick; to tighten the string of a bow or of a musical instrument.

TEBKEI- / ТЭВХИЙХ

v.i. To be[come] angular or square.

TEBKELE-, 1. / ТЭВХЛЭХ

v.t. To put a bridge under the strings of a musical instrument.

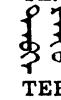
TEBKELE-, 2. / ТЭВХЛЭХ

v.t. To slice meat into square pieces; to cut into hexagonal form.

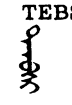
TEBKER / ТЭВХЭР

adj. Quadrangular; square; angular.
-- kegetei. Checkered.

TEBKERLE-, 1. / ТЭВХЭРЛЭХ

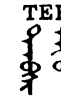
v.t. To make square or angular.

TEBKERLE-, 2. / ТЭВХЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To take care of, nurse.

TEBSI / ТЭВШ

n. Large oblong plate, platter or tray; trough.
[Kaz.] Flat mountain with soft outlines.

TEBSI-

See tebci-.

TEBSILE- / ТЭВШЛЭХ

v.t. To put on a plate, platter, or tray.

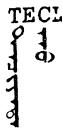
TECE

See daca.

TECI / ТЭЧ

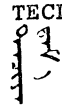
-- jadaxu = tecijada- . To fly into a passion, be indignant, unable to bear; to be

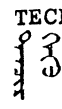
jealous, envious.
mayu dur -- jadaxu. To be[come] indignant over something wrong or evil.

TECIJADA-

See under teci.
--tal-a inijeky. To burst out with laughter.

TECIJADAL

n. Indignation, resentment; jealousy, envy.

TECIJADAM-A

adj. and adv. Unbearable, unbearably.
-- xalayun. Unbearably hot, unbearable heat.

TECIRKE- / ТЭЧИРХЭХ

v.i. To be jealous or envious; to be indignant or furious.

TEDBYRI

See tesbyri.

TEDE(N) / ТЭД

[pl. of tere] pron. They, those.
-- bygyde. All of them.
-- nar [= tedener, tedeger]. They, those.

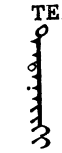
--n-e = --n dy. To them, with them, in them.
--n y dy = tedenei dy. To or at their house or place.
--n y dy olan mal baimui. They own much livestock.

TEDEGER / ТЭДГЭЭР

dem. pron. Those.
-- kymys. Those people.

TEDENEI / ТЭДНИЙ

[= teden y] poss. pron. Their[s].
-- nige sin-e tergetei bolcizai! They have a new car!

TEDENEIKI / ТЭДНИЙХ

[= teden y ki] poss.pron. Theirs; something belonging to them, their house, their people, etc.
-- mori ben bariyad irecizei. They (their people) have brought their horse[s].
tere mori manaiki bisi --. That horse is not ours but theirs.

TEDENER / ТЭДНЭР

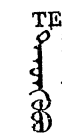
See under tede(n).

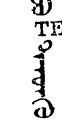
TEDKY- / ТЭТГЭХ

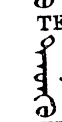
v.t. To assist, help, support; to give protection.
demzizy --ky. To help, assist.
jadayu ji --ky. To support the poor.
nøkyr ulus i --ky. To assist an ally.
xan tøry ji --ky. To support the throne.

TEDKYBYRI / ТЭТГЭВЭР

n. Help, assistance, support; pension; subsidy, stipend.
alban ece zoγsuxu jin --. Retirement allowance, pension.
ulus ece -- øgky. To give national or government support.

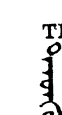
TEDKYBYRILE- / ТЭТГЭВЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To provide with help or assistance; to support with a pension.

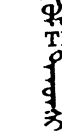
TEDKYGYL- / ТЭТГУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of tedky-.

TEDKYLGE

n. Support, protection.

TEDKYMZI / ТЭТГЭМЖ

n. Support, assistance, help; pension.
neigem yn --. Social assistance.

TEDKYMZILE- / ТЭТГЭМЖЛЭХ

v.t. To help, assist; to protect.

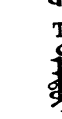
TEDSI

[= tidsi, Ch. ti-tzŭ 弟子]. n. Student, disciple.

TEDY

Old form of tedyi.

TEDYBYRI

Same as tesbyri.

TEDYI / ТЭДИЙ, ТЭДҮЙ

adj. and adv. So much, so many, having the size of; only, not more than, merely; immediately, thereupon (= darui

in classical language).
... -- busu. Not only ... but ...; besides.
-- cinegen = tedyicinegen = tøcinen. So much, so many; the same measure or amount.
-- degere. Immediately after, thereupon.
-- dy. Immediately, right away.
-- ece edyge kyrtel-e. From then till now.
aγula jin -- . As big as a mountain.
ci kedyi dy jabubasu bi -- dy jabuj-a. When you go, I shall go.
edyi -- . A lot, plenty; so much.
kedyi bøgesy -- abumui. (I, etc.) will take as many as there are.
øcyken -- . Trifle, insignificant; a little bit.
tobci -- ber. Only in brief.

TEDYICINEGEN

See under tedyi.

TEDYIKEN / ТӨДИЙХӨН, ТЭДҮЙХЭН

adj. Such a little, so small, insignificant or mediocre.
-- kereg. Such a trifle, trifling matter.
-- kereg tyr jaγun du zoban-a. Why worry about such a trifling matter?
-- mønggy ber bi jaγakin amiduramui? How can I live on so little money?
yge jin -- . Nothing but words; only in words.

TEG, 1.

See tig.

TEG, 2.

-- γazar. [Kaz.] Level, desert place; field.

TEG, 3.

-- dørbelzin. Perfect[ly] square.
-- dumda. Right in the middle.

TEGDEI- / ТЭГДИЙХ

v.i. To be short or shortened; to shrink; to be squat; to rise up.

TEGE

n. and postpos. Side, direction.
baraγun -- . [To] the right; [in] the west.
zegyn -- . [To] the left; [in] the east.

TEGE-, etc., 1.

Same as tegege-, etc.

TEGE-, 2. / ТЭГЭХ

[= cinggi-] v.t. To do so, thus, or that way.
--becy. In spite of that.
--besy = --bel. Then; if so; in such case.
--besy bi jabuj-a. If so, I shall go.
--ged. See separate entry.
--j-e. Let us do it that way; let it be that way; all right then!
--zu kiky. To do it thus or so.

TEGED

See tegeged.

TEGEDE- / ТЭЭДЭХ

v.i. To stammer; to be a stammerer; to have difficulty in speaking.
tere --zy baiγad, dønggezy kelezy γarγaba. He had difficulty in speaking but somehow he managed to speak out.

TEGEDEGYL- / ТЭЭДҮҮЛЭХ

[v.caus. of tegede-] v.t. To cause to stammer; to surprise; to confuse, embarrass; to outwit.

TEGEG / ТЭЭГ

n. Any mechanical device to check motion, prevent sliding, falling or passing through; catch. [Kaz.] Hill or low mountain with one gently sloping side, and the other side steep.
-- bolxu. To hinder, obstruct.

TEGEGE- / ТЭЭХ

v.t. To load; to convey, transport, transfer.
--ky [jabudal]. Transportation, transfer.
--ky nebteregylky. To transport, transfer.
tergen deger-e --ky. To load a car or cart.
zing --ky. To transport goods.

TEGEGEBYRI / ТЭЭВЭР

n. Load, pack, freight; transport, transportation.
-- jin jamun. Ministry of transportation.
acij-a -- . Goods transported, load.
γoul møren y -- . River transportation.
zam -- . Transportation.
zing -- . Transportation or transfer; load, freight.

TEGEGEBYRICI(N) / ТЭЭВЭРЧ



n. Transporter, transport worker.

TEGEGEBYRILE- / ТЭЭВЭРЛЭХ



v.t. To load; to transport or transfer loads.

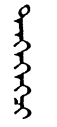
TEGEGED / ТЭГЭЭД



[= tege- + ged = teged] Then, having done that, after which; thereupon, thus, so; and.

-- bi irele. So then I came.

TEGEGEGCI / ТЭЭГЧ



adj. and n. One who loads; one who or that which transports or carries.

nisky ongγuca -- . Aircraft carrier.

zing -- . Transporter, carrier.

TEGEGELGE(N) / ТЭЭЛЭГ



n. Carrying, transport[ation].

TEGEGESI / ТЭЭШ



[= tegesi] n. Lcad, freight; loading capacity.

TEGEGLE- / ТЭЭГЛЭХ



v.i. and t. To be stuck, be unable to go through; to be so caught, fastened or entangled as to be stopped or hindered in motion; to hang up, hook.

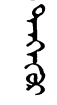
aman deger-e --zy kelezy cidaγsan ygei. The word stuck in my mouth and I could not say it.

tere bicixan cu --gsen ygei xariγulba. He answered without any hesitation.

xadaγasun du --ky. To get caught on a nail.

xoγulai duni ziγasun u jasu --be. A fish bone has stuck in his throat.

TEGEGYR / ТЭЭГҮҮР



adv. postpos. Along; along that way or side.

baraγun -- . Along the western side or right side.

nige[n] -- . On the one hand.

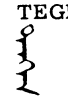
nøgyge -- . On the other hand.

TEGELI / ТЭЭЛ



n. Pivot pin of scissors or pliers; second son.

TEGEN



See daγan.

TEGER / ТЭЭР



n. Burden, hindrance, impediment, obstruction.

-- bolxu. To handicap, burden, hinder.

-- kiky. To hinder.

ene jaγum-a nadur jeke -- bolzu bain-a . This thing is becoming a terrible burden to me.

TEGERM-E / ТЭЭРЭМ



n. Mill.

-- bilegyy. Whetstone, grindstone.

-- ergigylky. To turn a millstone.

-- jin cilaγu. Millstone.

γal -- . Steam mill.

γar -- . Hand mill.

køl -- . Treadmill.

salkin -- . Windmill.

usun -- . Water mill.

TEGERMECI(N) / ТЭЭРЭМЧ



n. Miller.

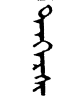
TEGERMEDE- / ТЭЭРЭМДЭХ



v.t. To grind in a mill.

γulir --ky. To grind grain to flour.

TEGERSLJE- / ТЭЭРШЭЭХ



v.t. To consider or feel as a burden or encumbrance.

TEGESI, 1. / ТЭЭШ, ТИЙШ



[= teisi, tesi] postpos. Towards, in the direction of; that way, thither.

-- jabuγsan. [He] went that way.

baraγun -- . To the right; westward.

bej-e -- tatan abxu. To win over to one's side.

kedyn -- . In several directions.

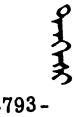
nigen -- . To a certain place; toward, in a certain direction; to one side, in one direction.

nigen -- bolγaxu. To direct to one side.

orui -- . Towards evening.

øber yn -- tataxu. To win over to one's side.

TEGESI, 2. / ТЭЭШ



See tegegesi.

TEGIMLIG



See under aja,-a, 2.

TEGRI



See tngri.

TEGSEI-



v.i. To blush.

TEGSI / ТЭГСИ



adj., adv., and n. Even, level, straight; equal-[ity]; tranquil[ity]; uniform[ly].

-- baidal. Equality.

-- busu. Unequal, inequality.

-- erke. Equality of rights, equal right[s].

-- ɣazar. Level land, plain.

-- ijer yzeky. To regard or treat as equal.

-- jabuxu. To conduct oneself properly.

-- sedkilty. Tranquil (mind).

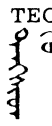
-- toɣ-a. Even number.

-- ygei. Uneven, unequal, not straight.

adali -- . Equal[ity].

teb -- erke. Complete equality.

TEGSID- / ТЭГШДЭХ



v.i. To become level or even; to be straight-[ened]; to be or become equal.

TEGSIDE / ТЭГШИД



adv. Equally, evenly, proportionately.

TEGSIDKE- / ТЭГШИТГЭХ



[v. caus. of tegsid-] To level, equalize; to regulate; to put something in a straight line, straighten out (line).

--gsen tataburi. Equalized tax.

emkidken --ky. To straighten, put in order; to regulate.

zam --n zasaxu. To level or repair a road.

TEGSIDKEL / ТЭГШИТГЭЛ



n. The act or process of regulating or making level or equal; equalization; equation.

xojar yly medegdeky gesigyntei --. An equation with two unknown magnitudes or quantities (math.).

TEGSIDYL / ТЭГШДЭЛ



n. The act of equalizing or leveling.

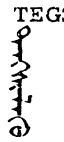
edyr søni jin --. Equinox.

TEGSIKEN / ТЭГШХЭН



adj. and adv. Somewhat or more or less equal [ly], straight, or even.

TEGSILE- / ТЭГШЛЭХ



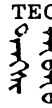
v.t. To equal, equalize; to match; to straighten, make straight, make level; to put or keep in order.

debel xubcasun ijen --ky. To tidy one's clothing.

ger i --ky. To put one's house in order.

siregen degereki bicig caɣasun ijen --ky. To straighten the books and papers on one's desk.

TEGSILEGYL- / ТЭГШЛҮҮЛЭХ



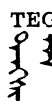
v. caus. of tegsile-.

TEGSILEGYR / ТЭГШЛҮҮР



n. Water level instrument.

TEGSILEL / ТЭГШЛЭЛ



n. The act of equalizing, leveling, straightening.

TEGSIRE- / ТЭГШРЭХ



v.i. To become straight. even, equal, or uniform.

bicixan inaɣsi tylki, basa sain --gedyi bain-a. Push it a little more this way, it is still a little crooked.

TEGY- / ТҮҮХ



v.t. To pick up scattered objects, collect, gather; to select.

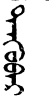
--gsen yges. Extracts, selected sayings.

--zy abxu. To pick up.

ceceg --ky. To pick flowers.

jeke ji ni --zy ab! Pick the big ones!

TEGYBER / ТҮҮГЭЭР



[tegy(n) + ber = tegyn ijer] By that, him, her, it.

-- bolbula. From this follows.

-- siltaɣlazu. Using that as a pretext.

-- yly baram... Not only that but...

-- yzebel. According to that, from that point of view; from that it follows.

TEGYBYRI / ТҮҮВЭР



n. and adj. Collection, excerpt; collected.

-- zokijal. Collected works (of a writer).

TEGYBYRILE- / ТҮҮВЭРЛЭХ



v.t. To gather together, collect.

TEGYD / ТҮҮД



n. Doubt, indecision, hesitation, fear.

-- bolxu. To fear, be afraid; not to dare; to be in doubt; to shun, avoid (as work or meeting a person whom one dislikes or fears; to go back on one's word .

TEGYDEG / ТҮҮДЭГ



[= tygydeg] n. Ear of grain; bundle of cotton; cluster; ball or spindle of thread.

utasun u -- . A ball of thread.

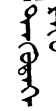
TEGYDEGE / ТҮҮДЭЭ



n. Hesitation, pause.

-- ygei biciky. To write or copy without hesitation.

TEGYDEGERE- / ТҮҮДЭЭРЭХ



v.i. To doubt, hesitate, be irresolute.

TEGYDEGEREL / ТҮҮДЭЭРЭЛ

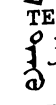


n. Suspicion, doubt, hesitation, irresolution.

-- ygei. Without hesitation or doubt.

-- ygegyi-e aγdaxui. Do not fear or doubt.

TEGYKE(N) / ТҮҮХ



See teyke(n).

TEGYLDER / ТӨГӨЛДӨР



adj. and adv. Full of ...; full (of moon); perfect, complete; completely, perfectly, entirely.

-- sar-a. Full moon.

byrin -- ijer. Completely.

erdem -- . Possessing perfect wisdom.

kycyn -- bolxu. To become effective (as a law); to attain strength or power.

kycyn -- xural. Legal session, quorum.

mergezil dadalγ-a ber -- . Full of ability and experience.

nigyleskyi lyge -- . Compassionate, merciful.

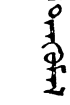
udx-a -- . Informative, instructive, significant.

TEGYLGER



adj. Insolent, impudent.

TEGYMEL / ТҮҮМЭЛ



[n.d. of tegy-] adj. Gathered, collected, picked.

-- zyil. Collected items; compilation.

TEGYN / ТҮҮН



Stem of the demonstrarive pronoun tere.

-- dy = -- dyr = tegyndyr. Dative-locative of tere; therefore, for that reason.

-- -e. Dative-locative of tere; therefore.

-- ece = tegynce. Abl. of tere.

-- ece ekilen. Beginning then, since then, thenceforth.

-- ece xoisi. Thereupon, then.

-- i. Acc. of tere.

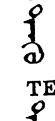
-- y = tegynei, tereнei. Gen. of tere : his, her, its.

-- y aci ber. Thank to him, her, or it.

-- y emyn-e. Before this.

-- y ki = tegyneiki, tereneiki. His, her, or its.

TEGYNCE



See tegyn ece, under tegyn.

TEGYNCILEN / ТҮҮНЧЛЭН



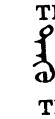
[modal conv. of tegyncile-] adv. Thus, so, that way.

-- iregsen. A phrase usually explained as: He who came or went in the same way as his predecessor, epithet of Buddha (S. tathāgata).

-- ky. In the same way or manner; as one was told.

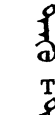
jambar ygylegsen i -- yiledygci. One who does whatever he has been told.

TEGYNDYR



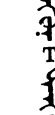
See under tegyn.

TEGYNEI



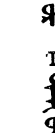
See tegyn y, under tegyn.

TEGYNEIKI / ТҮҮНИЙХ



See tegyn y ki under tegyn.

TEGYRGE



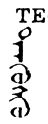
n. Barracks of the city guards outside the city walls; outpost; suburb.

TEGYS / ТӨГС

adj. Complete, full, whole, fulfilled; perfect, accomplished; twins.

-- bajasxulangtu. "Perfect Joy," a Buddhist heaven in which the Bodhisattvas are supposed to reside as "quasi-Buddhas" in their last incarnation before their

descent to earth (S. Tushita).
-- belge biligty . Having or possessing perfect wisdom: epithet of Bodhisattvas.
-- coγtu . Magnificent, splendid, majestic, excellent, illustrious: epithet of divinities, of great men and famous cities (S. çrīmat).
-- erkety. Invested with full power, omnipotent.
-- keyked. Twins.
-- kymyn. Perfect, accomplished person.
-- tegylder. Perfect, complete.
-- uruγ. Parents, father and mother.
erke -- . Powerful.



TEGYS- / ТӨГСӨХ
v.i. To come to an end; to be finished, fulfilled, carried out, completed; to be perfect, complete.
--ygsen. Perfect, accomplished, achieved; in complete possession of; completed, finished.
--ygsen kymyn. A perfect man or person.
dain --ygsen y daraγ-a. After the war.
gyicedken --ky. To finish, complete.
uxaγan bilig --ygsen. Possessing wisdom and intellect.
uxaγan u nom dur --ygsen. Learned, erudite, scholarly.
xotala --ygsen. Accomplished, perfect.
xuγucaγ-a --ky. To finish one's term.
ynyr lyge --ygsen. Full of aroma.
yzezy --ky. To finish reading; to read from beginning to end.



TEGYSBYRI / ТӨГСВӨР
n. Accomplishment, end, completion, perfection.
-- ygei. Without end; without accomplishment.



TEGYSBYRITY / ТӨГСВӨРТ
adj. Accomplished, perfected.



TEGYSKE- / ТӨГСГӨХ
[v.caus. of tegys-] To conclude, finish, terminate, complete, perfect, fulfill; to decide in court.
amalaγsan xuγucaγan daγan --ky. To finish by the promised time.
angxaduγar šatu --ky. To complete the initial step.
suryaγuli --gci. Graduating student, graduate.
suryaγuli ji --ky. To graduate from school.

tøiyblege ji --ky. To complete a plan, project.



TEGYSKEL / ТӨГСГӨЛ
n. End[ing], fulfilling, completion, achievement, conclusion, finishing.
-- yge. Epilogue.
-- yn yge. Concluding remark.
bodas un egyskel -- . Beginning and end of things.
kereg yn -- . The end or settling of a business or matter.



TEGYSYL / ТӨГСӨЛ
n. Ending, conclusion; epilogue.

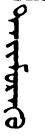
See tai.



TEIMY / ТИЙМ
[cf. tein] adj. and adv. Such; so, this way, thus; yes, that is right.
-- baiba. So it was.
-- bolbacu. Even if it is so; nevertheless, however.
-- bolbasu. If so; in such case.
-- boltuγai. Let it be so.
-- bolxu. To be[come] such a one, so, or like that.
-- bui z-a. May be so.
-- jin tula. For this reason, therefore.
eimy -- . Such and such.
eimy -- bolbasu. If something should happen.



TEIMYKEN / ТИЙМХЭН
adj. and adv. More or less so, so so; not too good, mediocre, poor.



TEIMYREKY / ТИЙМЭРХҮҮ
adj. and adv. Something like that, somewhat similar, more or less so; so so; mediocre.



TEIN / ТИЙН
[literary form of teimy] a) adv. Such; so this way, thus; yes; that is right.
-- abasu = -- bolbasu. If so, under these circumstances.
-- atal-a = -- baital-a. Nevertheless, still, yet; meanwhile.
-- atal-a xarin... Nevertheless, notwithstanding.
-- boltuγai. So be it!

-- bygesy. If so, this being so; in this case.
-- kemen... Thus saying...
-- ky. [And] so; thus; such.
ein -- . This way and that way; one way or another.

b) Renders T. rnam [par], S. pref. vi-, in some loan translations.

-- ilγal. Case (in grammar; loan translation of T. rnam dbye, S. vibhakti).
-- medeky. Representation, consciousness (philos.; loan translation of T. rnam [par] çes[pa], S. vijnāna).
γarxu jin -- ilγal. Ablative case.
keregleky jin -- ilγal. Instrumental case.
nereleky -- ilγal. Nominative case.
øgky orusixui jin -- ilγal. Dative-locative case.
xamturaxu jin -- ilγal. Comitative case.
xarijalaxu -- ilγal. Genitive case.
ziγaxu jin -- ilγal. Accusative case.

TEIRE- / ТИЙРЭХ

v.t. and i. To kick with the hind legs, kick back; to recoil (of a firearm).

TEIRENG / ТИЙРЭН

n. Demon of riches (one-armed, one-legged, with female breasts).

TEIRGE / ТИЙРЭГ

n. Snare or trap for birds.

TEISI

See tegesi, 1.

TEKE / ТЭХ

n. Wild goat, ibex (Capra siberica). [Ko.] Uncastrated goat.
-- eligety numu. Bow made of the horn of a wild goat.
-- gørygesy. Capricorn (constellation).

TEKEL / ТЭХЭЛ

n. The act of turning back; return.

TEKERE- / ТЭХРЭХ

[= tekeri-] v.i. To return, go back.

TEKERI-

See tekere-.

TEKNIK / ТЕХНИК

[R. техника] n. Technology, technics: technical equipment.
-- bolbasural. Technical achievement or development.
-- yn. Technical, technological.
-- yn uxaγan. Technology.
-- yn sekegeten. Technical expert[s].
masin -- . Technical equipment, machinery.

TEKNIKCI / ТЕХНИКЧ

n. and adj. Technician, technical.
-- aziltan. Technical workers.

TEKNIKYM / ТЕХНИКУМ

[R. техникум] n. Technical school.

TEKNIKZI- / ТЕХНИКЖИХ

v.i. To be[come] technicalized.

TEKNIKZIGYL- / ТЕХНИКЖҮҮЛЭХ

[v.caus. of teknikzi-] v.t. To make technical.

TEL

Same as telege.

TELCILE- / ТЭЛЧЛЭХ

v.i. To move or toss the limbs while lying down; to suffer.
køl γar ijen --zy jeke zobazu bain-a. He is tossing his hands and feet, suffering terribly.
unaγ-a bosxu gezy --zu bain-a. The colt is kicking his feet trying to stand up.

TELE- / ТЭЛЭХ

[= teli-] v.t. To stretch (as hide or a bow), smooth by stretching (as textiles); to pull.
--zy alaxu. To kill by tearing apart.
arasu --ky. To stretch a skin or hide.
namaji kedyn tegesi --zy bain-a. I am being pulled from several directions.

TELEFON / ТЕЛЕФОН

[R. телефон] n. Telephone.
-- cokixu. To telephone.

TELEFONDA- / ТЕЛЕФОНДОХ

v.i. To telephone.

TELEG



[Go.] n. Cross pieces in a boat; thwarts.

TELEGE / ТЭЛЭЭ



n. and adj. [An offspring] which nurses from two mothers.

-- xuraγ-a. A lamb sucking two ewes.

TELEGELE- / ТЭЛЭЭЛЭХ



v.t. To nurse from two mothers (of a lamb, etc.).

TELEGESY(N) / ТЭЛЭЭС



n. The act of stretching.

TELEGRAF / ТЭЛЭГРАФ



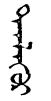
n. Telegraph.

TELEGYL- / ТЭЛҮҮЛЭХ



v.caus. of tele-. See also teleyl[e]-.

TELEGYR / ТЭЛҮҮР



n. Stretching frame used for stretching hides, embroidering, etc.

TELEGYRDE- / ТЭЛҮҮРДЭХ



v.t. To stretch on a frame.

TELEGYY, 1. / ТЭЛҮҮ



adj Spread, stretched.

TELEGYY, 2. / ТЭЛҮҮ



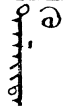
Same as delegyy.

TELEI / ТЭЛЭЭ, ТЭЛИЙ



n. Belt for trousers.

TELEIDE- / ТЭЛЭЭДЭХ, ТЭЛИЙДЭХ



v.t. To grab by the belt of the trousers in wrestling.

TELEILE- / ТЭЛЭЭЛЭХ, ТЭЛИЙЛЭХ



v.t. To put on or wear a belt for trousers.

TELEMEL / ТЭЛМЭЛ



[n.d. of tele-] adj. Spread, extended.

TELEYL[E]- / ТЭЛҮҮЛЭХ



[cf. telegyl-, temegyl-] v.i. To try to pull or tear away, struggle oneself free; to strain or pull at a leash, chain, or reins; to strive hard towards a goal.

jabuxu gezy --deg mori. A horse that always tries to break loose.

ujaγatai noxai --zy bain-a. The leashed dog is trying to break loose.

TELI- / ТЭЛЭХ



See tele-.

TELIG



n. A type of arrow with a very sharp point and a small shaft; a type of pleated cloak.

TELIR



-- sebeg. Basket for feeding animals.

TELM-E



[S.S. 94] adj. Cruel.

TELYRE- / ТЭЛРЭХ



See delyre-.

TEMBYRE- / ТЭМБҮҮРЭХ



v.i. To suffer from syphilis.

TEMBYY / ТЭМБҮҮ



n. Syphilis, lues.

-- jar-a. Syphilitic ulcer, open syphilis.

TEMDEG / ТЭМДЭГ



a) n. Mark, sign, signal; score; symbol; symptom.

-- bosxaxu. To erect a sign or a memorial stone.

-- cilaγun. Monument, stone inscription.

-- modun. Wooden tablet for recording the name, rank, and merits of officials eligible for promotion, special appointments, etc. (hist.).

-- oruxu. Signs appear.

-- øgky. To give a signal or sign; to give a medal or badge.

-- talbixu. To mark.

-- yge. Adjective (gram.).

angxarul un --. Exclamation point (gram.).

asaγulta jin --. Question mark.

belge jin -- . Sign, omen.
ebedcin y -- . Symptom of an illness.
egyden y -- . Name on the door.
γar un -- . Signature.
maγu -- . Ill omen.
onca sain -- . Excellent mark[s].
salkin u -- . Weather vane.
ykyky jin -- . Symptoms or signs of approaching death.
b) Stamp, seal, brand.
-- bicig. An official document; a pass.
-- tamaγ-a. Seal, stamp.
c) Badge, medal, emblem.
ulus un -- . National emblem.



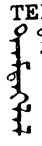
TEMDEGLE- / ТЭМДЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To mark, check off, make a mark; to note down; to give a signal.
--zy abxu. To take notice; to take notes, note down.
dangsa dur --ky. To enter in a register or book.
γabij-a ji --ky. To record one's merit.
oi ji --n ønggeregylky. To celebrate an anniversary.
temdeg --ky. To mark.



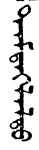
TEMDEGLEGCI / ТЭМДЭГЛЭГЧ
n. and adj. One who makes a mark or gives a signal; one who notes down or registers; registrar, recorder; newspaper reporter.



TEMDEGLEL / ТЭМДЭГЛЭЛ
n. Record, note; mark, sign, brand.
-- yn debter. Notebook, register.
ajan u -- . Travel account.
edyr yn -- . Diary.
xural un -- . Minutes of a meeting or conference.
zam un -- . Travel notes, travelogue.



TEMDEGLELTEI / ТЭМДЭГЛЭЛТЭЙ
[= temdeglelty] adj. Remarkable, significant, noteworthy.
-- edyr. Significant or memorable day.



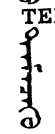
TEMDEGLELTY / ТЭМДЭГЛЭЛТ
See temdegleltei.
jekede -- . The "style" adopted by Yüan Shih-k'ai 袁世凱 when he proclaimed himself emperor of China, 1915 - 1916 (Ch. hung-hsien 洪憲).



TEMDEGTEI / ТЭМДЭГТЭЙ
[= temdegty] adj. Having or carrying a stamp, seal, mark; marked, signed.
odun -- . Decorated with an order.



TEMDEGTY / ТЭМДЭГТ
See temdegtei.
-- [bicig]. Certificate, patent, license.



TEMECE- / ТЭМЦЭХ
v.i. To fight, struggle; to contest, contend, argue, compete, rival; to strive for.
--kyi kysegci. Controversialist, opponent (lit.: desirous to fight).
--n ilaxu. To defeat in a struggle.
--zy abxu. To take in a struggle.
ami --ky. See under ami
daisun tai --ky. To fight against the enemy.
erke medel i --ky. To struggle for power or authority.
saγurin i --ky. To fight for a throne.
zasaγ un erke ji --zy abxu. To seize political power.



TEMECEGCI / ТЭМЦЭГЧ
[pl. temecegcid] n. Fighter.



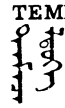
TEMECEGE(N) / ТЭМЦЭЭН
n. Fight, struggle, match, contest.
sitar-a jin -- . Chess tournament.
køl bømbyge jin -- . Soccer or football match.

TEMECEGYL- / ТЭМЦГҮЛЭХ
[v.caus. of temece-] To cause a struggle.

TEMECEL / ТЭМЦЭЛ
n. Struggle, fight; contest, competition; argument, controversy, debate.
-- bykyi. Controversial.
-- jàbuγulxu. To fight, struggle.
-- kiky. To struggle.
-- yn sitygen. Subject of disputation.
-- yn uxaγan. Rhetorics, dialectics, logic.
anggi jin -- . Class struggle.
zebseg yn -- . Armed struggle or battle.

TEMECELDY- / ТЭМЦЭЛДЭХ
[v.rec. of temece-] To fight, struggle for.

--ky orun. Subject of disputation; place of fight or struggle.
xoγurundu ben --ky. To fight among oneselves.

TEMECELDYGE(N) / ТЭМЦЭЛДЭЭ

n. Struggle.

TEMEGE(N) / ТЭМЭЭ

n. Camel; bishop (in chess).
--n gørygesy. Wild camel; llama.
--n kirγuul [sibaγu] = temegelzin kirγuul. Ostrich.

--n segyl. Camel's tail. [Gr.] Caragana jubata (plant).
--n ungγasu. Camels wool.
--n y bøky. Camel's hump.
--n y buruntuγ. Bridle or lead of a camel.
--n [y] køky. Mosquito plant, Cynanchum sibiricum (lit.: Camel's udder).
--n [y] xoγulai. [Ko.] A wild herb, a decoction of whose leaves is drunk in summer for refreshment.
--n zing. Camel caravan.
acilγ-a køske jin --. Transport camels.
caγan --. White camel ; tarantula.
γanca bøkytei --. Dromedary.
γar --. Leading camel in a file.

TEMEGECI(N) / ТЭМЭЭЧ

n. Camel man, camel herder or driver.

TEMEGELZIGEN-E / ТЭМЭЭЛЗГЭНЭ

n. Dragonfly.

TEMEGELZIN

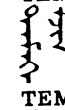
-- kirγuul. Ostrich, see also under temege(n).

TEMEGEZI- / ТЭМЭЭЖИХ

v.i. To be[come] rich in or well provided with camels.

TEMEGYL- / ТЭМҮҮЛЭХ

[cf. teleγle-] v.i. To strive after; to exert oneself, struggle; force one's way.

TEMESY

n. Edges of a net; border or hem of a mat.
-- kiky. To edge a net with rope; to border or hem a mat.

TEMTEL-

Old form of temteri-, q.v.

TEMTERI- / ТЭМТРЭХ

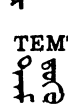
[= tamturi-, 2] v.t. To grope, search by feeling, touch with the hands.
--zy yzeky. To finger, feel.
γar ijer --ky. To grope with one's hands.
kyisyn --zy alaxu. To exterminate a whole family.
taγarcuγ ben --zy yzeky. To finger or feel one's purse.

TEMTERIL / ТЭМТРЭЛ

n. Touching, feeling, groping; uncertainty, inexactness.

TEMTERKILE- / ТЭМТЭРХИЙЛЭХ

[= tamturkila- ; v.rep. of temteri-] v.t. To feel, touch, grope one's way.

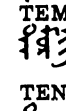
TEMTY-

v.t. To hollow, dig out, unearth.

TEMYR / ТӨМӨР

n. and adj. Iron; metal.
-- dabtaxu. To forge iron.
-- darxalaxu. To forge, be a blacksmith.
-- kisuγur. Iron breastplate; iron scraper or shovel.
-- siriky. To smelt iron.
-- ujadxaxu. To make iron malleable; to anneal iron.
-- ulailγaxu. To make iron red-hot.
-- xataγaxu. To harden or temper iron.
-- xosiγutu. Leech.
-- yn aγurxai. Iron mine.
-- yn aimaγ i bolbasuraγulxu uxaγan. Metallurgy.
-- yn darxan. Smith , artisan.
-- yn zyil. Metals
caγan --. Sheet metal; tin, tinplate.
γang --. Steel.
xar-a --. Ferrous metal.

TEMYRCI(N) / ТӨМӨРЧ

n. Smith, blacksmith.

TEMYRLIG / ТӨМӨРЛИГ

adj. and n. Ferrous, iron, metallic; metal.

TEN

See tan, 2.

TENCIRE- / ТЭНЧРЭХ
v.i. To feel great anxiety; to suffer, worry, be tormented, be in despair, be confused.

TENCIREL / ТЭНЧРЭЛ
See tencirenggyi.

TENCIRENGGYI
[= tencirel] adj. and n. Feeling great anxiety; worry, anxiety, suffering, despair; vertigo, fainting, weakness; rage, fury.

TENDE / ТЭНД
adv. There; in, at, or to that place; also used as a quasi-postposition.
-- ece = tendece. Thence, from that place, from that time, thenceforth.
aγula jin -- . Near the mountain.
ende -- . Here and there.

TENDECE / ТЭНДЭЭС .
See tende ece.

TENDEKI / ТЭНДЭХ
adj. Of that place, being at that place.
-- kynıyn. People of that place.

TENEG / ТЭНЭГ
adj. and n. Stupid, foolish; fool, idiot; stupidity, foolishness.
-- amitan. Stupid or foolish creature; idiot.
-- ebesy. Henbane, Hyoscyamus niger.
-- kymyn. Fool.
-- moxuγ-a. Stupidity, stupid.
-- munaγ. Stupid, idiot.
-- yge. Nonsense; stupid remark.

TENEGCILE- / ТЭНЭГЧЛЭХ
v.t. To treat someone as a fool.

TENEGDE- / ТЭНЭГДЭХ
v.i. To be too foolish.

TENEGDEGYY / ТЭНЭГДҮҮ
adj. Somewhat stupid.

TENEGKEN / ТЭНЭГХЭН
adj. Somewhat stupid.

TENEGLE- / ТЭНЭГЛЭХ
v.i. and t. To act, behave, or speak foolishly; to treat as a fool.
--zy aγasilaxu. To behave or act foolishly.
kymyn i --ky. To treat one as a fool.

TENEGTY- / ТЭНЭГТЭХ
v.i. To be[come] foolish; to act, behave, or speak foolishly.

TENEI-, etc.
See tenii-, etc.

TENG, 1. / ТЭН(Г)
n. and adv. Equilibrium; evenly, equally, exactly .
-- dumdaγur = teg dumdaγur. Right through the middle or center.
-- sacaγu. Equal[ity].
-- yn modun. Beam of a balance.
-- xaγas. Exactly half.
-- xubijaxu. To divide evenly.

TENG, 2. / ТЕН(Г)
n. Rope stretched over a yurt for strengthening or fastening.

TENGCE- / ТЭНЦЭХ
[= tengci-] v.i. To be[come] balanced, be equal; to match, correspond, agree, be suitable or fitting (cf. tenggece-).
γal tu xoruxai naran saran luγ-a --ky yly bolumui. The glow-worm cannot compete with the sun or moon.
nasu --gsen. Of suitable age; coeval.
yly --ky. Not equal, not a match.

TENGCEGE-
Same as tengcegyl-.

TENGCEGER / ТЭНЦЭЭР
n. Equilibrium, correspondence, equality (cf. tengcegyri).

TENGCEGYKEN / ТЭНЦҮҮХЭН
adj. Just the same; just right or fitting.
xalaγun kyiten inu saixan -- bain-a. The temperature is just right (for something or somebody).

TENGCEGYL- / ТЭНЦҮҮЛЭХ



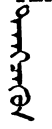
[v. caus. of tengce-] To balance, equilibrate; to make parallel, level, or even; to collate; to adapt, suit, adjust .

--zy øgky. To give evenly or fairly.

kiri cinegen dyni --zy azil øgky. To assign a job that accords with one's ability.

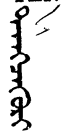
yliger tei --zy. According to pattern.

TENGCEGYN / ТЭНЦҮҮН



See tengcegyy.

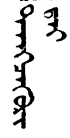
TENGCEGYRI / ТЭНЦҮҮР



n. Equilibrium, correspondence, equality (= tengceger); lever.

-- ygei. Uneven, unequal; disproportionate; uncomparable, unmatched.

TENGCEGYRITEI / ТЭНЦҮҮРТЭЙ



Same as tengcegyy.

TENGCEGYY / ТЭНЦҮҮ



[= tengcegyn] adj. Equal, adequate, commensurate.

-- saixan. Just perfect, just right.

adali --. Equal.

TENGCEL / ТЭНЦЭЛ



-- ygei = tengsel ygei. Matchless, unparalleled; unchallenged.

-- ygei jeke. Incomparably great, large, or big.

TENGCELDY- / ТЭНЦЭЛДЭХ



v. rec. of tengce-.

ene xojar un kycyn saixan --zy bain-a. These two match each other in strength.

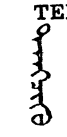
TENGCESI



-- ygei. Unmatched, incomparable, incomparably.

-- ygei bayatur. Incomparable hero.

TENGCI-



See tengce-.

TENGGECE- / ТЭНГЭЦЭХ



v. i. To correspond, agree; to be equal; to be suitable or fitting (cf. tengce-).

TENGGECEGYL / ТЭНГЭЦҮҮЛ



n. Equilibrium, balance ; balancing.

TENGGED



Same as tegeged.

TENGGELIG / ТЭНХЛЭГ



n. Axletree.

kyrdyn y --. Axletree.

TENGGELIS



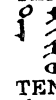
n. A kind of fresh-water fish (Ch. fu 鮒)

TENGGERI



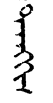
See tngri.

TENGGI-



Same as tege-, 2.

TENGGIS / ТЭНГЭС



n. Lake; sea.

-- yn jabuyan cerig. Marine, marines (mil.).

cayan --. The White Sea.

xar-a --. The Black Sea.

TENGGISCI(N) / ТЭНГЭСЧ



n. Sailor.

TENGKE, 1.



See tengkege.

TENGKE, 2.



[T. tangka, fr. Hind.] n. Money or coin in general; small silver coin.

-- zoyus. Coin, money.

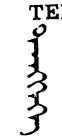
balbu --. Nepalese money.

TENGKE- / ТЭНХЭХ



v. i. To endure; to recover strength or health.

TENGKEGE / ТЭНХЭЭ



[= tengke, 1.] n. Power, force, strength; ability, capability, talent.

-- aldaraxu. To feel tired, be fatigued.

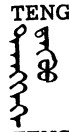
-- bay-a tai. Weak, feeble, of little strength or ability.

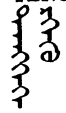
-- mayudxu. To worsen (of health).

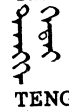
-- oruxu. To become strong; to recover strength.
-- tamir. Physical strength.
-- tasuraxu. To feel tired.
bej-e --. Health.

TENGKEGEDE- / ТЭНХЭЭДЭХ

v.i. To be or feel exhausted, lose strength.
tere tegyn i daγaγaxu ygei jekel-e --zy baimui. Unable to endure it, he is greatly exhausted.

TENGKEGEDEGYY

adj. Exhausted, broken down.

TENGKEGERKE- / ТЭНХЭЭРХЭХ

v.i. To display one's strength.

TENGKEGETEI / ТЭНХЭЭТЭЙ

[= tengkegety] adj. Strong, robust, vigorous.

TENGKEGETY / ТЭНХЭЭТ

See tengkegetei.

TENGKEGEZI- / ТЭНХЭЭЖИХ

v.i. To become strong, recover strength.

TENGKELIGYN / ТЭНХЛҮҮН

See tengkeligyy.

TENGKELIGYY / ТЭНХЛҮҮ(Н)

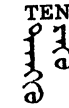
[= tengkeligyn] adj. Strong, robust, vigorous.
-- ebygen. Hale and hearty old man.

TENGKER[E]- / ТЭНХРЭХ

[= tengkyr[e]-] v.i. To endure; to recover strength, health or consciousness; to be[come] enduring, hardy, robust.
ebedcin ece --ygsen ygei. [He] did not recover from the illness.
tere basa --yge edyi. He has not yet recovered.

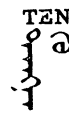
TENGKERYGYL- / ТЭНХРҮҮЛЭХ

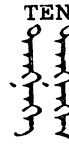
v. caus. of tengker-.

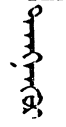
TENGKYR[E]-

See tengker[e]-.

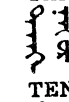
TENGLE-

See tengne-.

TENGNE- / ТЭГНЭХ

[= tengle-] To balance a load; to load a pack animal.

TENGNEGE(N) / ТЭГНЭЭ

n. Burden, load, or pack distributed in two parts and balanced on an animal's back; lever.

TENGNEGYR / ТЭГНҮҮР

n. Beam of a balance; balance for weighing silver; a kind of litter or sedan-chair used for mountain roads.

TENGNEGYRDE- / ТЭГНҮҮРДЭХ

v.t. To weigh on a balance.

TENGSE- / ТЭНСЭХ

v.t. To test, examine; to try to find out, probe.
kereg i --ky. To probe or sound out a matter.
sedkil i --ky. To probe into somebody's thought, heart, or mind.
ynen xudal i --ky. To probe truth and falsehood, find out the truth.

TENGSEL, 1. / ТЭНСЭЛ

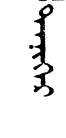
n. Probe, test, examination.

TENGSEL, 2.

See tengcel.

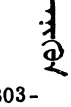
TENGSELGE(N)

n. Probe, test, examination.

TENIGER / ТЭНЭГЭР

[= tenigir] adj. Straight; upright, erect; polished, smooth; (fig.) calm.
-- bejetei kymyn. A person with an erect posture.
-- saγuxu. To sit up straight.

TENIGIR

See teniger.

TENIGYN / ТЭНҮҮН

adj. Blissful, calm, imperturbable.

TENII- / ТЭНИЙХ



[= tenei-] v.i. To unbend, become straight, stretch, extend; to smoothen; to calm down; to become fine again (as weather).

bajar un manglai inu --be. The wrinkles on the forehead have smoothed (lit: stretched) with joy.

sedkil --ky. To calm down, relax.

TENIILGE- / ТЭНИЙЛГЭХ



[= teneilge-, v. caus. of tenii-] v.t. To straighten, unbend; to smooth, make even.

--zy debisky. To spread smooth, extend, unfold.

temyr utasu --ky. To straighten wire.

yj-e møci ben --ky. To stretch one's limbs.

TENTYR



-- myntyr. Shocked and stupefied.

-- tantur. With an irregular rocking or staggering motion.

TENY- / ТЭНЭХ



v.i. To roam, rove, wander aimlessly, go astray; to be confused; to be at a loss; to lose one's mind.

--gsen mungxaγ amitan. A confused and foolish being.

--n tøgeriky. To roam, ramble.

--zy jabuγci. Wanderer, rover.

--zy jabuxu. To roam, ramble, stray.

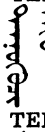
busu orun-a --n tøgeriky. To be lost in a foreign land.

TENYG



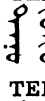
Same as teneg.

TENYGYCILE- / ТЭНҮҮЧЛЭХ



v.i. To rove, roam, wander.

TENYGYL- / ТЭНҮҮЛЭХ



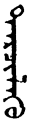
v. caus. of teny-.

TENYMEL / ТЭНЭМЭЛ



[n.d. of teny-] adj. Roaming, wandering.

TERCILE-



See tarcila-.

TERDES



obs. form of ters.

TERE / ТЭР



a) demonstr. pron. That; he , she, it. See tegyn.

-- jaγun u tula kemebesy. If you ask why; the reason being that; because, for.

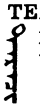
-- kyrtel-e. Until then.

-- øber ijen. He himself.

b) Idiomatic use: Of course! Quite right! That's right! (colloq.).

ziryal -- ! That is really happiness!

TERECILEN / ТЭРЧЛЭН



[modal conv. of terecile-, to do or act thus] adv. Thus, in that manner, that way.

TEREKEN / ТЭРХЭН



adj. and adv. Just that, that very.

-- caγ. At that very moment.

-- γazar. Right there.

-- zaγur-a. At that very moment; in just a moment.

TEREKY / ТЭРХҮҮ



[= tere ky] adj. The same, that same; the aforementioned.

-- cinar. The same nature, quality; identity; metaphysical identity; reality (philos.).

TERELIG / ТЭРЛЭГ



[= terlig] n. Cotton-padded gown.

TERELZI / ТЭРЭЛЖ



n. Rhododendron dahuricum.

caγan --. Same as serlig.

TERENEI



Possessive of tere. His, her, its. See also under tegyn.

ene -- bicig. This is his book.

TERENEIKI



Possessive of tere, usually used predicatively. His, hers, its. See also under tegyn.

ene bicig --. This book is his.

TERETEGE



See tertege.

TERGE(N) / ТЭРЭГ, ТЭРГЭН



n. Vehicle; cart, wagon, carriage; car; rook (in chess).

-- bariγci. Driver of a car or cart.



-- barixu. To drive a cart or car.

--n dur tegegeky. To load on a cart.

--n ece baγulγaxu. To unload from a cart; to help down or cause to get down from a cart.

--n y kølbyri. Shaft of a cart to which the animal is hitched.

--n y møger. The wooden rim of a cart wheel.

--n y numu. Spring of a vehicle.

--n y tenggelig. Axle of a cart.

-- tylij-e. A load of firewood.

aγur un -- . Locomotive; automobile (obs.).

bux-a -- . Locomotive.

cakilγan -- . Electric streetcar.

γaltu -- . Train, locomotive.

masin-a -- . Motor vehicle , automobile.

muxur -- . Automobile (sedan).

TERGECI(N) / ТЭРЭГЧ



n. Wagon-maker, cart-maker; cart driver.

TERGEGYR



n. Wide road, highway.

TERGEL / ТЭРГЭЛ



See under sara and edyr.

TERGEL- / ТЭРГЭЛЭХ



v.i. To become full (of the moon).

TERGELE- / ТЭРЭГЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To load a wagon or cart; to hitch up a cart; to ride in a cart or car.

TERIGYCI / ТҮРҮҮЧ



n. and adj. Head, leader; first; former, preceding; sergeant (mil.).

-- jin kereg. The first thing.

-- jin medege [yd]. First information, first news.

axalaγci -- . Senior sergeant; technical sergeant.

baγ-a -- . Junior sergeant.

zocid un -- . The first guest or group of guests to arrive.

TERIGYLE- / ТЭРГҮҮЛЭХ



[cf. tyrygyle-] v.i. To be at the head of; to lead, command; to outstrip, leave behind.

--gsen said. Head minister, head official.

--n yiledygsen kymyn. Instigator, founder, initiator.

--zy ireky. To come first, be the first to arrive.

TERIGYLEGCI / ТЭРГҮҮЛЭГЧ



n. Leader; president; head, chairman.

-- ceceg. Plum-flower (Ch. mei 梅).

--d ж -- nar. The leaders, heads, the board of directors.

-- gesigyn. Member of the presidium.

-- said ж terigyn said. Prime minister.

-- yn γazar. Board of regents or directors; directorate, executive board.

ger yn -- . Head of a household.

TERIGYN / ТЭРГҮҮН



n. and adj. Head (anat., honorif., and fig.); chief; beginning; first, chief, foremost.

-- cyd. Leaders, directors

-- debter. First volume.

-- dy. In the first place.

-- ece ecys kyrtel-e. From beginning to end.

-- ece køl yn ula kyrtel-e. From the head to the soles of the feet.

-- nojan. President chairman (government official).

-- said. Prime minister.

-- sar-a. The first month of a season.

-- xaγas. First half.

-- y cimeg. Head ornament.

-- ygei. Headless; without beginning.

-- zerge. First class, rank or degree.

angx-a -- . The very beginning. See angxa.

bygyde jin -- dy. In the very first place.

neng -- -e. Above all, first of all.

xamuγ un -- -e. Above all, first of all.

TERIGYTEI

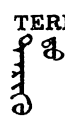
See terigyty.

TERIGYTEN / ТЭРГҮҮТЭН



adj. Having ... at the head or as the first; etc., and so forth, and so on; and other[s].

baγatur -- kedyn kymyn. Bator and several other men.
nousu kiryaxu ba isegei kiky -- y.azil ud. Shearing of wool, making of felt, and similar work.

TERIGYTY

[= terigytei] adj. Having a head.
γurban -- . Three-headed.

TERLE- / ТЭРЛЭХ

v.i. To assume a shape; to be nearly or roughly finished; to grow (in number).

TERLIG

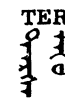
See terelig.

TERM-E / ТЭРМЭ(Н)

[T. ther-ma] n. Thin woolen textile, flannel-like fabric; the wooden grate of the walls of a felt tent.
altan -- . [H.W.] Golden tent.
imaγan u -- . A textile made from goat's wool.

TERS / ТЭРС

[fr. Pers.] adj. and n. Heretical, heterodox; opposed, antagonistic, adverse, hostile; opposition; adversary, enemy.
-- eteged. (Ideological) opponent or opposition.
-- nomtai. Heretic.
-- [yn] jabudal. Heretical practices or conduct, heresy.
-- yn yzel. Heretic views, heresy.
-- yzeiten. Ideological opponent[s].

TERSELE-

See tersle-.

TERSLE- / ТЭРСЛЭХ

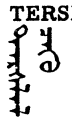
[= tersele-] v.i. To be recalcitrant; to counteract, act against, resist; to revolt.
zirum josun i --ky. To be unethical.

TERSLEGCI / ТЭРСЛЭГЧ

n. Rebel.

TERSLEGYY / ТЭРСЛҮҮ

adj. Antagonistic, rebellious.
-- eteged. Rebel faction.
-- xulaγaici. Rebel, mutineer.

TERSLELCE- / ТЭРСЛЭЛЦЭХ

[Mo.] v.i. To be disobedient, obstinate, or recalcitrant.

TERSLELDY- / ТЭРСЛЭЛДЭХ

[v. rec. of tersle-] To act against each other.

TERTE

See tertege.

TERTEGE / ТЭРТЭЭ

[= teretege, terte] adv. There, on the other side, beyond.
γoul un -- . Beyond the river, on the other side of the river.
kili jin -- . Located on the other side of the frontier, being abroad.

TERTEGEKI / ТЭРТЭЭХ

adj. That which is on the other side; belonging to that place.

TES / ТЭС

See tas and nis.

TES- / ТЭСЭХ

v.i. To bear, stand, endure; to become inured to; to last.
--cy jadaxu. Not to be able to bear or endure any longer.
--cy ønggereky. To bear, endure; to tolerate.
--kyi-e berke. Difficult to bear, unbearable.
--kyi-e berke kyiten. Unbearable cold, unbearably cold.
--yn kylijeky. To bear, endure.
bi --ygsen ygei inijedyn aldaba. I could not stand it and burst out laughing.
ene mori xola ajan dur --ky ygei. This horse cannot stand a long journey.
γal --ky. To resist fire, be fire-resistant.
saγuzu idebesy aγula cu yly --ymyi. If one lives in idleness even a mountain [of wealth] will not last.

TESBYRI / ТЭСВЭР

[= tedbyri] n. Patience, endurance.
-- jeketei . Having great patience, long-suffering.
-- maγutai. Impatient; of poor endurance.
-- saitai. Patient, enduring, durable.

TESBYRI-
Same as tesbyrile-.

TESBYRILE- / ТЭСВЭРЛЭХ
v.t. To bear, endure, stand, tolerate; to have patience.
--ky ygei bolbasu kereg yly bytyjy. Without patience one cannot succeed.
--n kylijeky. To suffer, endure.

TESBYRILEL / ТЭСВЭРЛЭЛ
n. Endurance, persistence, patience.

TESBYRILESI / ТЭСВЭРЛЭШ
-- ygei. Intolerable, unbearable.
-- ygei kyndy darulal. Unbearably heavy yoke.

TESBYRITEI / ТЭСВЭРТЭЙ
[= tesbyrity] adj. Patient, enduring, hardy.
γal dur -- . Fire-resistant, fireproof.

TESBYRITY / ТЭСВЭРТ
See tesbyritei.

TESEG / ТЭСЭГ
[Gr.] n. Eurotia ceratoides (plant).

TESERE-
See tesyre-.

TESERGY / ТЭСРЭІ
See tesergyy.

TESERGYLE- / ТЭСЭРГҮҮЛЭХ
v.t. To turn one's back on someone; to oppose, resist, go against someone; to revolt, betray.
josun i --ky. To go against the rules or the laws.

TESERGYY / ТЭСЭРГҮҮ
[= tesergy] adj. and adv. From behind, from the back or rear; against, contrary, opposed.
-- salkin. Rear wind.
esergyy -- . See under esergyy.

TESESI
Same as tesysi.

TESI
See tegesi, 1.

TESI- / ТЭШИХ
v.i. To skate; to skim in flying; to run (of camels).

TESIGYR / ТЭШҮҮР
n. Skate[s].
-- γulγuxu. To skate.

TESIGYRCI / ТЭШҮҮРЧ
n. Skater.

TESKE-, 1. / ТЭСГЭХ
v. caus. of tes-.

TESKE-, 2. / ТЭСГЭХ
v.t. To assess or levy taxes.
--n abxu. To collect or levy taxes.

TESKEGYL-
v. caus. of teske-.

TESKEI- / ТЭСГИЙХ
See tyskei-.

TESKEL, 1. / ТЭСГЭЛ
n. Patience, tolerance, forbearance.
-- ygei. Intolerable, unbearable.
-- ygei aγur kyrky. To be beside oneself with anger.
-- ygei bajarlaxu. To be beside oneself from joy.
-- ygei ebedky. To suffer unbearable pain.

TESKEL, 2. / ТЭСГЭЛ
n. Impost, tax.

TESKIM-E / ТЭСГЭМ
Same as taskim-a.

TESM-E / ТЭСЭМ
Same as tesmer.

TESMER / ТЭСМЭЭР
adj. Long-suffering patient; durable, tolerable.

TESTE- / ТЭСТЭХ
v.i. To be suffered.

TESTESI / ТЭСТЭШ

-- ygei. Unbearable, intolerable; impatient[ly].

TESY / ТЭС

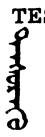
Same as tasu.

TESYL / ТЭСЭЛ

-- ygei. Not tolerating; unbearable.

TESYL- / ТЭСЛЭХ

v.t. To smash, break, split; to poke, thrust through.
nidyn i --ky. To gouge out an eye.

TESYRE- / ТЭСРЭХ

[= tesere-] v.i. To swell, become inflated; to burst, explode.
--deg. Explosive.
bømbyge --be. The bomb exploded.

TESYREL / ТЭСРЭЛ

n. [The process of] exploding, explosion.

TESYRKEI / ТЭСЭРХИЙ

adj. Broken, smashed, split.

TESYSI / ТЭСЭШ

-- ygei. Unbearable, unendurable.

TETEB

-- tatab. Heedlessly, giddily; irresolutely.

TETEGEI / ТЭТГИЙ

n. and adj. The trembling of the voice from cold; trembling (of voice).

TETEGEILĖ- / ТЭТГИЙЛЭХ

v.i. To tremble from the cold (of voice).

TEYD

Same as tegyd.

TEYKE(N) / ТҮҮХ

[= tegyke] A. n. Historical book[s] or source[s], history, annals; story, tale.
-- bicigci. Historiographer.

-- namtar. History and biography.
erten y --. Ancient history.
tobci --. Abridged history.

B. [--n] adj. Historical.

TEYKECI / ТҮҮХЧ

n. Historian, historiographer; narrator.

TEYKETY

adj. Historic[al].
-- cimar. Historic nature, historicity.

TEYNIGI

Same as tegyn i.

TEYTE

Same as tegyd.

TEZIGE-, etc.

See tezije-, etc.

TEZLJE- / ТЭЖЭЭХ

[= tezige-] v.t. To feed, rear, keep, raise (as animals); to bring up (as children); to nourish, support; to treat (medically)
--gsen ecige eke. Foster parents.
--gsen kybegyn. Foster son.
--kyi uxaγan. Medical science (obs.).
--n zasaxu. To treat medically.
--zy øskeky. To bring up.
amin [ijen] --ky. To make a living.
bej-e ben --ky. To feed or nourish oneself.
ebedciten i --n zasaxu. To treat or take care of the sick.
nasutai kymys i --ky γazar. Home for the aged.

TEZLJEBYRI / ТЭЖЭЭВЭР

n. and adj. Rearing, feeding; domestic, tame (animal or bird); adopted, foster.
-- amitan. Domestic animal.
-- jin mal. Domestic animal (usually a young or weak animal fed at home for a certain period without letting it out to pasture).
-- kybegyn. Foster son, adopted son.
-- kymyn. A dependent.
-- sibaγu. Domestic fowl.
-- yr-è. Adopted child, foster child.

TEZLJEL / ТЭЖЭЭЛ

n. Nourishing, supporting, rearing; food, provisions; nourishment; maintenance, support.
-- eriky. To seek livelihood or means of living.
-- yn γazar. Charity institution, almshouse.
-- yn møngge. Money for support.
-- zasal. Treatment of illness.
amin --. Livelihood, subsistence.

idesi -- . Food, nourishment.
mal un -- yn zyil. Various kinds of fodder or feed.

TEZLJELCI / ТЭЖЭЭЛЧ

n. Feeder (of cattle, etc.).

TEZLJELGE(N) / ТЭЖЭЭЛЭГ

n. Feeding, nourishment.

TEZLJELGE- / ТЭЖЭЭЛГЭХ

[v. caus. of tezije-] To cause to nourish or support; to give one's children for adoption; to be reared or brought up.

TEZLJELTEN / ТЭЖЭЭЛТЭН

syn [y] -- . Mammals.

TIB / ТИВ, ТЭВ

[S. dvīpa] n. Any of the four major "continents" (dvīpa) or the eight minor "continents" (upadvīpa) which in Indian mythology surround Mount Sumeru (see Sumer); continent
altan -- . The golden country, Malacca, Sumatra.
azi -- . The Asiatic continent, Asia.
dørben -- . The four main continents surrounding Mount Sumeru (Buddh. mythology).
singgele -- . Old name for Ceylon (Sinhala dvīpa, S. name for Ceylon).
tabun --. The five continents.

TIDSI

See tedsi.

TIG / ТЭГ

[= teg, l. T. thig[le] = S. bindu] n. Line, circular mark in writing; punctuation mark; zero, cipher, naught; small circle on top of a Tibetan or Mongolian letter in transcriptions from Sanskrit, indicating nasalization, as in the familiar Sanskrit word OṂ; emptiness; reed pen.
-- yn utasu. Carpenter's marking string.
asx-a -- . Crayon, slate-pencil.
dumda -- . Diameter, meridian.
orui jin -- . Equator.

TIJATAR / ТЕАТР

[R. театр] n. Theater.
-- un bylgym. Theatrical troupe.
opera jin -- . Opera house.

TILER

-- zøgei. Horsefly, gadfly.

TINGBUN

Same as zongdun.

TINGGIM

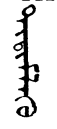
See tangkim.

TIRANG / ТИРАН

Same as teireng.

TITIM / ТИТЭМ, ТИТИМ

[Greek diadema, diadem, head-band] n. Diadem, crown; a five-lobed crown-like headgear with the representation of the five cosmic buddhas (buddhas of consecration, dhyāni-buddhas) one on each lobe. It is worn by lamas during certain solemn services, esp. consecration ceremonies; see abisiγ.
-- kyliky. To tie a titim to the head.

TITIMLE- / ТИТЭМЛЭХ

v.t. To wear a head ornament, diadem. See titim.
ysy ben --ky. To put a crown on one's head.

TIVA

See tangnuu.

TNGRI / ТЭНГЭР

[= tenggeri, tegri] n. Heaven; god; sky; weather.
-- busu. "Non-gods," mythological beings classed between gods and men (S. a-sura, T. lha min).
-- byrkyky. To become cloudy.
-- duuγarxu. To thunder.
-- ece zajaγatu. Sent from heaven, decreed by God (a phrase applied to the emperor; cf. the phrase "by the Grace of God").
-- jin dourakin. [That which is] under heaven; world, universe; the [Chinese] Empire (Ch. t'ien-hsia 天下).
-- jin erkety. The Mighty One of the tengri: Indra.
-- jin ezen. The Lord of Heaven, God.
-- jin kizaγar. Horizon.
-- jin kybegyn. Son of heaven (Ch. t'ien-tzŭ 天子 , designation of the Chines emperor).

-- jin modun. Deodar (S. devadāru, T. lha çing, "tree of the gods ").
-- jin orui. Zenith.
-- jin orun. Region or abode of the spirits; heaven.
-- jin sedkil. Will of heaven or god.
-- jin tedkygsen. Protected by Heaven, the "style" adopted by the Manchu emperor who ruled China 1736 - 1795 (Ch. ch'ien-lung 乾隆).
-- jin tngri. God of gods, the Buddha (S. devātideva, T. lhahi lha).
-- jin vang. Uranus (astron.).
-- jin xaγan. King of heaven.
-- jin ziruxai. Astronomy.
-- ji sysylky jamun. Board of Astronomy of the former Chinese government (Ch. ch'in-t'ien-chien 欽天監).
-- medege ! God only knows, let god be the judge.
-- ongγuixu. To clear up (of sky, weather).
køke -- . Blue sky.
møngke -- . Eternal heaven.

TOB, 1. / ТОВ

Intensifying particle preceding certain adj. and adv. beginning with to.
-- todurxai. Quite clear, entirely evident, obvious.

TOB, 2. / ТОВ

-- tob. Suddenly, instantly.

TOB, 3. / ТОВ

adj. and adv. Clear[ly], distinct[ly], definite[ly]. [Mo.] n. Sense, meaning.
-- kizy = -- gezy. Clearly, distinctly.
-- tob yge keleky. To speak in a clear and distinct manner.
cinu kelegsen yge minu sanaγan du -- baimui. The words you have spoken to me are clear in my mind.

TOBARAГ / ТОВРОГ

[= tobraγ] n. Dust, earth.
-- bolγaxu. To reduce to dust, destroy, annihilate.

TOBARAГLA- / ТОВРОГЛОХ

v.t. To pulverize; to crush, reduce to dust; to destroy, ruin.

TOBARAГLAL / ТОВРОГЛОЛ

n. Destruction, ruin.

TOBCI / ТОВЧ

a) n. Button; nipple, teat; bullet.
-- tailaxu. To unbutton.
-- xadaxu. To attach, sew on a button.
buu jin -- . Gun bullet.
em-e -- = silbi. A button loop (on Mongolian and Chinese garments).
b) n. and adj. Abbreviation, abridgment; outline; summary, resume; essence or point of a matter; abridged, abbreviated, brief.
-- ber biciky. To write in a concise, brief manner.
-- bicig. Outline, summary.
-- dyng. Summary.
-- [jin] tedyi. [Only] in brief.
-- temdeglel. Brief note; summary.
-- teyke. Short history.
-- yge. Concise, abrupt mode of expressing oneself; laconicism.
altan -- . " The Golden Button," a famous annalistic compilation (about 1700).
kereg yn -- . The gist of the matter.

TOBCI- / ТОВЧИХ

v.i. To speak fluently but concisely.

TOBCIDA- / ТОВЧДОХ

v.i. To be overly brief or laconic, express oneself too concisely.

TOBCIГUR

n. Hooks for a door, door bar; rings on a door for a padlock; door chain

TOBCIГURLA-

[Go.] v.t. To embroider or decorate with many-colored designs; to knit purses; to twine cords or braids.

TOBCIJ-A(N) / ТОВЧОО(Н)

a) n. Office, bureau, chancellery.
lablaxu -- . Information office or desk (to answer queries).
medegeleky -- . Information bureau (governmental).
b) n. and adj. Abbreviation, abridgment, summary, sketch; essence or gist of a matter; abridged, short.
-- ber. In brief, briefly.

-- medege. News in brief, summary of news or information.

mongγul un niγuca --n. "The Secret History of the Mongols" (name of the earliest Mongol chronicle composed in the 13th century).

c) n. Connection, relation, bonds; duties, obligation.

γurban jeke -- . The three great bonds, namely between emperor and his subject[s], fathers and sons, husbands and wives (Ch. san-kang 三綱).

TOBCLJA- / ТОВЧООХ

v.t. To abridge, shorten, sum up.

TOBCILA- / ТОВЧЛОХ

v.t. a) To button.

debel --xu. To button a garment.

b) To shorten, abbreviate, abridge, summarize, brief; to formulate (as a proposal).

--n kelebesy. Briefly speaking, in brief.

--n xurijaxu. To abridge, sum up, summarize.

TOBCILAГUR / ТОВЧЛУУР

[= tobciluur, tobciraγu] n. Clasp, fastening; clavicle, collar bone; gizzard.

-- temyr. Door fastening or chain.

-- un jasu. Clavicle, collarbone.

TOBCILAL / ТОВЧЛОЛ

n. Summary, résumé.

TOBCILUUR

See tobcilaγur.

TOBCIRAГU

See tobcilaγur.

TOBCITAI / ТОВЧТОЙ

adj. and adv. Having a button, etc.; brief[ly], succinctly.

TOBCIXAN / ТОВЧХОН

adj. Somewhat short, abbreviated or summarized.

TOBI / ТОВЬ

n. Felt cap worn under a helmet.

-- malaγai. Cap with four upturned flaps.

TOBI- / ТОВИХ

v.t. To engrave (gold, silver), beat out a pattern; to incrust, inlay.

TOBILГ-A / ТОВИЛГО

n. The act of tobi-.

TOBIMAL / ТОВИМОЛ

[n.d. of tobi-] adj. Engraved, chiselled, inlaid.

TOBJAГ

See tobjuγ.

TOBJIГ

See tobjuγ.

TOBJUГ / ТОВЪЁГ

[= tobjiγ, tobjaγ, T. thob yig] n. List, table of contents, register, roster; index; label; minutes of a meeting, agenda.

xural un kelelceky kereg yn -- . Minutes of a meeting.

TOBKI- / ТОВХИХ

v.t. To tie, sew; to tack, stitch; to bind (as a book).

--zu sideky. To baste, stitch loosely.

TOBKIJ-A(N) / ТОВХИО

n. Notebook, pad, fascicle, brochure; a ream of paper.

TOBKIJASU(N) / ТОВХИОС(ОН)

n. Thread, cord or wire for stitching books or paper pads.

TOBKIMAL / ТОВХИМОЛ

[n.d. of tobki-] adj. and n. Stitched; brochure, pamphlet.

TOBRAГ

See tobaraγ.

TOBSI-, 1. / ТОВШИХ

Same as tobki-.

TOBSI-, 2. / ТОВШИХ

v.t. To pluck, play a musical instrument pizzicato.

TOBSI-, 3. / ТОВШИХ



v.t. To kick an opponent's shin in wrestling.

TOBSIГUR / ТОВШУУР



n. Any musical instrument played by plucking: guitar, balalaika, etc.

-- cokixu. To play a guitar, balalaika.

TOBSIГURCI(N) / ТОВШУУРЧ



n. Guitar or balalaika player.

TOBSIГURDA- / ТОВШУУРДАХ



v.t. To play the tobsiγur, q.v.

TOBU / ТОВ



See obu.

TOBUГUR



See dobuγur.

TOBUI-



See dobui-.

TOBURUU / ТОВРУУ



n. and adj. Teat-shaped convexity; protuberance, head (of a nail, etc.); engraved round decorative plates on a harness; convex, engraved in relief.

-- γarγazu seilky. To engrave in relief.

-- seilygci. Engraver, sculptor.

-- uralaγci. Engraver, sculptor.

TOBURUUTAI / ТОВРУУТАЙ



[= toburuutu] adj. Carved in relief, showing a protuberance, convex.

-- xadaγasun. Nail with a convex head.

TOBXU / ТОВХ



n. Snow or mud stuck to the feet.

TODA



See todu.

TODU / ТОД



[= toda] adj. and adv. Clear[ly], evident[ly], manifest[ly], distinct[ly].

-- bicig = -- ysyg. The Kalmuck Mongol alphabet invented by Zaya Pandita in the 17th century.

-- ber. Distinctly, clearly.

-- sonustaxu. To be clearly audible.

-- ziγaburi. Clear instruction.

TODUD- / ТОДДОХ



v.i. To be[come] too clear or obvious.

TODUDXA- / ТОДОТГОХ



[v.caus. of todud-] v.t. To clarify, modify, qualify; to reveal, clear up.

--γsan yge. Qualifying, modifying, or attributive word (gram.).

TODUDXAГCI / ТОДОТГОГЧ



n. Modifier, qualifier; attributive word.

TODUDXAL / ТОДОТГОЛ



n. Clarification, attribute (gram.)

TODUГ / ТОДОГ



See toγudaγ.

TODURA- / ТОДРОХ



v.i. To be[come] clear, obvious, evident, manifest; to appear; to be reborn (of high-ranking lamas).

ken ken y gegen eimy teimy γazar --ba. Such and such gegen (q.v.) was reborn at such and such a place.

xudal anu --ba. The lie was revealed.

TODURAГUL- / ТОДРУУЛАХ



[v.caus. of todura-] v.t. To make clear, show, set forth, explain, reveal.

mør i --xu. To point out the road.

TODURXAI / ТОДОРХОЙ



adj. and adv. Clear[ly], distinct[ly], definite[ly], obvious[ly], evident[ly], exact[ly], concrete[ly].

-- -a. See todurxaj-a.

-- arγ-a kemzij-e. Concrete measure.

-- bolγaxu. To clear up, clarify.

-- yge. Clear speech, clear words.

-- ygei. Unintelligible, not clear; indefinite.

-- ygei tølygen y yge. Indefinite pronoun (gram., such as ken cu, ali cu).

-- ysyg. Distinct letter; consonant (T. gsal byed).

-- ziγaburi. Precise instructions.

TODURXAILA- / ТОДОРХОЙЛОХ

v.t. To explain, make clear, clarify.
--n biciky. To write out clearly; to characterize.
--n neiteleky. To publish, make known.
--xu ceg. Colon (punctuation).

TODURXAILAL / ТОДОРХОЙЛОЛ

n. Clarification, explanation, interpretation; deciphering; data.

TODURXAILALTA / ТОДОРХОЙЛОЛТ

n. The act of todurxaila-; clarification, characterization.

TODURXAJ-A

adv. Clearly, distinctly, concretely.
-- duradxu. To remember, mention clearly.

TODUXAN / ТОДХОН

adj. More or less clear, evident, or obvious.
-- xaraγdaxu. To be rather clearly visible.

TODUXUN / ТОДХОН

adj. Awake, not yet asleep.

TODXAR / ТОТГОР

n. Obstacle, obstruction, impediment; evil, calamity; demon, evil spirit.
-- bolxu. To be[come] an impediment or obstacle.
-- ijer bariγdaγsan. Possessed by an evil spirit.
saγad -- . Obstacles, hindrances, barriers, handicaps.

TODXARID-

v.t. and i. To hinder; to be impeded.

TODXARIDXA-

v. caus. of todxarid-.

TODXARLA- / ТОТГОРЛОХ

v.t. To hinder, impede; to bewitch.

ТОГ / ТОГ

-- toγ. Onomat. adv. Tick tack, sound of hitting a hard object or walking on a wooden floor.

ТОГ-А(N) / ТОО

n. Number, figure, numeral; amount, quantity.

-- boduly-a . Arithmetic.
-- boduxu. To calculate, compute.
-- byridkegci. Statistician.
-- byridkeky. To make complete; to count.
-- byridkel. Statistics; counting.
-- byridkel yn uxaγan. Statistics (as science).
-- ji boduxu. To count, calculate.
-- jin dyng. Sum, total.
-- jin uxaγan. Mathematics.
--n du oruγulxu. To add to, include.
--n ece γarγaxu. To exclude.
--n u øsylte. Increase in number.
--n u ziruxai. Geometry, astronomy (obs.).
-- toγalaxu. To count, calculate, compute.
-- tomsi ygei. Numberless, innumerable.
-- ygei. Numberless, innumerable.
-- yzegylky ziruγ. Diagram, graph.
butarxai -- . Fraction (number).
des -- . Ordinal numeral.
kyrylceky -- ber. In sufficient number.
olan -- . A great number.
olan u -- . Plural (gram.).
orun -- . Personnel (of an office, plant); crew; a fixed number (of personnel, passengers, etc.).
toimu -- . Approximative numerals (suff. -γad / -ged added to the numeral 10 or any multiple of 10).
tygegel -- . Distributive numerals ("so many each", suff. -γad / ged added to the numerals 1 - 9 or any other numeral ending in 1 - 9).
yndysyn -- . Cardinal numeral.

ТОГА- / ТООХ

See toγaγa-.

ТОГАСА- / ТООЦОХ

See toγaci-.

ТОГАСІ

[= toγuci] n. Mathematician, astrologer (obs.).
caγ un -- kymyn. Astrologer (obs.).

ТОГАСІ- / ТООЧИХ

[= toγaca-, toγuca-, toγuci-] v.t. To enumerate, count.
dour-a --γsan zyil yd. The points or items enumerated below.
kereg ygei dyr --xu. To count as useless.
toγ-a ji --xu. To count, calculate, compute.

TOГACIГ-A / ТООЧОО



n. Account or enumeration of facts.

TOГACIL / ТООЧИЛ



n. Count, reckoning, enumeration.

TOГAГA- / ТООХ



[= toγa-] v.t. To esteem; to value.
--xu ygei. To disregard; to belittle.
bej-e ben -- ygei. To belittle oneself.
bisirezy --xu. To esteem highly.
tere ken i cy yly --mui. He has no esteem for anyone.

TOГALA- / ТООЛОХ



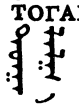
v.t. To count, calculate, enumerate.
toluγai --n. One by one, all together (lit. counting every head).
xuruγu daruzu --xu. To count by bending the fingers.

TOГALABURI



n. Counting, enumeration.

TOГALAL[Г-A] / ТООЛОЛ, ТООЛЛОГО



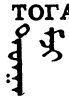
n. Counting, enumeration, reckoning.

TOГAMSAR, etc. / ТООМСОР



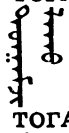
Same as toγamzi, etc.

TOГAMZI / ТООМЖ



n. Esteem, consideration, attention.

TOГAMZILA-



v.t. To esteem, value, or consider competent or qualified.

TOГATAI / ТООТОЙ



[= toγatu] adj. Having a number, to the amount of; that which can be counted, which has an end; few.
-- kedyn. Only a few.
-- kedyn kymyn. Only a few people.
olan --. Numerous.

TOГATAN / ТООТОН



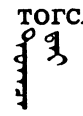
adj. and n. Counted, countable; those that can be counted.
mongγul --. Those counted or considered as Mongols; fellow Mongols.

TOГATU / ТООТ



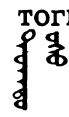
See toγatai.
arban tabun --. Having the number fifteen; fifteen in number.

TOГCATAI



adj. Steady, steadfast; appropriate.
sanaγan dur --. Fitting, desirable, acceptable.

TOГDUUSU /



n. Wild garlic (Ch. hsiao-ken-ts'ai 小根菜).

TOГLA- / ТОГЛОХ



v.t. To play, frolic, gambol; to play on the stage, put on a stage play.
naγadun --xu. To play, frolic.
si --xu. To perform a stage play.
zφcyge --xu. To perform a stage play.

TOГLAГ-A(N) / ТОГЛОО



n. Game, amusement, play.

TOГLAM / ТОГЛООМ



[= toγlum] n. Play, amusement, entertainment; stage play; role; toy.
-- kiky. To play.
olan neite jin --. Public entertainment.

TOГLAMCI / ТОГЛООМЧ



n. Joker, clown, player, entertainer.

TOГLI / ТОГИЛ



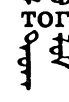
-- buryaṣu. A kind of willow growing on mountains (Ch. tu-ching-liu 獨莖柳).

TOГLUI- / ТОГЛОЙХ



v.i. To be large, robust, corpulent, healthy.

TOГLUM



See toγlam.

TOГMAГ / ТОГМАГ



n.p. Name of a Turkic people often occurring as xar-a toγmaγ. [SS 86] Kipchak.

TOГSI-, 1. / ТОГШИХ



[= tongsi-] v.t. and i. To knock, rap, beat; to throb; to peck.
egyden i --xu. To knock at the door.

zurγke --xu. The heart beats.

TOГSI-, 2. / ТОГШИХ

v.i. To flee in fright.

daisun --ba. The enemy fled in fright.

TOГSIГUR / ТОГШУУР

[= tongsiγur] n. Watchman's rattle (a slightly convex hollowed-out piece of wood, with a slit at the top, that is struck with a stick); a curved drum stick used to beat the shaman's drum.

TOГSIГURCI(N) / ТОГШУУРЧ

n. One who strikes; a sentinel who beats out the watches of the night, a night watchman.

TOГSIГURГ-A(N) / ТОГШУУРГА

[= tongsiγul] n. Woodpecker.

TOГSLJA- / ТОГШООХ

v.t. To chase or drive away by frightening; to stun; to stir water with a stick; to stick the hand into the water and scare fish into a net.

TOГŠA / ТОГШОО

n. A net or snare set placed in crotches of trees for catching birds.

TOГTA- / ТОГТОХ

[= toγtu-] v.i. and t. To stop, rest, become immobile; to set; to become fixed or established; to become stabilized; to depend on; to assume a shape or form; to come to a decision or agreement; to become engaged; to remain firm (in one's resolution); to decide; to fix.

--γ-a ygei toγtaγadui . Not yet decided.

--γsan usu. Stagnant water.

--γsan xuγucaγ-a. Fixed time, term.

--zu saγuxu. To settle down.

aduγu --daγ γazar. Favorite pasture ground of horses.

beri --xu. To engage a bride (for a younger member of one's family).

caγ --xu. To set a time.

dabalγan inu namxaran --bai. The waves have calmed down.

ene tegyn y --xu γazar busu. This is not a place where he would stay.

nigen kymyn dyr ulus --mui. The stability of the country depends on one person (viz. the ruler); the nation depends on one man.

salkin --ba. The wind has abated.

sanaγan du --xu. To be fixed in one's mind.

tngri γazar --γ-a edyi caγ tur. Before heaven and earth had assumed shape.

TOГTABURI / ТОГТВОР

[= toγtaγuri] n. Steadiness, stability, solidity; firmness; quietness.

-- ji aldaxu. To lose stability.

-- ygei. Unstable, unsteady, restless.

TOГTABURITAI / ТОГТВОРТОЙ

adj. Steady, stable, firm; calm.

-- bolγaxu. To make steadfast, solidify, or strengthen.

mønggyn y jabudal i -- bolγaxu. To stabilize finances, strengthen the currency.

sanal sedkil i -- bolγaxu. To stabilize the ideology.

TOГTAГA- / ТОГТООХ

[v.caus. of toγta-] a) v.t. To stabilize; to lay the foundation, make firm or steady; to establish.

--γsan xauli. Established law.

--γsan yn-e. Fixed price.

--zu bolxu ygei. Impossible to establish.

ariγun-a --γsan. Conceived in purity; of pure origin (hist.).

egysken --xu. To start, lay the foundation.

kelelcen --xu. To establish by discussion, negotiation.

yndysyn saγuri ji --xu. To lay a foundation.

zirum --xu. To establish a law, order, or system.

b) To decide, resolve; to conclude.

ger-e --xu. To conclude a treaty.

tøγyblege --xu. To set up, work out, or develop a plan.

c) To retain, keep; to memorize.

--n abxu. To remember, call to mind; to accept, receive.

--zu xairalamu. Be so kind as to accept (a phrase used when presenting a gift).

oilγazu --xu. To understand and remember.

sedkil dyr --xu. To keep in one's mind, fix in the mind; to impress on one's memory.

ТОГТАГАL / ТОГТООЛ



n. Regulation, statute; decision, resolution; protocol; memory; Mongolian translation of tarni, q.v.

-- γarγaxu. To make a resolution, pass or announce a decision.

umartal ygei -- i olxu. To acquire a good memory.

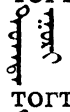
zyi --. Conformity with natural laws, regularity.

ТОГТАГУ(N) / ТОГТУУ



adj. Calm, quiet.

ТОГТАГURI / ТОГТУУРЬ



See toγtaburi.

ТОГТАLA-



v.i. [Ko.] To stop; to calm down, quiet down. [Gu.] To become established, fixed, confirmed.

ТОГТАLГ-A(N) / ТОГТЛОГО



n. Memory, retentiveness.

-- maγutai. Forgetful, having a bad memory.

ТОГТАМАL / ТОГТМОЛ



[n.d. of toγta-] adj. Standing still; established, fixed, stabilized; routine, steadfast, regular; stagnant.

-- bolγaxu. To make something a rule or routine do something regularly.

-- josun. Established custom, use , or routine.

-- usun. Stagnant water; pond.

ТОГТАNGGI / ТОГТОНГИ



adj. Standing still; stable, constant, established; stagnant.

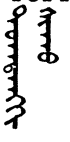
-- baidal. Stable situation or condition; stagnation.

ТОГТАNGGIRA- / ТОГТОНГИРОХ



Same as toγtanggizi-.

ТОГТАNGGISI- / ТОГТОНГИШИХ



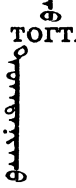
v.i. To become stabilized, gain stability.

ТОГТАNGGIZI- / ТОГТОНГИЖИХ



v.i. To become stable or constant; to become stagnant.

ТОГТАNI- / ТОГТНИХ



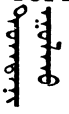
v.i. To come to rest, calm down; to exist, be established.

jirtincy deger-e --xu. To exist in the world.

salkin --mui. The wind subsides; a calm sets in.

ulus tøry --xu. A regime or government becomes established.

ТОГТАNIГUL- / ТОГТНИГУЛАХ



[v.caus. of toγtani-] v.t. To establish, confirm, consolidate; to introduce order, establish peace, pacify; to stabilize.

ТОГТАNIL / ТОГТНИЛ



n. Existence, establishment; stabilization.

ulus un --. National existence.

ТОГТАSIRA- / ТОГТШИРОХ



v.i. To calm down; to be[come] established.

ТОГТU-



See toγta-.

ТОГТUURI / ТОГТУУРЬ



n. Bone sticks attached to the soles of snow shoes to prevent slipping.

ТОГU(N) / ТОГОО(Н)



See toγuγ-a(n).

ТОГU-



Same as toγaγa-.

ТОГUCA-



See toγaci-.

ТОГUCI, 1. / ТОГООЧ



Same as toγuγaci(n).

ТОГUCI, 2.

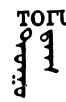


See toγaci.

ТОГUCI- / ТООЧИХ

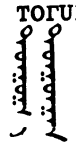


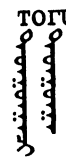
See toγaci-.

TOГUDAГ / ТООДОГ

[= toduγ, toγuduγ] n. Bustard.

TOГUDUГ

See toγudaγ.

TOГUГ-A(N) / ТОГОО

[= toγu(n)] n. Saucepan, cooking pot.
-- bariγci. A cook.
-- barixu. To be a cook; to do cooking.
-- nereky. To distill koumiss.
--n u ger. Kitchen.
--n u xaγ. Soot on a pot.
xaibi --. Large kettle, boiler, or cauldron.

TOГUГACI(N) / ТОГООЧ

n. Cook.
-- ekener. Cooking woman.
axalaγci --. Chef, head cook.

TOГUL-

See taγul-, 1.

TOГULГA

See tuγulγ-a(n).

TOГULMAГ

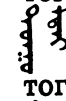
n. Peach, peach tree.

TOГUM[-A]

Same as tomuγ-a.

TOГUMAГ

[Ko.] adj. Rather large or fat.
sedkil --. Proud, haughty.

TOГUMTAI

See tomuγatai.

TOГUN -A

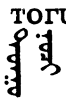
See toγunu.

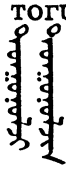
TOГUNCAГ / ТОГОЙЦОГ, ТООНЦОГ

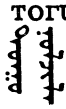
n. Women's boots with short bootlegs.

TOГUNU / ТООНО

[= toγun-a] n. The frame of the opening in the top of a yurt; smoke-hole in the top of a yurt.
-- jin camxaγ. Cupola; spokes at the top of a yurt converging on the smoke-hole.

TOГUNUCI / ТООНЧ

n. Maker of the toγunu, q.v.

TOГUNULZI(N) / ТООНОЛЖ

[= tonulzi(n)] n. Sticks laid crosswise in a kettle to support meat when boiling; grill; cross (also biblical).
--n zam. Crossroad.

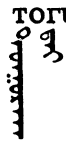
TOГUNULZILA- / ТООНОЛЖЛОХ

v.t. To make or draw a cross.

TOГUR / ТООР

[= tour, tuur, Ch. t'ao-er 桃兒] n. Peach.

TOГURAГ / ТООРОГ

n. Particles of matter suspended in a liquid.

TOГURAГTAI / ТООРОГТОЙ

adj. Having the sediment disturbed, turbid, cloudy.
-- usu. Turbid water.

TOГURCAГ / ТООРЦОГ

[= toγurcuγ] n. Bud or calyx of a flower; hair tied together on the top of the head, coiffure; cone of a coniferous tree; the button on top of a small cone-shaped hat; small cap with a button on top.
-- kenggerge. A large drum (Ch. to-lo-ku 托羅鼓).
-- malaγai. A cap with a button on top.
lingxu-a jin --. Lotus bud.

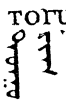
TOГURCUГ

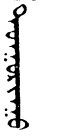
See toγurcaγ.

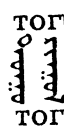
TOГURI- / ТОЙРОХ, ТОЙРИХ

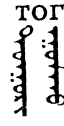
v.t. To go about, circle; to surround, encompass, circumvent, detour, circumambulate; to tour; to roll (of a wagon [obs.]).
--n bykyi. Being around, in the neighborhood, surrounding.
--n byseleky. To surround, encompass, besiege.
--n ergiky. To circulate; to revolve; to go round, circle.
--n jabuxu. To pace around; to go around; to tour.

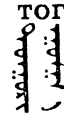
--xui zam. Detour; path around a monastery or temple for ritual circumambulations and processions.
--xu tergen. [A.T.46] A rolling wagon.
--zu ergil kiky. To worship by circumambulation (as a person, temple, image).
aγula [ji] --xu. To circle a mountain; to wander or hike in the mountains.
ail --xu. To visit a neighbor; to tour the neighborhood; to while away time by visiting neighbors; to go visiting from door to door.
γadaγadu ulus i --xu. To tour a foreign country.
xotun u dørben tala ji --xu. To surround, besiege a town from four sides.

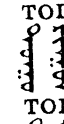

TOГURIГ / ТОЙРОГ
n. Orbit; circumference; circuit, district.
songγuγuli jin -- . Electoral district.

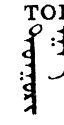

TOГURIГU / ТОЙРУУ, ТОЙРИУ
[= toγuriu, 1.] adj. and adv. Roundabout, in a roundabout way.
-- jarixu. To speak in a roundabout way, use circumlocutions.
-- zam. Detour.

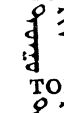

TOГURIГUL
[isegei] -- . Felt mats placed on a tent floor.

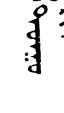

TOГURIГUL- / ТОЙРУУЛАХ, ТОЙРИУЛАХ
v. caus. of toγuri-.
--zu talbixu. To place (objects) around (something), surround, encircle with something.

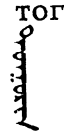

TOГURIГULГ-A / ТОЙРУУЛГА, ТОЙРИУЛГА
n. The act of toγuriγul-; encirclement.
modun morin -- . Merry-go-round.
morin -- . Racecourse, hippodrome.

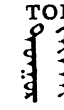

TOГURIГUN
See toγuruu.

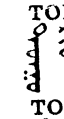

TOГURILГ-A(N) / ТОЙРЛОГО, ТОЙРИЛГО
n. Encompassment, encirclement, surrounding.

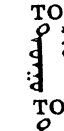

TOГURIM
See toγurin, 2.

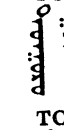

TOГURIN, 1. / ТОЙРОН, ТОЙРИН
Mod. conv. of toγuri-, q.v.

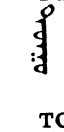

TOГURIN, 2. / ТОЙРОН, ТОЙРИН
[= toγurim] n., adj., and postpos. The environs, surroundings; environment; about, around, approximately.
-- γazar ijer tarxazuxui. [They] were scattered in the environs.
biden y orcin --dur axu tymen bodas. The natural world around us.
γurban zil -- . About three years, approximately three years.
ger yn -- . Around the house.
neislel yn -- mingγan γazar tur. Within a thousand li of the capital.


TOГURINGXAI / ТОЙРОНХОЙ, ТОЙРИНХОЙ
n. The small intestines of pigs.

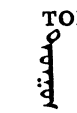

TOГURIU, 1.
See toγuriγu.


TOГURIU, 2.
See toγuruu.


TOГURUГUL
n. [Go.] A small ball; peg top played with on ice.

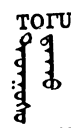

TOГURUL-
v.i. [Go.] To speak smoothly or fluently.
--zu kelelceky. To speak smoothly or fluently.


TOГURUU / ТОГОРУУ
[= toγuriγun, toγuriu, tuγuriγun] n. Crane (bird).


TOГUS / ТОГОС
[Persian tāus] n. Peacock.
-- cilaγu. Malachite.
-- un otuγ-a. Peacock feathers on official hats in the Manchu dynasty (cf. otuγ-a).

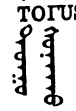

TOГUSU(N) / ТООС (ОН)
n. Dust; atom (Buddh.).
-- bolγaxu. To reduce to dust; to destroy, ruin.
-- bolxu. To become dusty.
-- dur daruγdaγsan. Covered with dust.
-- kødelgeky. To stir up the dust.
ceceg yn -- Pollen.
narin -- . Fine dust.

TOГUSUDA- / ТООСДОХ



v.i. To be covered with dust; dust rises.

TOГUSUNA-



v.i. Dust rises; the air is filled with dust.

TOГUSURA- / ТООСРОХ



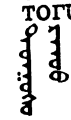
v.i. To be covered with dust; dust rises.

TOГUSURXAГ / ТООСОРХОГ



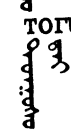
adj. Dusty.

TOГUSURXUU / ТООСОРХУУ



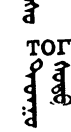
Same as toγusurxaγ.

TOГUSUTAI / ТООСТОЙ



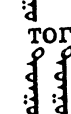
[= toγusutu] adj. Dusty, covered with dust; unclean.

TOГUSUTU



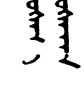
See toγusutai.

TOГUSX-A(N) / ТООСГО(Н)



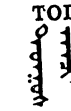
n. Brick.
--n cilaγu. Marl.
--n tuγurγ-a. Brick wall.
tygykei -- . Unbaked brick.

TOГUSXACI / ТООСГОЧ



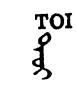
n. Mason, bricklayer.

TOI / ТОЙ



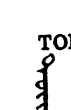
n. Wedding feast, banquet.
-- xurim = xurim -- . Wedding feast, banquet.

TOIBUR / ТОЙВОР



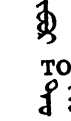
n. Stick, cane; crutch.
-- almaγur. Crutch, short props.

TOID



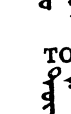
pl. of toin.

TOIDUГUR / ТОЙДГОР



n. and adj. Person who limps or waddles; limping, waddling.

TOIDULZA- / ТОЙДОЛЗОХ



v.i. To be weak in the legs; to limp or waddle.

TOIDUR



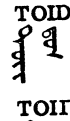
-- taidar. With a waddling gait.

TOIDURI-



v.i. To become weak in the legs or knees.

TOIDUS



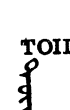
-- toidus. With a waddling gait.

TOIГ, 1. / ТОЙГ



-- toiγ. Expression used to quiet animals.
-- toiγ gezy mal arγadaxu. To calm down cattle by saying "toiγ, toiγ."

TOIГ, 2. / ТОЙГ



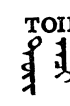
n. The kneecap, patella.
ebydyg yn -- . Kneepan, kneecap.
mønggyn -- . Small silver ingot or lump used as money or ornament (hist.).

TOIГCI / ТОЙГЧ



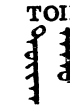
n. Knee-piece of armor.

TOIГLA-, 1. / ТОЙГЛОХ



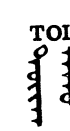
v.t. To soothe an animal by saying "toiγ, toiγ," q.v.

TOIГLA-, 2. / ТОЙГЛОХ



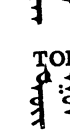
v.t. To press with the knee; to bend over the knee.

TOIГUN / ТОЙГОН, ТОЙХОН



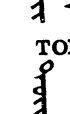
See singxur.

TOIMU / ТОЙМ



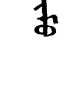
adj. and n. Approximate; approximation; survey, review; a general conception.
-- toγ-a. Approximate number or amount; approximative numeral.
-- ygei. Confused, disorderly; immense.
delekei dakin -- . A survey of the world situation.

TOIMUГ / ТОЙМОГ



adj. Hornless; shaven (of head).

TOIMULA- / ТОЙМЛОХ



v.t. To approximate; to understand, have a general idea.

TOIMUTAI / ТОЙМТОЙ



adj. Orderly, well-arranged.

TOIN, 1. / ТОЙН



[from Ch. tao-jen 道人 , thr. Old Turkish toyïn] n. Priest, monk, lama (originally limited to priests of noble descent).

-- bolγaxu. To admit to the clergy.

TOIN, 2. / ТОЙН



[Buryat for toiγ] n. Kneepan, kneecap.

TOIRIM / ТОЙРОМ



[Kaz.] n. A dry circular salt marsh without vegetation and covered with crevices.

TOITALZA-



Same as toidulza-.

TOIXUN



Same as toiγun.

TOKI, 1. / ТОХЬ



n. Slave or serf of the fourth generation.

TOKI, 2. / ТОХЬ



n. Full-grown elk.

TOKI, 3. / ТОХЬ



[= temegen sibaγu, Ch. t'o-chi 駝鶏] n. Ostrich.

TOKI, 4. / ТОХЬ



n. Staidness, decorum; convenience, comfort; good organization or planning.

TOKIJA- / ТОХИОХ



[= dokija-] v.i. To be allotted, assigned; to coincide; to occur.

TOKIJAL / ТОХИОЛ



n. Chance, opportunity, occasion, coincidence.

-- bolxu. To have a chance or opportunity.

-- bolbasu. If there is a chance.

-- oldubasu. If a chance can be found.

TOKIJALDA-



See tokijaldu-.

TOKIJALDAL / ТОХИОЛДОЛ



n. Occasion, coincidence, chance.

-- un. Accidental.

TOKIJALDU- / ТОХИОЛДОХ



[= tokijalda-, v.rec. of tokija-] v.i. To meet by chance, fall in with; torun into, fall into; to coincide; to be confronted with.

bajar naγadum --ba. A festival happened to be taking place.

berkesijel ajul --xu. To meet danger or difficulty unexpectedly.

daisun luγ-a --xu. To encounter the enemy.

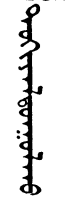
ebedcin --xu. To fall ill.

γaruza --ba. Losses occurred.

kimural --xu. To be confronted with a crisis.

tokijal --basu. If there is a chance, if an opportunity arises.

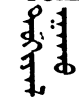
TOKIJALDUΓUL- / ТОХИОЛДУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of tokijaldu-] To bring into agreement; to take the opportunity; to synchronize.

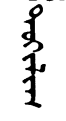
--un. Timing it with, in connection with, at the occasion of, conformably.

TOKIJALΓA- / ТОХИОЛГОХ



[v. caus. of tokija-] To fit into, make harmonize synchronize.

TOKILIΓ / ТОХИЛОГ



adj. Fitting; neat; comfortable; well arranged; well organized; well built.

-- saixan. Comfortable; neat.

TOKIR / ТОХИР



adj. Crippled, bent; stiff (of arms, legs, etc.).

bokir --. Crippled, bent.

TOKIRA- / ТОХИРОХ



v.i. To correspond, be in agreement with; fit, tie in with; to suit; to be efficacious.

--γsan. Fitting, suitable; corresponding, agreed.

baidal dur --γsan. Fitting the case, germane to the situation.

bej-e dyr --xu azil. Work suiting the body.

kelelcen --γsan. Discussed and agreed upon.

xarilcan --γsan. Mutually fitting, compatible, or acceptable.

TOKIRAГUL- / ТОХИРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of tokira-] v.t. To harmonize, make agree; to adjust, adapt; to match.
keregleky baidal dur --un. Depending on the need, adapting to the need.
oncuγai baidal dur --xu. To adapt to a special situation or condition.
φngge --xu. To match colors.

TOKIRAL / ТОХИРОЛ

n. Correspondence, agreement, fitness.

TOKIRALTAI / ТОХИРОЛТОЙ

[= tokiraltu] adj. Suitable, agreeable, proper.

TOKIRALTU / ТОХИРОЛТ

See tokiraltai.

TOKIRAMZI / ТОХИРОМЖ

n. Conformity, correspondence; agreement, fitness, suitability; convenience.

TOKIRAMZITAI / ТОХИРОМЖТОЙ

adj. Corresponding, fitting, harmonious, suitable, adequate; proper; convenient.
-- arγ-a kemzij-e. Proper measures, appropriate steps.
-- ber. Appropriately, suitably.
-- orun saγuca. Suitable living quarters.

TOKITAI / ТОХЬТОЙ

adj. Decorous, proper, fitting, suitable, convenient; well built or planned.
-- ger. Comfortable house.
-- ceber ijer xubcasulaγsan. Suitably and neatly dressed.

TOLAKI / ТОЛХИ

Same as tulaki.

TOLBALA-

See tolbula-.

TOLBATU

[same as tolbutai] n. Areca.
-- alim-a. Betel-nut (Ch. pin-lang 槟榔).

TOLBU, 1. / ТОЛОВ, ТОЛБО

adj. and n. Dappled, spotted; spot, big birthmark.

TOLBU, 2. / ТОЛБО

n. Tortoise shell, carapace.

TOLBULA- / ТОЛБОЛОХ

[= tolbala-] v.i. To become spotted or speckled.

TOLBUR / ТОЛБОР , ТУЛБАР

n. A steel punch or drill to make holes in metals.

TOLBUTAI / ТОЛБОТОЙ

[= tolbutu] adj. Spotted, speckled, dappled.

TOLBUTU / ТОЛБОТ

See tolbutai.

TOLI(N) / ТОЛЬ , ТОЛИН

n. a) Mirror; metal plate.
-- ber yzeky. To see in a mirror.
--n u køryg. Object reflected in a mirror.
anzisun u --. Plowshare.
bolur --. Crystal mirror.
nφlygetei --. Distorting mirror.
xubcalaxui --. Dressing mirror.
b) Dictionary, lexicon, vocabulary.
-- bicig. Dictionary.
nebterkei --. Encyclopedic dictionary.

TOLID- / ТОЛЬДОХ

v.i. and t. To look into a mirror; to glance at, examine, read (hon.).

TOLIGIR / ТОЛИГОР

adj. Smooth, flat; shiny, glossy, reflecting light.

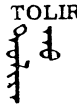
TOLII- / ТОЛИЙХ

v.i. To become smooth, flat; to become shiny, glossy.

TOLILA- / ТОЛИЛОХ

v.t. and i. To look into a mirror; to glance at, examine (hon.).
--n ailad! Glance, inspect, examine! (hon.).
--n toγta·vaxu. To examine and consider, pass a decision.
--xu azijamu. [I] beg you to examine or consider [this] (epist. style).
... abuγai --mu. Attention Mr ... (epist. style).

TOLIRA- / ТОЛИРОХ



v.i. To become smooth, flat; to become shiny, glossy.

TOLIRAГUL- / ТОЛИРУУЛАХ



v.t. To polish, shine.

TOLMACI



n. Interpreter.

TOLMACILA-



v.i. To be an interpreter.

TOLTA / ТОЛТ



See toltu.

TOLTU / ТОЛТ



[= tolta] n. Copper or iron inlaid work or knob on knife handles, sword guards, etc. [Ri.] Core.

esi jin -- . A copper or iron decoration on knife handles, sword guards, etc.

yzygyr yn -- . [Ko.] Sword-hilt (?).

ziryken y -- . "Artery of the Heart," title of a grammatical work.

TOLUГAI / ТОЛГОЙ



n. Head (anat. and fig.); top, tip; hillock, knoll, mound; head of cattle (classifier in counting); piece of material; initial syllable of a Mongolian word.

-- dur kyrky kereg. A matter on which one's life depends, a matter of life and death.

-- dyireky. To feel a buzzing in the head; to be stunned.

-- ebedky. To have a headache.

-- ergiky. To be dizzy, giddy; to lose one's wits.

-- ergyky ygei. Without lifting one's head; untiringly.

-- jin aru. Occiput, back of the head.

-- jin boγulta. Turban.

-- jin orijalta. Turban.

-- medeky. To follow one's whims; to act on one's own responsibility, independently.

-- toγalan. [Counting] by the head (of cattle).

-- xolbuxu. To alliterate.

-- ygei. Headless, having no beginning, confused.

-- ysyg. Capital letter; monogram.

... (-xu / -ky) jin -- deger-e. Right at the moment of ...

caγan -- . Alphabet, syllabary.

jabuxu jin -- deger-e. At the moment of one's departure.

nigen -- caγan noγuγ-a. A head of cabbage.

segyzin y -- . Head of the femur.

soγtuγu -- . A drunkard.

tarijan -- . Ear, spike, or head of grain.

ulaγan -- . Spear grass. [Gr.] Agrostis trinii.

yker yn -- . Bull's head; white sandalwood, Santalum album.

yzyg yn -- . Pen point, nib.

TOLUГAILA- / ТОЛГОЙЛОХ



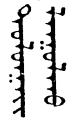
v.t. and i. To form ears (of grain); to head, lead; to be at the head.

--γci. Leader; head.

--n uduridxu. To lead, guide, be the head of.

tarij-a --xu. To form ears (of grain).

TOLUГAILAГUL- / ТОЛГОЙЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of toluγaila-.

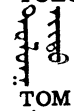
--γsan. Headed by (preceded by the instrumental case).

TOLUГAITAI / ТОЛГОЙТОЙ



[= toluγaitu] adj. Having a head, top, or tip.

TOLUГAITU / ТОЛГОЙТ



See toluγaitai.

TOM / ТОМ



n. Track or path of wild animals.

TOMI



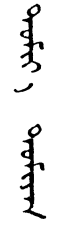
n. and adj. Chief; primiparous.

-- baidasu. A young mare which foals for the first time.

-- ekener. A woman parturient for the first time.

cerig yn -- . Leader of soldiers.

TOMLJ-A(N) / ТОМЬЁО(Н)



n. Term, expression; formula; mark, sign, symbol.

--n u uxaγan. Algebra.

ner-e -- . Term, terminology.

yge yr-e jin -- . Definition of words, semantics.

TOMIJALA- / ТОМЬЁЛОХ

v.t. To define, formulate.
--γsan temdeg. Conventional sign or symbol; inscription or legend on maps, graphs, etc.

TOMIJALAL / ТОМЬЁОЛОЛ

n. Wording; formula; formulation, formulating.

TOMIJALASI / ТОМЬЁОЛОШ

-- ygei . Inexpressible.

TOMILA- / ТОМИЛОХ

v.t. To delegate, appoint, give a commission.
--n jabuγulxu. To delegate, attach to.
elcin said ijer --xu. To appoint as ambassador or envoy.

TOMILAГDA- / ТОМИЛОГДОХ

v. pass. of tomila-.

TOMILAL / ТОМИЛОЛ

n. Appointment, nomination; mission.

TOMILALГ-A / ТОМИЛЛОГО

n. Appointment, nomination; mission.

TOMSI / ТОМШ

n. Number (obs.).
toγ-a -- ygei. Innumerable.

TOMU / ТОМ

adj. Great, big, tall, huge, gigantic.
-- baising. Large building.
-- bolxu. To grow big, grow up.
-- ilalta. Great victory.
-- xødyge azi axui. Gigantic agriculture.
toγ-a ji -- ber biciky. To write figures in bold letters.

TOMU-, 1. / ТОМОХ

See tamu-.

TOMU-, 2. / ТОМОХ

v.t. To skin, peel, husk; to shell nuts, take nuts out of a pine cone.

TOMUD- / ТОМДОХ

v.i. To be too big.

TOMUГ, 1. / ТОМОГ

Same as tom.

TOMUГ, 2. / ТОМОГ

n. Sadness , melancholy.

TOMUГ-A / ТОМОО

n. Sensibleness, gentleness; judiciousness; good behavior; sense, meaning.
-- oruxu. To become well-behaved or sensible.
-- ygei. Careless, mischievous; indiscreet.
-- ygei aγasilaxu. To behave mischievously.
-- ygei zangnaxu. To behave mischievously.
tøkyge -- ygei. See under tøkyge.
yge jin -- . Meaning of words.

TOMUГALA-, 1. / ТОМООЛОХ

v.t. To find out the meaning, understand.

TOMUГALA-, 2.

Same as tomuγula-

TOMUГARXA- / ТОМООРХОХ

v.i. To pretend to be sedate or calm; to stay sedate, calm down for a while.

TOMUГATAI / ТОМООТОЙ

[= tomtai = toγumtai] adj. Solid, staid, well-bred, well-behaved, responsible.
-- kümyn. Respectable, responsible person; well-behaved person.

TOMUГAZI- / ТОМООЖИХ

v.i. To become staid, steady, sedate, responsible.

TOMUГU(N) / ТОМУУ

n. Cold, head cold; influenza; inflammation.
aγukin -- . Pneumonia, inflammation of the lungs.
kizig -- . Contagious cold.
xabar un -- . Head cold.
xoγulai jin -- . Sore throat, angina, etc.

TOMUГUL- / ТОМУУЛАХ

v. caus. of tomu-, 1 and 2.

TOMUГULA-

v.t. To surround, encompass, hem in.
--n saγuxu. To be seated in a circle.

TOMUГURA- / ТОМУУРАХ
v.i. To catch a cold, suffer from influenza.

TOMUГURXA- / ТОМУУРХАл
v.i. To feel a cold coming on.

TOMUГUTAI / ТОМУУТАЙ
[= tomuγutu] adj. Suffering from a chill, cold, or inflammation.

TOMUГUTU / ТОМУУТ
See tomuγutai.

TOMULZAM-A
[Ko.] n. An agile horse.

TOMURA- / ТОМРОХ
v.i. To become large, clear, distinct.

TOMURAГUL- / ТОМРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of tomura-.
--xu sil. Magnifying glass.

TOMURAГUN / ТОМРУУН
[= tomurun] adj. Clear, distinct, intelligible; enlarged.
-- todurxai. Clear, distinct.

TOMURCAГ / ТОМОРЦОГ
n. Net or basket for fishing; muzzle for animals.

TOMURUN / ТОМРОН
See tomuraγun.

TOMURXA- / ТОМОРХОХ
v.i. To be arrogant, conceited.

TOMURXAГ / ТОМОРХОГ
adj. Arrogant, conceited.

TOMUSA- / ТОМСОХ
v.i. To want to be big.

TOMUXAN / ТОМХОН
adj. Somewhat large, big.

TONG / ТОН
[= tung, 2] adv. Extremely, very, very much (often indicates superlative); (with negative) not at all, not in the least.

-- bolxu ygei. It is absolutely impossible.
-- cixula. Most important, most relevant.
-- cu. Completely, entirely, fully.
-- γaγcaxan. All alone, unique.
-- medeky ygei. [He] knows absolutely nothing.
-- xaraγdaxu ygei. Absolutely invisible.

TONGГUI- / ТОНГОЙХ
v.i. To stoop, bend; to bend or incline the head; to bow.
toluγai ben --xu. To bend down or incline one's head.

TONGГUILГA- / ТОНГОЙЛГОХ
v. caus. of tongγui-.

TONGГULZA- / ТОНГОЛЗОХ
v. freq. of tongγui-.

TONGГUR- / ТОНГОРОХ
v.i. To turn or tumble over, fall head over heels, turn a somersault.

TONGГURCAГ /
See tongγurcuγ.

TONGГURCUГ / ТОНГОРЦОГ
[= tongγurcaγ] n. Tumble, somersault.

TONGГURCÜГLA- / ТОНГОРЦОГЛОХ
v.i. To tumble over; to turn somersaults.

TONGГURIГ
See tongγuruγ.

TONGГURUГ / ТОНГОРОГ
[= tongγuriγ] n. Razor.
-- kituγ-a. Collapsible knife, penknife.
ysyg yn --. Penknife.

TONGГURUГUL- / ТОНГОРУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of tongγur-] To upset, overturn.

TONGSI- / ТОНШИХ
See toγsi-, 1.

TONGSIГUL



See toγsiγurγ-a.

TONGSIГUR / ТОНШУУР



See toγsiγur.

TONGTUI-, etc. / ТОНТОЙХ



Same as tyngtyi-, etc.

TONGXUL / ТОНХОЛ



See engkel / ongxul.

TONIL- / ТОНИЛОХ



v.i. To be saved, delivered, rescued; to escape (as from sufferings); to get out, go away, scram (coll.).

--xui mør. The way of salvation.

--zu bultaxu. To escape from, avoid.

caγaza ece --xu. To be saved from capital punishment.

TONILГA- / ТОНИЛГОХ



[v. caus. of tonil-] To free, deliver, save, liberate; to get rid of (coll.).

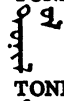
synesyn i --xu. To deliver the soul of a deceased from punishment.

TONILГAГCI / ТОНИЛГОГЧ



n. Savior, deliverer.

TONILUL / ТОНИЛОЛ



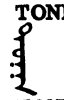
n. Deliverance, salvation; rescue.

TONILUSI / ТОНИЛОШ



-- ygei. Doomed, hopeless.

TONNA / ТОННА



n. Ton.

TONU- / ТОНОХ



v.t. To pillage, plunder, hold up, rob.

--zu abxu. To plunder, rob.

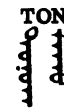
TONUГ / ТОНОГ



n. Goods, furnishings, utensils, effects; gear, equipment, tackle; harness.

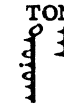
morin u --. Harness of a horse.

TONUГLA- / ТОНОГЛОХ



v.t. To equip or provide with tools, etc.

TONUГLAL / ТОНОГЛОЛ



n. Equipment, implements.

-- kereglel. Equipment, tools.

TONUГUL / ТОНУУЛ



n. Robbery, plunder.

TONUГUL- / ТОНУУЛАХ



v. caus. of tonu-; to be robbed or plundered.

TONUГULCI(N) / ТОНУУЛЧ



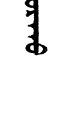
n. Robber, brigand, bandit.

TONULZI(N)



See toγunulzi(n).

TOR- / ТОРОХ



v.i. To get stuck; to be stopped, delayed; to become embroiled, tangled up in something.

--cu tydeky. To get stuck.

--ul ygei. Without delay, without obstacle.

--xu tydeky ygei. Without any obstacle, without a hitch.

--xu ygei. Without obstacle or delay; freely.

zasaγ tur --xu. To violate the law.

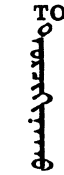
TORBU / ТОРОВ



[T. gtor ma] n. Food sacrifice made of dough. See also baling.

-- talbixu. To scatter (i.e. offer) sacrificial foo

TORCIGINA- / ТОРЧИГНОХ

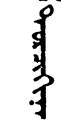


onomat. v.i. To rattle, clatter, crackle.

--tal-a ideky. To make crackling noises when eating.

--tal-a kelelceky. To chatter with a crackling voice.

TORCIGINAГUL- / ТОРЧИГНУУЛАХ



v. caus. of torcigina-.

xuluγan-a --zu baimui. A mouse is making a rattling noise.

TORD



-- kiky = -- geky. Onomat. expression denoting a sound made by a hard object when hitting some other object; to crack.

TORDA- / ТОРДОХ

[v. pass. of tor-] To be caught, held, stopped, arrested.

γox-a du --γsan ziγasu. A fish caught with a hook.

TORГ-A(N) / ТОРГО

[= toryu(n)] n. Silk.

--n elesyn. Fine sand.

--n γal. Flaming fire.

--n u kege. Designs on silk.

--n u modu. Mulberry tree.

--n u xoruxai. Silkworm.

TORГA- / ТОРГОХ

[= toryu-, v. caus. of tor-] To stop, hold, catch; to retard, impede; to entangle; to confuse; to tack, secure, fasten, or attach loosely or hastily; to fine, penalize.

--zu abxu. Collected as a fine.

--zu ojuxu. To baste, sew loosely.

jala --xu. To impose a penalty, punishment.

mønggy --zu abxu. To collect a fine.

oni ji købcin dyr --xu. To put the nock of an arrow against the string.

xadasun ece --xu. To hang, suspend from a nail.

TORГAГDA- / ТОРГОГДОХ

[v. pass. of toryа-] To be stopped, arrested, held.

TORГAГUL- / ТОРГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of toryа-.

TORГAГULI / ТОРГУУЛЬ

[= toryuγuli, toryuuli] n. Something that stops or holds; buckle, clasp, hasp, hook; hindrance, obstacle, barrier; implication, entanglement; fine, penalty.

TORГAГULITU / ТОРГУУЛЬТ

adj. Having a hindrance, impediment; having a hook, clasp, etc.; arrested, held; clinging to the world and its pleasures.

TORГALZA- / ТОРГОЛЗОХ

v.i. To be loosely attached or suspended.

utasun deger-e --xu. To hang by a thread.

TORГAMSUГ / ТОРГОМСОГ

[= cyse, 2.] n. Type of Chinese textile, nankeen.

ar tal --. Silk cloth with design.

esen --. Taffeta.

TORГANCAR / ТОРГОНЦОР

n. Type of coarse silk.

TORГU(N)

See toryа-(n).

TORГU-

See toryа-.

TORГUCUГ

-- [malaγ-a] n. A small cap with wide fur trimming that can be turned down.

TORГUD / ТОРГУУД, ТОРГОД

n.p. Torgut, name of a West Mongolian (Oirat) tribe.

TORГUГLA- / ТОРГОГЛОХ

v.t. To tack, baste; to sew up loosely. [Go.] To implicate.

TORГUГULI

See toryaγuli.

TORГUULI

See toryaγuli.

TORIMTAI

See torumtai.

TORKI- / ТОРХИХ

v.i. To whirl (of water).

TORLU- / ТОРЛОХ

v.i. To chirp, sing (of birds).

TORLUГ / ТОРЛОГ

-- [modun] n. Twig, switch; Calligonum mongolicum (Ch. hung-pao-mu 紅爆木).

tosun --. Artemisia.

TORLUГDA- / ТОРЛОГДОХ

v.t. To beat with a switch.

TORMAN
[Turkish Turpan] n.p. Turfan (region and city in Chinese Turkestan).

TORMUГULZA-
See tormulza-.

TORMUГUNA- / ТОРМОГНОХ
See tormulza-.

TORMUГUR / ТОРМОГОР
adj. Jet-black and shiny or glittering (of eyes).
-- nidytei. Having shining black eyes.

TORMUI- / ТОРМОЙХ
v.i. To be jet-black and glittery or shiny (of eyes).

TORMULZA- / ТОРМОЛЗОХ
[= tormuγulza-, tormuγuna-] v.i. To sparkle or glitter (of black eyes).
--γan nidy. Black shining eye[s].

TORMUSU(N)
[= durmusu] n. Arrow shaft decorated with colored paper on which invocations are written or printed.

TORNI- / ТОРНИХ
[= tarni-] v.i. To grow, grow up (of children and young animals); to stand on one's feet; to improve (of health).
keyked --xu. For the children to grow.
nidy --xu. To open the eyes wide; to stare.

TORNIГUN / ТОРНИУН
adj. Of tall stature, well-grown, corpulent; healthy.

TORTA-
v.i. To be bright and shiny or clean.

TORTAMAL
[n.d. of torta-] adj. Clear, luminous, shining, resplendent; epithet of the Buddha when represented with a halo.
-- ǿnggetei. Having a radiant color.
cirai anu -- ǿnggetei. His face is beaming.

TORTU / ТОРДОХ
v.t. To rear, bring up, nourish, support; to decorate.

TORTUГ / ТОРТОГ
n. Soot, lampblack.
-- un sigysy. Soot mixed with water.

TORTUГDA- / ТОРТОГДОХ
See tortuγla-.

TORTUГLA- / ТОРТОГЛОХ
[= tortuγda-] v.i. To blacken with smoke; to be covered with soot.

TORTUГTU / ТОРТОГТ
adj. Smoked, sooted.

TORU
n. Flying dust; spray (water); black and blue spot, bruise; brand on a horse.
-- kǿdelky. Dust rises.

TORUГ
See turuγ, 2.

TORUГAR / ТОРГОР
adj. Sticking up or rising in the distance.

TORUГU
n. One-year-old wild boar.

TORUI / ТОРОЙ
n. Suckling pig.
γaxai jin --. Suckling pig.

TORUI- / ТОРОЙХ
v.i. To stick up or rise in the distance.

TORUL / ТОРОЛ
-- ygei. Without delay, without obstacle.

TORULUN
[H.W.] adj. Wanton; unrestrained (horse).

TORUM, 1. / ТОРОМ
n. A young camel in its second year.

TORUM, 2. / ТОРОМ
-- orkixu. To wind and glue boiled silk or skin around the ends of a bow and arrows over a layer of birch bark.

TORUMTAI
[= torimtai, turumtai, turimtai] n. Male of any kind of hawk; small-sized birds of prey.

TORUMTUГ / ТОРОМТОГ



n. Muzzle for domestic animals.
yker tyr -- zegylgeky. To put a muzzle on an ox.

TORUMTUГLA- / ТОРОМТОГЛОХ



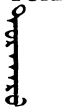
v.t. To put a muzzle on.

TORUU



n. Rook.

TORXARU



adv. Without interruption, continually, always, throughout, all the way through.
nasun -- . During one's whole life.

TOS- / ТОСОХ



v.t. To receive; to encounter, go to meet someone who is coming; to catch something moving toward the subject.
--cu abxu. To receive (as a guest or a gift); to take or accept something that is being given.
γar [ijer ijen] --xu. To stretch out one's hand; to catch or receive something.
saba --xu. To put out a vessel in order to gather or catch something (as leaking or pouring water, etc.).
zam --xu. To wait on the road; to block the road.

TOSILUГ / ТОШЛОГ



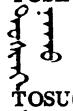
n. Barberry. [Gr.] Grossularia acicularis.

TOSING / ТОШИН(Г)



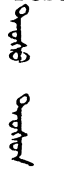
n. Water that rises through cracks in the ice or flows over it.

TOSINGNA- / ТОШИГНОХ



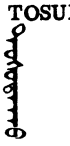
v.i. For water to rise through cracks in the ice or flow over it.

TOSU(N) / ТОС



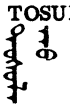
n. Fat, butter, oil, grease, lard, tallow.
-- bolxu. To be[come] soiled with fat; to be[come] greasy.
--n xaraγan-a. Caragana olifera.
cøcygei jin -- . A kind of butter.
γazar un -- . Oil, petroleum.
ømykei -- . Petroleum, oil.
sin-e -- . Fresh butter.
sira -- . Boiled butter.
tarijan u -- . Vegetable oil.
urγumal un -- . Vegetable oil.
xailamal -- . Melted fat.
xar-a -- . Axle grease.
xonin -- . Butter from sheep's or goat's milk.
ynijen u -- . Butter from cow's milk.
ziγasun u -- . Fish oil, blubber.

TOSUDA- / ТОСДОХ



v.i. and t. To get oil or grease on something.
xubcasun ijen --xu. To get grease on one's clothing.

TOSULA- / ТОСЛОХ



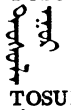
v.t. To smear grease, lubricate, oil.
ysyn ijen --xu. To oil one's hair.

TOSULAГUL- / ТОСЛУУЛАХ



v. caus. of tosula-.

TOSULAГUR / ТОСЛУУР



n. Oil can, lubricating device.

TOSULIГ / ТОСЛОГ



adj. Fat, oily.

TOSURXAГ / ТОСОРХОГ



adj. Oily, greasy.

TOSUTAI / ТОСТОЙ



[= tosutu] adj. Having or containing oil or fat; oily, fatty.
-- dabuu. Oil rag.

TOSUTU / ТОСТ



See tosutai.

TOSXUГUR / ТОСГУУР



[= tosxur] n. Tray, platter; lower millstone; funnel.
-- sinaγ-a. Dipper, ladle.

TOSXUN / ТОСГОН



n. Settlement, village, hamlet.
--n u daruγ-a. Village head.
kødege -- . Rural areas.

TOSXUR / ТОСГОР



See tosxuγur.



TOTI / ТОТЬ

n. Parrot.



TOTUГ-A / ТОТГО

n. Lintel.



TOTUГALZIN

n. Woodcock.



TOUMTAI

See tomuγatai.



TOUR, 1.

See toγur.



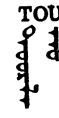
TOUR, 2. / ТОР

n. Net; grate.

-- uraxa. Trap made with horsehair for catching birds.

temyr -- . Iron grill; metal or wire fence, enclosure, or cage.

ziγasun u -- . Fishnet, seine.



TOURLA- / ТОРЛОХ

v.t. To cast a net, catch with a net; to make into a net; to cover with a net.



TOURTU / ТОРТ

adj. Having a net or grate; in the form of a lattice.

-- congxu. Latticed window.



TOUS

n. Birch bark.



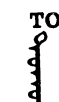
TOXAГU(N)

See toxuγu(n).



TOXAI

See toxui.



TOXU- / ТОХОХ

v.t. To put on or over; to reinforce something by putting something over; to put one thing over another.

emegel --xu. To saddle.

jal-a --xu. To implicate in a crime; to accuse of a crime.



TOXUГA- / ТОХООХ

[v. caus. of toxu-, cf. toxuγul] v.t. To impose; to assign, charge with .

alba --xu. To impose a duty, tax or other public obligation.

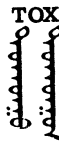
jal-a --xu. To charge with a crime, accuse, indict.



TOXUГDA- / ТОХОГДОХ

v. pass. of toxu-.

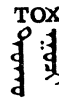
ene jeke egyrge minu bej-e deger-e --ba. This big responsibility was put on my shoulders (lit.: my body).



TOXUГU(N) / ТОХУУ

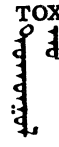
[= toxaγu(n)] n. Joke, fun, pleasantry, amusement; fete, festival, celebration.

-- yge. Funny expression, joke, pleasantry.



TOXUГUCI(N)

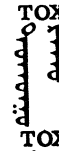
n. Fiance (obs.).



TOXUГUL- / ТОХУУЛАХ

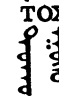
v. caus. of toxu- (cf. toxuγa-).

mori emegel --xu ygei baimui. The horse does not let any one saddle it.



TOXUГURA- / ТОХУУРАХ

v.i. To play pranks; to amuse oneself; to make merry; to have fun.



TOXUГUSU(N) / ТОХООС

n. Padding, patch.



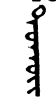
TOXUI / ТОХОЙ

[= toxai] n. Elbow, cubit (measure of length, same as Ch. ch'ih 尺 , a Ch. foot); bend of a river, bay, port, harbor.

-- ben tulxu. To lean on one's elbow.

-- ber tylkiky. To shove someone with the elbow.

γoul un -- . Bend of a river.



TOXUILA- / ТОХОЙЛОХ

v.t. To elbow; to lean on the elbow; to measure with the arm.



TOXUILDA- / ТОХОЙЛДОХ

v.i. To lean one's elbow against something.



TOXUIRA- / ТОХОЙРОХ

v.i. To wind (as a road), form a bend (as a river).

TOXUM / ТОХОМ



n. Saddle fender made of felt or leather which is attached to the saddle.

TOXUNI- / ТОХНИХ



v.i. To become quiet, clam; to settle down, become stabilized, settled; to fall in line.

sanaγ-a sedkil --xu. The mind becomes firm, stable; to acquire mental stability.

ulus tøry --zuxui. The regime became sta - bilized.

TOXUNIГUL- / ТОХНИУЛАХ



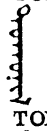
[v. caus. of toxuni-] v.t. To settle, establish peace or order; to pacify; to soothe, comfort; to stabilize.

onyciregren i --xu. To comfort the surviving orphan or widow.

samaγun i --xu. To quell a disturbance.

zobalangtu arad i --xu. To comfort people who are suffering.

TOXUNIL / ТОХНИЛ



n. The act of toxuni-; calm; settlement; stabilization.

TOXURA- / ТОХРОХ

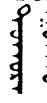


v.i. To become calm; to be consoled, soothed; to be appeased, calmed down; to settle down; to go back to normal; to correspond.

kereg jabudal --ba. The matter is settled.

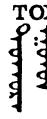
salkin --ba. The wind has subsided.

TOXURAГUL- / ТОХРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of toxura-] v.t. To appease, calm; to comfort; to settle.

TOXURAГULUL / ТОХРУУЛАЛ



n. The act of calming, appeasing.

TOXUSI / ТОХОШ



n. Saddle for a camel.

TOXUSILA- / ТОХОШЛОХ



v.t. To saddle a camel.

TOZIGINA- / ТОЖИГНОХ



v.i. To knock, make a noise (of something small).

TOZIGIR / ТОЖГОР



adj. Thin and short (as mane or tail).

TOZII- / ТОЖИЙХ



v.i. To be thin and short (as mane or tail).

TOZILZA- / ТОЖИЛЗОХ



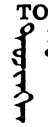
Same as tozingna-.

TOZING / ТОЖИН(Г)



adj. Thin and short (as mane or tail).

TOZINGNA- / ТОЖГОНОХ



v.i. To move or hang loosely (of something thin and short).

TØB, 1. / ТӨВ



Intensifying particle before adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable tø.

-- tøgyrig. Perfectly round.

TØB, 2. / ТӨВ



n. and adj. Center, middle; central, focus, pivot; straight, just, righteous; orthodox.

-- dumda. The very center, right in the middle righteous[ness].

-- dumda jin siγum. Meridian.

-- ece dutaγaxu kycyn. Centrifugal force.

-- γazar. Center; central place or organization; headquarters.

-- orun. Center, headquarters.

-- sidurγu. Justice.

-- sidurγu ji barixu. To be just.

-- surtal. Orthodox teaching.

-- xaraxu. To look straight in the eyes.

-- xorij-a. Central committee.

-- ygei. Dissolute, licentious.

-- yn gyicedkeky xorij-a. Central executive committee.

-- yn xaγalγ-a. Central gate, reserved for the most distinguished visitors (as the emperor or his special envoys) in temples and palaces.

-- yzel. Orthodoxy; the true mean according to philosophical opinion; philosophical school or doctrine of the Mādhya - mika school founded by Nāgārjuna.

-- zoγsu! Attention! (mil.).

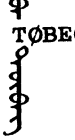
aimaγ un -- [γazar]. Center or capital of an aimak.

angxarul un -- tyr xadaγalaxu. To keep in the center of attention.
sedkil i -- bolγaxu. To set one's mind right.
sumun [u] --. Central administration of a sumu, q.v.
xota jin --. Center of the town.

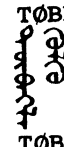

TØBE- / ТӨВӨХ
v.i. To multiply, break out (of sores, ulcers, etc.); to appear in quantity.
jar-a --ky. Ulcers or sores break out.

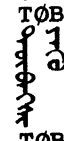

TØBED / ТӨВД
n.p. Tibet; a Tibetan.
-- nar. Tibetans.
-- suryaγuli jin kyrij-e. Tibetan school.
dumda --. Central Tibet.


TØBEDCI
n. Tibetologist.

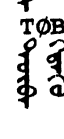

TØBEG / ТӨВӨГ
n. Trouble, difficulty, complication, worry.
-- berkesijel. Obstacle, difficulty, troubles.
-- bolxu. To be troublesome.
-- ygei. There is no trouble or difficulty.

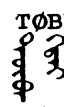

TØBEGLE- / ТӨВӨГЛӨХ
v.i. and t. To be bothered, inconvenienced; to be afraid to cause trouble; to consider troublesome; to trouble; to create difficulties.
--ky kereg ygei. Do not be afraid [that this] will trouble [me or him]; do not worry that it will be too much trouble.
berketei kemen --ky. To be afraid that [something] is difficult.


TØBEGLEGYL- / ТӨВӨГЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v.caus. of tøbegle-] To cause someone to be bothered, troubled or inconvenienced.


TØBEGSIJE- / ТӨВӨГШӨӨХ
v.t. To consider difficult, troublesome or inconvenient.

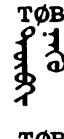

TØBEGSIL / ТӨВӨГШИЛ
n. Difficulty, troublesomeness.

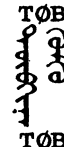

TØBEGTE- / ТӨВӨГТӨХ
v.i. To have troubles or difficulties.

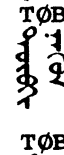

TØBEGTEI / ТӨВӨГТЭЙ
adj.. Troublesome, toilsome, difficult, annoying.


TØBENG
See tøbyng.

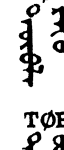

TØBENGKI
See tøbyngki.


TØBKINE- / ТӨВХНӨХ
v.i. To be[come] stabilized; to settle down; to be put in order.


TØBKINEGYL- / ТӨВХНҮҮЛЭХ
[v.caus. of tøbkine-] To establish peace, order; to arrange things in order.

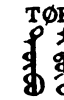

TØBKINEGYN / ТӨВХНҮҮН
adj. Cosy, well-arranged, well-organized, settled.


TØBLE- / ТӨВЛӨХ
v.t. To centralize, concentrate, focus, bring under one control, into one system.
--n zakirxu. To centralize power, control, government, or management.

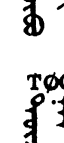

TØBLERE- / ТӨВЛӨРӨХ
v.i. To be[come] centralized or concentrated.
--gsen ulus. Unified nation.

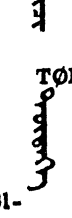

TØBYN
See tøbyng.


TØBYNG / ТӨВӨН(Г)
[= tøbyn, tøbeng] n. Larynx; Adam's apple.


TØBYNGDY-
v.i. Adam's apple protrudes.


TØBYNGKI / ТӨВӨНХ(И)
[= tøbengki] n. Larynx; vocal cords.
-- jin abij-a. Laryngal sound.


TØCINEN / ТӨЧНӨӨН
[Contraction of tedyi cinegen] adv. That many or much.

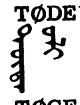

TØDEGE / ТӨДӨГ
Same as tødegyli.

TØDEGYLI / ТӨДҮҮЛ



[= tødeyli] n. Belt loops on trousers; loops on the boots for pulling them on.

TØDEYLI / ТӨДҮҮЛ



See tødegyli.

TØGE / ТӨӨ



n. Span, the space from the tip of the thumb to the tip of the index or middle finger when extended.

-- bejetei. Having a body not taller than a span; span-tall (term of contempt).

TØGECI / ТӨӨЧ



-- xoruxai = tøgelegyr xoruxai. Inchworm, measuring worm.

TØGEGERI-



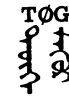
Same as tøgeri-.

TØGELE- / ТӨӨЛӨХ



v.t. To measure by spans.

TØGELEGYR / ТӨӨЛҮҮР



n. Measuring stick, yardstick.

-- xoruxai. See under tøgeci.

TØGELI / ТӨӨЛЬ



n. Spot on the forehead of an animal; the skin of the forehead of a cooked sheep (part of sigysy(n),q.v.) to be offered by the guests to the deities.

-- saratai mori. A horse with a crescent-shaped spot on its forehead.

TØGEN-E / ТӨӨНӨ

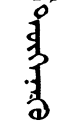


[= tøny] n. Cauterization; moxa; a cauterizing instrument; a poultice. (This form is also used instead of tøgeli in certain local dialects).

-- talbixu. To cauterize.

ula --. Moxa of tinder.

TØGENE- / ТӨӨНӨХ

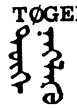


v.t. To cauterize, apply a poultice or a hot compress.

xalaγun dabusun ijer --ky. To apply hot salt to a part of the body affected by an ailment.

xalaγun jaγum-a ber --zy zing barixu. To apply a hot object to a part of the body affected by an ailment.

TØGENEGLE-



Same as tøgene-.

TØGENETEI / ТӨӨНӨТЭЙ



-- mori. Horse with a spot on the forehead.

TØGERI- / ТӨӨРӨХ



v.i. To be lost, miss one's way; to fall into disorder, be at a loss; to be confused, be mistaken; to wander astray.

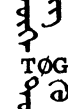
--zy jabuxu. To wander about.

cinu uxaγan --gsen buju-z-a. You must have lost your mind.

sedkil --. To lose one's memory; to wander (as the mind); to become distracted.

zam --ky. To lose one's way, one's bearings.

TØGERIG, etc.



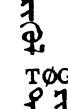
See tøgyrig, etc.

TØGERIGDE- / ТӨӨРӨГДӨХ



[v.pass. of tøgeri-] To be led astray; to be fooled; to be thrown into confusion, disorder.

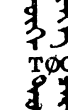
TØGERIGYL- / ТӨӨРҮҮЛЭХ



[v.caus. fo tøgeri-] v.t. To lead astray, mislead, cause to blunder, fool, confuse.

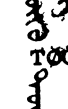
--yn mungxaraγulxu. To confuse; to fool.

TØGERIL / ТӨӨРӨЛ



n. The act of tøgeri-; confusion.

TØGERILGE



n. The act of tøgeri-.

TØGYCEG / ТӨГЦӨГ



n. A charred stump of a tree.

TØGYRIG / ТӨГРӨГ, ТӨГРИГ



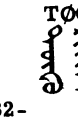
[= tøgerig, tygyrig] n. and adj. a) Circle, disk; circular, round.

-- ciraitai. Round-faced.

b) A "tughrik," monetary unit of the M.P.R. equivalent to --.99 rouble.

-- yn sistem. Monetary system of the M.P.R.

TØGYRIGKEN / ТӨГРӨГХӨН



adj. Somewhat round.

TØGYRIGLE- / ᠲᠥᠭᠷᠡᠭᠯᠡᠬᠦ

v.t. and i. To describe a circle, make or become round; to surround.

--gci tig. Pair of compasses.

TØGYRIGLEL / ᠲᠥᠭᠷᠡᠭᠯᠡᠯ

n. The act of rounding; roundness, rotundity.

TØGYRIGTY / ᠲᠥᠭᠷᠡᠭᠲᠦ

adj. Having a circle, circles or rings; round, rounded.

TØKYGE / ᠲᠥᠬᠦᠭᠡ

n. Preparation, arrangement, order.

-- tomuγ-a ygei. Disorderly, thoughtless, reckless; giddy, flighty.

-- ygei. Unprepared; without any order.

TØKYGERE- / ᠲᠥᠬᠦᠭᠡᠷᠡᠬᠦ

v.t. To make preparations, prepare, ready, arrange, put in order; to gather, pick up something that was lost; to understand (Kharachin dialect).

jaγuma --ky. To prepare things; to lay in supplies.

kymyn y yge ji --ky. To understand other people's words (Kharachin dialect).

kynesy --ky. To prepare or lay in provisions.

xoγul --ky. To prepare a meal.

TØKYGEREMZI / ᠲᠥᠬᠦᠭᠡᠷᠡᠮᠵᠢ

n. Preparation; equipment.

TØKYM / ᠲᠥᠬᠦᠮ

n. Dell, hollow, depression; lowland; valley, circular or oval valley.

TØL / ᠲᠥᠯ

n. Newborn young animals, issue, increase of animals.

-- boiziγulxu. To rear young livestock.

-- mal. Cattle, livestock.

TØLGE / ᠲᠥᠯᠭᠡ

n. Fortune-telling, divination; also a device used for divination; omen, portent.

-- barixu. To practice divination.

-- γujuxu. To consult an oracle.

-- sinziky. To examine the portents, divine.

-- talbixu. To practice fortunetelling.

-- yzeky. To divine, draw lots, tell fortunes, consult a book of divination.

maγu --. Bad portent (obtained through divination).

sain -- baγuxu. A good portent appears.

TØLGECI(N), 1. / ᠲᠥᠯᠭᠡᠴᠢ

n. Diviner, fortuneteller.

TØLGECI, 2. / ᠲᠥᠯᠭᠡᠴᠢ

-- ebesy. Siberian milfoil.

TØLGEDE- / ᠲᠥᠯᠭᠡᠭᠡᠬᠦ

v.t. To divine, practice divination.

TØLIGESYN

Same as tølygesy(n).

øri --. [AT] Payment of a debt.

TØLLE- / ᠲᠥᠯᠯᠡᠬᠦ

v.t. To produce young, give birth to young (of animals).

TØLLEGYL- / ᠲᠥᠯᠯᠡᠭᠡᠯᠡᠬᠦ

v. caus. of tølle-.

mal --ky. To cause the cattle to multiply, to increase the herd.

TØLY- / ᠲᠥᠯᠡᠬᠦ

v.t. To compensate, pay off, pay a debt, recompense.

--n øgky. To compensate, pay off.

aci jin xariγu --ky. To return or repay a favor.

øri --ky. To pay a debt.

tataburi --gci. Taxpayer.

TØLYB / ᠲᠥᠯᠥᠪ

n. Appearance, outside view, contour ; shape, form (also gramm.), figure; pattern, model; conduct, behavior.

-- γarxu. To assume a shape.

-- siduγ-a. [His] appearance is honest.

-- ygei. Shapeless, not having the shape it should have; not having the required or expected appearance; misbehaving; lacking self-control; it does not seem that..., there is no indication that ...

alus un --. Prospect, outlook; perspective.

baridaγulxu --. Imperfect converb (in -zu/-zy or -cu/-cy).

bolzul ı yzegylky -- . Conditional converb (ın -basu / -besy).
dutaγdaxu -- . Concessive converb (in -bacu/ -becy).
γoul -- . Main part, on the whole, in general.
ilγaxu -- . Perfect converb (in - γad /-ged).
iregedyi caγ un -- . Future tense form.
jeke -- . Major part, majority; for the most part.
kyseky -- . Optative form.
mør -- . Precedent.
nøkycel siltaγan i yzegylky -- . Particıpial form, converbial form.
uxaγan -- inu yly oldaγdaxu. To be unable to find the meaning and content.
zakirxu -- . Imperative form.

TØLYBLE- / төлөвлөх
v.t. To plan, propose, project, scheme; to have a general idea; to estimate.
zaruly-a ud i --ky. To plan or estimate expenditures.

TØLYBLEGCI / төлөвлөгч
n. Planner.

TØLYBLEGE(N) / төлөвлөгөө(н)
n. Plan, project.
-- γarγaxu. To make, produce a plan.
-- ji bejelegylky. To carry through, fully execute a plan or project.
tabun zil yn -- . Five-year plan.

TØLYBLEGECI / төлөвлөгөөч
n. Planner.

TØLYBLEGETEI / төлөвлөгөөтэй
[= tølyblegety] adj. Having a plan, project, purpose.
-- ber. According to plan or purpose, methodically.

TØLYBLEGETY / төлөвлөгөөт
See tølyblegetei.

TØLYBLEGYL- / төлөвлүүлэх
v. caus. of tølyble-.

TØLYBLEL / төлөвлөл
n. Projecting, planning; estimation.

TØLYBTEI / төлөвтэй
[= tølybty] adj. Having form or shape; disciplined, well-behaved, docile; resembling; it seems, looks like, appears.
-- bolxu. To assume a form, take shape.
bolxu -- . It seems to be all right, acceptable, possible.

TØLYBTY / төлөвт
See tølybtei.

TØLYBYRI / төлбөр
n. Compensation, payment of debt; security.
-- abxu. To receive payment of a debt or compensation for damage.
-- dur unaxu. To go into debt.
ed yn -- . Payment in kind.

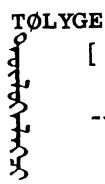
TØLYBZI- / төлөвжих
v.i. To assume a shape; to become sensible or reasonable.

TØLYGDE- / төлөгдөх
v. pass. of tøly-.

TØLYGE(N), 1. / төлөө
adj., adv. and postpos. For, for the sake of, in order to; instead of, in lieu of.
-- jabuγulxu. To send someone instead
-- køgegci. Lieutenant.
--n y tysimel. An official substituting for another, deputy official.
--n y yge. Pronoun.
bej-e jin --n y yge. Personal pronoun.
jaγun u -- . For what reason? What for? Why?
kymyn y -- . For the sake of another person or others.

TØLYGE(N), 2. / төлөг, төлгө
n. Last year's lamb.

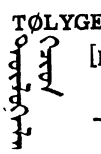
TØLYGELE- / төлөөлөх
v.t. To represent, be a representative or delegate; to substitute for or replace someone, take someone's place.
--n jabuxu. To go in place of another.
--n yiledky. To do something in the place of another; to substitute.



TØLYGELEGCI / ᠲᠥᠯᠥᠭᠡᠯᠡᠭᠴᠢ

[pl. tølygelegcid] n. Representative, delegate; agent, deputy.

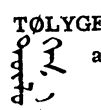
-- tomilaxu. To appoint a representative, send a delegate.



TØLYGELEGCID / ᠲᠥᠯᠥᠭᠡᠯᠡᠭᠴᠢᠳ

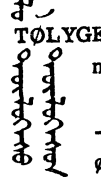
[pl. of tølygelegci] n. Representatives, delegates.

-- yn γazar. Office of representatives.



TØLYGEN-E / ᠲᠥᠯᠥᠭᠡᠨᠡ

adv. Instead of, for the sake of, for.

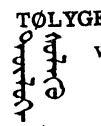


TØLYGESY(N) / ᠲᠥᠯᠥᠭᠡᠰᠦ(ᠨ)

n. Payment of a debt, compensation; remuneration; debt.

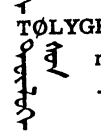
-- i xariγulxu. To pay a debt; to remunerate.

øri --. Debts.



TØLYGESYLE- / ᠲᠥᠯᠥᠭᠡᠰᠦᠯᠡ

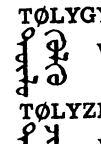
v.t. To purchase on credit; to make a payment.



TØLYGESYN / ᠲᠥᠯᠥᠭᠡᠰᠦᠨ

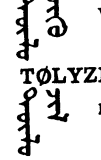
n. Posthumous child.

-- kybegyn. Posthumous son.



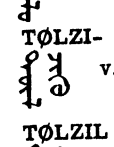
TØLYGYL- / ᠲᠥᠯᠥᠭᠦᠯᠡᠬᠦ

v. caus. of tøly-.



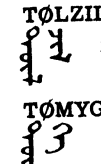
TØLYZI- / ᠲᠥᠯᠵᠢᠬᠦ

v.i. To grow healthy or strong.



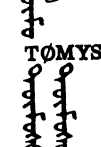
TØLYZIL / ᠲᠥᠯᠵᠢᠯ

n. The act of tølyzi-.



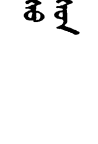
TØLZI- / ᠲᠥᠯᠵᠢᠬᠦ

v.i. To grow (of herds of cattle).



TØLZIL / ᠲᠥᠯᠵᠢᠯ

n. The process of tølzi-.



TØMYGE / ᠲᠥᠮᠥᠭᠡ

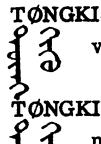
n. Halberd, battle-ax.

TØMYSY(N) / ᠲᠥᠮᠰᠦ

n. Bulbous plants, bulbs; potatoes.

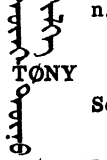
--n y γulir. Potato flour.

tarij-a --. Field crops.



TØNGKI- / ᠲᠥᠩᠬᠡᠬᠦ, ᠲᠥᠩᠭᠡᠬᠦ

v.t. To chisel out, hollow out with a knife.



TØNGKILGE / ᠲᠥᠩᠬᠢᠯᠭᠡ

n. Hollow, groove.



TØNY

See tøgen-e.

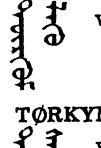


TØRKYM / ᠲᠥᠷᠬᠦᠮ

n. The family of a married woman; the home of a married woman before her marriage.

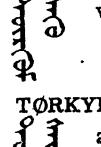
-- ecige. Father of wife.

-- eke. Mother of wife.



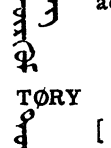
TØRKYMLE- / ᠲᠥᠷᠬᠦᠮᠯᠡᠬᠦ

v.i. To visit her parents (of a married woman only).



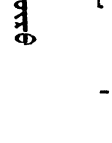
TØRKYMSE- / ᠲᠥᠷᠬᠦᠮᠰᠡᠬᠦ

v.i. To be nostalgic for her parental home (of a married woman only).



TØRKYMSEG / ᠲᠥᠷᠬᠦᠮᠰᠡᠭ

adj. Married woman too much attached to her paternal home.



TØRY / ᠲᠥᠷ

[from Uigur törü] a) n. Law (national, traditional, or established); power; order, regime; rule, government, state.

-- gerelty. The "style" of the reign of the sixth Manchu emperor, 1821 - 1850 (Ch. tao-kuang 道光).

-- ji abxu. To take over the government.

-- ji baiγulxu. To establish a regime or government.

-- jin. Government[al]; regal, royal, imperial.

-- jin abaxai. Daughter of a prince of the second class (Ch. hsien-chu 縣主).

-- jin beile. Title of a prince of the third class (Ch. tuo-lo pei-le 多羅貝勒).

-- jin erke. Power of government; political rights.

-- jin erke barixu. To take over the government.

-- jin jabudal. Government or state affairs.

-- jin jatuγ-a. Court zither (long zither resembling the Japanese koto).

-- jin gijyn vang. Prince of the second class (Ch. chün-wang 郡王)
-- jin kereg. Governmental affairs, state affairs.
-- jin tabunang. Son-in-law of a prince of the second class (Ch. hsien-chu-i-pin 縣主儀賓).
-- jin xatun. The wife of a prince of the second class (Ch. chün-wang-fu-chin 郡王 福晉).
-- jin xauli. Law of the land, state law.
-- ji toγtaγulxu. To stabilize the government.
-- josu. Established order, rule, custom.
-- josu ber. According to law, order, or rule.
-- ygei. Lawless, without order, not fitting, not becoming.
arad tymen y -- . People's government; government of the masses.
nom un -- . Ecclesiastic government or hierarchy.
šasin -- jin. Ecclesiastical and secular.
šasin u -- . Theocracy.
ulus -- . Nation, state.
ulus -- jin. Political.
xaγan[u] -- . Empire, monarchy, kingdom, imperial rule.
zasaγ -- . Political regime or order.

b) Feast, banquet; wedding.
xurim -- . Wedding feast.

TØRY- / ᠲᠥᠷᠥᠬ

v.i. a) To be born, come into being.
--gseger soxur. Born blind.
--gsen ebyge. Paternal grandfather.
--gsen edyr. Birthday; the day of one's birth.
--gsen eke. One's real mother.
--gsen emege. Paternal grandmother.
--gsen nutuγ. Birthplace, home, native country.
--gsen yr-e. One's own children.
--kyi jin orun. Uterus; pudendum.
--n γarγaxu. To cause to be born, generate, produce.
b) To appear, arise, occur.
adxaγ [sedkil] --ky. To become envious or jealous; to become indignant.
bajar --ky. To rejoice, be happy.
sysyg --ky. To be filled with religious in - spiration.
ujaraxu sanaγ-a --ky. To become touched, moved.
zoriγ --ky. To become inspired; to gain courage or will power.
c) To live, subsist.
azu --ky. To live, lead a life; to subsist; to earn a living.

TØRYGDE- / ᠲᠥᠷᠥᠭᠳᠡᠬ

[v.pass. of tøry-] To be born, produced, engendered.

TØRYGYL- / ᠲᠥᠷᠦᠭᠦᠯᠡᠬ

[v. caus. of tøry-] To bear, bring forth, give birth to; to produce, cause.
kiling --ky. To excite anger.
kycil --ygci. Oxygen.
negyresy --ygci kei. Carbonic acid.
usu --ygci [kei]. Hydrogen.
zobalang i --ky. To cause suffering, torture, tantalize.

TØRYL / ᠲᠥᠷᠥᠯ

n. a) Birth; rebirth, incarnation, state of existence (as god, man, animal, etc., chiefly relig.).
-- abxu. To be born; to be reborn (relig.).
-- olxu. To be reborn (relig.).
-- yn teyke. Legends about previous incarnatioins; family tree, genealogical table, pedegree.
aduγusun u -- . Rebirth or state of existence as an animal.
kymyn y -- . Rebirth or state of existence as a human being.
mal un --. Incarnation as an animal.
nigen -- . Whole life, one lifetime.
sain -- . Good incarnation.
urida -- . Former incarnation, former life.
xoitu -- . Next incarnation, next life.
b) Relatives.
-- sadun. Relatives.
-- udum. Kinship; kinsman.
-- uruγ. Relatives, kith and kin.
-- yn ax-a. Clan brother, cousin; person of the same generation within one's clan.
jasun -- . Family on the father's side.
mixan -- . Family on the mother's side.
c) Kind, sphere, branch.
-- byri jin. Of all kinds, various.
olan -- yn. Various, of many kinds.

TØRYLGEN

n. The act of giving birth; production, reproduction.

TØRYLKI / ТӨРӨЛХ



adj. Native, innate, inherent, born.
-- balai. Born retarded, imbecile.
-- [jin] abijas. Innate ability or talent, instinct.
-- [jin] mergen. Wise from birth.
-- [jin] zang. Natural or inborn manner or way.
-- kele. Mother tongue.
-- orun. Native land, home land.

TØRYLKITEN / ТӨРӨЛХТӨН ТӨРЛӨХТӨН



n. Living being, creature; caste.
degedy -- . Those of noble birth; those born on a higher plane (relig.).
kymyn -- . Mankind, humanity.

TØRYLKITY / ТӨРЛӨХТ



adj. Endowed with life; creature or being.
øndyr -- . Of noble birth.

TØRYLTEN / ТӨРӨЛТӨН



Same as tørylkiten.

TØSLE- / ТӨСЛӨХ



[= tøsyle-] v.t. and i. To resemble; to have a general or rough idea.
bicig --ky. To be barely able to read and write.
ecige eke ben --ky. To resemble one's parents.

TØSTEI / ТӨСТЭЙ



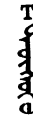
[= tøsytei] adj. Resembling, having the shape of.

TØSY / ТӨС



n. Resemblance, shape, appearance.

TØSY- / ТӨСӨХ



v.t. and i. To assume, presume, guess; to have a general knowledge, a rough idea of.

TØSYB / ТӨСӨВ



n. Plan, project, conjecture, assumption; estimate, budget.
-- dangsa. Estimate, budget.
-- kiky. Same as tøsyble-.
ulus un -- . State budget .

TØSYBLE- / ТӨСӨВЛӨХ

v.t. To presume, assume, estimate, plan, conjecture.
--gsen dangsa. Estimated budget.

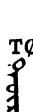
TØSYBLEGE(N)

See tøsyblel.

TØSYBLEL / ТӨСӨВЛӨЛ

[= tøsyblege(n)] Plan, scheme, project; estimate, assumption.

TØSYGE / ТӨСӨӨ

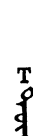


n. Form, appearance, visage; ability, cleverness, aptitude.
-- inu adali. Resemblance.
-- maγutai. Slow to apprehend.
-- ygei. Slow-witted.
-- ygei kymyn. One who lacks ability or skill; dullard.
nidy yzeky ygei γar un -- ber biciky. To write without looking, simply using the skill acquired by the hand.

TØSYGELE- / ТӨСӨӨЛӨХ

v.t. To understand, comprehend, grasp the meaning; to intend; to presume; to have a general idea.
bicig --ky kymyn. One who is semi-literate, has some idea of how to read and write.

TØSYGETEI / ТӨСӨӨТЭЙ



[= tøsygety] adj. Having a resemblance, having a shape; having an ability or aptitude; judicious, sharp-witted.

TØSYGETY

See tøsygetei.

TØSYL / ТӨСӨЛ

n. Planning beforehand, premeditation, circumspection; assumption, estimate.

TØSYLE-



See tøsle-.

TØSYR / ТӨСӨР

n., adj. and adv. Direct or short [distance]; short cut; not far, near.
-- daγurisxui. The distance at which a shout may be heard.
-- døkym. Short'cut, direct road; easy or simple way.
-- zam. Short cut.
zam un -- ijer jabuxu. To take a short cut.

TØSYRKEG / ТӨСӨРХӨГ

adj. Resembling, similar.

TØSYTEI

See tøstei.

TRAKATOR

Same as traktor.

TRAKTOR / ТРАКТОР

[R. трактор] n. Tractor.

TRAKTORCILA- / ТРАКТОРЧЛАХ

v.t. To use or introduce tractors.

TRAMVAI / ТРАМВАЙ

[R. трамвай] n. Tramway, electric street-car.

TU, 1.

S dur.

TU, 2. , TY

Suffix forming adj. (sometimes written separately). It also expresses the idea of possession, association or connection with, or such meanings as "characterized by"; associated with stems denoting a container it refers to the contents of the container. It is used only attributively. Cf. tai/tei (b), (c).

TUB / ТУВ

Intensifying particle before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable tu.

-- tungγalaγ. Very clear (of sky, water, air, transparent objects).

TUD

[T. thud - coagulated milk thickened with butter]

n. Mixed butter.

TUГ / ТУГ

n. Flag, standard, banner.

-- bariγci kymyn. Flag bearer.

-- bosxaxu. To set up, raise a flag.

-- keiskeky. To fly the flag

-- taixu. Consecration of a flag or standard.

-- un zalaγ-a. Tassel on a flag or standard.

-- un zanggi. Head of a division of the army (hist., Ch. hu-chün-t'ung-ling 護軍統領).

-- xadxuxu. To plant or set up a banner or standard.

-- un dour-a. Under the flag of ...

ilalta jin --. Banner of victory.

ulus un --. National flag.

TUГAR / ТУГААР

adv. Before, earlier, just now (within one day).

-- un. Recent.

-- un γazar. The place just visited.

TUГCI / ТУГЧ

n. Standard-bearer, flag-bearer.

engke taibung un --. Standard-bearer of peace.

TUГŠA

Same as toγsa.

TUГTAM / ТУГТАМ

n., adj. and adv. Beginning, commencement; initial; anew, afresh, at first.

-- deger-e. At the very beginning.

-- suruγci. Beginner, beginning student.

sine -- γarγaγsan. Newly invented.

TUГUL / ТУГАЛ

n. Calf less than a year old.

-- biraγu. One and two-year-old calves.

zaγan u --. Calf of an elephant.

TUГUL-

See taγul-, 1.

TUГULA-

See tuγulla-.

TUГULCI / ТУГАЛЧ

n. One who takes care of calves.

TUГULГ-A(N) / ТУГАЛГА(Н)

[= toγulγ-a, Anc. Mo. tobalγ-a]

n. and adj. Tin, lead.

--n caγasu. Tin foil.

--n cilaγu. Lead ore.

caγan --. Tin.

dari --. Gun powder and lead, hunter's ammunition.

xar-a --. Lead.

TUГULГATAI / ТУГАЛГАТАЙ

[= tuγulγatu] adj. Containing tin or lead.

TUΓULΓATU / ТУГАЛГАТ
See tuγulγaitai.

TUΓULLA- ТУГАЛЛАХ
[= tuγula-] v.t. and i. To calve.

TUΓULMAI / ТУГАЛМАЙ
n. The soft core in horns.

TUΓUR-A / ТУУР
See tuγurai.

TUΓURAI / ТУУРАЙ
[= tuγur-a] n. Hoof; a turned up cuff of Manchu origin elongated on one side so that when turned down, it drops over the hands, giving then the appearance of hooves (it was worn by officials under the last dynasty and is still used by the Mongols, see also ridurγ-a).
aca --. A cloven hoof.
bitegyy --. A solid hoof.

TUΓURAILA- / ТУУРАЙЛАХ
v.t. and i. To become hard; to make or create something in a hoof shape..

TUΓURAITAI / ТУУРАЙТАЙ
[= tuγuraitu] adj. Having hooves, hoofed.
aca -- amitan. Cloven-hoofed animal.
bitegyy -- amitan. Solidungulate or solid-hoofed animal.

TUΓURAITAN / ТУУРАЙТАН
n. Hoofed animals.

TUΓURAITU / ТУУРАЙТ
See tuγuraitai.

TUΓURBI- / ТУУРВИХ
v. t. To undertake, attempt; to occupy oneself with; to write, compose, compile; to plan, prepare; to endeavor, exert oneself; to intend.
kicijenggyi ji --xu. To exert oneself.
sudur --xu. To undertake the writing or compilation of a book.

TUΓURBIL / ТУУРВИЛ
n. Undertaking, attempt, intention, planning, preparation, effort; writing, compiling.
jeke --. Great undertaking or effort.

TUΓURΓ-A / ТУУРГА
n. Pieces of felt covering the frame of a tent and forming its wall; wall of a building.

TUΓURI / ТУУРЬ
n. Novelette, short story.

TUΓURIΓU(N)
See toγuruu.

TUΓUZI / ТУУЖ
[= tuuzi] n. Story, narrative, tale, legend.

TUΓUZILA- / ТУУЖЛАХ
[= tuuzila-] v.t. To recount, narrate.

TUGDAM
[= tugsdam, T. thugs dam] n. Oath, vow; prayer; meditation.
-- barixu. To offer up a vow, a prayer; to give oneself to meditation.

TUGSDAM
See tugdam.

TUIBA
n. A switch made of black silk threads worn to add to a coiffure.

TUIBA- / ТУЙВАХ
v.i. To be unsteady or shaky.
køl --xu. To be shaky in the legs.
ongγuca --xu. The boat rocks.

TUIBALZA- / ТУЙВАЛЗАХ
v.i. To be unsteady on one's feet.

TUIL / ТУЙЛ
n. End, limit, extremity; apogee; pole.
-- dur kyrgeky. To carry to the extreme; to carry through, complete.
-- ijer. Extremely, finally, completely, entirely.
-- un. Extreme, utmost; very; final, complete, entire (also adv. modifying adj. or another adv.).
-- un cixula. Extremely important, essential.
-- un saixan. Extremely beautiful, most beautiful.
-- un zorilγ-a. Final goal, ideal.

emyn-e --. South Pole; the antarctic region.
jeke --. "Great summit," the highest principle in Chinese Sung philosophy (Ch. t'ai-chi 太極).
sain u --. The highest good.
umar-a --. North Pole, the arctic region.

TUILA- / ТУЙЛАХ
v.i. To buck (of horses).

TUILANGXAI / ТУЙЛАНХАЙ
adj. Bucking.

TUIPUU(N) / ТУЙПУУ(Н)
[= tyipiy(n), tyipyy, Ch. t'u-p'ei 土胚]
n. Mud brick, unburnt brick.

TUJ-A
See tujaγ-a(n).

TUJAГ-A(N) / ТУЯА
[= tuj-a] n. Ray, beam, radiance.
naran u --. Sunbeam.
umartu tuil un --. Aurora borealis.

TUJAГALA- / ТУЯАЛАХ
[= tujala-] v.i. To beam, radiate, shine; to turn red (of clouds or sky); to brighten up (of sky).

TUJAГARA- / ТУЯАРАХ
Same as tujaγala-.

TUJALA- / ТУЯАЛАХ
See tujaγala-.

TUKIR-, etc. / ТУХИРАХ
See dokir-, etc.

TUL- / ТУЛАХ
v.i. and t. To lean on or against; to touch; to reach; to support; to rely on, hope for; to run against; to fight.
daisun luγ-a --xu. To fight with the enemy.
edyr --xu. To reach the dead line; for the day to approach.
γar ijer --xu. To support or touch with the hands; to fight hand to hand.
oγtarγui dyr --uγsan φndyr aγula. Sky-high mountain.
xoγulai dur --xu. To stick in the throat.
xoγulai --xu. To have a sore throat.

TULA / ТУЛ
[= tulada] postpos. (usually with the genitive). For, for the sake of, in consequence of, in view of; as, because; in order to.
boruγan oruγsan [u] --. Because it was raining.
egyn y --. For this reason, therefore.
jaγun u --. Why, for what reason?
ucir eimy jin --. In view of this, for this reason, in consequence of this, under these circumstances, therefore.

TULADA / ТУЛД
See tula.

TULAI, 1.
See taulai.

TULAI, 2. / ТУЛАЙ
-- [ebedcin]. Gout, arthritis.
minu køl -- ebedcin tei bylyge. I suffered from gout.

TULAIDA- / ТУЛАЙТАХ, ТУЛАЙДАХ
See tulaira-.

TULAIRA- / ТУЛАЙРАХ
[=tulaida-] v.i. To be attacked by gout.

TULAKI / ТУЛХИ, ТУЛХЬ
adj. Feeble, weak; feeble-minded; incapable; blunt, dull.
-- kituγ-a. Blunt knife.
-- kymyn. Feeble-minded person.

TULBAГ-A(N) / ТУЛБАА(Н)
n. The fry of the Siberian salmon (tulu, q.v.).

TULГ-A(N) / ТУЛГА(Н)
n. Iron support consisting of four legs and two or more rings on which a kettle is placed; hearth, fireplace; trivet. [A.T.48]. Support (fig.).
-- jin inder. Platform for the tulγ-a.

TULГA- / ТУЛГАХ
[v.caus. of tul-] v.t. To press against; to make touch or reach; to charge with, lay on, impose; to confront.

--n dayalyaxu. To impose a direct responsibility upon; to place in the immediate charge of.
--xu bicig. Written ultimatum.
jal-a --xu. To accuse someone of a crime, indict.
kerem --xu. To press or push against the wall.
mayu ner-e --xu. To soil someone's reputation, slander.
muxur tur --xu. To force someone into a corner (fig.).
niyur --xu. To confront, bring face to face.
xundayа-a --xu. To touch or clink glasses.

TULГAГUL- / ТУЛГУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of tulya-] To charge, entrust.
eregyy --xu. To torture someone.

TULГAГUR, etc.
See tulyayuri, etc.

TULГAГURI / ТУЛГУУРЬ
[= tulyayur, tulyur, tulyuri] a) n. Pillar (also fig.), column, support, prop; crutch; pole used to propel a boat; citadel.
ger yn --. Pillar, column of a house.
sayuri --. Basis, support, foundation.
tysig --. Basis, support.
ulus un --. Pillar of the nation.
b) adj. Pressing; that which is directly against something or in its immediate neighborhood; urgent.
-- ail. Immediate or close neighbor or family.
-- kereg. A pressing or urgent matter.
edyr -- bolxu. The day approaches, is close at hand.

TULГAГURIDA- / ТУЛГУУРЬДАХ
[= tulyayurda-, tulyurda-] v.t. and i. To be pressing or approaching; to punt a boat.

TULГAГURILA- / ТУЛГУУРИЛАХ
[= tulyayurla-] v.t. and i. To support, prop; to lean on; to punt a boat.

TULГAГURITAI / ТУЛГУУРЬТАЙ
adj. That which has a support; supported, sustained.

TULГARA- / ТУЛГАРАХ
v.i. To be confronted with, run into; to be at a deadlock; to be pressed for time.
--n ireky. To come close.
--n uciraxu. To be confronted with; to run right into.
biden dy ajul --ba. We are confronted with danger

TULГUR, 1. / ТУЛГУУР
See tulyayuri.

TULГUR, 2. / ТУЛГАР
n. and adj. Commencement, beginning; initial; awkward, shy; inexperienced.
-- bicig. Primary source (document).
-- ece. From the beginning; for lack of experience.
-- ekener. A woman who is pregnant for the first time.
-- kymyn. Novice, beginner.

TULГURDA-, 1. / ТУЛГАРДАХ
v.i. To be inexperienced, unskillful; to meet with a difficulty; to hesitate, feel awkward.

TULГURDA-, 2. / ТУЛУУРДАХ
See tulyayurida-.

TULГURI
See tulyayuri.

TULU / ТУЛ
n. Siberian salmon (Salmo taimen).

TULUГUL- / ТУЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of tul-.

TULULCA- / ТУЛАЛЦАХ
[v. coop. of tul-] To support each other; to touch each other; to collide, run into.

TULULDU- / ТУЛАЛДАХ
[v. rec. of tul-] To fight each other.
daisun tai --xu. To fight with the enemy.

TULULDUГ-A(N) / ТУЛАЛДААН
n. Collision; fight, battle; struggle.

TULUM / ТУЛАМ
n Whole skin used as a vessel for liquids; leather bag.

γulir un --. Flour bag.
ǰmaγan --. A goatskin bag.
sirin --. Leather bag.
xoγul un --. Glutton; drone, parasite.

TULUMLA- / ТУЛАМЛАХ
v.t. To put in a skin or in a leather bag; to be a glutton, eat greedily.

TULUMNA- / ТУЛАМНАХ
v.t. To put in a leather sack.

TULUR / ТУЛАР
n. Rudder of a boat.

TUNAICI
[Che.] n. Negligent or careless person.

TUNG, 1. / ТУН(Г)
[T. thun] n. Dose of powdered medicine; spoon for measuring powdered medicine.
-- em. Dose of powdered medicine.
nige -- em. Dose of powdered medicine.

TUNG, 2.
See tong.

TUNG-
See tum-.

TUNGГА-
See tungγaγa-.

TUNGГАГ / ТУНХАГ
[= tungxaγ] n. Declaration, proclamation, manifesto public notice; report; order.
-- bicig. Public declaration, leaflet.
-- tarxaγaxu. To publish a manifesto.
-- zarliγ. General order.

TUNGГАГА- / ТУНГААХ
[= tungγa-] v.t. To let a liquid settle; to strain; to refine metal; to purify; to know, think, judge (elevated style).
--n ailadxu. To deign to pass judgment or give consideration (hon.).
alta --xu. To refine gold.
usu --xu. To let the water settle; to strain or filter water.

TUNGГАГЛА- / ТУНХАГЛАХ
[= tungxaγla-] v.t. To declare, make public, proclaim.

--n zarlaxu bicig. Proclamation, public announcement.
bailduγan --xu. To declare war.

TUNGГАГЛАЛ / ТУНХАГЛАЛ
[= tungxaγlal] n. The act of declaring; declaration.

TUNGГАГУЛ-
[v. caus. of tungγa-] To purify, cleanse.
sedkil i --xu. To purify the soul.

TUNGГАЛАГ / ТУНГАЛАГ
adj. Clear, pure; limpid, transparent; light.
-- ᵇolur. Pure or transparent crystal.
-- cai. Plain tea (without milk).
-- edyr. Clear or bright day.
-- naγur. Clear lake.
-- oγtarγui. Clear sky.
-- saixan. Bright and clear.
-- sedkil. Pure heart, clean thought.
-- usu. Clear and pure water.
-- uxaγan. Clear intellect, clear mind, clear thought[s].
ariγun --. Pure, clear; good (of health, hon.).
gegegen --. Lustrous, illustrious (said of health or mind); bright and shiny.
laγšan --. In good health (hon.).
tan u bej-e laγšan ariγun (or gegegen) -- baimui-a. [I] presume you are in excellent health (epist., hon.).

TUNGГАЛГА-
v. caus. of tungγa-.

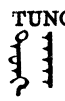
TUNGГУ-
v.t. To renew, repair, reconstruct (hist.).
xan orun ijen --n saγuxu. To take again one's place on the imperial throne.

TUNGЈU
[Ch. t'ung-yu 桐油] n. Lacquer, varnish.

TUNGNA- / ТУГНАХ
v.t. To divide powdered medicine into doses.

TUNGNAГУР / ТУГНУУР
n. Spoon for measuring powdered medicine.

TUNGXAГ
More recent form of tungγaγ, q.v.



TUNGXAГLA-

More recent form of tungγaγla-, q.v.



TUNGXAГLAL

More recent form of tungγaγlal, q.v.



TUNGXU / ТУНХУУ, ТОНХУУ

[Ch. t'ung-hao 茼蒿] n. [Gu.] Wild horse-radish, Cochlearia armoracia. [Giles] Chrythansemum coronarium.



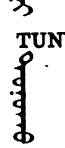
TUNGXUU / ТУНХУУ

[Ch. t'ung-hu 銅壺] n. Teapot (usually of copper).



TUNI

See duni.



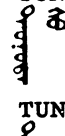
TUNU- / ТУНАХ

[= tung-] v.i. To settle to the bottom; to precipitate; to become clear; to come up to the surface (as a layer of oil or fat on liquids).



TUNUDASU(N) / ТУНДАС

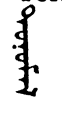
n. Sediment; precipitation (meteorol.).



TUNUMAL / ТУНАМАЛ

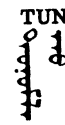
[n.d. of tunu-] adj. Clear, transparent, settled (of liquids); sedimentary.

--usu. Clear water.



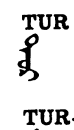
TUNUMLA-

[Ko.] v.t. To remove, take off, flay, skin, strip off.



TUR

See dur.



TUR-A / ТУР

n. Fortress, city, town.



TURA- / ТУРАХ

v.i. To be[come] lean, emaciated; to lose weight; to be[come] exhausted, worn out.



TURAГA- / ТУРААХ

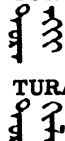
[v.caus. of tura-] To exhaust; to let suffer from hunger or exhaustion.

--zu ykygylky. To let starve to death.



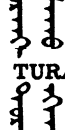
TURANGGI / ТУРАНГИ

adj. Lean, thin; exhausted, worn out.



TURANGGILA- / ТУРАНГИЛАХ

v.i. To become lean, emaciated.



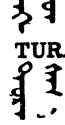
TURANGXAI / ТУРАНХАЙ

adj. Lean, thin; exhausted, worn out.



TURANGXAID- / ТУРАНХАЙДАХ

v.i. To be too thin.



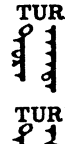
TURASX-A / ТУРСАГА

n. Skin of a dead animal.



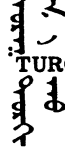
TURAXAN / ТУРХАН

adj. Thin, lean, emaciated.



TURAXANDA- / ТУРХАНДАХ

v.i. To be too thin, lean, or emaciated.



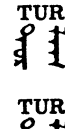
TURГAN-A

See under zabaγ-a(n).



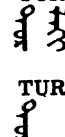
TURGI- / ТУРГИХ

onomat. vi.i. To snort (of horses).



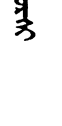
TURIMTAI

See torumtai.



TURLAГ

-- [sibaγu] n. Rook (Corvus corone).



TURLAKI

n. Red-crested jackdaw.



TURSI / ТУРШИ

postpos. Throughout, within or during the whole period.

arban zil yn -- . During a period of ten years.

dain u -- . Throughout the war.

edyr -- . All day, the whole day.



TURSI- / ТУРШИХ

v.t. To try, test, experiment; to research, find out, investigate.

--n sinzileky γazar. Research bureau, laboratory, or institution.

--zu yzeky. To try, test.

TURSIГUL / ТУРШУУЛ

[= tursiγur] n. Reconnaissance, scouting; person[s] sent to make a reconnaissance, scout, spy: investigation, experimentation.

TURSIГUL- / ТУРШУУЛАХ

v. caus. of tursi-.

TURSIГULCI(N) / ТУРШУУЛЧ

n. Investigator, explorer, experimenter.

TURSIГUR

See tursiγul.

TURSIL / ТУРШИЛ

n. Examination, trial, test; attempt.

TURSILГ-A / ТУРШЛАГА

n. Experiment, test, trial, attempt; experience.
-- baγatai. Of little experience.
-- daduly-a. Experience, practice, familiarity.
-- jin γazar. Experimental laboratory.
-- oluγsan. Experienced, expert.
-- ygei. Inexperienced.
zabduly-a --. Attempt, endeavor.

TURSILГATAI / ТУРШЛАГАТАЙ

adj. Experienced.
azil un -- bolxu. To be[come] experienced in one's work.
daduly-a --. Experienced.

TURUГ, 1. / ТУРАГ

n. Soot adhering to wall or ceiling.

TURUГ, 2. / ТУРАГ

[= toruγ] n. and adj. Size, breadth, height, quantity, limit; big, huge (of animals).
-- ang. Big game animals.
-- buγu. Large stag.
-- kemzij-e. Quantity.
-- kerij-e. White rook.
-- sibaγu. A big bird.
delekei jin kizaγar -- kyrtel-e. To the ends of the earth.
kizaγar --. Limit.

TURUIГU / ТУРУУ

Same as tuγurai.

TURUMTAI

See torumtai.

TUS, 1. / ТУС

a) adj. Before-mentioned, specified or said; the given; this very, this same.
-- γazar. This very place, this same place.
-- kereg. The said matter, the matter in question, this very matter.
b) adj. Separate, individual, each, every, personal, one's own.
-- byri. See tusburi.
-- byri jin egyrge. The particular duty of each individual.
-- sakixu. To attend to or mind one's own affairs.
-- tus. Correspondingly, respectively; each individually, everyone.
-- tus ijer. Each one separately.
-- tus tur. To each one.
-- tus un ger tegen bucaluγ-a. Each returned to his own house.
-- un kereg. Personal affair, one's own affair.
c) adv. Opposite, face to face, in front of.
-- bolxu. To be near; to be present; to face, appear in front of, happen to be present or near.
-- emyne ben xaraxu. To look straight ahead.
egyden --. In front of the door.

TUS, 2.

See tas, 1.

TUS- / ТУСАХ

v. i. To hit upon, hit the target, strike upon, be hit by; to shine upon; to reflect; to be reflected; to fall to one's share.
daisun u γar tur --xu. To fall into the hands of an enemy.
ebedcin --xu. To fall ill.
mese --xu. To be hit with a sword.
nadur tabun tøgyrig --ba. My share is (or was) five tugriks (see tøgyrig).
naran u tasiγu gerel --un geizy baimui. Oblique sunrays hit and light up (an object).
ziryken dyr --xu. To strike at the heart.

TUSA / ТУС

n. Use, benefit, advantage, profit; utility; significance, role; aid, assistance; favor.
-- bolxu. To be useful or of service; to assist; to be efficacious, effective.
-- demzilge. Help, assistance.
-- døkym bolxu. To be useful; to be of help.
-- erdem. Merit.
-- kiky. To aid, assist, be helpful.
-- kyrgeky. To assist, help, give a helping hand, perform a service.
-- nemeri. Assistance, contribution.
-- ygei. Useless, unnecessary; superfluous.
aci -- . Recompense, retribution, benefit, merit; significance, role.
aci -- kyrgeky. To be useful or profitable.
asiγ -- . Profit; interests; use; significance.
cerig tyr -- bolxu. To assist the army.

TUSAГAR / ТУСГААР

[= tusγar] adv. and adj. Separate[ly], apart, aside; independent[ly]; different, strange; odd, peculiar.
-- baiγulxu. To set up or establish separately.
-- bolγaxu. To segregate; to put aside.
-- kereg. Saparate matter.
-- talbixu. To lay aside, put separately.
-- toγtaniγsan. Independent, sovereign.
-- toγtaniγsan baidal. Political independence.
-- toγtanil. Independence.
-- toγtanixu. To win independence, become independent.
-- zoγsuxu. To be[come] independent.
kymyn ece -- . Different from others; independent of others.

TUSAГARLA- / ТУСГААРЛАХ

v.t. and i. To separate, segregate, isolate; to discriminate; to stand out.
šasin tøry ji --xu. To separate the church from the state.

TUSALA- / ТУСЛАХ

v.t. To help, aid, assist.
--xu cerig. Auxiliary troops; troop reinforcements.
--xu yile yge. Auxiliary verb.
kycyn --xu. To reinforce; to give physical assistance.

TUSALAГCI / ТУСЛАГЧ

n. Assistant, aid.
-- said. Vice minister.
xosiγun -- . The highest administrator in a banner administration (hist.).

TUSALAГUL- / ТУСЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of tusala- .

TUSALAMZI / ТУСЛАМЖ

n. Help, aid, support, assistance, service.
-- yzegylky. To render help.
xalaγun -- ji yzegylky. To give warm support.

TUSALAMZILA- / ТУСЛАМЖЛАХ

v.t. To help, cooperate.

TUSALAMZITAI / ТУСЛАМЖТАЙ

adj. Having the assistance of, being aided by.
-- ber. With the assistance of.

TUSATAI / ТУСТАЙ

[= tusatu] adj. Useful, advantageous, beneficient, effective.

TUSBURI / ТУСБУР

[= tus byri] adv. Each, every one, separately.
-- adali. Each is the same.
-- nizeged øgky. To give one to each.

TUSГAR

See tusaγar.

TUSI- / ТУШИХ

[= tušа-] v.t. To hobble; to put shackles on the feet.
mori --xu. To hobble a horse.

TUSLJ-A, 1. / ТУШАА

[= tušа, tušaγ-a] n. Shackles, fetters or hobbles for the front feet of horses; lintel above the door; ties, relation, connection; duty; hindrance, obstacle (fig).

TUSLJ-A, 2. / ТУШАА

postpos. Near, by, about.
egyden -- . Near the door, by the door.
ene --. About here, hereabouts.

TUSLJ-A, 3. / ТУШАА

-- tusij-a. Separately, each individually.

TUSLJA- / ТУШААХ

v.i. and t. To hand over, put in charge of, charge with, order; to entrust to someone; to surrender to the authorities.

--γsan josuγar jabuxu. To act according to a given order.

--zu φgky. To hand over; to charge with.

alba --xu. To pay taxes; to charge one with an official duty.

TUSLJAŁ / ТУШААЛ

n. Order, ruling, instruction; office, position; official duty.

-- abxu. To take over an office; to receive an order.

-- ece γarγaxu. To dismiss from office, discharge.

-- ijen γardazu abxu. To take over one's new office.

-- i kylijeky. To accept a position.

-- ziγaburi. Orders, instructions.

TUSLJALDA-

See tusijaldu-.

TUSLJALDU- / ТУШААЛДАХ

[= tusijalda-] v.i. To meet with, encounter, happen; to come across.

daisun luγ-a --xu. To encounter or meet the enemy.

kymyn dyr --xu. To meet a person, run into someone.

TUSLJALDUГDA- / ТУШААЛДАГДАХ

v. pass. of tusijaldu-.

TUSLJALDUГUL- / ТУШААЛДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of tusijaldu-] To make meet; to make coincide.

TUSLJALГA- / ТУШААЛГАХ

v. caus. of tusija-.

TUSLJALTA / ТУШААЛТ

n. The act of tusija-.

TUSLJALTAI / ТУШААЛТАЙ

[= tusijaltu] adj. Holding an office, having duties.

TUSLJALTAN / ТУШААЛТАН

n. Officer[s], official[s].

cerig yn --. Military officer[s].

zasaγ un γazar un --. Government official[s].

TUSLJALTU / ТУШААЛТ

See tusijaltai.

TUSIM-A / ТУШИМ

[= tušam-a] n. The metal plates of armor.

TUSKI

postpos. Facing, against, opposite.

egyden y --. Opposite or facing the door.

TUSLA-

v.i. and t. To be opposite, face.

TUSXA- / ТУСГАХ, ТУСААХ

[v. caus. of tus-] To cause to hit the mark; to cause to aim, direct; to assess, allot, fix (as dues, shares, etc.).

alba --xu. To assess taxes or duties.

kymyn byri dyr nizeged --xu. To distribute one to everybody.

sumun i --xu. To shoot the arrow into the target.

žorilγ-a --xu. To direct one's thoughts toward an object.

TUSXAI / ТУСГАЙ

adj. Special, particular.

-- erdem. Special knowledge, specialty.

-- erke ty elcin said. Special envoy.

-- kymyn. Special person, person specially assigned to a job.

-- ner-e. Proper name.

-- zocilaxu. To give a special treat or entertainment.

TUSXAILA- / ТУСГАЙЛАХ

v.t. To specialize; to separate, segregate.

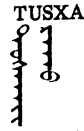
--n medegylky. To make a special report.

--n temdegleky. To mark or record specially.

TUSXAILAL / ТУСГАЙЛАЛ

n. Specification, specialization.

TUSXAIRA- / ТУСГАЙРАХ



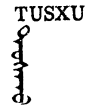
v.i. To separate, stand out.
--xu yzel. Separatism; individualism.

TUSXAL / ТУСГАЛ



n. Hitting the target, striking (upon), reflection (of light).

TUSXU



[Ko.] n. A drinking cup offered to those who visit a newly married couple.

TUŠA



See tusij-a, 1.

TUŠA-



See tusi-.

TUŠAГA



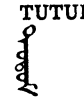
See tusij-a, 1.

TUŠAMA / ТУШАМ



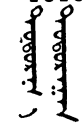
See tusim-a.

TUTUM / ТУТАМ



[= dutum] adj. and adv. Each; the more ... the more.
edyr --. Each day.
edyr ireky --. From day to day.
edyr -- un. Daily.
ideky -- ølysky. The more you eat, the hungrier you are.
kymyn --. Each person, each one.
oiratuxu --. The closer one comes...
sar-a --. Every month, monthly.
tabun xonuγ --. Every five days.
zil ece zil ireky -- ygeireky. To become poorer from year to year.

TUTURГ-A(N) / ТУТРАГА



n. Rice.
-- jin ariki. Rice wine.
xalisutu --. Rice which has not been hulled.
zerlig --. Wild rice.

TUU-



v.i. For a spirit to enter into the shaman.

TUULI / ТУУЛЬ



n. Old tale, story.

TUULICI / ТУУЛЬЧ



n. Storyteller.

TUULILA- / ТУУЛИЛАХ



v.t. and i. To relate, narrate, tell stories.

TUULITAI / ТУУЛИТАЙ



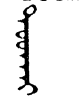
adj. Related in stories; fantastic, imaginary.
aldartai --. Famous and celebrated.

TUUR



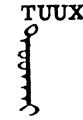
See toγur.

TUUXAI, 1. / ТУУХАЙ



n. The smooth side of the knuckle-bones used as toys by children; belt buckle.

TUUXAI, 2. / ТУУХАЙ



n. Weight (piece of metal or other substance used in weighing).

TUUXAICA- / ТУУХАЙЦАХ



v.i. To play at knuckle-bones.

TUUXAITU / ТУУХАЙТ



adj. Having a belt buckle.

TUUZA / ТУУЗ



[Ch. t'ao-tzu 條子] n. Braid; galloon; ribbon.

TUUZI



See tuγuzi

TUX-A / ТУХ



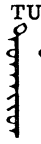
n. Leisure, free time; occasion, chance, opportunity; coziness, comfort.
-- aldaxu. To lose one's chance; to become uncomfortable.
-- ygei. Having no free time; uncomfortable.

TUXAI / ТУХАЙ



n. and postpos. Occasion, opportunity; about, regarding, concerning, referring to.
-- byri. In each case, always, permanently.
-- dur. Regarding, concerning.
asaγudal un --. Regarding a problem or question.
caγ -- dur. From time to time; whenever the occasion arises.
eke orun u ben --. For the sake of one's motherland.
ene --. With regard to this, in connection with this, on this occasion.
eneky kereg yn -- du. In connection with this very question or problem

jaγun u -- . For what reason? What for?
øber yn -- dur ygyleky. To speak for or about oneself.
tere -- dur. Immediately on that occasion.

TUXAID-

v.i. To happen at the right moment, take place opportunely; to relate to, have reference to; to concern, bear on.

TUXAILA- / ТУХАЙЛАХ

v.t. To designate someone specifically; to consider as special; to take the opportunity; to designate someone as first candidate for a position; to select the most important; to specially refer to; to emphasize.
--n ireky. To arrive for a certain occasion or with a special purpose.
--n ygyleky. To speak on a particular subject; to stress a particular point in speaking.
yne -- . To fix the price; to evaluate.

TUXALA- / ТУХЛАХ

v.i. To have a good opportunity; to take advantage of the occasion (cf. tuxaila-).

TUXATAI / ТУХТАЙ

adj and adv. Having free time; in a leisurely manner; comfortably, cozily.

TUZARA- / ТУЗРАХ

v.i. To be on friendly terms with all one's relatives; to be wealthy.

TUZARГ-A / ТУЗРАГА

n. Big wooden bowl; bowl-shaped dipper.

TUZI, 1. / ТУЖ

adv. Throughout; always.
edyr -- . All day long.

TUZI, 2. / ТУЖ

[Ko.] n. Wild and sinister place.

TY, 1.

See dur.

TY, 2.

See tu and tai.



TYB / ТУВ

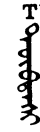
Intensifying particle before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable ty.
-- tyrgen. Very quick[ly], very fast.

TYBDE- / ТУВДЭХ

v.i. To endure, bear, tolerate; to be hard-hearted, pitiless.
sedkil yly --ky. To feel sorry, uneasy, be troubled at heart; not to have the heart to do something.

TYBDEGYRI / ТУВДҮҮР

-- ygei. Unstable, restless.

TYBDESI / ТУВДЭШ

-- ygei. Unable to bear or tolerate; feeling sorry for someone; not having the heart to do something.

TYBE- / ТУВЭХ

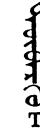
v.i. To worry, care; to be bothered.

TYBELDY-

[v. rec. of tybe-] v.t. [SS. p. 106] To redress, make right.

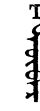
TYBELI

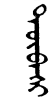
n. The ends of a bow.

TYBER-

v.t. and i. To stamp the feet; to trample underfoot.

TYBERGE-

v.i. To stamp the feet; to make noise.

TYBERGE(N)

[= tybyrgen] n. Sound, noise, uproar; stamping of feet.

TYBESI / ТУВШ

-- ygei. Unpleasant; disgusting, revolting; inattentive; slow-witted.

TYBSID- / ТУВШДЭХ

v.i. To be[come] straight, smooth, level; to be[come] pacified.

TYBSIDKE- / ТУВШИТГЭХ



[v. caus. of tybsid-] v.t. To plane, smooth ; to pacify.
--n toγtaniγulxu. To pacify.
delekei dakin i --ky. To establish universal peace and order.
samaγun i --ky. To quell the disturbance, restore peace and order.

TYBSIKEN / ТУВШХЭН



adj. Somewhat straight, smooth,or equal.

TYBSIN / ТУВШИН



n., adj. and adv. Level, even, smooth, straight; peace, quiet, happiness; peaceful, calm; just.
-- bolxu. To be[come] level; to straighten out; to be[come] peaceful; to be[come] just or upright.
-- -e baiγulxu. To establish something on a just or solid foundation; to establish firmly.
-- γazar. Level place or area.
-- kymyn. Just or upright person.
-- sanaγ-a. Just or upright mind.
-- sedkil. Peaceful or upright mind.
-- zam. Level road.
dalai jin -- . Sea level.
engke -- . Peace.

TYBSIRE- / ТУВШРЭХ



v.i. To be[come] straight, smooth, even, calm, or peaceful.

TYBSIREL / ТУВШРЭЛ



n. The act or state of tybsire-; stabilization, peace, straightness, evenness.

TYBYRGEN



See tyberge(n).

TYDE- / ТУДЭХ



v.i. To tarry, hesitate, procrastinate; to be slow, late, delayed; to stay.
zam dur --ky. To be delayed on the road.

TYDEG



-- γal. Ignis fatuus, will-o'-the-wisp.

TYDEGE- / ТУДЭЭХ



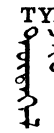
[v. caus. of tyde-] v.t. To detain, delay, hinder.

TYDEGEL / ТУДГЭЛ



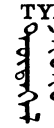
n. Hesitation, delay.
-- ygei. Without hesitation or delay.

TYDEGELZE- / ТУДГЭЛЗЭХ



v.i. and t. To hesitate, delay, defer, put off.
jabuxu ben --ky. To put off going; to hesitate to go.

TYDEGELZEGYL- / ТУДГЭЛЗҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of tydegelze-] v.t. To delay, put off, stop for a while, hold back.

TYDEL / ТУДЭЛ



n. Delay, slowness, hesitation.
-- ygei. Without hesitation, instantly, without delay, soon.

TYDELGE / ТУДЛЭГЭ



n. Delay, slowness, hesitation.

TYG, 1. / ТУГ



-- tymen. An innumerable quantity, great multitude, thousands and thousands, millions.

TYG, 2. / ТУГ



-- tyg. Onomat. expressive of a knocking sound.
-- tyg cokixu. To knock; to beat, throb (of the heart).

TYGDERKEI / ТУГДЭРХИЙ



adj. Fragile, frail, brittle; broken off; wrathful, short-tempered.
-- zang tai kymyn. A short-tempered person.

TYGDYGER / ТУГДГЭР



adj. Bulging, protuberant; hunch-backed.

TYGDYI- / ТУГДИЙХ



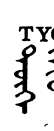
v.i. To be[come] bulging; to be[come] hunch-backed.

TYGE- / ТУГЭХ



v.i. and t. To spread, propagate; to distribute.
gerel ijer --ky. To fill with light.
kesig i --ky. To shower graces.

TYGEGE- / ТУГЭЭХ



v.t. To distribute, spread.
--n øgky. To distribute.

TYGEGEGCI / ТҮГЭЭГЧ
n. Distributor.

TYGEGEL / ТҮГЭЭЛ
n. Distribution, issuance; objects distributed or issued.

TYGEILE-
[SS. p. 68] v.t. To doubt, suspect.

TYGEL / ТҮГЭЛ
n. and adj. Distribution, spreading; complete, whole, entire.
-- γurban zil. Three whole years.

TYGELGE-
v. caus. of tyge-.

TYGEMEL / ТҮГЭЭМЭЛ, ТҮГМЭЛ
[n. d. of tyge-] adj. Full, entire, whole, complete, all, general, universal, wide-spread.
-- bolxu. To become complete, wide-spread.
-- elbegty. "Style" of the Manchu emperor Hsien-feng 咸豐 (who ruled 1851 - 1861).

TYGSE- / ТҮГСЭХ
v.t. To thresh grain; to beat metal.

TYGSEGYR / ТҮГСҮҮР
n. Flail for threshing wheat.

TYGSI- / ТҮГШИХ
v.i. To palpitate, throb (of heart).
ajuzu ziryke --ky. The heart beats from fear.

TYGSIGYL- / ТҮГШҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of tygsi-] To frighten.
kymyn y sedkil i --ky. To frighten somebody

TYGSIGYRI / ТҮГШҮҮР
n. Danger, crisis; trouble, difficulty.
-- ji tørygylky. To cause a crisis.
-- ygei. Free from danger, safe, secure.

TYGSIGYRITEI / ТҮГШҮҮРТЭЙ
adj. Dangerous, risky, perilous, critical.
-- baidal. A critical condition or situation

TYGSIL / ТҮГШИЛ
[= tygsilge] n. Beating of the heart; danger, crisis.

TYGSILGE / ТҮГШЛЭГ
See tygsil.

TYGSILGETEI / ТҮГШЛЭГТЭЙ
See tygsiltei.

TYGSILTEI / ТҮГШИЛТЭЙ
[= tygsilgetei] adj. Formidable, terrible, dangerous, fearful.

TYGSIN
[Ko.] Asthma, difficulty in breathing.

TYGSIRE- / ТҮГШРЭХ
v.i. To palpitate, tremble; to be suffocated; to be out of breath.

TYGTYGYR
Same as tygdyger.

TYGTYI- / ТҮГТҮЙХ
See dygdyi-.

TYGYDEG, 1.
See tegydeg.

TYGYDEG, 2. / ТҮҮДЭГ
n. Campfire.

TYGYKEI / ТҮҮХИЙ
adj. and n. Raw, uncooked; not ripe; immature; unworked; crude; untrained, unskilled, inexperienced; eczema, impetigo.
-- arbai. Unroasted barley.
-- ed. Raw materials.
-- idegen. Uncooked food.
-- jabudal. Untried or unfamiliar matter.
-- mix-a. Raw meat; proud flesh.
-- syn. Fresh or unboiled milk.
-- tyrgen. Hasty and imperfect.

TYGYKEID- / ТҮҮХИЙДЭХ
v.i. To be too raw; to be insufficiently cooked or ripe.

TYGYKEIKEN / ТҮҮХИЙХЭН



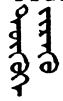
adj. Somewhat raw, crude, unpolished; not quite ripe or mature.

TYGYKEILE- / ТҮҮХИЙЛЭХ



v.t. To suspect, doubt; to probe, investigate or check the truth; to obtain information.

TYGYKEIRE- / ТҮҮХИЙРЭХ



v.i. To be raw (of food); to become dull (of eyes); for eczema or impetigo to develop.

TYGYRIG / ТӨГРӨГ



See tøgyrig.

TYGYSI, 1. / ТҮҮШ



n. Ends of the jawbone.

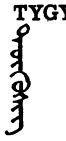
TYGYSI, 2. / ТҮҮШ



n. Twilight, dusk.

-- bolxui dur. At dusk, twilight.

TYGYSIG



n., adj. and adv. Twilight, dusk; dark, obscure [ly]; in obscurity, in darkness.

ydesi jin --. Evening dusk.

TYGZI- / ТҮГЖИХ



v.t. To stuff, fill up; to pack, ram; to block; to fasten with a bar or bolt (as a door).

dari --ky. To fill with gunpowder, ram gunpowder in a muzzle-loading firearm.

γazar --zy cingγaraγulxu. To ram the ground to make it hard and solid.

TYGZIRE- / ТҮГЖРЭХ



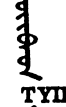
v.i. To be stuffed, packed, rammed, blocked, filled to capacity; to be choked by emotion.

TYIBE-, etc. / ТҮЙВЭХ



See dyibe-, etc.

TYIBED



n. Chess board; checkered design.

-- ziruγtu. Having a checkered design.

TYIBER



See dyiber.

TYIBER-



See dyiber-.

TYID- / ТҮЙДЭХ, ТҮЙТЭХ



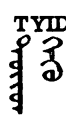
v.t. and i. To hinder, obstruct, hold back, to be hindered, held back.

--cy saγad kiky. To throw obstacles in a person's way.

mungxaγ-a --ky. To be blinded by ignorance.

sain jabudal i --ky. To obstruct a good deed or act.

TYIDKE- / ТҮЙТГЭХ



[v.caus. of tyid-] v.t. To hinder, make obstacles; to hold back.

TYIDKER / ТҮЙТГЭР



n. Obstacle, delay, hindrance (also supernatural).

-- i arilγaxu. To remove obstacles; to rid of evil spirits.

TYIDKERLE- / ТҮЙТГЭРЛЭХ



v.t. To hinder, obstruct; to make obstacles.

TYIMER / ТҮЙМЭР



n. Forest or steppe fire; wildfire.

-- aldaxu. To cause a fire by carelessness.

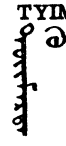
-- talbiγci. One who starts a steppe or forest fire

-- talbixu. To set a steppe or forest on fire.

-- yn γal. Forest or steppe fire.

γal --. Fire, conflagration.

TYIMERDE- / ТҮЙМЭРДЭХ



[= tyimerid-] v.t. To set on fire; to stir up trouble.

--zy sitaγaxu. To set on fire.

TYIMERID-



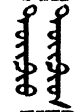
See tyimerde-.

TYINYG / ТҮЙНЭГ



adj. Blunt, dull, worn and shiny.

TYIPIY(N)



See tuipuu(n).

TYIPYY



See tuipuu.

TYKEI
[Ko.] n. Nankeen (cloth).

TYLE- / ТУЛЭХ
[= tyli-] v.t. To kindle a fire; to set on fire; to burn, scorch; to heat (as stove).
--zy sitaγaxu. To burn, set on fire.
γal --ky. To burn; to make or light a fire.
negyresy --ky. To burn coal.

TYLEDDE
adv. [Ko.] All the more, all the better; particularly.

TYLEGDE- / ТУЛЭГДЭХ
v. pass. of tyle-
ger inu --gse His house was burnt down.
naran du --ky. To become sunburned or tanned by sunburn.

TYLEGE(N), etc.
See tylij-e(n), etc.

TYLEJ-E
Same as tylij-e(n).

TYLENGKEI / ТУЛЭНХИЙ
n. and adj. Something that has been burned up; the site of a fire; charred, scorched.
-- γazar. The site of a fire.
-- ynyr. Smell of something burnt.

TYLESI / ТУЛШ
n. Fuel.
tylıj-e --. Fuel.

TYLESYN / ТУЛЭЭС
n. Fuel, kindling.

TYLI- / ТУЛЭХ
See tyle-.

TYLIGE(N)
See tylij-e(n).

TYLLJ-E(N) / ТУЛЭЭ
[= tylege(n), tyligе(n)] n. Firewood, kindling.
-- tegygci. Firewood gatherer.
-- xaγalxu. To split firewood or kindling.

TYLLJECI(N) / ТУЛЭЭЧ
n. Firewood gatherer.

TYLKI- / ТУЛХЭХ
v.t. To push, shove; to reject; to delay, put off.
--ged γarγaxu. To push out, jostle out, force out.
--ky terge. Pushcart, wheelbarrow.
--n øgky. To force or thrust something on a person.
beleg i --ky. To reject a gift.
edyr sar-a --gseger. Having put off day after day and month after month.
egyrge ji --ky. To avoid responsibility.
siγardan --ky. To urge, push, hasten; to demand, insist.
xabıγan ece --ky. To dig somebody in the ribs, nudge.

TYLKICE / ТУЛХЭЦ
n. Push; ımpulse, stimulus.
-- nølyge. Influence, stımulatıon.
-- nølyge ji yzegylky. To ınfluence, push, stımulate.
-- øgky. To gıve a push, stımulate.

TYLKIGE(N) / ТУЛХЭЭ(Р)
n. Rısıng tide (also fig.).

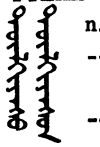
TYLKIGYL- / ТУЛХУУЛЭХ
v. caus. of tylki-.

TYLKIGYR / ТУЛХУУР
n. Key (also fig.); long-handled implement used to push snow, manure, etc.
-- barixu. To keep the keys; to be a house-keeper; (fig.) to know the ropes, know all the ins and outs.
nıγuca --. Secret code, cipher.
zirγal un --. Key to happiness.

TYLKIGYRCI(N) / ТУЛХУУРЧ
n. Key-keeper, janıtor, housekeeper, sacristan, etc.

TYLKIGYRDE- / ТУЛХУУРДЭХ
v.t. To open or lock wıth a key.

TYLKIJESY(N) / ТҮЛХЭЭС

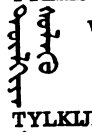


n. Push, jolt; instigation, influence.

-- kiky. To decline, refuse under some pretext.

-- oruγulxu. To instigate, incite.

TYLKIJESYLE- / ТҮЛХЭЭСЛЭХ



v.t. To avoid, decline, or refuse under some pretext.

TYLKIJESYTEI / ТҮЛХЭЭСТЭЙ



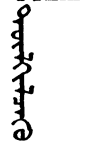
adj. Instigated by somebody.

TYLKIL- / ТҮЛХЛЭХ



v.t. To keep pushing, keep putting off.

TYLKILCE- / ТҮЛХЭЛЦЭХ



[v. coop. of tylki-] To push, jostle, or shove one another.

azil i --ky. To shift work on one another's shoulders.

TYLKILDY- / ТҮЛХЭЛДЭХ



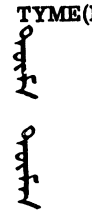
v. rec. of tylki-.

TYLKILGE / ТҮЛХЭЛГЭЭ



n. The act of pushing, repelling, rejecting.

TYME(N) / ТҮМ(ЭН)



n. Ten thousand; the masses, multitude, myriad; indefintely large number; a military unit of 10,000 men (hist.).

--n arad. The people, the masses.

--n bodas. Nature (as the sum total of manifestations of the forces at work in the external world, Ch. wan-wu 萬物).

--n bodas un uxaγan. Natural science.

--n irgen. The people, the masses.

--n nasulaxu boltuγai! Long live! Hurrah!

--n nasu tu. His (or your) Majesty (Ch. wan-sui[-ye] 萬歲爺).

--n y nojan. Commander of a military unit of 10,000 men (hist.).

--n zanggilaγ-a. [Gr.] Stellaria dichotoma (plant).

arad --n. The people, the masses.

arban -- . Hundred thousand.

olan --n. The masses.

olan --n arad ud. The masses; thousands and thousands of people.

TYMED / ТҮМД



n.p. The Tumeds, a tribe of southern Mongolia.

TYMPIN / ТӨМПӨН, ТҮНПИН



[Ch. t'ung-p'en 銅盆] n. Washbasin.

TYN



[= tyng, 2] n. Woods, forest (obs.).

TYNE(N)



[Ko.] adj. Dark, obscure.

--n xar-a. Jet-black, completely dark.

TYNERTE- / ТҮНЭРТЭХ



v.i. To burn, be consumed or destroyed by fire; to look black in the distance.

TYNG, 1. / ТҮНГ



Onomat. sound describing drum beat, hitting on a hard object, etc.

-- geky. To thunder (of cannon); to roll (of a drum).

TYNG, 2.



See tyn.

TYNGGYS



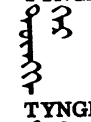
n.p. The Tungus people, a Tungus.

TYNGKE



n. Overgrowth of feather grass; intermittently flooded area.

TYNGKEGER / ТҮНХГЭР



adj. Swollen, bloated, inflated; chubby, plump.

TYNGKEI- / ТҮНХИЙХ



v.i. To swell up, become bloated or inflated.

TYNGKEIDEL



n. Swelling, bloatedness, turgidity.

TYNGKERCEG / ТҮНГЭРЦЭГ, ТҮНХЭРЦЭГ



n. A small bag made of the scrotum of a ram; bag, sack.

γulir un -- . Flour sack.

TYNGKERCEGLE- / ТҮНГЭРЦЭГЛЭХ



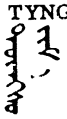
v.t. and i. To develop a bulge, appear bloated; to put in a beg or sack.

TYNGSYI- / ТУНСИЙХ, ТУНСҮЙХ



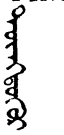
v.i. To bulge, distend.

TYNGSYIM-E



[Go.] n. Vacant or empty place, open field.

TYNGTYGYR / ТУНТГЭР



[= tyntygyr] adj. Bulging, pot-bellied, chubby, plump.

-- gedesytei kymyn. A paunchy person.

TYNGTYI- / ТУНТИЙХ, ТУНТҮЙХ



[= tyntyi-, tongtui-] v.i. To bulge.

cinu øbyr dotur-a jaγun --zy bui? What is bulging in your pocket?

TYNI



See duni.

TYNSI / ТУНШ



[Ch. t'ung-shih 通事] n. Interpreter; agent of a business firm; client.

TYNTYG



[Ko.] n. Soup with dumplings.

TYNTYGYR



See tyngtygyr.

TYNTYI-



See tyngtyi-.

TYNYIDE- / ТУНИЙДЭХ, ТУНҮЙДЭХ



v.i. To tilt back (of a cart whose front is tilted up by a heavy load on the rear); to slide back (of the load in a cart).

TYR, 1.



See dur.

TYR, 2. / ТҮР



adj. and adv. Temporary, provisional; temporarily, provisionally, for a short time.

-- amuralta. Intermission, short rest.

-- caγ. Temporary, short while, short term.

-- jabuγulxu. Preliminarily effective, preliminary.

-- sonus! Listen just a minute!

-- suryaγuli. Short term course (of lectures, instructions).

-- zaγur-a. For a moment, for a short time.

-- zaγur-a jin. Temporary, provisional.

-- zaγur-a jin arγ-a. Temporary measures.

-- zasaγ un γazar. Provisional government.

TYR, 3.



onomat. Rattling sound.

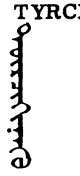
-- tyr. Onomat. expression describing roaring or rattling.

TYRCI- / ТУРЧИХ



v.t. To clean, wipe off, rub.

TYRCIGINE- / ТУРЧИГНЭХ

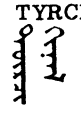


Onomat. verb expressing a rattling noise; to rustle; to thunder, rumble; to crackle, clatter.

--n bosxu. To rise suddenly with a noise (said of many people rising at the same time).

masin-a jin motor --ky. The motor (of an automobile or machine) roars.

TYRCIGINEL / ТУРЧИГНЭЛ



n. Noise, uproar, stamping of feet; rumble.

TYRE-



See tyri-.

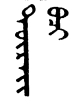
TYREI / ТУРИЙ



[= tyryi] n. Bootleg, boot-top.

-- zalγaxu. To sew the leg on a boot.

TYREIBCI / ТУРИЙВЧ



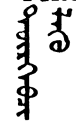
n. Leggings; wallet or purse which is carried in the bootleg.

TYREIBCILE- / ТУРИЙВЧЛЭХ



v.t. To put on leggings; to carry something in one's bootleg.

TYRGEBCILE- / ТУРГЭВЧЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To hasten, speed, urge.

--n kiky. To do in a hurry; to speed up.

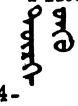
--n beledkeky. To prepare hastily.

TYRGECI / ТУРГЭЧ



adj. Hasty, impatient; quick-tempered.

TYRGED- / ТУРГЭДЭХ



v.i. To be rash; to be too quick; to fly into a temper.

TYRGEDKE- / ТУРГЭТГЭХ

v.t. To accelerate, speed up; to urge, incite.

TYRGEDYGYN

See tyrgedygyy.

TYRGEDYGYY / ТУРГЭДҮҮ

[= tyrgedygyn] adj. Rash, hasty.

TYRGEKEN / ТУРГЭХЭН

adj. Somewhat quick, rapid, or prompt.

TYRGELE- / ТУРГЭЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To speed up, accelerate; to hurry, hasten.

--n yiledky. To do quickly; to speed up (work, project, etc.).

alxum ijen --ky. To quicken one's step.

TYRGEN / ТУРГЭН

adj. and adv. Quick, swift, rapid, speedy; hurried; soon.

-- aγur. Quick temper, irascibility, testiness.

-- cixula. Urgent, important.

-- ijer. Quickly, rapidly.

-- kymyn. Quick-tempered person; agile or fast person.

-- usu. Swift running water.

darui -- -e. Immediately, speedily.

TYRI- / ТУРЭХ

[= tyre-] v.t. To drag, haul, tug; to push forward; to bully, push around.

--zy zidkyky. To struggle forward; to pull forward vigorously.

bajan nojan ijer kymyn --ky. To oppress others with [one's] wealth and position.

cegezi ben --ky. To push one's chest forward, strut.

TYRID-

v.i. To be pressed, squeezed, limited, held, detained, repressed.

TYRIDKE-

[v. caus. of tyrid-] v.t. To hinder, make difficult; to oppose.

TYRIDKEL

n. The act of hindering or obstructing; hinderance.

-- ygei. Without hindrance or handicap; irresistible.

TYRIGYL-

v. caus. of tyri-.

TYRIJESY(N) / ТУРЭЭС

n. Rent, lease.

TYRIJESYLE- / ТУРЭЭСЛЭХ

v.t. To rent or lease land; to hold land under a lease; to grant land by lease.

TYRILKILE- / ТУРЭЛХЛЭХ

v.i. To become enraged, fly into a passion; to be choked with anger; to rave; to pull and tear forcibly.

--n duγturkilan. To fly into rage.

TYRIMEKEI / ТУРЭМГИЙ, ТУРЭМХИЙ

n. and adj. Usurper; aggressive, violent, dictatorial, imperious; greedy, grabby.

-- arad. Gangsters, imperious people, bullies.

TYRIMEKEICYD / ТУРЭМГИЙЧҮҮД

[pl. of tyrimekei] n. Aggressors, usurpers; imperialists.

TYRIMEKEILE- / ТУРЭМГИЙЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To encroach, usurp, seize by force; to be aggressive.

--n ezeleky. To seize, usurp.

--n xaldaγci. Aggressor.

TYRIMEKEILEL / ТУРЭМГИЙЛЭЛ

n. Usurpation, violent seizure of power.

TYRISY(N) / ТУРС

n. Fish eggs, roe.

-- orkixu. To spawn.

TYRKE

See tyryg.

TYRKI- / ТУРХЭХ

v.t. To smear, annoint, put on, apply (as cosmetics); to rub on.

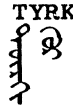
--ky em. Ointment, unguent, liniment, salve.
ou-a --ky. To apply facial powder.
tosu --ky. To apply oil or cream; to put butter on.

TYRKICE / ТУРХЭЦ

n. Smear; ointment.

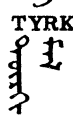
TYRKIGYL / ТУРХҮҮЛ

Same as tyrkigyr.

TYRKIGYR / ТУРХҮҮР

n. Applicator for ointment, etc.
ou-a jin -- . Powder puff.

TYRKILGE / ТУРХЛЭГ

n. Salve, ointment, unguent.

TYRKIMEL / ТУРХМЭЛ

[n.d. of tyrki-] Smeared, applied.
-- alta. Gold coating.

TYRNI-

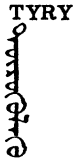
v.i. To lose presence of mind; to be agitated, confused.

TYRYG / ТУРОК

[= tyrke] n.p. Turk.
-- ulus. Turkey.
-- yn. Turkish.

TYRYGYKEN

adv. Just a moment ago.

TYRYGYLE- / ТУРҮҮЛЭХ

v.i. To be first, be ahead; to win a race; to form ears; other meanings same as terigyle-.

TYRYGYLEGCI / ТУРҮҮЛЭГЧ

n. Winner, champion.

TYRYGYN / ТУРҮҮН

See tyrygyy.
-- du. At the head; in the first place; at first.

TYRYGYY / ТУРҮҮ

[= tyrygyn, colloq.] n, adj. and adv. Head (of a group), ringleader; ear of grain; first; not long ago, recently. Cf. terigyn.

-- iregsen kymyn. A person who came not long ago.
-- kymyn. Headman.
køke -- . Horse-fly, gad-fly (lit. blue-head).
xulaγaici jin -- . Ringleader of bandits.

TYRYI / ТУРИЙ

See tyrei.

TYS / ТУС

Onomat. sound expressing sudden blow or banging noise.
-- tas. Onomat. compound expressing banging sound, also swiftness or agility of a person.
-- tas gesen zangtai kymyn. Swift and quick person; straightforward person.
-- tys mørgyky. To make prostrations banging one's forehead on the ground.

TYSI- / ТУШИХ

v.t. To lean against; to prop, assist; to help an infant or old person to stand up or walk; to rely on, count on, depend on.
ail --zy saγuxu. To live near a settlement; to be dependent.
kymyn i --ky. To rely on a person; to rely on a family, on someone else.
nasutai kymyn i --zy bosxaxu. To help an elderly person to stand.
tajaγ tur --ky. To lean on a staff.
toxui ber ijen --ky. To lean against or on with one's elbow.

TYSIG / ТУШИГ

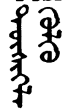
n. Rest, support, prop (also fig.).
-- bolxu. To support, be a help.
-- maγutai . Insecure, unsafe, having a weak or poor support.
-- saγuri. Basis, foundation.
-- tanil. Supporter[s] and acquaintance[s] (friends and persons that can be relied upon).
-- tulγaγuri. Support, pillar, cornerstone (fig.).
nigen inu nigen degen -- bolxu. To be of help to each other.

TYSIGLE- / ТУШИГЛЭХ

v.t. To lean upon; to depend on for support; to rely on.

jeke ulus i --ky. To rely on a great nation.

TYSIGLEGUL-



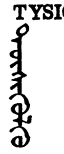
v. caus. of tysigle-.

TYSIGTEI



adj. Having support or supporters; dependable.

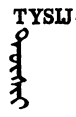
TYSIGYL- / ТУШҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of tysi-] To lean against. [A. T. 98] To hand over.

šatu ji xan-a --zy talbixu. To lean a ladder against the wall.

TYSLJ-E / ТУШЭЭ



n. Prop, pillar, support (fig.); (for official titles with tysij-e , see gyng).

TYSIL / ТУШИЛ



n. The act of tysi-; leaning, relying.

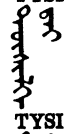
TYSILGE / ТУШЛЭГ



n. Support, prop; refuge, bulwark; back rest.

sandali jin -- . Back of a chair or seat.

TYSILGETEI / ТУШЛЭГТЭЙ



[= tysilgety] adj. Having a support, prop.

-- sandali. Chair with a back rest.

TYSILGETY



See tysilgetei.

TYSIMED / ТУШМЭД



[= tysimes (obs.)] pl. of tysimel, q. v.

-- yn kyndy surtaltan. Bureaucrat[s].

TYSIMEL / ТУШМЭЛ



[pl. tysimed] n. Official, functionary; dignitary.

-- ebdeky. To dismiss an official.

-- tysij-e. Office, duty of an official.

TYSIMES



Obs. pl. of tysimel. See tysimed.

TYSKEGER / ТУСГЭГЭР



adj. Obese, fat.

TYSKEI- / ТУСГИЙХ



[= teskei-] v. i. To be[come] fat, obese; to be inflated.

TYSKI- / ТУСХИЙХ



[combination of tys+kiky] v. i. To make a crashing sound.

TYSYR- / ТУСРЭХ



v. t. To sprinkle, pour out; to water (as flowers.

--ky sinaγ-a. Large ladle.

jar-a dur dabusun --ky. To sprinkle a wound or sore with salt.

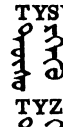
xura --ky. To rain.

TYSYRGE / ТУСРЭГ, ТУСЭРГЭ



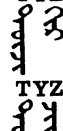
n. Watering can.

TYSYRGE- / ТУСЭРГЭХ



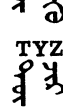
v. caus. of tysyr-.

TYZIGIR / ТУЖГЭР



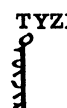
adj. Short (of hair or grass).

TYZII- / ТУЖИЙХ



v. i. To be[come] short (of hair or grass).

TYZIR / ТУЖИР



adj. Strong, firm; tireless.

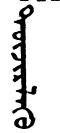
TYZIRE- / ТУЖРЭХ



v. i. To be[come] strong or firm; to improve; to harden.

tere ail edyge --zykyi. That family now became wealthy.

TYZIRLE- / ТУЖИРЛЭХ



v. i. To be strong or firm.

U

U

Suffix of the genitive case used after substantives ending in n ; Cf. jin.

UB / УВ

Intensifying particle used before adj. and adv. with initial u.

-- ulaγan. Completely red, quite red.

-- ulaim-a teriyr. Red-hot iron.

UBADI

[= ubadij-a, ubadini, S. upādhyāya] n. Teacher, instructor (Buddh.).

UBADIJ-A

See ubadi.

UBADINI

See ubadi.

UBADIS / УВДИС

[S. upadeça] n. Teaching, religious instruction; magic, supernatural power, sorcery.

-- abxu. To receive instruction in or be initiated into the secrets of magic.

-- yzegylky. To display supernatural power, work miracles.

ilbi jin -- . Instruction in magic.

niγuca -- . Secret instruction, instruction in magic.

UBADISCI(N) / УВДИСЧ

n. Teacher, instructor; magician, sorcerer.

UBADISCILA-

See ubadisla-.

UBADISLA- / УВДИСЛАХ

[= ubadiscila-] v.t. To practice sorcery or magic.

UBADISLAL

n. Sorcery, magic.

UBADISTAI / УВДИСТАЙ

[= ubadistu] adj. Having magic power.

-- kymyn. Person having magic power, sorcerer, magician, thaumaturge.

UBADISTU

See ubadistai.

UBAI / УВАЙ

n. Consciousness, apprehension, alertness; memory, retentiveness.

-- maγutai. Sluggish, listless, heedless; having a poor memory.

-- saitai. Attentive, alert; having a good memory.

-- ygei. Careless, heedless, light-minded; shameless, barefaced.

UBAILA- / УВАЙЛАХ

v.t. To apprehend, grasp, feel; to take notice of, pay attention to; to memorize.

--zu abxu. To memorize; to take notice of.

kyiten du --xu ygei. Not feeling or ignoring the cold.

UBAILAL / УВАЙЛАЛ

n. Prudence, vigilance, alertness; attentiveness; foresight, sagacity.

UBAIRA- / УВАЙРАХ

[= obuγara- , oburu-] v.i. and t. To pay attention; to be[come] aware or conscious of, take notice of; to apprehend, grasp.

bi tegyn y yge ji --γsan ygei. I did not pay attention to what he said.

UBASANCA / УВСАНЦ

[S. upāsikā] n. A laywoman devoted to religious duties, laywoman who has taken a lower vow.

UBASI / УВШ

[= ubasika, S. upāsaka] n. A layman who has taken certain religious vows (bacaγ, q.v.).

-- bacaγ abxu. To take the vows of an ubasi.

UBASIKA

See ubasi.

UBIS

-- kiky = xubis kiky. [S.H.] To move slightly; to jerk.

UBUN / УВАН



-- cubun. In separate groups; one after another; little by little.

-- cubun jabuxu. To march in groups.

UBURUГ



-- cuburuγ. Same as ubun cubun.

UBUZI



See uγzi.

UCAГ-A



[= ucγ-a, Ma. učika] n. Cover to protect a quiver from rain; purse, satchel.

mønggyn y --. Purse.

UCAR



Same as ucir.

UCARA-



See ucira-.

UCIГ / УЧИГ



n. Piece or end of thread; pieces of hay or grass left by feeding animals.

nigė --cy ylegsen ygei. Not even a small piece is left.

UCIГ-A



See ucaγ-a.

UCIR / УЧИР



n. and postpos. Cause, reason; circumstance; motive, principle; affair, occasion; meaning of a word; resume, abstract; on account of, for the reason, in consequence of, as, because; for the purpose of.

-- ben keleky. To tell one's story; to state one's business.

-- ece. Because of.

-- eimy ece. For this reason; owing to this.

-- eimy jin tula. For this reason; owing to this; therefore.

-- i ailadxaxu. To make a report giving reasons or circumstances.

-- i asaγubasu. If one asks the reason why; when one asked the reason; the reason is.

-- i γarγaxu. To give a reason.

-- ijen medegylky. To state one's case or reason.

-- jier. For the sake of, because.

-- inu. The reason is that...

-- i olxu. To realize; to understand; to figure out.

-- medeky kymyn. Person who knows the reason; a reasonable man.

-- siltaγan u uxaγan. The art of reasoning, logic (obs.).

-- toimu ygei. Very, exceedingly.

-- udx-a. Meaning, significance.

-- ygei. Very, exceedingly.

-- ygei aγurlaxu. To be angry without reason; to be very angry.

-- ygei xalaγun. Terribly hot.

-- zyi. Reason, cause.

bi tegyn i buruγusijaγsan -- ygei. I have never blamed him.

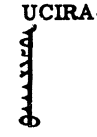
ene -- tu. For this reason; at this juncture.

jaγun[u] -- = jaγun [u] -- ece. For what reason.

jambar --. What is the matter? On what ground? Why?

nigen -- boluγsan bui z-a. Surely something has happened.

UCIRA- / УЧРАХ



[= ucara-] v.t. and i. To meet, come across; to be confronted; to happen to be; to meet during the cycle of transmigration (Buddh.).

--γsan zajaγ-a. Destiny, fate.

niγur --xu. To meet personally.

ykyl lyge --xu. To meet with death.

zobalang dur --xu. To be subject or exposed to suffering.

UCIRAГUL- / УЧРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of ucira-] To cause to meet, bring together; to arrange an interview; to subject to, expose to; to cause, bring about.

--uγsan xokiral syidkel i nøkyn tølygylky. To ask compensation for loss sustained.

ajul --xu. To endanger, jeopardize.

saγad todxar --xu. To hinder, handicap.

xokiral syidkel i --xu. To cause damage, harm or injury.

UCIRAL / УЧРАЛ



n. Meeting, rendezvous; occasion; fate; circumstances (good or bad).

UCIRALDU- / УЧРАЛДАХ
[v.rec. of ucira-] To be confronted with; to run into each other; to come across one another.

UCIRALDUIUL- / УЧРАЛДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of uciraldu-.

UCIRALTA / УЧРАЛТ
n. The act of ucira-.

UCIRALTAI / УЧРАЛТАЙ
[= uciraltu] adj. Destined, having a certain fate.

UCIRALTU / УЧРАЛТ
See uciraltai.

UCIRLA- / УЧИРЛАХ
v.t. To give, state, or explain reasons.

UCIRTAI / УЧИРТАЙ
[= ucirtu] adj. Having a reason, cause, or basis; (predicatively) must, should, is supposed to.
eimy -- tula. Because of this, for this reason.
ene jambar -- ? What does this mean?
tere edyge ireky --. He should have come by now. He is supposed to come now.
udxa --. Meaningful (as words).

UCIRTU
See ucirtai.

UD / YD
Plural suffix added to stems ending in consonants other than n.
keyked yd. Children.
mal ud. Domestic animals.

UDA / УД
n. Willow-tree.
-- taixu. [Ko.] To make a sacrifice before osier branches stuck in the ground with ropes attached (shamanistic).
caγan --. Aspen, poplar.
unzigir --. Weeping willow.

UDA- / УДАХ
v.i. To tarry, hesitate, delay; to be late or delayed; to last.

--γ-a ygei. Has not been long; a short while ago.
--γsan ygei. Soon; before long.
--tal-a. Long since; for a long time.
--tal-a saγuxu. To sit, stay, or dwell a long time.
--xu ygei. Soon, before long.
caγ --xu. To last a long time.
ci jaγakin ein --bai? Why did you tarry so long?
edyr --xu. To take many days; to take a long time.
jabul ygei --xu. To delay or put off the departure.
kele cimege ygei --xu. Not to be heard from for a long time.
on --γsan. Antique, old.
tere ende ireged on --ba. It has been many years since he came here.
xotan du --xu. To be detained in the city.

UDAΓ-A / УДАА
n. One of a number of recurring or multiplied instances, or repeated acts; occasion, instance.
--- daraγ-a [ber]. Time and again, one after another, each time, many times.
-- udaγ-a dur. In each case.
ene --. This time, this occasion.
γaγcaxan --. Only once.
nigen --. Once, one time.
nigen busu --. Not only once, more than once.
olan --. Many times, frequently.

UDAΓA- / УДААХ
[v.caus. of uda-] v.t. To delay, retard, protract, prolong.
kereg i --xu. To prolong or delay an affair.

UDAΓAKI / УДААХЬ
adj. Following, next.
tegyn y -- kymyn. The person next in line after him.

UDAΓAL
-- ygei. Without delay.

UDAΓALIΓ / УДААЛАГ
adj. Sluggish, slack, slow.

UDAΓAN, 1. / УДААН
adj. and adv. Slow[ly]; sluggish; long (of time).

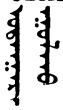
-- bolγaxu. To prolong; to slow down.
-- bucalγaxu. To boil a long time.
-- caγ. Long time.
-- jabuxu. To go slowly; to be gone or stay away for a long time.
-- køltei. Sluggish, slow.
-- saγuxu. To sit or stay too long; to stay or sojourn in a place for a long time.
-- xuγucaγ-a. Long term or period.
-- zil. Long years.
urtu -- . Lasting for a long time.

UDAГAN, 2.

See uduγan.

UDAГARA-

v.i. To last, continue; to be protracted or prolonged.
--zu jabuxu. To linger; to proceed slowly.

UDAГARAГUL-

[v. caus. of udaγara-] To hold up, hinder, obstruct.

UDAГASIRA- / УДААШРАХ

v.i. To take time, be prolonged; to linger.

UDAГASIRAГUL- / УДААШРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of udaγasira-] v.t. To cause delay; to put off, prolong.

UDAГUL-

v. caus. of uda-.

UDAL / УДАЛ

n. Delay, procrastination.
-- ygei. Without delay, before long, immediately.

UDAMBAR

See udumbar.

UDAR- / УДРАХ

See udur-.

UDARNIK / УДАРНИК

[R. ударник] n. Shock worker.

UDBALA / УДВАЛ

-- [ceceg] [S. utpala]. [Gr.] Aquilegia sibirica, Aquilegia viridiflora.

UDU- / УДАХ

v.t. To start (as a fight), stir up.
keregyl --xu. To start a fight or a dispute.

UDUГALA- УДГАЛАХ

v.i. To perform shamanistic rituals.

UDUГAN, 1. / УДГАН

[= udaγan, 2, iduγan] n. and adj. Female shaman [Mo.] Midwife.

UDUГAN, 2.

adj. Swift-moving.
-- egeregyl. Top (a toy).
-- erbegekel. Moth (Lepidoptera).

UDUM / УДАМ

n. Origin; tradition; heredity, lineage; pedigree; descendant, scion.
-- i daγaxu. To follow in the steps of one's ancestors.
-- saitai mori. A horse of good pedigree.
-- sudur. Genealogy, pedigree.
-- uγsaγ-a. Heritage, tradition.

UDUMBAR / УДАМБАР

[= udambar, S. udumbara] n. Fig tree.

UDUMCIR

n. Male descendant in the ninth generation.

UDUMLA- / УДАМЛАХ

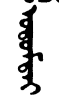
v.t. To inherit the characteristics of one's family; to follow the family tradition.

UDUMSI- / УДАМШИХ

v.i. To inherit a characteristic, follow a family tradition.
--γsan ail. A family which became prominent by carrying on a family tradition.
--γsan zang. Inherited custom or behavior.

UDUMSIL / УДАМШИЛ

n. Heredity.

UDUMTAI / УДАМТАЙ

adj. Having a tradition, pedigree, or lineage.
-- ail. An old family.
xaγan -- . Of royal blood.

UDUR / УДАР

-- tataxu. To tear, rip (v.t.).

UDUR- / УДРАХ
[~ udar-] v.i. To tear, rip; to become torn apart or unraveled.

UDURID- / УДИРДАХ
v.t To lead, guide, direct.
--un ziluγaduxu. To guide, assume the role of a leader.
--xu tusijal. Leading position.
mør --xu. To lead the way.

UDURIDUГCI / УДИРДАГЧ
n. Leader, guide, chief.
byzig yn --. Ballet master.
zam i --. Guide, conductor.

UDURIDUГUL- / УДИРДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of udurid-.
--un (usually prec. by the instrumental). Under the guidance of ..., led by.

UDURIDUL / УДИРДАЛ
n. Leadership, guidance.

UDURIDULГ-A / УДИРДЛАГА
n. Leadership, guidance.
-- ber (prec. by gen.). Under the guidance or leadership of.
-- ji kylijen abxu. To accept the leadership of.
-- ji øgky. To provide leadership, lead.
-- ji xangγaxu. To provide satisfactory leadership.
tøblegsen --. Centralized leadership.
ziγaburi --. Instructions, directions.

UDURIDULГATAI / УДИРДЛАГАТАЙ
adj. Having or receiving leadership or directions; under the guidance of.

UDURIDULTA / УДИРДАЛТ
n. The act of udurid-.

UDURIDUMZI / УДИРДАМЖ
n. Leadership.

UDURIDXA- / УДИРТГАХ
v. caus. of udurid- (obs.).

UDURIDXAГUL- / УДИРТГУУЛАХ
v. caus. of uduridxa- (obs.).

UDURIDXAL / УДИРТГАЛ
n. Leadership, guidance; introduction or preface of a book.

UDURXAI / УДАРХАЙ
adj. Unraveled, torn.

UDUS
n. Wild yak; buffalo.

UDX-A / УТГА
n. Essence, gist; content, meaning, sense; concept, idea.
-- adali yge. Synonym.
-- cinar. Meaning, content, substance, essence.
-- jin tailburi. Interpretation of the meaning or content.
-- onuγci. Understanding the cause, basis, contents or essence of.
-- sanaγ-a. Tenor, gist, contents (of speech or writing).
-- sujul. Spiritual culture.
-- ujangγ-a. Literary composition, essay.
-- ucir. Meaning, idea.
-- ygei. Nonsensical, meaningless.
-- zokijal. Literature, belles-lettres.
-- zokijalci. Specialist in literature; writer.
γoul --. Quintessence, main meaning or idea.
yge jin --. Meaning or sense of a word.

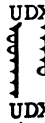
UDXACI / УТГАЧ
adj. and n. Sagacious, quick of apprehension, intelligent, learned or erudite [person].

UDXACILA- / УТГАЧЛАХ
v.i. To interpret the content or meaning; to speak or interpret in a scholarly manner; to show off one's scholarship; to speak pedantically.
--γsan orciγulγ-a. Free translation.
--n orciγulxu. To translate the meaning.

UDXACILAГACI / УТГАЧЛААЧ
n. One who pretends to be an intellectual or an educated person; one who speaks pedantically.

UDXADU- / УТГАДАХ
v.t. To understand the meaning; to decipher writing.

UDXALA- / УТГАЛАХ



v.t. and i. To make sense of; to be pedantic.

UDXATAI / УТГАТАЙ



[= udxatu] adj. Having sense or meaning; significant.

-- yge. Meaningful word; word[s] with a hidden meaning.

ene jambar -- yge bui? What is the meaning of this word?

... kemegsen --. It has (such and such) meaning.

UDXATU



See udxatai.

UDXU- / УТГАХ

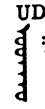


v.t. To scoop, ladle; to draw water with a bucket or dipper.

usu --xu. To scoop water.

tamaki --xu. To scoop tobacco.

UDXUГUR / УТГУУР



[= udxur] n. Scoop, ladle.

-- sinaγ-a. Dipper.

UDXUR



See udxuγur.

UГ / УГ



n., adj., and adv. Base, stump, stub, root; basis; origin; beginning, extraction; original[ly], basic[ally], initial[ly].

-- baiγuluγsan. Originally established or constructed.

-- boduly-a. The original idea.

-- caling. Basic wages.

-- ece. Originally; from the beginning; thoroughly.

-- ece tasulxu. To uproot, destroy thoroughly.

-- egyskel. Beginning, origin.

-- eke. Origin; an original.

-- γaruly-a. Beginning, cause, source.

-- inu. Originally; primarily; initially; in general.

-- izaγur. Origin, source; descent, extraction; base, basic principle.

-- kemzij-e. Original size or measure.

-- nutuγ. Native place, place of origin.

-- nutuγ un. Native, aboriginal.

-- saitai. Having a good background.

-- taγan. In the beginning, originally.

-- un. Original, basic.

-- un bicig. Genealogical table, pedigree.

-- un sain. Basically good.

-- ygei. Not fundamental; of low or humble origin; without beginning.

-- yndysy. Origin.

ebedcin u --. Origin or cause of an illness.

modun u --. Tree trunk.

ysyn u --. Root of a hair.

ziryken y -- ece. From the bottom of the heart.

UГA-, etc.



See ugija-, etc.

UГALZA



See uγulza.

UГCA / УГЦ

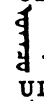


adv. Suddenly, unexpectedly; rashly, unthinkingly.

-- odxu. To break or come off suddenly.

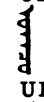
-- tataxu. To pull out with a jerking motion.

UГCURГ-A / УГЦРАГА



See oγcuryγ-a.

UГCUVAS



[Ko.] n. A kind of medicine.

UГLA- / УГЛАХ



v.t. To draw or pull on; to put in, insert; to attach (as a handle to an axe, etc.).

--zu emysky. To pull on a garment.

xuruγun du --xu. To put on the finger.

UГLAГUR / УГЛУУР



n. Peg, hinge; the end of an object which is inserted into a socket, etc.

UГLAГURГ-A(N) / УГЛУУРГА



n. Peg, hinge.

UГLARГ-A / УГЛАРГА



n. A hole or opening into which something is inserted, socket.

UГSAГ-A / УГСАА



n. Origin, descent; race, nation, nationality; stock.

-- ba yndysy. Origin and nationality.

-- zalγamzilaγci. Successor, heir.
caγan --. Aristocracy.
jasu --. Nationality.
tabun --. The five nations making up the Chinese empire: Chinese, Manchus, Mongols, Turks, Tibetans (Ch. wu-tsu 五族).
xaγan u --. Royal family or descent.

UГSAГALIГ / УГСААЛАГ
adj. Of good breed, thoroughbred.

UГSAГATAI / УГСААТАЙ
adj. Noble-born, having a long lineage or tradition, hereditary (of nobility).

UГSAГATAN / УГСААТАН
n. Aristocracy, nobility; race, nation. (Formerly used instead of yndysyten).

UГTU- / УГТАХ
v.t. To meet, receive, or welcome an arriving visitor; to meet intentionally.
--n bailduxu. To meet [the enemy] and fight; to accept battle.
--n tosxu. To meet, go to meet or welcome.
--n zocilaxu. To welcome and give a reception
--zu medeky. To foresee, foreknow.
alaγ-a tasizu --xu. To greet with applause.
bajarlan --xu. To greet with joy.
ner-e tørytei --xu. To receive someone with honor.
sin-e zil i --xu. To celebrate the New Year.

UГTUBURI / УГТВАР
adj. and n. Receiving, meeting ; prefix (gram.).
-- yge. Preposition (gram.).
-- ysyg. Silent letter (prefixed consonant or consonants in words of Tibetan origin, such as b in blam-a).

UГTUГUL / УГТУУЛ
n. Reception or welcoming party, group or committee sent out to welcome an arriving visitor; welcome.

UГTUГUL- / УГТУУЛАХ
v. caus. of uγtu-.

UГTULГ-A / УГТЛАГА
n. Reception; welcoming party.
sin-e zil yn --. New Year's celebration; New Year's eve.

UГTUMAL / УГТМАЛ
[n.d. of uγtu-] adj. Encountered, met.
-- ceceg. Yellow jasmine, Jasminum nudiflorum.

UГU- / УУХ
[= uu-, aγu-, 2, uuγu-] v.t. To drink; to eat liquid food; to absorb liquids; to smoke tobacco.
--xu usu. Drinking water.
beke --daγ caγasu. Blotting paper.
cai --xu. To drink tea.
em --xu. To take medicine.
sily --xu. To eat soup.

UГUCA / УУЦ
n. Sacrum; croup, rump, the posterior part of an animal's back; small of the back ; in popular speech sometimes used instead of sigysy, q.v.

UГUCI
Same as uγuca.

UГUDASU(N)
n. Gusset, triangular piece inserted in a garment; pieces of cloth.

UГUGI- / УУГИХ
v.i. To smoke.
utaγ-a --xu. To smoke.

UГUL-
Pre-classical form of uγulγa-.

UГULГA- / УУЛГАХ
[v. caus. of uγu-] To cause or give to drink, water animals.

UГULI / УУЛЬ
[= uuli] n. Owl.
-- sibaγu. Owl.

UГULZA, 1. / УГАЛЗ
[= uγalza] n. Spiral pattern or ornament.
-- ojuxu. To embroider with spiral design.

UГULZA, 2. / УГАЛЗ
n. Male wild mountain sheep, argali.

UГULZA, 3. / УГАЛЗ
n. Sandstorm.

UГULZALA- / УГАЛЗЛАХ
v.t. and i. To draw or embroider with spiral designs; to have a spiral pattern.

UГULZATAI / УГАЛЗТАЙ
adj. With a spiral pattern.

UГUR / УУР
[= uγuur, uur. l.] n. Mortar; vessel in which substances arepounded or rubbed.

UГUR-
See oγur-.

UГURAГ
See uγuruγ.

UГURCAГ
See oγurcaγ.

UГURCILA-
See oγurcila-.

UГURГ-A / УУРГА
See urγ-a (n).

UГURUГ / УУРАГ
[= uγuraγ] n. Colostrum, the first milk after delivery; beestings; the white of an egg.
-- unaγaxu. To have a miscarriage.
caγan --. The white of an egg.
sir-a --. Yolk of an egg.

UГURXAI
See aγurxai.

UГUSI
-- ygei. Not drinkable, unfit for drinking.

UГUTA / УУТ
[= uuta] n. Bag, sack.
der-e jin --. Pillow-case.

UГUTACI
n. Professional or habitual receiver of stolen goods.

UГUTALA- / УУТЛАХ
v.t. To put in a bag, sack; to pocket (fig.).

UГUUR
See uγur.

UГUZI / УУЖ
[= aγuzi, uuzi] n. Long sleeveless garment worn by women over a gown on formal occasions.

UГUZIMAГ
n. Short sleeveless jacket worn over a gown by both men and women on formal occasions.

UГZARA- / УГЗРАХ
v.t. To pull or jerk.

UГZARALTA / УГЗРАЛТ
n. Jerk, sudden pull.
-- ygei. Without jerking or tugging, smoothly, gradually.

UГZI / УГЖ
[= ubuzi] n. Baby's feeding-bottle (usually a cow's horn).
-- jin keyked. Bottle-fed baby.

UГZI- / УГЖИХ
v.t. To feed a baby from a bottle.

UGLJA- / УГААХ
[= ukija-, uγa-] v.t. To wash.
--zu arcixu. To wash and clean; washing and cleaning.
bej-e bun --xu. To bathe.

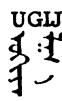
UGLJADASU(N) / УГААДАС
n. Slops, swill, wash water, dish water.

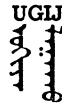
UGLJADASULA- / УГААДАСЛАХ
v.t. To wash grain.

UGLJAГUR / УГААГУУР
n. Washstand, washbasin.

UGLJAL / УГААЛ
n. Washing, ablution; bathing.
-- un tębsi. Wash basin; bathtub.
naran --. Sun bath.

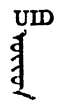
UGLJALCI(N) / УГААЛЧ
n. Laundryman, washerwoman.

UGLJALГ-A / УГААЛАГА

n. Washing.

UGLJALГA- / УГААЛГАХ

v. caus. of ugija-.

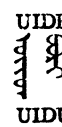
UI / УЙ

n. Mourning, sorrow.
-- γasiγun. Sorrow, sadness, melancholy.
-- γasiγun kiky. To hold mourning services.
-- tailxu. To dispel sorrow.

UID

interj. An exclamation expressive of surprise.

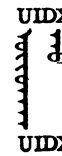
UID- / УЙДАХ

v.i. To be bored; to feel dull; to be lonely.
... dur yly --xu. Never tire of ...
edyr inu urtu jin tulada --umui bida. We are bored because the day is so long.
orciiang ece --xu. To be disgusted with life, be weary of life.

UIDBURI / УЙДВАР

n. Boredom, melancholy.

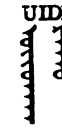
UIDUM-A / УЙДАМ

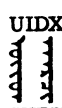
adj. Boring, gloomy.

UIDXA- / УЙТГАХ

[v. caus. of uid-] To cause boredom; to cause a longing for something.

UIDXAR / УЙТГАР

[= uidxari] n. Loneliness, despondency, low spirits, melancholy, boredom.
-- γasiγun. Sadness, melancholy.
-- i arilγaxu. To dissipate boredom, melancholy.
-- i arilγaxu. To dissipate boredom, melancholy or sadness.
-- ijen γarγaxu. To free oneself from one's worries, amuse oneself.
-- kyrky. To become lonely, sad, or bored.
-- sergegeky. To relieve loneliness or depression, cheer up.
-- ygei. Without worries, happy; happily.
-- zobalang. Worry, anxiety.

UIDXARA-

v.i. To be bored or sad; to grieve.

UIDXARCILA-

v.i. To be bored or sad; to grieve.

UIDXARI , etc.

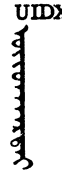
See uidxar, etc.

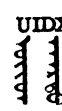
UIDXARILA-

See uidxarla-.

UIDXARLA- / УЙТГАРЛАХ

[= uidxarila-] v.i. To grieve, be melancholy, depressed, sad; to be[come] bored.

UIDXARTAI / УЙДХАРТАЙ

[= uidxartu] adj. Melancholy, sad, depressed, bored; depressing.
-- cirai. Sad face.
-- daγun. Melancholy song or tune.

UIDXARTU / УЙДХАРТ

See uidxartai.

UIГUR / УЙГУР

See oiγur.

UIL

n. Excrescence or knot on a tree.
modun u --. Excrescence or knot on a tree.

UILA- / УЙЛАХ

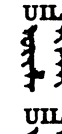
[See also ukila-] v.i. To cry, sob, weep.
--n unzin. Crying and lamenting.

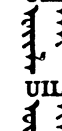
UILAГ-A(N) / УЙЛАА(Н)

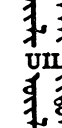
n. Weeping, crying, lamentation.
-- mailaγ-a. Weeping, crying, lamentation.

UILAMAГAI

Same as uilangxai.

UILANGXAI / УЙЛАНХАЙ

adj. and n. Inclined to weep; whining; weeper.

UILAXAI / УЙЛХАЙ

Same as uilangxai.

UILINGXAI / УЙЛАНХАЙ, УЙЛИНХАЙ

n. Watery blister in the intestines of animals.

UILINGXAITU- / УЙЛАНХАЙДАХ

v.i. For blisters to form in the intestines of animals.

UILSU

Same as yisy(n).

UISA

adj. Barren, sterile, having no children.

UISU(N)

Same as yisy(n).

UITABTUR / УЙТАВТАР

adj. Somewhat tight or narrow.

UITAD- / УЙТТАХ

v.i. To become tight or narrow.

UITAI / УЙТАЙ

adj. Sad, sorrowful.

UITAN / УЙТАН

adj. Narrow, tight (esp. of clothes, footwear).

UITARA- / УЙТРАХ

v.i. To be tight or narrow.

UITAXAN

adj. Rather tight or narrow.

UJA- / УЯХ

v.t. To tie, bind; to hold up, delay.
jabudal --xu. To delay or hold up an action or business.
mori ben ujaγ-a ece --xu. To tie a horse to a hitching post.

UJAD- / УЯДАХ

v.i. To become too soft or flexible.

UJADXA- / УЯТГАХ

v. caus. of ujad-.

UJAГA(N) / УЯА

n. Hitching post; tether, rope, cord; training of a horse for a race.
-- kylige. Fetters of rope.

UJAГACIN / УЯАЧИН

n. One who trains a horse for a race.

UJAГASI- / УЯАШИХ

v.i. To get into condition for a race (of horses).

UJAГASU / УЯАС

n. Tether, rope, cord; knot.

UJAГATAI / УЯАТАЙ

adj. Having a rope or cord; tied up.
-- mori. Tethered horse.

UJAГUL- / УЮУЛАХ

v. caus. of uja-.

UJALDU- / УЯЛДАХ

[v. rec. of uja-] To be mutually tied, connected, or coordinated; to be in agreement with.
xoγurundu --xu zyil. Things which have a mutual connection, relation, or correspondence.

UJALГ-A / УЯЛГА

n. The act of uja-; anything used for tying, tether, tie, string; connection, relation.
-- temyr. Ring used for tying.
-- yge. Gloss, note.

UJALГATAI / УЯЛГАТАЙ

adj. Tied, attached.

UJAMAN / УЯМАН

n. Leprosy

UJAN / УЯН

adj. Soft, flexible, resilient, elastic; weak (also of character); tender.
-- arγ-a. Gentle methods.
-- sedkiltei. Soft-hearted, tender-hearted, compassionate.
-- xatan. Elasticity, flexibility.
-- zangtai kymyn. A soft-hearted or emotionally weak person.
køl γar -- bain-a. Arms and legs are weak.

UJANGГ-A / УЯНГА

n. Harmony, euphony; melody; melodiousness; lyricism.
-- daγuu. Lyrical song.
udx-a --. Lyric poetry.
udx-a -- jin. Lyrical.

UJANGГALA- / УЯНГАЛАХ

v.t. and i. To versify, compose or recite verses; to be melodious.

UJANGГALAГUL- / УЯНГАЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of ujangγala-] To perform in a lyrical manner, melodiously, movingly , or touchingly.

--n daγulaxu. To sing with feeling or emotion.

UJANGГATAI

[= ujangγatu] adj. Harmonious, melodious; touching, moving; rich in content.

UJANGГATU

See ujangγatai.

-- modu . Begonia.

udx-a -- . Lyrical.

UJARA- / УЯРАХ

v.i. To thaw; to become soft; to be deeply moved, touched or affected.

dotur-a --xu = sedkil --xu. To be moved or touched at heart.

UJARAГUL- / УЯРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of ujara-] v.t. To soften; to touch (the heart); to temper (steel).

sedkil --xu. To touch or move one's heart.

UJARAL / УЯРАЛ

n. Sadness, melancholy; tenderness, emotion.

UJARALTAI / УЯРАЛТАЙ

adj. Sad, melancholy, gloomy.

UJARAM-A / УЯРАМ

Same as ujaramar.

UJARAMAR / УЯРМААР

adj. Moving, touching, pathetic.

UJAS- / УЯСАХ

v.i. To become soft; to thaw (of upper layers of soil).

UJAXAN / УЯХАН

adj. Soft, flexible; melodious.

-- daγu. Soft voice.

UKIJA-, etc.

See ugija-, etc.

UKILA- / УХИЛАХ

[See also uila-] v.i. To cry, sob, weep.

--n barkiraxu. To cry, weep aloud, lament.

UKILAГUL- / УХИЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of ukila- .

UKILAL / УХИЛАЛ

n. Crying, weeping, sobbing, lamenting.

UKILALTAI

adj. Deplorable, lamentable.

ULA, 1. / УЛ

n. Sole of foot or footwear; basis, foundation.

-- abxu. To find a basis; to demand proof.

-- ji olxu. To find out the basis, reason, or cause; to make sure of the reliability.

-- temyr. Iron tire or tread of a wheel.

-- ygei. Without a sole; having no solid foundation, groundless.

-- ygei yge. Baseless words or remarks.

ciryan u --. Runners of a sleigh.

keyken -- . Innersole of a shoe or boot.

køl yn -- . The sole of the foot.

mør -- . Traces, footprints.

naγamal -- . A sole made of several layers of cloth pasted and sewn together.

ULA, 2. / УЛ

n. Tinder, punk.

ULA, 3.

See ulaγ-a(n).

ULABALZA- / УЛБАЛЗАХ

[v. freq. of ulai-] v.i. To be, turn, or flash red; to blush frequently.

--n xaraγdaxu. To look or appear red.

ULABCI, 1. / УЛАВЧ

n. Tinder box.

ULABCI, 2.

n. Sandals; inner soles.

ULABCUR

Same as ulabci, 1.

ULABIR / УЛБАР

See ulabur.

ULABTUR / УЛАВТАР

[= ulaγabtur] adj. Somewhat red, reddish.

-- sir-a. Reddish yellow, orange.

ULABTURXAN / УЛАВТАРХАН
adj. Reddish, pink.

ULABUR / УЛБАР
[= ulabir, ulaγabur] adj. Reddish.
-- sir-a. Orange colored.
-- xar-a. Dark red.

ULADA- / УЛДАХ
v.i. To develop sores on the soles of the feet; to limp (of camels, cattle, etc.); to become intense (of illness).
ebedcin --xu. The illness is aggravated.
mori --zu jabuzu cidaxu ygei bolba. The horse's feet are so sore that it cannot walk any more.

ULADAГUL- / УЛДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of ulada-.

ULAГ-A(N) / УЛАА
[= ula, 3] n. Relay horses; relay transportation.
-- mori. Means of relay transportation (general term).
-- nekeky. To accompany someone traveling by relay in order to return the horses.
--n u mori. Relay horse.
--n u pijuu bicig. Pass entitling bearer to relay transportation.
--n u zar bicig. Traveling warrant (for obtaining relay horses).
-- ørtege. Relay station.
caγan --. [Che.] Means of relay transportation other than the official system.

ULAГABTUR
See ulabtur.

ULAГABUR / УЛААВАР
See ulabur.

ULAГACI(N) / УЛААЧ
n. Relay coachman, relay service attendant.

ULAГACILA- / УЛААЧЛАХ
v.i. To serve or function as an ulaγaci(n), q.v.

ULAГADA-, 1. / УЛААДАХ
v.i. To use the relay system.

ULAГADA-, 2. / УЛААДАХ
v.t. To paint red.

ULAГAГCIN / УЛААГЧИН
[= ulaγcin] adj. Red (of a female animal).
-- gegy. Reddish-white mare (with reddish tinge on the tips of the hair).
-- yker zil. Year of the red cow, the 2nd year in the twelve year animal cycle.
-- ynij-e. Red cow.

ULAГALA- / УЛААЛАХ
v.t. To use a relay system, travel by relay; to take by force, confiscate; to rob.

ULAГALZAГAN-A / УЛААЛЗГАНА
[= ulalzaγan-a, ulalziγan-a] n. Red currant, Ribes rubrum, Rubus saxatilis.

ULAГALZAI / УЛААЛЗАЙ
n.A kind of lily.

ULAГALZIN
-- caγasun. [Ko.] n. White paper of the best quality.

ULAГAN / УЛААН
adj. Red; also used to qualify certain objects and phenomena which somehow remind one of red color or complexion.
-- arisutan. American Indian.
-- baγatur. See ulaγanbaγatur.
-- boru mori. Chestnut or roan horse.
-- bulung. "Red Corner": club or room reserved for education, recreation, or propaganda in school, institute, factory, etc.
-- burcaγ. Lentil.
-- cab = ulaγancab. The Ulan Tsab league in Inner Mongolia.
-- caγan u jabudal. Joyful and mournful events.
-- cax-a. Infant, baby.
-- daγarixu. To force oneself upon somebody.
-- egyde. Ulan Ude, capital of Buryat Mongolia.
-- erdeni cilaγu. Ruby.
-- ergi. Steep bank of red soil.
-- γar ijer. With bare hands.
-- γoul. Bull's eye of a target.
-- mori. Reddish-white horse (with reddish tinge on the tips of the hair).
-- nicygyn. Stark naked.
-- nidyn. The planet Mars.

-- niγur ijer. Personally, face to face.
-- odun. The Red Star (an official decoration).
-- salkin. Sandstorm.
-- sam. Fritters made of honey and wheat flour, fried in fat.
-- segyl. Roach (fish).
-- toluγai. Agrostis Trinii.
-- toluγaitu. Linnet, finch.
-- tulum. Incarvilea Potaninii.
-- tylij-e. Calligonum mongolicum, Gymnocarpos Przewalskii, Clematis fruticosa.
-- xota. Ulan Khoto (previously known as Wang-yeh-miao 王爺廟), the largest city in the Eastern part of Inner Mongolia.
-- mønggy ygei. Penniless.
-- zam. Equator.
mønggy caγan, nidy --. Silver is white, the eyes are red (= greedy). Proverb.

ULAГAN-A / УЛААГАНА
[= ulan-a] n. Red currant.

ULAГANBAГATUR
[= ulaγan baγatur] n.p. Ulan Bator (lit. "Red hero"), the capital city of the Mongolian People's Republic.

ULAГANCAB / УЛААНЦАВ
See under ulaγan.

ULAГANUD
n. Measles.

ULAГAXAN / УЛААХАН
adj. Somewhat red.

ULAГCIN
See ulaγaγcin.

ULAI / УЛАЙ
n. Carrion, torn corpse of an animal.

ULAI-, 1. / УЛАЙХ
v.i. To get red-hot; to be[come] red, redden; to blush; to ripen (of fruit that turns red).
--γsan temyr. Red-hot iron.
--tal-a. Until it is red or red-hot.
--tal-a barixu. To catch red-handed.
--zu xaraγdaxu. To appear red in the distance.

asiγ un tølyge --xu. To be greedy for profit.
nidy --xu. To become bloodshot (of eyes); to be greedy.
niγur --xu. To blush from shame or anger.

ULAI-, 2. / УЛАЙХ
v.i. To make an effort, strive; to insist.
--n zidkyky. To struggle hard, exert oneself.
azil ijen daγusxaxu gezy --xu. To strive to finish one's work.
bej-e ben zøb gezy --xu. To insist that one is right.

ULAI-, 3. / УЛАЙХ
v.i. and t. To confess, admit the truth.
kereg ijen --xu. To plead guilty, admit one's guilt.

ULAIDXA- / УЛАЙТГАХ
v.t. To make red-hot; to make red, redden.
temyr --xu. To heat iron red-hot.

ULAILГA- / УЛАЙЛГАХ
[v. caus. of ulai-] v.t. To make red or red-hot.
niγur ijen --xu. To turn red in the face (lit. to allow one's face to turn red); to blush; to be angry.

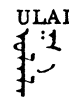
ULAIM-A / УЛАЙМ
adj. Red, red-hot.
-- temyr. Red-hot iron.
-- zige. Child of one's daughter or sister.

ULAIM[A]TAГAI / УЛАЙМТГАЙ
adj. Zealous, persistent, impetuous, aggressive

ULAIRA- / УЛАЙРАХ
v.i. To turn red or look red; to go mad; to run amuck; to envy, become jealous or greedy; to be wroth; to become violent.

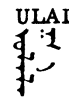
ULAISIRA- / УЛАЙШРАХ
v.i. To endeavor, exert oneself.

ULALA- / УЛЛАХ
v.t. and i. To sole a shoe or boot; to be[come] established; to make sure of the basis, origin, etc.



ULALAГ-A, 1. / УЛЛАА(Н)

n. Waxed end (shoemaker's thread).



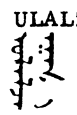
ULALAГ-A, 2. / УЛЛАГА

n. Stitching of the sole with a waxed end.



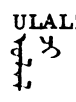
ULALZA- / УЛАЛЗАХ

v.i. To look or flash red.



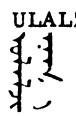
ULALZAГAN-A / УЛААЛЗГАНА

See ulaγalzaγan-a.



ULALZI / УЛАЛДЖ

n. Sedge.



ULALZIГAN-A

See ulaγalzaγan-a.



ULAM / УЛАМ

adv. Further, still more, gradually.

-- byri = ulambyri. More, still more, more and more.

-- byri oirtuxu. To come closer and closer.

-- byri sain. Even better, better yet.

-- caγasilaxu. To go farther and farther; to be too demanding or greedy.

-- cingγa. Stronger, more strict.

-- degegsi. [Still] higher.

-- dorudaxu. To become still worse.

-- ece [with gen. preceding]. In consequence of, on account of, owing to, due to; as, because.

-- ijer = ulamar-a. More and more, increasingly; gradually; as a result, consequently; moreover, on the other hand.

-- ijer delgeren xubilxu josu. Evolution.

-- ilegyy. Still more, even more.

-- ilegyy bytygel γarγaxu. To accomplish more; to increase production even more.

-- jeke. [Still] bigger.

-- sain. [Still] better.

-- ulam. By and by, gradually, more and more.

-- ... ulam ... . The more ... the more ....

egyn y -- ece = egyber. Owing to this, on account of this.

ULAMAR-A

See ulam ijer.

ULAMBYRI

See ulam byri.

ULAMLA- / УЛАМЛАХ

See ulamzila-.

ULAMZILA- / УЛАМЖЛАХ

[= ulamla-] v.t. To transmit; to pass on, hand down; to continue a tradition; to transmit learning, teach; to narrate.

--n. Through, by means of.

--n kiky. To continue (work, task, or project).

cimege ji --xu. To spread a rumor, transmit information.

xaγan saγurin i --xu. To succeed to the Khan's throne.

yge ji --xu. To transmit a message.

ULAMZILAГCI / УЛАМЖЛАГЧ

n. Transmitter, continuer, successor.

γolumta -- . One who inherits the hearth, successor, heir.

ULAMZILAL / УЛАМЖЛАЛ

n. The act of transmitting; a teaching; tradition.

ULAMZILALTU / УЛАМЖЛАЛТ

adj. Traditional.

-- bajar. Traditional holiday.

ULAN-A

See ulaγan-a.

ULANGGIR / УЛАНГИР

adj. Reddish.

-- nidy. A kind of smelt (Ch. hung-ching-yü 紅睛魚).

ULARI- / УЛИРАХ

v.i. and t. To change (pass from one state or condition to another); to change (as one's employment, job); to be deferred, delayed.

--n . In turn.

--n songγuγdaxu. To be re-elected.

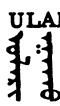
--n toγurixu. To revolve, rotate.

--n xubisxu. Evolution.

anggi --xu. To remain for the second year in the same class.

caγ --xu. The seasons or the times change.

nutuγ --xu. To change one's residence, move, nomadize.
tøry --ba. The dynasty has changed.
yj-e --n zalγamzilaxu. To inherit; to continue from generation to generation



ULARIГA- / УЛИРААХ
Same as ulariγul-.



ULARIГUL- / УЛРИУЛАХ
v. caus. of ulari-.



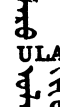
ULARIL / УЛИРАЛ
n. Change, turn; season; a quarter of a year; semester.
-- un maγad toγ-a. Calendar, almanac.
-- un silγalta. Semester examination.
caγ -- . Season[s].
caγ -- un. Seasonal.
caγ -- un azil. Seasonal work or labor.
caγ -- un bicig. Calendar.
ebyl yn -- . Winter season.
sin-e -- . The new calendar (Gregorian calendar).
xaγuцin -- . The old calendar (lunar calendar).

ULARU
n. Heath cock, black grouse.

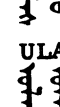
ULASKI- / УЛСГИЙХ
[--ky] v.i. To shimmer with red; to flash.



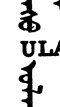
ULASU(N) / УЛС
n. Chamois leather.



ULATAI / УЛТАЙ
adj. Having a sole or soles; having a basis or foundation; reliable; reasonable, judicious.



ULBAГANA- / УЛБАГАНАХ
v.i. To move (of something soft, limp, or flabby).



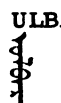
ULBAГAR / УЛБАГАР
[= ulbuγar] adj. Soft, tender, weak, flabby, limp; flimsy; wilted.
-- arisu. Soft skin.
-- kymyn. A weak or sickly person.



ULBAI- / УЛБАЙХ
[= ulbui-] v.i. To be[come] soft, weak, limp, feeble or exhausted; to waste away.



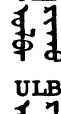
ULBAR
-- jadaxu. To be compassionate; to condole, commiserate, sympathize.



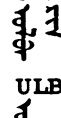
ULBARA- / УЛБАРАХ
[= ulbura-] v.i. To become soft, tired out, exhausted; to be cooked or stewed, be overcooked.



ULBARI- / УЛБАРИХ
v.i. To change, be transformed.



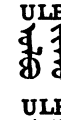
ULBARIL / УЛБАРИЛ
n. Change, transformation, metamorphosis.



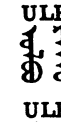
ULBASU / УЛБАС
[= ulbusu] adj. Soft, too soft, limp; overcooked.
-- bolxu. To become soft; to soften (by boiling or steaming); to become weak, exhausted, weary or listless.



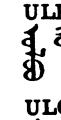
ULBUГAR
See ulbaγar.



ULBUI- / УЛБАЙХ
See ulbai-.



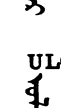
ULBURA-
See ulbara-.



ULBUSU
See ulbasu.



ULCAГAR / УЛЩГАР
adj. Flabby; inflamed; also said of a person with inflamed or watery eyes, bleareyed.



ULCAI- / УЛЩАЙХ
v.i. To turn red (of flesh); to become red and swollen or inflamed (of eye); to become flaccid and mucilaginous.
--γsan sirx-a. Wound covered with discharge, festering wound.



ULCAN[G] / УЛЩАН
Same as ulcaγar.

ULCAR / УЛЦАР

-- ebedcin. Trachoma.

ULCARANG / УЛЦРАН

adj. Suffering from trachoma.

ULDU

[Same as ildy] n. Sword.

ULI- / УЛИХ

v.i. To howl (of dogs, wolves, etc.).

ULIГ / УЛИГ

n. and adj. Nuisance; solicitation; importunate, intrusive, meddlesome, troublesome.

-- bolxu. To be[come] intrusive, meddlesome, or tiresome.

-- domuγ bolxu. To importune, annoy; to be the talk of the town.

cikin y -- . Something offensive to the ear.

ULIГ-A(N) / УЛИА(Н)

n. and adj. Howl: howling.

ULIГLA- / УЛИГЛАХ

v.t. and i. To be a nuisance; to bother; to tire, weary, bore.

--n keleky. To bore with repetitious talk.

ULIГTAI / УЛИГТАЙ

[= uliγtu] adj. Irksome, troublesome; complex, complicated, intricate.

-- kereg. Troublesome or complicated matter.

-- nom. A boring book.

ULIГTU / УЛИГТ

See uliγtai.

ULIJANGГAR / УЛИАНГАР

Same as ulijasu(n).

ULIJASU(N) / УЛИАС(АН)

n. Poplar; aspen.

--n oi. Poplar grove.

boru -- . Poplar tree (Populus suaveolens).

sir-a -- . Box-wood.

ULIJASUTAI

n.p. Uliyasutai, a town in Western Mongolia (administrative center of the Dzabkhan aimak). See zibxulangtu.

ULINGXAI / УЛИНХАЙ

n. Remains; carrion, carcass.

-- nocuγaxu. A shamanistic ritual of burning a sacrifice to get rid of evil spirits.

budaγan -- . Remains of food.

ULUNCU

[Ma. ulumcu] n. A wild plant from which a sour drink is made.

ULUS / УЛС

n. People, nation; country, state; empire; dynasty.

-- ger. State, the government (Ch. kuo-chia 國家).

-- irgen. The people, nation.

-- neïgem. The nation.

-- neite jin. Nation-wide, national.

-- tøry. Government; politics.

-- tøry jin. Political.

-- tøry jin azilcid. Government or political workers .

-- tøry jin baidal. Political situation.

-- tøry jin bodulγ-a. National policy, politics.

-- tøry jin caγdaγ-a. Political police, security police.

-- tøry jin ed yn zasaγ [un uxaγan]. Political economy.

-- tøry jin suryaγuli. School of political science

-- tøry jin tobcij-a. Political bureau (Politburo).

-- tøry ji xamaγalaxu jamun. GPU - the Soviet secret police.

-- ulus ece. From every people or country.

-- un. Governmental, national, state.

-- un daγulal. National anthem.

-- un degedy sigykytasulxu. Supreme Court

-- un dotuγadu ji xamaγalaxu γazar. Internal security agency.

-- un gyngzy. Imperial princess (hist.).

-- un jabudal i jeryngkeilen zakiruγci. Prime minister (Chinese Republic, Ch. kuo-wu-tsung-li 國務總理).

-- un jeke xural. Parliament.

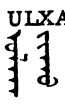
-- un keblel. State publishing house.

-- un kybegyd i kymyzigylky jamun. The Imperial Academy of Learing (Ch. kuo-tzu-chien 國子監 , hist.).

-- un sang. National treasury.

-- un sang du xurijaxu. To confiscate for national treasury.

-- un sylde. State emblem.
-- ygei kymyn. Stateless person.
anggili -- . England.
cerig yn -- . Soldiers (as a class).
γadaγadu -- . Foreign country or people.
irgen -- . People's republic (older term).
maγu sain --. Bad people.
nigedygsen -- . United people; United States.
nutuγ un -- . Native population.
olan -- un. International.
tørygsen -- . Native country.
xoitu amerika jin xolbuγatu -- . The United States of America.
xolbuγatu -- . Union of peoples; Soviet Union.

ULXAI- / УЛХАЙХ

Same as ulbai-.

ULZI- / УЛЖИХ

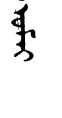
ami --xu. To barely make ends meet; to be somebody's dependant, depend on somebody's financial support.

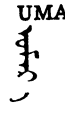
UM / УМ

See om.

UMADAГ / УМДАГ

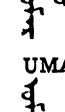
n. Scrotum with testicles; lower part of the belly.

UMAI / УМАЙ

n. Matrix, womb.
-- dur oruxu. To be reincarnated.
-- jin kebtesi. Womb.
-- jin tøryl abxu. To be reincarnated.
-- nigety. Blood brothers or sisters.

UMAR-A / УМАР

n. and adj. North.
-- dorun-a. Northeast.
-- zyg. North, in the north.

UMARAKI / УМАРХИ

adj. Situated in the north, northern.

UMARDU / УМАРД

See umartu.

UMARTA- / УМАРТАХ

[= marta-] v.t. To forget.
--xu ygei. Without forgetting, never forgetting, always remembering.

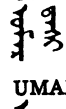
kezij-e cy --xu ygei. To forget never, remember always; unforgettable.

UMARTAГUL- / УМАРТУУЛАХ

v. caus. of umarta-.

UMARTAMTAГAI / УМАРТАМТГАЙ

adj. Forgetful.

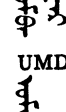
UMARTASI / УМАРТАШ

-- ygei. Unforgettable.

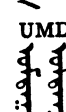
UMARTU / УМАРТ

[= umardu] adj. Northern.
-- tuil. North Pole, the arctic region.

UMBA- / УМБАХ

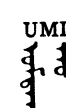
[= ombu-] v.t. To swim; to ford; to wallow in money or luxury.

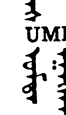
UMBAГAR / УМБАГАР

adj. Very soft.

UMDA / УМД, УНД

See umdaγan.

UMDAГA[N] / УМДАА(Н) УНДАА

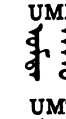
[= umda] n. Beverage, drink.
-- kyrky. To feel thirsty.
--n xangγaγaxu. To quench one's thirst.
-- xoγula. Food and drink.
serigyn -- . Cold drink.
xoγula -- . Nourishment.

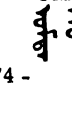
UMDAГAS- / УНДААСАХ, УмДААСАХ

v.i. To be thirsty.
--cu ykyky. To die from thirst.

UMDAГASXA- / УНДААСГАХ

v. caus. of umdaγas-.

UMDAГASXULANG / УМДААСГАЛАН

n. and adj. Thirst; thirsty.

UMDALA- / УНДЛАХ

v.t. To drink, quench one's thirst.

UMTA- / УНТАХ

[= unta-] v.i. To sleep.

--xu γazar. Place to sleep; bed, couch; bedroom.
--xu ger. Bedroom, sleeping quarters.
--zu xocurxu. To miss something on account of oversleeping.
bykyli ber ijen --xu. To sleep with one's clothes on.

UMTAГ-A / УНТАА
[n. imperfecti of umta-] adj. Sleeping.
-- ber. While asleep, during sleep.
-- deger-e inu. While he was asleep.

UMTAГUL- / УНТУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of umta-] To cause to sleep; to put to bed; to put to sleep.
--xu em. Sleep-inducing drug.
keyked i --xu. To put the children to bed.

UMTALГ-A / УНТЛАГА
n. The state of sleeping.

UMTARA- / УНТРАХ
[= untara-] v.i. To be extinguished, go out (of fire or light); to stall (of an engine); to stop, come to a standstill; to become numb. [A.G.] To sleep.
azíl --ba. Work has come to a standstill.
γal --ba. The fire has gone out.
køl --ba. Communication or traffic has ceased.

UMTARAГA- / УНТРААХ
[v. caus. of umtara- = untaraγa-] v.t. To extinguish a fire; to turn off the light.

UMTARAГALГ-A / УНТРААЛГА
n. The act of umtaraγa-; electric switch.

UMUГUR / УМГАР
adj. Narrow, tight; small (of an opening).

UMUI- / УМАЙХ
v.i. To become narrow, tight, or small (of an opening).

UMULZA- / УМАЛЗАХ
v. freq. of umui-.

UMZAD / УНЗАД
[T. dbu mdzad "chief actor"] n. Cantor; precentor in a choir of lamas.
-- daγu. Bass voice.

UN
Suffix of the genitive case used after substantives ending in a consonant other than "n".

UNA- / УНАХ
v.i. To fall, fall down, off, or out; to drop out; to slump; to set (of the sun).
--daγ ebedcin . Epilepsy.
--n bydyren. Falling and stumbling; precipitately.
--ń dusun. Hastily, precipitately.
alzijas-a --xu. To expose oneself to fatigue, worry, or affliction.
buruγu dur --xu. To fall into sin, error, or crime.
casu --xu. Snow falls; it snows.
dain dur -xu. To fall in battle.
ebderen --xu. To fall in ruin.
γazar --xu. To fall on the ground.
møren dur --zu ykyky. To be drowned in a river.
naran --xu caγ tu. At sunset.
øngge --xu. To fade (of color).
ysy --xu. To shed (of hair).

UNADAГ / УНАДАГ
[n.u. of una-] aj. Liable to fall.
-- ebedcin. Epilepsy.

UNAГ-A, 1. / УНАА
n. The act of una-; defeat in a game.

UNAГ-A(N), 2. / УНАГА
n. Foal up to one year old, yearling colt.
-- orkixu = -- xajaxu. To miscarry a foal.

UNAГA- / УНАГААХ
[v. caus. of una-] v.t. To throw off or down, overthrow; to drop.
buruγu dur --xu. To lead into sin, error, or crime; to seduce.
cokin --xu. To hit and cause to fall; to overthrow.
jal-a --xu. To put the blame for a crime on somebody; to accuse, indict.
keyked --xu. To cause a miscarriage.
modu --xu. To fell a tree.
tamu dur --xu. To plunge another into hell.
tylkin --xu. To upset, throw off; to overthrow.
zasaγ i --xu. To overthrow the government.

UNAGALA- / УНАГАЛАХ



v.t. To foal.
--xu gegyy. Mare with foal.

UNAGAN / УНАГАН



adj. Born, inborn, having certain characteristics from birth. Cf. unaγ-a.
-- aimaγ. Native aimaγ, q.v.
-- albatu. A subject or bondsman from birth.
-- boγul. Slave or serf born in the household of his master.
-- nomtan. [Mo.] Christian born of Christian parents.
-- nutuγ. Native place.
-- ziruγ-a. A horse able to travel at an amble since birth.

UNAGULI / УНУУЛ



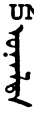
-- køgyrge. Drawbridge.

UNAL / УНАЛ



n. The act of falling or collapsing; perdition; mistake, error, fault, crime, sin.
-- namancilaxu. To confess one's sins.

UNALTA / УНАЛТ



n. Fall; setting (as of the sun or stars); decline, ruin; subversion, deposition (as of a sovereign).

UNANGKI



[Go.] adj. Fallen down, hanging down.

UNDA / УНД



Same as umdaγ-a(n).

UNDUGULIG



adj. Slightly raised, projecting or protuberant.
-- boruγ-a. A long arrowhead made of cow's horns.

UNDUR- / УНДРАХ



v.i. To rise; to increase; to spurt out, gush forth; to seethe, boil; to be inexhaustible, interminable; to come to light (of something unpleasant); to be arrogant, haughty.
kereg --xu. To come to light (of something unpleasant).

UNDURGUL- / УНДРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of undur-] v.t. To raise; to increase, augment; to extol, praise.

UNDURUL / УНДРАЛ



n. The act of undur-; inexhaustible source.
sujul un --. An inexhaustible source of culture.

UNDURULG-A / УНДАРЛАГА



n. Something gushing forth or spurting out.

UNDUSTAN



[Go.] n.p. Hindustan.

UNGGA- / УНГАХ



v.i. To break wind.

UNGGAR / УНГАР



n.p. and adj. Hungary; Hungarian.

UNGGARAG



Same as ungγarang.

UNGGARANG / УНГАРАН(Г)



n. One who breaks wind often.

UNGGARIL / УНГАРАЛ



n. Down from the seeds of plants.
modun u --. Down from the seeds of trees.

UNGGASU(N), 1. / УНГАС



[≈ ungγusu(n)] n. Wool.
--n eamca. Woolen sweater.
--n oimusu. Woolen socks.
-- ukijaxu γazar. Wool-washing establishment or department.

UNGGASU(N), 2. / УНГАС



[≈ ungγusu(n)] n. Gas generated in the stomach or bowels, flatus.
-- aldaxu. To break wind; to talk nonsense (invective).

UNGGASUTAI / УНГАСТАЙ



[≈ ungγasutu] adj. Having wool, woolly.

UNGGASUTU / УНГАСТ



See ungγasutai.

UNGGUD- / УНГАДАХ



v.i. To smolder, burn without flame; to get wet; to run, spread, or dissolve (as ink in water, etc.).

UNGГUL-

v.i. To get wet; to become damp.

UNGГUSU(N)

See ungγasu(n), 1 and 2.

UNGKILA-

v.t. To seek a mate (of deer during mating season).

UNGSI- / УНШИХ

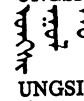
v.t. To read, recite.
--n cegezileky. To read and memorize.
--n sonusxaxu. To read to someone.
--xu debter = --xu nom. Reader (textbook).
--zu øgky. To read to someone.
duuγarcu --xu. To read aloud.
nom --xu. To recite the scripture or a sacred text; to read a book.

UNGSIГCI / УНШИГЧ

n. Reader (person).

UNGSIГUL- / УНШУУЛАХ

[v.caus. of ungsi-] To cause to read.

UNGSILГ-A(N) / УНШЛАГА

n. Reading (mostly of religious books); daily recitation, lesson of a monk.
-- jin kyrij-e. School of reading (rel.).
-- jin tangkim. Reading room.
--n u ger. Reading room.

UNGSILГACI / УНШЛАГАЧ

n. Reader, one who reads.

UNGSIMAR / УНШМААР

adj. Fit for reading; one should read (predic.).

UNI(N) / УНЬ

n. Poles of a yurt between the xan-a (q.v.) and the toγunu (q.v.).
-- elgyky. To attach or hook on the uni of a yurt.

UNIJAR / УНИАР

n. Mist, haze, vapor.
-- tataxu. Same as unijartu-.

UNIJARTAI / УНИАРТАЙ

[= unijartu] adj. Hazy, misty, emitting vapors.

UNIJARTU / УНИАРТ

See unijartai.

UNIJARTU- / УНИАРТАХ

v.i. To be[come] covered with mist or haze.

UNTA- , etc. / УНТАХ

See umta-, etc.

UNTAГ-A

[= ontuγ-a] n. Deceit, untruth; illusion.
-- ygei. Without illusion; truly, veritably.

UNTAГADU-

[= untuγadu-] v.i. To be in danger of, be nearly to happen.
bi unaxu --ba. I almost fell down.

UNTAГADUГUL-

v. caus. of untaγadu-.

UNTARA-, etc.

See umtara-, etc.

UNTUГADU-

See untaγadu-.

UNTUГU(N) / УНТУУ

n. Anger, irritability.
-- kyrky. To be[come] angry or irritated.

UNTUГUCA- / УНТУУЦАХ

v.i. To be[come] angry or irritated.

UNTUГUCAL / УНТУУЦАЛ

n. Anger, irritation, indignation.

UNTUГURXA- / УНТУУРХАХ

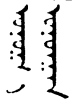
v.i. To become angry, enraged, irritated.

UNU- / УНАХ

v.t. To sit or ride astride; to mount (as a horse).
--xu mori. Saddle horse.
duγui --xu. To ride a bicycle.

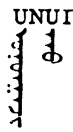
kerem --xu. To sit astride a wall.
kyzygyn deger-e --xu. To ride on someone's neck (actually or fig.); to take advantage.
masin --xu. To ride in an automobile (neol.).
mori --xu. To ride on horseback.

UNUГ-A(N) / УНАА



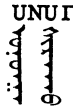
n. Means of transportation; saddle animal (horse, camel, etc.).
-- maγutai. Lacking means of transportation or saddle animals.
--n dur maγu. Poor horseman; poor working beast.
mori --. Saddle animals.

UNUГAZI- / УНААЖИХ



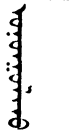
v.i. To become rich in or well provided with saddle animals.

UNUГASIRA- / УНАШРАХ



v.i. To be[come] exhausted (of working animals).

UNUГUL- / УНУУЛАХ



v. caus. of unu-.
--zu talbixu. To put something astride something.
morin dur --xu. To assist someone to mount a horse.
mori --xu. To let one ride a horse; to give a horse as a gift (usually to a child from his relatives).

UNULГ-A / УНАЛГА



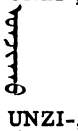
Same as unuγ-a(n).

UNZAD



See umzad.

UNZI-, 1. / УНЖИХ



--xu ukilaxu. To cry, lament.
uilan --n. Lamenting, crying.

UNZI-, 2.



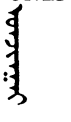
See unzii-.

UNZIГ / УНЖИГ



-- sanziγ. Dangling, hanging loosely and swinging; tattered.

UNZIГAI



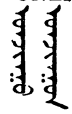
Same as unzigir.

UNZIГAR / УНЖГАР



See unzigir.

UNZIГU(N) / УНЖУУ



adj. Hanging, pendent; baggy, loose-hanging, droopy; long-lasting, protracted.
-- uruγul. Drooping lip.

UNZIГUL- / УНЖУУЛАХ



v. caus. of unzi-.

UNZIГURГ-A / УНЖУУРГА



n. Pendant.

UNZIGNA- / УНЖГАНАХ



Same as unzilza-.

UNZIGIR / УНЖГАР



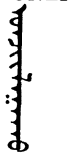
[= unziγar] adj. Pendent, hanging, drooping, dragging along the ground; lanky; weak, sickly.
-- kymyn. Lanky person; sickly or weak person.

UNZII- / УНЖИЙХ



[= unzi-, 2] v.i. To hang down, be suspended; to drag along the ground; to droop; to be weak or sickly.
--γsan uruγul. Drooping lip.

UNZIILГA- / УНЖИЙЛГАХ



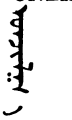
[v. caus. of unzii-] v.t. To hang, suspend, made droopy.
segyl ijen --xu. To let the tail hang down; (fig.) to show one's true colors.
uruγul ijen --xu. To pout; to sulk.

UNZILA-



v.t. To hang, suspend.

UNZILГ-A / УНЖЛАГА



n. and adj. Pendant, something that hangs or is suspended; plumb; pendent, hanging, suspended (of ornaments, ribbons, etc.).

UNZILГATAI / УНЖЛАГАТАЙ



adj. Having a pendant or a plumb.
-- tegsi kemzij-e. A level with a plumb.

UNZILIГ



adj. and n. Pendent, suspended, hanging; something hanging, pendant.

-- kebelity. Having a flabby belly.
cikin u -- . Lobe of the ear.

UNZILZA- / УНЖИЛЗАХ
v.i. To dangle.

UNZING / УНЖИН
-- sanzing. Dangling, hanging loosely and swinging; tattered.
debel inu -- sanzing bolba. His clothes were tattered.

UNZIR / УНЖИР
-- sanzir. Dangling, hanging loosely and swinging; tattered.

UNZIRA- / УНЖРАХ
v.i. To become numb; to stiffen (as from cold); to last or take a long time.
xural --ba. The meeting lasted a long time.

UR
n. Excrescence or burr on a tree; tumor.

URA-
See uru-.

URACILA- / УРЧЛАХ
v.t. To do something well, artistically, or skillfully.

URACUD / УРЧУУД
[pl. of uran] n. Artisans, craftsmen.
γar un -- . Handicraftsmen.

URAI / УРАЙ
n. and interj. Hurrah.
-- xaskirxu. To shout hurrahs.

URAILA- / УРАЙЛАХ
v.i. To shout hurrahs.

URALA- / УРЛАХ
v.t. To do or make something artistically or skillfully; to be dexterous; to be crafty, tricky, or cunning.
--n darxalaxu γazar. Workshop of a craftsman.
--xu γazar. Art studio.
ziruγ --xu. To paint a picture.

URALAL / УРЛАЛ
n. Art, the fine arts; handicraft.

dyrsyleky -- . Imitative art.
γar un -- . Handicraft[s].

URALALГ-A / УРЛАЛГА
n. Art, craft.

URALIU / УРЛАГУУ
adj. Soft, elastic, flexible, resilient; pleasant.
-- mori . Tractable horse.
-- sain numu. A good resilient bow.

URALIГ, 1. / УРЛАГ
n. and adj. Art, craft; artful, skillful.
dyrsyleky -- . Imitative art.

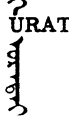
URALIГ, 2. / УРЛАГ
n. Comarum Salesovianum (plant).

URAN / УР(АН)
n., adj. and adv. Artist, craftsman; art, craft; artistic; crafty; artistically, masterly, skillfully.
-- arγ-a. Clever idea; crafty maneuver.
-- arγ-a tai. Clever and resourceful, shrewd.
-- barilγaci. Architect.
-- barimalci. Sculptor.
-- bytygel. Artistic accomplishment, work of art.
-- cidaburi. Artistic ability or talent.
-- darxan. Skillful artisan or smith.
-- eleglel. Satire.
-- eleglegci. Satirist.
-- γarγaxu. To show skill or mastery.
-- kymyn. Clever or skillful person.
-- nairaγulγ-a. Belles-lettres, literature.
-- saixan. Art, fine arts.
-- saixan daγu. Sweet and beautiful voice.
-- saixan u. Artistic.
-- sibaγu. Titmouse penduline titmouse, Parus pendulinus (Ch. lu-wei-niao 蘆鶲鳥).
-- silygci. Poet.
-- xarijacai. Domestic swallow.
-- xazin. Mandarin duck (Ch. yüan-yang 鴛鴦, an aquatic bird, symbol of love; when one of the pair dies, the other will follow)
-- yge. Crafty or cunning words, "diplomatic" speech or expression; elegant words, eloquence.
-- ziruγci. Painter, artist.
-- zokijal. Work of art; literature, belles-lettres.

-- zokijalci. Writer, author.
xongsijar --. Witty, smooth-tongued.

URANGXAI

See urungxai.

URATAI / УРТАЙ

adj. Having skill, skillful, artistic.
γar un --. Skillful with one's hands.

URAX-A(N) / УРХ(АН)

n. Net, snare for catching birds.

URAXABCI / УРХАВЧ

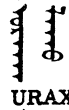
n. Bird trap.

URAXACI / УРХЧ

n. Maker of bird traps; catcher of birds.

URAXADA- / УРХДАХ

v.t. To catch birds with a trap or snare.

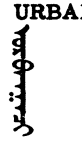
URAXALA- / УРХЛАХ

Same as uraxada-.

URAXAN / УРХАН

adj. Skillful, dexterous, adroit; clever, cunning, artful.

URBA- / УРВАХ

v.i. To turn around or aside; to turn back; to break away from; to turn against, betray one's allegiance, desert ; to turn into, change into; to prolapse (as rectum).
--γsan eteged. Betrayers, renegades.
--γsan kymyn. Traitor, renegade.
--γsan xulaγai. Traitor, renegade.
--n kørbeky. To turn and roll in sleep.
--n terslegci. Rebel, traitor.
--xu ygei. Remaining steadfast, firm or unchangeable; irreversible.
--zu ireky. To turn back; to desert from the enemy.
xoskinaγ --xu. Prolapsus of the rectum (med.).

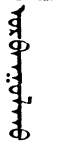
URBAΓACI / УРВААЧ

n. and adj. Fickle or inconstant (person); turncoat.

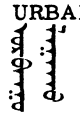
URBAΓCI / УРВАГЧ

[pres. part. of urba-] n. and adj. Traitor, betrayer, renegade; traitorous.
ulus ece --. Traitor to one's own country.

URBAΓUL / УРВУУЛ

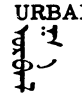
n. Deserter, fugitive.

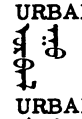
URBAΓUL- / УРВУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of urba-] v.t. To turn over or inside out; to cause to turn away or aside; to incite a revolt; to translate (rare).
--uγci. One who turns or changes; the 36th year of the sexagesimal cycle.
em bolγan --xu. To convert into medicine, compound a medicine.
enedkeg kelen-e --xu. To translate into the Indian tongue (Sanskrit).
ner-e ji --xu. To change one's own or another person's name.
sirui --xu. To work the soil.

URBAΓULΓA- / УРВУУЛГАХ

v. caus. of urbaγul-.

URBAL / УРВАЛ

n. Turning, changing; chemical reaction.
-- kørbel. Changeability, variability, instability.
-- ygei. Invariably, without turning or changing, irrevocably, eternally.

URBALΓ-A / УРВАЛГА

n. Instability, changeability, inconstancy, fickleness.

URBALΓU

n. Brown owl (Ch. hsiu-liu 鵂鶹).

URBALKILA- / УРВАЛХИЛАХ

v.t. and i. To change, transform; to be inconstant

URBALTA / УРВАЛТ

n. The act of urba-; turning , turnover, overthrow; treason, treachery.

URBAM-A / УРВАМ

adj. Capable of betraying.

URBAMAL
[n. d. of urba-] adj. Varied, changed; turned over.

URBAMTAГAI
adj. Inconstant, shifty, fickle; treacherous.

URDUГUR / УРДУУР
adv. In front of; along the southern side.
-- γarxu. To pass in front of.
-- jabuxu. To go in front of someone or something.

URГ-A(N) / УРГА
[= uγurγ-a] n. A long wooden pole with a loop on the end used to catch horses.
--n u mori. Especially trained horse of an urγaci.
--n u xuiba. The leather loop of the urγ-a.

URГACI / УРГАЧ
n. One who catches horses with an urγ-a. [X. Z.] Thief.

URГACIN / УРГАЧИН
n. Female titmouse.

URГADA- / УРГАДАХ
Same as urγala-.

URГALA- / УРГАЛАХ
v.t. To catch a horse with an urγ-a.

URГALAГUL-
v. caus. of urγala-.

URГU- / УРГАХ
v.i. To grow, sprout; to appear, show up; to rise (of the sun).
--xu jin ulaγan nara. The rising sun (poetic).
iγcu --γsan modu. Dense thicket of trees; dense forest.
nara --xu. The sun rises.
saixan --γsan keyken. Beautiful girl.
tarij-a --γsan inu maγu. The crop is poor.

URГUCA / УРГАЦ
n. Harvest, yield, crop.
tarijan u --. The yield of a field, crop.

URГUГUL- / УРГУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of urγu-] v.t. To grow, raise, plant; to cause (as inconvenience or trouble).
jabudal --xu. To cause trouble, inconvenience.
saxal --xu. To grow a beard.
ysy ben urtu --xu. To wear one's hair long.

URГUI
n. Wood sorrel (Oxalis acetosella); Pulsatilla, (Anemone pulsatilla).
ulaγabur --. Iris sibirica.

URГULTA / УРГАЛТ
n. The act of urγu-; growing; harvest, yield, crop.

URГUMAL / УРГАМАЛ
[n. d. of urγu-] n. and adj. Growing, grown; increasing; plant, vegetation.
-- naran. The rising sun.
-- un aimaγ. The world of plants, flora.
-- un [aimaγ i sinzileky] uxaγan. Botany.
-- un sudulul. Botany.
-- un tegybyri. Plant collection, herbarium.
-- [un] zyi. Botany.
em yn --. Medicinal plant or herb.

URI(N) / УРЬ, УРИН
n. and adj. Warm weather; thaw; warm.
-- ideky. To dry in the wind.
--n caγ. Warm time of the year.
--n dulaγan. Warm time of the year.
--n zøgelen. Friendly, warm, kind.
-- oruxu. The thaw sets in.
-- unaxu. To become warmer; the thaw sets in.

URI- / УРИХ
v.t. To call, summon, invite; to invoke a deity; to recite sacred texts, murmur prayers.
boruγan --xu. To pray for rain.
emci --xu. To call in a physician.
zocid i --xu. To invite guests.

URID / УРЬД
[cf. urida, uridu] adv., adj. and postpos. Before, formerly, in advance, beforehand, previous to.
-- ece. In advance, ahead of time, beforehand, previously.
-- edyr. On the eve (of a certain day).

-- ijer. Beforehand, in advance.
-- jabuγulxu. To send ahead.
-- odxu. To precede, go first.
-- sar-a. Last month.
-- un adali ber As before, as previously.
-- urida. Previous[ly], former[ly].
-- urid ece. Long since, ages ago.
-- xozid i medeky. To know the beginning and the end, the whole story.
abxu jin -- . Before taking.
egyn y -- . Before this, previously.
jaγun u -- . Before all, above all, in the first place, first of all.
kedyn xonuγ un -- . Several days ago.

URID-

See urida-.

URIDA / УРЬД

[cf. urid, uridu] adv. Before, formerly, in advance, beforehand .
-- ber. Beforehand, in advance.
-- ece = uridaca. Beforehand; since olden times.
-- ece edyge kyrtel-e. From long ago to the present.
-- ece medeky. To foresee, foreknow.
-- ece sergeileky. To take precautions against, protect against in advance, take preventive measures.
-- ece siidbyrileky. To predetermine, decide beforehand.
-- ece siidygsen sanaγ-a. Preconceived notion, prejudice.
-- ece toγtaγaxu. To predestine, foreordain; to decide beforehand.
-- γarxu. To forestall.
-- jin. Former, previous.
-- ki. See uridaki.
-- oruγsan ysyg. The prefixed "silent" consonants in Tibetan.

URIDA- / УРЬДАХ

[= urid-] v.i. To walk or be in front of, ahead of, precede; to leave behind; to forestall, anticipate, be before another in doing or acting; to have priority, take precedence.
--zu ysyrky. To jump ahead of a person; to jump first.

URIDACA / УРЬДААС

See urida ece.

URIDAKI / УРЬДАХ

[= urida ki, uriduki] adj. Fore, front, preliminary, preceding, previous.
-- ece sain. More beautiful than before.
-- edyr. Eve, the day preceding some important event.
-- josun ijer. According to precedent, as before.
-- mety. As before.
-- nøkycel. Premise, prerequisite.
-- yj-e. Preceding generation or period.
dain u --. Prewar.
dain u -- baidal. Prewar situation or conditions.

URIDAL / УРЬДАЛ

n. State or quality of being prior or before in space, time, order, or importance.
-- bolγaxu. To consider of primary importance, give preference or priority over everything else.

URIDALA-

v.i. To do something before something else, give precedence or priority.
--n. Beforehand, previously, pre- ; early enough.

URIDAXAN

See uridxan.

URIDCILA- / УРЬДЧИЛАХ

[= uriducila-] v.i. and t. To do in advance; to give priority; to advance (as a loan); to get or give an advance payment; to do as before.
--γsan kelelcege. Preliminary negotiations.
--n boduxu. To compute beforehand; to estimate; to budget.
--n jabuxu. To go in advance.
--n φgky. To give in advance; to advance (as a loan).
--n sanaγulxu. To warn, notify beforehand, draw a person's attention to.
--n ergeileky. To take precautions; to do or apply prophylactically; prophylaxis.
mønggy --xu. To borrow money.

URIDCILAГ-A(N) / УРЬДЧИЛГАА(Н)
n. Advance payment.
-- abxu. To take an advance payment.

URIDCILAГUL- /
[v. caus. of uridcila-] To advance (as money, salary).

URIDCILAL / УРЬДЧИЛАЛ
n. The act or state of uridcila-.
-- nøkycel. Premise, prerequisite.

URIDDA-
[= urisla-] v.i. To precede, be in front; to forestall, anticipate, be before another in doing or acting.

URIDLA-
v.i. and t. To forestall, anticipate; to be before another in doing or acting; to do something in advance.

URIDU / УРД
[cf. urid, urida] adj. Former, past, preceding; old; southern; front.
-- bej-e. Front of the body.
-- caγ tu. Once upon a time, in former times.
-- caγ un. Old (of time), ancient.
-- ece. In advance, from the front of.
-- ece esergyceky. To repulse, resist.
-- edyr. The past day, the day before yesterday; the day before, on the eve of.
-- jin kymyn. Old-timer (lit.: " a man of the past").
-- jin -- sar-a. The month before last.
-- ki. See uridaki.
-- tai-a. Southern region or side.
-- tørygsen. Earlier-born, older, elder.
-- zil. Last year.
-- zyg. South, southern side or region, front side.

URIDUCILA-
See uridcila-.

URIDUDA / УРЬДАД
adv. Formerly.

URIDUKI / УРЬДАХЬ
See uridaki.

URIDUS
[pl . of uridu] n. Ancestors, elders.

URIDXA-
v.t. and i. To forestall, anticipate, be before another in doing or acting; to do something in advance.

URIDXAN / УРЬДХАН
[= uridaxan] adj. Somewhat earlier, a little before, just a little while ago.

URIГ-A
Same as urax-a(n).

URIГUL- / УРИУЛАХ
v. caus. of uriγ.

URIJ-A / УРИА
n. Invitation; appeal, call; summons; slogan; allurement; whistle used to lure hawks and gerfalcons; decoy birds used in catching wild hawks.
-- tataxu. To sound the bugle call for assembly (mil.).
-- temdeg. Political slogan; merchant's sign.
-- tungxaγ. Appeal.
-- xaskiraxu. To shout a slogan.

URIJADA- / УРИАДАХ
v.t. To appeal, call; to signal; to use a slogan; to lure, decoy.

URIJALA- / УРИАЛАХ
v.t. To invite; to call up ; to appeal to, make an appeal; to use a slogan.
--n daγudaxu. To invite, call, appeal.

URIJALAГ-A / УРИАЛГА
n. Appeal, call, invitation; proclamation, slogan.

URIJALAL / УРИАЛАЛ
n. Call, appeal; invitation.

URIJANGXAI / УРИАНХАЙ
n. p. Urianghai, old name of the people and country of Tuva or Tannu-Tuva.

URILA-, 1. / УРИЛАХ
v.i. To be passionate, angry, enraged; to hate.
--xui sedkil ijer. Angrily.

URILA-, 2.



Same as uri-.

URILГ-A / УРИЛГА



n. Invitation; recitation of tarni (q.v.), scriptures, prayers.

-- jin bicig. Written invitation.

-- jin xaγudasu . Invitation card or note.

URIN, 1. / УРИН



n. Ardent passion, anger, dislike.

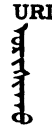
-- kiling. Great anger, fury.

URIN, 2 / УРИН



Same as uri(n).

URISI- / УРЬШИХ



v.i. To become warm (of weather) , for the thaw to set in; to dry in the open air (as meat, etc.); to thaw (as frozen milk).

URISLA-



See uridda-.

URIX-A(N) / УРХИ(Н)



Same as urax-a(n).

URIXAN / УРЬХАН



adj. Soft, flexible.

URKIRA- / УРХИРАХ



v.i. To roar, bellow ; to growl.

--xu urum. Whistle used to lure deer.

bux-a --mui. The bull bellows.

URKIRAL / УРХИРАЛ



n. The act of urkira-; roar, bellow; to growl.

URM-A / УРАМ



[pl. urmas] n. Spiritual uplift, enthusiasm, inspiration; spirit; interest; stimulus.

-- oruγulaγci. Stimulator.

-- oruxu. To cheer up; to become enthusiastic; to feel stimulated.

-- xarixu. To be discouraged or despairing, disappointed.

-- xuγuraxu. To be discouraged, disappointed or despairing.

-- ygei. Without inspiration or enthusiasm; low in spirit, depressed.

-- zasaxu. To inspire, inject enthusiasm.

-- zoriγ. Inspiration, enthusiasm, zeal.

-- zoriγ oruγulxu. To inspire, encourage.

-- zoriγtan. Enthusiasts.

URMAS / УРАМС



pl. of urm-a.

-- xuγulxu. To discourage ; to despair.

URMASI- / УРАМШИХ



v.i. To cheer up; to be[come] encouraged, enthusiastic, inspired or stimulated.

URMASIГUL- / УРАМШУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of urmasi-] v.t. To cheer up; to make interested, stimulate, encourage, spur on, inspire.

--un køkigylky. To inspire, interest, stimulate encourage, spur on.

URMATAI / УРАМТАЙ



adj. Cheerful; stimulated; having enthusiasm or interest.

azil ijen -- ber kiky. To do one's work with enthusiasm.

URSIГ / УРШИГ



n. Trouble, nuisance, troublesome matter; fault; bad consequence or aftereffect.

-- bolxu. To cause or bring trouble.

-- jarsiγ. Nuisance, trouble.

-- uduxu. To start or stir up trouble.

cinu -- ijer kereg maγu bolba. It was your fault.

jeke .-- . Great trouble.

URSIГLA- / УРШИГЛАХ



v.t. To cause trouble.

URSIГTAI / УРШИГТАЙ



[= ursiγtu] adj. Faulty, evil, bad; troublesome.

URSIГTU / УРШИГТ



See ursiγtai.

URTU / УРТ



adj. and n. Long (in time and space); length.

-- ber ijen. In length, lengthwise.

-- bolγaxu. To lengthen (v.t.).

-- cikity. Long-eared; (one) who always learns the latest news before everyone else.

-- døгbelzin. Rectangle.

-- egesig. Long vowel.

-- jin kemzij-e. Length (measurement).
-- keletei. Talkative; gossiper.
-- kycy. Permanent or long-term worker.
-- mφren . Yang-tzu River (Ch. ch'ang-chiang 長江).
-- nasu. Long life, longevity.
-- nasulaxu boltuγai. May you live long!
-- xuγucaγ-a. Long term.
-- zam. Long way, long road.
mingγan kilometr -- γoul. A river 1,000 kilometers long.

URTUBTUR / УРТАВТАР
adj. Somewhat long.

URTUCI
n. Clay vessel with a narrow neck.

URTUD- / УРТДАХ
v.i. To last, continue, be[come] long; to be[come] too long.

URTUDA
adv. Long.
egyn i -- kylijebesy ber. Although I waited for this a long time.

URTUDXA- / УРТАТГАХ
[v. caus. of urtud-] To lengthen, prolong; to continue.
nasun i --xu. To prolong life.

URTUDXAГUL-
v. caus. of urtudxa-.

URTUГASI / УРТААШ
adv. Lengthwise.
-- kemziky . To measure the length.

URTUГCIN
-- numu. [Go.] n. Bow covered with buffalo horn.

URTURIГ / УРТРИГ
n. Longitude; meridian.

URTUSXA- / УРТАСГАХ
v.t. To lengthen.

URTUXAN / УРТХАН
adj. Somewhat long or oblong.

URU- / УРАХ
[= ura-] v.t. To tear, rip; to bite.

URUГ / УРАГ
n. Relatives by marriage; fetus.
-- barilduxu. To become related by marriage.
-- bolxu. To be[come] related by marriage.
-- bolulcaxu. To become related through marriage.
-- eligen. Relatives.
-- sadun. Relatives.
-- tariγ. Distant relatives.
-- tøryl. Relatives.
-- unaγaxu. To have a miscarriage.
xad un -- . Family of the khan.

URUГDA- / УРАГДАХ
[v. pass. of uru-] To be[come] torn.

URUГLA-
v.i. To be[come] related by marriage.

URUГSA- / УРАГСАХ
v.i. To be friendly to one's own relatives; to pretend to be a relative.

URUГSI / УРАГШ
adv. and n. Forward, onward, ahead, in the future; southward.
-- akixu. To push forward.
-- ben jabuxu. To walk, go forward, march on.
-- dabsixu. To move forward, advance, progress
-- γarγaxu. To put out in front, push forward.
-- ireky. To come forward.
-- negyky. To move southward.
-- xoisi. Back and forth.
-- ygei. Not succeeding, unsuccessful[ly], without progress; good-for-nothing.
-- ygei kymyn. Good-for-nothing person, failure.
egyn ece -- . From now on, in the future.
nige alxum -- . One step forward.

URUГSID- / УРАГШИДАХ
v.i. To be too much in front or ahead.

URUГSIDA / УРАГШИД
adv. Forward; in the future.

URUГSIKI / УРАГШИХ
adj. Which is ahead or in the future.

URUГSILA- / УРАГШЛАХ
v.i. To move forward, advance, progress; to go south.

URUГSILAГUL- / УРАГШЛУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of uruγsila-] v.t. To make advance or progress.

URUГSITAI / УРАГШТАЙ
adj. Successful.
azil -- bain-a. Work progresses successfully.

URUГU / УРУУ, РУУ
adj., adv., and postpos. Downward; downstream; toward.
-- baγuraxu. To fall downward, decline.
-- baγuxu. To go downward, descend.
-- ben jabuxu. To go down; to be on the decline.
-- ben oruxu. To go downward.
-- ben xaraxu. To look down; to turn upside down, keel over, capsize.
-- cirai. Downcast appearance, sad face.
-- γazar. Slope.
-- inu xaraγulxu. To make look down; to cause to capsise, upset, overturn, tip over.
-- saγuxu. To have diarrhea.
-- tataxu. To corrupt or spoil someone; to set a bad example.
-- ykence. Good-for-nothing; downtrodden.
aγula jin -- . Down the mountain.
φgede -- ygei. Up and down in a haphazard manner.
surγaγuli -- . Toward the school.
terigyn -- asxaxu. To pour on the head.

URUГUDA- / УРУУДАХ
v.i. To go downward, downhill, down the wind or downstream; to decline, become degraded.
--xu xous egesig. Falling diphthong.
salkin --xu. To move down the wind.

URUГUDAГUL- / УРУУДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of uruγuda-.

URUГUL / УРУУЛ
n. Lip[s] .
-- ben xazaxu. To bite one's lips.

degedy -- . Upper lip.
doγudu -- . Lower lip.

URULDU- / УРАЛДАХ
v.i. To race; to compete.
--xu γazar. Race track, racecourse.
--xu mori. Race horse.

URULDUГAN / УРАЛДААН
[= urulduly-a] n. Contest, match, competition, tournament, race.
-- u manglai. Leaders in a competition.
neigem zirum un -- . Socialist competition.
sitar-a jin -- . Chess tournament.

URULDUГUL- / УРАЛДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of uruldu-.

URULDULГ-A / УРАЛДЛАГА
See urulduγan.

URUM / УРАМ
n. Hunter's whistle or bugle for luring deer; birdcall.

URUMDA- / УРАМДАХ
v t.&i. To lure deer with a hunter's whistle; to lure with a birdcall; to bellow (of deer and bulls).

URUMDAL / УРАМДАЛ
n. The act of luring deer with a whistle.

URUNGXAI / УРАНХАЙ
[= urangxai] adj. and n. Torn, threadbare, shabby; something torn, tatters, rags.
-- xubcasu . Tatters, rags.

URUS- / УРСАХ
v.i. To flow, run, stream; to float, drift; to dissolve.
nilbusun --xu. Tears are flowing.
usu --xu. Water is running or streaming.

URUSUГUL- / УРСУУЛАХ
See urusxa-.

URUSXA- / УРСГАХ
[= urusuγul-, v. caus. of urus-] To cause to flow; to shed, pour; to float.

cisun i --xu. To shed blood.
modu --xu. To float timber.
tarijan dur usu --n oruγulxu. To irrigate the field.

URUSXAL / УРСГАЛ

n. and adj. Stream, flow, current of water or air; running, flowing.
-- ijer inu talbixu. To let something take its natural course.
-- i sørky. To go against the stream (also fig.).
-- un cinar. Fluidity.
-- usu. Flowing water.
aγar un -- . Current of air.
degedy -- . Upper stream.
doγadu -- . Lower stream.
jirtincy jin -- . World trends, tide of public opinion.

URZI

-- edyr [= urzidur, urziγdur]. Day before yesterday.

URZIDUR / УРЖДАР

See urzi.

URZIGDUR / УРЖИГДАР

See urzi.

URZINAN

See urzinun.

URZINUN / УРЖНАН(Г)

[= urzinan] n. The year before last.
-- zil. Id.

USAD- / УСТАХ

v.i. To be annihilated; to perish; to disappear.

USADXA- / УСТГАХ

[v. caus. of usad-] v.t. To extinguish, annihilate, eradicate, liquidate; to abolish, annul.
--n kiḍuxu. To kill, destroy, exterminate.
ceberlen --xu. To uproot, expurgate.
gem i --xu. To remove evil; to get rid of faults.
gemty boduly-a ji --xu. To nullify harmful plans.

USADXAGUL- / УСТГУУЛАХ

v. caus. of usadxa-.

USADXAL / УСТГАЛ

n. Extinction, annihilation, liquidation.

USNIR

[S. ushnīsha, anything wound around the head, turban; cranial protuberance of certain buddhas] n. Hair on the crown of the head; coiffure, hairdress; turban.

USNIRLA-

v.t. To tie the hair into a topknot.

USNIRTU

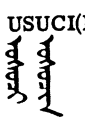
adj. Having the hair tied into a knot on the top of the head.
-- malaγ-a. Type of hat worn by Buddhist monks.

USU(N) / УС

n. Water; body of water.
-- abxu. To get water; inundation, flood.
-- cidxuxu. To pour water in.
--n buduγ. Water color.
--n douraki . Underwater, submarine (adj.).
--n du oruxu. To enter the water; to bathe.
--n dur abtaγdaxu. To be carried away by water; to be flooded or inundated.
--n dur sain. Able to swim.
--n dur ykyky. To be drowned.
--n sang. Water reservoir, cistern, tank; sea; ocean.
--n teneg. Complete fool.
--n tngri. Water god (myth.).
--n u ajul. Calamity caused by flood or inundation.
--n u kyrdy. Water wheel.
--n u sibaγu . Aquatic bird.
--n xuluγan-a bolxu. To be dripping wet.
-- uγuxu xubi. One's destiny to live on or survive.
-- uγuxu xubitai. Destined to live on or survive.
γal --n u ajul. Calamity caused by the action of one or several of the four elements, esp. fire and water.
sir-a -- . Yellow water; snow water; whey, "buttermilk"; gout, podagra; rheumatism; the watery content of a blister.

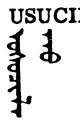
USUBKI / УСАВХЬ

adj. Watery, liquid; tasteless.



USUCI(N) / УСЧ

n. and adj. Water-carrier; pertaining to water.
-- xuluγan-a. Water rat.



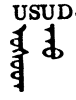
USUCILA- / УСЧЛАХ

v.t. and i. To carry water; to swim, navigate.
--n jabuxu. To go by swimming; to go by water.



USUCILAL / УСЧЛАЛ

n. Navigation; swimming.



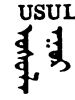
USUD- / УСДАХ, УСТАХ

v.i. To become watery or soaked; to blister; to abound in water.



USULA- / УСЛАХ

v.t. To water animals; to irrigate, water.
ceceg --xu. To water flowers.
mal --xu. To water animals.
tarijalang i --xu. To irrigate a field.



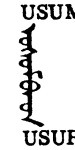
USULAΓUR / УСЛУУР

n Watering place or pond.



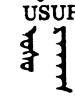
USULIΓ / УСЛАГ

adj. Watery.



USUMBAD

[S. upasampada] n. Full ordination of a monk.
-- bolxu. To become a gelyng (q.v.).



USURXAΓ / УСАРХАГ

adj. Watery, aqueous; abounding in water.
-- boruγan. Heavy rain, shower.



USUTAI / УСТАЙ

[= usutu] adj. Having water; watery.



USUTU

See usutai.



USXAL / УСГАЛ

adj. and n. Gentle, modest, humble; peaceful; modesty, humbleness.
-- nomuxan. Gentle, humble, peaceful.
-- zøgelen. Gentle, friendly.



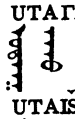
UTA

[= utaišan, Ch. wu-t'ai-shan 五台山] n. p. Wu-tai-shan mountains (famous massif in North China, holy to the Buddhists).



UTAΓ-A(N) / УТАА

See utuγ-a(n).



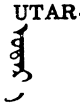
UTAΓA-

[Go.] v.i. To emit smoke.



UTAIŠAN

See uta.



UTAR-A

[S. uttara] adj. High, highest, top; northern; the best, perfect.



UTASU(N) / УТАС

n. Thread, line; electric wire or cable; telephone; telegraph; telegram.
-- ber jarilcaxu. To telephone; to speak to a person by telephone.
-- cokixu. To telegraph, cable.
-- jabuγulxu. To telegraph, cable.
--n tasiγur xoruxai. Kind of insect (Ch. t'u-ma-cha-tzu 土螞蚱子).
--n u xorij-a. Telegraph or telephone station or office.
-- ygei. Wireless.
baγlaγa -- . Skein of thread.
bajar un -- . Greeting or congratulatory telegram.
cakilγan -- . Electric line or wire; telegraph, telephone.
temyr -- . Metal wire, electric wire.
temyr --n u baγan-a. Telephone or telegraph pole.
temyr -- talbixu. To install electric or telegraph wires.
toryan -- . Silk thread.



UTASUDA- / УТАСДАХ

v.t. and i. To telephone, speak by telephone.

UTU

[Ko.] n. The ends of the chain of hunters in a battue.
-- abulcaxu. [Ko.] To close the chain of hunters in a battue.
-- dobtulumui. [Ko.] [The hunters] gallop from both sides in order to form the circle of the battue.

UTU- / УТАХ

v.t. To smoke, fumigate, cure with smoke;

to smoke out; to force animals into the open with smoke; to cense.
--γsan mix-a. Smoked meat.
tarbaγ-a --xu. To smoke out tarbaγans.
utulγ-a ber --xu. To fumigate with incense (for treatment or ritualistic purification).

UTUГ-A(N) / УТАА
[= utaγ-a(n)] n. Smoke.
-- γarxu. To smoke, emit smoke.
--n køsig. Smoke screen.
-- oruxu. To become permeated with smoke.
-- talbixu. To smoke, fumigate.
-- ygei. Smokeless.
temdeg --. Smoke signal.

UTUГADA- / УТААДАХ
v.i. and t. To smoke.

UTUГARI / УТААРЬ
n. Smokehouse.

UTUГATAI / УТААТАЙ
[= utuγatu] adj. Smoky.

UTUГATU / УТААТ
See utuγatai.
-- odu. Comet.

UTUГURCI(N)
n. Stand, frame, or hanger used in smoking meat.

UTULГ-A / УТЛАГА
n. The act of utu-; fragrant herbs burnt for censing.

UU, 1. YY / УУ , YY
Interr. particle at the end of sentences without interr. pron., adj. or adv. Also used with present-future tense to express a polite request.
amui uu. Is there? Have [you]? Is it?
møn yy. [Is it] right? [Is it] correct?
tegyn i nada øggyn-e yy. Will you please give it to me.

UU, 2.
See aγuu.

UU-
See uγu-.

UUCILA-
Same as aγucila-.

UUDALA-
Same as aγudala-.

UUГAN
See auγan.

UUГU-
See uγu-.

UUГUГ
Same as uγuruγ.

UUKIRA- / УУХИРАХ
v.i. To cry out; to sob, scream.

UUL / УУЛ
adj. Original, fundamental, radical, native; same; this very same, that very same; the aforementioned, the one in question.
-- ece. From the very beginning; in general.
-- γazar. Original or native place, place of origin.
-- jaγuman u ezen kymyn. The owner of the said objects.
-- nutuγ. Original or permanent residence, native place.
-- nutuγ un kymys. Natives.
-- toγtaγal. The said resolution; original decision.

UULA
Same as aγula.

UULALAГ
n. A kind of owl.

UULГ-A, 1. / УУЛГА
n. The act of pillaging, plundering; sudden or unexpected attack; that which is pillaged, loot, booty; vanguard; a light

UULГ-A, 2. / УУЛГА
n. Involuntary and mechanical imitation of the actions and words of another prompted by fear; the jumping disease (a neurotic condition).
-- aldaxu. To repeat mechanically the words of other people; to shriek with fright, repeating other people's words.

UULГA-

Same as uγulγa-.

UULГACI

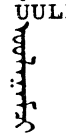
[A.T.] n. Vanguard.

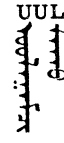
UULГALA- / УУЛГАЛАХ

v.t. To pillage, loot, seize as booty; to attack suddenly or unexpectedly.
--n bulιjaxu. To pillage, plunder.

UULГALГ-A

Same as uulγ-a, 1.

UULГAMCI / УУЛГАМЧ

n. A person who shouts vulgar words involuntarily; a person who is affected by jumping disease.

UULГAMCILA- / УУЛГАМЧЛАХ

v.i. To utter or shout vulgar words involuntarily; to imitate others' words or acts involuntarily (afftected by jumping disease).

UULГAR / УУЛГАР

adj. Panicky; absent-minded, forgetful.

UULГARID-

v.i. To be afraid, frightened, be in a panic, lose courage.

UULI

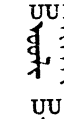
See uγuli.

UULI- / УУЛИХ

v.i. To be timid, afraid; to shy away, run away.

UULINCIR

n. A kind of owl (Ch. ch'ih-hsiao 鴟鴞).

UULINGXAI / УУЛИНХАЙ

A bird's crop.

UULIXAI / УУЛЬХАЙ

[= aγulixai] adj. and n. Timid, panicky; coward.

UULIXAIDA- / УУЛЬХАЙДАХ

[= uulixaila-] v.i. To fear, be frightened or timid; to lose courage.

UULIXAILA- / УУЛЬХАЙЛАХ

See uulixaida-.

UULZI-

See ylzi-.

UUR, 1. / УУР

n. Pit; pit for pounding millet, mortar (see also uγur); armpit; kind of dropsy; goiter.
-- møngge. A big birthmark.
kymyn y --. Goiter.
modun --. An excrescence on a tree.

UUR, 2. / УУР

adj. Pure.
-- mongγul. Purely Mongolian.

UUTA / УУТ

See uγuta.

UUXAI / УУХАЙ

interj. That's good, that's right; bravo.

UUZI

See uγuzi.

UUZIMAГ

Same as uγuzimaγ.

UXA- / УХАХ

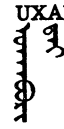
v.t. To understand, know, comprehend, realize.
--xui bilig. Gift of understanding; wisdom.
todurxai-a --xu. To understand clearly.

UXABURI / УХВАР

n. Understanding, comprehension; consciousness; imagination.
-- mederel. Consciousness.
-- ygei. Having no understanding or sense, slow-witted.

UXABURILA- / УХВАРЛАХ

v. i. To understand, be able to comprehend.

UXABURITAI / УХВАРТАЙ

adj. Understanding, intelligent, reasonable, sensible.
-- kymyn. Sensible person.

UXAГ-A, 1.

See uxaγan.

UXAГ-A, 2. / УХАА



n. Hill, elevation (in a plain).

UXAГACILA- / УХААЧЛАХ



v.t. To think up, invent.

UXAГALA- / УХААЛАХ



v.t. To invent, contrive; to cogitate.

UXAГALIГ / УХААЛАГ



adj. Intelligent, clever.

UXAГAMSUГ / УХААМСАГ



adj. Understanding, level-headed, sober-minded, sensible.

UXAГAN / УХААН



[= uxaγ-a, l.] n. a) Intellect, mind, intelligence, reason; consciousness; meaning, substance, essence; way, means.

-- aldatal-a ben. Insanely, frantically, madly.

-- aldatal-a ben duralaxu. To want or wish madly.

-- aldaxu. To be stunned; to lose consciousness.

-- bodul. [Faculty of] reasoning.

-- γarγaxu. To think up a way, means or method.

-- kiky. To find ways and means; to dispose of, settle.

-- maγutai. Unintelligent, stupid.

-- medel. Intelligence; notion, idea.

-- mederel. Consciousness, cognition, intellect.

-- mederel ygei. Unconscious; ignorant.

-- oruxu. To become sensible; to grow wiser; to recover consciousness.

-- u orun. Erudition; the class of savants.

-- ygei. Without intelligence, stupid.

gyn -- . Deep mind; deep meaning. See also (b).

maγu -- . Intrigue, evil scheming.

өndөr -- . High intelligence, genius.

ucir -- . Reason, motive.

b) Branch of knowledge, discipline, science (chiefly in compounds).

amidu bodas i sinzileky -- . Biology.

daγun u -- . Acoustics.

dotuγadu -- . Buddhist erudition or theology.

γadaγadu -- . Non-Buddhist erudition or literature (chiefly applied to religious subjects).

gyn -- . Philosophy. See also (a).

onisun kyrdyn y -- . Technical sciences; engineering (obs.).

sinzileky -- . Science.

tymen bodas i sinzileky -- . Natural science.

tymen bodas un -- . Natural science.

ucir siltaγan u -- . Dialectics, logic; philosophy.

xamuγ -- u orun. All branches of knowledge; encyclopedic knowledge or erudition.

UXAГANTAI / УХААНТАЙ



See uxaγatai.

UXAГARA- / УХААРАХ



v.t. and i. To comprehend, realize; to grow wiser.

--xu du kecegyy. Hard to understand or realize

UXAГATAI



[= uxaγantai ≈ uxaγatu] adj. Clever, learned, intelligent; having the meaning of.

-- kymyn. Reasonable, sensible, or judicious person, wise man.

UXAГATAN / УХААТАН



n. Learned people, intelligentsia.

erdemten -- . Learned people, scholars, intelligentsia.

UXAГATU



See uxaγatai.

UXAГDA- / УХАГДАХ



v.pass. of uxa-.

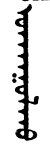
UXAГDAXUN / УХАГДАХУУН



n. Concept (philos.).

todurxai -- . Concrete concept.

UXAГUL- / УХУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of uxa-] To cause to comprehend or understand; to teach, explain; to agitate for, propagandize; to proclaim, announce.

--un delgeregylky. To spread propaganda.

--un taniγulxu. To clarify; to make familiar with; to agitate for, propagandize.

--un zarlaxu bicig. Proclamation, public announcement, manifesto.

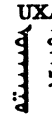
--xu bicig. Manifesto, public announcement.

--xu bolbasuraγulxu keltes. Agitation and propaganda department.

--xu ergymzilel. Imperial diploma for honorary titles of classes one to five (Ch. kao-ming 誥命 , hist.).
--xu xaγudasu. Propaganda leaflet.
--xu zarliγ. Decree, manifesto, declaration.
--zu keleky. To elucidate, expound.
olan-a --xu. To make known to the public.

UXAГULГ-A / УХУУЛГА

n. Political demonstration, propaganda, agitation.
-- ji jabuγulxu. To propagandize.
-- kiky. To propagandize.
ulus tøry jin -- jin azil. Political education or propaganda.

UXAГULUГCI / УХУУЛАГЧ

n. Instructor, propagandist, agitator.

UXAL / УХАЛ

n. Understanding, comprehension.

UXALA-

Same as uxaγala-.

UXAMSAR / УХАМСАР

n. Understanding, realization, conviction; consciousness.
-- ygei. Without understanding.
anggi jin --. Class consciousness.

UXAMSARA-

See uxamsarla-.

UXAMSARLA- / УХАМСАРЛАХ

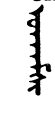
[= uxamsara-] v.t. To understand, comprehend, realize.

UXAMSARTAI / УХАМСАРТАЙ

adj. Intelligent, wise; perceptive; conscious.
-- ber sonuaxu. To listen attentively, intelligently.

UXAMSIRA- / УХАМШРАХ

v.t. and i. To understand, perceive, realize.

UXAMSIRAL / УХАМШРАЛ

n. Understanding, perception, realization, conviction.

UXAMZI / УХАМЖ

n. Understanding, realization.

UXAN-A

See uxun-a.

UXAR

modun --. Cormorant, Phalacrocorax.

UXAR-A

[= uxur] n. Spoon.

UXASI

-- ygei. Not understandable.

UXU- / УХАХ

v.t. To dig, excavate, poke out, chisel out; to cut out; to find or expose someone's fault .
--zu abxu. To dig out, unearth, disinter.
zax-a --xu. To cut out a collar.

UXUBURI / УХВАР

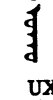
n. The act of uxu-.

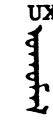
UXUCILA- / УХЧЛАХ

v.t. To hollow the earth with the hoofs; to dig out; to enquire into something thoroughly; to find fault.

UXUDASU(N) / УХДАС

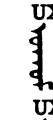
n. An excavated hole.

UXUГUL- . / УХУУЛАХ

v. caus. of uxu-.

UXUMAL / УХМАЛ

[n. d. of uxu-] adj. Dug out, excavated, hollowed out, scooped out; hollow, sunken.

UXUMI / УХМИ

n. Carving tool, chisel, cutter, gouge.
-- ber tønggeky. To cut with a chisel.

UXUMIDA- / УХМИДАХ

v.t. To cut with a chisel.

UXUN-A / УХНА

[= uxan-a] n. Male goat.

UXUR

See uxar-a.

UXURI- / УХИРАХ , УХРАХ

v.i. To step back, retreat; to go back on one's word or promise.

xoisi --xu. To retreat, step back; to draw back; to fall back.

UXURIГUL- / УХИРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of uxuri-.

UXURIL[TA] / УХИРАЛ(Т)

n. Retreat, retreating; set back; stepping back, retirement.

UXURISKI- / УХИРСХИЙХ

[--ky] v.i. To draw back or yield a little (once or several times); to draw back and move forward again (sometimes repeatedly).

UXUS

-- kiky. See uxuski-.

UXUSKI- / УХАСХИЙХ

[= uxus kiky] v.i. To dash forward, jump up from one's place; to attack.

UXUVA

See xuva.

UZI- / УЖИХ

v.i. To be chronic, continue for a long time.

UZID / УЖИД

adj. and n. Sensual[ity], lust; depravity, debauchery.

-- samaγun. Adultery, fornication.

UZIDLA- / УЖИДЛАХ

v.i. To debauch , indulge excessively in sensual pleasures, lead a dissolute life.

UZIГ, 1. / УЖИГ

adj. and n. Long lasting; consumptive; chronic disease.

-- bolxu. To become chronic.

-- ebedcin. Chronic disease; consumption.

UZIГ, 2. / УЖИГ

[Go.] Petty, base, low; loose, immoral.

-- kereg. Petty or trifling matter.

UZIГLA- / УЖИГЛАХ

v.i. To last, drag on.

UZILIГ / УЖЛАГ

adj. Depraved, indecent, debauched .

UZUR

[= yzyr] n. This time, present time, present occasion.

V

VA / ВАА

[= vaγ-a, vaγal] n. Fungoid growth, mold.

VACIR / ОЧИР

[= vcir, ocir; S. vajra] n. Thunderbolt; diamond; sacred instrument used in Buddhist ceremonies as a symbol for the "indestructible element"; the absolute.

-- bani = ocirbani (S. vadjrapani).

-- saγuri. "Thunderbolt seat," the place where the Buddha achieved enlightenment.

-- tu saγurin. The place of the Budda's enlightenment.

VADANG / ВААДАН

n. Cloth wrapper; cover.

sirege jin -- . Table cloth.

VADANGNA- / ВААДАГНАХ

v.t. To wrap in a vadang, q.v.

VAГ-A

See va.

VAГAL / ВААЛ

See va.

VAГALA- / ВААЛАХ

See vala-.

VAГAR / ВААР

[= var-a, Ch wa 瓦] n. Tile.

-- un kingγar-a. Curved spatula used in setting tile.

VAГARCI / ВААРЧ

[= varaci] n. Potter.

VAГARLA- / ВААРЛАХ

v.t. To tile, cover with tiles.

VAГARU / ВААР

[= varu] n. Crock or jar of clay.

VALA- / ВА(А)ЛАХ

[= vaγala-] v.i. To grow moldy.

VANG / ВАН

[Ch. wang 王 , = ong in the middle Mongolian. n. Prince.

-- gyng taizi nar. Princes and taizi, q.v.

cin -- . Prince of the first rank (Ch. ch'in wang 親王).

da -- . Head prince of a confederation.

gijyn -- . Prince of the second rank (Ch. chün wang 郡王).

VAR

-- nir. Onomat. describing the croaking of a frog.

VAR-A / ВААР

See vaγar.

VARACI

See vaγarci.

VARU

See vaγaru.

VCIR

See vacir.

VED

[S. veda] n. Veda, knowledge.

VEKSEL / ВЕКСЕЛЬ

[R. вексель] n. Bill of exchange, draft, promissory note.

VIIDYRIJ-E / ВИДУРЕЭ

[= biidyrij-e, S. vaidurya] n. Lapis lazuli.

VINAI

[S. vinaya; translated into Mongolian as nomuγadxal, q.v.] n. Discipline, manner of living.

VIŠAI / ВИШАЙ

[= bišai, S. vishaya] n. Object, range of sense, perception (chiefly Buddhist).

nidyn -- . Sight, vision.

VIŠNU

[= bišnu]n.p. The Hindu god Vishnu.

VIVANGGIRID

[= bivanggirid, S. vyakarana] n. Prophecy, prediction.

VIVANGGIRIDLE-

v.t. To make a prophecy.

X

XA, 1. / XAA

n. The part of the foreleg of an animal between the shoulder and the knee.

XA, 2. / XA(A)

Onomat. describing harsh breathing, laughter; interj. expressing contempt.

-- xa. Ha-ha.

XA, 3. / XAA

Colloquial form of xamiγ-a, 1, q.v.

-- ja. See under xaγ-a, 2.

XAB, 1. / XAB

Intensifying adv. particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable xa.

-- xalaγu. Extremely hot.

-- xar-a. Entirely black.

-- xarangγui. Pitch dark.

-- xataγu. Stone-hard.

XAB, 2.

See xaba, 1.

XAB, 3.

-- kib. Onomat. imitative of a dog's snapping at something.

XABA, 1. / XAB

[= xab, 2] n. Little house dog.

-- noxai = xab noxai. Little house dog.

-- ziγasu. Seal, Phoca vitelina.

møsyn dalai jin -- ziγasu. Arctic walrus.

XABA, 2.

See xabu.

XABA- / XABAX

v.t. To stitch, quilt, baste.

sumu --xu. For the bullet to make a superficial wound, glance.

XABAГASU(N) / XABAAC

n. Quilting, quilt; stitching, basting.

XABAN

See xabang, 2.

XABANG, 1. / XABAH(Г)

[= xabangγ-a, xabangγu] n. Swelling; dropsy, edema.

-- ebedcin. Dropsy.

usun --. Dropsy, edema.

XABANG, 2. / XABAH(Г)

[= xaban] n. Wild boar.

XABANG, 3. / XABAH

[Ma. xafan] n. Officer.

XABANGГ-A

See xabang, 1.

XABANGГU

See xabang, 1.

XABANGNA- / XABAГHAX

v.i. To swell; to suffer from dropsy.

XABANGTAI / XABAHTAЙ

[= xabangtu] adj. Having dropsy; bloated, swollen.

XABANGTU / XABAHT

See xabangtai.

XABANGTU- / XABAHTAX

v.i. To have dropsy; to swell up.

XABAR / XAMAP

[= xamar] n. and adj. a) Nose, muzzle, snout, trunk of an elephant.

-- un baγan-a. Nasal septum.

-- un ebedcin. Nasal ailments; glanders.

-- un nyke. Nostril.

-- un yzygyr. Tip of the nose.

b) Anything suggestive of the nose in shape or structure: spur of a mountain between valleys or ravines; cape; angle; partition (as in a room); adjacent.

-- øncyg. Opposite angles.

-- xasij-a. Adjacent courtyard.

aγula jin --. Cape, promontory.

baraγun --. Adjacent court on the western side.

γutul un --. Toe of a shoe or boot.

XABARTAI / ХАМАРТАЙ

[= xabartu] adj. Having a nose, etc. (see xabar); having glanders.

-- mori. Horse with glanders.

XABCAГAI / ХАВЦГАЙ

[= xabciγai] n. Gorge, ravine; cliff, bluff; narrow passage.

xada jin -- . Defile, narrow mountain path.

XABCAL / ХАВЦАЛ

n. Gorge, ravine, canyon.

XABCI / ХАВЧ

n. Crayfish.

XABCI- / ХАВЧИХ

v.t. To squeeze, clamp; to pinch; to exert pressure, oppress; to compel, force out.

--zu xaγarixu. To persecute, bait; to give someone no chance.

albadan --xu. To force, press.

albadan --xu arγ-a kemzij-e. Coercive or repressive measures.

alban tataburi ber --xu. To oppress with corvee and taxes.

egyden dy γar ijen --xu. To catch one's hand in a door.

erke asiγ i --n kizaγarlaxu. To infringe upon somebody's interests.

sigymzilel i --xu. To suppress criticism.

xabar ijen --xu. To hold or pinch one's nose (as to avoid an offensive smell).

XABCIГ, 1. / ХАВЧИГ

adj. and n. Flat, straight, long and narrow.

XABCIГ, 2. / ХАВЧИГ

[Ri.] Young animals born after the regular season.

-- sojuγalang. Six-year-old (horse).

XABCIГAI / ХАВЧГАЙ

See xabcaγai.

XABCIГAR / ХАВЧГАР

adj. Compressed from both sides.

XABCIГDA- / ХАВЧИГДАХ

[v. pass. of xabci-] To be pressed, squeezed, jammed, pinched; to be subject to pressure; to be vexed, oppressed.

XABCIГU / ХАВЧУУ

adj. Narrow, tight, contracted.

-- zam. Narrow road or path.

XABCIГUL- / ХАВЧУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xabci-] To cause to press or squeeze; to place between; to stick or drive in or between.

--zu saγuxu. To sit squeezed between persons or objects; to live or be treated as an intruder; to live where one is unwanted or unwelcome; to be undesirable.

XABCIГUR / ХАВЧУУР

n. Anything which squeezes, clamps or clips; vise, clamp, clip, claw; press, pressure, intruder, one who is unwanted or unwelcome.

-- cy. The four spikes which fasten an axle to a cart.

-- modu. Any two pieces of wood which pinch, squeeze, or press something.

ed yn zasaγ un kimural un --. Pressure of the economic crisis.

XABCIГURDA- / ХАВЧУУРДАХ

v.t. To compress, squeeze, pinch; to oppress, vex, persecute.

XABCIGINA- / ХАВЧИГНАХ

v.i. To run from side to side.

XABCIJAR / ХАВЧААР

n. Welt; piping of a dress; border, edging; the center seam in Mongol boots; women's clips for the hair, etc.; clamp.

XABCIJARLA- / ХАВЧААРЛАХ

v.t. To use or make a xabcijar, q.v.

XABCIL / ХАВЦАЛ, ХАВЧИЛ

n. Gorge; mountain pass, defile; deep ravine at the foot of a mountain.

-- boγuxu. To block a mountain pass, ravine or gorge.

-- zam. Narrow passage, defile.

XABCILA- / ХАВЧЛАХ

v.t. To squeeze, press, compress.

--n bailduxu. To press the enemy from two sides.

XABCILГ-A / ХАВЧЛАГА

[= xabcilta] n. Oppression, pressure; squeezing, jamming.

albadalγ-a -- ber. Coercively, under pressure.

XABCILTA / ХАВЧИЛТ

See xabcilγ-a.

XABI / ХАВЬ

n. and adv. Vicinity, neighborhood; around, close, near, in the neighborhood.

-- jin. Adjacent, neighboring, near-by.

-- jin kymyn. Person[s] in the neighborhood or near-by.

-- tøsyr. Near-by, close.

-- ygei. Far off; incomparable, matchless.

ori-a -- . Neighborhood, vicinity.

oir-a -- du. In the neighborhood, in the vicinity.

oir-a -- jin. Neighboring, adjacent, near-by.

XABICAГ / ХАВЬЦАГ

n. Groin.

XABIDA- / ХАВЬТАХ, ХАВЬДАХ

v.i. To come close, near, come to the side of; to approach.

--xu ygei. Way off, not close.

--xu ygei jeke. Much more, much greater or bigger.

tegyn y kelegsen yge --zu bain-a. What he said is almost right.

XABIDAГUL- / ХАВЬТУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xabida-] To cause or to allow to approach; to suggest indirectly or by covert allusion; to hint.

--xu ygei baixu. Not to let approach or come near; to flatly refuse.

xaziγu daγan --xu ygei. Not to let [anyone] approach or come near [oneself].

XABIJ-A / ХАВЬЯ

n. and adj. Proximity, vicinity; relationship; related, fitting; reasonable; Cf. xamij-a.

XABIJAD-

See xabijada-.

XABIJADA- / ХАВЬЯАДАХ

[= xabijad-] v.i. To be close to; to touch upon, refer to, be related to; to belong to.

aimaγ tur --xu. To belong to a class or category.

XABIJALA- / ХАВЬЯАЛАХ



v.t. To employ with profit, put to good use.

--n keregleky. To use with profit, put to profitable use.

XABIJARA- / ХАВЬЯАРАХ



v.i. To be concerned with; to be related to; to appertain to; to participate. Cf. xamijara-ese --γsan . Not belonging, apart from.

XABIJARAГUL- / ХАВЬЯАРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of xabijara-] To include; to cause to participate; to draw in.

XABIJATAI / ХАВЬЯАТАЙ



[= xabijatu] adj. Related to; referring to, relevant, pertinent. Cf. xamijatai.

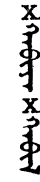
-- bolγaxu. To render relevant; to establish a relation between two things; to involve in.

XABIJATU / ХАВЬЯАТ



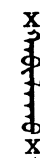
See xabijatai.

XABIL



n. Moderation; mediocrity; peace, tranquility.

XABILA-



v.i. To be moderate; to be in accord with.

--n jabu! Live moderately!

XABILDU- / ХАВИЛДАХ



v.i. To approach, come close.

xojar kymyn y yge --xu. The words of the two men come close (i.e. they said almost the same thing).

XABILГ-A



n. The act of making moderate; moderation; conservation, economy; abbreviation.

mør yn -- . Short cut.

XABILГATAI



[= xabilγatu] adj. Moderate; conserving, economizing; abbreviating.

XABILГATU

See xabilγatai.

XABILTAI



[= xabiltu] adj. Moderate; peaceful.

XABILTU

See xabiltai.

XABIR- / ХАВИРАХ

[= xabira-] v.t. and i. To whet, grind; to rub; to touch lightly in passing; to stand close to one another (of animals).

cydengze --xu. To strike a match.

kituγ-a --xu. To grind a knife.

sidy ben --xu. To gnash one's teeth.

XABIRA- / ХАВИРАХ

See xabir-.

XABIRAГUL- / ХАВИРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xabira-.

XABIRГ-A(N) / ХАВИРГА

n. Rib; side, flank, wing; spur of a mountain between two valleys.

-- ber unaxu. To fall on one's side.

-- jin anggi. Flank of an army.

-- jin kymyn. Flanker (person on the flank in battle, etc.).

-- jin xadxuly-a. Stabbing pain in the side.

-- niruγu. Tie beams, girders.

--n sara . Crescent.

--n zabsar. Intercostal part or space.

-- tasiγu salkin. Side wind.

aγula jin --. Slope or spur of a mountain.

zam un --. Roadside.

XABIRГA- / ХАВИРГАХ

v. caus. of xabir-.

XABIRГALA- / ХАВИРГАЛАХ

v.i. To go along the side, pass by the side or border of, skirt; to protest, oppose, counteract.

--n jabuxu. To march along the flank, walk along the side, skirt.

XABIRUГUL- ХАВИРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xabir-.

XABISU(N) / ХАВИС(АН)

n. Rib; trimming or metal plates on the bottom of a coat of mail; uterus, womb.

--n sar-a. Crescent.

boγuni --. Upper short ribs.

sybege --. Lower short ribs.

XABISULA- / ХАВЬСЛАХ

v.i. and t. To have ribs; to appear (of a new moon); to paste a strip on something.

sara --ba. The moon has assumed the shape of a crescent.

XABSI- / ХАВШИХ

v.t. To put together; to strike against one another; to press, squeeze; to censure; to bite (of fish).

cang --xu. To beat cymbals.

XABSU-

v.t. To join, combine, fold, put together; to hit, strike.

XABSUR- / ХАВСРАХ

[= xabsura-] v.t. and i. To hit or strike together (as cymbals); (wrestling) to strike the outside of an opponent's calves or ankles with the inner side of one's foot; to put together; to add, append; to close (as a book); to unite, combine (esp. several offices), hold an additional appointment, attach to (in service or duty); to work together, assist; to blow (of piercing cold wind).

--cu kiky. To do something jointly; to assist someone in something; to combine or hold two or more jobs or appointments.

--uγsan zyil. Appendix, supplement; enclosure.

--uγsan bygyde xural. The united plenum, full joint session.

--uγsan ygylebyri. Dependent clause (gram.).

--un nэilegsen ygylebyri. Complex sentence (gram.).

--un tasixu. To hit and entangle a leg of an opponent with one's own in wrestling.

alaγ-a --xu. To join the palms of one's hands in greeting, praying, etc.

baγsi --xu. To combine teaching with other duties.

bicig ijen --xu. To close one's book.

γar ijen --xu. Same as alaγ-a --xu.

kycy --xu. To work together, assist someone in work.

mongγul kitad ysyg --uγsan nom. A book of parallel texts in Mongolian and Chinese.

nэkyr ijen --xu. To help one's friend.

XABSURA-

See xabsur-.

XABSURГ-A / ХАВСРАГА

n. The act of xabsur-; aid, assistant; piercing cold wind.
-- talbixu. For cold and windy weather to set in.
xabur un --. Cold windy spring weather.

XABSURГA- / ХАВСАРГАХ

See xabsuruγul-.

XABSURГADA- / ХАВСРАГАДАХ

v.i. To suffer from cold stormy weather.

XABSURUГCI / ХАВСРАГЧ

n. Associate, assistant.

XABSURUГUL- / ХАВСРУУЛАХ

[= xabsurγa-, v. caus. of xabsur-] To cause to join or combine; to append.
tailburi --xu. To append an explanation.

XABSURUГULГ-A / ХАВСРУУЛГА

n. Addition, addendum, supplement, appendix to a document, enclosure in a letter.

XABSURULГ-A / ХАВСАРЛАГА

n. The act of uniting, joining, adding; union, addition, supplement.

XABSURULTA / ХАВСРАЛТ

n. The act of xabsur-; attachment, supplement, appendix.
-- iledkel. Supplementary report, co-report.

XABTAГ-A

See xabtaγai.

XABTAГ-A(N) / ХАВТГА

n. Bag, pouch, purse; pocket.
--n dur kiky. To put into a purse.
tamaki jin --. Tobacco pouch.

XABTAГAI / ХАВТГАЙ

[= xabtaγ-a] adj. and n. Flat, even; wooden board; plane surface; flatness.
-- modu. Plank, wooden board.
-- saxal. A kind of grass (Ch. pai-êrh 白茸, sha-ts'ao 莎草).
-- xabartai. Flat-nosed.
-- ziγasu. A flat salt water fish with a head like a carp (Ch. pien-yü 扁魚).

XABTAГAIBTUR / ХАВТГАЙВТАР

adj. Somewhat flat or broad.
-- niγur. Somewhat broad face.

XABTAГAIDA- / ХАВТГАЙДАХ

v.i. To become flat; to be too flat.

XABTAГAILA- / ХАВТГАЙЛАХ

v.t. To flatten, make flat.

XABTAГAIRA- / ХАВТГАЙРАХ

v.i. To become flat; to flatten.

XABTAГAIXAN / ХАВТГАЙХАН

adj. Somewhat flat.

XABTAГALA- / ХАВТГАЛАХ

v.t. To put into a purse or bag.

XABTAГALZI / ХАВТГАЛЖ

n. Snipe (bird).

XABTAГAR / ХАВТГАР

adj. Flat, level.

XABTAI- / ХАВТАЙХ

v.i. To be[come] flat.

XABTAILГA- / ХАВТАЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of xabtai-] v.t. To flatten.

XABTASU(N) / ХАВТАС

n. Board (in general); wooden printing blocks; the two wooden boards between which Mongolian and Tibetan books are preserved; binding or cover of a book; folder for letters, documents; volume; tortoise shell.
-- dur seileky. To engrave on woodblocks (for printing).
debter yn --. Wooden bookcover[s].
kereg yn --. Folder for documents, file.
xaγalγ-a jin --. Wing of a gate.
xataγu --. Hard cover binding.
zøgelen --. Soft or paper binding.

XABTASULA- / ХАВТАСЛАХ

v.t. To put covers on books or folders on to bind books.

XABTASULAGCI / ХАВТАСЛАГЧ

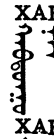
n. Bookbinder.

XABTASUTAI / ХАВТАСТАЙ

[= xabtasutu] adj. Having a cover; bound (of books); having a shell (of turtles); turtle (rare). See xabtasu(n).

XABTASUTU / ХАВТАСТ

See xabtasutai.

XABTUIGUNAN

See under xabzigina-.

XABU, 1. / ХАВ

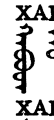
[= xaba, 2.]n. Skill in hunting, handling a bow, gun, etc.; good quality; energy, spirit.
-- aldaraxu. To lose energy, spirit or courage.
-- surxu. To learn or be trained in archery, etc.

XABU, 2. / ХАВ

-- ygei. Bad, unpleasant, unfortunate, terrible.
-- ygei bolba. It is terrible, it is unfortunate.
-- ygei kereg. A disgusting matter; a tragedy.
-- ygei kymyn. Bad person.

XABUCI

n. Skillful hunter; good marksman.

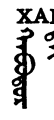
XABUD- / ХАВДАХ

v.i. To swell, puff.

XABUDAR

See xabudur.

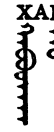
XABUDUR / ХАВДАР

[= xabudar] n. Swelling, tumor.
-- betegi. Dropsy, edema.
sayuxu. For a swelling to form.

XABUDURTAI / ХАВДАРТАЙ

[= xabudurtu] adj. Having a swelling or tumor; swollen.

XABUDURTU

See xabudurtai.

XABUDXA- / ХАВДГАХ

[v. caus. of xabud-] To cause or allow to swell.

XABUR / ХАВАР

n. and adv. Spring; in spring.
-- un ayur. The beginning of spring (one of the 24 divisions of the lunar year, Ch. li-ch'un 立春).
-- un dumda sara. Middle month of spring.
-- un ecys sara. Last month of spring.

XABURCI

-- bilzuuxai. A kind of bird (Ch. huan-ch'un 唤春).

XABURSI- / ХАВАРШИХ

v.i. For spring to begin.

XABURSIL / ХАВАРШИЛ

n. The coming of spring.

XABURZI- / ХАВАРЖИХ

v.i. To pass the spring season (at a given plac

XABURZIGUL- / ХАВАРЖУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xaburzi-.

XABURZLJ-A(N) / ХАВАРЖАА

[= xaburzing] n. Spring abode or camp of nomads.

XABURZLJALA- / ХАВАРЖААЛАХ

v.i. To pass the spring in spring quarters; to move to spring quarters.

XABURZING

See xaburzij-a(n).

XABUTAI / ХАВТАЙ

[= xabutu] adj. Skillful, able; convenient, handy; comfortable; pleasant.
-- xarbuyaci. Skillful archer.
sedkil dy --. Giving a pleasant feeling.

XABUTU

See xabutai.

XABX-A(N) / ХАВХ

n. Trap, snare.
--n dur oruxu. To fall into a trap, be trapped.
-- talbixu. To set a trap.
-- zegyky. To set a trap.

XABXADA- / ХАВХДАХ

v.t. To trap.

XABXAГ / ХАВХАГ

[= xabxaɣasu(n)] n. Cover, lid; valve.

xamaɣalaxu -- . Safety valve.

XABXAГASU(N) / ХАВХААС

See xabxaɣ.

XABXAГLA- / ХАВХАГЛАХ

v.t. To put a cover or lid on.

saba jin amsar i --xu. To cover a container with a lid.

XABXAГLAГUL- / ХАВХАГЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xabxaɣla-.

XABXAГTAI

[= xabxaɣtu] adj. Having a cover or lid.

XABXAГTU

See xabxaɣtai.

-- ajaɣa . A cup with a lid.

XABXALAГ-A / ХАВХЛАГА

n. Valve.

XABXAS

n.p. The Caucasus.

XABZIGINA- / ХАВЖИГНАХ

v.i. To shiver, shake, tremble; to gnash one's teeth.

--n keleky. To speak tremblingly.

--n xabtuɣunan. Trembling (as with cold).

sidy ben --xu. For the teeth to chatter.

XABZIGINAГUL- / ХАВЖИГНУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xabzigina-.

XACABCI / ХАЦАВЧ

[= xatabci] n. Jamb of a door or window; threshold.

XACAГURA

See xacur-a.

XACAR / ХАЦАР

[= xacir] n. Cheek; a flat side of an object.

-- un ger-e = ger-e -- . Complexion.

-- un temɣr. Small iron disks at both sides of the bit of a horse.

ger yn -- . The ends of the side walls of a building which project beyond the front wall.

nom un -- . Cover of a book.

XACARLA- / ХАЦАРЛАХ

v.t. and i. To cuff, slap; to freeze along the sides or banks (of a river, when the middle is not yet covered with ice).

XACARTAI / ХАЦАРТАЙ

[= xacartu] adj. Having xacar, q.v.

ulaɣan -- . Having red cheeks.

XACARTU / ХАЦАРТ

See xacartai

XACI / ХАЧ

n. A curious thing.

XACI- / ХАЧИХ

v.t. To burden; to oppress; to implicate.

XACIГ / ХАЧИГ

n. Crab-louse, Phthirius; tick.

XACILA- / ХАЧЛАХ

v.t. To reproach, blame.

XACIN / ХАЧИН

adj. and adv. Queer, strange, curious; strangely; quite, extremely.

-- eb ygei. Very uncomfortable, quite embarrassing.

-- køgeryken. Charming, very cute.

-- kymyn. Queer person.

-- saixan. Marvelous, extremely beautiful, good or attractive.

-- sedkil. Strange feeling.

jaɣakiɣsan -- jum bain-a. What an interesting thing! How strange!

XACIR

See xacar.

XACUГ-A

-- tysimel. Commander of a fortress or outpost.

XACUR-A

[= xazur-a, xacaɣura] n. Spruce.

XAD, 1.

n. An edible wild fruit resembling a small cherry.

XAD, 2. / ХААД

Plural of xan, q.v.

-- un yj-e. Genealogy, pedigree of kings.

-- un zarcim. Law of the kings.

XADA(N), 1. / ХАД(АН)

ñ. Rock, cliff, crag.

-- jin iruγur. Foot of a rocky mountain.

-- jin xaraγcin. Mountain nightingale.

-- jin xonggil. Rock cave.

-- jin yzygyr. Summit of a rock.

aγula --. Mountains and rocks.

XADA(N), 2. / ХАД(АН)

n. Currant, Ribes altissimum.

XADA-, 1. / ХАДАХ

v.t and i. To drive in, knock in; to nail; to inscribe or enter one's name on a register; to insert something in a text; to get stuck.

gindan dur --xu. To imprison, put in irons.

jasu xoγulai du --ba. A bone got stuck in the throat.

ner-e --xu. To inscribe one's name on a register or list.

šaγaziŋ --xu. To fix a broken piece of china with small staples.

tobci --xu. To sew on a button.

ula --xu. To sole shoes or boots.

xadaγasu --xu. To drive a nail in.

ziryken dy --xu. To imprint on one's heart.

XADA-, 2. / ХАДАХ

v.i. To rise, go up.

toγusu --xu. Dust rises.

XADAГ / ХАДАГ

[from T. kha btags] n. Khadak, a long narrow piece of silk or other cloth especially made for presentation on formal occasions as a mark of respect, or for giving as a token of greeting or in commemoration of a special event.

-- barixu. To present a khadak.

-- ijer zolγaxu. To greet someone with a khadak.

-- talbixu. To engage in marriage (lit.: to put the khadak). The family of the groom must present khadaks to the family of the bride in a special ceremony to establish formal engagement.

bajar un --. Khadak offered when presenting one's congratulations or solemn salutations.

sin-e jin --. A khadak sent on New Year (equivalent to a New Year's card).

XADAГ-A / ХАДАА

See xadaγasu(n).

XADAГALA- / ХАДГАЛАХ

v.t To place in safekeeping, preserve, conserve, save, keep; to keep in confinement.

--xu γazar. Storage place.

dangsa --xu. To be in charge of archives or documents; to keep records or accounts.

degedy erke ji --xu γazar. Higher organ or seat of power.

møŋggy zoγus --xu. To save money.

ner-e ben --xu. To preserve one's reputation.

sang --γci. Treasurer, guard of the treasury.

xaγalγ-a --γci. Doorman, gatekeeper.

xubcasu --xu bairi. Cloakroom.

ziryken degen --xu. To preserve or keep in one's heart.

XADAГALAГDA- / ХАДГАЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of xadaγala-.

abdar un dotur-a --xu. To be kept in a trunk, suitcase, or chest.

XADAГALAГUL- / ХАДГАЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xadaγala-] To place in safeguard or custody, deposit for safekeeping.

--zu talbixu. To have guarded by, leave under the safekeeping of.

alban dur --xu. To put under official charge or control; to confiscate.

kymyn ijer --xu. To have somebody or something guarded or kept by someone.

XADAГALAL / ХАДГАЛАЛ

n. The act of keeping or preserving.

XADAГASU(N) / ХАДААС(АН)

[= xadasu(n) = xadaγ-a] n. Nail, peg, spike.

--n ebedcin. Sheep pox.

--n u malaγai. Nail head.

-- siγaxu. To drive a nail.
-- xadaxu. To drive a nail.
ziγucin -- . Nail pointed on both ends.

XADAГUL- / ХАДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xada-.

XADAM

See xadum.

XADAMAL / ХАДМАЛ

[n. d. of xada-] adj. Hammered in; nailed; attached, affixed; sewed.
-- yge. Interlinear or marginal notes.

XADAMNA- / ХАДАМНАХ

See xadumna-.

XADANG

[From T. ka gdan] n. The base or pedestal of a column.

XADAR, 1.

-- γaxai. Wild boar.

XADAR, 2.

n. Large metal container, basin.

XADAR-A

[Ma. khadara] n. Grayling, Salmo thymallus.

XADASU(N)

See xadaγasu(n).

XADATAI / ХАДТАЙ

[= xadatu] adj. Rocky, covered with rocks.

XADATU / ХАДАТ

See xadatai.
-- aγula. Rocky mountain.

XADU- / ХАДАХ

v.t. To mow, harvest; to cut (as grass, grain).
ebesy --xu. To cut hay, mow grass.
tarij-a --xu. To reap cereals; to harvest.

XADUГUL- / ХАДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xadu-.

XADUГUR / ХАДУУР

n. Scythe, sickle.

-- ijer xaduxu. To cut with a scythe or sickle.
-- masin-a. Mowing machine.
γar -- . Sickle, scythe.

XADUГURCI / ХАДУУРЧ

n. Mower (person), hay-maker, harvester.

XADULANG / ХАДЛАН

n. Meadow; haymaking, mowing, harvest; harvested hay or straw.
-- abxu. To make hay, harvest.
-- [ebesy] beledkeky. To make hay; haymaking.
-- un azil. Haymaking.
-- un γazar. Meadow.
-- un masin-a. Mowing machine.
-- un talabai. Hay field.

XADULГ-A / ХАДЛАГА

n. Harvesting, reaping, mowing.

XADUM / ХАДАМ

[= xadam] n. In-law relatives from the point of view of the husband or wife.
-- ax-a. Elder brother-in-law.
-- bergen. Wife of elder brother-in-law.
-- du γarxu. To marry (of a woman).
-- ecige. Father-in-law.
-- egeci. Elder sister-in-law.
-- eke. Mother-in-law.
-- kelelceky. To seek in marriage.

XADUMLA- / ХАДАМЛАХ

See xadumna-.

XADUMNA- / ХАДАМНАХ

[= xadamna-, xadumla-] v.t. To betroth; to give one's daughter in marriage; to make a match.

XADUMTAI / ХАДАМТАЙ

adj. Betrothed.
-- keyken. Betrothed girl.

XADURA- / ХАДРАХ

v.t. To wound with tusks (of a boar).

XADURГAN / ХАДАРГАН

adj. and n. Gluttonous or greedy [person]; quarrelsome [person].

XADXA-

See xadxur - .

XADXU- / ХАТГАХ



[= xadxa-] v.t. a) To pierce, stab, prick; to embroider; to pin; to sting, bite (as snake or insects), peck; to treat with acupuncture; to have a sharp pain.

--xu ebedcin. Colic.

baγan-a --xu. To drive a post into the ground.

ildyn i γazar tur --xu. To stick sword into the ground.

xajaγ-a --zu saγuxu. To live near by.

xuvar --xu. To embroider flower designs or patterns.

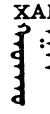
b) To incite trouble; to excite, spur, urge, stimulate.

--n edygeky. To instigate, incite.

--n kødelgeky. To spur, incite, induce to action.

--xu yge. Caustic words, sharp criticism.

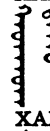
XADXUГAN



n. and adj. Instigation; instigative.

-- yge. Instigative remarks.

XADXUГDA- / ХАТГАГДАХ



v. pass. of xaɯxu-.

moγas ijer --γsan. Bitten by snakes.

XADXUГUL- / ХАТГУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of xadxu-] To have a sharp pain, feel stitches; to be treated with acupuncture; to have an injection of medicine.

XADXUГUR / ХАТГУУР



[= xadxuur] n. Anything that pierces, pricks, or stings; pin; hair pin, hair ornaments; instrument for acupuncture; sting of a bee.

-- ger. A round tent, a yurt consisting of toγunu (q. v.) and uni (q. v.).

-- modu. Pointed wooden stick.

XADXUГURLA- / ХАТГУУРЛАХ



v.t. To pin up hair; to pin on hair ornaments.

XADXUL



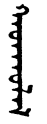
-- sidkyl. Confusion, disturbance.

XADXULA- / ХАТГАЛАХ



[v. freq. of xadxu-] v.t. To pierce, poke, or sting repeatedly; to have a recurrent sharp pain.

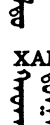
XADXULAL



n. The act of piercing, pricking, stinging; stimulation, instigation; stinging pain.

toluγai jin -- . Sharp pain in the head.

XADXULDU- / ХАТГАЛДАХ



[v. rec. of xadxu-] To pierce, sting, or poke each other; to be in conflict; to fight each other.

XADXULDUГA(N) / ХАТГАЛДААН



n. Conflict; battle.

XADXULГ-A / ХАТГАЛГА

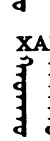


n. The act of pricking; prick, cut; instigation; sharp pain.

gedesyn y -- . Colic, internal pain.

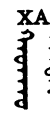
toluγai jin -- . Headache

XADXUMAL / ХАТГАМАЛ



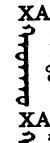
[n. d. of xadxu-] adj. Pierced, pricked; embroidered, brocaded.

XADXUMA[L]LA- / ХАТГАМЛАХ



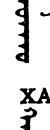
v.t. To embroider, brocade.

XADXUMALTAI / ХАТГАМАЛТАЙ



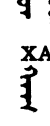
[= xadxumaltu] adj. Embroidered.

XADXUMALTU / ХАТГАМАЛТ



See xadxumaltai.

XADXUR-A



n. [Ko.] Wild peach. [Go.] The bark of the wild peach.

XADXUUR

See xadxuγur.

XAГ, 1. / ХАГ



n. Dirt sticking to something, especially the body; scale, scab; dandruff, scurf; soot, dust; dross, slag; salt marsh , salty mud; moss on trees, lichen; placenta of animals.

køke -- . Green moss on rocks and trees.

sidyn y -- . Tartar on teeth.

temyr yn -- . Slag, dross.

toγuγan u -- . Remnants of food sticking to the inside walls of a kettle.
toluγai jin -- . Dandruff.
xada jin -- . Moss or lichen on rocks and stones.

ХАГ, 2.

[onomat.] The sound of coughing up phlegm.

ХАГ-А, 1. / ХАГА

Intensifying adverbial particle placed before verbs expressing breaking or cleaving.
-- cokixu. To smash to pieces.
-- eciky. To break to pieces.

ХАГ-А, 2.

See xamiγ-a, 1.
-- jaγ-a = xa ja = xaja. Here and there, now and then, from time to time, occasionally.

ХАГА- / ХААХ

v.t. To close; to block, keep out (as wind, rain); to attack from all sides; to surround, besiege; to serve in an official capacity.
alba --γcid. Civil servants.
alba --xu. To serve, be employed; to have a government job.
alban u kereg i --xu. To occupy oneself with state affairs.
cerig yn alban --xu. To do military service.
egyden i --xu. To close the door; to close (as a store).
gindan dur --xu. To put in prison.
kizaγar i --xu. To close the frontier.
salki --xu. To keep out the wind.
xural --xu. To close a meeting or assembly.
zam i --xu. To block the road.

ХАГАСА- / ХАГАЩАХ

v.i. and t. To separate; to part with; to get rid of; to take leave of; to be separated; to be deprived of; to break away from; to abstain from; to become free from, get rid of.
ami nasun --xu. To die .
caγaza ece --xu. To break a law.
ecige eke ece --xu. To be separated from one's parents.
idesi ece --xu. To abstain from food.
kycyn ece --γsan. Deprived of strength, force, or power.

salzu --xu. To separate, break up.
tangγariγ ece --xu. To break a vow.
ykyl ece --xu. To be liberated from death.

ХАГАСАГА-

See xaγacaγul-.

ХАГАСАГUL- / ХАГАЩУУЛАХ

[= xaγacaγa-, v. caus. of xaγaca-] v.t. To separate, isolate; to deprive; to divide from; to order the abandonment or renouncement of something.
amin ece --xu. To deprive a person of his life; to kill.

ХАГАСАL / ХАГАЩАЛ

n. Separation; liberation.
-- .ygei. Inseparable; inseparably.

ХАГАСАL[Г-А] / ХАГАЩЛАГА

n. Separation, parting, severing; breaking apart.

ХАГАСАSI / ХАГАЩАШ

-- ygei. Inseparable; inseparably.

ХАГАД / ХААД

plural of xaγan, q.v.

ХАГАDASU(N), 1 / ХАГАДАС, ХААДАС

[= xaγadusu(n)] n. Fishbone.

ХАГАDASU(N), 2. / ХАГАДАС

n. Log, chump, billet.

ХАГАDUSU(N)

See xaγadasu(n), 1.

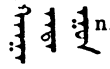
ХАГАГСI / ХААГЧ

n. He who closes, obstructs or bars; he who serves in an official capacity.
alban -- . Civil servant; office worker.

ХАГАГДА- / ХААГДАХ

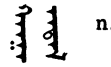
v.pass. of xaγa-.
egyden --xu ygei bolba. The door can not be closed.
sigesy --xu. Retention of urine

ХАГАГДАГUN



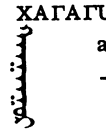
n. Obstacle, impediment, hindrance.

ХАГАГDAL / ХААГДАЛ



n. Constipation.

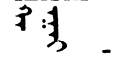
ХАГАГUR / ХААГУУР



adv. Where? Which way?

-- jabuγad irebe? Where have you been? Which way did you come?

ХАГАI



-- egeci. See under γaγai.

ХАГАL- / ХАГАЛАХ



[= хаγala-] v.t. To break, split, chip, cut through (chiefly of hard objects); to make an incision, operate (med.); to draw a dividing line; to set up a frontier; to part the hair; to plow or till land; to decide a matter; to investigate.

--uγsan γazar. Tilled or plowed field.

--uγsan orum. Trace[s] of cutting; incision; furrow.

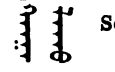
γazar --xu. To plow the ground.

modun i --xu. To cut or split wood.

ysy --xu. To part the hair.

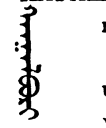
zarγu --xu. To decide a lawsuit.

ХАГАLA-



See хаγal-.

ХАГАLBURI / ХАГАЛБАР

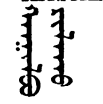


n. Cut, rip, gash, slash; dividing line; newly cultivated field.

usun u --. Watershed.

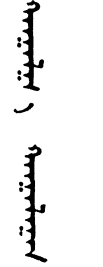
ysyn y --. Part in the hair.

ХАГАLBURILA- / ХАГАЛБАРЛАХ



v.t. To cultivate land.

ХАГАLГ-A(N) / ХААЛГА



n. Gate, door.

-- bariγci kymyn. Gatekeeper.

-- jin duγar. House number.

-- jin køsigyr. Pole propped against a gate in order to keep it closed; latch.

-- sakiγci kymyn. Gatekeeper, doorman.

-- хаγахu. To close the gate.

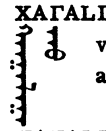
γoul --. Central or middle gate.

γuldung --. Arch.

jabuγan --. Wicket.

josulal un --. Triumphal arch.

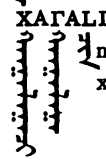
ХАГАLГА- / ХААЛГАХ



v. caus. of хаγа-.

alban --xu. To cause to serve, appoint for duty.

ХАГАLГАCI(N) / ХААЛГАЧ



n. Doorkeeper, gatekeeper.

хаγan ece -- inu. The gatekeeper "out-khans" the khan.

ХАГАLТА / ХААЛТ



n. The act of хаγа-; closing, shutting; shutters; bar, barrier; parenthesis.

-- хаγахu. To close the shutters.

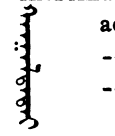
baγ-a --. Parenthesis, parentheses.

congxu jin --. Shutters.

dumda --. Bracket[s] in printing.

jeke --. Brace[s] in printing.

ХАГАLТАТАI / ХААЛТТАЙ

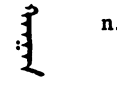


adj. Closed; barred.

-- egyde. Closed door.

-- xural. Closed meeting or session.

ХАГАN / ХААН



n. Great Khan, emperor, king [cf. xan. Both of these two forms occur in Mongolian literature more or less interchangeably, and are rendered into English as Khan. However in modern usage хаγan is used only for the Great Khan or for a foreign sovereign while xan is applied to lesser Khans].

-- bolγan saγulγахu. To make one a khan; to enthrone an emperor.

-- ezen. Emperor; His Majesty.

-- kybegyn. Imperial prince.

-- orun. Imperial throne.

-- orun-a saγulγахu. To enthrone.

-- tøry. Imperial government, empire.

-- tøry barixu. To rule an empire.

-- u abaxai. The emperor's daughter, princess.

-- u bej-e. The emperor himself, the emperor in person.

-- u erkesil. Power, authority, or will of an emperor.

-- u uruγ. Imperial family.

-- u xota. Imperial residence or city.

-- zasaγ un josun. Monarchism.
-- zasaγ un yzelten. Monarchist.
caγan --. Russian Emperor (lit.: the white khan).
erlig --. King of Hell, judge of the dead.

ХАГАNTU / ХААНТ
adj. Having a khan, emperor, or king.
-- orus ulus. Czarist Russia.
-- ulus. Empire, kingdom, monarchy.
-- zasaγ. Monarchy.

ХАГАR-
See xaγara-.

ХАГАRA- / ХАГАРАХ
[= xaγar-] v.i. To break or fall asunder; to crack, crash, split, burst, to chap.
--γsan sıγazang. Broken china.
kilbar --xu. To be fragile, break easily.
niγur --xu. To break up (of a relationship).
sil --xu. Glass breaks.
tangγariγ ece ben dababasu terigyn minu mingγan anggi --xu boltuγai. If I break my oath, may my head burst into a thousand pieces.
ziryke --tal-a ajuxu. To be scared to death.

ХАГАRAL[TA] / ХАГАРАЛ(Т)
n. Break, crash, crack.

ХАГАRI- / ХАЙРАХ
[= xaira-, l.] v.t. To fry, grill, roast; to singe with a hot iron, cauterize, scorch.
--γsan boγursaγ. Flat cake fried in oil.

ХАГАRIГDA- / ХАЙРАГДАХ
v. pass. of xaγari-.

ХАГАRIГUL / ХАЙРУУЛ
n. Frying pan; brazier; small iron with a long handle for smoothing seams on footgear or folds on garments.

ХАГАRIГUL- / ХАЙРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xaγari-.

ХАГАRILГ-A / ХАЙРЛАГА
n. Cauterization (with a hot iron).

ХАГАRIMAL / ХАЙРМАЛ
[n.d. of xaγari-] Fried, roasted, grilled; scorched.

ХАГАRINGXAI / ХАЙРАНХАЙ
adj. Fried, burnt, scorched.

ХАГАRXAI / ХАГАРХАЙ
adj. and n. Cracked, torn, split; slit, hole, rent, gap; broken pieces, clear, manifest.
-- saba. Broken vessel or container.
-- sil. Broken glass[es].
siγazang un --. Shards of china.

ХАГАS / ХАГАС
n., adj., and adv. Half; semi-; clear[ly], distinct[ly], neat[ly].
-- aral. Peninsula.
-- [bolγan] xubijaxu. To divide in two halves.
-- caγ. Half an hour.
-- ilγallaγdaxu neres. Partially declinable nouns.
-- koloni. A semi-colony.
-- saγuxu. To settle down separately.
-- sain edyr. Saturday, half holiday.
-- xaγas. Half and half [SH/AM 396 II] Quite distinct, well-defined.
-- xuγus. In part, more or less, imperfect[ly], incomplete[ly].
-- zarimdaγ. Incomplete.
bytyn --. One and a half.
γurban zil --. Three and a half years.
jeke --. The greater half or part, majority; mostly, for the most part, at most.
naiman caγ --. Half past eight.
segyl yn --. The last half.
terigyn --. The first half.
xajar caγ --. Half past two; two hours and a half
xojar -- dakin. Two and a half times.

ХАГАSI / ХААШ
See xamiγasi.

ХАГАSLA- / ХАГАСЛАХ
v.t. and i. To divide in half; to do something halfway; to be[come] half-done; to reach a mid-point.
azil --ba. The work is half done.
zam --ba. [We] have traveled halfway

ХАГАSLAГUL- / ХАГАСЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of хаγasla-.

ХАГАSU(N)

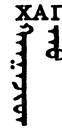
n. Sharp point of a hook.

ХАГАSUTU

adj. Having a sharp point.

ХАГАZI / ХАГЖ

n. Scab on a wound.

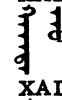
ХАГАZID- / ХАГЖДАХ

v.i. To become covered with a scab (of a wound), cicatrize.

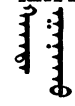
ХАГDA, 1. / ХАГД

n. Dry grass of the preceding year.
-- ebesyn. Dry grass of the preceding year.

ХАГDA, 2. / ХАГД

-- yj-e. Carpal joint (of animals).

ХАГDA- / ХАГДАХ

See хаγtu-.

ХАГDAГANA-

v.i. To roar with laughter, laugh lustily .

ХАГDARA- / ХАГДРАХ

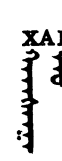
v.i. To dry up or wither (of grass).

ХАГDUГUR / ХАГДГАР

adj. Humpbacked.

ХАГSA- / ХАГСАХ

v.i. To dry out, parch, shrivel in drying; to have heartburn; to have a rest (of a horse); to be deprived of something agreeable.

ХАГSAГA- / ХАГСААХ

v. caus. of хаγsa-.
mori --xu. To put a horse on special diet to prepare it for a iourney or race.

ХАГSAГAGDA- / ХАГСААГДАХ

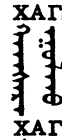
v. pass. of хаγsaγa-.

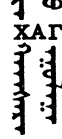
ХАГSAMAL / ХАГСМАЛ

[n. d. of хаγsa-] adj. Dried, sun-dried; baked.

ХАГSARA- / ХАГСРАХ

v.i. To dry up, wither;to crack from dryness; to lose excess fat (of horses and camels) Cf. хаγsaγa-.
--γsan temege. A camel which has lost excess fat by means of a special diet.
saγulγ-a --xu. For a wooden bucket to crack from dryness.

ХАГSARAГUL- / ХАГСРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of хаγsara-.

ХАГSARAГULГA- / ХАГСРУУЛГАХ

v. caus. of хаγsaraγul-.

ХАГSUJASU(N) / ХАГШААС

n. Debris left behind by a flood.

ХАГTAI / ХАГТАЙ

[= хаγtu] adj. Having dirt, dust, etc. See хаγ.

ХАГTU / ХАГТ

See хаγtai.

ХАГTU- / ХАГТАХ

[= хаγda-] v.i. To become coated or covered (as skin with scurf, earth with salt, iron with dross); to get dirty; to develop dandruff.

ХАГUCID / ХУУЧИД

n. pl. of хаγucin; name of an aimak in Silingol, Inner Mongolia; ancestors, forebears.

ХАГUCID- / ХУУЧДАХ

v.i. To be too old (of objects).

ХАГUCIN / ХУУЧ(ИН)

adj. and n. Old (mostly of inanimate objects and abstract concepts); ancient, former; past, last; obsolete; worn out; chronic illness.
-- aldaγ-a ud. Old mistakes or errors.
-- caγ. Olden times.

-- caγ tu. In olden times, of old.
-- dangsan u γazar. Archives.
-- debel. Old garment.
-- ebedcin. Chronic disease, old illness.
-- ece. Of yore, since olden times.
-- γar. Old hand, expert.
-- jangzu ber. As before, in the old way.
-- josu. Old custom or manner.
-- keb. Old custom or manner.
-- køde1ky. The old illness recurs; there is a relapse.
-- nøkyr. Old friend.
-- u niγur. [Ko.] The phases of the moon from its half to its last quarter.
-- u sudulul. Archeology.
-- u sudulul un erdemten. Archeologist.
-- u xobur ed. Antique object.
-- u yliger. Ancient saga or legend.
-- ydesi. New Year's Eve.
-- yge. Old saying, proverb, saw.
-- yzelten. Conservatives.
sar-a jin --. The last half of the month.

ХАГUCINTAI / ХУУЧИНТАЙ
adj. Having a chronic ailment.
-- kymyn. Someone who has a chronic ailment.

ХАГUCIRA- / ХУУЧРАХ
v.i. To grow old; become obsolete, outdated; to wear out, wear off.
--γsan baraγ-a. Shop-worn merchandise, spoiled or deteriorated goods.
--γsan sara. Last month.
--zu maγudxu. To deteriorate (of objects).

ХАГUCIRAГUL- / ХУУЧРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xaγucira-.

ХАГUCIRAL / ХУУЧРАЛ
n. The state of xaγucira-, q.v.

ХАГUCIRXA- / ХУУЧИРХАХ
v.i. To be proud of being old.

ХАГUDAM / ХУУДАМ
[= xaudam] n. and adj. Indifference, coolness, reserve; indifferent, cool, reserved; hasty, flippant, thoughtless, superficial; deceitful, insincere.

ХАГUDAMDA- / ХУУДАМДАХ
[= xaγudamla-] v.i. and t. To find oneself in an awkward situation because of one's indifference; to show indifference; to be deceitful.

ХАГUDAMLA- / ХУУДАМЛАХ
See xaγudamda-.

ХАГUDAMNA- / ХУУДАМНАХ
v.i. To be cool, indifferent, reserved.

ХАГUDASU(N) / ХУУДАС
n. Sheet of paper; list; leaflet; page; note, memo.
--n caγasu. Sheet of paper.
asaγudal un --. Questionnaire.
bicig --. Documents.
ner-e jin --. Visiting card; list of names.
nom un -- ergigylky. To turn the pages in a book.

ХАГUDASULA- / ХУУДСЛАХ
v.t. To list; to make an inventory.

ХАГUL-, 1. / ХУУЛАХ
v.t. To peel off, skin, flay; to copy.
--zu abxu. To peel off; to copy.
--zu biciky. To copy.
arisun i --xu. To peel off the skin; to skin (also fig.).
kerem deger-e naγaγsan bicig i --zu abxu. To peel off a poster from the wall.

ХАГUL-, 2.
See xuγul-.

ХАГULBURI / ХУУЛБАР
n. Copy, excerpt.

ХАГULГА- / ХУУЛГАХ
v. caus. of xaγul-.

ХАГULMAL / ХУУЛМАЛ
n.d. of xaγul-.

ХАГULZAR / ХУУЛЗАР
n. The junction of the nasal passage with the palate; fauces.

-- ijen tataxu. To snort, expectorate.

ХАГUMAГAI / ХУУМГАЙ

[= xoumaγai] adj. and n. Careless, lazy; liar, cheater.

ХАГUMAГAIDA- / ХУУМГАЙДАХ

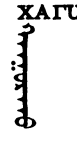
[= xoumaγaida-] v.t. To do something carelessly or lazily; to neglect; to tell lies.

ХАГUNAГ

[SH/AM 326] n. Placenta; testicle (obs.).

ХАГUR-, 1. / ХУУРАХ

v.t. To cheat, deceive, tell lies.
mekelen --xu. To deceive, cheat.
sanaγ-a ji --xu. To coax, divert somebody's thoughts.

ХАГUR-, 2. / ХУУРАХ

[= xaγuur-, xuγur-] v.t. To fry.
--uγsan buγudai. Fried or parched wheat.
--uγsan mix-a. Fried meat.
noγuγ-a --xu. To prepare a fried dish or meal.

ХАГURA- / ХУУРАХ

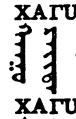
[= xaura-] v.i. To peel off.
--zu unaxu. To peel off.
arisun --xu. The skin peels off.
kerem yn caγasun --xu. The wallpaper peels off.

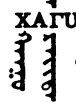
ХАГURAI, 1. / ХУУРАЙ

[= xuγurai] adj. and n. Dry, dried up; dry land; dryness, drought.
-- bolγaxu. To make dry, drain (as marshland).
-- budaγ-a. Dry precooked millet (Ch. ch'ao-mi 炒米).
-- ebesy. Hay, dry grass.
-- ecige / eke . "Dry" father or mother : a person chosen by a child's parents to bring him good fortune (Ch. kan-tieh 乾爹, kan-niang 乾娘); the father or mother of a "sworn brother."
-- γazar. Dry land; continent, mainland.
-- idesi. Dry food.
-- kybegyn / keyken. Chosen child. Cf. xaγurai ecige.
-- modu. Dry tree, dry wood.
-- xoγulai. Windpipe.
-- zam. Overland route.
-- zam un cerig. Land troops, ground forces.

ХАГURAI, 2. / ХУУРАЙ

[= xaurai] n. File, rasp.
kimusun u --. Nailfile.

ХАГURAIDA-, 1. / ХУУРАЙДАХ

v.i. To be[come] dry.

ХАГURAIDA-, 2. / ХУУРАЙДАХ

[= xauraida-] v.t. To file, rasp.

ХАГURAILA- / ХУУРАЙЛАХ

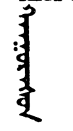
[= xauraila-] v.t. To make dry; to change a child's diapers; to drain (also fig.).
keyked i --xu. To change diapers.
tere ail un jaγum-a ji xulaγai --ba. The thieves have cleaned them out of everything.

ХАГURAIXAN / ХУУРАЙХАН

adj. Rather dry.

ХАГURAL

See xaγurul.

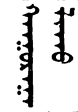
ХАГURASUN / ХУУРС

n. Chaff; awn or beard of certain kinds of grasses; the egg of a louse or other parasite.

ХАГURCAГ / ХУУРЦАГ

See xaircaγ.

ХАГURГ-A / ХУУРГА

n. and adj. Roasted meat dish; fried, roasted.

ХАГURГALA- / ХУУРГАЛАХ

[= xuuгγala-] v.t. To fry thoroughly.
mix-a --xu. To fry or roast meat thoroughly.

ХАГURMACI / ХУУРАМЧ

See xaγurmaγci.

ХАГURMAГ / ХУУРМАГ

n. and adj. Deceit, lie, falsehood; false, untrue; counterfeit, forgery, hypocrisy.
-- arγ-a ber. In a deceitful way; by means of falsehood.
-- gereci. False witness, perjurer.
-- ijer. Falsely.
-- mønggy. Counterfeit money.
-- nom. False religion, heresy.
-- xudal = xudal --. Lie, deceit.

xudal -- medege. False information, misinformation.

ХАГURMAГCI / ХУУРМАГЧ
[= xaγurmaci] n. and adj. Deceiver, liar; imposter; slanderer; seducer; deceitful, hypocritical; counterfeit.
-- zang. Hypocritical behavior; hypocrisy.
-- zoγus. Counterfeit money.

ХАГURMAГCILA- / ХУУРМАГЧЛАХ
v.t. To deceive, cheat; to falsify.

ХАГURMAГLA- / ХУУРМАГЛАХ
v.t. To lie, deceive, cheat; to be hypocritical.

ХАГURTA- / ХУУРТАХ
v.i. To be cheated or deceived.

ХАГURTAГDA- / ХУУРТАГДАХ
[v. pass. of xaγurta-] To be cheated; to allow oneself to be cheated.

ХАГURUГDA- / ХУУРАГДАХ
v. pass. of xaγur-.

ХАГURUL / ХУУРАЛ
[= xaγural] n. The act of deceiving.

ХАГURUMCI / ХУУРАМЧ
Same as xaγurmaγci.

ХАГURХАГ
[= xurxaγ, xuurxaγ] n., adj., and adv. Want, privation; hardship; lacking; in want.

ХАГUS
-- kegys. Superficially, lightly, perfunctorily.
-- kegys kiky. To vacillate, waver.

ХАГUUL
n. Barrier, frontier post.

ХАГUUR-
See xaγur-, 2.

ХАГZALA- / ХАГЗЛАХ
[= xangzal-] v.t. To rip a seam; to unseal.
ojudal --xu. To rip open a seam.

ХАГZARA- / ХАГЗРАХ
[= xangzara-] v.i. To rip (of a seam), tear off (of something sewn).

ХАI / ХАЙ
Interj. expressive of grief, dissatisfaction, disapproval, or doubt.

ХАI-, 1. / ХАЙХ
v.t. To seek, search, investigate; to look all around.
mør --xu. To look for a trace or trail.

ХАI-, 2. / ХАЙХ
[Ri.] v.t. To hew, square; to cut, chop.

ХАIBA, 1. / ХАЙВ
n. Kind of an oar for a raft or boat.
-- tataxu. To row.

ХАIBA, 2.
[= xaibi, xaibu] n. Large kettle; frying-pan.
-- toγuγ-a. Wide-mouthed kettle with a projecting lip.

ХАIBA- / ХАЙВАХ
v.i. To sway or rock from side to side; to swim (of birds and animals).

ХАIBACI / ХАЙВЧ
n. Oarsman, rower.

ХАIBAГNA- / ХАЙВАГНАХ
See xaibalza-.

ХАIBALZA- / ХАЙВАЛЗАХ
[= xaibangna-, xaibaγna-] v.i. To sway.

ХАIBANGNA-
See xaibalza-.

ХАIBARIS
See keltyris.

ХАIBI
See xaiba, 2.

ХАIBU
See xaiba, 2.

XAICI(N), 1. / ХАЙЧ(ИН)



n. Scissors, tongs, pincers.
-- ber oγtulxu. To cut with scissors.
-- ber kirγaxu. To shear or clip with scissors.
-- ebesy. Iris, Iris dichotoma.
-- xoruxai. Centipede, myriapod.
γal un --. Fire tongs.

XAICI(N), 2. / ХАЙЧ



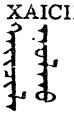
[Ri.] n. Boundary, border; frontier.
-- manaγ-a. Border patrol.
-- obuγ-a. A stone pile marking a frontier.

XAICILA- / ХАЙЧЛАХ



v.t. To cut, clip, shear.

XAICILAGUL-



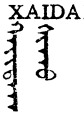
v. caus. of xaicila-.

XAIDAG / ХАЙДАГ



adj. and n. Lone, single; isolated elevation; peak rising from a plain; milch animal whose young has been weaned or has died.
-- modu. Lonely or isolated tree.
-- morı. A single horse.
-- ynıj-e. Milch cow whose calf has been weaned or has died.

XAIDAGSI- / ХАЙДАГШИХ



v.i. To give milk (of animals whose young has been weaned or has died).

XAIG-A



n. Bream (Ch. pien-hua-yü 鯿花魚).
xar-a --. Black bream.

XAIGUL / ХАЙГУУЛ



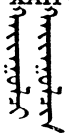
n. Reconnaissance, search; reconnaissance unit; prospecting (mining).
asiγtu maltamal un --. Prospecting for useful minerals.
-- cerig. Rear guard; reconnaissance unit.
-- kiky. To reconnoiter; to prospect.
-- xalxabci. Defense, protection; guard.

XAIGUL- / ХАЙГУУЛАХ



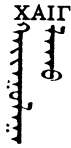
v. caus. of xai-.

XAIGULCI(N) / ХАЙГУУЛЧ



n. Reconnaissance scout; prospector (mining).

XAIGULGALA- / ХАЙГУУЛГАЛАХ



v.t. To guard the rear of an army. [Ri.] To take precautions; to send out patrols; to reconnoiter.

XAIGUR-



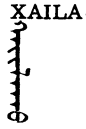
See xaixur-.

XAIL- / ХАЙЛАХ



v.i. To thaw; to fuse, melt; to dissolve; to lose weight (of animals in autumn).
[S.S.] v.t. To cremate.
--uγsan tosu. Melted butter.
kegyr --xu. [S.S.] To cremate bodies.
møsy --xu. The ice melts.

XAILA- / ХАЙЛАХ



v.i. To weep, cry, shed tears.
--n kyilen. Weeping and crying.
uilaxu --xu. To weep, cry.

XAILANG



n. Fine blue cloth.

XAILASU(N) / ХАЙЛС



n. Elm tree.

XAILBURI / ХАЙЛБАР



[= xailsu] n. Ingot; alloy.

XAILDUNG / ХАЙЛДАН



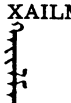
n. Leather trousers.

XAILGAN / ХАЙЛГАН



-- caγ. Time in autumn when the cattle rapidly lose weight through unwise treatment.

XAILMAG / ХАЙЛМАГ



n. Food product prepared from the skin that forms on boiling milk.

XAILSU / ХАЙЛС



See xailburi.

XAILUGUL- / ХАЙЛУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of xail-] To cause to melt, thaw or dissolve; to cast, smelt; to cremate.
cindar i --xu. To cremate (hon.).
sirem-e --xu. To cast iron.
temyr --xu. To cast iron.
temyr --xu zuuxa. Blast furnace.

XAILUГULUГCI / ХАЙЛУУЛАГЧ
n. Smelter (person).

XAILUMAL // ХАЙЛМАЛ
[n.d. of xail-] adj. Melted, smelted.
-- sirem-e. Pig iron.
-- tosu. Melted butter.

XAIMUГUR / ХАЙМУУР
[= xaimur] n. Long-range arrow (thin and with a small iron head), swift arrow.

XAIMUГUS- / ХАЙМУУСАХ
v.t. To shoot at long range.

XAIMUR
See xaimuγur.

XAINUГ / ХАЙНАГ
n. A hybrid between a yak and cow.

XAIR / ХАЙР
n. Gravel; coarse sand, pebbles.
-- cilaγu. Coarse gravel, pebbles, roadmetal.

XAIR-A / ХАЙР
n. Love; grace, mercy, compassion.
-- duralal. Love.
-- γam ygei. Without compassion, pitiless, merciless.
-- inaγ. Affection.
-- jin zerge. Honorary title bestowed by a feudal lord upon a subject.
-- kesig. Grace; favor; mercy (hon.).
-- kyndydkel. Love and respect.
-- nair ygei. Unmerciful, merciless.
-- nair ygei [ber] = nair -- ygei [ber]. Mercilessly, pitilessly, unsparingly; grimly, sternly.
-- øglige. Grant, contribution, donation; alms (rel.).
-- sedkil. Love.
-- talarxal. Love and gratitude.
-- ygei. Pitiless, merciless; without love.
-- ygei bolxu. To cease to love.
daisun i -- ygei ber darungγuilaxu. To suppress the enemy mercilessly.
engkyrei --. Tender love.

XAIRA-, 1. / ХАЙРАХ
See xaγari-.

XAIRA-, 2. / ХАЙРАХ
v.t. To kick forward with a hind leg.

XAIRAГANA
n. Seagull.

XAIRAГUCAI / ХАЙРГАЦАЙ
n. Steppe lark.

XAIRALA- / ХАЙРЛАХ
v.t. To love; to have mercy, take pity on; to take care of; to be thrifty; to grant, bestow; to deign; to treat with favor.
--γsan zakidal. [Your] kind letter (epist. style).
--n engkyreilegsen. Beloved.
--n inaγlaxu. To show affection.
--n ørysijeky. To show grace or pity.
--n taγalaxu. To love; to favor.
--n xamaγalaxu. To protect, spare, save.
--n yzeky. To look upon with benevolence.
--xu ygei ber. Pitilessly, mercilessly.
acilan --xu. To love with filial piety.
mønggy zoγus i --xu. To be thrifty.
xariγu surγal --xu azijamu. Kindly favor me with your reply (epist. style).
zakij-a --xu. To favor with a letter.

XAIRALAL / ХАЙРЛАЛ
n. Love; pity, compassion, sympathy.
-- ygei. Merciless[ly].

XAIRALALTAI / ХАЙРЛАЛТАЙ
adj. Deserving pity; lovable.

XAIRAN / ХАЙРАН
adj. and interj. Pitiable, regrettable; precious, dear, nice; it is a pity!
-- jaγum-a. Precious, dear, or nice thing; a thing that is too good to be...; it is a pity!
-- jaγum-a, buu xaj-a! It is a pity to throw such a nice thing away.
-- kymyn. Pitiable person, poor man.
-- sanaγdaxu. To pity, be sorry for.

XAIRASU(N) / ХАЙРС
See xairsu(n).

XAIRATAI / ХАЙРТАЙ
[= xairatu] adj. Beloved, favorite, darling; loving.

-- kymyn. Lover; beloved person, favorite.
morin du -- kymyn. A person who loves horses.

XAIRAXAN / ХАЙРХАН
adj., n., and interj. Merciful, gracious; sacred mountain; a formula introducing or concluding a prayer; also used as an interj. of surprise, astonishment, indignation, etc.
-- γurban erdeni. Oh, the gracious Three Jewels!
-- ! jaγutai saixan! Oh, how beautiful!
jaγutai -- . What a pity!
urtu -- . Snake (euph.).

XAIRCAГ / ХАЙРЦАГ
[= xaγurcaγ] n. Small box, chest.
daγutu -- . Phonograph.
nige -- tamiki. A box or pack of cigarettes.

XAIRCAГLA- / ХАЙРЦАГЛАХ
v.t. To put in a box.

XAIRГ-A / ХАЙРГА
n. Gravel; coarse whetstone.

XAIRMAГ / ХАЙРМАГ
[= kiγurmaγ] n. Pebble, gravel.

XAIRSU(N) / ХАЙРС
[= xairasu(n)] n. Scales (as of fishes and reptiles).
ziγasun u -- . Fish scales.

XAIRSULA- / ХАЙРСЛАХ
v.t. To remove fish scales.

XAIRSUTAI / ХАЙРСТАЙ
[= xairsutu] adj. Scaly.

XAIRSUTU / ХАЙРАСТ , ХАЙРСАТ
See xairsutai.

XAIRUU / ХАЙРУУ
n. Whetstone.

XAIRXAГ / ХАЙРХАГ
n. and adj. Pebble, gravel; pebbly.

XAISANG / ХАЙС
n. Barrier, rampart, parapet.

-- siγum. Border line.
xota jin --. Battlements.

XAISI / ХАЙШ
See xamiγasi.

XAISU(N) / ХАЙС
n. Kettle, pot.
--n toγuγ-a. Kettle, pot.

XAIXUR- / ХАЙХРАХ
[= xaiγur-] v.t. To pay attention to, observe, notice; to take into consideration.
--xu ygei. Ignoring, not paying attention, indifferent.

XAIXURUL / ХАЙХРАЛ
[= xaiγurul] n. Attention, consideration.
-- ygei. Ignoring, inattentive[ly], not paying attention.

XAIXURULTAI / ХАЙХРАЛТАЙ
adj. Attentive.

XAIXURUMZI / ХАЙХРАМЖ
n. Attention, consideration.
-- ji talbixu. To pay attention to.
-- ygei. Careless, neglectful, inattentive.

XAIXURUMZILA- / ХАЙХРАМЖЛАХ
v.t. To pay attention to.

XAIXURUMZITAI / ХАЙХРАМЖТАЙ
adj. Attentive, careful.

XAJA, 1.
See xaγ-a, 2.

XAJ-A, 2. / ХАЯА
See xajaγ-a.

XAJA- / ХАЯХ
v.t. To throw, fling; to throw down (in wrestling); to throw away, give up, discard, abandon, reject; to lose; to have a miscarriage (of domestic animals); to swing the arms.
azil --ci. Striker.
azıl --xu. To leave [one's] work; to go on strike.

cer --xu. To spit out phlegm, expectorate.
ende tende --xu. To scatter, throw about.
γar ijen --xu. To swing one's arms.
γarγazu --xu. To throw out or away.
γqe --xu. To speak reproachfully.

XAJACAΓUL- / ХАЯЦУУЛАХ
See xajalcaγul-.

XAJACALDU- / ХАЯЦАЛДАХ
v.t. To raise the price, outbid at an auction.

XAJADASU(N) / ХАЯДАС
n. Waste, garbage.

XAJAΓ / ХАЯГ
[fr. T. kha yig] n. Title, inscription, address.

XAJAΓ-A / ХАЯА
[= xaja, 2.] n. Edge, border; lower part of something; side walls of a house or yurt; place near the wall; lower edge of walls of a yurt or building; lower part of a mountain slope.
-- xadxuzu saγuxu. To live in the neighborhood.
-- ygei. Limitless, boundless.
aγula jin --. Lower part of a mountain slope.
tngri jin --. Horizon.

XAJAΓABCI / ХАЯАВЧ
n. A narrow band of felt or square wooden boards joined to form a belt for covering the bottom part of the yurt in winter.

XAJAΓABCILA- / ХАЯАВЧЛАХ
v.t. To cover with xajaγabci, q.v.

XAJAΓALA- / ХАЯАЛАХ
v.t. To skirt the edge of something, move along the lower part of a mountain slope.

XAJAΓARA- / ХАЯАРАХ
v.i. To dawn; to clear along the horizon.

XAJAΓDA- / ХАЯГДАХ
[v. pass. of xaja-] To be thrown; to be thrown out or lost; to be abandoned or left behind.
azil ece --xu. To be fired from a job.

XAJAΓDAL / ХАЯГДАЛ
n. The act of xajaγda-, discarded objects; refuse.

XAJAΓUR / ХАЮУР
n. Oar.

XAJAΓURDA- / ХАЮУРДАХ
v.t. To row.

XAJAL
-- ygei. Not throwing away, without giving up.

XAJALCA- / ХАЯЛЦАХ
v. coop. of xaja-.

XAJALCAΓ-A(N) / ХАЯЛЦАА(Н)
n. Auction.
-- maima. Auction.

XAJALCAΓUL- / ХАЯЛЦУУЛАХ
[= xajacaγul-] v. caus. of xajalca-.
yn-e --xu. To outbid at an auction.

XAJALID / ХАЯАЛИД
n. Second cousin on the father's side.

XAJAZAΓA- / ХАЯЦГАХ
v. pl. of xaja-.
azil ijen --xu. To go on strike, leave one's work (of many people).

XAKI- / ХАХИХ
v.i. and t. To dry up (of a sore); to hold something against somebody; to despise

XAKILIΓ / ХАХИЛАГ
n. Snipe.

XAKINA- / ХАХИНАХ, ХАХЬНАХ
v.i. To screech, squeak.

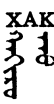
XAKIR / ХАХИР
adj. and n. Squeaky; dry and hard; arid; place where the subsoil has no water.
-- belciger. Poor pasture.
-- γazar. Area without vegetation; arid or dry land.

XAKIR-, 1. / ХАХИРАХ
[= xakiru-] v.t. To expectorate; to clear one's throat of phlegm.

cisu ber --xu. To cough up blood.

XAKIR-, 2. / ХАХЬРАХ, ХАХИРАХ

v.i. To dry up.

XAKIRU-

See xakir-, 1.

XAL- / ХАЛАХ

[xalu-] v.i. To come near, approach; to pick on somebody.
γal du --xu. To come near the fire.

XALA, 1. / ХАЛАА

See xalaγ-a(n).

XALA, 2. / ХАЛ

n. Hardship; injuriousness, harmfulness, detriment.
-- daγaγaxu. To be able to endure hardships.
-- yzeky. To suffer cruelty or have a hard life.

XALA-, 1. / ХАЛАХ

v.t. To change, replace.
--zu keregleky. To introduce something new; to replace something used before.
--zu sinedkeky. To reform.
bošuγ i --xu. To make a political revolution.

XALA-, 2. / ХАЛАХ

v.i. To be[come] or feel warm or hot (not used of weather); to be[come] warmed up or heated up (as through intoxication or over an argument).
ama --xu. To feel hot in the mouth; to be slightly intoxicated.
niγur --xu. To become red in the face, be embarrassed.
toluγai ece --xu. To feel hot in the head (as from scorching sunshine).
usu --xu. For the water to become warm.

XALAB

-- xulub. Superficially, incompletely, carelessly, slowly.

XALADA-

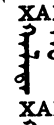
v.t. To mistreat; to annoy; to cause grief.

XALAГ / ХАЛАГ

interj. Oh! Alas! Woe!
-- xoxui Oh! Alas! Woe!

XALAГ-A(N) / ХАЛАА

[= xala, 1.] n. Change, transformation; relief, shift
cerig yn --. Replacement of soldiers.
søni jin --. Night shift.

XALAГA- / ХАЛААХ

v.t. To warm; to heat; to burn, scald.
cai --xu. To warm tea.
usu --xu. To warm water.

XALAГAI / ХАЛГАЙ

[= xalaxai] n. Nettle.
-- ber tyliky. To be stung by nettles.
yker --. Urtica cannabina.

XALAГAIDA- / ХАЛГАЙДАХ

v.t. To flog with nettles.

XALAГDA- / ХАЛАГДАХ

v. pass. of xala-.

XALAГLA- / ХАЛАГЛАХ

v.i. To exclaim oh! ah! or alas! (as from disappointment, pain, or distress).

XALAГUCA- / ХАЛУУЦАХ

v.i. To feel hot; to suffer from heat.
--n sanduraxu. To be oppressed by heat.

XALAГUD- / ХАЛУУДАХ

v.i. To be[come] hot; to suffer from heat.

XALAГUDXA- / ХАЛУУТГАХ

[v. caus. of xalaγud-] To make hot; to warm, heat.

XALAГUL- / ХАЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xala-, 1. and 2.

XALAГUN / ХАЛУУН

adj. and n. Hot (also of taste); warm; intimate; heat, warmth; fever.
-- bajar. Warm greetings or welcome.
-- ebedcin. Fever, inflammation.
-- ebesy. Ginger (Zingiber officinale).
-- edyr. Hot day.
-- γazar. Hot place; tropics.
-- ijer. Hotly, heatedly; warmly, cordially, in a friendly way.
-- ijer uγtun kylijeky. To receive warmly.

-- kizig. Epidemic; illness accompanied by fever.
-- kyiten. Temperature.
-- kyiten y kemnegyr. Thermometer.
-- kyiten y kemzij-e. Temperature.
-- nairamdal . Intimate friendship.
-- nigur ijer uciraxu. To meet face to face.
-- nøkyr. Intimate friend.
-- orun. The tropics.
-- saba. Thermos bottle.
-- sedkil. Warm heart.
-- serigyn. Hot and cool; climate; temperature.
-- sirx-a. Wound from a firearm.
-- talarxal. Warmest thanks.
-- u kemzigyr. Thermometer.
-- u sil. Thermometer.
-- zaγur-a ben. Among [his, etc.] own people or fellow countrymen; in [their, etc.] own group or circle.
-- zebseg. Firearms.
beje jin -- . Body temperature.
jeke -- . Very hot; the time of the great heat (Ch. ta-shu 大暑 one of the seasonal divisions of the Chinese year).
nirai jin -- . Puerperal fever.

XALAГURA- / ХАЛУУРАХ
v.i. To burn; to have fever.

XALAГUXAN / ХАЛУУХАН
adj. Somewhat hot.

XALAI- / ХАЛАЙХ
v.i. To condescend ; to show favor; to surpass, exceed.

XALAILГ-A
n. The act of xalai-; condescension.

XALAITA-
[Ko.] v.t. To separate into thin layers.

XALAMACA-
See xalamca-.

XALAMCA- / ХАЛАМЦАХ
[= xalamaca-] v.i. To be slightly intoxicated, tipsy.

XALAMSI- / ХАЛАМШИХ
v.i. To be engrossed in.
azil daγan --xu. To be engrossed in one's work.

XALAMZI / ХАЛАМЖ
n. Zeal, care, attention.
xair-a -- . Kind help, favor, generosity.

XALAMZILA- / ХАЛАМЖЛАХ
v.t. To pay attention to, take good care of; to do a favor; to help.

XALAMZITAI / ХАЛАМЖТАЙ
adj. Caring, attentive; careful.

XALANG
-- kiling. Onomat. expressive of metallic clinking sound.

XALANGGI / ХАЛАНГИ
adj. Intoxicated.

XALANGXAI / ХАЛАНХАЙ
n. Scars from burns.

XALASIRA- / ХАЛШРАХ, ХАЛШИРАХ
[= xalsira-] v.i. To be afraid of; to be reluctant or reserved.
berke ece --xu. To be afraid of difficulty.
jabuxu ece --xu. To be afraid of going.
kymyn ece --xu. To be reserved or diffident with people.

XALASIRAГUL- / ХАЛШРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xalasira-.

XALATAI / ХАЛТАЙ
adj. Cruel, harmful, damaging.
keyked tegen -- . Cruel with one's children.
šaxai du -- . Damaging to the shoes.

XALAXAI / ХАЛХАЙ
See xalaγai.

XALBAГ-A(N) / ХАЛБАГА
[= xalbuγ-a] n. Spoon; the knob on a flag staff; bobber (in fishing); spoonbill (bird).
tomu -- . Table spoon.
zizig -- . Teaspoon.

XALBAGADA- / ХАЛБАГАДАХ



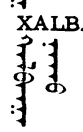
[= xalbaγala-] v.t. To take with a spoon.

XALBAGALA-



See xalbaγada-.

XALBAGANA- / ХАЛБАГАНАХ



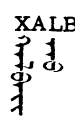
v.i. To move, stir, budge (of something wide or baggy.

XALBAGAR / ХАЛБАГАР



adj. Broad, wide, baggy.

XALBAI- / ХАЛБАЙХ



v.i. To be broad, wide, or baggy (esp. of garments).

XALBUG-A



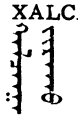
See xalbaγ-a (n).

XALCAGAI / ХАЛЦГАЙ



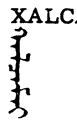
adj. and n. Bald, bare, hairless, grassless or featherless [spot].

XALCAGAIRA- / ХАЛЦГАЙРАХ



v.i. To become bare or bald; to moult.

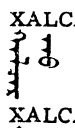
XALCAMAI



adj. Smooth and bare.

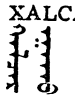
-- xada. Bare rock.

XALCAR- / ХАЛЦРАХ



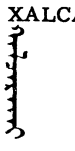
v.i. To be[come] bare or bald; to moult.

XALCARGA-



v. caus. of xalcar-.

XALCARXAI / ХАЛЦАРХАЙ



adj. Hairless, grassless, featherless.

-- arisu. Hairless skin; skin or fur with hairless spots.

XALCI- / ХАЛЧИХ



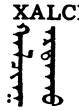
v.t. To remove unevenness, level off; to remove hair from skin or fur; to scrape off.

XALCIGAR / ХАЛЧГАР



adj. Light and thin (of garments).

XALCIGARDA- / ХАЛЧГАРДАХ



v.i. To be too light or thin (of garments).

XALCIGDA- / ХАЛЧИГДАХ



v. pass. of xalci-.

XALCII- / ХАЛЧИЙХ



v.i. To be[come] too thin or light (of garments).

XALDA



[Ma. xalda] n. Spleen of sturgeon.

XALDA- / ХАЛДАХ



v.t. and i. To touch; to approach, come near; to attack, encroach, violate, abuse; to be infected or contaminated with.

--n dobtulxu. To attack, encroach.

--n oruxu. To invade, intrude.

--xu ebedcin. Contagious or infectious disease.

bej-e dyr --xu. To attack someone bodily.

erke dyr --xu. To invade; to violate someone's right[s].

gem ijer --γsan. To be tainted by sins.

jal-a --xu. To be charged with a crime.

kizaγar i --xu. To violate a border; to invade.

kymyn i --xu. To bother people.

maγu zang --xu. To be infected with bad habits.

xanijadu --xu. To be infected by influenza.

yly --xu erke. Inviolability of person, sanctity of the individual.

XALDABURI / ХАЛДВАР



n. and adj. Infection, contamination; infectious, contaminating; bad example, harmful influence.

-- ebedcin. Infectious or contagious disease; epidemic.

-- xaldaxu. To be infected with a contagious disease.

-- ygei. Not infectious

-- ygei bolγaxu. To disinfect.

XALDABURILA- / ХАЛДВАРЛАХ



v.t. and i. To touch, attack, invade; to infect, contaminate; to be[come] infected, contaminated; to fall under a bad influence.

--n oruxu. To attack, encroach upon.

XALDABURITAI / ХАЛДВАРТАЙ



[= xaldaburitu] adj. Contagious, infectious.

-- ebedcin. Infectious disease, infection.

XALDABURITU / ХАЛДВАРТ

See xaldaburitai.

XALDACA / ХАЛДАЦ

n. Contagiousness, infectiousness.

XALDAG-A / ХАЛДАГА

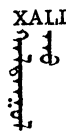
n. Penis.

XALDAGA- / ХАЛДААХ

v. caus. of xalda-.
ebedcin --xu. To infect with a disease.
kereg --xu. To cause trouble; to accuse someone of a crime unjustly.
zim-e --xu. To place responsibility upon; to put blame on.

XALDAGAL

n. The act of xaldaγa-.

XALDAGUL- / ХАЛДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xalda-.
bej-e dyr buzar --xu. To defile a body or person.

XALDAMAGAI / ХАЛДАМХАЙ

adj. Quarrelsome, aggressive; importunate, irksome; infectious.

XALDANG / ХАЛДАН

n. Speck, spot, impurity, dirt.
-- arilγaxu. To remove spots.

XALDANGDA- / ХАЛДАНДАХ

[= xaldangdu-] v.i. To become soiled, unclean.
--γsan xubcasun. Soiled dress.

XALDANGDU-

See xaldangda-.

XALDASI

-- ygei. Untouchable, inviolable.

XALFINI

[Ma.kalfini, Ch. pí-mu-yú 比目魚]n. Plaice.

XALGA- / ХАЛГАХ

[v. caus. of xal-] v.t. To let approach; to heed someone's words.
kymyn i --xu. To allow someone to approach.
yge ji --xu. To heed someone's words.

XALGASU

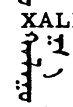
n. Patch.

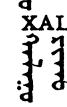
XALGU-, 1. / ХАЛГАХ

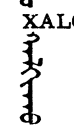
v.i. To glide, slip.

XALGU-, 2.

v.t. To provoke (hist.).

XALGUG-A / ХАЛГАА

n. Slippery place or area; danger; risk.

XALGURI- / ХАЛГАРАХ

v.i. To slide, slip, glide.

XALGI- / ХАЛГИХ

v.i. To spill, flow over, pour out; to have heartburn; to belch.

XALI-, 1. / ХАЛИХ

v.i. To fly, soar, skim (in flying).
--n jabuxu. To hover in the air.
--zu nisky. To soar up into the sky.

XALI-, 2. / ХАЛИХ

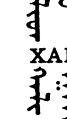
v.i. To fall (obs., hon.); to die (obs., hon.).
morin ece --xu. To fall from a horse.
segyder --xu. To die.

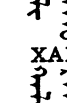
XALI-, 3. / ХАЛИХ

v.i. To flow over the brim of, overflow (of a vessel or river); to appear over melting ice (of water).
møsyn deger-e usu --ba. Water appeared over melting ice.

XALID-

v.i. To fly up, soar up.

XALIGA- / ХАЛИГАХ

v.i. To have an aversion.

XALIGARA- / ХАЛИГАРАХ

v.i. To have an aversion; to detest.

XALIGU(N) / ХАЛИУ

n. Otter, beaver.
--n u arisu. Fur of otter or beaver.
mingzin --. Beaver.
usun --. Otter.
yker --. Otter.

XALIGUGCIN / ХАЛИУГЧИН

n. Isabella mare (cf. xaliγun).

XALIГUN / ХАЛИУН



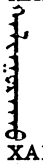
adj. Brown, Isabella: color of horses which may vary from yellowish white to yellow mixed with black, with black mane and tail and a black band on the spine.

-- bilzuuxai. [Gu.] Snipe, Gallinago. [Go.] Kingfisher, halcyon.

-- morin. Isabella horse with dark mane and tail.

-- yker. Brown cow with black head.

XALIГURA- / ХАЛИУРАХ



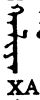
v.i. To sway or move in the wind showing various colors or shades (e.g., a field of grass or grain).

XALIJ-A / ХАЛИА



n. Water appearing over melting ice.

XALIJA- / ХАЛИАХ



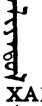
v. caus. of xali-, 3.

XALIJADA- / ХАЛИАДАХ



v.t. To slice or mince meat.

XALIJADUL / ХАЛИАДАЛ



n. Freezing of water on the surface.

usun u -- . Freezing of water on the surface.

XALIJAR / ХАЛИАР



n. Wild garlic, Allium victorialis.

XALIL / ХАЛИЛ



n. Steep slope; abyss.

-- dur unaxu. To fall from a steep precipice into an abyss.

XALILTAI / ХАЛИЛТАЙ



[= xalilʃtu] adj. Having a steep slope.

-- xada. An overhanging rock, precipice.

XALIM, 1. / ХАЛИМ



n. The fat and flesh adhering to the hide of an animal just skinned; a whole sheep skinned carefully in order to leave these tissues on the body of the animal (formerly offered as a gift to the bride's family to formalize an engagement).

XALIM, 2. / ХАЛИМ



Same as xalij-a.

XALIMAГ / ХАЛИМАГ



n. Kalmuck.

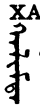
XALIMAL / ХАЛИМАЛ



[n.d. of xali-, 3.] adj. Overflowing.

-- usu. Water covering the ice in springtime.

XALIMDA- / ХАЛИМДАХ



[= xalimdu-] v.t. To skim, touch lightly upon; to skin.

XALIMDU-



See xalimda-.

XALIMTA-



See xalimtu-.

XALIMTAR



n. Latticework.

XALIMTU- / ХАЛИМТАХ



[= xalimta-] v.i. To freeze over, for ice to form on the surface.

XALIMU / ХАЛИМ



n. Whale.

XALIR / ХАЛИР



adj. Squinting; squint-eyed.

-- nidy tei. Squint-eyed.

XALIRA- / ХАЛИРАХ



See xaluri-.

XALIRASKI-



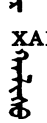
See xaluriski-.

XALIRXAI / ХАЛИРХАЙ



See xalurixai.

XALISU(N) / ХАЛЬС



n. The outer layer of something, husk, hull, rind, peel, peelings, shell, bark, skin; membrane.

--n i arilγaxu. To peel off the shell, husk, etc.

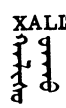
--n i xaγulxu. To peel the skin, bark, or rind.

modun u -- . The bark of a tree.

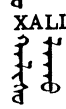
øndegen y -- . Eggshell.

sir-a -- . The meat adhering to skin which has been removed.

xataγu -- . Hard shell.



XALISUD- / ХАЛЬСТАХ
v.i. To be[come] covered with skin, etc.



XALISULA- / ХАЛЬСЛАХ
v.t. To peel, remove the skin, shell, rind, etc.



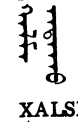
XALISUTAI / ХАЛЬСТАЙ
[= xalisutu] adj. Having a husk, hull, shell, rind, peel, bark, or skin.



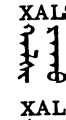
XALMA- / ХАЛМАХ
v.t. To remove any floating substance from the surface of a liquid; to skim.



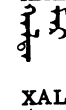
XALMAГDA- / ХАЛМАГДАХ
v. pass. of xalma-.



XALSIRA- / ХАЛШРАХ
See xalasira-, etc.



XALTAMAR
n. A kind of plant.



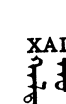
XALTAR / ХАЛТАР
adj. Variegated, spotted, blemished; having a white muzzle.
-- bolγaxu. To soil , make spots.
-- γazar. Salt marsh.
-- mori. Bay horse with white breast and whitish muzzle.
-- noxai. Dog with yellow spots on his mouth.
-- ynege. Silver fox.
xar-a -- mori. Black horse with white muzzle.



XALTARLA- / ХАЛТАРЛАХ
v.t. To soil, make dirty; to do something carelessly.

XALTAS / ХАЛТАС
n. Half.

XALTU / ХАЛТ
-- kigsen. Carelessly made or done.
-- mølty. Hardly, almost, barely; carelessly.
-- silty. Quickly, swiftly, hastily.



XALTUГUNA- / ХАЛТАГНАХ
v.i. To move swiftly; to be servile.
nojan ece ajuzu --xu. To be servile towards a nojan (q.v.) because of fear of him.

XALTUR / ХАЛТАР
-- xultur. Onomat. describing sound made by the wheels of a cart on a hard and bumpy road or a squeaking sound.

XALTURI- / ХАЛЬТРАХ, ХАЛТИРАХ
v.i. To glide, slide, slip.
--zu unaxu. To slip and fall down.
kele --xu. To talk in a confused, inarticulate manner; to be confused.
køl --xu. To slip, trip.

XALTURIГ-A / ХАЛЬТРАА
adj. and n. Slippery; slippery place.
-- γarxu. To become slippery here and there.
-- zam. Slippery road.

XALTURIГUL- / ХАЛЬТРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xalturi-.

XALTURILГ-A / ХАЛТИРЛАГА
n. The act of slipping or gliding.

XALTURIXAI / ХАЛТИРХАЙ
adj. Slippery (also fig.).
-- kereg. Ticklish matter.

XALU
-- ceceg. Kind of a flower.
-- mergen. Common tern.

XALU-
See xal-.

XALUГUL- / ХАЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xal -.

XALUL
n. Aggression, attack, menace, encroachment.

XALUM-A
-- ceceg. Hollyhock, Althoca rosea (Ch. t'ien-kuei-hua 大葵花).

XALURI- / ХАЛРИХ
[= xalira-] v.i. To step back, retire, retreat; to flee; to lose interest or enthusiasm; to lose courage; to become lazy.

XALURIL / ХАЛИРИЛ

n. Evasiveness.

XALURISKI- / ХАЛИРИСХИЙХ

[= xaliraskiky] v.i. To be lazy, careless.

XALURIXAI / ХАЛИРХАЙ

[= xalirxai] adj. Evasive, lazy.

XALUS- / ХАЛСАХ

v.t. To evade, avoid; to be[come] timid, lose courage.

XALUSAR

n. Kind of a bird of prey (Ch. hua-yao-ying 花鴞鷹).

XALUSXA- / ХАЛСГАХ

v. caus. of xalus-.

XALX-A, 1. / ХАЛХ

n. Shield, screen, bulwark; protection, patronage.
naran u -- . Sunshade, parasol.

XALX-A, 2. / ХАЛХ

n.p. Khalkha.
-- mongγulcud. The Khalkha Mongols, Khalkhas.

XALXABCI / ХАЛХАВЧ

n. Shield, screen; barricade; shelter; protection; camouflage.
-- bolxu. To be a protection or shield.
morin u -- bambai. Armour for horses used at the time of Chinggis Khan.
nidyn y -- . Eye screen made of bear's hair (T. dom skra) worn by priests at certain rites.
salkin u -- . A wind screen.

XALXABCILA- / ХАЛХАВЧЛАХ

v.t. To shield, protect.

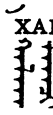
XALXALA- / ХАЛХЛАХ

v.t. To shield, screen off; to barricade.
bej-e ber --xu. To cover or protect with one's body.
gerel --xu. To screen off light.
naran i --xu. To block off sunlight.

nidy ben γar ijer ijen --xu. To shield one's eyes with one's hands.

XALXALAG-A / ХАЛХЛАГА

n. The act of shielding; shield, screen, protection.
-- ygei γazar. An open or unprotected place.

XALXALAGCI / ХАЛХЛАГЧ

n. One who shields or protects.

XALXALAGUL- / ХАЛХЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xalxala-.

XALXALAL / ХАЛХЛАЛ

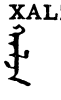
n. The act of shielding, protecting; shield, screen.

XALXATAI / ХАЛХТАЙ

adj. Having a shield.

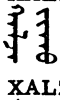
XALZA, 1. / ХАЛЗ

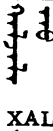
adv. Directly in front or ahead.
-- daγarixu. To attack directly from the front; to hit head-on.
-- mørgyldyky. To run into head-on; to meet face to face.
-- urida ece inu. Directly from the front, head-on.
-- yzeky. To meet man to man; to have a showdown; to fight in single combat, fight a duel.

XALZA, 2. / ХАЛЗ

n. Frontal band or stripe for decoration; clearing in a forest.

XALZA, 3. / ХАЛЗ

n. Inkstand made of horn; horn (musical).

XALZAI- / ХАЛЗАЙХ

v.i. To grow bald.

XALZALA- / ХАЛЗЛАХ

v.t. To make a bare spot; to sew on an ornamental band or stripe.

XALZAN / ХАЛЗАН

[= xalzin] adj. and n. Bald-headed; blaze on the forehead (of a horse, ox, etc.).

-- anggir. White-headed widgeon (kind of duck).

XALZIN

See xalzan.

XAM

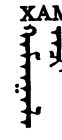
-- toγ-a. Collective numerals (numerals with the suffixes --γula, --gyle).

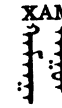
XAMA-

v.i. To be mangy.

XAMAГALA- / XAMГAAЛAX

v.t. To protect, defend, guard, preserve; to take care of, put under one's protection or safeguard.
--γci. Protector; defense lawyer.
--n tedkygci. Protector, guardian.
--xu bicig. Safe-conduct (written warrant of security), passport.
--xu øngge. Protective color.
--zu tusalaxu. To protect, aid.
ajul ece --xu. To protect from danger.
daisun ece --xu. To protect from the enemy, defend against the enemy.
dotuγadu ji --xu γazar. Internal security agency.
engke taibung i --xu. To preserve peace.
γal un ajul ece --xu γazar. Fire department.
mal i kyiten ece --xu. To protect the cattle from the cold.
ømyglen --γci. Counsel for the defense; attorney.
sakin --xu. To preserve (as natural resources).
ulus 1 --xu jamun. Defense department.
uridcilan --xu. To forestall, prevent.

XAMAГALAГCI / XAMГAAЛAГЧ

n. Protector, defender, guard, preserver.
bej-e --. Bodyguard.
γal --. Fuse (elec.).

XAMAГALAГUL- / XAMГAAЛУУЛAX

v. caus. of xamaγala-.

XAMAГALAL / XAMГAAЛAЛ

n. Protection, defense; guarding.
xauli jin -- ygei ber. Without the protection of the law, outside the law.

XAMAГALALTA / XAMГAAЛAЛT

n. Defense, protection.
-- ygei. Defenseless[ness].

XAMAГALZA-

v.t. To protect, defend.

XAMAГCI / XAMAГЧ

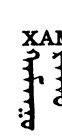
n. A halter passed through the nasal septum of a cow or ox; muzzle.

XAMAГCILA- / XAMAГЧЛAX

v.t. To pass a xamaγci (q.v.) through the nose of a cow or ox; to put on a muzzle.

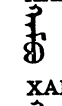
XAMAГU / XAMУУ

n. Scab; scabies, mange, itch.
noxai jin --. Dog's mange.
xonin u --. Scabies on sheep.

XAMAГURA- / XAMУУPAX

v.i. To develop scabies or mange.

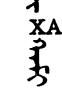
XAMAR / XAMAP

See xabar.

XAMBU / XAMБA

See kambu.

XAMCUI

See xancui.

XAMCUILA-

See xancuila-.

XAMI / XAMИ

n.p. Khami (city in Sinkiang).

XAMIГ-A, 1. / XAA

[= xaγ-a, 2 = xa] adv. Where.
-- bain-a? Where is (are)?
xab --. No matter where, any place, everywhere.
zoriγ tan-u --. What is your destination?

XAMIГ-A, 2.

See xamij-a.

XAMIГAKI / ХААНАХЬ



adj. Of what place? Wherefrom?

XAMIГASI



[= xaisi, xaγasi, xasi] adv. To what place?
-- cu bolba. No matter whither.
-- jaγasi = xasi jasi.

XAMIJ-A / ХАМАА

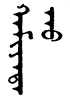


[= xamiγ-a, 2] n. Relevance, relation, concern, state of belonging to something; kinship, relationship. Cf. xabij-a.
-- ygei = -- busu. Unrelated; indifferent[ly], all the same; never mind; does not matter.
jaγun -- . So what? Never mind; does not matter.
nadur -- ygei. It makes no difference to me.

XAMIJADA- / ХАМААДАХ

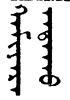
v.i. To belong to, be related to.
--xu nøkycel. Reflexive particle or suffix.

XAMIJARA- / ХАМААРАХ



v.t. To concern oneself with; to interfere; to have a relation or connection with; to care; to fulfill a charge, discharge a duty. Cf. xabijara-.
--γsan [elcin] said. Charge d'affaires.
--γsan eteged. Those concerned or involved.
--n orulcaxu. To step in, interfere, be involved.
--xu orun. Comitative case (gram.).
--xu ygei. Not interfering, caring, or minding; [I] do not care.

XAMIJARAГDA- / ХАМААРАГДАХ



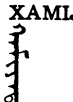
[v. pass. of xamijara-] To belong to; to be controlled by.

XAMIJARAГUL- / ХАМААРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of xamijara-] To put someone in charge of something; to let someone care for something.

XAMIJATAI / ХАМААТАЙ



[= xamijatu] adj. Having a relation or connection; related . Cf. xabijatai.
-- kereg. Related matter; matter of one's concern.
tere nadur -- . He is a relative of mine.

XAMIJATAN / ХАМААТАН



[plural of xamijatai] n. Relative[s].
minu -- . My relatives; a relative of mine.

XAMIJATU / ХАМААТ



n. Relative . See also xamijatai.
-- jin iledkegci. Reflexive indicator (possessive-reflexive suffix).
tere minu -- . He is a relative of mine.

XAMKI- / ХАМХИХ



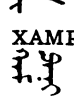
v.t. To shut, close, draw together (in order to close).
anisx-a --xu. To shut the eyes.
ama [ben] --xu. To shut the mouth, be silent.
sudur i --xu. To close a book.

XAMKIГUL- / ХАМХИУЛАХ



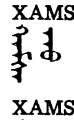
v. caus. of xamki-.

XAMNIГAN / ХАМНИГАН



n, p. Tungus.

XAMPANI



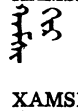
See kampani.

XAMSA-



See xamsu-.

XAMSIГAR / ХАМШГАР



[= xamsigir] adj. Compressed, flat, flattened.
-- amatai. Having a sunken (toothless) mouth.
-- xabar. Flat nose.

XAMSIGIR / ХАМШГАР



See xamsiγar.

XAMSII- / ХАМШИЙХ



v.i. To be flattened, compressed.
--γsan xabar. Flat nose.

XAMSIILГA- / ХАМШИЙЛГАХ



v. caus. of xamsii-.

XAMSU- / ХАМСАХ



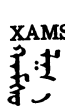
[= xamsa- = xamtu-] v.i. To be united, combined, incorporated; to come together; to be together; to work jointly or collectively.
nøkyr lyge --xu. To unite with friends, join comrades.

XAMSUIГUL- / ХАМСУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xamsu-.
--un nairaγulxu. To unite, assemble, put into harmony.

nigen-e --xu. To unite, gather together.

XAMSULГ-A / ХАМСЛАГА



n. The act of xamsu-, q.v.

XAMSURA- / ХАМСРАХ



v.i. To be united; to join.

XAMTU / ХАМТ



adv. and postpos. Together, along with, jointly, simultaneously.

-- ber. Together, jointly, collectively; simultaneously; along with.

-- ber orulcaxu. To enter or join together; to take part or share together.

-- cuγlaxu. To gather.

-- jabuxu. To go together.

-- jin. Common, public, collective, mutual, joint.

-- jin azil. Joint work, collective work.

-- jin azu axui. Collective economy; collective farm.

-- jin edlel. Collective or joint property.

-- nigen-e. Together, jointly, simultaneously, unanimously.

-- saγuxu. To live or stay together; to cohabit.

eb --. Communist.

ger ece γarxu tai --. Just when leaving the house.

nige --. Together with, along with.

φgky jin -- = φgky lyge --. While giving.

zakidal un --. Together with the letter.

XAMTU-



See xamsu-.

XAMTUBER / ХАМТААР



See under xamtu.

XAMTUCUD / ХАМТЧУУД



eb --. The Communists.

XAMTUD- / ХАМТДАХ



v.i. To unite, join.

γurbaγula --un odbai. The three went together.

kycyn --xu. To unite forces.

XAMTUDA / ХАМТАД



adv. Together; along with, simultaneously, concurrently, jointly.

egyn y --. Together with this.

XAMTUDXA- / ХАМТАТГАХ

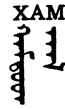


[v. caus. of xamtud-] v.t. To combine, unite, unify; to collect; to put or join together.

alaγ-a ben --xu. To join the palms of one's hands (as in prayer or greeting).

neite --xu. To sum up; to total.

XAMTUDXAL / ХАМТАТГАЛ



n. The act of uniting, joining.

XAMTUГAR / ХАМТААР



For xamtuber, q.v.

XAMTULA- / ХАМТЛАХ



v.t. To unite, join; to do simultaneously; to socialize.

--n bariγulxu. To submit simultaneously.

XAMTURA- / ХАМТРАХ



v.i. To join; to be united, collectivized.

--γsan. Common, joint.

--n azillaxu. To work collectively.

--n neilelceky. To join, be united.

XAMTURAГUL- / ХАМТРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of xamtura-] v.t. To unite, join, collectivize, socialize.

XAMTURAL / ХАМТРАЛ



n. Uniting, joining; unification, combination, collectivization; union; kolkhoz, collective farm; artel.

-- un aziltan. Worker[s] of a collective economy.

-- un baiγululγ-a. Collective organization.

-- un josu. Collectivism.

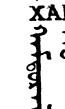
-- un kødelgegen. Collective movement.

XAMTURALCI / ХАМТРАЛЧ



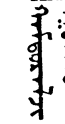
n. Collectivist; member of a kolkhoz or artel.

XAMTURALZI- / ХАМТРАЛЖИХ



v.i. To be[come] collectivized.

XAMTURALZIIUL- / ХАМТРАЛЖУУЛАХ



v.t. To collectivize, organize on a collective basis.

XAMU- / ХАМАХ



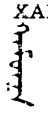
v.t. To gather together; to sweep together, scrape up, rake up.
--zu abxu. To scrape up.
--zu øgky. To gather and give; to give everything.

XAMUГ / ХАМАГ



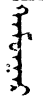
adj. and n. All; whole; everyone, everything.
-- bygydeger. All, all in general or together, everybody.
-- ı cidayсı. Omnipotent.
-- un. Of all, of everything; gives a superlative meaning to a following adjective or adverb.
-- un bay-a. Smallest.
-- un cixula. Most important.
-- un ecys tyr. At the very end, at the very last.
-- un sain. Best.
-- un terigyn-e. Above all, first of all.
-- un xurdun. Quickest.

XAMUГA



[dat.-loc. of xamuy (obs.)] To all, to everyone; to everything, everywhere.

XAMUГAR / ХАМГААР



[= xamuy+ıjer] adv. All, all together, in general.

XAMUГUL- / ХАМУУЛАХ



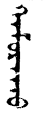
v. caus. of xamu-.

XAMUГUR / ХАМУУР



n Rake; broom.

XAMURA- / ХАМРАХ



v.t. To seize, clutch, snatch; to scrape, rake; to include.
--n abxu. To seize; to take away.
--n xurijaxu. To rake or scrape together; to collect.
--n zøgeky. To rake together; to collect.
--zu bıciky. To compile; to write about.
sunayan ber --xu. To scoop with a ladle.

XAMURAL / ХАМРАЛ



n. The act of xamura-.

XAMX-A / ХАМХ



See kemke.

XAMXACI- / ХАМХЧИХ



See kemkeci-.

XAMXAГ, 1. / ХАМХАГ



n. Crushed or broken pieces, fragments, shards.

XAMXAГ, 2. / ХАМХАГ



n. A kind of artemisia (Ch. huang-hao 黃蒿). [Gr.] Salsola collina.

XAMXALA- / ХАМХЛАХ



See kemkele-.

XAMXARA- / ХАМХРАХ



See kemkere-.

XAMXUUL / ХАМХУУЛ



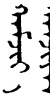
n. Tumble-weed.

XAMZI- / ХАМЖИХ



v.t. To do something together; to aid, help.
--zu kiky. To do something together; to assist in doing something.
kycyn --xu. To give help.

XAMZIJ-A(N) / ХАМЖАА



n. Help, assistance; assistant; company, commercial corporation; cooperative store.

XAMZIJATAI / ХАМЖААТАЙ



adj. Having an assistant or assistance.

XAMZILCA- / ХАМЖИЛЦАХ



[v. coop. of xamzi-] To participate; to share.

XAMZILГ-A / ХАМЖЛАГА



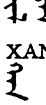
n. Domestic servant; serf.

XAMZILГATAI / ХАМЖЛАГАТАЙ



adj. Having domestic servants or serfs.

XAMZILГATAN / ХАМЖЛАГАТАН



n. Feudal lords.

XAN / ХААН

n. Khan, king, chief Cf. xayan.

-- bajan tngri. Shamanistic god of hunting.
-- izaγur. Royal caste.
-- izaγurtu. Of royal descent, prince or scion of a royal house.
-- kybegyn. Royal prince.
-- orun. Throne; kingdom.
-- orun-a saγulγaxu. To install on the throne.
-- saγuxu. To ascend the throne.
-- sirege. Throne.
-- temyr. [Gr.] Peucedanum rigidum (plant).
-- tøry. Empire, kingdom; monarchy.
-- tøry bariγulxu. To entrust the government to somebody; to enthrone.
-- tøry barixu. To rule as a king, govern.
-- u ordu. King's palace.
-- u uruγ. Royal house or family, dynasty.
-- zasaγ. Law; order of the king; monarchic government.

XAN-

See xanu- .

XAN-A / ХААНА

adv. Where to? At what place?

XAN-A(N) / ХАНА

n. A section of lattice wall of a yurt (about 5 1/2' x 12'); lath; wall.
-- jin sonin. "Wall news" (news sheet pasted on the wall).
-- jin ziruγ. Placard, poster.
--n xada. Steep rock.

XANA- / ХАНАХ

v.t. To open a vein; to bleed.
cisu --xu. To bleed a person.

XANAГUL- / ХАНУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xana-.

XANAГUR / ХАНУУР

n. Lancet for bleeding.
-- ijer xanaxu. To open a vein with a lancet, perform phlebotomy.
-- jida. Javelin, dart.
-- xoruxai. Leech.

XANAГURCI(N) / ХАНУУРЧ

n. Phlebotomist.
-- xoruxai. Leech.

XANALГ-A / ХАНАЛГА

n. Phlebotomy.
-- jin zasal. Phlebotomy.

XANASI

See xanusi.

XANATAI / ХАНАТАЙ

adj. Having a xan-a, q.v.
tabun -- ger. A yurt with five xan-a, q.v.

XANCIR, 1. / ХАНЧИР

adj. Lean, thin, meagre.
-- kymyn. Very thin person.
-- mix-a. Lean meat.

XANCIR, 2. / ХАНЧИР

n. Peritoneum.

XANCIR, 3. / ХАНЧИР

n. Heron.

XANCU

See xancui.

XANCUI / ХАНЦУЙ

[= xancu = xamcui] n. Sleeve.
-- buu. Revolver, pistol.
-- øgesi. A kind of fishing net.

XANCUILA- / ХАНЦУЙЛАХ

[= xancula-, xamcuila-] v.t. To put an arm through a sleeve; to put or carry something in the sleeve; to filch, pilfer.
γar ijen --xu. To put one's hands in the sleeves.

XANCULA-

See xancuila-.

XANDA / ХАНД

n. Decoction, extract, infusion; sirup; jelly, jam.
-- ariki. Liqueur.
-- em. Extract, essence (med.).
cai jin -- . A strong infusion of tea.

XANDAГAI / ХАНДГАЙ

n. Elk, sort of moose.
em-e -- . Female elk.
er-e -- . Male elk.

XANDALA- / ХАНДЛАХ



v.t. To decoct, concentrate by boiling, boil down, condense.
--γsan zimis. Jam, marmalade.
em --xu. To make a decoction or extract (med.).

XANDU- / ХАНДАХ



v.i. To face; to direct oneself toward, turn toward; to lean to; to strive towards.
buruγu --xu. To turn in the wrong direction, turn one's back, turn aside.
dorun-a zyg tyr --xu. To turn eastward.
γadaγsi --xu. To face the outside.
... tal-a du --xu. To join, lean toward, take sides with.
tøb tesi --xu kycy. Centripetal force.

XANDUIGUL- / ХАНДУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of xandu-] v.t. To direct; to make one face something; to make one turn toward.
angxarul i --xu. To direct one's attention.
zam du --xu. To put on the trail.
zoriγulun --xu. To cause to strive toward.
zorizu --xu. To strive toward.

XANDULГ-A / ХАНДЛАГА



n. Leaning; direction; tendency.

XANГA-



See xangγa-.

XANG



[Ch. hang,hsiang 巷] n. Alley-way.

XANG-



See xanu-

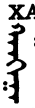
XANGГA- / ХАНГАХ



[= xanγa-, xanuγul-] v. caus. of xang-; to satisfy, fulfill; to provide, supply with.
--xui idegen. Satiating food.
ed tavar ijer --xu. To supply with merchandise.
egerel i --xu. To fulfill a wish or hope.
idegen ijer --xu. To satiate with food.
kysel i --xu. To fulfill a wish, satisfy a desire.
nøkycel i --xu. To satisfy or meet the conditions, fulfill the requirements.
sedkil i --xu. To satisfy the mind, a wish, or desire.
sonirxal i --xu. To satisfy one's interest.

tølyblege --xu. To fulfill a plan.
usun ijer --xu. To irrigate sufficiently; to give enough to drink.

XANGГAIGUL- / ХАНГУУЛАХ



v. caus. of xangγa-

XANGГAI / ХАНГАЙ



n. Any hilly area with cool climate, friable soil, herbaceous vegetation, forests, brooks, rivers, and lakes; castle in chess (dial.)
-- xar-a tømysy. Bracken, fern.

XANGГAI- / ХАНГАЙХ



v.i. To be tall and spare.

XANGГAL



See xangγalta; also a solemn service with special oblations made to the "terrible" deities.
-- i ungsixu. To celebrate a xangγal.

XANGГALTA / ХАНГАЛТ



[= xangγal] n. Satisfaction, contentment; fulfillment; supplying, providing.
-- ygei. Unsatisfactory, inadequate.

XANGГALTATAI / ХАНГАЛТТАЙ



adj. - Satisfactory.

XANGГAMAL / ХАНГАМАЛ



n.d. of xangγa-.
-- temyr. Well-hardened iron.

XANGГAMZI / ХАНГАМЖ



n. Satisfaction, fulfillment; provision.

XANGГAMZITAI / ХАНГАМЖТАЙ



adj. Satisfactory, satisfying.
-- cinege. Satisfactory size or quantity.

XANGГARA- / ХАНГАРАХ



v.t. To touch lightly; to brush in flight, graze (of a missile).

XANGГULA- / ХАНГАЛАХ



See xangxul-.



XANGГUR

Onomat. descriptive of a cracking or crashing noise.

-- kinggyr. Crash, crack, crackle, snap, noise.



XANGGIJAL

adj. Tall and slender.



XANGGIL / ХАНГИЛ

n. Bald hills.



XANGGILZA- / ХАНГИЛЗАХ

v.i. To resound, ring.



XANGGILZAГUR

n. Anything that makes ringing sounds; staff of a mendicant monk equipped with metal rings which he sounds to announce his approach.



XANGGINA- / ХАНГИНАХ

v.i. To sound, ring, resound; to make a sharp tinkling noise; to whine. To creak.

--n cingginen = --n gingginen. Tinkling of bells, bracelets, etc.

--xu dayu. Sharp tinkling sound; resonance.

ciki --xu. To have a ringing in the ears.

kyiten --ba. Ringing frost has set in.

ømykei --xu. To have an offensive smell.

xongxu --xu. For the bell to ring.



XANGGINAГUL- / ХАНГИНУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xanggina-.

xongxu --xu. To strike or sound a bell.



XANGGINAГUR / ХАНГИНУУР

[= xangginur] adj. and n. Sounding, rattling; rattle, bells; carpenter's ax.



XANGGINUR

See xangginayur.



XANGGIR / ХАНГИР

Onomat. descriptive of a rattling or ringing sound.

-- zinggir. Metallic sound as of knives, swords or little bells.



XANGGIRA- / ХАНГИРАХ

v.i. To rattle.



XANGGIRAГUL- / ХАНГИРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xanggira-.



XANGGIRAS-

v.i. To rattle.



XANGGIS / ХАНГИС

-- kinggis. Onomat. describing the metallic sound of bells, ornaments, a bunch of keys, etc.



XANGGISU / ХАНГИС

n. Silk scarf with a fringe.



XANGSA-, 1.

v.i. To speak through the nose, speak with a twang.



XANGSA-, 2. / ХАНСАХ

v.t. To remove or scrape the hair from a skin.



XANGSI, 1. / ХАНШ

[Ch. han-shih 寒食 , "cold food"] n. The Chinese "Spring festival" known as ch' ing-ming-chieh 清明節 , at which time the Chinese worship at the tombs of their ancestors.



XANGSI, 2. / ХАНШ

[Ch. hang-shih 行市] n. Rate of exchange; market price.

tøgyrig yn --. The rate of exchange of the tøgyrig, q.v.

xatayu --. Stable rate of exchange.



XANGSI, 3.

n. A kind of thin silk.



XANGSIJAR / ХАНШААР

n. Bridge of the nose.



XANGSILA- / ХАНШЛАХ

v.t. To quote prices or rates.



XANGTAZA / ХАНТААЗ

[Ch. han-t'a-tzu 汗褟子] n. Vest, waistcoat.



XANGXAD-

v.i. To be solidly attached.

XANGXAГAR / ХАНХГАР
adj. Broad, wide, expanded; big and clumsy (of human beings and animals).
-- cegezitei. Broad-shouldered.
-- šar. Large ox.

XANGXAI / ХАНХАЙ
adj. Large, spacious; empty, unfurnished (as a yurt or room) ; unequipped.
-- emegel. A kind of packsaddle.
-- sumu. Blunt-tipped arrow.

XANGXAI- / ХАНХАЙХ
v.i. To spread out, expand; to be empty or unoccupied; to be unfurnished (as a house); to be broad-shouldered.

XANGXAILГA- / ХАНХАЙЛГАХ
[v. caus. of xangxai-] v.t. To spread wide, expand; to leave empty or unoccupied.

XANGXUL- / ХАНХУЛАХ
[= xangγula-] v.i. To emit a strong odor; to smell.
araki --xu. To smell of liquor.

XANGZAL- / ХАНЗЛАХ
See xaγzala-.

XANGZARA- / ХАНЗРАХ
See xaγzara-.

XANI / ХАНЬ
n. Friend; companion, partner; husband.
-- bolxu. To be a companion, accompany.
-- kiky. To make someone a companion.
-- nøkyr. Friends, comrades, companions; husband.
ynenci -- . Loyal friend.
zam un -- . Traveling companion.

XANICA- / ХАНЬЦАХ
[= xanic'-] v.i. To be a friend or companion; to cohabit.

XANICI-
See xanica-.

XANIJA- / ХАНИАХ
v.i. To cough.
cer --xu. To cough up phlegm.

XANIJAD
See xanijadu(n).

XANIJADU(N) / ХАНИАД
[= xanijad, xanijadum] n. Cough; grippe, influenza.
-- ebedcin. Cold, grippe, influenza; all diseases accompanied by cough.
-- kyrky. To catch a cold or influenza.
aγuskin [u] -- . Tuberculosis; pneumonia.
bygsigyldeg -- . Whooping cough.
xaldaburitu-- ebedcin.Epidemic pneumonia.
xoγulai tataday -- . Whooping cough.

XANIJADUM
See xanijadu(n).

XANIJALГ-A(N) / ХАНИАЛГА(Н)
n. Cough, coughing.
køkygyldeg -- . Whooping cough.

XANIJALГA- / ХАНИАЛГАХ
[v. caus. of xanija-] To cause to cough.

XANILA- / ХАНИЛАХ
v.i. To become friendly, become friends.
--zu bolxu kymyn. A person worthy of one's friendship.

XANILAL / ХАНИЛАЛ
n. Friendship, companionship.

XANIN / ХАНИН
n. Seaweed (Ch. hai-tai 海帶).

XANTAR- / ХАНТРАХ
v.t. To tie the bridle of a horse to the saddle; to pull the reins tight.

XANTARГ-A / ХАНТРАГА
n. Band or strap used for holding something to prevent it from bending or falling.
-- cilbuγur. A martingale.

XANU- / ХАНАХ
[= xan-, xang-] v.i. To content oneself, be content, satisfied; to be satiated, be full.
--tal-a ideky. To eat to satiety.

XANUГUL- / ХАНУУЛАХ
See xangγa- .

XANUL / ХАНАЛ
n. Satisfaction, contentment, satiety.

XANULTAI / ХАНАЛТАЙ
adj. Satisfying; satisfied.

XANUMZI / ХАНАМЖ
n. Satisfaction, contentment, satiety.
-- ygei. Unsatisfactory.

XANUMZITAI / ХАНАМЖТАЙ
adj. Satisfactory; content; satisfied.

XANUSI / ХАНАШ
[= xanasi]
-- ygei. Not satiated, insatiable.
yzebesy -- ygei. Cannot look enough at, never be tired of looking at.

XANZU / ХАНЗ
[Ch. k'ang 炕] n. Bed built of brick and mud (often heatable).
-- jin xulang. Chimney of a heatable brick bed.
γazar -- . Heated floor.

XAR, 1. / ХАР
-- kir / -- xar. Onomat. expressive of friction, crushing, or crunching.
-- sir. Onomat. expressive of shuffling feet.

XAR, 2.
-- modu. Cylinder in a loom on which threads are wound.

XAR-A, 1. / ХАР
adj. and n. a) Black, dark, obscure.
-- alta. Wolfram, wolframite.
-- bolγaxu. To blacken, make black. See also under c).
-- boru. Dark brown, dark grey; dirty.
-- caγan u γazar. Distance at which one can distinguish a black animal from a white one.
-- cai. Black tea with no milk.
-- ciraitai. Swarthy face.
-- dalai. Black Sea.
-- erijen. Mottled or spotted with a black background.
-- keger. Chestnut colored (of a horse).
-- kitad. Khara Kitai (his.); Chinese (derogatory term).
-- modu. Larch, Larix sibirica.
-- møren. Amur River.
-- sily. Beef soup without vegetables.

b) Unrefined, common, plain, vulgar; rough, unpolished.
-- azilcin. Hard laborer.
-- bicig. Rough copy.
-- jasu. Common birth, low birth.
-- jariγ-a = -- jarij-a. Colloquial language.
-- kele. Colloquial language.
-- yge. Colloquial language; colloquialism.

c) Profane, secular, nonclerical, lay.
-- bolγaxu. To unfrock a priest. See also under a).
-- feudal. Secular feudal lord.
-- kymyn. Layman; husband.
-- ulus. Lay people.

d) Evil, sinful, malicious, jealous, jealousy, envy.
-- nom. Black magic.
-- šasin. Shamanism.
-- xargis. Brutal, barbarous.
-- xour-a . Jealousy, envy.
-- yile. Black deed, sin.
-- yile yiledygci. Sinner.

e) adj. and adv. Large; intense, heavy, violent; very.
-- kølysy. Large drops of sweat.
-- baγ-a nasun ece. From one's very childhood.
-- boruγan. Heavy rain.
-- kycy. Sheer force, violence.
-- ørlyge. Very early in the morning.
-- salkin. Strong or violent wind; sand storm.

f) The ninth of the ten cyclical stems (t'ien-kan 天干) corresponding to Chinese jen 壬. It precedes the names of animals of the animal cycle.
-- morin zil. The year of the black horse (Ch. jen-wu 壬午).

g) Idiomatic uses.
-- baγuxu. To regret, be sorry.
-- dain. Cold war.
-- nutuγ. Native place, fatherland.
-- seger. Nape of the neck.
-- terigyty irgen. The people (hist.).

XAR-A, 2. / ХАР
After a noun expresses generalization or collectiveness.

bicig -- . Books.
dangsa -- . Cashier's books; documents.
kymyn -- . People, persons.

XARA- / ХАРАХ
v.t. To look at, glance, watch, observe; to regard, consider; to look after; to face.
--xu asar. Lookout, observation tower.
--zu baital-a. Before [my, etc.] own eyes.
--zu yzeky. To look at.
amin ijen yly --xu. To risk one's life.
bej-e jin amur i --xu. To consider one's own comfort.
bej-e jin asiγ i --xu yzel. Egoism.
caγ ijen --xu. To look at one's watch.
ger --xu kymyn. One who looks after the house, caretaker.
keyked --xu kymyn. A person who looks after children, baby sitter.
mal --xu. To look after cattle.
nom --xu. To look through a book.
xoisi ben --γsan ger. A house or yurt facing north.

XARABCI
See γarabci.

XARABIR
See xarabur.

XARABTUR / ХАРАВТАР
adj. Blackish, darkish.
-- noγuγan. Dark green.

XARABTURXAN / ХАРАВТАРХАН
adj. Somewhat blackish.

XARABUR
[= xarabir] adj. Blackish.

XARACA / ХАРЦ
n. Look, glance; eyesight.
zөgelen -- . Soft or gentle eyes.

XARACI
n. Messenger in a government office; clerk, scribe (hist.).
-- siγubang. Clerk, scribe.

XARACIN / ХАРЧИН
n.p Kharchin, name of a prominent tribe in the Jostu League of Inner Mongolia, located in Jehol Province.

XARACU / ХАРЦ
[pl. xaracus, q.v.] n. Common people, commoner.
-- izaγur. Common birth or origin.
-- kymyn bolγaxu. To demote a nobleman to the status of a commoner.

XARACUD
[pl. of xar-a] n. Laymen.

XARACUS
[pl. of xaracu] n. Common people.

XARADA- / ХАРДАХ
v.t. To suspect, incriminate, implicate; to have hard feelings.
kilis ijer --xu. To suspect unjustly.

XARADAГDA- / ХАРДАГДАХ
v. pass. of xarada-.

XARADAГUL- / ХАРДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xarda-.

XARAГ-A(N), 1. / ХАРАА
n. Vision; sight of a firearm.
-- maγutai. Shortsighted.
-- sīγum. Line of sight (in shooting).
-- ygei. Blind.
nidyn y -- . Eyesight, vision.
oir-a -- tu. Nearsighted; shortsighted.
xola -- tu. Farsighted.

XARAГ-A, 2. / ХАРГАА, ХАРАА
n. Cause, reason.
-- ber. In view of, in consequence of, because of.
-- ece. In consequence of, as a result of.
egyn-y -- . In view of this, because of this.

XARAГALA- / ХАРААЛАХ
v.t. To take aim.

XARAГALZA- / ХАРГАЛЗАХ
v.t. To look after, take care of; to treat with or take into consideration; to watch.
--xu өncyg. Corresponding angles.
baidal i --xu. To watch the situation.

erke asiγ i --xu. To consider the advantage or benefit.
kinan --xu. To look or watch carefully or attentively; to check, control.
sin-e ørnilte ji --xu. To take the new development into consideration.

XARAГALZAГCI / ХАРГАЛЗАГЧ
n. One who looks after or takes care of; guardian.

XARAГALZAL / ХАРГАЛЗАЛ
n. Care, supervision; consideration.

XARAГALZALГ-A / ХАРГАЛЗЛАГА
n. Care, supervision; considerati ı.

XARAГAN
n. The act of watching from an elevated place; watchtower, elevated place for lookout.

XARAГAN-A / ХАРГАНА
[= xarγan-a, xaraγun-a] n. Caragana arborescens (plant).
altan --. Caragana leucophloea.
ulaγan --. Caragana pygmaea, Caragana stenophylla.
yker --. Caragana microphylla.

XARAГANATU / ХАРГАНАТ
n. and adj. [Place] where Caragana grows; also a place name.

XARAГATAI / ХАРААТАЙ
adj. and n. Having vision or eyesight; open (of eyes); visible distance or area.

XARAГCIN / ХАРАГЧИН
adj. Black (of female animals).
-- gegyy. Black mare.

XARAГDA- / ХАРАГДАХ
[v.pass. of xara-] To be seen; to appear; to be[come] visible.
xolá --xu. To be seen in the distance; to appear in the distance.
ulam saixan --xu. To look more beautiful; to be[come] more visible or distinct.

XARAГU, 1. / ХАРУУ
[= xarau] n. and adj. Force, vigor; jealously guarding own herd or flock (of animals or birds).
-- tamir. Force, vigor.

XARAГU, 2. / ХАРУУ
n. Darnel grass.

XARAГUL / ХАРУУЛ
n. Watch, sentry, guard, scout.
-- cerig. Patrol, post, sentinel.
-- γarγaxu. To send a scout, send out scouts.
-- kiky. To stand watch.
-- manaγ-a. Guard, night watch.
-- talbixu. To place a guard, set out guards or sentinels.
-- zula. [Ko.] Lantern of a lighthouse, lighthouse.

XARAГUL- / ХАРУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of xara-] To cause to look at or after, watch, guard.
degesi --xu. To cause to look or face upward.
mal --xu. To tend cattle; to let someone look after cattle.

XARAГULCI(N) / ХАРУУЛЧ
n. Watchman, guard.
-- talbixu. To place a guard, set out sentinels.

XARAГUN-A
See xaraγan-a.
-- xalzan. A bird resembling the crow with a bald spot on its head and a white beak; coot.

XARAI- / ХАРАЙХ
v.t. and i. To jump, leap, skip; to storm (as a stronghold).
--n bosxu. To jump up.
--n γarxu. To jump out, leap forward.
--zu baγuxu. To jump down.
cam --xu. To perform the cam, q.v.
ongγuca --xu. To jump aboard.
saγad degegyr --xu. To jump over an obstacle.
usun dur --xu. To jump into the water.

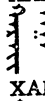
XARAILA- / ХАРАЙЛАХ
v.t. To jump, leap.

XARAILГ-A / ХАРАЙЛГА

n. Jump, leap.

XARAILГA- / ХАРАЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of xarai-] To cause to jump or leap.

XARAILTA / ХАРАЙЛТ

n. Jump, leap.
urtu jin -- . Broad jump.

XARALA- / ХАРЛАХ

v.i. To become or appear black or dark; to feel intense hunger; to have a sensation of faintness.
--zu yzegdeky. To appear black in the distance.
dotur-a --xu. To have a sensation of faintness (as from hunger, etc.).

XARALAГUL- / ХАРЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xarala-.

XARALDU- / ХАРАЛДАХ

[v. rec. of xara-] To look at or face each other; to be against or antagonistic to each other.

XARALГAN / ХАРАЛГАН

n. and adj. Nightblindness; shortsightedness.
xola jin -- . Farsightedness.

XARALIГ / ХАРЛАГ

n. Slave, serf (obs.).

XARALMAI

-- ulus. Subjects, people, mob.

XARAM / ХАРАМ

adj. and n. Jealous; possessive, stingy, greedy; jealousy; stinginess; regret.
-- kyrky. To become jealous, stingy, or regretful.
-- ygei. Unstinted[ly], lavish[ly], without withholding anything.
ed tavar tur masi -- . Very greedy for riches.
sedkil -- ygei. Free from greed, selfless.

XARAMBAI

[SH/AM 323] n. A kind of duck.
-- nuγusun. Same as above.

XARAMCA-

See xaramsa-

XARAMCI / ХАРАМЧ

n. Possessive, jealous, stingy, or greedy person.

XARAMLA- / ХАРАМЛАХ

[= xaramna-] v.t. To be possessive or jealous about something.
sudur [i] --xu. To be stingy with books, be unwilling to lend or share books.

XARAMNA- / ХАРАМНАХ

See xaramla-.

XARAMSA- / ХАРАМСАХ

[= xaramca-] v.t. To be jealous of; to be possessive; to regret; to pity.
--n γasiγudaxu. To regret, grieve.
--xui sedkil. Jealous thought; jealousy.

XARAMSALTAI / ХАРАМСАЛТАЙ

adj. Regretable, pitiable.
jabuγsan ygei inu -- baimui. It is a pity that [he] did not go.

XARAMTAГAI / ХАРАМТГАЙ

adj. Stingy, greedy.

XARAMZI / ХАРАМЖ

n. Care.
-- øgky. To take care of; to give care.

XARANDA / ХАРАНДАА

n. Pencil.

XARANGГ-A, 1. / ХАРАНГА

n. Small arrow; thunderbolt; long front teeth of domestic animals.

XARANGГ-A, 2. / ХАРАНГА

n. Gong.

XARANGГADA-, 1. / ХАРАНГАДАХ

v.i. To be pierced by an arrow; to teethe.

XARANGГADA-, 2. / ХАРАНГАДАХ

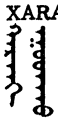
v.t. To beat a gong.

XARANGГU



See xarangγui.

XARANGГUD- / ХАРАНГАДАХ



v.i. To faint; to starve.
--xu ebedcin. Fainting.

XARANGГUI / ХАРАНГУЙ



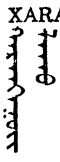
[= xarangγu, xarangxui] adj. and n. Dark[ness]; dusk.
-- arilγaxu. To dispel darkness; to enlighten by religious teachings.
-- balar. Ignorant, backward, uncultured, uncivilized.
-- balar caγ. Primitive age, dark age.
-- bolxu. To become dark, darken.
-- bydygyiig. Ignorant, backward, undeveloped, uncultured.
-- mungxaγ. Stupidity, stupid.
-- orun. Dark place or spot.
-- søni. Dark night.
-- ydesi. Dusk, twilight; at twilight.

XARANGГUIDA- / ХАРАНГУЙДАХ



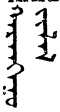
v.i. To be too dark.

XARANGГUILA- / ХАРАНГУЙЛАХ



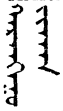
[= xarangxuila-] v.t. To darken.
dotur-a --xu. To have a sensation of faintness (as from hunger or illness).

XARANGГUILAL / ХАРАНГУЙЛАЛ



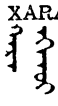
n. Darkening.

XARANGГUIXAN / ХАРАНГУЙХАН



adj. Rather dark.

XARANGXUI, etc. / ХАРАНХУЙ



See xarangγui, etc.

XARAS- / ХАРСАХ



v.i. and t. To be chagrined; to hate.
--xui sedkil. Hatred, animosity.

XARASIГ / ХАРШИГ



adj. Somewhat dark or black.

XARATAI / ХАРТАЙ



adj. Treacherous, evil-minded ; nasty, awful.
-- kymyn. Treacherous person.
-- yge. Nasty remark.

XARAU



See xaraγu, 1.

XARAUD-



v.i. To blacken, rust (of grain).

XARAXAN, 1. / ХАРХАН



adj. Somewhat black.

XARAXAN, 2. / ХАРХАН



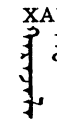
adv. Just now, just then; hardly.
-- jabuj-a gezy baital-a. Just when one was about to leave.

XARAZA / ХАРЗ



[= xarazi] n. Unfrozen patch of water in a frozen river.

XARAZALA- / ХАРЗЛАХ



v.i. To remain unfrozen (of water in the midst of a frozen river).

XARAZI



See xaraza.

XARBA



n. A kind of fresh-water fish.

XARBAL



n. A kind of fresh-water fish (Ch. sung-hua-yü 松花魚).

XARBIN / ХАРБИН



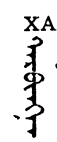
-- xota. The city of Harbin.

XARBING / ХАРВИН



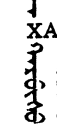
n. The fat on the abdomen of an animal; big belly.

XARBINGNA- / ХАРВИГНАХ



v.i. To develop fat on the abdomen (of animals); to develop a big belly.

XARBISU(N), 1.



n. Uterus of an animal; placenta.

XARBISU(N), 2.

[S.S. 64, instead of xabisu(n)] n. Rib.

XARBU- / ХАРВАХ

v.t. To shoot (an arrow or firearms).
--γci ebesy. Feather grass, Stipa sibirica.
--xu γazar. Archery range.
--xu mergen. A good archer or shot.
sumun [i] --xu. To shoot an arrow.

XARBUGACI(N) / ХАРВААЧ(ИН)

n. Archer, shooter.

XARBUGDA- / ХАРВАГДАХ

v.pass. of xarbu-.

XARBUGUL / ХАРВУУЛ

n. A device for throwing projectiles.

XARBUGUL- / ХАРВУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xarbu-.

XARBUL / ХАРВАЛ

n. Shooting, shot.

XARBUL-

v.t. To shoot intermittently.

XARBULG-A / ХАРВАЛГА

n. Shooting, shot.

XARBULTA / ХАРВАЛТ

n. Shooting, shot.

XARCAG-A / ХАРЦАГА

See xarcaγai.

XARCAGACI

n. Falconer.

XARCAGAI / ХАРЦГАЙ

[= xarcaγ-a] n. Falcon, hawk.
-- orkixu. To release a falcon or hawk.
caγan --. White hawk.

XARCIGINA- / ХАРЧИГНАХ, ХАРЧГИНАХ

Same as xarzigina-.

XARD / ХАРД

Onomat. expressive of grinding the teeth, cracking, or the snapping of a dog.

XARGAI / ХАРГАЙ

n. Larch tree.
sir-a --. Yellow fir.
tosun --. Dark red fir.

XARGAM, 1. / ХАРГАМ

n. Brocade; floral design on material.
-- xadxuxu. To embroider.

XARGAM, 2. / ХАРГАМ

n. Croup, rump (of a horse).

XARGAMNA- / ХАРГАМНАХ

v.t. To embroider.

XARGAN-A

See xaraγan-a.

XARGU- / ХАРГАХ

v.i. To meet with, encounter; to conflict; to be an opponent.
--zu zoγsuxu. To be confronted with each other; to stand face to face.

XARGUCA- / ХАРГАЦАХ

v.i. To clash, conflict.

XARGUI / ХАРГУЙ

n. Path, road.
-- γarγaxu. To tread out a path or road.
-- zam. Path, small road.
narin --. Small path, trail.
zam --. Roads (collectively).

XARGUICI / ХАРГУЙЧ

n. Wanderer; guide.

XARGUILA- / ХАРГУЙЛАХ

v.t. To tread out a path or road.

XARGI / ХАРГИ

n. Rapids; swift course.

XARGIL, 1.

n. A tree with leaves resembling those of an apple-tree and dark reddish bark which is used as a decorative covering.

XARGIL, 2. / ХАРГИЛ

n. Shoal in a river.

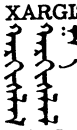
XARGIS / ХАРГИС

n. and adj. Viciousness, malice, cruelty, ferocity, brutality; tyrant, tyranny; reactionary.

-- cerig yn erketen nar. Despotic war lords.
-- ezerkeg. Tyrannical usurper; cruel and domineering.
-- jabudal. Act of cruelty.
-- maγu. Wicked, cruel.
-- yge. Injurious or cruel word[s]; invective.
-- ygyleky. To speak in a harsh, insulting manner.
-- yzel. Tyrannical or reactionary view or theory.
-- xataγu. Cruel and hard.

XARGISLA- / ХАРГИСЛАХ

v.i. To act in a cruel or despotic manner; to be brutal.

XARGISLAL[Г-A] / ХАРГИСЛАЛ(ГА)

n. Despotism, oppression, tyranny; reaction (polit.).

XARI, 1. / ХАРЬ

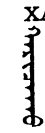
adj. and n. Foreign, strange; stranger.
-- bolxu. To separate from, leave.
-- dur ocixu. To marry (of a woman); to become a member of another clan through marriage.
-- γazar. Foreign country.
-- jin darulal. Foreign oppression or yoke.
-- ulus. Strange or foreign country or people.

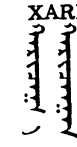
XARI, 2. / ХАРЬ

n. A sack-like net.

XARI- / ХАРИХ

v.i. To return, go back; to subside (as flood, swelling, etc.).
--n asaγuxu. To ask again.
--n bucaxu. To return, come back.
--n ireky. To return.
--n ygyleky. To answer, respond.
ger tegen --xu. To go back home.
xabudur --xu. Swelling subsides.

XARICA- / ХАРЬЦАХ

v.i. To have a relation to, be related to or connected with; to come out even, play a drawn match.

XARICAГ-A(N) / ХАРЬЦАА(Н)

n. Relation[s], connection[s].
yiledbyri jin -- . Production relationships.

XARICANGГUI / ХАРЬЦАНГУЙ

adj. Relative, comparative.

XARIDA-, 1.

v.i. To become a stranger.

XARIDA-, 2. / ХАРЬДАХ

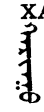
v.t. To pick up or catch with a xari, q.v.
xudduγ --xu. To clean out a well with a xari.

XARIГ / ХАРИГ

adj. Timid, bashful.

XARIГDA-

v. pass. of xari-.

XARIГU / ХАРИУ

n., adj., and adv. Answer, response; return; retribution; back; in return.
-- abxu. To obtain a reply; to get in return; to take revenge.
-- barixu. To return, give back; to reply.
-- bicig. Written reply, return letter.
-- bolxu. To answer.
-- cokilta. Return blow.
-- ilegeky. To send back.
-- keleky. To answer.
-- øgky. To give an answer.
-- temdeg. Receipt for an official document.
-- yge. Answer, reply.
-- ygei. Without an answer; not answering to the expectations; not too good, bad, hopeless.
-- ygyleky. Answer, response, reply.
aci jin -- . [In] return for a favor.
bej-e -- ygei bain-a. [I] do not feel too well.
bicig yn -- . Answer to a letter.
daisun ece -- ji abxu. To take revenge on an enemy.
egyn y -- dur. In response to this.
sain u -- . Reward for a good deed, return of a favor, act of gratitude.
yge jin -- . Answer, reply.

XARIГUCA- / ХАРИУЦАХ

v.t. and i. To answer, take responsibility, be responsible; to respond, retaliate; to resist, oppose.
--n esergyceky. To resist.
--xu sedkil. Sense of duty.
yge --xu. To retort.

XARIГUCAГUL- / ХАРИУЦУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xariγuca-] To place the responsibility on, make responsible; to cause to resist or oppose.

xataγu ber --xu. To impose a heavy responsibility.

XARIГUCAL / ХАРИУЦАЛ

n. Retaliation ; resistance.

XARIГUCALГ-A / ХАРИУЦЛАГА

n. Responsibility.

-- bykyi = xariγucalγatai. Responsible.

-- ji kylijeky. To take or carry responsibility.

-- toryaxu. To impose a responsibility.

-- ygei. Not responsible; irresponsible.

eregyy jin -- . Responsibility for a crime.

XARIГUCALГATAI / ХАРИУЦЛАГАТАЙ

adj. Responsible.

-- erkilegci. General manager.

XARIГUCALГATAN / ХАРИУЦЛАГАТАН

n. Responsible personnel, key personnel.

XARIГUL-, 1. / ХАРИУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xari- ; often used interchangeably with xariγula-] v.t. To cause to return; to send, give, or pay back; to beat off, repulse.

--zu φgky. To send back, return.

aci [ji] --xu. To return a favor; to give thanks; to requite.

cerig --xu. To withdraw an army or troops; to repulse an army.

dobtuly-a ji --xu. To repulse an attack.

nigylty yiles ece --xu. To turn [somebody] away from, or to avert, sinful acts.

tφlygesyn i --xu. To pay a debt.

XARIГUL-, 2. / ХАРИУЛАХ

[used instead of xarayul-] v.t. To watch after; to tend animals.

mal --xu. To herd or tend animals.

XARIГULA- / ХАРИУЛАХ

[often used interchangeably with xariγul-, 1.] To answer, reply; to repay.

--xu amu. In reply to your letter (epist. style).

XARIГULAL / ХАРИУЛАЛ

n. The act of returning; answer; retribution.

XARIГULASI

-- ygei. Impossible to requite, too great to repay (as benefits, favors).

XARIГULГ-A / ХАРИУЛГА

n. Return[ing]; restitution.

XARIГULГA- / ХАРИУЛГАХ

v. caus. of xariγul-.

XARIГULTA / ХАРИУЛАЛТ

Same as xariγululta.

XARIГULULTA / ХАРИУЛАЛТ

n. Answer, response.

XARIJ-A(N) / ХАРЬЯА

n. Relation, contact, dependence ; jurisdiction; reason; affair; necessity.

nada jayun u -- bui. How does it concern me? What do I care?

xayan u -- yazar. The territory subject to the khan.

xota jin -- . Municipal jurisdiction.

XARIJA- / ХАРААХ

v.t. To curse, swear, abuse.

--xu yge. Curse, invective, execration.

XARIJACAI / ХАРААЦАЙ

n. Swallow, martin.

altan -- . Golden martin.

elesyn -- . Sand martin.

morin -- . Wagtail.

xarayцin -- . Black swallow.

xatun -- . Mongolian swallow.

xonin -- . Bank martin.

XARIJAL / ХАРААЛ

n. Curse, execration; evil spell, bewitchment.

-- kiky. To curse, swear; to practice witchcraft.

-- un nom. Book of curses, a book of black magic.

XARIJALA- / ХАРЬЯАЛАХ

v.i. and t. To relate, refer, belong to; to concern; to be subjected to; to be possessed by; to have jurisdiction over.

--xu γazar. Office or department concerned.

--xu orun. Genitive case.

XARIJALAГDA- / ХАРЬЯАЛАГДАХ

[v. pass. of xarijala-] To be under somebody's jurisdiction, subject to, controlled by, dependent on.

XARIJALCI(N) / ХАРААЛЧ

n. Curser, slanderer.

XARIJATU / ХАРЬЯАТ

adj. and n. Having relation to or bearing on; relating, subject or subordinate to; being within the jurisdiction of; the one in question; citizen, subject.

-- aimaγ. Subordinate aimak.

-- γazar. Subjected country or place.

γadaγadu jin -- . Foreign subject.

XARIL / ХАРИЛ

n. The act of returning.

-- bucal ygei. Without coming back, without returning.

-- ygei. Not returning, without ever returning.

-- ygei bisirel. Unshakeable faith.

-- ygei sedkil. Firmness, fortitude.

tangγariγ ece -- ygei. Never breaking a vow.

XARILCA- / ХАРИЛЦАХ

[v. coop. of xari-] To return simultaneously; to be connected or related to each other; to communicate; to establish connection.

--n. Mutually, reciprocally.

--n itegelceky. To trust each other.

--n jarilcaxu. To talk something over, talk to each other.

--n kelelceky. To have a talk, discuss.

--n nebtereky. To communicate; communications.

--n tusalalcaxu. To cooperate; mutual aid.

--n zøbsijerelceky. To come to a mutual understanding or agreement.

--xu dangsa. Current account.

--xu saba. Communicating vessels.

γadaγadu luγ-a --xu jabudal. Foreign relations, international relations, diplomatic relations.

siγud --xu. To be in direct or immediate contact.

zakidal ijer --xu. To correspond with somebody.

XARILCAГ-A(N) / ХАРИЛЦАА

n. Connection, contact, relation, communication.

-- xolbuγ-a. Connections, relations; alliance; communication; contact.

ax-a degyy jin -- . Relation between brothers, brotherly relations.

azu axui jin -- . Economic relations.

cakilγan medegen y -- . Telegraphic communication .

siγud -- . Direct contact or connection.

xudalduγan u -- . Commercial or business relations.

XARILCAГATAI / ХАРИЛЦААТАЙ

adj. Connected, related.

XARILTA / ХАРИЛТ

n. Return, retreat; subsidence; low tide.

-- ygei. With no retreat, without returning.

ebyl yn naran u -- . Winter solstice.

XARIM

[Go.] n. Broth of minced meat or fish; minced meat or fish.

XARIN / ХАРИН

adv. and interj. But, however; on the contrary; notwithstanding; surely! how true!

-- bolun-a. That will be just fine.

-- cu = carincu. No matter what, in spite of everything .

-- [da] ! How true!

bi tegyn i nøkyr ijer abcu jabuγsan-a, tere -- namaji daisungnabai. I treated him as a friend, but he treated me as an enemy.

bi -- cu jabuxu ygei. I am not going under any circumstances.

endeki jaγum-a -- kimda bain-a. The things here are cheap, however.

tere -- cu kereg ygei! That is quite unnecessary.

XARINCU

See xarin cu.

XARISI / ХАРЬШ
-- ygei. Without return[ing].

XARITAN / ХАРЬТАН
n. Foreigners.

XARKIR[-A]
n. Grey crane.

XARM-A
[Go.] n. Minced meat or fish.

XARMA- / ХАРМАХ
v.t. To rake up, gather together.

XARMAГUL- / ХАРМУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xarma-.

XARMAГUR / ХАРМУУР
n. Rake (tool).

XARMAN / ХАРМАН
-- cirman. See xarmas cirmas.

XARMAS / ХАРМАС
-- cirmas = xarman cirman. In a hurry, hastily.

XARMINZIN / ХАРМАНЖИН
n. A kind of wollen cloth (usually red).

XARSI, 1. / ХАРШ
n. and adj. Obstacle, hindrance, barrier; misfortune, evil; hostile: contrary, opposed, anti-.
-- nøkycel. Harmful relations.
-- siltaγan. Unfavorable circumstances.
-- ygei. Without hindrance, unhandicapped; out of danger.
nasun-a -- . Calamity, danger threatening one's life.
xour -- . Harm, evil.

XARSI, 2.
n. Palace hall; palace (Ch. tien 殿).

XARSI- / ХАРШИХ
v.i. To be contrary, opposed or against; to disagree.

XARSILA-, 1. / ХАРШЛАХ
v.i. To be an obstacle or hindrance; to produce a bad effect; to disagree, contradict; to be contrary or against; to antagonize.
--n ygyleky. To speak against; to contradict.
--xu siltaγan. Contrary circumstance or cause; contrary evidence.
siidbyri dyr --xu. To obstruct a decision.
zarcim dur --xu. To be against the principle.

XARSILA-, 2.
v.t. To use as a palace.

XARSILAL / ХАРШЛАЛ
n. Obstruction, hindrance, handicap, barrier; lack of harmony, discord; trouble; dispute.
-- ygei. Without obstacle or obstruction, unimpeded, free; without objection.

XARSILALCA- / ХАРШЛАЛЦАХ
v. coop. of xarsila-.

XARSILALDU- / ХАРШЛАЛДАХ
[v. rec. of xarsila-] To have mutual disagreements; to hinder each other.

XARSILALDUГAN / ХАРШЛАЛДААН
n. Contradiction, conflict, disagreement; antagonism.

XARSITAI / ХАРШТАЙ
[= xarsitu] adj. Harmful, contrary, antagonistic.
beJ-e dyr -- . Harmful to the body.

XARTAГANA
n. A kind of grass.

XARTAI, 1.
Same as xaratai.

XARTAI, 2.
n. Metal disk used in an anklebone game.

XARU- / ХАРАХ
v.t. To scrape, plane.

XARUГAR
n. Curse, malediction.

XARUГDA- / ХАРАГДАХ
v. pass. of xaru-.

XARUГUL / ХАРУУЛ
[= xaruul] n. Carpenter's plane.

XARUГUL- / ХАРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xaru-.

XARUГULDA- / ХАРУУЛДАХ
[= xaruulda-] v.t. To plane.

XARUГUNA
Same as xaraγan-a.

XARUUL
See xaruγul.

XARUULDA-
See xaruγulda-.

XARUUSUCI
[Go.] n. One who looks for thieves.

XARZA
Same as xaraza.

XARZIГ / ХАРЖИГ
-- xarziγ kiky. To make a crackling, chattering or grinding noise.

XARZIGINA- / ХАРЖИГНАХ
v.i. To make a crackling, chattering, or grinding noise.

XAS, 1. / ХАС
n. Jasper, nephrite, jade; used figuratively to qualify certain objects as particularly noble or valuable (cf. Ch. yü 玉).
-- ordu. The Imperial palace (Ch. yü-tien 玉殿)
-- tamaγ-a. Jade seal, imperial seal (Ch. yü-hsi 玉璽).
-- uruγul sirγ-a. Light bay horse with a white mouth.
-- un sinzilel. An ancient astronomical instrument (Ch. yü-heng 玉衡).
-- un taulai. Moon (poetic).
sir-a --. Topaz.

XAS, 2. / ХАС
n. Swastika (S. svastikā), symbol of good luck.
-- temdeg. Swastika.
-- ysyg. Swastika.

XASAГ, 1. / ХАСАГ
n. Two-wheeled cart; cart.
-- terge . Two-wheeled cart.

XASAГ, 2. / ХАСАГ
n.p. Kazak; Kirghiz; Cossak.

XASANA
n. Wooden shovel-like tool for digging out ginseng roots.

XASARBANI / ХАСАРВААНЬ
n. Date (fruit).

XASI / ХААШ
See xamiγasi.
-- jasi. Careless[ly], perfunctorily.
-- kereg. Superficial, careless or sloppy matter; unimportant matter.

XASI- / ХАШИХ
v.t. To block, stop, shield, bar; to enclose, fence; to pen, corral.
mal [i] --xu. To pen or corral animals.
tøry [ji] --xu. To defend the law or government.
zam i --xu. To block the road.

XASIГ-A / ХАШАА
See xasij-a(n).

XASIГAR / КАШГАР
n.p. Khashgar.

XASIГDA- / ХАШИГДАХ
v.pass. of xasi-.

XASIГUL- / ХАШУУЛАХ
v.caus. of xasi-.

XASIГUR / ХАШУУР
n. Wooden enclosure; lattice work used to brace the sides of a well; wooden frame around a fireplace in a tent; bag, sack.

XASIJ-A(N) / ХАШАА

[= xasiγ-a] n. Hedge, fence, enclosure; pen; dam, weir.
-- barixu. To build a shelter.
-- bolxu. To serve as a shield, screen, or fence.
surγaγaγ -- . Pole fence.

XASIJALA- / ХАШААЛАХ

v.t. To make a fence or enclosure; to put in a pen; to fence in.

XASIJATU / ХАШААТ

adj. Having a xasij-a(n) (frequent in geographical names).
-- xuduγ. Fenced-in well.

XASILГ-A / ХАШЛАГА, ХАШИЛГА

n. Fence, enclosure, shield, screen; railing; pen; barrier; weir, dam, dike.
-- dalang. Dam, dike.
usun u -- . Dam, dike, weir.

XASILTA / ХАШИЛТ

n. Blocking, enclosing, fencing; quotation marks.

XASING / ХАШИН

See xašang.

XASIR / ХАШИР

n. and adj. Experience; experienced; careful, cautious.
-- malcin. Experienced cattle-breeder.
-- xataγuziltai. Toughened by experience.

XASIRA- / ХАШРАХ

v.i. To be tired of, have enough of; to have an aversion, be fed up with something.
azil ece --xu. To be fed up with work.
idegen ece --xu. To have an aversion to food.

XASIRAГ

-- yker. Three-year-old cow, heifer.

XASIRAГA- / ХАШРААХ

[v. caus. of xasira-] v.t. To make one tired of something; to punisn ; to discipline.

XASIRAГUL- / ХАШРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xasira- .

XASIRAL / ХАШРАЛ

n. Weariness, disgust, repugnance; irksomeness.

XASIRALTAI / ХАШРАЛТАЙ

adj. Disgusting, weary; irksome.

XASIRAMZI / ХАШРАМЖ

n. Bitter experience.
-- yzegylky. To teach one a lesson; to punish, discipline.

XASIRLA-

v.i. To be careful or cautious.

XASKIR-

See xaškir-.

XASU- / ХАСАХ

v.t. To diminish, decrease, abbreviate; to take away from, cut down, curtail; to shorten; to exclude, eliminate; to subtract, deduct; to delete.
--xu temdeg. Minus sign.
--xu toγ-a. Negative number (math.).
azil un caγ i --xu. To shorten working hours.
caling i --xu. To cut wages.
erke ji --xu. To curtail rights.
tabu ece γurba ji --xu. To subtract three from five.
toγ-a --xu. To deduct.
yn-e ji --xu. To lower the price.
ziγsaγal ece --xu. To exclude or expel from the ranks.

XASUГDA- / ХАСАГДАХ

v. pass. of xasu-.
--xu toγ-a. Amount deducted; deduction.
alban ece --xu. To be dismissed from a position or office.
songγuxu songγuγdaxu erke ben --xu. To be deprived of one's right to vote or to hold elective office.

XASUГDAL / ХАСАГДАЛ

n. Deduction, diminution, decrease.

XASUГDAXUN / ХАСАГДАХУУН

n. Subtrahend (math.).

XASUГUL- / ХАСУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xasu-.
dangsa ece --xu. To exclude from the list.

XASULГ-A / ХАСЛАГА
n. Deduction, subtraction.

XASULTA / ХАСАЛТ
n. Reduction, diminution, decrease ; deduction, exclusion.

XASUMAL / ХАСМАЛ
[n. d. of xasu-] Abbreviated, diminished, reduced.
-- azil un edyr. Incomplete, reduced working day.

XASXAГ
adj. Patronizing, who likes to patronize or to give protection or care.

XAŠANG / ХАШИН
[= xasing] adj. Slow, lazy.
-- mori. A slow horse.
-- moxudaγ. Sluggish, tardy.
-- tulaki. Sluggish, inert, incapable.

XAŠANGDA- / ХАШИНДАХ
[= xašangna-] v. i. To be lazy, idle, tardy.

XAŠANGNA- / ХАШИГНАХ, ХАШГИНАХ
See xašangda-.

XAŠKIR- / ХАШГАРАХ
[= xaskir-] v. i. To shout, scream, yell, howl.
jeke daγun ijer --xu. To shout with a stentorian voice.

XAŠKIRГ-A / ХАШГАРАА
n. and adj. Crying, shouting.

XAŠKIRГAN / ХАШГАРААН
n. Scream[s], shouting.

XAŠKIRUГUL- / ХАШГАРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xaškir-.

XAŠKIRUL / ХАШГАРАЛ
n. Shouting, yelling, scream.

XAŠKIRULCA- / ХАШГАРАЛЦАХ
v. coop. of xaškir-.

XATA- / ХАТАХ
v. i. To dry, dry up; to become hard; to waste away physically.
--γsan mix-a. Dried meat.
--zu ykyky. To dry up and die (of vegetation); to die from thirst.
ama --xu. To feel dry in the mouth, be thirsty.

XATABCI / ХАТАВЧ
See xacabci.

XATAГA- / ХАТААХ
[v. caus. of xata-] v. t. To dry; to harden or temper iron.

XATAГALГ-A / ХАТААЛГА
n. The act of xataγa-.

XATAГALГA- / ХАТААЛГАХ
v. caus. of xataγa-.

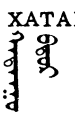
XATAГALTA / ХАТААЛТ
n. The act of xataγa-.

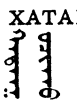
XATAГALZAI / ХАТААЛЗАЙ
n. Potentilla sericea (plant).

XATAГAMAL / ХАТААМАЛ
[n. d. of xataγa-] adj. Dried; tempered.
-- temyr. Tempered steel.

XATAГU / ХАТУУ
adj. and adv. Hard, strong; steadfast, inflexible; tight, still; grim, cruel, rigorous; strict, severe; drastic; pitiless.
-- amatu. Hard-mouthed (horse).
-- arγ-a kemzij-e. Drastic measures.
-- azil. Hard work.
-- berke. Hard and heavy (as oppression).
-- bodas. Solid substance or body.
-- bolγaxu. To strengthen.
-- caγ. Hard or difficult time.
-- caγazalaxu. To forbid strictly; to punish heavily.
-- cingγ-a. Strict, severe, grim, decisive, hard.
-- cingγ-a ber siidkeky. To make a firm decision or resolution; to punish severely

-- cisun beteki. Hemorrhoids.
-- daγu. Cracking noise.
-- doγsin. Violent, cruel, savage,' barbarous.
-- ebedcin. Grave illness.
-- itegeky. To believe firmly.
-- itegel. Strong faith.
-- ji zөgeledkeky. To mitigate the harshness; to soften.
-- kecegyy. Severe, hard.
-- keder. Cruel and irascible.
-- sedkil. Hard heart.
-- sirygyn. Cruel, harsh.
-- sirygyn darulγ-a. Harsh oppression, tyranny.
-- zasaγ. Severe regime; punishment.
-- zil. Hard or difficult year.
-- zobalang. Severe suffering, hardship.
-- zoriγ . Strong will, stern decision, obstinacy.
-- zoriγtai. Resolute .
ciki -- . Hard of hearing.


XATAГUBTUR / ХАТУУВТАР
adj. Somewhat hard.


XATAГUCI- / ХАТУУЖИХ
See xataγuzi-.

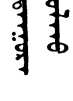

XATAГUCILA- / ХАТУУЧЛАХ
v.t. To withstand, endure, suffer; to practice austerity (as an ascetic).
berke jabudal ijer --xu. To lead an austere life, do penance.
zobalang i --xu. To endure suffering; to practice asceticism.

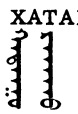

XATAГUD- / ХАТУУДАХ
v.i. To be too hard.

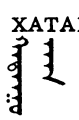

XATAГUDA
adv. Severely, cruelly.
-- daγurisxaxu. To shout aloud.

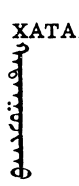

XATAГULA- / ХАТУУЛАХ
v.t. To harden, temper.

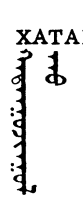

XATAГURA- / ХАТУУРАХ
v.i. To become hard or solid.


XATAГURAГUL- / ХАТУУРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xataγura-.

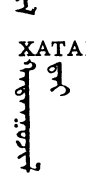

XATAГURXA- / ХАТУУРХАХ
v.i. To try to be strict or severe; to be too demanding.


XATAГUXAN / ХАТУУХАН
adj. Somewhat hard.


XATAГUZI- / ХАТУУЖИХ
[= xataγuci-] v.i. To endure; to strengthen oneself, become inured to, harden oneself; to mortify oneself.
--n jabuxu. To endure hardship; to practice austerities.
--n sedkiky. To endure; to meditate.
berke jabudal ijer --xu. To strengthen oneself by enduring hardships; to mortify oneself, practice austerities.
zobalang i --xu. To practice austerities; to endure suffering.


XATAГUZIГUL- / ХАТУУЖУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of xataγuzi-] v.t. To harden; to strengthen, make endure.
bailduγan du --uγsan. Hardened in battle.
temecel dy --uγsan. Hardened in struggle.


XATAГUZIL / ХАТУУЖИЛ
n. Endurance, fortitude; mortification of the flesh; austere devotion; voluntary penitence.


XATAГUZILTAI / ХАТУУЖИЛТАЙ
[= xataγuziltu] adj. Hardened, enduring.
-- jabudal. Austerity, asceticism, self-mortification.


XATAГUZILTU / ХАТУУЖИЛТ
See xataγuziltai.


XATAГUZIRA- / ХАТУУЖРАХ
v.i. To harden; to become inured to.


XATAGI / ХАТИГ, ХАТГИ
n. Boil or abscess.


XATAI
n. Anklebone used in the anklebone game.

XATAIR / ХАТАЙР

adj. Emaciated, thin.
-- ebedcin. Intestinal sickness of sheep.
-- un ceceg. Astragalus galactites (plant).
-- xoruxai. Threadworm, nematode.

XATAIRTA- / ХАТАЙРТАХ

v.i. To become sick with xatair, q.v.

XATAMAL / ХАТМАЛ

[n.d. of xata-] adj. Hardened, dried.

XATAMZI- / ХАТАМЖИХ

Same as xataγuzi-.

XATAN / ХАТАН

adj. Hard, strong.
-- ariki. Strong liquor.
-- temyr. Hardened iron.
-- zoriγ. Iron will, indomitable energy.

XATANGГAD- , etc.

See xatangγud-, etc.

XATANGГU / ХАТАНГА

adj. Strong, hard, harsh.
-- yge. Harsh words.

XATANGГUD- / ХАТАНГАДАХ

[= xatangγad-] v.i. To become strong, firm, or durable.
--xu ebedcin. A grave illness.
ojun sedkil i --xu. To fortify the mind and soul.

XATANGГUDXA- / ХАТАНГАТГАХ

v. caus. of xatangγud-.

XATANGГUDXAL / ХАТАНГАТГАЛ

n. Strengthening.

XATANGGIR / ХАТАНГИР

adj. Lean, meagre, emaciated, exhausted, spent; lanky; weak; atrophied.
-- erketen. Atrophied organ.
-- urtu bej-e ty. Of a lanky body.

XATANGGIRA- / ХАТАНГИРАХ

v.i. To become atrophied.

XATANGGIRAГUL- / ХАТАНГИРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xatanggira-.

XATANGGIRTA- , etc.

See xatanggirtu-, etc.

XATANGGIRTU- / ХАТАНГИРТАХ

[= xatanggirta-] v.i. To become lean, meagre.

XATANGXAIRA- / ХАТАНХАЙРАХ

v.i. To become atrophied.

XATANGXAIRAL / ХАТАНХАЙРАЛ

n. Atrophy.

XATANGXAN / ХАТАНХАН

adj. Rather hard, etc. See xatan.

XATARI / ХАТИР

n. Trot.
-- mori. Trotting horse.

XATARI- / ХАТИРАХ

v.i. To trot.
--n ireky. To come trotting.

XATARICI / ХАТИРЧ

adj. and n. Trotting; trotter.

XATARIГUL- / ХАТИРУУЛАХ

v.caus. of xatari-.

XATARIL[Г-A] / ХАТИРАЛ, ХАТИРЛАГА

n. Trot.

XATARXA-

v.i. To become hardened; to become callous, cruel, violent, embittered.

XATOLIГ / КАТОЛИК

See katoliγ.

XATUITAI / ХАТАГТАЙ



n. Female; woman; wife; lady.

XATUN / ХАТАН



[Cf. Sogdian xwt'ynh] n. Lady, queen, princess; wife (hon.).

-- bolγan abxu. To marry a woman (hon.).

-- γoul. "Queen river," Mongolian name for the Yellow River.

-- ı sakıγcı. Eunuch, overseer in a harem.

baγ-a --. Second wife; concubine.

erke --. The first or principal wife.

jeke --. Empress, chief consort of an emperor or king; first wife (when there is a second wife).

XAUDAM / ХУУДАМ



See xaγudam.

XAUDASU(N) / ХУУДАС



Same as xaγudasu(n).

XAUGI-



See xuugi-.

XAULI / ХУУЛЬ



n. Usage, custom; law, rule, regulation, statute, decree; codex; punishment.

-- baiγulxu. To introduce a custom or a law.

-- bariγci. Enforcer of the law, official.

-- ber. According to law.

-- ber xamaγalaγulxu. To place under the protection of the law.

-- busu. Illegal.

-- busu ber. Unlawfully, illegally.

-- caγaza. Law.

-- caγaza ji sinzileky uxaγan. Jurisprudence, science of law.

-- dyrim. Laws, statutes, legislation; rules.

-- γarγaxu. To introduce or originate a law.

-- jin. Legal.

-- jin eteged. Legal body.

-- jin josuγar. Legally, according to law.

-- josu. Law; rule and custom.

-- josun busu jin. Illegal, unlawful.

-- josun ijer. Legally, according to law.

-- toγtaγaxu. To make a law, establish rules, establish a usage.

-- toγtaγaxu erke. Legislative power.

-- toγtaγaxu xural. Legislative assembly.

-- xamaγalaγci. Defender of the law; public prosecutor.

-- zarlal. Law, ordinance.

-- zarlaxu. To decree, make a law.

-- zokijaxu. To compile laws, give laws; to legislate.

-- zørciky eteged. Law-breakers, criminal elements.

baiγali jin --. Law of nature.

eregyy jin --. Criminal law.

ırgen y -- [zyil]. Civil law.

keb --. Customary law.

nom un --. Religious law.

xubisxaltu --. Revolutionary law.

yndysyn --. Fundamental law, constitution, basic law.

XAULICI / ХУУЛЬЧ



n. Legislator; lawyer, jurist.

XAULITAI / ХУУЛЬТАЙ



[= xaulitu] adj. Pertaining to law.

XAULITU / ХУУЛЬТ



See xaulitai.

XAURA- / ХУУРАХ



See xaγura-.

XAURAI / ХУУРАЙ



n. File (tool).

XAURAIDA- / ХУУРАЙДАХ



v.t. To abrade or smooth with a file.

XAURAILA- / ХУУРАЙЛАХ



See xaγuraila-

XAXA



[= ha ha] interj. Ha-ha!

-- kiki. Ha-ha-ha!

XAXA- / XAXAX



v.i. To suffocate, choke.

ykyn --n. Adv. expression describing extreme difficulty or effort (lit.: dying and choking).

ykyn --n azillaxu. To work desperately.

ХАХАГА- / ХАХААХ
v. caus. of хаха-.



ХАХАГUL- / ХАХУУЛАХ
v. caus. of хаха-.

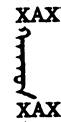




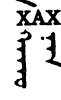
ХАХАRХАІ
Same as хаγаrхаі



ХАХАS
Same as хаγаs.



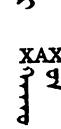
ХАХUN / ХАХУУН
adj. Tart, acrid, pungent, biting.



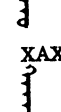
ХАХUNАN
kixunan --. Onomat. expressive of cracking.



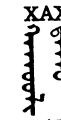
ХАХUR
-- gekyr = -- xuxur. Onomat. expressive of cracking, crunching, or crackling.



ХАХUUL / ХАХУУЛ
Same as хахuuli.



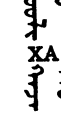
ХАХUULI / ХАХУУЛЬ
n. Fishing rod; fishhook; bait; bribe.
-- abxu. To take a bribe.
-- jin urγ-a. Fishing rod.
-- øgky. To bribe.
-- xajaxu. To cast a fishhook; to test the ground, sound out.



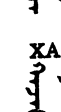
ХАХUULIDA- / ХАХУУЛЬДАХ
v.t. To fish with a hook; to bribe.



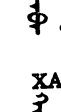
ХАХUULILA- / ХАХУУЛИЛАХ
v.t. To fish with a hook; to bribe.



ХАZА- / ХАЗАХ
v.t. To bite, gnaw, nibble.



ХАZАВАLZА- / ХАЗВАЛЗАХ
v.i. To limp, hobble; to sway from side to side.



ХАZАГАІ / ХАЗГАЙ
adj. Crooked, awry, oblique; distorted; dishonest.
-- buzaγai = -- muzaγai. Awry, askew, or crooked; confused.
-- jabudal. Cunning or immoral action[s].
-- ji zalaxu. To straighten something that is crooked or awry.
-- keleky. To speak dishonestly; to mispronounce.
-- ygei. Straightforward, honest.

ХАZАГАІD- / ХАЗГАЙДАХ
v.i. To be too crooked, etc. See хаzаγаі.

ХАZАГАLZА- / ХАЗГАЛЗАХ
v.i. To limp, hobble; to sway from side to side.

ХАZАГАNА- / ХАЗГАНАХ
v.i. To limp, hobble; to sway from side to side.

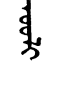
ХАZАГАR, 1. / ХАЗГАР
adj. and adv. Awry, askew, sidewise; bent; dishonest, insincere; crippled.
-- køl. Lame leg.
-- muzaγar. Awry, askew, or crooked; confused.

ХАZАГАR, 2. / ХАЗААР
n. Bridle.
-- ebesy. Cleistogenes squarrosa (plant).
-- un ama. Bridle-bit.
-- un mori. Riding horse.
emegel --. Harness.

ХАZАГАRDА- / ХАЗГАРДАХ
v.i. To be crooked or curved; to act insincerely or dishonestly.

ХАZАГАRГАN-А / ХАЗААРГАНА
n. Cleistogenes serotina (plant).

ХАZАГАRLА- / ХАЗААРЛАХ
v.t. To bridle a horse.





ХАZАГАRLАГUL- / ХАЗААРЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of хаzаγаrla-; to be bridled.

ХАZАГАRТАІ / ХАЗААРТАЙ
adj. Bridled.

XAZAГDA- / ХАЗАГДАХ

[v. pass. of **xaza-**] To be bitten.

XAZAГU

See **xaziγu.**

XAZAГUL- / ХАЗУУЛАХ

v. caus. of **xaza-.**

XAZAГUR / ХАЗУУР

n. Pincers, pliers.

XAZAI- / ХАЗАЙХ

v.i. To be[come] crooked or distorted; to incline; to deviate.

josun ece --xu. To deviate from the truth.

kelegsen yge ece --xu ygei. [He] will not deviate from what he has been told.

XAZAIГCI / ХАЗАЙГЧ

adj. and n. Dishonest person.

XAZAILГ-A / ХАЗАЙЛГА

n. Bending, curving, distortion.

XAZAILГA- / ХАЗАЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of **xazai-**] v.t. To distort, make crooked; to incline.

XAZAILГALTA / ХАЗАЙЛГАЛТ

See **xazailta.**

XAZAILTA / ХАЗАЙЛТ

[= **xazailγalta**] n. Distortion, curving, bending, deviation.

XAZALA- / ХАЗЛАХ

v.t. freq. To bite repeatedly.

XAZALZA- / ХАЗАЛЗАХ

Same as **xazaγana-.**

XAZAMALTU

See **xazimaltu.**

XAZAU

See **xaziγu.**

XAZI, 1.

n. and adj. Scythe; crooked, wry; false, deceitful. [Go.] Trap with knives which cut an animal's feet.

XAZI, 2. / ХАЖ

n. Metal band or hoop.

XAZI-, 1. / ХАЖИХ

v.t. To hem or border garments.

XAZI-, 2. / ХАЖИХ

v.t. To hate, blame, tease.

XAZIГ / ХАЖИГ

adj. Captious, caviling; possessive.

XAZIГLA- / ХАЖИГЛАХ

v.t. To find faults, blame; to tease, peck at.

XAZIГU / ХАЖУУ

[= **xazaγu, xazau**] n. and adj. Side, flank, near.

-- **ber** = **xaziγuber.** From the side, on the side.

-- **ber kebteky.** To lie on the side.

-- **dur.** Around, near, in the neighborhood of.

-- **ece.** Sideways, by the side, from the side.

-- **jin ger.** Side building.

-- **jin xaγalγ-a.** Side gate.

-- **tal-a ece dobtulxu.** To attack from the flank.

baising un --. Side of a house.

xotan u -- dur. Near a city.

XAZIГUBER / ХАЖУУГААР

See **xaziγu ber.**

XAZIГUDA / ХАЖУУД

adv. Around, about, in the neighborhood.

zam un --. At the side of a road, on the roadside.

XAZIГUDAKI / ХАЖУУДАХЬ

adj. Adjacent, contiguous, proximate; next in line.

-- **sandali.** The next seat in the row

XAZIГUL- / ХАЖУУЛАХ

v. caus. of **xazi-.**

XAZIГULA- / ХАЖУУЛАХ

v.i. and t. To be near some object; to lie on

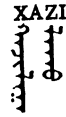
the side; to lie down for a while.
--n sayuxu. To sit side by side.
ayula ji --n negyky. To nomadize in the neigh - borhood of a mountain.

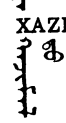
XAZLJASU / ХАЖААС

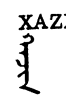
n. Hem, edging.

XAZILГ-A / ХАЖЛАГА

n. Hem or border of a garment.

XAZILГALA- / ХАЖЛАГАЛАХ

v.t. To hem or border a garment.

XAZIMALTU / ХАЖМАЛТ

[= xazamaltu] n. Person who has lost all of his blood relatives, orphan.

XAZIN / ХАЖИН

See under uran.

XAZIR / ХАЖИР

n. Vulture.

XOB, 1. / ХОВ

Intensifying particle before certain adjectives and nouns beginning with the syllable xo.
-- xoyusun. Entirely empty.

XOB, 2. / ХОВ

n. Gossip, slander, disparagement.
-- keleky. To slander.
-- sib. Gossip, slander.
-- yges. Calumny, slander.
-- zib. Gossip, slander.
-- zøgeky. To transmit gossip with malicious intent, to be a talebearer.

XOB, 3. / ХОВ

-- kitel-e = xobkitel-e. Onomat. adv. used to express abruptness or suddenness of an action or movement, or the sound so produced. May be translated by such phrases as "with a plump," "with a thump," "with a thud," etc.
-- kitel-e onuxu. To hit or land with a plump.

XOBCI / ХОВЧ

n. Denunciator, slanderer, clumniator.
-- sibci. Slanderer, calumniator.

XOBDU, 1. / ХОВД

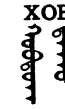
n. Case; long and narrow box; quiver.

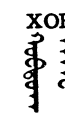
XOBDU, 2. / ХОВД

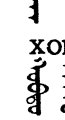
n. p. Kobdo, name of an aimay and a town in the north-west of the Mongolian People's Republic. See ziryalangtu, 2.

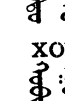
XOBDUГ / ХОВДОГ

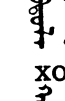
adj. and n. Gluttonous, covetous, greedy, rapacious.
-- sinuxai. Rapacious.
idegen dyr --. Gluttonous, greedy for food.

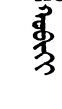
XOBDUГDA- / ХОВДОГДОХ

v.i. To be too gluttonous or greedy.

XOBDUГLA- / ХОВДОГЛОХ

v.i. To be greedy for; to hanker after.

XOBDULA- / ХОВДЛОХ

v.t. To put in a box or quiver.

XOBDULAГUL- / ХОВДЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xobdula-.

XOBIKI / ХОВХИ

n. A kind of chisel with a grooved blade, gouge.

XOBIKIDA- / ХОВХИДОХ

v.t. To chisel with a xobiki, q.v.

XOBIL / ХОВИЛ

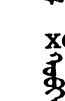
n. Groove.

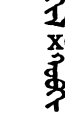
XOBILDA- / ХОВИЛДОХ

v.t. To make a groove.

XOBKIL / ХОВХИЛ

n. Track, rut, wagon tracks, groove.

XOBKITEL-E

See under xob, 3.

XOBLA- / ХОВЛОХ

v.t. To slander, vilify.

XOBLAL / ХОВЛОЛ

n. Slander, calumny.

XOBSIГUR / ХОВШУУР

n. One who speaks heedlessly; chatterbox, babbler.

XOBSURA- / ХОВСРОХ

v.i. To sow discord; calumniate, slander.

XOBSURAГ-A(N) / ХОВСОРГОО(Н)

n. Calumny, slander, duplicity, deceit.

XOBSURAГACI / ХОВСРОГЧ

n. Slanderer ; gossip; two-faced person.

XOBЈDAL / ХОВДОЛ

n. Pit, ditch, channel; ventricle of the heart.
ziryken y zegyn -- . The left ventricle of the heart.

XOBUГ-A / ХОВОО

[= xobuγu] n. Well bucket (usually made of skin or wicker); trough; ditch, gutter.
-- tataxu. To raise a well bucket; to dig a ditch or gutter.
morin -- . Horse trough.

XOBUГADA- / ХОВООДОХ

v.t. To dig a ditch or gutter.

XOBUГALA- / ХОВООЛОХ

v.t. To dig a ditch or gutter.

XOBUIГU

See xobuγ-a.

XOBUIГUR / ХОВГОР

adj. Concave.
-- var-a. Concave roofing tile.

XOBUL / ХОВОЛ

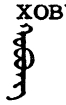
n. Gutter; gully; trough; mold for making candles; small copper tube on a helmet in which an ornamental plume or tuft of plumes is placed.

XOBULU / ХОВОЛ

n. Bark of the cork tree.

XOBULUS-

v.i. To bend down.
--cu xarbuxu. To shoot downward from an elevated place.

XOBUNG / ХООВОН(Г)

[Ch. huo-p'ên 火盆] n. Brazier, pan for holding burning coals.
cakılγan -- . Electric hot plate.

XOBUR / ХОВОР

adj. and n. Scarce, sparse, rare, insufficient; lack, want; rareness.
-- dutamaγ. Insufficient, rare.
-- zil. Lean year.

XOBURDU- / ХОВОРДОХ

v.i. To grow scarce or scanty.

XOBURSI- / ХОВОРШИХ

v.i. To become scarce, rare.

XOBURSIГ / ХОВОРШИГ

adj. Rather scarce or rare.

XOBURXAN / ХОВОРХОН

adj. Somewhat poor or indigent, rather wretched.

XOBURZI- / ХОВОРЖИХ

v.i. To become rare, scanty.

XOBUSU(N) / ХОВС

n. Two-year-old boar; double nature of a shaman; werewolf.

XOBXU, 1. / ХОВХ

adv. particle. Asunder, apart, into pieces.
-- cokixu. To break off, asunder, apart, or into pieces.
-- tataxu. To pull off (something that was stuck or attached).

XOBXU, 2. / ХОВХ

n. Loach (fish).

XOBXUCI- / ХОВХЧИХ

v.t. To break apart; to decompose.

ХОВХUCIГUL- / ХОВХЧУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xobxuci-.

ХОВХUCISU / ХОВХЧИС
n. A wooden scraper used to remove hair, etc. from hides.

ХОВХUL- / ХОВХЛОХ
v.t. To peel, flay.

ХОВХURA- / ХОВХРОХ
v.i. To fall off, peel off.

ХОВХURXAI / ХОВХОРХОЙ
adj. Fallen off, peeled off.

ХОСI / ХОЧ
n. Mockery, parody, travesty; nickname.
-- ner-e. Nickname.
-- yge. Humorous word[s] or tale; humor.

ХОСILA- / ХОЧЛОХ
v.t. To slander, vilify, calumniate, defame; to blame; to make fun of , mock, make a fool of; to give a nickname.

ХОСILAL / ХОЧЛОЛ
n. Raillery, mockery, derision.
-- un bicig. Lampoon.

ХОСILALDU- / ХОЧЛОЛДОХ
[v.rec. of xocila-] To call each other bad names; to mock each other.

ХОСUГUL-
[= xocuula-] v.t. To attack suddenly or unexpectedly.

ХОСUR- / ХОЦРОХ
v.i. To remain, stay, or lag behind; to be left behind; to die.
--uγsan bydygylig. Backward, underdeveloped (economically or culturally).
ami --xu. To lose one's life, die.

ХОСURГА- / ХОЦРООХ
[v.caus. of xocur-] v.t. To leave behind.

ХОСURLI
-- ygei. With nothing left; completely, without exception.
-- ygei tusa. Complete or incontestable advantage.

ХОСURUГDA- / ХОЦРОГДОХ
[v. pass. of xocur-] To be left behind.
--γsan. Backward, underdeveloped.
--γsan baidal. State of underdevelopment, backwardness.
--zu jabuxu. To be left behind, be backward, underdeveloped.

ХОСURUГDAL / ХОЦРОГДОЛ
n. The act of lagging behind; underdevelopment, backwardness ; survival, something surviving.
dutaγdal -- . Lack, arears, defects.

ХОСURUГDAMAL / ХОЦРОГДМОЛ
[n.d. of xocuruγda-] adj. Backward.
-- baidal. Backwardness, tardiness.

ХОСURUГUL- / ХОЦРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xocur-.

ХОСUULA-
See xocuγul-.

ХОD
See xous

ХОDUГUCIN / ХОДОГЧИН
n. Clown; mask.
-- emysky. To mask oneself, wear a mask.
-- u byzig. Masked religious dance.

ХОDUГUDU(N) / ХОДООД
n. Stomach.
--n u xadxulγ-a. Colic.

ХОDXUR / ХОТГОР
n. and adj. Cavity; hollow; concave.

ХОГ / ХОГ
n. Dust particles; sweepings, dirt; garbage, refuse; chaff; dry scar left by an abcess.
-- burtaγ = burtaγ -- . Offal, sweepings, garbage, trash.

-- nobsi. Dirt, garbage, offal, refuse.
-- ygei. Without dirt, etc.; without blemish, spotlessly; completely.

ХОГСІ / ХОГЧ

n. Charwoman, sweeper; street cleaner; rubbish collector.

ХОГLA- / ХОГЛОХ

v.t. To eat the leavings of fodder; to ruin, destroy, break up; to put dry chaff in the animal's cote.

ХОГLAГUL- / ХОГЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of хоγla-] To feed cattle with the leavings of fodder.

ХОГLU- / ХОГЛОХ

v.i. To graze, range (of cattle).

ХОГSI- / ХОГШИХ

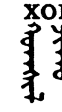
v.i. To have all that is necessary in one's home; to be[come] wealthy.

ХОГSIL / ХОГШИЛ

n. Belongings, possessions, property.
-- køryngge. Property.
-- un dangsa. Inventory.
ed --. Property, belongings.
sang un ed --. State or government property.

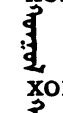
ХОГSILTAI / ХОГШИЛТОЙ

adj. Well-to-do, wealthy.

ХОГSILZI- / ХОГШИЛЖИХ

v.i. To acquire possessions or property.

ХОГU / ХОО

Same as xuva.

ХОГUL / ХООЛ

See хоγula(n).

ХОГULA(N) / ХООЛ

[= хоγul] n. Food, meal, victuals.
-- beledkeky. To prepare a meal; to cook.
-- jin ger. Dining room, mess room, restaurant.
-- jin keregsel. Victuals.
-- kynesy. Food, foodstuffs, provisions, victuals.

-- maγutai. Not nourishing; having poor food; having a poor appetite.
--n u γazar. Dining room.
--n u zyil. Food.
-- saitai. Nourishing, nutritious; having good food; having a good appetite.
-- singgeky. To digest food.
-- tezigel. Food, viands.
-- umda. Food and drink.
-- zøgegci. Waiter.
tusxai --. Diet.

ХОГULABCI / ХООЛОВЧ

n. Anything put or worn around the neck; bib, dog collar, etc.

ХОГULACI / ХООЛЧ

n. Cook.

ХОГULAI / ХООЛОЙ

n. Throat, gullet; pharynx; voice; tube, pipe; chimney; gorge; wide valley between two mountain ridges; ravine; (rarely) the lowest part of a valley in which rain water accumulates; stream connecting two lakes; strait.
-- jin cimeg. Ornament worn around the neck, necklace.
-- jin tøbyng. Adam's apple.
-- sain. Having a beautiful voice.
-- søgegeky. To be hoarse.
-- tal-a. Valley.
-- zasaxu. To clear one's throat.
buruγu --. Windpipe, trachea; wrong tune (singing).
caγan --. Windpipe.
ciciregsen --. Trembling voice.
kei --. Windpipe.
radio nebteregylegci --. Loudspeaker of a radio.
sil --. Glass tube.
temyr --. Iron pipe.
ulaγaг Esophagus.

ХОГULALA- / ХООЛЛОХ

v.t. To invite someone to a meal; to feed on; to give or eat food.

ХОГULANCAR / ХООЛОНЦОР

adj. Gluttonous.

ХОГULUBCI / ХООЛОВЧ
Same as хоγulabci.

ХОГUR
-- dumda. Right in the middle; among themselves.

ХОГURUMDU / ХООРОНД
See хоγurundu.

ХОГURUNDU / ХООРОНД
[= хоγurumdu] adj. Between, in between, in the middle.
-- ben. Between themselves, mutually .
-- jin ilγaburi. The difference between.
nidy cabcixu -- . In the twinkling of an eye.
olan ulus ud un -- jin. International.
ta xojar -- ben. Between you two.

ХОГURUNDUГUR / ХООРОНДУУР
quasi-postpos. Through the middle, between.
xojar ger yn -- jabuxu. To go between two houses or buildings.

ХОГURUNDUKI / ХООРОНДОХЬ
adj. Interstitial, intermediate, interjacent.

ХОГUSUD- / ХООСДОХ
v.i. To become empty or hungry.

ХОГUSUDXA- / ХООСТГОХ
v. caus. of хоγusud- .

ХОГUSUГAR / ХООСООР
[= хоγusun + ijer] adv. Futilely, in vain; without anything, empty handed; on an empty stomach.
-- alabkiky. To jump on a running horse from behind; to jump without holding onto something.

ХОГUSULA- / ХООСЛОХ
v.t. To empty.
saba ji --xu. To empty a container.

ХОГUSUN / ХООСОН
n. and adj. Vacuum, emptiness; space,

nothingness; nonentity; vanity; empty, void; poor, indigent; hungry.
-- aγar. Space; the void, "relativity" (Buddh.).
-- am-a. Empty words.
-- boduly-a. Fantasy, empty dreams.
-- bolxu. To become empty, poor, indigent, bankrupt, or insolvent; to become futile.
-- ijer. In vain; with nothing.
-- ijer xonuxu. To go to sleep without eating.
-- jadaγu. Poor man, pauper.
-- jarij-a. Nonsensical or useless talk.
-- køndyi. Hollow, empty.
-- ner-e. "Empty name," vanity, nonentity.
-- øngge. Vanity.
-- xarixu. To return empty-handed.
-- yzegdel. Apparition; optical illusion.
-- zobaxu. To worry for no reason.
jadaγu -- . Poor man, pauper.

ХОГUSURA- / ХООСРОХ
v.i. To be[come] empty; to be[come] poor.
-- tal-a jadaγuraxu. To become extremely poor.
gedesy --xu. To have an empty stomach; to have an empty feeling in the stomach.
sang --ba. The treasury has become empty, funds are exhausted.

ХОГUSURAГUL- / ХООСРУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of хоγusura-] To make empty; to reduce to nothing; to cause to become poor, impoverish.

ХОГUSURAL / ХООСРОЛ
n. The act of хоγusura-; emptiness; impoverishment.

ХОГUSUXAN / ХООСХОН
adj. Somewhat empty.

ХОГUZI
n. Jacket for women.

ХОГZIRA- / ХОГЖРОХ
v.i. To peel, scale off.

ХОICI / ХОЙЧ
adj. and n. Future, following, subsequent; the future.
-- caγ tur. In the future.

-- jin edyr. Future days or dates, the day[s] to come.
-- jin yj-e. Future generation[s].
-- ji sanaxu. To think about the future.

XOIГ / ХОЙГ

n. Peninsula.

XOIГUR / ХОЙГУУР

adv. In the back, around the back, behind.
-- γarxu. To pass around the back.
-- saγulγaxu. To seat someone in the back.
naran u --. Behind the [setting] sun; far in the west.

XOIГURDA- / ХОЙГУУРДАХ

v.i. To be too far back.

XOILГA

n. Animal sacrifice buried with a deceased person.

XOILГALA-

v.t. To immolate.

XOIMAГ / ХОЙМОГ

[= xuimaγ] n. Pancake.

XOIMAR / ХОЙМОР

[= xoimur] adj., adv., and n. Hind, behind, rear, back; [in]the north, northern part; the part of a yurt opposite the entrance.
-- un ordu. Palace of the queen; harem.

XOIMUR

See xoimar.

XOIN-A / ХОЙНО

adv. and postpos. In the rear, back, or north; in the future, after, afterwards; later, behind.
-- ece. After; behind; from the back.
-- ece daγaxu. To fall behind, follow.
-- ece daγazu odxu (with gen. preceding). To follow someone.
-- ece kφgegeky. To chase after.
-- seiregylygsen. Mentioned or cited below.
-- xaiγulγalaxu. To constitute the rear, protect the rear of an army.
bailduγan u --. After the war.
egyn ece --. After this, henceforth.
xaγan boluγsan --. After having become a han.

XOINAГSI / ХОЙНОГШ

adv. Backwards; after, in the future.
edyge ece --. From now on.

XOINAГSIDA / ХОЙНОГШИД

See xoisida.

XOINAKI / ХОЙНОХЬ

adj. Back, rear, northern; future, later.

XOINAXAN / ХОЙНОХОН

adj. Somewhat behind or later; northern.

XOIRГU / ХОЙРГО, ХОЙРОГ

adj. Tardy, retarded; laggard; lazy, slow.

XOIRГUDA- / ХОЙРОГДОХ

v.i. To be sluggish, tardy; to hold back.

XOIRГUDAL / ХОЙРОГДОЛ

n. Sluggishness, tardiness.

XOIRГULA- / ХОЙРГОЛОХ

v.i. To be lazy, sluggish, tardy.

XOIRГUMAГAI / ХОЙРОМГОЙ

adj. Sluggish, lazy, tardy.

XOIRГUSI- / ХОЙРГОШИХ

v.i. To be tardy, slow, or lazy.

XOISI / ХОЙШ

adv. Back[wards]; northward; in the future, later.
-- ben! Get back! Get out of the way !
-- bucaxu. To go back, come back, return.
-- kiky. To put away, save, keep.
-- odxu. To go back.
-- talbixu. To delay, postpone, put off.
-- tataxu. To pull back, withdraw; to impede progress; to corrupt.
cerig i -- tataxu. To withdraw troops.

egyn ece -- . From now on, in the future, henceforth.
tere yj-e ece -- . Since that time.
uruγsi -- bicig jabuγulxu. To exchange letters (lit.: to send letters back and forth).

XOISID- / ХОЙШДОХ
v.i. To be too far back or behind.

XOISIDA / ХОЙШИД
[= xoinaγsida] adv. After, hereafter, in the future; behind.
-- jin . The future, following.
egyn ece -- . After that, since then.

XOISIKI / ХОЙШХИ
adj. Future, following, later.

XOISILA- / ХОЙШЛАХ
v.i. and t. To step back, withdraw; to draw back, move back; to postpone, put off.
cerig ijen --xu. To draw off one's troops.
edyr i --xu. To postpone the date.

XOISILAΓUL- / ХОЙШЛУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of xoisila-] To defer, delay , postpone; to grant a respite.

XOISILAΓULUSI / ХОЙШЛУУЛШ
-- ygei. Which cannot be put off; urgent.

XOISILAL / ХОЙШЛОЛ
n. Deferment, delay, postponement; pulling back.

XOITU / ХОЙТ
adj., adv., and n. Back, rear, hind; north; future, coming.
-- ail. The family or village in the north or rear of another family or village.
-- amerika. North America.
-- ecige. Stepfather.
-- eke. Stepmother.
-- ji medegci. Knower of the future, prophet.
-- jin -- zil. The year after next.
-- ji sanaxu. To think of the future life or the next world.
-- køl. Hind leg.
-- mør. The course of one's next life or incarnation; anus.
-- nasu. The next life or incarnation.
-- yr-e. Future fruits or results; descendants, posterity.
-- zil = ireky zil. The next year.
-- zyg. Northern direction, north.
baraγun -- . Northwest.
ene ba -- . The present and the future, this and the future life.

XOITUDA / ХОЙТОД
adv. In the future.

XOITUKI / ХОЙТОХИ
adj. and n. Northern; back, rear, that which is behind or will follow; placenta.
-- aγula. Northern mountain.

XOITUS / ХОЙТОС
[pl. of xoituγ] n. Descendants, future generations.

XOJADUΓAR / ХОЁРДУГААР
ord. num. The second, number two.
-- degyy. Second younger brother.
-- tur. Secondly.

XOJAΓULA(N) / ХОЁУЛ
coll. num. Both, two together; the two of us, you, or them.

XOJAR / ХОЁР
card. num. Two
-- amatu. Two-mouthed; two-faced.
-- sedkil sezig barixu. To be doubtful or undecided; to waver.
-- tabu arba. Two times five is ten.
-- talatai. Bilateral, belonging to both sides.
-- tu. In the second place.
-- xojar. In twos, in pairs.
-- xojar un dørbe. Two and two make four.
-- ygei. Not double; true, genuine; indubitable, certain; determined, positive; unequalled, unparalleled.
arban -- . Twelve.
arban -- sar-a. December, twelfth month; twelve months.
ene tere -- . Both this and that.
nigen -- . One or two, some , a few.

XOJARDA- / ХОЁРДОХ
v.i. To be dual; to be two-faced.
sedkil --xu. To be doubtful or undecided; to waver.

XOJARLA- / ХОЁРЛОХ
v.t. To make two; to double; to divide or split in two, bifurcate.

XOJARLAL / ХОЁРЛОЛ
-- ygei. Without dividing.

XOJARTA / ХОЁРТ
adv. Twice.

XOJARTA- / ХОЁРТОХ
v.i. To do a thing twice.

XOJARTAГUL- / ХОЁРТУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xojarta -.
--uγsan yzel. Dualism.

XOJARTAI / ХОЁРТОЙ
adj. Bearing the number two; two years old.

XOJARTU / ХОЁРТ
adj. and n. Bearing the number two; deuce.

XOJARXAN / ХОЁРХОН
adj. and adv. Only two.

XOKI / ХОХЬ
adj. and n. Scarce, scanty; unfortunate; loss, failure, harm.
-- bolxu. To be[come] a loss or failure.
-- taizi. A taiji without serfs; a poor taiji.
-- xoγusun. Having nothing; poor.

XOKIDA- , etc. / ХОХЬДОХ
See xokira-, etc.

XOKIDAГUL- / ХОХЬДУУЛАХ
See xokiraγul-.

XOKIГAR / ХОХИГОР
adj. Crooked, bent; winding.

XOKIJ-A / ХОХИЖ
adj. Very poor, unhappy, mendicant.

XOKILA- / ХОХИЛОХ
v.t. To [cause to] dry, hang up to dry.
ziγasu --xu. To dry fish in the sun.

XOKIMAI / ХОХИМОЙ
adj. Dry, dried up, dessicated; masks and costumes representing skeletons used in the cam (q.v.) dance.
-- modu. Dry tree.
-- [jin] toluγai. Dried skull.

XOKIR / ХОХИР
n. Filth, rubbish; dry dung of sheep accumulated on camping grounds.

XOKIR-
v.i. To cry, howl or scream in anger.

XOKIRA- / ХОХИРОХ
[= xoxida-] v.i. To be damaged, hurt; to suffer a loss; to perish, be ruined, devasted; to become dry and hard; to wither.

XOKIRAГDA- / ХОХИРОГДОХ
[v. pass. of xokira-] To be damaged, devastated, desolated.

XOKIRAГDAГUL- / ХОХИРОГДУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of xokiraγda-] To cause to be damaged, ruined, etc.

XOKIRAГUL- / ХОХИРУУЛАХ
[= xokidaγul-, v. caus. of xokira-] v.t. To destroy, ruin; to deprive (of one's share); to dry up, wither.

XOKIRAL / ХОХИРОЛ
n. Harm, injury, damage, loss; ruin, destruction.
-- i. nøkygylky. To mend, repair damage.
-- uciraγulxu. To cause ruin, loss, destruction or harm.

XOKIRALTAI / ХОХИРОЛТОЙ
adj. Ruinous, destructive, devastating.

XOLA / ХОЛ
adj. and adv. Far, distant, remote.
-- bodulγ-a. Foresight; farsighted policy.
-- ece. From afar, from a distance.
-- oir-a. Far and near; distance.
-- xaraγ-a. Far-sighted.
alus --. Far away.

XOLACI / ХОЛЧ
adj. and n. Able to travel a long distance; person with foresight.

XOLACILA- / ХОЛЧЛОХ

v. t. To treat in a distant manner.
--n boduxu. To think far ahead.
--n jabuxu. To travel far.

XOLAD- / ХОЛДОХ

[= xolada-, xoladu-] v. i. To be[come] distant or remote; to remove oneself.
--uγsaγar yzegdeky ygei bolba. It gradually disappeared from sight in the distance.
edyr ece edyr --xu. To become more distant or remote every day.

XOLADA / ХОЛД

adv. In the distance; in the long run.
-- yzegci. A person able to see a long distance.

XOLADA- / ХОЛДОХ

See xolad-.

XOLADACA

adv. From afar.

XOLADAIUL-

See xoladuγul-.

XOLADAKI / ХОЛДОХЬ

adj. Distant; that which is in the distance.

XOLADAKIN / ХОЛДОХИН

n. People who are far away.

XOLADU-

See xolad-.

XOLADUIUL- / ХОЛДУУЛАХ

[≐ xoladaγul-, xoladxa-, v. caus. of xolad-] To remove, put away from; to alienate, estrange; to keep at a distance.

XOLADUL / ХОЛДОЛ

n. The process or fact of becoming distant.

XOLADXA- / ХОЛДГОХ

See xoladuγul-.

XOLAIUR / ХОЛУУР

adv. In the distance, from the distance; in a roundabout way.
-- toγurizu jabuxu. To go in a roundabout way.
-- toγurizu keleky. To speak in a roundabout way.

XOLAKI / ХОЛХЬ

adj. Remote, distant.

XOLASIJA- / ХОЛШООХ

v. t. To consider as being too far or distant.

XOLAXAN / ХОЛХОН

adj. Quite far away, distant.

XOLBA-, etc.

See xolbu-, etc.

XOLBI / ХОЛБИ

adv. To one side, obliquely, aslant.
-- ysyrky. To come off or slide to one side; to dodge.

XOLBIRA- / ХОЛБИРОХ

v. i. To slide to one side; to dodge.

XOLBU- / ХОЛБОХ

[= xolba-] v. t. To unite, combine, connect, incorporate; to link to; to unite in marriage.
--xu egesig. Connecting vowel, joining vowel.
--zu taibixu. To tie or join together.
--zu ujaxu. To connect, tie together.
amin luγ-a--xu. To make one's life dependent on something; to make something a matter of life and death.
morin-a --xu. To tie on a horse.
uruγ --xu. To unite in marriage.

XOLBUI-A(N) / ХОЛБОО

n. and adj. Tie, link, combination, contact, connection; union, junction; federation, association; verse, alliterative words or phrases; double, pair.
-- baiγulxu. To establish a connection.
-- bariγci. Liaison man, one who maintains communication with somebody.
-- ji zuzaγadxaxu. To strengthen ties.
-- nigedky. To coalesce, unite.
--n u jamun. Ministry of communications.
-- yge. Alliterative words or phrases; conjunction (gram).
ax-a degyy jin --. Fraternal union.
cerig yn --. Military alliance.
niγuca --. Secret ties.

XOLBUIACI / ХОЛБООЧ

n. Communications man, signalman.

XOLBUГASU / ХОЛБООС
n. Union, tie; hyphen.

XOLBUГATAI / ХОЛБООТОЙ
[= xolbuγatu] adj. Having connection with, being tied up with; connected, coherent.

XOLBUГATAN / ХОЛБООТОН
n. Allies; persons or groups connected.

XOLBUГATU / ХОЛБООТ
See xolbuγatai.
-- ulus. Soviet Union.
-- yge. Verse, stanza; alliterative phrase.
olan ulus un -- baiγululγ-a. United Nations.
xoitu amerik-a jin -- ulus. United States of America.
zøblelty -- ulus. Soviet Union.

XOLBUГDA- / ХОЛБОГДОХ
[v. pass. of xolbu-] To be united, connected, tied; to have relation to; to depend on; to be mixed up in another's affairs; to be involved in an affair.
kereg tyr --xu. To be involved in an affair.

XOLBUГDAГCI / ХОЛБОГДОГЧ
n. Person connected with something.

XOLBUГDAГUL- / ХОЛБОГДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xolbuγda-.

XOLBUГDAL / ХОЛБОГДОЛ
n. Connection, relation.
-- ygei. Having no connection or association with.
aci --. Significance, importance; benefit.

XOLBUГDALTAI / ХОЛБОГДОЛТОЙ
adj. Related, connected, implicated in, involved in.

XOLBUГU / ХОЛБОГО
n. Rattle (toy); bobber (for fishing).

XOLBUГUL- / ХОЛБУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xolbu-.

XOLBULГ-A(N)
n. Federation, association, alliance.

XOLBULГATU
adj. Joined, united, connected.

XOLBULTA / ХОЛБОЛТ
n. The act of xolbu-; connection, relation.

XOLBURA- / ХОЛБОРОХ
v.i. To slip, slide; to turn back and forth.
emegel --zu unaxu. To fall from a horse because the saddle slipped; for the saddle to slip.

XOLBURI- / ХОЛБОРИХ
v.i. To go away, avoid people; to elude, evade.

XOLBURIXAI / ХОЛБОРЬХОЙ
adj. Evasive, shifty, elusive.

XOLBURXAI / ХОЛБОРХОЙ
adj. Turning from one side to another; not attached; sliding.

XOLBUSU(N) / ХОЛБОС
adj. and n. Tied, united, married; husband, spouse.

XOLCARГAN
See xolciry-a(n).

XOLCIR / ХОЛЧИР
adj. and n. Lavish, wasteful, flighty; squanderer.

XOLCIRГ-A(N) / ХОЛЧИРГА(Н)
[= xolcaryan] n. Dissipation, extravagance; sumptuousness, luxury; magnificence, splendor.

XOLCIRLA- / ХОЛЧИРЛОХ
v.i. To dissipate one's fortune; to feast; to live well.

XOLГU- / ХОЛГОХ
[= xoluγa-] v.t. To injure or damage by constant rubbing; to cause to form blisters or sores by rubbing.

XOLI- / ХОЛИХ

v.t. To mix, mingle, blend, alloy, adulterate.
--zu xudxuxu. To mix; to confuse.
idegen dyr xour --xu. To mix poison into food.
... luγ-a --xu. To mix with ...
mongγul kitad --zu jarixu. To speak a mixture of Mongolian and Chinese.

XOLICA / ХОЛЬЦ

n. Mixture, blend.
-- ygei. Without admixture, pure, unadulterated.

XOLICA- / ХОЛЬЦОХ

v.t. To mix, mingle; to blend.

XOLICAГ-A(N) / ХОЛЬЦОО

n. Mixture, alloy.
-- neileky. To mix, blend.
-- ygei. Without admixture, unadulterated, pure.

XOLICAГATAI / ХОЛЬЦООТОЙ

[= xolicaγatu] adj. Mixed, with an admixture, with an alloy.
-- alta. Impure gold, alloy of gold.

XOLICAГATU / ХОЛЬЦООТ

See xolicaγatai.

XOLICAГUL- / ХОЛЬЦУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xolica-.

XOLICAL / ХОЛЬЦОЛ

n. Admixture, mixture, alloy.

XOLICALDU- / ХОЛЬЦОЛДОХ

[v. rec. of xolica-] v.i. To intermingle.

XOLICANGГUI / ХОЛЬЦОНГУЙ

n. and adj. Mixture, blend; mixed, blended.
-- yiles. Mixed [i.e., good and bad] actions.

XOLIDXA-

v.t. To mix, mingle, blend, unite, join.

XOLIГDA- / ХОЛИГДОХ

v. pass. of xoli-.

XOLIГUL- / ХОЛИУЛАХ

v. caus. of xoli-.

XOLIJ-A / ХОЛИО

See xolijasu(n).

XOLIJASU(N) / ХОЛИОС

[= xolij-a] n. Mixture; ingredient, spice, condiment.

XOLILCA- / ХОЛИЛЦОХ

[v. coop. of xoli-] v.i. To mix, mingle, blend.

XOLILDU- / ХОЛИЛДОХ

v. rec. of xoli-.

XOLILDUГUL- / ХОЛИЛДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xolildu-] To cause to mix.

XOLILГ-A / ХОЛИЛГО

n. The act of mixing.

XOLIMA / ХОЛИМ

n. and adj. Mixture, mixed.

XOLIMAГ / ХОЛИМОГ

n. and adj. Conglomerate; mixed.
-- kymyn. Mongrel, half-breed, mixed (racial).

XOLIMAL / ХОЛИМОЛ

[n.d. of xoli-] Mixed.

XOLINGГUI / ХОЛИНГУЙ

adj. Mixed.

XOLISU(N) / ХОЛИС(ОН)

n. Fish skin; fish-skin clothes.

XOLKI / ХОЛХЬ

adj. Loose, not tight; rattling.

XOLKI- / ХОЛХИХ

[= xolkida-] v.i. To move loosely; to be too loose; to move to and fro; to loaf about.
šaxai jekedcy køl --zu bain-a. The shoes are too big and [my] feet move loosely in them.

XOLKIDA- / ХОЛХИДОХ

See xolki-.

XOLKIГUL- / ХОЛХИУЛАХ

v. caus. of xolki-.

XOLSIГ



See γolsiγ.

XOLTASU(N)



See xoltusu(n).

XOLTUCI- / ХОЛТЧИХ



v.i. To come off, peel off; to be detached and t. to peel off, scratch off, scratch up.

XOLTUL- / ХОЛТЛОХ



v.t. To peel off, free from covering; to misappropriate; to make profit at the expense of another; to cheat.

XOLTURA- / ХОЛТРОХ



v.i. To peel off; to be detached.

XOLTURAIUL- / ХОЛТРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of xoltura-] To peel off, strip off, remove by stripping.

XOLTURXAI / ХОЛТОРХОЙ



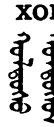
adj. Fallen off, crumbled, peeled off; detached, separated.

XOLTUSI- / ХОЛТШИХ



v.i. To come off, peel off, be detached.

XOLTUSU(N) / ХОЛТОС



[= xoltasu(n)] n. Bark of a tree; aconite (monkshood).

-- ceceg. Buttercup, Ranunculus acer, Ranunculus sceleratus.

XOLUIA-



See xolγu-.

XOLUIU-



See xulaγu-.

XOLUNG / ХОЛОН



Onomat. expressive of the sound of a small bell.

XOLXUBCI / ХОЛХОВЧ



n. Axle-box; an iron ring on the hub of a wagon wheel; hub of a wheel.

-- numu. Crossbow.

XOLXUI- / ХОЛХОЙХ



v.i. To be inflated; to have a big belly.

XOLXULZA- / ХОЛХОЛЗОХ



v.i. To waver or move (of something inflated).

XOM / ХОМ



n. Piece of felt placed under the pack on a camel; horse-collar.

XOMBUIUR / ХОМБОГОР



See xomuγur.

XOMLA- / ХОМЛОХ



See xomna-.

XOMNA- / ХОМНОХ



[= xomla-] v.t. To put a piece of felt on the back of a camel; to put a collar on a horse.

--γsan emegel. A saddle with a felt pad used on saddle-sore horses

XOMSA / ХОМС



adj. and adv. Little, few, not much or many; scarcely, rarely.

-- bolγaxu. To make scarce, little; to decrease; to make austere.

XOMSAD- / ХОМСДОХ



v.i. To decrease, be diminished, become scarce, grow scanty.

doruγsi --xu. To lessen, diminish, decrease.

XOMSADXA- / ХОМСОТГОХ



[v. caus. of xomsad-] v.t. To diminish, keep down, cut down, curtail; to occasion a loss; to expend, consume.

--zu tøsybleky. To cut down or trim a budget.

γadaγadu ece abciraγulxu zyil yd i --xu. To restrict or limit imports.

XOMSADXAL / ХОМСОТГОЛ



n. Reduction, diminution, decrease.

XOMSATU



-- yile. [Ko.] Fatal or detrimental affair; disadvantageous matter.

XOMSAXAN / ХОМСХОН

adj. and adv. A little, a bit, small quantity, not much.

XOMUГAI / ХОМГОЙ

-- xuruγu. Index finger.

XOMUГALZA- / ХОМГОЛЗОХ

[= xomuγulza-] v.i. To ask importunately pester somebody with requests, solicit, beg, wheedle; to be greedy, mercenary; to covet; to desire something ardently.

busud un køryngge dy --xu. To covet other people's property.

olza asiγ un tølyge --xu. To be greedy for profit or gain.

XOMUГALZAL / ХОМГОЛЗОЛ

[= xomuγulzal] n. Greediness; egoism.

XOMUГUIDA- / ХОМГОЙДОХ

v.t. To do something carelessly; to make a blunder; to wound lightly.

XOMUГUL / ХОМООЛ

[= xomul] n. Horse dung.

XOMUГULZA-, etc.

See xomuγalza-, etc.

XOMUГUR / ХОМГОР

[= xombuγur, xumuγur] adj. Curled, folded up, shrivelled.

XOMUI- / ХОМОЙХ

[= xumui-] v.i. To shrivel, wrinkle, curl up, fold up.

XOMUILГA- / ХОМОЙЛГОХ

[= xumuilγa-] v. caus. of xomui- .

XOMUL / ХОМОЛ

See xomuγul.

XOMUR / ХОМОР

Same as xobur.

XOMUR- / ХОМРОХ

v.t. To encircle, invest, besiege. [Ko.] To reach, catch up with.

XOMURГ-A(N) / ХОМРОГО(Н)

n. The act of encircling; circle formed by hunters in a battue.

XOMURГALA- / ХОМРОГОЛОХ

v.t. To make a circle of men to drive game.

XOMURI- / ХОМРИХ

v.i. To shrink from drying; to dry up (of leaves, etc.); to contract; to curve.

XOMURXA-

See γomurxa-.

XOMUSLA-

v.t. and i. To tie, attach, or press together; to become attached to; to crave.

XOMUXAI / ХОМХОЙ

adj. Greedy, covetous, stingy, mercenary; gluttonous.

-- kymyn. Mercenary person.

-- xobduγ. Greedy, covetous.

XOMUXAIRA- / ХОМХОЙРОХ

v.i. To be greedy for, covet; to be a glutton.

XOMUXUR

n. Flank or wing of an army.

XOMX-A(N)

[= xumx-a(n), S. kumbha] n. Vase, pitcher; vessel.

XOMXURASU(N) / ХОМХОРС

n. Shell, husk, pod, chaff.

burcaγ un -- . Pod of beans or peas.

XOMXURUU / ХОМХРУУ

n. The husk of grain.

XONDU(N) / ХОНД

[= xongdu(n)] n. Minium, red lead, red powder.

--n ulaγan. Crimson.

XONDU- / ХОНДОХ

v.i. To make an exorbitant profit; to receive a bribe.

XONDUDA- / ХОНДДОХ
v.t. To paint with minium.

XONDUL / ХОНДОЛ
n. Exorbitant profit or gain; bribe.

XONDULAI / ХОНДЛОЙ
n. Rump, hip.

XONG, 1. / ХОНГ
-- kerij-e. Raven.

XONG, 2.
[= xung, 3] [Ko.] n. Laughter, smile.

XONG, 3.
-- taizi. See xung, 2.

XONGDU(N)
See xondu(n).

XONGГUR, 1. / ХОНГОР
adj. Fallow, yellow-bay, chestnut (of a horse).

XONGГUR, 2. / ХОНГОР
adj. Dear, darling; openhearted, artless, ingenuous.

XONGГURCAГ / ХОНГОРЦОГ
[= xongγurcuγ] n. Cluster, bunch; icicle; stalactite.
-- ysy. Long hair, mane.

XONGГURCAГDA- / ХОНГОРЦОГДОХ
See xongγurcaγla-.

XONGГURCAГLA- / ХОНГОРЦОГЛОХ
[= xongγurcaγda-] v.i. To form buds; to grow in clusters; to form icicles.
--n kөldyky. To form icicles.

XONGГURCAГTU / ХОНГОРЦОГТ
adj. Clustered, having bunches.
-- tarij-a. Grain growing in clusters.

XONGГURCUГ
See xongγurcaγ.

XONGGЈ-A / ХОНГИО
n. and adj. Hollow in a tree; tube; barrel of a gun; hollow, booming (of sound).
sumun u -- . Cartridge case.

XONGGIL / ХОНГИЛ
n. Hollow; cave; narrow ravine, gorge; narrow dell.
aγula jin -- . Mountain gorge.

XONGGILDA- / ХОНГИЛДОХ
[= xonggilzi-] v.i. To hang loosely; to be too large.

XONGGILDAГ / ХОНГИЛДОГ
adj. Loosely fitting (as shoes, clothing).
-- [γutul] emysky. To put on boots without stockings.

XONGGILTAI / ХОНГИЛТОЙ
adj. Hollow.
-- cilaγu. Hollow stone.

XONGGILZI- / ХОНГИЛЖИХ
See xonggilda-.

XONGGINA- / ХОНГИНОХ
onomat. v.i. To ring, sound resonantly.
--n xangginan. Onomat. expressive of ringing.

XONGGINAГUR / ХОНГИНУУР
[= xongginur] n. and adj. Continuous ringing sound.

XONGGINUR
See xongginaγur.

XONGGIR
-- xanggir. Onomat. expressive of the sound of many little bells.

XONGGIRAS-
onomat. v.i. To ring.

XONGKEU
[Ch. huang-hou 皇后] n. Empress.

XONGLIN
[T. hong len, Ch. hu lien 胡蓮] n. Scutellaria baicalensis.

XONGSLJAR / ХОНШООР

n. Muzzle, beak; trunk of an elephant; snout; nose; toe of a shoe or boot.
-- ijen bilegydeky. To speak evil of somebody (lit.:"to whet one's beak.")
-- mayutai. Evil-tongued (lit.: "having an evil snout.")
-- xurca. Sharp beaked; sharp-tongued, quick-witted.
γaxai jin --. Snout of a pig.
γutul un --. Toe of a boot.
noxai jin --. Hedge rose, sweet briar (Rosa acicularis Lindi).

XONGSUΓUR

See γongsuγur.

XONGSUI-

See γongsui-.

XONGŠUR

n. Buckle on a quiver with which it is attached to the belt.

XONGTU

[= xungtu] [Ko.] adj. Smiling, laughing.

XONGX-A

n. Good looks or appearance.
-- ygei. Ugly, plain looking.

XONGXATAI

adj. Well-proportioned, good-looking.

XONGXU / ХОНХ

n. Bell, hand-bell.
-- ceceg. Bell-flower.
-- cokixu. To ring a hand-bell.
-- duuγarxu. For the bell to ring.
-- jin baising. Bell tower.
-- jin dayu. Sound of a bell.
-- jin kele. The tongue or clapper of a bell.

XONGXUDA- / ХОНХДОХ

v.t. To ring a bell.

XONGXUΓUR / ХОНХГОР

adj. Hollow; sunken.
-- nidy. Sunken eyes.

XONGXUI- / ХОНХОЙХ

v.i. To have a hollow or depression; to be dented or sunken.
--γsan. Concave, sunken.
--zu odxu. To sink, go down.
γazar --xu. For the ground to sink.

XONGXUILA- / ХОНХОЙЛОХ

v.t. To hollow, make a dent or depression.

XONGXUILAΓUL- / ХОНХОЙЛУУЛАХ

v. caus of xongxuila-.

XONGXUILΓ-A / ХОНХОЙЛГО

n. Hollow, cavity.

XONGXUILΓA- / ХОНХОЙЛГОХ

[v. caus. of xongxui-] To make a hollow, dent; to dig a hole.

XONGXUR / ХОНХОР

n. and adj. A hollow, cavity, pit, dent, cavern; depression, gully; dented.
-- congxur. Uneven or rugged (of terrain).
-- γazar. Depression, cave-in.
-- zula. Thistle, Olgaea leucophylla, Serratula carduunculus.
takim un --. The hollow of the knee.

XONGXURXAI / ХОНХОРХОЙ

adj. and n. Hollow, cavity.
sili jin --. Nape of the neck.

XONGXUTAI / ХОНХТОЙ

[= xongxutu] adj. Having a bell or bells.

XONGXUTU / ХОНХТ

See xongxutai.
-- alaγ. Merganser.

XONGZI-, etc.

See xonzi-, etc.

XONGZUSU

n. The junction of the two thighs, crotch.

XONI(N), 1. / ХОНЬ

n. Sheep; the eighth year in the 12-year cycle;

period from 1 to 3 p. m.
--n arca. Juniper, Juniperus pseudosabina, Juniperus sabina.
--n bøgelzirgen-e. A variety of raspberry.
--n suix-a. A kind of white wormwood.
--n u mix-a. Mutton.
em-e --. Ewe.
er-e --. Castrated ram.

XONI, 2.

See γoni.

XONICI(N) / ХОНЬЧ

n. Shepherd.

XONU- / ХОНОХ

v.i. To spend the night.
--xu γazar. Lodging, shelter for the night.
γurba --xu. To pass three nights, stay over three days.

XONUГ, 1. / ХОНОГ

n. Lodging for the night, passing the night; one day and one night, twenty-four hours. [Ko.] Degree of a circle.
-- øgky. To give lodging for the night.

XONUГ, 2. / ХОНОГ

n. Millet.
-- amu. Millet.
ulaγan --. Seed millet.
zerlig --. Wild millet.

XONUГLA- / ХОНОГЛОХ

v.i. To stay for the night, spend the night.

XONUГLAL / ХОНОГЛОЛ

n. The act of spending the night .

XONUГSI- / ХОНОГШИХ

v.i. To become accustomed, acquire ease;to become imprinted on one's mind or memory; to lose freshness or become mature or ripe when stored.

XONUГSIГUL- / ХОНОГШУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xonuγsi-.
sedkil degen --xu. To imprint on one's mind.

XONUГUL- / ХОНУУЛАХ

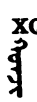
[v. caus. of xonu-] To shelter someone for the night.

XONUГURI / ХОНУУР

n. Roost, perch.

XONZI- / ХОНЖИХ

[= xongzi- = xozi-, 2] v.t. To win a game; to win at gambling; to profit, gain.
--xui xudalduγ-a. Profitable trade.
--zu singgegylky. To misappropriate.
mølzizy --xu. To speculate, exploit.
yge ber --xu. To win an argument by a clever remark.

XONZIBURI / ХОНЖВОР

n. Gain, profit; winning.

XONZIBURILA- / ХОНЖВОРЛОХ

v.t. To profit, gain, win.

XONZIBURILAГCID / ХОНЖВОРЛОГЧИД

n. Speculators, profiteers.

XONZIBURITAI / ХОНЖВОРТОЙ

[= xonziburitu] adj. With a premium or prize; profitable.

XONZIBURITU / ХОНЖВОРТ

See xonziburitai.

XONZIГACI / ХОНЖООЧ

[= xonzijaci] n. Speculator, profiteer.

XONZIГDA- / ХОНЖИГДОХ

[v. pass. of xonzi-] To be exploited.

XONZIГDAL / ХОНЖИГДОЛ

n. The act or state of xonziγda-.

XONZIГUL- / ХОНЖУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xonzi-.

XONZLJ-A(N) / ХОНЖОО

n. Profit, gain; premium, prize; speculation.
-- olxu. To make a profit, win a prize.
-- xaraxu. To seek profit or gain.

XONZLJACI / ХОНЖООЧ

See xonziγaci.

XONZIL / ХОНЖИЛ

n. Profit, gain; winning.
asiγ --. Profit, gain.

XONZILГ-A / ХОНЖЛОГО, ХОНЖИЛГО

n. Gain, profit, advantage; winning.
xudalduγan u --. Business profit.

XONZILГATU / ХОНЖЛОГТ

adj. Having profit or gain.

XONZIN / ХОНЖИН

n. A functionary in charge of the cult of Chinggis Khan among the darxad (q.v.); master of ceremonies at a wedding.

XOR, 1. / ХОР

[= xour, 1.] n. The part of a quiver where the tips of the arrows are placed.

XOR, 2. / ХОР

-- xor. Onomat. describing the clattering sound produced by small hard objects in a container when shaken (such as a partly filled bottle of pills).

XOR, 3. / ХОР

-- xomsa. See under xour-a.

XORBU / ХОРОВ

n. Beluga, white sturgeon.

XORBUI- / ХОРВОЙХ

See xurbui-.

XORCAI- / ХОРЧИЙХ

v.i. To warp, wrinkle, shrink.

XORCANGГU

n. Virulent eruption or rash.

XORCIGINA- / ХОРЧИГНОХ

onomat. v.i. To rumble, rattle, grumble.
--xui xur-a. Torrential rain.
gedesy --xu. Rumbling in the intestines.

XORCIGIR / ХОРЧГОР

dj. Warped, wrinkled; shrunk; blackened (esp. by smoke), dirtied.

XORCIN / ХОРЧИН

n.p. Khorchin, a prominent tribe in the Jirim and Chao Uda leagues of Eastern Mongolia.

XORD / ХОРД

Onomat. describing the noise of sucking a liquid.

XORГ-A / ХОРГО

n. Fort, fortress; shelter, enclosure.
-- jin daruγ-a. Commander of a fortress.

XORГACI

-- boru. Kind of a bird.

XORГAL / ХОРГОЛ

[= xorγul, xorγusun] n. Droppings of sheep and camels.
-- ijen toγalaxu. To be miserly, " to count one's pennies."

XORГU, 1. / ХОРГО

n. Cabinet, cupboard; cage; shelter, refuge, cover.

XORГU, 2.

See xoruu.

XORГU- / ХОРГОХ

v.t. To cast a fish net.

XORГUCA- / ХОРГОЦОХ

Same as xorγuda-.

XORГUDA- / ХОРГОДОХ

v.i. To sit in a shelter, take shelter; to hide; to stay at a place for a long time, be attached to a place.
--xu γazar. Refuge, asylum.
boruγan ece --xu. To take shelter from the rain.

XORГUDAГUL- / ХОРГОДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xorγuda-] v.t. To shelter, give refuge; to hold someone back.

XORГUDAL / ХОРГОДОЛ

n. Asylum, retreat; refuge.

XORIГUГU- / ХОРГООХ

v.t. To detain, keep back, restrain from proceeding; to importune.

XORIГUI / ХОРГОЙ

n. Brocade.

XORIГUL

See xorγal.

XORIГULA- / ХОРГОЛОХ

v.t. and i. To put in a cabinet or cupboard; to take shelter; to hide.

XORIГULDU- / ХОРГОЛДОХ

v.i. To be unwilling to leave or part.

XORIГULTAI

See γuryuldai.

XORIГULZA- / ХОРГОЛЗОХ

v.i. To be afraid; to shirk, avoid, hold back.

XORIГULZI(N) / ХОРГОЛЖ(ИН)

n. Lead.

-- sumu. Lead bullet.

XORIГULZITU / ХОРГОЛЖИТ

adj. Containing lead.

XORIГUNDU / ХОРГОНД

n. Large intestines of a wild boar

XORIГUSUN

See xorγal.

XORI / ХОРЬ

n.p. Khori (a Buryat tribe).

-- burijad. The Khori Buryats.

XORI(N) / ХОРЬ , ХОРИН

card. num. and n.

a) Twenty.

--n nigen y edyr. The twenty-first of the month.

b) --n. "Khorin," unit of twenty houses (primary administrative division of towns in the Mongolian People's Republic).

--n u daruγ-a. The leader or head of a group of twenty.

XORI- / ХОРИХ

v.t. To shut in, confine, imprison, enclose; to prevent, prohibit; to hold back, dissuade.

--xu jal-a. Imprisonment.

--zu keleky. To dissuade a person from doing a certain thing.

cingγalazu --xu. To prohibit strictly.

gindan dur --xu. To lock up, imprison.

køl --xu. To keep out visitors; to quarantine.

mal --xu. To put animals in an enclosure.

noxai --xu. To restrain a dog.

XORIDUГAR / ХОРЬДУГААР

ord. num. Twentieth; the number twenty.

XORIГ, 1. / ХОРИГ

n. and adj. Prohibition, interdiction; holding back, restraining oneself.

-- kymyn. One who always holds back.

XORIГ, 2. / ХОРИГ

-- aγudalaxu. To uncover vices, disclose the bad qualities of a person.

-- γazar. Most-sensitive or weakest spot (of people or animals).

XORIГ-A(N) / ХОРИО

n. Prohibition; forbidding; imprisonment.

XORIГDA- / ХОРИГДОХ

[v.pass. of xori-] To be locked up, jailed, under guard; to be prohibited, forbidden, under a ban.

gindan-a --xu. To be imprisoned.

øbken mør --xu. Constipation; to be constipated.

sigesy --xu. Retention of urine.

XORIГDAL / ХОРИГДОЛ

n. and adj. Prisoner; imprisoned.

-- kymyn. Prisoner.

XORIГLA- / ХОРИГЛОХ

v.t. To dissuade; to warn against; to prohibit.

XORIГLAL / ХОРИГЛОЛ

n. The act of dissuading; detaining, interdiction, prohibition; defense; barricade.

obuγalaγsan --. Barricade.

tanka esergyceky --. Antitank defense.

XORIГLALTA / ХОРИГЛОЛТ
n. Obstruction; dissuasion.

XORIITAI / ХОРИГТОЙ
adj. Prohibited, forbidden, interdicted.

XORIГUL / ХОРИУЛ
n. Inclosure, inclosed place; pigsty; sheepfold; cage; hindrance, barrier prohibition, interdiction; place where it is forbidden to hunt and cultivate soil (such as temple sites, certain tombs and other places considered sacred).
xonin u --. Sheep pen.

XORIГUL- / ХОРИУЛАХ
v. caus. of xori-.

XORIГULГA- / ХОРИУЛГАХ
[v. caus. of xoriγul-] To cause to arrest, have arrested, jailed.

XORIГULTAI / ХОРИУЛТАЙ
adj. Forbidden, prohibited, restricted.

XORLJ-A(N) / ХОРОО
[= xoruγ-a] n. Courtyard, ecnlosure; camp. barracks; committee; station; office regiment; ward of a city or town.
-- møgy. Honey agaric, kind of edible mushroom that grows on the stumps of trees in autumn (Ch. mu-êrh 木耳).
bangkin u jeryngkei --. Main office of a bank, bank administration.
cakilγan gerel yn -- = cakilγan kycyn y --. Electric power station.
cerig yn --. Regiment.
gyicedkeky --. Executive committee.
kebiel yn --. Printing office.
mal un emnelge jin --. Veterinary station.
nam un tøb --. Central Committee of the Party.
siudan u --. Post office.
sonin u --. Editorial office of a newspaper.
utasun u --. Telegraph or telephone office.

XORLJALA- / ХОРООЛОХ
v.t. To surround with an enclosure; to inclose.

XORLJALAГDA- / ХОРООЛОГДОХ
[v.pass. of xorijala-] To be surrounded, inclosed.

XORLJATAI, 1. / ХОРООТОЙ
adj. Having an enclosure.

XORLJATAI, 2. / ХОРИОТОЙ
adj. Prohibited, forbidden.
-- kerεg. Forbidden thing[s].

XORILГ-A(N) / ХОРИШГО
n. Imprisonment.

XORILTA / ХОРИЛТ
n. The act of holding, hindering prohibition; extract or summary of a scientific work.

XORKIRA-
See xurkira-.

XORKIRAL
See xurkiral.

XORLU / ХОРЛО
[T. hkhor lo, "wheel, circle"] n. Circular figure with radial spokes.
toγunu jin --. Central circle of a toγunu (q.v.).

XORMAГCI / ХОРМОГЧ
[= xormuγci] n. Apron-like garment worn by wrestlers.

XORMAГCILA-
v.t. To put on a xormaγci, q.v.

XORMAI / ХОРМОЙ
[= xormui] n. Lower hem, flap; skirt; foot of a mountain.
aγul-a jin --. Lower slope of a mountain; foot of a mountain.
cikin y --. Lobe of the ear.
debel yn --. Flap, hem of a skirt or coat:
tala jin --. End of a plain.
tngri jin --. Horizon.

XORMAIBCI / ХОРМОЙВЧ
[= xormuibci] n. Apron; a string for tying the flap of a garment around the right

leg when riding in winter.

XORMAIDA- / ХОРМОЙДОХ
v.t. To seize by the xormai (q.v.).

XORMAILA- / ХОРМОЙЛОХ
v.t. and i. To put or carry something in the skirt of one's garment; to walk along the foot of a mountain.

XORMUΓCI
See xormaγci.

XORMUI
See xormai.

XORMUIΓAR / ХОРМОЙГООР
adv. Along the foot of a mountain.

XORSI- / ХОРШИХ
v.i. and t. To unite, combine; to mix.
--zu kelelceky. To conspire, plot.

XORSIΓUL- / ХОРШУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xorsi-.

XORSLJ-A(N) / ХОРШОО
n. Corporation, cooperative; society, association, company.
kødege azil un --. Agricultural cooperative.
xarilcan nebteregylky --. Consumers cooperative.
xarilcan tusalalcaxu --. Mutual aid cooperative.

XORSLJACI / ХОРШООЧ
n. Member of a cooperative.

XORSLJAL / ХОРШООЛ
n. Company, society, association.

XORSLJALA- / ХОРШООЛОХ
v.i. To unite; to combine into a cooperative; to found a company, society, etc.

XORSLJALAΓUL- / ХОРШООЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xorsijala-.

XORSLJALAL / ХОРШООЛОЛ
n. The act of joining, uniting in business.
-- un yiledbyri. Cooperative industries.

XORSIL / ХОРШИЛ
n. Joining, uniting; mixture; seasoning.

XORSILDU- / ХОРШИЛДОХ
v. coop. of xorsi-.

XORSILTU / ХОРШИЛТ
adj. Mixed, blended; seasoned.

XORTIΓ
See γortiγ.

XORTIΓLA-
See γortiγla-.

XORU
n. Hazel grouse, grey hen. [Go.] Black crow with a white neck.

XORU- / ХОРОХ
v.i. To diminish, decrease; to become depleted; to wane, lessen; to die.
--γsan kymyn. Dead person.
--n baraγdaxu. To gradually diminish or disappear.
mal --xu. [For the number of] cattle to decrease.

XORUCA(N)
See xoruza.

XORUDA- / ХОРДОХ
v.i. To be chagrined; to be affected, grieved, sad; to repent; to hate.

XORUΓ-A / ХОРОО
See xorij-a(n).

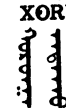
XORUΓA-, 1. / ХОРООХ
[v. caus. of xoru-] To diminish, lessen, decrease, retrench, abridge; to destroy, annihilate; to assassinate, commit regicide or patricide; to execute.
amin i --xu. To kill, assassinate; to execute.
γazar --xu. To shorten the distance.
nasun i --xu. To shorten one's life.

XORUГA-, 2. / ХОРГООХ



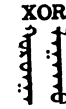
v.i. To bark (of dogs).

XORUГAГDA- / ХОРООГДОХ



v. pass. of xoruγa-, 1.

XORUГALГA- / ХОРООЛГОХ



v. caus. of xoruγa-, 1.

XORUГDA- / ХОРОГДОХ



[v. pass. of xoru-] To be diminished; to decrease in quantity; to fall (as prices); to die, perish.

dain dur --xu. To be killed in a war.

mal --xu. [For the number of] cattle to decrease.

XORUГDAГUL- / ХОРОГДУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of xoruγda-] To cause to diminish, deduct, reduce, shorten, curtail, retrench.

alban egyrge ji --xu. To reduce taxes or imposts.

zarulγ-a nuγud i --xu. To reduce expenses.

XORUГDAL / ХОРОГДОЛ



n. Decrease, reduction, diminution, loss.

elegdel --. Amortization, depreciation, wear and tear.

XORUГULГ-A / ХОРООЛГО



n. Diminution, act of diminishing, abbreviation; murder, assassination.

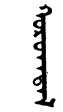
zam un --. Shortening of distance.

XORUL / ХОРОЛ



n. Decreasing, diminution, loss, harm.

XORULTA / ХОРОЛТ



n. Decrease, waning, diminution, lessening, depletion.

XORUM / ХОРОМ



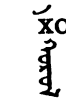
See xurum.

XORUMSAГ-A / ХОРОМСОГО



n. Quiver.

XORUMXAN / ХОРОМХОН



See xurumxan.

XORUMZI / ХОРОМЖ



n. Diminution, loss, detriment.

nemeri -- ygei. Without increase or decrease.

XORUMŻITU / ХОРОМЖИТ



adj. Disadvantageous, with loss or damage; necessitating expenditures; unfortunate, wronged.

-- jaγum-a. A costly affair.

XORUN / ХОРОН



adj. Easily decreased, consumed, or terminated.

XORUS- / ХОРСОХ



v.i. To become angry, vexed; to be irritated, offended; to be[come] indignant; to hate; to be afflicted; to have a sharp or burning pain.

--xui sedkil. Distressed heart or soul, chagrin.

kymyn dy --xu. To hate or detest somebody; to bear a grudge against somebody.

nidy --xu. For the eyes to burn (as from smoke)

XORUSUГUL- / ХОРСУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of xorus-] To incite, provoke; to affront.

XORUSUL / ХОРСОЛ



n. Affliction, chagrin; offense, outrage; indignation; grudge; hatred.

øsij-e --. Hatred.

XORUSULTAI / ХОРСОЛТОЙ

adj. Insulting, offending, outrageous, hateful.

XORUSXA- / ХОРСГОХ



[v. caus. of xorus-] To afflict, vex, outrage, offend.

--n ygyleky. To offend or irritate by caustic remarks.

XORUSXAL / ХОРСГОЛ



n. Affliction, chagrin; offense, outrage; anger, irritation.

-- kødelgeky. To vex, annoy, importune.

XORUSXALTAI / ХОРСГОЛТОЙ



adj. Spiteful, hateful.

XORUTU

-- boru. Eucommia ulmoides (tree).

XORUU / ХУРУУ

[= xorγu, 2]n. Spot in eye, film, cataract.

XORUXAI / ХОРХОЙ

n. Insects and worms in general; also figuratively for craving or craze.
-- budaγ-a. A kind of vermicelli.
-- idegsen. Worm-eaten.
-- idegsen sidy. Decayed tooth.
-- jin aimaγ. Insects (in general).
-- ji sinzileky uxaγan. Entomology.
-- kødelky. To have a desire or passion for; to crave, eagerly desire.
-- kilγasun. Thick short hair in the tail of a horse.
-- šabazi. Insects (in general).
caγan -- . White tapeworm.
cidkyr -- . Bedbug.
cisun uγuγci -- . Leech.
dotur un -- . Intestinal worm.
γaltu -- . Firebug, glowworm, firefly.
gedesyn y -- . Tapeworm.
modun u -- . Grub or maggot in wood.
olan kølty -- . Centipede.
sinaγan -- . Tadpole.
urtu -- . Snake, serpent (euph.).

XORUXAIDA- / ХОРХОЙТОХ

v.i. To be eaten by worms, be wormy; to develop caries; to hanker after, crave.

XORUXAITAI / ХОРХОЙТОЙ

[= xoruxaitu] adj. Having worms; worm-eaten; being enthusiastic about, having a craze for.
morin du -- . Being crazy about horses.

XORUXAITU / ХОРХОЙТ

See xoruxaitai

XORUXUN

n. Small stream.

XORUZA / ХОРЗ

[= xoruca(n)]n. Strong milk brandy which has been distilled three times.

XORUZALA- / ХОРЗЛОХ

v.i. To prepare xoruza (q.v.).

XORXAN

-- biskigyr. A flute with five holes.

XORXUI- / ХОРХОЙХ

v.i. To be dirty, untidy; to be[come] afflicted, chagrined, sad; to knit one's brow, wrinkle one's forehead.

XORZIGINA- / ХОРЖИГНАХ

v.i. To chirp, chirrup.

XOS / ХОС

See xous.

XOSA

[Ch. ho-tzŭ 盒子] n. Square or round box.

XOSI, 1. / ХОШ

n. Edging, trimming.
-- mori. Saddled and decorated horse which is led ahead of a dignitary.
-- xudurγ-a. Decorated crupper.

XOSI, 2. / ХОШ

xoγul -- . Food.

XOSI, 3.

interj. Hush!

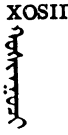
XOSID

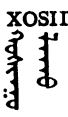
n. Hazelnut.

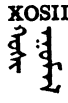
XOSIГU(N) / ХОШУУ(Н)

[= xusiγu(n)] n. Proboscis, snout, muzzle, beak, bill; chatter; bow of a vessel; spur of a mountain, cape, promontory, peak; any of the numerous military-administrative areal units "princedoms" into which the Mongolian tribes were organized under the Manchu dynasty, called "banners" (khoshun, Ch. ch'i 旗); now in Inner Mongolia a khoshun is a division of an aimaγ, q.v.
-- caγan. Having a white muzzle.
--n i zakiruγci said. Governor general of a banner (Ch. tu-t'ung 都統).
--n u abaxai. Daughter of a prince of the fourth rank (Ch. hsien-chün 縣君).

--n u beise. Prince of the fourth rank.
--n u daruγ-a. Head of a banner.
--n u tamaγ-a jin γazar. Khoshun administration office.
--n u xatun. Wife of a fourth class prince.
--n u zakirγan. Banner administration.
-- zakiruγci. Administrator of a banner, subordinate to the tusalaγci, q. v.
naiman -- . The Eight Banners (divisions of the Manchu army distinguished by the colors of their banners).
tabun -- mal. Five kinds of domestic animals (horses, cows, camels, sheep and goats).


XOSIГUCI / ХОШУУЧ
n. Chief of a military division; major (mil.); vanguard (mil.); pioneer.
-- cerig. Advance guard, shock troops.
-- general. Major general.

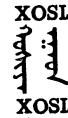

XOSIГULA- / ХОШУУЛАХ
v.t. To fold on the bias or obliquely; to make into a point. [AT 95] To lead an army.


XOSIГUMAL / ХОШУУМАЛ
[= xošuumal] adj. Angular.

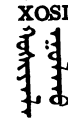

XOSIГUMALZIN / ХОШУУМАЛЖИН
adj. Triangular, three-cornered.

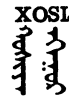

XOSIГUTU / ХОШУУТ
adj. Having a beak.


XOSLJAD / ХОШООД
[= xosijaγad] distributive num. Two each; twice.
zil tutum -- ijer. Twice a year.


XOSLJAГAD
See xosijad.


XOSLJALA- / ХОШООЛОХ
v.t. To pair, join, or put in pairs.


XOSLJALAГUL- / ХОШООЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xosijala-.


XOSLJANGГUR / ХОШООНГОР
n. Vetch, Vicia.
ger yn -- . Clover, Trifolium lupinaster.


XOSILA- / ХОШЛОХ
v.i. To be[come] double or form a pair.
naran --ba. A halo has appeared around the sun


XOSILIГ / ХОШЛОГ
[Cf. xoš] n. Tent.


XOSIMAГ / ХОШМОГ
adj. Double.


XOSING
Same as xošung.


XOSLA-, etc. / ХОСЛОХ
See xousla-, etc.


XOSMALZIN
See xousmalzin.


XOSX-A(N)
n. A kind of salt-water fish.


XOSZAM / ХОСЗАМ
[Ko.] n. A kind of card game.


XOŠ / ХОШ
[Cf. xosiliγ] n. Tent (obs.).


XOŠKINAГ / ХОШНОГО, ХОШГИНОГ
adj. Colon (anat.); the anus.


XOŠKIRA- / ХОШГИРОХ
v.i. For a bird to call or whistle; to whistle, hiss; to call someone using the hands as a megaphone (to amplify the sound).


XOŠUI / ХОШОЙ
[Ma. xošoi, "of the side"] n. Cardinal points; side; appanage, province.
-- baγatur. "Khošoi Bator," an honorary title given to a general; twice a hero.
-- cing vang. Imperial prince of the first rank (Ch. he-shé-ch'in-wang 和碩親王).
-- efy. Imperial son-in-law.
-- gege. Son of a prince of the first rank.
-- gynzy. Imperial princess (born to an Imperial concubine).

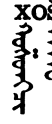
-- tabunang. Son-in-law of a prince of the first rank.
-- xatun. Princess of the first class (wife of a prince of the first rank).

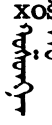
XOŠUNG / ХОШИН

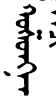
n. and adj. Mockery, jesting, foolery, joke; satire, humor; satirical, humorous.
-- yge. Joke, humorous remark.
-- zangtai. Mocking, humorous, satirical, jocular.

XOŠUNGCI / ХОШИНЧ

n. Mocker, joker.

XOŠUNGCILA- / ХОШИНЧЛОХ

v.i. To know how to make others laugh; to have a talent for joking, mocking, jesting, or causing laughter.

XOŠUNGNA- / ХОШИГНОХ

v.i. To jest, joke.

XOŠUNGNAGCI / ХОШИГНОГЧ

n. Satirist, joker, clown; humorist.

XOŠUU

n. The wide part of the arrowhead; cf. xosiγu(n).

XOTA(N) / ХОТ

[= xotu(n)] n. City, town, village; enclosure; fortress, citadel, city wall.
-- abxu. To seize or occupy a city or town.
-- barixu. To build a city, town, or fortress.
-- ezelezy abxu. To capture a city.
-- jin daruγ-a. Mayor of a city, town, or village.
-- jin kerem. City wall.
-- sakiγci cerig. City garrison.
-- xaraixu. To jump over a city wall; to storm a city.
køke -- . The Blue City, Mongolian name of Kui-hua-ch'eng, capital of Suiyuan province.
sirui jin -- . City or town wall built of mud.

XOTACI / ХОТОЧ

-- noxai = xotuci noxai. Watchdog.

XOTAILGA-

[Ko.] v.i. To wander or travel through various towns.

XOTALA / ХОТОЛ

adj. and adv. All, whole, entire; wholly, entirely; everywhere.
-- ber. See xotalaγar.
-- byrin. All, all together, whole.
-- olan arad. The whole people.
-- tegylder. Perfect, consummate.
-- tegys. Perfect, consummate.
-- tegysygsen. Gifted with, perfect.

XOTALA- / ХОТЛОХ

[= xotulu-] v.t. To fence in; to drive animals into a camp or pen.

XOTALAGAR / ХОТЛООР

[= xotala ber] adv. All together, in general, entirely.
-- amurxan saγatazu amui uu? How are you all? (epist.).
ger yn -- . The whole family.

XOTAN / ХОТОН

n. Pelican.

XOTAR

-- ziγasu. Eelpout (Lota).

XOTU(N), 1.

See xota(n).

XOTU, 2.

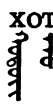
adv. All the way through.
-- γarxu. To pass all the way through.

XOTUCI

See xotaci.

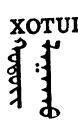
XOTUIGU / ХОТГО

n. Pot (of clay).

XOTUIGUR / ХОТГОР

adj. and n. Concave, hollow; declivity.
-- γazar. Lowland, valley, hollow place.

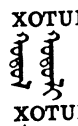
XOTUI- / ХОТОЙХ

v.i. To be[come] concave; to cave in; to sag.



XOTUILГA- / ХОТОЙЛГОХ

v. caus. of xotui-.



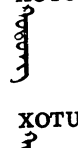
XOTUL[I] / ХОТОЛ(Ь)

n. Two-year-old marmot; young deer.



XOTULU- / ХОТЛОХ

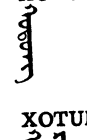
See xotala-.



XOTUNG, 1. / ХОТОН

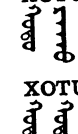
n. Inhabitant of Turkestan; Moslem, Mohammedan.

-- malaγai. Skull-cap.



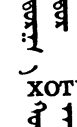
XOTUNG, 2. / ХОТОН

[Ch. huo-tun 火墩] n. Smoke-signal tower; watchtower; lighthouse.



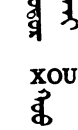
XOTUR[A]-

v.i. To pass all the way through.



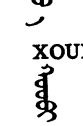
XOTURГ-A(N)

[Go.] n. Grooves or notches on the ends of a bow.



XOTURXAI

adj. Which passes through.



XOU-A

See xuva.



XOUBI / ХУУВЬ

n. Counsel, consultation, deliberation.

-- neileky. To hold a conference or a council; to decide, vote unanimously.

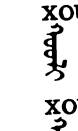
-- yiledky. To hold a conference.



XOUCI- / ХУУЧИХ

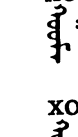
v.t. To peel or tear off in layers.

uisu --xu. To peel the bark from a birch tree.



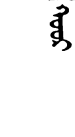
XOULI

Same as xauli.



XOUMAГAI , etc. / ХУУМГАЙ

See xaγumaγai, etc.



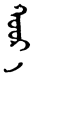
XOUR, 1.

See xor, 1.



XOUR, 2.

Same as xour-a.



XOUR-A / ХОР

n. Harm, evil, malice; embitterment; poison.

-- abxu em. Antidote.

-- ber nøgciky. To die from poison.

-- bolxu. To bring harm; to be[come] poisonous.

- bykyi = xouratai.

-- ji daruxu. To counteract poison (as an antidote).

-- jin darulγ-a. Antidote.

-- jin køgece. Vitriol.

-- jin sakil. Antidote.

-- kiky. To harm, injure.

-- kødelgeky. To provoke, irritate, exasperate.

-- kyrgeky. To cause or do harm.

-- sedkil. Evil design.

-- xomsa = xor xomsa. Harm, damage; trifle, very little, almost nothing.

-- ygei. Harmless; nonpoisonous.

-- ygei bolγaxu. To render harmless.

noxai jin -- . Rabies.

XOURADA- / ХОРДОХ

v.i. To be poisoned,to beembittered, be hurt (of feelings).

kymyn dyr --xu. To have bitter feelings toward someone.

XOURADAГUL- / ХОРДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xourada-] v.t. To poison; to stimulate bitter feelings against somebody.

XOURADALГ-A / ХОРДЛОГО

n. Poisoning.

XOURALA- / ХОРЛОХ

[= xourla-] v.t. To harm, cause evil; to poison, kill, hurt, injure; to play a bad joke on someone.

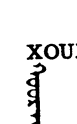
--n syidkegci. Saboteur, wrecker.

--n syidkeky. To harm, wreck, inflict injury.

--xu sedkil. Harmful or evil thoughts.

--xu yge. Harmful words.

ami --xu. To kill, murder.



XOURALAГCI(N) / ХОРЛОГЧ(ИН)

n. and adj. That which does harm or poisons; harmful, poisonous.

--n sanaγ-a. Evil intent.

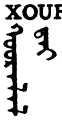
keblel yn --. "Yellow journalist."

XOURALAL / ХОРЛОЛ



n. Harm, detriment; evil, hate; torment.

XOURALALTAI / ХОРЛОЛТОЙ



adj. Harmful, detrimental, poisonous.

XOURATAI / ХОРТОЙ



[= xouratu = xourtai] adj. Harmful, poisonous; pernicious, injurious; malicious, wicked.

-- ber. In a wicked, harmful, or malicious way.

-- eteged. Harmful elements.

-- moγai. Poisonous snake.

-- sedkil. Evil design.

bej-e maxabud tur --. Harmful to the body.

XOURATAN / ХОРТОН



n. Evil doer[s], damager[s], wrecker[s].

XOURATU / ХОРТ



See xouratai.

-- keletei. Bitter-tongued.

-- zøgei. Wasp.

XOURLA-



See xourala-.

XOURLACI / ХОРЛООЧ



n. and adj. Evil-doer.

XOURTAI



See xouratai.

XOURXAГ



n. Lack, want; deprivation.

XOUS / ХОС



[= xos = xod] n. and adj. Pair; even number; double.

-- alda. Double alda, q.v. (Ch. chang 丈 = 11.9 ft.).

-- egesig. Diphthong.

-- mori. A pair of horses.

-- ujangγ-a. Double verse, two-line verse, parallelism (as a poetical or rhetorical form).

-- xous ijer. In pairs.

xojar --. Two pairs.

XOUSAR



Same as xusur-.

XOUSLA- / ХОСЛОХ



[= xosla-] v.t. and i. To unite or combine in pairs; to do two things at the same time; to rhyme.

--n. Together, along with, in a parallel way.

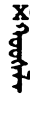
--n barilduγsan. United or combined as a pair

--n bejelegylky. To realize or accomplish two things at the same time.

šasin tøry --n barilduxu. For religion and government to be harmoniously united.

xojar šasin i xaγacal ygei --xu. To combine two religions inseparably; to give two religions equal standing.

XOUSLAГUL- / ХОСЛУУЛАХ



[v.caus. of xousla-] v.t. To make or unite a pair; to rhyme.

XOUSLAL / ХОСЛОЛ



n. The act of pairing, doubling; rhyming.

XOUSLAMAL / ХОСОЛМОЛ



[n.d. of xousla-] Paired, double.

XOUSMALZIN



[= xosmalzin] n. Pair.

-- køgørge. [Ko.] Drum made of baked clay and covered with leather which is hit with both han··

XOUŠANG / ХУУШААН



[Ch. ho-shang 和尚 , T. hva šang] n. Chinese Buddhist monk or priest.

XOUZIГ-A



n. A kind of salt-water fish.

XOVA / ХУА

See xuva.

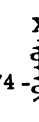
XOVAISA / ХУАЙС

n. Acacia (Ch. huai-shu 槐树).

XOXUDAI

adj. Drowsy, sleepy (of children).

XOXUI / ХОХОЙ



interj. Oh! Alas!

-- alaγ. Oh! Alas!

XOXUILA- / ХОХОЙЛОХ
v.i. To lament, be afflicted.

XOXUTUNA-
v.i. To cry, howl (of a dragon).

XOZI-, 1. / ХОЖИХ
v.i. To delay, be late.

XOZI-, 2, etc.
See xonzi-, etc.

XOZID / ХОЖИД
[= xozis, cf. xozim] adv. Later, afterward.
urid --. Before and after; at various times.

XOZIDA-, etc. / ХОЖДОХ
See xozimda-, etc.

XOZIDKI
adj. Later, future.

XOZIГAR
See xozigir.

XOZIГDA- / ХОЖИГДОХ
[v. pass. of xozi-] v.i. To be late, delayed.

XOZIIГULA
See xozuγula.

XOZIGINA- / ХОЖИГНОХ
v.i. To make a vibrant sound.

XOZIGINAГUL- / ХОЖИГНУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xozigina-.

XOZIGIR / ХОЖГОР.
[= xoziγar] adj. and n. Bald; bald head or spot.
-- bolxu. To grow bald.
-- jar-a. Mange, dandruff.

XOZII- / ХОЖИЙХ
v.i. To be or look bald.

XOZIM / ХОЖИМ
[Cf. xozid] adv. and adj. Afterward, later; late; future.
-- cereg. Rear guard [A.T.107]
-- daγan. In the future, in the long run.
-- tørygsen. Later born, younger, junior; epigone (Ch. hou-sheng 後生).
-- un edyr. Future day, future date; future.
-- yj-e. Future generation.

XOZIMDA- / ХОЖИМДОХ
[= xozida-] v.i. To be or come late, lag behind, be tardy; to be behind others.
azil ece --xu. To be late for work.
gemsibesy ber --xu bolai. Repentance will come too late.

XOZIMDAГUL- / ХОЖИМДУУЛАХ
[= xozidaγul-, v. caus. of xozimda-] To cause to be late, cause delay.
caγ tuxai ji --xu ygei ber. Not missing the appointed time; in time.

XOZIMDAL / ХОЖИМДОЛ
[= xozidal] n. Being late, delay.
-- ygei. Without delay, in time.

XOZINAГUL-
Same as xoziginaγul-.

XOZIS
See xozid.

XOZUГULA / ХОЗУУЛЬ
[= xoziγula] n. Tree trunk, stump.

XOZUI- / ХОЗОЙХ
Same as γozui-

XOZUILГA- / ХОЗОЙЛГОХ
v. caus. of xozui-.

XU
-- xa. Adv. expression describing panting or gasping.

XU-A / ХУА
See xuva.

XUB / ХУВ
Intensifying adv. particle used before certain

adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable xu- or xaγu-.
-- xaγurai. Completely dry.
-- xurdun. Very fast.

XUBA, 1.

-- degel. Fur garment without a covering.

XUBA(N), 2. / ХУВ(АН)

[Ch. hu-p'o 琥珀] n. and adj. Amber; pale yellow.

XUBALZA / ХУВАЛЗ

[= xubulza] n. Parasite; mite, tick.

XUBAXAI / ХУВХАЙ

adj. Dried; withered; good-for-nothing; loathsome.
-- aγula. Bare mountain, mountain without vegetation.
-- bej-e. Emaciated body.
-- caγan. Dried and pale.
-- caγan jasu. Dry, bleached bones.
-- modu. Dry tree.

XUBAXAIRA- / ХУВХАЙРАХ

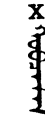
v.i. To be[come] dried, withered.

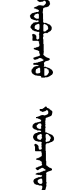
XUBCAD

Plural of xubcasu(n).
-- xunar. See under xubcasu(n).

XUBCALA- / ХУВЦЛАХ

v.t. and i. To dress.
--xu toli. Dressing mirror.

XUBCALAL / ХУВЦЛАЛ

n. The act of xubcala-; garment, clothing.

XUBCASU(N) / ХУВЦАС

[pl. xubcad] n. Dress, clothes, uniform, costume.
-- ben solizu emysky. To change clothes
-- cimeg. Garments and ornaments.
--n i zasaxu. To straighten out one's clothes; to alter a garment.
-- ojuγci. Tailor.
-- uralaγci. Tailor.
-- xunar = xubcad xunar. Dress, clothes, garments.

alban u --. Uniform.
debel --. Dress, clothes.
josutu --. Formal or ceremonial dress.
temyr --. Coat of iron mail.

XUBCASULA- / ХУВЦАСЛАХ

v.t. and i. To dress, put on garments.
ceber ijer --xu. To dress neatly.

XUBCI-

See γubci-.

XUBCIΓUR

See γubciγur.

XUBΓASUN

[S.S.148] n. Wolf.

XUBI, 1. / ХУВЬ

n. a) Part, share, portion; allotment; one's own lot, concern, or affair; copy or issue (of a book, magazine, newspaper, etc.).
-- asiγ. Dividend.
-- ben sakiγsan kymyn. A person who minds his own business.
-- ber (with gen. prec.) . With regard to, as for, concerning, in relation to.
-- ber ijen saγuxu. To live separately.
-- dur asiγlaxu. To take advantage of something for personal purposes; to appropriate.
-- jin. Personal, own, individual, private.
-- jin azu axui. Private farm or enterprise.
-- jin kereg. Private affair, personal business.
-- jin kørynggе. Private property.
-- jin sanal. Private or personal opinions.
-- josu. Manners, customs.
-- kyrteky. To receive a share (of something granted by a superior).
-- mønggy. Share in an enterprise (lit.: share of money).
-- neilegylygci. Stockholder, shareholder.
-- neilegylygsen xorsij-a. Joint stock company
-- nemeri. Contribution, share.
-- sacaγu. Even share; equal part.
-- sakixu. To mind one's own business.
-- tegsi. Even share.
-- xubi daγan. Individually, privately.
-- ygei. Without a share. See also c.

arban xojar sar-a jin -- . Twelve months' allotment; allotment for December; December issue or number (of a magazine or paper).
mongγulci jin -- dur. As a Mongolist.
ulus tøry jin -- ber. As regards politics.
xabur un -- . Spring equinox (Ch. ch'un-fên 春分).

b) Part (calculus), grade, degree; minute (in geometry and chronometry)

γurban -- jin nige. One third.
kedyn -- øsyky. To increase several times.
xojar caγ tabun -- . Five minutes after two.
zaγun u xojar -- . Two percent.

c) Destiny, fate, predestination, lot.

--- tasuraγsan. Deceased, dead.
-- ygei. Ill-fated, unfortunate, not predestined. See also a.
-- zajaγ-a. Destiny, fate.
-- zokijal. Fate, destiny.
maγu -- . Bad luck, misfortune.
sain --. Good fortune, happiness.

XUBI, 2. / ХУВЬ

-- sar-a. Name of the tenth month of the lunar calendar.

XUBI, 3. / ХУЙВ

Same as xuiba.

XUBI- / ХУВИХ

v.t. To deceive; to seduce.

XUBIIGUL- / ХУВИУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xubi-] To cause to deceive or seduce; to raise the price; to corrupt by money.

XUBIGINA-

v.i. To whisper in the ear.

XUBIGINAGUR

n. Whispering or low vcice; muffled sound.

XUBIJA- / ХУВААХ

v.t. To divide, part, partition; to share, apportion; to distribute equally.
--xu arγ-a. Division (arithmetic).
--xu temdeg. Division sign.
døгbe bolγan --xu. To divide into four parts.

salγaгzu --xu. To split, cleave, divide.
toγ-a ji --xu. Division (arithmetic).
ziran zirγuγan i zirγuγa du --basu arban nige bolumui. 66 divided by 6 is 11.

XUBIJAGDA- / ХУВААГДАХ

v. pass. of xubija-.

XUBIJALGA- / ХУВААЛГАХ

v. caus. of xubija-.

XUBIJAR / ХУВИАР

Same as xubijari.

XUBIJARI / ХУВИАР(Ь)

n. Part, portion, division: scale, degree.

XUBIJARILA- / ХУВИАРЛАХ

v.t. To divide, distribute, allot.
--zu øgky. To apportion; to distribute.
xadulang tarijalang un γazar i --n olγuxu. To allot meadows or arable land.

XUBIL / ХУВИЛ

See γubil.

XUBIL- / ХУВИЛАХ

v.i. To change, be transformed, take another form; to be reincarnated; to form an abscess, become infected; to deteriorate.
--xu ygei. Unchangeable, invariable, immutable.
--zu tøryky. To be reborn in another form, become reincarnated.
dyrsy --xu. To transform, transfigure oneself.
ebygen kymyn bolun --xu. To transform oneself into an old man (through magic).
niγur --xu. To become angry; to break with someone.
øngge inu --xu. For the color to change or fade.
tngri bolun --xu. To change into a tngri, q.v.

XUBILA- / ХУВИЛАХ

v.t. To divide into parts or shares.

XUBILGA- / ХУВИЛГАХ

[v. caus. of xubil-] v.t. To transform, change, metamorphose.
bej-e ben --xu. To transform oneself (as by sorcery).
øngge --xu. To paint a different color; to

change the color.
xudalduzu --xu. To trade, barter.

XUBILГADASU / ХУВИЛГАДАС
n. Changing, transformation.

XUBILГADASUTAI / ХУВИЛГАДАСТАЙ
adj. Changing, inconstant; giddy, capricious.

XUBILГAN / ХУВИЛГААН
n. and adj. Transformation, metamorphosis; apparition , phantom; a person, esp. a high lama in whom a buddha, bodhisatva or some saintly person is believed to be incarnated; incarnation, often referred to as "living buddha"by Western writers, after the Chinese huo-fo 活佛 ; transformed, incarnated.
-- yzegylky. To manifest or display supernatural power, practice sorcery or magic.
ilbi -- . Magic, sorcery, supernatural power.

XUBILГATU
adj. and n. One who has taken another shape or aspect; transformed.

XUBILULTA / ХУВИЛАЛТ
n. Change, transformation.

XUBILZAГAN-A / ХУВИЛЗГАНА
n. Cattle tick.

XUBINA- / ХУВИНАХ
v.i. To whisper.
--n mayudxaxu. To blame secretly.

XUBINAГUR / ХУВИНУУР
n. Whispering, low voice

XUBINAL / ХУВИНАЛ
n. Whispering, whispering sound, low voice.

XUBING / ХУВИН
[= xuubing, Ch. hu-p'ing 虎瓶] n. Pitcher; water vessel, pail, bucket.
-- un ger. Padded cover for a water pitcher.
γaltu -- . Pitcher with a built-in burner.

usun u -- . Water pitcher.

XUBIR / ХУВИР
-- xubir. Onomat. expressive of whispering, low voice, or muffled sound.

XUBIRA- / ХУВИРАХ
v.i. To change; to fade, wilt; to be[come] exhausted.
... bolun --xu. To change into.
øngge --xu. For the color to change or fade.
zang --xu. To change in behavior.

XUBIRAГA- / ХУВИРГАХ
v.t. To change.
bolγan --xu. To change into.

XUBIRAГUL- / ХУВИРУУЛАХ
[v.caus. of xubira-] v.t. To cause to change; to distort.

XUBIRAL / ХУВИРАЛ
n. Change, evolution.

XUBIRALTA / ХУВИРАЛТ
n. The act of xubira-.
-- ygei. Invariable, unswerving[ly].

XUBIS, 1.
Plural of xubi, q.v.

XUBIS, 2.
See ubis.

XUBIS- / ХУВЬСАХ
v.i. To change, metamorphose.
cirai --xu. To change (color) in the face.
sanaγ-a --xu. For the mind or sentiments to change.
yly --xu. Unchangeable.

XUBISULTA / ХУВЬСАЛТ
n. Change.
-- køgzilte. Change, development, evolution.

XUBISXA- / ХУВЬСГАХ
[v. caus. of xubis-] v.t. To change from one form to another, metamorphose; to alter.
kymyn y sanaγ-a ji --xu. To cause someone to change his mind, influence someone's opinions.

XUBISXAL / ХУВЬСГАЛ
n. Revolution; disturbance; coup d'etat; chang[ing], metamorphosis.
-- i egyskeky. To start a revolution.
-- tai esergycegci. A counter-revolutionary.
-- un. Revolutionary.

XUBISXALCI / ХУВЬСГАЛЧ
n. and adj. Revolutionary.
-- yiledbyricin. Revolutionary worker.

XUBISXALTU / ХУВЬСГАЛТ
adj. Revolutionary.
-- cerig. Revolutionary army.
-- eblel. Revolutionary league.

XUBITAI / ХУВЬТАЙ
[= xubitu] adj. Having a certain fortune or fate; having a part or share; fortunate.
maγu --. Unfortunate, unlucky.

XUBITU / ХУВЬТ
See xubitai.

XUBTAI
adj. Having relations with (hist.).

XUBUI-
v.i. To become wrinkled, contracted, or tangled.

XUBULZA
See xubalza.

XUCA(N) / ХУЦ
n. Ram; uncastrated lamb.
-- neilegylky. To put rams into a flock.

XUCA-, 1. / ХУЦАХ
[= xuci-, 3] v.i. To bark.

XUCA-, 2.
v.t. To save, economize.

XUCAN
-- xoular. Hawfinch, Coccothraustes coccothraustes (Ch. wu-t'ung-niao 梧桐鳥 , la-tsui-niao 蠟嘴鳥).

XUCI-, 1. / ХУЧИХ
v.t. To cover, cover up; to cover oneself with a blanket.
--zu xebteky. To lie covered up.

XUCI-, 2.
v.i. To choke (hist.).

XUCI-, 3.
See xuca-, 1.

XUCIГASU(N) / ХУЧААС
n. Blanket, cover.

XUCIГUL- / ХУЧУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xuci-.

XUCILГ-A / ХУЧЛАГА
n. Bed covering, blanket.

XUCILГALA- / ХУЧЛАГАЛАХ
v.i. To begin to feel labor pains.

XUCILTA / ХУЧИЛТ
n. Covering.

XUCILTATAI / ХУЧИЛТТАЙ
adj. Having a covering or cover; covered up.

XUCUIГULA- / ХУЦУУЛАХ
[= xucuula-] v.t. To attack suddenly or by surprise.

XUCUULA-
See xucuγula-.

XUDA / ХУД
n. The heads of two families related through marriage of their children; father of one's son-in-law or daughter-in-law (also a term of address). Cf. xuduγui.
-- boluγsan өkin. Engaged girl.
-- bolxu. To be[come] related through marriage.
-- uruγ. Relatives through the marriage of their children.
-- xuduγui. Parents of a married couple in relation to the parents of the other couple.

XUDAL / ХУДАЛ
n. and adj. Lie, untruth, falsehood; false, untrue.
-- bicig. Forged or spurious letter or document.
-- cuurxal. False rumor.
-- ijer ebedky. To pretend illness, malinger.
-- ijer gerecileky. To testify falsely.
-- keleky. To lie, tell a falsehood.

-- xaγurmaγ. Deceit, fraud, lie, guile, ruse; deceitful, false, untrue, fraudulent.
-- yge. Lie, falsehood.
-- yzegdel. Delusive appearance, apparition.
ynen -- . The truth of the matter; true or false.
ynen -- i baicaγaxu. To investigate the truth.

XUDALA- / ХУДЛАХ
v.i. To be[come] or act as a xuda (q.v.); to enter into an alliance through the marriage of children.

XUDALCI / ХУДАЛЧ
n. and adj. Liar, braggart; false.
xaγurmaγ -- . False, untrue.
xaγurmaγ -- šasin. False religion.

XUDALCILA- / ХУДАЛЧЛАХ
v.i. To be a liar; to lie.

XUDALCIXAN / ХУДАЛЧХАН
adj. and n. Somewhat false, that which borders on the truth; fib.

XUDALDAГACIN
Same as xudalduγacin.

XUDALDU(N)
Obsolete form of xudalduγ-a.

XUDALDU- / ХУДАЛДАХ
v.t. To barter, trade, do business; to sell.
--n abxu. To buy.
--n abxu cidaburi. Buying power.
--n φgky. To sell.
--xu yn-e. Selling price.

XUDALDUГ-A(N) / ХУДАЛДАА
n. Trade, business, commerce.
-- jin asiγ. Profit in trade.
-- jin baising. Warehouse, store building.
-- jin γaili. Customs, dues, commercial taxes and imposts, sales tax.
-- jin γazar. Place of busines; bazaar, market, shop[s].
-- jin kymyn. Merchant.
-- jin ongγuca. Trading vessel.

-- kelelceky γazar. Stock exchange.
-- kiky. To engage in trade, do business.
-- maima. Commerce, trade.
--n u. Commercial, mercenary.
--n u ger-e bicig. Commercial treaty or agreement.
--n u xarilcaγ-a. Commercial connections or ties.
γadaγadu jin -- . Foreign trade.

XUDALDUГACIN / ХУДАЛДААЧИН
n. Trader, merchant.
-- u xorsij-a. Commercial company or corporation.
eng yn -- . Private merchant, ordinary tradesman.

XUDALDUГCI / ХУДАЛДАГЧ
n. Seller, salesperson, vendor.

XUDALDUГUL- / ХУДАЛДУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xudaldu-.

XUDALTU
adj. False, unjust, iniquitous, untrue.

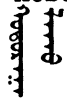
XUDDUГ / ХУДАГ
[= xuduγ] n. Well.
-- maltaxu. To dig a well.
-- un usu. Well water.
φrymdemel -- . Artesian well.

XUDUГ
See xudduγ.

XUDUГUI / ХУДГАЙ
n. The female heads of two families related through the marriage of their children; mother of one's son-in-law or daughter-in-law (also a term of address). Cf. xuda.

XUDURГ-A(N) / ХУДРАГА
n. Crupper; breeching (harness).
-- bulijan alabkiky. To jump on a horse holding to the crupper.
-- γudus namnaxu. To shoot backward with a bow from horseback.

XUDURГALA- / ХУДРАГАЛАХ



v.t. To put on a crupper; to run around; to roam.

XUDXU- / ХУТГАХ



v.t. To stir, mix, mingle, blend; to put in disorder; to agitate; to embroil; to stir up trouble.

--n bailduxu. To fight hand to hand.

airaγ --xu. To stir kumiss.

bøgelzisy --xu. To be nauseated.

kymyn i --zu ebderegylky. To stir up trouble. between people.

yge --xu. To provoke a quarrel or misunderstanding.

XUDXUГDA- / ХУТГАГДАХ



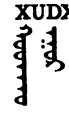
[v. pass. of xudxu-] To be stirred, mixed; to be troubled, agitatated; to be uneasy, dismayed.

XUDXUГUL- / ХУТГУУЛАХ



v. caus. of xudxu-.

XUDXUГUR / ХУТГУУР



n. Object or tool for stirring or mixing.

-- modu. Wooden paddle for stirring.

XUDXUГURCI / ХУТГУУРЧ



n. Pettifogger, caviler.

XUDXULA- / ХУТГАЛАХ



v.t. To mix, mingle, stir by beating; to trouble, embarrass, put in disorder.

sedkil ijen --xu. To trouble one's mind or conscience.

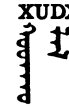
XUDXULAГDA- / ХУТГАЛАГДАХ



[v. pass. of xudxula-] To be troubled, agitated; to be uneasy , dismayed.

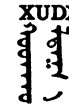
abijas ijer --γsan sedkil. Mind troubled by passions.

XUDXULAL / ХУТГАЛАЛ



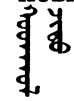
n. Quarrel, bickering; agitation, dispute, altercation.

XUDXULDAГ-A(N) / ХУТГАЛДААН



n. Bustle, stir, hubbub, commotion.

XUDXULZITU



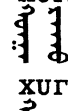
adj. Mixed, embroiled, disarranged, disorderly.

XUГ-A



Same as xuva.

XUГARA- / ХУГАРАХ



See xuγura-.

XUГU / ХУГА



[= xoγu] Reinforcing adverbial particle placed before verbs expressing breaking or separation; with a snap.

-- tataxu. To pull out with a jerk, jerk out; to snap in two.

-- xarbuxu. To break by shooting with an arrow.

XUГUCA- / ХУГАЦАХ



v.t. To set a time or term; to relieve of an obligation or service completely or partially.

XUГUCAГ-A(N) / ХУГАЦАА



n. Term, appointed time; time limit, dead line.

-- dygyrky. For the term to expire.

-- jin temdeg. Temporary passport or identification.

--n ece ketyregylky. To procrastinate, delay beyond the deadline.

axur --n u dotur-a. In the shortest time.

toγtuγaγsan --n-a. At the appointed time.

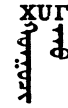
XUГUCAГATAI / ХУГАЦААТАЙ



adj. Having a time or term.

γurban zil yn --. Having a three year term.

XUГUCI- / ХУГАЧИХ



v.t. To break into pieces (of long stick-like objects).

XUГUL- / ХУГАЛАХ



[= xaγul-, 2] v.t. To break in two (of long objects), fracture (bone); also used figuratively.

γar i --xu. To break the arms, fracture the hand or arm.

møcir i --xu. To break a branch of a plant.

sedkil i --xu. To disappoint, discourage.

urm-a --xu. To discourage, cause to lose interest.

zoriγ i yly --xu. Not to discourage one in his zeal or ambition.

XUΓULDURI
n. A kind of little bird.

XUΓULΓA-
v. caus. of xuγul-.

XUΓULUΓUL- / ХУГАЛУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xuγul-.

XUΓUNI- / ХУУНИХ
v.i. To fly swiftly.

XUΓUR / ХУУР
[= xuur] n. Stringed musical instrument played with a bow.
-- tataxu. To play a xuγur.
aman --. Harmonica.
γar --. Accordion.
køl --. Organ.
morin --. "Horse fiddle," a stringed musical instrument which has a horse's head carved on the top, and strings made of horsehair; also known as kili.

XUΓUR-
See xaγur-, 2.

XUΓURA- / ХУГАРАХ
[= xuγara-] v.i. To break (of long objects such as branches of a tree, sticks, etc.).
--n kemkeregsen. Broken and smashed.
jasu --xu. For the bones to break.
ner-e --xu ece jasu -- ! Let my bones break rather than my reputation be ruined!

XUΓURAΓUL- / ХУГАРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xuγura-.

XUΓURAI
See xaγurai.

XUΓURCI / ХУУРЧ
n. Fiddler; reciter of epic songs.

XUΓURDA- / ХУУРДАХ
v.t. To play the xuγur (q.v.).

XUΓURXAI / ХУГАРХАЙ
n. and adj. Fragments, crumbs; broken off (of long thin objects).

XUΓUS / ХУГАС
adj. and n. Middle; equinox.
xaγas --. Incomplete, unfinished.

XUΓUSKI-
v.t. To fold.
γurban --zy ebkegsen. Triple-folded.

XUΓUSLA- / ХУГАСЛАХ
v.t. To fold.

XUI, 1. / ХУЙ
n. Scabbard, sheath.
-- dur kiky. To put into a sheath.
-- modu. Gun stock.

XUI, 2. / ХУЙ
n. Tornado, whirlwind.
-- salki. Tornado, whirlwind.

XUI, 3.
[Ch. hui 會] n. Meeting, gathering, conference.
-- xural. Convention, meeting, conference.

XUI, 4.
-- alaγ nuγusu. A kind of duck with variegated spots.
-- šaγazaγai. A grey bird with a long tail resembling a magpie.

XUIBA / ХУЙВ
n. Leather loop of an urγ-a (q.v.).

XUIΓUR, 1. / ХУЙГУУР
[= xuixur, 1] adj. Crafty, artful, perfidious.

XUIΓUR, 2.
n. Uigur, inhabitant[s] of Turkestan; Moslem[s]

XUIΓURLA- / ХУЙГУУРЛАХ
v.i. To be crafty, act perfidiously.

XUILA-, 1. / ХУЙЛАХ
v.t. To put into the sheath.
kituγ-a ben --xu. To put one's knife or sword back into the sheath.

XUILA-, 2. / ХУЙЛАХ

v.t. and i. To turn, whirl (of wind); to roll up.
ziruγ i --zu abxu. To roll up a picture or drawing.

XUILA-, 3. / ХУЙЛАХ

v.i. To gather at one place; to assemble.

XUILADASU(N)

See xuilaγadasu(n).

XUILAГADASU(N) / ХУЙЛАГДАС

[= xuiladasu(n)] n. Whirlwind, storm.

XUILAMAL / ХУЙЛМАЛ

[n.d. of xuila-] adj. Rolled up (as a scroll).
-- caγasu. A roll of paper.

XUIMAГ / ХУЙМАГ

See xoimaγ.

XUITU / ХУЙТ

adj. Sheathed, having a sheath.
-- ildy. Sheathed sword.

XUIX-A / ХУЙХ

n. Scalp; animal skin from which the hair has been singed.
-- orbuixu. The hair stands on end (as from fright).

XUIXALA- / ХУЙХЛАХ

v.t. To singe, burn (hair, feathers, grass, etc.).

XUIXALГ-A

n. Singeing, burning.

XUIXULZA- / ХУЙХАЛЗАХ

v.i. To show insolence or arrogance; to behave or act improperly, indecently.

XUIXUR, 1.

See xuiγur, 1.

XUIXUR, 2.

-- degdeky. For passion to flare up.

XUJAГ / ХУЯГ

n. Armor, cuirass, coat of mail; armored soldier.

-- duγulγ-a. Armor and helmet; complete armor.
-- emysky. To put an armor.

XUJAГLA- / ХУЯГЛАХ

v.t. To put on a cuirass; to wear armor.

XUJAГTU / ХУЯГТ

adj. Armor-clad, armored.
-- masin-a. Armored automobile.
-- terge. Armored car.

XUJALI / ХУЯЛ

n. and adj. Lust, lasciviousness; lusty, lewd.
-- du sinuxu. To indulge in vice.
-- šaliγ. Wanton, dissolute.
-- yiledky. To fornicate.

XUJALICI / ХУЯЛЧ

n. and adj. Debauchee, libertine; lewd.

XUJANG / ХУЯН

n. Tendon, sinew, nerve; rheumatism, arthritis.
-- kødelky. To have rheumatism.

XUJANGTU- / ХУЯНТАХ

v.i. To have rheumatism.

XULÀ / ХУЛ

adj. Fawn-colored, tawny, bay, having a black stripe along the spine; with black tail and mane (horse).

XULAD-

See γulad-.

XULAГAI / ХУЛГАЙ

n. Theft, robbery, banditry; thief, robber.
-- ber. Stealthily, secretly, surreptitiously.
-- degerem. Robber, bandit.
-- gezige. Hair on the nape.
-- jin ed. Stolen goods.
-- jin terigyn. Bandit chief; leader of a revolt.
-- kiky. To steal.
-- xudal. Stealing and deceiving.
narin --. Petty thief; petty theft.

XULAГAICI / ХУЛГАЙЧ

n. Thief, robber, bandit.

XULAГAILA- / ХУЛГАЙЛАХ
v.t. To steal, rob.
-- degeremci. Robbers, bandits.
--xu ebedcin. Kleptomania .
--xu ebedciten. Kleptomaniac.

XULAГAN
anc. plural of xulaγai, q.v.

XULAГCI(N) / ХУЛАГЧ
Female form of the adj. xula, q.v.

XULAГU- / ХУЛГАХ
[= xoluγu-, cf. xulaγaila-] v.t. To steal, rob; to pillage, sack.
--γci kymyn. Thief.
--zu xudaldun øgky. To sell surreptitiously, sell stolen goods or loot.
ciki ben daruzu xongxu ji --xu. To steal a bell with one's ears stopped up (thinking that others cannot hear it either). (Chinese and Mongolian locution).

XULAI- / ХУЛАЙХ
v.i. To have cropped ears.

XULAN / ХУЛАН
[= kylen, l., cikitei] n. Wild ass of the Asiatic steppe, kulan, Equus hemionus.

XULANG / ХУЛАН(Г)
n. Smoke hole, chimney.

XULATU / ХУЛТ
-- sibaγu. Buzzard.

XULAXUU
See xulki.

XULDA- / ХУЛДАХ
v.t. To stick or glue to or on; to size.
uisu --xu. To glue strips of birch bark on a bow.

XULDASU(N) / ХУЛДААС
n. Oilcloth, linoleum; thin strips of bone, horn or wood with which furniture, etc. is decorated.

XULDASULA- / ХУЛДААСЛАХ
v.t. To cover with xuldasu(n).

XULГU-
See γulγu-.

XULГURI-
See γulγuri-.

XULГUUR
-- zuuzai. Piece of leather sewn on the outside of a boot heel.

XULKI / ХУЛИХ
[= xulaxuu] n. Earwax; middle ear.

XULMAГALZA- / ХУЛМАГАЛЗАХ
v.i. To move or prick up the ears.

XULMAI- / ХУЛМАЙХ
v.i. To have the ears laid back; to be crop-eared.
ciki --γsan. With ears laid back; crop-eared.

XULMUSU(N) / ХУЛМАС
See xulungsu(n).

XULU(N) / ХУЛ(УУ)
[Ch. hu-lu 葫蘆] n. A kind of gourd; a ladle with a long handle; part of armor behind the shoulder.
-- kemke. A variety of gourd.
--n sinaγ-a. Ladle or scoop made from a half of a dried gourd (Ch. p'iao 瓢).

XULUB
See xalab.

XULUГAN-A / ХУЛГАНА
n. Mouse, rat; the first year in the cycle of twelve.
-- dabusu. Saltpeter solution used in tanning.
-- ebedcin. Tuberculosis of the submaxillary glands.
-- jar-a. Anthrax.
yker --. Rat.

XULUГU
[=xuluu,l.] n. Earwax.

XULUГUBCI(N) / ХУЛГАВЧ
n. Earmuff.

XULUГUBCILA- / ХУЛГАВЧЛАХ

v.t. To protect the ears against frost by turning down the edges of the headgear.

XULUГUR / ХУЛГАР

adj. Laid or pressed back (of ears); crop-eared.

-- cikity. Having ears laid or pressed back; crop-eared.

XULUMSU(N) / ХУЛАНС

See xulungsu(n).

XULUN

See elyn.

XULUNCA / ХУЛАНЦ

n. Great-great-grandfather.

-- ebyge. Great-great-grandfather.

-- emege. Great-great-grandmother.

XULUNGГUSU(N) / ХУЛАНГАС

See xulungsu(n).

XULUNGSU(N) / ХУЛАНС

[= xulmusu(n), xulumsu(n), xulungγusu(n)] n. Unpleasant odor from the armpits.

XULUNGSUTU / ХУЛАНСТ

adj. Smelling of sweat.

XULUSU(N) / ХУЛС

n. Rush, reed, bamboo.

--n abdar[-a]. Box made from bamboo.

--n modu. Bamboo stick.

--n saxal. Beard or panicles of bamboo or reed.

--n sumu. Reed arrow.

--n xabtaγ-a. Board or plank of bamboo.

--n yzyg. Bamboo or reeed used for writing.

XULUTU

-- bilzuuxai. A kind of bird (Ch. hu-lu-t'ou 葫蘆頭).

XULUU, 1. / ХУЛУУ

See xuluγu.

XULUU, 2. / ХУЛУУ

n. Gout.

-- kødelky. To suffer from gout.

XUMA(N)

[Ch. hu-ma 葫蘇] n. Flax.

--n tosu. Linseed oil.

XUMAГ / ХУМАГ

n. Fine sand.

-- alta. Gold dust.

caγan --. White sand.

XUMAKI / ХУМХИ

n. Grit, fine sand, dust.

-- jin toγusu. Fine dust, dust.

altan --. Gold dust, grains of gold.

XUMAKIDA- / ХУМХИДАХ

v.i. To turn into fine sand or dust.

XUMBI-

See xumi-.

XUMBIL

See xumil.

XUMI- / ХУМИХ

[= xumbi-] v.t. To fold; to gather up; to close tightly.

ama ben --. Shut up!

ama --xu. To close one's mouth tight, remain silent; to smile with closed lips.

ebydyg --xu. To put the knees together when sitting or squatting; to squat on one's heels, kneel.

γar ijen --xu. To close one's hand firmly, make a fist.

XUMIГUL- / ХУМИУЛАХ

v. caus. of xumi-.

XUMIL / ХУМИЛ

[= xumbil] n. Bale, pack, packet, package.

XUMIRA- / ХУМИРАХ

v.i. To gather; to fold; to close up.

XUMUГUI

-- yge. Empty or unreliable words, idle talk.

XUMUГUR

See xomuγur.

XUMUI-
See xomui-.

XUMUSUN
See kimusu(n).

XUMX-A(N) / ХУМХ
See xomx-a(n).

XUN / ХУН
[= xung, 1.] n. Swan.
-- caγan. White as a swan, snow-white.

XUNAR / ХУНАР
[= xunir] n. Garments, clothes.
xubcasu --. Garments, clothes.

XUNDAГ-A(N) / ХУНДАГА
n. Wine cup, goblet.
-- tulγaxu. To give a toast, to touch glasses.
γurban kølty --. A kind of wine cup with three legs

XUNDAГALA- / ХУНДГАЛАХ
v t. To fill a glass or goblet.
araki --. To pour wine or liquor.

XUNG, 1. / ХУН
See xun.

-- taizi. An honorary title conferred on a taiji, q.v. (Ch. huang-t'ai-tzŭ 皇太子).

XUNG, 3.
See xong, 2.

XUNGTU
See xongtu..

XUNGXUZA
[Ch. hung-hu-tzŭ 紅鬍子 , " red beard"]
n. Chinese bandit[s].

XUNI- / ХУНИХ
v.t. To fold, lay in folds, draw into folds by a string.

XUNID-
v.i. To wrinkle, shrivel, contract.
niγur --xu. The face wrinkles.

XUNIГUL- / ХУНИУЛАХ
v. caus. of xuni-.

XUNIJ-A(N) / ХУНИА
n. Pot-shaped basket of birch bark.

XUNIJA-
v.t. To make plaits or folds.

XUNIJAR / ХУНИАР
n. Plait[s], fold[s], wrinkle[s].

XUNIJARTU- / ХУНИАРТАХ
v.i. To form plaits, folds , or wrinkles.

XUNIJASU(N) / ХУНИАС
n. An opening or orifice which closes by contracting or tightening into folds or wrinkles; fold[s], plait[s], gather[s].
-- tataxu. To pull, arrange, or gather together in folds.

XUNIJASUDA- / ХУНИАСДАХ
v.i. To wrinkle, crinkle, form or gather into folds, plaits, or creases.

XUNIJASULA- / ХУНИАСЛАХ
v.t. To make plaits or folds.
taγarcuγ --xu. To put a cord on a purse or pouch for drawing the opening together.

XUNIJASUTAI / ХУНИАСТАЙ
[= xunijasutu] adj. Having folds, plaits.

XUNIR
See xunar.

XUNIRA- / ХУНИРАХ
v.i. To wrinkle, fold, contract.

XUNTAI
[Ko.] adj. White as a swan, swan-white.

XUR, 1. / ХУР
Onomat. expressing the sound of snorting, rumbling intestines, sipping liquids audibly. Cf. xar , 1.
-- kiky. To snore.
-- kitel-e uγucixu. To sip audibly.

-- xar. Onomat. describing a rattle in the throat caused by retention of moisture or compressing the throat; rumbling in the intestines.
-- xur. Snorting of horses; sipping audibly, gargling.
-- xur kiky. To snore, snort, gargle.

XUR, 2. / ХУР
n. Black grouse.
-- γurγuul. A variety of black grouse.

XUR, 3. / ХУР
n. and adj. That which has been in the same state for a year or more; last year's.
-- [baiγsan] mori. A horse which has not been ridden for a year or more.
-- del. Mane of a horse which has not been trimmed since last year; long mane left on the withers after trimming.
-- taryu. Fat which an animal has retained since last year.

XUR, 4.
n. Shoots, sprouts from the roots

XUR-A / ХУР
n. Rain.
-- boruγ-a. Rain.
-- jin xoruxai. Earth worm.
-- orumui. It rains.
-- zoγsuxu. The rain stops.
narin -- . Drizzle.

XURA- / ХУРАХ
v.i. To gather, assemble; accumulate.
--xu orun. Gathering or meeting place.
--zu cuγlaxu. To be assembled.

XURAГ-A(N) / ХУРГА
[= xuryγ -a(n)] n. Lamb.
--n ciki. Variety of sorrel. [Gr.] Rumex acetosella, Dontostemon crassifolius, Scorzonera capito.
--n ciki jin kycil. Oxalic acid.
-- noxai. Hound.
--n u arisu. Lambskin.
--n zasaγ-a . Poppy, Papaver alpinum.

XURAГA- / ХУРААХ
[v. caus. of xura-] v.t. To gather, assemble, concentrate, accumulate.

XURAГACI(N) / ХУРГАЧ(ИН)
n. Shepherd.

XURAГALA- / ХУРГАЛАХ
v.t. To lamb.

XURAГUL- / ХУРУУЛАХ
v. caus. of xura-.

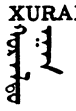
XURAL / ХУРАЛ
n. Meeting, gathering, congress, session, assembly, caucus; religious service.
-- un dyrim. Rules and regulations of a meeting.
-- un ger. Meeting hall.
-- un kyrij-e. Meeting place; court of a temple or a monastery, large prayer hall of a temple compound.
-- un sigymzilel. Public debate.
-- xuralduxu. To hold a meeting, gathering, or a religious service.
baγ-a -- . Conference; "Little Khural," the diet of the Mongolian People's Republic which functions between the sessions of the "Great Khural."
bygyde -- . Plenum.
jeke -- . Conference; Great Assembly; "Great Khural," National Assembly of the Mongolian People's Republic, equivalent to the Supreme Soviet; solemn or special temple services or ceremonies (T. tshogs chen).
ørgen bygyde -- . Enlarged plenum.
xamturaγsan bygyde -- . United plenum.

XURALCA-
[v. coop. of xura-] To gather together.

XURALDAГAN
See xuralduγa(n).

XURALDU- / ХУРАЛДАХ
[v. rec. of xura-] To gather; to convene, sit at a meeting.
byky --γsad. All participants, all who participated in the conference.
jeke mønggy --ba. A large amount of money has accumulated.

olan u --xu baising. Meeting house.

XURALDUГA(N) / ХУРАЛДАА(Н)

[= xuraldaγan] n. Conference, meeting.

XURALDUГUL- / ХУРАЛДУУЛАХ

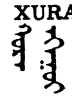
[v. caus. of xura-] v.t. To call together, call a meeting; to gather; to concentrate.
køryngge --xu. To gather capital.
kycyn i --. To assemble or concentrate one's strength, troops, etc.
xural i --xu. To call a meeting, conference.

XURALTA / ХУРАЛТ

n. Assembly, gathering.

XURANDA / ХУРАНДАА

n. Colonel.
-- general. Colonel general.
ded --. Lieutenant colonel.

XURANGГUI

adj. Assembled, gathered.

XURANZU

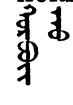
-- cilaγu. Petrified wood.

XURATAI / ХУРТАЙ

adj. Rainy.

XURAXU

n. Name given to certain heights, where according to legend, soldiers used to assemble before starting on warlike expeditions.

XURBUI- / ХУРВАЙХ

[= xorbui-] v.i. To bend, buckle, curl; to warp; to wither, droop (of plants).

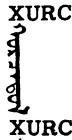
XURCA / ХУРЦ

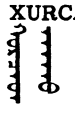
adj. Sharp, acute; quick, prompt, agile, nimble, alert, swift, adroit, keen; intelligent; bright; too oily, greasy, rich (of food).
-- baidal. Acute or strained situation.
-- caγan. Blinding white.
-- gerel. Bright or blinding light.
-- idege. Rich food.
-- kituγ-a. Sharp knife.
-- mori. A horse which is fast at short distances.
-- nidy. Sharp eyes.

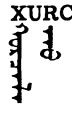
-- ojutu. Sharp-witted, intelligent, bright.
-- sily. Fatty soup.
-- sir-a ceceg. Chinese rhododendron.
-- ulaγan ceceg. Indian rhododendron.
-- uxaγantai. Sharp-witted, quick-witted.
-- yge. Sharp words.
-- ynyr. Sharp, acrid smell.
-- yzygyrty. Sharp-pointed.
-- zisij-e. Clear or striking example.
ylam -- ijer toduraxu. To appear more and more clearly, become clearer and clearer.

XURCAD- / ХУРЦДАХ

v.i. To be sharp; to be[come] acute or strained (situation, relations); to be too rich, oily, or greasy (of food).
baidal --xu. The situation becomes strained.
ed yn zasaγ un kimural ulamar-a --cu amui. The economic crisis becomes more and more acute.

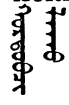
XURCADUL / ХУРЦДАЛ

n. The process of becoming acute, aggravation.

XURCADXA- / ХУРЦАТГАХ

[v. caus. of xurcad-] To sharpen; to aggravate.
temecel i --xu. To aggravate a struggle.

XURCALA- / ХУРЦЛАХ

v.t. To sharpen, render acute or strained.

XURD / ХУРД

-- xard. Onomat. adverbial phrase used to express the noise of friction, sudden movement, etc.

XURDUBCILA- / ХУРДАВЧЛАХ

v.i. To hurry, hasten; to do something quickly.
--n. Quickly, rapidly, hurriedly.
--n gyicedkeky. To perform or fulfill quickly or speedily.

XURDUDXA- / ХУРДАТГАХ

v.t. To hasten, speed up.
jabuca ji --xu. To expedite success, secure early success.

XURDULA- / ХУРДЛАХ

v.t. and i. To speed up, expedite, hasten, hurry.

--n jabuxu. To go quickly, walk rapidly.

XURDULAL / ХУРДЛАЛ

n. Swiftness, speed; celerity, promptness.

XURDUN / ХУРДАН

adj., adv., and n. Quick, fast, rapid, swift, nimble, prompt; speed.

-- buu. Rapid fire gun.

-- caγan. Astragalus galactites (plant).

-- ijer. Quickly, rapidly, swiftly.

-- mori. Swift horse, race horse.

-- šalamaγai. Quick, swift, brisk.

XURDUXAN / ХУРДХАН

adj. and adv. Rather quick[ly].

XURГ-A(N)

See xuraγ-a(n).

XURICA- / ХУРЬЦАХ

v.i. To desire with ardor, love passionately, desire with an uncontrolled passion, lust after.

--γci em-e. Lustful woman; mistress.

øngge dyr --xu. To be obsessed with sex, be lecherous.

XURICAL / ХУРЬЦАЛ

n. Sensual love, lust; covetousness, greed.

-- edleky. To have sexual relations.

-- un γal. Fire of passion, fire of lust.

-- un yge. Obscene words.

XURICALDU- / ХУРЬЦАЛДАХ

[v. rec. of xurica-] To love each other passionately.

XURICALTU / ХУРЬЦАЛТ

adj. Passionate, lascivious, voluptuous, sensual.

XURICANGГUI / ХУРЬЦАНГУЙ

adj. and n. Passionate; passion, sensual desire, lust.

XURЈA- / ХУРААХ

v.t. To collect, gather, accumulate; to take, receive; to confiscate, requisition; to summaraize; to stop talking; to surround.

--n abuγsan temdeg. Receipt; the notation "received" on an official paper or document.

--n abxu. To collect, exact, take away; to receive; to confiscate.

--xui. The action of assembling, composing, constructing, accumulating.

aba --xu. To call hunters together after a battue.

alban dur --xu. To confiscate for public use.

alban tataburi ji --xu. To collect taxes or imposts.

buu zebseg i --xu. To disarm.

ďaγuu ben --xu. To stop talking, be silent.

ed i --xu. To accumulate wealth.

erke dyr --xu. To conquer, subject.

γaili --xu. To levy taxes.

γasalaxui daγuu ben --xu. To cease wailing.

køryngge ji --xu. To confiscate property.

medege --xu. To gather information.

nigen-e --xu. To collect, assemble, gather in one place.

sedkil ijen --xu. To concentrate one's mind.

tarij-a --xu. To harvest.

tobcilan --γsan. Abbreviated, summarized.

ulus tur --xu. To nationalize, requisition, confiscate.

yge ben --! Stop talking! Keep quiet!

yn-e ji --xu. To collect or recover the cost.

zebsegel --xu. Disarmament.

XURЈAГCI / ХУРААГЧ

n. and adj. Collector; collecting, gathering.

XURЈAГDA- / ХУРААГДАХ

[v. pass. of xurija-] To be collected or taken away; to be confiscated; to be gathered, put together, accumulated, summarized.

XURЈAГDAL / ХУРААГДАЛ

n. and adj. Confiscation, expropriation; confiscated, taken away.

-- køryngge . Confiscated property.

XURЈALГ-A(N) / ХУРААЛГА

n. Gathering; storing or housing of grain ; harvest.

yges yn --. Sentence (obs.)

ysyg yn --. Syllable, word (obs.).

XURIJALГA- / ХУРААЛГАХ

v. caus. of xurija-.

ulus un oruly-a dur --xu. To include in the government revenue.

XURIJALTA / ХУРААЛТ

n. Gathering, collection, storing; harvest.

XURIJAMAL / ХУРААМАЛ

[n. d. of xurija-] adj. Collected, gathered, assembled, stored; harvested; summarized.

-- bicig. Condensed paper or book, summary.

XURIJAMZI / ХУРААМЖ

n. Collection, gathering; generalization; abridgment, brief contents, summary; proper order.

XURIJAMZILA- / ХУРААМЖЛАХ

v.t. To collect, unite, assemble; to receive; to confiscate, requisition; to abridge, abbreviate, limit; to seize; to put in order.

--n abxu. To receive (epist.).

zebseg i --xu. To disarm.

XURIJAMZILAГUL- / ХУРААМЖЛУУЛАХ

v. caus. of xurijamzila-.

XURIJAMZITAI / ХУРААМЖТАЙ

[= xurijamzitu] adj. Well-organized, put in good order.

XURIJAMZITU / ХУРААМЖИТ

See xurijamzitai.

-- ajaly-u. "Entering tone" in Chinese (Ch. ju-sheng 入聲).

XURIJANGГU

See xurijangy-ui.

XURIJANGГUI / ХУРААНГУЙ

[= xurijangy-u] n. and adj. Collection, abridgment, summary; sum, total; legal code; inclusive, collected, summarized, brief.

-- kemzij-e. Proportionate scale.

-- xauli. Code of laws.

XURIJANGГUILA- / ХУРААНГУЙЛАХ

v.t. To collect, unite; to codify; to strike a balance, reckon the total; to gather; to sum up, abridge, abbreviate.

--zu kelebesy. Summing up.

butarxai toy-a ji --xu. To cancel a fraction.

kycyn i --xu. To gather one's strength.

ygylel i --xu. To summarize an article.

XURIM / ХУРИМ

n. Celebration, feast, fete, banquet; wedding; gift (obs.).

-- beledky. To prepare a banquet or feast.

-- ideky. To attend a banquet or feast.

-- kiky. To give a banquet; to celebrate a wedding.

-- nair. Festivity, banquet.

baijar un --. Celebration, banquet.

yal un --. Solemn meal taken after worshiping fire (23rd or 24th day of the twelfth month).

ner-e jin --. Celebration of a name-giving day.

nirai jin --. Celebration of the birth of a child.

ykydel yn --. Funeral feast.

XURIMLA- / ХУРИМЛАХ

v.t. To celebrate, feast, entertain, regale.

XURIMTALA- / ХУРИМТЛАХ

v.t. and i. To accumulate.

XURIMTALAГUL- / ХУРИМТЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of xurimtala-] To cause to accumulate

asiy i --xu. To make or accumulate profit.

XURIMTALAL / ХУРИМТЛАЛ

n. Accumulation.

XURIN

-- siralzi. Potentilla dealbata, Potentilla multifida, Potentilla tanacetifolia.

XURKIRA- / ХУРХИРАХ

[= xorkira-] Onomat. vi.i. To groan (of beasts); to snore.

XURKIRAL

[= xorkiral] n. Snoring.

XURLA- / ХУРЛАХ

v.i. To accumulate fat in the course of a year (of animals), to grow in clusters (of plants).

XURMUSTA / ХУРМАСТ

[Pers. Ahuramazda] n.p. Indra, lord of the thirty three tngri (q.v).

-- jin numu. Rainbow.

XURTAI / ХУРТАЙ

adj. Having fat accumulated during the preceding year (of animals).

XURUD / ХУРУУД

n. A variety of Mongolian cheese.

XURUГU(N) / ХУРУУ

n. and adj. Finger, toe; finger-like.

-- ber ziγaxu. To point with the finger.

-- daruzu toγalaxu. To count on one's fingers.

-- incidky. To snap one's fingers.

--n kemzij-e. Measure: the width of a finger.

--n sil. Test tube.

--n u yj-e. Joints of the fingers.

--n u yzygyr. Fingertip.

-- zuzaγan. A finger's breadth, thickness of a finger.

dumda -- . Middle finger.

γar un -- . Finger[s].

idam -- . Fourth (ring) finger.

kφl yn -- . Toe[s].

ner-e ygei -- = idam -- . Ring finger.

toγunu jin -- . Spokes of the frame of the smoke-hole of a yurt.

uran -- . Index finger.

XURUГUBCI(N) / ХУРУУВЧ(ИН)

n. Thimble.

-- jin cinege. Thimble-size, very small or little.

--n ceceg. Foxglove.

XURUILA- / ХУРАЙЛАХ

v.t. To swing something around holding its end in one's hand; to turn in circles; to wave.

XURULZA- / ХУРАЛЗАХ

v.i. To flutter in the wind; to swirl, blow in gusts.

--n salkilaxu. For the wind to swirl or blow in gusts.

XURUM / ХУРАМ

[= xorum] n. and adv. Instant, moment, very short time; in a second, in a moment.

XURUMXAN / ХУРАМХАН

[= xorumxan] n. The shortest space of time, moment, instant.

---a . Instantly, in a flash.

-- ijer. Instantly, in a flash.

-- tedyi. Only a little while.

-- zaγur-a. Instant[ly], in a flash.

XURUSI- / ХУРШИХ

v.i. To be[come] rancid (chiefly of fats and meat).

--γsan mix-a. Rancid meat.

XURUSIJA- / ХУРШААХ

v.t. To cure (as meat).

XURXAГ / ХУРХАГ

See xaγurxaγ.

XURXAГЛA- / ХУРХАГЛАХ

v.i. To be in need; to need; to be moderate in spending, economize, use or spend carefully.

XUSA

-- [cilaγu] Alabaster; soapstone.

XUSI / ХУШ

n. Cedar, Siberian pine.

XUSIГ-A(N) / ХУШГА

n. Nut, walnut; testicles.

-- jin modu. Nut-tree, walnut-tree.

--n u cφm-e. Meat of a walnut.

--n u idege. Meat of a walnut.

-- xarbuxu. To "shoot" walnuts (a game similar to the knucklebone game).

XUSIГU(N) / ХУШУУ(Н)

See xosiγu(n).

XUSU(N) / ХУС

n. Birch, birch tree.

--n u xalisu. Birch bark.

--n u yisy. Birch bark.

XUSU- / ХУСАХ
[= kısu-] v.t. To scrape; to shave.
--xu cibau. Fish glue used to size paper after erasing.
--ẓu arilγaxu. To scrape off, erase by scraping.
saxal --xu. To shave off one's beard.
toluγai --xu. To shave the head.

XUSUD-
[= xusuda-] v.i. To lose all in a game or by gambling.

XUSUDA-
See xusud-.

XUSUIUR / ХУСУУР
n. Scraper, small iron spade; scoop.
kele jin --. Scraper for cleaning the tongue.

XUSUM / ХУСАМ
n. Sediment or coating on the bottom and the sides of a pot after boiling milk.

XUSUMTU- / ХУСАМТАХ
v.i. For xusum to form.

XUSUR
-- sumu. [Go.] Arrow without a whistling head.

XUSUR- / ХУСРАХ
v.i. To become barren.

XUSURUNG / ХУСРАН(Г)
adj. and n. Barren, not bearing young.
-- ynij-e. Barren cow.

XUŠXU
n. Wooden spade.

XUTAG-A
See kituγ-a.

XUTAN
Same as xotan.

XUTUG / ХУТАГ
n. Sanctity, holy rank; dignity, distinction; happiness, bliss; benediction.

-- γujuxu. To pray for blessings or for a distinctive reincarnation.
-- orusiγsan xota. Sacred city.
burxan u -- olxu. To attain the sanctity of buddhahood.
nirvan u -- olxu. To attain nirvāṇa.
ølzei --. Blessing, benediction.

XUTUG-A / ХУТГА
See kituγ-a.

XUTUITAI, 1. / ХУТАГТАЙ
[= xutuγtu] adj. Blessed, felicitous.

XUTUITAI, 2.
n. and adj. Holy woman (an obsolete title).

XUTUITAN / ХУТАГТАН
n. Blessed one[s], saint[s].
-- u mør. Path of the saints.

XUTUITU / ХУТАГТ
[See xutuγtai] adj. and n. Saint[ly], holy; "Khutukhtu, " title of the highest clergy granted to eminent xubilγan (q.v.).

XUU-A / ХУА
See xuva.

XUUBI / ХУУВЬ
[Ma. kebe] n. Council, conference.
-- jin said. Councilor of state.
-- neileky. To confer, decide at a conference.

XUUBING / ХУВИН
See xubing.

XUUCIR / ХУУЧИР
Same as xuγur.

XUUGI- / ХУУГИХ
[= xaugi-] v.i. To sing (of wind); to flow noisily; to act or do something carelessly or neglectfully.
--zu salkilamui. The wind is howling.
--zu urusxu. To roar (of waves).

XUUGINA- / ХУУГИНАХ
Same as xuugi-.

XUUKIR- / ХУУХИРАХ
v.i. To snort.

XUUR
See xuγur.

XUURΓALA-
See xaγurγala-.

XUURΓUUL
See γurγuul.

XUURXAΓ
See xaγurxaγ.

XUUZA / ХУУЗ
[Ch. hu-tzŭ 鬍子] n. Whiskers.

XUVA / ХУА
[= xova, xou-a, xuu-a, uxuv-a, xu-a, xuγ-a] adj. Light yellow, chestnut, bay; sallow, pale.

XUVAGIU
See xuvazijuu.

XUVAJALA-
[Ch. hua-ya 花押] v.t. To sign or make one's mark on a document; to countersign.

XUVANG, 1.
[Ch. huang 皇] adj. Imperial, royal (used only in compounds).
-- gyi pei Imperial concubine (Ch. huang-kuei-fei 皇貴妃).
-- taizi. The Heir Apparent (Ch. huang-t'ai-tzŭ 皇太子).

XUVANG, 2.
[Ch. huang 黃] adj. Yellow (used only in compounds).
-- γuva / хуангуа. Cucumber (Ch. huang-kua 黃瓜).
-- lijang / хуанлин . Chelidonium maius (Ch. huang-lien 黃蓮).

XUVANGDI / ХУАНДИЙ
[Ch. huang-ti 黃帝] n. Emperor.

XUVANGKEU
[Ch. huang-hou 皇后] n. Empress.

XUVAR / ХУВААР
[Ch. hua - êrh 畫兒 花兒] n. Smallpox; flower; picture.
-- γarxu. For smallpox to break out.

XUVARAΓ / ХУВРАГ
n. The clergy; priest, monk.

XUVARAN / ХУАРАН(Г)
n. Barracks.
-- barixu. To build military barracks, pitch a military camp.

XUVARLA- / ХУААРЛАХ
v.t. and i. To embroider a floral design; to bloom.

XUVAS
Onomat. adv. expressive of the dull sound of something falling.
-- kizy inijeky. To laugh loudly.

XUVAZLJUU / ХУАЖУУ
[= xuvagiu, Ch. hua-chiao 花椒] n. Pepper.

XUXANAΓ / ХУУХНАГ
n. Scrotum of animals.
xuca jin --. Papaver alpinum (plant).

XUXUN
adj. Extremely strong or biting (as liquor, spices, etc.).

XUXUNG
-- xuxung. Onomat. descriptive of continuous coughing.

XUXUR
See under xaxur.

XUZIGIR / ХУЖГАР
adj. Pale, withered, faded.

XUZII- / ХУЖИЙХ
v.i. To turn pale.

XUZIILGA- / ХУЖИЙЛГАХ



v. caus. of xuzii-.

XUZIR / ХУЖИР



n. Salt marsh; soda, baking soda, bitter salt; a favorite dish or food (colloq.).

-- ideky. To be[come]covered with salt (of soil).

XUZIRLA- / ХУЖИРЛАХ



v.i. To pasture on a salt marsh; to feast one's eyes on something.

XUZIRSA- / ХУЖИРСАХ



v.i. To suffer from lack of salt (mostly of animals); to long for a saline pasture ground.

XUZIRTAI



[= xuzirtu] adj. Salty, saline.

-- γazar. Soil covered with salt, saline soil.

-- un oki. Layer of salt on the surface of the soil.

-- usu. Salty water.

XUZIRTU



See xuzirtai.

Y

Y, 1. / YY

See egyy.

Y, 2.

-- tung modu. Sterculia platanifolia (Ch. wu-t'ung 梧桐). Cf. sidurγu modu.

Y, 3.

See u and jin.

Y-

v.i. To rot, decay, putrefy.
--gsen. Rotten, decayed, putrefied.
--gsen. usun. Foul water.
--gsen ykydel. Decayed corpse.

YB / YB

Intensifying adv. particle used before certain adj. and adv. beginning with the vowel y.
-- ynen. Perfectly right or correct.

YCYKEN

See φcyken.

YD

See ud.

YDA

See yde, 2.

YDE, 1. / YД

n. Noon.
-- ece xoisi = -- jin xoin-a. Afternoon, in the afternoon, P.M.
-- jin caγ. Noontime.
-- jin emyn-e. Before noon, A.M.
-- jin kiri. Around noon.
-- jin xoγula. Noon meal, lunch.
baγ-a --. "Small noon " (around 11 o'clock).

YDE, 2. / YД

n.p. Ude, a river in Buryat Mongol Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic.
ulaγan --. Ulan-Ude (capital of Buryat Mongol Autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic).

YDE- / YДЭХ

v.t. To see off, send off, bid farewell; to accompany a person to the point or place of parting.
--gci. Escort, traveling companion.
--ky jin beleg. Farewell present.
--zy kyrgeky. To see someone off, bid farewell; to accompany or escort someone for a certain distance.

YDE-, 2. / YДЭХ

[= ydy-] v.t. To fasten or bind with thongs, cord, or thread passed through a hole or holes; to bind books, fasten the xana, q.v.
bicig --ky. To bind a book.

YDEGERI / YДЭЭР

[= yderi, ydygeri] n. Fastening thongs or cord put through a pierced hole or holes; binding of a book especially such as used for fastening the xana, q.v.
xan-a jin --. Small thongs used for fastening the joints of xan-a(n), q.v.

YDEGESY(N) / YДЭЭС

Same as ydegeri.

YDEGYL- / YДYYЛЭХ

v. caus. of yde-.

YDELE- / YДЛЭХ

v.i. To camp at noon for a meal; to have a noon rest when traveling.
--ky γazar. Place for a noontime rest or halt.

YDELEL / YДЛЭЛ

n. The act of ydele-; noon meal.

YDELGE / YДЛЭГ

n. The act of yde-; farewell party or gift.
-- φgky. To give a farewell party or gift.

YDERE- / YДРЭХ

[= ygdere-] v.i. To have a relapse; to be very tired.

YDERI

See ydegeri.

YDESI / YДЭШ

[= ydysi] n. and adv. Evening; in the evening.
-- bolba. It has become evening.
-- bolγaxu. To wait for the evening.
-- jin idege. Evening meal, supper.

-- jin kiri. Toward evening.
-- jin xoγula. Evening meal, supper.
-- jin zoγuγ. Evening meal, supper (hon.).
-- kiky. To have an evening party; to do something in the evening.
ønyge --. This evening.
xaγucin --. New Year's Eve.

YDESI-

Same as yde-, 1. (obs.).

YDESILIG / УДЭШЛЭГ

n. Evening party or entertainment.

YDKEGE-, etc.

See ygtege-, etc.

YDTER / УДТЭР

[= ødter, ydtyr] adv. Immediately, quickly, rapidly.
-- tyrgen. Quick.
-- tyrgen-e. Quickly.

YDTERKEN / УДТЭРХЭН

adj. Somewhat quick.

YDTERLE- / УДТЭРЛЭХ

v.t and i. To speed up, hasten; to do something immediately.

YDTERLEGYL- / УДТЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of ydterle-.

YDTYR

See ydter.

YDY-

See yde-, 2.

YDYGERI

See ydegeri.

YDYGYI

Same as edyi.

YDYR

Same as edyr.

YDYR- / УВРЭХ

v.i. To touch, brush against, rub against.

YDYSI

See ydesi.

YGDERE-. / УГДРЭХ

See ydere-.

YGE(N) / УГ

n. Word, utterance; phrase; language, speech.
-- aldaxu. To make a slip of the tongue.
-- ben dabaxu. To break one's promise, go back on one's word.
-- ben ideky. To break one's promise.
-- cuurxal. Rumor, gossip.
-- daγaxu. To obey instructions.
-- daγun ygei. Without a word, silent[ly]; implicit[ly], unconditional[ly], obediently.
-- delgeky. To talk a lot.
-- [ji] abxu. To question, take evidence; to extract a promise; to take someone's words into consideration; to follow instructions.
-- jin aimaγ. Parts of speech.
-- jin uγ i sinzileky uxaγan. Etymology.
-- ji sebleky. To find loopholes or weak spots in a speech or statement; to twist someone's words.
-- ji tasulxu. To cut short or interrupt a speech
-- kele. Language, speech.
-- kelelceky. To have a conversation.
-- kyrgeky. To send word, inform.
--n daγaburi. "Accompanying words" (the second word in a binominal slang expression often having no meaning).
--n degen oruγulxu. To convince, persuade; to make obey.
--n dy oruxu. To obey or follow instructions; to yield to persuasion.
-- nigedky. To come to an agreement.
--n y øncyg. Idiom.
--n y øngge. Sense or spirit of the expression.
--n y tobci. Grammar.
-- orijaxu. To carp, cavil.
-- øgky. To give one's promise or word; to inform; to remind.
-- temeceldyky. To argue.
-- udx-a. Language and literature.
-- xubilxu. To inflect a word (obs.).
busud un -- ji tasulxu. To interrupt somebody's speech.
iraγu --. Agreeable speech.
jeke --. Boasting, bragging.

mongγul -- . Mongolian language.
nom un -- . Written (classical) language.
sain -- . Fine or nice word[s] or expression; word[s] worth remembering; good news.
sirygyn -- . Coarse or rude language; harsh words.
xar-a -- . Spoken language.

YGECILE- / УГЧЛЭХ
v.i. To report word for word; to act according to instruction; to write something in colloquial form.
--n yiledky. To do something according to instructions.
--zy biciky. To write something in colloquial form or style.

YGEGY
See ygegyy.

YGEGYRE- / УГЭЭГҮҮРЭХ
v.i. To become poor, impoverished.
--zy jadaγuraxu. To become poor and destitute.
ed tavar ijer --gsen. [One] who has lost all his possessions.

YGEGYY / УГЭЭГҮҮ
[= ygegy, ygeigyy] adj. and n. Having nothing, poor, impoverished, indigent; proletarian; poverty.
-- arad i tezigeky γazar. Poorhouse, almshouse.
-- jadanggi. Needy, poor, indigent.
-- nar. The poor ones; proletariat.
ebedcin -- bej-e. Free from illness.

YGEGYI-E
adv. Without
-- aγdaxui. Let there be no ..., let there not be ...
esergyy zørcil --. Without protest, objection, or contraditction; uncontested[ly]

YGEI / УГҮЙ, -ГҮЙ
n., adj. and adv. No, not; absence, lack of; having no ...; no matter what; [predicatively] is not, does not, etc. As a negative it follows nouns, adjectives, and verbal nouns. As second member of a compound it corresponds to English "less." After binoms consisting of antonyms it means: both... and ...

--, bi jabun-a. No, I am going.
-- baixu. Not to be, to be absent.
-- bol[basu]. If not, or else; otherwise.
-- bolγaxu. To cause to disappear; to destroy, annihilate, abolish; to kill.
-- bolxu. To disappear, be destroyed, vanish; to die.
-- bøgesy. If not, or else; otherwise.
-- busu. Double negative used to convey positive meaning. (See examples below).
-- kiky. To annihilate, destroy, "liquidate" ; to squander.
ali izaγur --. Quite some time ago.
amur mendy --. Without inquiring after somebody's health, without salutation.
azil --. Jobless.
baixu -- busu. It is not that there is not; it is not that [I, etc.] don't have.
bi bicigsen --. I did not write (it).
bicisi --. Indescribable in writing.
ebyl zun --. Both winter and summer.
ende tende --. Everywhere.
medeky -- busu. It is not that [I, etc.] do not know.
minu -- dyr. During my absence.
øgede uruγu -- gyjyky. To run up and down.
ørlyge -- jabuγsan. [He] has been gone since morning.
sain maγu --. Both good and bad, no matter whether good or bad.

YGEIDE- / УГҮЙДЭХ
v.i. To be left without something; not to have.
mønggy --ky. To be left without money.
tamir --ky. To be too weak, lack strength.

YGEIGYY / УГИЙГҮҮ
See ygegyy.

YGEILE- / УГҮЙЛЭХ
v.t. To miss; to recognize or note that something or someone is absent or missing.

YGEIRE- / УГҮЙРЭХ, УГИЙРЭХ
v.i. To cease to exist; to be[come] poor.

YGEIREGYL- / УГҮЙРҮҮЛЭХ, УГИЙРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ygeire-.

YGEISKE- / ҮГИЙСГЭХ
v.t. To deny, negate.
--ky yzel. Nihilism.

YGEISKEL / ҮГИЙСГЭЛ
n. Denial, negation.

YGEITEI / ҮГҮЙТЭЙ
adj. Having nothing , poor, needy, indigent.

YGELE- / ҮГЛЭХ
v.i. To nag, grumble.
alba --ky To ask to be retired; to request a reduction or exemption from taxes.
aman dotur-a ben --ky To grumble.

YGELEGYL- / ҮГЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ygele-.

YGENCER / ҮГЭНЦЭР
adj. Talkative, loquacious, voluble, garrulous.

YGES / ҮГС
Plural of yge.
-- yn sang. Dictionary, lexicon (obs.).

YGESE- / ҮГСЭХ
v.i. To have a verbal agreement; to plot secretly , conspire.

YGESEL / ҮГСЭЛ
n. Conspiracy, plot.

YGETEI / ҮГТЭЙ
adj. Having words; talkative, loquacious, voluble, garrulous.
cøgen -- . Taciturn.
jeke -- kymyn. Braggart.
olan -- . Verbose, prolix; blabber, chatterbox.

YGLE- / ҮГЛЭХ
v.i. To shout during a battue.

YGLELGE
-- køglelge. Shouting of hunters during a battue.

YGSEN / ҮГСЭН
See under y-.

YGSERE- / ҮГСРЭХ
v.i. To be[come] worn out or tired.

YGSEREGYL- / ҮГСРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ygsere-.

YGSIR- / ҮГШРЭХ
See ykysire-.

YGTEGE- / ҮГТЭЭХ
[= ydkege-] v.t. To pull out, tear out.

YGTEGELGE- / ҮГТЭЭЛГЭХ
[= ydkegelge-] v. caus. of ygtege-.

YGYCE / ҮҮЦ
n. Meat for the winter; animals to be slaughtered for winter provisions.

YGYCELE- / ҮҮЦЛЭХ
v.t. To slaughter animals for winter provisions.

YGYLE- / ӨГҮҮЛЭХ, ҮГҮҮЛЭХ
[= øgyle-] v.i. To speak, say (lit. style).
--kyi jin yge. Conversation.
dakin dabtan --ky. To repeat over and over again; harp on the same subject.
gerecilen --ky. To confirm, corraborate, give evidence.
yligerlen --besy. For instance.

YGYLEBYRI / ӨГҮҮЛБЭР, ҮГҮҮЛБЭР
n. Statement, speech; sentence (gram.).
-- jin gesigyn. Phrase, clause, part of a sentence.
-- zyi. Syntax.
eng yn -- . Simple sentence (gram.).
γoul -- . Principal clause (gram.).
neilemel -- . Complex sentence.

YGYLEGYL- / ӨГҮҮЛҮҮЛЭХ, ҮГҮҮЛҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of ygyle-.

YGYLEL / ӨГҮҮЛЭЛ , ҮГҮҮЛЭЛ
n. Speech; utterance, saying, talk; tale; article (in a periodical or newspaper).
emyneki -- . Preface, foreword, introduction.
gydkel -- . Distorition; slander.
kelen y -- . Colloquial expression.
xoγusun -- . Empty talk.
yge -- . Speech, talk, conversation.

YGYLELDY- / ӨГҮҮЛЭЛДЭХ , ҮГҮҮЛЭЛДЭХ
v. rec. of ygyle-.

YGYLELGE / ӨГҮҮЛЛЭГ, ҮГҮҮЛЛЭГ
n. Speech, talk, saying.

YGYLERYN /. ӨГҮҮЛЭРҮҮН, ҮГҮҮЛЭРҮҮН
[Preparative converb of ygyle-, introducing direct speech]. Said...

YGYR, etc.
See egyr-, etc.

YGYREM-E
[= yrem-e] adj. Soft, pliable, breakable.

YGYRI
n. A kind of fish (Ch. hsi-lin-so-yü 細鱗梭魚).

YGYRYM-E
Same as ørym-e.

YI / ҮЙ
-- tymen. Multitude; innumerable.
-- tymen berkesijeı saγad. Innumerable obstacles.
tymen kymyn. Millions of people.

YI- / ҮЙХ
[= yjy-] v.t. To put meat, vegetables, or other ingredients into boiling water or soup.

YİLE / ҮЙЛ
n. Work; act; occupation, employment, service; action; deed; fate, destiny; needlework.
-- azillaγ-a. Activity, work.
-- barilduly-a. Fate.
-- bytygegci. Worker, laborer, workman.
-- bytygeky. To perform or accomplish something.
-- dyr cidaltu. Capable of work.
-- ece anggiziraγsan. Free from work; hermit.
-- ece γarγaxu. To free from work; to remove from office.
-- jabudal. Work, act, activity.
-- jin kizaγar tur kyrky. To come to the end of one's work; to reach one's goal.
-- jin kølysyn. Wages.

-- ji uduridxu. To guide activities.
-- kereg. Act, activity; step.
-- ojuxu. To do needlework.
-- tamu ben caixu. To suffer; to go through hell.
-- yge. Verb.
-- yiledky. To work, be engaged in work.
-- yiledkyi edyr. Workday.
-- yre. Fruit or result of work; deed; cause and effect (Buddh.); fate, destiny; (coll.) calamity; (coll.) punishment.
γaixamsiγ -- jabudal. Marvelous work; miracle
gemty --. Criminal act, crime.
maγu --. Evil deed, sin.
sain --. Good or meritorious deed.
zang --. (Tantric)ritual (T. cho ga, S. kriyā, vidhi).

YILECI(N) / ҮЙЛЧ(ИН)
n. Worker; creator, maker; seamstress; tailor.

YILECILE- / ҮЙЛЧЛЭХ
v.t. To serve; render a service; to wait upon; to attend upon, nurse; to do, make, produce.
ezen i'--ky. To serve the master.

YILECILEGCI / ҮЙЛЧЛЭГЧ
n. Servant, maid, waitress; deacon.

YILECILEL / ҮЙЛЧЛЭЛ
n. The act of yilecile-.

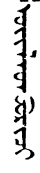
YILED- / ҮЙЛДЭХ
v.t. To do, make; to produce, manufacture.
--ky orun. Place of production; instrumental case (gram.).
--ky tein ilγal. Instrumental case.
--ygsen ed. Manufactured articles.
esergycel i --kyı To put up a struggle, offer resistance.
gemty yile kereg --ky. To commit a crime.
ger-e --ky. To make a contract, agreement; or treaty.
tusa --ky. To help, assist, benefit.
xudalduγ-a --ky. To do business.

YILEDBYRI / ҮЙЛДВЭР



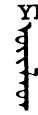
n. Work, industry; manufacturing; production.
-- jin. Productive, industrial.
-- jin azil. Industrial work.
-- jin azilcin. Industrial laborer.
-- jin baiγululta. Industrial organization.
-- jin bairi. Place of work; plant.
-- jin bytygemzi = -- jin bytegel. Output of industry.
-- jin ezed. Industrialists; manufacturers.
-- jin γazar. Industrial enterprise ; working place, plant, factory.
-- jin kereglegyr. Production methods.
-- jin keregsel. Means of production.
-- jin køryngge jin josu. Industrial capitalism.
-- jin kycy. Productive power, industrial power.
-- xudalduγan u arad un jamun. Commissariat of Industry and Commerce.
aγurxai jin -- . Mining, mining industry.
azu -- . Industry, production.
azu -- jin. Industrial, productive.
bolbasuraγulxu -- . Manufacturing industry.
γar -- . Handicraft industry.
idesi tezijel yn -- Food industry.
irgen y -- . Civilian production or industry.
kønggen -- . Light industry.
kyndy -- . Heavy industry.
kynesyn y -- . Food industry.
maltaxu -- . Extractive industry.
nekemel yn -- . Textile industry.
temyr yn -- . Metallurgy.
xudalduγ-a -- jin jamun. Ministry of commerce and industry.

YILEDBYRICI(N) / ҮЙЛДВЭРЧИН



n. Worker, laborer.
--n arad [tymen]. Working masses.
--n [y] anggi. Working class.
--n y eblel. Labor union.

YILEDBYRILE- / ҮЙЛДВЭРЛЭХ



v.t. To make, produce.
--ky kycy. Productive power or energies.
--n γarγaxu. To produce.
baraγ-a --ky. To produce goods.

YILEDBYRILEL / ҮЙЛДВЭРЛЭЛ



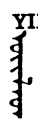
n. Production.
-- yn tøγyblege. Production plan.
-- yn xaricaγ-a. Production relationships.

YILEDBYRIZI- / ҮЙЛДВЭРЖИХ



v.i. To become industrialized.

YILEDBYRIZIGYL- / ҮЙЛДВЭРЖҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of yiledbyrizi-] v.t. To industrialize

YILEDKE-



v. caus. of yiled-.

YILEDKEGYL-



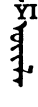
v. caus. of yiledke-.

YILEDKYN / ҮЙЛДЭХҮҮН



n. Products, produce, output.

YILEDYGDE- / ҮЙЛДЭГДЭХ



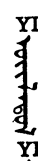
v. pass. of yiled-.

YILEDYGYL- / ҮЙЛДҮҮЛЭХ



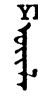
v. caus. of yiled-.

YILEDYL / ҮЙЛДЭЛ



n. Action, function.
γoul -- . Chief function, chief operation.

YILEDYLGE / ҮЙЛДЛЭГЭ



n. The act of yiled-; practice.
neigemci -- . Social practice.

YILES / ҮЙЛС



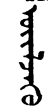
Plural of yile.
aγuu -- . Great work or deeds.

YILETEI / ҮЙЛТЭЙ



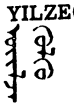
adj. Having a deed, action, or fate; unfortunate, pitiable.
[maγu] -- amitan. An unfortunate being.
sain -- ekener. A good seamstress.

YILZE- / ҮЙЛЗЭХ



v.i. To turn, whirl, spin round; to become embarassed, confused, or alarmed; to crowd, throng.
casun siγurγ-a --ky. For the snow to whirl.
sedkil --ky. To become confused.

YILZEGYL- / ҮЙЛЗҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of yilze-] v.t. To embarrass, confuse, disconcert.

YIME- / ҮЙМЭХ



v.i. To become disturbed; to bustle; to be excited.

--n aiman. With excitement, fuss, ado.

YIMECE- / ҮЙМЦЭХ



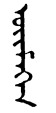
v.i. To make a tumult; to bustle.

YIMEGE-



Same as yimegyl-.

YIMEGEN / ҮЙМЭЭН



n. Disorder, chaos; muddle, confusion, fermentation; revolt; panic, hubbub, commotion.

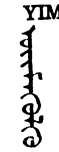
-- debzigen. Turmoil, uproar.
-- γarba. A disturbance occured.
-- kimural. Conflict, disturbance.
-- sandaraγan. Confusion, tumult, disturbance.

YIMEGENCI(N) / ҮЙМЭЭНЧ(ИН)



n. Excitable person; rebellious person.

YIMEGYL- / ҮЙМҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of yime-] v.t. To stir up trouble, disorder, or confusion; to disturb the peace, disorganize; to agitate, excite; to raise rumpus.

samaγuraγulun --ky. To disorganize, throw into discord or disorder.

sanal [i] --ky. To lead astray or into error.

YIMELCE-



v. coop. of yime-.

YIMELDY- / ҮЙМЭЛДЭХ



[v. rec. of yime-] v.i. To be chaotic, in disorder, panic, or confusion (of many persons).

daisun irebe kemen --myi. The rumor that the enemy has come causes confusion.

YIMERLE- / ҮЙМЭРЛЭХ

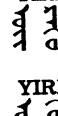
[= yimyrle-] v.i. To be confused or perplexed.

YIMYRLE-



See yimerle-.

YIRE- / ҮЙРЭХ



v.i. To break into small pieces; to crumble.

YIREGYL- / ҮЙРҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of yire-.

YIREMEG / ҮЙРМЭГ



[= yirmyg, yirmeg] n. Crumb; a small fragment or piece.

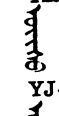
-- altan. Gold dust.
-- modu. Sawdust.

YIRMEG



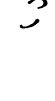
See yiremeg.

YIRMYG



See yiremeg.

YISY(N) / ҮЙС



n. Birch-bark.

YJ-E / ҮЬ

n. a) Joint, articulation, juncture, link; stratum, layer; syllable.

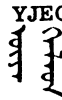
-- ber ijen salxu. It is separable at the joint.
-- caγan. Feathergrass.
-- γarxu. To dislocate, put out of joint.
-- ji oruγulxu. To set a joint or limb.
-- multuraxu. To become dislocated or disjoined.

aγula jin --. Mountain terraces.
bitegyy --. Closed syllable.
šatu jin --. The rungs of a ladder; stairs.
xulusun u --. Joints in bamboo or reeds.
xuruγun u --. Joints of a finger.
zadaγai --. Open syllable.

b) Time, epoch, period, age; generation.

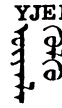
-- ax-a degyy. Male offspring of brothers.
-- ece -- dyr. From generation to generation.
-- jin. Of the same age, coeval; of the same period, contemporary.
-- jin nøkyr. Friends of the same age.
-- siraxu. To inherit a title.
-- šatu. Stage of development, phase.
-- tasuraxu. For a family line to become extinct.
-- ularin. From generation to generation, generation after generation.
-- yje. From generation to generation.

-- zalγamzilaxu. To continue the line, inherit a title; hereditary.
caγ -- ben oluγsan. Opportune, timely.
degedy -- . Ancestor[s].
ebyl yn -- dy. In winter, during the winter season.
edyge --. Present; modern time.
engke --. Time of peace.
ger yn -- jin ziruγ. Genealogical table.
mφsyn -- . Ice Age.
nige -- . At one time.
nige -- γomudaxu, nige -- γaixaxu. To be sad and puzzled.
nige -- jin kymyn. Person of the same generation, coeval.
sar-a jin segyl yn -- ber. At the end of the month.
sine -- . New age or epoch.
teyke jin -- . Historic period
zarim -- dy. At times, sometimes; sometime.


YJEGELED
Same as yjelid.


YJEGELI / YEЭЛ
See yjelid.


YJELE- / YEЛЭX
v.t. and i. To disjoint, separate at the joints; to divide into periods; to form nodes (of plants); to associate with people of one's own age.
yj-e jin kymyn lyge --zy jabuxu. To associate with people of about the same age.


YJELEGYL- / YEЛYYЛЭX
v. caus. of yjele-.
--yn φryky. To line up or arrange inanimate objects in rows.


YJELEN / YEЛЭH
-- xauli. Periodic law (chem.).


YJELI / YEЭЛ
See yjelid.

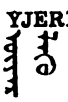

YJELID / YEЭЛД
[= yjegeled, yjegeli, yjeli] n. Offspring of brothers.
-- ax-a degyy. Sons of brothers.
-- beri. Wife of brother's son.
-- kybegyn. Brother's son.


YJENCIR / YEHЧИР
n. Children of brother's son.


YJENG / YEH(Г)
n. Ermine, stoat.


YJER / YEP
n. Inundation, flood.
-- bolxu. To become flooded.


YJERKE- / YEPXЭX
v.i. To associate with people of one's own age (usually of children or young people).


YJERLE- / YEPЛЭX
v.i. To inundate, overflow.


YJERLEL / YEPЛЭЛ
n. Inundation, flood.

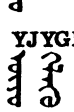

YJES / YEC
Plural of yj-e.
-- gesigyn. Limbs (of body, tree) in general.
caγ -- . Times, periods, occasions.
dumdadu zaγun u -- . During the middle ages
odu caγ -- tu. At the present time.
salulcaxu -- . At the time of separation.


YJETEI / YETЭЙ
[= yjety] adj. Having joints or nodes; having syllables, syllabic.


YJETEN / YETЭH
n. Coevals.


YJETY / YET
See yjetei.
-- bicig. Syllabic writing.
-- caγan xulusun . Bamboo.
-- mongγul. Ptilagrostis mongholica.


YJY-
See yi-.


YJYGLE-
[Go.] v.i. To talk nonsense.


YJYKE
See φjyke.


YKEG / YXЭГ
[= ykyg] n. Chest, case, box, cupboard.



YKEGER
See ykyger.



YKEGLE- / УХЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To put into a chest, case, or box.



YKENCE / УХЭЭНЦ
adj. Stupid; feeble.
-- dorui. Utterly stupid.



YKER / УХЭР
n. and adj. Bovine animal, ox, cow; large, big; the second of the twelve animals of the zodiac (Ch. ch'ou 丑).
-- buu. Cannon.
-- byrij-e. Bass horn.
-- cilaγu. Large rock, boulder.
-- γal. Big fire, campfire.
-- [i] sakiγci. Cowherd.
-- mal. Cattle.
-- sixaxu. To fatten animals for slaughter.
-- terge . Ox-cart.
-- yn kele. Beeftongue.
-- yn mix-a. Beef.
-- [yn] nidy. Black currant, Ribes nigrum.
-- zil. Year of the ox, the second year in the twelve year animal cycle.
usun -- . Water buffalo.



YKERCI(N) / УХЭРЧ
n. Cowherd.



YKERCIN / УХЭРЧИН
n.p. A group of people in the Mingγan Pasture, Chahar, who were assigned to herd the Imperial cow herds during the Manchu Dynasty .



YKI / УХ
adj. Insincere, crafty, insidious.



YKY- / УХЭХ
v.i. To die.
--gsen. Died; dead.
--gsen amidu xojar un xoγurundu. Between life and death.
--gsen ceceg. Dry or withered flower.
--gsen γazar. Barren soil.
--gsen kymyn. Dead person.
--gsen modu. Dead or dry tree.
--kyi ebedcin. Deadly or fatal disease.

--n aldaxu. To be half - dead; almost to die.
--n jegydkeky. To be reincarnated.
--n zidkyky. To try with all one's might.
--tel-e zancixu. To beat almost to death.
ajungγ-a dur --gsen. Killed by lightning.
øłyscy --ky. To starve to death.
usun dur --ky. To be drowned.



YKYDEI
adj. Uneven in height (of vegetation).



YKYDEL / УХДЭЛ
n. Dead body, corpse.
-- yn xaγurcaγ. Coffin.
-- yn ynesy. The mortal remains, ashes (after cremation).



YKYDELCILE- / УХДЭЛЧЛЭХ
v.i. To be lethargic; to be[come] as dead.
--n kebteky. To lie a if dead.



YKYDKE-, 1. / УХТГЭХ
[= ykydky-] v.i. To faint, become unconscious.
--gci ebedcin. Epilepsy.
--zy aldaxu. To faint, swoon.



YKYDKE-, 2. / УХТГЭХ
[= ykydky-] v.t. To scatter harvested grain to dry without tying it into sheaves.



YKYDKY-
See ykydke-, 1 and 2.



YKYG / УХЭГ
See ykeg.



YKYGER / УХЭЭР
[= ykeger] n. Dead body, corpse.
-- yn bulasi. Tomb, grave.
-- yn bumba. Grave, tumulus, sepulchral mound.
-- yn cilaγu. Tombstone.
-- yn degereki bicig. Epitaph.
-- yn γazar. Cemetery, graveyard.
-- yn idegen. Oblation made to spirits of the dead.
-- yn orun. Burial or cremation ground.
-- yn xubcasu. Shroud.
bosuγsan --. Vampire (S. vetāla, Ch. ch'i-ssu-kuei 起死鬼).

YKYGYL- / УХУУЛЭХ

[v. caus. of yky-] To allow or cause to die; to contribute to the death of, lead to death or destruction; to kill.

mal i --ky. To let the cattle die.

YKYKYVER

[fr. ykyky + ber] adv. To death, mortally; terribly, severely.

YKYL / УХЭЛ

n. Death.

-- boluγsan. Pernicious.

-- ygei. Immortal; immortality.

-- un ajul. Mortal danger.

YKYLENG

n. and adj. Dead, half-dead.

YKYLGYDE / УХЛУУД

adj. Unreasonable, [one] who tries to do the impossible.

-- ber. Blindly, unreasonably.

YKYLTE / УХЭЛТ

n. Mortality.

YKYSIRE- / УХШИРЭХ

v.i. To become extremely tired; to lose courage, become downhearted.

YKYSIREGYL- / УХШРУУЛЭХ

v. caus. of ykysire-.

YKYSIRETEL-E / УХШИРТЭЛ

adv. Strongly, deeply.

-- umtaxu. To fall into a deep sleep.

-- ynemsiky. To believe deeply or blindly.

YLBEI- / УЛБИЙХ

v.i. To become flabby or limp.

YLDE-, 1. / УЛДЭХ

Modern form of yle-

YLDE-, 2. / УЛДЭХ

v.t. To chase away; to drive out; to expel.

--zy ilegeky. To expel, chase away or out.

--zy køgegeky. To drive out, chase away.

ada ji --ky. To exorcize an evil spirit.

γarγazu --ky. To expel, banish.

terge --ky. To drive a cart.

xoin-a ece --ky. To pursue.

YLDEGYR / УЛДУУР

n. Fly whisk.

ilaγan u --. Fly whisk.

YLE

Same as yly.

YLE- / УЛЭХ

[= ylede-, ylde-, l.] v.i. To be left over; to be superfluous; to remain, survive.

--gsen idegen. Leftover food.

ecys tyr nigen ber --ky ygei. Finally not even one will remain.

YLEBYRI / УЛБЭР

n. Remains, leftovers, surplus.

YLEDE- / УЛДЭХ

See yle-.

YLEDEGDEL / УЛДЭГДЭЛ

n. Remnant, survival.

feudal un -- yd. Survivals of feudalism.

xaγucin yje jin --. A survival of ancient times.

YLEDEGE- / УЛДЭЭХ

See ylege-.

YLEDEGEL / УЛДЭЭЛ

n. Leftover[s], remain[s].

-- ygei. Without a remainder; without leaving any; total[ly].

YLEDEL / УЛДЭЛ

n. Remains, leftovers, surplus, excess.

YLEGE- / УЛЭЭХ

[= yledege-] v.t. To leave over; to make unnecessary, superfluous.

--ky ygei ideky. To eat without leaving anything.

jaγun i cu --gsen ygei. Did not leave anything, nothing was left.

YLEGEL

-- ygei. Without leaving anything; complete[ly], fully, total[ly].

YLEGYY / ҮЛЛҮҮ

See ilegyy.

YLEMZI / ҮЛЭМЖ

adv. and adj. More, much, many, abundant; in abundance; great, huge.
-- amzilta. Great progress or success.
-- bejeten. Giant[s], titan[s].
-- bolxu. To increase, grow.
-- delgerenggyi. Very widespread.
-- erten ece. Since time immemorial.
-- jeke. Very large, huge, gigantic.
-- toγan. A huge number.
-- udx-a. Many meanings; much sense.
-- uxaγantu kymyn. Person of great intelligence.

YLEMZID- / ҮЛЭМЖТЭХ

v.i. To be too much or many; to be too large.

YLEMZIKEN / ҮЛЭМЖХЭН

adj. Sufficiently; very much or many; considerable, huge.
-- jeke. A great many; greatly.
-- toγan u. In great number or quantity.

YLEMZIRE- / ҮЛЭМЖРЭХ

v.i. To be augmented; to increase, grow.

YLI-

v.t. To compare, give an example; to weigh.
--kyi yge. Example; metaphor.
--zy boduxu. To compare, determine the relative value of; to consider, cogitate.
--zy yly bolxu. Incomparable.
kemzijen i --ky. To measure, appraise.

YLIDKE-

v.t. To compare; to illustrate, exemplify.

YLIDKEL

n. Comparison, example, illustration.

YLIGDE- / ҮЛЭГДЭХ

v. pass. of yli-.

YLIGDEKYN / ҮЛЭГДХҮҮН

n. That which is compared or measured.

YLIGER / ҮЛГЭР

n. Pattern, sample; example, instance; story, tale, parable.
-- abxu. To make a pattern; to take as an example.
-- bolγan ygyleky. To cite as an example.
-- bolγaxu. To set an example; to use as an example.
-- bolxu. To become an example, serve as a model or pattern.
-- bykyi ber. In an exemplary manner.
-- daγurijalal. Model, example.
-- ece ketyidygsen. Magnificent, beyond comparison.
-- eskeky. To cut out patterns.
-- i ygyleky. To give an example; to tell a parable.
-- keleky. To tell a story.
-- tuγuzi. Stories, tales, epics.
-- zisij-e. Example, model.
-- zisij-e ji yzygylky. To show or set an example.
-- zokijaxu. To write a story.
amidu -- zisij-e. A living example.

YLIGERCI(N) / ҮЛГЭРЧ

n. A teller of tales, story-teller.

YLIGERCILE- / ҮЛГЭРЧЛЭХ

v.t. To compare, illustrate.

YLIGERLE- / ҮЛГЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To take as an example; to compare; to cut from a pattern.
--besy. For instance, for example.
--n ygylebesy. Comparatively speaking, for example, for instance.
egyn i tegyn lyge --n. Comparing this with that

YLIGERLEGYL- / ҮЛГЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of yligerle-.

YLIGERLEL / ҮЛГЭРЛЭЛ

n. Example, instance; comparison.

YLIGERLESI / ҮЛГЭРЛЭШ

-- ygei. Incomparable.

YLIGERTEI / ҮЛИГЭРТЭЙ



adj. Having a pattern or model; having a story; model, exemplary.
-- azil. Exemplary work or labor.
-- sakilγ-a batu. Exemplary discipline.

YLIGYL- / ҮЛИҮЙЛЭХ



v. caus. of yli-.

YLIJE- / ҮЛИЭХ



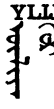
v.t. and i. To blow; to inflate; to play a wind instrument; to boast.
γal --ky. To kindle a fire by blowing into it.
labai ji --ky. To blow a conch shell.
salkin --zy baimui. The wind is blowing.
tere --zy bain-a. He is boasting.

YLIJEBYRI / ҮЛИЭВЭР



See ylijegyr.

YLIJEGYR / ҮЛИЭГҮҮР



[= ylijebyri] n. Any device for blowing, blowtorch, blowpipe, bellows.

YLIJELGE / ҮЛИЭЛЭГ



n. Blowing; inflating; wind instrument.

YLIJEMEL / ҮЛИЭМЭЛ



[n.d. of ylije-] adj. Blown, inflated.

YLIKE



n. Cylindrical box made of birch-bark.

YLIL / ҮЛИЭЛ



n. Comparison; measuring.

YLILTEI



adj. Comparable; measurable.

YLISI / ҮЛИИ



-- ygei. Incomparable, unmatched, unrivaled; immeasurable, limitless.

YLTY / ҮЛТ



adv. Asunder, apart, to pieces.
-- cokixu. To smash to pieces.

YLTYL- / ҮЛТЭЛЭХ



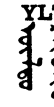
v.t. To wear out; to exhaust.

YLTYRE- / ҮЛТРЭХ



v.i. To fall apart (as meat in cooking), crumble away; to be[come] worn-out; to be[come] tired or exhausted.
--gsen debel. Worn-out clothing.
--tel-e cinaxu. To boil something until it falls apart.

YLTYREGYL- / ҮЛТРҮҮЛЭХ



v. caus. of yltyre-.

YLTYSY(N) / ҮЛТЭС



n. Small pieces, rags, tatters; tow.

YLTYSYRE- / ҮЛТЭСРЭХ



v.i. To wear out; to become tattered.
elegsen --gsen xubcasun. Tattered clothes.

YLY / ҮЛ



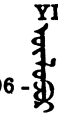
Negation preceding verbs. In the written language it occurs before all indicative forms, before nomen futuri, nomen actoris, and before all converbs except converbum conditionale and concessivum.
-- alzijaγci Indefatigable, patient.
-- baram (preceded by instr.). Not only, but also; not restricted or confined.
-- bolumui. Not permitted or permissible.
-- bytyky amitan. A person who always manages to get into trouble.
-- bytyky kereg. An impossible situation; trouble.
-- dobtululcaxu ger-e. Nonaggression act.
-- ebderegci. Indestructible.
-- ilaγdaγci itegel. Unfailing faith.
-- medeg. Unnoticeably.
-- medegci bolxu. To pretend not to know, feign ignorance.
-- orulcaxu. Not to interfere, noninterference.
-- zokixu. Inadmissible, unsuitable, ineffective.
ene em nadur -- zokimui. This medicine does not agree with me.
tegyn ijer -- baram. Not only that.

YLYBKILE-



v.i. To be sick or ill; to be weak from sickness.

YLYBYR / ҮЛЫБЭР



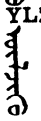
Same as ølybyr.

YLYGY



See ilegyy.

YLZI-



[= uulzi-] v.i. To live; to live on something; to subsist, exist.

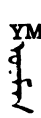
ami --ky. To subsist, exist, make a living.

YMDY- / YMTЭX, YMДЭX



v.i. To make bubbles (of fish).

YMEN



n. Cancer, malignant tumor.

YMKEI



See emkei.

YMKY



See emky.

YMKY-, etc.



See emky-, etc.

YMYRY-



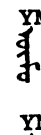
v.i. To gather or contract (as when the edges of an opening are pulled together).

YMYRYGYL- / YMPYYЛЭX



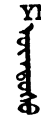
v. caus. of ymyry-.

YMYRYYL / YMPYYЛ



n. Thong or cord for tying the opening of a bag.

YNDYSY(N) / YHДЭC, YHДCЭH



a) n. and adj. Root, beginning; origin; base, basis, foundation; principle; original, basic, fundamental; principal.

-- ber. Radically, completely.

-- bolγaxu. To take as a basis, consider basic.

--n asaγulta. Basic problem.

--n bodulγ-a. Principal or fundamental thought or idea.

--n degen. In general, basically.

--n deger-e. Fundamentally, basically.

--n deger-e ece (with gen. preceding). On the basis of, in consequence of, whence.

--n ijer ijen. With its roots, completely.

--n i talbixu. To lay the foundation (fig.).

--n køryngge. Basic capital, fixed capital.

--n nisvanis. Original sin, sin[s] committed in former incarnations (Buddh.).

--[n] saγuri. Basis, foundation.

--n siltaγan. Fundamental cause.

--n tabun øngge. The five basic colors (blue, yellow, red, white, and black).

--n xauli. Fundamental law, constitution.

--n yzel. Fundamental or basic view or theory.

-- tasuraxu. To die out, become extinct (of a family, generation, nation).

-- tulγuri. Basis, foundation; background.

-- unal. Original sin.

-- ygei. Without foundation, base, or root.

bujan u --. Origin of virtue or merit; root of good deeds.

egyn y --n deger-e ece. On the strength of this, in consequence of this; therefore.

γoul --n Chief, basic, pivotal.

γurbalzin u --. Base of a triangle.

modun u --. Root of a tree.

xaγan u --. Royal origin.

yge jin --. Root of a word.

b) n. and adj. Race, nationality; national; native.

-- jasutan. Nationality, race.

--n kele. Native tongue or speech.

--n y degerenggyi yzel. Chauvinism.

--n y mergezilten. Native scholar.

--n y xubisxal. National revolution.

--n y yzel. Nationalism.

--n y yzelten. Nationalist

-- uγsaγ-a. Race, nationality.

jamar cu jasu -- ilγaburilaxu ygei ber. Irrespective of nationality.

jasu --. Nationality.

c) Tantra, a class of religious writings presenting a mixture of late Hindu and Buddhist views; they are the basis of Tibeto-Buddhism ; (sometimes) a Tantric Buddhist sect.

dørben --. The four classes of Tantric writings.

sir-a --. Yellow sect of Lamaistic Buddhism.

YNDYSYLE- / YHДЭCЛЭX



v.i. To take root; to be based on, root in, have its foundation in.

--n [often preceded by the abl.]. Based on, rooted in; on the basis of, owing to.

--n baiγuluγci. Founder, inaugurator.

--n baiγulxu. To lay the ground, found.

edeger toγtaγal ud ece --n. On the basis of these resolutions.
sain dur-a jin egyden ece --zy. Proceeding from one's free will; voluntarily; of one's free will.
toγtaγal ece --n. In accordance with the decision, on the basis of the decision.

YNDYSYLEL / УНДЭСЛЭЛ

n. The act of taking root; root; source, beginning, base, origin.

YNDYSYTEI / УНДЭСТЭЙ

adj. Having roots; having a basis or foundation.

YNDYSYTEN / УНДЭСТЭН

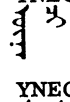
n. Nationality; race[s], nation[s].
-- y bolγaxu. To nationalize.
-- y yzel. Nationalism.
mongγul --. The Mongolian race.

YN-E, 1. / УНЭ

n. Price; value, cost.
-- baγulγaxu. To reduce the price.
-- baγuraxu. For the price to drop.
-- bykyi. Valuable precious.
-- daγudaxu. To name a price.
-- dy oruxu. To become expensive.
-- ergyky. To raise the price.
-- nemeky. To raise the price.
-- øgsyky. For the price to rise.
-- saγaxu. To reduce the price.
-- toγtaγaxu. To fix a price, appraise, estimate.
-- ygei. Valueless, cheap; free of charge.
baraγan u --. Price[s] of commodities.
øber yn --. Prime cost.
xataγu --. Ceiling price.
xudalduxu --. Selling price.

YN-E, 2.

n. Polecat (Ch. sao-shu 騷鼠).

YNECI / УНЭЧ

n. A basket or vessel made of birch bark.

YNEGE(N) / УНЭГ

n. Fox.
--n dotur. Fox-fur lining.
--n y zulzaγ-a. Fox cub.

YNEGENCIR

n. A kind of fox (Ch. she-kan 射干).

YNEKER / УНЭХЭЭР

[= yner] adv. Truly, really, indeed; very, much, extremely.
-- sain. Really good.
-- yn. Truly, real[ly].
-- yn daisun. Real enemy.

YNELE- / УНЭЛЭХ

v.t. To price, value; to appraise; to appreciate, prize.
--gsen kycy. Hired labor.
--zy barasi ygei. Priceless, that which can not be evaluated.
bej-e jin kycyn i --ky. To work for wages.
kycyn ijen --gci. Wageworker, hired laborer.
kycyn ijen --ky. To work for wages, be hired for work.

YNELELTE / УНЭЛЭЛТ

n. Appraisal; appreciation.

YNELESI / УНЭЛШ

-- ygei. Priceless; invaluable.

YNEMLE- / УНЭМЛЭХ

v.t. To certify, testify, attest.
--ky. Certificate, pass.
--kyi øndyr. Absolute altitude.
--n barixu. To believe something to be true.
... alban du jabuγsan --ky (prec. by the gen.). Certificate of service in ...
γar un ysyg --ky. To verify a signature.
saisijal un --ky. Diploma, letter of recommendation.
yiledbyricin y --ky. Trade union certificate.

YNEMSI- / УНЭМШИХ

v.i. To believe or accept as true, trust.
--n itegeky. To believe, trust.
yile jin yres tyr --ky. To believe in retribution.

YNEMSIGYL- / УНЭМШГЫЛЭХ

[v. caus. of ynemsi-] To make someone believe.

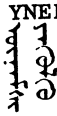
YNEMSLJE- / УНЭМШЭЭХ



v.i. To believe; to consider or take as true.

yge ji --ky. To believe the words.

YNEMSLJEGYL-



v. caus. of ynemsije-.

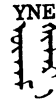
YNEMSIL / УНЭМШИЛ



n. Belief, trust; proof, evidence; demonstration.

-- yges. Justification.

YNEMSIMER-E / УНЭМШМЭЭР



adj. Probable, likely.

YNEN / УНЭН



n. and adj. Truth; faithfulness; justice; true, genuine, real, authentic.

-- ba xudal. Truth and falsehood.

-- busu. Unreal, untrue.

-- caγan. Truth.

-- cinar un. Real, genuine.

-- degen. Really, in fact, as a matter of fact.

-- ece anggiziraγsan. Divorced from truth.

-- ijen keleky. To confess, tell the truth.

-- ijer. Truthfully.

-- kereg. Fact, truth.

-- kereg deger-e. In fact, in reality; in actual practice; actually.

-- ky. Truly, really.

-- mety. Probable, likely, plausible.

-- nøkyr. A real friend; (epist. style) Dear Friend.

-- sedkil. Loyalty, attachment, devotion, truthfulness.

-- sedkil ece. From the bottom of one's heart; sincerely.

-- sedkil ijer. Cordially, heartily, sincerely, truthfully.

-- sidurγu. Truthful; faithfulness, loyalty.

-- zam. Right path.

-- ziryken ece. Cordially, sincerely.

-- ziryken y. Cordial, warm-hearted.

keisbyri --. Abstract truth.

todurxai --. Concrete truth.

xaricangγui --. Relative truth.

YNENCI / УНЭНЧ



adj. Honest, faithful, truthful, loyal.

-- dotun-a nøkyrlel. Intimate friendship.

-- sidurγu. Honest.

-- šabi. Loyal disciple.

-- xani. Loyal friend.

eke orun du --. Loyal to one's country.

YNENCILE- / УНЭНЧЛЭХ



v.i. and t. To be honest, truthful, sincere; to do the right and just thing.

YNENGKY



Same as ynen ky.

YNER / УНЭЭР



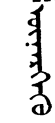
See yneker.

YNEREN / УНЭЭРЭЭ(Н)



adv. Truly; actually; really.

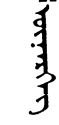
YNERKE- / УНЭРХЭХ



v.i. To overestimate the value of one's own merchandise or services; to be displeased with insufficient appreciation of one's services or merits.

--gsen yge. Words of complaint about someone who did not show enough appreciation or did not pay enough for services rendered.

YNERKEG / УНЭРХЭГ



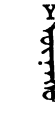
adj. Who always overestimates the value of his merchandise or services, who always exaggerates his own merits and is dissatisfied with other's appreciation or remuneration.

YNERKEL / УНЭРХЭЛ



n. The act of ynerke-.

YNESY(N) / УНС, УНЭС



n. Ash, ashes.

--n sambar-a. A waxed slate covered with ashes which can be written on, smoothed, and used repeatedly.

--n tobaraγ bolγaxu. To reduce to ashes.

--n øngge. Color of ashes, grey[ish].

YNESYDE- / УНСДЭХ, УНЭСДЭХ

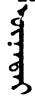


v.t. To cover with ashes.

YNESYTE- / УНСТЭХ, УНЭСТЭХ

v.i. To become covered or filled with ashes.

YNETEI / УНЭТЭЙ



adj. Expensive, valuable; having (such and such) a price.
-- zyil. Valuable items.

YNGGE- / УНГЭХ



v.t. To crumple, rumple, wrinkle; to wear out.
хubcasun --ky. To rumple clothes.

YNGGYLBYRI / УНХЭЛБЭР



n. A metal band separating the blade and the hilt of a sword; cross guard.

YNGGYLCEG / УНХЭЛЦЭГ, УНГЭЛЦЭГ



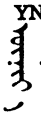
n. Pericardium.
-- хaγaraxu. To have heart falure; to be extiremely afraid.

YNGSYI- / УНСИЙХ



v.i. To disgrace oneself; to be humiliated, hurt, or disappointed; to be despondent, lose heart.

YNLJ-E(N) / УНЭЭ



n. Cow.
-- saγaxu. To milk a cow.
--n y køky. Cow's udder; belemnite, thunderstone.

YNLJER



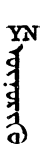
Same as unijar.

YNYR / УНЭР



n. Odor, smell, fragrance, aroma.
-- aɒxu. To smell an odor.
-- angkilxu. To emit an odor.
-- γarγaxu. To emit an odor.
-- i ynysky. To smell an odor.
-- ygei yge. Nonsensical talk.
kymyn y -- aldaxu. To behave unbecomingly (lit.: " to lose one's human smell").
kymyn y -- ygei. [He] is utterly disgusting (lit.: "does not have a human smell").
kymyn y -- ygei kymyn. Outcast
maγu -- . Bad smell.
ømekei --. Stench.
sain -- . Agreeable smell, fragrance.
xurca -- . Sharp, acrid, or pungent smell.

YNYRI-



v.i. To smell, emit an odor, give forth an aroma.

YNYRLE- / УНЭРЛЭХ



v.t. and i. To perceive or emit a smell, fragrance, or odor.

YNYRLIG / УНЭРЛЭГ



adj. Fragrant, odoriferous; quick-scented (of a dog or other animal).

YNYRTE- / УНЭРТЭХ



v.i. and t. To smell.
--zy yzeky. To sniff.
saixan --ky. To smell good.

YNYRTEI / УНЭРТЭЙ



[= ynyrty] adj. Fragrant, odoriferous.
saixan -- . Having a nice smell or aroma.

YNYRTEN / УНЭРТЭН



n. Fragrances; perfumery.

YNYRTY / УНЭРТ



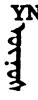
See ynyrtei.
-- noγuγ-a. Parsley.
-- usu. Liquid perfume, scented water.
maγuxai --. Bad smelling.

YNYS- / УНСЭХ



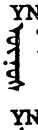
v.t. To kiss; to smell (obs.).

YNYSKE-



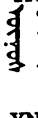
v.t. To let one smell something (obs.).

YNYSTE-



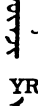
v.i. To have a smell or odor.

YNYSTEGYL-



v. caus. of ynyste-.

YNZIRGE / УНЖРЭГ



n. An arrow without a head.

YR / YYP

n. Dawn, daybreak.
-- caixu. To dawn.
-- cyr ijer. At dawn, daybreak.
-- gegereky. To dawn.
-- geiky. To dawn.
-- xajaγaraxu. To dawn.
-- yn gege. Light of dawn, daybreak.

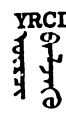
-- yn tujaγ-a. Dawn.

YRCI-



See yrcii-.

YRCIBELZE- / УРЧВЭЛЗЭХ



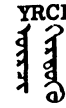
Freq. form of yrcii-.

YRCIGIR / УРЧГЭР



adj. Wrinkled, crumpled; scowling.

YRCIGIRTY- / УРЧГЭРТЭХ



v.i. To become shrunk and wrinkled.

YRCII- / УРЧИЙХ



[= yrci-] v.i. To become shrunk and wrinkled; to frown; to wrinkle one's face (as in disgust or anger), scowl.

--gьen ciraitai. Having a wrinkled face.

--zy xataxu. To dry and become wrinkled or shrunk.

YRCIILGE / УРЧИЙЛГЭЭ



n. Wrinkle.

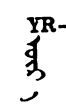
YRCIILGE- / УРЧИЙЛГЭХ



v. caus. of yrcii-.

cirai ben --. To frown, wrinkle one's face.

YR-E / УР



n. Seed, grain, fruit; result, product, offspring, posterity, descendant[s].

-- ber. As a result of, in consequence of, on account of, owing to.

-- bytegeltei. Successful, fruitful, productive.

-- dyng. Result[s].

-- dyng φgky. To give results.

-- dyng yzegylky. To show results.

-- jin γoul. Kernel.

-- jin tosu. Vegetable oil.

-- keyked. Children.

-- sacuxu. To sow.

-- sim-e. Product, result, fruit (fig.).

-- songγuxu. To select or pick seeds.

-- tarij-a. Grain.

-- tarixu. To sow.

-- tasuraxu. To become extinct, die out.

-- ygei. Fruitless, ineffective; barren, unproductive, childless.

-- ygei zarudal syidkel. Unproductive expense.

-- zimis. Seed and fruit.

aci --. Descendants, posterity; result, consequence, (positive) effect.

aci -- ber. As a result of; because of.

siltaγan --. Cause and effect.

YRE- / УРЭХ



v.t. To waste, squander; to destroy, ruin, erase, eliminate.

--zy ygei bolγaxu. To squander or waste everything.

jal-a --ky. To drop an indictment.

mφnggy --ky. To waste or squander money.

YRECILE- / УРЧЛЭХ



v.t. To treat or consider as one's son.

YRED-



Same as yrele-.

YREDESY(N) / УРТЭС(ЭН)



[= yrtesy(n)] n. Particle, grain; scrap, rag, shred, chips, sawdust.

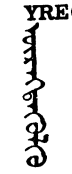
YREGDE- / УРЭГДЭХ



[v. pass. of yre-] To be rubbed, grated, or scraped; to be wasted or squandered; to be destroyed.

ami --ky. To lose one's life, be killed.

YREGDEGYL- / УРЭГДҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of yregde-] To let go to waste, squander.

--yn syidkeky. To cause or allow to be destroyed, ruined, or wasted.

--yn šamsiγdaγulxu. To cause or allow to be squandered or wasted; to squander or waste.

YREGDEL / УРЭГДЭЛ



n. Waste, loss, damage.

dain u --. War damage.

YREGE



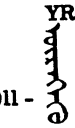
See yrij-e.

YREGE-, 1. / УРГЭХ



See yrge-.

YREGE-, 2. / УРЭЭХ



v.t. To spoil, injure, impair, damage.

YRELE- / УРЛЭХ
v.i. and t. To develop seeds; to sprout; to sow or plant seeds.

YRELECI / УРЛЭЭЧ, УРЛЭЧ
n. Seeder.
-- ceceg. Columbine, Aquilegia flabellata.

YRELGE / УРЛЭГ
n. Waste, squandering.
-- kiky. To waste.
-- zaruly-a. Wasteful expenditures.

YREM-E
See ygyrem-e.

YRETEI / УРТЭЙ
adj. Having seeds; having an offspring; bearing fruit, reaping results; fruitful, effective.

YREZI- / УРЖИХ
v.i. To multiply, propagate; to breed.
ed mal --ky. To prosper.
kyy --ky. For interest to accumulate.

YREZIGYL- / УРЖҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of yrezi-] v.t. To increase, multiply, magnify; to breed.
--ky sil. Magnifying glass.
--ky ygci. Multiplier, factor (math.).
jeryngkei --ygci. Common multiplier (math).
xojar i dørben ijer --ky. To multiply two by four.

YREZIL / УРЖИЛ
n. The act of yrezi-; increase in quantity.
-- saitai. Prolific, fertile.
tøl --. Increase in the number of young animals.

YRGE- / УРГЭХ
[= yrege-, l., yrgy-] v.i. To be[come] alarmed or frightened.
mori --ky. For a horse to get frightened.

YRGEGE- / УРГЭЭХ
[v. caus. of yrge-] v.t. To frighten or scare away; to stir up game.

YRGELE- / УРГЭЛЭХ
v.i. To doze, slumber.

YRGEMEKEI / УРГЭМХИЙ
Same as yrgemetegei.

YRGEMETEGEI / УРГЭМТГИЙ
adj. Timorous, fearful, timid.

YRGENE
yker --. Plantain, Plantago major, Plantago depressa.

YRGESEN
n. Doze, slumber (obs.).
-- kyrky. To become sleepy.

YRGY-
See yrge-.

YRGYLZI / УРГЭЛЖ
adj. and adv. Always, constant[ly], continuous[ly]; whole, entire; consisting of one piece; throughout; all over.
-- ber. One after another, continuously, always; entirely, all over.
-- jin. Permanent, fixed.
-- xubcasu. One-piece garment.
-- yly tasurxu. Never breaking, continuous, uninterrupted[ly].
-- yly umartamui. [I, etc.] shall never forget.
bej-e ber inu -- jayum-a yarcuxui. Something has broken out all over his body.
cay --. All the time, constantly.
nige zam -- mangx-a ece øger-e jayum-a ygei. There are nothing but dunes along the entire road.

YRGYLZIDE / УРГЭЛЖИД
adv. Always, continuously; entirely.
-- boruyan oruday yazar. Place where it rains constantly.

YRGYLZILE- / УРГЭЛЖЛЭХ
v.i. and t. To continue, perpetuate, last, endure, be prolonged, follow in succession.

--gsen tarij-a. A vast cultivated area.
--n jabuγulxu. To carry on continuously.
kedyn sar-a --n. Continuously or successively for several months.

YRGYLZILEGYL- / УРГЭЛЖЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of yrgylzile-] To continue.
--ky tølyb yn yile yge. Converbum abtemporale (gram. form in -γsaγar / - gseger).

YRGYLZILEL / УРГЭЛЖЛЭЛ
n. Continuance, continuation, uninterruptedness, sequence, sequel.
emyneki jin --. Continuation of the preceding.
møryn y --. The uninterrupted flow of the river.

YRIJ-E / УРЭЭ
[= yregę] n. Three to five-year-old stallion.
-- nasun. The age of a stallion between three and five years.
kizaγalang --. Four-year-old stallion.
sidyleng --. Three-year-old stallion.
sojuγalang --. Five-year-old stallion.

YRIL, 1. / ӨРӨЛ
n. Siberian wild plum, Pirus betulaefolia. [Gr.] Malus Pallasiana.

YRIL, 2.
See rily.

YRTESY(N) / УРТЭС(ЭН)
See yredesy(n).

YRY-, 1. / УРЭХ
v.t. To rub; to grate, file; to strike a match.
bej-e ji --ky. To rub the body.
cydeng --zy nocuγaxu. To light a match by striking.
dabusu --ky. To rub with salt.
γar --ky. To rub one's hands.

YRY- 2. / УРЭХ
See øry-.

YRYBTESY(N) / УРЭВДЭС, ӨРӨВТӨС
n. Sawdust; filings; rubbish.
temyr --. Iron filings.

YRYBTYL / УРЭВТЭЛ, ӨРӨВТӨЛ
n. Rasp, grater; emery.

YRYBTYLDE- / УРЭВТЭЛДЭХ, ӨРӨВТӨЛДӨХ
v.t. To use a rasp or grater.

YSY(N) / УС (ЭН)
n. Hair; fur; anything resembling hair; tendril, awn.
-- abxu. To cut hair.
-- gegeky. To shed hair.
-- ygtegeky. To pluck or pull out the hair.
-- zasaxu. To have one's hair trimmed or dressed.
-- zasaxu γazar. Barbershop.
ang un --. Fur, pelt.
caγan --. White or grey hair.
kimel --. Wig.

YSYCI(N) / УСЧ
n. Barber.

YSYD / УСЭД
adv. and adj. Suddenly, unexpectedly; completely; behind; faraway, distant; cheap[ly] inexpensive[ly].
-- uγurxu. To leave far behind.
-- xocurxu. To remain far behind.
-- xola. Faraway, distant.

YSYDE- / УСДЭХ
v.t. To grab by the hair.

YSYG, 1. / УСЭГ
[= yzyg] n. Letter, writing.
-- γarγaxu. To be able to read a little.
-- kinaγci. Proofreader.
-- ørygci. Typesetter.
-- tanixu. To be able to read; to be literate.
-- yn daγu. The sound of the letters.
-- yn dyrim. Spelling, orthography.
-- yn keb. Type (in printing), samples of writing; alphabet.
bicig --. Writing, document, literature.
bicig -- bykyi. Literate.
bicig -- tyr surulcaxu. To learn to read and write.
bicig -- ygei. Illiterate, uninstructed.
egyn y doш-a γar un -- ziruγci. The undersigned.
γar uн --. Signature.

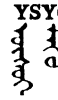
sin-e -- . "New writing," formerly Latinization, now Cyrillic script.

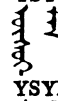
YSYG, 2.

See esyg.

YSYGCILE- / УСЭГЧЛЭХ

v.t. To read or spell word by word.
--n ungsixu. To read word by word.

YSYGLE- / УСЭГЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To spell (orally or in writing); to be pedantic.

YSYGLEL / УСЭГЛЭЛ

n. Spelling, spelling book.

YSYKEI

[Go.] adj. Dense, thick (of forest, grass).

YSYLIG / УСЛЭГ

adj. Hairy, downy.
-- ang. Fur-bearing animals.

YSYR- / УСРЭХ

v.i. To jump, leap, skip; to spout, squirt out.
usun dur --cy oruxu. To jump into the water.
usu --ky. For the water to spout.

YSYRBYRI

n. Sprays, sprinkles.

YSYRGE- / УСЭРГЭХ

[v. caus. of ysyr-] To cause to jump; to cause to spout.

YSYRKEG / УСЭРХЭГ

adj. Hairy, woolly.

YSYRKILE-

v.i. To jump up and down.

YSYRYLTE / УСРЭЛТ

n. Jump, leap, bound.

YSYTEI / УСТЭЙ

[= ysyty] adj. Hairy.
-- ang. Fur-bearing animal.
-- debel. Fur coat.

YSYTY / УСТ

See ysytei.
-- xoruxai. Caterpillar.

YTEGERE- / УТЭЭРЭХ

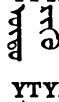
v.t. To fail to fulfill someone's expectation; to turn one's back on, to neglect; to be ungrateful.
kesig i --ky. To be ungrateful.
sanaγan i --. To fail to justify someone's expectation.

YTELE / УТЭЛ

adj. Common, ordinary, routine, simple; insignificant; feeble, weak, flabby.
-- arad. Common people.
-- idegen. Ordinary food.
-- kymyn. Ordinary person.
-- xubcasu. Ordinary clothes.
-- ziγsaγal. Routine inspection of troops.

YTYGY[Y] / УТЭГ

n. Vulva (vulgar).

YTYRI- / УТРЭХ

v.i. To wrinkle, be crumpled; to form folds.

YTYRM-E / УТРЭМ

n. Threshing floor.
-- sacuxu. [Gc.] To sacrifice bread made from the first flour after harvest.

YY / ӮУ

See uu, 1.

YYR / УУР

Same as yr.

YZE- / УЗЭХ

v.t. a) To see, behold, look at, glance at.
--besy. If or when one sees it or looks at it.
--kyi dyr bajasxulangtu. Agreeable to the eye.
--zy xanusi ygei. Something one does not get tired of looking at, marvelous to behold, wonderful, magnificent.

b) To look attentively; to look for, to look upon, examine, try; to read, study.
--ky nom. Reader, text book.
amta --. To acquire a taste for.
angxaran --ky. To look attentively; to be attentive toward.

barizu --ky. To ascertain by seizing or touching.
bicig --ky. To study, learn.
bicig i --ky. To read a letter or a book.
dasiram i --ky. To look for a chance.
edyr --ky. To determine whether a day is auspicious.
γadaγadu kele --ky. To study a foreign language.
kinan --ky. To scrutinize, study, examine.
kycy ben --ky. To try one's strength.
nom --ky. To read, study.
toli dur --ky. To look into a mirror; to look up in a dictionary.
zabsar i --ky. To look for free time, avail oneself of free time or an opportune moment.
zergecegylyn --ky. To compare, contrast with.
zφcyge --. To attend a play or other performance.

c) To face, be confronted with (physically or mentally); to experience; to suffer.

nasu --ky. To age, become old; to reach a certain age.
yile ben --ky. To suffer.
yile ji inu --ky. To make suffer.
zobalang --ky. To suffer pain or torture.

d) To be affected emotionally or intellectually, primarily through the act of seeing.

--kyi jin xour-a. Eyesore.
--n jadaxu. To be unable to stand the sight of; to be disgusted with; to hate.
--zy cidaxu ygei. To hate, dislike.
kiluin --ky. To look askance; to look dissatisfied.

e) To look upon as, take for, consider as

... bolγan --ky. To treat or consider as ...
cinu buruγu gezy --n I think you are wrong.
daisun bolγan --ky. To consider as an enemy; to treat like an enemy.
γadaγurcilan --ky. To distrust, treat as an outsider.
kyndydken --ky. To respect, esteem, revere.
kyndy dyr yly --ky. To underestimate, undervalue, underrate.
saisijan --ky. To look on with approval; to approve.
xamuγ un cixula dur --ky. To consider the most important; to emphasize above all.

f) To try to do (as an aux. verb).

asaγuzu --j-e. I will try to ask or find out; let me ask.
ci jabuzu yze! Try to go! (A threat).
kemzizy --ky. To measure.

g) Special usage.

alba --ky. To pay taxes.

YZEG

Same as yzyg, 2.

YZEGCI / УЗЭГЧ

n. Seer, onlooker, spectator; audience.
zajaγ-a --. Fortuneteller.

YZEGDE- / УЗЭГДЭХ

[v. pass. of yze-] v.i. To be seen or visible; to give birth to (rare).
--ky sar-a. Last month of pregnancy.
--ky ygei. Invisible.
--ky ygei bolxu. To become invisible, disappear.
cimadur --zy bain-a uu? Is it visible to you? Can you see it?
γurba --gsen ekener. A woman who has given birth three times.
maγu --ky. To be poorly visible; to be badly treated.

YZEGDEKYN / УЗЭГДХҮҮН

adj. and n. Visible, that which can be seen; the world of phenomena.
-- bygyde. All things visible, the world of phenomena.

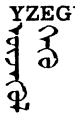
YZEGDEL / УЗЭГДЭЛ

n. Vision; phenomenon, fact; appearance; apparition.
-- jabudal. Circumstances.
-- ygei. Unnoticed, without being noticed.
bodatu --. Concrete fact.
jirtincy jin --. The visible world.

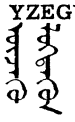
YZEGYL- / УЗҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of yze-] To show, demonstrate; to render service, give help; to teach; to cause, bring about, create.
--yn taniγulaxu. To make acquainted with, familiarize with.
emnelge jin angxan u tusalamzi --ky. To give first aid.

esergycel i --ky. To resist, counteract.
esi --ky. To predict, prophesy.
γasiγun berke ji --ky. To cause sorrow or grief.
nom i --ky. To teach (especially religion); to preach.
øber yn bej-e ben --ky. To show one's true shape or self.
saγad boγumta ji --ky. To create hindrances or obstacles; to handicap.
syr zibxulang i --ky. To display one's strength or power, make a demonstration.
tusalamzi --ky. To give help or assistance
yliger --ky. To set an example or pattern.
ziγsaγal i --ky. To stage a demonstration.



YZEGYLGE-
v. caus. of yzegyl-.



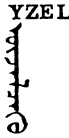
YZEGYLYGDEKYN / УЗҮҮЛЭГДХҮҮН
n. That which is shown.



YZEGYLYL / УЗҮҮЛЭЛ
n. The act of showing; demonstration.



YZEL / УЗЭЛ
n. View , conception, concept, idea, opinion; ideology, conviction; creed.
-- sanaγ-a. Views, ideas.
-- surtal. Ideology.
bejeci --. Subjectivism.
bøgerengkei --. Opportunism.
buruγu --. Wrong view, heresy.
γadaγadu jin --. Non-Buddhist creed or dogma.
γoul --. Principal view, principle.
jirtincy ji yzeky --. World conception.
nomlalci --. Dogmatism.
xar-a --. Evil design.



YZELCE- / УЗЭЛЦЭХ
[v. coop. of yze-] To see each other.
er-e em-e ben --ky. To fight it out; to have a showdown (lit.: " to see who is a man, who is a woman").



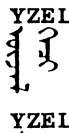
YZELCI / УЗЭЛЧ
n. Sorcerer.
-- ekener. Female fortuneteller.



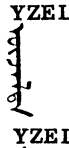
YZELDY- / УЗЭЛДЭХ
[v. rec. of yze-] Same as yzelce-.



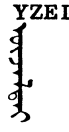
YZELGE / УЗЛЭГ
n. View, sight; inspection (mil.); fortune-telling.



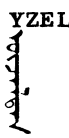
YZELGECI / УЗЛЭГЧ
n. Diviner, fortuneteller.



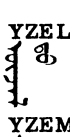
YZELTE / УЗЭЛТ
n. Point of view.
idijalis --. Idealistic point of view.



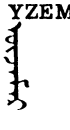
YZELTEI / УЗЭЛТЭЙ
[= yzelty] adj. Having a certain view, conviction, or ideology.



YZELTEN / УЗЭЛТЭН
n. Those who have, or one who has certain views or convictions.
eneringgyi --. Humanitarian[s].
marksism --. Marxist[s].
xar-a --. Intriguer[s], plotter[s].
yndysyn y --. Nationalist[s].



YZELTY / УЗЭЛТ
See yzeltei.



YZEMER / УЗМЭР
n. Scene, sight; agreeable view or aspect; exhibit, exhibition.
aγula usun u --. Scenery (lit.: a view of mountains and water).



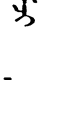
YZEMERCI
n. Sorcerer, fortuneteller, diviner.



YZEMERTEI / УЗМЭРТЭЙ
[= yzemerty] adj. Having scenery or a view.



YZEMERTY / УЗМЭРТ
See yzemertei.

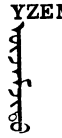


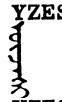
YZEMZI / УЗЭМЖ
n. Appearance, aspect; view, scene, scenery, landscape; model, example, rule; discretion, judgement.

-- ygei. Ugly to behold; unattractive.
øber yn ijen -- ber. At one's own discretion.

YZEMZITEI / УЗЭМЖТЭЙ

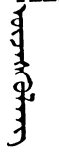
[= yzemzity] adj. Comely, attractive.

YZEMZITY / УЗЭМЖИТ

See yzemzitei.
-- ygei. Unseen before, exceptional; ugly, disgusting.

YZESI / УЗЭШ

-- ygei maγu. Repulsive, unsightly.

YZESIL / УЗШИЛ

n. Visibility, example, model.

YZESKYLENG / УЗЭСГЭЛЭН(Г), УЗСЭГЛЭН

adj. and n. Beautiful, splendid; beauty, splendor; spectacle; exhibition.
-- ekener. Beautiful woman.
-- øngge. Beautiful color.
γuv-a --. Beauty, beautiful.
kødege azu axui jin --. Agricultural exhibition.
ziruγ un --. Exhibition of paintings.

YZESKYLENGTEI / УЗЭСГЭЛЭНТЭЙ

[= yzeskylengty] adj. Beautiful, handsome.
-- køgyrken. Beautiful, handsome.

YZESKYLENGTY / УЗЭСГЭЛЭНТ

See yzeskylengtei.
maγu --. Ugly.

YZIRE- / УЖРЭХ

v.i. To rot, become rotten.

YZYG, 1. / УЗЭГ

See ysyg, 1.

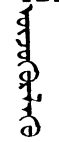
YZYG, 2. / УЗЭГ

n. Reed-pen, pen, nib.
xulusun --. Pen made of bamboo.

YZYGYR / УЗҮҮР

n. Tip, point, summit, end; top.
-- kizaγar ygei. Having no limits or end.
aγula jin --. Summit of a mountain.
baγan-a jin --. Capital of a column or pillar, end or tip of a pole.

degesyn y --. The end of a rope or string.
kelen y --. Tip of the tongue.
nidyn y --. Field of vision.
xurca --. Pointed end, sharp tip.
xuruγun u --. Fingertip.
zax-a -- ygei. Limitless, having no end.

YZYGYRLE- / УЗҮҮРЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To make a point or tip; to sharpen the point; to make pointed; to form an end or point.
man u azil edyge --zy bain-a. Our work is now coming to an end.

YZYGYRKE-

v.i. To act proudly or pompously.

YZYGYRKEL

n. The act of yzygyrke-.

YZYGYRTEI / УЗҮҮРТЭЙ

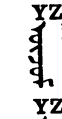
[= yzygyrty] adj. Having a tip, point, summit, or end.

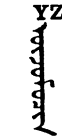
YZYGYRTY / УЗҮҮРТ

See yzygyrtei.
tabun -- aγula. Same as uta, q.v.

YZYM / УЗЭМ

n. Raisin, grape; currant.
-- yn ariki. Wine.
-- yn darasu. Wine.
-- yn kyrijeleng. Vineyard.
-- yn modu. Vine.
-- yn tarijalang. Vineyard.
-- yn umdaγan. Grape juice.
boru --. Dry brown raisin.

YZYMCI / УЗЭМЧ

n. Winegrower.

YZYMYCIN / УЗЭМЧИН

n.p. Ujumchin, tribe inhabiting the two easternmost banners (East and West Ujumchin) of the Shilingol league of Inner Mongolia.

YZYR

See uzur.

Z

ZA, 1. / ЗАА

interj. All right, yes, very good. Well! Now then!
-- bolij-a. I'd better not! I'd better stop it!
-- bolun-a. Yes, that will do; all right.
-- geky. To say yes; to agree.
-- tegeged. Well then; well, and then.
-- tere cy teimy. Well, that's that!

ZA, 2.

-- ygei. Extremely, quite, very.
-- ygei jeke. Quite big.

Z-A

A particle which after the narrative present in -mui / -myi and the verb bui expresses presumption, probability, or hope.
amuγulang saγatazu amui --. [I] presume that [you] are in good health (epist.).
... bui -- = ... biz-a. Most probably.
iremyi --. Will probably come.
tere jabuγsan bui --. [I] presume that he must have gone.
ucirallduxu yly bolumui --. Perhaps we shall not meet again.

ZAB, 1. / ЗАВ

Intensifying particle before adjectives and adverbs beginning with the syllable za.
-- zalaγuu. Quite young.

ZAB, 2. / ЗАВ

n. Free time, leisure; occasion.
-- cilyge. Free time, leisure.
-- γarγaxu. To take time out.
-- maγu tai. Having very little free time.
-- ygei. Have no time.
-- zab ijer. In one's free time.
nige -- ijer kisygei. I shall do it when I have free time.

ZABA / ЗАВ

[= zabi, 3.] n. Ditch, valley, gorge.

ZABAГ-A(N) / ЗАВАА(Н)

n. Rank odor, halitosis; tastelessness; meaninglessness; clumsiness in speech.

ZABAГADA- / ЗАВААДАХ

See zabaγara-.

ZABAГARA- / ЗАВААРАХ

[= zabaγara-] v.i. To become tasteless; to have halitosis; to become meaningless or senseless (of speech); to be sloppy, untidy (coll.).
ama --xu. To have a dry mouth; to have a bad taste in one's mouth; to have halitosis

ZABAL / ЗААВАЛ

[= zaγabal-a] adv. For certain, absolutely.
-- gesen jum ygei. It is not absolutely necessary
bi -- iren-e. I will come under any circumstances.

ZABANCA / ЗАВАНЦ

n. Hame[s].

ZABAZI / ЗАВЖ

[= zabzi] n. Corners of the mouth.

ZABCILA- / ЗАВЧЛАХ

v.t. To do something in one's spare time.

ZABDA

See zabduγ-a.

ZABDA-

See zabdu-.

ZABDANG / ЖАВДАН(Г)

n. Mat or cushion on which lamas sit during ceremonies.

ZABDU- / ЗАВДАХ

[= zabda-] v.i. and t. To have or find time or leisure for; to be in time; to be about to do something; to prepare for; to forestall; to do something at the right moment; to attempt, undertake; to intend; to be approaching.
--γsan ygei. Did not make it in time; was [too] late.
γarcu jabun --tal-a. When [I] was just about to go out.

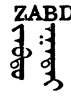
tarij-a xaduxu --zu baimui. [We] are about to harvest the crops.
tyme --zu baimui. Approaching ten thousand.

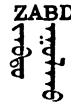
ZABDUBURI / ЗАВДВАР

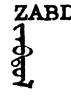
n. Free time; promptness, swiftness.

ZABDUГ-A / ЗАВДАА

[= zabda] n. Free time, leisure.

ZABDUГATAI / ЗАВДААТАЙ

adj. Having leisure or free time; knowing how to profit by the occasion; successful.

ZABDUГUL- / ЗАВДУУЛАХ

v. caus. of zabdu-.

ZABDUL / ЗАВДАЛ

[The act of zabdu-] n. Preparation; intention; attempt.

ZABDULГ-A / ЗАВДЛАГА

n. Spare time; preparation, attempt; the act of using free time.
-- tursilγ-a nuγud. Attempts, endeavors.

ZABDUMAГAI / ЗАВДАМГАЙ

adj. Agile, swift.

ZABI, 1. / ЗАВЬ

See zibi.

ZABI, 2. / ЗАВЬ

n. Small boat.
singγudaγ --. Submarine (boat).

ZABI, 3. / ЗАВЬ

See zaba.

ZABICI / ЗАВЬЧ

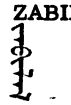
n. Boatman.

ZABIJ-A

n. A metal water vessel with a spout used in Lamaistic ritual.

ZABILA- / ЗАВИЛАХ

v.i. To sit cross-legged.
--zu saγuxu. To sit cross-legged (as the Buddha).

ZABILAL / ЗАВИЛАЛ

n. The posture assumed when sitting cross-legged.
-- ijer saγuxu. To sit cross-legged (as a Buddha).
zarimduγ --. To sit with one leg bent.

ZABOD / ЗАВОД

[R. завод] n. Factory, plant, mill.
arisun u --. Leather factory.
temyr yn --. Steel mill.

ZABSAR / ЗАВСАР

a) Gap, interstice, slit; crevasse, fissure; hiatus
-- a = -- tur. In between; in the crevasse. See also b.
-- un ysyg. Clerkly style of Chinese writing used in formal documents (Ch. li-shu 隸書).
-- ygei. Without a gap, cleft, or fissure.
γazar un --. A crevice in the ground.
tere xojar un -- tu . Between those two.
xaγalγa anu -- ygei neileldyky . The gate shuts firmly.
zai -- ygei. Having no space or gap.

b) Interval, time between, pause, intermission, break.
--a = -- tur. During, meanwhile, in between. See also a.
-- cilyge. Leisure, free time; favorable occasion, favorable time.
ene --. During this time, meanwhile.
tere --. In the meantime.

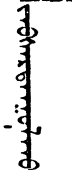
c) fig. Weakness, blemish, fault, loophole.
-- eriky. To look for a weak spot.

ZABSARCILA- / ЗАВСАРЧЛАХ

v.t. To take advantage of one's free time; to inform oneself exactly; to strive to know.
--n asaγuxu. To inform oneself exactly; to ask for exact information.

ZABSARDA- / ЗАВСАРДАХ

v.i. To cleave, split; to break up; to be neither here nor there.

ZABSARDAГUL- / ЗАВСАРДУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of zabsarda-] v.t. To split, cleave; to allow time for an intermission; to alienate.

--un xoladaγulxu. To sow dissension; to split apart.

ZABSARID-

Same as zabsarda-.

ZABSARLA- / ЗАВСАРЛАХ

v.t. and i. To make space betwe(n, move apart, separate, split; to have an intermission; to alienate, be[come] alienated; to live separately or by oneself; to be alone.

--n saγuxu. To live alone; to be lonely.

ZABSARLAГUL- / ЗАВСАРЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of zabsarla-] To make space, slit[s], or opening[s]; to sow dissension.

jarij-a ji --xu. To interrupt a conversation.

ZABSARLAL / ЗАВСАРЛАЛ

n. Separation, division, isolation, solitude.

nom un --. Religious contemplation practiced in solitude, retreat (Buddh.).

ZABSARLALГ-A / ЗАВСАРЛАЛГА

n. Intermission, interval.

ZABSARTAI / ЗАВСАРТАЙ

[= zabsartu] adj. Having a space, slit, or gap.

ZABSARTU / ЗАВСАРТ

See zabsartai.

ZABSARTU-

Same as zabsardu-.

ZABSI- / ЗАВШИХ

v.t. To take advantage, seize an opportunity.

ZABSLJAL / ЗАВШААЛ

n. Opportunity, advantage, favorable circumstances, luck.

-- tokijal. Chance, opportunity.

ZABSLJAN / ЗАВШААН

n. Fortune, happiness, good luck; opportunity, favorable circumstances.

-- bolxu. To be fortunate.

-- i taγaraγulxu. To take an oppprtunity.

-- ygei amitan. Unfortunate creature.

jaγutai --! How fortunate!

ZABSLJANCI / ЗАВШААНЧ

n. Opportunist, one who takes advantage of every opportunity.

ZABSLJANCILA- / ЗАВШААНЧЛАХ

v.t. To seize an advantage, wait for an opportunity.

ZABSIL / ЗАВШИЛ

n. Advantage, opportunity, success.

-- ygei bolxu. To have no success; to fail.

ZABSILTA / ЗАВШИЛТ

n. Advantage, profit, gain.

ZABSILTAI / ЗАВШИЛТАЙ

adj. Fortunate, useful, profitable, advantageous.

ZABTAI / ЗАВТАЙ

[= zabtu] adj. Having free time or leisure; free.

-- caγ. Free time, leisure.

-- kymyn. Person who has time or leisure.

ZABTU

See zabtai.

ZABXA- / ЗАВХАХ

v.t. To lose through carelessness.

mal ijen --xu. To lose one's cattle.

ZABXAI / ЗАВХАЙ

adj. Wanton, dissolute; irrelevant; trivial, banal.

-- em-e. Wanton woman.

-- jabudal. Trivial matter, irrelevant action.

-- yge. Nonsensical or uncalled-for remark; idle talk.

ZABXAIRA- / ЗАВХАЙРАХ

v.i. To lead a dissolute life, indulge in debauchery; to act in a wanton manner.

ZABXAN / ЗАВХАН

n.p. Dzabkhan (a river and an aimak in the Mongolian People's Republic).

ZABXARA- / ЗАВХРАХ

v.i. To stray, be lost; to act in a wanton manner.

noir --xu. To be unable to sleep any longer.

sain jabudal inu zergelgen mety --ju. A good action vanishes like a mirage.

ZABXARAΓUL- / ЗАВХРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of zabxara-] To cause to go astray, cause to deviate; to undermine; to corrupt.

bailduγan u syr kycyn --xu. To undermine fighting power or energy.

ZABXARAL / ЗАВХРАЛ

n. The act of zabxara-.

ZABXARALTA / ЗАВХРАЛТ

n. Mistake, error, deviation; corruption.

ZABZI

See zabazi.

ZADA, 1. / ЗАД

adv. In pieces, to pieces, apart, asunder.

-- cokixu. To smash, break into pieces; to beat mercilessly.

-- tataxu. To pull apart; to untie, break apart with a jerk.

ZADA, 2. / ЗАД

[T. gyad] n. Rainmaking by use of magic spell.

-- barixu. To make rain by magic.

-- cilaγu. Magical stone used for rainmaking; bezoar.

xur-a oruγulxu -- jin ubadis. Magical practice of rainmaking.

ZADACI / ЗАДАЧ

n. Magician who makes rain.

ZADACI- / ЗАДЧИХ

v.t. To untie, unwrap, undo.

ZADAΓAI, 1. / ЗАДГАЙ

adj. and n. Open, loose; uncontrolled, unrestrained.

-- amatai kymyn. A person who cannot keep secrets.

-- γazar. Open or exposed place; uninhabited place.

-- jabudal. Loose or wanton conduct.

-- olusu. Hemp fibre.

ZADAΓAI, 2.

n. Pond, pool.

ZADAΓAIRA- / ЗАДГАЙРАХ

v.i. To be uncovered, open, empty; to open, unfold; to become unrestrained, uncontrolled, careless.

ZADAL- / ЗАДЛАХ

[= zadala-, 2] v.t. To unwrap, open, unroll, unfold; to disentangle; to undo; to take apart; to analyze.

--un sinzileky. To analyze.

--xu anatomi. Post-mortem, autopsy.

--zu tailxu. To disentangle, unravel, untwine, untie; to analyze.

møngge --. To change money.

ZADALA-, 1. / ЗАДЛАХ

v.i. To make rain with magic spells.

ZADALA-, 2.

See zadal-.

ZADALUL / ЗАДЛАЛ

n. Analysis.

ZADARA- / ЗАДРАХ

v.i. To unfold, untie, unwrap; to loosen; to fall or come apart, disintegrate; to be revealed, become known; to spread.

atom un --xu materijal. Atomic fission material.

boγulta --xu. For a package to fall apart or become unwrapped.

kereg --xu. For a matter to become known.

tngri --xu. For the weather to become worse.

yge --xu. For rumors or news to spread.

ZADARAΓUL- / ЗАДРУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of zadara-] To cause to unfold, etc; to spread.

ZADARXAI / ЗАДАРХАЙ

adj. Untied, unwrapped; open, manifest.

ZADASU

Same as zaγadasu(n).

ZADAULAI

-- bilzuuxai. Titmouse.

ZAГ, 1. / ЗАГ

n. Haloxylon ammodendron (a low bush which makes excellent fuel even though green).

ZAГ, 2. / ЗАГ

[T. zag] n. Gonorrhea.
-- kyiten = -- ebedcin. Gonorrhea.

ZAГ, 3.

-- zaγurm-a. Remote, far; unfinished.

ZAГA- / ЗААХ

v.t. To disjoint, separate at the joints.

ZAГABAL-A

See zabal.

ZAГACI

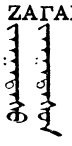
-- kymyn. Guardian of the elephants.

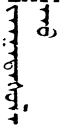
ZAГADA-

v.i. To yawn (of animals).

ZAГADAL / ЗААДАЛ

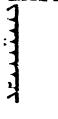
Same as zaγadasu(n); Milky Way.

ZAГADASU(N) / ЗААДАС

n. The sutures of the skull; joint; groove.
-- ber ijen angγaixu. To open up at the joints.
tarikin u --. Sutures of the skull.

ZAГADASULA- / ЗААДСЛАХ

v.t. To make grooves, hollow out; to insert into a groove.
kicir --xu. To glue on the ends of a bow.

ZAГAГ / ЗААГ, ЗАГААГ

n. Joint, junction, abutment; boundary, border.
-- toγtaxu. To fix the boundary.
-- un γazar. Marginal area.

ZAГAГCIN

adj. Having dark spots on the neck and shoulders (of a mare). Cf. zaγal.

-- gegy. Id.

ZAГAL / ЗАГАЛ

adj. Having dark spots on the neck and shoulders (of a stallion or gelding). Cf. zaγaγcin.

ZAГALA-, 1. / ЗААЛАХ

v.t. To put partitions in a box or room; to edge, hem.

ZAГALA-, 2. / ЗАГЛАХ

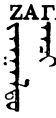
v.i. To itch.

ZAГALAI / ЗАГАЛАЙ

n. Eagle having white feathers and dark spots.

ZAГALDU- / ЗААЛДАХ

v.t. To litigate, sue; to accuse.
--γsan kymyn. Litigant, plaintiff.
--xu jabudal. Lawsuit, litigation.
dabazu --xu. To appeal (legal).

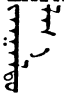
ZAГALDUГCI / ЗААЛДАГЧ

n. Plaintiff.

ZAГALDUГDA- / ЗААЛДАГДАХ

[v. pass. of zaγaldu-] To be sued, accused.
--γsan kymyn. Defendant in a lawsuit.

ZAГALDUL / ЗААЛДАЛ

n. Accusation, denunciation, lawsuit, litigation.

ZAГALDULГ-A(N) / ЗААЛДЛАГА

n. Lawsuit, law case, litigation.

ZAГALГA- / ЗААЛГАХ

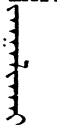
v. caus. of zaγa-.

ZAГALI

See under zaryu.

ZAГALIГAI

Same as zaγalixai.

ZAГALIXAI / ЗААЛХАЙ

n. Lawsuit, litigation, examination or investigation of a case.

zarγu -- . Lawsuit, litigation.

ZAГALMAI / ЗАГАЛМАЙ, ЗААЛМАЙ
[= zaγulmai] n. and adj. Cross (of any shape); cross-shaped, cruciform.
-- bilzuuxai. Crossbill.
-- siruγtu ongγuca. A vessel with a cross-shaped mast (Ch. pa-kan-ch'uan 巴干船).
egyden y -- . Panels on the pillars of a gate.

ZAГALMAIDA- / ЗАГАЛМАЙДАХ
v.t. To cross, put crosswise.

ZAГALMAILA- / ЗАГАЛМАЙЛАХ
v.t. To make the sign of the cross.

ZAГALMAILZI(N) / ЗАГАЛМАЙЛЖ
[= zaγulmailzi(n)] n., adj. and adv. Cross; cross-shaped, crosswise, cruciform.

ZAГALMAILZILA- / ЗАГАЛМАЙЛЖЛАХ
v.t. To crucify.

ZAГALMAILZILAГDA- / ЗАГАЛМАЙЛЖЛАГДАХ
[= zaγulmailzilaγda-] v.i. To be crucified.

ZAГALMAITAN / ЗАГАЛМАЙТАН
n. Crusader[s].
-- u ajan. Crusade.

ZAГALMAITU / ЗАГАЛМАЙТ
adj. Having a cross or cross-like pattern.
-- moγai. Grass snake.

ZAГAM / ЗААМ
n. Collar of a garment.

ZAГAMDA- / ЗААМДАХ
v.t. To grab by the collar.

ZAГAN / ЗААН
n. Elephant; the title given to the winner of third place in a wrestling match (cf. aburγu and arslan).
-- bøke. Winner of third place in the national championship wrestling match.

-- modu. Mammoth tree.
-- u jasu. Ivory.
-- u sojuγ-a. Elephant tusks; ivory.
-- u tuγul. Baby elephant.
-- u zulzaγ-a. Young elephant.
ynijen -- . Female elephant.

ZAГAR / ЗААРЬ
[= ziγar] n. Musk, moschus.

ZAГARA- / ЗААРАХ
v.i. To come apart; to crack.

ZAГARCAГ / ЗААРЦАГ
n. School of fish.

ZAГARCAГLA- / ЗААРЦАГЛАХ
v.i. To swim together in schools (of fish).

ZAГARMAГLA- / ЗААРМАГЛАХ
v.t. To knead.

ZAГARTU / ЗААРТ
adj. Having a strong smell, odoriferous.
-- modu. Camphor wood.

ZAГATUNA- / ЗАГТНАХ
v.i. To itch.

ZAГATUNAГ-A / ЗАГТНАА
n. Itching.

ZAГATUNAГUL- / ЗАГТНУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of zaγatuna-] v.t. To cause itching.

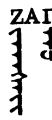
ZAГAXAN
See zaxan.

ZAГDA- / ЗАГДАХ
v.i. To develop gonorrhea.

ZAГLA- / ЗАГЛАХ
v.i. To develop gonorrhea.

ZAГLAГUN / ЗАГЛУУН
adj. Hard, tough, strong.

ZAΓSAI-



v.i. To burst, split open; to become chapped (as lips).

ZAΓU(N) / ЗУУ



card. num. Hundred.
--n. Hundred; century.
--n mingγ-a. 100,000, same as arban tym-e.
--n modu. Hundred trees; small grove in a hollow or valley.
--n tyme. A million.
--n u nige xubi. One per cent.
--n u nige xubi jin xaγas. One-half per cent.
--n u nojan. Leader of a hundred men, centurion.
--n xonuγ un xanijadu. Whooping cough.
--n xubi. Hundredfold; one hundred per cent.
dumdadu --n. The Middle Ages.
xoriduγar --n. Twentieth century.

ZAΓU- / ЗУУХ



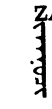
v.t. To bite; to seize with the teeth or jaws; to grip firmly with tongs, etc.
noxai --xu. For a dog to bite.
sidy --xu. To clench one's teeth; to try to be patient.

ZAΓUCI / ЖУУЧ



[= ziγuci, l.] n. Matchmaker, go-between.

ZAΓUCILA- / ЖУУЧЛАХ



v.i. To make a match.

ZAΓUCILAΓCI



Same as zaγuci.

ZAΓUDAΓ / ЗУУДАГ



n. and adj. Pliers; biting (of a dog).
-- noxai. Vicious dog.

ZAΓUDUΓAR / ЗУУДУГААР



ord. num. Hundredth.

ZAΓUΓAD / ЗУУГААД

distrib. num. Approximately a hundred.
-- saj-a. About a hundred million.
kymyn byri dyr -- nom φg. Give them about a hundred books each.

ZAΓUΓADXAN / ЗУУГААГДХАН



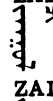
distrib. num. dimin. Only a hundred each; only about a hundred.

ZAΓUΓDA- / ЗУУГДАХ



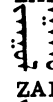
v. pass. of zaγu-.

ZAΓULCI(N)



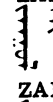
See ziγulci(n)

ZAΓULΓA- / ЗУУЛГАХ



v. caus. of zaγu-.

ZAΓULMAI



See zaγalmai.

ZAΓULMAILZI(N)



See zaγalmailzi(n).

ZAΓUNTA / ЗУУНТ



multipl. num. A hundred times.

ZAΓUR-A / ЗУУР



a) n. and adj. Interval, space between; halfway, situated between.
-- ber. Halfway.
-- zam. On one's way, halfway, midway.
zaγur-a --. From time to time, now and then.

b) adv. postpos. Between, among; along the way.
ger --. At home; among one's own family.
oir-a --. In the vicinity; among one's intimates. See also c.
tede φber -- ben. Among themselves.
xarixu --. On the way back.
xojar kymyn y --. Between two persons.
zam un --. On the road, on the way.

c) adv. postpos. While, during the time.
caγ --. In a flash; for a moment; temporarily
gšan --. In a flash.
nidy cabcixu --. In a twinkling, in a flash, in no time.
oir-a --. Recently, lately. See also b.
sanaxu jin --. While thinking.
tyr --. For a moment; temporarily.
xurumxan --. In a flash, within a second, in a very short time.

ZAΓURA- / ЗУУРАХ



v.i. and t. To jam, be unable to open, be locked, be arrested in motion; to close tightly.

adxun --xu. To grip tightly.
ama --xu. To have lockjaw; to be unable to open one's mouth.
sidy --xu. To have lockjaw.

ZAГURADU / ЗУУРД

adj., adv., and n. Intermediate; halfway, on the way; intermediate state between death and rebirth (of indefinite duration, 49 days being the maximum) through which the "soul" of a dead person is supposed to pass and during which it has to encounter all kinds of friendly or hostile apparitions.
-- ber nasu nøgciky. To die prematurely.
-- kalab. Intermediate kalpa or eon. (S. antarākalpa, T. bar gyi bskal pé).
-- jin. Intermediate, halfway, undue, premature, untimely.
-- jin ykyl. Untimely death, premature death, accidental death.
-- kyrgeky. To appease the spirit of a dead person who is tormenting a sick person by offering him water and rice, and burning paper in his honor.
-- or oruba. The ghost of a dead person has entered a living body.
-- zam. Halfway.

ZAГURAKI / ЗУУРХЬ

adj. Intermediate, situated in between.

ZAГURALDU- / ЗУУРАЛДАХ

v. rec. of zaγura-.
salxu ygei --xu. To hold on to each other firmly.

ZAГURM-A / ЗУУРАМ

n., adj. and adv. Interrupted, incomplete, that which has not reached its end, that which is diffused, unfinished; on the way.
-- talbixu. To put off, postpone, defer, procrastinate; to leave half-done, unfinished.
-- yiles. Uncompleted acts or work.

ZAГURMACI

n. The inside trimming of the hem of a fur-lined coat.

ZAГURMAГ / ЗУУРМАГ

n., adj., and adv. Half of the way; an intermediate point; halfway, half-done, unfinished, also same as zaγurmaci.
zam un --. Halfway, midway.

ZAГURMAГLA- / ЗУУРМАГЛАХ

[= zaγurmala-] v.t. To go only half way; to discontinue; to stop in the middle; to leave half-done or unfinished.

ZAГURMALA- / ЗУУРАМЛАХ

See zaγurmaγla-.

ZAГUSI / ЗУУШ

[= zuusi] n. Hors d'oeuvres, snack; object of gossip or conversation.
aman u --. Topic of gossip, object of criticism.
arikin u --. Hors d'oeuvres served with liquor.

ZAГUSILA- / ЗУУШЛАХ

v.i. and t. To serve as hors d'oeuvres; to eat hors d'oeuvres; to leave an offering of food at a grave.

ZAГUTU

n. Centurion, commander of a hundred (milit. hist.).

ZAГUZAI, 1. / ЗУУЗАЙ

n. Counter of a boot or shoe.

ZAГUZAI, 2. / ЗУУЗАЙ

[= zuuzai] n. Bit (of a bridle).
-- xolbuxu. For two horses to run neck and neck, as though their bits were connected; to go in pairs.

ZAГUZAILA- / ЗУУЗАЙЛАХ

v.t. To put a bit on a horse; to applaud.
alaγ-a --xu. To applaud.

ZAГZAГAR / ЗАГЗГАР, ЗАГЖГАР

n. and adj. Short, stocky (of stature); dwarfish.

ZAГZAI- / ЗАГЗАЙХ

v.i. To be short or stocky (of stature).

ZAГZAILГA- / ЗАГЗАЙЛГАХ

[v. caus. of zaγzai-] v.t. To crush by one's weight; to throw down, throw to the ground; to throw one's adversary in a wrestling match.

ZAI, 1. / ЗАЙ



[T. rdzas] n. Medical ingredient[s], chemical element[s]; gas.
-- jin bailduγan. Chemical warfare.
-- jin γal. Electricity (obs.).
-- jin uxaγan. Chemistry.
em yn --. Ingredients of a medicine.

ZAI, 2. / ЗАЙ



n. Space between, distance; gap; interval, time between, free time.
-- γarγaxu. To make room.
-- talbixu. To make room, leave a place, give up a place.
-- ygei. Without space or interval; without free time.
-- ylegeky. To leave a blank, leave a place; to leave free time.
-- zabsar. Space, gap; interval, time between.
saγudal un -- talbixu. To make or yield room for sitting.

ZAI- / ЗАЙХ



v.i. To wander, roam, rove; to loaf.

ZAICA



n. The place where the top and side felts of a yurt meet.

ZAICANGɪUI



adj. and adv. Separate[ly].

ZAICI- / ЗАЙЧИХ



v.i. To move away from; to make room; to avoid.

ZAID-



See zaidu-.

ZAIDA-



v.i. To wander, roam.

ZAIDALA-, 1. / ЗАЙДЛАХ



v.t. To ride a horse without a saddle, ride bareback.
kyzygyn deger-e --xu. To ride on [someone's] neck; to bully someone.

ZAIDALA-, 2.



[Go.] v.t. To attack.

ZAIDANG / ЗАЙДАН



adj. and adv. Without a saddle; unsaddled.
-- mori unuxu. To ride a horse without a saddle, ride bareback.

ZAIDANGDA- / ЗАЙДАНДАХ



v.i. To be[come] without a saddle; to be left empty-handed; not to get what one expected; to be frustrated in one's hopes, be disappointed.

ZAIDANGLA-



Same as zaidangda-.

ZAIDANGNA-



Same as zaidala-.

ZAIDU- / ЗАЙДАХ



[= zaid-] v.t. To tie the hair on the crown of the head (women); to lift up.
γar ijen --xu. To lift up one's hand[s].

ZAIDUMTU



adj. With the hair combed up.

ZAIDUMAL / ЗАЙДМАЛ



[n.d. of zaidu-] adj. Tied up, raised up.

ZAIГ / ЗАЙГ



n. Boundary between fields.

ZAIГUL / ЗАЙГУУЛ



n. Rascal.

ZAIL- / ЗАЙЛАХ



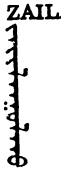
[= zailu-] v.t. To rinse, wash out.
ama --xu. To wash or rinse one's mouth.
tuγulγ-a --xu. To tin.

ZAILA- / ЗАЙЛАХ



v.i. To go away from; to step aside; to yield, give way; to avoid, elude, evade, dodge.
-- ! Away! get away! yield!
--n niγuxu. To go into hiding.
--zu jabuxu. To go away in order to avoid, elude.
jirtincy ece --xu. To retire, escape from the world.

nigen nigen ecegen yly --mui. Neither one gives way to the other.
xalaγun ece --xu. To escape heat or hot weather.
zam --zu өgky. To yield the way to someone.

ZAILAΓUL- / ЗАЙЛУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of zaila-] v.t. To move, remove; to evacuate.
--zu saγulγaxu. To cause to move to another seat; to resettle (a person, a family, or population).
azil ece --xu. To dismiss from work.
ceberlen --xu. To remove, move out of the way; to purge.
orun ece --xu. To remove from a place or an office.

ZAILAΓULΓA- / ЗАЙЛУУЛГАХ

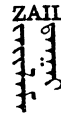
v. caus. of zailaγul-.

ZAILALΓ-A / ЗАЙЛЛАГА

n. The act of zaila-.

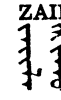
ZAILALKILA-

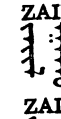
v.freq. To dodge or avoid frequently.

ZAILAMATAΓAI / ЗАЙЛАМТГАЙ

adj. Elusive, evasive.

ZAILASI / ЗАЙЛАШ

-- ygei. Unavoidable, inevitable.
-- ygei bolxu. To be[come] inevitable or unavoidable.

ZAILASKI- / ЗАЙЛСГАХ

v.i. To dodge, shun.
tataburi ece --ky. To avoid payment of taxes.

ZAILΓA-

v. caus. of zail-.

ZAILΓUR / ЗАЙЛУУР

[= zailur] n. Gargle, rinse.

ZAILU-

See zail-.

ZAILUDUSU / ЗАЙЛДАС

n. Gargle, rinse.

ZAILUM-A

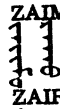
-- usu. Brook.

ZAILUR

See zailγur . [Go.] Frolicsome, scoundrel, repulsive.

ZAIMU- / ЗАЙМАХ

v.i. To shake, agitate, stir.

ZAIMURA- / ЗАЙМРАХ

v.i. To deviate.

ZAIR / ЗАЙР

n. Ice floe, thin ice.

ZAIRTA- / ЗАЙРТАХ

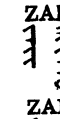
v.i. The ice on the river breaks up.

ZAISA-

Same as zaila-.

ZAISANG / ЗАЙСАН(Г)

[Ch. tsai-hsiang 宰相] n. An honorary title used mostly among the western Mongols (Oirats) for the head of a clan; equivalent of a taizi, q.v. In Mongolia proper this word is now used for the chief or head of a clan or group of people under a Khutukhtu administration.

ZAISKI- / ЗАЙСГАХ

v.i. To dodge; to avoid.

ZAITAI / ЗАЙТАЙ

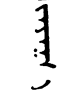
[= zaitu] adj. Having an interstice or interstices; having room; roomy, spacious; being at odds or variance with.
-- γazar. Spacious, roomy place.
kedyn edyr yn -- γazar. A place several days' journey distant.

ZAITU

See zaitai.

ZAJ-A / ЗАЯ

n. Birch-bark canoe, small boat.

ZAJAΓ-A

See under soγ.

ZAJAГ-A(N) / ЗАЯА



n. Fate, destiny, predestination (often understood as the result of a person's good and evil deeds in previous incarnations); luck, fortune, merits accumulated in a former life.

-- ben baraxu. To forfeit one's predestination or fate.

-- barimtalaxu yzel. Fatalism.

-- erystegsen. To be taken by fate, die.

-- maγutai. Unfortunate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

-- medemyi. "Providence" knows.

-- tursixu. To challenge fate.

-- xubi. Fate, destiny.

-- ygei. Having no luck, luckless.

ene -- . This life.

γurban maγui -- . The three lower "levels" of reincarnation, viz. as an animal (adaγusun), a starveling ghost (birid), or an inmate of one of the Buddhist hells.

xoitu -- . Future rebirth, future life.

zol -- . Luck, lucky chance.

ZAJAГA- / ЗАЯАХ



v.t. To grant, bless, ordain (by God or heaven); to predestine.

niγun i --xu. To bless with a son.

tngri ece --γsan. Heaven-sent, ordained by heaven.

ZAJAГACI / ЗАЯАЧ



n. A god, goddess, godling; immaterial rational principle inherent in man; God of destiny; God of flocks and goods.

emegelzin -- . Tutelary genius, protector of the household (shamanistic).

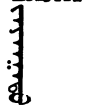
zol -- . Goddess who grants children; guardian of children.

ZAJAГATAI / ЗАЯАТАЙ



[= zajaγatu] adj. Having a destiny, predestined; fortunate.

ZAJAГATU / ЗАЯАТ



See zajaγatai

-- ezen. Heavenly Lord.

tngri ece -- . Ordained by Heaven, by Heaven's decree.

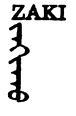
ZAJIG



n.p. Ural River.

-- un toryγud. Ural Kalmucks.

ZAKI - / ЗАХИХ



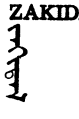
v.t. To give instructions; to entrust; to give an order for; to ask to run an errand.

ger ijen ax-a degyy degen --bai. He entrusted his house to his brothers.

nom --xu. To order a book or books.

sonin --xu. To subscribe to a newspaper.

ZAKIDAL / ЗАХИДАЛ



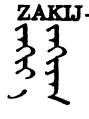
n. Order, charge; instructions; advice; letter, missive, correspondence.

-- bicig. Letters, correspondence.

alban -- . Official letter.

amin u -- . Private letter.

ZAKIJ-A(N) / ЗАХИА



n. and adj. Order, charge; instructions; advice; letter, correspondence, missive; made to order.

-- bicig. Letter, written message.

-- ed. Ordered goods or objects.

-- γutul. Boots made to order.

aman -- . Oral message.

ZAKIJALA- / ЗАХИАЛАХ

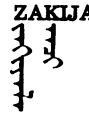


v.t. To order, charge; to subscribe to (as to a newspaper).

--xu yn-e. Subscription fee.

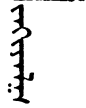
baγazi ud i --xu. To order equipment.

ZAKIJALAГCI / ЗАХИАЛАГЧ



n. and adj. The person who orders something; subscriber.

ZAKIJALГ-A / ЗАХИАЛГА



n. Subscription, order.

-- jin xaγudasu. Subscription blank, order sheet.

ZAKIR- / ЗАХИРАХ

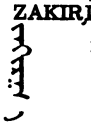


v.t. To rule, govern, direct, administer, manage; to subordinate, subject.

aimaγ i --xu. To govern an aimak, q.v.

ulus ijen --un saγuxu. To govern one's people.

ZAKIRГ-A / ЗАХИРГАА



n. Administration, management, jurisdiction.

--n u. Administrative.

--n u γazar. Administrative organ.

--n u kemzijen yd. Administrative measures.

-- ygei. Having no administration or jurisdiction; anarchy.

cerig yn --. Military jurisdiction, military administration.
orun nutuγ un --. Local administration.
suryaγuli jin --. School administration.

ZAKIRГA-

Same as zakiruγul-.

ZAKIRUГCI / ЗАХИРАГЧ

n. Superintendent, administrator; one of the highest administrative officers of a banner, next to tusalaγci, q.v.

ZAKIRUГDA- / ЗАХИРАГДАХ

[v. pass. of zakir-] v.i. To be governed by, be under the jurisdiction of.
... [dat.] siγud --xu. To be under the immediate control of.

ZAKIRUГUL- / ЗАХИРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of zakir-.

ZAKIRUL / ЗАХИРАЛ

n. Administration, management, supervision, authority; Director or principal of a school.
suryaγuli jin --. Director or principal of a school.

ZAKIRULГ-A / ЗАХИРЛАГА

n. Administration, management, jurisdiction; order, command.

ZAKAR / ЗАГАР

[T. rgya-gar = white plain or expanse] n.p. India (popular name frequent in Buddhist scriptures).
-- kele. Sanskrit (popular name frequent in Buddhist scriptures).

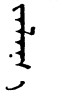
ZALA-, 1. / ЗАЛАХ

v.t. To straighten, correct; to steer, direct the course of (cf. zasa-); to drive cattle to the pasture ground.
baraγun tegesi --xu. To turn a horse or vehicle to the right.

ZALA-, 2. / ЗАЛАХ

v.t. To invite; to bring an image of a deity or a sacred object to a new place; to ask for medicine.

--n urixu. To invite.
burxan u køryg i --xu. To bring an image of Buddha from one sactuary to another or to a home.
em --xu. To send or ask for medicine (esp. of a lama).
keid tyr --xu. To bring an image or a lama to a monastery.
murui ji --xu. To straighten something curved.
ziluγa ben --xu. To guide a horse by the reins.

ZALAГ-A, 1. / ЗАЛАА

n. Tassel; crest (of a bird); thick silk thread.
jongxur --. Silk tassels on the hat of an official.
tuγ un --. Tassel on a flag.

ZALAГ-A, 2. / ЗАЛАА

Sometimes used instead of zalalγ-a, 2.

ZALAГATAI / ЗАЛААТАЙ

adj. Tasseled, crested.
-- malaγ-a. Tasseled hat or cap.

ZALAГU / ЗАЛУУ

adj. and n. Young, youthful; youth, youthfulness.
-- bolγaxu. To rejuvenate.
-- bolxu. To become younger.
-- ece. Since one's youth.
-- kymyn. Young man, young person.
-- nasu. Young age, youth.

ZALAГUCUD / ЗАЛУУЧУУД

[plural of zalaγu] n. The youth, young people.

ZALAГUR / ЗАЛУУР

n. Helm, rudder, steering gear; a pole for moving logs.

ZALAГUR[A]- / ЗАЛУУРАХ

v.i. To become young.

ZALAГURXA- / ЗАЛУУРХАХ

v.i. To act in a youthful manner.

ZALAГUS / ЗАЛУУС

[pl. of zalaγu] n. Young people.

ZALAГUU

Same as zalaγu.

ZALAГUXAN / ЗАЛУУХАН

adj. Somewhat young.

ZALAID / ЗАЛАЙД

n. p. The Jalait, a Mongolian tribe in Eastern Mongolia.

ZALALГ-Ø, 1. / ЗАЛЛАГА

n. Steering; correction.

ZALALГ-A, 2. / ЗАЛЛАГА

n. Invitation.
-- aildxaxu. To present an invitation (hon.).

ZALAM-A

[= zalm-a] n. Strips of material of five different colors tied to the manes of horses or to the necks of camels, bulls, rams, or goats consecrated to a deity, also to the tails of horses on certain festive occasions; they are also found on obos (see obuγ-a). See Mostaert, Dictionary 182 a. [Ko.] Five-colored strips of paper hung on the branches of a tree planted in a vase used by shamans to call spirits.
-- γarγaxu. To use zalam-a in a shamanistic ritual intended to exorcise an evil spirit from a sick person.

ZALAN

n. Military unit consisting of two or more sumun (q.v.) under Manchu rule; the commander of the unit [Go.] Knot or joints of plants.
-- u zanggi. Commander cr administrator of a zalan.

ZALARA-, 1. / ЗАЛРАХ

v.i. To straighten out, be straightened out; to be[come] correct or normal.

ZALARA- , 2. / ЗАЛРАХ

v.i. To go, proceed to, make one's entry (hon.).
xaγan ezen --mui. The khan is solemnly proceeding.

ZALARAГUL- / ЗАЛРУУЛАХ

v. caus. of zalara-, 1 and 2.
--un zasaxu. To correct.
aldal ijen --xu. To correct one's mistakes.
tasijaran keblegdegsen i --xu. To correct misprints.

ZALBARI- / ЗАЛБИРАХ, ЗАЛБАРИХ

v.i. To pray; to join the palms of one's hands in praying.
--n γujuxu. To supplicate, implore.
γurban erdeni dyr --xu. To adore the "Three Jewels."

ZALBARIL / ЗАЛБИРАЛ

n. Praying, prayer.
-- talbixu. To pray, say prayers.

ZALBARILГ-A

n. The act of praying, supplicating.

ZALГ-A

Same as zalγaγ-a.

ZALГA- / ЗАЛГАХ

v.t. and i. To connect, join, splice; to continue, lengthen, add; to meet, border, adjoin.
--zu ungsixu. To continue to read.
γal --xu. To replenish the fire.
kele --xu. To transmit somebody's words.
kili --xu. To border upon; to be contiguous.
sizim i --xu. To splice a rope.
utasu --xu. To connect lines, make a telephone connection.

ZALГABURI / ЗАЛГАВАР

n. Conjunction, series, linking, succession, continuation; something added on.

ZALГABURILA- / ЗАЛГАВАРЛАХ

v.t and i. To add on, tack on, connect, join, continue.

ZALГABURITAI / ЗАЛГАВАРТАЙ

adj. Compound, composite.

ZALГADASU / ЗАЛГАДАС



n. That which is added on, extension.

ZALГAГ-A / ЗАЛГАА



n. and adj. Connection, succession, continuation; joint; extension; connected, contiguous, successive.

-- ail. Neighboring family.

-- ber. Continuously, in succession.

-- ber tasuraxu. To break at the joint.

ail -- . Neighboring.

gezige jin -- . False hair used to lengthen a pigtail.

ZALГAГAR



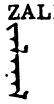
Same as zalγaγ-a ber.

ZALГAГUR / ЗАЛГУУР



n. Attachment; plug for electric cord.

ZALГAL / ЗАЛГАЛ



Same as zalγaγ-a.

-- i yly tasulun sakixu. Not to interrupt the succession, retain the sequence.

-- tasurxu. To interrupt a succession or sequence.

ZALГALDA-



Same as zalγaldu-.

ZALГALDU- / ЗАЛГАЛДАХ



[v. rec. of zalγa -] v.i. To be connected, joined, linked; to follow each other.

ZALГALDUГ-A / ЗАЛГАЛДАА



n. Succession, continuation, connection.

-- ber. Successively, contiguously.

ZALГAMCIR



n. A descendant seven generations removed (Ch. jeng-sun 仍孫)

ZALГAMZI / ЗАЛГАМЖ



n. Succession, continuation, continuity.

ZALГAMZILA- / ЗАЛГАМЖЛАХ



v.t. To continue, succeed, inherit.

--γsan. Hereditary, inherited.

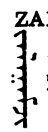
saγurin i --γci. Heir or successor to the throne.

xaγan\saγurin i --xu. To inherit the throne of a Khan.

xoici ji --xu. To inherit, succeed.

vj-e --xu. To succeed, inherit.

ZALГAMZILAГCI / ЗАЛГАМЖЛАГЧ



[pres. part. of zalγamzila-] n. Heir, successo.

xoici ji -- . Successor, the coming generation.

ZALГASU(N) / ЗАЛГАС



n. A piece added, lengthening piece, extension; joint; false hair used to lengthen natural hair or pigtail.

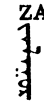
ZALГASUTU / ЗАЛГАСТ



adj. Connected, attached, composite, joined.

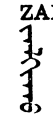
-- numu. Composite bow.

ZALГURLA- / ЗАЛГАРЛАХ



v.t. To join, attach or glue broken pieces.

ZALGI- / ЗАЛГИХ



v.t. To swallow, engulf, devour.

--daγ. Squanderer, debauchee.

bykyli --xu. To swallow whole.

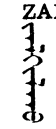
mønggy --xu. To squander other people's money, to take a bribe.

ZALGIJACI / ЗАЛГИАЧ



n. One who devours avidly; glutton.

ZALGIL- / ЗАЛГИЛАХ



v.t. To gulp; to swallow several times in succession.

ZALI, 1. / ЗАЛЬ



n. Flame; spirit.

-- badaraxu. For the fire to blaze.

badarangγui γal un -- . Blazing flames.

ZALI, 2. / ЗАЛЬ



n. Ruse, craft, cunning, trick, deceit.

-- meke. Ruse, trick, deceit.

arγ-a -- . Cunning, artful trick, ruse.

ZALICI / ЗАЛЬЧ



n. Rogue, rascal, knave.

ZALIDA-, 1. / ЗАЛЬДАХ



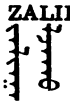
See zalila-.

ZALIDA-, 2.



v.i. To flame, blaze; to be spirited.

ZALIГALZA-



v.i. To be careless, lazy, or carefree; to talk nonsense.

ZALIICI



Same as ilbici.

ZALILA-, 1. / ЗАЛИЛАХ



[= žalida-, 1.] v.t. To use every trick to de - ceive or cheat; to seduce.

--n mekeleky. To use a ruse or subterfuge; to deceive.

ZALILA-, 2. / ЗАЛЬЛАХ



v.i. To flame, blaze.

ZALILAГDA- / ЗАЛИЛАГДАХ



v. pass. To be cheated or deceived.

ZALIRA- / ЗАЛИРАХ



v.i. To shirk, be lazy or nonchalant; to rest from work; to stop for a time; to calm down; to abate, get better (as illness).

--xu ygei. To work without intermission, indefatigably.

ZALIRAГUL- / ЗАЛИРУУЛАХ



v. caus. of zalira-.

γal i --xu. To cover up the fire temporarily.

ZALIRASKI- / ЗАЛИРСХИЙХ



--ky ygei. Without laziness, indefatigably.

ZALITAI / ЗАЛЬТАЙ



[= zalitu] adj. Wily, cunning, crafty.

ZALITU / ЗАЛЬТ



See zalitai.

-- boduly-a. Crafty policy, political cunning.

ZALIXAI / ЗАЛИХАЙ, ЗАЛЬХАЙ



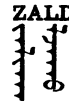
adj. Treacherous, crafty, cunning, wily; negligent, careless, lazy.

ZALIXAIRA- / ЗАЛЬХАЙРАХ



v.i. To be treacherous; to be lazy, careless, or negligent.

ZALIXALZA-



v.t. and i. To treat carelessly; to be lazy.

ZALM-A



See zalam-a.

ZALMAГAI / ЗАЛМАГАЙ



n. The gills of a fish.

ZALU-



Less frequent form of zala-, 1.

ZALXA- / ЗАЛХАХ



v.i. To be afraid, or frightened; to get tired of; to give up or break oneself of a habit.

ZALXAГA- / ЗАЛХААХ



v.t. To frighten, scare; to punish, reprimand.

--n cegerlegylky. To chastize, punish.

ZALXAГAL / ЗАЛХААЛ



n. Punishment, reprimand.

-- bolγaxu. To let something be a punishment.

-- yzegylky. To punish, reprimand.

ZALXAГU



See zalxaγu[u].

ZALXAГUCI / ЗАЛХУУЧ



n. and adj. Lazy person, idler; lazy.

ZALXAГUR



Same as zalaγur.

ZALXAГURA- / ЗАЛХУУРАХ



v.i. To be lazy, idle, or listless.

buu ekin dyr kicijeged adaγ tur --γtun. Do not be diligent in the beginning and idle toward the end.

ZALXAГUTAI / ЗАЛХУУТАЙ



adj. Tiresome, boring, irksome.

ZALXAГU[U] / ЗАЛХУУ



adj. and n. Lazy, idle, loafing; idler, loafer.

-- kyrgeky. To bore, weary.

ZALXAL / ЗАЛХАЛ
Same as zalxaγal.

ZALXAMZI / ЗАЛХААМЖ
Same as zalxaγal.
-- ygei. Intrepid, fearless, bold.

ZALXAN / ЖААЛХАН
Same as zaxan.

ZAM / ЗАМ
n. Road, route, way, pass.
-- ece bucaxu. To turn back on one's way.
-- mør. Road[s], ways[s], path[s].
-- tegegebyri. Cargo,, freight, carload.
-- un belcir. Bifurcatibn of a road.
-- un kymyn. Passer-by.
-- un temdeg. Road sign.
-- ziγaγci. Guide.
aγar un -- . Air route.
arγ-a -- ud. Ways and means.
baγuraxu -- dur oruxu. To decline (lit.: to enter the road of decline).
buida -- . A crooked path, deserted path; deviation from right path.
degedy -- . The upper road, the sacred road.
er-e kymyn y -- . The way of a man.
jabuγan -- . Footpath, sidewalk.
temyr -- . Railroad.
ulus tøry jin -- . Political line.
usun -- . Waterway, fairway.
zasamal --. Paved road, highway,

ZAM-A, 1. / ЗАМАА
[T. ja - ma] n. Cook at court or a monastery.

ZAM-A, 2. / ЗАМ
n. Bed curtain, mosquito-net.

ZAMAГ, 1. / ЗАМАГ
[= zamuγ] n. Gunlock, breechblock.
-- buu. Flint gun.
-- un bariγul. Butt end of a gun.

ZAMAГ, 2. / ЗАМАГ
[= zamuγ] n. Green weed growing in water; algae; slime, mire, spicatum (Ch. shui-tsao 水草 [Giles] Myriophyllum).

ZAMAГLA- / ЗАМАГЛАХ
v.t. To cock a gun.

ZAMAГRA- / ЗАМАГРАХ
v.i. To become miry or slimy.

ZAMAL
-- ebesy. Water lentils, lesser duckweed.

ZAMBA, 1. / ЗАМБАА
[T. lcam pa] n. Mallow; Malva neglecta; enclosure for sheep made of mallow.

ZAMBA, 2 / ЗАМБАА
[T. rtsam pa] n. Parched barley flour.

ZAMBAГ-A
See zambaga.

ZAMBALA / ЗАМБАЛ
[= zambala, S Jambhala] n. Citrus tree; Jambhala, one of the gods of wealth.

ZAMBALZAГUI / ЗАМБАЛЗГАЙ, ЗАМБАЛЗГУЙ
n. Ornaments of silk suspended on doors during a wedding or other feasts.

ZAMBALZAГUR / ЗАМБАЛЗУУР
Same as zambalzaγui.

ZAMBAR-A / ЗАМБАРАА
n. Order, decorum.
-- ygei. Without order or decorum.

ZAMCI / ЗАМЧ
n. Guide, scout.

ZAMNA- / ЗАМНАХ
v.t. To follow a road ; to go frequently along the same road.

ZAMUГ
See zamaγ, 1 and 2.

ZAMUГLA- / ЗАМАГЛАХ
v.i. To march in a dignified manner; to move with vigor or excited haste (of horses).

ZAMUR
n. Fruit of sweet briar (eglantine).
-- ceceg. Flower of eglantine.

ZAMUR[A]-

See samur- .

ZAMURГA-

v. caus. of zamur-.

ZAMXARA- / ЗАМХРАХ

v.i. To be extinguished; to disappear; to go down, subside (of a liquid).

ZANCI- / ЗАНЧИХ, ЖАНЧИХ

[= nanci-, zangci-] v.t. To beat, hit; to punish by hitting with rods or a whip; to thrash, whip.
--źu zalxaγaxu. To punish by whipping.
ykytel-e --xu. To beat to death.

ZANCIГUR / ЗАНЧУУР, ЖАНЧУУР

n. Any instrument for hitting; clapper; flail.
-- tygsegyr. Flail.

ZANCILГ-A / ЗАНЧЛАГА

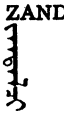
n. The act of thrashing, whipping; corporal punishment.

ZANCIRXAI

adj. [Ko.] Stricken, whipped; rumpled.

ZANDA- / ЗАНДАХ

See zangda-.

ZANDALCI(N) / ЗАНДАЛЧ

See zangdalci(n).

ZANDALГ-A / ЗАНДЛАГА

n. Execution; slaughtering of animals.

ZANDAN

See zandan.

ZANDU-

Same as zaγaldu-.

ZANDUR-

See zangdur-.

ZANG, 1. / ЗАН

n. Character, nature; disposition, temperament; custom, habit, conduct.
-- aburi. Personal character and behavior.

-- aγali. Personal character and behavior; custom.
-- aγasi. Personal character and behavior.
-- cinar. Characteristics.
-- josu. Custom, way of doing something.
-- saitai. Good-natured.
-- surtaγun. Morals and customs.
-- surtal. Habit, custom, tradition.
-- yile. Manner or method of doing; religious ceremony (T. cho ga, S. vidhi).
-- zang ijen abulcaxu. To become adjusted to one another.
γazar un --. Customs of a country.
jeke -- γarγaxu. To be arrogant or overbearing.
maγu -- tai. Vicious, bad tempered.
sirygyn --. Quick temper.

ZANG, 2.

[Ch. chang 丈] n. Chang, a measurement of ten ch'ih 尺 (toxui), about 11 feet 9 inches.

ZANG, 3.

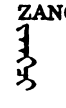
[Ch. chang 杖] n. Pole, stick, rod.

ZANGCA

See zangci.

ZANGCEY

[Ch. chang-ch'ou 漳綢] n. Fabric made of raw silk.

ZANGCI, 1.

[= zangca, zanci] n. A mantle worn by lamas when performing religious ceremonies.
-- xalaxu. To be reincarnated.
sudur un --. Wrapper or cover of a book.

ZANGCI, 2.

[Ko.] n. The crescent or half moon.

ZANGCI-

See zanci-.

ZANGDA- / ЗАНДАХ

[= zanda-] v.t. To blame, reprimand, scold; to beat, hit with a stick.

ZANGDALCI(N) / ЗАНДАЛЧ

[= zandalci(n)] n. Executioner, hangman; butcher.

ZANGDUR- / ЗАНДРАХ
[= zandur-] v.t. To scold; to threaten, reprove; to shout at.
--n barkiraxu. Scold loudly.

ZANGГA- / ЗАНГАХ
v.t. To threaten, menace.
ilerkei ber --xu. To threaten openly.

ZANGГAI- / ЗАНГАЙХ
v.i. To be in difficulties or misery, find oneself in a predicament, be pressed, harrassed.

ZANGГU / ЗАНГА
n. Trap, mouse trap, pitfall, snare.
-- zegyky. To set a trap.

ZANGГU-
[Go.] v.t. To cast, throw; to direct to.

ZANGГUD- / ЗАНГАДАХ
v.t. To trap.

ZANGГURA- / ЗАНГАРАХ
v.i. To intimidate, menace; to scold.

ZANGГURГ-A / ЗАНГАРГА
n. Mouse-trap, trap; scolding, invective, insult.

ZANGГURГALA- / ЗАНГАРГАЛАХ
v.t. To scold, use invectives.

ZANGГURГATAI / ЗАНГАРГАТАЙ
adj. Having a trap; evil-mouthed.
ama --. Evil-mouthed.

ZANGГUU / ЗАНГУУ
n. Anchor; water chestnut (Tribulus terrestris).
-- orkixu. To drop anchor.
-- temyr. Anchor.

ZANGГUUDAI
n. Young antelope or elk.

ZANGГUVAS / ЗАНГАВС
n. Pickles, pickled vegetables.

ZANGGI, 1. / ЗАНГИ
[Ch. chang-ching 章京 Mo. zanggin Ch. chiang-chün 將軍] n. Chief of a sumu(n), q.v.; military rank (commanding officers of various ranks).
-- yker cilaγu. Stone in the middle of a gate against which the leaves of the gate lean when closed.
ulus i sakixu --. Hereditary title of an official of the 9th class (hist., Ch. fêng-kuo-chiang-chün 奉國將軍).

ZANGGI, 2. / ЗАНГИ
n. Information, news, rumors.
-- bilzuuxai. Kind of a bird (Ch. hsin-niao 信鳥).
-- øgky. To inform.
sonin --. News, information.
sonin -- keleky. To relate news.

ZANGGI, 3. / ЗАНГИ
-- ujaxu. To tie with a tight knot, tie solidly.

ZANGGID- / ЗАНГИДАХ
v.t. To tie, tie in a knot.
byky kycy ben --xu. To strain every nerve, make an intense effort.
γar --xu. To make a fist.
kømysge ben --xu. To knit the eyebrows.
øs --xu. To bear a grudge.
šaxai jin ujaγ-a ji --xu. To tie shoe laces.
uruγ --xu. To become united by marriage.

ZANGGIJ-A / ЗАНГИА
n. Knot, tie, bond; amulet, usually made of a xadaγ (q.v.) or bundle of threads blessed by a xubilγan (q.v.), and worn around the neck; necktie.
tøry jin --. Chains with which prisoners are shackled.

ZANGGIJALA- / ЗАНГИАЛАХ
v.t. To knot, make a knot, tie.

ZANGGIJASU(N) / ЗАНГИАС
n. Knot, sliding knot; bond, joining.

ZANGGIJASULA- / ЗАНГИАСЛАХ
v.t. To knot, make a knot, tie.

ZANGGIJATU / ЗАНГИАТ
adj. Having a knot.

ZANGGILA- / ЗАНГИЛАХ
v.t. To knot, make a knot, tie.

ZANGGILAГ-A / ЗАНГИЛАА
n. Knot, tie.
nairamdal un -- ber xolbaxu. To connect with ties of peace or harmony.
temyr zam un --. Railroad center.
ykyl --. Clove hitch.

ZANGGILГA(N) / ЗАНГИЛГАА(Н)
Same as zanggilaγ-a.

ZANGGILГATU / ЗАНГИЛААТ
adj. Having a knot.

ZANGGIRA- / ЗАНГИРАХ
v.i. To be knotted, tied, entangled, entangled in a knot; to choke.
--xu ebedcin. An ailment characterized by a choking sensation in the throat.
--zu ykyky. To choke to death.
xoγulai --xu. To sob.

ZANGGIRAL / ЗАНГИРАЛ
n. Entanglement; choking.

ZANGLA-, 1.
v.i. To show temper.

ZANGLA-, 2. / ЗАНЛАХ
v.t. To hit with a rod or stick (punishment).

ZANGLANG / ЗАНЛАН(Г)
[Ch. chang lang 蜣螂] n. Wood borer, wood fretter (insect).

ZANGNA-, 1. / ЗАГНАХ, ЗАГИНАХ
v.i. To behave, act.

ZANGNA-, 2. / ЗАГНАХ, ЗАГИНАХ
v.t. To scold.

ZANGNA-, 3. / ЗАГНАХ
v.t. To line, sole.

ZANGSI- / ЗАНШИХ
v.i. To become a custom, form a habit; to become accustomed.

ZANGSIL / ЗАНШИЛ
n. Custom, habit, tradition.
-- bolxu. It becomes a habit or tradition.
-- ijen daγaxu. To follow one's custom or tradition.
josu --. Manners, custom; habit.
keb --. Custom, tradition.

ZANGSILГ-A / ЗАНШИЛГА, ЗАНШЛАГА
n. Custom, habit, tradition, fashion.

ZANGTAI / ЗАНТАЙ
adj. Having a certain habit or character; having a temper.
-- kymyn. Person who has a temper or is temperamental.
jeke --. Arrogant.
olan --. Moody, emotional.
sain -- kymyn. Person of good character.

ZANGX-A / ЗАНХ
-- numu. Bow made from buffalo horn.

ZANGZUN / ЖАНЖИН
[Ch. chiang-chün 將軍] n. General, commander, commanding general, governor-general.
byky cerig yn --. Commander-in-chief, commanding general.
jeryngkei --. Commander in chief.
ørlyg --. Marshall.

ZANID-
Same as zanu-.

ZANU- / ЗАНАХ
v.t. To threaten, menace; to brandish; to stamp in anger; to bear a grudge.
--xui xuruγu. Index finger.
xuruγu ber --xu. To shake one's finger at.

ZANUL / ЗАНАЛ



n. Threat; hatred.

ZANULTAI / ЗАНАЛТАЙ



adj. Threatening, frightening; hateful.

-- daisun. Sworn or bitter enemy.

ZAR, 1. / ЗАР



n. Written order or instruction; announcement, advertisement.

-- tarxaγaxu. To publish an announcement; to advertise.

ulaγan u -- bicig. Order for relay horses.

ZAR, 2.



-- zar. Onomat. describing chattering or chirping of birds.

ZAR, 3.



-- zabasar ygei. Without interruption, incessant[ly], without space.

bej-e -- zar kiky. To have a premonition; to sense what is coming; for the premonitory symptoms of a sickness to set in.

ZARAГ, 1. / ЗАРАГ



n. Snipe, woodcock.

yker -- . Large snipe.

ZARAГ, 2. / ЗАРАГ



kereg -- . Affairs in general.

ZARAГ-A / ЗАРАА



n. Hedgehog, porcupine.

-- ula. Thistle. [Gr.] Echinops dahuricus, Echinops Gmelinii.

dalai jin -- . Sea urchin.

ZARAXAI



adj. Having a retentive memory.

ZARCA



See zarci.

ZARCI / ЗАРЧ



[= zarca] n. Footman, servant, errand boy, messenger.

ZARCIM / ЗАРЧИМ



n. Principle, rule; custom.

-- baiγulxu. To make a rule, establish a rule.

-- ece dabaxu. To break a rule; to deviate from a principle.

-- i toγtaγaxu. To lay down a rule, establish a principle.

-- ygei. Without principles, unprincipled.

aradcilaγsan -- . The principle of democratization.

dyrim -- . Principle, rule.

ZARCIMLA- / ЗАРЧИМЛАХ



v.t. To establish as a principle; to make a rule or law; to follow a principle.

ZARIГU / ЗАРГА



n. Lawsuit, litigation.

--. ben ziγabai. [He] stated his complaint (hist. AT 113).

-- deileky. To win a lawsuit.

-- ji ilγaxu. To have a hearing, hear a case.

-- ji sigyky. To try a case.

-- medegylky. To make a complaint, start litigation.

-- sigyky γazar. Court of justice, tribunal.

-- zaγali. Lawsuit, litigation.

ZARIГUCI / ЗАРГАЧ



n. Judge; lawyer; pettifogger, litigious person.

ZARIГUГLA-



Same as zarγula-.

ZARIГULA- / ЗАРГАЛАХ



v.i. To bring action against, sue.

xaγan dur --n odxu. To take the case to the Khan.

ZARIГULDA- / ЗАРГАЛДАХ



v.i. To sue each other.

ZARGI-



Same as zirgi-.

ZARI



See zari.

ZARIГ



-- taγan. Freely; by itself, naturally; incidentally; at the same time.

ZARIM / ЗАРИМ



adj. Some, a certain: sometimes used instead of zarimduγ, one half or part of something.

-- daγan. Sometimes, from time to time, once in a while.

-- nige. Some, certain, one.

-- ud. Some of them, some person.

ZARIMDA



adv. Sometimes, from time to time.

ZARIMDUГ / ЗАРИМДАГ



n. and adj. One half; incomplete, semi-; maimed; non-vocalized (consonants).

-- jisγ. "Non-vocalized nine," the term given to the nine consonants: д,ж,з,с,т,х,ц,ч,ш in the Cyrillic alphabet.

-- kymyn. Handicapped or maimed person.

-- sar-a. Half a month; half-moon.

ZARIMDUГLA- / ЗАРИМДАГЛАХ



v t. To do something halfway or in part; to know in part.

ZARIMLA- / ЗАРИМЛАХ



v.t. To do something halfway or in part; to give a part.

--n øgky. To give or entrust a part of something.

--zu iregdekyi. Let some come!

xaγan u tøry ji --n øgky. To entrust part of the rule to.

ZARKIRA-



v.i. To make noise; to howl.

--xu daγu. Howling noise..

ZARLA- / ЗАРЛАХ



v.i. To order; to make known, publish, announce, proclaim.

--γsan bolzuγ-a. The announced term or date.

--n γarγaxu. To publish, announce.

--n jabuγulxu. To publish, promulgate, make a declaration.

--xu bicig. Notification, written instruction.

--zu xuralduγulxu. To assemble, convene.

dain --xu. To declare war.

delekei dakin-a --xu. To proclaim to the world.

egyn y tula --ba. For this reason this order is given (Ch. tz'ŭ - ling 此令) concluding formula for orders, regulations in Chinese chancelry style.

xural --xu. To convene a meeting or session.

ZARLAL / ЗАРЛАЛ



n. Publication, announcement, advertisement, poster, order.

sonin u --. Newspaper announcement or advertising.

ZARLIГ / ЗАРЛИГ



n. Decree, command, order, mandate; the Word (used only in reference to gods, sovereigns or feudal lords, and high government agencies).

-- baγulγaxu. To decree, order, command (of a sovereign).

-- bicig. Edict, ordinance, written order.

-- bolxu. To command; to speak (of rulers, buddhas, or high church dignitaries).

-- ece dabaxu. To transgress imperial orders.

-- esi. Word, command, decree, instruction , mandate, ordinance.

-- sojurxaxu. To tell, speak, announce, inform, order (hon.).

-- un orciγulγ-a. The Kanjur, first of the two main collections of Lamaist scriptures

burxan u --. The words (teaching) of the Buddha.

ezen -- ese bolba. The lord did not speak.

ZARLIГCILA- / ЗАРЛИГЧЛАХ



v.i. To act according to the order or command.

ZARLIГLA- / ЗАРЛИГЛАХ



v.i. To order, command, decree.

ZARM-A / ЗАРАМ, ЗАРМА



[= z̲arm-a] n. Groats, grits, bran; fine meal.

-- xoruxai. Bookworm (also fig.).

-- ziγasu. Small fish, fry, smelt, sparling, gudgeon.

ZARTU



-- xudalduγ-a. Public sale, auction.

ZARU- / ЗАРАХ



v.t. To use or have a servant, worker, etc.; to use, spend, disburse, or dispose of money; to send on an errand or mission; to slaughter animals.

--xu em-e. Maid, woman servant.
--zu daγusxaxu. To use up, spend all.
--zu ilegeky. To send, dispatch on an errand or mission.
arγ-a --xu. To use a ruse or artifice.
boγulcilan --xu. To enslave, reduce to serfdom.
elci --xu. To send an amissary or envoy.
kymyn --xu. To use a person; to send a person.
møngγy --xu. To spend money.
xoni --xu. To butcher a sheep.
zaruca --. To keep a servant or servants.

ZARUBDAL / ЗАРАВДАЛ
n. Expense[s]; expenditure.
-- syidkel. Budget; expenditure.
ulus un --. Government expenditure.

ZARUCA / ЗАРЦ
n. Footman, servant; menial worker.
kølysyn y --. Hired servant.

ZARUCALA- / ЗАРЦЛАХ
v.t. To send on an errand; to make one a servant.

ZARUD / ЗАРУУД
n. A tribe in Eastern Inner Mongolia.

ZARUDAL / ЗАРДАЛ
n. Expense, expenditure, budget.
cerig yn --. Military expenditure.
ulus un --. Government expenditure.
zam un --. Traveling expenses or allowance.

ZARUDASU(N) / ЗАРДАС
n. Servant, slave; messenger.

ZARUΓDA- / ЗАРАГДАХ
[v. pass. of zaru-] To be employed, sent; to serve, wait on.

ZARULΓ-A / ЗАРЛАГА
n. The act of zaru-; expense. expenditure; messenger.
-- γarγaxu. To send someone on a mission or errand; to send a messenger.
-- cerig. Orderly (mil.).

ZASA- / ЗАСАХ
v.t. To put in order, fix, repair, correct, make correction[s]; to improve; to

decorate; to castrate.
--n saiziraγulxu. To improve.
--n saiziraγulxu γazar. Reformatory.
--zu zalaraγulxu. To correct.
bej-e --xu. To treat medically; to improve one's personality or appearance.
debisker --xu. To fix the bedding; to make a bed.
ebedcin --. To cure an illness.
... josun ijer --xu. To fix, arrange, dress, or rule in the manner of ...
mal --xu. To castrate cattle.
masina ji --xu. To repair a machine.
oru --xu. To prepare a bed, make a bed.
xoγulai --xu. To clear one's throat.
ysyg --xu. To correct or read proof sheets.
zam --xu. To build or repair a road.

ZASABURI / ЗАСВАР
n. and adj. Correction, repair, arrangement, act of putting in order; proof sheet (print.); improvement; medical treatment; remedy; decoration; artificial, deceitful, illusory.
-- jin em. Medicine for regaining strength after illness, tonic.
-- yge. Deceitful words.

ZASABURILA- / ЗАСВАРЛАХ
v.t. To fix, repair, put in order; to adorn oneself; to decorate; to sham, be hypocritical.

ZASADAΓ / ЗАСДАГ
adj. Not natural or genuine; artificial, hypocritical, false; heretical.
-- jabudal. False conduct, hypocrisy.
-- nomtu. Follower of a false doctrine.
-- yge. Hypocritical speech, false, insincere words, servile words.
-- ygei. Veracious, honest, candid.

ZASADAΓLA- / ЗАСДАГЛАХ
v.i. To dissimulate, dissemble, pretend, be hypocritical.
--γsan cirai. Hypocritical mien.

ZASAΓ / ЗАСАГ
n. a) Rule, government, administration; ruling prince of a banner; power; political structure.
-- bariγulxu. To entrust the government (to someone).
-- blam-a. "Jasak lama," the ruling lama in certain great lamaseries.

-- i baiγulxu. To establish a rule, organize a government.
-- i delgeregylygci tysimel. Provincial treasurer (hist.,Ch. pu-cheng-shih 布政使).
-- i jabuγulxu. To exercise power.
-- i unaγaxu. To overthrow the government.
-- tøry. Government, regime.
-- un. Governmental, political.
-- un dyrim. Form of government.
-- un erke. Ruling or governmental power.
-- un γazar. Government.
-- un modu. A wooden stick used by gebkyi (q.v.) for disciplinary punishment in a monastery.
-- vang. Ruling prince.
-- ygei. Anarchy, anarchic.
-- zakirγ-a. Government, administration.
arad un erkety -- . People's power, democracy.
bygyde nairamdaxu arad un -- . Republican structure or organization.
ed yn -- . Finance, financial affair; economy.
ezen ty -- . Monarchy.
xaγantu -- . Monarchy.
xataγu -- . Harsh government, tyranny.
zøblelty --.. Soviet government.

b) Law, punishment, penalty.

-- ece getylgeky. To free from punishment.
-- josu. Laws, laws and customs, legal order.
-- tur toruγsan. Violator of the law.
-- xauli. Law[s].
nom un -- . Religious laws; religious government.

ZASAГCI / ЗАСАГЧ

pres. part. of zasa-. One who repairs, corrects, or fixes; judge, jurist (obs.); ruler, administrator (obs.).
caγ -- . Watch-repairer.
ejeber -- . The appellation of the years 1644-1661 during the Manchu Dynasty (Ch. shun-chih 順治).
kinan -- . Proofreader.
ysy -- . Hairdresser.

ZASAГLA- / ЗАСАГЛАХ

v.i. and t. To act according to the law; to administer law, govern; to penalize.
ezen ber josun ygei --mui. The lord does not rule according to law.

ZASAГLAL / ЗАСАГЛАЛ

n. Governing, ruling.

ZASAГTU / ЗАСАГТ

adj. Having a government; lawful, legitimate, conforming to the law.
-- nom. The Chinese Canon of History or Book of Documents (Ch. shu-chıng 書經).
-- xan. Zasaktu khan, title of one of the princes of the Khalkha.
-- xan aimak. Zasaktu Khan Aimak, one of the four aimaks of Outer Mongolia (hist.).

ZASAГUL / ЗАСУУЛ

n. Arbitrator, referee, umpire, judge; sentry, guard.
xurim un -- . Master of ceremonies.

ZASAГUL- / ЗАСУУЛАХ

[v. caus. of zasa-] To have something fixed or repaired.
baising i selbin --xu. To have the house repaired or remodelled.

ZASAL / ЗАСАЛ

n. Adornment or headdress of a married woman, therapeutic treatment (incl. supernatural); correction.
-- un γoduli. Large arrow with a tetrahedral head.
-- un sumu = -- un γoduli.
tøgen-e jin -- . Cauterization treatment.

ZASALГ-A / ЗАСЛАГА

n. Repairing, correction; therapeutic treatment.

ZASALTA / ЗАСАЛТ

n. The act of zasa-.

ZASAMAL / ЗАСМАЛ

[n.d. of zasa-] adj. Corrected, repaired, put in order; castrated, gelded.
-- zam. A constructed road, paved road.

ZASAMZIL / ЗАСАМЖИЛ

n. Reform, reconstruction, repairing.

ZASAMZILA- / ЗАСАМЖЛАХ

v.t. To correct, mend, repair, reform, reconstruct; to sham.

ZASARA- / ЗАСРАХ

v.i. To improve, get better.
bej-e --xu. To regain health.
ebedcin --xu. To recover from illness.
kymyn inu --xu. [His] personality is improving.

ZATI

[T. dsati, S. jāti] n. Nutmeg.

ZAUSI

Same as zaγusi.

ZAUZAI

Same as zaγusi.

ZAX-A, 1. / ЗАХ

n. Brim, rim, border, frontier; side, flank; collar; bazaar, market; used as a "classifier" for counting garments.
-- bolxu (attrib.). Contiguous, adjoining, adjacent.
-- du. Near, by, on the side or border; in the presence of.
-- ece abun. Often, frequently, mostly.
-- γazar. Borderland, marginal country.
-- jin camxaγ. Frontier watchtower.
-- jin kymyn. A frontiersman, people living on a frontier; person in attendance.
-- kizaγar. Frontier, borderland.
-- kizaγar ygei. Immense, unbounded, vast.
-- neileky. To border upon.
-- zegeli. Bazaar, market.
aimaγ un --. The border of an aimak.
camca jin --. Shirt collar.
ecige eke jin -- du. In the presence of one's father and mother.
nige -- xubcasun. One garment.
usun u --. Bank of a river, brook, or pond.
xotan u --. Outskirts of a town or city.

ZAX-A, 2.

n. Elder (usually used with ax-a, q.v.).

ZAXADA- / ЗАХДАХ

v.t. and i. To collar, seize by the neck; to be situated or move along the border or edge.

ZAXADU

See zax-a du.

ZAXAΓUR / ЗАХУУР

adv. Along the edge or border.
zegyn --. Along the eastern side or edge.

ZAXALA- / ЗАХЛАХ

v.t. To hem; to put or sew on a collar; to go along the edge or border.

ZAXAN / ЖААХАН

[= zaγaxan, zalxan] adj. Small, little, tiny.
-- keyken. Little girl.
-- zam. Path.

ZAXARA-

v.i. To be afraid, be frightened.

ZAXATU / ЗАХТ

adj. Having a border, edge, or collar.
-- debel. Ceremonial dress, uniform.

ZAZA

n. Barrier.

ZAZAΓADA- / ЗАЗААДАХ, ЗАЗГААДАХ

v.i. To be feeble or weak; to be unable to bear; to be perplexed or at a loss.

ZAZIΓUR / ЗАЖУУР

n. Lower part of the cheek.
-- orkixu. To turn away; to pay no attention to.

ZAZIΓURDA- / ЗАЖУУРДАХ

v.t. To pull by or pinch on the cheek.

ZAZIL- / ЗАЖЛАХ

v.t. To chew, masticate; to gossip.

ZAZILBURI / ЗАЖИЛБАР

n. Chewing; cud.

ZAZILBURILA- / ЗАЖИЛБАРЛАХ

v.t. To chew, masticate.

ZAZILBURITAI / ЗАЖИЛБАРТАЙ

adj. Requiring a lot of chewing, chewy.

ZEB / ЗЭВ

Intensifying adverbial particle preceding adjectives or adverbs beginning with the syllable ze.

ZEBE, 1. / ЗЭВ

n. Arrowhead, spearhead.

ZEBE, 2.

n. Narrow passage, defile.

ZEBEGE / ЗЭВЭЭ

[= zibege] n. Siberian salmon (Salmo lenoc).

ZEBEGYCE- / ЗЭВЫЦЭХ

See zibegyce-.

ZEBEGYN / ЗЭВЫН

adj. Cold, chilly.
kyb kyiten zeb --. Extremely cold.

ZEBEGYY / ЗЭВЫ

See zibegyy.

ZEBEGYYTEI / ЗЭВЫТЭЙ

See zibegyytei.

ZEBELE-

v.t. To arm.

ZEBI

See zibi.

ZEBSEG / ЗЭВСЭГ

adj. Arm, weapon; instrument, implement.
-- baγazi. Tools, instruments, equipment; weapons, arms.
-- xoruγdaγulxu. To reduce armaments.
-- xurijaxu. To collect arms; to disarm.
-- ygei. Unarmed; unequippped.
-- yn kycyn ijer. By force of arms.
-- yn xorij-a. Arsenal.
azil un --. Tools.
buu --. Weapons, arms, armament.
γaltu --. Firearms.
køgzim yn --. Musical instrument.
kyiten --. Arme blanche, silent weapons.

kyrel -- yn yj-e. The bronze age.
xalaγun --. Firearms.
zer --. Weapon, arm, armament.

ZEBSEGLE- / ЗЭВСЭГЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To arm, prepare arms; to equip.
--gsen bosulγ-a. Armed revolt.

ZEBSEGLEL / ЗЭВСЭГЛЭЛ

n. Armaments; arming.
cereg yn --. Armaments.

ZEBSEGTY / ЗЭВСЭГТ

adj. With arms, armed.
-- bosulγ-a. Armed revolt.
-- kycyn. Armed forces.

ZEBSEGZI- / ЗЭВСЭГЖИХ

v.i. To be well armed or equipped.

ZED, 1.

See zes.

ZED, 2. / ЗЭД

n. Money distributed among lamas taking active part in a religious ceremony.

ZEDKER / ЗЭТГЭР

n. Hindrance, obstacle, obstruction; temptation, seduction; demon, devil (obs.).
-- kiky. To hinder; to tempt, seduce, bewitch.
-- yn sibaγu. The "bird of obstacles" (i.e., of ill omen), the owl.
saγad --. Obstacles.

ZEDKERID-

v.t. and i. To hinder, make obstacles; .to be hindered; to be tempted.

ZEDKERIDKE-

v. caus. of zedkerid-.

ZEDKERIDYL

n. Obstacle, hindrance; distraction, temptation, seduction.

ZEDKERLE- / ЗЭТГЭРЛЭХ

v.t. To hinder; to bewitch, enchant.
cidkyr kymyn i --myi. Demons attack a person.

ZEDKY-

v.t. To hinder, clog, interrupt.
mør i --ky. To cut off the road.

ZEG

Same as zegeg.

ZEGEG / ЗЭЭГ

n . Ribbon-like trimming on garments (usually many-colored); galloon; a rope around an object.

ZEGEGLE- / ЗЭЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To put a trimming or a galloon around; to put a rope around something.

ZEGELE

See zegeli.

ZEGELE- / ЗЭЭЛЭХ

[= zigele-, zegeli-, zegelid-, zegelile-] v.t. To borrow.
--zy φgky. To lend, loan.
mφnggy --ky. To borrow money.
ner-e --ky. To be an imposter; to use another's name illegally.

ZEGELEL / ЗЭЭЛЭЛ

n. The act of borrowing; loan; something borrowed.

ZEGELELGE / ЗЭЭЛЛЭГ, ЗЭЭЛЭЛГЭЭ

n. Loan; borrowing, lending.

ZEGELI, 1. / ЗЭЭЛ

[= zegele] n. Debt, loan.
-- ber xudalduxu. To sell on credit.
-- talbixu. To loan, lend.

ZEGELI, 2. / ЗЭЭЛ

n. Street ; street. market; commercial district.
-- ergigci em-e. Streetwalker.
cixul -- . A narrow street.

ZEGELI-

See zegele-.

ZEGELID- / ЗЭЭЛДЭХ

See zegele-.

ZEGELILE- / ЗЭЭЛЛЭХ

See zegele-.

ZEGEN

Same as zigege.

ZEGERDE / ЗЭЭРД

adj. Red, chestnut.
-- mori. Chestnut horse.
ulaγan---. Red-chestnut.
ulaγan -- bolxu. To become flushed (as from drink).

ZEGER-E(N) / ЗЭЭР

n. Antelope (Ch. huang-yang 黄羊).

ZEGERGENE

n. Ephedra vulgaris.

ZEGES

n. Genitals (obs.).

ZEGESY(N) / ЗЭГС

[= zigesy(n)] n. Reed, rush, cane.
--n debisker. Cushion or mat of plaited rushes.
--n y oi. Sugar plantation.

ZEGY- / ЗҮҮХ

v.t. To hang, put on, wear (of ornaments, swords, etc.); to set a trap.
bilycyg --ky. To wear or put a ring on a finger.
cimeg --ky. To wear ornaments.
kituγ-a --ky. To put on or wear a knife or a sword.
maγu ner-e --ky. To bear a bad name.
sirx-a --ky. To receive a wound.
syike --ky. To wear earrings or headdress.
xoγusun ner-e ji --ky. To be something in name only (lit.: to hang an empty name on).

ZEGYBCI / ЗҮҮВЧ

n. Needle-case.

ZEGYDE(N) / ЗҮҮД

[= zegydy(n)] n. Dream.
-- ebedcin. Sleepwalking, somnambulism.
--n dy oruxu. To see in a dream.
--n-e yzeky. To see in a dream; to interpret a dream.

--n y tailburi. Interpretation of dreams, oneiromancy.

ZEGYDEL / ЗҮҮДЭЛ
n. Ornament[s] (usually of women).

ZEGYDELE- / ЗҮҮДЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To dream.
... i (ji) --ky. To dream about ...
zegyde --ky. To have a dream.

ZEGYDY(N) , etc.
See zegyde(n), etc.

ZEGYLE- / ЗҮҮЛЭХ
v.i. To talk in one's sleep.

ZEGYLGE- / ЗҮҮЛГЭХ
v. caus. of zegy-.

ZEGYLTE / ЗҮҮЛТ
n. Ornament, pendant; footnote.

ZEGYN, 1. / ЗҮҮН
adj. and adv. East, eastern, oriental; left.
-- bej-e. Eastern side or quarters.
-- emyn-e. Southeast.
-- γar. Left hand, left wing (milit.).
-- tesi. To the left.
-- uridu. Southeast.
-- uruγsi. To the southeast.
-- xoitu. Northeast.
-- y. Left, leftist.
-- y nuγulγ-a. Leftist deviation.
-- y nuγulγatan. Leftists, left deviators.
-- y uduriduly-a. Leftist leadership.
-- zyg. East.

ZEGYN, 2.
See zegyy.
-- xazaγai. A bird with a long beak resembling the snipe.

ZEGYNTEN / ЗҮҮНТЭН
n. Leftists.

ZEGYRMEG / ЗҮҮРМЭГ
adj. Half-asleep, drowsy.
-- ƒjer. While drowsing, being half-asleep.

ZEGYRMEGLE- / ЗҮҮРМЭГЛЭХ
v.i. To doze off.

ZEGYTEI / ЗҮҮТЭЙ
[= zegyty] adj. Acicular, thorny.

ZEGYTY / ЗҮҮТ
See zegytei.

ZEGYY / ЗҮҮ(Н)
[= zey, zegyn, 2] n. Needle; hand of a clock; injection, shot.
-- abuγci cilaγu. Lodestone, magnet (obs.).
-- sybeleky. To thread a needle.
-- talbixu. To give an injection.
caγ un --. Hour hand.
tarijan u --. Hypodermic needle.

ZEI-
[Ko.] v.t. and i. To surpass, outstrip, be outstanding.

ZEIGSEN
[Ko.] adj. So-called, supposed, would-be.

ZEKE- / ЗЭХЭХ
v.t. To prepare, make ready.

ZEKEGESY / ЗЭХЭЭС
n. Preparation, readiness.

ZEKEGESYTEI / ЗЭХЭЭСТЭЙ
adj. Prepared, ready.

ZEKEI / ЗЭХИЙ
[= zikei] adj. Mediocre, of poor quality; scanty, insufficient.
-- cai. Weak tea.

ZEKEID- / ЗЭХИЙДЭХ
v.i. To be of too poor quality.

ZEKEIKEN / ЗЭХИЙХЭН
adj. Rather ordinary, somewhat ordinary.
-- caγasu. Ordinary paper.
-- øgi Give a little more of it.

ZEKIR
-- sekir. Quite irrelevant, absolutely unimportant.

ZELE / ЗЭЛ

n. Rope stretched along the ground to which tethers for cattle are attached; tethering place for cattle; vine, tendrill; stem of creeping plants.

-- uraγ-a. A kind of trap for small animals and birds.

gegyn --. Tethering place for mares and colts.

ZELELE- / ЗЭЛЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To tie animals at the tethering place; to climb (as a vine); to stretch in one direction.

--n nisky. To fly in a straight line.

ZELEN

See under belen.

ZELMEGYR / ЗЭЛМҮҮР

n. Gulp, draught.

ZEMDEG / ЗЭМДЭГ, ЗЭМТЭГ

adj. Crippled, handicapped, maimed.

-- bolγaxu. To mutilate, maim, cripple.

ZEMDEGLE- / ЗЭМДЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To cripple.

ZEM-E, 1. / ЗЭМ

See zim-e.

ZEM-E, 2.

[Go.] n. Carrion.

ZEMELE-

See zimele-.

ZEMELEL

See zimelel.

ZEMETEN

See zimeten.

ZEMIS

Same as zimis,

ZEMSEG / ЖЭМСЭГ

[= zimseg] n. Ornaments, pendants; also = zebseg (q.v.).

ZEMSEGLE- / ЖЭМСЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To wear ornaments.

ZENGKIR

n. Vitriol.

ZER / ЗЭР

n. Weapons, armament.

-- zebe = -- zebseg. Weapons, arms, armament.

-- zebseg yn suryaγuli. Training in the use of arms, military training.

ZERDE

Same as zegerde.

ZERGE / ЗЭРЭГ

a) n. Sort, kind, category; class, rank; level; order, degree; stage.

-- colu. Rank and title.

-- duγar. Classification.

-- dyr debsigylky. To promote to a higher rank.

-- ebdeky. To deprive of rank.

-- kergem. Rank, title.

-- nemeky. To raise in rank.

-- unaxu. To lose one's rank.

-- xasuxu. To reduce in rank.

-- zerge jin. Of various kinds, heterogeneous.

erdemten y --. Academic degree.

γurbaduγar --. Third degree, grade, class, or quality.

jambar -- jin kymyn bain-a? What kind of a person is he?

kiri --. Degree, extent.

kiri -- meden-e yy? To what degree do [you, etc.] know it?

b) adv. Together, simultaneously; as soon as.

-- ber. All together; simultaneously.

-- boaxu. To raise together.

-- unaxu. To fall simultaneously, to wrestle to a draw.

saγuxu tai --. As soon as [one] sat down.

c) And so on, et cetera, and others.

-- jin. And so on, et cetera, and others.

caγasu xaranda --. Paper and pencils, etc.

ede nar un --. Such persons as these.

d) Special uses.

nigen -- yzeky. To look at or read for a while.

nigen -- zobazu nigen -- bajarlaxu. To worry at one moment and be happy at another; to be now sad, now happy.

ZERGECE- / ЗЭРЭГЦЭХ, ЗЭРГЭЦЭХ



v.i. To come up to, come alongside; stand in line or in file; to belong to a class or category; to equal, be a match for.
--zy jabuxu. To walk side by side.
--zy zoγsuxu. To stand in line.
eng --ky. To vie with each other.
møry --ky. To brush against somebody's shoulder; to be on the same level with somebody.

ZERGECEGE / ЗЭРЭГЦЭЭ



adj. and adv. Parallel, neighboring; simultaneous; at the same time, along with.
-- ber. Simultaneously, parallel.
-- ber kødelky. To move simultaneously.
-- ceg. Colon (in punctuation).
-- siγum. Parallel line[s].
egyn y -- ber. Together with this, along with this.

ZERGECEGYL- / ЗЭРЭГЦҮҮЛЭХ



[v. caus. of zergece-] v.t. To place side by side, alongside; to juxtapose, line up; to compare; to make equal.
--yn talbixu . To put next to, place side by side.
--yn yzeky. To compare with.

ZERGECEL / ЗЭРЭГЦЭЛ



n. The act of zergece-.

ZERGECILEN



adv. Parallel to, alongside; according to rank or class.
-- biciky. To write alongside; to list according to rank.

ZERGEL- / ЗЭРЭГЛЭХ



[= zirgel-] v.i. To shine at a distance; to appear indistinctly at a distance.
zergelgen --kv. For a mirage to appear.

ZERGELDE



Same as zergeldege.

ZERGELDE- / ЗЭРГЭЛДЭХ



v.i. To be parallel, be alongside, be equal, come up to.

ZERGELDEGE / ЗЭРГЭЛДЭЭ



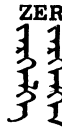
adj. and n. Parallel; neighboring; neighbor.
-- ail. Neighboring family.
-- siγum. Parallel line.
egyn y -- ber. Along with this.

ZERGELE- / ЗЭРЭГЛЭХ



v.i. and t. To stand in line; to put in a class, rank, category.
--n talbixu. To put or arrange in a line or in order.

ZERGELGE(N) / ЗЭРЭГЛЭЭ



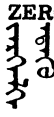
[= zirgelgen] n. Mirage, fata morgana; phantom; optical illusion.
-- tataxu. For a mirage to form.
sedkikyi anu --n mety bui. Thought is like a phantom.

ZERGELGEDE- / ЗЭРЭГЛЭЭТЭХ



[= zergelgende-] v.i. For a mirage to appear; to loom.

ZERGELGENDE-



See zergelgede-.

ZERGEMZI / ЗЭРГЭМЖ



n. Rank, class, degree.

ZERGEN-E



Same as zegergen-e.

ZERGETEI / ЗЭРЭГТЭЙ



adj. Having a rank.

ZERGETEN / ЗЭРЭГТЭН



n. Functionaries, officials.

ZERIMDYǴ



Same as zarimduγ.

ZERLIG / ЗЭРЛЭГ



adj. Wild, living or growing in a state of nature; savage; stray.
-- aduγusun. Wild beasts.
-- ebesy. Weed.
-- kymyn. Wild person, savage, barbarian.

-- olusu. Wild hemp.
-- songgina. Wild Altaic) onion, Allium altaicum, Allium sibiricum.
-- sumu. Stray bullet or arrow.
-- xalaγun ebesy. Wild leek.
-- xusiγan u modu. Wild walnut tree.
-- yzym. [Gu.] Black-bryony.
-- zang zangsil. Vandalism, barbarism.
doγsin --. Savage.

ZERLIGLE- / ЗЭРЛЭГЛЭХ
v.t. To bury, inter, inhume.

ZERLIGSI- / ЗЭРЛЭГШИХ
v.i. To grow wild.

ZERM-E
n. A kind of wild pepper , Xanthoxylum piperetum.

ZES / ЗЭС
[= zis, zed, l.] n. Copper.
-- cilaγu(n). Blue vitriol, copper sulphate.
-- digda. Gentian.
-- i uralaγci. Coppersmith (obs.).
-- inu cuxuizu bain-a. The copper is showing ("the true color is revealed").
-- yn bala. Verdigris.
-- yn darxan. Coppersmith, tinker.
-- yn sirui. Copper ore.
-- zogus. Copper money.

ZESCI / ЗЭСЧ
n. Coppersmith.

ZESE-, 1. / ЗЭСЭХ
v.t. To put on (as a saddle); to put in order, arrange, prepare.

ZESE-, 2. etc.
See zise-, etc.

ZESEGYL
Same as zisegyl.

ZESEGYR
n. Equipment, tools, instruments.
zam un --. Traveling equipment.

ZESELGE, 1.
n. Utensils, tools.

ZESELGE, 2.
n. Something prepared, supplies, preparation.

ZETEGENE / ЗЭТГЭНЭ
n. Strawberry.

ZETER / ЗЭТЭР
n. Hangnail.

ZEY / ЗҮҮ
See zegyy.

ZEY
[Ch. chou 州] n. "Chou," Chinese historical administrative division, originally province, in recent times subprefecture, above hsien.
-- jin medegci. Chief of a district (Ch. chih-chou 知州).

ZIB, 1. / ЖИВ
Intensifying adverbial particle preceding adjectives and adverbs beginning with the syllable zi.
-- zikegyn. Extremely cold.

ZIB, 2.
n. Bat (mammal).

ZIB, 3. / ЖИВ
n. Artifice, deceit; bizarre custom.

ZIB- / ЖИВЭХ
v.i. To sink. Cf. cib-.
--zy ykyky. To drown.
ongγuca --ky. For a boat to sink.

ZIBA
[= ziva, T. skye ba] n. Rebirth, reincarnation.

ZIBAR, 1. / ЖАВАР
n. Cold air.
-- kyiten. Severe cold.
-- salkin. Cold wind.

ZIBAR, 2.
n. Appearance, look.

ZIBARLA- / ЖАВАРЛАХ
v.i. To blow (of cold wind).

ZIBARTAI / ЖАВАРТАЙ

[= zibartu] adj. Cold.

ZIBARTU / ЖАВАРТ

See zibartai.

ZIBBY-

Same as zib-.

ZIBBYGYL / ЖИВХҮҮЛ, ЖИВГҮҮЛ

See zibgeyl.

ZIBBYGYL- / ЖИВҮҮЛЭХ, ЖИВГҮҮЛЭХ

[= zibgegyl-] v. caus. of zib-.

ZIBE

See zibi.

ZIBEDE-

Same as zibere-.

ZIBEGE

See zebege

ZIBEGYCE- / ЖИВҮҮЦЭХ

[= zebegyce-] v.i. To be disgusted with, have an aversion to; to loathe.

ZIBEGYCEL / ЖИВҮҮЦЭЛ

n. Repugnance, aversion.

ZIBEGYRE- / ЖИВҮҮРЭХ

Same as zibegyce-.

ZIBEGYRKE- / ЖИВҮҮРХЭХ

Same as zibegyce-.

ZIBEGYRKEL / ЖИВҮҮРХЭЛ

Same as zibegycel.

ZIBEGYY / ЖИВҮҮ

[= zebegyy] n. Aversion, disgust, repugnance, repulsiveness.
-- kyrky. To have an aversion to, be disgusted with.

ZIBEGYYTEI / ЖИВҮҮТЭЙ

[= zebegyytei] adj. Contemptible, despicable, disgusting, disgusted.

ZIBER, 1. / ЖИВЭР

n. Fin[s] of a fish; sometimes used instead of zigyr, q.v.

ZIBER, 2. / ЖИВЭР

n. Beard (elevated style).

ZIBERE- / ЗЭВРЭХ

[= zibire-] v.i. To rust, be[come] rusty.

ZIBGEGYL- / ЖИВҮҮЛЭХ

See zibbygyl-.

ZIBGEYL / ЖИВХҮҮЛ

[= zibbygyl] n. Weight on a fishing net; sinker.

ZIBI / ЗЭВ, ЖИВ

[= zebi, zibe, zabi, l.] n. Rust, stain.
-- ber abtaxu. To rust.

ZIBIRE-

See zibere-.

ZIBSANG

[Go.] n. Coquette.

ZIBTEI / ЖИВТЭЙ

adj. Treacherous, crafty.

ZIBXUГ-A / ЖАВХАА

Same as zibxulang.

ZIBXULANG / ЖАВХЛАН(Г)

n. Grandeur, greatness, majesty, splendor.

ZIBXULANGTAI / ЖАВХЛАНТАЙ

See zibxulangtu
-- ber. Majestically, grandiosely, magnificently.

ZIBXULANGTU / ЖАВХЛАНТ

[= zibxulangtai] adj. and n. Magnificent, majestic, splendid, grand; powerful, mighty. Name of the city formerly known as Ulijasutai (administrative center of Dzabkhan aimak).

ZIBXULZA- / ЖАВХАЛЗАХ
v.i. To move majestically.

ZICI, 1. / ЖИЧ
n. Great-grandson.

ZICI, 2. / ЖИЧ
conj., adv., and adj. And, also, and also, furthermore, especially.
-- basa. And after, also.
-- kereg. Special matter or case.
-- medegdeky. To inform separately.

ZICINCER
n. Great great-grandson.

ZID, 1.
Same as zud.

ZID, 2.
-- zid. Onomat. adv. expressive of sound made by a small bird.

ZIDA / ЖАД
n. Spear, javelin, bayonet.
-- jin modu. Shaft of a lance.
-- jin yzygyr. Point of a javelin.
-- xanaγur. Lancet.

ZIDALA- / ЖАДЛАХ
v.t. To pierce or transfix with a spear or bayonet.
zida ber --xu. To pierce with a lance.

ZIDKE-
Same as zidky-.

ZIDKY- / ЗУТГЭХ
v.t. and i. To pull; to endeavor, strive, exert oneself; to render a service.
--ky mal. Draught animal.
--n cirmaixu. To exert oneself, make an effort.
--n sedkiky. To make an effort, try to.
idebkitei ber --ky. To strive energetically.
kycyn --ky. To give one's strength to; to exert one's strength or effort.
terge --ky. To pull a cart.

ZIDKYL / ЗУТГЭЛ
n. Endeavor, effort, zeal, fervor; ardor.
γabiȷ-a --. Merit.

ZIDKYL- / ЗУТГЭЛЭХ
[v. freq. of zidky-] v.t. and i. To keep pulling; to keep striving.

ZIDKYLGE(N) / ЗУТГЭЛГЭ
n. Diligence, application, zeal, earnestness; endeavor.
-- ilerek. For one's efforts to show results.
--n i egγsgeky. To start an endeavor.

ZIDKYLTEI / ЗУТГЭЛТЭЙ
[= zidkylty] adj. Zealous, striving, industrious; merited, having merits.

ZIDKYLTEN / ЗУТГЭЛТЭН
n. Those who help to achieve a certain goal.
sinzileky uxaγan u --. Scientist[s].
ulus tøry jin --. Political leader[s].

ZIDKYLTY / ЗУТГЭЛТ
See zidkyltei.

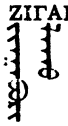
ZIDKYMZI / ЗУТГЭМЖ
n. Endeavor, effort, assiduity, application.

ZIГA- / ЗААХ
v.t. To point out, show, demonstrate; to teach, instruct.
--xu arγ-a. Teaching method.
--xu orun. Accusative case (gram.).
--xu tølygen y yge. Demonstrative pronoun.
--xu yile yge. Demonstrative verb (e.g. cinggi- "to do that way," inggi- "to do this way").
--xu xuruγu. Forefinger.
jasu --xu. To distinguish oneself by patience; patience, endurance.
kicijel --xu. To instruct, teach a class.
ner-e --xu. To use someone's name for dishonest purposes.
nom --xu. To teach reading and writing.
xuruγu ber ijen --xu. To point one's finger at.
yge --xu. To instigate, incite.
zam --xu. To show the way.

ZIГABURI / ЗААВАР
n. Instructions, directions; directive.
-- γarγaxu. To give instructions or directions; to issue orders.
-- øgky. To give instructions.
tusijal --. Orders, instructions, directions, directives.

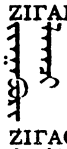
ZIГABURICIN
n. Instructor, teacher.

ZIГABURILA- / ЗААВАРЛАХ



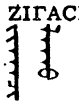
v.t. To give instructions or directions.

ZIГABURILAГCI / ЗААВАРЛАГЧ



[pres. part. of ziγaburila-] n. Instructor.

ZIГACILA-



See ziγasucila-.

ZIГACIN

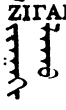


Same as ziγasuci(n).

ZIГAГ / ЗААГ

Same as zaγaγ.

ZIГAKILA-



See ziγalkila-.

ZIГALГ-A / ЗААЛГА



n. Lesson.

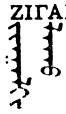
ZIГALГA- / ЗААЛГАХ



[v. caus. of ziγa-] v.i. To have someone teach one a subject; to be taught.

nom --xu. To be taught reading and writing.

ZIГALKILA-



[= ziγakila-] Same as zaγa-.

ZIГALTA / ЗААЛТ

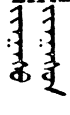


n. Instruction, direction; pointer; index.

ZIГAR

See zaγar.

ZIГASU(N) / ЗАГАС



n. Fish.

-- barixu. To fish.

--n [u] cabau. Fish glue.

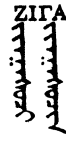
--n u aimaγ i sinzileky uxaγan. Ichthyology.

aburγ-u --. Shark.

altan --. Goldfish.

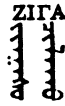
nisky --. Flying fish.

ZIГASUCI(N) / ЗАГАСЧ



n. Fisherman.

ZIГASUCILA- / ЗАГАСЧЛАХ



[= ziγacila-] v.t. To fish.

ZIГATUNA-



Same as zaγatuna-.

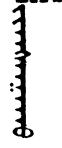
ZIГSA- / ЖАГСАХ



v.i. To line up, stand in line, fall into line or formation; to participate in a procession or parade.

zergelen --xu. To form a line, line up.

ZIГSAГA- / ЖАГСААХ



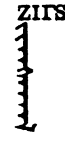
[v. caus. of ziγsa-] v.t. To line up, arrange in formation; to enumerate.

cerig --xu. To arrange the soldiers in formations.

neres i --xu. To list names.

nige nige ber --n biciky. To enumerate one by one in writing.

ZIГSAГAL / ЖАГСААЛ



n. Battle array, formation; procession, parade, demonstration; rank, file.

-- ece (with gen. preceding). From the rank and file of ...

-- un daruγ-a. Master of ceremonies at a parade or demonstration.

-- un debel. Ceremonial dress, uniform.

-- un seyke. A ceremonial palanquin.

bajar un --. Parade.

moritu --. Cavalry formation.

syrty --. Demonstration (milit. or polit.).

toid un --. Religious procession.

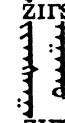
tøry jin --. Imperial procession at state ceremonies.

ZIГSAГALCI / ЖАГСААЛЧ



n. Master of ceremonies; honor guard.

ZIГSAГALГA- / ЖАГСААЛГАХ



v. caus. of ziγsaγa-.

ZIГSAГALTA / ЖАГСААЛТ



n. Formation, arrangement, order; demonstration; list, register.

neres yn --. List of names, roster.

ZIГSAГUL- / ЖАГСУУЛАХ
v. caus. of ziγsa-.

ZIГU-, 1. / ЗУУХ
ami --. To live, exist, obtain means of livelihood.

ZIГU-, 2.
See ziγuxu.

ZIГUCI, 1. / ЖУУЧ
Same as zaγuci.

ZIГUCI, 2. / ЖУУЧ
n. Guide, messenger, courier, envoy; translator; guest.

ZIГUCIN
See under xadaγasu(n)

ZIГUL-
Same as suγul-.

ZIГULCI(N) / ЖУГУУЛЧ
[= zaγulci(n)] n. Traveler, guest, passer-by; traveling merchant.
--n u zam. Trade route, road.

ZIГULCILA- / ЖУГУЛЧЛАХ
v.i. To travel; to go visiting.

ZIГURA- / ЗУУРАХ
[= zuγura-] v.t. To knead, mix.
beke --xu. To prepare ink on an ink-slab.
beke --xu cilaγu. Ink-slab.
em --xu. To mix medicine.
γulir --xu. To knead dough.

ZIГURAГUL / ЗУУРУУЛ
n. Ink-slab (stone on which ink is prepared for use).

ZIГURALDU- / ЗУУРАЛДАХ
[v. rec. of ziγura- = zuγuraldu-] v.i. To mix together.
-- bailduxu. To fight hand to hand.

ZIГURCI
n. Interpreter; middleman, broker.

ZIГURCILA-
v.t. and i. To use an interpreter or intermediary in negotiations.

ZIГUTAГA- / ЗУГТААХ
See zuγtaγa-.

ZIГUXU / ЖУУХ
[= ziγu-, 2] --[bicig]. Mandate, diplomatic credentials
-- bicig i γardaγulun bariγulxu. To present diplomatic credentials.

ZIG / ЖИГ
n. Anything hard to understand: oddness, strangeness; marvel.
-- bolxu. To become strange or mysterious, for something strange to happen.
-- kiky. To be startled (as from fear or disgust).
-- oruxu = -- bolxu.
-- uryuxu = -- bolxu.

ZIGDE / ЖИГД
adj. and adv. Even[ly], simultaneous[ly].
-- ber. Evenly, simultaneously.
-- kødelgen. Even or simultaneous movement

ZIGDELE- / ЖИГДЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To equalize, divide equally; to be sorted equally, arranged evenly.
--n zergeleky. To arrange in orderly fashion.

ZIGDELEGYL- / ЖИГДЛҮҮЛЭХ
[v. caus. of zigdele-] To distribute evenly, assort.

ZIGDERE- / ЖИГДРЭХ
v.i. To become even.

ZIGE / ЗЭЭ
n. Child of one's daughter or sister; child of any of one's female descendants.
-- kybegyn. Grandson (son of the daughter).
-- nar = zigener. Descendants of one's sister or daughter.
-- økin. Granddaughter (daughter of the daughter).

ZIGEGE / ЗЭГЭЭ
n. Glutton, wolverine (zool.).

ZIGEGYR-

Same as zibegyce-.

ZIGEI- / ЖИЙХ

See zigii-.

ZIGELE-, etc. / ЗЭЭЛЭХ

See zegele-, etc.

ZIGENCER / ЗЭЭНЦЭР

n. One's daughter's grandson.

ZIGENER

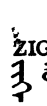
Same as zige nar. See under zige.

ZIGERGE-

See zigirge-.

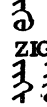
ZIGERGYN-E

Same as zegergen-e.

ZIGESY(N) / ЗЭГС

See zegesy(n).

ZIGI-

See zigii-.

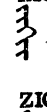
ZIGIGI- / ЖИЙГЭХ

v.i. To hum, buzz, chirp, chirup.

ZIGII- / ЖИЙХ

[= zigei-, zigi-] v.t. To stretch, extend, prolong; to be stubborn or persistent.
baraγun [γar] ijen --ky. To extend the right hand.
køl ijen -- . To stretch one's legs.

ZIGIILGE- / ЖИЙЛГЭХ

v. caus. of zigii-.

ZIGIIREG / ЖИЙРЭГ

[= zigireg] n. Wrapping or packing material for fragile things; washer (mech.); bandage.
-- talbixu. To apply a bandage.
jar-a jin -- . Bandage.

ZIGIIREGLE- / ЖИЙРЭГЛЭХ

v.t. To wrap fragile things in something soft; to interlay with soft material in packing in order to absorb shock.

ZIGINE-

v.i. To extend or stretch by itself; to attain peace of mind, calm down.

ZIGINEGYL-

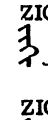
[v. caus. of zigine-] v.t. To stretch, elongate, make straight.

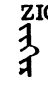
ZIGIR-

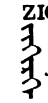
v.i. To quake, shudder with horror or fear; to shudder with cold.

ZIGIREG

See zigiireg.

ZIGIRGE-

[= zigerge-, zimyrge-] v.t. To frighten, shock.

ZIGIRGEMSIG

n. Horror, terror.
-- ygei zoriγ. Determination.

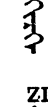
ZIGIRGEMSIGTEI

[= zigirgemsigty] adj. Horrible, terrible.

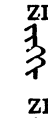
ZIGIRGEMSIGTY

See zigirgemsigtei.

ZIGKI-

See under zig.

ZIGLE- / ЖИГЛЭХ

v.i. To be shameless, impudent; to trick, trap

ZIGSI- / ЖИГШИХ

v.i. To abhor, hate, be disgusted with; to loathe, dislike; to shy at.
--gsen mori. Shying horse.
--n yzeky. To regard with contempt, abhor.

ZIGSIGE- / ЖИГШЭЭХ

See zigsigyl-.

ZIGSIGYL- / ЖИГШҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of zigsi- = zigsige-] v.t. To arouse aversion, disgust, repugnance.

ZIGSIGYRI / ЖИГШҮҮР

n. Contempt, scorn, disdain; indignation, disgust.

aversion, digust, disgrace, shame.
-- ben yzegylky. To disgrace oneself.
-- bolxu. To be the laughing stock.

ZIGSIGYRI- / ЖИГШҮҮРЭХ
[= nigsigyre-] v.i. To be abominable, evoke contempt.

ZIGSIGYRITEI / ЖИГШҮҮРТЭЙ
[= zigsigyrity] adj. Abominable, contemptible, loathsome.

ZIGSIGYRITY
See zigsigyritei.

ZIGSIKE- / ЖИГШХЭХ
Same as zigsi-.

ZIGSIL / ЖИГШИЛ
n. Aversion, disgust.

ZIGSIMER / ЖИГШМЭЭР
adj. Abominable, loathsome.

ZIGSIMERI
n. Aversion, disgust.

ZIGSIMERITEI
Same as zigsigyritei

ZIGSIMYR
Same as zigsimer.

ZIGTEI / ЖИГТЭЙ
adj. Odd, strange, peculiar; crafty.
-- ! Strange!
-- jabudal. Strange act[ion] or matter.

ZIGTEIKEN / ЖИГТЭЙХЭН
adj. Strange; cute (usually said of something small).

ZIGY
n. Descendant in the fifth generation.

ZIGYR / ЖИГҮҮР
n. Wing (of birds, insects, etc.); wing, flank, side.
-- yn kerem. Semicircular wall, side wall.

-- yn said. Vice-president of ministry (Manchu system, Ch. shih-lang 侍郎).
-- yn xaγalγ-a. Side door.
altan --. Siskin, the gold-winged bird.

ZIGYRLE- / ЖИГҮҮРЛЭХ
v.i. To develop wings; to become feathered.

ZIGYRTEI / ЖИГҮҮРТЭЙ
See zigyrty .

ZIGYRTEN / ЖИГҮҮРТЭН
n. The winged creatures, birds.

ZIGYRTY / ЖИГҮҮРТ
[= zigyrtei] adj. Winged.
-- mese. "Winged sword," metaphor for arrow (T. hdab ldan mtshon, "winged weapon").
-- xuluγan-a. Bat.

ZIGZEI-
[= zingzei-] v.i. To be of small build, be short, be stunted in growth.

ZIGZIGIR / ЗЭГЗГЭР, ЖИГЖГЭР
adj. Tiny, short, stunted.

ZIJAD
-- zijad. Onomat. particle describing cry of birds.

ZIJAG-A(N) / ЗАЯА
Same as zajaγ-a(n).

ZIJANG / ЖАН(Г)
[Ch. chiang 醬] n. Spicy paste made from bean flour, soy.

ZIJANGCA
-- xoruxai. Cicindela chinensis, small worm, with black and yellow spots, which eats kidney beans.

ZIJANGGIJUN
Same as zangzun.

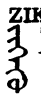
ZIJAR
-- zir. Onomat. descriptive of cry of birds.

ZIKEGYCE- / ЖИХУУЦЭХ



v.i. To shiver.
kviten dy bej-e --ky. To shiver from cold.

ZIKEGYCEL / ЖИХУУЦЭЛ



n. State of zikegyce-.

ZIKEGYN / ЖИХУУН



adj. Cold, frosty, chilly.
-- aγur. Cold air.
-- bulaγ. Cold spring.
-- edyr. A chilly day.
-- kyiten. Extreme cold.
-- salki. Cold wind.
-- sigyderi. Cold dew.

ZIKEGYRE- / ЖИХУУРЭХ



v.i. To be chilled; to shiver; to become cold (of weather).

ZIKEGYREL / ЖИХУУРЭЛ



n. State of zikegyre-.

ZIKEI



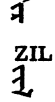
See zekei.

ZIKA



[T. lcah sga] n. Dried ginger.

ZIKIR-



v.i. To shiver with cold; to be sensitive to cold.

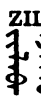
ZIL / ЖИЛ



n. Year (cf. on).
-- bolγan. Yearly, every year.
-- byri. Every year, yearly.
-- oruxu. Every 13th year the animal cycle repeats itself, hence the 13th, 25th, 37, etc. of a person's life are called oruγsan zil and are considered critical years. In such years a red trouser belt is worn instead of the regular one.
-- toγurin. Through the whole year.
-- yn oi. Anniversary, jubilee.
bajan --. Year of plenty.
elbeg --. Year of plenty.
ireky --. Next year.
nidunun --. Last year.
oruxu --. Next year.
suryaγuli jin --. School year, academic year.

xoitu --. Next year.
xoitu jin xoitu --. The year after next year.

ZILABALZA- / ЖАЛБАЛЗАХ



v.i. To move or turn (of eyes); to twinkle, sparkle, shine.
cakilγan --mui. Lightning flashes.

ZILABCI / ЖАЛАВЧ



n. Small kettle; bowl.

ZILAГ



Same as zilaγai.

ZILAГ-A



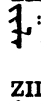
Same as zilγ-a.

ZILAГAI / ЖАЛГАЙ



[= zilaγar] adj. and n. Flat, level; sandbank, shoal; a river deep at one bank and shallow at the other.

ZILAГAR



See zilaγai.

ZILAN



-- xusiγu sumu. Arrow with a flattened head. (Ch. chien-p'i-chien 尖披箭).

ZILBI, 1.



See ilbi.

ZILBI, 2. / ЖИЛЭВ, ЖИЛБЭ



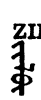
n. Colostrum.

ZILBI, 3.



n. Great hunger or thirst.

ZILBID-



v.i. To desire ardently; to be an epicure.
idegen umdaγan dur --ky. To be a gourmet.

ZILBILE-



v.t. To deceive, lure.

ZILBING / ЖИЛБЭН



n. A disease of cattle. [Mo.] Horse disease in which the feet become stiff and the body covered with festering boils.

ZILBINGDE- / ЖИЛБЭНТЭХ

v.i. To suffer from zilbing, q.v.

ZILBIRKE- / ЖИЛБЭРХЭХ

v.i. To desire ardently; to be an epicure.

ZILBIRKEL / ЖИЛБЭРХЭЛ

n. Ardent desire, passion, longing.

ZILBITEI / ЖИЛЭВТЭЙ

adj. Having great desire to eat and drink.

ZILBUDASUN

[Go.] Skin of animal body or fruit.

ZILBURA-

See zilγura-.

ZILDAM, 1. / ЖАЛДАМ

adj. and n. Open (of place or space), level; plain.

-- tal-a. Open steppe, open field.

aγula γoul ygei -- tybsin γazar. Place where there are neither mountains nor rivers but only plains.

ZILDAM, 2. / ЖАЛДАМ

n. Skillful skater.

ZILDY

n. Head and heart of a slaughtered domestic animal.

ZILDYNYR

n. Mica.

ZILГ-A / ЖАЛГА

n. Ravine, dell, hollow, basin, ditch.

ZILГURA- / ЗУЛГАРАХ

[= zilbura-, zulγura-] v.i. To fall out (of hair).

ZILGY- / ЗУЛГЭХ

See zylgy-.

ZILGYGYR / ЗУЛГУУР

See zylgygyr

ZILLI- / ЖИЛЛИЙХ

v.i. To flee, take flight; to go astray.

ZILMALZA-

Same as zigle-.

ZILMEI-

v.i. Not to know or show shame; to be shameless. (Cf. zigle-).

niγur --n. Shamelessly.

ZILTASUN

n. Address, inscription, name card, label.

ner-e --. Inscription; title; address.

ZILTEI / ЖИЛТЭЙ

adj. Being born in a certain year of the animal cycle.

ta jambar -- ? What is your birth year?

xonin --. Born in the "sheep" year

ZILU-

[= zulu-, 2.] v.i. To flee, run away; to avoid.

ZILUГ-A / ЖОЛОО

n. Reins.

tøry jin --. Reins of government.

ZILUГACI / ЖОЛООЧ

n. Coachman, driver, chauffeur, pilot.

masin-a jin --. Chauffeur.

nisky ongγucan u --. Pilot of an airplane.

ZILUГACILA- / ЖОЛООЧЛОХ

v.i. and t. To be a leader, driver; to lead, direct.

ZILUГADA- / ЖОЛООДОХ

[= ziluγud-] v.t. To lead, direct; to drive, steer.

--zu suryaxu. To direct, guide in studies.

ama --xu. To hold one's tongue.

masin-a --xu. To drive an automobile.

uduridun --xu. To lead, guide, direct.

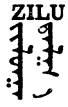
ZILUГADAГCI / ЖОЛООДОГЧ

n. Coachman; conductor; director, leader.

arad tymen y --. Leader of the people.

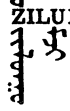
ZILUГADAL / ЖОЛООДОЛ

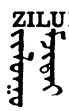
n. Direction, leadership.

ZILUГADALГ-A / ЖОЛООДЛОГО

n. Direction, leadership.

ZILUГUD-

See ziluγada-.

ZILUГUMZI / ЖОЛООМЖ

n. Tractability.
-- ygei. Untractable, disobedient.

ZILUГUMZITAI / ЖОЛООМЖТОЙ

adj. Docile, obedient, tractable.

ZILUG

[= sbiilug, T. spyi blugs] n. Water pot used by lamas when traveling.

ZIM, 1. / ЖИМ

See nam, 2.

ZIM, 2. / ЖИМ

n. Turf, sward; sod cut out in the shape of bricks to make walls.
-- kerem. Thick, high wall made of sod .

ZIM, 3. / ЖИМ

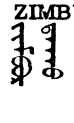
n. Trace, trail.

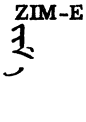
ZIM-

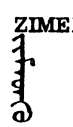
v.i. To sink, go down.
dalai dotur-a --ygsen. Flowing into the ocean.

ZIMBUR

n. Flute.

ZIMBURDA-

v.t. To play the flute.

ZIM-E / ЗЭМ

[= zem-ę,l] n. Conduct, manner of behavior, procedure; blame, reprimand; fault.
-- josu. Custom, conduct, procedure.
-- josutu. Penitent.
bej-e dyr -- xaldaxu. To be blamed for, be accused of.
jal-a -- . Punishment, penalty.

ZIMED-

v.t. To accuse; to blame, reprimand; to be indignant.

ZIMEDKE-

v. caus. of zimed-.

ZIMELE- / ЗЭМЛЭХ

[= zemele-] v.t. To chide, scold; to lecture; to accuse, blame, reproach.

ZIMELEL / ЗЭМЛЭЛ

n. Blame, reproach, accusation.
-- kylijeky. To be rebuked; to receive a reprimand.

ZIMELELGE / ЗЭМЛЭЛЭГ

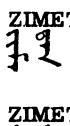
n. Blame, reprimand; displeasure.

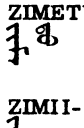
ZIMES

Same as zimis.

ZIMETEI / ЗЭМТЭЙ

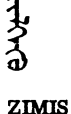
[= zimety] adj. Guilty, accused; faulty.

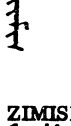
ZIMETEN / ЗЭМТЭН

[= zemeten] n. Wrongdoer.

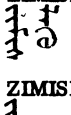
ZIMETY / ЗЭМТ

See zimetei.

ZIMII- / ЖИМИЙХ

v.i. To become tightened (of the lips).

ZIMIILGE- / ЖИМИЙЛГЭХ

[v. caus. of zimii-] v.t. To tighten the lips.
uruγul ijen --ky. To tighten up one's lips (to show contempt or displeasure) .

ZIMIS / ЖИМС

n. Fruit , berries, dates.
-- yn ariki. Fruit wine.

ZIMISLE- / ЖИМСЛЭХ

v.i. To bear fruit.

ZIMISLIG / ЖИМСЛЭГ

n. and adj. Fruit garden, orchard; fruit-bearing.

ZIMISTEI / ЖИМСТЭЙ



See zimisty.

ZIMISTY / ЖИМСТ



[= zimistei] adj. Fruit, fruit-bearing.

-- modu. Fruit tree.

ZIMNE-, 1.



v.t. To cut out sod.

ZIMNE-, 2. / ЖИМНЭХ



v.t. To beat or open a path.

ZIMSEG / ЖИМСЭГ



See zemseg.

ZIMU-



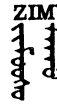
Same as zim-.

ZIMUR



amur -- . Silently, peacefully, peaceably.

ZIMUUSULA-



[Go.] v.i. To be shameless; to seem not to know or understand.

ZIMYRGE-



See zigirge-.

ZINANG



[T. rjes gnang] n. Grace, favor; permission, authorization (e.g. to study certain sacred texts, etc.).

ZINE-



Same as zigine-.

ZING, 1. / ЖИН(Г)



[Ch. chin 斤] n. Catty (about 1 1/3 lbs. or 0.6 kilogram); scales, balance; weight.

øber yn -- . Specific gravity; portion.

ZING, 2.



[Ch. keng, ching 吏] n. Watches of the night.

-- cokixu. To beat out the watches of the night on a wooden rattle.

ZING, 3. / ЖИН(Г)



n. Poultice, compress.

-- barixu. To apply a poultice or compress.

-- talbixu. To apply a poultice or compress.

bylijen -- . Warm compress or poultice.

serigyn -- . Cool compress or poultice.

xalaγun -- . Hot compress, hot water bottle.

ZING, 4. / ЖИН(Г)



n: Load, freight; transport, conveyance; caravan.

-- baγudal un γazar. Caravansary.

-- tegegebyri. Transportation of cargo or freight.

-- tegegegci. Driver, carrier, somebody engaged in transportation.

-- xaicilaxu. To contract for the transportation of cargo.

-- yn ajan. Caravan.

-- yn bicig. Invoice, bill of lading.

-- yn kølysy. Transportation charges.

ZING, 5. / ЖИН(Г)



n. Damp cold, frost.

-- kyiten. Frosty.

ZINGCI(N) / ЖИНЧ



n. Drayman, carter, caravan-leader.

ZINGDELEGSEN



-- biskigyr. Chinese Panpipe consisting of sixteen tubes (Ch. p'ai-hsiao 排簫).

ZINGГURCAГ



Same as janggircaγ.

ZINGGINE-, 1. / ЖИНГЭНЭХ, ЖИНХНЭХ



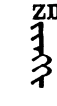
v.i. To feel very cold, become intense (of cold); to feel pain from extreme cold; to have a ringing in the ears; to ring, tinkle (of bells); to hum (as telegraph wires).

ZINGGINE-, 2.



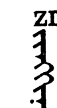
[Go.] v.i. To ride fast.

ZINGGINEGYR / ЖИНГЭНҮҮР



adj. Penetrating, piercing (of cold).

ZINGGINEM-E / ЖИНГЭНЭМ, ЖИНХИНЭМ



adj. Piercing (of cold); ringing, humming.

-- kyiten. Piercing cold.

-- zikegyn. Penetrating cold.

ZINGGIR



See under xanggir.

ZINGKILE- / ЖИНХЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To fill; to be[come] full, real or true; to become a full or active member, be promoted to full rank.

ZINGKIN-E

See zingkini.

ZINGKINI / ЖИНХЭНЭ

[Ma. zingkini = zingkin-e] adj. Genuine, real, true, pure, full.

-- busu. Irregular.

-- cerig. Regular army.

-- gesigyn. Full member, active member.

ZINGLE- / ЖИНЛЭХ

See zingne-.

ZINGLEGYR / ЖИНЛҮҮР

See zingnegyr.

ZINGNE-, 1. / ЖИГНЭХ

[= zingle-] v.t. To weigh.

ZINGNE-, 2. / ЖИГНЭХ

[Ch. chêng 烝] v.t. To steam, cook by steam.

--gsen. Steamed.

ZINGNE-, 3. / ЖИГНЭХ

v.t. To apply a compress or poultice.

ZINGNEGYR, 1. / ЖИГНҮҮР

[= zinglegyr] n. Steelyard.

-- niruγun. The longer bar of a steelyard.

ZINGNEGYR, 2. / ЖИГНҮҮР

n. Device for steam-cooking, a steaming-tray.

ZINGSE / ЖИНС

[Ch. ting-tzŭ 頂子] n. Button of rank worn on top of the hat (hist.); knot on top of a cap.

ZINGSETEI / ЖИНСТЭЙ

[= zingsety] adj. Having a zingse.

ZINGSETY / ЖИНСЭТ

See zingsetei.

-- malaγ-a. Hat with a button on top.

ZINGTAГA-

[Go.] v.t. To apply a fomentation or poultice

ZINGTEI / ЖИНТЭЙ

adj. Heavy.

ZINGTYY / ЖИНТҮҮ

[Ch. chen-t'ou 枕頭] n. Pillow.

ZINGZEI-

See zigzei-.

ZINUNG

n. "Jinong," marshal, general (a historical military rank); title of the prince in charge of the cult of Chingis Khan in Ordos and the administration of darxad, q.v. [Vl.] Adjutant or deputy of the xaγan, governing the Right Wing of the Mongols ; honorary title (Ch. cheng-wang 政王).

ZINZID-

Same as cerceilge-.

ZINZYY / ЖИНЖҮҮ

[Ch. chen-chu 珍珠] n. Beads.

ZIR / ЖИР

-- zir. Onomat. adv. Twittering (of a bird); chirping (of a cricket); murmuring (of a stream).

-- zir urusxu. To murmur (of a stream).

-- zir zirgiky. To chirp.

ZIRA(N) / ЖАР(АН)

card. num. Sixty.

ZIRAD

[Ch. hu-chün 護軍] n. A corps of the guard (hist.).

ZIRADUГAR / ЖАРДУГААР

ord. num. Sixt'eth.

ZIRAГAD / ЖАРААД

distrib. num. Sixty each; about sixty.

ZIRAM-A

n. Little fish.

ZIRBAI-
v.i. To jump, play or frolic.

ZIRBEGER / ЖИРЭВГЭР
adj. Narrow; graceful, slender.
-- kømysge. Long narrow eyebrows.

ZIRBIGINE- / ЖИРВЭГНЭХ
v.i. To become nebulous; to evaporate; to flicker; to be dazzled.

ZIRBIGINEGYR / ЖИРВЭГНҮҮР, ЖИРЭВГЭНҮҮР
n. Vapors of the earth; mirage.

ZIREBKI- / ЖИРЭВХИЙХ
[= zirybki-] v.i. To shine, glow, glitter.
cakilγan mety --ky. To flash like lightning.

ZIREI-, 1. / ЖИРИЙХ
v.i. To stretch.

ZIREI-, 2. / ЖИРИЙХ
v.i. To dash, rush.

ZIRES / ЖИРС
-- zires kiky. To flash; to appear and disappear.

ZIRESKI- / ЖИРСХИЙХ
v.i. To flash; to appear intermittently.

ZIRГ-A / ЖАРГА
-- ziγasu. Siberian salmon.

ZIRГA- / ЖАРГАХ
v.i. To be joyful, rejoice, enjoy, be happy; to be prosperous; to set (of the sun); to sleep (hon.).
nara --хи. For the sun to set.
urtu nasula, udaγan -- ! Live long and enjoy lasting happiness! (A blessing given by an elderly person to a child on a formal occasion, such as a birthday, the new year, or a formal visit).
ziryalang ijer --n saγuxu. To live in happiness, live a blissful life.

ZIRГAГA- / ЖАРГААХ
v. caus. of ziryа-.

ZIRГAL / ЖАРГАЛ
n. Pleasure, happiness, bliss; contentment, enjoyment, joy.
-- un orun. The land of bliss, paradise.
engke --. Happiness, bliss, prosperity.

ZIRГALANG / ЖАРГАЛАН
n. Prosperity, bliss, blessedness; pleasure, enjoyment.

ZIRГALANGTAI / ЖАРГАЛАНТАЙ
[= ziryalangtu] adj. Happy, blissful; prosperous.

ZIRГALANGTU / ЖАРГАЛАНТ
See ziryalangtai; also the city of Jargalantu (formerly known as Kobdo).

ZIRГALTAI / ЖАРГАЛТАЙ
adj. Happy, blissful, joyful, prosperous.

ZIRГAXAI / ЖАРААХАЙ
n. Fry, young fish, gudgeon.

ZIRГUDUГAR / ЗУРГААДУГААР
ord. num. Sixth.
-- sar-a. June.

ZIRГUГ-A(N) / ЗУРГАА
card. num. Six.
--n sar-a. June; six months.
--n talatai. Hexagonal, six-sided.

ZIRГUГAD / ЗУРГААГААД
distrib. num. Six each.

ZIRГUГADAI / ЗУРГААДАЙ
adj. Hexagonal.
-- xuruγu. Sixth finger (an extra finger).

ZIRГUГANTA / ЗУРГААНТ
Six times.

ZIRГUГULA / ЗУРГУУЛ
coll. num. All six, six together.

ZIRGE-
See zirgi-.

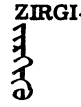
ZIRGEL-
See zergel-.

ZIRGELGEN

See zergelgen.

ZIRGEMER

-- bilzuuxai. Singing bird, canary.

ZIRGI- / ЖИРГЭХ

[= zirge-] v.i. To chirp, chirrup, twitter; to chatter; to talk back, answer saucily.

ZIRGIGE

n. Checkers.

ZIRGIR-E

n. Cicada.

ZIRGIRE-

v.i. To grunt; to growl; to ring, buzz, make a noise; to chirp.

ZIRIG

n. Litter of grass or leaves spread under an animal being flayed.

ZIRIM, 1. / ЖИРЭМ

n. Either one of the two leather straps on the left side of the saddle which are put through the buckles of the olung, q.v.

ZIRIM, 2. / ЖИРЭМ

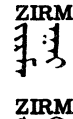
n.p. "Jirim," one of the leagues of the Eastern Mongols in Manchuria.

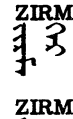
ZIRI

card. num. Two (used in ancient texts in reference to women).
-- xatud. Two ladies.

ZIRKIRA-

v.i. To groan, creak.

ZIRMAГAI

n. Fish roe, caviar.

ZIRMEGER / ЖИРМЭГЭР

-- nidytei. Having half-closed or narrow eyes.

ZIRMEI-

v.i. To wink, squint, partly close one's eyes.

ZIRMELZE- / ЖИРМЭЛЗЭХ

v.i. To make wanton eyes.

ZIRMUDUSU

[Go.] n. Rope.

ZIRMYSYN / ЖИРЭМСЭН

adj. Pregnant.
-- bolxu. To become pregnant, conceive.
bej-e --. Pregnant.
bej-e -- bolxu. To become pregnant.

ZIRTAГAI

adj. Crooked, slanting.

ZIRTALZA-

See zirtelze-.

ZIRTELZE-

[= zirtalza-] v.i. To shift one's eyes, look here and there.

ZIRU- / ЗУРАХ

v.t. To draw (as a line or picture); to scratch; to strike (of a match).
burxan [i] --xu. To draw a picture of Buddha.
cydeng --xu. To strike a match.
γar un ysyg [ijen] --xu. To sign, put one's signature on a document, witness, verify by one's signature.
zīruγ --xu. To draw a picture.

ZIRUDASU(N) / ЗУРДАС

See ziruγadasu(n).

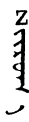
ZIRUDASULA- / ЗУРДАСЛАХ

See ziruγadasula-.

ZIRUГ / ЗУРАГ

n. Drawing, painting, illustration, picture; sketch; photograph.
-- abxu. To take a photograph.
-- abxu aparat. Camera.
-- abuγci. Photographer.
-- køryg. Portrait, illustration.
-- modu. Tally stick.
-- un tenggelig. Stick around which a picture is rolled.
-- un yges. Inscription on a painting.

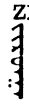
-- ziruxu. To draw, sketch.
baising un -- . Plan of a building.
γazar un -- . Geographic or topographic map.
gerel --. Photograph.
siγum -- . A drawing made with drafting instruments.
tosun -- . Oil-painting.
usun buduγ un -- . Water-color drawing.
xar-a -- . Rough draft, sketch.
zisij-e -- . Diagram, chart, sketch.



ZIRUГ-A, 1. / ЖОРОО
n. and adj. Ambling, fast amble; ambler.
-- mori. Fast ambler.



ZIRUГ-A, 2. / ЗУРАА
[= zuruγ-a] n. Line.
γar un -- . Lines of the palm of the hand.



ZIRUГACI(N) / ЗУРААЧ
n. Painter, artist, draftsman.
urah -- . Painter, artist.



ZIRUГADASU(N) / ЗУРААДАС
[= zuradasu(n), zurdasu(n), zırudasu(n)] n. Line; hyphen, dash, stroke.



ZIRUГADASULA- / ЗУРААДАСЛАХ
[= zırudasula-] v.i. and t. To draw a line, trace, make a stroke; to put in a hyphen or dash.



ZIRUГALA- / ЖОРООЛОХ
v.i. To go at a fast amble.



ZIRUГASU(N) / ЗУРААС
n. Line, feature; dash, hyphen.



ZIRUГBA
n. Mint plant (Ch. po-ho 薄荷).



ZIRUГTAI / ЗУРАГТАЙ
[= ziruγtu] adj. Illustrated.



ZIRUГTU / ЗУРАГТ
See ziruγtai.



ZIRULГ-A / ЗУРЛАГА
n. The act of tracing, drawing, writing; line.

ZIRULTA / ЗУРАЛТ
n. The act of ziru-; ruler (for drawing); a lead stick used for drawing.



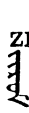
ZIRULUNG / ЗОРЛОН(Г)
n. Lavatory, privy, restroom.



ZIRUM / ЖУРАМ
a) n. Line (obs.); established order, system, regime; code of laws; ideology; line of action; norm; often equivalent to suff. "-ism," forming abstract notions.
-- aldaxu. To violate an established order, system, or rule.
-- bolγaxu. To establish as a norm or example.
dotuγadu -- . Internal order or system of an office or institution.
jeryngkei -- . General line of action or policy.
kørynggeten y -- . Capitalism, capitalistic system.
neigem -- . Socialism.
Šagjamuni jin -- . Doctrine of Çakyamuni, Buddhism.
xauli -- . Law, by-law; legislation.
yndysyn -- . Fundamental rule, order, idea.

b) n. Usage, habit, custom.
nom un -- . Practice or execution of religious rites and ceremonies.
xaγucin -- ijer. According to ancient custom.

c) n. Moral obligation; loyalty, virtue.
-- josun. Ethics.
-- ygei. Undisciplined, disloyal.
jeke -- . The great idea, the ideals (Ch. ta-i 大義).
sakilγ-a -- . Discipline.



ZIRUMAL / ЗУРМАЛ
[n.d. of ziru-] adj. Sketched, painted.
-- bej-e. Religious painting of a saintly person.
-- køryg. Likeness, portrait.

ZIRUMLA- / ЖУРАМЛАХ
[= zirumna-] v.t. To draw a line (obs.); to follow or be guided by a rule; to take as a norm or standard; to regiment.
--n daγaxu. To follow a rule, norm, or standard.
--xu josu. Ethics, morals.
dumdadu ji --xu. To follow the golden mean.
toγtaγal i --xu. To be guided by or to follow a decision.

ZIRUMNA- / ЖУРАМНАХ

See zirumla-.

ZIRUMSI- / ЖУРАМШИХ

v.i. To be[come] a custom.

ZIRUMTAI / ЖУРАМТАЙ

[= zirumtu] adj. Having zirum (in all meanings); loyal, orderly.

ZIRUMTU / ЖУРАМТ

See zirumtai.

-- cerig. Voluntary force.

-- ekener. Faithful wife.

-- er-e. A just man, a heroic man.

-- jabudal. Meritorious conduct.

ZIRUXAI / ЗУРХАЙ

n. Line, design; mathematics, calculation; astrology; astronomy (obs.).

-- jin bodural. Mathematical or astrological calculations.

-- jin ger. Astronomical observatory (obs.).

beri jin -- . Astrological calculations to determine a wedding day.

nasun zajaγan u -- . Astrological calculation of length of life and future destiny.

odun u -- . Astrology.

ZIRUXAICI(N) / ЗУРХАЙЧ

n. Astrologer, mathematician.

ZIRUXAICILA- / ЗУРХАЙЧЛАХ

v.i. To make astrological calculations.

ZIRUXAITU / ЗУРХАЙТ

-- nom. The Chinese I-ching 易經 , "Book of Changes," used as a textbook of divinations.

ZIRYB / ЖИРЭВ

-- ziryb. Adverbial expression descriptive of twinkling, blinking, or flashing of light, or rapid motion of small objects.

ZIRYBKI-

See zirebki-.

ZIRYKE(N) / ЗУРХ(ЭН)

a) n. Heart (as an organ).

-- delbereky. Heart-failure.

-- kødelky. Beating or palpitation of the heart.

--n y cokilta. Palpitation of the heart.

--n y γoul. Aorta.

--n y gem. Heart disease.

-- tomuraxu. Dilatation of the heart.

-- tygsiky. Tachycardia.

b) n. Heart (as seat of feelings, emotions); courage.

-- aldaxu. To lose courage, be afraid.

-- emtereky. To feel compassion, pity, or sympathy.

-- γarγaxu. To risk, dare.

-- jeke. Courageous, plucky, brave.

-- kiged nidy bulijaxu. " To ravish the eyes and the heart," enchant.

-- kyrky ygei. Not to find courage to, not dare to.

-- maγutai. Timid, fainthearted.

-- mety. Beloved.

--n sidar. Close to the heart.

--n y. Cordial, hearty.

--n y amaraγ. Beloved person.

--n y bajar. Heartfelt joy.

--n y kereg. Affair[s] of the heart, secret affair.

--n y uγ ece. From the bottom of one's heart.

--n y yges i ygyleky. To open one's heart.

-- simsireky. To fear, lack courage.

-- sintaraxu. To lose courage, fear.

-- xaγaran aldamui. The heart is almost bursting (as from fear, etc.).

-- xarixu. To become fainthearted or afraid.

-- ygei. Cowardice; timid.

cing -- ece. From the bottom of one's heart.

jeke -- . Boldness, temerity, determination.

γoul -- ece. From the bottom of one's heart; gladly.

ZIRYKEBCI / ЗУРХЭВЧ

adj. and n. Fiery, hot-headed, passionate, quick-tempered; striped ground squirrel.

ZIRYKED-

v.i. To fear, be fearful or timid.

ZIRYKELE- / ЗУРХЛЭХ

v.i. To dare, presume, risk.

ZIRYKESE-
v.i. To fear, be timid.
--n ajuxu. To be afraid, be timid.

ZIRYKESI- / ЗУРХШИХ
v.i. To be afraid, be timid or fainthearted.

ZIRYKETEI / ЗУРХТЭЙ
adj. Courageous, daring, plucky, valiant.

ZIS
See zes.

ZISA / ЖАС
[T. spyi sa] n. Monastery treasury or property.
-- jin køryngge. Monastery property.

ZISAГ-A / ЖАСАА(Н)
See zisij-a(n).

ZISAГALA-
See zisijala-.

ZISE- / ЗЭСЭХ
[= zese-, 2.] v.t. and i. To mount guard; to go on sentry duty; to watch, guard; to prepare.

ZISEGYL
n. Sentinel, guard, sentry; notice, attention, precaution.
-- yiledky. To stand guard; to be circumspect.

ZISI-, 1. / ЖИШИХ
v.i. and t. To approximate; to compare; to be compared; to change, replace; to arrange or place at regular intervals.

ZISI-, 2. / ЖИШИХ
v.i. To stray from a straight road or route.

ZISIGYY / ЖИШҮҮ
adj. Oblique, askew, slanting, slantwise.
-- talatai dørben øncygty. Rhombus.

ZISIJ-A(N), 1. / ЖИШАА(Н)
[= zisaγ-a] n. Shift, turn, duty; scheduled religious services in a temple or private home.

-- abxu. To report for one's turn of duty.
-- alxuxu. To miss or skip one's turn or shift.
--n du saγuxu. To be on duty (said of a prince who was staying in the capital during the period specially fixed for such regular visits by the Manchu court, or an official whc is on duty in shifts).
--n u blam-a. A lama invited to perform regular services for a private family.
-- xalaxu. To change the shift.

ZISIJ-A, 2.
Same as zisij-e.

ZISIJALA- / ЖИШААЛАХ
[= zisaγala-] v.i. To go on duty.

ZISIJ-E / ЖИШЭЭ
n. Example, pattern, model; comparison.
-- abxu. To take as an example or for a model.
-- ber yzegylky. To demonstrate by an example.
-- bolxu. To become an example.
-- γarγaxu. To cite an example.
-- inu. For instance.
dumda -- ber. On the average, at an average.
yliger --. Example, instance; model, specimen.

ZISIJECI / ЖИШЭЭЧ
n. Cadre; exemplary worker.

ZISIJELE- / ЖИШЭЭЛЭХ
v.t. To compare, take as an example; to give an example; to approximate.
--bel . For example, for instance.
--besy. For example, for instance.

ZISIJETY / ЖИШЭЭТ
adj. Having an example; examplary, model.

ZISIM / ЖИШИМ
adv. postpos. About, approximately, nearly.
zaγu --. Approximately a hundred.

ZISUR / ЗУСАР
[= zusur] n. and adj. Flattery, adulation; wily, crafty, cunning, sly.

ZISURCI / ЗУСАРЧ
[= zusurci] n. Flatterer, deceiver.

ZISURCILA- / ЗУСАРЧЛАХ
[= zusurcila-] v.i. To be obsequious; to flatter.

ZISURDA- / ЗУСАРДАХ
Same as zisurla-.

ZISURLA- / ЗУСАРЛАХ
[= zusurla-] v.i. To flatter; to be cunning; to deceive.

ZISY(N)° / ЗУС
n. Color (of animals or human beings); appearance, feature, complexion.
-- buruγu. Unusual color or appearance.
-- byri jin. Of different colors.
-- cirai. Appearance, face.
-- dyri. Appearance, color, complexion, shape.
-- xubilxu. To change countenance.
-- ygei. Not pretty.
-- yzegsen kymyn. Familiar face.
cirai jin --. Complexion, looks.
øngge --. Color and appearance.

ZISY- / ЗУСЭХ
v.t. To cut lengthwise, cut into strips, slice, shred, incise.

ZISYLE- / ЗУСЛЭХ
v.t. To examine the appearance or color of animals; to recognize, identify.
--zy abxu. To memorize something or remember somebody.

ZISYLGE / ЗУСЛЭГ
n. Something cut off lengthwise, strip, slice, shred.

ZISYM, 1. / ЗУСЭМ
[= zysym] n. Something cut off lengthwise, strip, slice, shred.

ZISYM, 2. / ЗУСЭМ
n. Color (of animals).
øngge --. Color (of animals).

ZISYMEL / ЗУСМЭЛ
[n.d. of zisy-] adj. Cut lengthwise, sliced; slice.
-- arisu. Leather cut in strips; leather strap or band.
-- modu. Board, plank.
tarijalang un --. Strip of arable land.

ZISYMNE- / ЗУСЭМНЭХ
v.t. To cut into small pieces.

ZISYMNEL / ЗУСЭМНЭЛ
n. Small pieces.

ZISYRKE- / ЗУСЭРХЭХ
v.t. and i. To recognize an object by its color or form; to be proud of one's beauty.

ZISYTEI / ЗУСТЭЙ
adj. Having a certain color; good-looking, attractive.

ZITAR
Erroneously for bitar.

ZITE / ЖИТ
n. Root of fingernail.

ZITEY
adj. Sterile, fruitless, worthless.
-- modu. Barren tree; log, billet.

ZITYGE(N) / ЖӨТӨӨ(Н)
n. Jealousy, envy; hate.

ZITYGECI / ЖӨТӨӨЧ
adj. and n. Jealous, envious [person].

ZITYGER / ЖӨТӨР
n. Jealousy, envy; hate; invective used by wives of a polygamous marriage in referring to each other.
-- em-e. The other wife (term used by a wife in polygamous marriage in reference to another).

ZITYGERCI
Same as zitygeci.

ZITYGERKE- / ЖӨТӨӨРХӨХ
v.i. To be jealous; to envy.

ZITYGERKEL / ЖӨТӨӨРХӨЛ
n. Jealousy; envy.

ZIU-A
[= bsiu-a, biiu-a, T. bye ba] n. Ten million.

ZIUZA / ЖУУЗ

[Ch. chiao-tzŭ 轎子] n. Sedan chair, litter.

ZIVA

See ziba.

ZIX-A

Same as zax-a.

ZIZERIG

adj. Contemptible, hateful, disgusting, repulsive.

ZIZEYKEI / ЖИЖҮҮХИЙ

adj. Pitiful, wretched, poor.

ZIZI

Same as zizig.

ZIZIG / ЖИЖИГ

adj. Small, little, miniature, tiny.
-- amitan. Tiny creature.
-- kørynggeten. Petty bourgeoisie.
-- mal. Small cattle.
-- xalbaγ-a. Teaspoon.

ZIZIGDE- / ЖИЖИГДЭХ

v.i. To be too small .

ZIZIGKEN / ЖИЖИГХЭН

adj. Small, petty, insignificant, pretty small.
jalim ygei --. Very little.

ZIZIGLE- / ЖИЖИГЛЭХ

v.t. To divide or break into particles or small pieces.
--n xudalduxu. Retail sale.

ZIZIRE-

v.i. To become small or fine.

ZO(N) / ЗОО(Н)

n. Base of spine, sacral region; vertebrae, spine; sciatic nerve; fur along the spine; back.
-- ben abxu. Lumbago.
-- jin mix-a. Tenderloin.
-- kødelky. To sprain one's back.
--n du jum xabciγulxu. Lumbago.
-- niruγu. Back, spine.
--n u arisun. Skin of the back [AT 64].

ZOBA- / ЗОВОХ

v.i. To suffer, worry, grieve; to be tortured, tormented; to be in trouble.
sedkil --xu. To worry.
xalaγun kyiten ijer --xu. To suffer from heat and cold.

ZOBAГA- / ЗОВООХ

[= zobaγul-] v.t. To torment, torture, make suffer; to perplex, cause grief or worry.

ZOBAГALГA- / ЗОВООЛГОХ

v. caus. of zobaγa-.

ZOBAГUL- / ЗОВУУЛАХ

See zobaγa-.

ZOBAГURI / ЗОВУУРЬ

n. Suffering, sadness, chagrin, anxiety, pain.
-- zydegyri. Suffering and torment.

ZOBAГURILA- / ЗОВУУРИЛАХ

v.i. To suffer, be tormented, afflicted, anxious.

ZOBAГURITAI / ЗОВУУРЬТАЙ

adj. Sorrowing, troubled, sad, grieving; suffering, painful.

ZOBAL / ЗОВОЛ

n. Pain, sorrow, torment.
-- ygei. Without trouble or difficulty; without worrying.

ZOBALANG / ЗОВЛОН

n. Suffering, torment, torture, anxiety, sadness, melancholy; unhappiness; hardship.
-- anu nisvanis ece bolumui. Suffering comes from attachment to the world.
-- bolxu. To be[come] a burden or trouble; be[come] a source of worry or suffering.
-- γamsiγ. Distress, calamity.
-- i amsaxu. To suffer sorrow, anguish, pain, hardship.
-- i edleky. To suffer anguish or hardhsip.
-- zydegyri. Suffering and torment.
sedkil yn --. Worry, sadness.

ZOBALANGTAI / ЗОВЛОНТОЙ

adj. Suffering, painful, sad, sorrowful, mournful; troublesome.

ZOBALГ-A / ЗОВЛОГО
n. Meat of dead or emaciated animals.
-- ebesy. [Gr.] Carex dichroa.

ZOBALTA / ЗОВОЛТ
n. Worry, anxiety, grief, preoccupation.

ZOBANGГUI / ЗОВОНГИ
Same as zobanil.

ZOBANI- / ЗОВНИХ
v.i. To suffer, worry, feel anxiety, be vexed.
sanaγ-a --xu. To be worried, feel anxiety.

ZOBANIL / ЗОВНИЛ
n. Sorrow, pain, anxiety, worry, trouble.

ZOBANILTU / ЗОВНИЛТ
adj. Anxious, agitated, sad, sorrowful.

ZOBKI / ЗОВХИ
n. Eyelid; corner of the eye.
degedy --. Upper eyelid.
doγudu --. Lower eyelid.
nidyn y --. Eyelid; corner of the eye.

ZOBKIS / ЗОВХИС
n. Corner; one of the four intermediate points of the four directions (north-west, south-east, etc.); azimuth.
-- un xaγalγ-a. Corner door, wicket.
dørben --. The four intermediate points of the four directions (north-west, south-east, etc.).

ZOCID / ЗОЧИД
[pl. of zocin] n. Guests.
γadaγadu jin --. Foreign visitors or guests.

ZOCILA- / ЗОЧЛОХ
v.i. and t. To visit a person or place; to receive visitors or guests; to feast.
--n urixu. To invite a guest; to invite to a feast.

ZOCIMAD / ЗОЧМОД
Same as zocid.

ZOCIN / ЗОЧИН
n. Guest, visitor.
-- u ger. Guest-house; inn.
ajan u --. Guest from a distant place.

ZOCIRXA- / ЗОЧИРХОХ
v.i. To stand on ceremony; to behave like a guest.

ZOCIRXOГ / ЗОЧИРХОГ
adj. Standing on ceremony; acting like a guest; ceremonious.

ZODU- . / ЗОДОХ
v.t. To beat, hit.

ZODUГ / ЗОДОГ
n. A tight jacket worn by Mongolian wrestlers.

ZODUГ-A(N) / ЗОДОО
n. Beating, fight, battle, skirmish.
-- cuugijan. Scuffle, fight.
--n γarγaxu. To start a fight.

ZODUГACI / ЗОДООЧ
n. One who beats or hits; fighter, one who likes to fight; quarrelsome person.

ZODUГLA- / ЗОДОГЛОХ
v.t. To put on a zoduγ, q.v.

ZODUI
-- [ziγasu] n. Crucian carp.

ZODULDU- / ЗОДОЛДОХ
[v. rec. of zodu-] To fight, quarrel.

ZODULDUГ-A(N) / ЗОДОЛДООН
n. Fight, scuffle, brawl, quarrel.

ZODULDUГACI / ЗОДОЛДООЧ
n. and adj. Fighter, brawler; pugnacious.

ZODULГ-A
Same as zoduγ-a.

ZODUNG
See zotung.

ZOГ, 1. / ЗОГ
See zoγuγ.

ZOГ, 2. / ЗОГ

-- kiky. To startle, stop suddenly.

-- tusxu. To startle, stop suddenly.

ZOГ-A

Same as zuγ-a.

ZOГDUR / ЗОГДОР

n. Long hair on the throat of a camel; mane of a lion.

-- kφdelgeky. To move (of a camel); to move like a camel.

ZOГDURLA- / ЗОГДОРЛОХ

v.t. To cut the long hair off a camel's neck.

ZOГLA-

Same as zoγulγla-.

ZOГSU- / ЗОГСОХ

v.i. To stand up; to stand still; to stop, cease.

--xu ygei ber. Without stopping.

--zu buudaxu. Shooting while standing.

boruγ-a --ba. The rain has stopped.

bosuγad -- ! Stand up!

mori --xu. For the horse to stop; for the horse to be unable to go any further because of fatigue.

yge jarixu ben --xu. To stop speaking.

ZOГSUГ-A / ЗОГСОО

adj. and n. Standing, upright; standing still; stopping.

-- ber. While standing; instantly, immediately.

-- zai ygei. Unceasing[ly], uninterrupted[ly].

ZOГSUГA- / ЗОГСООХ

[v. caus. of zoγsu-] v.t. To make stand up, to stop; to put a stop to.

azil ben --xu. To stop one's work.

masin-a ben -- ! Stop the machine! Stop the automobile!

terge ben --xu. To stop one's cart or car.

ZOГSUГAL / ЗОГСООЛ

n. The act of zoγsuγa-; station, stop.

γal tergen y --. Railway station.

ZOГSUL

-- ygei. Uninterrupted, incessantly.

ZOГSULTA / ЗОГСОЛТ

n. Stop; station; standpoint.

-- jin γazar. Stopping place.

-- ygei ber. Without stop, without interruption, uninterruptedly; systematically, persistently.

naran u --. Solstice.

ZOГSUNIГUL-

[Go.] v.t. To stop, delay.

ZOГSUSI

Same as zoγsulta.

-- ygei. Uninterrupted, unceasing, incessant, continuous.

ZOГU

[Go.] n. Barb of a harpoon.

ZOГU- / ЗООХ

v.t. To put in, stick in, insert; to install.

sil --xu. To insert glass.

utasun u modu --xu. To install a telegraph pole.

ZOГUCA -

Same as zuγuca-.

ZOГUГ / ЗООГ

[= zoγ] n. Food, meal (hon.); pleasure, enjoyment; walk.

-- barixu. To eat or drink (hon.); to offer food (hon.).

-- kiky. See zoγuγki-.

-- yges. Amusing or interesting stories or tales; pleasant talk.

-- zoγuγlaxu. To eat and drink, feast (hon.).

tusa ygei -- yges. Futile but amusing words; pleasant talk.

ZOГUГKI-

[= zoγuγ kiky] v.i. To amuse oneself, have fun; to stroll, take a walk; to feast, eat.

ZOГUГLA- / ЗООГЛОХ

v.t. To eat, drink; to wear, put on; to mount or ride; to be affected (as by illness). Used in elevated style exclusively.

cilege --xu. To be ill.

kiling --xu. To be angry.

mori --xu. To mount or ride a horse.

terigyn-e titim --. To put on a diadem, headgear.
xubcasun --xu. To dress, clothe (of a dignitary).

ZOГUГLAГUR
n. Food (hon.).

ZOГUГLAL
n. Food, meal (hon.).
-- i beledky. To prepare food.
-- i ergyky. To offer food, treat, regale.

ZOГURI / ЗООРЬ
n. Cellar or storing pit.

ZOГURILA- / ЗООРИШОХ
v.t. To store or put in a cellar or storing pit.

ZOГUS / ЗООС
n. Money, coin.
-- ceceg. Kind of flower resembling a rose (Ch. chin-ch'ien-hua 金錢花).
-- [i] uralaγci. Minter (obs.).
-- mønggy. Money.
-- uralaxu xorij-a. Mint.
altan --. Gold coin.
caγasun --. Paper money.
eke --. Capital; original sum; mould for casting coins.
zes --. Copper money.

ZOГUS-
See zogis-.

ZOGIS- / ЗОГЬСОХ
[= zoγus-] v.i. To have hiccups.

ZOGISUL / ЗОГЬСОЛ
n. Hiccups.

ZOKI- / ЗОХИХ
v.i. To agree, suit, fit, be appropriate or becoming; (with the conditional converb) would , should, ought to.
--xu arγ-a kemzij-e. Appropriate or suitable measure.
--xu em. Appropriate medicine.
--xu xuγucaγ-a. The right time or moment.
--xu ygei. Inappropriate, unfit, improper, not suitable.

--xu ygei xubcasu. Clothing which does not fit well; inappropirate clothing.
cikin dyr yly --xu. To be disagreeable to the ear.
jabubasu --xu. [It is] appropriate to go; [one] should go.
nigen inu nigen degen --xu. To suit one another.
tegebel --n-a. [One] should do [it] that way.

ZOKICA / ЗОХИЦ
n. Suitability, fitness, harmony.
-- maγutai. Not fitting well, not suitable, not harmonious, discordant.

ZOKICA- / ЗОХИЦОХ
v.i. To suit, fit, agree, be harmonious; to correspond, match, coincide.

ZOKICAГUL- / ЗОХИЦУУЛАХ
[v. caus. of zokica-] v.t. To reconcile, bring into harmony.

ZOKICAL / ЗОХИЦОЛ
n. Agreement, harmony, conformity, congruity, unity.
ulus tøry jin --. Political agreement.

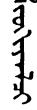
ZOKIJA- / ЗОХИОХ
v.t. To make, create, construct, organize; to compile, compose, write (as an author).
--n baiγulxu. To organize, establish, create.
--n baiγuluγci. Organizer, founder, constructor.
--n baiγululta. Organization; construction.
bicig [i] --xu. To write a book.
emkilen --xu. To organize, put in order; to compile.
øgerecilen --xu. To reorganize, reconstruct.

ZOKIJAГCI / ЗОХИОГЧ
n. Constructor, creator, founder; writer, author, compiler.

ZOKIJAГCID / ЗОХИОГЧИД
pl. of zokijaγci, q.v.
-- un erke. Copyright,

ZOKIJAL / ЗОХИОЛ
n. Construction; creation; composition, literary work.
-- un xulaγai. Plagiarism.
aman --. Oral literature, folklore.
nom un --. Religious work, sacred book.
sinzileky uxaγan u --. Scientific literature.

ZOKIJALCI / ЗОХИОЛЧ



n. Writer, author.
uran -- . Poet, writer, author.

ZOKIJANGГUI



[Go.] n. Founding, establishing, creating; institution, establishment; action, work, act.

ZOKILDU- / ЗОХИЛДОХ



[v.rec. of zoki-] To agree, conform, be congruent, be in agreement; to suit each other.
--n barilduxu. To be united in agreement, harmony.
--n jabuxu. To live as friends, in agreement, harmony.
--xu ygei. Unsuitable, unfit, inadmissible, inappropriate, disharmonious, discordant.
yly --xu. Not fitting, inappropriate.

ZOKILDUГUL- / ЗОХИЛДУУЛАХ



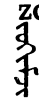
[v. caus.of zoki-] v.t. To make agree; to make fit or suit.

ZOKIMZI / ЗОХИМЖ



n. Agreeableness, suitablility, fitness, propriety.
-- ygei. Unfit, disagreeable.

ZOKIMZITAI / ЗОХИМЖТОЙ



adj. Suitable, agreeable.

ZOKIRA- / ЗӨХИРОХ



v.i. To agree; to suit; to be reconciled; to be agreeable (of weather).
--xu em. Specific or effective medicine.
tngri --xu. For the weather to be pleasant.

ZOKIRAГUL- / ЗОХИРУУЛАХ



[v. caus. of zokira-] v.t. To regulate, control; to make agreeable.

ZOKIRAL / ЗОХИРОЛ



n. Accord, harmony; improvement.

ZOKIS / ЗОХИС



n. Propriety, suitability.
-- i yzezy. Viewing the circumstances or the merits of the case.
-- ygei. Inappropriate, unsuitable, disagreeable, incompatible, incongruous; discordant.
ci -- i yzezy jabu! Follow your own judgment!

ZOKISTAI, l. / ЗОХИСТОЙ



[= zokistu] n. Suitable, proper, fit, conforming, appropriate, agreeable.
-- ber. In a proper way, suitably, properly.
-- jabudal. Agreeable conduct or manner, appropriate act or action.

ZOKISTU / ЗОХИСТ



See zokistai.
-- salkin. Favorable wind.

ZOL / ЗОЛ



n. Good luck, fortune, good result, success.
-- bolxu. To be lucky or successful; to be advantageous.
-- ijer. Fortunately, luckily.
-- sain. Good luck, success; luckily.
-- ygei. No luck or success; unlucky; unsuccessful; dishonest, ignoble, worthless.
-- ygei ed. Worthless stuff, trash.
-- ygei zang γarγaxu. To act dishonestly or shamelessly.
-- zabsijan. Fortune, happiness.
-- zajaγ-a. Fate, destiny; good luck, lucky chance , fortune, happiness.

ZOLBIN / ЗОЛБИН



adj. and n. Stray; irrelevant; wandering, homeless; vagabond, vagrant.
-- noxai. Stray dog (also used as an invective).
-- yge. Uncalled-for remark.
-- zangtai kymyn. Nosy person.

ZOLBIRA- / ЗОЛБИРОХ



v.i. To wander, roam; to stray.

ZOLBISIRA- / ЗОЛБИШРОХ



v.i. To be[come] a vagrant, lead the life of a vagabond.

ZOLГA- / ЗОЛГОХ



v.i. To meet, present oneself to; to greet; to greet with xadaγ, q.v., on the New Year (a ceremonial greeting in which two persons exchange or touch xadaγs and at the same time exchange New Year's greetings).

ZOLГALDU- / ЗОЛГОЛДОХ



[v. rec. of zolγa-] To meet one another; to greet each other.

ZOLГALГ-A / ЗОЛГОЛГО

n. The act of zolγa-.

sin-e zil yn -- . New Year's greeting (ceremonial exchange of greetings on the New Year, cf. zolγa-).

ZOLI

-- ygei. Contrary to law, morals, or decency; without regard for honesty, reason , or justice.

-- ygei tøry ji baiγulxu. To govern without justice [S.S.142].

ZOLI- / ЗОЛИХ

v.t. To ransom, redeem.

--zu γarγaxu. To deliver, redeem; to free from prison.

ami --xu. To ransom oneself.

ZOLIГ / ЗОЛИГ

n. Ransom, rescue; figurines usually made of dough which are used in Lamaistic ritual for ridding one of evil spirits causing illness; devil (curse).

-- γarγaxu. To pay a ransom; to dispose of a "zoliγ" by burning or throwing it away in a ritual of praying for a sick person; to rid of evil objects.

-- mal. Ransom cattle; cattle returned to the wife's family after a divorce.

morin -- . Ransom paid in horses.

ZOLIГACI / ЗОЛИОЧ

n. Redeemer, liberator, savior.

ZOLIГLA- / ЗОЛИГЛОХ

v.t. To ransom, redeem a pledge; to pawn.

ZOLЈ-A / ЗОЛИО

n. Ransom, price of deliverance; fine (cf. zoliγ).

-- abuγsan mønggy. Ransom.

ZOLЈJADA- / ЗОЛИОДОХ

v.t. To ransom, redeem.

ZOLЈJADASU(N) / ЗОЛИОДОС

n. Pawned object; a person sent to do work or fulfill a pledge for the sender.

ZOLIMAL / ЗОЛИМОЛ

[n.d. of zoli-] adj. Ransomed, redeemed.

ZOLITAI /

adj. Conforming to order, custom, propriety, or justice.

ZOLTAI / ЗОЛТОЙ

adj. Lucky, fortunate.

ZOMUГUL / ЗОМГОЛ

n. Chips; wood shavings.

-- bolγaxu. To beat or smash to pieces.

ZON

[Go.] n. People.

ZONDURUГ

[Go.] n. Spot, dirt.

ZONGDUN / ЗОНДОН

n. Kind of silk cloth (Ch. chuang-tuan 莊緞).

ZONGGILA-

v.t. To unite; to gather.

ZONGTUR / ЗОНТОР

[Ch. chuang-t'ou 莊頭] n. Village chief.

ZOR, 1. / ЖОР

[T. sbyor, "mixture"] n. Medical prescription ; prescription book.

ZOR, 2.

n. Chips, shavings.

ZOR- / ЗОРОХ

v.t. To plane, shave off, pare off, peel.

kimusu ber --xu. To scratch with a finger nail or a claw.

kituγ-a ber --xu. To pare off with a knife.

modu --xu. To carve in wood.

ZORCI- / ЗОРЧИХ

v i. To walk, go; to travel; to set out, start for

--xu zam. Itinerary, route.

ZORCIГCI / ЗОРЧИГЧ

n. Traveler, passenger.

ZORCIL / ЗОРЧИЛ
n. The act of zorci-.

ZORCILГ-A / ЗОРЧЛОГО
n. March, travel.

ZORDASU / ЗОРДОС
n. Shavings, chips.

ZORГU-
See zoruγul-.

ZORГUDASU(N) / ЗОРГОДОС
n. Chips, shavings.
temyr yn --. Iron filings.

ZORГUL / ЗОРГОЛ
n. One-year-old deer.

ZORГUSUN
Same as zorγudasun.

ZORГUTUSU
[Go.] Semen foeniculi (Ch. hui-hsiang 茴香).

ZORGILГA-, 1. / ЗОРГИЛГОХ
v.i. and t. To shout, call loudly.

ZORGILГA-, 2.
[Go.]v.t. To sweep or shake something, raising dust.

ZORI- / ЗОРИХ
v.i. To move in the direction of; to strive, intend, plan; to be resolved.
--γsan γazar taγan kyrky. To attain one's destination, reach a goal.
--xu tøγyb yn yile yge. Final converb (expresses the purpose of an action and is formed with the suffix --r-a / --r-e).
... dur --n odxu. To go in the direction of.
idegen umdaγan i --xu. To strive after food and drink.

ZORICA-
Same as zørice-.

ZORIГ / ЗОРИГ
n. Aim, intention, wish, striving, will, volition; decisiveness; courage, fortitude; will power.

-- aldaxu. To despair, despond; to lose one's courage.
-- ijer. Acting at one's own pleasure.
-- ijer kiky. To act at one's own pleasure, judgment or discretion.
-- i yly xuγulxu. Not to discourage; unbreakable will.
-- kysel. Ardent desire.
-- medeky. To do as one pleases.
-- moxuxu. To lose courage.
-- oruxu. To gain courage.
-- tøryky. To be [come] encouraged.
-- xataγu. Resolution, strong will.
-- zoriγlaxu. To be resolved.
baγatur --. Heroism.
cing --. Firm resolution.
cingγ-a --. Strong will.
erelkeg --γarγaxu. To show courage.
sain --ijer. Voluntarily.

ZORIГAR / ЗОРИГООР
Same as zoriγ ijer.

ZORIГDA- / ЗОРИГДОХ
v. pass of zori-.
yly --xu. Incomprehensible, abstruse, invisible.

ZORIГLA- / ЗОРИГЛОХ
v.i. and t. To have something for an aim or goal; to intend, be resolved; to undertake, strive.
--zu kiky. To do with resolution.
surulγ-a dur --xu. To be bent on learning.

ZORIГTAI / ЗОРИГТОЙ
[= zoriγtu] adj. Courageous, daring, plucky, valiant.
-- tululduxu. To fight courageously.
xataγu --. Strong-willed.

ZORIГTU / ЗОРИГТ
See zoriγtai.

ZORIГUDA / ЗОРИУТ, ЗОРИУД
adj. and adv. Stubborn, persistent; purposely, intentionally, especially.
-- amitan. Stubborn person.
-- zakiraxu. To rule forcibly.

ZORIГUL- / ЗОРИУЛАХ
[v.caus. of zori-] v.t. To direct toward; to allocate; to cause to strive; to turn

one's own merits over to somebody else (Buddh., Ch. hui-hsiang 迴向).
angxaral i --xu. To cause to pay attention to; to direct one's attention to.
tusalamzi du --uγsan mønggy. Money allocated for assistance.



ZORIГULTA
Same as zoriγulta.

ZORIГULULTA / ЗОРИУЛАЛТ
n. The act of zoriγul-.

ZORILГ-A / ЗОРИЛГО
n. Striving, intention; objective, purpose, goal, aim.
-- bolγaxu. To aim at.
-- talbixu. To set an aim, give a task.
lozung --. Slogan, watchword, war-cry.
yndysyn --. Chief aim or purpose.



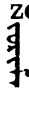
ZORILГATAI / ЗОРИЛГОТОЙ
adj. Having a purpose or aim.



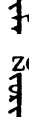
ZORILTA / ЗОРИЛТ
n. Aim, goal, purpose, objective.
γoul --. Main purpose or aim.
ulus tøry jin --. Political goal or aim.



ZORIMAГ / ЗОРИМОГ
adj. Willful, intentional, having a purpose; courageous.
sanaγan u -- ijer. According to one's whim, arbitrarily.



ZORIMAГAI / ЗОРИМГОЙ
adj. Enterprising, bold, decided, resolute.
-- ojun. Enterprising character; boldness.



ZORIMAГAR / ЗОРИМГООР
[= zorimaγ + ijer] adv. On purpose, willfully.



ZORIMAГLA- / ЗОРИМОГЛОХ
v.i. To be daring, courageous; to be purposeful.

ZORIMUГ
Same as zorimaγ.



ZORLA- / ЗОРЛОХ
v.t. To prescribe a medicine, make a prescription.



ZORUГ-A
n. Arrow with a horn head.



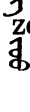
ZORUГUL- / ЗОРУУЛАХ
[= zorγu-] v. caus. of zor-.



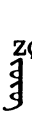
ZOSU / ЗОС
n. Ocher, colcothar; lining of clothes (Buriat).



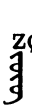
ZOSUDA- / ЗОСДОХ
v.t. To stain with ocher or colcothar.



ZOSUTAI / ЗОСТОЙ
adj. Having ocher color or painted with ocher; having a lining.
-- xubcasu. Lined clothes.



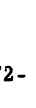
ZOTUNG
[= zodung] n. Kind of linen cloth (Ch. kê-pu 葛布).



ZOU, 1.
[Ch. chao 詔] n. Imperial decree, manifesto.

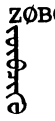
ZOU, 2.
Same as zo.

ZØB, 1. / ЗӨВ
Intensifying adv. particle used before adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable zø.
-- zøgelen. Very soft.



ZØB, 2. / ЗӨВ
adj., adv., and n. Correct, true, right; the right or correct side (see zøb tal-a).
-- biciky dyrim. Correct spelling, orthography.
-- bolγaxu. To make correct; to justify.
-- buruγu. Right and wrong; justice.
-- døryge. Left stirrup. (See -- tal-a).
-- ese bolxu. To die (euph., hist.).
-- γar. Right hand.
-- geky. To approve.
-- ijer. Correctly, truly; just exactly; just then
-- ijer ergiky. To turn clockwise.
-- i olxu. To find what or who is right.
-- jabudaltai. Righteous or upright (person).
-- kemeldyky. To agree on or approve something (said of a number of people).

-- køl. Right foot (of man), left feet (of horse).
-- mør. The right or correct way, method, or doctrine.
-- øgky. To give an undue justification; to side with someone.
-- tal-a. Right side; right-hand side (of man); the side one mounts a horse, hence the left side of a horse.
-- xaraxu. To look straight ahead or straight in the eyes.
cinu -- ! You are right! You win!



ZØBCI-
v.i. To act impudently.
niγur --ky. To act impudently, shamelessly.



ZØBKEN / ӨӨВХӨН
adv. Only, merely.
-- busu. Not only..., but also ...



ZØBKIS
Same as zobkis.



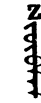
ZØBLE- / ӨӨВЛӨХ
v.t. and i. To consult, deliberate, discuss, confer, counsel.
--ky ba tasulxu erke. Right to deliberate and decide.
--n kelelceky. To discuss.



ZØBLEGCI / ӨӨВЛӨГЧ
n. Counselor, consultant, adviser; member of a council.



ZØBLEL / ӨӨВЛӨЛ
n. Council, soviet; conference.
-- yn zasaγ. Soviet government.
-- yn zasaγtu xolbuγatu ulus. Soviet Union.
said nar un --. Council of ministers.
yiledbyricin y eblel yn tøb --. Central council of professional unions.



ZØBLELDY- / ӨӨВЛӨЛДӨХ
[v. rec. of zøble-] To consult, deliberate, take counsel.



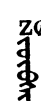
ZØBLELGEN / ӨӨВЛӨЛГӨӨН
n. Deliberation, conference, meeting; advice, recommendation.
-- y xural. Conference, meeting.
orulγ-a zarulγ-a jin --. Budget meeting.



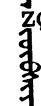
ZØBLELTY / ӨӨВЛӨЛТ
adj. Soviet.
-- [xolbuγatu] ulus. Soviet Union.
-- zasaγ. Soviet government.



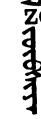
ZØBSI- / ӨӨВШИХ
v.t. and i. To take counsel with; to deliberate discuss; to examine critically, analyze.
--n kelelceky. To discuss, deliberate.



ZØBSIJE- / ӨӨВШӨӨХ
v.t. To agree, approve, sanction, consent.



ZØBSIJEL / ӨӨВШӨӨЛ
n. Approval, sanction, consent.



ZØBSIJEMYR
[Go.] adj. and n. Compliant, not contradicting, agreeing; supporter, adherent.



ZØBSIJERE- / ӨӨВШӨӨРӨХ
v.t. and i. To approve, consent, permit, sanction; to surround, go around.
--ky ygei. Not to consent; to refuse, decline.
--n batulaxu. To confirm.
--n kylijeky. To acknowledge, recognize.

ZØBSIJEREL / ӨӨВШӨӨРӨЛ
n. Permission, approval, sanction.
-- γujuxu. To ask permission.
-- temdeg. Written permission, permit; identification.

ZØBSIJERELTEI / ӨӨВШӨӨРӨЛТЭЙ
-- ber. With the consent or approval of.

ZØBSILGE(N) / ӨӨВШЛӨГ(Ө)
n. Consideration, discussion.

ZØCI-
Same as zøri-.

ZØCIGYY / ӨЧҮҮ
adj. Estranged, disharmonious.



ZØCYGE / ЖҮЖИГ
[= zyzige, zycige] n. Theatrical play, performance, dance.

-- γarγaxu. To stage a play; to dramatize.
-- jin ger. Theater (building).
-- jin uxaγan. Dramatic art.
-- toγlaxu. To stage or perform a play.
-- zokijaγci. Dramatist, playwright.
-- zokijal. Drama, play.
bajartu --. Comedy.

ZØCYGECI / ЖҮЖИГЧ
n. Actor.

ZØCYGELE- / ЖҮЖИГЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To stage a play, dramatize, perform.

ZØGE- / ЗӨӨХ
[= zøgege-] v.t. To move something from one place to another, transport; to gather, collect; to acquire, possess (hist.).
--zy baγuxu. To move to a nearby place.
baraγ-a --ky. To transport, transfer, or ship merchandise.
kele --ky. To pass on words, information.
usu --gci. Water carrier.

ZØGEBYRI / ЗӨӨВӨР
n. Transportation, transfer of goods; load, cargo, freight.

ZØGEBYRILE- / ЗӨӨВӨРЛӨХ
v.t. To transport.
cerig --ky aγar un ongγuca. Airplane for the transportation of troops.

ZØGEDKERE- / ЗӨӨТГӨРӨХ
v.i. To be consoled, comforted, or encouraged; to take heart; to calm down, abate (as anger).

ZØGEDKEREL / ЗӨӨТГӨРӨЛ
n. Consolation, condolence.

ZØGEG / ЗӨӨГ
adj. and n. Cooled; slow flowing (of a stream).
-- bolxu. To become calmer (of a stream); to be more at one's ease.
-- cai. Cooled tea.

ZØGEGDE- / ЗӨӨГДӨХ
v.i. To be[come] too cool or cold.

ZØGEGE-
See zøge-.

ZØGEI / ЗӨГИЙ
n. Bee.
-- jin egyr. Honeycomb.
-- jin uγuta. Honeycomb.
-- øskegci. Apiarist.
-- tezijeky. To keep bees.
bal un --. Honey-bee.
matar --. Crocodile.
morin --. Wasp.
sir-a --. Wasp, hornet.

ZØGEI-
v.i. To be tortured or tormented; to feel grief.

ZØGEKEI / ЗӨӨХИЙ
n. Cream.

ZØGELED- / ЗӨӨЛТӨХ
v.i. To be too soft.

ZØGELEDKE-
[v. caus. of zøgeled-] To make soft.
tosun ijer --ky. To soften or coat with oil.

ZØGELEKEN / ЗӨӨЛХӨН
adj. Rather soft, tender, delicate, weak.
-- der-e. Soft pillow.
-- egesig. "Soft sound, sweet harmony; Manjughosha, an aspect of Manjuçri, name of a widely worshipped Bodhisattva.

ZØGELEN / ЗӨӨЛӨН
adj. and adv. Soft[ly], tender[ly]; weak[ly], vapid[ly], feeble[-bly].
-- cilaγu. Soft stone, alabaster.
-- coγtu. Manjuçri, name of a widely worshiped Bodhisattva, personifying wisdom.
-- daγuutai. Soft-voiced.
-- iraγu ajalγu. Sweet harmony; soft and harmonious voice.
-- jabuxu. To walk softly.
-- xaraca. Tender or soft glance.
-- xatarixu. To trot smoothly.
-- yge. Soft words.
-- zang. Gentle nature.

ZØGELERE- / ЗӨӨЛРӨХ
v.i. To become soft, delicate, tender, flexible, weak.

salkin --ky. For the wind to abate.

ZØGELEREGYL- / ЗӨӨЛРҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of zøgelere-.

ZØGEMER / ЗӨӨМӨР
n. One who transports or carries; porter, carrier.
-- bolxu. [Lu.] To be barely able to carry.

ZØGERI / ЗӨӨР
n. Property, household goods, chattels; means of livelihood.
-- olxu. To acquire a fortune.
ed --. Property, household goods .
køryngge --. Property.

ZØGYRI
Same as zøgeri.

ZØNG, 1. / ЗӨН
n. Presage, portent, omen, sign; instinct.
-- baγulγaxu. To manifest by signs.
-- belegty. Prophet, diviner; sage.
-- bilig. Prescience, gift of prophecy; knowledge, wisdom; instinct.
-- bilig yn negegdel. Apocalypse, revelation.
-- talbixu. To manifest by signs.

ZØNG, 2. / ЗӨН
n. Bricks cut from grassy sod.

ZØNG, 3. / ЗӨН
n. Will, arbitrariness; spontaneity.
-- degen. Naturally, in its own way, by itself; arbitrarily, according to one's own wish or will; as much or little as one wishes.
-- degen jabudaγ kymyn. A person who minds his own business or keeps to himself.
-- degen kødelky. To move arbitrarily, spontaneously, or automatically.
-- dy inu. Spontaneously; immoderately, much.
-- dy inu orkixu. To let things take their natural course.
-- ijer. By itself, spontaneously, involuntarily, automatically.
-- ijer bailγaxu. To leave somebody or something alone.
-- ijer talbixu. To leave somebody or something alone.

ZØNGCI / ЗӨНЧ
n. Prophet, diviner.
-- sibaγu. Magpie.

ZØNGGE
-- ergyky. To present as a gift or token; to give a girl in marriage to a prince.

ZØNGGE- / ЗӨНГӨХ
v.t. To move household objects to another place; to remove stealthily.

ZØNGGEGER / ЗӨНГӨӨР
Same as zøng ijer.

ZØNGGEN
[Ch. chung-kung 中宮] n. Empress, khaness.

ZØNGLE-
Same as zøngne-.

ZØNGNE- / ЗӨГНӨХ
v.t. To predict, prognosticate, portend, have a presentiment.
boruγan --ky. To have a presentiment of rain.

ZØNTY-, etc. / ЗӨНТӨХ
See zøny-, etc.

ZØNY- / ЗӨНӨХ
[= zønty-] v.i. To be feeble-minded from old age, be senile.

ZØNYG / ЗӨНӨГ
adj. and n. Senile, senility.
-- boluγsan. Senile, feeble-minded.

ZØNYGLE- / ЗӨНӨГЛӨХ
v.i. and t. To act or treat as senile.

ZØNYGSI- / ЗӨНӨГШИХ
v.i. To become feeble-minded from old age, become senile.

ZØRCI
See zyrzi.

ZØRCI- / ЗӨРЧИХ
Same as zørice-.

ZØRI- / ЗӨРӨХ

v.i. To fail to meet; to miss each other or cross each other's paths; to disagree; to be disobedient; to act in a contrary way.

toγ-a --ky. Figures do not balance.

yge ece --ky. To disobey an ordèr; to refuse to take advice.

zam dur --ky. To miss or cross each other's path on the way; to cross (as letters).

ZØRIBELZE-

[Go.] v.i. To shine, glitter, sparkle.

ZØRICE- / ЗӨРЦӨХ

[= zørci-] v.i. and t. To disobey; to be obstinate; to do the opposite; to violate.

dyrim --ky To disobey the rules.

ZØRICEL / ЗӨРЦӨЛ, ЗӨРЧИЛ

n. Resistance, objection, opposition; disagreement, discord, conflict.

ZØRICELDY- / ЗӨРЦӨЛДӨХ

[v. rec. of zørice-] To conflict, disagree, be in discord.

ZØRICEMTEGEI / ЗӨРЧИМТГИЙ

adj. Disobeying, violating, obstinate.

ZØRIGE / ЗӨРӨӨ

n. Discord, dissension, difference.

-- zang. Stubbornness.

ZØRIGYCE- / ЗӨРҮҮЦЭХ

v.i. To disobey, be obstinate.

ZØRIGYDE / ЗӨРҮҮД

adj. Obstinate, stubborn.

ZØRIGYDELE- / ЗӨРҮҮДЛЭХ

v.i. To contradict; to be obstinate.

ZØRIGYL- / ЗӨРҮҮЛЭХ

v. caus. of zøri-.

tobci ben --yn tobcilaxu. To button one's clothes crookedly.

ZØRIGYLED- / ЗӨРҮҮЛДЭХ

v.i. To become oblique, awry, aslant; to be obstinate.

ZØRIGYY / ЗӨРҮҮ

adj., adv., and n. Not straight, awry, askew; transverse, across, inclined, stubborn, opposing; oblique[ly]; obstinate[ly]; difference.

-- keleky. To oppose in speaking, speak against, contradict.

-- ygei. Without contradiction; not crooked or oblique.

-- zam. A transverse road or path; the wrong path (fig.).

yn- jin --. Difference in prices.

ZØRIKEI

adj. Obstinate, stubborn, inflexible.

ZØRIL / ЗӨРӨЛ

n. Obstinacy, stubbornness; contradiction, conflict.

ZØRILCE- / ЗӨРӨЛЦӨХ

[v. coop. of zøri-] v.i. To be transposed, changed around; to be at variance; to dissent, disagree.

--ky jabudal. Conflict, disagreement.

ZØRILCEGE(N) / ЗӨРӨЛЦӨӨН

n. Dissension, discord, quarrel.

ZØRILDY- / ЗӨРӨЛДӨХ

[v. rec. of zøri-] To be transposed, changed around; to contradict, disagree, resist.

ZØRILDYGEN / ЗӨРӨЛДӨӨН

n. Contradiction, differences of opinion; conflict.

buu zebseg yn --. Armed conflict.

dotur un --. Internal conflict.

ZØRILGE

n. Contradiction, conflict.

ZUB / ЗУВ

Intensifying adverbial particle before adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable zu.

-- zuzaγan. Very thick or dense.

ZUBA

See zubaγ-a.

ZUBAГ / ЗУВАГ

n. Irrigation channel, gutter, ditch, drain, sewer.

ZUBAГ-A / ЗУВАА

[= zuba] n. Dangerous mountain trail; a narrow valley, gorge.

ZUBCAГ-A / ЗУВЦАА

adj. and n. Fur-lined (of garments); a cloth garment with fur inside.

ZUBCAГALA- / ЗУВЦААЛАХ

v.i. To line a garment with fur; to put on or wear a fur garment.

ZUBU- / ЗУВАХ

v.i. To move bending down or crawling under; to hide in the grass (of animals).

ZUD / ЗУД

n. Calamity or disaster caused by severe weather (blizzard, etc.); starvation, famine; cattle plague.

-- bolxu. To be[come] a disaster (of a blizzard or other adverse weather condition).

-- emgeg. Epizootic.

caγan --. Disaster caused by snow.

γamsiγ --. Disaster, calamity.

γang --. Drought.

xar-a --. Disaster caused by cold weather.

ZUDAR / ЗУДАР

adj. Impure, filthy, soiled.

ZUDAR- / ЗУДРАХ

v.i. To soil oneself, defile oneself.

ZUDARXA- / ЗУДАРХАХ

v.t. To soil, profane.

ZUDLA- / ЗУДЛАХ

v.i. To meet with a disaster; for a disaster to occur (usually of snow storm, etc.).

ZUDURA-

Same as zydere-.

ZUГ-A / ЗУГАА

[= zuγaγ-a] n. Amusement, entertainment, diversion; pastime; recreation, stroll, walk.

-- γaгγaxu. To amuse oneself.

-- kiky. To take a walk; to amuse oneself.

ZUГACA- / ЗУГААЦАХ

v.i. To amuse, divert, or entertain oneself; to take a walk.

ZUГACAL / ЗУГААЦАЛ

n. Amusement, entertainment; walk, stroll.

ZUГAГ-A / ЗУГАА

See zuγ-a.

ZUГAГAKI- / ЗУГААХИЙХ

Same as zuγ-a kiky.

ZUГALA- / ЗУГААЛАХ

v.i. To amuse oneself; to take a walk; to rejoice.

modun du --xu. To take a walk in the wood.

ZUГATAI / ЗУГААТАЙ

adj. Pleasant, amusing, entertaining.

-- kymyn. An amusing or entertaining person.

ZUГTAГA- / ЗУГТААХ

[= ziγutaγa-] v.i. To flee, run away, escape, desert.

ZUГUL-

See suγul-.

ZUГURA-

See ziγura-.

ZUГURALDU-

See ziγuraldu-.

ZUIГUR / ЗУЙГАР

n. and adj. Deceit, seduction; deceiver, seducer; deceitful, seductive.

ZUIГURLA- / ЗУЙГАРЛАХ

v.t. and i. To deceive, outwit; to lead into error; to seduce.

ZUIRLA-



See zyirle-.

ZUKIN



[= zykin] adj. and n. Damp, moist; humidity.

ZULA, 1. / ЗУЛ



n. Lamp, candle, light.
-- barixu = -- ergyky. To kindle a lamp; to light a lamp as an offering (relig.).
-- jin cøgyce. Small lamp lit in front of an image of a deity.
-- [ji] sitaγaxu. To light a lamp.
-- modu. Fir or resinous pine used for torches.
-- sar-a. First winter month.
altan -- [ceceg]. Tulip. [Gr.] Hemerocallis minor.
lab --. Candle, wax taper.
tøry jin --. Lantern used during court ceremonies.

ZULA, 2.



See zulai.

ZULAΓ-A



Same as zula.

ZULAI / ЗУЛАЙ



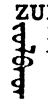
[= zula, 2.] n. Fontanel (anatom.).

ZULARA- / ЗУЛРАХ



v.i. To swerve.
mori --xu. For a horse to swerve.

ZULBADXA(N)



n. Small bag, purse.

ZULBU- / ЗУЛБАХ



v.i. To shed skin; to lose hair; to run away, escape.
ami --xu. To run for one's life.

ZULBUDAΓ / ЗУЛБАДАГ



n. Miscarried fetus, aborted child; prematurely born young ot an animal; fur of an unborn lamb; not fully grown fur.

ZULBUDAI / ЗУЛБАДАЙ



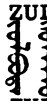
Same as zulbudaγ.

ZULBUDASU(N) / ЗУЛБАДАС



[= zulmudasu(n)] n. Abortion, miscarriage; cast-off skin (of a snake).
moγai jin --. The cast-off skin of a snake, slough.

ZULBUDASULA- / ЗУЛБАДАСЛАХ



v.t. To perform an abortion.

ZULBUΓ-A



n. The cast-off skin of a snake.

ZULBUΓAR / ЗУЛБАГАР



adj. Thin, weak, flimsy.

ZULBUI- / ЗУЛБАЙХ



v.i. To be[come] thin or weak; to lose hair; for the hair to lie down (as when wet); to be short-wooled or sleek-wooled.

ZULBURANG / ЗУЛБАРАН



n. Short-haired fur coat.

ZULCI



n. Caul enveloping the fetus of animals at birth.

ZULCUI-



v.i. To be weak, tender, liquid; to drag; to trickle.

ZULΓA- ./ ЗУЛГААХ



v.t. To pull, pull out, tear by pulling, pluck; to weed; to cling to.
ebesy --xu. To pull out grass or weeds.
ysy ben --. To pull one's hair.

ZULΓAMAL / ЗУЛГААМАЛ



[n.d. of zulγa-] adj. Plucked out, cleaned of hair.

ZULΓARA-



See zulγura-.

ZULΓUL- / ЗУЛГАЛАХ



v.t. To flay, skin, pull out hair or wool.
--uγsan γazar. Abrasion, excoriation.

ZULΓURA- / ЗУЛГАРАХ



[= zilγura-, zulγara-] v.i. To fall out, fall off (of hair, feather, etc.).

ysy --xu. For the hair to fall out.

ZULM-A
Same as zum-a.

ZULMAГ-A
Same as zulbuγ-a.

ZULMU- / ЗУЛМАХ
v.t. and i. To pluck a bird; to shed skin, hair, feathers, etc.
moγai --xu. To slough the skin (as snakes, etc.).

ZULMUDASU(N)
See zulbudasu(n).

ZULTARГAN-A
n. Punk (used as tinder).

ZULU-, 1. / ЗУЛАХ
v.t. To lay or spread out; to put in layers; to quilt.
isegei --xu. To lay out pieces of felt or carded wool evenly when making felt.

ZULU-, 2.
See zilu-.

ZULUГ / ЗУЛАГ
n. Vamp of a boot or shoe.

ZULUM-A / ЗУЛАМ
n. Thin inner bark of a tree; thin inner skin of an egg or nut.

ZULZAГ-A(N) / ЗУЛЗГА, ЗУЛЗАГА
n. Fledgeling, nestling, squab; young of an animal (except cattle); young plant.
--n buryasu. Small willow, small bush.
--n xaı-a xusu. Elm tree. [Gu.] Small black birch.
-- tezijeky. To keep a pet.
-- tøryky. To bring forth young (of animals, except cattle).
arslan u --. Lion cub.

ZULZAГALA- / ЗУЛЗГАЛАХ
v.t. and i. To whelp, bring forth young (of animals, except cattle).

ZUM-A / ЗУМ
adj. Cleaned of hair, scalded.

ZUMALA- ЗУМЛАХ, ЗУЛМАХ
v.t. To scald feathers of birds or hair of animals; to pluck out.

ZUMALZA- / ЗУУМАЛЗАХ
v.i. To simper, smirk, smile.

ZUMГANA- / ЗУУМАГНАХ
v.i. To simper, smirk.

ZUN / ЗУН
n. and adv. Summer; in summer.
-- ijer. In summer, during summer.
-- ijer ijen saγuxu. To live as in summer.
-- u adaγ sar-a. Last month of summer (July).
-- u baγuca. The waning of a summer day.
-- u dumda sar-a. Mid-month of summer (June).
-- u ekin sar-a. First month of summer (May).
-- un ger. Summer home, villa.
-- u orusil. Beginning of summer; summer dwelling place.
-- u takil. Summer sacrifice.
-- u tuil. Summer solstice.

ZUNGГAГ, 1. / ЗУНГАГ
n. Dirt, waste matter, combings of dirt, etc. from the hair; excrement of a baby or young animal; mucus.

ZUNGГAГ, 2. / ЗУНГАГ
n. Lanolin.

ZUNGГAГLA- / ЗУНГАГЛАХ
v.t. To produce dirt, waste matter, combings, etc. (of hair); to eliminate, excrete (speaking of small children or young animals).

ZUNGГAГTAI / ЗУНГАГТАЙ
[= zungγaγtu] adj. Dirty, unclean.

ZUNGГAГTU
See zungγaγtai.

ZUNSI- / ЗУНШИХ
v. i. For the summer to set in; to settle for or pass the summer.

ZUNSILГ-A / ЗУНШЛАГА
n. The act or state of zunsi-.
-- saitai nutuγ. A locality with conditions favorable for passing the summer.

ZUNZI- / ЗУНЖИХ
v. i. To pass the summer.

ZUR / ЗОР
n. Ability, skill (in hunting).
-- sain. The hunt is good; ... rich in game.
-- ygei. Poor hunter; ... is poor in game.

ZURADASU(N), etc.
See ziruγadasu(n), etc.

ZURAГ-A / ЗУРАА
n. Depression, duct, or canal in the body (usually straight); straight ravine or hollow in the mountains.

ZURALTA
Same as zirulta.

ZURAM-A / ЗУРМА , ЗУРАМ
[= zurum] n. Suslik (a kind of ground squirrel, Citellus citillus.

ZURAR-A
-- jin ceceg. A flowering tree resembling the peach tree, Gardenia florida (Ch. chih-tzŭ-hua 梔子花).

ZURBUS / ЗУРВАС
n. Line; strip, band.
-- γazar. Zone.

ZURBUSLA- / ЗУРВАСЛАХ
v. t. To make strips.

ZURDASU(N) / ЗУРДАС
See ziruγadasu(n).

ZURГAN
[Ma. zurγan] n. Ministry (Ch. pu 部).
-- u kereg i zakirun siidkegci said. Chancellor, presiding minister (Ch. shang-

shu 尚書 , hist.).

ZURIM
n. Paring, slip, scrap, torn piece.

ZURMA
n. A slice, strip, cut-off piece.

ZURMADASU
[Go.] n. A single rib; a single long strip of dried meat.

ZURMALA-
[Go.] v. t. To cut off a rib of meat; to separate along the rib or in layers.

ZURU-
Same as ziru-.

ZURUГ-A
See ziruγ-a, 2.

ZURUГUL
Same as ziγuraγul.

ZURULTA
Same as zirulta.

ZURUM
See zuram-a.

ZURUUL
Same as ziγuraγul.

ZUSA- / ЗУСАХ
v. i. To pass the summer.

ZUSAГ
adj. Between two and three years old (of female sheep, goat or deer); with young for the first time (of sheep, goats, or deer).

ZUSALANG / ЗУСЛАН
[= zusulang] n. Summer quarters or camp; summer cottage or villa.

ZUSAMAL / ЗУСМАЛ
adj. Worn out from working in summer (of domestic animals).
-- mori. Horse worn out from summer work.

ZUSU-
Same as zusa-.

ZUSUГ
Same as zusaγ.

ZUSULANG
See zusalang.

ZUSUR, etc.
See zisur, etc.

ZUTA- / ЗУТАХ
v.i. To suffer hunger or poverty; to grow thin.

ZUTANG / ЗУТАН
n. Broth, gruel.
-- cai. Tea prepared with fried powdered millet and butter.
γulir un --. Meal soup.
syn --. Milk soup.
tuturγa jin --. Rice soup.

ZUTARA- / ЗУТРАХ
v.i. To be poverty-stricken.
--γsan amitan. Downtrodden creature, ragamuffin.

ZUU / ЗУУ
[T. jo bo "elder brother, lord," name of a famous statue of the Buddha in a Lhasa temple.] n. Monastery, lamasery.
-- uda. Chao Uda, one of the leagues of Eastern Inner Mongolia.
baraγun -- = møngke --. Popular name for Lhasa.
jeke --. "Great monastery," Ike Chao, the name of the Ordos league (confederation).

ZUUSI
See zaγusi.

ZUUX-A / ЗУУХ
n. Hearth, furnace, stove.
-- jin ezen. The god of the hearth.
-- jin xotuγur. Hollow or pit for fire.
-- tyleky. To light a stove, kindle a fire in a stove.

temyr --. Iron stove.

ZUUXACI / ЗУУХЧ
n. Furnace man; stove-maker; cook.

ZUUXALA-
v.t. To fish with a spear through a hole in the ice.

ZUUZAI / ЗУУЗАЙ
See zaγuzai, 2.

ZUZAГAD- / ЗУЗААДАХ
v.i. To be[come] too thick or dense.

ZUZAГADXA- / ЗУЗААТГАХ
[v. caus. of zuzaγad-] v.t. To make thick; to strengthen.
azu axui ji --xu. To strengthen the economy.
batulan xamaγalaxu kereg i --xu. To strengthen the defense.
keb xauli ji --xu. To strenthen or vitalize the ancient customs.
kycyn i --xu. To strengthen the power.
xolbuγ-a --xu. To strengthen an alliance.

ZUZAГALA- / ЗУЗААЛАХ
Same as zuzaγadxa-.

ZUZAГALIГ / ЗУЗААЛАГ
adj. Rather thick, slightly thick; strong or husky (as a wrestler).

ZUZAГAN / ЗУЗААН
adj. and n. Thick, dense; strong, massive, powerful; thickness.
-- arisutai. Thick-skinned, thick-hided, pachydermous.
-- bolγaxu. To make thick; to reinforce.
-- cai. Green brick tea.
-- egyle. Thick clouds.
-- emysky. To put on thick clothing.
-- inu tabun santimeter. It is 5 centimeters thick.
-- kesig. Great favors, generosity.
-- oi. Dense wood, thick forest.
-- u kemzij-e. Thickness.
-- xolbuγ-a. Strong ties.

ZUZAГARA- / ЗУЗААРАХ
v.i. To become thick or dense; to become strong, powerful, firm, solid.

egyle --xu. For the clouds to become dense.

ZUZAГAXAN / ЗУЗААХАН
adj. Fairly thick, fairly dense.

ZUZIR
-- ebesy. Dracontium, Arum dracontium; Penellia tuberifera (grass). (Ch. panhsia 半夏).

ZYB / ЗУВ
Intensifying adverbial particle before adj. and adv. beginning with the syllable zy.
-- zyger-e. Quite all right, just fine.
-- zyger-e saγuxu. To do nothing; to be idle.

ZYCIGE
See zφcyge.

ZYCLJ-E
n. Stable, cattle shed.

ZYDE- / ЗУДЭХ
v.i. To be tired, fatigued, or exhausted from work or pressure; to suffer hardship; to have difficulty in doing something.
sedkil --ky. To be worried.
zoban --ky. To suffer, go through hardship.

ZYDEG / ЗУДЭГ
Same as zydegyy.

ZYDEGE- / ЗУДЭЭХ
v.t. To exhaust, weaken, tire.

ZYDEGYRI / ЗУДУУР
n. Exhaustion, fatigue; hardship, anxiety, worry.
zobalang --. Suffering, hardship.

ZYDEGYRITEI / ЗУДУУРТЭЙ
adj. Hard, difficult: critical.

ZYDEGYY / ЗУДУУ
adj. Exhausted, worn out, fatigued; being in need or distress; critical.
jadaγu --. Poor, pauper, destitute.

ZYDEL / ЗУДЭЛ
n. Weakening, exhaustion from hardship.

ZYDENGGI / ЗУДЭНГЭ
adj. Exhausted, overwhelmed with fatigue.

ZYDENGGIRE- / ЗУДЭНГЭРЭХ
v.i. To be weak from fatigue, worn out.

ZYDERE- / ЗУДРЭХ
v.i. To pine; to suffer; to be exhausted from hardship; to be tired from work, travel, etc.

ZYDEREGE- / ЗУДРЭЭХ
[v. caus. of zydere-] v.t. To cause hardships, exhaust, wear out, overwork.

ZYDEREGYL- / ЗУДРУУЛЭХ
See zyderege-.

ZYDEREGYY / ЗУДРУУ
adj. Exhausted, weary; poor.

ZYDEREL / ЗУДРЭЛ
n. Weariness, hardship, exhaustion.

ZYDERELTEI / ЗУДРЭЛТЭЙ
adj. Hard, difficult, wearisome, tiresome.

ZYDERKE- / ЗУДЭРХЭХ
v.t. To find something hard or tiresome.

ZYDKY- , 1.
Same as zidky-.

ZYDKY-, 2.
v.i. To be stubborn, willful, obstinate.

ZYDKYGE
n. and adj. Stubborn, obstinate, willful; stubbornness, obstinacy, willfulness.

ZYG / ЗУГ
a) n., adv., and quasi-postpos. Direction, cardinal point; course; in the direction of, towards.
-- aldaxu. To lose one's direction; to get out of hand; to go beyond the limits; to overdo; to be disorderly.
-- bygyde ece. From all directions, from everywhere.

-- byri. In all directions.
-- i barixu. To have an inclination, tendency, or habit.
-- ygei. Indescribable, unspeakable; out of control, out of hand, unmanageable, unruly.
-- ygei aγasilaxu. To be unruly or disorderly.
-- ygei jeke. Immense, huge.
-- ygei keyked. Unruly youngster.
-- ygeireky. To be out of hand or control; to be disorderly.
-- ziγaγci zegyy. Magnetic needle.
-- zobkis. Cardinal and intermediate points.
-- zokilduxu. To agree on a course or direction or in an opinion.
-- zyg tegesi taraxu. To scatter in all directions.
ali -- ? What direction?
dørben --. The four cardinal points.
emyn-e --. South, to the south, in the south, southward.
naran γarxu --. " The direction of sunrise," east.
naran singgekyi --. " The direction of sunset," west.
øryn-e --. West, to the west.
sine jin --. The first half, the first fifteen days of the month.
xar-a --. The second half of the month, from the 16th to the 30th.

b) adv. and adj. Barely enough, just enough; simple, mere, bare.
-- kyrbe. Barely sufficient.
-- yge. Chatter, twaddle; words of no consequence.

ZYGER / ЗҮГЭЭР

[= zyger-e] adj. and adv. Does not matter, all right, don't bother; so so; in vain, to no purpose; gratis, free of charge.
-- abxu. To obtain free of charge.
-- bai! Stop it! Don't be naughty!
-- bolxu. To recover from illness or accident; to become fine, right or normal.
--, byy ai! It is all right, don't be afraid!
-- kymyn. Nice or agreeable person; ordinary person, without public office; person not belonging to or not connected with something.
-- øgky. To give free of charge.
-- saγuxu. To live in idleness; to do nothing.

-- zyger! It is quite all right! Please don't bother!

ZYGER-E

See zyger.

ZYGESILE-

v.i. To go or step aside.
--n ideky. To step aside and eat, eat furtively.

ZYGLE- / ЗҮГЛЭХ

v.t. and i. To turn in some direction, head for; to be directed to, bound for; to strive after.
baraγun zyg --zy jabuxu. To head for the west, go westward.

ZYGLEGYL- / ЗҮГЛҮҮЛЭХ

[v. caus. of zygle-] v. t. To direct toward.
zoriγ sedkil ijen nigen zygty --ky. To direct one's attention or effort towards one direction or goal.

ZYGLEL / ЗҮГЛЭЛ

n. The act of zygle-.

ZYGYRMEG

adj. Abundant, fecund, fertile.
keyked --. Fertile woman.

ZYI / ЗҮЙ

n. Reason, principle; decorum; propriety, seemliness; discipline; branch of learning or study.
-- busu. Irregular, unreasonable, improper.
-- ijer. Fittingly, properly.
-- inu. It seems proper, fit, appropriate to.
-- jin doturaki kereg. Reasonable or rightful matter.
-- josu. The proper way.
-- toγtaγal. Conformity to law or rule; regularity.
-- ucir. Reason, cause.
-- ygei. Indecently, improperly.
-- zokis. Propriety, proper order.
arγ-a jin --. Methodology.
γazar un zyi. Physical geography (loan transl. of Ch. ti-li 地理).

ZYI- / ЗҮЙХ

v.t. To join together, put together from various pieces, add on material of the same kind

in order to make something larger or longer; to piece.
--zy ojuxu. To piece in sewing.

ZYICILE- / ЗҮЙЧЛЭХ
v.t. and i. To do or act properly, correctly, or justly; to assort, distribute into classes, classify.

ZYIL / ЗҮЙЛ
n. Kind, species, sort, category; article[s], item[s], paragraph, point; occurrence, instance. Forms abstract or collective nouns.
-- byri. Of all kinds.
-- byri uxaγan u toli bicig. Encyclopedia.
-- daraγalan. Item by item.
-- zyil. Of all kinds.
baraγan u --. Merchandise, goods.
deger-e duraduγsan -- ece. From the items mentioned above.
em yn --. Medicines.
kelelceky -- yd. Agenda.
nigedyger --. The first article.
φger-e --. Another thing, something else.
tataγalzaxu -- ygei. There is nothing to hesitate about.
tezigel xoγula jin --. Articles of food.

ZYIL- / ЗҮЙЛЭХ
v.t. To shave, clip, or cut hair; to shear wool.
ysy --ky. To cut hair.

ZYILCILE- / ЗҮЙЛЧЛЭХ
v.t. To enumerate, itemize; to assort, distribute into classes, classify.

ZYILE- / ЗҮЙЛЭХ
v.t. To sort, arrange according to kind.

ZYILEL-
Same as zyille-.

ZYILES
Pl. of zyil.
oruly-a jin --. Items of income.

ZYILGE-
v. caus. of zyil -.

ZYILLE- / ЗҮЙЛЛЭХ
v.t. To sort out, classify, itemize.

ZYILTY
adj. Of all kinds, of various kinds.
-- namnal. Various kinds of exercises in archery.

ZYIMEL / ЗҮЙМЭЛ
[n.d. of zyi-] adj. Compound, composite, pieced together.
-- šala. Parquet.

ZYIR / ЗҮЙР
n. Semblance, equality, similarity; comparison.
-- yge. Proverb, common saying; alliterated words.
-- ygei. Unequaled, incomparable, unparalleled.

ZYIRLE- / ЗҮЙРЛЭХ
[= zairla-] v.i. and t. To be alike, equal, the same; to compare; to alliterate.
cimatai --ky ygei. Cannot be compared with you.

ZYIRLESI / ЗҮЙРЛЭЭ
-- ygei. Incomparable.

ZYITEI / ЗҮЙТЭЙ
adj. Right, correct, proper; fitting; permissible, acceptable.
-- dy yzeky. To consider as right.

ZYKE-
See zyky-.

ZYKIN
See zukin.

ZYKY- / ЗҮХЭХ
[= zyke-] v.t. and i. To curse, swear, scold.

ZYKYLI / ЗҮХЭЛ
n. Curse; scolding; hatred.

ZYLBY-
Same as zulbu-.

ZYLCEI-
[Go.] v.t. To put obliquely.

ZYLCIGIR / ЗУЛЧГЭР
adj. Stern, indifferent, cold, unsociable, impolite.
-- ciratai. Stern-faced.

ZYLCILZE- / ЗУЛЧИЛЗЭХ
v.i. To feel ashamed; to shun, avoid, be unsociable.
nuγur --ky. To turn away one's face in shame, feel dishonored, show shame; to be ashamed.

ZYLEGE
n. Rings to which the ropes of a swing are tied.

ZYLGE / ЗУЛЭГ
n. Soft lawn, meadow, grass; sward.
-- jin kyzi. Indian nard, valeriana jatamansi; milfoil; spikenard.
-- jin noγuγ-a. Meadow grass.

ZYLGELIG / ЗУЛГЭЛЭГ
-- ceceg. Chrysanthemum.

ZYLGENI- / ЗУЛЭГНЭХ, ЗУЛГЭНЭХ
v.i. To drive animals to pasture; to break or train a horse.

ZYLGENIGYL- / ЗУЛЭГНҮҮЛЭХ
v. caus. of zylgeni-.

ZYLGY- / ЗУЛГЭХ
[= zilgy-] v.t. To wipe, polish, dust; to rub or brush against.
siregen i --ky. To dust, wipe, or polish a table.

ZYLGYGYR / ЗУЛГҮҮР
[= zilgygyr, zylgyr, zylgyyr] n. Mop, dust cloth; sandpaper.

ZYLGYR
See zylgygyr.

ZYLGYRDE- / ЗУЛГҮҮГДЭХ
v t. To mop, wipe, clean with a mop or duster.

ZYLGYYR
See zylgygyr.

ZYNG / ЗҮН(Г)
[Ch chung 鐘] n. Bell; clock.
-- cokixu. To ring the bell.

ZYNGZE
[Ch. chung-tzu 鈡子] n. Small goblet.

ZYR, 1. / ЗҮР
n. A sheeplike antelope, saiga (Saiga tartarica).

ZYR, 2.
Same as zur.

ZYRGYI / ЗҮРГИЙ
n. [Gr.] Atragene sibirica (plant).

ZYRM-E / ЗҮРЭМ
n. Chip, shaving; thin strips of meat; stuffing.

ZYRMEDE- / ЗҮРЭМДЭХ
v.i. To have a chronic sickness.

ZYRMEDESY(N) / ЗҮРЭМДЭС
n. Strips or pieces of meat.

ZYRMELE- / ЗҮРЭМЛЭХ
v.t. To cut into thin strips.

ZYRZI / ЗҮРЖ
[= zørci] n. Orange.
altan --. Wild orange.

ZYRZILIГ
n. Pomelo, grape fruit.

ZYRZIMSYG
adj. and n. Spongy, porous, foamy; a fruit resembling the grapefruit.

ZYSE(N) / ЗҮС
n. Inundation, continuous or intense rain.
-- boruγ-a. Downpour.

ZYSERE- / ЗҮСРЭХ
v.i. To pour down (of rain); to become inundated, flooded.

ZYSY(N)
Same as zyse(n).

ZYSY-
Same as zisy-.

ZYSYM / ЗҮСЭМ
See zisym, 1.

ZYSYR
Same as zisur.

ZYZIGE, etc.
See zøcyge, etc.

Z

ZAMBAGA

[= zambaγ-a, T. campaka, S. campaka] n. Magnolia.

ZAMBALA

See zambala.

ZAMBU

[S. jambu] n. Rose apple tree (Eugenia Jambu).

ZAMBUTIB / ЗАМБУУТИВ

[S. Jambudvipa, "Rose-apple continent." In Buddhist cosmography the southernmost of the seven worlds or major continents which surround the mythical Mount Meru.

ZANDAN / ЗАНДАН

[= zandan, S. candana] n. Sandalwood, sandal tree.

-- modu. Sandalwood.

ulaγan --. Sandalwood.

ZARI

[= zari] n Steppe deer.

ZOOLOGI / ЗООЛОГИ

[R. зоология] n. Zoology.

ZOOTEKNIK / ЗООТЕХНИК

[R. зоотехника] n. Zootechny.

ZOR

Same as sor.

ZARM-A

See zarm-a.

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АИРАГЛАХ	AIRАГLA-, 1
АИРАГЛАХ	AIRАГLA-, 2
АИСАХ	AIS-, 1
АЙСУЙ	AISUI
АЙХ	AI-
АЙХ	AJU-
АИХАВТАР	AIXUBTUR
АКАДЕМИ	AKADEMI
АКАДЕМИЧ	AKADEMICI
АКТ	AKTA
АЛ	AL
АЛ	ALA, 1
АЛ	ALA(N) 2
АЛААЧ	ALАГАCI
АЛАРХИЙХ	ALABKI-
АЛАВЦАХ	ALABCA-
АЛАГ	ALАГ
АЛАГДААГА	ALАГDАГ-А
АЛАГДААХАЙ	ALАГDАГАХАІ
АЛАГДАХ	ALАГDA-
АЛАГЛАХ	ALАГLA-
АЛАГТАЙ	ALАГТАІ
АЛАГЧ(ИН)	ALАГCI(N)
АЛАГЧЛАЛ	ALАГCILAL
АЛАГЧЛАХ	ALАГCILA-
АЛАГЧУУЛАХ	ALАГSIГUL-
АЛАЛДАА	ALALDUГAN
АЛАЛДАХ	ALALDU-
АЛАЛДАХ	ALAICA-
АЛАМ	ALM -А(N) 1
АЛАМ	ALM-А, 2
АЛАМГАЙ	ALMАГАІ
АЛАМГАД	ALMURAD
АЛАНГИР	ALANGGIR
АЛАХ	ALA-
АЛБА(Н)	ALBA(N)
АЛБАДАЛ	ALBADAL
АЛБАДАХ	ALBADA-
АЛБАДЛАГА	ALBADALГ-А
АЛБАНИ	ALBANI
АЛБАТ	ALBATU
АЛБАТАЙ	ALBATAI
АЛБАТАН	ALBATAN
АЛБАЧЛАГА	ALBACILАГ-А
АЛБАЧЛАХ	ALBACILA-
АЛБИДАХ	ALBID-
АЛБИН	ALBIN
АЛГА	ALАГ-А(N), 1
АЛГА	ALАГ-А 2
АЛГА	ALГ-А
АЛГАДАХ	ALГАDA

АЛГАДУУЛАХ ALAGADAGUL-
АЛГАНА ALAGAN-A
АЛГАСАЛ ALGASAL
АЛГАСАМГАЙ ALGASAMAGAI
АЛГАСАНГУЙ ALGASANGGUI
АЛГАСАХ ALGASA-
АЛГАСУУЛАХ ALGASAGUL-
АЛГУУР ALIGUR
АЛГУУРЛАХ ALIGURLA-
АЛД ALDA, 1.
АЛД ALDA, 2.
АЛДАА ALDAG-A
АЛДААТАЙ ALDAGATAI
АЛДАГДАЛ ALDAGDAL
АЛДАГДАЛТАЙ ALDAGDALTAI
АЛДАГДАХ ALDAGDA-
АЛДАГДУУЛАХ ALDAGDAGUL-
АЛДАД ALDADU
АЛДАЛ ALDAL
АЛДАР ALDAR
АЛДАРТ ALDARTU
АЛДАРТАЙ ALDARTAI
АЛДАРШИЛ ALDARSIL
АЛДАРШИХ ALDARSI-
АЛДАРШУУЛАХ ALDARSIGUL-
АЛДАС ALDAS
АЛДАСЛАХ ALDASLA-
АЛДАХ ALDA-
АЛДВАР ALDABURI
АЛДЛАГА ALDALG-A
АЛДЛАХ ALDALA-
АЛДРАХ ALDARA-
АЛДРУУЛАХ ALDARAGUL-
АЛДУУ ALDAGU
АЛДУУЛ ALDAGUL
АЛДУУЛАХ ALDAGUL-
АЛДУУРАХ ALDAGURA-
АЛЖААЛ ALZIJAL
АЛЖААЛГАХ ALZIJALGA-
АЛЖААНГУЙ ALZIJANGGUI
АЛЖААНГУЙЛАХ ALZIJANGGUILA-
АЛЖАС ALZIJAS
АЛЖААХ ALZIJA-
АЛЗАХ ALZA-
АЛИА ALIJ-A
АЛИАДАХ ALIJAD-
АЛИАЛАХ ALIJALA-
АЛИАРХАГ ALIJARXAG
АЛИАРХАЛ ALIJARXAL
АЛИАРХАХ ALIJARXA-
АЛИВАА ALIBA
АЛИМ ALIM-A
АЛИМАД ALIMAD
АЛИРС ALIRSU(N)
АЛМАЙ ALMAI
АЛМАЙДАЛ ALMAIDAL
АЛМАЙДАХ ALMAIDA-
АЛМАЙДУУЛАХ ALMAIDAGUL
АЛМАЙРАХ ALMAIRA-
АЛМАН ALM-A(N), 1.
АЛМАС ALMAS, 1.
АЛМАС ALMAS, 2.
АЛС ALUS
АЛСДАХ ALUSDA-
АЛСЛАГДАХ ALUSLAGDA-
АЛСЛАЛ ALUSLAL
АЛСЛАХ ALUSLA-
АЛСЛУУЛАХ ALUSLAGUL-
АЛТ(АН) ALTA(N)
АЛТАДМАЛ ALTADAMAL
АЛТАЙ ALTAI
АЛТАРГАНА ALTARGAN-A
АЛТАТ ALTATU
АЛТАЧ ALTACI
АЛТГАНА ALTAGAN-A
АЛТДАХ ALTADA-
АЛТЛАХ ALTALA-
АЛТЛУУЛАХ ALTALAGUL-
АЛТТАЙ ALTATAI
АЛТУУЛАХ ALAGUL-
АЛХ(АН) ALUXA-(N)
АЛХАА ALXUG-A
АЛХААТАЙ ALXUGATAI
АЛХАЛХИЙЛАХ ALXULKILA-
АЛХАМ ALXUM
АЛХАХ ALXU-
АЛХДАХ ALUXADA-
АЛХИЛДААН ALKILDUGAN
АЛХИЛДАХ ALKILDU-
АЛХИМИ ALKIMI
АЛХИМИЧ ALKIMICI
АЛХИХ ALKI-
АЛХЛАХ ALXULA-
АЛХУУЛАХ ALXUGUL-
АЛЦАА ALCAG-A
АЛЦАЙЛГАХ ALCAILGA-
АЛЦАЙХ ALCAI-
АЛЦАЛЗАХ ALCALZA-
АЛЦАМ ALCAM
АЛЦАН ALCANG
АЛЦАРХАЙ ALCARXAI
АЛЦГАНАХ ALCAGANA-
АЛЦГАР ALCAGAR
АЛЧУУР ALCIGUR
АЛШ ALASI
АЛШАА(Н) ALASA(N)
АЛЬ ALI, 1
АЛЬ ALI(N), 2.
АМ AMA, 2.
АМ AMU(N), 1.
АМ(АН) AMA(N), 1.
АМАЛДАХ AMALDA-
АМАЛДУУЛАХ AMALDAGUL-
АМАНЦАР AMANCAR
АМАР AMUR
АМАРЖИЛ AMURZIL
АМАРЖИХ AMURZI-
АМАРЖУУЛАХ AMURZIGUL-
АМАРЛИНГУЙ AMURLINGGUI
АМАРЛИУЛАХ AMURLIGUL-
АМАРЛИХ AMURLI-
АМАРМАГ AMARMAG
АМАРМАГЛАХ AMARMAGLA-
АМАРХАГ AMARXAG
АМАРХАН AMURXAN
АМАРЧЛАХ AMURCILA-
АМАРШИГ AMURSIG
АМАС AMUSU(N)
АМАХ AMU-
АМБААР AMBAR
АМБАН AMBAN
АМБАС AMBAS
АМБУЛАТОРИ AMBULATORI
АМГАЙ AMAGAI
АМГАЙВЧ AMAGAIBCI
АМГАЙЛАХ AMAGAILA-
АМГАЙЧЛАХ AMAGAICILA-
АМГАЛАН(Г) AMUGULANG
АМГАЛАНДАХ AMUGULANGDA-
АМГАЛАНТ AMUGULANGTU
АМГАЛАНТАЙ AMUGULANGTAI
АМДАХ AMADA-
АМЕРИКА AMERIKA
АМЖИЛ AMZIL
АМЖИЛГА AMZILG-A
АМЖИЛТ AMZILTA
АМЖИЛТТАЙ AMZILTATAI
АМЖИХ AMZI-
АМЖУУЛАХ AMZIGUL-
АМИАРАА AMIJAR-A
АМИЛАХ AMILA-
АМИЛУУЛАХ AMILAGUL-
АМИНЧ AMINCI
АМИНЧЛАХ AMINCILA-
АМЛАЛ AMALAL
АМЛАЛГА AMALALG-A
АМЛАХ AMALA-, 1.
АМЛАХ AMALA-, 2.
АМЛАШ AMALASI
АМРААХ AMURAGA-
АМРАГ AMARAG
АМРАГЛАЛ AMARAGLAL
АМРАГЛАХ AMARAGLA-
АМРАЛ AMURAL
АМРАЛТ AMURALTA
АМРАХ AMURA-
АМРУУ AMARAU
АМРУУДАХ AMARAUDA-
АМРУУЛАХ AMURAGUL-
АМСАР AMASAR
АМСАХ AMSA-
АМСУУЛАХ AMSAGUL-
АМСУУРЬ AMSAGURI
АМСХИЙХ AMUSKI-
АМТ AMATU
АМТ AMTA(N)
АМТАГДАХ AMTAGDA-
АМТАЙ AMATAI
АМТАРХАХ AMTARXA-
АМТАТ AMTATU
АМТЛАЛ AMTALAL
АМТЛАХ AMTALA-
АМТРАЛ AMTARAL
АМТТАЙ AMTATAI
АМТТАЙХАН AMTATAIXAN
АМТТАН AMTATAN
АМТШИЛ AMTASIL
АМТШИРАЛ AMTASIRAL
АМТШИХ AMTASI-
АМТШУУЛАХ AMTASIGUL-
АМУУ AMU, 2.
АМУ(Н) AMU(N), 1.
АМУУЛАХ AMUGULA-
АМУУЛГАХ AMUGULGA-
АМЦГАР AMCUGUR
АМШУУЛАХ AMUSIGUL-
АМЬ AMI(N)
АМЬД AMIDU
АМЬДАЙ AMIDAI, 1.
АМЬДАЙ AMIDAI, 2.
АМЬДАЙ AMIDAI, 3.
АМЬДАРЛАГ AMIDURALG-A
АМЬДРАЛ AMIDURAL
АМЬДРАХ AMIDURA-
АМЬДРУУЛАГЧ AMIDURAGULUGCI
АМЬДРУУЛАХ AMIDURAGUL-
АМЬС AMIS
АМЬСАХ AMIS-
АМЬСГАА AMISX-A
АМЬСГААДАХ AMISXADA-
АМЬСГААТАЙ AMISXATAI
АМЬСГАЛ AMISXAL
АМЬСГАХ AMISXA-
АМЬТАД AMITAD
АМЬТАЙ AMITAI
АМЬТАН AMITAN
АН(Г) ANG, 1.
АН(Г) ANG, 2.
АНАГААЛГАХ ANAGAALGA-
АНАГААХ ANAGA-
АНАМААР ANAMAR
АНАР ANAR
АНАРХИ ANARKI
АНАРХИЗМ ANARKISM
АНАРХИСТ ANARKIST
АНАТОМИ ANATOMI
АНАТОМЧ ANATOMCI(N)
АНАХ ANA-, 1.
АНАХ ANA-, 2.
АНГА ANGI-A
АНГААХАЙ ANGAXAI
АНГАЙЛГА ANGAILG-A
АНГАЙЛГАХ ANGAILGA-
АНГАЙХ ANGAI-
АНГАЛЗАХ ANGALZA-
АНГАЛЗУУР ANGALZAGUR
АНГАР ANGAR
АНГАРАГ ANGARAG
АНГАРХАЙ ANGARXAI
АНГАХ ANGA-
АНГИ ANGGI
АНГИД ANGGIDA
АНГИДАХ ANGGID-
АНГИЖРАЛ ANGGIZIRAL
АНГИЖРАХ ANGGIZIRA-
АНГИЖРУУЛАГЧ ANGGIZIRAGULUGCI
АНГИЖРУУЛАХ ANGGIZIRAGUL-
АНГИЛАЛ ANGGILAL
АНГИЛАХ ANGGILA-
АНГИЛУУЛАХ ANGGILAGUL-
АНГИР ANGGIR
АНГЛИ ANGGILI
АНГУУЧ(ИН) ANGGUCI(N)
АНГУУЧЛАХ ANGGUCILA-
АНД ANDA
АНДАЛ ANDAL
АНДАХ ANDA-
АНДГАЙ ANDAGAI
АНДГАЙЛАХ ANDAGAILA-
АНДГАР ANDAGAR, 2.
АНДЛАХ ANDALA-
АНДУУ ANDAGUU
АНДУУЛАХ ANDAGUL-
АНДУУРАЛ ANDAGURAL
АНДУУРАХ ANDAGURA-
АНДУУРУУЛАХ ANDAGURAGUL-
АНЖИС(АН) ANZISU(N)
АНЗ ANZU
АНИВАЛЗАХ ANIBALZA-
АНИЙЛГАХ ANIILGA-
АНИЙХ ANII-
АНИР ANIR
АНИРЛАХ ANIRLA-
АНИРЛУУЛАХ ANIRLAGUL-
АНИРТАЙ ANIRTAI
АНИС ANISU
АНИСГА ANISX-A
АНИСХИЙХ ANISKI-
АНИХ ANI-
АНТАХ ANGTA-
АНУУЛАХ ANAGUL-
АНХ(АН) ANGX-A(N)
АНХААРАЛ ANGXARUL
АНХААРАЛТАЙ ANGXARULTAI
АНХААРАМЖ ANGXARUMZI
АНХААРАМЖТАЙ ANGXARUMZITAI
АНХААРАХ ANGXAR-
АНХААРУУЛАХ ANGXARUGUL-
АНХДУГААР ANGXADUGAR
АНХИЛЛХ ANGKIL-
АНХИЛГАА ANGKILG-A
АНХИЛГААТ ANGKILGATU
АНХИЛМАЛ ANGKILUMAL
АНХЛАХ ANGXALA-
АНЧ(ИН) ANGCI(N)
АНЧЛАХ ANCILA-
АНЧЛАХ ANGCILA-
АППАРАТ APARAT
АПТЕК APTEK
АР ARU
АРАА ARAG-A
АРААДАХ ARAGADA-
АРААЛАХ ARAGALA-, 1.
АРААЛДАХ ARAGALDA-
АРААТ ARAGATU
АРААТАЙ ARAGATAI
АРААТАН ARIJATAN
АРАБ ARAB
АРАВ ARBA(N)
АРАВДУГААР ARBADUGAR
АРАВТ ARBATU
АРАВТАЙ ARBATAI
АРАГ ARUG, 1.
АРАГЛАХ ARUGLA-
АРАД ARAD
АРАЙ ARAI
АРАЙХАН ARAIXAN
АРАЙХИЙЖ ARAIKIZY
АРАЛ ARAL, 1.
АРАЛ ARAL, 2.
АРАН ARAN
АРАНГА ARANG-A, 1.
АРАНГА ARANG-A, 3.
АРВААД ARBAAD
АРВАЙ ARBAI
АРВАЙЛГАХ ARBAILGA-
АРВАЙХ ARBAI-
АРВАЛЗАХ ARBALZA-
АРВАН ARBA(N)
АРВАНТАА ARBANTA
АРВИ ARBI
АРВИДАХ ARBID-
АРВИЖИЛ ARBIZIL
АРВИЖИХ ARBIZI-
АРВИЖУУЛАХ ARBIZIGUL-
АРВИЛАЛ ARBILAL
АРВИЛАХ ARBILA-
АРВИЛУУЛАХ ARBILAGUL-
АРВИН ARBIN
АРВИН ARBING
АРВИС ARBIS
АРВИТАЙ ARBITAI
АРВИТГАХ ARBIDXA-
АРВИХАН ARBIXAN
АРВИЧ ARBICI, 1.
АРВИЧ ARBICI, 2.
АРВИЧЛАХ ARBICILA-, 1.
АРВИЧЛАХ ARBICILA-, 2
АРВУУЛ ARBAGUL-A
АРГА ARG-A
АРГАДАЛ ARGADAL
АРГАДАХ ARGADA-
АРГАДУУЛАХ ARGADAGUL-
АРГАЙ ARGAI
АРГАЛ ARGAL
АРГАЛАХ ARGALA-
АРГАЛУУЛАХ ARGALAGUL-
АРГАЛЧ(ИН) ARGALCI(N)
АРГАЛЬ ARGALI
АРГАМАГ ARGAMAG
АРГАМЖ ARGAMZI
АРГАМЖАА ARGAMZIJ-A
АРГАМЖААТАЙ ARGAMZIJATAI
АРГАМЖИХ ARGAMZI-
АРГАМЖЛАХ ARGAMZILA-
АРГАР ARGAR
АРГАТ ARGATU
АРГАТАЙ ARGATAI
АРГАХ ARGA-, 1.
АРГАХ ARGA-, 2.
АРГАЦАА ARGACAG-A
АРГАЦААХ ARGACAGA-
АРГИЖ ARGI-
АРГУЙ ARIUI
АРДАГ ARDAG
АРДЧИЛАХ ARADCILA-
АРДЧИЛАХ ARADCILA-
АРЗ ARAZA
АРЗАЙЛГАХ ARZAILGA-
АРЗАЙХ ARZAI-
АРЗАЛЗАХ ARZALZA-
АРЗАН ARZAN
АРЗАГАЙ ARZAGAI
АРЗАГАНА ARZAGANA-
АРЗАГАР ARZAGAR
АРЗАЛАХ ARZALA-
АРЗЛАХ ARBIZI-
АРИЖИХ ARIG, 1.
АРИГ ARIG, 2.
АРИЛАХ ARIL-
АРИЛГАХ ARILGA-
АРИЛГУУЛАХ ARILGAGUL-
АРИЛЖАА ARILZIG-A(N)
АРИЛЖААЧ(ИН) ARALZIGACI(N)
АРИЛЖИХ ARALZI-
АРИЛЖУУЛАХ ARALZIGUL-
АРИУДАХ ARIGUD-
АРИУЛАЛ ARIGULAL
АРИУЛАХ ARIGULA-
АРИУН ARIGUN
АРИУТГАЛ ARIGUDXAL
АРИУТГАХ ARIGUDXA-
АРМАНА ARAMAN-A
АРМЕНИ ARMENI
АРМИ ARMI
АРМИЯН ARMIJAN
АРСАЙХ ARSAI-
АРСАР ARSAR

АРСГАР **ARSAГAR**
АРСЛАН **ARSLAN**
АРТ **ARTU**
АРТАЙ **ARTAI**
АРТЕЛЬ **ARTELI**
АРТЕР **ARTER**
АРУР **ARUR-A**
АРХАГ **ARXAГ**, 1.
АРХАГ **ARXAГ**, 2.
АРХАГ **ARXAГ**, 3.
АРХАГАР **ARXAIAR**
АРХАЙХ **ARXAI-**
АРХИ(Н) **ARIKI(N)**
АРХИ(Н) **ARAKI(N)**
АРХИВ **ARKIB**
АРХИДАХ **ARAKIDA-**
АРХИРАХ **ARKIRA-**
АРХИЧ **ARAKICI(N)**
АРЦ **ARCA**
АРЦАА **ARCAГ-A**
АРЦААТАЙ **ARCAГATAI**
АРЦАЛДАА **ARCALDUГ-A(N)**
АРЦАЛДАХ **ARCALDU-**
АРЦАХ **ARCA-**
АРЧИЛЦАХ **ARCILCA-**
АРЧИХ **ARCI-**
АРЧЛАХ **ARCILA-**
АРЧУУЛАХ **ARCIГUL-**
АРЧУУР **ARCIГUR**
АРШААН **ARASIJAN**
АРШААН **RASIJAN**
АРШИН **ARSIM**
АРШЛАХ **ARSILA-**
АРЬС(АН) **ARASU(N)**
АРЬСТАН **ARASUTAN**
АСААХ **ASAГA-**
АСАМГАЙ **ASAMAГAI**, 1.
АСАМГАЙ **ASAMAГAI**, 2.
АСАМТГАЙ **ASAMTAГAI**
АСАР **ASAR**
АСАР **ASURU**
АСАРАГЧ **ASARAГCI**
АСАРМАЛ **ASARAMAL**
АСАРТ **ASARTU**
АСАХ **ASA-**, 1.
АСАХ **ASA-**, 2.
АСАХ **ASA-**, 3.
АСГА **ASX-A**
АСГАРАХ **ASXARA-**
АСГАРУУЛАХ **ASXARAIUL-**
АСГАХ **ASXA-**
АСГИУЛАХ **ASKIГUL-**
АСГИХ **ASKI-**
АСГУУЛАХ **ASXAГUL-**
АСМАГ **ASAMAГ**

АСМАН **ASAMAN**
АСПИРАНТ **ASPIRANT**
АСРАЛ **ASARAL**
АСРАЛТ **ASARALTU**
АСРАМЖ **ASARAMZI**
АСРАМЖЛАХ **ASARAMZILA-**
АСРАНГУЙ **ASARANГUI**
АСРАХ **ASARA-**
АСРУУЛАХ **ASARAIUL-**
АСТРОНОМИ **ASTRONOMI**
АСУУГДАХ **ASAIUГDA-**
АСУУГЧ **ASAIUГCI**
АСУУДАЛ **ASAIUDAL**
АСУУЛАХ **ASAIUL-**
АСУУЛГА **ASAIULГ-A**
АСУУЛГАХ **ASAIULГA-**
АСУУЛТ **ASAIULTA**
АСУУХ **ASAГU-**
АТ(АН) **ATA(N)**
АТАА **ATAГ-A(N)**
АТААРХАГ **ATAГARXAГ**
АТААРХАЛ **ATAГARXAL**
АТААРХАХ **ATAГARXA-**
АТААРХМААР **ATAГARXAMAR**
АТААРХУУЛАХ **ATAГARXAIUL-**
АТААТАЙ **ATAГATAI**
АТААТАН **ATAГATAN**
АТААЧ **ATAГACI(N)**
АТАВЧ **ATABCI**
АТАР **ATAR**
АТАРДАХ **ATARDA-**
АТАРЖИХ **ATARZI-**
АТАРЛАХ **ATARLA-**
АТАРШИХ **ATARSI-**
АТАРШУУЛАХ **ATARSIГUL-**
АТГА **ADXU**
АТГААЛ **ADXUГAL**
АТГАГ **ADXAГ**
АТГАГЛАХ **ADXAГLA-**
АТГАЛГА **ADXALГ-A**
АТГАР **ATAГAR**
АТГАРАХ **ADXURA-**
АТГАХ **ADXU-**
АТГУУЛАХ **ADXUIUL-**
АТИГАР **ATUГAR**
АТИЙГАХ **ATUILГA-**
АТИЙХ **ATUI-**
АТИРАА **ATURIГ-A**
АТИРААТАЙ **ATURIГATAI**
АТИРАХ **ATURI-**
АТИРУУЛАХ **ATURIГUL-**
АТОМ **ATOM**
АТРИНХАЙ **ATURINGXAI**
АУГАА **AUГ-A**
АФРИК **AFRIKA**

АХ **AX-A**, 1.
АХ **AX-A**, 2.
АХАЙ **AXAI**
АХАР **AXUR**
АХАРДАХ **AXURDA-**
АХАРДУУЛАХ **AXURDAIUL-**
АХАРЛАХ **AXURLA-**
АХАРХАН **AXURXAN**
АХАС **AXAS**
АХДАХ **AXADA-**
АХДУУЛАХ **AXADAIUL-**
АХИАД **AKIJAD**, 1.
АХИРАХ **AKIRA-**
АХИХ **AKI-**, 1.
АХИХ **AKI-**, 2.
АХИЦ **AKICA**
АХЛАГЧ **AXALAГCI**
АХЛАХ **AXALA-**
АХДУУЛАХ **AXALAIUL-**
АХМАД **AXAMAD**
АХУЙ **AXUI**
АХУУНА **AXUUNA**
АХЧЛАХ **AXACILA-**
АХЧЛУУЛАХ **AXACILAIUL-**
АЦ **ACA**
АЦ **ACU**
АЦ(АН) **ACA(N)**
АЦАГ **ACUГ**, 1.
АЦАГ **ACUГ**, 3.
АЦАГДАХ **ACUГDA-**
АЦАГЛАХ **ACUГLA-**
АЦАТ **ACATU**
АЦАХ **ACA-**
АЦДАХ **ACADA-**
АЦЛАХ **ACALA-**
АЦРАХ **ACARA-**, 1.
АЦРАХ **ACARA-**, 2.
АЦРУУЛАХ **ACARAIUL-**
АЦТАЙ **ACATAI**
АЧ **ACI**, 1.
АЧ **ACI**, 2.
АЧАА(Н) **ACIJ-A(N)**
АЧААЛАХ **ACIJALA-**
АЧИГЧ **ACIГCI**
АЧИХ **ACI-**
АЧЛАГА **ACILГ-A(N)**
АЧЛАЛ **ACILAL**
АЧЛАЛТ **ACILALTU**
АЧЛАЛТАЙ **ACILALTAI**
АЧЛАМЖ **ACILAMZI**
АЧЛАХ **ACILA-**
АЧМАГ **ACIMAГ**
АЧТАЙ **ACITAI**
АЧУУЛАХ **ACIIUL-**
АШ **ASI**

АШИГ **ASIГ**, 1.
АШИГ **ASIГ**, 2.
АШИГЛАЛ **ASIГLAL**
АШИГЛАЛТ **ASIГLALTA**
АШИГЛАХ **ASIГLA-**
АШИГЛУУЛАХ **ASIГLAIUL-**
АШИГТ **ASIГTU**
АШИГТАЙ **ASIГTAI**
АШИД **ASIDA**
АЮУЛ **AJUL**
АЮУЛТ **AJULTA**
АЮУЛТ **AJULTU**
АЮУЛТАЙ **AJULTAI**
АЮУЛХАЙ **AJUULIXAI**
АЮУМТГАЙ **AJUMTAГAI**
АЮУМХАЙ **AJUMXAI**
АЮУМШИГ **AJUMSIГ**
АЮУМШИГТ **AJUMSIГTU**
АЮУМШИГТАЙ **AJUMSIГTAI**
АЮУХ **AJU-**
АЮУШ **AJUSI**, 1.
АЮУШ **AJUSI**, 2.
АЯ **AJ-A**, 2.
АЯ **AJ-A**, 3.
АЯА **AJ-A**, 1.
АЯАДАХ **AJADA-**
АЯАР **AJAR**
АЯАРХАН **AJARXAN**
АЯГ **AJAГ**
АЯГА(Н) **AJAГ-A(N)**, 1.
АЯГАЛАХ **AJAГALA-**
АЯГАТАЙ **AJAГATAI**
АЯГАЧ **AJAГACI(N)**
АЯГЛАХ **AJAГLA-**
АЯЛАХ **AJALA-**, 1.
АЯЛАХ **AJALA-**, 2.
АЯЛАХ **AJALA-**, 3.
АЯЛГУУ **AJALIU**
АЯЛГУУТАЙ **AJALIUTAI**
АЯЛУУЛАХ **AJALAIUL-**
АЯЛУУЛАХ **AJALIULA-**
АЯН **AJAN**
АЯНГА **AJUNGГ-A**
АЯНГАЛАХ **AJUNGГALA-**
АЯНДАА **AJANDAГAN**
АЯНТАЛ **AJANTAL-A**
АЯНЧ(ИН) **AJANCI(N)**
АЯНШИХ **AJANSI-**
АЯС **AJAS**, 1.
АЯСДАХ **AJASDA-**
АЯСЛАХ **AJASLA-**
АЯСТАЙ **AJASTAI**
АЯТАЙ **AJATAI**, 1.
АЯТАЙ **AJATAI**, 2.
АЯТАЙХАН **AJATAIXAN**

Б

БА **BA**, 2.
БА **BA**, 3.
ББА **BA**, 1.
ББА **BA**, 4.
ББА **BAГ-A**, 2.
ББАВГАЙ **BAГABAГAI**
ББАВГАЙЧЛАХ **BAГABAГAICILA-**
ББАГИХ **BAГAGI-**
ББАЗ **BAГAZA**, 1.
ББАЛАХ **BAГALA-**, 1.
ББАЛАХ **BAГALA-**, 2.
ББАРАН(Г) **BAГARANG**
ББАС(АН) **BAГASU(N)**
ББАСАН(Г) **BASANG**
ББАТАР **BAГATUR**
ББАТАРЛАГ **BAГATURLIГ**
ББАТАРЛАХ **BAГATURLA-**
ББАТАРШИХ **BAГATURSI-**
ББАТАРХАХ **BAГATURXA-**
ББАТРАЛХАХ **BAГATURLXA-**
ББАХ **BAГA-**
ББАХАН **BAXAN**
ББАЙХ **BABUI-**
ББАГАР **BABUГAR**
ББАВНАА **BABANAГ-A**
ББАВНАХ **BABANA-**
БАГ **BAГ**, 1.
БАГ **BAГ**, 2.
БАГ **BAГ**, 3.
ББАГА **BAГ-A**, 1.
БАГАВТАР **BAГABTUR**
БАГАДАХ **BAГAD-**
БАГАЖ **BAГAZI**
БАГАЖЛАХ **BAГAZILA-**
БАГАЛЗУУР **BAГALZAIUR**
БАГАЛЗУУРДАХ **BAГALZAIURDA-**
БАГАНА **BAГAN-A**
БАГАНАДАХ **BAГANADA-**
БАГАНАТ **BAГANATU**
БАГАНАТАЙ **BAГANATAI**
БАГАС **BAГAS**
БАГАСАХ **BAГAS-**
БАГАСГАХ **BAГASXA-**
БАГАТАЙ **BAГATAI**

БАГАТГАХ **BAГADXA-**
БАГАХАН **BAГAXAN**
БАГАЧУУД **BAГACUD**
БАГАЧУУЛ **BAГACUL**
БАГВААХАЙ **BAГBAGAI**
БАГВАГАР **BAГBAГAR**
БАГВАЙХ **BAГBAI-**
БАГВАР **BAГBUR**
БАГЗГАР **BAГZAГAR**
БАГИРЛАХ **BAGIRLA-**
БАГЛАА **BAГLAГ-A(N)**
БАГЛААЛАХ **BAГLAГALA-**
БАГЛААТАЙ **BAГLAГATAI**
БАГЛАРАХ **BAГLARA-**
БАГЛАХ **BAГLA-**
БАГЛИУН **BAГLIU(N)**
БАГСАЙХ **BAГSUI-**
БАГСРАГА **BAГSURГ-A**, 1.
БАГСРАГА **BAГSURГ-A**, 2.
БАГСРАХ **BAГSUR-**, 1.
БАГСРАХ **BAГSUR-**, 2.
БАГТ **BAГTU**
БАГТААЛ **BAГTAГAL**
БАГТААМЖ **BAГTAГAMZI**
БАГТААМЖИТ **BAГTAГAMZITU**
БАГТААМЖЛАХ **BAГTAГAMZILA-**
БАГТААМЖТАЙ **BAГTAГAMZITAI**
БАГТААХ **BAГTAГA-**
БАГТАЙ **BAГTAI**
БАГТАЛ **BAГTAL**
БАГТАЛЦАХ **BAГTALCA-**
БАГТАМЖ **BAГTAMZI**
БАГТАХ **BAГTA-**
БАГТАШ **BAГTASI**
БАГТРАХ **BAГTARA-**
БАГЦ **BAГCA**
БАГЦАА **BAГCAГ-A**
БАГЦААЛАХ **BAГCAГALA-**
БАГЦЛАХ **BAГCALA-**
БАГШ **BAГSI**
БАГШИГ **BAГASIГ**
БАГШИМ **BAГSIM-A**
БАГШИХ **BAГSI-**
БАГШЛАХ **BAГSILA-**

БАГШРАХ **BAГSIRA-**
БАДАГ **BADAГ**, 1.
БАДАГ **BADAГ**, 2.
БАДАГЛАХ **BADAГLA-**
БАДАЙР **BADAIR**
БАДАЙРАЛ **BADAIRAL**
БАДАЙРАХ **BADAIRA-**
БАДАМ **BADAM**
БАДАН(Г) **BADAN**, 1.
БАДАН(Г) **BADANG**, 1.
БАДАН(Г) **BADUN**
БАДАР **BADAR**
БАДАРЧ(ИН) **BADARCI(N)**
БАДАРЛАХ **BADARLA-**
БАДАРЧЛАХ **BADARCILA-**
БАДГАНА **BADAГAN-A**
БАДГАНАТАХ **BADAГANATU-**
БАДГАНАТУУЛАХ **BADAГANATUIUL-**
БАДМА(А) **BADM-A**
БАДМАРАГА **BADMARAGA**
БАДНАХ **BADANA-**
БАДРАЛ **BADARAL**
БАДРАНГУЙ **BADARANGIUI**
БАДРАНГУЙЛАХ **BADARANGIUILA-**
БАДРАХ **BADARA-**
БАДРУУЛАГЧ **BADARAIULUIGCI**
БАДРУУЛАХ **BADARAIUL-**
БАДРУУЛТ **BADARAIULTU**
БАЖУУНА **BAZIIUNA**
БАЗ **BAZA**, 1.
БАЗ **BAZA**, 2.
БАЗААЛ **BAZAГAL**
БАЗААЛГА **BAZAГALГ-A**
БАЗААЛГАХ **BAZAГALГA-**
БАЗААХ **BAZAГA-**
БАЗАХ **BAZU-**
БАЗЛАХ **BAZUL-**
БАЗРАХ **BAZURA-**
БАЙ **BAI**, 1.
БАЙ **BAI**, 2.
БАЙВАН **BAIBANG**
БАЙГААЛЬ **BAIГALI**
БАЙГАЛ **BAIГAL**
БАЙГУУЛАГДАХ **BAIГULUIGDA-**

БАЙГУУЛАГЧ **BAIГULUIGCI**
БАЙГУУЛАЛ **BAIГULUL**
БАЙГУУЛАЛТ **BAIГULULTA**
БАЙГУУЛАЛТАТ **BAIГULULTATU**
БАЙГУУЛАЛТТАЙ **BAIГULULTATAI**
БАЙГУУЛАМЖ **BAIГ[illegible]UMZI**
БАЙГУУЛАХ **BAIГU[illegible]-**
БАЙГУУЛЛАГА **BAIГULULГ-A**
БАЙЛДААН **BAILDUГ-A(N)**
БАЙЛДАГЧ **BAILDUГCI**
БАЙДАЛ **BAIDAL**
БАЙДАЛТАЙ **BAIDALTAI**
БАЙДАС **BAIDASU(N)**
БАЙДАСРАХ **BAIDASURA-**
БАЙЗ **BAIZA**
БАЙЗНАХ **BAIZANA-**
БАЙЛГАХ **BAILГA-**
БАЙЛДАХ **BAILDU-**
БАЙЛЦАХ **BAILCA-**
БАЙМАЛ **BAIMAL**
БАЙН **BAIN**
БАЙНГА **BAINGIU**
БАЙНГУРАХ **BAINGIURA-**
БАЙР **BAIRI**
БАЙРАН **BAIRIN**
БАЙРЛАХ **BAIRILA-**
БАЙРШИХ **BAIRISI-**
БАЙРШУУЛАХ **BAIRISIIUL-**
БАЙТАС **BAITASU(N)**
БАЙТУГАЙ **BAITUГAI**
БАЙХ **BAI-**
БАЙЦ **BAICA**, 1.
БАЙЦ **BAICA**, 3.
БАЙЦАА **BAICA**, 2.
БАЙЦАА **BAICAI**
БАЙЦААГДАХ **BAICAГAGDA-**
БАЙЦААГЧ **BAICAГAGCI**
БАЙЦААЛ **BAICAГAL**
БАЙЦААЛГА **BAICAГALГ-A**
БАЙЦААЛГАХ **BAICAГALГA-**
БАЙЦААЛТ **BAICAГALTA**
БАЙЦААХ **BAICAГA-**
БАЙШИН(Г) **BAISING**
БАКТЕРИ **BAKTERI**

БАКТЕРИОЛОГИ	BAKTERIOLOGI
БАЛ	BAL
БАЛ	BALA, 1
БАЛ	BALA, 2
БАЛ	BALA, 3
БАЛ	BALA, 4
БАЛАГ	BALAΓ, 1
БАЛАГ	BALAΓ, 2
БАЛАЙ	BALAI
БАЛАЙРАХ	BALAIRA-
БАЛАНС	BALANGSA
БАЛАНСЛАХ	BALANGSALA-
БАЛАР	BALAR, 1
БАЛАР	BALAR, 2
БАЛАРТАХ	BALARTA-
БАЛАРХАЙ	BALARXAI
БАЛАРШ	BALARASI
БАЛБА	BALBA
БАЛБА	BALBU
БАЛБАЙХ	BALBAI-
БАЛБАЛАХ	BALBAL-
БАЛБАЛГА	BALBALΓ-A
БАЛБАЛЗАХ	BALBALZA-
БАЛБАРАХ	BALBARA-
БАЛБАРХАИ	BALBARXAI
БАЛБАХ	BALBA-
БАЛБАЦАХ	BALBACA-
БАЛБАЧИХ	BALBACI-
БАЛГА	BALΓU, 1
БАЛГАД	BALΓAD
БАЛГАС	BALΓASU(N)
БАЛГАСЧ	BALΓASUCI(N)
БАЛГАХ	BALΓU-
БАЛДАГ	BALDAΓ
БАЛДАРГАНА	BALDARΓAN-A
БАЛДАХ	BALADA-
БАЛИН	BALING
БАЛКАН	BALKANI
БАЛЛАГДАХ	BALĀLAΓDA
БАЛЛАХ	BALALA-
БАЛМАГ	BALAMAΓ
БАЛМАД	BALAMAD
БАЛМАДЛАХ	BALAMADLA-
БАЛРАГДАХ	BALARAΓDA-
БАЛРАНГУЙ	BALARANGΓUI
БАЛРАХ	BALARA-
БАЛТ	BALTA
БАЛТ	BALTU
БАЛТАЙ	BALTAI
БАЛТАЙХ	BALTAI-
БАЛТГАР	BALTAΓAR
БАЛТДАХ	BALTADA-
БАЛХАЙХ	BALXAI-
БАЛХАЛЗАХ	BALXALZA-
БАЛЦАЛЗАХ	BALCALZA-
БАЛЧИГ	BALCIΓ
БАЛЧИГДАХ	BALCIΓDA-
БАЛЧИГНАХ	BALCIGINA-
БАЛЧИГТАЙ	BALCIΓTAI
БАЛЧИН	BALCING
БАЛЧИР	BALCIR
БАЛЧИРГАНА	BALCIRΓAN-A
БАЛЧИРДАХ	BALCIRDA-
БАЛЧИХ	BALACI-
БАМ	BAM
БАМБАГАР	BAMBAΓAR
БАМБАЙ	BAMBAI 1
БАМБАЙ	BAMBAI, 2
БАМБАЙЛАЛ	BAMBAILAL
БАМБАЙЛАХ	BAMBAILA-
БАМБАЙХ	BAMBAI-
БАМБАЙЧ	BAMBAICI
БАМБАРШ	BAMBURSI
БАНДАН	BANDANG
БАНДИ	BANDI
БАНДИД	BANDIDA
БАНЖИХ	BANZI-
БАНЗ(АН)	BANGZA(N)
БАНЗАЛ	BANZAL
БАНЗДАХ	BANGZADA-
БАНК	BANGKI(N)
БАНУ	BANU
БАНУНЦАР	BANUNCAR
БАНХАЙХ	BANGXUI-
БАНХАР	BANGXUR
БАНХГАР	BANGXUΓUR
БАНЧИН	BANCIN
БАНШ	BANSI
БАНШ	BIJANGSI
БАР	BAR
БАР	BARS
БАРАА	BARAΓ-A(N), 1
БАРАА	BARAΓ-A(N), 2
БАРААБОЛОГЧ	BARAΓABULUΓCI
БАРААВТАР	BARAΓABTUR
БАРААДАХ	BARAΓADA-
БАРААЛАХ	BARAΓALA-, 1
БАРААЛАХ	BARAΓALA-, 2
БАРААЛХАЛ	BARAΓALXAL
БАРААЛХАХ	BARAΓALXA-
БАРААН	BARAΓAN
БАРААНТАХ	BARAΓANTA-
БАРААРАХ	BARAΓARA-

БАРААТАЙ	BARAΓATAI, 1
БАРААТАЙ	BARAΓATAI, 2
БАРААХАН	BARAΓAXAN
БАРАВГАР	BARBAΓAR
БАРАГ	BARUΓ, 1
БАРАГ	BARUΓ, 2
БАРАГДАЛ	BARAΓDAL
БАРАГДАХ	BARAΓDA-
БАРАГДАШ	BARAΓDASI
БАРАГЛАХ	BARUΓLA-
БАРАГТАЙ	BARUΓTAI
БАРАГТАЙХАН	BARUΓTAIXAN
БАРАГЦАГА	BARUΓCAΓA
БАРАГЦААЛАХ	BARUΓCAΓALA-
БАРАЙЛГАХ	BARUILΓA-
БАРАЙХ	BARUI-
БАРАЛЗАХ	BARULZA-
БАРАМ	BARAM
БАРАХ	BARA-
БАРВАЙХ	BARBAI-
БАРГА	BARΓU, 1
БАРГА	BARΓU, 2
БАРГАЖИХ	BARΓUZI-
БАРГАР	BARUIAR
БАРГИА	BARGIJ-A
БАРГИУ	BARGI-
БАРДАА(Н)	BARDAΓA(N)
БАРДАМ	BARDAM
БАРДАМЛАХ	BARDAMLA-
БАРДАМНАХ	BARDAMNA-
БАРДАМЧ	BARDAMCI
БАРДАН	BARDANG
БАРДАХ	BARDA-
БАРЖГАР	BARZIGIR
БАРЗАЙХ	BARZAI-
БАРЗАН	BARZANG
БАРЗАНТАХ	BARZANGTA-
БАРЗГАР	BARZAΓAR
БАРИА	BARIJ-A
БАРИАТАЙ	BARIJATAI
БАРИАЧ	BARIJACI
БАРИВЧЛАХ	BARIBCILA-
БАРИГДАЛ	BARIΓDAL
БАРИГДАХ	BARIΓDA-
БАРИГДАШ	BARIΓDASI
БАРИЛАХ	BARILA-
БАРИЛГА	BARILΓ-A
БАРИЛГАЧ	BARILΓACI(N)
БАРИЛДАА(Н)	BARILDUΓA(N)
БАРИЛДАХ	BARILDU-
БАРИЛДЛАГА	BARILDULΓ-A
БАРИЛДЛАГАТ	BARILDULΓATU
БАРИЛДЛАГАТАЙ	BARILDULΓATAI
БАРИЛДУУЛАХ	BARILDUΓUL-
БАРИЛЦАХ	BARILCA
БАРИМ	BARIM
БАРИМАЛ	BARIMAL
БАРИМАЛЧ	BARIMALCI(N)
БАРИМТ	BARIMTA
БАРИМТАГ	BARIMTAΓ, 1
БАРИМТАТ	BARIMTATU
БАРИМТЛАЛ	BARIMTALAL
БАРИМТЛАХ	BARIMTALA-
БАРИМТТАЙ	BARIMTATAI
БАРИНТАГ	BARIMTAΓ, 2
БАРИУ	BARIΓU
БАРИУВЧ	BARIΓUBCI
БАРИУДАХ	BARIΓUDA-
БАРИУЛ	BARIΓUL
БАРИУЛАХ	BARIΓUL-
БАРИУЛГАХ	BARIΓULΓA-
БАРИУЛТ	BARIΓULTU
БАРИУЛТАЙ	BARIΓULTAI
БАРИХ	BARI-
БАРЛАГ	BARLUΓ
БАРЛАМАЛ	BARLAMAL
БАРЛАХ	BARLA-
БАРМАНУУ	BARAMANU
БАРС	BARS
БАРТАА	BARTAΓ-A(N)
БАРТААТАЙ	BARTAΓAΓAI
БАРУЙ	BARUI
БАРУУЛАХ	BARAΓUL-
БАРУУЛАХ	BARAΓULA-
БАРУУН	BARAΓUN
БАРУУНТАН	BARAΓUNTAN
БАРУУНШ	BARAΓUNSI
БАРХАСВАДЬ	BARXASABADI
БАРХИРАА	BARKIRAΓ-A
БАРХИРАЛДАА(Н)	BARKIRALDUΓ-A(N)
БАРХИРАХ	BARKIRA-
БАРЦАД	BARCID
БАРЦАЙЛГАХ	BARCAILΓA-
БАРЦАЙХ	BARCAI-
БАРЦГАР	BARCAΓAR
БАРЧ	BARCI
БАРЧГАР	BARCIGIR
БАРЧИГНАХ	BARCIGINA-
БАРЧИД	BARCID
БАРЧИДТАЙ	BARCIDTAI
БАРШ	BARASI
БАРЬЦ	BARICA
БАРЬЦАА	BARICAΓ-A

БАРЬЦААЛАХ	BARICAΓALA-
БАРЬШ	BARISI
БАС	BASA
БАСАГДАХ	BASUΓDA-
БАСАМЖ	BASUMZI
БАСАМЖЛАЛ	BASUMZILAL
БАСАМЖЛАХ	BASUMZILA
БАСАР	BASAR, 2
БАСАХ	BASU-
БАСГАХ	BASXA-
БАТ	BATU
БАТАД	BATUDA
БАТАЛБАР	BATULABURI
БАТАЛГАА(Н)	BATULAΓ-A(N)
БАТАЛГААТАЙ	BATULAΓATAI
БАТАЛЛАГА	BATULALΓ-A
БАТАТГАХ	BATUDXA-
БАТАТГУУЛАХ	BATUDXAΓUL
БАТГАНА	BATAΓAN-A
БАТДАХ	BATUD-
БАТЖИЛ	BATUZIL
БАТЖИХ	BATUZI-
БАТЖУУЛАХ	BATUZIΓUL-
БАТЛАГДАХ	BATULAΓDA-
БАТЛАХ	BATULA-
БАТЛУУЛАХ	BATULAΓUL-
БАТРАХ	BADUR-
БАТРАШ	BATURASI
БАТТАЙ	BATUTAI
БАТХАХ	BADXU-
БАХ	BAX-A, 1
БАХ	BAX-A, 2
БАХАМЖ	BAXAMZI
БАХАРДАХ	BAXARDA-
БАХАРДУУЛАХ	BAXARDAΓUL-
БАХАРХАГ	BAXARXAΓ
БАХАРХАХ	BAXARXA-
БАХДАЛ	BAXADAL
БАХДАЛТАЙ	BAXADALTAI
БАХДАХ	BAXADA-
БАХИМ	BAKIM, 1
БАХИМ	BAKIM, 2
БАХИМАГ	BAKIMAΓ
БАХИМХАН	BAKIMXAN
БАХИР	BAKIR
БАХИРАХ	BARKIRA-
БАХРАЛ	BAXARAL
БАХРАЛТ	BAXARALTU
БАХРАЛТАЙ	BAXARALTAI
БАХРАХ	BAXARA-
БАХТАЙ	BAXATAI
БАХУУ	BAXUU
БАХУУТАИ	BAXUUTAI
БАХУУТАХ	BAXUUDA-
БАХЬ	BAKI
БАЦАГ	BACAΓ
БАЦАГТАЛ	BACAΓLAL
БАЦАГЛАХ	BACAΓLA-
БАЦАГТАЙ	BACAΓTAI
БАЦГАН	BACAΓAN
БАЧ	BACI
БАЧИГНАХ	BACIGINA-
БАЧИМ	BACIM
БАЧИМДАЛ	BACIMDAL
БАЧИМДАХ	BACIMDA-
БАЧИМДУУ	BACIMDAΓU
БАЧИМДУУЛАХ	BACIMDAΓUL-
БАЧИТ	BACITU
БАЧИЧ	BACICI
БАЧЛАХ	BACILA-
БАЧМАГ	BACIMAΓ
БАЧМАГДАХ	BACIMAΓDA-
БАЧТАЙ	BACITAI
БАЧУУ	BACIΓU
БАЧУУДАХ	BACIΓUDA-
БАЧУУХАН	BACIΓUXAN
БАШГА(НА)	BAŠAGA
БАШИНГА	BAŠINGΓ-A
БАШИР	BASIR
БАШИРЛАХ	BASIRLA-
БАШИРТ	BASIRTU
БАШИРТАЙ	BASIRTAI
БАЯЖИХ	BAJAZI-
БАЯЖУУЛАХ	BAJAZIΓUL-
БАЯЛАГ	BAJALIΓ
БАЯН	BAJAN
БАЯР	BAJAR
БАЯРЛАЛ	BAJARLAL
БАЯРЛАХ	BAJARLA-
БАЯРЛУУЛАХ	BAJARLAΓUL-
БАЯРТ	BAJARTU
БАЯРТАЙ	BAJARTAI
БАЯРХАХ	BAJARXA-
БАЯСАЛ	BAJASUL
БАЯСАЛЦАХ	BAJASULCA-
БАЯСАХ	BAJAS-
БАЯСГАЛАН(Г)	BAJASXULANG
БАЯСГАЛАН(Г)ТАЙ	BAJASXULANGTAI
БАЯСГАЛАНТ	BAJASXULANGTU
БАЯСГАХ	BAJASXA-
БАЯСУУЛАХ	BAJASUΓUL-
БАЯЧУУД	BAJACUD
БАЯЧУУЛ	BAJACUL

БЕНГАЛИ	BANGΓALA
БЕНЗИН	BENZIN
БЕТОН	BĒTON
БИ	BĪ, 1
БИВЛЭН	BIBILING
БИД	BIDE(N), 2
БИДНИЙХ	BIDENEIKI
БИДРЭХ	BEDERI-
БИДЭР	BIDER
БИДЭРЛЭХ	BIDERLE-
БИДЭРТЭЙ	BIDERTEI
БИЕ	BEJ-E(N)
БИЕЛҮҮЛЛЭГ	BEJELEGYLYLGE
БИЕЛҮҮЛЭГДЭХ	BEJELEGYLYGDE-
БИЕЛҮҮЛЭЛТ	BEJELEGYLYLTE
БИЕЛҮҮЛЭХ	BEJELEGYL-
БИЕЛЭГДЭХ	BEJELEGDE-
БИЕЛЭЛ	BEJELEL
БИЕЛЭЛТ	BEJELELTE
БИЕЛЭХ	BEJELE-, 1
БИЕЛЭХ	BEJELE-, 2
БИЕС	BEJES
БИЕТ	BEJETY
БИЕТЭЙ	BEJETEI
БИЕЧЛЭХ	BEJECILE-
БИЖИГНЭХ	BIZIGINE-
БИЖРҮҮ	BIZIRGYY
БИЗ	BIZE
БИЙ	BI, 2
БИЙ	BUI
БИЙР	BIR
БИЛЕТ	BILET
БИЛҮҮ	BILEGYY
БИЛҮҮДЭХ	BILEGYDE-
БИЛҮҮР	BILEGYYR
БИЛЧИР	BELCIR
БИЛЧЭЭР	BILCIGER
БИЛЭГ	BILIG
БИЛЭГТЭЙ	BILIGTEI
БИЛЭН	BELENG
БИЛЭНДЭХ	BELENGDE-
БИЛЭНЧ	BELENGCI
БИЛЭЭ	BILE
БИН	BING, 1
БИНТ	BINTY
БИРД	BIRID
БИТГИЙ	BITEGEI
БИТҮҮ	BITEGYY
БИТҮҮЛЭГ	BITEGYLIG
БИТҮҮЛЭХ	BITEGYLE-
БИТҮҮМЖ	BITEGYMZI
БИТҮҮМЖЛЭХ	BITEGYMZILE-
БИТҮҮН	BITEGYN
БИТҮҮНТЭЙ	BITEGYNTEI
БИТҮҮРЭХ	BITEGYRE-
БИЧ(ИН)	BECI(N)
БИЧИГ	BICIG
БИЧИГЛЭЛ	BICIGLEL
БИЧИГЛЭХ	BICIGLE-
БИЧИГТ	BICIGTY
БИЧИГТЭЙ	BICIGTEI
БИЧИХ	BICI-
БИЧМЭЛ	BICIMEL
БИЧҮҮЛЭХ	BICIGYL-
БИЧЭЭС	BICIGESY
БИЧЭЭЧ	BICIGECI
БИШ	BISI
БИШГҮҮР	BISKIGYR
БИШГҮҮРДЭХ	BISKIGYRDE-
БИШГҮҮРЧ	BISKIGYRCI
БИШРҮҮЛЭХ	BISIREGYL-
БИШРЭЛ	BISIREL
БИШРЭЛТЭЙ	BISIRELTEI
БИШРЭХ	BISIRE-
БИШҮҮ	BISIY
БИШҮҮРХЭХ	BISIGYRKE-
БОВЬ	BOBI
БОГ	BOΓ, 1
БОГ	BOΓ, 2
БОГД	BOΓDA
БОГИНО	BOΓUNI
БОГИНОГОХ	BOΓUNID-
БОГИНОДУУЛАХ	BOΓUNIDUΓUL-
БОГИНОСОХ	BOΓUNIS-
БОГИНОТГОХ	BOΓUNIDXA-
БОГОНЬ	BOΓUNI
БОГОНЬХОН	BOΓUNIXAN
БОГТ	BOΓTU, 1
БОГТЛОХ	BOΓTULA-
БОГЦ	BOΓCA
БОГЦЛОХ	BOΓCALA-
БОГШИРГО	BOΓSIRΓ-A
БОД	BODA, 1
БОД	BODA, 2
БОДИС	BODAS
БОДИТ	BODATU
БОДЛОГО	BODULΓ-A
БОДЛОГОТОЙ	BODULΓATAI
БОДЛОХ	BODALA-
БОДМОГЛОХ	BODUMAΓLA-
БОДОГДОЛ	BODUΓDAL
БОДОГДОХ	BODUΓDA-
БОДОЛ	BODUL

БОДОЛТОЙ	**BODULTAI**
БОДОЛХИЙЛОХ	**BODULKILA-**
БОДОЛШИХ	**BODULSI-**
БОДОМЖ	**BODUMZI**
БОДОМЖЛОХ	**BODUMZILA-**
БОДОН	**BODUNG**
БОГӨНЦОГ	**BODUNCUГ**
БОДОО	**BODUГ-A**
БОДООТОЙ	**BODUГATAI**
БОДОХ	**BODU-**
БОДТОЙ	**BODATAI**
БОДУУЛАХ	**BODUГUL-**
БОДЬ	**BODI**
БОДЬСАД	**BODISADU-A**
БОЗ	**BOZU**
БОЗГО	**BOZUГU**
БОЙ	**BOI**
БОЙД	**BOIDA, 2**
БОЙДОО	**BOIDA, 1.**
БОЙЖИЛТ	**BOIZIĻTA**
БОЙЖИХ	**BOIZI-**
БОЙЖУУЛАХ	**BOIZIГUL-**
БОЙЛОХ	**BOILA-**
БОЙПОР	**BOIBUR**
БОЙР	**BOIR**
БОЙТОГ	**BOITUГ**
БОЙТОГЛОХ	**BOITUГLA-**
БОЙФОР	**BOIBUR**
БОЙЦГОР	**BOICUГUR**
БОЙЦГОРТОХ	**BOICUГURTU-**
БОЙШИЛ	**BOISIL**
БОЛ	**BOL**
БОЛБОЛ	**BOLBAL**
БОЛГОМОЛ	**BOLГUMAL**
БОЛГОН	**BOLГAN**
БОЛГООМЖ	**BOLГUMZI**
БОЛГООМЖИТ	**BOLГUMZITU**
БОЛГООМЖЛОЛ	**BOLГUMZILAL**
БОЛГООМЖЛОЛТ	**BOLГUMZILALTU**
БОЛГООМЖЛОЛТОЙ	**BOLГUMZILALTAI**
БОЛГООМЖЛОХ	**BOLГUMZILA-**
БОЛГООМЖТОЙ	**BOLГUMZITAI**
БОЛГРОХ	**BOLГUГA-**
БОЛГОХ	**BOLГA-**
БОЛГОХ	**BOLГU-**
БОЛД	**BOLUD**
БОЛДОГ	**BOLDUГ**
БОЛЖМОР	**BOLZIMAR**
БОЛЗОЛ	**BOLZUL**
БОЛЗОО	**BOLZUГ-A(N)**
БОЛЗООЛОХ	**BOLZUГALA-**
БОЛЗООТ	**BOLZUГATU**
БОЛЗООТОЙ	**BOLZUГATAI**
БОЛЗОР	**BOLZAR**
БОЛЗОХ	**BOLZU-**
БОЛЗОШ	**BOLZUSI**
БОЛЗУУЛАХ	**BOLZUГUL-**
БОЛИУЛАХ	**BOLIГUL-**
БОЛИХ	**BOLI-**
БОЛЛОГО	**BOLULГ-A**
БОЛМООР	**BOLUMAR-A**
БОЛОВСОН	**BOLBASUN**
БОЛОВСРОЛ	**BOLBASURAL**
БОЛОВСРОЛТОЙ	**BOLBASURALTAI**
БОЛОВСРОНГУЙ	**BOLBASURANGIUI**
БОЛОВСРОХ	**BOLBASURA-**
БОЛОВСРУУЛАХ	**BOLBASURAГUL-**
БОЛОВЧ	**BOLBACU**
БОЛОЛТОЙ	**BOLULTAI**
БОЛОЛЦОО	**BOLULCAГ-A**
БОЛОЛЦООТОЙ	**BOLULCAГATAI**
БОЛОЛЦОХ	**BOLULCA-**
БОЛОМЖ	**BOLUMZI**
БОЛОМЖТОЙ	**BOLUMZITAI**
БОЛОН	**BOLUN**
БОЛООД	**BOLUГAD**
БОЛОР	**BOLUR**
БОЛОХ	**BOL-**
БОЛТУГАЙ	**BOLTUГAI**
БОЛУУЗАЙ	**BOLUГUZAI**
БОЛХИ	**BOLKI**
БОЛХИРОХ	**BOLKIRA-**
БОЛХУЙЦ	**BOLXUICA**
БОЛЦ	**BOLUCA**
БОЛЦТОЙ	**BOLUCATAI**
БОЛШ	**BOLUSI**
БОЛЬНИЦ	**BOLINICA**
БОЛЬШЕВИК	**BOLSEVIK**
БОМБО	**BOMBU**
БОМБОЙХ	**BOMBUI-**
БОНХГОР	**BONGXUГUR**
БОНХОЙХ	**BONGXUI-**
БОНХОР	**BONGXUR**
БООВ	**BOUBU**
БООВЧИН	**BOUBUCI(N)**
БООГДОЛ	**BOГUГDAL**
БООГДОЛТОЙ	**BOГUГDALTAI**
БООГДОХ	**BOГUГDA-**
БООДОЛ	**BOГUDAL**
БООДОЛЛОХ	**BOГUDALLA-**
БООДОЛТОЙ	**BOГUDALTAI**
БООДОС	**BOГUDASU(N)**
БООЛ	**BOГUL**
БООЛГОХ	**BOГULГA-**
БООЛТ	**BOГULTA**
БООЛЧЛОГДОХ	**BOГULCILAIГDA-**
БООЛЧЛОЛ	**BOГULCILAL**
БООЛЧЛОХ	**BOГULCILA-**
БООМ	**BOГUM**
БООМ	**BOГUM-A**
БООМ	**BOUM-A**
БООМДОХ	**BOГUMADA-**
БООМИЛОХ	**BOГUMILA-**
БООМТ	**BOГUMTA**
БООМТЛОХ	**BOГUMTALA-**
БООМТОГ	**BOГUMTUГ**
БООМЬ	**BOГUMI**
БООМЬДОХ	**BOГUMIDA-**
БООРСОГ	**BOГURSUГ**
БООРСОГЧ	**BOГURSUГCI**
БООРЦОГ	**BOГURCUГ**
БООС	**BOГUS**
БООСГОХ	**BOГUSXA-**
БООСОХ	**BOГUS-**
БООТУУ	**BOГUTUU**
БООХ	**BOГU-**
БООХОЛДОЙ	**BOXULDUI**
БООЦ	**BOГUCA**
БООЦОЛДОХ	**BOГUCALDA-**
БОР	**BOR**
БОР	**BORU, 1.**
БОР	**BORU, 2.**
БОРВИ	**BORBI, 1.**
БОРВИ	**BORBI, 2.**
БОРГИ	**BORGI**
БОРГИЛ	**BORGIL**
БОРГИМ	**BORGIM-A**
БОРГИО	**BORGIJ-A,**
БОРГИО	**BORGIJ-A, 2.**
БОРГИОТОХ	**BORGIJATU-**
БОРГОЛЖ	**BORГULZI**
БОРГОЛЖИН	**BORГULZIN**
БОРГОЦОГ	**BORГUCUГ**
БОРГОЦОЙ	**BORГUCUI**
БОРДОО	**BORDUГ-A**
БОРДООС	**BORDUГASU(N)**
БОРДОХ	**BORDU-**
БОРДУУ	**BORDUГU**
БОРДУУЛАХ	**BORDUГUL-**
БОРДУУР	**BORDUГUR**
БОРЖИГТ	**BORZIGID**
БОРЛОХ	**BORULA-**
БОРЛУУЛАХ	**BORULAГUL-**
БОРЛУУЛГА	**BORULAГULГ-A**
БОРЛУУЛГАХ	**BORULAГUL-**
БОРНОЙ	**BORUNUI**
БОРНОЙЛОХ	**BORUNUILA-**
БОРОВТОР	**BORUBTUR**
БОРОГЧИН	**BORUГCIN**
БОРОЛДОЙ	**BORULDAI**
БОРОЛЖ(ИН)	**BORULZI(N)**
БОРОЛЖГОНО	**BORULZIГAN-A**
БОРОЛЗГОНО	**BORULZIГAN-A**
БОРОЛЗОЙ	**BORULZAI**
БОРОН(Г)	**BORUNG**
БОРОО	**BORUГ-A**
БОРОО	**BORUГ-A(N)**
БОРООЛОХ	**BORUГALA-**
БОРООРХОГ	**BORUГARXAГ**
БОРООТ	**BORUГATU**
БОРООТОЙ	**BORUГATAI, 1.**
БОРООТОЙ	**BORUГATAI, 2.**
БОРООШИХ	**BORUГASI-**
БОРТОГ	**BORTOГ**
БОРТОГО	**BORTUГU**
БОРЦ	**BORCA**
БОРЦЛОХ	**BORCALA-**
БОРЦОР	**BORUCAR**
БОРЬ	**BORKI**
БОСГО	**BOSUГ-A, 1.**
БОСГОЛ	**BOSXUL**
БОСГОХ	**BOSXA-**
БОСГУУЛ	**BOSXAГUL**
БОСГУУЛАХ	**BOSXAГUL-**
БОСЛОГО	**BOSULГ-A**
БОСОЛТ	**BOSULTA**
БОСОО	**BOSUГ-A, 2.**
БОСОХ	**BOS-**
БОТГО	**BOTUГU(N)**
БОТГОЛОХ	**BOTUГULA-**
БОТЬ	**BOTI**
БОХИНДОХ	**BOKINID-**
БОХИР	**BOKIR**
БОХИРЛОХ	**BOKIRLA-**
БОХИРОЛ	**BOKIRUL**
БОХИРОХ	**BOKIR-**
БОХИРУУЛАХ	**BOKIRAГUL-**
БОХИСХИЙХ	**BOKISKI-**
БОХЬ	**BOKI, 1.**
БОШГО	**BOŠUГ**
БОШГОЛОХ	**BOŠUГLA-**
БӨВӨГНӨХ	**BØBYGENE-**
БӨВӨӨЛЖ(ИН)	**BYBYGELZIN**
БӨГЖ	**BØGEZI**
БӨГЛЭӨ	**BØGLEGE**
БӨГЛЭӨС	**BØGLEGESY(N)**
БӨГЛӨРӨХ	**BØGLERE-**
БӨГЛӨХ	**BØGLE-**
БӨГЛҮҮ	**BØGLEGYY**
БӨГЛҮҮДЭХ	**BØGLEGYDE-**
БӨГЛҮҮЛЭХ	**BØGLEGYL-**
БӨГЛҮҮР	**BØGLEGYR**
БӨГЛҮҮРЛЭХ	**BØGLEGYRLE-**
БӨГЛҮҮХЭН	**BØGLEGYKEN**
БӨГӨЛДӨРГӨ	**BØGELDYRGE**
БӨГӨӨД	**BYGED**
БӨГӨӨТӨЛ	**BYGETEL-E**
БӨГС	**BØGSE(N)**
БӨГСДӨХ	**BØGSEDE-**
БӨГТИЙЛГӨХ	**BØGTYILGE-**
БӨГТИЙХ	**BØGTYI-**
БӨГТӨР	**BØGTYR**
БӨГТӨРДӨХ	**BØGTYRDE-**
БӨГТРӨХ	**BØGTYRE-**
БӨГЦГӨР	**BØGCYGYR**
БӨГЦИЙХ	**BØGCYI-**
БӨГЦИЙЛГӨХ	**BØGCYILGE-**
БӨГШИХ	**BØGSI-, 1.**
БӨГШИХ	**BØGSI-, 2.**
БӨЖИН	**BØZYN**
БӨЛГӨН	**BYLYKEN**
БӨЛДГӨ	**BØLDEGE(N)**
БӨМБИЙЛӨХ	**BØMBYILE-**
БӨМБИЙХ	**BØMBYI-**
БӨМБӨГ(ӨН)	**BØMBYGE(N)**
БӨМБӨГДӨГЧ	**BØMBYGEDEGCI**
БӨМБӨГДӨХ	**BØMBYGEDE-**
БӨМБӨГНӨХ	**BØMBYGENE-**
БӨМБӨГӨР	**BØMBYGER**
БӨМБӨГЧ	**BØMBYGECI**
БӨМБӨЛӨГ	**BØMBYLIG**
БӨМБӨР	**BØMBYR**
БӨМБӨРӨХ	**BØMBYRI-**
БӨМБӨРЦӨГ	**BØMBYRCEG**
БӨӨ	**BØGE**
БӨӨГНӨХ	**BØGEGENE-**
БӨӨЛЖИС(ӨН)	**BØGELZISY(N)**
БӨӨЛЖИХ	**BØGELZI-**
БӨӨЛЖҮҮЛЭХ	**BØGELZIGYL-**
БӨӨМ	**BØGEM**
БӨӨМНӨЛ	**BØGEMNEL**
БӨӨМНӨРӨХ	**BØGEMNERE-**
БӨӨМНӨРҮҮЛЭХ	**BØGEMNEREGYL-**
БӨӨМНӨХ	**BØGEMNE-**
БӨӨМНҮҮЛЭХ	**BØGEMNEGYL-**
БӨӨН	**BØGEM**
БӨӨН	**BØGEN**
БӨӨР	**BØGER-E**
БӨӨРӨЛ	**BØGERELEL**
БӨӨРӨХ	**BØGERELE-**
БӨӨРӨЛГӨНӨ	**BØGERELGEN-E**
БӨӨРӨЛЗГӨНӨ	**BØGELZIRGEN-E**
БӨӨРӨНХИЙ	**BØGERENGKYI**
БӨӨРӨНХИЙЛӨХ	**BØGERENGKYILE-**
БӨӨС(ӨН)	**BØGESY(N)**
БӨӨСДӨХ	**BØGESYD[E]-**
БӨӨЧ	**BØGECI**
БӨӨЧЛӨХ	**BØGECILE-**
БӨРТ	**BØRTY**
БӨС	**BØS**
БӨХ	**BØKE, 1.**
БӨХ	**BØKE, 2.**
БӨХ(ӨН)	**BØKY(N)**
БӨХГӨР	**BØKYGER**
БӨХЖИХ	**BØKEZI-**
БӨХИЙЛГӨХ	**BØKYILGE-**
БӨХИЙХ	**BØKYI-**
БӨХЛӨГ	**BØKELIG**
БӨХЛӨХ	**BØKELE-**
БӨХНӨ	**BØKYN-E**
БӨХӨЛЗӨХ	**BØKYLZE-**
БӨХӨН(Г)	**BØKYNG**
БӨХӨӨХ	**BØKYGE-**
БӨХӨСХИЙХ	**BØKYSKI-**
БӨХӨХ	**BØKE-**
БӨХӨХ	**BYKY-**
БӨХТЭЙ	**BØKETEI**
БӨХТЭЙ	**BØKYTEI**
БРАУНИНГ	**BRAUNING**
БРИГАД	**BRIГADA**
БРИЯНГУУ	**BRIJANGGY**
БУГ	**BUГ**
БУГА	**BUГU**
БУГАЛАГ	**BUГULAГ**
БУГАХ	**BUГU-**
БУГЗАЙХ	**BUГZAI-**
БУГЗЛАХ	**BUГZALA-**
БУГСАХ	**BUГSA-**
БУГУЙ	**BAГUI**
БУГУЙ	**BUГUI**
БУГУЙ	**BAГUU**
БУГУЙВЧ	**BAГUBCI**
БУГУЙВЧ	**BAГUIBCI**
БУГУЙЛ	**BAГUIL**
БУГУЙЛДАХ	**BAГUILDA-**
БУГШИХ	**BAГSI-**
БУД	**BUD**
БУДАА	**BUDAГ-A(N)**
БУДААЛАХ	**BUDAГALA-**
БУДААЛЛАГА	**BUDAГALALГ-A**
БУДАГ	**BUDUГ**
БУДАГЛАХ	**BUDUГLA-**
БУДАГЧ	**BUDUГCI**
БУДАН(Г)	**BUDANG**
БУДАНГУЙ	**BUNDUNGIUI**
БУДАНГУЙРАЛ	**BUDUNGIUIRAL**
БУДАНГУЙРАХ	**BUDUNGIUIRA-**
БУДАНГУЙРУУЛАХ	**BUDUNGUIRAГUL-**
БУДАНГУЙТАЙ	**BUDUNGIUITAI**
БУДАНТАЙ	**BUDANGTAI**
БУДАНТАХ	**BUDANGTA-**
БУДАНШИХ	**BUDANGSI-**
БУДАХ	**BUDU-**
БУДДА	**BUDHA**
БУДДИЗМ	**BUDDISM**
БУДЛИАН	**BUDULIAN**
БУДЛИАНТАЙ	**BUDULIJANTAI**
БУДЛИАНТАХ	**BUDULIJANTA-**
БУДЛИАНТУУЛАХ	**BUDULIJANTAГUL-**
БУДЛИУН	**BUDULIГUN**
БУДЛИХ	**BUDULI-**
БУДМАЛ	**BUDUMAL**
БУДУУЛАХ	**BUDUГUL-**
БУЖИГНАХ	**BUZIGINA-**
БУЖИГНУУЛАХ	**BUZIGINAГUL-**
БУЖГИР	**BUZIGIR**
БУЖГИРТАХ	**BUZIGIRTU-**
БУЗАМГАЙ	**BUZAMAГAI**
БУЗАР	**BUZAR**
БУЗАРДАХ	**BUZARDA-**
БУЗАРЛАЛ	**BUZARLAL**
БУЗАРЛАХ	**BUZARLA-**
БУЗАРЛУУЛАХ	**BUZARLAГUL-**
БУЗГАЙ	**BUZAГAI**
БУЗГАЙРАХ	**BUZAГAIRA-**
БУЙ	**BUI**
БУЙД	**BUIDA**
БУЙЛ	**BUILA**
БУЙЛАХ	**BUILA-**
БУЙЛЛАХ	**BUILALA-**
БУЙЛУУЛАХ	**BUILAГUL-**
БУЙМАНГ	**BUIMANG**
БУЙР	**BAГURI**
БУЛ	**BULU, 1.**
БУЛААГДАХ	**BULIJAГDA-**
БУЛААЛГАХ	**BULIJALГA-**
БУЛААЛДААН	**BULIJALDUГAN**
БУЛААЛДААНТАЙ	**BULIJALDUГANTAI**
БУЛААЛДААЧ	**BULIJALDUГACI**
БУЛААЛДАХ	**BULIJALDU-**
БУЛААЛЦАЛДАА(Н)	**BULIJACALDUГ-A(N)**
БУЛААЛЦАЛДАХ	**BULIJACALDU-**
БУЛААЛЦАХ	**BULIJALCA-**
БУЛААХ	**BULIJA-**
БУЛАГ	**BULAГ, 1.**
БУЛАГ	**BULAГ, 2.**
БУЛАГ	**BULAГ, 3**
БУЛАГЛАХ	**BULAГLA-**
БУЛАГТАХ	**BULAГTA-**
БУЛАЙ	**BULAI**
БУЛАЙТ	**BULAITU**
БУЛАЙТАЙ	**BULAITAI**
БУЛАН(Г)	**BULUNG**
БУЛАНГИР	**BULANGGIR**
БУЛАНГИРТАЙ	**BULANGGIRTAI**
БУЛАНГИРТАХ	**BULANGGIRTA-**
БУЛАНГИРШИХ	**BULANGGIRSI-**
БУЛАНТАЙ	**BULUNGATI**
БУЛАР	**BULAR**
БУЛАРХАЙ	**BULARXAI**
БУЛАХ	**BULA-**
БУЛГА	**BULIU**
БУЛГА(Н)	**BULAГ-A(N)**
БУЛГАЛАХ	**BULIUL-**
БУЛГАРАХ	**BULIARA-**
БУЛГАРАХ	**BULIURA-**
БУЛГАРХАЙ	**BULIARXAI**
БУЛГИХ	**BULGI-**
БУЛДАР	**BULDAR**
БУЛДАХ	**BULUDA-**
БУЛДРУУ	**BULDURU**
БУЛДРУУЛАХ	**BULUDAГUL-**
БУЛЖИХ	**BULZI-**
БУЛЗААРАХ	**BULZAR-**
БУЛЗААРУУЛАХ	**BULZARUГUL-**
БУЛИГААР	**BULIГARI**
БУЛИГДАХ	**BULIГDA-**
БУЛИЛ	**BULIL**
БУЛИЛАЛ	**BULILAL**
БУЛИЛАХ	**BULILA-**
БУЛИЛТАЙ	**BULILTAI**
БУЛИМГАЙ	**BULIMAГAI**
БУЛИХ	**BULI-**
БУЛМАЛ	**BULAMAL**
БУЛТ	**BULTU**
БУЛТАЙЛГАХ	**BULTAILГA-**
БУЛТАЙХ	**BULTAI-**
БУЛТАЛХИЙЛАХ	**BULTALKILA-**
БУЛТАМГАЙ	**BULTAMTAГAI**
БУЛТАМТГАЙЛАХ	**BULTAMTAГAILA-**
БУЛТАСХИЙХ	**BULTASKI-**
БУЛТАХ	**BULTA-**

БУЛТАЧ	**BULTACI**
БУЛТАХ	**BULTARI-**
БУЛТРУУЛАХ	**BULTARIГUL-**
БУЛТУУЛАХ	**BULTAГUL-**
БУЛУУ(Н)	**BULU, 2.**
БУЛХАЙ	**BULXAI**
БУЛХАХ	**BULXA-**
БУЛХУУЛАХ	**BULXAГUL-**
БУЛЧИГНАХ	**BULCIГANA-**
БУЛЧИЦАХ	**BULCILZA-**
БУЛЧИН	**BULCING**
БУЛЧИРХАЙ	**BULCIRXAI**
БУЛЧИРХАЙТАХ	**BULCIRXAITA-**
БУЛШ	**BULASI(N)**
БУЛШЛАГЧ	**BULASILAГCI**
БУЛШЛАХ	**BULASILA-**
БУЛЬХАЙ	**BULIXAI**
БУЛЬХАЙЛАХ	**BULIXAILA-**
БУЛЬХАЙЧ	**BULIXAICI**
БУМ	**BUM**
БУМБА	**BUMBA, 1.**
БУМБА	**BUMBA, 2.**
БУМБА	**BUMBA, 3.**
БУМБАДАХ	**BUMBADA-**
БУНХАН	**BUNGXANG**
БУНЪАА	**BONG NGA**
БУР	**BUR, 1.**
БУРАА	**BURAГ-A, 1.**
БУРАА	**BURAГ-A, 2.**
БУРАМ	**BURAM**
БУРАНТАГ	**BURUNTAГ**
БУРАНХАЙ	**BURUNGXUI**
БУРАНХАИЛАХ	**BURUNGXUILA-**
БУРГААС(АН)	**BURГASU(N)**
БУРГААСДАХ	**BURГASUDA-**
БУРГАНАХ	**BURГANI-**
БУРГАС	**BURГASU(N)**
БУРГИЛАХ	**BURGILA-**
БУРГИЛДАГ	**BURGILDAГ**
БУРГИУЛАХ	**BURGIГUL-**
БУРГИХ	**BURGI-**
БУРГУЙ	**BURГUI**
БУРГУЙДАХ	**BURГUIDA-**
БУРЖГАР	**BURZIGIR**
БУРЖИГНАХ	**BURZIGINA-**
БУРЖИЙХ	**BURZII-**
БУРЖУЙ	**BYRZYI**
БУРЖУЙЛИГ	**BYRZYILIG**
БУРИАГУЛ	**BURIJAГUL**
БУРИАД	**BURIJAD**
БУРИВАА	**BURIBA**
БУРИМАГ	**BURIMAГ**
БУРТАГ	**BURTAГ**
БУРТАГЛАХ	**BURTAГLA-**
БУРТАГЛУУЛАХ	**BURTAГLAГUL-**
БУРТАГТ	**BURTAГTU**
БУРТАГТАЙ	**BURTAГTAI**
БУРУУ	**BURUГU**
БУРУУДАХ	**BURUГUD-**
БУРУУДАХ	**BURUГUDA-, 2.**
БУРУУЛАХ	**BURUГULA-**
БУРУУЛУУЛАХ	**BURUГULAГUL-**
БУРУУТ	**BURUГUTU**
БУРУУТАЙ	**BURUГUTAI**
БУРУУТАН	**BURUГUTAN**
БУРУУТГАХ	**BURUГUDXA-**
БУРУУШААГДАХ	**BURUГUSIJAГDA-**
БУРУУШААЛ	**BURUГUSIJAL**
БУРУУШААЛГАА	**RURUГUSIJALГ-A**
БУРУУШААЛГАХ	**BURUГUSIJALГA-**
БУРУУШААХ	**BURUГUSIJA-**
БУРХАН	**BURXAN**
БУРХАНГҮЙ	**BURXANGGYI**
БУРХАНГҮЙЧҮҮД	**BURXANGGYICYD**
БУРЧИГНАХ	**BURCIGINA-**
БУС	**BUSU**
БУСАД	**BUSUD**
БУСНИУЛАХ	**BUSANIГUL-**
БУСНИХ	**BUSANI-**
БУСРАХ	**BUSARA-**
БУСХИ	**BUSAKI**
БУСХИЛАХ	**BUSAKILA-**
БУСЦАР	**BUSUCAR**
БУТ	**BUTA, 1.**
БУТ	**BUTA, 2.**
БУТАН	**BUTUNG**
БУТАРГАХ	**BUTARAГA-**
БУТАРХАЙ	**BUTARXAI**
БУТАРХАЙЛАХ	**BUTARXAILA-**
БУТАЧ	**BUTACI**
БУТРАХ	**BUTARA-**
БУТРУУЛАХ	**BUTARAГUL-**
БУТЦОХИХ	**BUTACOKI-**
БУУ	**BUU, 3.**
БУУ	**BUU, 4.**
БУУ	**BUU, 5.**
БУУ(Н)	**BUU. 2.**
БУУДАГДАХ	**BUUDAГDA-**
БУУДАЙ	**BUIГUDAI**
БУУДАЛ	**BUIГUDAL**
БУУДАЛЛАХ	**BAГUDALLA-**
БУУДАХ	**BUUDA-**
БУУДЛАГА	**BUUDALГ-A(N)**
БУУЗ	**BUUZA**
БУУЛГА	**BUIГULГ- A**
БУУЛГАВАР	**BAГULГABURI**
БУУЛГАЛ	**BAГULГAL**
БУУЛГАМАЛ	**BAГULГAMAL**
БУУЛГАХ	**BAГULГA-**
БУУЛИХ	**BUULI-**
БУУР	**BUIГUR-A**
БУУРАЙ	**BAГURAI**
БУУРАЙДАЛ	**BAГURAIDAL**
БУУРАЙДАХ	**BAГURAIDA-**
БУУРАЙХ	**BAГURAI-**
БУУРАЛ	**BAГURAL**
БУУРАЛ	**BUГURAL**
БУУРАЛШИХ	**BUIГURALSI-**
БУУРАХ	**BAГURA-**
БУУРСАХ	**BUIГURASA-**
БУУРУУЛАХ	**BAГURAIГUL-**
БУУРЦАГ	**BURCAГ**
БУУХ	**BAГU-**
БУУЦ	**BAГUCA**
БУУЧ	**BUUCI**
БУХ	**BUX-A**
БУХААР	**BUXAR, 1.**
БУХААР	**BUXAR, 2.**
БУХААРТАХ	**BUXARTU-**
БУХАЛИЛАХ	**BUXULLA-**
БУХАЛЬ	**BUXUL**
БУХАЛЬДАХ	**BUXULDA-**
БУХАР	**BUXAR, 3.**
БУХДАХ	**BUXADA-**
БУХИНДАЛ	**BUKINIDUL**
БУХИНДАЛТ	**BUKINIDULTU**
БУХИНДАЛТАЙ	**BUKINIDULTAI**
БУХИНДАХ	**BUKINID-**
БУХЛИЛАХ	**BUXULLA-**
БУХУУР	**BUXUR**
БУЦААЛГАХ	**BUCAГALГA-**
БУЦААЛТ	**BUCAГALTA**
БУЦААХ	**BUCAГA-**
БУЦАЛ	**BUCAL**
БУЦАЛГА	**BUCALГ-A**
БУЦАЛГАХ	**BUCALГA-**
БУЦАЛГУУЛАХ	**BUCALГAГUL-**
БУЦАЛГУУР.	**BUCALГAГUR**
БУЦАЛЛАГА	**BUCALULГ-A**
БУЦАЛМАЛ	**BUCALUMAL**
БУЦАЛТ	**BUCALTA**
БУЦАХ	**BUCA-**
БУЦАШ	**BUCASI, 1.**
БУЦАШ	**BUCASI, 2.**
БУЦЛАМ	**BUCALUM-A**
БУШЛАХ	**BUCAL-**
БУШУУ	**BISIГU**
БУШУУ	**BUSIГU**
БУШУУЛАЛ	**BUSIГULAL**
БУШУУЛАХ	**BUSIГULA-**
БУШУУХАН	**BISIГUXAN**
БУШУУХАН	**BUSIГUXAN**
БУЮУ	**BUJU**
БУЯН	**BUJAN**
БУЯНТ	**BUJANTU**
БУЯНТАЙ	**BUJANTAI**
БУЯНЧ	**BUJANCI**
БУВНЭХ	**BYBYNE-**
БУВЭЭДЖИН	**BYBEGELZIN**
БУГД	**BYGYDE**
БУГДЭЭР	**BYGYDEGER**
БУГНЭГДЭХ	**BYNGNEGDE-**
БУГНЭМ	**BYNGNEM-E**
БУГНЭХ	**BYNGNE-**
БУГЧИМ	**BYGCIM**
БУГШИХ	**BYGSI-**
БУГЭХ	**BYGGY-**
БУДНЭ	**BYDYNE**
БУДРЭХ	**BYDYRI-**
БУДҮҮВЧ	**BYDYGYBCI**
БУДҮҮВЧЛЭЛ	**BYDYGYBCILEL**
БУДҮҮВЧЛЭХ	**BYDYGYBCILE-**
БУДҮҮЛЭГ	**BYDYGYLIG**
БУДҮҮЛЭГЛЭХ	**BYDYGYLIGLE-**
БУДҮҮН	**BYDYGYN**
БУДҮҮРЭХ	**BYDYGYRE-**
БУДЭГ	**BYDEG**
БУДЭРХИЙ	**BYDYRKEI**
БУДЭХ	**BYDEKI**
БУДЭХРЭХ	**BYDEKIRE-**
БУЖИГ	**BYZIG**
БУЖИГЛЭЛ	**BYZIGLEL**
БУЖИГЛЭХ	**BYZIGLE-**
БУЖИГЧ(ИН)	**BYZIGCI(N)**
БУЖИХ	**BYZI-**
БУЙЛ	**BYILE**
БУЛ	**BYLE**
БУЛ	**BYLY**
БУЛГЭМ	**BYLGYM**
БУЛГЭМНЭХ	**BYLGYMNE-**
БУЛЛЭХ	**BYLELE-**
БУЛСГЭХ	**BYLISKE-**
БУЛСЭХ	**BYLIS-**
БУЛТГЭР	**BYLTEGER**
БУЛТИЙЛГЭХ	**BYLTEILGE-**
БУЛТИЙХ	**BYLTEI-**
БУЛТРЭХ	**BYLTERE-**
БУЛТЭГНЭХ	**BYLTEGENE-**
БУЛТЭЙ	**BYLETEI**
БУЛТЭН	**BYLTENG**
БУЛҮҮР	**BYLEGYR**
БУЛЭХ	**BYLEKE**
БУЛЭГ	**BYLYG**
БУЛЭГЛҮҮЛЭХ	**BYLYGLEGYL-**
БУЛЭГЛЭХ	**BYLYGLE-**
БУЛЭГТ	**BYLYGTY**
БУЛЭГТЭЙ	**BYLYGTEI**
БУЛЭН	**BYLIN**
БУЛЭН	**BYLYNG**
БУЛЭНЦЭР	**BYLYNCER**
БУЛЭХ	**BYLE-**
БУЛЭЭН	**BYLIJEN**
БУЛЭЭНТЭЙ	**BYLIJENTEI**
БУЛЭЭРЭХ	**BYLIJERE-**
БУЛЭЭСГЭХ	**BYLIJESKE-**
БУЛЭЭСЭХ	**BYLIJES-**
БУЛЭЭТГЭХ	**BYLIJEDKE-**
БУЛЭЭТЭХ	**BYLIJED-**
БУЛЭЭХЭН	**BYLIJEKEN**
БУР	**BYRI**
БУРГҮҮЛЭХ	**BYRGIGYL-**
БУРГЭД	**BYRGYD**
БУРГЭЛЗЭХ	**BYRYGYLZE-**
БУРГЭХ	**BYRGI-**
БУРДЭЛ	**BYRIDYL**
БУРДЭХ	**BYRID-**
БУРИЙ	**BYRI**
БУРИЙ	**BYRYI**
БУРЛЭГЧ	**BYRILYGCI**
БУРЛЭГЭ	**BYRILGE**
БУРЛЭХ	**BYRIL-**
БУРЛЭЭЧ	**BYRILGECI**
БУРМӨСӨН	**BYRIMØSYN**
БУРТГҮҮЛЭХ	**BYRIDKEGYL-**
БУРТГЭЛ	**BYRIDKEL**
БУРТГЭХ	**BYRIDKE-**
БУРҮҮЛЭХ	**BYRIGYL-**
БУРХ	**BYRKY**
БУРХИЙ	**BYRYKEI**
БУРХҮҮЛ	**BYRKYGYL**
БУРХҮҮЛТ	**BYRKYGYLTY**
БУРХҮҮЛТЭЙ	**BYRKYGYLTEI**
БУРХЭВЧ	**BYRKYBCI**
БУРХЭГ	**BYRKYG**
БУРХЭГДЭХ	**BYRKYGDE-**
БУРХЭГЛЭХ	**BYRKYGLE-**
БУРХЭХ	**BYRKY-**
БУРХЭЭЛГЭХ	**BYRKYGELGE-**
БУРХЭЭР	**BYRKEGER**
БУРХЭЭС	**BYRKYGESY(N)**
БУРХЭЭХ	**BYRKYGE-**
БУРЭГ	**BYRYG**
БУРЭЛГЭХ	**BYRILGE-**
БУРЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ	**BYRILDEGYL-**
БУРЭЛДЭХ	**BYRILDY-**
БУРЭЛДЭХ	**BYRILDY-, 2.**
БУРЭЛЗЭХ	**BYRYLZE-**
БУРЭН	**BYRIN**
БУРЭНХИЙ	**BYRYNGKYI**
БУРЭНХИЙЛЭХ	**BYRYNGKYILE-**
БУРЭХ	**BYRI-**
БУРЭЭ	**BYRIJ-E(N)**
БУРЭЭДЭХ	**BYRIJEDE-**
БУРЭЭС(ЭН)	**BYRIJESY(N)**
БУРЭЭСТЭЙ	**BYRIJESYTEI**
БУРЭЭЧ	**BYRIJECI**
БУС(ЭН)	**BYSE**
БУСГҮЙ	**BYSEGYI**
БУСГҮЙЧҮҮД	**BYSEGYICYD**
БУСЛҮҮЛЭХ	**BYSELEGYL-**
БУСЛҮҮР	**BYSELEGYR**
БУСЛҮҮРЛЭХ	**BYSELEGYRLE-**
БУСЛЭГДЭХ	**BYSELEGDE-**
БУСЛЭХ	**BYSELE-**
БУСТЭЙ	**BYSETEI**
БУТҮҮЛЭХ	**BYTEGYL-**
БУТҮҮЛЭХ	**BYTYGYL-**
БУТЭМ	**BYTYM-E**
БУТЭМЖ	**BYTYMZI**
БУТЭМЖТЭЙ	**BYTYMZITEI**
БУТЭН	**BYTYN**
БУТЭХ	**BYTE-**
БУТЭХ	**BYTY-**
БУТЭЭЦ	**BYTYSI**
БУТЭЭЛ	**BYTYGEL**
БУТЭЭЛГЭХ	**BYTEGELGE-**
БУТЭЭЛГЭХ	**BYTYGELGE-**
БУТЭЭЛ	**BYTYGELTE**
БУТЭЭЛ_ЭЙ	**BYTYGELTEI**
БУТЭЭЛЧ	**BYTYGELCI**
БУТЭЭЛЭГ	**BYTEGELGE**
БУТЭЭМЖ	**BYTYGEMZI**
БУТЭЭМЖТЭЙ	**BYTYGEMZITEI**
БУТЭЭХ	**BYTYGE-**
БУТЭЭХ	**BYTEGE-**
БУУ	**BUU, 1.**
БУУВЭЙ	**BYBEI**
БУУВЭЙЛЭХ	**BYBEILE-**
БУУРГЭН	**BYGYRGE(N)**
БУУРЭГ	**BYGYRGE(N)**
БУХ	**BYKY**
БУХИЙ	**BYKYI**
БУХЭЛ	**BYKYLI**
БУХЭН	**BYKYN**
БУХЭЭГ	**BYKYGEG**
БУЧ	**BYCI**
БУЧИХ	**BYCI-**
БУЧЛЭХ	**BYCILE-**
БУЧТЭЙ	**BYCITEI**
БЭГТРЭХ	**BEGDERE-**
БЭГТЭР	**BEGTER**
БЭДРҮҮЛЭХ	**BEDEREGYL-**
БЭДРЭЛ	**BEDEREL**
БЭДРЭХ	**BEDERE-**
БЭДРЭЭС	**BEDEREGESY(N)**
БЭЙЛ	**BEILE**
БЭЙС	**BEISE**
БЭЛ	**BEL**
БЭЛБЭРХИЙ	**BELBERKEI**
БЭЛДБЭР	**BELEDBYRI**
БЭЛДЭХ	**BELDE-**
БЭЛДЭХ	**BELED-**
БЭЛЖИГ	**BELYCYG**
БЭЛТГЭЛ	**BELEDKEL**
БЭЛТГЭЛТЭЙ	**BELEDKELTEI**
БЭЛТГЭХ	**BELEDKE-**
БЭЛТРЭГ	**BELTERGE**
БЭЛХҮҮС	**BELKEGYSY(N)**
БЭЛХҮҮСЭВЧ	**BELKEGYSYBCI**
БЭЛХЭН	**BELEKEN**
БЭЛЧИР	**BELCIR**
БЭЛЧИХ	**BELCI-**
БЭЛЧЭЭР	**BELCIGER**
БЭЛЧЭЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ	**BELCIGERLEGYL-**
БЭЛЧЭЭРЛЭХ	**BELCIGERLE -**
БЭЛЧЭЭХ	**BELCIGE-**
БЭЛЭВСЭН	**BELBESYN**
БЭЛЭВСРЭЛ	**BELBESYREL**
БЭЛЭВСРЭХ	**BELBESYRE-**
БЭЛЭГ	**BELEG**
БЭЛЭГ	**BELGE**
БЭЛЭГДЭЛ	**BELGEDEL**
БЭЛЭГДЭХ	**BELGEDE-**
БЭЛЭГЛЭГЧ	**BELGELEGCI**
БЭЛЭГЛЭХ	**BELEGLE-**
БЭЛЭГЛЭХ	**BELGELE-**
БЭЛЭГТЭЙ	**BELEGTEI**
БЭЛЭГТЭЙ	**BELGETEI**
БЭЛЭГЧ	**BELGECI**
БЭЛЭН	**BELEN**
БЭМБЭГНЭХ	**BEMBEGENE-**
БЭР	**BERI**
БЭРВИЙЛЦЭХ	**BERBEILCE-**
БЭРВИЙХ	**BERBEI-**
БЭРГЭН	**BERGEN**
БЭРЛЭХ	**BERILE-**
БЭРС	**BERS**
БЭРСҮҮ	**BERSEGYY**
БЭРСҮҮДЭХ	**BERSEGYD-**
БЭРТЭН	**BERTENG**
БЭРТЭНГИ	**BERTENGGI**
БЭРТЭХ	**BERTE-**
БЭРТЭЭ	**BERTEGE**
БЭРТЭЭХ	**BERTEGE-**
БЭРЧЛЭХ	**BERICILE-**
БЭРХ	**BERKE**
БЭРХДЭХ	**BERKED-**
БЭРХТЭЙ	**BERKETEI**
БЭРХШЭЭЛ	**BERKESIJEL**
БЭРХШЭЭЛТЭЙ	**BERKESIJELTEI**
БЭРХШЭЭХ	**BERKESIJE-**
БЭРЭВХИЙ	**BELBERKEI**
БЭРЭЭ(Н)	**BERIJ-E(N)**
БЭРЭЭД	**BERIJED**
БЭРЭЭДЭХ	**BERIJEDE-**
БЭСРЭГ	**BESEREG**
БЭТ	**BETE, 2.**
БЭТЭГ	**BETEGE(N)**
БЭХ	**BEKE**
БЭХ	**BEKI**
БЭХДЭХ	**BEKEDE-**
БЭХЖИЛ	**BEKIZIL**
БЭХЖИЛТЭЙ	**BEKIZILTEI**
БЭХЖИХ	**BEKIZI-**
БЭХЖҮҮЛЛЭГ	**BEKIГIGYLYLGE**
БЭХЖҮҮЛЭХ	**BEKIZIGYL-**
БЭХЛҮҮЛЭХ	**BEKILEGYL-**
БЭХЛЭГ	**BEKILIG**
БЭХЛЭХ	**BEKILE-**
БЭХТ	**BEGTE**
БЭХЭД	**BEKIDE**
БЭЭЖИН(Г)	**BEGEZING**
БЭЭЛИЙ	**BEGELEI**
БЭЭР	**BER-E**
БЭЭРЭХ	**BEGERE-**
БЯДУУ	**BIDAIU**
БЯДУУДАХ	**BIDAIUDA-**
БЯДУУЛАГ	**BIDAIULIГ**
БЯЗЛАХ	**BIZALA-**
БЯЛААХ	**BILAГA-**
БЯЛАНГАЧ	**BILANGГACI**
БЯЛАХ	**BILA-**

БЯЛДАР	**BILDAR**	БЯЛХАЛЗАХ	**BILXALZA-**	БЯЛЦЛАХ	**BILCAL-**	БЯСАЛГАГЧ	**BISILГAГCI(N)**
БЯЛДАРТАЙ	**BILDARTAI**	БЯЛХАХ	**BILXA-**	БЯЛЦРАХ	**BILCARA-**	БЯСАЛГАЛ	**BISILГAL**
БЯЛДАХ	**BILDA-**	БЯЛХЛАХ	**BI LXAГLA-**	БЯЛЦУУ	**BILCUU**	БЯСАЛГАЛТАЙ	**BISILГALTAI**
БЯЛДУУРХАХ	**BILDAГURXA-**	БЯЛХМАЛ	**BILXAMAL**	БЯЛЦУУТАХ	**BILCUD-**	БЯСАЛГАЛЧ	**BISILГALCI(N)**
БЯЛДУУЧ	**BILDAГUCI**	БЯЛХРАХ	**BILXARA-**	БЯМБА	**BIMBA**	БЯСАЛГАШ	**BISILГASI**
БЯЛГУУЧЛАХ	**BILDAГUCILA-**	БЯЛЦАЙХ	**BILCAI-**	БЯР	**BIRA**	БЯСЛАГ	**BASILAГ**
БЯЛЗРАХ	**BILZARA-**	БЯЛЦАРХАЙ	**BILCARXAI**	БЯРАЛХАГ	**BIRALXAГ**	БЯЦ	**BICA**
БЯЛЗУУХАЙ	**BILZUUXAI**	БЯЛЦАХ	**BILCA-**	БЯРМАН	**BIRAMAN**	БЯЦЛАХ	**BICAL-**
БЯЛТ	**BILTA**	БЯЛЦГАЙ	**BILCAГAI**	БЯРТАЙ	**BIRATAI**	БЯЦХААХАН	**BICIXAXAN**
БЯЛУУ	**BILAГU, 2.**	БЯЛЦГАНАХ	**BILCAГANA-**	БЯГУУ	**BIRAГU(N)**	БЯЦХАН	**BACIXAN**
БЯЛУУДАХ	**BILAГUDA-**	БЯЛЦГАР	**BILCAГAR**	БЯСАА	**BISA**	БЯЦХАН	**BICIXAN**
БЯЛХАЙХ	**BILXAI-**	БЯЛЦЛАХ	**BILCALA-**	БЯСАЛГАХ	**BISILГA-**	БЯШЛАГ	**BASILAГ**

В

ВАА	**VA**	ВААЛАХ	**VAГALA-**	ВААРЛАХ	**VAГARLA-**	ВЕКСЕЛЬ	**VEKSEL**
ВААДАГНАХ	**VADANGNA-**	ВААР	**VAГAR**	ВААРЧ	**VAГARCI**	ВИДУРЕЭ	**VIDYREJ-E**
ВААДАН	**VADANG**	ВААР	**VAГARU**	ВА(А)ЛАХ	**VALA-**	ВИНТОВ	**BINTOB**
ВААЛ	**VAГAL**	ВААР	**VAR-A**	ВАН	**VANG**	ВИШАЙ	**VIŠAI**

Г

ГА	**ГA**	ГАЙЛЬ	**ГAILI**	ГАНИРУУЛАГДАХ	**ГANIRAГULUГDA-**	ГАТАЛГАГЧ	**ГATULГAГCI**
ГААГЛАХ	**ГAГAГLA-**	ГАЙЛЬЧ	**ГAILICI(N)**	ГАНИРУУЛАХ	**ГANIRAГUL-**	ГАТАЛГАХ	**ГAULГA-**
ГАВ	**ГAB**	ГАЙМ	**ГAIMU**	ГАНИХ	**ГANI-**	ГАТЛАГАТ	**ГATULГATU**
ГАВ	**ГABA, 1.**	ГАЙТ	**ГAITU**	ГАНС	**ГANGSA(N)**	ГАТЛАХ	**ГATUL-**
ГАВ	**ГABA, 2.**	ГАЙТАЙ	**ГAITAI**	ГАНСДАХ	**ГANGSADA-**	ГАХАЙ	**ГAXAI**
ГАВАЛ	**ГABALA**	ГАЙТАХ	**ГAITU-**	ГАНСЛАХ	**ГANGSALA-**	ГАХАЙЧ	**ГAXAICI**
ГАВАЛ	**GABALA**	ГАЙХАГДАХ	**ГAIXAГDA-**	ГАНСРАЛ	**ГANGSARAL**	ГАХАЙЧЛАХ	**ГAXAICILA-**
ГАВАЛДАХ	**GABALADA-**	ГАЙХАЛ	**ГAIXAL**	ГАНСРАЛТАЙ	**ГANGSARALTAI**	ГАХАЙШИГ	**ГAXAISIГ**
ГАВЛАХ	**ГABALA-**	ГАЙХАЛТ	**ГAIXALTA**	ГАНСРАХ	**ГANGSARA-**	ГАЦАА	**ГACAГ-A, 4.**
ГАВТАХ	**ГABATU-**	ГАЙХАЛТАЙ	**ГAIXALTAI**	ГАНСРУУЛАХ	**ГANGSARAГUL-**	ГАЦАА(Н)	**ГACAГ-A(N), 3.**
ГАВШГАЙ	**ГABSIГAI**	ГАЙХАМ	**ГAIXAM-A**	ГАНХАЛЗАХ	**ГANGXULZA-**	ГАЦААЛАХ	**ГACAГALA-, 1.**
ГАВШГАЙЛАЛ	**ГABSIГAILAL**	ГАЙХАМШИГ	**ГAIXAMSIГ**	ГАНХАХ	**ГANGXU-**	ГАЦААЛАХ	**ГACAГALA-, 2.**
ГАВШГАЙЛАХ	**ГABSIГAILA-**	ГАЙХАМШИГЛАХ	**ГAIXAMSIГLA-**	ГАНЦ	**ГAГCA**	ГАЦААШИХ	**ГACAГASI-**
ГАВЬ	**ГABI**	ГАЙХАМШИГТ	**ГAIXAMSIГTU**	ГАНЦААР	**ГAГCAГAR**	ГАЦАХ	**ГACA-**
ГАВЬЯА(Н)	**ГABIJ-A(N)**	ГАЙХАМШИГТАЙ	**ГAIXAMSIГTAI**	ГАНЦААРДАХ	**ГAГCAГARDA-**	ГАЦУУ	**ГACUГU**
ГАВЬЯАРХАХ	**ГABIJARXA-**	ГАЙХАХ	**ГAIXA-**	ГАНЦААРЛАЛ	**ГAГCAГARLAL**	ГАЧИГ	**ГACIГ**
ГАВЬЯАТ	**ГABJATU**	ГАЙХАШ	**ГAIXASI**	ГАНЦААРЛАХ	**ГAГCAГARLA-**	ГАЧИГДАЛ	**ГACIГDAL**
ГАВЬЯАТАЙ	**ГABIJATAI**	ГАЙХМААР	**ГAIXAMAR**	ГАНЦДАХ	**ГAГCADA-**	ГАЧИГДАЛТАЙ	**ГACIГDALTAI**
ГАВЬЯАЧИРАХ	**ГABIJACIRXA-**	ГАЙХУУЛАХ	**ГAIXAГUL-**	ГАНЦХАН	**ГAГCAXAN**	ГАЧИГДАХ	**ГACIГDA-**
ГАВЬЯАЧИРХАГ	**ГABIJACIRXAГ**	ГАЛ	**ГAL**	ГАНШИХ	**ГANGSI-, 1.**	ГАЧИГДУУЛАХ	**ГACIГDAIUL-**
ГАВЬЯАЧИРХАЛ	**ГABIJACIRXAL**	ГАЛАВ	**ГALAB**	ГАНШИХ	**ГANGSI-, 2.**	ГАЧУУР	**ГACUUR-A**
ГАГАГАР	**ГAГUГUR**	ГАЛАЙХАН	**ГALAIXAN**	ГАНЬ	**ГANI**	ГАШЛАЛ	**ГASILAL**
ГАГАЙ	**ГAГAI**	ГАЛДАХ	**ГALDA-**	ГАНЬС	**ГANISU**	ГАШЛАМАЛ	**ГASILAMAL**
ГАГАЙЛГАХ	**ГAГUILГA-**	ГАЛЖИР	**ГALZIR**	ГАР	**ГAR**	ГАШЛАХ	**ГASILA-**
ГАГАЙХ	**ГAГUI-**	ГАЛЖИРТАХ	**ГALZIRTU-**	ГАРАГ	**ГAIГ**	ГАШУУ(Н)	**ГASIГU(N)**
ГАГАЛЗАХ	**ГAГULZA- 1**	ГАЛЗУУ	**ГALZAГU**	ГАРАГ	**GRAГ**	ГАШУУДАЛ	**ГASIГUDAL**
ГАГАЛЗАХ	**ГAГULXA- 2.**	ГАЛЗУУРАЛ	**ГALZAГURAL**	ГАРАЖ	**ГARAZI**	ГАШУУДАЛТ	**ГASIГUDALTU**
ГАГАЛХИЙЛАХ	**ГAГULKILA-**	ГАЛЗУУРАХ	**ГALZAГURA-**	ГАРАЛ	**ГARUL**	ГАШУУДАХ	**ГASIГUDA-**
ГАГНАГДАХ	**ГANGNAГDA-**	ГАЛЗУУРУУЛАХ	**ГALZAГURAГUL-**	ГАРАЛТ	**ГARULTA**	ГАШУУДУУЛАХ	**ГASIГUDAГUL-**
ГАГНАМАЛ	**ГANGNAMAL**	ГАЛИРАЛ	**ГALIRAL**	ГАРАМ	**ГARUM**	ГАШУУХАН	**ГASIГUXAN**
ГАГНАХ	**ГANGNA-**	ГАЛИРАЛТАЙ	**ГALIRALTAI**	ГАРАМГАЙ	**ГARUMAГAI**	ГЕНЕРАЛ	**GENERAL**
ГАГНУУЛАХ	**ГANGNAГUL-**	ГАЛИРАХ	**ГALIRA-**	ГАРАН	**ГARUN**	ГЕОГРАФИ	**GEOGRAFI**
ГАГНУУР	**ГANGNAГUR**	ГАЛЛА	**ГALLA-**	ГАРАНГА	**ГARANGГ-A**	ГЕОЛОГИ	**GEOLOGI**
ГАГНУУРЧ	**ГANGNAГURCI**	ГАЛЛАХ	**ГALTU**	ГАРАХ	**ГAR-**	ГЕРМАН	**GERMAN[I]**
ГАДАА	**ГADAГ-A**	ГАЛТ	**ГALAГU(N)**	ГАРАШ	**ГARASI**	ГИВЛҮҮР	**GIBLEGYR**
ГАДААД	**ГADAГADU**	ГАЛУУ	**ГALCI**	ГАРГАЛГА	**ГARГALГ-A**	ГИЙГҮҮЛЭГЧ	**GEIGYLYGCI**
ГАДАГШ	**ГADAГSI**	ГАЛЧ	**ГAM**	ГАРГАХ	**ГARГA-**	ГИЙГҮҮЛЭХ	**GEIGYL-**
ГАДАГШЛАХ	**ГADAГSILA-**	ГАМ	**ГAMNAГDA-**	ГАРГУУ	**ГARГAГU**	ГИЙЛГЭХ	**GEILGE-**
ГАДАЙЛГАХ	**ГADAILГA-**	ГАМНАГДАХ	**ГAMNAL**	ГАРГУУД	**ГARГAГUL**	ГИЙЧИН	**GEICIN**
ГАДАЙХ	**ГADAI-**	ГАМНАЛ	**ГAMNA-**	ГАРГУУЛАХ	**ГARГAГUL-**	ГИЙЧИНТЭЙ	**GEICINTEI**
ГАДАР	**ГADAR**	ГАМНАХ	**ГAMNAГUL-**	ГАРДАЛ	**ГARDAL**	ГИЙЧЛҮҮЛЭХ	**GEICILEGYL-**
ГАДАР	**ГADUR-A**	ГАМНУУЛАХ	**ГAMTAI**	ГАРДАХ	**ГARDA-**	ГИЙЧЛЭХ	**GEICILE-**
ГАДАРГУУ	**ГADARIU**	ГАМТАЙ	**ГAMSIГ**	ГАРДИ	**ГARUDI**	ГИЙХ	**GEI-**
ГАДАРЛАХ	**ГADARLA-**	ГАМШИГ	**ГAMSIГDAL**	ГАРДИ	**GARUDI**	ГИЛБЕЛГЭН	**GILBELGEN**
ГАДАС(АН)	**ГADASU(N)**	ГАМШИГДАЛ	**ГAMSIГDA-**	ГАРЖ	**ГARZI**	ГИЛБЭГЭНЭХ	**GILBIGINE-**
ГАДНА	**ГADAN-A**	ГАМШИГДАХ	**ГAMSIГLAL**	ГАРЗ(АН)	**ГARUZA**	ГИЛБЭЛЗЭХ	**GILBELZE-**
ГАДНАХЬ	**ГADANAKI**	ГАМШИГЛАЛ	**ГAMSIГLA-**	ГАРЗАЙХ	**ГARZAI-**	ГИЛБЭЛЭХ	**GILBEL-**
ГАДРАГА	**ГADARIU**	ГАМШИГЛАХ	**ГAMSIГTAI**	ГАРЗГАР	**ГARZAГAR**	ГИЛБЭХИЙХ	**GILBISKI-**
ГАДУУР	**ГADAГUR**	ГАМШИГТАЙ	**ГANG, 4**	ГАРЗДАЛ	**ГARUZADAL**	ГИЛБЭХ	**GILBE-**
ГАДУУРТАХ	**ГADAГURTA-**	ГАН	**ГANG, 5**	ГАРЗДАХ	**ГARUZADA-**	ГИЛБЭЭН	**GILBEGEN**
ГАДУУРХАХ	**ГADAГURXA-**	ГАН(Г)	**ГANG, 1.**	ГАРЗЛАХ	**ГARUZALA-**	ГИЛГЭР	**GILGYGER**
ГАДУУРХИ	**ГADAГURKI**	ГАЧ(Г)	**ГANG, 2**	ГАРЗТАЙ	**ГARUSATAI**	ГИЛГЭР	**GILGYGYR**
ГАДУУРШААХ	**ГADAГURSIJA-**	ГАН(Г)	**ГANG, 3**	ГАРИГ	**GRAГ**	ГИЛЖГИР	**GILZIGIR**
ГАДУУРЧЛАХ	**ГADAГURCILA-**	ГАНАВАЛЗАЛ	**ГANABALZAL**	ГАРЛАГА	**ГARULГ-A**	ГИЛЖИЙХ	**GILZII-**
ГАЖ	**ГAZI**	ГАНАВАЛЗАХ	**ГANABALZA-**	ГАРЛАГАДАХ	**ГARULГADA-**	ГИЛИЙХ	**GILYI-**
ГАЖИГ	**ГAZIГ**	ГАНАЛЗАХ	**ГANA LZA-**	ГАРЛАХ	**ГARLA-**	ГИМЛАЙ	**HIMALAJ-A**
ГАЖИХ	**ГAZI-**	ГАНГА	**ГANGГ-A, 1.**	ГАРМАА	**KARM-A**	ГИМНАСТИК	**GIMNASTIK**
ГАЖРАХ	**ГAZIRA-**	ГАНГА	**ГANGГ-A, 2.**	ГАРНИЗОН	**ГARNIZON[G]**	ГИНЖ(ИН)	**GINZI**
ГАЖУУ	**ГAZIIU**	ГАНГА	**ГANGГ-A, 3.**	ГАРТАХ	**ГARTA-**	ГИНЖЛҮҮЛЭХ	**GINZILEGYL-**
ГАЖУУД	**ГAZIIUDA**	ГАНГА	**ГANGГ-A, 4**	ГАРУЙ	**ГARUI**	ГИНЖЛЭХ	**GINZILE-**
ГАЖУУДАХ	**ГAZIIUDA-**	ГАНГА	**GANGGA**	ГАРУЙХАН	**ГARUIXAN**	ГИНШИХ	**GINGSI-**
ГАЖУУДЛА	**ГAZIIUDALALГ-A**	ГАНГАЛАХ	**ГANGГALA-, 1.**	ГАРУУ	**ГARUГU**	ГИРВИ	**GIRBI**
ГАЖУУДЛАХ	**ГAZIIUDALA-**	ГАНГАЛАХ	**ГANGГALA-, 2.**	ГАРХИ(Н)	**ГARIX-A**	ГИРВИДЭХ	**GIRBIDE-**
ГАЖУУДУУЛАХ	**ГAZIIUDAIUL-**	ГАНГАН	**ГANGIAN**	ГАРЦ	**ГARUCA**	ГИРВИХ	**GIRBI-**
ГАЖУУЛАХ	**ГAZIIUL-**	ГАНГАР	**ГANGIUR**	ГАРЦАА	**ГARCAГ-A**	ГИРВИШИХ	**GIRBISI-**
ГАЖУУЛАХ	**ГAZIIULA-**	ГАНГИНАХ	**ГANGGINA-**	ГАРЧИГ	**ГARCIГ**	ГИЧГЭНЭ	**GICIGEN-E**
ГАЖУУЛУУЛАХ	**ГAZIIULAIUL-**	ГАНДАЙЛГАХ	**ГANDAILГA-**	ГАРЧИГЛАХ	**ГARCIГLA-**	ГИЧИЙ	**GICIGE**
ГАЖУУРАХ	**ГAZIIURA-**	ГАНДАЙХ	**ГANDAI-**	ГАРШ	**ГARUSI**	ГИШГҮҮЛЭХ	**GIŠKIGYL-**
ГАЖУУРАХ	**ГAZIIURA-**	ГАНДАН	**ГANDUNG**	ГАРШИХ	**ГARSI-**	ГИШГҮҮР	**GIŠKIGYR**
ГАЖУУРХАХ	**ГAZIIURXA-**	ГАНДАХ	**ГANGDA-**	ГАСАА	**ГACAГ-A(N), 2.**	ГИШГЭВЭР	**GIŠKIBYRI**
ГАЗАР	**ГAZAR**	ГАНДГААРЬ	**ГANDAГARI**	ГАСАА(Н)	**ГACAГ-A(N), 1.**	ГИШГЭГДЭХ	**GIŠKIGDE-**
ГАЗАРДАЛ	**ГAZARDAL**	ГАНДГАР	**ГANDAГAR**	ГАСАН	**ГASAN**	ГИШГЭДЭЛ	**GIŠKIDEL**
ГАЗАРДАХ	**ГAZARDA-**	ГАНДРИХ	**ГANDARI-**	ГАСЛАГАХ	**ГASALГA-**	ГИШГЭЛГЭ	**GIŠKILGE**
ГАЗАРЛАХ	**ГAZARLA-**	ГАНДУУ	**ГANGDAIU**	ГАСЛАЛ	**ГASALUL**	ГИШГЭЛТ	**GIŠKILTE**
ГАЗАРЛУУЛАХ	**ГAZARLAIUL-**	ГАНЖИР	**ГANZIR**	ГАСЛАЛЦАХ	**ГASALULCA-**	ГИШГЭЛЭХ	**GIŠKILE-**
ГАЗАРЧ	**ГAZARCI**	ГАНЖИРЛАХ	**ГANZIRLA-**	ГАСЛАН(Г)	**ГASALANG**	ГИШГЭХ	**GIŠKI-**
ГАЗАРЧЛАХ	**ГAZARCILA-**	ГАНЗАГА	**ГANZUГ-A(N)**	ГАСЛАНТ	**ГASALANGTU**	ГИШГЭЦ	**GIŠKICE**
ГАЗАРЧЛУУЛАХ	**ГAZARCILAIUL-**	ГАНЗГАЛАХ	**ГANZUГALA-**	ГАСЛАНТАЙ	**ГASALANGTAI**	ГИШГЭЧИХ	**GIŠKICI-**
ГАЙ	**ГAI, 2**	ГАНЗГАТАЙ	**ГANZUГATAI**	ГАСЛАХ	**ГASAL-**	ГИШҮҮ	**GESIGYY**
ГАЙГУЙ	**ГAIГUI**	ГАНИРАЛ	**ГANIRAL**	ГАСЛУУЛАХ	**ГASALUIUL-**	ГИШҮҮН	**GESIGYN**
ГАЙДАХ	**ГAIDA-**	ГАНИРАЛТ	**ГANIRALTU**	ГАСНА	**ГASANA**	ГИШҮҮНТЭЙ	**GESIGYNTEI**
ГАЙЛИЛАХ	**ГAILILA-**	ГАНИРАХ	**ГANIRA-**	ГАТАЛГА	**ГATULГ-A**		

ГОВИЛ **ГӨВІL**
ГОВИЛДОХ **ГӨВILDA-**
ГОВИЛТОЙ **ГӨВILTAI**
ГОВИРХОГ **ГӨВIRXAГ**
ГОВОР **ГӨВUR**
ГОВЧУУР **ГӨВСІГUR**
ГОВЬ **ГӨВІ**
ГОГОД **ГОГUD**
ГОГООГЛОХ **ГОГUГLA-**
ГОГЦОО **ГОГСUГ-A**
ГОГЦООДОХ **ГОГСUГADA-**
ГОГЦООРӨХ **ГОГСUГARA-**
ГОДГОНОХ **ГОDAГANA-**
ГОДГОНУУЛАХ **ГОDAГANAГUL-**
ГОДГОНУУР **ГОDAГANAГUR**
ГОДГОР **ГОDUГUR**
ГОДИЛ **ГОDULI**
ГОДИЛДОХ **ГОDULIDA-**
ГОДОЙ **ГОDAI**
ГОДОЙЛГОХ **ГОDUILГA-**
ГОДОЙХ **ГОDUI-**
ГОДОЛЗОХ **ГОDULZA-**
ГОДОН **ГОDANG**
ГОДОС **ГОDUS**
ГОДСХИЙХ **ГОDUSKI-**
ГОЁ **ГОJU**
ГОЁЛ **ГОJUL**
ГОЁЛЗОХ **ГОJULZA-**
ГОЁЛОГ **ГОJULIГ**
ГОЁЛОГО **ГОJULГ-A**
ГОЁЛХИЙЛОХ **ГОJULKILA-**
ГОЁМСОГ **ГОJUMSUГ**
ГОЁМСОГЛОХ **ГОJUMSUГLA-**
ГОЁРХОХ **ГОJURXA-**
ГОЁХ **ГОJU-**
ГОЁХОН **ГОJUXAN**
ГОЁЧ **ГОJACI**
ГОЁЧ **ГОJUCI**
ГОЁЧЛОХ **ГОJACILA-**
ГОЁЧЛОХ **ГОJUCILA-**
ГОЖГОНОХ **ГОZIGINA-**
ГОЖГОНУУЛАХ **ГОZIGINAГUL-**
ГОЖГОР **ГОZUГUR**
ГОЖИЙХ **ГОZUI-**
ГОЗГОР **ГОZUГUR**
ГОЗОЙЛГОХ **ГОZUILГA-**
ГОЗОЙМОЛ **ГОZUIMAL**
ГОЗОЙХ **ГОZUI-**
ГОЙД **ГОIDA**
ГОЙМОН **ГОIMING**
ГОЛ **ГОUL, 1**
ГОЛ **ГОUL, 2.**
ГОЛДУУ **ГОULDAГU**
ГОЛИО **ГОLIJ-A**
ГОЛЛОХ **ГОULLA-**
ГОЛОГДОЛ **ГОLUГDAL**
ГОЛОГДОХ **ГОLUГDA-**
ГОЛОЛТ **ГОLULTA**
ГОЛОМТ **ГОLUMTA**
ГОЛОМТГОЙ **ГОLUMTAГAI**
ГОЛОХ **ГОL-**
ГОЛОХ **ГОLU-**
ГОЛТОЙ **ГОULTAI**
ГОЛУУЛАХ **ГОLUГUL-**
ГОЛЧ **ГОULCI, 1.**
ГОЛЧ **ГОULCI, 2.**
ГОЛЧЛОХ **ГОULCILA-**
ГОЛШИГ **ГОULSIГ**
ГОМ **ГОUM**
ГОМДОЛ **ГОMUDAL**
ГОМДОЛТ **ГОMUDALTU**
ГОМДОЛТОЙ **ГОMUDALTAI**
ГОМДОХ **ГОMUDA-**
ГОМДУУЛАХ **ГОMUDAГUL-**
ГОМИНДАН **ГОMINGDANG**
ГОМОРХОЛ **ГОMURXAL**
ГОМОРХОХ **ГОMURXA-**
ГОМОРХУУЛАХ **ГОMURXAГUL-**
ГОМШИГ **ГОMSIГ**
ГОМШИГТОЙ **ГОMSIГTAI**
ГОНГИНОХ **ГОNGГANI-**
ГОНЖ **ГОNZI**
ГОНЗГОЙ **ГОNZUГUI**
ГОНЗГОЛОГ **ГОNZUГULIГ**
ГОНЗГОР **ГОNZUГUR**
ГОНЗОЙЛГО **ГОNZUILГ-A**
ГОНЗОЙХ **ГОNZAI-**
ГОНСГОР **ГОNGSUГUR**
ГОНСОЙЛГО **ГОNGSUILГA**
ГОНСОЙХ **ГОNGSUI-**
ГОНТОГ **ГОNGTUG**
ГОНХОН **ГОNGXUN**
ГОНШИХ **ГОNGSI-**
ГОНЬ **ГОNI**
ГОНЬД **ГОNID**
ГООЖИРХОЙ **ГОГUZIRXAI**
ГООЖИХ **ГОГUZI-**
ГООЖМОЛ **ГОГUZIMAL**
ГООЖУУР **ГОГUZIГUR**
ГООНЬ **ГОUNI**
ГОР **ГОR**
ГОРДОЙХ **ГОJDUI-**
ГОРЗГОР **ГОRZUГUR**
ГОРЗОЙХ **ГОRZUI-**
ГОРИЛОХ **ГОRILA-**
ГОРЛОС **ГОRLUS**
ГОРОЙХ **ГОRUI-**
ГОРТИГ **ГОRTIГ**
ГОРТИГЛОЛ **ГОRTIГLAL**
ГОРТИГЛОХ **ГОRTIГLA-**
ГОРТОГ **ГОRTIГ**
ГОРХИ **ГОRKI**
ГОРХИ **ГОRUX-A**
ГОРХИЛОХ **ГОRKILA-**
ГОРЬ **ГОRI**
ГОРЬДЛОГО **ГОRIDALГ-A**
ГОРЬДОЛ **ГОRIDAL**
ГОРЬДОХ **ГОRIDA-**
ГОРЬДУУЛАХ **ГОRIDAГUL-**
ГОРЬТОЙ **ГОRITAI**
ГОРЬЧ **ГОRICI**
ГОРЬЧЛОХ **ГОRICILA-**
ГОХ **ГОХ-A**
ГОХДОЛ **ГОХADAL**
ГОХДОХ **ГОХADA-**
ГОХЛОХ **ГОХALA-**
ГОХОВЧ **ГОХABCI**
ГОХРОХ **ГОХARA-**
ГОХТОЙ **ГОХATAI**
ГОЮУ **ГОJUU**
ГӨВДӨЛ **GØBDEL**
ГӨВДӨХ **GØBDE-**
ГӨВДРҮҮ **GØBDYRIGYY**
ГӨВДРҮҮДЭХ **GØBDYRIGYDE-**
ГӨВДРҮҮТЭЙ **GØBDYRIGYTEI**
ГӨВШИХ **GØBSI-**
ГӨЛГӨР **GØLIGER**
ГӨЛИЙХ **GØLII-**
ГӨЛӨГ **GØLYGE**
ГӨЛӨГДӨХ **GØLYGEDE-**
ГӨЛӨГЛӨХ **GØLYGELE-**
ГӨЛӨМ **GØLM-E**
ГӨЛӨМ **GØLMI**
ГӨЛӨМДӨХ **GØLMIDE-**
ГӨЛӨМДҮҮЛЭХ **GØLMIDEGYL-**
ГӨЛТГӨНӨ **GILTEGEN-E**
ГӨНЖИХ **GØNZI-**
ГӨНЖҮҮР **GØNZIGYR**
ГӨНЖҮҮРДЭХ **GØNZIGYRDE-**
ГӨНЖҮҮРЛҮҮЛЭХ **GØNZIGYRLEGYL-**
ГӨНЖҮҮРЛЭХ **GØNZIGYRLE-**
ГӨР **GØR**
ГӨРДӨХ **GØRDE-**
ГӨРЛӨГДӨХ **GØRLEGDE-**
ГӨРЛӨХ **GØRLE-**
ГӨРМӨЛ **GYRYMEL**
ГӨРӨӨ **GYRYGE**
ГӨРӨӨ **GØGYGE(N)**
ГӨРӨӨЛӨЛ **GØRYGELEL**
ГӨРӨӨЛӨХ **GØRYGELE-**
ГӨРӨӨЛҮҮЛЭХ **GØRYGELEGYL-**
ГӨРӨӨЛЧ **GØRYGELECI**
ГӨРӨӨС(ӨН) **GØRYGESY(N)**
ГӨРӨӨСЧ **GØRYGESYCI**
ГӨРӨӨТЭЙ **GØRYGETEI**
ГӨРӨӨЧ **GØRYGECI**
ГӨРӨӨЧЛӨХ **GØRYGECILE-**
ГӨРӨӨЧЛҮҮЛЭХ **GØRYGECILEGYL-**
ГӨРӨХ **GØRY-, 1.**
ГӨРӨХ **GØRY-, 2.**
ГӨРӨХ **GYRY-**
ГӨРҮҮЛЭХ **GYRYGYL-**
ГӨРЧ **GØRECI**
ГӨХӨЛ **GØKYL**
ГРЕК **GREK**
ГУА **ГUU-A**
ГУА **GUVA**
ГУА **ГUV-A, 2.**
ГУАГ **ГUVAГ**
ГУАГЛАХ **ГUVAГLA-**
ГУАД **ГUVAD**
ГУАЙ **ABUГAI**
ГУАЙ **ГUVAI**
ГУАЛАГ **ГUVALIГ**
ГУАНЗ **ГUVANGZA**
ГУАНЗДАХ **ГUVANGZADA-**
ГУВАЙ **ГUBAI**
ГУВЖ **ГUBAZI**
ГУВЖЛАХ **ГUBAZILA-**
ГУВИАН **ГUBIJAN**
ГУВИРАХ **ГUBIRA-**
ГУВИУЛАХ **ГUBIГUL-**
ГУВИХ **ГUBI-**
ГУВРАХ **ГUBARU-**
ГУВРУУ **ГUBIRAГU**
ГУВЧИХ **ГUBCI-, 1.**
ГУВЧИХ **ГUBCI-, 2.**
ГУВЧИХ **ГUBCI-, 3.**
ГУВЧУУР **ГUBCIГUR, 1.**
ГУВЧУУР **ГUBCIГUR, 2.**
ГУВЧУУР **ГUBCIГUR, 3.**
ГУВЧУУРДАХ **ГUBCIГURDA-, 1.**
ГУВЧУУРДАХ **ГUBCIГURDA-, 2.**
ГУВЧУУРДУУЛАХ **ГUBCIГURDAГUL-**
ГУВЧУУРЛАХ **ГUBCIГURLA-**
ГУВЧУУРЧ **ГUBCIГURCI**
ГУДАЙЛГАХ **ГUDUILГA-**
ГУДАЙХ **ГUDUI-**
ГУДАМ **ГUDUM**
ГУДАМЖ(ИН) **ГUDUMZI(N)**
ГУДАМЖЛАХ **ГUDUMZILA-**
ГУДАС **ГUDUS**
ГУДРАХ **ГUDUR[A]-**
ГУДУЙ **ГUDUI**
ГУДУЙХ **ГUDUI-**
ГУЙВАЛЗАХ **ГUIBALZA-**
ГУЙВАЛТ **ГUIBALTA**
ГУЙВАХ **ГUIBA-**
ГУЙВГАНАХ **ГUIBAГANA-**
ГУЙВУУЛАХ **ГUIBAГUL-**
ГУЙЛГА **ГUJULГ-A**
ГУЙЛГАХ **ГUJULГA-**
ГУЙЛИНЧ **ГUILINCI**
ГУЙЛИНЧЛАХ **ГUILINCILA-**
ГУЙЛТ **ГUJULTA**
ГУЙЛЬ **ГUJILI**
ГУЙРАНЧ **ГUIRINCI**
ГУЙРАНЧЛАХ **ГUIRINCILA-**
ГУЙХ **ГUJU-**
ГУЛБИГАНАХ **ГULBIГANA-**
ГУЛБИГАР **ГULBIГAR**
ГУЛБИЙХ **ГULBII-**
ГУЛГААХ **ГULIГLA-**
ГУЛГАЛГА **ГULIГULГ-A**
ГУЛГАМАЛ **ГULIГUMAL**
ГУЛГАРАА **ГULIГURIГ-A**
ГУЛГАРИХ **ГULIГURI-**
ГУЛГАХ **ГULIГU-**
ГУЛГИДАС(АН) **ГULGIDASU(N)**
ГУЛГИУЛАХ **ГULGIIГUL-**
ГУЛГИХ **ГULGI-**
ГУЛГУУЛАХ **ГULIГUГUL-**
ГУЛГУУР **ГULIГUГUR**
ГУЛД **ГULDU**
ГУЛДАЙХ **ГULDAI-**
ГУЛДАН(Г) **ГULDANG**
ГУЛДАН(Г) **ГULDUNG**
ГУЛДАС **ГULDASU(N)**
ГУЛДАХ **ГULAD-**
ГУЛДРАХ **ГULDURA-**
ГУЛДРИЛ **ГULDURIL**
ГУЛДРИХ **ГULDURI-**
ГУЛДРУУЛАХ **ГULDURIГUL-**
ГУЛЖГАНАХ **ГULZIGINA-**
ГУЛЖГАР **ГULZIГAR**
ГУЛЖИЙХ **ГULZII-**
ГУЛЖИЛЗАХ **ГULZILZA-**
ГУЛЗАЙЛГАХ **ГULZAILГA-**
ГУЛЗАЙХ **ГULZAI-**
ГУЛЗАЛЗАХ **ГULZALZA-**
ГУЛЗГАЙ **ГULZAГAI**
ГУЛЗГАНАХ **ГULZAГANA-**
ГУЛЗГАР **ГULZAГAR**
ГУЛИР **ГULIR**
ГУЛСАХ **ГULSA-**
ГУЛТГАЛ **ГULADXAL**
ГУЛТГАХ **ГULADXA-**
ГУНА(Н) **ГUNA(N)**
ГУНДАМАЛ **ГUNDAMAL**
ГУНДАХ **ГUNDA-**
ГУНЖ(ИН) **ГUNAZI(N)**
ГУНИГ **ГUNIГ**
ГУНИГАЛЗАЛ **ГUNIГALZAL**
ГУНИГАЛЗАХ **ГUNIГALZA-**
ГУНИГЛАЛ **ГUNIГLAL**
ГУНИГЛАХ **ГUNIГLA-**
ГУНИГЛУУЛАХ **ГUNIГLAГUL-**
ГУНИГТАЙ **ГUNIГTAI**
ГУНИРАХ **ГUNIRA-**
ГУНИХ **ГUNI-**
ГУНИХРАХ **ГUNIXARA-**
ГУНШАА **ГUNGSIJ-A**
ГУНШИХ **ГUNGSI-**
ГУНШИХ **ГUNSI-**
ГУР **ГURA**
ГУРАВ **ГURBA(N)**
ГУРАВДУГААР **ГURBADUГAR**
ГУРАВТАЙ **ГURBATAI**
ГУРАВХАН **ГURBAXAN**
ГУРАМСАН **ГURMUSUN**
ГУРАМСЛАХ **ГURMUSULA-**
ГУРАНГА **ГURANGГ-A**
ГУРАНГАДАЛ **ГURANGГADUL**
ГУРАНГАДАХ **ГURANGГAD-**
ГУРАНЗ **ГURANZU**
ГУРАНЗДАХ **ГURANZUDA-**
ГУРВААД **ГURBAГAD**
ГУРВАЛЗАХ **ГURBALZA-**
ГУРВАЛЖИН **ГURBALZIN**
ГУРВАЛЖЛАХ **ГURBALZILA-**
ГУРВАН **ГURBA(N)**
ГУРВАНТ **ГURBANTA**
ГУРВУУЛ **ГURBAГUL-A**
ГУРГАЛДАЙ **ГURГULDAI**
ГУРГУУЛ **ГURГUUL**
ГУРИЛ **ГULIR**
ГУРИЛЛАХ **ГULIRLA-**
ГУТААР **ГUTARI, 2.**
ГУТААХ **ГUTUГA-**
ГУТАГ **ГUTUГ**
ГУТАЛ **ГUTUL**
ГУТАЛЧИН **ГUTULCI**
ГУТАМШИГ **ГUTUMSIГ**
ГУТАМШИГЛАХ **ГUTUMSIГLA-**
ГУТАМШИГТ **ГUTUMSIГTU**
ГУТАМШИГТАЙ **ГUTUMSIГTAI**
ГУТАХ **ГUTU-**
ГУТГААР **ГUTAГAR**
ГУТРАЛ **ГUTURAL**
ГУТРАХ **ГUTURA-**
ГУУ **ГAU**
ГУУ **ГUU, 2.**
ГУУГАЛАХ **ГUUГALA-**
ГУУЖИХ **ГUUZI-**
ГУУЛАХ **ГAULA-**
ГУУЛИН **ГAULI(N), 2.**
ГУУЛЬ **ГUULI**
ГУУЛЬ **ГAULI(N), 2.**
ГУУР **ГUUR**
ГУУРАЙХ **ГUURAI-**
ГУУРС(АН) **ГAГURSU(N)**
ГУУРС(АН) **ГUГURSU(N)**
ГУУРТАХ **ГUURTA-**
ГУЧ **ГUCI, 2.**
ГУЧ(ИН) **ГUCI(N), 1.**
ГУЧААД **ГUCIГAD**
ГУЧДУГААР **ГUCIDUГAR**
ГУЧИНТ **ГUCINTA**
ГУЧИНЦАР **ГUCINCAR**
ГУШИЙХ **ГUSI-**
ГУЯ **ГUJ-A**
ГУЯВЧ **ГUJABCI**
ГУЯДАХ **ГUJADA-**
ГУВГЭНЭЛ **GØBYGYNEL**
ГУВГЭНЭХ **GØBYGYNE-**
ГУВҮҮР **GØBIGYR**
ГУВҮҮРТЭХ **GØBIGYRTE-**
ГУВЭЙХ **GYBEI-**
ГУВЭХ **GØBI-**
ГУВЭЭ **GYBEGE(N)**
ГУВЭЭР **GYBEGER**
ГУВЭЭТ **GYBEGETY**
ГУВЭЭТЭЙ **GYBEGETEI**
ГУГЭЛ **GYGYL**
ГУДГЭР **GYDYGYR**
ГУДИЙХ **GYDYI-**
ГУДЭС **GYDYS**
ГУЖИР **GYZIR**
ГУЖИРДЛЭГЭ **GYZIRDELGE**
ГУЖИРДЭХ **GYZIRDE-**
ГУЖИРХИЙ **GYZIRKEI**
ГУЖИРХИЙЛЭЛ **GYZIRKEILEL**
ГУЖИРХИЙЛЭХ **GYZIRKEILE-**
ГУЖИРЛЭГДЭХ **GYZIRLEGDE-**
ГУЖИРЛЭЛ **GYZIRLEL**
ГУЖИРЛЭХ **GYZIRLE-**
ГУЖИРМЭГ **GYZIRMEG**
ГУЖИРМЭГЛЭХ **GYZIRMEGLE-**
ГУЖИРМЭХИЙ **GYZIRMEKEI**
ГУЖИРХЭЛ **GYZIRKEL**
ГУЖИРЧ **GYZIRCI**
ГУЗЭЭ **GYZEGE**
ГУЗЭЭЛЗГЭНЭ **GYZEGELZEGENE**
ГУЗЭЭЛЭХ **GYZYGLE-**
ГУЙВЭР **GYIBYR**
ГУЙВЭРДЭХ **GYIBYRDE-**
ГУЙДЭЛ **GYIDEL**
ГУЙДЭЛ **GYJYDEL**
ГУЙЛГЭХ **GYILGE-**
ГУЙЛГЭХ **GYJYLGE-**
ГУЙЛГЭЭ **GYILGEGE(N)**
ГУЙЛГЭЭ **GYJYLGEGE**
ГУЙЛДЭХ **GYJYLDY-**
ГУЙЛС(ЭН) **GYILESY(N)**
ГУЙЛТ **GYJYLTE**
ГУЙЛЦЭХ **GYJYLCE-**
ГУЙХ **GYJY-**
ГУЙЦ **GYJYCE**
ГУЙЦТГЭЛ **GYICEDKEL**
ГУЙЦТГЭЛТ **GYICEDKELTE**
ГУЙЦТЭЙ **GYICETEI**
ГУЙЦТЭЙ **GYJYCETEI**
ГУЙЦТЭХ **GYICED-**
ГУЙЦҮҮЛЭХ **GYICEGYL-**
ГУЙЦЭГДЭХ **GYICEGDE-**
ГУЙЦЭД **GYICED**
ГУЙЦЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ **GYICELDYGYL-**
ГУЙЦЭЛДЭХ **GYICELDY-**
ГУЙЦЭТГҮҮЛЭХ **GYICEDKEGYL-**
ГУЙЦЭТГЭГДЭХ **GYICEDKEGDE-**
ГУЙЦЭТГЭГЧ **GYICEDKEGCI**
ГУЙЦЭТГЭМ **GYICEDKEM-E**
ГУЙЦЭТГЭХ **GYICEDKE-**
ГУЙЦЭТГЭШ **GYICEDKESI**
ГУЙЦЭХ **GYICE-**
ГУЙЦЭШ **GYICESI**
ГУЙЦЭЭЛГЭХ **GYICEGELGE-**
ГУЙЦЭЭХ **GYICEGE-**
ГУЛ **GYLA**
ГУН **GYN**
ГУН(Г) **GYNG**
ГУНГЭНЭХ **GYNGGYNE-**

ГҮНГЭР GYNGGYR
ГҮНЖ GYNGZY
ГҮНЖИД GYNZID
ГҮНЗГИЙ GYNGZYGEI
ГҮНЗГИЙВТЭР GYNGZYGEIBTYR
ГҮНЗГИЙДЭХ GYNGZYGEID-
ГҮНЗГИЙЛЭХ GYNGZYGEILE-
ГҮНЗГИЙРҮҮЛЭХ GYNGZYGEIREGYL-
ГҮНЗГИЙРЭХ GYNGZYGEIRE-
ГҮНЭЭ GYN-E
ГҮР GYRY 2
ГҮРВЭЛ GYRBEL
ГҮРВЭЛЗЭХ GYRBELZE-
ГҮРИЙХ GYRYI-
ГҮРЭМ GYRIM
ГҮРЭН GYRYN
ГҮРЭХ GYRY-
ГҮРЭЭ(Н) GYREGE(N)
ГҮТГҮҮЛЭХ GYDKEGYL-
ГҮТГЭЛ GYDKEL
ГҮТГЭЛЭГ GYDKELGE
ГҮТГЭХ GYDKE-
ГҮҮ(Н) GEGYN
ГҮҮР GYR, 2
ГҮҮШ GOSI
ГҮЦ GYCE
ГҮҲХЭН GYJYKEN
ГЭВ GEB
ГЭВХҮЙ GEBKYI
ГЭВЧ GEBECY
ГЭВШ GEBSI
ГЭГДЭХ GEGDE-
ГЭГЧ GEGCI
ГЭГЭЭ(Н) GEGEGE(N)
ГЭГЭВЧ GEGEBCI
ГЭГЭЭН GEGEGEN
ГЭГЭЭРҮҮЛЭХ GEGEREGYL-
ГЭГЭЭРЭЛ GEGEREL
ГЭГЭЭРЭХ GEGERE-
ГЭГЭЭРЭХ GEGEGERE-
ГЭГЭЭТЭЙ GEGEGETEI
ГЭДГЭР GEDEGER
ГЭДИЙЛГЭХ GEDEILGE-
ГЭДИЙХ GEDEI-
ГЭДРЭГ GEDERGYY
ГЭДРСГДЭХ GEDERGEDE-
ГЭДРЭГЛЭХ GEDERGYLE-
ГЭДСЭН GEDESY(N)
ГЭДЭГ GEDEG
ГЭДЭЛ GEDEL
ГЭДЭН GEDEN
ГЭДЭРГЭН GEDERGEN
ГЭДЭС GEDES
ГЭДЭС GEDESY(N)
ГЭДЭСЛЭХ GEDESYLE-
ГЭДЭСТЭЙ GEDESYTEI
ГЭДЭСХИЙХ GEDESKI-
ГЭДЭЭ GEDE
ГЭЖИГ GEZIGE, 2
ГЭЖИГДЭХ GEZIGEDE-, 2
ГЭЖИГЛЭХ GEZIGELE-
ГЭЖИГТЭЙ GEZIGETEI, 1.
ГЭЖИГТЭЙ GEZIGETEI, 2
ГЭЗГЭВЧ GEZIGEBCI
ГЭЗЭГ GEZIGE, 1.
ГЭЗЭГДЭХ GEZIGEDE-, 1.
ГЭЛДРЭХ GELDYRI-
ГЭЛМҮҮЛЭХ GELMEGYL-
ГЭЛМЭГДҮҮЛЭХ GELMEGDEGYL-
ГЭЛМЭГДЭХ GELMEGDE-
ГЭЛМЭЛГЭ GELMELGE
ГЭЛМЭХ GELME-
ГЭЛЭН(Г) GELYNG
ГЭЛЭНМАА GELYNGMA
ГЭМ GEM
ГЭМНҮҮЛЭХ GEMNEGYL-
ГЭМНЭГДЭХ GEMNEGDE-
ГЭМНЭЛ GEMNEL
ГЭМНЭХ GEMNE-
ГЭМТ GEMTY
ГЭМТҮҮЛЭХ GEMTYGYL-
ГЭМТЭЙ GEMTEI
ГЭМТЭЛ GEMTEL
ГЭМТЭЛ GEMTYL
ГЭМТЭН GEMTEN
ГЭМТЭХ GEMTE-
ГЭМТЭХ GEMTY-
ГЭМТЭЭХ GEMTYGE-
ГЭМШИГЛЭН(Г) GEMSIGYLENG
ГЭМШИГЛЭНТ GEMSIGYLENGTY
ГЭМШИГДХҮҮН GEMSIGDEGYN
ГЭМШИЛ GEMSIL
ГЭМШИЛГЭ GEMSILGE
ГЭМШИЛТ GEMSILTY
ГЭМШИХ GEMSI-
ГЭМШҮҮЛЭХ GEMSIGYL-
ГЭМШҮҮР GEMSIGYRI
ГЭМЭРГЭН GEMERKEN
ГЭНГЭНЭХ GENGGINE-
ГЭНГЭРЭХ GENGGYR[E]-
ГЭНДЛЭГ GENEDELGE
ГЭНДҮҮЛЭХ GENEDEGYL-
ГЭНДҮҮЛЭХ GENEDTEGYL-
ГЭНДЭЛ GENEDEL
ГЭНДЭЛТЭЙ GENEDELTEI
ГЭНДЭХ GENEDE-
ГЭНТ GENEDTE
ГЭНТХЭН GENEDTEKEN
ГЭНТЭД GENEDTE
ГЭНТЭЛ GENEDTEL
ГЭНҮҮЛЭХ GENEGYL-
ГЭНЭН GENEN
ГЭНЭХЭН GENEKEN
ГЭНЭЭРХЭХ GENEGERKE-
ГЭР GER
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ГЭРГИЙТЭЙ GERGEITEI
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ДАШМАГ DASIMAG
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ДАШРАМДУУЛАХ DASIRAMDAGUL-
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ДАЯАР DAJAGAR
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ДЕЖУР DEZYYR
ДИВАНГАР DIBANGGAR-A
ДИВИЗ DIBIZI
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ДИКТАТУР DIKTATUR
ДИНАМИК DINAMIK
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ДОЛГИН DOLGIN
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ЗУТАХ	**ZUTA-**
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ЗУУ	**ZUU**
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ЗУУРАМЛАХ	**ZAГURMALA-**
ЗУУРАХ	**ZAГURA-**
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СУДРЭЭХ	**ZYDEREGE-**
ЗУДҮҮ	**ZYDEGYY**
ЗУДҮҮР	**ZYDEGYRI**
ЗУДҮҮРГЭЙ	**ZYDEGYRITEI**
ЗУДЭГ	**ZYDEG**
ЗУДЭЛ	**ZYDEL**
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ЗУДЭХ	**ZYDE-**
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ЗҮЙЛ	**ZYIL**
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ЗҮЙЛЭХ	**ZYILE-**
ЗҮЙМЭЛ	**ZYIMEL**
ЗҮЙР	**ZYIR**
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ЗҮЙРЛЭШ	**ZYIRLESI**
ЗҮЙТЭЙ	**ZYITEI**
ЗҮЙХ	**ZYI-**
ЗҮЙЧЛЭХ	**ZYICILE-**
ЗҮЛГҮҮР	**ZILGYGYR**
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ЗҮЛГҮҮРДЭХ	**ZYLGYRDE-**
ЗҮЛГЭЛЭГ	**ZYLGELIG**
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ЗҮЛГЭХ	**ZYLGY-**
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ЗҮЛЭГНЭХ	**ZYLGENI-**
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ЗҮРХЛЭХ	**ZIRYKELE-**
ЗҮРХТЭЙ	**ZIRYKETEI**
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ЗҮС	**ZISY(N)**
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ЗҮСМЭЛ	**ZISYMEL**
ЗҮСРЭХ	**ZYSERE-**
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ЗҮСЭМНЭХ	**ZISYMNE-**
ЗҮСЭРХЭХ	**ZISYRKE-**
ЗҮСЭЛ	**ZISY-**
ЗҮТГЭЛ	**ZIDKYL**
ЗҮТГЭЛТ	**ZIDKYLTY**
ЗҮТГЭЛТЭЙ	**ZIDKYLTEI**
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ЗҮТГЭМЖ	**ZIDKYMZI**
ЗҮТГЭХ	**ZIDKY-**
ЗҮҮ	**ZEGYY**
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ЗҮҮД	**ZEGYDE(N)**
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ЗҮҮДЭЛ	**ZEGYDEL**
ЗҮҮЛГЭХ	**ZEGYLGE-**
ЗҮҮЛТ	**ZEGYLTE**
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ЗҮҮХ	**ZEGY-**
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ЗҮХЭХ	**ZYKY-**
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ЗЭВСЭГЖИХ	**ZEBSEGZI-**
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ЗЭВСЭГЛЭХ	**ZEBSEGLE-**
ЗЭВСЭГТ	**ZEBSEGTY**
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ЗЭВҮҮЦЭХ	**ZEBEGYCE-**
ЗЭВЭЭ	**ZEBEGE**
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ЗЭГС	**ZIGESY(N)**
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ЗЭМТЭЙ	**ZIMETEI**
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ЗЭРЛЭГ	**ZERLIG**
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ЗЭРЭГ	**ZERGE**
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ЗЭРЭГЛЭЭ	**ZERGELGE(N)**
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ЗЭРЭГЦЭЛ	**ZERGECEL**
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ИВЭР	**IBER**
ИВЭР	**IBIR**
ИВЭХ	**IBE-**
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ИДЕАЛИСТ	**IDLJALIS**
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ИДМЭЭР	**IDEMER**
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ИДЭВХИЙЛЭХ	**IDEBKILE-**
ИДЭВХТЭЙ	**IDEBKITEI**
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ИДЭМХИЙРЭХ	**IDEMEKEIRE-**
ИДЭР	**IDER**
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ИДЭРШИЛ	**IDERSIL**
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ИДЭШ	**IDESI**
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ИДЭЭЛЭГ	**IDEGELIG**
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ИДЭЭЧЛЭХ	**IDEGECILE-**
ИДЭЭШИЛ	**IDEGESIL**
ИДЭЭШИХ	**IDEGESI-**
ИЖ	**IZI**
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ИЖИЛСЭХ	**IZILSE-**
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ИЖИЛТЭЙ	**IZILTEI**
ИЖТЭЙ	**IZITAI**
ИЙ	**EI**
ИЙМ	**EIMY**
ИЙН	**EIN**
ИЙШ	**EISI**
ИЛ	**ILE**
ИЛ	**ILI, 1**
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ИЛБҮҮРДЭХ	**ILBIGYRDE-**
ИЛБҮҮРХЭН	**ILBIGYRKEN**
ИЛБҮҮРЧ	**ILBIGYRCI**
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ИЛБЭДЭХ	**ILBIDE-**
ИЛБЭРХИЙ	**ILBERIKEI**
ИЛБЭРЭХ	**ILBERI-**
ИЛБЭХ	**ILBI-**
ИЛБЭЧ	**ILBICI**
ИЛБЭЭС	**ILBEGESY(N)**
ИЛГЭДЭХ	**ILGIDE-**
ИЛГЭН	**ILGI**
ИЛГЭЭЛГЭХ	**ILEGELGE-**
ИЛГЭЭЛТ	**ILEGELTE**
ИЛГЭЭХ	**ILEGE-**
ИЛД	**ILDY(N)**
ИЛДЛЭХ	**ILDYLE-**
ИЛДТЭЙ	**ILDYYTEI**
ИЛДЭЧ	**ILDYCI**
ИЛЖГЭН	**ILZIGE(N)**
ИЛЖИГ	**ELZIGE(N)**
ИЛЖИРХИЙ	**ILZIRKEI**
ИЛЖИХ	**ILEZI-**
ИЛЖРҮҮЛЭХ	**ILZIREGYL-**
ИЛЖРЭЛ	**ILZIREL**
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ИЛЛЭХ	**ILILE-**
ИЛРҮҮЛЭХ	**ILEREGYL-**
ИЛРЭЛ	**ILEREL**
ИЛРЭХ	**ILERE-**
ИЛҮҮЛЭХ	**ILIGYL-**
ИЛТ	**ILETE**
ИЛТГҮҮЛЭХ	**ILEDKEGYL-**
ИЛТГЭВЭР	**ILEDKEBYRI**
ИЛТГЭГЧ	**ILEDKEGCI**
ИЛТГЭЛ	**ILEDKEL**
ИЛТГЭЛЧ	**ILEDKELCJ**
ИЛТГЭХ	**ILEDKE-**
ИЛТЭД	**ILEDTE**
ИЛҮҮ	**ILEGYY**
ИЛҮҮВТЭР	**ILEGYBTYR**
ИЛҮҮДҮҮЛЭХ	**ILFGYDEGYL-**
ИЛҮҮДЭЛ	**ILEGYDEL**
ИЛҮҮДЭХ	**ILEGYD[E]-**
ИЛҮҮР	**ILEGYR**
ИЛҮҮР	**ILIGYR**
ИЛҮҮРДҮҮЛЭХ	**ILEGYRDEGYL-**
ИЛҮҮРДЭХ	**ILIGYRDE-**
ИЛҮҮРДЭХ	**ILIGYRDE-**
ИЛҮҮХЭН	**ILEGYKEN**
ИЛХЭН	**ILEKEN**
ИЛЧ(ИН)	**ILCI(N)**
ИЛЧИТ	**ILCITY**
ИЛЧЛЭХ	**ILCILE-**
ИЛЧЛЭХ	**ILECILE-**
ИЛЭГ	**ILGI**
ИЛЭГЛЭХ	**ILGILE-**
ИЛЭГШИХ	**ILGISI-**
ИЛЭРХИЙ	**ILERKEI**
ИЛЭРХИЙЛҮҮЛЭХ	**ILERKEILEGYL-**
ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭГДЭХ	**ILERKEILEGDE-**
ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭЛ	**ILERKEILEL**
ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭЛГЭ	**ILERKEILELGE**
ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭЛТ	**ILERKEILELTE**
ИЛЭРХИЙЛЭХ	**ILERKEILE-**
ИЛЭРХИЙХЭН	**ILERKEIKEN**
ИЛЭХ	**ILI-**
ИЛЭЭС	**ILIJESY**
ИМ	**IM**
ИМЖ	**IMZI**
ИМЛЭХ	**IMLE-**
ИМНҮҮЛЭХ	**IMNEGYL-**
ИМНЭХ	**IMNE-**
ИМРЭГДЭС	**IMEREGDESY**
ИМРЭХ	**IMER-**
ИМСГЭЛ	**IMESKEL**
ИМПЕРИАЛИЗМ	**IMPERIJALISM**
ИМПЕРИАЛИСТ	**IMPERIJALIS**
ИМПЕРИАЛИСТ	**IMPERIJALIST**
ИН(Г)	**ING, 1**

ИН(Г)	ING, 2.
ИН(Г)	ING, 3.
ИНГҮҮН	JENGGEGYN
ИНГҮҮХЭН	INGGEGYKEN
ИНГҮҮХЭН	JENGGEGYKEN
ИНГЭ(Н)	INGGE(N)
ИНГЭХ	INGGI-
ИНДУСТРИ	INDYSTRI
ИНДУСТРИЧЛАХ	INDYSTRICILA-
ИНДҮҮЛЭХ	INGDEGYL-
ИНДЭР	INDER
ИНДЭХ	INGDE-
ИНЖ	INGZI
ИНЖЕНЕР	INZENER
ИНЖЛЭХ	INGZILE-
ИНТЕРНАЦИОНАЛ	INTERNACIONAL
ИНТЕРНАЦИОНАЛ-ЧЛАХ	INTERNACIONALCI-LA-
ИНТООР	INGTUUR
ИНЧ	INCI
ИНЧДЭХ	INCID-
ИНЭЭД(ЭН)	INIJEDY(N)
ИНЭЭДТЭЙ	INIJEDYTEI
ИНЭЭДЭМ	INIJEDYM
ИНЭЭДЭМЧ	INIJEDYMCI
ИНЭЭЛГЭХ	INIJELGE-
ИНЭЭЛДЭХ	INIJELDY-
ИНЭЭЛЦЭХ	INIJELCE-
ИНЭЭМСЭГ	INIJEMSYG
ИНЭЭМСЭГЛЭЛ	INIJEMSYGLEL
ИНЭЭМСЭГЛЭХ	INIJEMSYGLE-
ИНЭЭХ	INIJE-
ИР	IR
ИР(ЭН)	JERE(N)
ИРБЭГНЭХ	IRBIGINE-
ИГВЭЛЗЭХ	IRBELZE-
ИРВЭС	IRBIS
ИРГҮҮЛТЭЙ	IRGEYLTEI
ИРГЭН	IRGEN
ИРГЭНШИЛ	IRGENSIL
ИРГЭРХҮҮ	IRGEREKYY
ИРДҮГЭЭР	JEREDYGER
ИРЖГЭР	IRZIGIR
ИРЖИГНЭХ	IRZIGINE-
ИРЖИЙЛГЭХ	IRZIILGE-
ИРЖИЙХ	IRZII-
ИРЛЭХ	IRLE-
ИРМЭГ	IRMEG
ИРМЭГЛЭХ	IRMEGLE-
ИРМЭЛТ	IRMELTE
ИРМЭЛХИЙЛЭХ	IRMELKILE-
ИРМЭХ	IRME-
ИРТЫШ	ERCIS
ИРТЭЙ	IRTEI
ИРҮҮЛ	IREGYL
ИРҮҮЛЭХ	IREGYL-
ИРХРЭХ	IRKIRE-
ИРЭГ	IRGE, 1.
ИРЭЛЖ	IRELZI
ИРЭЛТ	IRELTE
ИРЭХ	IRE-
ИРЭЭД	JEREGED
ИРЭЭДҮЙ	IREGEDYI
ИС	ISY
ИСГЭРЭХ	ISKIRE-
ИСГЭРЭЭ	ISKIREGE
ИСГЭХ	ISKE-
ИСЛЭХ	ISYL-
ИСХЭЛ	JEKESEL
ИСЭЛТ	ISYLTE
ИСЭХ	IS-
ИТАЛИ	ITALI
ИТГҮҮЛЭХ	ITEGEGYL-
ИТГЭГДЭХ	ITEGEGDE-
ИТГЭЛ	ITEGEL
ИТГЭЛТ	ITEGELTY
ИТГЭЛТЭЙ	ITEGELTEI
ИТГЭМЖ	ITEGEMZI
ИТГЭМЖИТ	ITEGEMZITY
ИТГЭМЖЛҮҮЛЭХ	ITEGEMZILEGYL-
ИТГЭМЖЛЭЛ	ITEGEMZILEL
ИТГЭМЖЛЭХ	ITEGEMZILE-
ИТГЭМЖТЭЙ	ITEGEMZITEI
ИТГЭХ	ITEGE-
ИТГЭШ	ITEGESI
ИХ	JEKE
ИХДҮҮЛЭХ	JEKEDEGYL-
ИХДЭЛ	JEDEDEL
ИХДЭХ	JEKED-
ИХЖИХ	JEKEZI-
ИХИР	IKIR
ИХСГЭХ	JEKESEGE-
ИХСЭХ	JEKESE-
ИХТ	JEKETY
ИХТГҮҮЛЭХ	JEKEDKEGYL-
ИХТГЭЛ	JEKEDKEL
ИХТГЭХ	JEKEDKE-
ИХТГЭЭГДЭХ	JEKEDKEGDE-
ИХТЭЙ	JEKETEI
ИХҮҮРЭХ	JEKEYRE-
ИХХЭН	JEKEKEN
ИХШИГ	JEKESIG
ИХЭД	JEKEDE
ИХЭМСЭГ	JEKEMSYG
ИХЭМСЭГЛЭХ	JEKEMSYGLE-
ИХЭМСЭХ	JEKEMSY-
ИХЭМТГИЙ	JEKEMTEGEI
ИХЭНХ	JEKENGKI
ИХЭР	IKER-E
ИХЭРЛЭХ	IKERELE-
ИХЭРХЭГ	JEKERKEG
ИХЭРХЭЛ	JEKERKEL
ИХЭРХЭХ	JEKERKE-
ИХЭС	IKES
ИХЭС	JEKES
ИЧГҮҮР	ICEGYRI
ИЧГҮҮРТЭЙ	ICEGYRITEI
ИЧИЛЖ	ICILZI-
ИЧИМТГИЙ	ICEMTEGEI
ИЧИМХИЙ	ICEMEKEI
ИЧИНГҮҮР	ICENGGYRI
ИЧИНГҮҮРСХИЙХ	ICENGGYRESKI-
ИЧИНГҮҮРҮҮЛЭХ	ICENGGYREGYL-
ИЧИНГҮҮРЭЛ	ICENGGYREL
ИЧИНГҮҮРЭЛТЭЙ	ICENGGYRELTEI
ИЧИНГҮҮРЭХ	ICENGGYRE-
ИЧИР	ICERI
ИЧИРТЭЙ	ICERITEI
ИЧИХ	ICE-, 1.
ИЧИХ	ICE-, 2.
ИЧИХЭВТЭР	ICEGYBTYR
ИЧҮҮЛЭХ	ICEGYL-
ИЧҮҮРЭЛ	ICEGYREL
ИЧҮҮРЭХ	ICEGYRE-
ИЧЭЭ(Н)	ICEGE(N)
ИЧЭЭЛЭХ	ICEGELE-
ИЧЭЭХ	ICEGE-
ИШ	ESI, 1.
ИШИГ	ISIGE(N)
ИШИГ	ISIGE(N)
ИШЛЭХ	ESILE-
ИШТЭЙ	ESITEI
ИШЧЛЭХ	ESICILE-

К

КАМПАНИ	KAMPANI
КАПИТАЛ	KAPITAL
КАПИТАЛИЗМ	KAPITALISM
КАПИТАЛИСТ	KAPITALIST
КАПИТАЛТ	KAPITALTU
КАПИТАЛТАН	KAPITALTAN
КАРМАН	KARAMAN
КАСС	KASS
КАТОЛИК	XATOLIГ
КАШГАР	XASIГAR
КИЛОВАТТ	KILOVATT
КИНО	KINO
КЛУБ	KLYB
КОЛОНИ	KOLONI
КОЛОНИТ	KOLONITU
КОЛОНИЧЛОХ	KOLONICILA-
КОЛОНИЧЛОГЧ	KOLONICILAГCI
КОЛОНИЧЛОЛ	KOLONICILAL
КОЛХОЗ	KOLXOZ
КОМБИНАТ	KOMBINAD
КОМЕНДАНТ	KOMENDANTA
КОМИНТЕРН	KOMINGTERIN
КОМИСС	KOMIS
КОМИССАР	KOMISAR
КОММУН	KOMMYNA
КОММУНИЗМ	KOMMYNISM
КОММУНИСТ	KOMMYNIST
КОМПАС	KOMPAS
КОНСУЛ	KONSUL
КОНТОР	KONTOR
КОНЦЕРТ	KONCERT
КУРС	KYYRSE

Л

Л	ELE, 2.
Л	LA, LE, 1.
ЛАА(Н)	LA, 2.
ЛААЗ	LAГAZA
ЛАБОРАТОРИ	LABORATORI
ЛАВ	LAB, 1.
ЛАВ	LAB, 2.
ЛАВАЙ	LABAI
ЛАВАЙЧ	LABAICI
ЛАВИР	BLABRI
ЛАВЛАГДАХ	LABLAГDA-
ЛАВЛАЛ	LABLAL
ЛАВЛАХ	LABLA-
ЛАВЛҮҮЛАХ	LABLAГUL-
ЛАВРАХ	LABARA-
ЛАВС	LABSA
ЛАВСАХ	LABSA-
ЛАВШИХ	LABSI-, 1.
ЛАВШИХ	LABSI-, 2.
ЛАВШРАХ	LABSIRA-
ЛАВТ	LABTA
ЛАВТАЙ	LABTAI
ЛАВТАЙХ	LABTAI-
ЛАВХАН	LABXAN, 1.
ЛАВХАН	LABXAN, 2.
ЛАВХ	LABXU, 1.
ЛАВХ	LABXU, 2.
ЛАГ	LAГ, 2.
ЛАГ	LAГ, 3.
ЛАГ	LAГ, 4.
ЛАГАХ	LAГU-
ЛАГДАЛ	LAГDAL
ЛАГДАХ	LAГDA-
ЛАГЕРЬ	LAGERI
ЛАГЛАГАР	LAГLAГAR
ЛАГЛАЙЛГАХ	LAГLAILГA-
ЛАГЛАЙХ	LAГLAI-
ЛАГШИМ	LAГŞIM-A
ЛАГШИН	LAГŞAN
ЛАГШИХ	LAГSI-
ЛАЙ	LAI, 1.
ЛАЙ	LAI, 2.
ЛАЙДАХ	LAIDA-
ЛАЛ	LALU
ЛАМ	BLAM-A
ЛАМ	LAM-A
ЛАМБУГАЙ	LAMBUГAI
ЛАН(Г)	LANG
ЛАНГУУ	LANGГUU
ЛАТИН	LATIN
ЛАТИНЧЛАХ	LATINCILA-
ЛАХ	LAX-A
ЛАХАЙХ	LAXAI-
ЛАЦ	LACA
ЛАЦДАХ	LACADA-
ЛАЦДУУЛАХ	LACADAГUL-
ЛЕКТОР	LEKTOR
ЛЕКЦ	LEKCA
ЛИБЕРАЛ	LIBERAL
ЛИЙ	LI
ЛИЙБАЙ	LIBAI
ЛИМБЭ	LINGBY
ЛИМБЭДЭХ	LINGBYDE-
ЛИМБЭЧ	LINGBYCI
ЛИНХУА	LINGXU-A
ЛИТ	LITE
ЛИТ	LITY
ЛИШ	LISI
ЛОВХ	LOBXU
ЛОВШ	LOBSI
ЛОГИГ	LOGIГ
ЛОГТОР	LOГTUR
ЛОГШ	LOГSI
ЛОГШИХ	LOГSI-
ЛОЗУНГ	LOZUNG
ЛОЛОЙ	LOLUI
ЛОНХ(ОН)	LONGXU
ЛОНХЛОХ	LONGXULA-
ЛОНХТОЙ	LONGXUTAI
ЛУГШИХ	LYГSI-
ЛУЙВАР	LUIBAR
ЛУЙВАРДАХ	LUIBARDA-
ЛУВАРЧ(ИН)	LUIBARCI(N)
ЛУЙЛ	LUULI, 1.
ЛУС	LUUS
ЛУТ	LUTA, 2.
ЛУТДАХ	LUTUDA-
ЛУУ	LUU
ЛУУВАН(Г)	LUUBANG
ЛУУЖИН(Г)	LUUZING
ЛУУЛЬ	LUULI, 1.
ЛУУС	LAГUSA
ЛУУС	LUUSA
ЛУУТ	LUUTU
ЛУУХ	LUUXA
ЛУУХДАХ	LUUXADA-
ЛУГ	LYG
ЛУГЛИЙХ	LYGLEI-
ЛЭВШИХ	LEBSI-
ЛЭГЛЭГЭР	LEGLEGER
ЛЭГЛИЙХ	LEGLEI-

М

МААЖИН(Г)	MAГAZIN
МААЖИНДАХ	MAГAZINDA-
МААЖИХ	MAГAZI-
МААЖЛАГА	MAГAZILГ-A
МААЖЛАХ	MAГAZILA-, 1.
МААЖЛАХ	MAГAZILA-, 2.
МААЖЛУУР	MAГAZILAГUR
МААЖУУЛАХ	MAГAZIГUL-
МААЖУУР	MAГAZIГUR
МААЛИНГА(Н)	MAГALINGГU
МААНЬ	MANI, 2.
МАГАД	MAГAD
МАГАДЛАГДАХ	MAГADLAГDA-
МАГАДЛАЛ	MAГADLAL
МАГАДЛАШ	MAГADLASI
МАГАДЛАХ	MAГADLA-
МАГАДЛУУЛАХ	MAГADLAГUL-
МАГАДХАН	MAГADXAN
МАГНАГ	MANGNUГ
МАГНАЙ	MANGNAI
МАГТААЛ	MAГTAГAL
МАГТАГДАХ	MAГTAГDA-
МАГТАЛ	MAГTAL
МАГТАЛТАЙ	MAГTALTAI
МАГТАХ	MAГTA-
МАГТЛАГА	MAГTALГ-A
МАГТМААР	MAГTAMAR
МАГТУУЛАХ	MAГTAГUL-
МАД	MAD
МАДАГ	MADAГ
МАДЛАХ	MADLA-
МАЙ	MAI, 1.
МАЙ	MAI, 2.
МАЙ	MAI, 3.
МАЙГА	MAIГ-A
МАЙДАР	MAIDARI
МАЙДАХ	MAIDA-
МАЙЖГАР	MAIZIГAR
МАЙЖГИЙ	MAIZIGI
МАЙЖГИРАХ	MAIZIGIRA-
МАЙЛАА	MAILAГA(N)
МАЙЛАХ	MAILA-
МАЙЛС	MAILASU
МАЙМАА	MAIMA
МАЙМААЛАХ	MAIMALA-
МАЙМААЧ(ИН)	MAIMACI(N)
МАЙМАР	MAIMAR
МАЙМГАЛЗАХ	MAIMAГALZA-
МАЙМГАР	MAIMAГAR
МАЙМРАХ	MAIMARI-
МАЙРАГ	MAIRAГ
МАЙРАГЛАХ	MAIRAГLA-
МАЙХАН	MAIXAN
МАЛ	MAL
МАЛ	MALU
МАЛАР	MALUR
МАЛГАЙ	MALAГAI
МАЛГАЙЛАХ	MALAГAILA-
МАЛГАЙТАЙ	MALAГAITAI
МАЛГАЙЧ	MALAГAICI(N)
МАЛЗАН	MALZAN
МАЛЛАХ	MALLA-
МАЛТААС	MALTAГASU(N)
МАЛТАЛХИЙЛАХ	MALTALKILA-
МАЛТАСХИЙХ	MALTASKI-
МАЛТАХ	MALTA-
МАЛТАЦ	MALTACA
МАЛТМАЛ	MALTAMAL
МАЛТУУЛАХ	MALTAГUL-
МАЛТУУР	MALTAГUR
МАЛТУУРДАХ	MALTAГURDA-
МАЛТУУРЛАХ	MALTAГURLA-
МАЛЧ(ИН)	MALCI(N)
МАЛШИГ	MALSIГ
МАН-	MAN
МАНА(Н)	MAN-A(N)
МАНАА	MANAГ-A(N)
МАНААС	MANACA
МАНААЧ	MANAГACI
МАНАГААР	MANAГAR
МАНАЙ	MANAI
МАНАЙХ	MANAIKI
МАНАН	MANANG
МАНАНТАХ	MANAGTA-

МАНАРЧХ
МАНАРУУЛАХ
МАНАХ
МАНГАР
МАНГАРЛАХ
МАНГАС
МАНГИР
МАНГИС
МАНДАЛ
МАНДАЛ
МАНДАЛТ
МАНДАХ
МАНДГАР
МАНДЛАГА
МАНДЛАХ
МАНДТУГАЙ
МАНДУУЛАХ
МАНЕВР
МАНЕВРЛАХ
МАНЖ
МАНЖ
МАНЖИЛГА
МАНЖИЛГАЛАХ
МАНЖИН
МАНЖУУР
МАНЖУУХАЙ
МАНЖХУЙ
МАНИН
МАНИФЕСТ
МАНЛАЙ
МАНЛАЙВЧ
МАНЛАЙЛАХ
МАНЛАЙЛУУЛАХ
МАНТГАР
МАНТУУ
МАРУУЛ
МАНУУЛАХ
МАНУУЛЧ
МАНХ(АН)
МАНХАГ
МАНХАН
МАНХАР
МАНХУУ
МАНХУУРАХ
МАНЦАР
МАНЦЛАГДАХ
МАНЦЛУУЛАХ
МАНЦУЙ
МАНЦУЙЛАХ
МАНЦУУ
МАНЦУУЛАХ
МАНЧУУРГА
МАНЬ
МАРАЛ
МАРГАА(Н)
МАРГААД
МАРГААЧ
МАРГААШ
МАРГААШХИ
МАРГАД
МАРГАЛДАА(Н)
МАРГАЛДАХ
МАРГАЛТ
МАРГАЛЦАА
МАРГАЛЦАХ
МАРГАМТГАЙ
МАРГАСХИЙХ
МАРГАХ
МАРГАШ
МАРИА
МАРИАЖИХ
МАРИАЖУУЛАХ
МАРИАЛАХ
МАРИАТАЙ
МАРК
МАРШ
МАТАГДАХ
МАТАЛ
МАТАР
МАТАХ
МАТГАР
МАТЕРИАЛ
МАТЕРИАЛИЗМ
МАТЕРИАЛИСТ
МАТИЙЛГАХ
МАТИЙХ
МАТЛАГА
МАТМАЛ
МАТРАНГУЙ
МАТРАХ
МАТРУУЛАХ
МАУЗЕР
МАХ(АН)
МАХБОД
МАХЖИХ
МАХЛАГ
МАХЛАХ
МАХСАГ
МАХСАХ
МАХТАЙ
МАХЧИН
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МЭТ	**METY**
МЭТГЭР	**METEGER**
МЭТГЭХ	**METEGE-**
МЭТИЙХ	**METEI-**
МЭТШИГ	**METYSIG**
МЭТЭЧЛЭН	**METYCILEN**
МЭХ	**MEKE**
МЭХИЙ	**MEKEI**
МЭХИЙДЭХ	**MEKEID-**
МЭХИЙРЭХ	**MEKEIRE-**
МЭХИЙХ	**MEKYI-**
МЭХЛҮҮЛЭХ	**MEKELEGYL-**
МЭХЛЭГДЭХ	**MEKELEGDE-**
МЭХЛЭХ	**MEKELE-**
МЭХТЭЙ	**MEKETEI**
МЭХЧ	**MEKECI**
МЭХЭСХИЙЛГЭХ	**MEKYSKILGE-**
МЭХЭСХИЙХ	**MEKYSKI-**
МЭХЭЭР	**MEKER**
МЭЧ(ИН)	**BECI(N)**
МЭЧ(ИН)	**MECI(N)**
МЭЧИД	**BECID**
МЭЧИД	**MECID**
МЭШИЛ	**MESIL**
МЯГМАР	**MIГMAR**
МЯЛААХ	**MILAГA-**
МЯЛАН(Г)	**MILAN**
МЯЛАНТАХ	**MILANTA-**
МЯЛГА	**MALAГ-A**
МЯЛГАДАХ	**MALAГADA-**
МЯЛЗАН(Г)	**MILZAN**
МЯЛЗАНТАХ	**MILZANTA-**
МЯЛТГАР	**MILTAГAR**
МЯЛЦАЙХ	**MILCAI-**
МЯНГА(Н)	**MINGГ-A(N)**
МЯНГААД	**MINGГAAD**
МЯНГАД	**MINGГAD**
МЯНГАТ	**MINGГATU**
МЯНДАГ	**MINDAГ**
МЯНДАС	**MINDASU(N)**
МЯНҮҮЗ	**MINTUUZA**
МЯРААХ	**MARIJA-**
МЯРААХ	**MIRAГA-**
МЯРАЛЗАХ	**MIRALZA-**
МЯТАЛ	**MITAL**
МЯТАМГАЙ	**MITAMAГAI**
МЯТАХ	**MITA-**
МЯТРАЛ	**MITARAL**
МЯТРАХ	**MITARA-**
МЯТРАШ	**MITARASI**

Н

НААГУУР	**NAГAГUR**
НААГУУРДАХ	**NAГAГURDA-**
НААД	**NAГADU**
НААДАЛ	**NAГADUL**
НААДАЛЦАХ	**NAГADULCA-**
НААДАМ	**NAГADUM**
НААДАМЧ	**NAГADUMCI**
НААДАХ	**NAГAD-**
НААДАХЬ	**NAГADAKI**
НААДАХЬ	**NAГADUKI**
НААДУУЛАХ	**NAГADUГUL-**
НААЛГАХ	**NAГALГA-**
НААЛДАМХАЙ	**NAГALDUMAГAI**
НААЛДАНГИ(Р)	**NAГALDUNGGI**
НААЛДАХ	**NAГALDU-**
НААЛДАЦ	**NAГALDUCA-**
НААЛДУУР	**NAГALDUГUR**
НААЛДУУЛАХ	**NAГALDUГUL-**
НААЛИНХАЙ	**NAГALINGXAI, 1.**
НААЛИНХАЙ	**NAГALINGXAI, 2.**
НААЛИНХАЙДАХ	**NAГALINGXAIDA-**
НААЛТ	**NAГALTA, 1.**
НААЛТ	**NAГALTA, 2.**
НААМАЛ	**NAГAMAL**
НААНА	**NAГAN-A**
НААС(АН)	**NAГASU(N)**
НААХ	**NAГA-**
НААХ	**NIГA-**
НААШ	**NASI**
НААШ	**NAГASI**
НАВ	**NAB**
НАВСГАР	**NABSAГAR**
НАВТАЙЛГАХ	**NABTAILГA-**
НАВТАЙМАЛ	**NABTAIMAL**
НАВТАЙХ	**NABTAI-**
НАВТАЛЗАХ	**NABTALZA-**
НАВТАЛЗМАЛ	**NABTALZAMAL**
НАВТАР	**NABTAR**
НАВТАРТАХ	**NABTARTA-**
НАВТАРХАЙ	**NABTARXAI**
НАВТАРХАН	**NABTARXAN**
НАВТАС	**NABTAS**
НАВТАСХИЙХ	**NABTASKI-**
НАВТГАР	**NABTAГAR**
НАВТРАХ	**NABTARA-**
НАВЧ(ИН)	**NABCI(N)**
НАВЧИРХАГ	**NABCIRXAГ**
НАВЧИТ	**NABCITU**
НАВЧЛАХ	**NABCILA-**
НАВЧТАЙ	**NABCITAI**
НАВШИЙХ	**NABSAI-**
НАГАЙ	**NAГAI**
НАГАЛ	**NAГAL**
НАГАЦ	**NAГACU**
НАД	**NADA**
НАД	**NADUR**
НАДААС	**NADACA**
НАДАД	**NADUR**
НАДЧИЛАН	**NADACILAN**
НАЗГАЙ	**NAZAГAI**
НАЗГАЙДАХ	**NAZAГAIDA-**
НАЗГАЙШИХ	**NAZAГAISI-**
НАЗГАЙХАН	**NAZAГAIXAN**
НАЙ	**NAI**
НАЙГАЛЗАХ	**NAIГULZA-**
НАЙГАЛЗУУЛАХ	**NAIГULZAГUL-**
НАЙГАЛЦАХ	**NAIГULCA-**
НАЙГАМАЛ	**NAIГUMAL**
НАЙГАХ	**NAIГU-**
НАЙГУУЛАХ	**NAIГUГUL-**
НАЙДАГДАХ	**NAIDAГDA-**
НАЙДАЛ	**NAIDAL**
НАЙДАЛТАЙ	**NAIDALTAI**
НАЙДАЛЦАХ	**NAIDALCA-**
НАЙДАНГҮЙ	**NAIDANGГUI**
НАЙДАНГҮЙЛАХ	**NAIDANGГUILA-**
НАЙДАНГҮЙТАЙ	**NAIDANGГUITAI**
НАЙДАХ	**NAIDA-**
НАЙДВАР	**NAIDABURI**
НАЙДВАРЛАХ	**NAIDABURIAL-**
НАЙДВАРТАЙ	**NAIDABURITAI**
НАЙДЛАГА	**NAIDALГ-A**
НАЙДМАЛ	**NAIDAMAL**
НАЙДҮЛАХ	**NAIDAГUL-**
НАЙЗ	**NAIZI**
НАЙЗАРХАХ	**NAIZIRXA-**
НАЙЗЛАХ	**NAIZILA-**
НАЙЛЗАХ	**NAILZA-**
НАЙЛЗҮҮР	**NAILZAГUR, 1**
НАЙЛЗҮҮР	**NAILZAГUR, 2**
НАЙМ(АН)	**NAIMA(N), 2.**
НАЙМААД	**NAIMAГAD**
НАЙМАЛЖ	**NAIMALZI(N)**
НАЙМАН	**NAIMAN**
НАЙМДУГААР	**NAIMADUГAR**
НАЙМҮҮЛ	**NAIMAГULA**
НАЙМХАН	**NAIMAXAN**
НАЙР	**NAIR**
НАЙРАГ	**NAIRAГ**
НАЙРАГЛАЛ	**NAIRAГLAL**
НАЙРАЛ	**NAIRAL**
НАЙРАЛДАХ	**NAIRALDU-**
НАЙРАЛДҮҮЛАХ	**NAIRALDUГUL-**
НАЙРАЛТАЙ	**NAIRALTAI**
НАЙРАМ	**NAIRAM**
НАЙРАМДАЛ	**NAIRAMDAL**
НАЙРАМДАЛТАЙ	**NAIRAMDALTAI**
НАЙРАМДАЛТАН	**NAIRAMDALTAN**
НАЙРАМДАХ	**NAIRAMDA-**
НАЙРАМДҮҮ	**NAIRAMDAГU**
НАЙРАМДҮҮЛАХ	**NAIRAMDAГUL-**
НАЙРЛАГА	**NAIRALГ-A**
НАЙРЛАГА	**NAIRLAГ-A**
НАЙРЛАХ	**NAIRLA-**
НАЙРТАЙ	**NAIRTAI**
НАЙРҮҮ	**NAIRAГU**
НАЙРҮҮЛАЛ(Т)	**NAIRAГULUL**
НАЙРҮҮЛАХ	**NAIRAГUL-**
НАЙРҮҮЛГА	**NAIRAГULГ-A**
НАЙТААЛГАХ	**NAITAГALГA-**
НАЙТААХ	**NAITAГA-**
НАЙШ	**NASI**
НАЛ	**NIL**
НАЛАГДАХ	**NALUГDA-**
НАЛАЙХ	**NALAI-**
НАЛАЛЦАХ	**NALULCA-**
НАЛАНХАЙ	**NALUNGXAI**
НАЛАРХАЙ	**NALURXAI**
НАЛАХ	**NALU-**
НАЛГАР	**NALAГAR**
НАЛДГАР	**NALDAГAR**
НАЛИНХАЙ	**NALINGXAI**
НАЛМАЛ	**NALUMAL**
НАЛУУ	**NALUГU**
НАЛУУЛАХ	**NALUГULA-**
НАЛУУХАН	**NALUГUXAN**
НАЛЬШИМ	**NALIŠAM**
НАМ	**NAM, 1.**
НАМ	**NAM, 2.**
НАМАА	**NAMAГ-A, 1**
НАМАА	**NAMAГ-A, 2**
НАМАГ	**NAMAГ**
НАМАГ	**NAMUГ**
НАМАЙГ	**NAMAJI**
НАМАНЧЛАЛ	**NAMANCILAL**
НАМАНЧЛАХ	**NAMANCILA-**
НАМАР	**NAMUR**
НАМАРЖАА	**NAMURZIJ-A(N)**
НАМАРЖИХ	**NAMURZI-**
НАМАРЖҮҮЛАХ	**NAMURZIГUL-**
НАМАРШИХ	**NAMURSI-**
НАМБАЛЗАХ	**NAMBULZA**
НАМГАНАХ	**NAMUГNA-**
НАМД	**NAMADU**
НАМДАЛ	**NAMDAL**
НАМДАХ	**NAMDA-**
НАМДҮҮЛАХ	**NAMDAГUL-**
НАМЖИЙ	**NAMZI-**
НАМЖҮ	**NAMZIIUN**
НАМИЛЗАХ	**NAMULZA-**
ЧАМИРАХ	**NAMIRA-**
НАМНАЛ	**NAMNAL**
НАМНАЛЗАХ	**NAMNALZA-**
НАМНА	**NAMNA-**
НАМНҮҮЛАХ	**NAMNAГUL-**
НАМТАР	**NAMTAR**
НАМУУ	**NAMAГU**
НАМХАН	**NAMXAN**
НАМХРАХ	**NAMXARA-**
НАМХРҮҮЛАХ	**NAMXARAГUL-**
НАНГИ	**NANGGI**
НАНДИН	**NANDIN**
НАНХИАЛ	**NANGGIJAD**
НАНШАА	**NANGSIJ-A**
НАНШААЧ	**NANGSIJACI**
НАНШИХ	**NANGSI-**
НАР	**NAR**
НАР(АН)	**NARA(N)**
НАРГИЙ	**NARGIJ-A(N)**
НАРГИАТАЙ	**NARGIJATAI**
НАРГЧАЧ	**NARGIJACI**
НАРГИУЛАХ	**NARGIГUL-**
НАРГИХ	**NARGI-**
НАРИВЧЛАЛ	**NARIBCILA-**
НАРИВЧЛАХ	**NARIBCILAL**
НАРИЙВЧЛАХ	**NARIBCILA-**
НАРИЙВЧЛҮҮЛАХ	**NARIBCILAГUL-**
НАРИЙВТАР	**NARIBTUR**
НАРИЙДАХ	**NARID-**
НАРИЙЛАЛЦАХ	**NARILALCA-**
НАРИЙЛАХ	**NARILA-**
НАРИЙЛҮҮЛАХ	**NARILAГUL**
НАРИЙН	**NARIN**
НАРИЙТГАХ	**NARIDXA-**
НАРИЙХАН	**NARIXAN**
НАРМАГАР	**NARMAГAR**
НАРМАЙ	**NARMAI, 1.**
НАРМАЙ	**NARMAI, 2.**
НАРМАЙХ	**NARMAI-**
НАРМАЛЗҮҮЛАХ	**NARMALZAГUL**
НАРМИГАР	**NARMAГAR**
НАРС	**NARASU(N)**
НАРТАЙ	**NARATAI**
НАС	**NASU(N)**
НАСАД	**NASUDA**
НАСЖИХ	**NASUZI-**
НАСЛАХ	**NASULA-**
НАСТАЙ	**NASUTAI**
НАСТАН	**NASUTAN**
НАТАЙХ	**NATU-**
НАТАЛЗАХ	**NATULZA-**
НАТГАР	**NATUГAR**
НАТГАРТАХ	**NATUГARTA-**
НАХАЙ	**NAXAI**
НАХИА	**NAKIJ-A**
НАХИГАР	**NAKIГAR**
НАХИЙХ	**NAKI-**
НАХИЛАХ	**NAKIL-**
НАХИЛЗАХ	**NAKILZA-**
НАЦИОНАЛИЗМ	**NACIONALISM**
НАЧ	**NACI(N)**
НАЯ(Н)	**NAJA(N)**
НАЯДУГААР	**NAJADUГAR**
НАЯХАН	**NAJAXAN**
НЕГР	**NEGER**
НЕФТЬ	**NEFTI**
НИВ	**NIB**
НИГҮҮСЛГЭХ	**NIGYLESKE-**
НИГҮҮСЭГДЭХ	**NIGYLESYGDE-**
НИГҮҮЛСЭЛ	**NIGYLESYL**
НИГҮҮЛСЭХ	**NIGYLES-**
НИГҮҮЛСЭХҮЙ	**NIGYLESKYI**
НИГҮҮЛСЭХҮЙТ	**NIGYLESKYITY**
НИЙГТГҮҮЛЭХ	**NEIGEDKEGYL-**
НИЙГТГЭХ	**NEIGEDKE-**
НИЙГЭМ	**NEIGEM**
НИЙГЭМЧЛЭХ	**NEIGEMCILE-**
НИЙГЭН	**NEIGEN**
НИЙГЭЧЛЭХ	**NEIGECILE-**
НИЙДЭМ	**NEIDEM**
НИЙДЭХ	**NEID-**
НИЙЛБЭР	**NEILEBYR**
НИЙЛЛЭГ	**NEILELGE**
НИЙЛҮҮЛЭГДЭХ	**NEILEGYLYGDE-**
НИЙЛҮҮЛЭЛТ	**NEILEGYLYLTE**
НИЙЛҮҮЛЭХ	**NEILEGYL-**
НИЙЛҮҮЛЭХ	**NYILEGYL-**
НИЙЛҮҮР	**NYILEGYR**
НИЙЛЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ	**NEILELDYGYL-**
НИЙЛЭЛДЭХ	**NEILELDY-**
НИЙЛЭЛТ	**NEILELTE**
НИЙЛЭЛЦЭХ	**NEILELCE-**
НИЙЛЭМЖ	**NEILEMZI**
НИЙЛЭМЖТЭЙ	**NEILEMZITEI**
НИЙЛЭНХИЙ	**NEILENGKEI**
НИЙЛЭНХИЙЛЭХ	**NEILENGKEILE-**
НИЙЛЭХ	**NEILE-**
НИЙЛЭХ	**NYILE-**
НИЙС	**NEIS**
НИЙСЛҮҮЛЭХ	**NEISLEGYL-**
НИЙСЛЭЛ	**NEISLEL**
НИЙСЛЭХ	**NEISLE-**
НИЙТ	**NEITE**
НИЙТГҮҮЛЭХ	**NEIDKEGYL-**
НИЙТГЭМЭЛ	**NEIDKEMEL**
НИЙТГЭХ	**NEIDKE-**
НИЙТЛЭГДЭХ	**NEITELEGDE-**
НИЙТЛЭХ	**NEITELE-**

НИЙХ	**NIGI-**	НОМЧИРХОГ	**NOMCIRXAГ**	НУГАЧИХ	**NUГUCI-**	НҮҮДЭЛЧ	**NEGYDELCI(N)**
НИЙЦ	**NEICE**	НОМЧИРХОХ	**NOMCIRXA-**	НУГДГАЛЗАХ	**NUГDUГULZA-**	НҮҮЛГЭХ	**NEGYLGE-**
НИЙЦТЭЙ	**NEICETEI**	НОМЧЛОХ	**NOMCILA-**	НУГДГАР	**NUГDUГAR**	НҮҮЛЦЭХ	**NEGYLCE-**
НИЙЦТЭЙХЭН	**NEICETEIKEN**	НООЛОХ	**NOГULA-**	НУГЛАГДАХ	**NUГULUГDA-**	НҮҮР	**NIГUR**
НИЙЦЭШ	**NEICESI**	НООЛУУР	**NOГULUR**	НУГЛУУЛАХ	**NUГULUГUL-**	НҮҮРС	**NEGYRESY(N)**
НИЙЦЭХ	**NEICE-**	НООЛУУР	**NOULUR**	НУГУУН	**NIГUN**	НҮҮРСТЭХ	**NEGYRESYTE-**
НИЙЧЛЭХ	**NEICILE-**	НООЛУУР	**NOLUUR**	НУГУУН	**NUГUN**	НҮҮРСШХ	**NEGYRESYSI-**
НИЛЭГ	**NILIG**	НООРОНХОЙ	**NOГURANGXAI**	НУГТРУУ	**NUГTURUU**	НҮҮРТЭЙ	**NIГURTAI**
НИЛЭЭД	**NILJED**	НООРОХ	**NOIURA-**	НУДРАГА	**NIDURГ-A**	НҮҮРЧЛЭЛ	**NIГURCILAL**
НИМБЭГЭЭ	**NIMBEGE**	НООРС	**NOURSU(N)**	НУДРАГАЛАХ	**NIDURГALA-**	НҮҮРЧЛЭХ	**NIГURCILA-**
НИМГЭДЭХ	**NIMGED-**	НООРС(ОН)	**NOГURSU(N)**	НУДРАХ	**NIDUR-**	НҮҮРЬ	**NEGYRI**
НИМГЭЛЭХ	**NIMGELE-**	НООРХОЙ	**NOГURXAI**	НУДЧИХ	**NIDUCI-**	НҮҮХ	**NEGY-**
НИМГЭН	**NIMEGEN**	НООС	**NOUSU(N)**	НУЛГАРАХ	**NILГURA-**	НҮХ	**NYKE(N)**
НИМГЭН	**NIMGEN**	НООС(ОН)	**NOГUSU(N)**	НУЛМАС	**NILBUSU(N)**	НҮХЛҮҮЛЭХ	**NYKELEGYL-**
НИМГЭТГЭХ	**NIMGEDKE-**	НОРГОХ	**NORГA-**	НУЛМАСДУУЛАХ	**NILBUSUDAГUL-**	НҮХЛЭХ	**NYKELE-**
НИМГЭХЭН	**NIMGEKEN**	НОРМ	**NORMA**	НУЛМАХ	**NILBU-**	НҮХТЭЙ	**NYKETEI**
НИМГЭРЭХ	**NIMGERE-**	НОРОМ	**NORUM**	НУЛМУУР	**NILBUГUR**	НҮХТЭХ	**NYKETE-**
НИМГЭРҮҮЛЭХ	**NIMGEREGYL-**	НОРОМЛОХ	**NORUMLA**	НУМ(АН)	**NUMU(N)**	НҮЦГЭЛҮҮЛЭХ	**NICYGYLEGYL-**
НИРВААН	**NIRVAN**	НОРОХ	**NOR-**	НУМАВЧ	**NUMUBCI**	НҮЦГЭЛЭХ	**NICYGYLE-**
НИС	**NIS**	НОРХОЙ	**NORAXAI**	НУМДАХ	**NJMUDA-**	НҮЦГЭН	**NICYGYN**
НИСВААНИС	**NISVANIS**	НОРХОЙХОН	**NORAXAIXAN**	НУМЧ	**NUMUCI(N)**	НЬ	**NI**
НИСГЭХ	**NISKE-**	НОТ	**NOT**	НУНЖ	**NUNZI**	НЭВСГЭР	**NEBSEGER**
НИСЛЭГ	**NISYLGE**	НОХ	**NO-**	НУНЖГАР	**NUNZIГAR**	НЭВСИЙХ	**NEBSEI-**
НИСЭГЧ	**NISYGCI**	НОХ	**ONU-**	НУНЖИЙХ	**NUNZII-**	НЭВСЭГНЭХ	**NEBSEGENE-**
НИСЭЛТ	**NISYLTE**	НОХИЛОХ	**NOKIL-**	НУРАА	**NURAГ-A**	НЭВТ	**NEBTE**
НИСЭХ	**NIS-**	НОХОЙ	**NOXAI**	НУРААХ	**NURAГA-**	НЭВТЛЭХ	**NEBTEL-**
НИЧГЭНЭХ	**NICIGINA-**	НОХОЙЧ	**NOXAICI**	НУРАМ	**NURM-A**	НЭВТРҮҮЛЭХ	**NEBTEREGYL-**
НИШИХ	**NISI-**	НОХОЙЧЛОХ	**NOXAICILA-**	НУРАМШИХ	**NURMASI-**	НЭВТРҮҮЛЭГЧ	**NEBTEREGYLYGCI**
НОВ	**NOB**	НОХЬТОХ	**NOKID-**	НУРАХ	**NURA-**	НЭВТРЭГДЭХ	**NABTEREGDE-**
НОВШ	**NOBSI**	НОЦООЛГО	**NOCUГALГ-A**	НУРГИХ	**NURGI-**	НЭВТРЭЛЦЭХ	**NEBTERELCE-**
НОГДОХ	**NOГDA-**	НОЦОЛДОО	**NOCULDUГA(N)**	НУРМА	**NURM-A**	НЭВТРЭХ	**NEBTERE-**
НОГОО	**NOГUГ-A(N)**	НОЦОЛДОХ	**NOCULDU-**	НУРУУ(Н)	**NIRUГU**	НЭВТЭРХИЙ	**NEBTERKEI**
НОГООВОР	**NOГUГABUR**	НОЦООХ	**NOCUГA-**	НУРУУВЧ	**NIRUГUBCI**	НЭВЧИНХИЙ	**NEBCINGKEI**
НОГООВОР	**NOГUBIR**	НОЦОХ	**NOCU-**	НУРУУВЧЛАХ	**NIRUГUBCILA-**	НЭВЧИХ	**NEBCI-**
НОГООВОР	**NOГUBUR**	НОЧТОЙ	**NOCITAI**	НУРУУЛАГ	**NIRUГULIГ**	НЭВШРҮҮЛЭХ	**NIBSIREGYL-**
НОГООБОРХОН	**NOГUBURXAN**	НӨГӨӨ	**NØGYGE**	НУРУУЛАХ	**NIRUГULA-**	НЭВШРЭХ	**NIBSIRE-**
НОГООВТОР	**NOГUBTUR**	НӨГӨӨДӨР	**NØGYGEDYR**	НУРУУТАЙ	**NIRUГUTAI**	НЭГ	**NIGE(N)**
НОГООВТОРХОН	**NOГUBTURXAN**	НӨЖ	**NØZI**	НУРШИН	**NIRSUN**	НЭГБҮР	**NIGEBYRI**
НОГООЛИН	**NOГUГALIN**	НӨЖРӨХ	**NØZIRE-**	НУРШЛАХ	**NIRSULA-**	НЭГДМЭЛ	**NIGEDYMEL**
НОГООН	**NOГUГAN**	НӨЛ	**NØLE**	НУРШХАН	**NIRSUXAN**	НЭГДУГЭЭР	**NIGEDYGER**
НОГООРОХ	**NOГUГARA-**	НӨЛДӨХ	**NØLEDE-**	НУС	**NISU(N)**	НЭГЛЭЛ	**NIGEDYL**
НОГООЧ(ИН)	**NOГUГACI(N)**	НӨЛДҮҮЛЭХ	**NØLEDEGYL-**	НУСТАХ	**NISUTA-**	НЭГДЭХ	**NIGED-**
НОГООХОН	**NOГUГAXAN**	НӨЛӨӨ(Н)	**NØLYGE(N)**	НУСХАЙ	**NISUXAI**	НЭГЖИХ	**NENGZI-**
НОГТ	**NOГTU**	НӨЛӨӨЛӨХ	**NØLYGELE-**	НУТ	**NUTA**	НЭГЖЛЭГЭ	**NENGZILGE**
НОГТЛОХ	**NOГTULA-**	НӨЛӨӨТЭЙ	**NØLYGETEI**	НУТАГ	**NUTUГ**	НЭГЖҮҮЛ	**NENGZIGYL**
НОГТЛУУЛАХ	**NOГTULAГUL-**	НӨЛӨХ	**NØLY-**	НУТАГЛАЛ	**NUTUГLAL**	НЭГЖЭЭ	**NENGZIGE**
НОГТМОЛ	**NOГTUMAL**	НӨЛТӨХ	**NØLEDE-**	НУТАГЛАЛТАЙ	**NUTUГLALTAI**	НЭГМӨСӨН	**NIGEMYSYN**
НОГТОС	**NOГTUS**	НӨМИЙГӨХ	**NØMYILGE-**	НУТАГЛАМААР	**NUTUГLAMAR**	НЭГГТҮҮЛЭХ	**NIGEDKEGYL-**
НОДНИН	**NIDUNUN**	НӨМӨР	**NEMYRI**	НУТАГЛАХ	**NUTUГLA-**	НЭГГТГЭГДЭХ	**NIGEDKEGDE-**
НОЁД	**NOJAD**	НӨМӨР	**NEMYR**	НУТАГЛУУЛАХ	**NUTUГULAГUL-**	НЭГГТГЭЛ	**NIGEDKEL**
НОЁЖИХ	**NOJAZI-**	НӨМӨРЛӨХ	**NEMYRILE-**	НУТАГШИХ	**NUTUГSI-**	НЭГГТГЭХ	**NIGEDKE-**
НОЁЛОГ	**NOJALIГ**	НӨМРЕГ	**NEMYRGE(N)**	НУТАД	**NUTADA**	НЭГШИХ	**NIGSI-**
НОЁЛОХ	**NOJALA-**	НӨМРӨХ	**NEMYR-**	НУТЛАЛ	**NUTALAL**	НЭГШҮҮРЭХ	**NIGSIGYRE-**
НОЁН	**NOJAN**	НӨМӨРГӨХ	**NEMYRGE-**	НУТЛАЛЧ	**NUTALALCI**	НЭГЦ	**NIGECE**
НОЁРХОГ	**NOJARXAГ**	НӨӨЛӨХ	**NØGELE-**	НУТЛАХ	**NUTALA-**	НЭГЧ	**NIGECY**
НОЁРХОЛ	**NOJARXAL**	НӨӨХ	**NØGE-**	НУТЛУУЛАХ	**NUTALAГUL-**	НЭГХЭН	**NIGEKEN**
НОЁРХОХ	**NOJARXA-**	НӨӨЦ	**NØGECE**	НУУГДАЛ	**NUIUГDAL**	НЭГЭН ТИЙШ	**NIGENTEGESI**
НОЙР	**NOIR, 1.**	НӨӨЦЛӨХ	**NØGECELE-**	НУУГДМАЛ	**NIГUГDAMAL**	НЭГЭНТ	**NIGENTE**
НОЙР	**NOIR, 2.**	НӨР(ӨН)	**NØRI(N)**	НУУГДАХ	**NIГUГDA-**	НЭГЭНТИЙ	**NIGENTEI**
НОЙРМОГ	**NOIRMAГ**	НӨРИХ	**NØRI-**	НУУГДУУЛАХ	**NIГUГDAГUL-**	НЭЖИГНЭХ	**NIZIGINE-**
НОЙРМОГЛОХ	**NOIRMAГLA-**	НӨРЛӨХ	**NØRILE-**	НУУДАЛ	**NIГUDAL**	НЭЖГЭЭД	**NIZIGED**
НОЙРСОХ	**NOIRSA-**	НӨРӨӨ	**NØRYGE**	НУУЛГАХ	**NIГULГA-**	НЭЖЭЭДЧЛЭН	**NIZEGEDCILEN**
НОЙРСУУЛАХ	**NOIRSAГUL-**	НӨРӨӨДӨХ	**NØRYGEDE-**	НУУЛДАХ	**NIГULDU-**	НЭЛГЭР	**NELEGER**
НОЙТДОХ	**NOITAD-**	НӨРӨХ	**NORI-**	НУУЛЦАХ	**NIГULCA-**	НЭЛДГЭР	**NELDEGER**
НОЙТОДГОХ	**NOITADXA-**	НӨХВӨР	**NØKYBYRI**	НУУМАЛ	**NIГUMAL**	НЭЛИЙХ	**NELEI-**
НОЙТОН	**NOITAN**	НӨХЛӨГӨ	**NØKYLGE**	НУУР	**NAГUR**	НЭЛЭЭД	**NELIJED**
НОЙТРОХ	**NOITARA-**	НӨХӨД	**NØKYD**	НУУР	**NAГUR**	НЭЛЭЭН	**NELIJEN**
НОЙТХОН	**NOITANXAN**	НӨХӨӨС	**NØKYGESU(N)**	НУУР	**NUUR**	НЭМЛЭГ	**NEMELGE**
НОЛГО	**NOLIU**	ҮӨХӨӨСЛӨХ	**NØKYGESYLE-**	НУУРАМ	**NUIURAM-A**	НЭМНЭХ	**NEMNE-**
НОЛОМ	**NILUM**	НӨХӨӨСТЭЙ	**NØKYGESYTEI**	НУУРАХ	**NUIURA-, 2.**	НЭМНЭЭ	**NEMNEGE**
НОЛОМ	**NOLUM**	НӨХӨР	**NØKYR**	НУУРЛАХ	**NAГURLA-**	НЭМСГИЙХ	**NEMESKI-**
НОЛЦГОР	**NOLCAГAR**	НӨХӨРЛӨГ	**NØKYRLIG**	НУУРМАГ	**NAГURMAГ**	НЭМҮҮ	**NEMEGYY**
НОМ	**NOM**	НӨХӨРЛӨД	**NØKYRLEL**	НУУРМАЛИГ	**NAГURMALIГ**	НЭМҮҮЛЭХ	**NEMEGYL-**
НОМГОДОХ	**NOMUГAD-**	НӨХӨРЛӨХ	**NØKYRLE-**	НУУХ	**NIГU-**	НЭМҮҮН	**NEMEGYN**
НОМГОДХОГДОХ	**NOMUГADXAГDA-**	НӨХӨРСӨГ	**NØKYRSEG**	НУХАГДАХ	**NIXUГDA-**	НЭМҮҮР	**NEMEGYRI**
НОМГОМСОГЛОХ	**NOMXAMSUГLA-**	НӨХӨРШИХ	**NØKYRSI-**	НУХАЛЦАХ	**NIXULCA-**	НЭМҮҮРТЭЙ	**NEMEGYRITEI**
НОМГОТГОЛ	**NOMUГADXAL**	НӨХӨХ	**NØKY-**	НУХАХ	**NIXU-**	НЭМҮҮРЭХ	**NEMEGYRE-**
НОМГОТГОХ	**NOMUГADXA-**	НӨХЦЕЛ	**NØKYCEL**	НУХЛАХ	**NIXUL-**	НЭМЭГДҮҮЛЭХ	**NEMEGDEGYL-**
НОМГОРОХ	**NOMUГARA-**	НӨХЦӨЛДӨХ	**NØKYCELDY-**	НУХМАЛ	**NIXUMAL**	НЭМЭГДЭЛ	**NEMEGDEL**
НОМГОРУУЛАХ	**NOMUГARAГUL-**	НӨХЦӨӨХ	**NØGCIGE-**	НУХУУЛАХ	**NIXUГUL-**	НЭМЭГДЭХ	**NEMEGDE-**
НОМГОХОН	**NOMUГAXAN**	НӨХЦӨХ	**NØGCI-**	НУХУУР	**NIXUГUR**	НЭМЭГДЭХҮҮН	**NEMEGDEKYN**
НОМГОЧЛОХ	**NOMUГACILA-**	НӨХЦӨХ	**NØKYCE-**	НУУЦ	**NIГUCA**	НЭМГЭН	**NIMEGEN**
НОМЕР	**NOMER**	НӨХЦҮҮЛЭХ	**NØGCIGYL-**	НУУЦГААХ	**NIГUCAГA-**	НЭМЭЛТ	**NEMELTE**
НОМИН	**NOMIN, 1.**	НӨХЦҮҮЛЭХ	**NØKYCEGYL-**	НУУЦЛАХ	**NIГUCALA-**	НЭМЭР	**NEMERI**
НОМИН	**NOMUN**	НӨХҮҮЛЭХ	**NØKYGYL-**	НУГЭЛ	**NIGYL**	НЭМЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ	**NEMERILEGYL-**
НОМЛОГДОХ	**NOMLAГDA-**	НӨХҮҮР	**NØKYGYRI**	НУГЭЛТ	**NIGYLTY**	НЭМЭРЛЭЛЦЭХ	**NEMERILELCE-**
НОМЛОГЧ	**NOMLAГCI**	НУГА	**NIГU**	НУГЭЛТЭЙ	**NIGYLTEI**	НЭМЭРЛЭХ	**NEMERILE-**
НОМЛОЛ	**NOMLAL**	НУГА	**NUIU, 1.**	НУГЭРС	**NYGYRSY**	НЭМЭРТЭЙ	**NEMERITEI**
НОМЛОЛГО	**NOMLALГ-A**	НУГА	**NUIU, 2.**	НУД	**NIDY(N)**	НЭМЭХ	**NEME-**
НОМЛОХ	**NOMLA-**	НУГАЛАА(Н)	**NUIUГUГ-A**	НУДЛҮҮЛЭХ	**NIDYLEGYL-**	НЭМЭЭС	**NEMEGESY(N)**
НОМЛУУЛАХ	**NOMLAГUL-**	НУГАЛААС	**NUIUГUГASU(N)**	НУДЛЭХ	**NIDYLE-**	НЭМЭЭСЛЭХ	**NEMEGESYLE-**
НОМОЙ	**NOMUI**	НУГАЛАХ	**NIГUL-**	НУДТЭЙ	**NIDYTEI**	НЭН(Г)	**NENG**
НОМОЙДОХ	**NOMUIDA-**	НУГАЛАХ	**NUIUL-**	НУДУУР	**NIDYGYR**	НЭНДЭГДЭХ	**NENGDEGDE-**
НОМОЙЛОХ	**NOMUILA-**	НУГАЛБАР	**NUIULBURI**	НУДЭВЧ	**NIDYBCI**	НЭНДЭХ	**NENGDE-**
НОМТОЙ	**NOMTAI**	НУГАЛБАРЛАХ	**NUIULBURILA-**	НУДЭГДЭХ	**NIDYGDE-**	НЭНТ	**NENGTE**
НОМХДОХ	**NOMUГAD-**	НУГАЛХИЙЛАХ	**NUIULKILA-**	ЬУДЭХ	**NIDY-**	НЭР	**NER-E**
НОМХОН	**NOMUXAN**	НУГАРАХ	**NUIURA-, 1.**	НУМЖИГ	**NYMZIGE**	ЛЭРВҮҮЛЭХ	**NERBEGYL-**
НОМХОТГОГДОХ	**NOMUГADXAГDA-**	НУГАРС	**NIГURSU(N)**	НУМЖИГТЭЙ	**NYMGZIGETEI**	НЭРВЭГДЭЛ	**NERBEGDE-**
НОМХОТГОЛ	**NOMUГADXAL**	НУГАРС(АН)	**NUIURSU(N)**	НУСЭР	**NYSER**	НЭРВЭГДЭХ	**NERBEGDEL**
НОМХОТГОХ	**NOMUГADXA-**	НУГАРУУЛАХ	**NUIURAГUL-**	НУСЭРЛЭХ	**NYSERLE-**	НЭРВЭГДМЭЛ	**NERBEGDEMEL**
НОМХРОХ	**NOMUГARA-**	НУГАС	**NIГUS**	НУСЭРТЭХ	**NYSERDE-**	НЭРВЭХ	**NERBE-**
НОМХРУУЛАХ	**NOMUГARAГUL-**	НУГАС	**NUIUSU(N)**	НҮҮДЭЛ	**NYGEDEL**	НЭРГЭХ	**NIRGE-**
НОМЧ	**NOMICI(N)**	НУГАСХИЙХ	**NIГUSKI-**	НҮҮДЭЛЛЭХ	**NEGYDELLE-**	НЭРДЭХ	**NEREDE-**

НЭРИЙДЭЛ	NEREIDYL
НЭРИЙДЭЛТЭЙ	NEREIDYLTEI
НЭРИЙДЭХ	NEREID-
НЭРИЙТГЭЛ	NEREIDKEL
НЭРЛҮҮЛЭХ	NERELEGYL-
НЭРЛЭГДЭХ	NERELEGDE-
НЭРЛЭХ	NERELE-
НЭРЛЭХЭГ	NERELKEG
НЭРЛЭХЭЛ	NERELKEL
НЭРЛЭХЭХ	NERELKE-
НЭРМЭЛ	NEREMEL
НЭРМЭСЛЭХ	NERMESYLE-
НЭРМЭХ	NERME-
НЭРС	NERSY(N)
НЭРС	NERES
НЭРТЭЙ	NERETEI
НЭРҮҮЛЭХ	NEREGYL-
НЭРШИХ	NERESI-
НЭРЭЛГЭ	NERELGE
НЭРЭМЖИТ	NEREMZITY
НЭРЭХ	NERE-
НЭТГЭЛ	NIDKEL
НЭТГЭРЭХ	NIDKERE-
НЭТГЭРЭГДЭХ	NIDKEREGDE-
НЭХВЭР	NEKEBYRI, 1.
НЭХБЭР	NEKEBYRI, 2.
НЭХВЭРЛЭХ	NEKEBYRILE-
НЭХИЙ	NEKEI
НЭХЛИЙ	NEKELEI
НЭХМЭЛ	NEKEMEL
НЭХҮҮЛ	NEKEGYL
НЭХҮҮЛЭХ	NEKEGYL-
НЭХҮҮР	NEKEGYR
НЭХЭГДЭХ	NEKEGDE-
НЭХЭЛЦЭХ	NEKELCE-
НЭХЭЛТ	NEKELTE
НЭХЭМЖ	NEKEMZI
НЭХЭМЖЛЭХ	NEKEMZILE-
НЭХЭХ	NEKE-, 1.
НЭХЭХ	NEKE-, 2.
НЭХЭЭС	NEKEGESY(N)
НЭШ	NESI
НЭЭГДЭХ	NEGEGDE-
НЭЭЛГИЙ	NEGELEKEI
НЭЭЛГИЙТЭЙ	NEGELEGEITEI
НЭЭЛГЭ	NEGELGE
НЭЭЛГЭХ	NEGELGE-
НЭЭЛТ	NEGELTE
НЭЭЛТТЭЙ	NEGELTETEI
НЭЭХ	NEGE-
НЯГ	NIГ
НЯГТ	NIГTA
НЯГТАД	NIГTADA
НЯГТЛАЛ	NIГTALAL
НЯГТЛАГДАХ	NIГTALAГDA-
НЯГТЛАХ	NIГTALA-
НЯГТЛУУЛАХ	NIГTALAГUL-
НЯГТРАХ	NIГTARA-
НЯГТХАН	NIГTAXAN
НЯЗЛАХ	NIZALA-
НЯЗРАХ	NIZARA-
НЯЗЧИХ	NIZACI-
НЯЛАХ	NILA-
НЯЛГА	NILГU
НЯЛЗРАЙ	NILZARAI
НЯЛТРАХ	NILTARA-
НЯЛТРУУЛАХ	NILTARAГUL-
НЯЛУУН	NILUГUN
НЯЛУУРАХ	NILUГURA-
НЯЛХ	NILX-A
НЯЛХАС	NILXAS
НЯЛХАГАР	NILXAГAR
НЯЛЦАЙМ	NILCUIM-A
НЯЛЦАЙХ	NILCAI-
НЯЛЦАЙХ	NILCUI-
НЯЛЦГАЙ	NILCAГAI
НЯЛЦГАР	NILCAГAR
НЯЛЦГАЙРАХ	NILCAГAIRA-
НЯЛЧИГНАМ	NILCIGINAM-A
НЯЛЧИГНАХ	NILCIGINA-
НЯМ	NIMA
НЯМБАЙ	NIMBAI
НЯМБАЙЛАХ	NIMBAILA-
НЯМНУУН	NIMNAГUN
НЯН	NIJAN
НЯРАВ	NIRBA
НЯРАВДАХ	NIRBADA-
НЯРАЙ	NIRAI
НЯРАЙЛАХ	NIRAILA-
НЯРАЙХАН	NIRAIXAN
НЯРВА	NIRBA
НЯРВААН	NIRVAN
НЯРДХИЙХ	NIRDKI-
НЯС	NIS
НЯСГАХ	NISXA-
НЯСЛАХ	NISAL-
НЯСЧИХ	NISACI-
НЯТАХ	NITU-
НЯТЛАХ	NITULA-
НЯТЛУУЛАХ	NITULAГUL-
НЯЦ	NICA
НЯЦААЛТ	NICUГALTA
НЯЦААХ	NICUГA-
НЯЦАЛ	NICUL
НЯЦАЛТ	NICULTA
НЯЦАХ	NICU-
НЯЦЛАГА	NICULГ-A
НЯЦЛАХ	NICALA-
НЯЦРАХ	NICARA-
НЯЦУУЛАХ	NICUГUL-
НЯЦЧИХ	NICACI-

О

ОБЛИГАЦ	OBLIГACA
ОБСЕРВАТОРИ	OBSERVATORI
ОВ	OB, 1
ОВ	OB, 2.
ОВ	OB, 3.
ОВ	OB, 4.
ОВ	OBU, 2.
ОВГОНОХ	OBUГUNA-
ОВГОР	OBUГUR
ОВЛОМТГОЙ	OBLAM[A]TAГAI
ОВЛОХ	OBLA-
ОВОГ	OBUГ
ОВОГТОЙ	OBUГTAI
ОВОГТОН	OBUГTAN
ОВОЙЛГОХ	OBUILГA-
ОВОЙХ	OBUI-
ОВОЛЗОХ	OBULZA-
ОВОН	OBUNG
ОВОО	OBU , 1.
ОВОО	OBUГ-A
ОВОО	OBUU
ОВООДОЙ	OBUГADAI
ОВООЛОХ	OBUГALA-
ОВООРОХ	OBUГARA-, 1
ОВООРОХ	OBUГARA-, 2.
ОВООХОЙ	OBUГAXAI
ОВОР	OBUR
ОВОРДОХ	OBURDA-
ОВОРТОЙ	OBURTAI
ОВОРХИЙЛОХ	OBURKILA-
ОВТ	OBTU
ОВТОЙ	OBTAI
ОВРОХ	OBURU-
ОВХГОНОХ	OBXUUNA-
ОВХГОР	OBXUГAR
ОВХОЙХ	OBXUI-
ОВХОЛЗОХ	OBXULZA-
ОГ	OГ
ОГЗОМ	OГZUM
ОГЗОМЛОХ	OГZUMLA-
ОГИХ	OGI-
ОГНУУД	ONGNIГUD
ОГОНО	OГUNU
ОГООРОХ	OГUR-
ОГООРЦОГ	OГURCAГ
ОГООРЦОГЛОХ	OГURCAГLA-
ОГООТ	OГUГATA
ОГОТНО	OГUTUN-A
ОГСГОР	OГSUГAR
ОГСОЙХ	OГSUI-
ОГСОЛЗОХ	OГSULZA-
ОГТ	OГTU
ОГТГОР	OГTUГUR
ОГТЛОГДОХ	OГTULUГDA-
ОГТЛОДОС	OГTULDASU(N)
ОГТЛОХ	OГTUL-
ОГТЛУУЛАХ	OГTULUГUL-
ОГТОЙ	OГTUI-
ОГТОЛБОР	OГTULBURI
ОГТОЛГО	OГTULГ-A
ОГТОЛДОС	OГTULDASU
ОГТОРГУЙ	OГTURГUI
ОГТОС	OГTUS
ОГТХОН	OГTUXAN
ОГЦ	OGCU
ОГЦОМ	OГCUM
ОГЦОМ	OГCUM
ОГЦОР	OГCUR
ОГЦОРГОО	OГCURГ-A
ОГЦРОХ	OГCURA-
ОГЦРУУЛАХ	OГCURAГUL-
ОГТЧИХ	OГTUCI-
ОГТЧУУЛАХ	OГTUCIГUL-
ОГШИГДОХ	OГSIГDA-
ОГШИХ	OГSI-
ОГШУУРАХ	OГSIГURA-
ОГЬСОХ	OGIS-
ОД(ОН)	ODU(N)
ОДЛОГ	ODULIГ
ОДОЙ	ODUI
ОДОО	ODU
ОДООХОН	ODUXAN
ОДООХЬ	ODUKI
ОДОТ	ODUTU
ОДОХ	OD-
ОДТОЙ	ODUTAI
ОДУУЛАХ	ODUГUL-
ОДУУРИЛАХ	ODUГURILA-
ОЁГ	OJUГ
ОЁГДОХ	OJUГDA-
ОЁДОЛ	OJUDAL
ОЁДОЛЧИН	OJUDALCIN
ОЁЛОГ	OJULГ-A
ОЁО	OJUГ-A
ОЁОЧ	OJUГACI
ОЁУЛАХ	OJUГUL-
ОЁХ	OJU-
ОЗГОЙ	OZUГU
ОЗОЛДОХ	OZULDU-
ОЗОХ	OZU-
ОЙ	OI, 1.
ОЙ	OI, 2.
ОЙ	OI, 3
ОЙГУУР	OIГUR
ОЙЛ	OIL
ОЙЛГО	OILГ-A(N)
ОЙЛГОЛТ	OILГALTA
ОЙЛГОМЖ	OILГAMZI
ОЙЛГОМЖТОЙ	OILГABZITAI
ОЙЛГОЦ	OILГACA
ОЙЛГОШ	OIГASI
ОЙЛГОХ	OILГA-, 1
ОЙЛГУУЛАХ	OIГAГUL-
ОЙЛЛОГО	OILALГ-A
ОЙЛОХ	OIL-
ОЙЛОХ	OILA-
ОЙЛТ	OILTA
ОЙЛТ	OILTU
ОЙЛУУЛАХ	OILAГUL-
ОЙМ	OIM-A
ОЙМОХ	OIMA-
ОЙМС(ОН)	OIMASU(N)
ОЙР	OIR-A
ОЙРМОГ	OIRAMAГ
ОЙРОД	OIRAD
ОЙРОЛЦОО	OIRALCAГ-A
ОЙРОТ	OIRAD
ОЙРСОХ	OIRASA-
ОЙРТГОХ	OIRADXA-
ОЙРТОХ	OIRATA-
ОЙРТОШ	OIRATASI
ОЙРТУУЛАХ	OIRATAГUL-
ОЙРХИ	OIRAKI
ОЙРХОН	OIRAXAN
ОЙРХЬ	OIRAKI
ОЙРЧЛОХ	OIRACILA-
ОЙС	OIS
ОЙТОЙ	OITAI, 1
ОЙТОЙ	OITAI, 2.
ОЙХ	OI-
ОЙШООХ	OISIJA-
ОЙЧИХ	OICI-
ОКТЯБРЬ	OKTIJABRI
ОЛБО	OLBUГ
ОЛБОГ	OLBUГ
ОЛБОР	OLBURI
ОЛБОРИХ	OLBARI-
ОЛГОЙ	OLUГAI
ОЛГОЙДОХ	OLUГUIDU-
ОЛГОЙЛОХ	OLUГAILA-
ОЛГОЙТОЙ	OLUГAITAI
ОЛГОЛТ	OLГALTA
ОЛГОХ	OLГA-
ОЛГУУЛАХ	OLГAГUL-
ОЛДВОР	OLDABURI
ОЛДОГДОХ	OLDAГDA-
ОЛДОЙ	OLDUI
ОЛДОЛ	OLADUL
ОЛДОХ	OLAD-
ОЛДОХ	OLDA-
ОЛДОШ	OLDASI
ОЛЗ	OLZA
ОЛЗЛОГДОХ	OLZALAГDA-
ОЛЗЛОЛГО	OLZALALГ-A
ОЛЗЛОХ	OLZALA-
ОЛЗЛУУЛАХ	OLZALAГUL-
ОЛЗТОЙ	OLZATAI
ОЛИГ	OLIГ
ОЛИГТОЙ	OLIГTAI
ОЛИЙХ	OLII-
ОЛИО	OLIГUU
ОЛИО	OLIU
ОЛОЛ	OLUL
ОЛОЛТ	OLULTA
ОЛОЛЦОХ	OLULCA-
ОЛОМ	OLUM
ОЛОМТОЙ	OLUMTAI
ОЛОН	OLAN
ОЛОН	OLUNG, 1.
ОЛОНГОДОЙ	OLUNGГUDUI
ОЛОНТ	OLANTA
ОЛОНХИ	OLANGKI
ОЛОНЦОГ	OLUNCUГ
ОЛОНЦОР	OLUNGCUR
ОЛОХ	OL-
ОЛС(ОН)	OLUSU(N)
ОЛТГОГДОХ	OLADXAГDA-
ОЛТГОХ	OLADXA-
ОЛТРИГ	OLTURIГ
ОЛХОН	OLAXAN
ОЛШРОХ	OLASIRA-
ОЛШРУУЛАХ	OLASIRAГUL-
ОМОГ	OMUГ, 1.
ОМОГ	OMUГ, 2.
ОМОГ	OMUГ, 3
ОМОГ	OMUГ, 4.
ОМОГЛОХ	OMUГLA-
ОМОГТ	OMUГTU
ОМОГТОЙ	OMUГTAI
ОМОГШИХ	OMUГSI-
ОМОГШУУЛАХ	OMUГSIГUL-
ОМОЛГОН	OMULГAN
ОМОРХОГ	OMURXAГ
ОМОРХОГЛОХ	OMURXAГLA-
ОМОРХОЛ	OMURXAL
ОМОРХОХ	OMURXA-
ОМРУУ	OMURUГU(N)
ОМРУУВЧ	OMURUГUBCI
ОМТГОЙ	OMTUГAI
ОМТГОЙДОХ	OMTUГAIDA-
ОТГОЙЛОХ	OMTUГAILA-
ОН	ON
ОНГИ	ONGGI
ОНГИЛОХ	ONGGILA-
ОНГОЙЛГОХ	ONGГUILГA-
ОНГОЙХ	ONGГUI-
ОНГОЛЗОХ	ONGГULZA-
ОНГОЛИХ	ONGГULI-
ОНГОЛОХ	ONGГULA-
ОНГОН	ONGГUN
ОНГОРХОЙ	ONGГURXAI
ОНГОХ	ONGГU-
ОНГОЦ	ONGГUCA
ОНГОЦЛОХ	ONGГUCALA-
ОНГОЦОЧ	ONGГUCACI
ОНДГОР	ONDUГAR
ОНДОЙ	ONDUI
ОНДОО	ONDU
ОНДРОХ	ONDURA-
ОНИГОР	ONIГUR
ОНИЛОХ	ONILA-
ОНОВЧ	ONUBCI, 1
ОНОВЧ	ONUBCI, 2
ОНОВЧТОЙ	ONUBCITAI
ОНОГДОХ	ONUГDA-
ОНОГДУУЛАХ	ONUГDAГUL-
ОНОЛ	ONUL
ОНОЛГО	ONULГ-A
ОНОЛТОЙ	ONULTAI
ОНОЛЧ	ONULCI
ОНОМГОЙ	ONUMAГAI
ОНОН	ONUN
ОНОО	ONU, 3.
ОНОО	ONUГ-A(N)
ОНОО	ONUГU
ОНООХ	ONUГA-
ОНОХ	ONU-
ОНОШ	ONUSI
ОНУУЛАХ	ONUГUL-
ОНХГОР	ONGXUГUR
ОНХОЙЛЦОХ	ONGXUILCA
ОНХОИХ	ONGXUI-
ОНХОЛ	ONGXUL
ОНХОЛДОХ	ONGXULDU-
ОНХОЛДУУЛАХ	ONGXULDUГUL-
ОНХОР	ONGXUR
ОНХОСГИЙХ	ONGXUSKI-
ОНЦ	ONCA
ОНЦГОЙ	ONCUГUI
ОНЦГОЙЛОЛ	ONCUГUILAL
ОНЦГОЙЛОХ	ONCUГUILA-
ОНЦЛОГ	ONCULIГ
ОНЦЛОЛ	ONCULAL
ОНЦЛОХ	ONCALA-
ОНЦОРХОХ	ONCURXA-
ОНЧ	ONCI
ОНЧДОХ	ONCIDA-
ОНЬ	ONI, 1.
ОНЬ	ONU, 1.
ОНЬС(ОН)	ONISU(N)
ОНЬСГО	ONISX-A
ОНЬСЛОХ	ONISULA-
ОНЬСТОЙ	ONISUTEI
ОО	A[E], 2.
ОО	O
ОО	OU
ООДОН	OГUDUNG, 1.
ООДОН	OГUDUNG, 2.
ООДРОХ	OГUDARA-
ООЛЬ	OГULI
ООЛЬДОХ	OГULIDA-
ООНО	ONU, 2.
ООР	OUR
ООСОР	OГUSUR

ООСОРЛОГДОХ
ООСОРЛОХ
ООЧ
ООЧЛХ
ООЧУУЛАХ
ОТЕРА
ОДЕРАЦ
ОР
ОРВИГНОХ
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ОРЛУУЛАХ
ОРМОЛ
ОРОЙ

OГUSURLAГDA-
OГUSURLA-
OUCI
OГUCI-
OГUCIГUL-
OPERA
OPËRACI
ORÜ
ORBIGINA-
ORBIGINAГUR
ORBUГAR
ORBUI-
ORBULZA-
ORBUN
ORGIL
ORGILГ-A, 1
ORGILГ-A, 2
ORGIL-
ORGILAГUL-
ORGI-
ORГUDAL
ORГUL
ORГULTA
ORГU-
ORГUГUL
ORГUГUL-
ORDU(N)
ORDUS
ORDUSU(N)
ORDUSULA-
ORUDUSUTAI
ORUZA
ORILГ-A
ORILA-
ORULГ-A
ORULAГCI
ORULAL
ORULA-
ORULAГUL-
ORUMAL
ORUI 1

ОРОЙ
ОРОЙВЧ
ОРОЙЛОХ
ОРОЙТОХ
ОРОЙХОН
ОРОЛДЛОГО
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ОРОМ
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ОРОС

ORUI, 2
ORUIBCI
ORUILA-
ORUITA-
ORUIXAN
ORULDULГ-A
ORULDULГATAI
ORULDUГ-A
ORULDUГATAI
ORULDU-
ORULDUГUL-
ORULTA
ORULCAГCI
ORULCAL
ORULCA-
ORULCAГUL-
ORUM
ORUMDA-
ORUMLA-
ORUMTAГAI
ORUN
ORUNGГ-A
ORUNGГU
ORUNDUГ
ORUNZI-
ORUNCUГ
ORUNCUГLA-
ORUГ-A
ORIJAГDA-
ORIJADASU(N)
ORIJADASULA-
ORIJALDU-
ORIJALTA
ORIJALTATU
ORUГALAN
ORIJALTATAI
ORIJAMAL
ORIJANGГU
ORIJA-
ORUГA-
ORUS

ОРОСЧЛОХ
ОРОХ
ОРУУЛЛАГА
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ОРЧЛОН(Г)
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ОСГОР(УУ)
ОСГОРТОХ
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ОСОЛДОЛ
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ОСОЛТ
ОСОЛТОЙ

ORUSCILA-
ORU-
ORUГULULГ-A
ORUГUL-
ORKIГDA-
ORKIDASU(N)
ORKIL[A]-
ORKIMZI
ORKIMZILA-
ORKIRAL
ORKIRA-
ORKIГUL-
ORKIГULI
ORKI-
ORKICA
ORKICA-
ORXUDUI
ORCIM
ORCIMDAKI
ORCI-
ORCILANG
ORCILANGTU
ORCIГULUГCI
ORCIГUL-
ORCIГULГ-A
ORUSIL, 1
ORUSIL 2
ORUSILTU
ORUSILTAI
ORUSINGГUI
ORUSI-
ORUSIГUL-
ORI 1
OSXUR[UU]
OSXURDA-
OSUL
OSULDAL
OSULDA-
OSULDAГUL-
OSULTU
OSULTAI

ОСОЛТОХ
ОСОХ
ОТГО
ОТЛОЛТ
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ОХОР
ОХОРДОХ
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ОЧТОЙ
ОЮУ
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ОЮУТАЙ
ОЮУТАН
ОЮУЧ

OSULDA-
OSU-
OTUГ-A(N)
OTALULTA
OTUГ
OTUI
OTUL
OTUR
OTURLA-
OTURCI
OTACI(N)
OTACILA-
OTRIJAD
OKILA-
ØKIN
OXUR
OXURDA-
OXURDAГUL-
OXURXAN
OГUTUR
OXU-
OKI
OCUГAR
OCUILГA-
OCUI-
OCUN
OCI(N)
VACIR
OCITU
OCI-
OCILA-
OCITAI
OGIU
OJUN
OJUTAI
OJUTAN
OJUCI

Ө

ӨВ
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ӨВГӨН
ӨВГӨТӨР
ӨВДӨЛ
ӨВДӨГЛӨХ
ӨВДӨГЦӨӨ
ӨВДӨГЧ
ӨВДӨГЧЛӨХ
ӨВДӨЛ
ӨВЛӨХ
ӨВӨГ
ӨВӨГ
ӨВӨГЖӨӨР
ӨВӨГРӨХ
ӨВӨГЧЛӨХ
ӨВӨЛ
ӨВӨЛЖИН(Г)
ӨВӨЛЖИХ
ӨВӨЛЖӨӨ(Н)
ӨВӨЛЖӨӨЛӨХ
ӨВӨР
ӨВӨРЛӨХ
ӨВӨРМИЦ
ӨВӨРТЛӨХ
ӨВӨРЧЛӨХ
ӨВРӨХ
ӨВС(ӨН)
ӨВСЛӨҮ
ӨВСТӨХ
ӨВСТЭЙ
ӨВСЧИН
ӨВТГӨХ
ӨЗТӨГШ
ӨВЧ
ӨВЧИН
ӨВЧИХ
ӨВЧТЭЙ
ӨВЧҮҮ(Н)
ӨВЧҮҮВЧ
ӨВШИХ
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ӨНХРӨХ	**ØMKERE-**	ӨРГӨМЖ	**ERGYMZI**	ӨРӨМ	**ØRYM-E**	ӨСТӨН	**ØSTEN**
ӨНХРӨХ	**ØMKERI-**	ӨРГӨМЖЛӨГ	**ERGYMZILGE**	ӨРӨМДМӨЛ	**ØRYMDEMEL**	ӨСТЭЙ	**ØSTEI**
ӨНХРҮҮЛЭХ	**ØMKEREGYL-**	ӨРГӨМЖЛӨГДӨХ	**ERGYMZILEGDE-**	ӨРӨМДӨХ	**ØRYMEDE-**	ӨТ	**ØTY(N)**
ӨӨ	**A [E], 2.**	ӨРГӨМЖЛӨЛ	**ERGYMZILEL**	ӨРӨМДӨХ	**ØRYMDE-**	ӨТГӨДӨХ	**ØDKEDE-**
ӨӨ	**Ø**	ӨРГӨМЖЛӨХ	**ERGYMZILE-**	ӨРӨМДҮҮЛЭХ	**ØRYMDEGYL-**	ӨТГӨН	**ØDKEN**
ӨӨГ	**ØGEG**	ӨРГӨМЖЛҮҮЛЭХ	**ERGYMZILEGYL-**	ӨРӨӨ	**ØRYGE(N)**	ӨТГӨРӨХ	**ØDKERE-**
ӨӨД	**ØGEDE**	ӨРГӨМӨЛ	**ERGYMEL**	ӨРӨӨЛ	**ØRYGEL**	ӨТГӨРҮҮЛЭХ	**ØDKEREGYL-**
ӨӨДЛӨЛ	**ØGEDELEL**	ӨРГӨН	**ØRGEN**	ӨРӨӨЛДӨХ	**ØRYGELDY-**	ӨТГӨХӨН	**ØDKEKEN**
ӨӨДЛӨХ	**ØGEDELE-**	ӨРГӨӨ	**ØRGYGE(N)**	ӨРӨӨСДӨХ	**ØRYGESYDE-**	ӨТИЙХ	**ØTYI-**
ӨӨДЛӨШ	**ØGEDELESI**	ӨРГӨӨЛӨХ	**ØRGYGELE-**	ӨРӨӨСЛӨХ	**ØRYGESYLE-**	ӨТЛӨЛ	**ØTELYL**
ӨӨДЛҮҮЛЭХ	**ØGEDELEGYL-**	ӨРГӨРӨГ	**ØRGERIG**	ӨРӨӨСЛҮҮЛЭХ	**ØRYGESYLEGYL-**	ӨТЛӨХ	**ØTEL-**
ӨӨДӨН	**ØGEDENG**	ӨРГӨС	**ØRGESYN**	ӨРӨӨСӨН	**ØRYGESYN**	ӨТӨГ	**ØTEGE**
ӨӨДӨС	**ØGEDESY(N)**	ӨРГӨС	**ØRGYSY(N)**	ӨРӨӨСТӨХ	**ØRYGESYDE-**	ӨТӨГ	**ØTYG**
ӨӨДТЭЙ	**ØGEDETEY**	ӨРГӨСТ	**ØRGESYT**	ӨРӨХ	**ØRY-**	ӨТӨГЖИХ	**ØTYGZI-**
ӨӨЕ	**ØI**	ӨРГӨСТЭЙ	**ØRGESYTEI**	ӨРСӨЛДӨӨН	**ØRISYLDYGEN**	ӨТӨГЖҮҮЛЭХ	**ØTYGZIGYL-**
ӨӨЛД	**ØGELED**	ӨРГӨТГӨЛ	**ØRGEDKEL**	ӨРСӨХ	**ERYS-**	ӨТӨГЛӨХ	**ØTYGLE-**
ӨӨЛӨХ	**ØGELE-**	ӨРГӨТГӨХ	**ØRGEDKE-**	ӨРСӨХ	**ØRIS-**	ӨТӨГС	**ØTYGYS**
ӨӨЛИЙ	**ØGELEı**	ӨРГӨТӨХ	**ØRGED-**	ӨРТӨГ	**ØRTEG**	ӨТӨГС	**ØTEGYS**
ӨӨЛИЙХЭН	**ØGELEIKEN**	ӨРГӨХ	**ERGY-**	ӨРТӨГЛӨХ	**ØRTEGLE-**	ӨГӨГТ	**ØTYGTY**
ӨӨР	**ØBER**	ӨРГӨХӨН	**ØRGEKEN**	ӨРТӨН	**ØRITEN**	ӨТӨГТЭЙ	**ØTYGTEI**
ӨӨР	**ØGER-E**	ӨРГӨЦ	**ERGYCE**	ӨРТӨӨ	**ØRTEGE(N)**	ӨТӨГШИХ	**ØTYGSI-**
ӨӨР	**ØGERI**	ӨРГҮҮ	**ØRGYY**	ӨРТӨӨЛӨХ	**ØRTEGELE-**	ӨТЭР	**ØDTER**
ӨӨРСӨД	**ØBERSED**	ӨРГҮҮЛӨХ	**ERGYGEL-**	ӨРТӨӨЧ	**ØRTEGECI(N)**	ӨТӨРЛӨХ	**ØDTYRLE-**
ӨӨРТӨӨ	**ØBERTEGEN**	ӨРГҮҮТГЭХ	**ØRGYDKE-**	ӨРТӨХ	**ØRTE-**	ӨТӨХ	**ØTY-**
ӨӨРЧЛӨГДӨХ	**ØGERECILEGDE-**	ӨРДӨХ	**ØRIDE-**	ӨРТЭЙ	**ØRITEI**	ӨТӨЧЛӨХ	**ØTYCILE-**
ӨӨРЧЛӨЛ	**ØGERECILEL**	ӨРЛӨВ	**ØRYLBI**	ӨРҮҮ	**ØRIGYY**	ӨТӨЧЛҮҮР	**ØTYCILEGYR**
ӨӨРЧЛӨЛТ	**ØGERECILELTE**	ӨРЛӨВДӨХ	**ØRYLBIDE-**	ЭРҮҮДЭХ	**ØRIGYDE-**	ӨТРӨХ	**ØTYRI-**
ӨӨРЧЛӨХ	**ØGERECILE-**	ӨРЛӨГ	**ØRLYГ**	ӨРХ(ӨН)	**ERYKE**	ӨТТӨРЛӨХ	**ØDTYRLE-**
ӨӨСӨӨ	**ØBESYBEN**	ӨРМӨГ	**ERMYGE(N)**	ӨРХТЭЙ	**ERYKETEI**	ӨХ	**ØG-**
ӨӨТЭЙ	**ØTEI**	ӨРМӨГ	**ØRMEG**	ӨРЦ	**ØRYCE**	ӨХИН	**ØKIN**
ӨӨХ	**ØGEKY(N)**	ӨРМӨГ	**ØRMYGE**	ӨРШӨӨЛ	**ØRYSIJEL**	ӨЦӨГДӨР	**ØCYGEDYR**
ӨӨШ	**ØGESI(N)**	ӨРМӨГЛӨХ	**ØRMEGLE-**	ӨРШӨӨЛТ	**ØRYSIJELTY**	ӨЧИГ	**ØCIG**
ӨӨШЛӨХ	**ØGESILE-**	ӨРНӨ	**ØRYN-E**	ӨРШӨӨЛТЭЙ	**ØRYSIJELTEI**	ӨЧИГЛӨХ	**ØCIGLE-**
ӨР	**ØRI**	ӨРНӨД	**ØRYNETY**	ӨРШӨӨНГҮЙ	**ØRYSIJENGGYI**	ӨЧИХ	**ØCI-**
ӨР	**ØRY**	ӨРНӨЛТ	**ØRNILTE**	ӨРШӨӨНГҮЙТ	**ØRYSIJENGGYITY**	ӨЧНӨӨН	**ØCINEN**
ӨРВИЙХ	**ØRYBEI-**	ӨРНӨХ	**ØRNI-**	ӨРШӨӨХ	**ØRYSIJE-**	ӨЧҮҮЛЭХ	**ØCYGYDE-**
ӨРВИЙХ	**ØRBEI-**	ӨРНҮҮЛЭХ	**ØRNIGYL-**	ӨС	**ØS**	ӨЧҮҮЛЭХ	**ØCIGYL-**
ӨРВӨГНӨХ	**ØRBEGNE-**	ӨРӨВГӨР	**ØRBEGER**	ӨСВӨР	**ØSBYRI**	ӨЧҮҮТГЭХ	**ØCYDKE-**
ӨРВӨГӨР	**ØRBEGER**	ӨРӨВДӨХ	**ØRIBED-**	ӨСГИЙ	**ØSYGEI**	ӨЧҮҮХЭН	**ØCYKEN**
ӨРВӨЛЭЗЭХ	**ØRYBELZE-**	ӨРӨВДӨХ	**ØRYBED-**	ӨСГИЙДӨХ	**ØSYGEIDE-**	ӨШИГЛӨВӨР	**ISKYLBYRI**
ӨРВӨЛӨГ	**ØRBELGE**	ӨРӨВЛӨГ	**ØRBELGE**	ӨСГИЙЛДӨХ	**ØSYGEILDY-**	ӨШҮГЛӨГӨ	**ISKYLGE**
ӨРГӨДЕГ	**ERGYDEG**	ӨРӨВСГӨХ	**ØRBISKE-**	ӨСГӨВӨР	**ØSKEBYRI**	ӨШҮГЛӨХ	**ISKYL-**
ӨРГГӨДӨХ	**ERGYGDE-**	ӨРӨВСӨХ	**ØRBIS-**	ӨСГӨГДӨХ	**ØSKEGDE-**	ӨШИГЛҮҮЛЭХ	**ISKYLYGYL-**
ӨРГӨЖИЛ	**ØRGEZIL**	ӨРӨВТӨЛ	**YRYBTYL**	ӨСГӨХ	**ØSKE-**	ӨШИГЛҮҮР	**ISKYLGYR**
ӨРГӨЖИХ	**ØRGEZI-**	ӨРӨВТӨЛДӨХ	**YRYBTYLDE-**	ӨСГҮҮЛЭХ	**ØSKEGYL-**	ӨШИГЧИХ	**ISKYCE-**
ӨРГӨЖҮҮЛЭХ	**ØRGEZIGYL-**	ӨРӨВТӨС	**YRYBTESY(N)**	ӨСЛӨГ	**ØSYLGE**	ӨШИХ	**ØSI-**
ӨРГӨЛ	**ERGYL**	ӨРӨВХИЙХ	**ØRYBKI-**	ӨСЛӨЛДӨХ	**ØSLELDY-**	ӨШӨӨ	**ØSIJ-E**
ӨРГӨЛГӨ	**ERGYLGE**	ӨРӨГДӨЛ	**ERGYDEL**	ӨСЛӨХ	**ØSLE-**	ӨШӨӨЛӨХ	**ØSIJELE-**
ӨРГӨЛӨГ	**ØRGELIG**	ӨРӨЛ	**ØLIR**	ӨСӨЛГӨ	**ØSYLGE**	ӨШӨӨЛҮҮЛЭХ	**ØSIJELEGYL-**
ӨРГӨЛТ	**ERGYLTE**	ӨРӨЛ	**RILY**	ӨСӨЛТ	**ØSYLTE**	ӨШӨӨРХӨХ	**ØSIJERKE-**
ӨРГӨЛТ	**ØRGYLTE**	ӨРӨЛ	**YRIL, 1**	ӨСӨХ	**ØS-**	ӨШӨӨТ	**ØSIJETY**
		ӨРӨМ	**ØRYM**	ӨСТ	**ØSTY**	ӨШӨӨТӨН	**ØSIJETEN**
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ПААЛАН	**PALANG, 1.**	ПАНАМА	**PANAMA**	ПРОГРАММ	**PROGRAM**	ПҮЛ	**PYL**
ПААЛАНДАХ	**PALANGDA-**	ПАНЗЧИЛАХ	**PANGZACILA-**	ПРОКУРОР	**PROKYROR**	ПҮЛЕМЁТ	**PYLEMIOT**
ПААН	**PANG**	ПАНЗЧИН	**PANGZACI(N)**	ПРОЛЕТАРИ	**PROLETARI**	ПҮРЭЬ	**PYRBY**
ПАГДАГР	**PAГDAГAR**	ПАНС	**PANGSA**	ПРОПЕЛЛЕР	**PROPELLER**	ПҮҮЖИН	**PUUZING**
ПАД	**PAD**	ПАРИС	**PARIS**	ПРОТЕСТАНТ	**PROTESTANT**	ПҮРШ	**PYRSIN**
ПАДААН	**PADAГ-A(N)**	ПАЧИГНАХ	**PACIGINA-**	ПРОФЕССОР	**PROFESSOR**	ПҮҮС	**PYYSE(N)**
ПАЙ	**PAI**	ПЕРС	**PERS**	ПСИХИАТРИ	**PSIKIATRI**	ПЯЛ	**PILA**
ПАЙЗ	**PAIZA**	ПИУ	**PIJUU**	ПСИХОЛОГИ	**PSIXOLOGI**	ПЯНЗ	**PIJANSE**
ПАЙЛУУР	**PAILUUR**	ПОЛЬШ	**POLISA**	ПУД	**PYD**	ПЭНС	**PENGSE**
ПАЛ	**PAL**	ПОРТУГАЛИ	**PORTUГALI**	ПУД	**PYYDE**	ПЭЭ	**PEI**

Р

РАВЗАМБА	**RABZAMBA**	РАДИО	**RADIO**	РАШААН	**RASIJAN**	РУУ	**URUГU**
РАВНАЙ	**RABNAI**	РАМ	**RAM**	РЕЗИН	**ERZINE**		
РАВНАЙЛАХ	**RABNAILA-**	РАХ	**RA-A HU**	РИДЬ	**RIDI**		
РАВСАЛ	**RABSAL**	РАХ	**RAXU**	РУМЫНИ	**RYMENI**		

С

САА	**SA**	СААХ	**SAГA-, 1**	САГ	**SAГ**	САЖИЛХИЙЛАХ	**SAZILKILA-**
СААД	**SAГAD**	СААХ	**SAГA-, 2**	САГА	**SAГ-A**	САЖИХ	**SAZI-**
СААДАГ	**SAГADAГ**	САВ	**SAB, 1.**	САГАГ	**SAГAГ**	САЖЛАГА	**SAZILAГ-A**
СААДАГЛАХ	**SAГADAГLA-**	САВ	**SAB, 2**	САГАД	**SAГADA**	САЖЛАЛ	**SAZILAL**
СААДАТ	**SAГADTU**	САВ	**SABA**	САГАЛДРАГА	**SAГALDURГ-A**	САЖЛАХ	**SAZILA-**
СААДТАЙ	**SAГADTAI**	САВАА	**SABAГ-A, 1.**	САГАЛДРАГАЛАХ	**SAГALDURГALA-**	САЖЛУУЛАХ	**SAZILAГUL-**
СААЛГАХ	**SAГALГA-**	САВАА	**SABAГ-A, 2.**	САГЛАГА	**SAГLAГ-A**	САЖУУР	**SAZIГUR**
СААЛТ	**SAГALTA, 1.**	САВААДАХ	**SABAГADA-**	САГЛАГАР	**SAГLAГAR**	САЙВАР	**SAIBUR**
СААЛЬ	**SAГALI, 1**	САВААТАЙ	**SABAГATAI**	САГЛАЙХ	**SAГLAI-**	САЙВАРЛАХ	**SAIBURLA-**
СААЛЬ	**SAГALI, 2**	САВАН	**SABUNG**	САГС	**SAГSU**	САЙД	**SAID**
СААЛЬДАХ	**SAГALIDA-**	САВАНДАХ	**SABUNGDA-**	САГСАГНАХ	**SAГSAГANA-**	САЙЖРАЛ	**SAIZIRAL**
СААЛЬЧИН	**SAГALICI(N)**	САВАР	**SABAR**	САГСАЙЛГАХ	**SAГSAILГA-**	САЙЖРАХ	**SAIZIRA-**
СААМАЛ	**SAГAMAL**	САВАРДАХ	**SABARDA-**	САГСАЙХ	**SAГSAI-**	САЙХРУУЛАХ	**SAIZIRAГUL-**
СААРАЛ	**SAГARAL, 1**	САВАХ	**SABA-**	САГСАЛЗАХ	**SAГSALZA-**	САЙМСРАГЧ	**SAIMZURAГCI**
СААРАЛ	**SAГARAL, 2**	САВДАХ	**SABADA-**	САГСГАР	**SAГSAГAR**	САЙМСРАХ	**SAIMSURA-**
СААРАХ	**SAГARA-**	САВСЛАГА	**SABSALГ-A**	САДАН	**SADUN**	САЙН	**SAIN**
СААРМАГ	**SAГARMAГ**	САВСЛАГАЛАХ,	**SABSALГALA-**	САДАР	**SADUR**	САЙР	**SAIR**
СААРМАГЛАХ	**SAГARMAГLA-**	САВЛАХ	**SABAL-**	САДАРЛАЛ	**SADURLAL**	САЙРАХ	**SAIRA-**
СААРУУ	**SAГARAГUU**	САВЛАХ	**SABALA-**	САДАРЛАХ	**SADURLA-**	САЙРТАХ	**SAIRTA-**
СААРУУЛАХ	**SAГARAГUL-**	САВСАХ	**SABSA-**	САДАРХАЙ	**SADARXAI**	САЙРХАГ	**SAIRXAГ**
СААРЬ	**SAГARI(N)**	САВТАРХАЙ	**SABTARXAI**	САДГА	**SADAГ-A**	САЙРХАГЧ	**SAIRXAГCI**
СААТАЛ	**SAГATAL**	САВХ	**SABX-A(N)**	САДГАНАХ	**SADAГANA-**	САЙРХАЛ	**SAIRXAL**
СААТАХ	**SAГATA-**	САВХДАХ	**SABXADA-**	САДРАХ	**SADARA-**	САЙРХАХ	**SAIRXA-**
СААТГАХ	**SAГADXA-**	САВХИН	**SABKIN**	САДРУУЛАХ	**SADARAГUL-**	САЙТ	**SAITU**
СААТУУЛАХ	**SAГATAГUL-**	САВХЛАХ	**SABXALA-**	САЖИГДАХ	**SAZIГDA-**	САЙТАЙ	**SAITAI**

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SOXUI-
SOXUR
SOXURDA-

СОХРОХ	**SOXURA-**	СУЛДАЙХ	**SULADAI-**	СҮЙД	**SYID**	СЭВҮҮН	**SEBEGYN**
СОЦИАЛИЗМ	**SOCIALISM**	СУЛДАХ	**SULAD-**	СҮЙДЭЛ	**SYIDYL**	СЭВҮҮР	**SEBIGYR**
СОЦИАЛИС(Т)	**SOCIALIST**	СУЛЛАХ	**SULALA-**	СҮЙДЭХ	**SYID-**	СЭВҮҮРЛЭХ	**SEBIGYRDE-**
СОЧИХ	**SOCI-**	СУЛРАЛ(Т)	**SULARAL[TA]**	СҮЙЛХЛЭХ	**SYILEGLE-**	СЭВҮҮР..ЭХ	**SEBEGYRKE-**
СӨВ	**SØB**	СУЛРАХ	**SULARA-**	СҮЙЛЭХ	**SYILE-, 1**	СЭВХ	**SEBKE**
СӨВӨӨ	**SØBEGE**	СУЛРУУЛАХ	**SULARAГUL-**	СҮЙЛЭХ	**SYILE-, 2**	СЭВХТЭЙ	**SEBKETEI**
СӨГНӨХ	**SØNGNE-**	СУЛТГАЛ	**SULADXAL**	СҮЙРЭХ	**SYIRE-**	СЭВХТЭХ	**SEBKETE-**
СӨГТГӨХ	**SØGYDKE-**	СУЛТГАХ	**SULADXA-**	СҮЙТГЭЛ	**SYIDKEL**	СЭВХҮҮЛ	**SEBKEGYL**
СӨГТӨХ	**SØGYD-**	СУЛХАН	**SULAX̄AN**	СҮЙТГЭХ	**SYIDKE-**	СЭВХЬ	**SEBEKI**
СӨД	**SØDY**	СУЛЬ	**SULI**	СҮЙТЭЙ	**SYITEI**	СЭВШЭЭЛЭХ	**SEBSIJELE-**
СӨДЛӨГ	**SØDYLGE**	СУМ(АН)	**SUMUN(N)**	СҮЙХ	**SYIKE**	СЭВЭГ	**SEBEG, 1**
СӨДРӨГ	**SØDYRGE**	СУМАЛ	**SUMAL**	СҮЙХ	**SYIKY**	СЭВЭГ	**SEBEG, 2**
СӨДРӨГДӨХ	**SØDYRGEDE-**	СУМГАН	**SUMAГAN**	СҮЙХЛЭХ	**SYIKELE-**	СЭВЭГЛЭХ	**SEBEGLE-**
СӨЛ	**SØLY**	СУМЛАХ	**SUMULA-**	СҮЛ	**SYLY**	СЭВЭЛЗҮҮР	**SEBILZEGYR**
СӨЛЛӨХ	**SØLYLE-**	СУМРАНЗ	**SUMARANÇA**	СҮЛБЭЭ	**SYLBEGE**	СЭВЭЛЗЭХ	**SEBILZE-**
СӨЛӨЛЗӨХ	**SØLILZE-**	СУМЧ	**SUMUCI**	СҮЛБЭЭДЭХ	**SYLBEGEDE-**	СЭВЭХ	**SEBI-**
СӨЛӨР	**SØLER**	СУМЪЯА	**SUMIJ-A**	СҮЛБЭЭЛЭЛДЭХ	**SYLBEGELELDY-**	СЭВЭХ	**SEBE-**
СӨЛӨР	**SØLYR**	СУНААХ	**SUNUГA-**	СҮЛБЭЭЛЭХ	**SYLBEGELE-**	СЭГ	**SEG, 1**
СӨЛӨРДӨХ	**SØLYRTE-**	СУНАМАЛ	**SUNUMAL**	СҮЛБЭЭТ	**SYLBEGETY**	СЭГ	**SEG, 2**
СӨМС	**SØMESY(N)**	СУНАХ	**SUNU-**	СҮЛБЭЭТЭЙ	**SYLBEGETEI**	СЭГЛИИ	**SEGLI**
СӨН	**SØNG, 2.**	СУНГАХ	**SUNGГA-**	СҮЛД	**SYLDE**	СЭГЛЭГ	**SEGELGE**
СӨНГ	**SØNG, 1**	СУНДАС	**SUNDASU**	СҮЛДТЭЙ	**SYLDETEI**	СЭГРЭХ	**SERGE-**
СӨНИД	**SØNID**	СУНДЛАХ	**SUNDALA-**	СҮЛДЭС	**SYLDESY(N)**	СЭГС	**SEGSY**
СӨНӨЛ	**SØNYL**	СУНДЛУУЛАХ	**SUNDALAГUL-**	СҮЛЖ	**SYLZE**	СЭГСГЭР	**SEGSYGER**
СӨНӨӨГЧ	**SØNYGEGCI**	СУНДУУ	**SUNDUU**	СҮЛЖИХ	**SYLZI-**	СЭГСИЙЛГЭХ	**SEGSYILGE-**
СӨНӨӨЛ	**SØNYGEL**	СУНДУУЛ	**SUNGDUГUL**	СҮЛЖЛЭХ	**SYLZELE-**	СЭГСИЙХ	**SEGSEI-**
СӨНӨӨЛТ	**SØNYGELTE**	СУНИАХ	**SUNIJA-**	СҮЛЖМЭЛ	**SYLZIMEL**	СЭГСИЙХ	**SEGSYI-**
СӨНӨӨХ	**SØNYGE-**	СУР	**SUR**	СҮЛЖЭЭ	**SYLZEGE**	СЭГСРЭХ	**SEGSYRE-**
СӨНӨХ	**SØNY-**	СУРАГ	**SURAГ**	СҮЛЖЭЭ	**SYLZIGE**	СЭГСҮҮРЭГ	**SEGSYGYRGE**
СӨНТӨХ	**SØNGTE-**	СУРАГЛАЛ	**SURAГLAL**	СҮЛЖЭЭЛЭХ	**SYLZIGELE-**	СЭГХИЙЛТ	**SEGKILTE**
СӨНЧ	**SØNGCI**	СУРАГЛАХ	**SURAГLA-**	СҮМ	**SYM-E**	СЭГХИЙХ	**SEGKI-**
СӨӨМ	**SØGEM**	СУРАГЧ	**SURUГCI**	СҮМБЭ	**SYMBE**	СЭГЭХ	**SEGE-**
СӨӨМ	**SØGYM**	СУРАГЧИД	**SURUГCID**	СҮМБЭР	**SYMER**	СЭГЭЭ	**SEGEGE**
СӨӨМЛӨХ	**SØGYMLE-**	СУРАГЧЛАХ	**SURUГCILA-**	СҮМГЭР	**SYMEGER**	СЭГЭЭРСХИЙХ	**SEGERESKI-**
СӨӨМНӨХ	**SØGYMNE-**	СУРАЛТ	**SURULTA**	СҮМГЭРДЭХ	**SYMEGERDE-**	СЭГЭЭРҮҮЛЭХ	**SEGEREGYL-**
СӨӨНГӨ	**SØGENGGI**	СУРАЛЦАХ	**SURULCA-**	СҮМИЙХ	**SYMEI-**	СЭГЭЭРЭХ	**SEGERE-**
СӨӨХ	**SØGE-**	СУРАМГАЙ	**SURMAГAI**	СҮМЭГ	**SYMEG**	СЭД	**SED**
СӨР	**SØRY, 1**	СУРАМГАЙ	**SURUMAГAI**	СҮМЭЛЗЭХ	**SYMELZE-**	СЭДГЭРТЭХ	**SEDEGERTY-**
СӨР	**SØRY, 2.**	СУРАХ	**SUR-**	СҮНДЛЭД	**SYNDELEL**	СЭДЛЭГЭ	**SEDYLGE**
СӨРГӨХ	**SØRGE-**	СУРВАЛЖ	**SURBULZI**	СҮНДЛЭХ	**SYNDELE-**	СЭДРҮҮЛЭХ	**SEDEREGYL-**
СӨРГҮҮ	**SØRGYY**	СУРВАЛЖИТ	**SURBULZITU**	СҮНС(ЭН)	**SYNESY(N)**	СЭДРЭХ	**SEDERE-**
СӨРЛӨГ	**SØRYLG-E**	СУРВАЛЖЛАГЧ	**SURBULZILAГCI**	СҮР	**SYR**	СЭДЭВ	**SEDYB**
СӨРЛӨХ	**SØRYLE-**	СУРВАЛЖЛАХ	**SURBULZILA-**	СҮРДҮҮЛЭХ	**SYRDEGYL**	СЭДЭВЛЭЛ	**SEDYBLEL**
СӨРӨЛ	**SØRYL**	СУРВАЛЖТАН	**SURBULZITAN**	СҮРДЭХ	**SYRDE-**	СЭДЭВЛЭХ	**SEDYBLE-**
СӨРӨХ	**SØR-, 1**	СУРГААГ	**SURГAAГ, 1**	СҮРЛЭГ	**SYRLIG**	СЭДЭРГЭНЭ	**SEDERGEN-E**
СӨРӨХ	**SØR, 2**	СУРГААГ	**SURГAAГ, 2**	СҮРТҮҮЛЭХ	**SYRDEGYL-**	СЭДЭХ	**SEDY-**
СӨРҮҮЛЭХ	**SØRGYLE-**	СУРГААЛ	**SURГAL**	СҮРТЭЙ	**SYRTEI**	СЭЖИГ	**SEZIG**
СӨРХҮҮ	**SØRGYY**	СУРГААЛТАЙ	**SURГALTAI**	СҮРХИЙ	**SYRKEI**	СЭЖИГЛҮҮЛЭХ	**SEZIGLEGYL-**
СӨС	**SØLSY(N)**	СУРГАГЧ	**SURГAGCI**	СҮРХРЭЛ	**SYRKIREL**	СЭЖИГЛЭЛ	**SEZIGLEL**
СӨС	**SØSY(N)**	СУРГАЛ	**SURГAL**	СҮРХРЭХ	**SYRKIRE-**	СЭЖИГЛЭЛТ	**SEZIGLELTY**
СӨХ	**SØKY**	СУРГАМЖ	**SURГAMZI**	СҮРЧИХ	**SYRCI-**	СЭЖИГЛЭҮТЭЙ	**SEZIGLELTEI**
СӨХӨХ	**SØKE-**	СУРГАМЖИТ	**SURГAMZITU**	СҮРЧЛЭГ	**SYRCILGE**	СЭЖИГЛЭҮГИЙ	**SEZIGLEMKEI**
СӨХӨХ	**SØKY-**	СУРГАХ	**SURГA-**	СҮРЭГ	**SYRYG**	СЭЖИГЛЭХ	**SEZIGLE-**
СПОРТ	**SPORT**	СУРГУУЛИЛАХ	**SURГAГULILA-**	СҮРЭГЛҮҮЛЭХ	**SYRYGLEGYL-**	СЭЖИГТ	**SEZIGTY**
СССР	**S S.S R**	СУРГУУЛЬ	**SURГAГULI**	СҮРЭГЛЭЛ	**SYRYGLEL**	СЭЖИГТЭЙ	**SEZIGTEI**
СТАНЦ	**STANZA**	СУРГУУЛЬТАЙ	**SURГAГULITAI**	СҮРЭГЛЭХ	**SYRYGLE-**	СЭЖИХ	**SEZI-**
СТЕНОГРАФИ	**STENOGRAFI**	СУРЛАГА	**SURULГ-A**	СҮРЭЧ	**SYRYGCI**	СЭЖЛЭХ	**SEZILE-**
СУВАГ	**SUBAГ**	СУРЛАГАТАЙ	**SURULГATAI**	СҮРЭЛ	**SYGYRIL**	СЭЖҮҮР	**SEZIGYR**
СУВАГЛАХ	**SUBAГLA-, 1.**	СУРМАГАЙ	**SURUMAГAI**	СҮРЭХ	**SYRE-**	СЭЛБҮҮЛЭХ	**SELBIGYL-**
СУВАГЛАХ	**SUBAГLA-, 2.**	СУРТАЛ	**SURTAL**	СҮРЭЭ	**SYRIJ-E**	СЭЛБҮҮР	**SELBIGYR**
СУВАЙ	**SUBAI**	СУРТАЛТАЙ	**SURTALTAI**	СҮРЭЭТЭЙ	**SYRIJETEI**	СЭЛБҮҮРДЭХ	**SELBIGYRDE-**
СУВАЙРАХ	**SUBAIRA-**	СУРТАЛЧЛАХ	**SURTALCILA-**	СҮСЭГ	**SYSYG**	СЭЛБҮҮРТ	**SELBIGYRTY**
СУВАХ	**SUBU-**	СУРТАХ	**SURTA-**	СҮСЭГЛЭХ	**SYSYGLE-**	СЭЛБҮҮРЧ	**SELBIGYRCI**
СУВД	**SUBUD**	СУРТГУУН	**SURTAГUN**	СҮСЭГТ	**SYSYGTY**	СЭЛБЭЛТ	**SELBILTE**
СУВЖ	**SUBUZI**	СУРХИРАХ	**SURKIRA-**	СҮСЭГТЭЙ	**SYSYGTEI**	СЭЛБЭХ	**SELBI-, 1**
СУВИЛАГЧ	**SUBILAГCI**	СУРЧИН	**SURCIN**	СҮСЭГТЭН	**SYSYGTEN**	СЭЛБЭХ	**SELBI-, 2**
СУВИЛАЛ	**SOBILAL**	СУУ	**SUU, 1**	СҮҮ	**SY**	СЭЛБЭЧ	**SELBICI**
СУВИЛАХ	**SOBILA-**	СУУ	**SUU, 2**	СҮҮ	**SYN**	СЭЛГҮҮЦЭХ	**SELGYCE-**
СУВРААХ	**SUBURГA-**	СУУДАЛ	**SAГUDAL**	СҮҮДГЭЛЗЭХ	**SEGYDEGELZE-**	СЭЛГЭРЭЛ	**SELGYREL**
СУВРАГА	**SUBURГ-A(N)**	СУУДАЛТАЙ	**SAГUDALTAI**	СҮҮДЭВЧ	**SEGYDEBCI**	СЭЛГЭРЭХ	**SELGYRE-**
СУВРАГАЛАХ	**SUBURГALA-**	СУУЛГА	**SAГULГ-A**	СҮҮДЭР	**SEGYDER**	СЭЛГЭХ	**SELGY-**
СУВРАХ	**SUBUR-**	СУУЛГАХ	**SAГULГA-**	СҮҮДЭРЛЭХ	**SEGYDERLE-**	СЭЛГЭЦ	**SELGYCE**
СУВС	**SUBSU**	СУУЛИХ	**SAГULI-**	СҮҮДЭРТЭЙ	**SEGYDERTEI**	СЭЛТ	**SELTE**
СУВСРАХ	**SUBSARA-**	СУУЛТ	**SAГULTA**	СҮҮДЭРТЭХ	**SEGYDERTY-**	СЭЛТИЙЛГЭХ	**SELTEILGE-**
СУВСРАХ	**SUBSARA-**	СУУЛЦАХ	**SAГULCA-**	СҮҮЖ	**SEGYZI(N)**	СЭЛТИЙХ	**SELTEI-**
СУГА	**SUIU(N), 1.**	СУУНАГ	**SAГUNAГ**	СҮҮЖЛЭХ	**SEGYZILE-**	СЭЛТЭР	**SELDYR**
СУГА	**SUIU, 2.**	СУУНАГЛАХ	**SAГUNГLA-**	СҮҮЛ	**SEGYL**	СЭЛҮҮЛЭХ	**SELEGYL-**
СУГАВЧ	**SUIUBCI**	СУУРИЛАХ	**SAГURILA-**	СҮҮЛДЭХ	**SEGYLDE-**	СЭЛҮҮР	**SELEGYR**
СУГАВЧЛАХ	**SUIUBCILA-**	СУУРЬ	**SAГURI(N)**	СҮҮЛТ	**SEGYLTY**	СЭЛҮҮРЧ	**SELEGYRCI**
СУГАВЧЛ	**SUIUBCILAГUR**	СУУРЬТ	**SAГURITU**	СҮҮЛТЭЙ	**SEGYLTEI**	СЭЛҮҮЦЭХ	**SELGYCE-**
СУГАДАХ	**SUIUDA-**	СУУРЬТАЙ	**SAГURITAI**	СҮҮЛЧ	**SEGYLCI**	СЭЛЭМ	**SELEM-E**
СУГАЛАА	**SUIULГ-A**	СУУРЬШИЛ	**SAГURISIL**	СҮҮЛЭХ	**SYLE-**	СЭЛЭМ	**SELM-E**
СУГАЛАХ	**SUIUL-**	СУУРЬШИЛТАЙ	**SAГURISILTAI**	СҮҮЛЭЭР	**SEGYLER**	СЭЛЭНГЭ	**SELENGGE**
СУГАЛУУЛАХ	**SUIULUIГUL-**	СУУРЬШИХ	**SAГURISI-**	СҮҮМЭЛЗЭХ	**SYMEGELZE-**	СЭЛЭХ	**SELE-**
СУГАЛУУР	**SUIULIГUR**	СУУРЬШУУЛАХ	**SAГURISIIГUL-**	СҮҮРС	**SEGYRESY**	СЭМ	**SEM**
СУГАНАГЛАХ	**SUIUNAГLA-**	СУУСАР	**SUUSAR**	СҮҮРЭД	**SEGYREL**	СЭМЖ	**SEMEZI**
СУГАР	**SUKUR-A**	СУУТ	**SUUTU**	СҮҮТЭЙ	**SYTEI**	СЭМЛЭХ	**SEMEL-**
СУГАРАХ	**SUIURA-**	СУУТАЙ	**SUUTAI**	СҮҮХ	**SEYKE**	СЭМРЭХ	**SEMERE-**
СУГАРХАЙ	**SUIURXAI**	СУУХ	**SAГU-**	СҮХ	**SYKE**	СЭМТГЭР	**SEMTEGER**
СУГАСХИЙХ	**SUIUSKI-**	СУУЦ	**SAГUCA**	СҮХДЭХ	**SYKEDE-**	СЭМХЭН	**SEMKEN**
СУГАЧИХ	**SUIUCI-**	СУХАЙ	**SUXAI**	СҮХЛЭХ	**SYKELE-**	СЭМЭРХИЙ	**SEMERKEI**
СУГАСРАХ	**SUIUSUR-**	СУХРИХ	**SUXURI-**	СҮХЭВЧ	**SYKEBCI**	СЭМЭЭР	**SEMEGER**
СУДАЛ	**SUDAL**	СУВ	**SYBE**	СЭВ	**SEB, 1**	СЭМЭЭРХЭН	**SEMEGERKEN**
СУДАР	**SUDUR**	СУВЛЭХ	**SYBELE-**	СЭВ	**SEB, 2**	СЭНДЛЭХ	**SENDELE-**
СУДАРЛАХ	**SUDURLA-**	СУВРЭГ	**SYBERGEN**	СЭВ	**SEB, 3**	СЭНДЧИХ	**SENDECI-**
СУДАРЧ	**SUDURCI(N)**	СУВЭГЧЛЭХ	**SYBEGCILE-**	СЭВГЭР	**SEBEGER**	СЭНЖ	**SENZI**
СУДАРЧЛАХ	**SUDURCILA-**	СУВЭРХЭГ	**SYBERKEG**	СЭВЛЭХ	**SEBLE-**	СЭНЖЛЭХ	**SENZILE-**
СУДАС	**SUDASU(N)**	СУВЭЭ	**SYBEGE**	СЭВС	**SEBYSY(N)**	СЭНС	**SENGSE, 1.**
СУДЛАЛ	**SUDULUL**	СУЕЛЭХ	**SYJELE-**	СЭВСДЭХ	**SEBYSYDE-**	СЭНС	**SENGSE, 2**
СУДЛАХ	**SUDUL-**	СУЖИГ	**SYSYG**	СЭВСЛЭХ	**SEBYSYLE-**	СЭНХРҮҮЛЭХ	**SENGKEREGYL-**
СУЙХ	**SUIX-A**	СУЗЭГ	**SYSYG**	СЭВСРЭХ	**SEBESYRE-**	СЭНХРЭЛ(Т)	**SENGKEREL[TE]**
СУЛ	**SULA**	СУЙ	**SYI**	СЭВТЭЙ	**SEBTEI**	СЭНХРЭХ	**SENGKERE-**
СУЛАВТАР	**SULABTUR**	СУЙ	**SYI**	СЭВТЭХ	**SEBTE-**	СЭР	**SER**

СЭРВИЙЛГЭХ	**SERBEILGE-**	СЭРУУДЭХ	**SERIGYD-**	СЭРЭЭЛЖ	**SEREGELZI**	СЭТЭРЛЭХ	**SETERLE-**
СЭРВИЙХ	**SERBEI-**	СЭРУУЛГЭЭ	**SEREGYLGE**	СЭРЭЭЛЭХ	**SEREGELE-**	СЭТЭРХИЙ	**SETERKEI**
СЭРВЭГ	**SERBEG**	СЭРУУН	**SEREGYN,** 1	СЭРЭЭТ	**SEREGETY**	СЭХУЙЛГЭХ	**SEKYILGE-**
СЭРВЭГНЭХ	**SERBEGNE-**	СЭРУУН	**SEREGYN,** 2.	СЭТГУУЛ	**SEDGYL**	СЭХУЙХ	**SEKYI-**
СЭРВЭГЭР	**SERBEGER**	СЭРУУҢ	**SERIGYN,** 1	СЭТГУУЛЧ	**SEDGYLCI**	СЭХУУР	**SEKYGYR**
СЭРВЭЛЗЭХ	**SERBELZE-**	СЭРУУХЭН	**SERIGYKEN**	СЭТГЭГДЭЛ	**SEDKIGDEL**	СЭХЭЭ	**SEKEGE,** 1.
СЭРВЭН	**SERBENG**	СЭРУУЦУУЛЭХ	**SERIGYCEGYL-**	СЭТГЭГДЭХ	**SEDKIGDE-**	СЭХЭЭ	**SEKEGE,** 2.
СЭРВЭЭ	**SERBEGE**	СЭРУУЦЭЛ	**SERIGYCEL**	СЭТГЭГЧ	**SEDKIGCI**	СЭХЭЭ	**SEKEGE,** 3.
СЭРВЭЭТ	**SERBEGETY**	СЭРУУЦЭХ	**SERIGYCE-**	СЭТГЭЛ	**SEDKIL**	СЭХЭЭРУУЛЭХ	**SEKEGEREGYL-**
СЭРГИЙЛЭХ	**SERGEILE-**	СЭРХ	**SERKE**	СЭТГЭЛГЭЭ	**SEDKILGE**	СЭХЭЭРЭЛ	**SEKEGEREL**
СЭРГЭГ	**SERGEG**	СЭРХЛЭГ	**SERKELIG**	СЭТГЭЛТЭЙ	**SEDKILTEI**	СЭХЭЭРЭХ	**SEKEGERE-**
СЭРГЭЛЭН(Г)	**SERGYLENG**	СЭРЧИГНЭХ	**SERCIGINE-**	СЭТГЭЛЧЛЭХ	**SEDKILCILE-**	СЭХЭЭТ	**SEKEGETY**
СЭРГЭНЭ	**SERKEGEN-E**	СЭРЭЛ	**SEREL**	СЭТГЭЛЭГ	**SEDKILGE**	СЭХЭЭТЭЙ	**SEKEGETEI**
СЭРГЭХ	**SERGE-**	СЭРЭМЖ	**SEREMZI**	СЭТГЭМЖ	**SEDKIMZI**	СЭХЭЭТЭН	**SEKEGETEN**
СЭРГЭХ	**SERGY-**	СЭРЭМЖИТ	**SEREMZITY**	СЭТГЭХ	**SETEGE-**	СЭЧИГ	**SECIG**
СЭРГЭЭЛГЭХ	**SERGYGELGE-**	СЭРЭМЖЛЭЛ	**SEREMZILEL**	СЭТГЭХ	**SEDKI-**	СЭЦХЭН	**SECEKEN**
СЭРГЭЭХ	**SERGYGE-**	СЭРЭМЖЛЭХ	**SEREMZILE-**	СЭТГЭШ	**SEDKISI**	СЭЦЭН	**SECEN**
СЭРЛЭГ	**SERLIG**	СЭРЭМЖТЭЙ	**SEREMZITEI**	СЭТЛУУЛЭХ	**SETELYGYL-**	СЭЦЭРХУУ	**SECERKYY**
СЭРТГЭР	**SERTEGER**	СЭРЭНГҮЙ	**SERENGGYI**	СЭТЛЭХ	**SETEL-**	СЭЦЭРХЭХ	**SECERKE-**
СЭРТИЙЛГЭХ	**SERTEILGE-**	СЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭЛ	**SERENGGYILEL**	СЭТРУУЛЭХ	**SETEREGYL-**	СЭЭР	**SEGER**
СЭРТИЙХ	**SERTEI-**	СЭРЭНГҮЙЛЭХ	**SERENGGYILE-**	СЭТРЭЛ	**SETEREL**	СЭЭРТЭН	**SEGERTEN**
СЭРТЭГНЭХ	**SERTENGNE-**	СЭРЭХ	**SERE-**	СЭТРЭХ	**SETERE-**	СЭЭТЭГНҮҮР	**SEGETENGNEGYR**
СЭРТЭН	**SERTENG**	СЭРЭЭ	**SEREGE**	СЭТЧИХ	**SETECI-**	СЭЭТЭГНЭХ	**SEGETENGNE-**
СЭРТЭНДЭХ	**SERTENGDY-**	СЭРЭЭ	**SERIJ-E**	СЭТЭР	**SETER**		

Т

ТА	**TA**	ТАВТАЙ	**TABTAI,** 2.	ТАЙТГАРАХ	**TAIDXURA-**	ТАН	**TAN,** 2 .
ТАА	**ТАГ-А**	ТАВТАЙХАН	**TABTAIXAN**	ТАЙТГАРУУЛАХ	**TAIDXURAГUL-**	ТАН	**TANG,** 4.
ТААВАР	**ТАГАBURI**	ТАВТАЛЬ	**TABTALI**	ТАЙХ	**TAI-**	ТАН	**TANG,** 5.
ТААВАРЛАХ	**ТАГАBURILA-**	ТАВТАР	**TABTUR**	ТАЙЧИХ	**TAICI-**	ТАН(Г)	**TANG,** 1.
ТААДАЙХ	**ТАГАDAI-**	ТАВТАЯА	**TABTAI-A**	ТАЙЧУУД	**TAICIГUD**	ТАН(Г)	**TANG,** 2.
ТААЗ	**ТАZA**	ТАВУУЛ(АН)	**TABUГULA(N)**	ТАЙШ	**TAISI**	ТАН(Г)	**TANG,** 3.
ТААЗЛАХ	**ТАZALA-**	ТАВХАЙ	**TABXAI**	ТАКТИК	**TAГTIГ**	ТАНА	**TANA**
ТААЛАЛ	**ТАГАLAL**	ТАВХАЙХ	**TABXAI-**	ТАЛ	**TAL**	ТАНАА	**TAN-A**
ТААЛАЛТАЙ	**ТАГАLALTAI**	ТАВХАН	**TABUXAN**	ТАЛ	**TAL-A**	ТАНАГ	**TANUГ**
ТААЛАМЖ	**ТАГАLAMZI**	ТАВХАР	**TABXAR**	ТАЛААР	**TALAГAR**	ТАНАЙХЬ	**TANAIKI**
ТААЛАМЖЛАХ	**ТАГАLAMZILA-**	ТАВХГАР	**TABXAГAR**	ТАЛАРХАГ	**TALARXAГ,** 1	ТАНАМАЛ	**TANUMAL**
ТААЛАМЖТАЙ	**ТАГАLAMZITAI**	ТАВЦАН	**TABCANG**	ТАЛАРХАГ	**TALARXAГ,** 2.	ТАНАР	**TANUR**
ТААЛАХ	**ТАГАLA-**	ТАВШИХ	**TABSI-**	ТАЛАРХАЛ	**TALARXAL**	ТА НАР	**TANAR**
ТААЛГА	**ТАГАLГ-А**	ТАВЬ	**TABI(N)**	ТАЛАРХАХ	**TALARXA-**	ТАНАХ	**TANU-**
ТААЛГАХ	**ТАГАLГА-**	ТАВЬДУГААР	**TABIDUГAR**	ТАЛАХ	**TALA-**	ТАНГАД	**TANGГUD**
ТААЛУУЛАХ	**ТАГАLAГUL-**	ТАВЬЦ	**TALBICA**	ТАЛБАГ	**TALBAГ**	ТАНГАЙХ	**TANGГAI-**
ТААМАГ	**ТАГАМАГ**	ТАГ	**ТАГ,** 1.	ТАЛБАЙ	**TALABAI**	ТАНГАЛЗАХ	**TANGГALZA-**
ТААМАГЛАЛ	**ТАГАМАГLAL**	ТАГ	**ТАГ,** 2.	ТАЛБАР	**TALBAR**	ТАНГАРАГ	**TANGГARIГ**
ТААМАГЛАХ	**ТАГАМАГLA-**	ТАГ	**ТАГ,** 3	ТАЛБАР	**TALABUR**	ТАНГАРАГЛАЛ	**TANGГARIГLAL**
ТААМНАЛ	**ТАГАМNAL**	ТАГДАЙХ	**ТАГDAI-**	ТАЛБИРАХ	**TALBIRA-**	ТАНГАРАГЛАХ	**TANGГARIГLA-**
ТААМНАХ	**ТАГАМNA-**	ТАГДАЙХ	**ТАГDUI-**	ТАЛБИУ	**TALBIГU(N)**	ТАНГАРИГ	**TANGГARIГ**
ТААНА	**ТАГАN-A**	ТАГЛАА	**ТАГLAГ-A**	ТАЛБИУХАН	**TALBIГUXAN**	ТАНГЛАЙ	**TANGLAI**
ТААНАР	**TANAR**	ТАГЛААС	**ТАГLAS**	ТАЛИЙЛГАХ	**TALIЛГА-**	ТАНДАХ	**TANGDA-**
ТААР	**ТАГAR**	ТАГЛАРАХ	**ТАГLARA-**	ТАЛИЙХ	**TALII-**	ТАНДУУ	**TANGDAU**
ТААРАЛДАХ	**ТАГARALDU-**	ТАГЛАХ	**ТАГLA-**	ТАЛТ	**TALTU**	ТАНИГДАХ	**TANIГDA-**
ТААРАЛЩАХ	**ТАГARALCA-**	ТАГЛИ	**ТАГLI**	ТАЛТАЙ	**TALATAI**	ТАНИГДАШ	**TANIГDASI**
ТААРАМЖ	**ТАГARAMZI**	ТАГНАЙ	**TANGNAI**	ТАЛХ(АН)	**TALX-A(N)**	ТАНИЛ	**TANIL**
ТААРАМЖТАЙ	**ТАГARAMZITAI**	ТАГНАМШИГТАЙ	**TANGNAMSIГTAI**	ТАЛХАЧ	**TALXACI**	ТАНИЛЩАХ	**TANILCA-**
ТААРАХ	**ТАГARA-**	ТАГНАХ	**TANGNA-**	ТАЛХДАХ	**TALXADA-**	ТАНИЛЩУУЛАХ	**TANILCAГUL-**
ТААРУУ	**ТАГARAГU**	ТАГНУУЛ	**TANGNAГUL**	ТАЛХИ	**TALKI(N)**	ТАНИРЛАХ	**TANIRLA-**
ТААРУУЛАХ	**ТАГARAГUL-**	ТАГНУУЛЧ	**TANGNAГULCI(N)**	ТАЛХИВЧ	**TALKIBCI**	ТАНИУЛАХ	**TANIГUL-**
ТААРУУХАН	**ТАГARAГUXAN**	ТАГТ	**ТАГTU**	ТАЛХИГДАЛ	**TALKIГDAL**	ТАНИУЛГА	**TANIГULГ-A**
ТААРЦАГ	**ТАГARCUГ**	ТАГТАА	**ТАГTAГ-A(N)**	ТАЛХИДАХ	**TALKIDA-**	ТАНИХ	**TANI-**
ТААРЦАГЛАХ	**ТАГARCUГLA-**	ТАГТАХ	**ТАГTU-**	ТАЛХИХ	**TALKI-**	ТАНК	**TANGKA**
ТААРЦАГТАЙ	**ТАГARCUГTAI**	ТАГТГАР	**ТАГDAГAR**	ТАЛХЛАХ	**TALXALA-**	ТАНС	**TANGSU**
ТААС	**ТАГAS**	ТАГШ	**ТАГSI**	ТАЛХРАХ	**TALXARA-**	ТАНСАГ	**TANGSUГ**
ТААСТАЙ	**ТАГASTAI**	ТАГШИХ	**ТАГSI-**	ТАМ	**TAMU**	ТАНСАГЛАХ	**TANGSUГLA-**
ТААТАЙ	**ТАГATAI**	ТАЖ	**ТАZI**	ТАМАГДАХ	**TAMUГDA-**	ТАНХАЙ	**TANGXAI**
ТААХ	**ТАГА-**	ТАЖГАНАХ	**TAZIGINA-**	ТАМАХ	**TAMU-**	ТАНХАЙРАХ	**TANGXAIRA-**
ТААЦ	**ТАГАСА**	ТАЖГАР	**TAZIGIR**	ТАМГА	**TAMAГ-A(N)**	ТАНХАЙЧ	**TANGXAICI(N)**
ТААЦАХ	**ТАГАСА-**	ТАЖИГНАХ	**TAZIGINA-**	ТАМГАЛАХ	**TAMAГALA-**	ТАНХИД	**TANGKID**
ТААЧИХ	**ТАГАСI-**	ТАЖИЙХ	**ТАZII-**	ТАМГАТ	**TAMAГATU**	ТАНХИЛ	**TANGKIL**
ТААЧУУЛАХ	**ТАГАСIГUL-**	ТАЙ	**TAI,** 2	ТАМГАТАЙ	**TAMAГATAI**	ТАНХИЛАХ	**TANGKILA-**
ТААШ	**ТАГASI**	ТАЙ	**TAI,** 3	ТАМИР	**TAMIR**	ТАНХИЛЗАХ	**TANGKILZA-**
ТАБЛИЦ	**TABLICA**	ТАЙВАН	**TAIBUNG**	ТАМИРДАХ	**TAMIRDA-**	ТАНХИЛЗУУР	**TANGKILZAГUR**
ТАВ	**TAB,** 1.	ТАЙВРАХ	**TAIBURA-**	ТАМИРДУУЛАХ	**TAMIRDAГUL-**	ТАНХИМ	**TANGKIM**
ТАВ	**TAB,** 2.	ТАЙВУУ	**TAIBUU,** 1	ТАМИРЖИХ	**TAMIRZI-**	ТАНХЬ	**TANGKI**
ТАВ	**TAB,** 3.	ТАЙВУУ	**TAIBUU,** 2.	ТАМИРТАЙ	**TAMIRTAI**	ТАНШИХ	**TANGSI-**
ТАВ	**TAB,** 4.	ТАЙВУУ	**TAIBUU,** 3.	ТАМИРЧ	**TAMIRCI**	ТАНШЛАГА	**TANGSILГ-A**
ТАВ	**TAB,** 5	ТАЙВШРАХ	**TAIBUSIRA-**	ТАМЛАГА	**TAMULГ-A**	ТАР	**TAR,** 1 .
ТАВ	**TAB,** 6.	ТАЙВШРУУЛАХ	**TAIBUSIRAГUL-**	ТАМЛАГЧ	**TAMULAГCI**	ТАР	**TAR,** 2.
ТАВ(АН)	**TABU(N)**	ТАЙГА	**ТАIГ-А,** 1	ТАМЛАЛ	**TAMULAL**	ТАРААХ	**TARAГA-**
ТАВААД	**TABUГAD**	ТАЙГА	**ТАIГ-А,** 2.	ТАМЛАХ	**TAMALA-**	ТАРАГ	**TARAГ**
ТАВААР	**TAVAR**	ТАЙГАН	**TAIГAM**	ТАМЛАХ	**TAMULA-**	ТАРАГЛАХ	**TARAГLA-**
ТАВАГ	**ТАВАГ,** 1.	ТАЙЖ	**TAIZI**	ТАММАЛ	**TAMUMAL**	ТАРАМ	**TARAM**
ТАВАГ	**ТАВАГ,** 2.	ТАЙЗ	**TAIZA**	ТАМТАГ	**TAMTUГ**	ТАРАХ	**TARA-**
ТАВАГЛАХ	**ТАВАГLA-,** 1.	ТАЙЛАГ	**TAILAГ**	ТАМТАГЛАХ	**TAMTUГLA-**	ТАРВАГА(Н)	**TARBAГ-A(N)**
ТАВАГЛАХ	**ТАВАГLA-,** 2.	ТАЙЛАН	**TAILAN**	ТАМТАРХАЙ	**TAMTURXAI**	ТАРВАГАЧ (ИН)	**TARBAГACI(N)**
ТАВАЛЖИН	**TABULZIN**	ТАЙЛАН	**TAILUN**	ТАМТАХ	**TAMTU-**	ТАРВАГАЧЛАХ	**TARBAГACILA-**
ТАВАНТАА	**TABUNTA**	ТАЙЛАХ	**TAIL-**	ТАМТЛАХ	**TAMTALA-**	ТАРВАГЛАХ	**TARBAГALA-**
ТАВДУГААР	**TABUDUГAR**	ТАЙЛБАР	**TAILBURI**	ТАМТЛАХ	**TAMTUL-**	ТАРВАЖ	**TARBAZI**
ТАВИАД	**TABIГAD**	ТАЙЛБАРЛАГЧ	**TAILBURILAГCI**	ТАМТРАХ	**TAMTAR-**	ТАРВАС	**TARBUS**
ТАВИГ	**TABIГ**	ТАЙЛБАРЛАЛ	**TAILBURILAL**	ТАМТРАХ	**TAMTURA-**	ТАРГА(Н)	**TARIU(N)**
ТАВИГДАХ	**TABIГDA-**	ТАЙЛБАРЛАХ	**TAILBURILA-**	ТАМТРИХ	**TAMTARI-**	ТАРГАДАХ	**TARIUD-**
ТАВИГЛАХ	**TABIГLA-**	ТАЙЛБАРТАЙ	**TAILBURITAI**	ТАМТРИХ	**TAMTURI-,** 1.	ТАРГАЛАХ	**TARIULA-**
ТАВИЛГА	**TABILГ-A**	ТАЙЛБАРЧ	**TAILBURICI(N)**	ТАМТРИХ	**TAMTURI-,** 2.	ТАРГАЛУУЛАХ	**TARIULAIUL-**
ТАВИЛГА	**TABILГU**	ТАЙЛГА	**TAILГ-A**	ТАМТЧИХ	**TAMTUCI-**	ТАРИА	**TARIJ-A(N)**
ТАВИУР	**TALBIГUR**	ТАЙЛЛАГА	**TAILULГ-A**	ТАМХИ	**TAMIKI(N)**	ТАРИАЛАН(Г)	**TARIJALANG**
ТАВИХ	**TALBI-**	ТАЙРАНХАЙ	**TAIGARINGXAI**	ТАМХИ(Н)	**TAMAKI(N)**	ТАРИАЛАХ	**TARIJALA-**
ТАВЛАХ	**TABLA-,** 1.	ТАЙРАХ	**TAIGARI-**	ТАМХИЛАХ	**TAMAKILA-**	ТАРИАЧ	**TARIJACI(N)**
ТАВЛАХ	**TABLA-,** 2.	ТАЙРДАС	**TAIGARIDASU(N)**	ТАМШААЛ	**TAMSIJALA-**	ТАРИАЧИД	**TARIJACID**
ТАВНАН	**TABUNANG**	ТАЙРЛАГА	**TAIGARILГ-A**	ТАМШААЛАХ	**TAMSIJALA-**	ТАРИЛГА	**TARILГ-A(N)**
ТАВСАГ	**TABSAГ**	ТАЙТАЛЗАХ	**TAITALZA-**	ТАМШААЛГАХ	**TAMSIJALГA-**	ТАРИМАЛ	**TARIMAL**
ТАВСАЙХ	**TABSAI-**	ТАЙТГАНАХ	**TAITAГANA-**	ТАМШААХ	**TAMSIJA-**	ТАРИУЛАХ	**TARIГUL-**
ТАВТАЙ	**TABTAI,** 1.	ТАЙТГАР	**TAITAГAR**	ТАН	**TAN,** 1 .	ТАРИХ	**TARI-**

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TUSALAMZILA-
TUSALAMZITAI
TUSALA-
TUSALAГUL-
TUSATAI
TUTUM
TUTURГ-A(N)
TAГU
TUГUZI
TUГUZILA-
TUUZA
TAULAI
TAГUL-, 1.
TAГUL-, 2.
TAГULГ-A
TAГULГA-, 1
TAГULГA-, 2
TUULILA-
TUULITAI
TUULI
TUULICI
TUГURAI
TUГURAILA-
TUГURAITU
TUГURAITAI
TUГURAITAN
TAГURA-
TUГURBIL
TUГURBI-
TUГURГ-A
TAГURAГUL-
TUГURI
TAГU-
TAUXAI, 1.
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TAUXAI, 3.
TUUXAI, 1.
TUUXAI, 2.
TUUXAITU
TUUXAICA-
TAГUSI
TAГUSITAI
TUX-A
TUXAI
TUXAILA-
TUKIR-
TUXALA-
TUXAITAI
TUSIJ-A, 1.
TUSIJ-A, 2.
TUSIJ-A, 3.
TUSIJAL
TUSIJALГA-
TUSIJALDUГDA-
TUSIJALDU-
TUSIJALDUГUL-
TUSIJALTA
TUSIJALTU
TUSIJALTAI
TUSIJALTAN
TUSIJA-
TUSAMA
TUSIM-A
TUSI-
TUJAГ-A(N)
TUJAГALA-
TUJALA-

ТУЯАРАХ	**TUJAГARA-**	ТУРГЭН	**TYRGEN**	ТЭВЭЭРЭХ	**TEBEGERE-**	ТЭНХЭЭ	**TENGKEGE**
ТУВ	**TYB**	ТУРГЭТГЭХ	**TYRGEDKE-**	ТЭГ	**TIG**	ТЭНХЭЭДЭХ	**TENGKEGEDE-**
ТУВДҮҮР	**TYBDEGYRI**	ТУРГЭХЭН	**TYRGEKEN**	ТЭГДИЙХ	**TEGDEI-**	ТЭНХЭЭЖИХ	**TENGKEGEZI-**
ТУВДЭХ	**TYBDE-**	ТУРГЭЧ	**TYRGECI**	ТЭГНҮҮР	**TENGNEGYR**	ТЭНХЭЭРХЭХ	**TENGEKGERKE-**
ТУВДЭШ	**TYBDEŞI**	ТУРИЙ	**TYREI**	ТЭГНҮҮРДЭХ	**TENGNEGYRDE-**	ТЭНХЭЭТ	**TENGKEGETY**
ТУВШ	**TYBESI**	ТУРИЙ	**TYRYI**	ТЭГНЭХ	**TENGNE-**	ТЭНХЭЭТЭЙ	**TENGKEGETEI**
ТУВШИТГЭХ	**TYBSIDKE-**	ТУРИЙВЧ	**TYREIBCI**	ТЭГНЭЭ	**TENGNEGE(N)**	ТЭНЦҮҮ	**TENGCEGYY**
ТУВШИН	**TYBSIN**	ТУРИЙВЧЛЭХ	**TYREIBCILE-**	ТЭГШ	**TEGSI**	ТЭНЦҮҮЛЭХ	**TENGCEGYL-**
ТУВШИТГЭХ	**TYBSIDKE-**	ТУРОК	**TYRYG**	ТЭГШДЭЛ	**TEGSIDYL**	ТЭНЦҮҮН	**TENGCEGYN**
ТУВШРЭХ	**TYBSIRE-**	ТУРС	**TYRISY(N)**	ТЭГШДЭХ	**TEGSID-**	ТЭНЦҮҮР	**TENGCEGYRI**
ТУВШТЭХ	**TYBSID-**	ТУРҮҮ	**TYRYGYY**	ТЭГШИД	**TEGSIDE**	ТЭНЦҮҮРТЭЙ	**TENGCEGYRITEI**
ТУВШХЭН	**TYBSIKEN**	ТУРҮҮЛЭГЧ	**TYRYGYLEGCI**	ТЭГШИТГЭЛ	**TEGSIDKEL**	ТЭНЦҮҮХЭН	**TENGCEGYKEN**
ТУВЭХ	**TYBE-**	ТУРҮҮЛЭХ	**TYRYGYLE-**	ТЭГШИТГЭХ	**TEGSIDKE-**	ТЭНЦЭЛ	**TENGCEL**
ТУГ	**TYG, 1**	ТУРҮҮН	**TYRYGYN**	ТЭГШЛЭЛ	**TEGSILEL**	ТЭНЦЭЛДЭХ	**TENGCELDY-**
ТУГ	**TYG, 2**	ТУРҮҮЧ	**TERIGYCI**	ТЭГШЛЭХ	**TEGSILE-**	ТЭНЦЭЭР	**TENGCE-**
ТУГДГЭР	**TYGDYGER**	ТУРХЛЭГ	**TYRKILGE**	ТЭГШЛҮҮЛЭХ	**TEGSILEGYL-**	ТЭНЧРЭЛ	**TENGECEGER**
ТУГДИЙХ	**TYGDYI-**	ТУРХМЭЛ	**TYRKIMEL**	ТЭГШЛҮҮР	**TEGSILEGYR**	ТЭНЧРЭЛ	**TENCIREL**
ТУГДЭРХИЙ	**TYGDERKEI**	ТУРХҮҮЛ	**TYRKIGYL**	ТЭГШРЭХ	**TEGSIRE-**	ТЭНЧРЭХ	**TENCIRE-**
ТУГЖИХ	**TYGZI-**	ТУРХҮҮР	**TYRKIGYR**	ТЭГШХЭН	**TEGSIKEN**	ТЭНЭГ	**TENEG**
ТУГЖРЭХ	**TYGZIRE-**	ТУРХЭХ	**TYRKI-**	ТЭГЭХ	**TEGE-, 2**	ТЭНЭГДҮҮ	**TENEGDEGYY**
ТУГМЭЛ	**TYGEMEL**	ТУРЧИГНЭЛ	**TYRCIGINEL**	ТЭГЭЭД	**TEGEGED**	ТЭНЭГДЭХ	**TENEGDE-**
ТУГСҮҮР	**TYGSEGYR**	ТУРЧИГНЭХ	**TYRCIGINE-**	ТЭД	**TEDE(N)**	ТЭНЭГЛЭХ	**TENEGLE-**
ТУГСЭХ	**TYGSE-**	ТУРЧИХ	**TYRCI-**	ТЭДГЭЭР	**TEDEGER**	ТЭНЭГТЭХ	**TENEGTY-**
ТУГТҮЙХ	**TYGTYI-**	ТУРЭЛХЛЭХ	**TYRILKILE-**	ТЭДНИЙ	**TEDENEI**	ТЭНЭГХЭН	**TENEGKEN**
ТУГШИЛ	**TYGSIL**	ТУРЭМГИЙ	**TYRIMEKEI**	ТЭДНИЙХ	**TEDENEIKI**	ТЭНЭГЧЛЭХ	**TENEGCILE-**
ТУГШИЛТЭЙ	**TYGSILTEI**	ТУРЭМГИЙЛЭЛ	**TYRIMEKEILEL**	ТЭДНЭР	**TEDENER**	ТЭНЭГЭР	**TENIGER**
ТУГШИХ	**TYGSI-**	ТУРЭМГИЙЛЭХ	**TYRIMEKEILE-**	ТЭДҮЙ	**TEDYI**	ТЭНЭМЭЛ	**TENYMEL**
ТУГШЛЭГ	**TYGSILGE**	ТУРЭМГИЙЧҮҮД	**TYRIMKEICYD**	ТЭДҮЙХЭН	**TEDYIKEN**	ТЭНЭХ	**TENY-**
ТУГШРЭХ	**TYGSIRE-**	ТУРЭМХИЙ	**TYRIMEKEI**	ТЭЖЭЭВЭР	**TEZIJEBYRI**	ТЭР	**TERE**
ТУГШЛЭГТЭЙ	**TYGSILGETEI**	ТУРЭХ	**TYRI-**	ТЭЖЭЭЛ	**TEZIJEL**	ТЭРГҮҮЛЭГЧ	**TERIGYLEGCI**
ТУГШҮҮЛЭХ	**TYGSIGYL-**	ТУРЭЭС	**TYRIJESY(N)**	ТЭЖЭЭЛГЭХ	**TEZIJELGE-**	ТЭРГҮҮЛЭХ	**TERIGYLE-**
ТУГШҮҮР	**TYGSIGYRI**	ТУРЭЭСЛЭХ	**TYRIJESYLE-**	ТЭЖЭЭЛТЭН	**TEZIJELTEN**	ТЭРГҮҮН	**TERIGYN**
ТУГШҮҮРТЭЙ	**TYGSIGYRITEI**	ТУС	**TYS**	ТЭЖЭЭЛЧ	**TEZIJELCI**	ТЭРГҮҮТЭН	**TERIGYTEN**
ТУГЭЛ	**TYGEL**	ТУСГИЙХ	**TYSKEI-**	ТЭЖЭЭЛЭГ	**TEZIJELGE(N)**	ТЭРГЭЛ	**TERGEL**
ТУГЭМЭЛ	**TYGEMEL**	ТУСГЭГЭР	**TYSKEGER**	ТЭЖЭЭХ	**TEZIJE-**	ТЭРГЭЛЭХ	**TERGEL-**
ТУГЭХ	**TYGE-**	ТУСРЭГ	**TYSYRGE**	ТЭЛИЙ	**TELEI**	ТЭРГЭН	**TERGE(N)**
ТУГЭЭГЧ	**TYGEGEGCI**	ТУСРЭХ	**TYSYR-**	ТЭЛИЙДЭХ	**TELEIDE-**	ТЭРЛЭГ	**TERELIG**
ТУГЭЭЛ	**TYGEGEL**	ТУСХИЙХ	**TYSKI-**	ТЭЛИЙЛЭХ	**TELEILE-**	ТЭРЛЭХ	**TERLE-**
ТУГЭЭХ	**TYGEGE-**	ТУСЭРГЭ	**TYSYRGE**	ТЭЛМЭЛ	**TELEMEL**	ТЭРМЭ(Н)	**TERM-E**
ТУДГЭЛ	**TYDEGEL**	ТУСЭРГЭХ	**TYSYRGE-**	ТЭЛРЭХ	**TELYRE-**	ТЭРС	**TERS**
ТУДГЭЛЗҮҮЛЭХ	**TYDEGELZEGYL-**	ТУУВЭР	**TEGYBYRI**	ТЭЛҮҮ	**TELEGYY, 1**	ТЭРСЛҮҮ	**TERSLEGYY**
ТУДГЭЛЗЭХ	**TYDEGELZE-**	ТУУВЭРЛЭХ	**TEGYBYRILE-**	ТЭЛҮҮ	**TELEGYY, 2**	ТЭРСЛЭГЧ	**TERSLEGCI**
ТУДЛЭГЭ	**TYDELGE**	ТУУГЭЭР	**TEGYBER**	ТЭЛҮҮЛЭХ	**TELEYL[E]-**	ТЭРСЛЭЛДЭХ	**TERSLELDY-**
ТУДЭЛ	**TYDEL**	ТУУД	**TEGYD**	ТЭЛҮҮЛЭХ	**TELEGYL-**	ТЭРСЛЭЛЦЭХ	**TERSLELCE-**
ТУДЭХ	**TYDE-**	ТУУДЭГ	**TEGYDEG, 1**	ТЭЛҮҮР	**TELEGYR**	ТЭРСЛЭХ	**TERSLE-**
ТУДЭЭХ	**TYDEGE-**	ТУУДЭГ	**TEGYDEG, 2**	ТЭЛҮҮРДЭХ	**TELEGYRDE-**	ТЭРТЭЭ	**TERTEGE**
ТУЖГЭР	**TYZIGIR**	ТУУДЭЭ	**TEGYDEGE**	ТЭЛЧЛЭХ	**TELCILE-**	ТЭРТЭЭХ	**TERTEGEKI**
ТУЖИЙХ	**TYZII-**	ТУУДЭЭРЭЛ	**TEGYDEGEREL**	ТЭЛЭХ	**TELE-**	ТЭРХЭН	**TEREKEN**
ТУЖИР	**TYZIR**	ТУУДЭЭРЭХ	**TEGYDEGERE-**	ТЭЛЭХ	**TELI-**	ТЭРЧЛЭН	**TERECILEN**
ТУЖИРЛЭХ	**TYZIRLE-**	ТУУМЭЛ	**TEGYMEL**	ТЭЛЭЭ	**TELEGE**	ТЭРЭГ	**TERGE(N)**
ТУЖРЭХ	**TYZIRE-**	ТУУН	**TEGYN**	ТЭЛЭЭ	**TELEI**	ТЭРЭГЛЭХ	**TERGELE-**
ТУЙВЭХ	**TYIBE-**	ТУУНИЙХ	**TEGYNEIKI**	ТЭЛЭЭДЭХ	**TELEIDE-**	ТЭРЭГЧ	**TERGECI(N)**
ТУЙМЭРДЭХ	**TYIMERDE-**	ТУУНЧЛЭН	**TEGYNCILEN**	ТЭЛЭЭЛЭХ	**TELEGELE-**	ТЭРЭЛЖ	**TERELZI**
ТУЙМЭР	**TYIMER**	ТУУХ	**TEGY-**	ТЭЛЭЭЛЭХ	**TELEILF-**	ТЭС	**TES**
ТУЙНЭГ	**TYINYG**	ТУУХ	**TEGYKE(N)**	ТЭЛЭЭС	**TELEGESY(N)**	ТЭС	**TESY**
ТУЙТГЭР	**TYIDKER**	ТУУХ	**TEYKE(N)**	ТЭМБҮҮ	**TEMBYY**	ТЭСВЭР	**TESBYRI**
ТУЙТГЭРЛЭХ	**TYIDKERLE-**	ТУУХИЙ	**TEYGYKEI**	ТЭМУУРЭХ	**TEMBYRE-**	ТЭСВЭРЛЭЛ	**TESBYRILEL**
ТУЙТГЭХ	**TYIDKE-**	ТУУХИЙДЭХ	**TYGYKEID-**	ТЭМДЭГЛЭГЧ	**TEMDEGLEGCI**	ТЭСВЭРЛБҮ	**TESBYRILE-**
ТУЙТЭХ	**TUID-**	ТУУХИЙЛЭХ	**TYGYKEILE-**	ТЭМДЭГЛЭЛ	**TEMDEGLEL**	ТЭСВЭРЛЭШ	**TESBYRILESI**
ТУЛХҮҮЛЭХ	**TYLKIGYL-**	ТУУХИЙРЭХ	**TYGYKEIRE-**	ТЭМДЭГЛЭЛТ	**TEMDEGLELTY**	ТЭСВЭРТ	**TESBYRITY**
ТУЛХҮҮР	**TYLKIGYR**	ТУУХИЙХЭН	**TYGYKEIKEN**	ТЭМДЭГЛЭЛТЭЙ	**TEMDEGLELTEI**	ТЭСВЭРТЭЙ	**TESBYRITEI**
ТУЛХҮҮРДЭХ	**TYLKIGYRDE-**	ТУУХЧ	**TEYKECI**	ТЭМДЭГЛЭХ	**TEMDEGLE-**	ТЭСГИЙХ	**TESKEI-**
ТУЛХҮҮРЧ	**TYLKIGYRCI(N)**	ТУУШ	**TYGYSI, 1**	ТЭМДЭГ	**TEMDEG**	ТЭСГЭЛ	**TESKEL, 1**
ТУЛХЭЛГЭЭ	**TYLKILGE**	ТУУШ	**TYGYSI, 2**	ТЭМДЭГТ	**TEMDEGTY**	ТЭСГЭЛ	**TESKEL, 2**
ТУЛХЭЛДЭХ	**TYLKILDY-**	ТУШИГ	**TYSIG**	ТЭМДЭГТЭЙ	**TEMDEGTEI**	ТЭСГЭМ	**TESKIM-E**
ТУЛХЭХ	**TYLKIL-**	ТУШИГЛЭХ	**TYSIGLE-**	ТЭМТРЭЛ	**TEMTERIL**	ТЭСГЭХ	**TESKE-, 1**
ТУЛХЭЛЦЭХ	**TYLKILCE-**	ТУШИЛ	**TYSIL**	ТЭМТРЭХ	**TEMTERI-**	ТЭСГЭХ	**TESKE-, 2,**
ТУЛХЭХ	**TYLKI-**	ТУШИХ	**TYSI-**	ТЭМТЭРХИЙЛЭХ	**TEMTERKILE-**	ТЭСЛЭХ	**TESYL-**
ТУЛХЭЦ	**TYLKICE**	ТУШЛЭГ	**TYSILGE**	ТЭМУУЛЭХ	**TEMEGYL-**	ТЭСМЭЭР	**TESMER**
ТУЛХЭЭ(Н)	**TYLKIGE(N)**	ТУШЛЭГТЭЙ	**TYSILGETEI**	ТЭМЦҮҮЛЭХ	**TEMECEGYL-**	ТЭСРЭГ	**TESERGY**
ТУЛХЭЭС	**TYLKIJESY(N)**	ТУШМЭД	**TYSIMED**	ТЭМЦЭГЧ	**TEMECEGCI**	ТЭСРЭЛ	**TESYREL**
ТУЛХЭЭСЛЭХ	**TYLKIJESYLE-**	ТУШМЭЛ	**TYSIMEL**	ТЭМЦЭЛ	**TEMECEL**	ТЭСРЭХ	**TESYRE-**
ТУЛХЭЭСТЭЙ	**TYLKIJESYTEI**	ТУШҮҮЛЭХ	**TYSIGYL-**	ТЭМЦЭЛДЭХ	**TEMECELDY-**	ТЭСТЭХ	**TESTE-**
ТУЛШ	**TYLESI**	ТУШЭЭ	**TYSIJ-E**	ТЭМЦЭЛДЭЭ	**TEMECELDYGE(N)**	ТЭСТЭШ	**TESTESI**
ТУЛЭГДЭХ	**TYLEGDE-**	ТЭВ	**TEB**	ТЭМЦЭХ	**TEMECE-**	ТЭСЭГ	**TESEG**
ТУЛЭНХИЙ	**TYLENGKEI**	ТЭВ	**TIB**	ТЭМЦЭЭН	**TEMECEGE(N)**	ТЭСЭЛ	**TESYL**
ТУЛЭХ	**TYLE-**	ТЭВДЭЛ	**TEBEDEL**	ТЭМЭЭ	**TEMEGE(N)**	ТЭСЭМ	**TESM-E•**
ТУЛЭХ	**TYLI-**	ТЭВДЭХ	**TEBEDE-**	ТЭМЭЭЖИХ	**TEMEGEZI-**	ТЭСЭРГҮҮ	**TESERGYY**
ТУЛЭЭ	**TYLIJ-E(N)**	ТЭВНЭ	**TEBEN-E**	ТЭМЭЭЛЗГЭНЭ	**TEMEGELZIGEN-E**	ТЭСЭРГҮҮЛЭХ	**TESERGYLE-**
ТУЛЭЭС	**TYLESYN**	ТЭВРЭЛ	**TEBERIL**	ТЭМЭЭЧ	**TEMEGECI(N)**	ТЭСЭРХИЙ	**TESYRKEI**
ТУЛЭЭЧ	**TYLIJECI(N)**	ТЭВРЭХ	**TEBERI-**	ТЭН(Г)	**TENG, 1**	ТЭСЭХ	**TES-**
ТУМ(ЭН)	**TYME(N)**	ТЭВХ	**TEBKE, 1**	ТЭН(Г)	**TENG, 2**	ТЭСЭШ	**TESYSI**
ТУМД	**TYMED**	ТЭВХ	**TEBKE, 2**	ТЭНГЭР	**TNGRI**	ТЭТГИЙ	**TETEGEI**
ТУНГ	**TYNG, 1**	ТЭВХДЭХ	**TEBKEDE-**	ТЭНГЭС	**TENGGIS**	ТЭТГИЙЛЭХ	**TETEGEILE-**
ТУНГЭРЦЭГ	**TYNGKERCEG**	ТЭВХИЙХ	**TEBKEI-**	ТЭНГЭСЧ	**TENGGISCI(N)**	ТЭТГҮҮЛЭХ	**TEDKYGYL-**
ТУНГЭРЦЭГЛЭХ	**TYNGKERCEGLE-**	ТЭВХЛЭХ	**TEBKELE-, 1**	ТЭНГЭЦҮҮЛ	**TENGGECEGYL**	ТЭТГЭВЭР	**TEDKYBYRI**
ТУНИЙЛЭХ	**TYNYIDE-**	ТЭВХЛЭХ	**TEBKELE-, 2**	ТЭНГЭЦЭХ	**TENGGECE-**	ТЭТГЭВЭРЛЭХ	**TEDKYBYRILE-**
ТУНПИН	**TYMPIN**	ТЭВХЭР	**TEBKER**	ТЭНД	**TENDE**	ТЭТГЭМЖ	**TEDKYMZI**
ТУНСИЙХ	**TYNGSYI-**	ТЭВХЭРЛЭХ	**TEBKERLE-, 1**	ТЭНДЭХ	**TENDEKI**	ТЭТГЭМЖЛЭХ	**TEDKYMZILE-**
ТУНТГЭР	**TYNGTYGYR**	ТЭВХЭРЛЭХ	**TEBKERLE-, 2**	ТЭНДЭЭС	**TENDECE**	ТЭТГЭХ	**TEDKY-**
ТУНТИЙХ	**TYNGTYI-**	ТЭВЧИЛ	**TEBCIL**	ТЭНИЙЛГЭХ	**TENILGE-**	ТЭХ	**TEKE**
ТУНТҮЙХ	**TYNGTYI-**	ТЭВЧИЛГЭ	**TEBCILGE**	ТЭНИЙХ	**TENII-**	ТЭХРЭХ	**TEKERE-**
ТУНҮЙДЭХ	**TYNYIDE-**	ТЭВЧИХ	**TEBCI-**	ТЭНСЭЛ	**TENGSEL, 1**	ТЭХЭЛ	**TEKEL**
ТУНХГЭР	**TYNGKEGER**	ТЭВЧЭЭР	**TEBCIJER**	ТЭНСЭХ	**TENGSE-**	ТЭЧ	**TECI**
ТУНХИЙХ	**TYNGKEI-**	ТЭВЧЭЭРЛЭХ	**TEBCIJERLE-**	ТЭНҮҮЛЭХ	**TENYGYL-**	ТЭЧИРХЭХ	**TECIRKE-**
ТУНХЭРЦЭГ	**TYNGKERCEG**	ГЭВШ	**TEBSI**	ТЭНҮҮН	**TENIGYN**	ТЭШИХ	**TESI-**
ТУНШ	**TYNSI**	ТЭВШЛЭХ	**TEBSILE-**	ТЭНҮҮЧЛЭХ	**TENYGYCILE**	ТЭШҮҮР	**TESIGYR**
ТУНЭРТЭХ	**TYNERTE-**	ТЭВЭГ	**TEBEG**	ТЭНХЛҮҮ(Н)	**TENGKELIGYY**	ТЭШҮҮРЧ	**TESIGYRCI**
ТУР	**TYR, 2**	ТЭВЭГДЭХ	**TEBEGDE-**	ТЭНХЛҮҮН	**TENGKELIGYN**	ТЭЭВЭР	**TEGEGEBYRI**
ТУРГЭВЧЛЭХ	**TYRGEBCILE-**	ТЭВЭЭР	**TEBERI**	ТЭНХРҮҮЛЭХ	**TENGKERYGYL-**	ТЭЭВЭРЛЭХ	**TEGEGEBYRILE-**
ТУРГЭДҮҮ	**TYRGEDYGYY**	ТЭВЭЭРЭГ	**TEBEGEREG**	ТЭНХРЭХ	**TENGKER[E]-**	ТЭЭВЭРЧ	**TEGEGEBYFICI(N)**
ТУРГЭДЭХ	**TYRGED-**	ТЭВЭЭРЭЛ	**TEBEGEREL**	ТЭНХЛЭГ	**TENGGELIG**	ТЭЭГ	**TEGEG**
ТУРГЭЛЭХ	**TYRGELE-**			ТЭНХЭХ	**TENGKE-**	ТЭЭГЛЭХ	**TEGEGLE-**

ТЭЭГҮҮР	TEGEGYR	ТЭЭДЭХ	TEGEDE-	ТЭЭРЭМ	TEGERM-E	ТЭЭШ	TEGEGESI
ТЭЭГЧ	TEGEGEGCI	ТЭЭЛ	TEGELI	ТЭЭРЭМДЭХ	TEGERMEDE-	ТЭЭШ	TEGESI, 1
ТЭЭДҮҮЛЭХ	TEGEDEGYL-	ТЭЭЛЭГ	TEGEGELGE(N)	ТЭЭРЭМЧ	TEGERMECI(N)	ТЭЭШ	TEGESI, 2
ТЭЭДЭХ	TEGEDE-	ТЭЭР	TEGER	ТЭЭХ	TEGEGE-		
УВ	UB, 1	УЙЛАНХАЙ	UILANGXAI	УМАЛЗАХ	UMULZA-	УРАГШ	URUГSI
УВАЙ	UBAI	УЙЛАНХАЙДАХ	UILANGXAITU-	УМАР	UMAR-A	УРАГШИД	URUГSIDA
УВАЙЛАЛ	UBAILAL	УЙЛАНХАЙТ	UILANGXAITU	УМАРД -	UMARDU	УРАГШИДАХ	URUГSID-
УВАЙЛАХ	UBAILA-	УЙЛАХ	UILA-	УМАРТ	UMARTU	УРАГШИХ	URUГSIKI
УВАЙРАХ	UBAIRA-	УЙЛИНХАЙ	UILINGXAI	УМАРТАМТГАЙ	UMARTAMTAГAI	УРАГШЛАХ	URUГSILA-
УВАН	UBUN	УЙЛХАЙ	UILAXAI	УМАРТАШ	UMARTASI	УРАГШЛУУЛАХ	URUГSILAГUL-
УВДИС	UBADIS	УЙТАВТАР	UITABTUR	УМАРТАХ	UMARTA-	УРАГШТАЙ	URUГSITAI
УВДИСЛАХ	UBADISLA -	УЙТАЙ	UITAI	УМАРТУУЛАХ	UMARTAГUL-	УРАЙ	URAЙ
УВДИСТАЙ	UBADISTAI	УЙТАН	UITAN	УМАРХИ	UMARAKI	УРАЙЛАХ	URAЙLA-
УВДИСЧ	UBADISCI(N)	УЙТГАР	UIDXAR	УМБАГАР	UMBAГAR	УРАЛДААН	URULDUГAN
УВСАНЦ	UBASANCA	УЙТГАРЛАХ	UIDXARLA-	УМБАХ	UMBA-	УРАЛДАХ	URULDU-
УВШ	UBASI	УЙТГАХ	UIDXA-	УМГАР	UMUГUR	УРАЛДЛАГА	URULDULГ-A
УГ	UГ	УЙТРАХ	UITARA-	УМД	UMDA	УРАЛДУУЛАХ	URULDUГUL-
УГААГУУР	UGIJAГUR	УЙТТАХ	UITAD-	УМДААСАХ	UMDAГAS-	УРАМ	URM-A
УГААДАС	UGIJADASU(N)	УЛ	ULA, 1	УМДААН	UMDAГA(N)	УРАМ	URUM
УГААДАСЛАХ	UGIJADASULA-	УЛ	ULA, 2	УМДАГ	UMADAГ	УРАМДАЛ	URUMDAL
УГААЛ	UGIJAL	УЛАА	ULAГ-A(N)	УНАА	UNAГ-A, 1	УРАМДАХ	URUMDA-
УГААЛАГА	UGIJALГ-A	УЛААВАР	ULALAГ-A	УНАА	UNUГ-A(N)	УРАМС	URMAS
УГААЛГАХ	UGIJALГA-	УЛААГНА	ULAГABUR	УНААЖИХ	UNJГAZI-	УРАМТАЙ	URMATAI
УГААЛЧ	UGIJALCI(N)	УЛААГЧИН	ULAГAN-A	УНАГА	UNAГ-A(N), 2	УРАМШИХ	URMASI-
УГААХ	UGIJA-	УЛААДАХ	ULAГCIN	УНАГААХ	UNAГA-	УРАМШУУЛАХ	URMASIГUL-
УГАЛЗ	UГULZA	УЛААДАХ	ULAГADA-, 1	УНАГАЛАХ	UNAГALA-	УРАНХАЙ	URUNGXAI
УГАЛЗЛАХ	UГULZALA-	УЛААЛАХ	ULAГADA-, 2.	УНАГАН	UNAГAN	УРАХ	URU-
УГАЛЗТАЙ	UГULZATAI	УЛААЛЗАЙ	ULAГALA-	УНАДАГ	UNADAГ	УРВААЧ	URBAГACI
УГЖ	UГZI	УЛААЛЗГАНА	ULAГALZAI	УНАЛ	UNAL	УРВАГЧ	URBAГCI
УГЖИХ	UГZI-	УЛААЛЗГАНА	ULAГALZAГAN-A	УНАЛГА	UNULГ-A	УРВАЛ	URBAL
УГЗРАЛТ	UГZARALTA	УЛААЛЗГАНА	ULALZAГAN-A	УНАЛТ	UNALTA	УРВАЛГА	URBALГ-A
УГЛАРГА	UГLARГ-A	УЛААН	ULAГAN	УНАХ	UNA-	УРВАЛТ	URBALTA
УГЛАХ	UГLA-	УЛААНЦАВ	ULAГANCAB	УНАХ	UNU-	УРВАЛХИЙЛАХ	URBALKILA-
УГЛУУР	UГLAГUR	УЛААХАН	ULAГAXAN	УНАШРАХ	UNUГASIRA-	УРВАМ	URBAM-A
УГЛУУРГА	UГLAГURГ-A(N)	УЛААЧ	ULAГACI(N)	УНГАДАХ	UNGГUD-	УРВАМТГАЙ	URBAMTAГAI
УГСАА	UГSAГ-A	УЛААЧЛАХ	ULAГACILA-	УНГАР	UNGГAR	УРВАХ	URBA-
УГСААЛАГ	UГSAГALIГ	УЛАВТАР	ULABTUR	УНГАРАЛ	UNGГARIL	УРВУУЛ	URBAГUL
УГСААТАЙ	UГSAГATAI	УЛАВТАРХАН	ULABTURXAN	УНГАРАН(Г)	UNGГARANG	УРВУУЛАХ	URBAГUL-
УГСААТАН	UГSAГATAN	УЛАВЧ	ULABCI, 1	УНГАС	UNGГASU(N), 1.	УРВУУЛГАХ	URBAГULГA-
УГТАХ	UГTU-	УЛАЙ	ULAI	УНГАС	UNGГASU(N), 2	УРГА	URГ-A(N)
УГТВАР	UГTUBURI	УЛАЙЛГАХ	ULAI LГA-	УНГАСТ	UNGГASUTU	УРГАДАХ	URГADA-
УГТЛАГА	UГTULГ-A	УЛАЙМ	ULAIM-A	УНГАСТАЙ	UNGГASUTAI	УРГАЛАХ	URГALA-
УГТМАЛ	UГTUMAL	УЛАЙМТГАЙ	ULAIM[A]TAГAI	УНГАХ	UNGГA-	УРГАЛТ	URГULTA
УГТУУЛ	UГTUГUL	УЛАЙРАХ	ULAIRA-	УНД	UNDA	УРГАМАЛ	URГUMAL
УГТУУЛАХ	UГTUГUL-	УЛАЙТГАХ	ULAIDXA-	УНД	UMDA	УРГАХ	URГU-
УГЦ	UГCA	УЛАЙХ	ULAI -, 1.	УНДАА	UMDAГA (N)	УРГАЦ	URГUCA
УГЦРАГА	UГCURГ-A	УЛАЙХ	ULAI-, 2	УНДААСАХ	UMDAГAS-	УРГАЧ	URГACI
УГЦРАХ	OГCURA-	УЛАЙХ	ULAJ -, 3	УНДААСГАЛАН	UMDAГASXULANG	УРГАЧИЙ	URГACIN
УГЦРУУЛАХ	OГCURAГUL-	УЛАЙШРАХ	ULAlSIRA-	УНДААСГАХ	UMDAГASXA-	УРГУУЛАХ	URГUГUL-
УД	UDA	УЛАЛЖ	ULALZI	УНДАРЛАГА	UNDURULГ-A	УРД	URIDU
УДАА	UDAГ-A	УЛАЛЗАХ	ULALZA-	УНДЛАХ	UMDALA-	УРДУУР	URDUГUR
УДААЛАГ	UDAГALIГ	УЛАМ	ULAM	УНДРАЛ	UNDURUL	УРЖДАР	URZIDUR
УДААЛАХ	UDUГALA-	УЛАМЖЛАГЧ	ULAMZILAГCI	УНДРАХ	UNDUR-	УРЖИГДАР	URZIГDUR
УДААН	UDAГAN, 1	УЛАМЖЛАЛ	ULAMZILAL	УНДРУУЛАХ	UNDURIГUL-	УРЖНАН(Г)	URZINUN
УДААХ	UDAГA-	УЛАМЖЛАЛТ	ULAMZILALTU	УНЖГАНАХ	UNZIGINA-	УРИА	URIJ-A
УДААХЬ	UDAГAKI	УЛАМЖЛАХ	ULAMZILA-	УНЖГАР	UNZIГAR	УРИАДАХ	URIJADA-
УДААШРАХ	UDAГASIRA-	УЛАМЛАХ	ULAMLA-	УНЖГАР	UNZIGIR	УРИАЛАЛ	URIJALAL
УДААШРУУЛАХ	UDAГASIRAГUL-	УЛАНГИР	ULANGGIR	УНЖИГ	UNZIГ	УРИАЛАХ	URIJALA-
УДАЛ	UDAL	УЛБАГАНАХ	ULBAГANA-	УНЖИЙЛГАХ	UNZIILГA-	УРИАЛГА	URIJALAГ-A
УДАМ	UDUM	УЛБАГАР	ULBAГAR	УНЖИЙХ	UNZII-	УРИАНХАЙ	URIJANGXAI
УДАМБАР	UDUMBAR	УЛБАЙХ	ULBAI-	УНЖИЛЗАХ	UNZILZA-	УРИЛАХ	URILA-, 1
УДАМЛАХ	UDUMLA-	УЛБАЙХ	ULBUI-	УНЖИН	UNZING	УРИЛГА	URILГ-A
УДАМТАЙ	UDUMTAI	УЛБАЛЗАХ	ULBALZA-	УНЖИР	UNZIR	УРИН	URI(N)
УДАМШИЛ	UDUMSIL	УЛБАР	ULABIR	УНЖИХ	UNZI-, 1.	УРИН	URIN, 1
УДАМШИХ	UDUMSI-	УЛБАР	ULABUR	УНЖЛАГА	UNZILГ-A	УРИН	URIN, 2
УДАР	UDUR	УЛБАРАХ	ULBARA-	УНЖЛАГАТАЙ	UNZILГATAI	УРИУЛАХ	URIГUL-
УДАРНИК	UDARNIK	УЛБАРИЛ	ULBARIL	УНЖРАХ	UNZIRA-	УРИХ	URI-
УДАРХАЙ	UDURXAI	УЛБАРИХ	ULBARI-	УНЖУУ	UNZIГU(N)	УРЛАГ	URALIГ, 1.
УДАХ	UDA-	УЛБАС	ULBASU	УНЖУУЛАХ	UNZIГUL-	УРЛАГ	URALIГ, 2
УДАХ	UDU-	УЛДАХ	ULADA-	УНЖУУРГА	UNZIГURГ-A	УРЛАГУУ	URALГU
УДВАЛ	UDBALA	УЛДУУЛАХ	ULADAГUL-	УНЗАД	UMZAD	УРЛАЛ	URALAL
УДГАН	UDUГAN	УЛЖИХ	ULZI-	УНИАР	UNIJAR	УРЛАЛГА	URALALГ-
УДИРДАГЧ	UDURIDUГCI	УЛИА(Н)	ULIГ-A(N)	УНИАРТ	UNIJARTU	УРЛАХ	URALA-
УДИРДАЛ	UDURIDUL	УЛИАНГАР	ULIJANGГAR	УНИАРТАЙ	UNIJARTAI	УРСАХ	URUS-
УДИРДАЛТ	UDURIDULTA	УЛИАС(АН)	ULIJASU(N)	УНИАРТАХ	UNIJARTU-	УРСГАЛ	URUSXAL
УДИРДАМЖ	UDURIDUMZI	УЛИГ	ULIГ	УНТАА	UMTAГ-A	УРСГАХ	URUSXA-
УДИРДАХ	UDURID-	УЛИГЛАХ	ULIГLA-	УНТАХ	UMTA-	УРСУУЛАХ	URUSUГUL-
УДИРДЛАГА	UDURIDULГ-A	УЛИГТ	ULIГTU	УНТАХ	UNTA-	УРТ	URTU
УДИРДЛАГАТАЙ	UDURIDULГATAI	УЛИГТАЙ	ULIГTAI	УНТЛАГА	UMTALГ-A	УРТААШ	URTUГASI
УДИРДУУЛАХ	UDURIDUГUL-	УЛИНХАЙ	ULINGXAI	УНТРААЛГА	UMTARAГALГ-A	УРТАВТАР	URTUBTUR
УДИРТГАЛ	UDURIDXAL	УЛИРААХ	ULARIГA-	УНТРААХ	UMTARAГA-	УРТАЙ	URATAI
УДИРТГАХ	UDURIDXA-	УЛИРАЛ	ULARIL	УНТРАХ	UMTARA-	УРТАСГАХ	URTUSXA-
УДИРТГУУЛАХ	UDURIDXAГUL-	УЛИРАХ	ULARI-	УНТУУ	UNTUГU(N)	УРТАТГАХ	URTUDXA-
УДРАХ	UDAR-	УЛИХ	ULI-	УНТУУЛАХ	UMTAГUL-	УРТДАХ	URTUD-
УДРАХ	UDUR-	УЛЛАГА	ULALAГ-A, 2	УНТУУРХАХ	UNTUГURXA	УРТРИГ	URTURIГ
УЖИГ	UZIГ, 1	УЛЛАХ	ULALA-	УНТУУЦАЛ	UNTUГUCAL	УРТХАН	URTUXAN
УЖИГ	UZIГ, 2.	УЛРИУЛАХ	ULARIГUL-	УНТУУЦАХ	UNTUГUCA-	УРУУ	URUГU
УЖИГЛАХ	UZIГLA-	УЛС	ULASU(N)	УНУУ	UNAГULI	УРУУДАХ	URUГUDA-
УЖИД	UZID	УЛС	ULUS	УНУУЛАХ	UNUГUL-	УРУУДУУЛАХ	URUГUDAГUL-
УЖИДЛАХ	UZIDLA-	УЛСГИЙХ	ULASKI-	УНШИГЧ	UNGSIГCI	УРУУЛ	URUГUL
УЖИХ	UZI-	УЛТАЙ	ULATAI	УНШИХ	UNGSI-	УРХ(АН)	URAX-A(N)
УЖЛАГ	UZILIГ	УЛХАЙХ	ULXAI-	УНШЛАГА	UNGSILГ-A(N)	УРХАВЧ	URAXABCI
УЙ	UI	УЛЦАЙХ	ULCAI-	УНШЛАГАЧ	UNGSILГACI	УРХАН	URAXAN
УЙГУР	UIГUR	УЛЦАН[G]	ULCAN[G]	УНШМААР	UNGSIMAR	УРХДАХ	URAXADA-
УЙЛАМ	UIDUM-A	УЛЦАР	ULCAR	УНШУУЛАХ	UNGSIГUL-	УРХИРАЛ	URKIRAL
УЙЛАХ	UID-	УЛЦГАР	ULCAГAR	УНЬ	UNI(N)	УРХИРАХ	URKIRA-
УЙЛВАР	UIDBURI	УЛЦРАН	ULCARANG	УР(АН)	URAN	УРХЛАХ	URAXALA-
УЙЛХАРТ	UIDXARTU	УМ	UM	УРАГ	URUГ	УРХЧ	URAXACI
УЙЛХАРТАЙ	UIDXARTAI	УМАЙ	UMAI	УРАГДАХ	URUГDA-	УРЧЛАХ	URACILA-
УЙЛАА(Н)	UILAГ-A(N)	УМАЙХ	UMUI-	УРАГСАХ	URUГSA-	УРЧУУД	URACUD

УРШИГ	**URSIГ**
УРШИГЛАХ	**URSIГLA-**
УРШИГТ	**URSIГTU**
УРШИГТАЙ	**URSIГTAI**
УРЬ	**URI(N)**
УРЬД	**URID**
УРЬД	**URIDA**
УРЬДААС	**URIDACA**
УРЬДАД	**URIDUDA**
УРЬДАЛ	**URIDAL**
УРЬДАХ	**URIDA-**
УРЬДАХ	**URIDAKI**
УРЬДАХ	**URIDUKI**
УРЬДХАН	**URIDXAN**
УРЬДЧИЛАЛ	**URIDCILAL**
УРЬДЧИЛАХ	**URIDCILA-**
УРЬДЧИШГАА(Н)	**URIDULAГ-A(N)**
УРЬДЧИЛУУЛАХ	**URIDCILAГUL-**
УРЬХАН	**URIXAN**
УРЬШИХ	**URISI-**
УС	**USU(N)**
УСАВХЬ	**USUBKI-**
УСАРХАГ	**USURXAГ**
УСГАЛ	**USXAL**
УСДАХ	**USUD-**
УСЛАГ	**USULIГ**
УСЛАХ	**USULA-**
УСЛУУР	**USЈLAГUR**
УСТАЙ	**USUTAI**
УСТАХ	**USAD-**
УСТАХ	**USUD-**
УСТГАЛ	**USADXAL**
УСТГАХ	**USADXA-**
УСТГУУЛАХ	**USADXAГUL-**
УСЧ	**USUCI(N)**
УСЧЛАЛ	**USUCILAL**
УСЧЛАХ	**USUCILA-**
УТАА	**UTAГ-A(N)**
УТАА	**UTUГ-A(N)**
УТААДАХ	**UTUГADA-**
УТААДАХ	**UTUГADA-**
УТААРЬ	**UTUГARI**
УТААТ	**UTUГATU**
УТААТАЙ	**UTUГATAI**
УТАС	**UTASU(N)**
УТАСДАХ	**UTASUDA-**
УТАХ	**UTU-**
УТГА	**UDX-A**
УТГАЧ	**UDXACI**
УТГАЧЛАХ	**UDXACILA-**
УТГАЧЛААЧ	**UDXACILAГACI**
УТГАДАХ	**UDXADU-**
УТГАЛАХ	**UDXALA-**
УТГАТАЙ	**UDXATAI**
УТГАХ	**UDXU-**
УТГУУР	**UDXUГUR**
УТЛАГА	**UTULГ-A**
УУ	**UU,1**
УУГАН	**AUГAN**
УУГИХ	**UГUGI-**
УУДАМ	**AГUDAM**
УУДАМДАХ	**AГUDAMDA-**
УУДАМЧ	**AГUDAMCI**
УУДАМЧЛАХ	**AГUDAMCILA-**
УУДАМШИГ	**AГUDAMSIГ**
УУДЛАХ	**AГUDALA-**
УУДЛУУЛАХ	**AГUDALAГUL-**
УУЖИМ	**AГUZIM**
УУЖИМДАХ	**AГUZIMDU-**
УУЖИМХАН	**AГUZ(MXAN**
УУЖРАХ	**AГUZIRA-**
УУЛ	**UUL**
УУЛ(АН)	**AГULA(N)**
УУЛАРХАГ	**AГULARXAГ**
УУЛГА	**UULГ-A,1**
УУЛГА	**UULГ-A,2**
УУЛГАЛАХ	**UULГALA-**
УУЛГАМЧ	**UULГAMCI**
УУЛГАМЧЛАХ	**UULГAMCILA-**
УУЛГАР	**UULГAR**
УУЛГАХ	**UГULГA-**
УУЛГАЧ	**UULГACI**
УУЛЗАЛТ	**AГULZALTA**
УУЛЗАР	**AГULZAR**
УУЛЗАХ	**AГULZA-**
УУЛЗВАР	**AГULZABURI**
УУЛЗЛАГА	**AГULZALГ-A**
УУЛЗУУЛАХ	**AГULZAГUL-**
УУЛИНХАЙ	**UULINGXAI**
УУЛИХ	**UULI-**
УУЛТАЙ	**AГULATAI**
УУЛЬ	**UГULI**
УУЛЬХАЙ	**AГULIXAI**
УУЛЬХАЙ	**UULIXAI**
УУЛЬХАЙДАХ	**UULIXAIDA-**
УУЛЬХАЙЛАХ	**UULIXAILA-**
УУР	**AГUR,1**
УУР	**UUR,1**
УУР	**UUR,2**
УУР	**UГUR**
УУРАГ	**UГURUГ**
УУРГА	**UГURГ-A**
УУРЛАЛ	**AГURLAL**
УУРЛАХ	**AГURLA-**
УУРЛУУЛАХ	**AГURLAГUL-**
УУЕС	**AГURASU(N)**
УУРСАХ	**AГURSA-**
УУРТ	**AГURTU**
УУРТАЙ	**AГURTAI**
УУРХАЙ	**AГURXAI**
УУРХАЙЧ	**AГURXAICI**
УУСАХ	**AГUS-**
УУСВАР	**AГUSBURI**
УУСГАМАЛ	**AГUSXAMAL**
УУСГАХ	**AГUSXA-**
УУТ	**UUTA**
УУТ	**UГUTA**
УУТЛАХ	**UГUTALA-**
УУХ	**UГU-**
УУХАЙ	**UUXAI**
УУХИРАХ	**UUKIRA-**
УУЦ	**UГUCA**
УУЧ	**AГUCI**
УУЧИЛЛАГА	**AГUCILALГ-A**
УУЧЛАЛ	**AГUCILAL**
УУЧЛАХ	**AГUCILA-**
УУЧЛАШ	**AГUCILASI**
УУЧЛУУЛАХ	**AГUCILAГUL-**
УУШГИ(Н)	**AГUSGI(N)**
УУШИГ	**AГUSGI(N)**
УХАА	**UXAГ-A,2**
УХААЛАГ	**UXAГALIГ**
УХААЛАХ	**UXAГALA-**
УХААМСАГ	**UXAГAMSUГ**
УХААН	**UXAГAN**
УХААНТАЙ	**UXAГANTAI**
УХААРАХ	**UXAГARA-**
УХААТАН	**UXAГATAN**
УХААЧЛАХ	**UXAГACILA-**
УХАГДАХ	**UXAГDA-**
УХАГДАХУУН	**UXAГDAXUN**
УХАЛ	**UXAL**
УХАМЖ	**UXAMZI**
УХАМСАР	**UXAMSAR**
УХАМСАРЛАХ	**UXAMSARLA-**
УХАМСАРТАЙ	**UXAMSARTAI**
УХАМШРАЛ	**UXAMSIRAL**
УХАМШРАХ	**UXAMSIRA-**
УХАСХИЙХ	**UXUSKI-**
УХАХ	**UXA-**
УХАХ	**UXU-**
УХВАР	**UXABURI**
УХВАР	**UXUBURI**
УХВАРЛАХ	**UXABURILA-**
УХВАРТАЙ	**UXABURITAI**
УХДАС	**UXUDASU(N)**
УХМИ	**UXUMI**
УХМИДАХ	**UXUMIDA**
УХИЛАЛ	**UKILAL**
УХИЛАХ	**UKILA-**
УХИРАЛ(Т)	**UXURIL[TA]**
УХИРАХ	**UXURI-**
УХИРСХИЙХ	**UXURISKI-**
УХИРУУЛАХ	**UXURIГUL-**
УХМАЛ	**UXUMAL**
УХНА	**UXUN-A,1**
УХРАЛ(Т)	**UXURIL[TA]**
УХРАХ	**UXURI-**
УХУУЛАГЧ	**UXUГULUГCI**
УХУУЛАХ	**UXAГUL-**
УХУУЛАХ	**UXUГUL-**
УХУУЛГА	**UXAГULГ-A**
УХЧЛАХ	**UXUCILA-**
УЧИГ	**UCIГ**
УЧИР	**UCIR**
УЧИРЛАХ	**UCIRLA-**
УЧИРТАЙ	**UCIRTAI**
УЧРАЛ	**UCIRAL**
УЧРАЛДАХ	**UCIRALDU-**
УЧРАЛДУУЛАХ	**UCIRALDUГUL-**
УЧРАЛТ	**UCIRALTA**
УЧРАЛТ	**UCIRALTU**
УЧРАЛТАЙ	**UCIRALTAI**
УЧРАХ	**UCIRA-**
УЧРУУЛАХ	**UCIRAГUL-**
УЮУЛАХ	**UJAГUL-**
УЯА	**UJAГA(N)**
УЯАС	**UJAГASU**
УЯАТАЙ	**UJAГATAI**
УЯАЧИН	**UJAГACIN**
УЯАШИХ	**UJAГASI-**
УЯДАХ	**UJAD-**
УЯЛГА	**UJALГ-A**
УЯЛГАТАЙ	**UJALГATAI**
УЯЛДАХ	**UJALDU-**
УЯМАН	**UJAMAN**
УЯН	**UJAN**
УЯНГА	**UJANGГ-A**
УЯАНГАЛАХ	**UJANGГALA-**
УЯНГАЛУУЛАХ	**UJANGГALAГUL-**
УЯРАЛ	**UJARAL**
УЯРАЛТАЙ	**UJARALTAI**
УЯРАМ	**UJARAM-A**
УЯРАХ	**UJARA-**
УЯРМААР	**UJARAMAR**
УЯРУУЛАХ	**UJARAГUL-**
УЯСАХ	**UJAS-**
УЯТГАХ	**UJADXA-**
УЯХ	**UJA-**
УЯХАН	**UJAXAN**

Y

YB	**YB**
YГ	**YGE(N)**
YГДРЭХ	**YGDERE-**
YГИЙГУУ	**YGEGYY**
YГИЙРУУЛЭХ	**YGEIREGYL-**
YГИЙРЭХ	**YGEIRE-**
YГИЙСГЭЛ	**YGEISKEL**
YГИЙСГЭХ	**YGEISKE-**
YГЛУУЛЭХ	**YGELEGYL-**
YГЛЭХ	**YGELE-**
YГЛЭХ	**YGLE-**
YГС	**YGES**
YГСРУУЛЭХ	**YGSEREGYL-**
YГСРЭХ	**YGSERE-**
YГСЭЛ	**YGESEL**
YГСЭН	**YGSEN**
YГСЭХ	**YGESE-**
YГТЭЙ	**YGETEI**
YГТЭЭЛГЭХ	**YGTEGELGE-**
YГТЭЭХ	**YGTEGE-**
YГУЙ	**YGEI**
YГУЙДЭХ	**YGEIDE-**
YГУЙЛЭХ	**YGEILE-**
YГУЙРУУЛЭХ	**YGEIREGYL-**
YГУЙРЭХ	**YGEIRE-**
YГУЙТЭЙ	**YGEITEI**
YГУУЛБЭР	**YGYLEBYRI**
YГУУЛЛЭГ	**YGYLELGE**
YГУУЛРУУН	**YGYLERYN**
YГУУЛУУЛЭХ	**YGYLEGYL-**
YГУУЛЭЛДЭХ	**YGYLELDY-**
YГУУЛЭЛ	**YGYLEL**
YГУУЛЭХ	**YGYLE-**
YГЧЛЭХ	**YGYCILE-**
YГШРЭХ	**YGSIR-**
YГЭНЦЭР	**YGENCER**
YГЭЭГУУ	**YGEGYY**
YГЭЭГУУРЭХ	**YGEGYRE-**
YД	**YDE,1.**
YД	**YDE,2.**
YДЛЭГ	**YDELGE**
YДЛЭЛ	**YDELEL**
YДЛЭХ	**YDELE-**
YДРЭХ	**YDERE-**
YДРЭХ	**YDYR-**
YДТЭР	**YDTER**
YДТЭРЛУУЛЭХ	**YDTERLEGYL-**
YДТЭРЛЭХ	**YDTERLE-**
YДТЭРХЭН	**YDTERKEN**
YДУУЛЭХ	**YDEGYL-**
YДЭХ	**YDE-,1.**
YДЭХ	**YDE-,2**
YДЭШ	**YDESI**
YДЭШЛЭГ	**YDESILIG**
YДЭЭР	**YDEGERI**
YДЭЭС	**YDEGESY(N)**
YЕ	**YJ-E**
YЕЛУУЛЭХ	**YJELEGYL-**
YЕЛЭН	**YJELEN**
YЕЛЭХ	**YJELE-**
YЕН(Г)	**YJENG**
YЕНЧИР	**YJENCIR**
YЕР	**YJER**
YЕРЛЭЛ	**YJERLEL**
YЕРЛЭХ	**YJERLE-**
YЕРХЭХ	**YJERKE-**
YЕС	**YJES**
YЕТ	**YJETY**
YЕТЭЙ	**YJETEI**
YЕТЭН	**YJETEN**
YЕЭЛ	**YJELI**
YЕЭЛ	**YJEGELI**
YЕЭЛД	**YJELID**
YЖРЭХ	**YZIRE-**
YЗЛЭГ	**YZELGE**
YЗЛЭГЧ	**YZELGECI**
YЗМЭР	**YZEMER**
YЗМЭРТ	**YZEMERTY**
YЗМЭРТЭЙ	**YZEMERTEI**
YЗСЭГЛЭН	**YZESKYLENG**
YЗУУЛЭЛ	**YZEGYLYL**
YЗУУЛЭГДХУУН	**YZEGYLYGDEKYN**
YЗУУЛЭХ	**YZEGYL-**
YЗУУР	**YZYGYR**
YЗУУРЛЭХ	**YZYGYRLE-**
YЗУУРТ	**YZYGYRTY**
YЗУУРТЭЙ	**YZYGYRTEI**
YЗШИЛ	**YZESIL**
YЗЭГ	**YZYG,1.**
YЗЭГ	**YZYG,2.**
YЗЭГДХУУН	**YZEGDEKYN**
YЗЭГДЭЛ	**YSEGDEL**
YЗЭГДЭХ	**YZEGDE-**
YЗЭГЧ	**YZEGCI**
YЗЭЛ	**YZEL**
YЗЭЛДЭХ	**YZELDY-**
YЗЭЛТ	**YZELTE**
YЗЭЛТ	**YZELTY**
YЗЭЛТЭЙ	**YZELTEI**
YЗЭЛТЭН	**YZELTEN**
YЗЭЛЦЭХ	**YZELCE-**
YЗЭЛЧ	**YZELCI**
YЗЭМ	**YZYM**
YЗЭМЖ	**YZEMZI**
YЗЭМЖИТ	**YZEMZITY**
YЗЭМЖТЭЙ	**YZEMZITEI**
YЗЭМЧ	**YZYMCI**
YЗЭМЧИН	**YZYMYCIN**
YЗЭСГЭЛЭН(Г)	**YZESKYLENG**
YЗЭСГЭЛЭНТ	**YZESKYLENGTY**
YЗЭСГЭЛЭНТЭЙ	**YZESKYLENGTEI**
YЗЭХ	**YZE-**
YЗЭШ	**YZESI**
YЙ	**YI**
YЙЛ	**YILE**
YЙЛДВЭР	**YILEDBYRI**
YЙЛДВЭРЖИХ	**YILEDBYRIZI-**
YЙЛДВЭРЖУУЛЭХ	**YILEDBYRIZIGYL-**
YЙЛДВЭРЛЭЛ	**YILEDBYRILEL**
YЙЛДВЭРЛЭХ	**YILEDBYRILE-**
YЙЛДВЭРЧИН	**YILEDBYRICI(N)**
YЙЛДЛЭГЭ	**YILEDLYGE**
YЙЛДУУЛЭХ	**YILEDYGYL-**
YЙЛДЭГДЭХ	**YILEDYGDE-**
YЙЛДЭЛ	**YILEDYL**
YЙЛДЭХ	**YILED-**
YЙЛДЭХУУН	**YILEDKYN**
YЙЛЗЭУУЛЭХ	**YILZEGYL-**
YЙЛЗЭХ	**YILZE-**
YЙЛС	**YILES**
YЙЛТЭЙ	**YILETEI**
YЙЛЧ(ИН)	**YILECI(N)**
YЙЛЧЛЭГЧ	**YILECILEGCI**
YЙЛЧЛЭЛ	**YILECILEL**
YЙЛЧЛЭХ	**YILECILE-**
YЙМУУЛЭХ	**YIMEGYL-**
YЙМЦЭХ	**YIMECE-**
YЙМЭЛДЭХ	**YIMELDY-**
YЙМЭРЛЭХ	**YIMERLE-**
YЙМЭХ	**YIME-**
YЙМЭЭН	**YIMEGEN**
YЙМЭЭНЧ(ИН)	**YIMEGENCI(N)**
YЙРМЭГ	**YIREMEG**
YЙРУУЛЭХ	**YIREGYL-**
YЙРЭХ	**YIRE-**
YЙС	**YISY(N)**
YЙХ	**YI-**
YЛ	**YLY**
YЛБИЙХ	**YLBEI-**
YЛБЭР	**YLEBYRI**
YЛБЭР	**YLYBYR**
YЛГЭР	**YLIGER**
YЛГЭРЛУУЛЭХ	**YLIGERLEGYL-**
YЛГЭРЛЭЛ	**YLIGERLEL**
YЛГЭРЛЭХ	**YLIGERLE-**
YЛГЭРЛЭШ	**YLIGERLESI**
YЛГЭРТЭЙ	**YLIGERTEI**
YЛГЭРЧ	**YLIGERCI(N)**
YЛГЭРЧЛЭХ	**YLIGERCILE-**
YЛДУУР	**YLDEGYR**
YЛДЭГЭЛ	**YLEDEGDEL**
YЛДЭЛ	**YLEDEL**
YЛДЭХ	**YLDE-,1**
YЛДЭХ	**YLDE-,2.**
YЛДЭХ	**YLEDE-**
YЛДЭЭЛ	**YLEDEGEL**
YЛДЭЭХ	**YLEDEGE-**
YЛТ	**YLTY**
YЛТЛЭХ	**YLTYL-**
YЛТРУУЛЭХ	**YLTYREGYL-**
YЛТРЭХ	**YLTYRE-**
YЛТЭС	**YLTYSY(N)**
YЛТЭСРЭХ	**YLTYSYRE-**
YЛУУ	**YLEGYY**
YЛУУЛЭХ	**YLIGYL-**
YЛШ	**YLISI**
YЛЭГДХУУН	**YLIGDEKYN**
YЛЭГДЭХ	**YLIGDE-**
YЛЭЛ	**YLIL**
YЛЭМЖ	**YLEMZI**
YЛЭМЖРЭХ	**YLEMZIRE-**
YЛЭМЖТЭХ	**YLEMZID-**
YЛЭМЖХЭН	**YLEMZIKEN**
YЛЭХ	**YLE-**
YЛЭЭВЭР	**YLIJEBYRI**
YЛЭЭГУУР	**YLIJEGYR**
YЛЭЭЛЭГ	**YLIJELGE**
YЛЭЭМЭЛ	**YLIJEMEL**

УЛЭЭХ
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УМРҮҮЛ
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УМТЭХ
УНГЭХ
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УНЭС

YLEGE-
YLIJE-
YMDY-
YMYRYYL
YMYRYGYL-
YMDY-
YNGGE-
YNGGYLCEG
YNDYSY(N)
YNDYSY(N)
YNDYSYLEL
YNDYSYLE-
YNDYSYTEI
YNDYSTEN
YNZIRGE
YNESY(N)
YNESYDE
YNGSYI-
YNESYTE´
YNYS-
EMKY
EMKYGYL-
YNGGYLBYRI
YNGGYLCEG
EMKY-
YN-E,1
YNEGE(N)
YNELESI
YNELELTE
YNELE-
YNEMLE-
YNEMSIL
YNEMSI-
YNEMSIMER-E
YNEMSIGYL-
YNEMSIJE-
YNEN
YNENCI
YNENCILE-
YNYR
YNYRLIG
YNYRLE-
YNYRTY
YNYRTEI
YNYRTEN
YNYRTE-
YNERKEG
YNERKEL
YNERKE-
YNESY(N)

УНЭСДЭХ
УНЭСТЭХ
УНЭТЭЙ
УНЭХЭЭР
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УНЭЭ
УНЭЭР
УНЭЭРЭЭ(Н)
УР
УРГЭЛЖ
УРГЭЛЖИД
УРГЭЛЖЛҮҮЛЭХ
УРГЭЛЖЛЭЛ
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УРГЭМТГИЙ
УРГЭМХИЙ
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УРТЭЙ
УРТЭС(ЭН)
УРТЭС(ЭН)
УРЧВЭЛЭЭХ
УРЧГЭР
УРЧГЭРТЭХ
УРЧИЙЛГЭХ
УРЧИЙЛГЭЭ
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УРЭВДЭС
УРЭВТЭЛ
УРЭВТЭЛДЭХ
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УС(Н)
УСЛЭГ

YNESYDE-
YNESYTE-
YNETEI
YNEKER
YNECI
YNIJ-E(N)
YNER
YNEREN
YR-E
YRGYLZI
YRGYLZIDE
YRGYLZILEGYL-
YRGYLZILEL
YRGYLZILE-
YRGELE-
YRGEMETEGEI
YRGEMEKEI
YREGE-,1
YRGE-
YRGEGE-
YREZIL
YREZI-
YREZIGYL-
YRELGE
YRELECI
YRELE-
YRELECI
YRETEI
YREDESY(N)
YRTESY(N)
YRCIBELZE-
YRCIGIR
YRCIGIRTY-
YRCIILGE-
YRCIILGE
YRCII-
YRCILE-
YRYBTESY(N)
YRYBTYL
YRYBTYLDE-
YREGDEGYL-
YREGDEL
YREGDE-
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YGYCELE-
YKI
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FABRIK
FAKULITET
FARMACEVT
FASIZM
FASIST
FEDERACI
FEODAL
FEODALISM

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FIZIK
FIZIKCI
FIZIOLOGI
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FILANTROPI
FILOLOGI
FILOSOFI

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FIN
FINANSIST
FINLAND
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XADXULA-
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XAKIR-, 1.
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XASIГ-A
XASIJ-A(N)
XASIJALA-
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XAŠKIRГ-A
XAŠKIRUL
XAŠKIRULCA-
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XAJAГ-A
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ХАЯЛЦАА(Н)
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KYRIJELEGYL-
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KYRIJECI(N)
KYSEBYRI
KYSELENG
KYSYNYG, 1
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KYSYNYGLE-
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KYSEGYL-
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KYSELTEI
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KEY
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KYY, 1
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KEBLEGYL-
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KEBTEGYRI
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KEBCEG*

ХЭ ЦЭГ
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KEDY(N)
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KEDYDYGER
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KEDERGE(N)
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KERYDESYLEGYL-
KERYDESYLE-
KERZIGINE-
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KERYLEN
KEREMY(N)
KERESY
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KERSEGYLE-
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KERESGELE-
KERSENG

ХЭРҮҮЛ	KEREGYL	ХЭСЭГЛЭХ	KESEGLE-	ХЭЭСЛЭХ	KEGESYLE-	ХЯНАМГАЙ	KINAMAГAI
ХЭРҮҮЛЧ	KEREGYLCI	ХЭСЭГЧЛЭХ	KESEGCILE-	ХЭЭТЭЙ	KEGETEI	ХЯНАМЖ	KINAMZI
ХЭРХЭВЧ	KERKIBECY	ХЭСЭЛ	KESYL	ХЯАЗ	KIГAZA	ХЯНАМЖЛАЛ	KINAMZILAL
ХЭРХЭН	KERKIN	ХЭСЭХ	KESE-	ХЯДААН	KIDUГAN	ХЯНАМЖЛАХ	KINAMZILA-
ХЭРХЭХ	KERKI-	ХЭСЭХ	KESY-	ХЯДАЛЦАХ	KIDULCA-	ХЯНАМЖТАЙ	KINAMZITAI
ХЭРЦГИЙ	KERCEGEI	ХЭСЭЭГДЭХ	KESEGEGDE-	ХЯДАХ	KIDU-	ХЯНАХ	KINA-, 1.
ХЭРЦГИЙДЭХ	KERCEGEIDE-	ХЭСЭЭЛ	KESEGEL	ХЯДЛАГА	KIDULГ-A	ХЯНАХ	KINU-
ХЭРЦГИЙЛЭХ	KERCEGEILE-	ХЭСЭЭЛГЭ	KESEGELGE	ХЯЗ	KIZA	ХЯНГА(Н)	KINGГ-A(N)
ХЭРЧИГДЭХ	KERCIGDE-	ХЭСЭЭЛТ	KESEGELTE	ХЯЗААЛАЛ	KIZAГALAL	ХЯНГАР	KINGГAR-A, 1.
ХЭРЧИГНЭХ	KERCIGINE-	ХЭСЭЭМЖ	KESEGEMZI	ХЯЗААЛАН	KIZAГALANG	ХЯНГАР	KINGГAR-A, 2.
ХЭРЧИМ	KERCIM	ХЭСЭЭХ	KESEGE-	ХЯЗГААР	KIZAГAR	ХЯНГАРДАЛ	KINGГARADAL
ХЭРЧИР	KERCIR-E	ХЭСЭЭЧ	KESYGECI	ХЯЗГААРЛАГДАХ	KIZAГARALAГDA-	ХЯНГАРДАХ	KINGГARADA-
ХЭРЧИХ	KERCI-	ХЭТ	KETY, 1.	ХЯЗГААРЛАЛ	KIZAГAГLAL	ХЯНУУЛАХ	KINAГUL-
ХЭРЧМЭГ	KERCIMEG	ХЭТ	KETY, 2.	ХЯЗГААРЛАХ	KIZAГARLA-	ХЯНХЛАХ	KINGXULA-
ХЭРЧМЭЛ	KERCIMEL	ХЭТ(ЭН)	KETE	ХЯЗГААРЛУУЛАХ	KIZAГARLAГUL-	ХЯНХЛАХ	KINGXULAL
ХЭРЧҮҮР	KERCIGYR	ХЭТЛЭХ	KETYL-	ХЯЗГААРТ	KIZAГARTU	ХЯНХУУ	KINGXUU
ХЭРЧЭЭС(ЭН)	KERCIJESY(N)	ХЭТРҮҮЛЭХ	KETYREGYL-	ХЯЗГААРТАЙ	KIZAГARTAI	ХЯР	KIR-A
ХЭРЧЭЭСЛҮҮЛЭХ	KERCIJESYLEGYL	ХЭТРЭМГИЙ	KETYREMEGEI	ХЯЛАВ	KILAB	ХЯРАА	KIRAГ-A
ХЭРЧЭРСЛЭХ	KERCIJESYLE-	ХЭТРЭМГИЙДЭХ	KETYREMEGEIDE-	ХЯЛАЙХ	KILUI-	ХЯРАМ	KIRAM
ХЭРЭГ	KEREG	ХЭТРЭМГИЙЛЭХ	KETYREMEGEILE-	ХЯЛАЛЗАХ	KILULZA-	ХЯРАМЛАХ	KIRAMLA-
ХЭРЭГДЭХ	KERYGDE-	ХЭТРЭЛ	KETYREL	ХЯЛАМ	KILAM	ХЯРАХ	KIJARA-
ХЭРЭГЛҮҮЛЭХ	KEREGLEGYL-	ХЭТРЭНГҮЙ	KETYRENGGYI	ХЯЛАМХИЙХ	KILAMKI-	ХЯРАХ	KIRU-
ХЭРЭГЛЭГДЭХ	KEREGLEGDE-	ХЭТРЭХ	KETYRE-	ХЯЛАР	KILAR	ХЯРВАС	KIRBUSU(N)
ХЭРЭГЛЭГДЭХҮҮН	KEREGLEGDEKYN	ХЭТҮҮ	KETEGYY	ХЯЛБАЛЗАХ	KILUBALZA-	ХЯРВАСЛАЛ	KIRBUSULAL
ХЭРЭГЛЭЛ	KEREGLEL	ХЭТЭВЧ	KETEBCI	ХЯЛБАР	KILBAR	ХЯРВАСЛАХ	KIRBUSULA-
ХЭРЭГЛЭХ	KEREGLE-	ХЭТЭРХИЙ	KETYRKEI	ХЯЛБАРХАН	KILBARXAN	ХЯРГАГДАХ	KIRГAГDA-
ХЭРЭГЛЭХҮҮН	KEREGLEKYN	ХЭХРЭХ	KEKERE-	ХЯЛБАРЧЛАХ	KILBARCILA-	ХЯРГАХ	KIRГA-
ХЭРЭГСЭЛ	KEREGSEL	ХЭЦ	KECE, 1.	ХЯЛГАНА	KILAГAN-A	ХЯРГУЙ	KIRГUI
ХЭРЭГСЭХ	KEREGSE-	ХЭЦ	KECE, 2.	ХЯЛГАР	KILAГAR	ХЯРГУУЛАХ	KIRГAГUL-
ХЭРЭГТЭЙ	KEREGTEI	ХЭЦ	KECE, 3.	ХЯЛГАС(АН)	KILГASU(N)	ХЯРГУУР	KIRГAГUR
ХЭРЭГТЭН	KEREGTEN	ХЭЦНЭЭН	KECINEN	ХЯЛМАЛЗАХ	KILAMALZA-	ХЯРЗЭН	KIRZANG
ХЭРЭГЦЭЭН	KEREGCEGEN	ХЭЦҮҮ	KECEGYY	ХЯЛМАЛЗАХ	KILUMALZA-	ХЯРЛАХ	KIRALA-
ХЭРЭГШЭЭМЖ	KEREGSIJEMZI	ХЭЦҮҮДЭЛ	KECEGYDEL	ХЯМГА	KIMAГ-A	ХЯРМАГ	KIRAMAГ
ХЭРЭГШЭЭМЖТЭЙ	KEREGSIJEMZITEI	ХЭЦҮҮДЭХ	KECEGYDE-	ХЯМГААЛАХ	KIMAГALA-	ХЯРМАГЛАХ	KIRAMAГLA-
ХЭРЭГШЭЭХ	KEREGSIJE-	ХЭЦҮҮТЭЙ	KECEGYTEI	ХЯМГАДАЛГА	KIMAГADALГ-A	ХЯРС	KIRSA
ХЭРЭЛДҮҮЛЭХ	KERELDYGYL-	ХЭЦҮҮШЭЭЛ	KECEGYSIJEL	ХЯМГАДАХ	KIMAГADA-	ХЯРТАЙ	KIRATAI
ХЭРЭЛДЭЛ	KERELDYL	ХЭЦҮҮШЭЭХ	KECEGYSIJE-	ХЯМГАДУУЛАХ	KIMAГADAГUI-	ХЯРУУ	KIRAГU(N)
ХЭРЭЛДЭХ	KERELDY-	ХЭШИГ	KESIG	ХЯМГАТАЙ	KIMAГATAI	ХЯРУУЛ	KIRAГUL
ХЭРЭЛДЭЭ(Н)	KERELDYGEN	ХЭШИГТЭН	KESIGTEN	ХЯМДРАЛ	KIMDARAL	ХЯРУУЛАХ	KIRUГUL-
ХЭРЭЛЗГЭНЭ	KERELZEGENE	ХЭЭ	KEGE(N)	ХЯМДРАХ	KIMDARA-	ХЯРУУТАХ	KIRAГUTA-
ХЭРЭМ	KEREM	ХЭЭЛ	KEGELI, 1.	ХЯМДРУУЛАХ	KIMDARAГUL-	ХЯРЧИГНАХ	KIJARCIGINA-
ХЭРЭМ	KEREMY(N)	ХЭЭЛ	KEGELI, 2.	ХЯМДХАН	KIMDAXAN	ХЯС	KISA, 1.
ХЭРЭМТЭЙ	KEREMTEI	ХЭЭЛТҮҮЛЭГ	KEGELITEGYLGE	ХЯМРАЛ	KIMURAL	ХЯСАА	KISA, 2.
ХЭРЭМЧ	KEREMYCI	ХЭЭЛТҮҮЛЭХ	KEGELITEGYL-	ХЯМРАЛДААН	KIMURALDUГAN	ХЯСАА	KISAГ-A
ХЭРЭМЧЛЭХ	KEREMYCILE-	ХЭЭЛТЭЙ	KEGELITEI	ХЯМРАЛДАХ	KIMURALDU-	ХЯСАА(Н)	KISUГ A
ХЭРЭХ	KERY-, 1	ХЭЭЛТЭХ	KEGELITE-	ХЯМРАЛДУУЛАХ	KIMURALDUГUL-	ХЯСАГДАХ	KISAГDA-
ХЭРЭХ	KERY-, 2.	ХЭЭЛҮҮЛЭХ	KEGELEGYL-	ХЯМРАЛТ	KIMURALTU	ХЯСАХ	KISA-
ХЭРЭХ	KIRE-	ХЭЭЛЭЛ	KEGELEL	ХЯМРАЛТАЙ	KIMURALTAI	ХЯСУУЛАХ	KISAГUL-
ХЭРЭЭ(Н)	KERIJE(N)	ХЭЭЛЭХ	KEGELE-	ХЯМРАХ	KIMURA-	ХЯТАД	KITAD
ХЭСЛЭГЭ	KESYLGE	ХЭЭМСЭГ	KEGEMSYG	ХЯМРУУЛАХ	KIMURAГUL-	ХЯТАДЧЛАЛ	KITADCILAL
ХЭСНЭГ	KESENEG	ХЭЭМСЭГЛЭХ	KEGEMSYGLE-	ХЯМСАА	KIMSAГ-A	ХЯТАДЧЛАХ	KITADCILA-
ХЭСҮҮЛЭХ	KESYGYL-	ХЭЭНЦЭР	KEGENCER	ХЯНАЛ	KINAL	ХЯХАХ	KIXA-
ХЭСҮҮЧЛЭХ	KESYGYCILE-	ХЭЭНЦЭРЛЭХ	KEGENCERLE-	ХЯНАЛГА	KINALГ-A	ХЯХНАМ	KIXUNAM-A
ХЭСЭГ	KESEG	ХЭЭР	KEGER	ХЯНАЛТ	KINALTA	ХЯХНАХ	KIXUNA-
ХЭСЭГЛҮҮЛЭХ	KESEGLEGYL-	ХЭЭР	KEGER-E	ХЯНАЛЦАХ	KINALCA-		
ХЭСЭГЛЭГДЭХ	KESEGLEGDE-	ХЭЭС	KEGESY(N)	ХЯНАЛЦАХ	KINULCA-		

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ЦАА	CA	ЦАВТАЙ	CABATAI	ЦАГААХАГ	CAГAXAN	ЦАЙРУУ	CAIRAГU
ЦААГУУР	CAГAГUR	ЦАВТАХ	CABATU-	ЦАГААШИХ	CAГASI-	ЦАЙС	CAISA
ЦААД	CAГADU	ЦАВУУ	CABAГU	ЦАГАДАХ	CAГDA-	ЦАЙХ	CAI-
ЦААД	CADU	ЦАВУУ(Н)	CABAU	ЦАГАРИГ	CAГARIГ	ЦАЙЧ	CAICI
ЦААДАХЬ	CAГADUKI	ЦАВУУДАХ	CABAUDA-	ЦАГАРИГЛАЖ	CAГARIГLA-	ЦАЛАЙЛГАХ	CALAILГA-
ЦААЗ	CAГAZA	ЦАВЧААЛ	CABCIJAL	ЦАГАРИГЛУУЛАХ	CAГARIГLAГUL-	ЦАЛАЙХ	CALAI-
ЦААЗАТ	CAГAZATU	ЦАВЧААС(АН)	CABCIJASU(N)	ЦАГАРИГТ	CAГARIГTU	ЦАЛАМ	CALM-A
ЦААЗАЧ	CAГAZACI	ЦАВЧДАС(АН)	CABCIDASU(N)	ЦАГАРИГТАЙ	CAГARIГTAI	ЦАЛАМДАХ	CALMADA-
ЦААЗЛАГДАХ	CAГAZALAГDA-	ЦАВЧИЛ	CABCIL	ЦАГДАА	CAГDAГ-A	ЦАЛАНДАЙ	CALANGDAI
ЦААЗЛАЛ	CAГAZALAL	ЦАВЧИЛГА	CABCILГ-A	ЦАГДАГЧ	CAГDAГCI	ЦАЛАНДАЙЛАХ	CALANGDAILA-
ЦААЗЛАХ	CAГAZALA-	ЦАВЧИЛДААН	CABCILDUГAN	ЦАГДУУЛ	CAГDAГUL	ЦАЛБАР	CALABURI
ЦААЗТАЙ	CAГAZATAI	ЦАВЧИЛДАХ	CABCILDU-	ЦАГДУУЛАХ	CAГDAГUL-	ЦАЛГАЙ	CALAГAI
ЦААНА	CAГAN-A	ЦАВЧИЛЦАХ	CABCILCA-	ЦАГЛАЛ	CAГLAL	ЦАЛГАЙДАХ	CALAГAIDA-
ЦААНА	CIГANA	ЦАВЧИМ	CABCIM-A	ЦАГЛАХ	CAГLA-	ЦАЛГАЙРАЛ	CALAГAIRAL
ЦААНАХАН	CAГANAXAN	ЦАВЧИХ	CABCI-	ЦАГЛАШ	CAГLASI	ЦАЛГАЙРАХ	CALAГAIRA-
ЦААРГА	CAГARГU	ЦАВЧЛАН(Г)	CABCILANG	ЦАГЛУУЛАХ	CAГLAГUL-	ЦАЛГАР	CALAГAR
ЦААС(АН)	CAГASU(N)	ЦАВЧЛАХ	CABCILA-	ЦАГНАХ	CANGNA-	ЦАЛГАРДАХ	CALAГARDA-
ЦААСЛАХ	CAГASULA-	ЦАВЧМАЛ	CABCIMAL	ЦАГТАЙ	CAГTAI	ЦАЛГАРДУУЛАХ	CALAГARDAГUL-
ЦААСТ	CAГASUTU	ЦАВЧУУЛАХ	CABCIГUL-	ЦАГЧИГ	CAГCIГ	ЦАЛГИА	CALGIJ-A
ЦААСТАЙ	CAГASUTAI	ЦАВЧУУР	CABCIГUR	ЦАГЧИХ	CAГCI-	ЦАЛГИДАС(АН)	CALGIDASU(N)
ЦААШ	CAГASI	ЦАВЧУУРДАХ	CABCIГURDA-	ЦАДАЛ	CADULA	ЦАЛГИЛАХ	CALGIL-
ЦААШ	CAГASI	ЦАВЬ	CABI	ЦАДАХ	CAD-	ЦАЛГИХ	CALGI-
ЦААШ	CINAГSI	ЦАВЬДАГЧ(ИН)	CABIDAГCI(N)	ЦАДИГ	CADIГ	ЦАЛИГ	CALIГ, 2.
ЦААШИД	CINAГSIDA	ЦАВЬДАР	CABIDAR	ЦАДРАЛ	CADURAL	ЦАЛИН(Г)	CALING
ЦААШЛАХ	CINAГSILA-	ЦАГ	CAГ	ЦАДРАХ	CADURA-	ЦАЛИНТ	CALINGTU
ЦААШУАН	CINAГSIXAN	ЦАГ	CAГ	ЦАЙ	CAI	ЦАЛИНТАЙ	CALINGTAI
ЦААШХИ	CINAГSIKI	ЦАГАА	CAГ-A, 2.	ЦАЙВАЙХ	CAIBAI-	ЦАЛИР	CALIR
ЦАБ	CAB, 1	ЦАГАА	CAГ-A, 3.	ЦАЙВАЛЗАХ	CAIBALZA-	ЦАЛИРДАХ	CALIRDA-
ЦАВ	CAB, 2	ЦАГААВТАР	CAГABTUR	ЦАЙВАР	CAIBUR	ЦАЛМ	CALMA-
ЦАВ	CAB, 3	ЦАГААГЧИН	CAГAГCIN	ЦАЙВАР	CAIBUR	ЦАЛМУУЛАХ	CALMAГUL-
ЦАВ	CAB, 4.	ЦАГААДАХ	CAГAD-	ЦАЙВАРХАН	CAIBURXAN	ЦАМ	CAM, 1.
ЦАВ	CABA	ЦАГААЛАХ	CAГALA-, 1.	ЦАЙВГАР	CAIBAГAR	ЦАМ	CAM, 2.
ЦАВАГ	CABUГ	ЦАГААЛАХ	CAГALA-, 2.	ЦАЙДАМ	CAIDAM	ЦАММААРХАХ	CAMARXA-
ЦАВАГЛАХ	CABUГLA-	ЦАГААЛЖ	CAГALZI	ЦАЙЗ	CAIZA	ЦАМНАХ	CAMNA-
ЦАВДАЛ	CABDAL	ЦАГААЛИХ	CAГALI-	ЦАЙЛАХ	CAILA-	ЦАМХАГ	CAMXAГ
ЦАВДАХ	CABDA-, 1.	ЦАГААН	CAГAN	ЦАЙЛБАЛЗАХ	CAILABALZA-	ЦАМХАТТ	CAMXAГTU
ЦАВДАХ	CABDA-, 2.	ЦАГААНТАН	CAГANTAN	ЦАЙЛГАХ	CAILГA-	ЦАМХАГТАЙ	CAMXAГTAI
ЦАВДУУР	CABDAГUR	ЦАГААРАХ	CAГARA-	ЦАЙЛГУУЛАХ	CAILГAГUL-	ЦАМХИЙХ	CAMXUI-
ЦАВИЛУУР	CABILAГUR	ЦАГААРУУЛАХ	CAГARГUL-	ЦАЙЛЛАГА	CAILALГ-A	ЦАМЦ	CAMCA
ЦАВИР	CABRI	ЦАГААТГАЛ	CAГADXAL	ЦАЙР	CAIR	ЦАМЧ	CAMCI
ЦАВЛАХ	CABLA-, 1.	ЦАГААТГАХ	CAГADXA-	ЦАЙРАХ	CAIRA-	ЦАН(Г)	CANG, 1
ЦАВЛАХ	CABLA-, 2.	ЦАГААТГУУЛАХ	CAГADXAГUL-	ЦАЙРДАХ	CAIRDA-	ЦАН(Г)	CANG, 2.
ЦАВТ	CABATU	ЦАГААЧИН	CAГACIN	ЦАЙРЛАХ	CAIRLA-	ЦАНА	CANA

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CARGI-, 2.
CARDAI-
CARDASU(N)
CARDA-
CARDAГUL
CARDAГUL-
CARIL
CARLA-
CARMA-
CARMAГUR
CARASU(N)
CARTU-
CARCAГ-A
CARCAГA-
CARCAXAI
CARCAI-
CARCA-
CARCAГAR
CARCAГUL-
CASU(N)
CASUD-
CASURA-
CASUTU
CASUTAI
CADXADAГ
CADXAL
CADXULANG
CADXA-
CADXAГUL-
CAXA, 1.
CAXA, 2
CAXU
CAXULA
CAXAR
CAXUDA-
CAKIL-
CAKILГAN
CAKILГANZI-
CAKILГANZIГUL-
CAKILГA-
CAKILDAГ
CAKILZA-
CAKIR, 1.
CAKIR, 2.
CAKIRM-A
CIKIRM-A
CAKIГUL-
CAKIГUR
CAKI-
CAXALAI
CAXULAI, 1
CAXULAI, 2
CAXULAITU-
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CAXUTUNA-
CACAГA -
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CACA-
CACULГ-A
CACURAГ

ЦИЙРС(ЭН)
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CIGIRSY(N)
COBUГ-A
COBTU
COBTULA-
COBXURA-
COГ
COГIГ-A
COGI-
COГTAI
COГCA
COГCAГAR
COГCALAГDA-
COГCALAL
COГCALA-
COГCALAГUL-
COГCAILГA-
COГCAI-
COГCAS
COICUI-
COLA
COLGILA-
COLGI-
COLMUN
COLCUNG
COLATAI
COLCUNGDA-
COLCARI-
COLID
COMU
COMBUГAR
COMBUN
COMUГ
COMUГLA-
COMUГLAГUL-
COMURLIГ
COMURLIГDA-
COMURLIГLA-
COMURLIГTU
COMURLIГTAI
COMCUГAR
COMCUI -
COMCURI -
CONG
CONGГUR
CONGГURXAI
CONDUUL
CONUГ
CONGXU(N)
CONGKIJAL
CONGXUL
CONGXUR
COГU
COГUZI
COГUZILA-
COГUZITAI
COГULBURI
COГULBURILAГUL-
COГULBURILA-
COГULГ-A
COГULUГDA-
COГUL-
COГULUГUL-
COГUNUГ
COГURA-
COГURXAI
COГURXAITAI
COUXUR
COUXURLA-
COГUCI-
COГUCILA-
COГUCIГUL-
COR, 1.
COR, 2.
CORI
CORBUI-
CORGILГA
CORGIГUL
CORGIГUL-
CORGIГUR
CORGI-
CORIГU
CORIГULA-
CORIГUTAI
CORDU
CORZI
CORUI-
COXU, 1.
COXU, 2.
COXU, 3.
COXUDASU(N)
COXUDA-
COKIГDA-
COKILГ-A
COKILDU-
COKILA-
COKILTA
COKILAГUR
COKILCA-
COKIMAГ
COKIJ-A(N)
COKIГUL-
COKUГUR
COKI-

ЦОХИЦ
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ЦӨВ
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ЦӨВРҮҮ
ЦӨВРҮҮДЭС(ЭН)
ЦӨВРҮҮДЭХ
ЦӨВТ
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ЦӨӨРС(ЭН)
ЦӨӨТГӨХ
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ЦӨС
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ЦУВ
ЦУВАА(Н)
ЦУВАЛТ
ЦУВАН
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ЦУВРАХ
ЦУВРИЛ(ГА)
ЦУВРИЛТ
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ЦУГ
ЦУГАЯР
ЦУГЛАА(Н)
ЦУГЛААЛАХ
ЦУГЛААН
ЦУГЛАРАЛ

COKICA
COXULTA
COXU-
COXURU-
COCUSKI-
COCUГURITU
COCUГURI
COCUГURITAI
COCIM
COCIMDA-
COCIMDAГU
COCIMTAГAI
COCIMAГAI
COCIR
COCIRDA-
COCIRDAГUL-
COCI-
COCIMAГ
COCIMAГDA-
COCIMAГDAГU
COCIГ-A
COCIГA-
CØB, 1.
CØB, 2.
CØB, 3.
CØBYDEL
CØBEREGY
CØBEREGYDESY(N)
CØBEREGYDE-
CØBTY
CØBTE-, 1.
CØBTE-, 2.
CØBTEI
CØGYCE
CØL
CØLBEGDE-
CØLBE-
CØLBEGYL-
CØLYI[D]-
CØLELGE
CØLEGDEL
CØLEGDE-
CØLELGE
CØLE-
CØLEGYL-
CØM
CØM-E
CØMY, 2.
CØMEDE-
CØMELE-
CØMYLE-
CØMYRKEI
CØMY-
CØMYRE-
CØMYREGYL-
CØMCYRI-
CØMCI-
CØGEBYRI, 1.
CØGEBYRI, 2.
CØGEBTYR
CØGEBCILE-
CØGED-
CØGELE-
CØGEN
CØGENGKI
CØGEREM
CØGERYM
CØGERYMKEN
CØGERE-
CØGERESY(N)
CØGEDKE-
CØGEKEN
CØSY(N)
CØKY
CØKYGEL
CØKYGE-
CØKY-
CØKYREL
CØKYRELTE
CØKYRE-
CØKYREGYL-
CØCYGEI
CØCIGER
CØCII-
CUBA
CUBUГ-A(N)
CUBULTA
CUBUN
CUBU-
CUBURA-
CUBURIL[Г-A]
CUBURILTA
CUBURIГUL
CUBURIГUL-
CUBURI-
CUBX-A
CUBACA
CUГ
CUГAR
CUГLAГ-A(N)
CIГULГALA-
CIГULГAN
CUГLARAL

ЦУГЛАРАХ
ЦУГЛАРУУЛАХ
ЦУГЛАХ
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ЦУС(АН)
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ЦУЦЧИХ

CUГLARA-
CUГLARAГUL-
CIГUL-
CUГLA-
CUГLAГULUГDA-
CUГLAГULUГCI
CIГULUГUL-
CUГLAГUL-
CUГLAГULГ-A
CUГLAГULГA-
CUГTAГAN
CULU, 1.
CULU, 2.
CULBUГUR
CULBUГURDA-
CULГAI
CULГUIDA-
CULГUI
CULГUILA-
CULXUI-
CULUXAN
CULUXUNG
CULXUГAR
CULCUI-
CUR
CURBA
CURBAГ-A(N)
CURUXAI
CURKIRAL
CURKIRA-
CISU(N)
CISURXAГ
CISUDA-
CISULALCA-
CISULA-
CISUTU
CISUTAI
CIDXUГDA-
CIDXUГCI
CIDXULANG
CIDXULГ-A
CIDXUГUL-
CIDXUГUR
CUU, 1
CUU, 2.
CUBUГUL-
CUUGIJAN
CUUGIJANTAI
CUUGIL
CUUGILDU-
CUUGINA-
CUUGI-
CUUDAMLA-
CUUDAMNA-
CUUDAMCI
COГUDASU(N)
CUГUL-
CUГUR, 1.
CUГUR, 2
COURA
CAURAI
CUГURГACI
CUГURDA-
CUURXAL
CUURXA-
CUURXAГUL-
CUГURCI
CUUTAI, 1.
CUUTAI, 2.
CUUXAL, 1.
CUUXAL, 2.
CUUCALI
CUUJANGBUU
CIXUL
CIXULDAL
CIXULDAГUL-
CIXULZA-
CUXUS
CUXUILГA-
CUXUI-
CUCAГ-A
CUCAГAГDA-
CUCAГATAI
CUCAГA-
CUCAГACI
CUCAL, 1.
CUCAL, 2.
CUCALI
CUCALГA-
CUCALTA
CUCARXAI
CUCA-, 1
CUCA-, 2.
CUCASI
CUCALAГDA-
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CUCALA-, 1.
CUCALAГAL-
CUCARAL
CUCARA-
CUCARASI
CUCARAГUL-
CUCACI-

ЦУЦЧУУЛАХ CUCACIГUL-
ЦҮГДИЙҮ CYGDYI-
ЦҮГЦРЭГ CYGCYRGE
ЦҮЛ CYL
ЦҮЛТЭЙ CYLTEI
ЦҮЛЭГ CYLYG
ЦҮЛЭН(Г) CYLYNG
ЦҮНХ CYNGKE
ЦҮНХГЭР CYNGKEGER
ЦҮНХГЭР CYNGKYGER
ЦҮНХИЙЛГЭХ CYNGKEILGE-
ЦҮНХИЙХ CYNGKEI-
ЦҮРГЭР CYRGER
ЦҮРГЭРДЭХ CYRGERDE-
ЦҮРДИЙХ CYRDEI-
ЦҮРДЭГЭР CYRDEGER
ЦҮҮ CY
ЦҮҮВЭН CYBENG
ЦҮҮЦ CYCE
ЦҮҮЦГЭР CYCIGER
ЦҮҮЦДЭҮ CYCEDE-
ЦЭВ CEB
ЦЭВЭР CEBER
ЦЭВЭРЛЭГ CEBERLIG
ЦЭВЭРЛЭГЧ CEBERLEGCI
ЦЭВЭРЛЭЛ CEBERLEL
ЦЭВЭРЛЭЛТ CEBERLELTE
ЦЭВЭРЛЭХ CEBERLE-
ЦЭВЭРХҮҮ CEBERKYY
ЦЭВЭРХЭН CEBERKEN
ЦЭВЭРШИХ CEBERSI-
ЦЭГ CEG
ЦЭГДГЭР CEGDEGER
ЦЭГЛЭЛ CEGLEL
ЦЭГЛЭХ CEGLE-
ЦЭГТЭЙ CEGTEI
ЦЭГЦ CEGCE
ЦЭГЦЛЭХ CEGCELE-
ЦЭГЦРЭХ CEGCERE-
ЦЭГЦТЭЙ CEGCETEI
ЦЭГЦТЭХ CEGCED-
ЦЭГЦЭТГЭХ CEGCEDKE-
ЦЭГЭЭ(Н) CIGE(N)
ЦЭГЭЭДЭГ CEGEDEG
ЦЭГЭЭН CEGEN
ЦЭГЭЭХЭН CEGEKEN
ЦЭДЭГ CEDIG
ЦЭЛБЭН CELBENG
ЦЭЛГЭР CELEGER, 1
ЦЭЛГЭР CELEGER, 2.
ЦЭЛГЭРДЭХ CELEGERDE-
ЦЭЛИЙХ CELEI-, 1.
ЦЭЛИЙХ CELEI-, 2.
ЦЭЛМЭ(Н) CELM-E(N)
ЦЭЛМЭГ CELMEG
ЦЭЛМЭХ CELME-
ЦЭЛЭГ CELGE
ЦЭМБЭ CEMBE
ЦЭМБЭЛЭХ CEMBELE-
ЦЭМБЭЧ CEMBECI
ЦЭН(Г) CEN
ЦЭНГҮҮЛЭХ CENGGEGYL-
ЦЭНГЭЛ CENGGEL
ЦЭНГЭЛДЭХ CENGGELDY-
ЦЭНГЭЛТЭЙ CENGGELTEI
ЦЭНГЭХ CENGGE-
ЦЭНДГИЙ CENDEGEI
ЦЭНДГЭР CENDEGER
ЦЭНҮҮЛЭХ CENEGYL-
ЦЭНХГЭР CENGKEGER
ЦЭНХЭР CENGKER
ЦЭНХЭРТЭХ CENGKIRTY-
ЦЭНЭГ CENEG, 1
ЦЭНЭГ CENEG, 2.
ЦЭНЭГЛЭХ CENEGLE-
ЦЭНЭГТЭЙ CENEGTEI
ЦЭНЭХ CENE-
ЦЭР CER, 1.
ЦЭР CER, 2.
ЦЭРВЭХ CERBE-
ЦЭРДГЭР CERDEGER
ЦЭРЦИЙЛГЭХ CERCEILGE-
ЦЭРЦИЙХ CERCEI-
ЦЭРЭГ CERIG
ЦЭРЭГЖИЛТ CERIGZILTE
ЦЭРЭГЖИХ CERIGZI-
ЦЭРЭГЖҮҮЛЭЛГЭ CERIGZIGYLYLGE
ЦЭРЭГЖҮҮЛЭХ CERIGZIGYL-
ЦЭРЭГЛЭЛ CERIGLEL
ЦЭРЭГЛЭХ CERIGLE-
ЦЭРЭГТЭЙ CERIGTEI
ЦЭРЭГШИЛ CERIGSIL
ЦЭРЭГШИХ CERIGSI-
ЦЭС CESE(N)
ЦЭХ CEKE
ЦЭХ CIKE
ЦЭХЛҮҮЛЭХ CIKELEGYL-
ЦЭХЛЭГ CIKELIG
ЦОХЛЭХ CIKELE-
ЦЭХРҮҮЛЭХ CIKEREGYL-
ЦЭХРЭХ CIKERE-
ЦЭХЧ CIKECI
ЦЭХЭР CEKER
ЦЭЦГИЙ CECEGEI
ЦЭЦЭГ CECEG
ЦЭЦЭГЛЭГ CECEGLIG
ЦЭЦЭГЛЭГЧ CECEGLIGCI
ЦЭЦЭГЛЭЛТ CECEGLELTE
ЦЭЦЭГЛЭХ CECEGLE-
ЦЭЦЭГТ CECEGTY
ЦЭЦЭГТЭЙ CECEGTEI
ЦЭЦЭГТЭХ CECEGTE-
ЦЭЦЭН CECEN
ЦЭЦЭРЛЭГ CECERLIG
ЦЭЭ CE
ЦЭЭЖ CEGEZI(N)
ЦЭЭЖДҮҮ CEGEZIGEDYY
ЦЭЭЖДЭХ CEGEZIDE-
ЦЭЭЖИВЧ CEGEZIBCI
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ЦЭЭЖМЭГ CEGEZIMEG
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ЦЭЭЖТЭЙ CEGEZITEI
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ЦЭЭЛТ CEGELTY
ЦЭЭЛТЭЙ CEGELTEI
ЦЭЭНЭ CENE
ЦЭЭР CEGER, 1.
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ЦЭЭРЛЭЛ CEGERLEL
ЦЭЭРЛЭЛЭГ CEGERLELGE
ЦЭЭРЛЭХ CEGERLE-
ЦЭЭРТЭЙ CEGERTEI
ЦЭЭС CESE(N)

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ЧАВГА CIBUГA
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ЧАВГАНЦ CIBAГANCA
ЧАВГАНЦ CIMNANCA
ЧАВДАГ CIBDAГ
ЧАВДАГРАХ CIBDAГRA-
ЧАВДАГШИХ CIBDAГSI-
ЧАВХ CIBXA
ЧАВХАЙ CIBXAI
ЧАВХАЦ CIBXACA
ЧАВХДАС CIBXADASU(N)
ЧАВХДАСТ CIBXADASUTU
ЧАВХДАСТАЙ CIBXADASUTAI
ЧАВХДАХ CIBXADA-
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ЧАВХУУН CIBXAГUN
ЧАВХУУРАХ CIBXAГURA-
ЧАВЧИРГА CIBCIRГA
ЧАВЧИРГАДАХ CIBCIRГADA-
ЧАГНАЛ CINGNAL
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ЧАМААС CIMACA
ЧАМААС CIMASA
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ЧАМАРЛАХ CIMARLA-, 2.
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ЧАНАРЖИХ CINARZI-
ЧАНАРЖУУЛАХ CINARZIГUL-
ЧАНАРТ CINARTU
ЧАНАРТАЙ CINARTAI
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ЧАНГААХ CINGГAГA-
ЧАНГАД CINGГADA
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ЧАНГАЛАХ CINGГALA-
ЧАНГАЛУУЛАХ CINGГALAГUL-
ЧАНГАРАХ CINGГARA-
ЧАНГАРУУЛАХ CINGГARAГUL-
ЧАНГАТГАХ CINGГADXA-
ЧАНГАТГУУЛАХ CINGGILZAГUR
ЧАНГИЛЗУУР CINGDA
ЧАНД CINDAГ-A(N)
ЧАНДАГА CINDAГALA-
ЧАНДАГАЛАХ CINDAR
ЧАНДАР CINDAR-A
ЧАНДАР CINGDALALCA-
ЧАНЛЛАЛЦАХ CINGDALA-
ЧАНДЛАХ CINDAMANI
ЧАНДМАНЬ CINAГUL-
ЧАНУУЛАХ CINGXA
ЧАНХ CIRAI, 2.
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ЧАРГАЛАХ CIRГAГUU
ЧАРГУУ CIRГAГUDA-
ЧАРГУУДАХ CIRDAI-
ЧАРДАЙХ CIRALA-
ЧАРЛАХ CIRM-A
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ЧАХРАХ CIKIRAГUU
ЧАХРУУН CICA
ЧАЦ CICAB
ЧАЦАБ CIRARГANA
ЧАЦАРГАНА CICARXAГ
ЧАЦАРХАГ CICARXUU
ЧАЦАРХУУ CICASKI-
ЧАЦАСХИЙХ CICAГ-A
ЧАЦГА CICAГADA-
ЧАЦГАДАХ CICAГADA-
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ЧИВҮҮЛЭХ CIBBYGYL-
ЧИВҮҮР CIBBYGYR
ЧИВҮҮР CIBYGYR
ЧИВЧҮҮР CIBCIGYR
ЧИВЧҮҮРДЭХ CIBCIGYRDE-
ЧИВЭГЧ CIBEGCI
ЧИВЭЛ CIBIL
ЧИВЭЛ CIBBYL
ЧИВЭЛТ CIBILTY
ЧИВЭЛТЭЙ CIBILTEI
ЧИВЭХ CIB-
ЧИГ CIG, 1
ЧИГ CIG, 2
ЧИГ CIGI
ЧИГЖИХ CIGZI-
ЧИГЖРҮҮЛЭХ CIGZIRLEGYL-
ЧИГЖРЭХ CIGZIRE-
ЧИГЖЭЭС(ЭН) CIGZIJESY(N)
ЧИГЛҮҮЛЭХ CIGLEGYL-
ЧИГЛЭЛ(Т) CIGLEL(TE)
ЧИГЛЭРҮҮЛЭХ CIGLEREGYL-
ЧИГЛЭРЭХ CIGLERE-, 1.
ЧИГЛЭРЭХ CIGLERE-, 2.
ЧИГЛЭХ CIGLE-, 1.
ЧИГЛЭХ CIGLE-, 2.
ЧИГЛЭХ CIGLE-, 3.
ЧИГЛЭХ CIGLE-, 4.
ЧИГЛЭХ CIGLE-, 5.
ЧИГЛЭХ CIGLE-, 6.
ЧИГНҮҮР CENGLEGYR
ЧИГНЭХ CENGNE-
ЧИГТЭЙ CIGTEI
ЧИГЧИЙ CIGEZI
ЧИГЧЛҮҮР CIGCELEGYR
ЧИЙ CII, 1.
ЧИЙ CII, 2.
ЧИЙ CII, 3.
ЧИЙГ CIGIG
ЧИЙГЛЭХ CIGIGLE-
ЧИЙГТ CIGIGTY
ЧИЙГТҮҮЛЭХ CIGIGTEGYL-
ЧИЙГТЭЙ CIGIGTEI
ЧИЙГТЭХ CIGIGTE-
ЧИЙГЧ CIGIGCI
ЧИЙДЭМ CEIDEM
ЧИЙДЭН(Г) CIIDENG
ЧИЙЛЭХ CIILE-, 1.
ЧИЙЛЭХ CIILE-, 2.
ЧИЙРЭГ CIGIRAГ
ЧИЙРЭГШИХ CIGIRAГSI-
ЧИЙТЭЙ CIITEI
ЧИЛГЭР CILGER
ЧИЛГЭРШИХ CILGERSI-
ЧИЛДЭН CILDENG
ЧИЛИЙХ CILII-, 1.
ЧИЛИЙХ CILII-, 2
ЧИЛЭЛГЭ CILELGE
ЧИЛЭХ CILE-
ЧИЛЭЭ CILEGE
ЧИЛЭЭРХЭХ CILEGERKE-
ЧИЛЭЭТЭЙ CILEGETEI
ЧИЛЭЭХ CILEGE-
ЧИМҮҮЛЭХ CIMEGYL-
ЧИМХ CIMKI
ЧИМХЛҮҮЛЭХ CIMKILEGYL-
ЧИМХЛЭХ CIMKILE-
ЧИМХҮҮЛЭХ CIMKIGYL-
ЧИМХҮҮН CIMKEGYN
ЧИМХҮҮР CIMKIGYR
ЧИМХЭЛХИЙЛЭХ CIMKILKILE-
ЧИМХЭЛЦЭХ CIMKILCE-
ЧИМХЭР CIMKERI
ЧИМХЭРЛЭХ CIMKERILE-
ЧИМХЭХ CIMKI-
ЧИМХЭЭР CIMKIGER
ЧИМЧИГНЭХ CIMZIGINE-
ЧИМЭГ CIMEG
ЧИМЭГДЭХ CIMEGDE-
ЧИМЭГЛЭЛ CIMEGLEL
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ЧИМЭЛГЭ CIMELGE
ЧИМЭХ CIME-
ЧИМЭЭ CIMEGE(N)
ЧИМЭЭЛҮҮЛЭХ CIMEGELEGYL-
ЧИМЭЭЛЭХ CIMEGELE-
ЧИМЭЭГХЭХ CIMEGERKE-
ЧИМЭЭРЭХ CIMEGERKE-
ЧИМЭЭТ CIMEGETY
ЧИМЭЭТЭЙ CIMEGETEI
ЧИН CING, 2.
ЧИҢ CING, 3.
ЧИН CIN, 3.
ЧИН(Г) CENG
ЧИНГЭНЭХ CINGGINE-
ЧИНГЭС CINGGIS
ЧИНЖҮҮ CINZUU
ЧИНИЙ CINU
ЧИНИЙХ CINYKEI
ЧИНЛҮҮЛЭХ CENGLEGYL-
ЧИНЛЭГДЭХ CENGLEDGE-
ЧИНЭГ CINEG
ЧИНЭЛГЭ CINELGE
ЧИНЭРЭХ CINERE-
ЧИНЭХ CINE-, 2.
ЧИНЭЭ(Н) CINEGE(N), 1.
ЧИНЭЭ(Н) CINEGE(N), 2.
ЧИНЭЭДЭХ CINEGEDE-
ЧИНЭЭЖИХ CINEGEZI
ЧИНЭЭЖҮҮН CINEGEZIGYN
ЧИНЭЭЛЭГ CINEGELIG
ЧИНЭЭРХЭГ CINEGERKEG
ЧИНЭЭРХЭХ CINEGERKE-
ЧИНЭЭТ CINEGETY
ЧИНЭЭТЭЙ CINEGETEI
ЧИРГҮҮЛ CIRGEGYL
ЧИРГҮҮЛЭХ CIRGEGYL-
ЧИРГЭХ CIRGE-
ЧИРЭГДҮҮЛЭХ CIRYGDEGYL-
ЧИРЭГДЭЛ CIRYGDEL
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CIKI(N)
CIKIDE-
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ЧОНО(Н)
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CIKI-
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CICIGESY(N)
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CILYGEDE-
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ЧУЛУУТАЙ
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ШАГНАГДАХ
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ŠA
ŠAГ-A(N)
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SIJAZA
SIГAZANG
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SIГANTAГ
SIГANTAГDA-
ŠANTUГLA-
SIГANTAГLA-
SIГARU(N)
SIГARDAГDA-
SIГARDAL
SIГARDA-
SIГARDALГ-A
SIГARDAГUL-
SIГARULAГDA-
SIГARULA-
SIГA-, 1.
ŠAГAXAI
ŠAXAI
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SIBAГ-A, 1
SIBAГADASU
SIBAГALA-
SIBAГASU(N)
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SIBAI
SIBAILA-
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SIBARDA-
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SIBA-
SIBAГ-A(N), 2
SIBAГANCA
SIBADAГDA-
SIBADA-
ŠABDA-
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ŠABAZI
ŠABILA-
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SIBX-A
SIBXARTA-
SIBXA-
SIBXADASU(N)
SIBXADA-
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SIBXARU(U)
SIBXAГURDA-
ŠIBXACI-
ŠABSI-
SIBSIRГ-A
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ŠABI
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ŠAГ
SIXAГA-
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SIГLAГASU(N)
SIГLA-
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ШАГШААВАД
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ŠAГSABAD
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ŠAD
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SIDARDAL
SIDARDA-
SIDARLAL
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ŠAZIN
ŠASILA-
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ŠAL, 1
ŠAL, 2.
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ŠALBA, 1
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ŠILBAXAN
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ŠILAMAГAI
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ŠALANG, 1.
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ŠALA-, 1.
ŠALA-, 2.
ŠALBAГ-A
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SILBURA-
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ŠALDANGNA-
ŠALDANG
ŠILDASU(N)
ŠALADA-
ŠALDALA-
SALADAMAL
SALDARA-
SALZA, 1.
SALZA, 2.
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SILZIRA-
ŠALIJ-A, 1.
ŠALIJATAI
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SILTAГLA-
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ŠAMB[H]ALA
ŠAMBARAM
SIMDAL
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ŠAMSIL
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ŠANG, 1.
ŠANG, 2.
ŠANG, 3.
ŠANG, 4.
SINA
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SAR, 1.
ŠAR, 2.
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SIRAГDA-
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SIRA-, 1.
SIRA-, 2.
SARBAГANA-
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ŠARDA
ŠIRAZA
ŠARIL
SIRALZI(N)
SIRALAL
SIRALA-
SIRALAГUL-
SIRAГUL-
SIRX-A(N)
SIRAXAN
ŠIRKIRA-
ŠARKIRA-
SIRKIRA-
SIRXALA-
SIRXATU
SIRXATAI
SIRXATAN
SIRXAD-
SIRXADUГUL-
ŠIRCIGINA-
ŠARCIGINA-
ŠASTIR
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ŠATU(N)
SITAГALГA-
SITAГAMAL
SITAГA-
SATAI
SITAMAГAI
SITANGXAI
SITAR-A
ŠITARAÇI
SITA-
ŠITAXUN
ŠATULAL
ŠATULA-
SIXAГ-A(N)
SIXAГ
ŠIXAГADA-
ŠIXALDUГ-A(N)
ŠIXALDU-
ŠIXALDUГUL-
SIXALCA-
ŠIXAM
SIXAMDA-
SIXA-
SIXALГ-A
SIXAMAL, 1.
SIXAMAL, 2.
SIXADASU(N)
SIXAГU
SIXAГUL-
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SIXACAГDA-
SIXACAL
SIXACALDUГAN
SIXACA-
SASIN
SASINTU
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SIB, 1.
SIB, 2.
SIBER, 1.
SIBENEGYR
SIBENEL
SIBENELDY-
SIBENE-
SIBERE-
SIBTYR
SIBEGYR
SIBSIG
SIBSIGLE-
SIBSIGTEI
SIBSI-, 1.
SIBSI-, 2.
SIBSILGE
SIBSIGYR
SIBSIGYRI
SIBEGCIN
SIBER, 1.
SIBER, 2.

ШИВЭР	SIBER, 3.
ШИВЭР	SIBERI
ШИВЭРГЭНЭХ	SIBERGENE-
ШИВЭРТЭХ	SIBERIDE-
ШИВЭХ	SIBE-
ШИВЭЭ	SIBEGE(N)
ШИВЭЭЛЭХ	SIBEGELE-
ШИВЭЭЛЬ	SIBELI
ШИГ	SIГ, SIG
ШИГ	SIG, 1.
ШИГ	SIG, 2.
ШИГДҮҮЛЭХ	SIGEDYGYL-
ШИГДЭХ	SIGED-
ШИГТГЭМЭЛ	SIGEDKEMEL
ШИГТГЭХ	SIGEDKE-
ШИГТГЭЭ	SIGEDGE
ШИГТГЭЭТЭЙ	SIGEDGETEI
ШИГЧИЙ	SIGECI
ШИГЧЛҮҮР	SIGCILEGYR
ШИГЧЛЭХ	SIGCILE-
ШИГДЭС	SIGSIDESY(N)
ШИГШИГ	SIGSIG
ШИГШИГДЭЛ	SIGSIGDEL
ШИГШИГДЭХ	SIGSIGDE-
ШИГШИХ	SIGSI-
ШИГШҮҮР	SIGSIGYR
ШИГШҮҮРДЭХ	SIGSIGYRDE-
ШИД	SID
ШИД	SIDI
ШИДМЭГ	SIDEMEG
ШИДРЭХ	SIDERE-
ШИДЭМС	SIDEMESYN
ШИДЭТ	SIDITY
ШИДЭХ	SIDE-, 1.
ШИДЭХ	SIDE-, 2.
ШИДЭЧ	SIDICI
ШИЖИГНЭХ	SIZIGINE-, 1.
ШИЖИГНЭХ	SIZIGINE-, 2.
ШИЖМ	SIZIM
ШИЖИМНЭХ	SIZIMNE-
ШИЖИМЧ	SIZIMCI
ШИЖИР	SIZIR, 1.
ШИЖИРЛЭХ	SIZIRLE-
ШИЙ	SI, 1.
ШИЙ(ГУА)	SI, 2 -ГUVA
ШИЙДАМ	SIGIDAM
ШИЙДАМ	SIIDAM
ШИЙДАМДАХ	SIIDAMDA-
ШИЙДАМЛАХ	SIIDAMLA-
ШИЙДВЭР	SIIDBYRI
ШИЙДВЭРЛЭХ	SIIDBYRILE-
ШИЙДВЭРТ	SIIDBYRITY
ШИЙДВЭРТЭЙ	SIIDBYRITEI
ШИЙДЭХ	SIID-
ШИЙР	SIGIR-A
ШИЙРТ	SIGIRATU
ШИЙТГҮҮЛЭХ	SIIDKEGYL-
ШИЙТГЭВЭР	SIIDKEBYRI
ШИЙТГЭГЧ	SIIDKEGCI
ШИЙТГЭГДЭХ	SIIDKEGDE-
ШИЙТГЭЛ	SIIDKEL
ШИЙТГЭХ	SIIDKE-
ШИЙЧ	SICI
ШИЛ	SIL
ШИЛ	SILI
ШИЛГЭЭХ	SILGEGE-
ШИЛДЭГ	SILIDEG
ШИЛЖИГДЭХ	SILZIGDE-
ШИЛЖИХ	SILZI-
ШИЛЖҮҮЛЭХ	SILZIGYL-
ШИЛЛЭГ	SILILGE
ШИЛЛЭХ	SILILE-
ШИЛЛЭХ	SILLE-
ШИЛМҮҮС	SILMYGYSY(N)
ШИЛМЭЛ	SILIMEL
ШИЛТГЭНЭХ	SILTYGYNE-
ШИЛТГЭЭН	SILTEGEN
ШИЛТЭХ	SILTY-
ШИЛЧ	SILCI
ШИЛЭБ	SILBI, 1.
ШИЛЭГДЭХ	SILIGDE-
ШИЛЭМДЭХ	SILEMEDE-
ШИЛЭМТГИЙ	SILIMTEGEI
ШИЛЭХ	SILI-
ШИЛЭЭВЭР	SILEGEBYRI
ШИЛЭЭХ	SILEGE-
ШИМ	SIM-E
ШИМТ	SIMTE
ШИМТГЭЛ	SIMEDKEL
ШИМТГЭХ	SIMEDKE-
ШИМТЭЙ	SIMETEI
ШИМТЭХ	SIMED-
ШИМҮҮР	SIMEGYR
ШИМШИРЭХ	SIMSIRE-
ШИМЭЛДЭГ	SIMELDEG
ШИМЭРХЭГ	SIMERKEG
ШИМЭХ	SIME-
ШИНГЭВТЭР	SINGGEBTYR
ШИНГЭДЭХ	SINGGED-
ШИНГЭЛЭГ	SINGGELIG
ШИНГЭЛЭХ	SINGGELE-
ШИНГЭН	SINGGEN
ШИНГЭРҮҮЛЭХ	SINGGEREGYL-
ШИНГЭРЭХ	SINGGERERE-
ШИНГЭТГЭХ	SINGGEDKE
ШИНГЭХ	SINGGE-
ШИНГЭХЭН	SINGGEKEN
ШИНГЭЭХ	SINGGEGE-
ШИНЖ	SINZI
ШИНЖИЛГЭЭ(Н)	SINZILGE(N)
ШИНЖИТ	SINZITY
ШИНЖИХ	SINZI-
ШИНЖИЧ	SINZICI
ШИНЖЛЭГЧ	SINZILEGCI
ШИНЖЛЭЛ	SINZILEL
ШИНЖЛЭХ	SINZILE-
ШИНЖТЭЙ	SINZITEI
ШИНЖЭЭЧ	SINZIGECI
ШИНХЭГ	SINGKEG
ШИНШИ	SINGSI
ШИНШИХ	SINGSI-
ШИНШЛЭХ	SINGSIL-
ШИНЭ	SIN-E
ШИНЭВТЭР	SINEBTYR
ШИНЭД	SINED
ШИНЭДЭХ	SINED-
ШИНЭЛЭХ	SINELE-
ШИНЭТГЭГЧ	SINEDKEGCI
ШИНЭТГЭЛ	SINEDKEL
ШИНЭТГЭХ	SINEDKE-
ШИНЭХЭН	SINEKEN
ШИНЭЧЛЭГДЭХ	SINECILEGDE-
ШИНЭЧЛЭЛ	SINECILEL
ШИНЭЧЛЭХ	SINECILE-
ШИР	SIR, 1.
ШИР	SIR, 2.
ШИР	SIRI. 1.
ШИР	SIRI(N), 2.
ШИРВҮҮЛ	SIRBEGYL
ШИРВЭГНҮҮР	SIRBIGINEGYR
ШИРВЭГЭНЭХ	SIRBIGINE-
ШИРВЭГЭР	SIRBEGER
ШИРВЭЛЗЭХ	SIRBELZE-
ШИРВЭХ	SIRBE-, 1.
ШИРВЭХ	SIRBI-
ШИРВЭЭДЭХ	SIRBEGEDE-
ШИРГУУЛГА	SIRГUГULГ-A
ШИРГЭХ	SIRGE-
ШИРГЭЭХ	SIRGEGE-
ШИРДЭГ	SIRDEG
ШИРДЭХ	SIRDE-
ШИРЖИГНЭХ	SIRZIGINE-
ШИРЛЭХ	SIRILE-
ШИРМЭГЛЭХ	SIRIMEGLE-
ШИРМЭЛ	SIRIMEL, 1.
ШИРТВЭЛЗЭХ	SIRTEBELZE-
ШИРТМЭЛ	SIRTEMEL
ШИРТЭХ	SIRTE-
ШИРҮҮДЭХ	SIRYGYD-
ШИРҮҮЛЭХ	SIRIGYL-
ШИРҮҮН	SIREGYN
ШИРҮҮН	SIRYGYN
ШИРҮҮСЭХ	SIRYGYS-
ШИРҮҮХЭН	SIRYGYKEN
ШИРХ	SIRKE
ШИРХИЙХ	SIRKEI-
ШИРХЭГ	SIRKEG
ШИРХЭГТЭЙ	SIRKEGTEI
ШИРЧ(ИН)	SIRICI(N)
ШИРЧИГНЭХ	SIRCIGINE-
ШИРЭГ	SIRIG
ШИРЭЛДЭХ	SIRILDY-
ШИРЭЛДЭЭ	SIRILDYGE(N)
ШИРЭМ	SIREM-E(N)
ШИРЭМ	SIRIM
ШИРЭМШИХ	SIREMESI-
ШИРЭНГЭ	SIRENGI
ШИРЭХ	SIRI-, 1.
ШИРЭХ	SIRI-, 2.
ШИРЭЭ(Н)	SIREGE(N)
ШИРЭЭЛЭХ	SIREGELE-
ШИШ	SISI
ШОВ	ŠOB
ШОВГОНОХ	ŠOBUГANA-
ШОВГОР	ŠOBUГUR
ШОВОЙХ	ŠOBUI-
ШОВОЛЗОХ	ŠOBULZA-
ШОВТ	ŠOBTU
ШОВТЛОХ	SIBTUL-
ШОВТОРГОХ	SIBTURГA-
ШОВТРОХ	SIBTUR-
ШОВХ	ŠOBXU
ШОВХГОР	ŠOBXUГUR
ШОВХЛОХ	ŠOBXULA-
ШОВХОЙХ	ŠOBXUI-
ШОВШУУР	ŠOBSIГUR, 1
ШОВШУУР	ŠOBSIГUR, 2.
ШОВШУУРДАХ	ŠOBSIГURDA-
ШОГ	ŠOГ, 1
ШОГ	ŠOГ, 2.
ШОГЛОХ	ŠOГLA-
ШОГТ	ŠOГTU
ШОГТОЙ	ŠOГTAI
ШОГЧ	ŠOГCI
ШОГШИЛТ	ŠOГSILTA
ШОГШИХ	ŠOГSI-
ШОГШИХ	ŠOГSI-, 2.
ШОГШОО	ŠOГSIГ-A
ШОГШРОХ	ŠOГSIRA-
ШОДГОР	ŠODUГUR
ШОДОЙХ	ŠODUI-
ШОДОН(Г)	ŠODUNG
ШОНХГОР	ŠONGXUГUR
ШОНХОЙХ	ŠONGXUI-
ШОНХОР	SINGXUR
ШОНХОР	ŠONGXUR
ШОО	ŠO
ШОО	ŠOU, 2.
ШОО	ŠOU, 3.
ШООД	ŠOГUD
ШООДВОР	ŠIГUDBURI
ШООДВОР	ŠOГUDBURI
ШООДВОРЛОХ	SIГUDBURILA-
ШООДОЛ	SIГUDAL
ШООДОХ	SIГUD-, 1.
ШООДОХ	ŠODA-
ШООДОХ	ŠODU-
ШООДОХ	ŠOГUD-
ШООЛОХ	ŠOГUL-
ШОР	ŠIRU
ШОР	ŠOR
ШОР	ŠORU
ШОРВОГ	ŠORBUГ
ШОРВОЙХ	ŠORBUI-
ШОРГООЛЖ(ИН)	ŠIRГULZI(N)
ШОРД	ŠORD
ШОРЛОХ	ŠORULA-
ШОРНОЙ	ŠORUNUI
ШОРОЙ	SIRUI
ШОРОН	ŠORUNG, 2.
ШОРОО	SIRUГ-A
ШОРООДОХ	SIRUГADA-
ШОРТОЙ	ŠORTAI
ШОРХИРОХ	ŠORKIRA-
ШОРЧИГНОХ	ŠORCIGINA-
ШОХОЙ	SIXUI
ШОХОЙ	ŠOXUI
ШОХОЙДОХ	SIXUIDA-
ШОШГО	ŠOSIГ-A
ШОШОО	SCSIГ-A
ШӨВӨГ	SIBYGE(N)
ШӨВӨГДӨХ	SIBYGEDE-
ШӨВӨГЛӨХ	SIBYGELE-
ШӨЛ	SILY(N)
ШӨНӨ	SØNI
ШӨНӨДЛӨХ	SØNIDELE-
ШӨНӨЛӨХ	SØNILE-
ШӨРВӨС	SIRBYSY(N)
ШӨРВӨСЛӨХ	SIRBYSYLE-
ШӨРВӨСРӨХӨГ	SIRBYSYRKEG
ШӨРГӨӨХ	SIRGYGE-
ШӨРГӨХ	SIRGY-
ШӨРГҮҮЛ	SIRGYGYL
ШӨРМӨС	SIRMYSY(N)
ШӨРӨГ	SØRGE
ШТАБ	STAB
ШУВТАРГАН	SIBTURГAN
ШУВУУ	SIBAГU(N)
ШУВУУХАЙ	SIBAUXAI
ШУВУУЧ	SIBAГUCI
ШУВУУЧЛАХ	SIBAГUCILA-
ШУГАМ	SIГUM
ШУГАМ	SUГUM
ШУГАМДАХ	SIГUMDA-
ШУГАМНАХ	SIГUMNA-
ШУГУЙ	SIГUI
ШУДАРГУУ	SIDURГU
ШУДРАГА	SIDURГ-A
ШУДРАГАДАХ	SIDURГUD-
ШУДРАГАЛАХ	SIDURГULA-
ШУДРАГУУД	SIDURГUDA
ШУДРАХ	SIDUR-
ШУДРАХ	SIDUR-
ШУЛАХ	ŠULU-
ШУЛДАС(АН)	ŠULUDASU(N)
ШУЛМА(С)	SILMU(S)
ШУЛУУН	SILUГUN
ШУЛУУТАХ	SILUГUD-
ШУЛУУТГАХ	SILUГUDXA-
ШУЛУУХАН	SILUГUXAN
ШУМАЙХ	ŠUMAI-
ШУМБАХ	ŠUMBA-
ШУМГАЙ	ŠUMAГAI
ШУМГАЙЛАХ	ŠUMAГAILA-
ШУМНА(С)	SIMNU(S)
ШУМУУЛ	SIMAГUL
ШУМУУЛ	SIMUГUL
ШУНАЛ	SINUL
ШУНАЛТАЙ	SINULTAI
ШУНАХ	SINU-
ШУНАХАЙ	SINUXAI
ШУНАХАЙЛАХ	SINUXAILA-
ШУНАХАЙРАЛ	SINUXAIRAL
ШУНАХАЙРАХ	SINUXAIRA-
ШУНАХАЙЧУУД	SINUXAICUD
ШУНГААЧ	ŠUNGГACI
ШУНГАГЧ	SINGГUГCI
ШУНГАЛАХ	SINGГULA-
ШУНГАХ	SINGГU-
ШУНГАХ	ŠUNGГU-
ШУНХ	SINGXU(N)
ШУНХДАХ	SINGXUDA-
ШУРАГ	SIRUГ, 1.
ШУРАГ	SIRUГ, 2.
ШУРАГЛАХ	SIRUГLA-
ШУРГАМАЛ	SIRГUMAL
ШУРГАХ	SIRГU-
ШУРГУУ	SIRГAГU
ШУРГУУЛ	SIRГUГUL
ШУРГУУЛАХ	SIRГUГUL-
ШУРХНАВЧ	SIRXUINABCI
ШУРХНАГ	SIRXUNAГ
ШУУ	SIU
ШУУГАМТАЙ	ŠIГUMTAI
ШУУГИАН	ŠUUGIJAN
ШУУГИЛДАХ	ŠUUGILDU-
ШУУГИНАХ	SIГUGINA-
ШУУГИНАХ	SUUGINA-
ШУУГИХ	ŠIГUGI-
ШУУГИХ	ŠUUGI-
ШУУД	SIГUD
ШУУДАЙ	SIГUDAI
ШУУДАЙ	SIUDAI
ШУУДАН	SIUDAN
ШУУДАХ	SIГUD-, 2.
ШУУДРАХ	SIГUDRA-
ШУУДУУ	SIUDUU
ШУУРАХ	SIГUR-, 1.
ШУУРАХ	SIГUR-, 2.
ШУУРГА	SIГURГA(N)
ШУУРГАЛАХ	SIГURГALA-
ШУУРХАЙ	SIГURXAI, 1.
ШУУРХАЙ	SIГURXAI, 2.
ШУУРХАЙЛАХ	SIГURXAILA-
ШУУХ	SIГU-, 1.
ШУУХ	SIГU-, 2.
ШУУХИРАЛ	SIUKIRAL
ШУУХИРАХ	ŠIUKIRA-
ШУУХИРАХ	ŠUUKIRA-
ШУШИГ	ŠUSIГ
ШУД(ЭН)	SIDY(N)
ШУДЛЭН	SIDYLENG
ШУДЛЭХ	SIDYLE-
ШУДТЭЙ	SIDYTEI
ШУДЭТ	SIDYTY
ШУЛГЭ	SILYGE
ШУЛС	SILYDY(N)
ШУЛСДЭХ	SILDYSDE-
ШУЛСТЭХ	SILYSTE-
ШУЛҮҮС	SILEGYSY(N)
ШУЛҮҮС	SILYGYSY(N)
ШУЛХИЙ	SILYKEI
ШУЛЭГ	SILYG
ШУЛЭГЛЭЛ	SILYGLEL
ШУЛЭГЛЭХ	SILYGLE-
ШУЛЭГЧ	SILYGCI
ШУР	SIRY
ШУР	SYRY
ШУРҮҮН	SIRYGYM
ШУТЛЭГ	SITYLGE
ШУТЛЭГТЭЙ	SITYLGETEI
ШУТҮҮЛЭХ	SITYGYL-
ШУТЭХ	SITY-
ШУТЭЭЛЭХ	SITYGELE-
ШУТЭЭН	ŠITYGEN
ШҮҮ	ŠAU
ШҮҮ	SIY 1.
ШҮҮ	SIY, 2.
ШҮҮГДЭХ	SIGYGDE-
ШҮҮГЧ	SIGYGCI
ШҮҮГЭЭ	SYGYI
ШҮҮДЭР	SIGYDERI
ШҮҮЛГЭХ	SIGYLGE-
ШҮҮЛТ	SIGYLTE
ШҮҮЛЭГ	SIGYLGE
ШҮҮМЖИЛЛЭГ	SIGYMZILEL[GE]
ШҮҮМЖЛЭГДЭХ	SIGYMZILEGDE-
ШҮҮМЖЛЭГЧ	SIGYMZILEGCI
ШҮҮМЖЛЭЛ	SIGYMZILEL[GE]
ШҮҮМЖЛЭХ	SIGYMZILE-
ШҮҮР	SIGYR
ШҮҮРГЭЛЭХ	SYGYRKILE-
ШҮҮРДҮҮР	SIGYRDEGYR
ШҮҮРДЭХ	SIGYRDE-, 1.
ШҮҮРДЭХ	SIGYRDE-, 2.
ШҮҮРС	SIGYRSEY(N)
ШҮҮРХИЙ	SYRGEI
ШҮҮРЭХ	SIGYR-, 1.
ШҮҮРЭХ	SIGYR-, 2.
ШҮҮРЭХ	SIGYRE-
ШҮҮС(ЭН)	SIGYSY(N)
ШҮҮСЛЭХ	SIGYSYLE-
ШҮҮСТЭЙ	SIGYSYTEI
ШҮҮХ	SIGY-
ШҮХЭР	ŠIKYR
ШЭЭЗГИЙ	ŠEZIGEI
ШЭЭР	ŠEGER
ШЭЭРЭН(Г)	SIGERENG
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ШЯН	SIJAN

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EB,1.
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ЭЛДҮУРЧ(ИН)

EGESIG
EGESIGLE-
EGESITY
EGESIGTEI
EGESILGE-
EGSI-
EGSIGELGE-
EGSIGE-
EGEL
EGELDYRGE
EGELDYRGE-
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EGEM
EGEMCE-
EGESKI-
EGE-,1.
EGEGE
EGEREL
EGERELTE
ED
EDE(N)
EDEGERE-
EDEGE-
EDEGESI
EDEGEGEL
EDEGEGELGE
EDEGER
EDEGEGE-
EDLEGYL-
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EDLEL
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EDENYKEI
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ЭРДЭМТЭЙ	**ERDEMTEI**	ЭРХШИЛ	**ERKESIL**	ЭРЭЭСЛЭХ	**ERIJESYLE-**	ЭЦЭЛГЭХ	**ECYLGE-**
ЭРДЭМТЭН	**ERDEMTEN**	ЭРХШИХ	**ERKESI-**	ЭРЭЭСТЭЙ	**ERIJESYTEI**	ЭЦЭЛТ	**ECELTE**
ЭРДЭНЭ	**ERDENI**	ЭРХШЭЭЛ	**ERKESIJEL**	ЭРЭЭЧИХ	**ERIJECI-**	ЭЦЭН	**ECEN**
ЭРДЭНЭС	**ERDENIS**	ЭРХШЭЭХ	**ERKESIJE-**	ЭС	**ES**	ЭЦЭНГЭ	**ECENGGE**
ЭРДЭНЭТ	**ERDENITY**	ЭРХЭМ	**ERKIM**	ЭС	**ESE**	ЭЦЭНГЭР	**ECENGGIR**
ЭРДЭНЭТЭЙ	**ERDENITEI**	ЭРХЭМЛУ ЭХ	**ERKIMLEGYL-**	ЭСВЭЛ	**ESEBEL**	ЭЦЭНГЭРЭХ	**ECENGGIRE-**
ЭРДЭНЭЧЛЭХ	**ERDENICILE-**	ЭРХЭМЛЭЛ	**ERKIMLEL**	ЭСВЭЭС	**ESEBESY**	ЭЦЭНХИЙ	**ECENGKEI**
ЭРДЭС	**ERDES**	ЭРХЭМЛЭХ	**ERKIMLEGYL-**	ЭСГИЙ	**ISEGEI**	ЭЦЭС	**ECYS**
ЭРДЭХ	**ERDY-**	ЭРХЭМНЭХ	**ERKIMNE-**	ЭСГИЙРЭХ	**ISEGEIRE-**	ЭЦЭСЛЭЛ	**ECYSLEL**
ЭРЖИН	**ERZING**	ЭРХЭМСЭГ	**ERKEMSYG**	ЭСГҮҮЛЭХ	**ISKEGYL-**	ЭЦЭСЛЭХ	**ECYSLE-**
ЭРЛИЙЗ	**ERLIZE**	ЭРХЭМСЭГЛЭХ	**ERKEMSYGLE-**	ЭСГҮҮЛЭХ	**ESKEGYL-**	ЭЦЭСТТЭЛ	**ECYSTETEL-E**
ЭРЛЭГ	**ERLIG**	ЭРХЭМШИХ	**ERKEMSI-**	ЭСГҮҮР	**ESKEGYR**	ЭЦЭСТҮҮЛЭХ	**ECYSTEGYL-**
ЭРЛЭГЭ	**ERI LGE(N)**	ЭРХЭС	**ERKIS**	ЭСГҮҮР	**ISKEGYR**	ЭЦЭСТЭХ	**ECYSTE-**
ЭРЛЭХ	**ERELE-**	ЭРХЭХ	**EREKE-**	ЭСГҮҮРЧ	**ESKEGYRCI**	ЭЦЭХ	**ECE-**
ЭРМЭГ	**EREMEG**	ЭРЦЭХ	**ERICE-**	ЭСГЭГДЭХ	**ESKEGDE-**	ЭЦЭЭГДЭХ	**ECEGEGDE**
ЭРМЭГШИХ	**EREMEGSI-**	ЭРЧИГНҮҮР	**ERCIGINEGYR**	ЭСГЭЛ	**ISKEL**	ЭЦЭЭРХЭХ	**ECEGERKE-**
ЭРМЭЛЭЛЭГ	**EREMELZELGE**	ЭРЧИДЭХ	**ERCID-**	ЭСГЭЛЭН	**ISKYLENG**	ЭЦЭЭХ	**ECEGE-**
ЭРМЭЛЭЭЛ	**EREMELZEL**	ЭРЧИЙХ	**ERCEI-**	ЭСГЭХ	**ESKE-**	ЭЦЭЭХЭН	**ECEGEKEN**
ЭРМЭЛЭЭЛТЭЙ	**EREMELZELTEI**	ЭРЧИМ	**ERCIM**	ЭСГЭХ	**ISKE-**	ЭЧНЭЭ	**ECINE**
ЭРМЭЛЭЭХ	**EREMELZE-**	ЭРЧИМЛЭХ	**ERCIMLE-**	ЭСНЭХ	**ESENI-**	ЭЧНЭЭХЬ	**ECINEKI**
ЭРС	**ERES, 1**	ЭРЧИМТЭЙ	**ERCIMTEI**	ЭСРЭГ	**ESERGY**	ЭШ	**ESI, 2.**
ЭРС	**ERES, 2.**	ЭРЧЛҮҮЛЭХ	**ERCILEGYL-**	ЭСЭЛТ	**ISYLTE**	ЭЭ	**A [E], 2**
ЭРС	**ERESY**	ЭРЧЛЭХ	**ERCILE-, 1**	ЭСЭН	**ESEN**	-ЭЭ	**-E**
ЭРС	**ERSE**	ЭРЧЛЭХ	**ERCILE-, 2**	ЭСЭРГҮҮ	**ESERGYY**	ЭЭ	**E, 1.**
ЭРСДЭХ	**ERESDE-**	ЭРЧЛЭХ	**ERECILE-**	ЭСЭРГҮҮЛЭЛ	**ESERGYLEL**	ЭЭВЭР	**EGEBYR**
ЭРСДЭХ	**ERESDE-**	ЭРШҮҮЛЭХ	**ERKESIGYL-**	ЭСЭРГҮҮЛЭХ	**ESERGYLE-**	ЭЭГ	**EGEG**
ЭРСЛЭГ	**ERESLIG**	ЭРЭВГЭНЭХ	**ERBEGNE-**	ЭСЭРГҮҮЦҮҮЛЭХ	**ESERGYCEGYL-**	ЭЭГЛЭХ	**EGEGLE-**
ЭРТ(ЭН)	**ERTE(N)**	ЭРЭВГЭР	**ERBEGER**	ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭГЧ	**ESERGYCEGCI**	ЭЭДИЙРЭХ	**EDEIRE-**
ЭРТГЭР	**ERTEGER**	ЭРЭГ	**ERGI**	ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭЛ	**ESERGYCEL**	ЭЭДМЭГ	**EGEDEMEG**
ЭРТДЭХ	**ERTEDE-**	ЭРЭГ	**ERIG-**	ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭЛДҮҮЛ	**ESERGYCELDYGYL-**	ЭЭДМЭГДЭХ	**EGEDEMEGDE-**
ЭРТИЙХ	**ERTEI-**	ЭРЭГДЭЛ	**ERIGDEL**	ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭЛДЭХ	**ESERGYCELDY-**	ЭЭДРЭХ	**EGEDERE-**
ЭРТЛЭХ	**ERTELE-**	ЭРЭГДЭХ	**ERIGDE-, 1.**	ЭСЭРГҮҮЦЭХ	**ESERGYCE-**	ЭЭДРЭЭ	**EGEDEREGE**
ЭРТЧИЛЭХ	**ERTECI LE-**	ЭРЭГДЭХ	**ERIGDE-, 2.**	ЭСЭРГЭНЭ	**ESERGEN-E**	ЭЭДЭМ	**EGEDEM**
ЭРТХЭН	**ERTEKEN**	ЭРЭГНЭГ	**ERGINEG**	ЭСЭХ	**ESE-**	ЭЭДЭН	**EGEDENG**
ЭРТЭВТЭР	**ERTEBTYR**	ЭРЭГТЭЙ	**EREGTEI**	ЭСЭХ	**IS-**	ЭЭДЭХ	**EGEDE-**
ЭРТЭЙ	**ERETEI**	ЭРЭГЦҮҮЛЭХ	**ERGICEGYL-**	ЭТГЭР	**ETEGER**	ЭЭЖ	**EZI**
ЭРТЭС	**ERTIS**	ЭРЭГЦЭЛ	**ERGI CEL**	ЭТГЭЭД	**ETEGED**	ЭЭЗГИЙ	**EGEZEGEI**
ЭРТЭХ	**ERTEKI**	ЭРЭГЦЭХ	**ERGICE-**	ЭТГЭЭДЛЭХ	**ETEGEDLE-**	ЭЭЛЖ	**EGELZI**
ЭРТЭЭС	**ERTECE**	ЭРЭГЦЭЭ	**ERGICEGE**	ЭТИЙХ	**ETEI-**	ЭЭЛЖИТЭЙ	**EGELZITEI**
ЭРҮҮ	**EREGYY, 1**	ЭРЭГЧИН	**EREGCIN**	ЭТНОГРАФИ	**ETNOGRAFI**	ЭЭЛЖИХ	**EGELZI-**
ЭРҮҮ	**EREGYY, 2**	ЭРЭЛ	**ERIL**	ЭТНОЛОГИ	**ETNOLOGI**	ЭЭЛЖЛҮҮЛЭХ	**EGEGZILEGYL-**
ЭРҮҮДЭЛ	**EREGYDEL**	ЭРЭЛТ	**ERELTE**	ЭТҮҮЛЭХ	**ETEGYL-**	ЭЭЛЖЛЭЛ	**EGELZILEL**
ЭРҮҮДЭХ	**EREGYDE-**	ЭРЭЛТ	**ERILTE**	ЭТЭХ	**ETE-, 1.**	ЭЭЛЖЛЭХ	**EGELZILE-**
ЭРҮҮЛ	**EREGYL**	ЭРЭЛХЭГ	**ERELKEG**	ЭТЭХ	**ETE-, 2.**	ЭЭЛЖЭЭ(Н)	**EGELZIJ-E(N)**
ЭРҮҮЛЖИХ	**EREGYLZI-**	ЭРЭЛХЭГЛЭХ	**ERELKEGLE-**	ЭХ	**EKE**	ЭЭЛЛЭХ	**EGELLE-**
ЭРҮҮЛҮҮЛЭХ	**EREGYLZIGYL-**	ЭРЭЛХЭХ	**ERELKE-**	ЭХ(ЭН)	**EKI(N)**	ЭЭМ	**EGEM-E, 2.**
ЭРҮҮЛЭХ	**ERI GYL-**	ЭРЭЛЦЭХ	**ERILCE-**	ЭХЛҮҮЛЭХ	**EKILEGYL-**	ЭЭМЭГ	**EGEMEG**
ЭРҮҮЛЭХ	**ERI GYLE-**	ЭРЭМ	**ERM-E**	ЭХЛЭЛ	**EKILEL**	ЭЭР	**EGER**
ЭРХ	**ERI KE(N)**	ЭРЭМДЭГ	**EREMDEG**	ЭХЛЭЛТ	**EKILELTE**	ЭЭРМЭГ	**EGERMEG**
ЭРХ	**ERKE**	ЭРЭМШИД	**EREMSIL**	ЭХЛЭХ	**EKELE-**	ЭЭРҮҮ	**EGEREGYY**
ЭРХБИШ	**ERKEBSI**	ЭРЭМШИХ	**EREMSI-**	ЭХЛЭХ	**EKILE-**	ЭЭРҮҮЛ	**EGEREGYL**
ЭРХИЙ	**EREKEI**	ЭРЭМШҮҮЛЭХ	**EREMSIGYL-**	ЭХНЭР	**EKENER**	ЭЭРҮҮЛЭХ	**EGEREGYL-**
ЭРХИЙВЧ	**EREKEIBCI**	ЭРЭХ	**ERI-, 1.**	ЭХНЭРТЭЙ	**EKENERTEI**	ЭЭРЦЭГ	**EGERCEG**
ЭРХИЙВЧЛЭХ	**EREKEIBCILE-**	ЭРЭХ	**ERE-, 2.**	ЭХТЭЙ	**EKITEI**	ЭЭРЭМ	**EGEREM-E**
ЭРХЛҮЛЭХ	**ERKELEGYL-**	ЭРЭХ	**ERI -, 2.**	ЭХҮҮДЭЛ	**EKEGYDEL**	ЭЭРЭМ	**EGERM-E**
ЭРХЛҮЛЭХ	**ERKILEGYL-**	ЭРЭЭ	**ERIJ-E**	ЭХҮҮДЭХ	**EKEGYDE-**	ЭЭР..	**EGERE-, 1.**
ЭРХЛЭГ	**ERKELIG**	ЭРЭЭДЭХ	**ERIJEDE-**	ЭХҮҮН	**EKEGYN**	ЭЭРЭХ	**EGERE-, 2.**
ЭРХЛЭГЧ	**ERKILEGCI**	ЭРЭЭЛЖ(ИН)	**ERIJELZI(N)**	ЭХЭЛБЭР	**EKILEBYRI**	ЭЭРЭХ	**EGERE-, 3.**
ЭРХЛЭХ	**ERKELE-**	ЭРЭЭЛЖИХ	**ERIJELZI-**	ЭЦГЭД	**ECIGED**	ЭЭРЭХ	**EGEGERE-**
ЭРХЛЭХ	**ERKILE-**	ЭРЭЭЛЖЛЭХ	**ERIJELZILE-**	ЭЦЛЭХ	**ECYL-**	ЭЭТЭН	**ETENG**
ЭРХРЭХ	**ERKIRE-**	ЭРЭЭЛЖМЭЛ	**ERIJELZIMEL**	ЭЦТГЭХ	**ECYDKE-**	ЭЭХ	**EGE-, 2.**
ЭРХТ	**ERKETY**	ЭРЭЭЛЭХ	**ERIJELE-, 1.**	ЭЦТЭХ	**ECYD-**		
ЭРХТЭЙ	**ERIKETEI**	ЭРЭЭН	**ERIJEN**	ЭЦЭГ	**ECIGE**		
ЭРХТЭЙ	**ERKETEI**	ЭРЭЭНДЭХ	**ERIJENDE-**	ЭЦЭГДЭХ	**ECIGEDE-**		
ЭРХТЭН	**ERKETEN**	ЭРЭЭС	**ERIJESY**	ЭЦЭЛ	**ECEL**		

ЮАМБУУ	**JUVAMBUU**	ЮУ	**JUU**	ЮҮ	**JYY**	ЮҮЛЭХ	**JEGYLE-**
ЮАН	**JUVAN**	ЮУ(Н)	**JAГУ(N)**	ЮҮГЭЭН	**JUGEN**	ЮҮМ	**JAГUM-A**
ЮЛД	**ILIDY(N)**	ЮУГААН	**JUГAN**	ЮҮДЭН	**JYYDEN**	ЮҮРЭХ	**JEGYRE-**
ЮМ	**JAГUM-A**	ЮУМ	**JAГUM-A**	ЮҮЖ	**JEYZI**	ЮҮТГЭЛ	**JEGYDKEL**
ЮМ	**JUM, 1.**	ЮУНД	**JAГUNDU**	ЮҮЛҮҮЛЭХ	**JEYZILEGYL-**	ЮҮТГЭХ	**JEGYDKE-**
ЮМ	**JYM, 1.**	ЮУНЫ	**JAГUNAI**	ЮҮЖЛЭХ	**JEYZILE-**	ЮҮТЭХ	**JEGYD-**
ЮМ	**JYM, 2.**	ЮУТАЙ	**JAГUTAI**	ЮҮЛЭЛ	**JEGYLEL**		

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ЯАВЧ	**JAГAKIBACU**	ЯВАЛЦАГЧ	**JABULCAГCI**	ЯВШИХ	**JABSI-**	ЯДРАШ	**JADARASI**
ЯАГААД	**JAГAKIГAD**	ЯВАЛЦАХ	**JABULCA-**	ЯВШТАЙ	**JABSITAI**	ЯДРУУ	**JADARAГU**
ЯАМ(АН)	**JAMUN**	ЯВАМГАЙ	**JABUMAГAI**	ЯВШУУР	**JABSIГUR**	ЯДРУУЛАХ	**JADARAГUL-**
ЯАМЛАХ	**JAMULA-**	ЯВАХ	**JABU-**	ЯГ	**JAГ**	ЯДУУ	**JADAГU**
ЯАРАВЧЛАХ	**JAГARABCILA-**	ЯВГААР	**JABUГAR**	ЯГААВТАР	**JAГABTUR**	ЯДУУЛАГ	**JADAГULIГ**
ЯАРАВЧЛУУЛАХ	**JAГARABICLAГUL-**	ЯВГАЛАХ	**JABUГALA-**	ЯГААН	**JAГAN**	ЯДУУРАЛ	**JADAГURAL**
ЯАРАЛ	**JAГRAL**	ЯВГАН	**JABUГAN**	ЯГААРАХ	**JAГARA-, 2.**	ЯДУУРАХ	**JADAГURA-**
ЯАРАЛТАЙ	**JAГARLTAI**	ЯВГАРАХ	**JABUГARA-**	ЯГЛУУН	**JAГLAГUN**	ЯДУУС	**JADAГUS**
ЯАРАЛЩАХ	**JAГARALCA-**	ЯВДАЛ	**JABUDAL**	ЯГЦАМ	**IГCAM**	ЯДУУХАН	**JADAГUXAN**
ЯАРАМ	**JAГARAM**	ЯВДАЛТ	**JABUDALTU**	ЯГШИХ	**JAГSI-, 1.**	ЯДУУЧУУД	**JADAГUCUD**
ЯАРАМТГАЙ	**JAГARAMTAГAI**	ЯВДАЛТАЙ	**JABUDALTAI**	ЯГШИХ	**JAГSI-, 2.**	ЯЗГУУР	**IZAГUR**
ЯАРАХ	**JAГARA-, 1.**	ЯВЛАГА	**JABULГ-A**	ЯГШУУР	**JAГSIГUR**	ЯЗГУУРТ	**IZAГURTU**
ЯАРМАГ	**JAГARAMAГ**	ЯВУУЛАГДАХ	**JABUГULUГDA-**	ЯДАМ	**IDAM, 2.**	ЯЗГУУРТАЙ	**IZAГURTAI**
ЯАРМАГ	**JAГARMAГ**	ЯВУУЛАХ	**JABUГUL-**	ЯДАМДАХ	**IDAMDA-**	ЯЗГУУРТАН	**IZAГURTAN**
ЯАРУУ	**JAГARAГU**	ЯВУУЛЛАГА	**JABUГULГ-A**	ЯДАНГИ	**JADANGGI**	ЯЗЛАХ	**IZALA-**
ЯАРУУЛАХ	**JAГARAГUL-**	ЯВЦ	**JABUCA**	ЯД'НГИР	**JADANGGIR**	ЯЗМАГ	**IZAMAГ**
ЯАХ	**JAГAKI-**	ЯВЦГАР	**IBCUГAR**	ЯДАНГИГАХ	**JADANGGIRA-**	ЯЗМАГДАХ	**IZAMAГDA-**
ЯВ	**JAB, 1.**	ЯВЦУУ	**IBCAГU**	ЯДАХ	**JADA-**	ЯЗМАГРАХ	**IZAMAГRA-**
ЯВ	**JAB, 2.**	ЯВЦУУДАХ	**IBCAГUDA-**	ЯДМАГ	**JADAMAГ**	ЯЗМАГШИХ	**IZAMAГSI-**
ЯВАГАДАХ	**JABUГDA-**	ЯВЦУУРАЛ	**IBCAГURAL**	ЯДРАЛ	**JADARAL**	ЯЗРАЛ	**IZARAL**
ЯВАЙ	**JABAI**	ЯВЦУУРАХ	**IBCAГURA-**	ЯДРАЛТ	**JADARALTA**	ЯЗРАХ	**IZARA-**
ЯВАЛДАХ	**JABULDU-**	ЯВЦУУХАН	**IBCAГUXAN**	ЯДРАНГУЙ	**JADARANGГUI**	ЯЛ	**JAL-A**
ЯВАЛТ	**JABULTA**	ЯВШ	**JABUSI**	ЯДРАХ	**JADARA-**	ЯЛАА(Н)	**ILAГ-A(N)**

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IRAГLA-
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JARDAГLA-
IARDAГSIL
JARDAГSI-
JARADL
JARADA-
IRZAILГA-
IRZAI-
IRZALZA-
IRZASKI-
IRZAГANA-
IRZAГAR
JARIJ-A(N)
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JARIГ
JARIГLAL
JARIГLA-
JARILCAГ-A
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JARIMTAГAI
JARI-
IRTAI-
IRAГU
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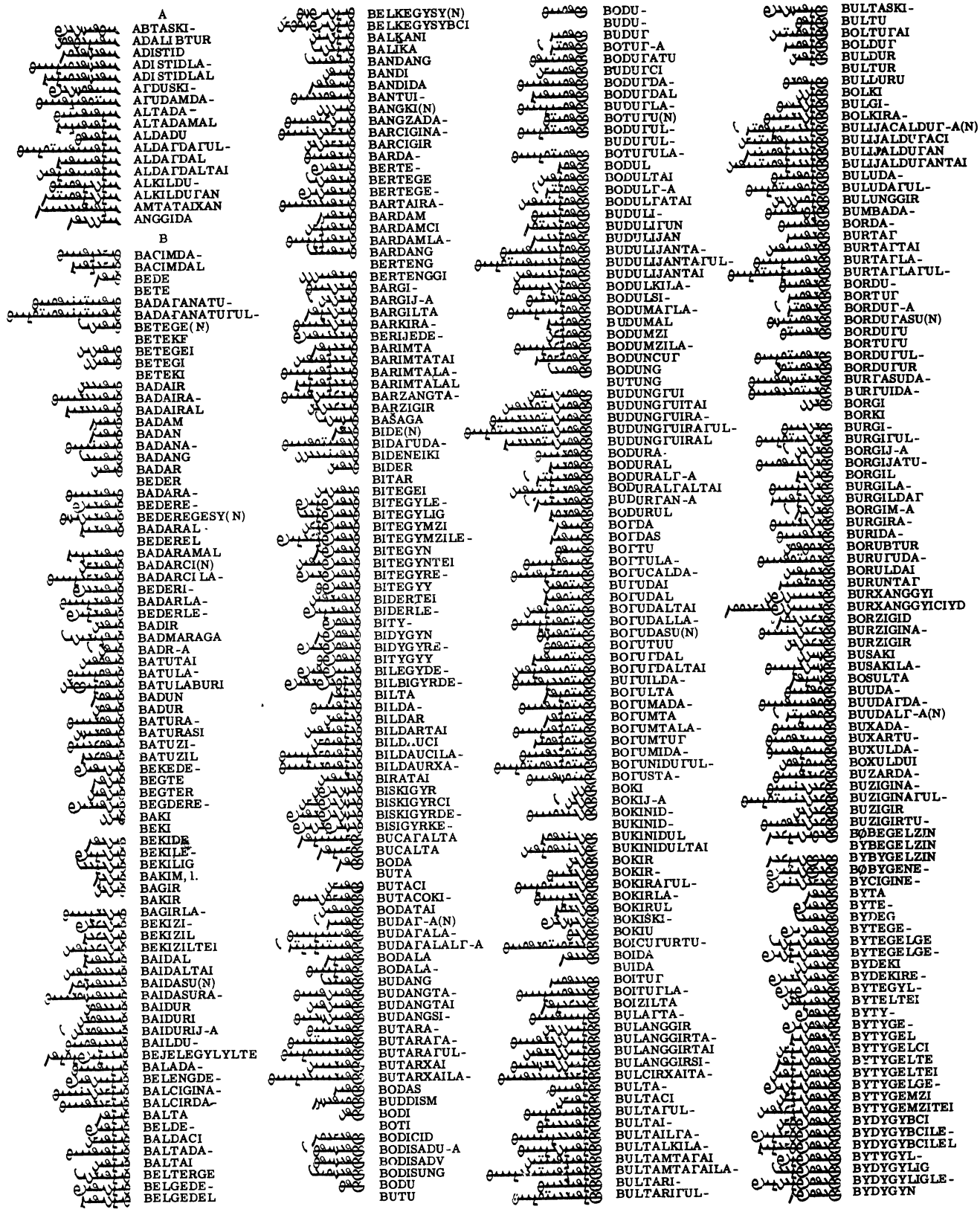
ITAГU
JASIL

INDEX OF AMBIGUOUS READINGS

The Uigur-Mongolian script was in common use until about 1940, when it was replaced by the Cyrillic alphabet; since then its use has become more and more restricted. Because certain letters in this script have alternative readings, this index of variant forms is provided. For example, ᠲ may be transliterated as t or d, ᠤ as u or o, ᠺ as k or g. Thus ᠡᠲᠡᠭᠡᠳ might be read as eteged, eteked, edeged, or edeked, but reference to the index shows that eteged is the correct reading. The index lists the form, or forms, used in the dictionary for all words which, written in the classical script, have four or more possible readings.

The words in the classical script are arranged in the order of the English alphabet (except that D and T, G and K, O and U, Φ and Y have been combined) the ambiguous letters being given the first of their possible readings (i.e., ᠲ as d, not t; ᠡ as a, not e). Certain arbitrary conventions are followed in the index. Regular verbal suffixes which occur finally (that is to say, preceding the infinitive -xu/-ky such as the reciprocal -ldu-/-ldy-, the passive γda-/-gde-, the causative -lγa-/-lge-or -γul-/-gyl-, have not been considered ambiguities, since they can be easily recognized: nor has the nominal suffix -tai/-tei (-tu/-ty, -tan/-ten). Nominal forms in -tu/-ty and -tan/-ten whose stems have four or more possible readings have not been included except when the form in -tai/-tei does not occur. The readings o and ϕ occur in syllables other than the first in only a few words: thus ᠤ can represent only u/y in these. In determining the number of ambiguities in a word, it should be remembered that ᠠ or ᠡ determine the back-quality of the vowel; that the letters ᠺᠢ or ᠭᠢ, although marking the vowel as frontal, are ambiguous in themselves; that ᠺᠢ -ki-/-gi- may occur with either front or back vowels. Since g/k or d/t before consonants always represent the sonant reading (except in a few foreign loan-words) these have not been considered ambiguous.


A
ABTASKI-
ADALI BTUR
ADISTID
ADI STIDLA-
ADI STIDLAL
AГDUSKI-
AГUDAMDA-
ALTADA-
ALTADAMAL
ALDADU
ALDAГDAГUL-
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ALKILDU-
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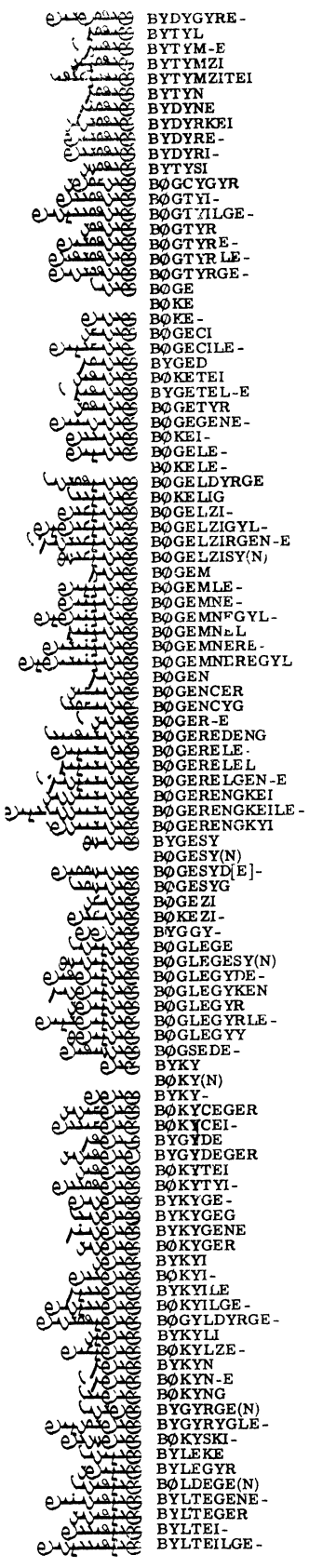
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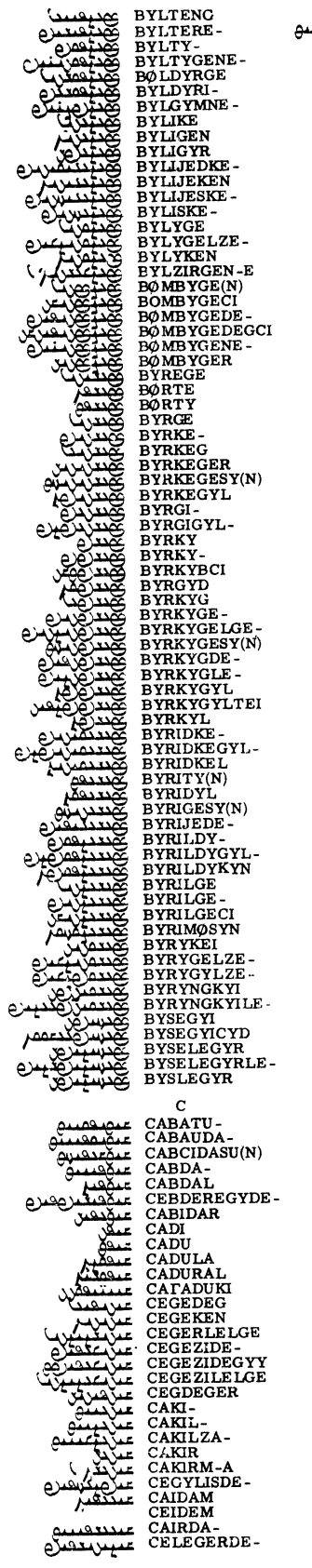
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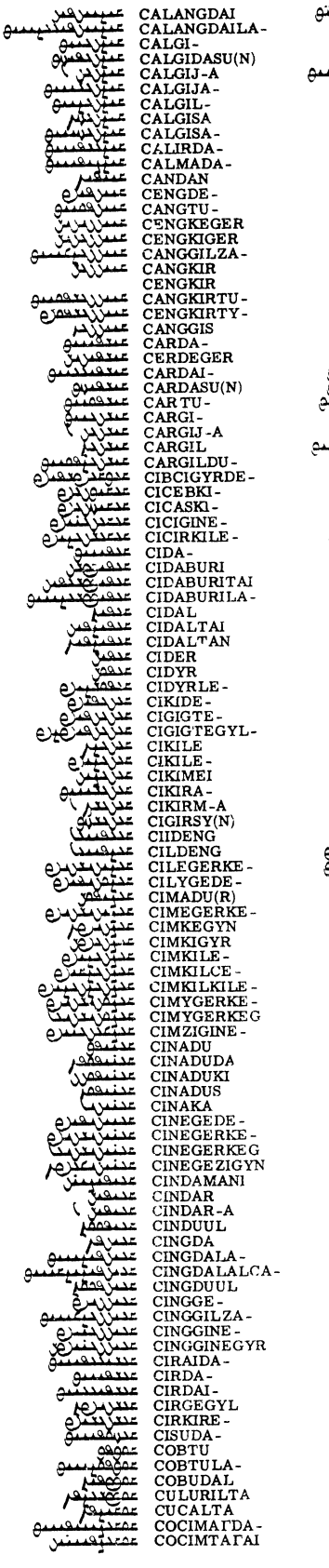
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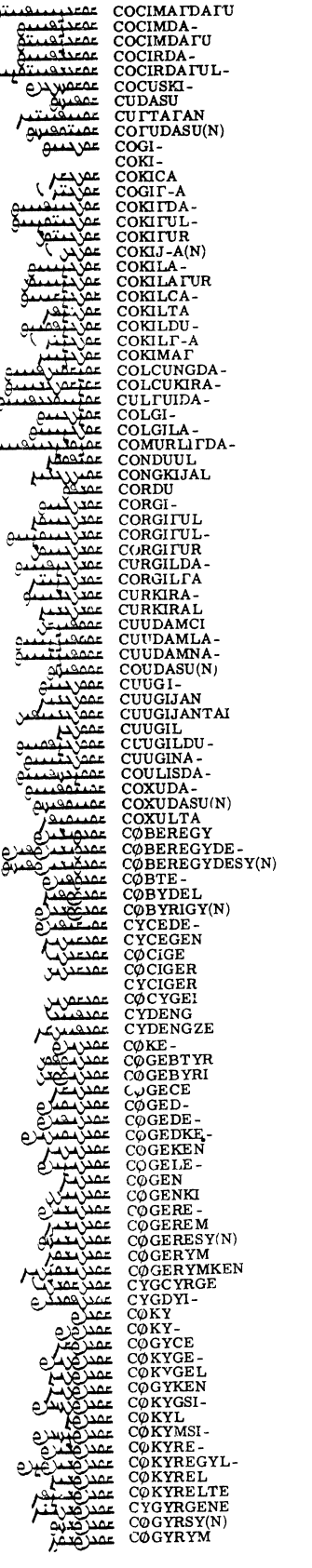
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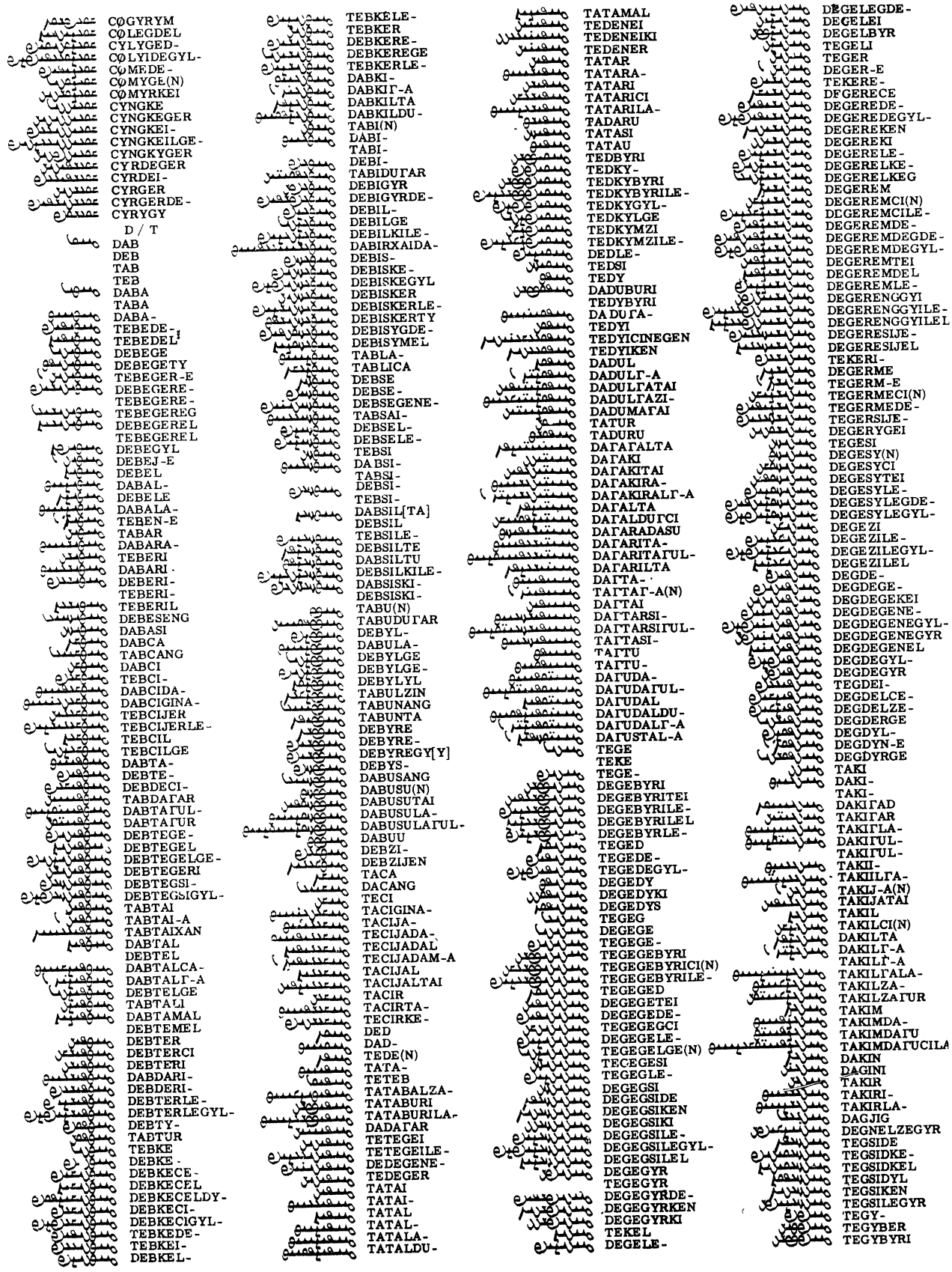
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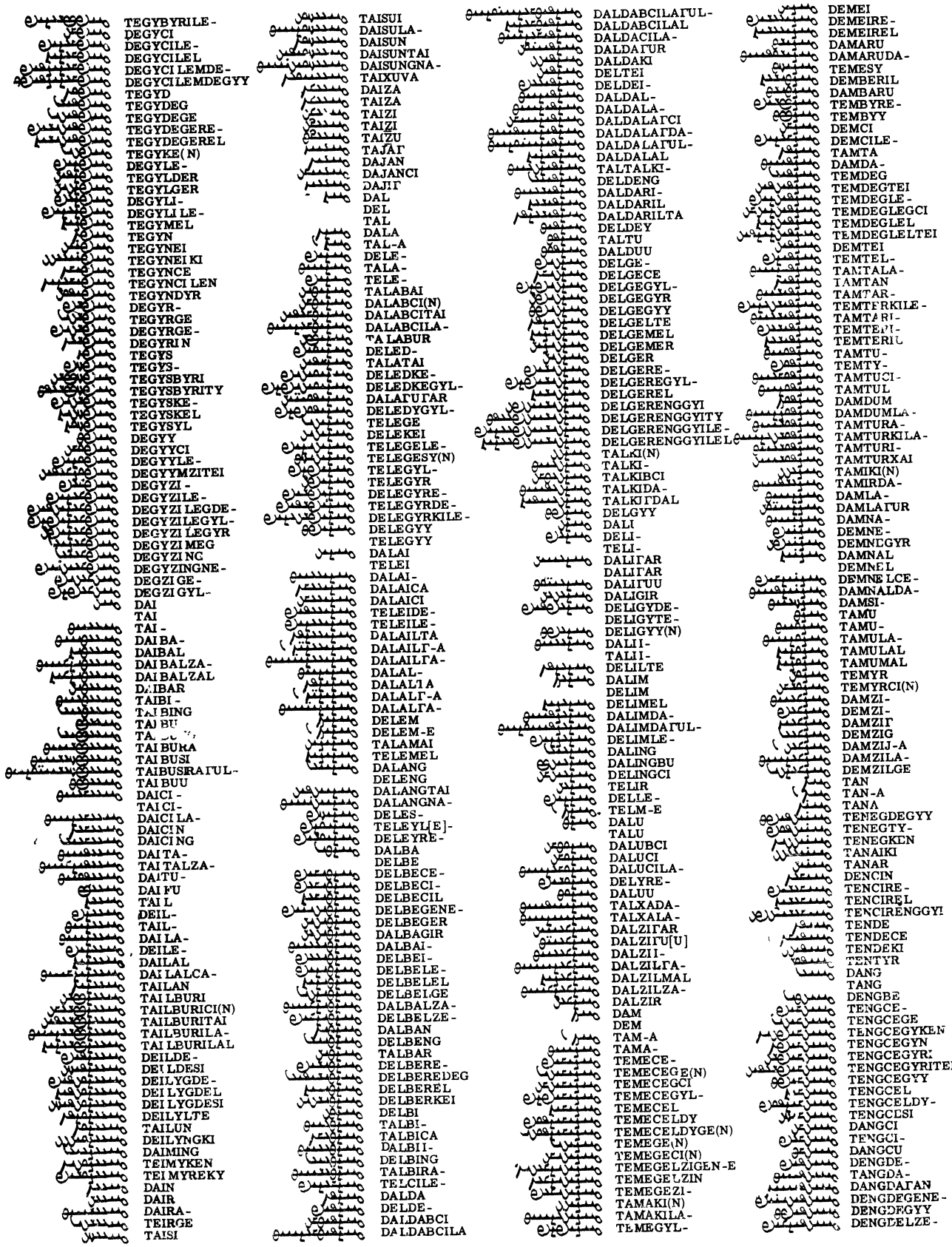
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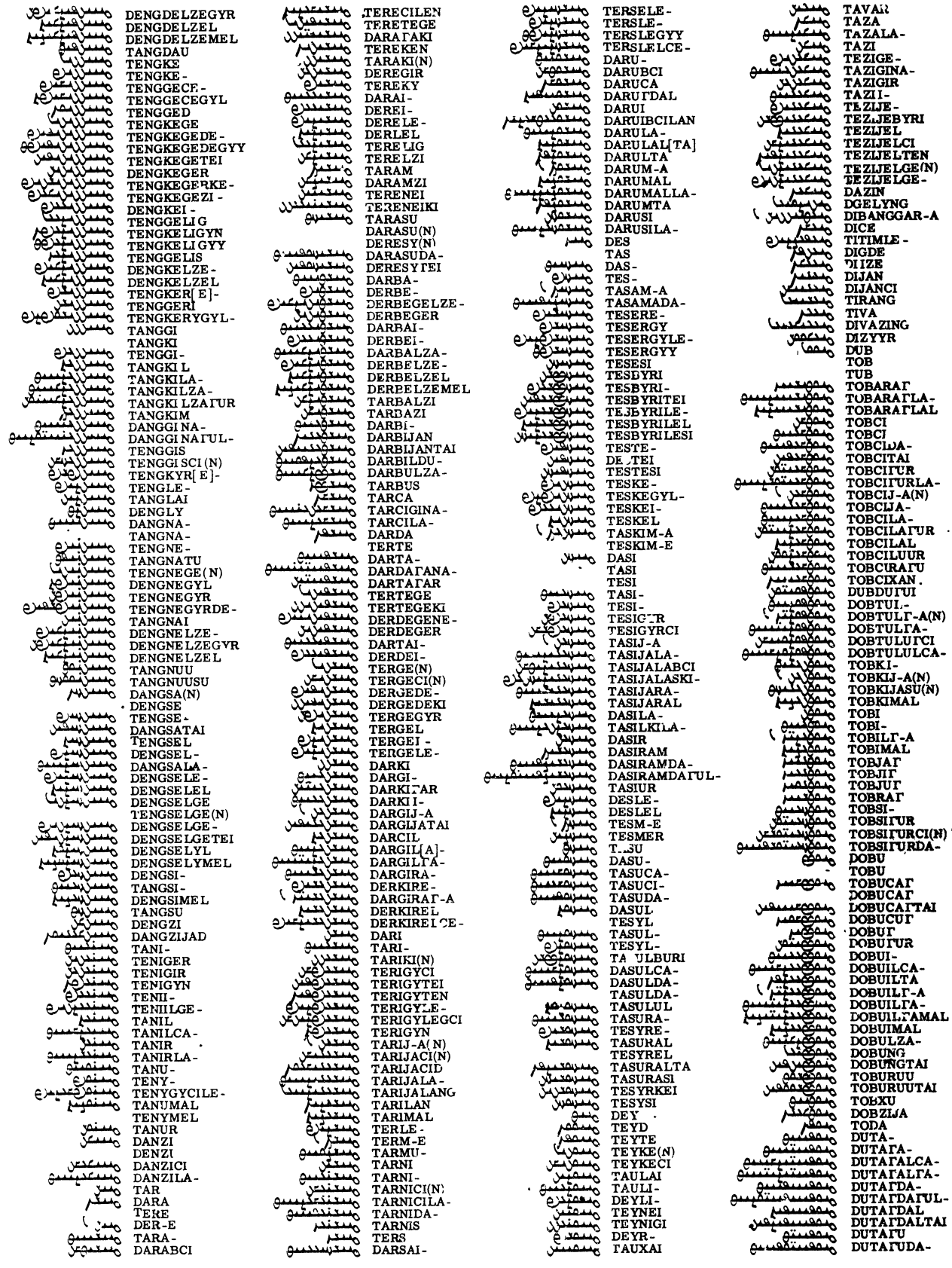
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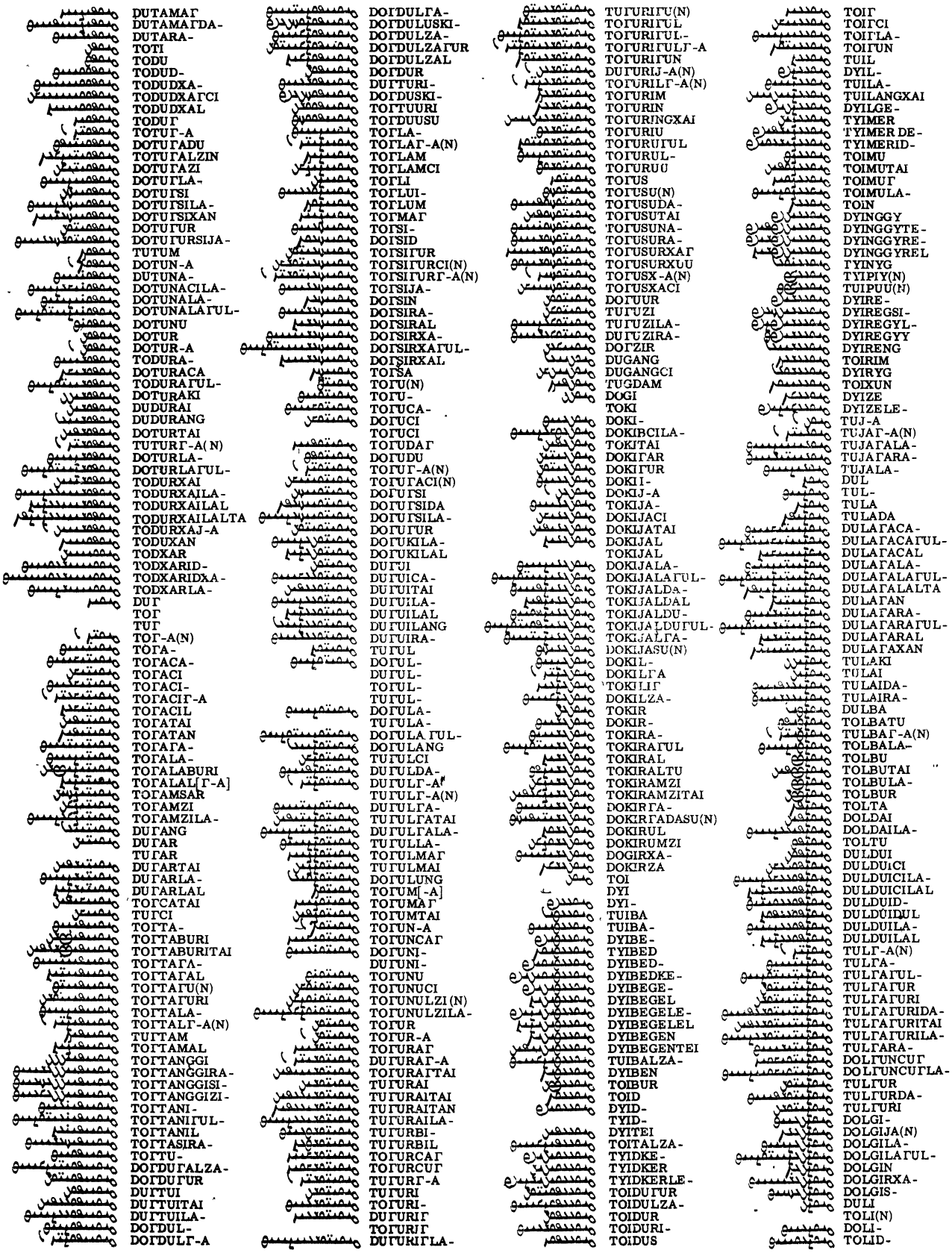
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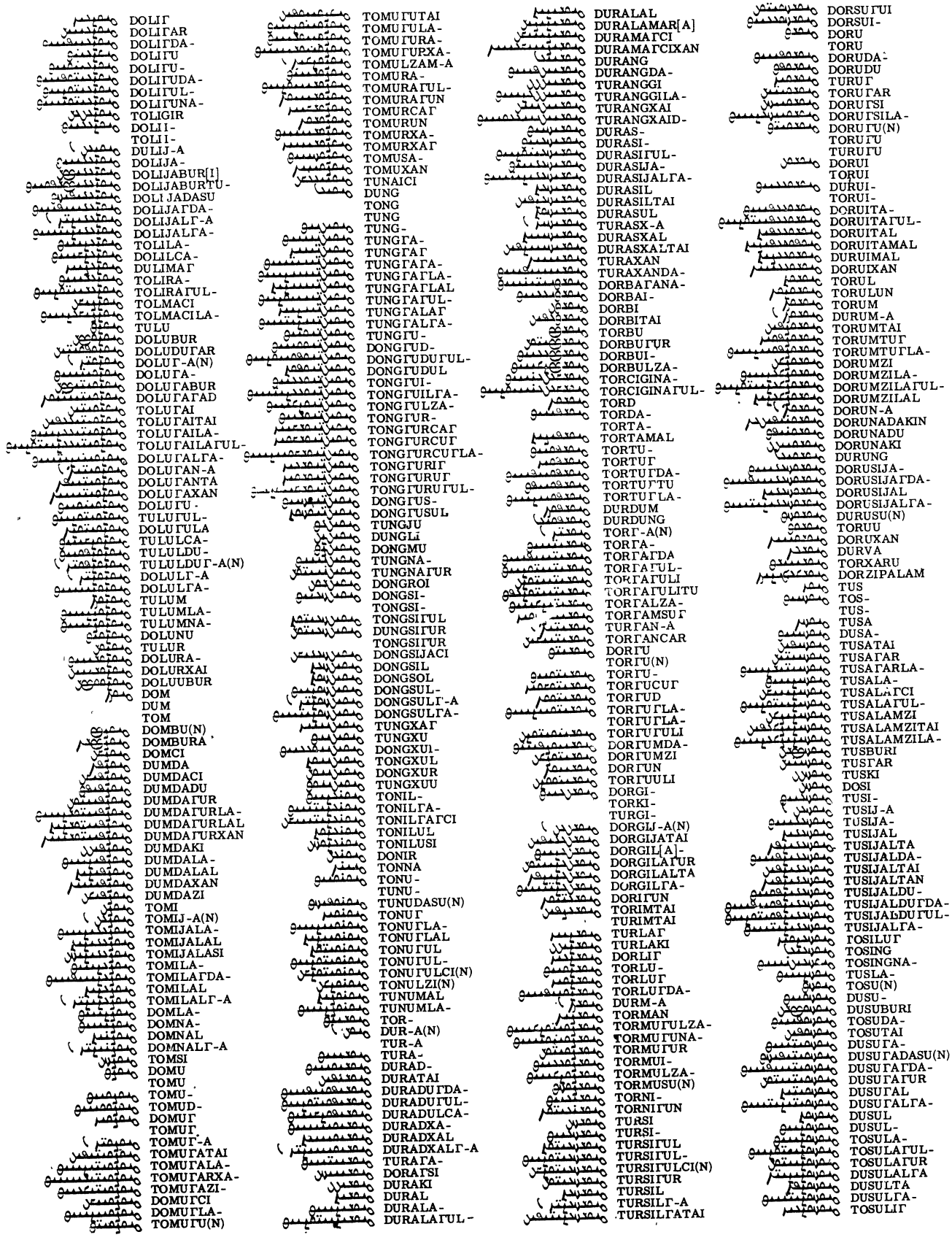
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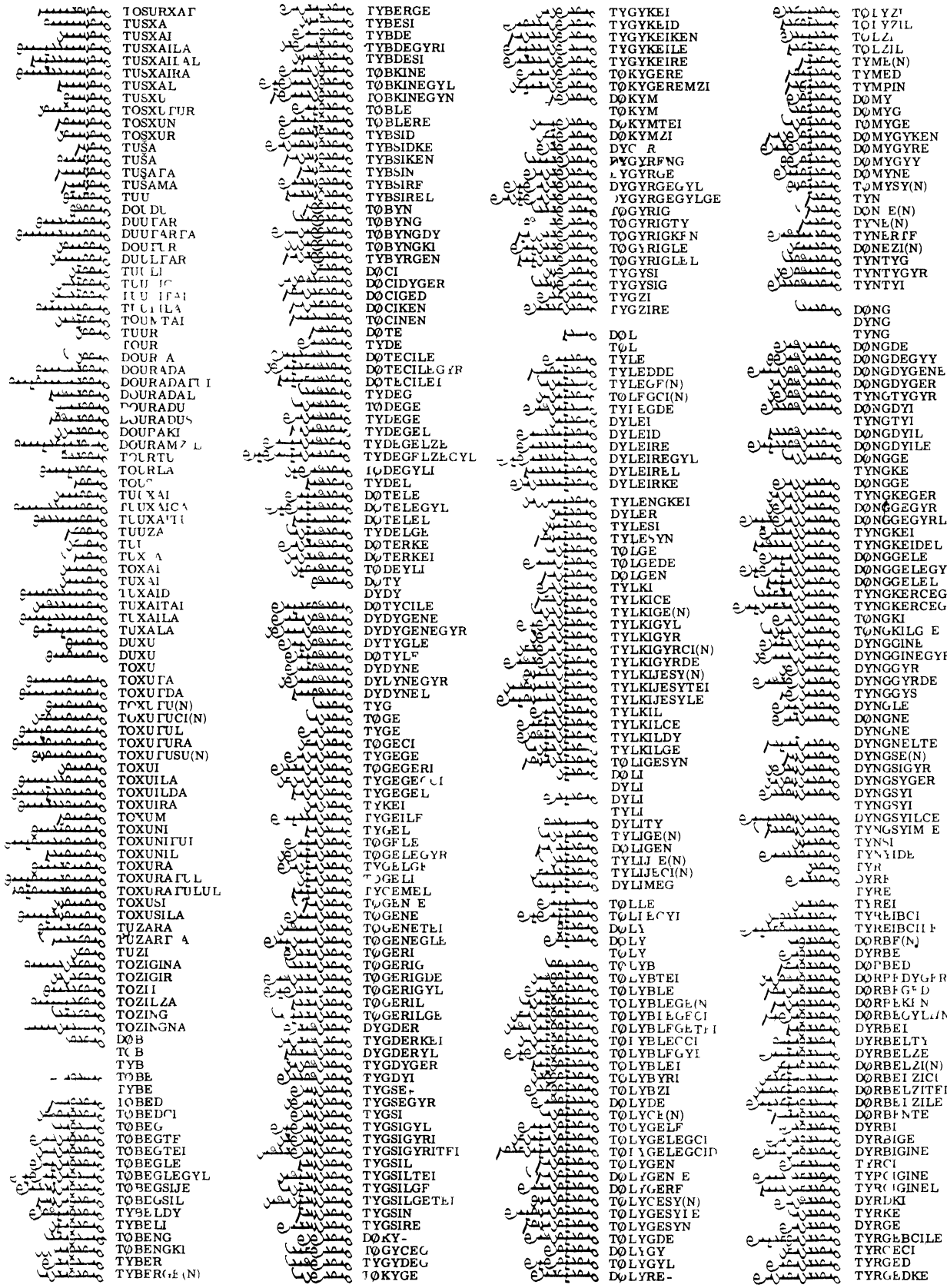
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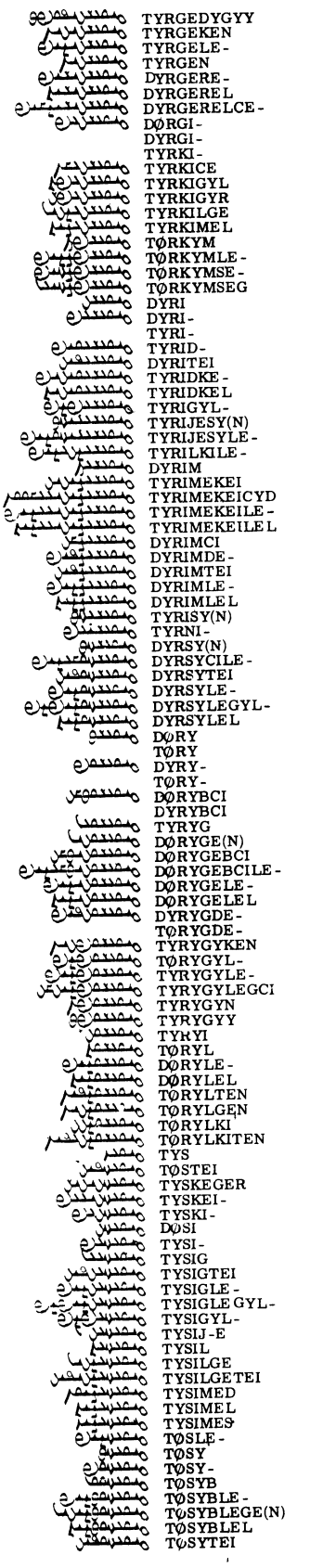
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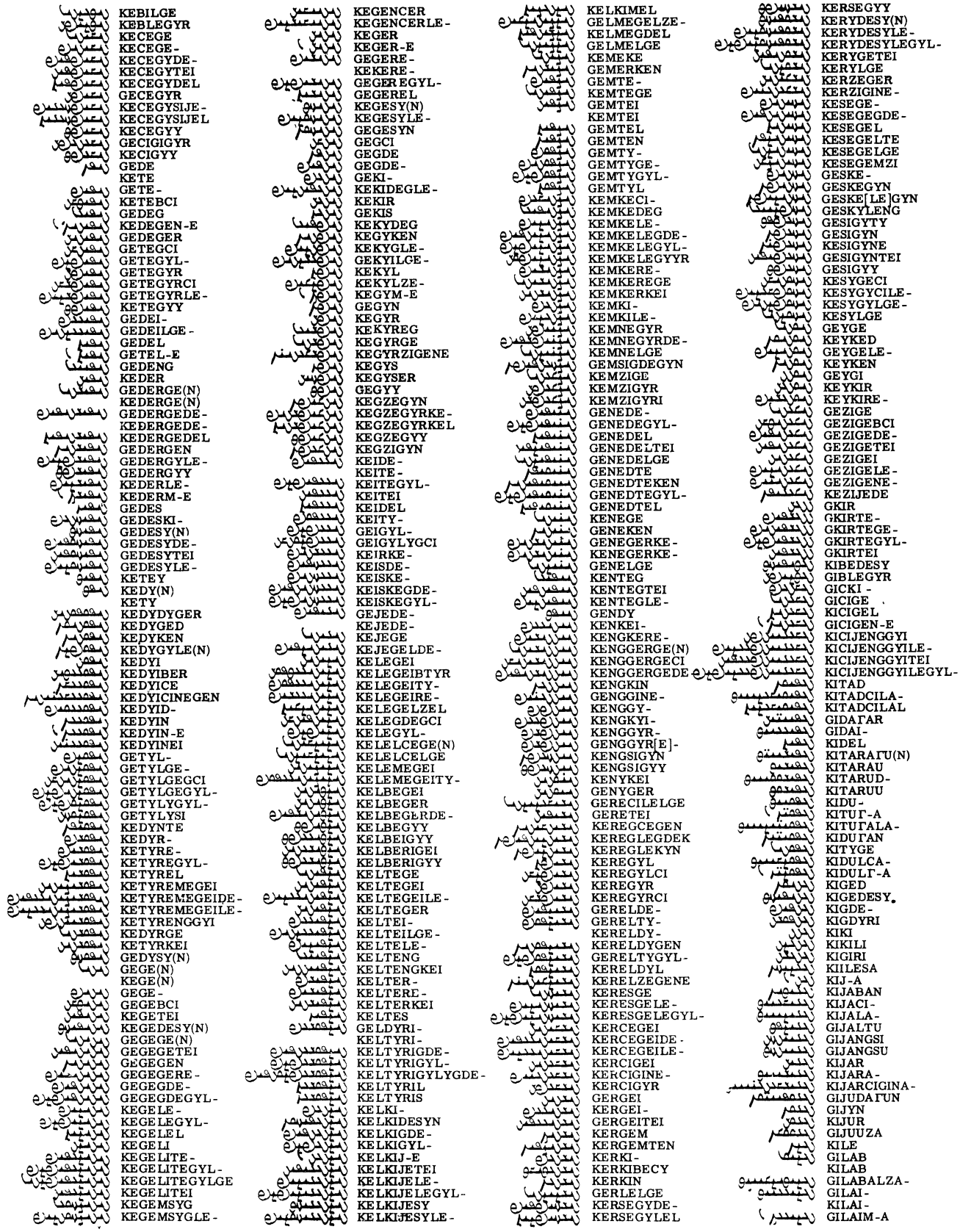
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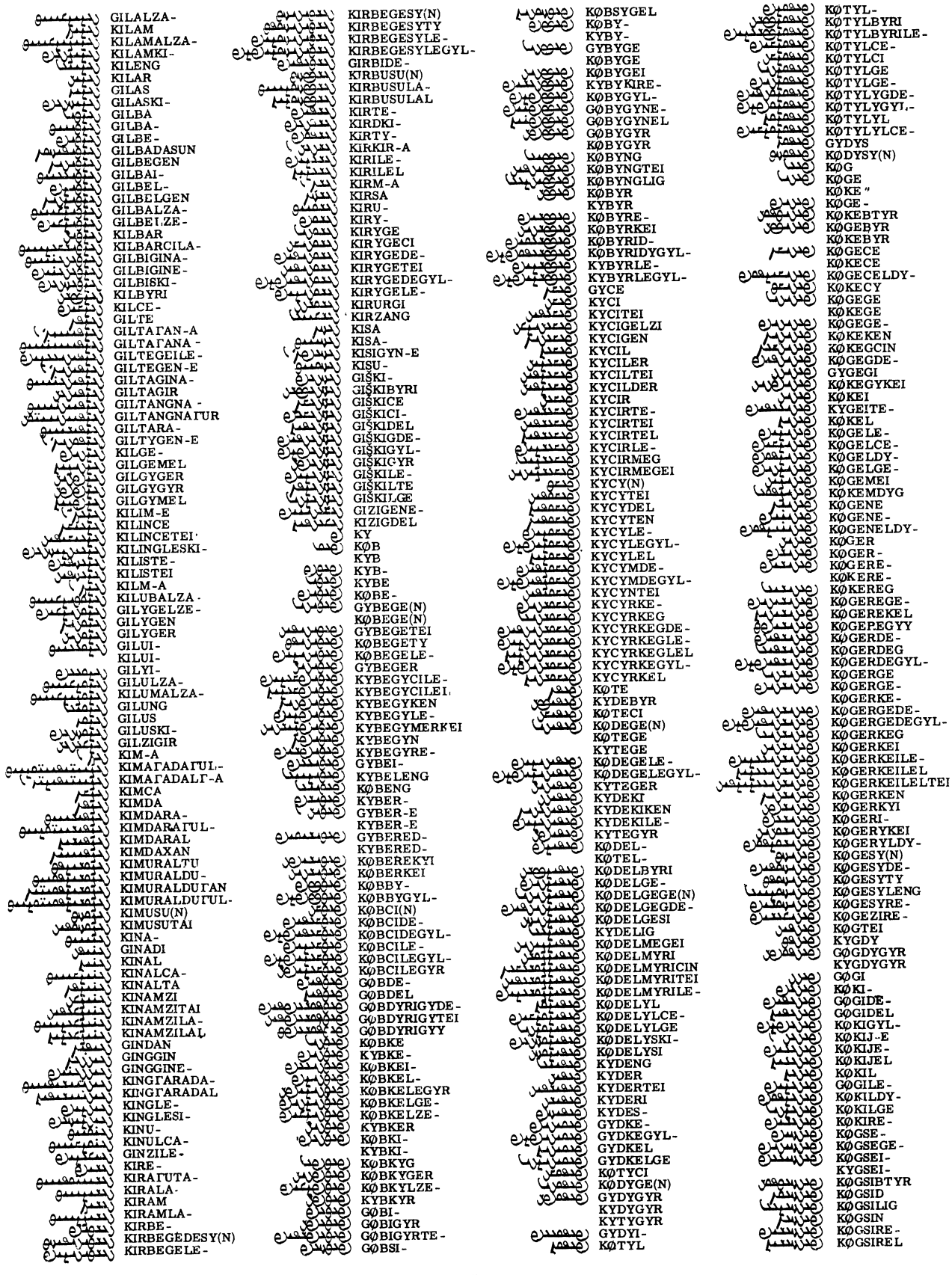
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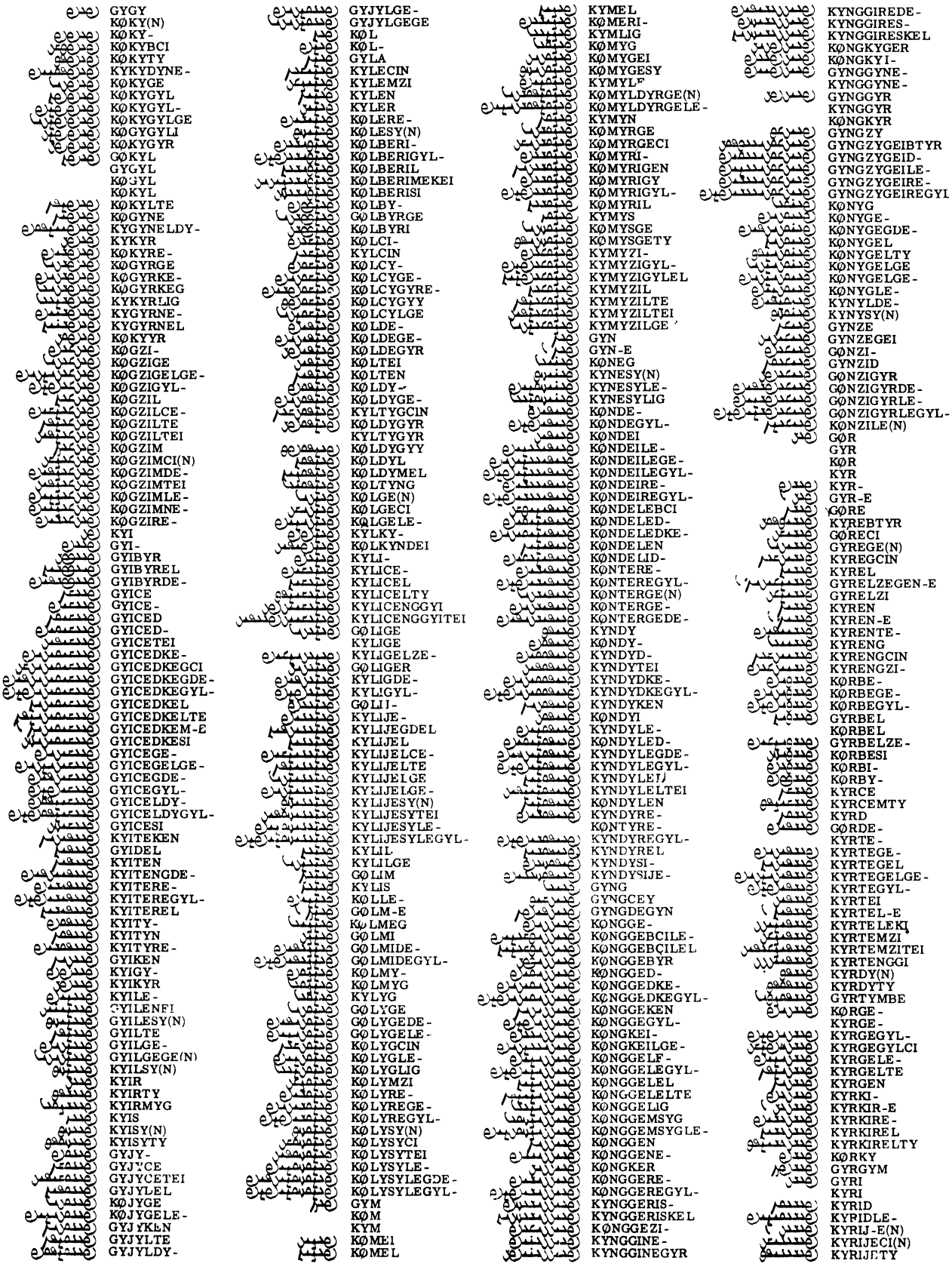
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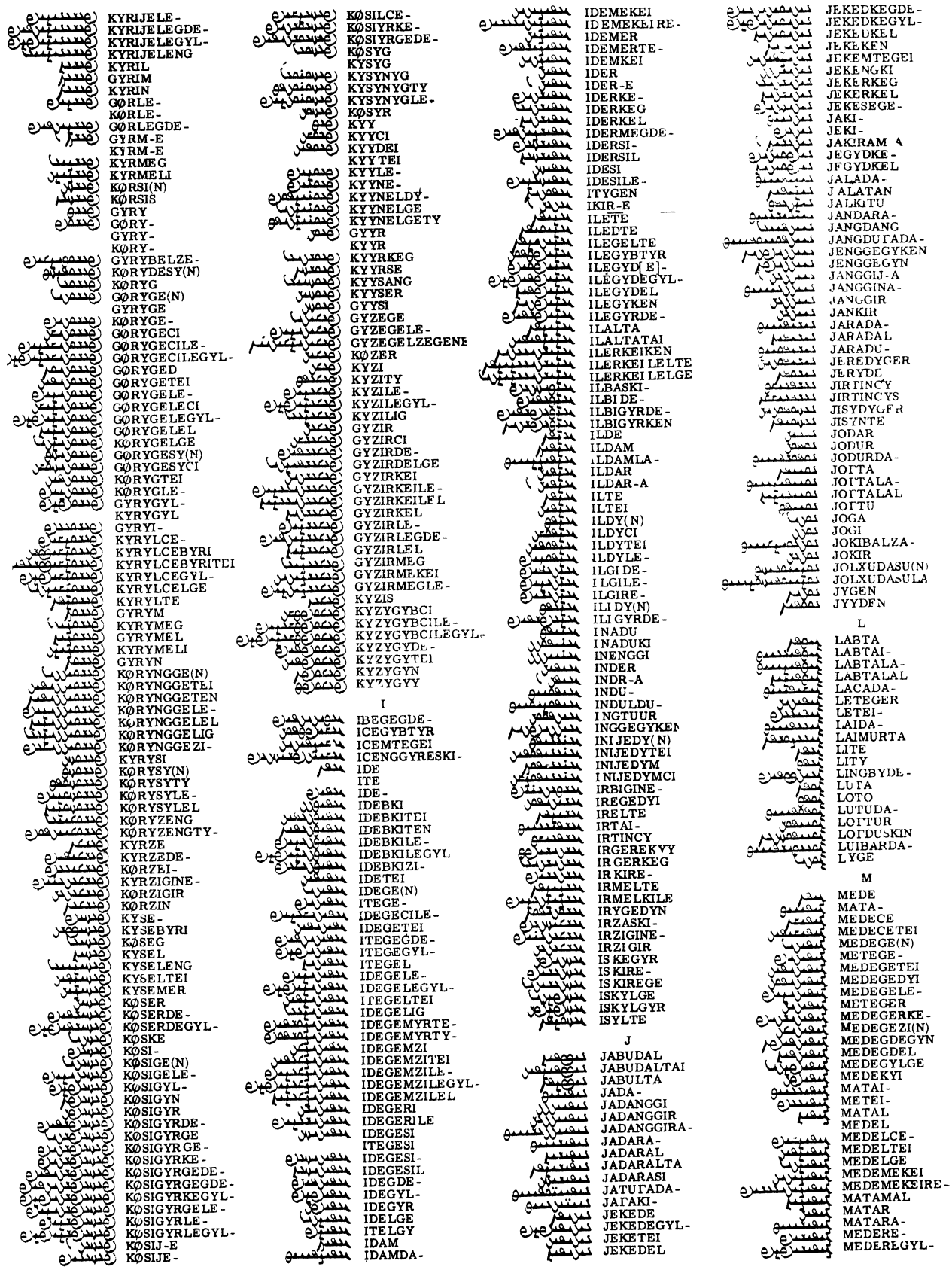
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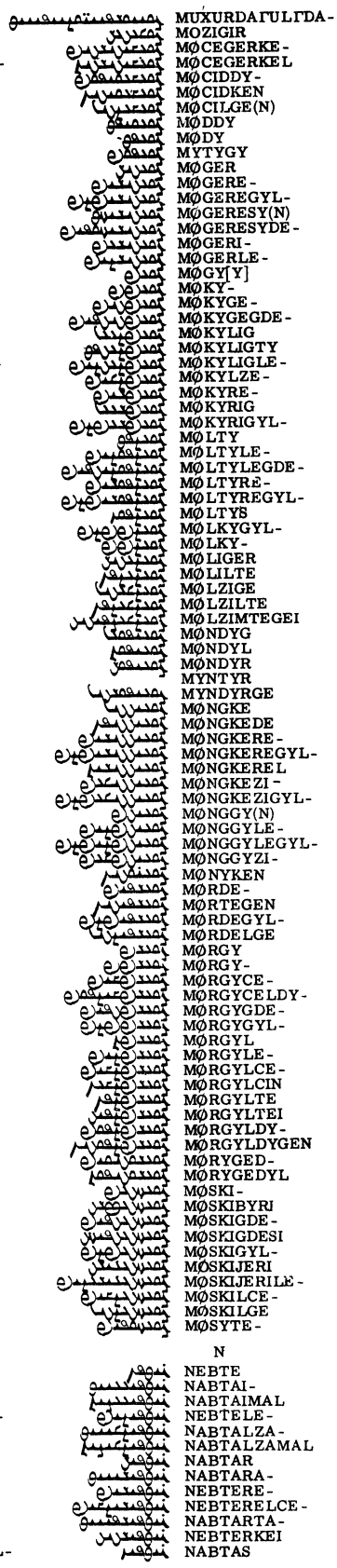
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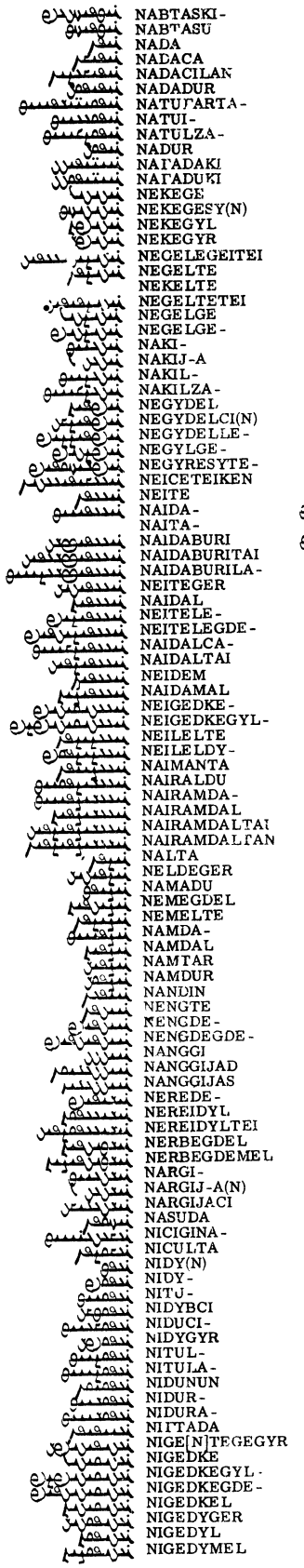
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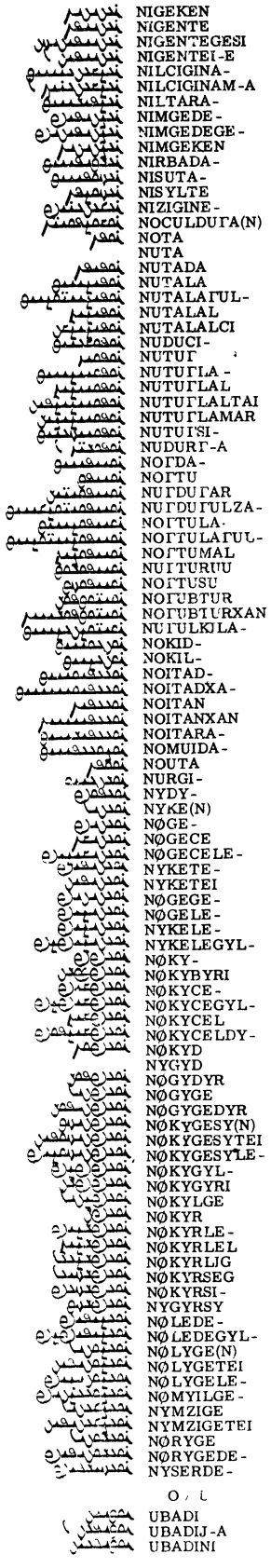
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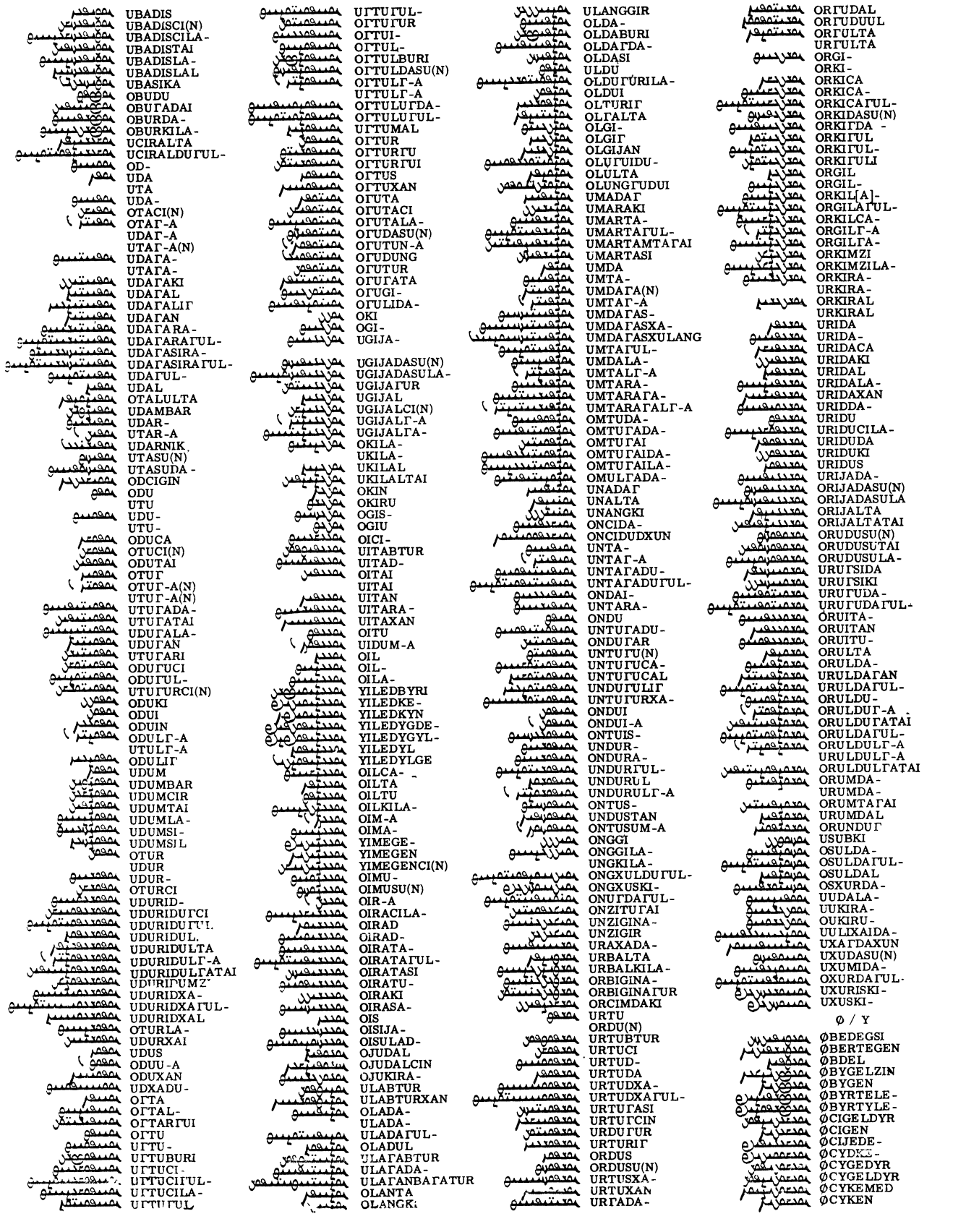
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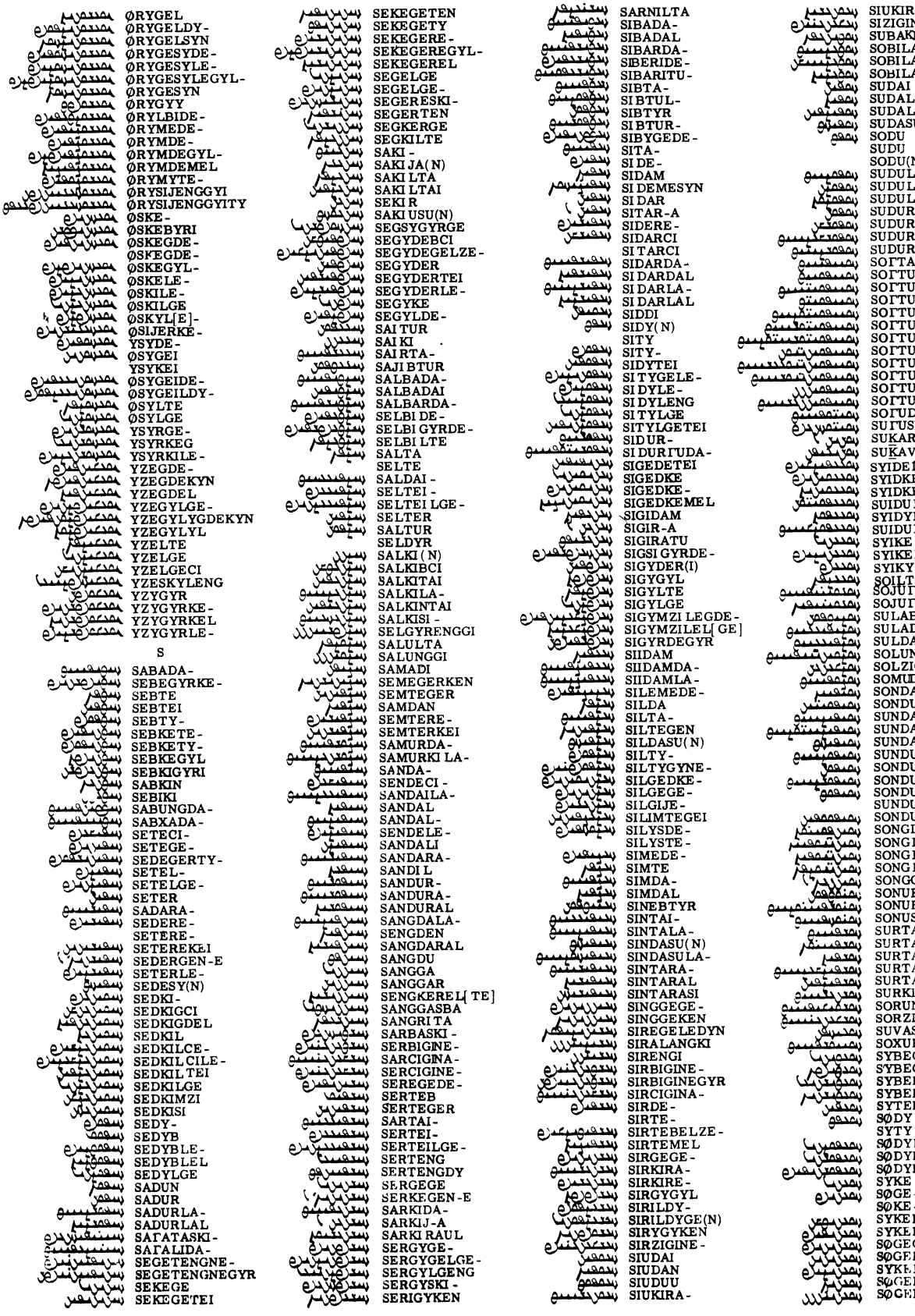
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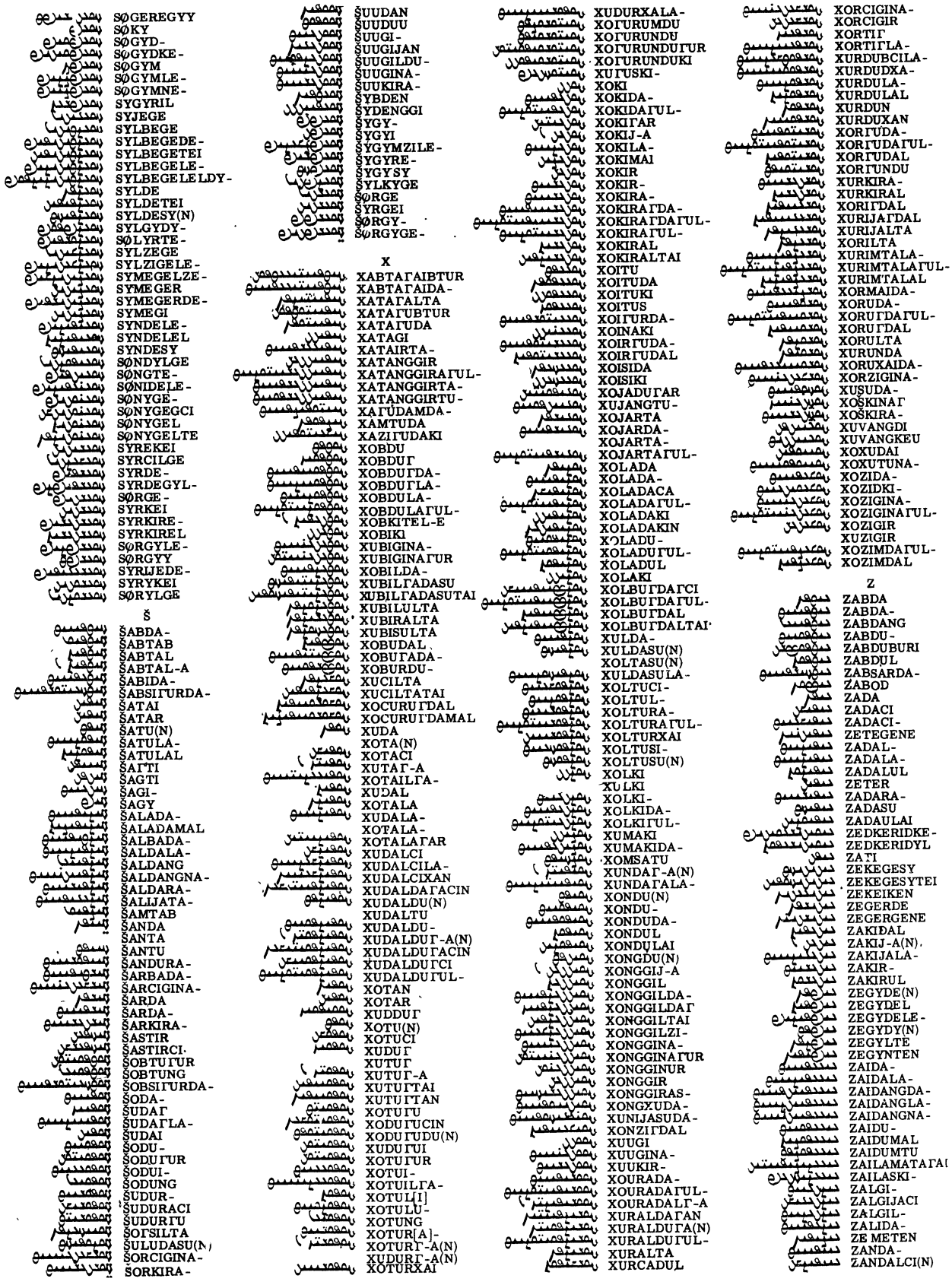
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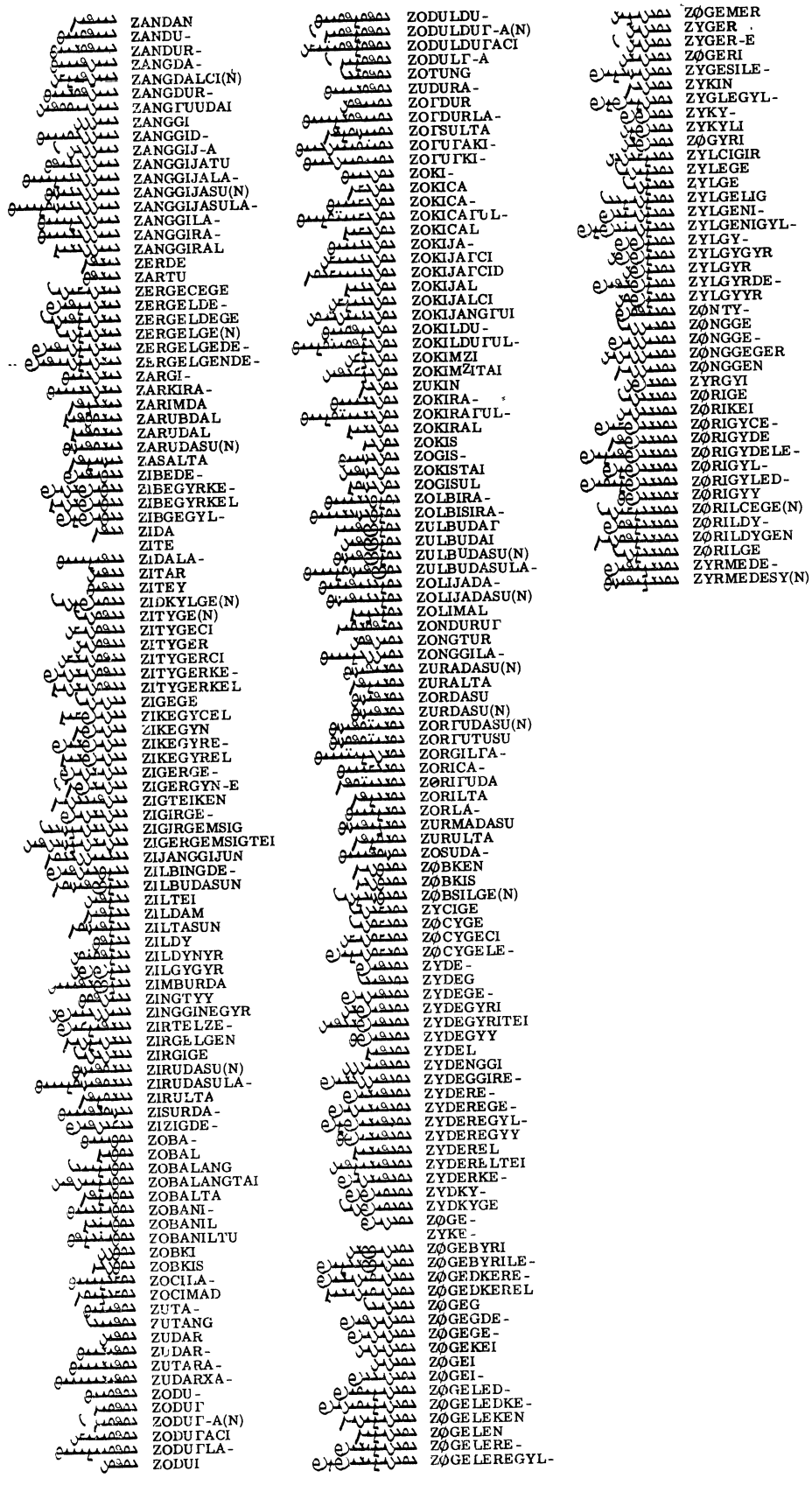

SUPPLEMENT

MONGOLIAN BUDDHIST TERMS AND PHRASES

The entries in this supplement follow the form used in the main dictionary (See Introduction), except that, wherever possible, Tibetan equivalents follow the Mongolian because of their close semantic and structural affinity.

A number of Buddhist terms that are in common use are not listed here but may be found in the main dictionary, where they are explained in less technical language. As a rule no Tibetan or Sanskrit equivalents are given there.

Cross references to "Pt.I" are to the main dictionary.

ABI, ABHI ; T. Transcr. S. abhi-. See iledte.

ABIDARMA ; T. chos mngon pa; S. abhidharma. Name of the tird section of the Bu. basic scriptures, constituting a systematization of Buddhist doctrine. See aimaγ saba.

ABIJAS ; T. bag chags; S. vāsanā. Dispositions, impressions.

ABISIГ, ABISIG, T. dbang, dbang bskur; S. abhisheka. Consecration, ordination, initiation. See Pt. I.

ABULГA mutur un -- ; T. lag len, phyag len. Procedure, agenda (ritual).

ABURAГCI jirtincy jin -- ; T. hjig rten skyong; S. lokapāla. Protector of the world.

ABURAL un orun; T. skyabs gnas. Place of refuge: the Buddha.

ABURГUS ; T. srin po; S. rākshasa. A class of demons.

ABXU See under yneker.

ABXUI ; T. len pa; S. upādāna. Seizing, clinging, one of the links of the sityn barildulγa, q. v.

-- gegeky; T. len dor; S. tyāga-āpti. Accepting the good (or virtue) and rejecting the bad (or evil).

ACARIJ-A ; T. slob dpon; S. ācārya. Teacher = baγsi; religious leader, = yogācāra.

ADALI ba adali ygei; T. mi mnyam pa dang mnyam pa; S. asama-sama. Equal (in some respects to a Bu.) and unequal (in other respects).

-- yzegdel; T. lta bur snang ba. Similar[ity].

ADISTID ; T. byin gyis brlabs pa; S. adhishthita. Blessed. empowered.

-- i ailadxaxu; T. byin rlabs gsol ba, byin rlabs zhu ba. To pray for a blessing.

-- i ørysijeky; T. byin rlabs stsal ba, byin rlabs gtong ba. To give a blessing, grant a benediction.

ADISTIDLAГDAXU ; T. byin gyis brlab bya; S. adhishthabya. (To be) blessed.

ADISTIDLAL ; T. byin rlabs; S. adhisthāna. Blessing, benediction.

ADUГUSUN u orun; T. dud hgrohi gnas; S. tiryagyonika. The subhuman animal world (in regard to the sansar).

ADXAГ ; T. rnam par rtog pa; S. vikalpa. "Erroneous discrimination between true and false, real and unreal." ED 470 a. b.

-- ygei; T. rnam par mi rtog pa; S. avikalpa. Free from adxaγ.

ADXAГDAXUI. See Pt. I, adxaγla-.

AГALAГCI ; T. dgon pa pa; S. āranyaka. Forest dweller, anchorite.

AГAR ; T. dbyings; S. dhātu. Sphere (of eye, activity of sense organs, etc.) ; element (fire , etc.) See ED 282. Also see nom un --.

AГASILГ-A; T. rnam par hgyur pa; S. vikrti, viparināma. Transformation.

AГLAГ-A ; T. dben pa; S. viveka. Solitude, seclusion (for spiritual exercises) . ED 550 a.

AГUI jeke; T. rgya che ba; S. vipula, vistara. Large, wide.

AГULXU See tegside oir-a.

AGANISTA ; T. hog min; S. akanishtha. The highest Bu. heaven in the realm of form.

AGŠUBI, AGŠUVABHI = Yly køde1kyi; T. Mi bskyod pa; S. Akshovya. Name of one of the Buddha pentad. See burxan.

AILADX- un sojurxa ! T. dgons su gsol! S. samanvāhāra ! Be pleased to remember (me).

AILADUГCI xamuγ i --, xotala i --; T. thams cad mkhyen pa; S. sarvajna. Omniscient (as the Bu.

AILADUL yzegci. Having supernatural insight (as of a Bu. or Bo.) ; intelligent, wise.

AILADXAXUI jin sang; T. mkhyen pahi gter; S. jnānakoça. Treasure(house) of wisdom, esp. of the Bo. Manzusiri.

AILADXU γurban caγ i ilerkei -e --; T. dus gsum mkhyen pa; S. trikāla-jna. Knowing clearly the three times (past, present, and future) as the Bu.

AIMAГ saba, γurban; T. sde snod gsum; S. tripitaka. The three containers (S. baskets); the three large sections of the Buddhist sacred scriptures, viz. sudur, binai (vinai) and iledte nom (abidarma).

AJAГ-A tegimlig; T. dge slong; S. bhikshu. See Pt. I.

AJUL ; T. hjigs pa; S. bhaya. Fear, danger. Eight dangers, from which the Green Dar-a rescues.

-- ygei; T. mi hjigs pa; S. vaiçāradhya." Self-confidence" (four kinds, of a Bu.).

AJULГAГCI ; T. hjigs byed; S. bhairava. "Frightener, ep. of various deities, esp. Yamāntaka.

-- em-e; T. hjigs byed ma; S. bhairavi. "Frighten er" (fem.), ep. of certain female deities or demons.

ALAΓ-A(N) ben xamtudxaxu; T. thal mo sbyor ba; S. anjali kr. To join the hands as in prayer or in respectful greeting.

ALDAL ; T. ltung ba; S. ā-patti. Sin, transgression (of vows). ED 97 b.

ALDARTU eke ; T. Grags hdzin ma; S. Yaçodharā "The Famous One" (fem.) Name of the wife of Šagjamuni.

ALTAN cidaγci ; T. Gser thub; S. Kanakamuni. Name of a former Buddha, a predecessor of Šagjamuni.

-- gerel; T. Gser hod ; S. Suvarna-prabhāsa. Golden Light, name of one of the most famous sutras. For its use in cult see Ykh. I.

AMAN degen γal badaraγci; T. kha hbar ma; S. jvala-mukhi. A kind of birid.

-- ece nomlaγsan; T. zhal nas gsungs pa; S. kanthokta. Spoken from the mouth (of a Bu. or other authoritative teacher); personally delivered (sermon or message).

-- u idegen; T. zhal zas; S. Food for the deity, the seventh of the eight takil; aman translates the T. zhal which functions here only as a honorific.

AMARMAΓ ; T. hdod pa; S. kāma . Greed, lust; object of desire. ED 176 b.

-- un orun ; T. hdod pahi khams ; S. kāmadhātu. The world or realm of desire, sensuous world. See orun, γurban. ED 177a.

AMIN xabijatu; T. tshe dang ldan (pa); S. āyushmat. Long-living, venerable; ep. of several disciples of the Bu.

AMITAN ; T. sems can; S. sattva. Animate being.

-- u ezen; T. Srog dguhi bdag po; S. Prajāpati. Creator of the world of living beings, Brahmā. ED 357-8.

-- u itegel; T. Hgro bahi mgon po; S. Jagannātha. Protector of living beings, the Bu.

-- u uduridugci; T. Hgro bahi ded dpon. Guide of living beings, the Bu.

AMTAN ; T. ro; S. rasa. Taste as the external " base" of gustation. See tøryn tygekyi.

AMUΓULANG ; T. bde ba; S. sukha. Enjoyment, bliss (= zirγalang; see zobalang).

AMURLIN axui; T. zhi gnas; S. çamatha. Calming (of the mind in yoga meditation).

AMURLINGΓUI ; T. (a) zhi ba, (b) rangs pa; S. (a) çanta, (b) harsha. (a) Quiet, peaceful, (b) joy(ful), happy.

-- doγsin; T. zhi (ba dang) drag (po); S. çānta-krodha. Mild or serene and ferocious or wrathful, the two main aspects of tantric divinities.

-- dur oruxu. To enter into a state of quietude, become quiet, calm one's passions; to enter deep meditation.

ANAADA bindadi; T. Mgon med zas byin; S. Anātha-pindada. Name of a wealthy friend of Šagjamuni, transl. as Itegel ygei idegen øgligety. Note. The two teeth preceding "d" in the M. script indicate here S. long "ā", but are often misread as "an" See Ananda.

ANAGAM See xarin yly iregci.

ANANDA ; T. Kun dgah ; S. Ananda. Name of a famous disciple of Šagjamuni.

ANAVADABDA ; T. Ma dros pa; S. Anavatapta. Name of a lake, also called Manasovar. ED 21 b.

ANIXAN burxan; T. dang pohi sangs rgyas; S. ādibuddha. Primordial Bu. from whom all other Bus. originate.

ANGGIDA ; T. so so(r). Anggida stands frequently for the S. prefix prati- in the sense of separately, individually, specially, severally; it also means except, without, other than (T. ma gtogs pa(r), S. anyatra).

-- anggida; T. phan tshun; gcig la gcig; S. anyonya. Mutually, reciprocally.

-- busu. Inseparable, identical

-- tonilxui; T. sor sor thar pa; S. prāti-moksha. prati-moksha. Individual release from sin achieved by public confession and penance; disciplinary code for the monks. ED 391 b.

-- yneker uxaγaxui; T. so so yang dag par rig pa; S. pratisamvid. Special knowledge.

bi bej-e ece -- yzeky. To consider the ego or self as separated from the body or person.

ANGGIZIRAΓSAN . . (ece) --; T ...(dang) bral ba; S. ... vigata-. vita Separated or freed from (as sin, evil, etc.).

ANGI ; T. bam po; S. anga. Member, part, section, book, as part of a work. ED 5b.

ANGXARUN abxu; T. nyams su len pa; S. anushthāna. Performance, as of a rite (zang yile, T. cho ga), according to a predetermined procedure.

ANIDIJAD ; T. rtag tu med pa; S. anityatā . Impermanence. See møngke busu (cinar).

ARABAZANA hūm; T. a ra pa ca na hum; S. arapacana hūm. Sacred spell of the Bo. Manzusiri (insight), used together with OM MANI PADME HŪM for Nidyber yzegci (compassion) and OM BAZRABANI HŪM (power against demons) in invocations.

ARALZIXU nasun i -- . To change one's existence, be reborn.

ARASAN See arasijan.

ARASIJAN, arasan, arsan, rasijan; T. bdud rtsi; S. rasājana. Elixir of immortality; holy water used in rituals; mineral waters used in therapeutics.

ARBIS, arvis = uxayan; T. rig pa; S. vidyā. Knowledge, branch of learning, discipline.

-- bariyci = uxayan bariyci, uxayatu; T. rig hdzin; S. vidyā-dhara. "Holder," possessor of (mystic) knowledge, esp. one who knows the tarni.

-- tarni. Sacred spell. See tarni.

ARГ-A ; T. thabs; S. upāya. (Skillful) means for leading sentient beings to nirvana.

-- baramid. See baramid.

-- bilig; T. thabs ces; S. upāya-prajñā. (Skillful means and knowledge (symbolized in Tantrism by a male deity with its female counterpart in conjugal embrace).

-- dur mergezigsen; T. thabs la mkhas pa; S. upāya-kauçalya. Skillful in applying the means or method leading to liberation (as the Bu.).

ARIГUN ; T. dag pa; S. çuddha, viçuddhi. Pure, clean, "holy."

-- aimay; T. tshangs; S. çuddhāvāsa . The "pure abode" and its denizens (one of the heavens).

-- Idegety; T. Zas gtsang ma; S Çuddhodana. "Pure Food," name of Šagjamuni's father.

-- jabudal; T. tshangs par spyod pa; S. brahma-caryā. Originally: conduct of the brahmanic disciple, later: chastity, celibacy of the monk.

-- sedkil; T rnam (par) dag (pahi) sems; S. çuddha-citta. The pure, undefiled mind of enlightenment, or the mind or consiciousness emptied of its illusory contents.

ARIJ-A (fr. S.); T. hphags pa; S. ārya. Noble, eminent, holy, sacred (transl. as xutuxtu).

ARIJABALO; T. Dbang phyug spyan ras gzigs; S. Āryabala. He of the noble powers, ep. of Nidyber yzegci or Xongsim.

ARILГAXU, 1.; T. sbyong ba; S. viçodhaya-. To cleanse, purify; to dematerialize (by reciting tarni).

xoyusun bolyan -- ; T. stong par sbyong ba. To establish the VOID (see xoyusun), part of the evocation act.

ARILГAXU, 2. ; T. sel ba; S. apoha. Progressive elimination (definition of an entity by stating what it is not).

-- i nisvanis ; T. sgrib pa sel ba (bsal ba); S. nivarana-nishkarshana. Elimination of corruptions. See nisvanis.

ARILUГSAN ; T. dag pa; S. vicuddha. Clean, pure.

-- orun; T. dag cing; S. çuddha-kshetra. Pure country, "paradise."

ARSALAN dayun (i) dayurisxayci; T. seng ge(hi) sgra (or) sgrogs; S. simhanāda-nādin. Lion-voiced, ep. of Nidyber yzegci and other divine persons.

-- u·cenggegci; T. seng gehi rnam par rol pa; S. simhavikrīdita. "Disporting himself like a lion," name of a Bo. and a samadi.

Šagja jin -- ; T. Ça kya seng ge; S. Çākyasimha. Lion of the Çākya clan, ep. of Šagjamuni. ED 525a.

ARSI, risi; T. drang srong; S. rshi. Sage, hermit.

ARSIJAN. See arasijan.

ARVIS See arbis.

ARXAD ; T. dgra bcom pa; S. arhat. See daisun i daruyci.

ASAГUГSAN; T. zhus pa; S. paripṛcchā. "Asked by... final member of many titles of Buddhist scriptures.

ASAMAGARBHI ; T. rdohi snying po; S. açma-garbha. A kind of jewel in traditional jewel lists of Buddhist sutras.

ASANGGI ; T. grangs med; S. asamkhya. Incountable. See toylasi ygei.

ASARAГCI ; T. Byams pa; S. Maitreya. Name of the next or future Bu. See Maidari.

ASIDA jin josun; T. gtan tshigs; S. hetu,upapatti. Logical reason, logic, conclusion.

-- ygei; T. gtan (du) med (pa); S. atyāntābhava. Absolutely non-existent; illogical, nonsensical, absurd.

ASUGA (fr. S.) ; T. Mya ngan med; S. Açoka. The famous emperor Açoka, transl. Гasalang ygei.

ASURI = tngri busu; T. lha ma yin; S. asura. A class of demi-gods, enemies of the tngri in Indian myth. The S. word in the early Vedic pericd meant" Possessor (-ra) of "life force" (asu). Cf. Mayrhofer "Kurzgefasstes etymologishes Wörterbuch des Alt-Indishen," I, 65), but in later times was interpreted as a "not" (a-) "god" (sura), whence the T. translation. The "not gods" are second of the six classes of sentient beings (a later addition to the original five). See sansar.

ASURU; T. legs par, rnam par . Represents such S. prefixes as su-, vi-, ati-. Very much.

ASURU ARILUГSAN ; T. rnam (par) dag (pa); S. viçuddha Very pure, purest.

ATAГA(N) ; T. phrag dog; S. irshi, irshyā. Envy, jealousy.

AVADAR-A See oruly-a.

AXU; T. gnas pa; S. sthā-, sthiti. To abide in.
-- josun; T. gnas lugs. Natural state or condition
burxan u nom dur --; T. sangs rgyas kyi chos la gnas pa. To stand or abide in teachings of the Bu.

AXUI ; T. gnas pa; S. sthiti. Existence; fixation (as of the mind on a single object). See amurlin--.

BAΓULΓAXUI sudur tur -- ; T. gtan la hbebs pa. To commit to writing.

BAIDUR(I), BIIDURI ; T. bai du rya; S. vaidūrya, etc. See biidurij-a.

BAIΓALI, 1. T. gnyug ma; S. nija. Intrinsic.

BAIΓALI, 2; T. dngos ma; S. vastu. Nature, natural state (= axu josun).

BAJASCU orusiγsan; T. dgah bar gnas pa; S. abhirata. Abiding in delight, name of a paradise.

BARAΓSAN ; T. zad pa; S. kshīna, kshaya. Exhausted (often last part of a cpd.).

BARAMANU, pl. baramanus (fr. S.); T. rdul phra rab; S. paramānu. The smallest imaginable particle of matter; "atom." Translated as (nab) narin toγusun .

BARAMID (fr. S.); T. pha rol tu phyin pa; S. pāramitā . Perfective virtue. Frequently a group of six such virtues is given, viz. øglige (alsm-giving), šaγšabad (clerical discipline), kylicenggyi (forebearance), kicijenggyi (energy), dijan (meditative concentration), bilig (insight). Later this group was increased to ten. BARAMID is translated as cinadu kizaγar-a kyrygsen. "Having reached the goal," i.e. perfection . See ED 341- 342.

BARASI ygei; T. mi zad pa; S. akshaya. Inexhaustible, see baraγsan. ED 3b.

BARI NIRVAN ; T. yongs su mya ngan las hdas pa; S. parinirvāna. Complete nirvana or extinction; esp. said of the demise of the Bu.
-- boluγsan; S. parinirvrta. Having entered nirvana.

BARIΓCI ; T. hdzin pa; S. -dhara. Holder, keeper, possessor (freq. as last member of the cpd.).

BARILDULΓ-A; T. (a)hbrel ba, (b) rnal hbyor; S. (a) sambandha, (b) yoga. (a)Connection, (b)meditation.

BARIMTALAXU; T. hdzin pa; S. -dhara (as last member of cpd.). Holding to an erroneous belief or false view.

BARIŠAD (fr. S.); T. hkhor ba; S. par(i)shad, parivāra. Community, congregation of monks or priests; conclave of deities, retinue of a deity; transl.: nøkyr, q. v.

BARIXU; T. hdzin pa; S. -graha (at end of cpd.) . Sticking to, clinging to.

BASUDHAR-A; T . Nor hdzin ma; S. Vasudharā . "Holder of riches," viz. the earth; Goddess of Wealth.
-- sitygen; T. gnas brtan; S. sthavira. Steadfast, elder, ep. of the daisun i daryusan.

AZIGLAL ; T. rtog pa, dpyod pa; S. vicāra, mimāmsa; kalpa. Investigation, analysis.

B

BATUDA aγci (or) axui; T. gnas brtan; S. sthavira. Firm, steady; elder; ep. of the daisun i daruγsan.

BAZRABANI . See Vacirbani.

BEJ-E; T. lus (honorific) sku; S. kāya. Body, person. The M. word has through the T. absorbed certain special meanings of S. kāya, such as "group, mass, aspect." For bej-e as the internal base see tøryn tygeky.
-- duradxu; T. lus dran pa; S. kāya-smrti. Mindfulness of the parts of the body, one of the four kinds of mindfulness.
-- kelen (honor.), zarliγ, sedkil; T. lus, skad, yid (or honor.) sku, bkah, thugs; S. kāya, vāk, citta. Body , speech, and mind, the three mystical constituents of the personality in esoterism. To realize under this triple aspect one's own personality as identical (with the deity) is the most essential requirement for the successful performance of bytygel yn aryγ-a.
γurban (dørben) --; T. sku gsum (bzhi); S. tri-kāya, (catuh-kāya). The Bu. was believed having three (four) bodies or basic aspects, namely: xubilγan u bej-e, T. sprul sku, S. nirmāna-kāya, a "magical, apparitional, docetic body" by which he appeared to amitan; zirγalantu bej-e, T. long spyod kyi sku, S. sambhoga-kāya, a "body of bliss" , "enjoyment body", "beatific body" which he enjoyes in paradise; and a nom un bej-e, T. chos kyi sku, S. dharma-kāya, which may be roughly described as the "absolute deified." For the fourth body see Vacirdar-a.

BEJETY ; lus can; S. dehin. Having a body or bodies.

BELEDBYRI takil un --; T. mchod pahi sta gon. Preparation (of the offering rite).

BELGE bilig, 1. ; T. ye çes; S. jnāna. Knowledge, wisdom, gnosis, which is of five kinds: "mirror-like" (toli mety, T. me long lta bu, S. ādarça-); "equality" (tegsi, T. mnyam pa, S. samatā-); "analytic" (øber-e øber-e udxaγci, T. so sor rtog pa, S. pratyavekshaṇa-); " directed to duty" (yiles i simdan bytygegci, T. bya ba grub pa, S. krtyā-nushthāna-); " of the purity of the nom realm, nom un cinar un masi ariγun, T. chos kyi dbyings kyi rnam par dag pa;

S. dharma-dhātu-viçuddhi.

BELGE bilig, 2. ; T. çes rab; S. prajnā. Insight, wisdom.

-- cinar; T. mtshan nyid; S. lakshana. Essential or characteristic mark.

busud un erke jin -- cinar; T. gzhan gi dbang gi mtshan nyid; S. para-tantra-lakshana. Mark(s) of relativity. ED 615 b under svabhāva.

neiredkel yn -- cinar; T. brtags pahi mtshan nyid; S parikalpita-lakshana. Imaginary characteristics of the møn cinar (svabhāva).

oγuγata bytygen -- cinar; T. yongs su grub pahi mtshan nyid; S parinishpanna lakshana. Characteristics of absolute reality.

-- i.u-a; T. ltas ma; S. nimitta . Prognostic, omen, portent.

-- (kiged) ylıger; T. mtshan (dang) dpe. The 32 major and 80 minor physical characteristics of a "great man" jeke tørylkiten, esp. the Bu.

-- ygei; T. mtshan ma med pa; S. animitta. Signless, unmarked; often = causeless (xoγusun).

BELGEGDEKYN ; T. mtshon bya; S. lakshya. Something to be marked, defined, characterized; sense object.

BELGEDEL yn sitygen; T. mtshan gzhi; S. lakshya. Origin or basis of a sign or mark; thing defined, object.

BERKE ; T. dkah (ba). Stands at the end of a cpd. or group frequently for the S. prefix dus-, dush-, dur-, "difficult to " , etc.

oiradxui-a --; T. bsnyen par dkah ba; S. durāsada. Difficult to approach.

BERTEGCIN ; T. byis po, blun pa; S. bāla. Ignorant (esp. with regard to religious truth); uninstructed.

BI dyr barixu; T. rang hdzin pa; S. ātma-graha. The attachment, clinging to (the notion of) a self, or ego; to be selfish.

-- kemen barimtalaxu; T. bdag tu hdzin pa; S. ātma-graha. Belief in the existence of self; in cult: self-realization through self-deification.

-- ygei; T. bdag med; S. nairātmya. "Without self," the doctrine that there is no self. ED 312, b.

-- ygei eke; T. bdag med ma; S. Nairātmyā. The goddess of egolessness. ED 312 b.

BIDAR (fr. S.); T. ro langs; S. vetāla. Vampire. See Pt. I.

BIIDURIJ-A ; T. bai du rya; S. vaidūrya. Lapis lazuli, malachite, chrysolite.

BIIROCANA (transcr. of S. Vairocana) Name of one of the cosmic Buddha pentad. See burxan.

BILIG baramid; T. çes rab kyi pha rol tu phyin pa; S. prajnā-parāmitā . Last of the six baramid of the Bo.; in general, the "further analysis of the nom ud (dharma-[vijnāna])pravicaya) in knowledge; in in particular, skill in the five branches of science. Contrasts with the first five baramid as "insight", contrasting with "means", arγa. Also name of scriptures.

-- i arbidxaxu; T. ye çes hphel ba; S. jnāna-vardhana. Promotion of knowledge correlative to bujan i arbidxaxu.

arγ-a -- ; T. thabs çes; S.upāya-prajnā. Knowledge of skillful means and supreme wisdom, two qualities possessed by the Bu. : matter and mind, male and female cosmic principle.

xurca --; T. çes rab rno ba ; S. tīkshna-prajnā. Of keen perspicacity.

BINAI See vinai.

BINDU ; T. thig le; S. bindu. A drop, zero or cypher; a circular mark over a letter in S., T., and sometimes M. indicating nazalization of the inherent vowel; in mystic language: sperm, the essence of sperm (M. dusul) = bodicid.

BINVAD ; T. bsod snyoms; S. pinda-pāta. Alms, almsgiving.

BINVADCI, BINIADCI; T. bsod snyoms pa; S. pinda-pātika. A person living on alms, religious mendicant.

BIRAMAN; T. bram ze; S. brāhmana. Brahmin, member of the highest caste.

-- u izaγur; T. bram zehi rigs; S. brāhmana-jāti. The brahamin caste.

BIRID ; T. yi dvags; S. preta. See Pt. I.

BISILΓAΓDAXU ; T. sgom pa; S. bhāvanā. To be contemplated, meditated, imagined.

-- burxan; T. sgom pahi lha. Divinity to be meditated upon or evoked by meditation when performing a bytygel arγ-a.

BISILΓAXU(I) ; T. sgom pa; S. bhāvanā. Creative meditation (as practiced while evoking a deity by a bytygel yn arγ-a. ED 408.

-- ece boluγsan bilig; T. bsgom pa las hbyung bahi çes rab; S. bhāvanāmayī prajnā . Bilig sprung from creative meditation.

BISIREL; T. mos pa; S. adhimukti. Respect; inclination towards something (many different translations proposed); deep understanding growing from veneration. Einfühlung. Empathy. ED 14a.

-- sysyg; T. dad gus. Belief and veneration.

-- yn jabudal; T. mos pa spyod pa; S. adhimukti-caryā . Conduct conditioned by religious zeal.

BISIRELTY sedkil; T. rtse gcid yid; S. cittaigratā. Meditative concentration upon one area.

BISMAN (fr. S.) T Rnam (thos) sras; S. Vaiçravana, Vaiçramaṇa. One of the four jirtynci ji tedgygci. He is the guardian of the northern quarter of the world and god of riches, popularly known by his abbreviated T. name which is pronounced Namsray.

BIŠACI ; T ça za(n); S piçāca. Fiend, man-eating demon.

BIŠAI See višai.

BITYN jabuγci; T. kun tu rgyu ba; S. pari-vrājaka. Wandering monk.

BIVANGGIRID See vivanggirid.

BLAM-A ; T. bla ma; S. guru. See Pt . I. izaγur yndysylegsen -- (nar); T. rtsa rgyud kyi bla ma (rnams). Teacher(s) of the Basic Tantra.

BODA ; T. (a) dngos po, (b) dngos gzhi; S. vastu . (a)Thing, object, property, material, (b) "body" of a rite.

-- ber bariγci; T. dngos hdzin. Materialist.

-- xurijaxu. See xurijaxu.

BODATAI ; T. dngos can; vāstava. Material, substantial

-- sitygen A tangible image (of a Bu.).

-- uciraγsan; T. rnal hbyor pa; S yogācārya . A teacher or master of yoga (religious contemplation).

BODATU ; T. dngos; S. vastu, vāstava. Real, bodily, corporeal.

-- bej-e. True, genuine, real.

-- egyskegsen; T. dngos bskyed pa; Naturally born; not artificially produced.

-- γoul; T. dngos gzhi; S. maula . Basis, basic, radical , original; body of a rite.

-- sitygen, T. dngos gzhi; S. vastu. Basis, foundation.

BODGALI; T. gang zag; S. pudgala. Individual, person (so called)soul . ED 347 a.

HI See bodi.

BODI, I; T. byang chub; S.bodhi. Enlightenment, religious illumination. ED 402.

-- gesigyn; T. byang chub yan lag; S. bodhyanga. The seven "members" of enlightenment . ED 403.

-- jin ziryken; T. byang chub kyi snying po; S. bodhimanda. The essence of enlightenment.

-- jin zyg; T. byang chub kyi phyogs; S. bodhipaksha. (Any or all of the 37) aids to enlightenment. ED 402 b.

-- modun; T. byang chub ljon; S. bodhi-druma, bodhivṛksha. The tree of enlightenment, Bo tree, the tree under which a Bu. has obtained enlightenment.

-- mør ; T. Byang chub kyi lam; S. Bodhi-patha. The Path of Enlightenment, abbreviated title of the most famous work bv Tsong kha pa.

-- sedkil; T. byang sems; S. bodhi-citta. (The mind of) enlightenment.

-- sedkil i oruxui; T. byang chub kyi sems; S. bodhi-citta-praveça. Inauguration of directing the mind towards enlightenment.

-- sedkilty; T. byang chub sems dpah . See bodisaduv-a.

-- ziryken; T. byang chub kyi snying po; S. bodhimaṇda. The ground under a tree on which the Bu. was seated at the time of attaining perfect enlightenment.

BODI, 2. ; T. po ti; S. pustaka. Book, codex.

BODICID (fr. 3.) See bodi sedkil.

BODISADU-A ; T. byang (chub) sems (dpah) ; S. bodisung. Bodhisattva.

BODISUNG ; T. byang chub sems dpah; S. bodhisattva. See bodisaduva in Pt. I.

BOVADI See bodi.

BRADIKABUD; T. rang sangs rgyas;S pratyeka-buddha.

BRAGRITI; S. prakriti. Nature, creation, cosmic creative force; origin, principle.

BYI ygei; T. mi mngah ba; S. asat. Non-existence.

BUJAN; T. bsod nams; S punya. Merit.

-- busu; T dge ba; S akuçala. Demerit, sin.

-- i abuγci; T. bsod snyoms pa; S. pinda-pātika, paiṇda-pātika. Alms-receiver, mendicant.

-- i arbidxaxu; T. bsod nams hphel ba; S punyavardhana. Promotion of merit. Correlative to bilig i arbidxasu.

-- i irygeky; T. dge ba bsngo ba: To transfer one's own merit to one's fellow creatures.

-- i suduluγci; T. dge sbyong; S. çramaṇa. Ascetic.

-- i suruγci eke; T. dge slob ma; S. çikshamānā. Buddhist nun, not yet ordained.

-- tegylter; T. dge ldan; Possessive of merits, meritorious.

-- u γujuγci (= bigsy, fr. S.) ; T. dge slong; S. bhikshu. Mendicant, Buddhist monk.

-- nøkyr; T. dge (bahi) bçes (gnyen); S. kalyāṇamitra. Spritual guide; also title of lamaist clergyman.

-- u sadun. Same as bujan u nøkyr.

-- u yndysyn; T. dge bahi rtsa ba; S. kuçala-mūla. Root or basis of merits.

-- zakiruγci ; T.dge bskyos; S. upadhi-vārika. Superintendent, proctor in a monastery or temple (popularly known as geskyi).

arban -- u yiles; T. legs par spyod pa bcu; S. daça-kuçala-karmapatha.The ten meritorious acts constituting avoidance of the ten bad actions, listed ED 170 b.

BUJAN(TU); T. dge ba; S.kuçala. Good, virtuous. The "nom" is described bujan(tu) in angxa, dumda, and ecys.

ylemzi -- caγ; T. dus khyad par can. The most meritorious time.

BUMZAD, umzad, umza, etc.from T. dbu mdzad. Precentor.

BURUIU sambaγ-a; T. log par spobs pa; S. mithyā-pratibhāna. Wayward presence of mind.

-- yzel. See yzel.

BURSANG xuvarag; T. dge hdun; S sangha. The congregation of monks.

BURXAN bolxu; T htsang rgya bar hgyur ba. S. sambudhyate. To become perfectly enlightened, become a Bu.; to die.

-- u γazar; T. sangs rgyas kyi sa; S. buddha-bhūmi. The stage of the Bu., title of a work. EB 410-11.

-- u køryg; T. sangs rgyas kyi sku hdra. Picture of a Buddha.

--u mør; T. sangs rgyas kyi lam; S. Buddhamāgra. Path of the Bu.

-- u nom; T. sangs rgyas kyi chos; S. Buddhadharma. The doctrine of the Bu .

-- u orun. The rank of a Bu. Buddhahood; heaven.

-- u šasin tan; T. sangs rgyas pa. S. Bauddha. Buddhist.

tabun izaγurtu --. A pentad of Bus. developed in later Bsm. each of whom is heading a "mystic family" (izaγur). They are Vairocana, Akshobya, Ratnasambhava, Amitābha, Amoghasiddha.

BUSUD luγa jery busu; T. gzhan dang thun mong ma yin pa (min pa); S. parāsādharaṇa. Not common with or shared by others, special, specific, individual.

-- ta yly ilaγdaγci; T. gzhan gyis mi thub pa; S. aparājita. Unconquerable, invincible.

BYDE; T. hbyung po; S. bhūta. Elementary spirit, general name for spirits. See Pt.I under buta.

BYKYN-E ; T. kun (tu) may stand for S. prefix pari-, "completely."

-- belgedeky. See belge cinar.

-- belgedegsen; T. kun tu brtags pa; S. pari-kalpita. Fictitious, mind-constructed (phenomena).

-- γarxui; T. kun hbyung; S. samudaya Origin, namely of suffering. See ynen.

-- y sitygen tein medekyi; T. kun gzhi(hi) rnam (par) çes (pa); S. ālaya-vijnāna. The eighth and last form of "consciousness" (as taught by the Yogācāra school) which serves as a base for the preceding seven and the granary of the seeds of all karmic phenomena. See tein medekyi.

BYLYGLEGSEN sudur; T. tshig lehur byas pa; S.kārikā . Memorial verse.

BYRIG baruγ; T. rab rib; S. timira. Cataract. darkness of the eyes (an example used in arguments to prove the illusory existence of phenomena).

BYRIN tegys; T. rdzogs pa . Translates often S. pref. sam- or pari- in the sense of completely,perfectly.

BYTYGEGCI xamuγ tusa i --. Accomplishing the weal of all, name of the Bu. Sagjamuni, S. siddhārtha.

BYTYGEKY altan gerel --. To recite the sudur Altan Gerel, as a religious service.

BYTYGEL ; T. sgrub pa; S. nirhāra, pratipatti. Production, accomplishment.

-- (yn) arγ-a ; T. sgrub thabs; S. sādhana. Evocation rite, also the text recited for evoking a deity or deities. See bisilγaxu.

jeke kølgen y mør yn -- ; T. theg pa chen pohi lam gyi sgrub thabs. Evocation of the Mahayana path.

BYTYGELCIN , T. sgrub pa po; S sādhaka. Conjurer (of deities and demons), magician, someone who conducts a bytygel yn arγ-a.

BYTYKY burxan -- ; T. sangs rgyas hgrub pa. To become a Bu.

C

CAГ ; T. dus; S. kāla. Time; (after S.) death.

-- busu; T. dus ma yin (pa); S. akāla. (At) the wrong time, prematurely.

-- un calm-a; T. dus kyi çags pa; S. kāla-pāça. The lasso of death which is supposed to catch those destined to die and haul them before Erlig Xaγan, Judge of the Dead.

-- un kyrdyn. See under kyrdyn.

γurban -- ; T. dus gsum; S. tryadhvan. The three times; past, present , and future.

CAГAN ebygen; T. Rgan dkar po. "The White Old Man," identified with the Гazar un ezen. See Pt.I,ezên.

-- ziruxai; T. dkar rtsis. "White" astrology of India , contrasts with xar-a ziruxai, the astrology of China.

γurban --; T. dkar gsum; S. triçukla. The three white ingredients used in food-offerings: milk, curds, and butter. ED 285 b.

CAГLASI ygei, dørben; T. tshad med pa bzhi; S. catur-apramāṇa. The four boundless states: friendliness (asaraxui), compassion (nigileskyi), sympathetic joy (daγan bajasxui), indifference (tegsi aγulxui), q.v.

-- ygei gerelty = Abida ; T. Hod dpag med; S. Amitābha. Among the five ilaγuγsan the one presiding over the west. ED 63b.

CAKRASAMBAR ; T. Bde mchog; S. Cakrasambhara. Name of a Buddhist tantra and deity.

CALAXAI; T. hchal ba; S. dur-, dush-, duç-, duḥ. Badly, poorly (serves as pejorative prefix).

-- biligtei; T. çes rab hchal ba; S. dushprajna. Of poor perspicacity.

-- šaγšabad; T. tshul hkhrims hchal ba; S. duh-çīla. Of vile morality.

CANID Transcription of Tibetan mtshan nyid. See belge cinar.

CASUTU aγula; T. gangs ri; S. himālaya. Snow mountain, the Himalayas.

CENGGEGSEN ; T. rol pa; S. vikrīḍiṭa. Exhibiting miraculous power; applies often to the life and miraculous deeds of a saintly person, esp. a Bu. ED 482 a.

CEGERLEL axui; T. snyung par gnas pa; S. uposhada. Any of the four monthly holidays reserved for religious observances. ED 147 b.

CIDAГCI ; T. thub pa; S. muni. M. and T. "Powerful," translate S. muni "saint, sage, seer."

-- jin erkety; T. thub dbang; S. munīndra. The powerful one of the sages; ep. of the Bu.

CIГULГAN ; T. tshogs çing; S. parivāra. The assembly or "conclave" of deities or retainers of the Bu. as appearing in legend, iconography, and cult. See nøkyr.

bujan kiged belge bilig -- ; T. bsod nams dang ye çes kyi tshogs; S. puṇya-jnāna-sambhāra. Equipment of merit and knowledge (required for the path to Buddhahood). ED 580 a.

-- u ezen ; T. tshogs kyi bdag po, tshogs bdag; S. Gaṇapati, Ganeça. Ganesha, the famous Indian elephant-headed god of wisdom, also known as leader of demigods in Shivaism.

CILYGE (ygei)

naiman -- ; T. mi khom pa brgyad; S. ashtāva-kshana. The eight situations retarding salvation. They include rebirth in tamu, as aduγusun, birid, or tngri (because gods enjoy long life), among savages, among people defective of mind or body, heretics, in places where no Bu. has appeared.

CINADU ; T. pha rol; S. parapaksha. The other side, opponent, enemy.

CINADUS, pl. of cinadu.

-- daruγci. Conquerer of the enemies of the Buddha(s) among men and spirits.

-- un sedkil medeky; T. gzhan gyi sems çes pa; S. para-citta-jnāna. Knowledge of the mind of others.

CINAR ; T. nyid, de bzhin nyid; S. tathatā. Quality, nature, character; makes abstract nouns by being added to nouns or adjectives. See also belge cinar.

møngke busu -- ; T. mi rtag pa nyid; S. anitayatā. Impermanency.

CIXULA tegysygsen; T. bsnyen (par) rdzogs (pa); S. upasampanna. Fully ordained monk.

COГCA ; T. phung po; S. skandha. Mass, constitutive aggregate. There are five :

The form or visible or corporeal aggregate (dyrsyn, T. gzugs, S. rūpa) the sensation aggr.; (serekyi, T. tshor ba, S. vedanā) the ideation aggr.; (sedkikyi, T. hdu çes, S. samjnā) the formative or constructive aggr; (xuran yiledkyi, T. hdu byed, S. samskāra) and the consciousness-building aggr (tein medekyi, T. rnam par çes pa, S. vijnāna).

γal un -- ; T. mehi phung po; S. agni-skandha. Bonfire; mass of fire to which is compared the appearance of light in meditation.

γurban -- ; T. phung po gsum; S. tri-skandha. The three aggregates: morality, concentration (meditation), and gnosis. ED 607 B, under skandha.

COГTU; T. dpal (ldan); S. çrī. Auspicious, blessed, holy.

tegys coktu -- ; T. dpal ldan; S. çrī. Auspicious, glorious, most holy.

CØB nasun u -- ; T. tshehi snyigs ma; S. āyuḥkashāya. Degeneracy of time.

nisvanis un -- ; T. nyon mongs pahi snyigs ma; S. kleça-kashāya. Degeneracy due to sin, degeneracy which is sin.

CUBURIL ; T. zag pa; S. āsrava (āçrava). Evil influence defilement through passions.

-- baraγsan; T. zag (pa) med (pa); S. kshīṇāsrava, āsrava-kshaya. Having exhausted, being free from, defilement.

-- zag pa; T. āsrava. Oozing, dripping, the defiling "influence " of the nisvanis.

CUBURILTU ; T. zag (pa dang) bcas (pa); S. sāsrava. With "outflowing", with influence.

CUBURIL

CUBYRIL ygei ; T. zag med ; S. anāsrava. Without defilement.

D

DAΓAN (mod. conv. of daγaxu, "to follow"; T. rjes su. Corresponds to S. prefix "anu" in the meanings of following, corresponding, conforming.

-- baγlaxui; T. rjes su dpag pa; S. anumāna. Inference, conclusion.

-- bajasulcaxu; T. rjes su yi rang ba; S. anumodanā . Joyful approval (of the good deeds done by others). See caγlasi ygei. ED 32b.

-- duradxui; T. rjes su dran pa; S anu-smrti. Mindfulness . ED 36 b.

-- yly zokixu; T. lugs su mi hbyung ba; S. prati-loma. Against the hair or grain, in reverse order.

-- zokixu; T. lugs su hbyung ba; S. anu-loma. With the hair or grain, in direct order.

-- zokilduxu; T. rjes su mthun pa; S. anuloma. Corresponding to, commensurate with.

DAΓUN ; T. sgra; S. çabda. Sound, as the external "base" of audition. See tøryn tygeky.

DAGINI; T. mkhah hgro ma (skywalker); S. dākinī. A class of female spirits, prominent in Buddhist tantras. See Pt.I.

DAISUN i daruγsan ; T. dgra bcom pa; S. arhat. Killer of enemies, i.e., the passions; metaph. for arhat, Pali arihan (the latter wrongly etymologized as ari "enemy" and han "killer," the enemies being the nisvanis.

DANDR-A, dandris. See yndysyn.

DAR-A ; T. Sgrol ma; S. Tāra. See Pt.I.

DEGEDY boγda; T. skyes bu dam pa; S. sat-purusha. Worthy or true man. ED 554 a.

-- nom; T. dam pahi chos; S. sad-dharma. The highest, true religion or doctrine: Mahāyāna.

-- ziryalangtu; T. Bde mchog; S. Sambara. The deity Sambara (Cambara, Samvara, ED 579 b. Yhk. I 117 ff.

DEGER-E ygei; T. bla na med; S. anuttara . Supreme, sublime.

DELGEREKY ; T. rgyas pa ór hphel ba; S. upacaya. Increase, this term, together with existence (yrgylzi) and decay (øtelkyi) .describes the three phases of development.

DELGERENGGYI , 1. ; T. rgyas pa; S. vaipulya. Expanded, enlarged (appl. to certain "developed" types of scriptures of the Jeke kølgen).

DELGERENGGYI, 2. ; T. rgyas pa; S. paushtika. "Increasing" of rites designed to promote prosperity.

DIJAN : T. bsam gtan; S. dhyāna. Meditation, concentration; also rendered by "trance," ecstasis; usually four are enumerated. ED 287 a. See Pt.I.

CUXAΓ γurban. See erdeni γurban.

DOΓSID (pl. of doγsin) ; T. drag po; S. raudra. The ferocious or ruthless one(s), generic term for deities which usually bear a wrathful aspect.

DOMUΓ ; T. rtogs pa brjod pa; S. avadāna. (Edifying) story, parable.

DOTUΓADU ; T. nang gi; S. ādhyātmika. "Internal," esp. in connection with words meaning "doctrine," tenet, etc. refers to Buddhist, as opposed to Brahmanic, etc.

DOTURA ben baγtaγsan; T. khong du chud pa. S. adhigata. Fully understood.

-- ben oruγulxu; T. khong du chud pa; S. adhigama Spiritual realization. ED 12b.

-- yneker aγulxu; T. nang du yang dag par hjog pa; pratisamlayana. Absorption in meditation, introspection (ED 370 a) coming out from meditative seclusion.

DURADXAL ; T. dran pa; S. smrti. Mindfulness (on the part of the monk, of his deportment, on the part of the meditator, of the object of his meditation. See bej-e duradxui.

DURADXAXU ; T. bskul ba; S. samcodana. Reminding, exhorting, requesting (esp. the Bu. to stay in the orcilang until all have been saved). This is another regular act in liturgies.

DURADXUI oir-a aγulxu; T. dran pa nye bar hjog pa; S. smrtyupasthāna. Application of mindfulness.

DURAN ; T. yid; S. manas. Mind, as constrasted with the five "external" senses.

DUSUL ; T. thig le; S. bindu. Drop; in Tantric writings also "sperm."

DYRBEL ygei, 1; T. thogs (pa) med (pa); S. apratihata. Unimpeded.

DYRBEL ygei, 2. ; T. Thogs med; S. Asanga. Brother of Vasubandhu, famous scholastic, one of the founders of the Yogācāra school.

DYRI ; T. rnam pa; S. ākāra. Form, shape; disposition. ED 86 b.

DYRSYN; T. gzugs; S. rūpa. Things visible , form(s).

EBDEREL yn sitygen (transl. from T.); T. hjig rten; S. loka. World.

ECINE bykyi; T. bag la nyal (ba); S. anuçaya. Evil propensity; dormant leaning towards evil. ED 35a.

ECYLGEGCI ; T. mthar byed; S. antaka. Destroyer, destructive (force).

ECYS kiged dumda ygei; T. mthah dang dbus med pa; S. anantamadhya. Without end (limits) or middle : infinity, absolute.

-- tyr kyrygsen; T. mthar phyin pa, tshar phyin pa; S. nisthāgata, niryāta. Having reached the limit, arrived at the end, completed .

ED ; T. (a) nor, (b) rdzas; S (a) artha, (b) vastu. (a)Riches (b) material objects.

-- aγurasun u øglige; T. zang zing sbyin pa; S. āmisha-dāna. Material offering gifts, gifts made in kind.

-- bariγci; T. Nor hdzin; S. Vasumdhara. Holder of Riches, the Earth, as fem. Name of a goddess.

-- tavar; T. longs spyod; S. upabhoga. Possessions, enjoyment.

-- yn ezen; T. Nor gyi bdag po; S. Dhana-pati. Lord of Riches, ep. of Bisman.

EDLEKYI orun; T. spyod yul; S. gocara, avacara. Sphere of activity, scope, range. ED 215 a.

EGESIG; T. dbyangs; S. svara. Musical sound or mode (60 are listed).

EGYDKYI ; T. hdu byed; S. samskāra. Impressions, energies, motivations; the fourth of the five coγca.

EGYDYGSEN; T. hdus byas; S. samskrta. Conditioned (of the nom ud) . See nom ud. ED 543 a.

EGYRGE ben gegegsen; T. khur bor ba; S. apagata-bhāra, apahṛta-bhāra. He who has lost (i. e. thrown off) the burden (namely of the five coγca).

EGYSKEKY bilig i -- ; T. çes rab, skyed pa; S. prajñā-vardhana. Increase of wisdom.

bodi xutuγ tur sedkil -- ; T. byang chub tu sems bskyed; S. bodhi-cittotpāda. To awaken the mind in or to enlightenment. ED 229.

øber tyr --; T. bdag bskyed. That part of the bytygel arγ-a where the lama mentally realizes his identity with the deity he evokes. Self-realization through self-deification. See bej-e, zarliγ, sedkil.

sedkil -- ; T. sems (b)skyed pa; S. cittotpāda. Intention to enter the path leading to enlightenment. ED229b.

EKE ; T. ma. In names and epithets eke indicates often simply the feminine gender or sex which native writers sometimes misinterpreted as "mother", so that it is not always possible to ascertain in which sense it is used, e.g. Dar-a eke . "Mother" Tārā who is in later Buddhist schools considered to be the mother of all the Bus.

ilaγuγsan u -- ; T. rgyal yum. Mother of the conqueror, i.e. the Buddha.

ELDEB ; T. sna tshogs; S. viçva- . All (kinds of).

-- bariγci; T. sna tshogs hdzin; S. viçva-dhara. Holding all: the Earth.

EME ; T. ma. At the end of a cpd. or phrase often reflects an original S. fem. See eke.

EMYNE zyg i tedkygci; T. Lhohi phyogs skyong; S. Dakshina-Pati. Lord or Protector of the southern quarter, i.e., Erlig xaγan.

ERDEM ; T. yon tan; S. guna. Merit , (good) quality.

-- yile; T. yon tan hphrin las. Meritorious acts.

-- yn dalai; T. yon tan rgya mtsho; S. guna-sāgara "Ocean of merits," ep. of the Bu.

ERDENI doluγan -- ; T. rin po che sna bdun; S. ratna sapta- . Seven precious objects symbolizing the property and power of a universal monarch, i.e. (xyrdyn) wheel of the world conquerer, (cindamani) wish-granting gem, (xatun) consort, (tysimel) minister of state, (zaγan) war elephant, (morin) war horse, (cerigyn nojan) general. These royal insignia are, of course, reinterpreted in a peace-suggesting sense with reference to a Buddha. The objects are made of metal or more or less precious material and displayed on the takil un sirege in front of the image of a deity.

γurban --; T. dkon mchog gsum; S. tri-ratna. The three jewels or treasures; the Buddha, the Monk-hood , and the Teaching. In them the proselyte takes his refuge when joining the community of the faithful. See itegel jabuγulxu.

jin nøkyr --; T. dbyig gnyen; S. Vasubandhu. Name of one of the most famous Buddhist philosophers (4-5th century AD). See also izaγur.

ERGYN kyndyleky; T. bsnyen bkur; S. upāsana, paryupāsana. To serve, honor, respect.

ERIKE ; T. phreng ba; S. (a) mālā , (b) aksha-mālā (a) Garland, (b) rosary, chaplet.

ERKE ; T. dbang; S. vaçitā . Mastery or sumpremacies attributed to the Bos. ED 474 a.

bisirekyi ndy -- ; T. mos pa la dbang ba; S. adhimukti-vaçitā . Mastery of the application or zeal in preaching the nom.

luγ-a tegysygsen -- ; T. dbang du gyur pa; S. vaçibhūta. One who has acquired complete self-control (one of the erdem sivaraγ).

øgdekyi ber -- øgdegsen ; T. dbang bskur bas dbang bskur; S. abhisheka-bhishikta. "Empowered by being given (spiritual) power."

-- øgkyi . T. (mngon par) dbang bskur ba; S. abhisheka. Bestowal of spiritual power, consecration.

ERKETEN ; T. dbang po; S. indriya. Predisposition or receptivity (distinguished as xurca, dumdadu, and muxur) for accepting the nom.

" S. indriyāni. Energies or faculties (various lists are given , the most important of which includes : the power of the five sense organs, the "mind" (sedkil, T. yid, S. manas); maleness (eres, S. purusha); life (amin, T. srog, S. jivita). See also erkety.

-- dutaγu; T. dbang po ma tshang ba; S. indriya-vikalatā . Incompleteness of the organs or energies.

ERKETY, 1; T. dbang po; S. indriya. Five faculties (sysyg, kylicenggyı, duradxui, dijan, bilig). See also erketen.

ERKETY, 2. ; T. dbang phyug; S. īçvara. A powerful one, lord.

ERKILEN abxu; T. lhur len (pa); S. -parama. Intent upon, indulging in.

ERKIN jirtincy jin -- ; T. hjig rten gyi gtso bo; S. loka-jyeshtha. The world-honored one, supreme one of the world, ep. of Šagjamuni and other Bus.

ERLIG (xaγan) ; T. Gçin rje; S. Yama. The God of Hell and Judge of the Dead.

-- xatun ; T. gçin rje ma; S. Yamī. Spouse or sister of Yama, the Queen of Hell.

-- yn daisun; T. Gshin rje gçed; S. Yamāntaka. Conqueror (or enemy) of Erlig, the most formidable of the dogsid.

-- yn egeci; T. gçin rjehi sring mo; S. Yamī (Older) sister of the God of Hell.

ERTEN teyke ; T. sngon rabs; S. purāṇa. A class of works of diversified legend and lore belonging to Hinduism.

ESE Not. Negative expressions formed with ese have often been listed under their positive forms.

-- ilaγdaγsan; T. ma pham pa; S. ajita. The unconquerable one, special ep. of Maidari, but also frequent with other divinities.

-- øggygsen i abulga; T. ma byin (par) len pa; S. adatt-ādāyika. Taking what has not been given, stealing.

-- tørygsen daisun; T. ma skyes dgra; Sa. Ajāta-çatru. "Unborn enemy," King of Magadha, at first hostile to Šagjamuni.

-- xolicalduγsan arban naiman nom; T. chos ma hdres pa; S. āvenika-dharmāh . The eighteen exclusive qualities of the Bu.

ESI , 1. T; lung bstan; S. vyākaraṇa. Prophecy (third of the 12 desgedynom); explanation, answers to questions.

ESI, 2.; T. lung; S. āgama. Authoritative text, in Mahāyāna four collections corresponding to the nikāya in Pali.

ESRU-A (fr. S. īçvara "lord"); T. Tshangs pa; S. Brahmā. The god Brahma.

EZEN γazar un--; T. Sa bdag, Gzhi bdag; S. Kshitipati. Lord of the Soil, local genius or genii.

Г

ГADAГADU ; T. phyi ba; S. bāhya -"External"; in connection with words meaning view, doctrine, tenet it means non-Buddhist, sectarian, etc.

ГADASUN ; T. phur bu; S. kīlaka. A triangular dagger for the tarnici to kill demons.

ГAIXAMSIГ boluγsan; T. rmad du byung ba; S. ālamkrta (adorned). Wonderful, marvelous.

ГAL mandal; T. sbyin sreg; S. homa; The homa offering through which sins are destroyed = tylesi jin øglyge.

-- tngri; T. Me lha; S. Agni; The God of Fire.

-- un maxabud; T. mehi khams; S. tejodhātu. The element fire; the quality of heat. See maxabud.

ГALAB See ğalab.

ГAR tegen lingxuatu; T. Phyag na pad ma, Lag na pad ma; S. Padma-pāni. "Lotus hand," one of the Eight Great Bos.

-- tegen vacirtu; T. Lag na rdo rje, Phyag na rdo rje, Phyag rdor; S. Vajrapāni. "Thunderbolt hand" (from the vacir which he carries in his hand); orig ep. of Indra who in Bsm. in his placid form is one of the Eight Great Bos., in his wrathful form he is one of the nom un sakiγulsun. Originally symbol of strength, he becomes later Lord of Mysteries.

-- tur abxu; T. lag stabs, lag len. Practice, exercise.

-- un abuca; T. phyag len, lag len. Practice, as opposed to theory; ritual act or agenda.

ГARCIГ, ĞARCIГ; T. dkar chag. Summary , table of contents . See Pt. I.

ГARULГ-A ; T. hbyung gnas; S. ākara, sambhava. Origin, source.

ΓARXU zokistu; T. hbyin par hos pa; S. nih-saraṇīya. Leading to riddance (of evil qualities). ED 310 a.

ΓASALANG ; T. mya ngan; S. çoka. Suffering, misery, affliction. See ED 533, çokāgāra.

-- ece anggiziraγsan; T. mya ngan las hdas pa; S. gatakleça, açokanirvṛta. Freed from suffering, having entered nirvāṇa. ED 304 .

-- ece nøgcigsen; T. mya ngan las hdas pa; S. nirvāna.

-- ygei; T. Mya ngan med pa; S. Açoka. The famous king Açoka (3rd century B. C.); also name of a tree famous in literature. See Asuğa.

ΓAZAR arban -- ; T. sa bcu; S. daça- bhūmi. The ten stages or stations in the career of the Bo. ED 110-11.

-- un ziryken; T. Sahi snying po; S. Kshitigarbha. "Earth-womb," one of the Eight Great Bos., often imagined to be the special Bo. of the Hell. ED 900.

ΓOU-A; T. mi sdug pa; S. açubha. An offensive object (chosen for meditation). See bisilγaxu and ED 80 a-b, under açubha-bhāvanā.

ΓOUL josun; T. gzhung-lugs. Basic or authoritaitve text.

-- un josun; T. dbu mahi lugs; S. madhyamika. The Madhyamika School, founded by Nāgārjuna.

G, G

GABCU (fr. T., M. arban berkety); T. dkah bcu; S. krcchra, daça . [He who has mastered the] ten difficult things, i. e. who is able to interpret a term in ten different ways, title of a lama who has passed all the canid (mtshan nyid) examinations.

GALAB, ΓALAB (fr. S.); T. bskal par bskal dus; S. kalpa. Time with reference to cosmic ages, eon. See Pt. I under γalab and ED 172.

ebderekyi -- ; hjig (pahi) bskal (pa); S. samvarta-kalpa. Eon of destruction (of the world). ED 540a.

γal un -- ; T. mehi bskal pa, mes hjig pa; S. tejah-samvartani. The period during which the universe will be destroyed by fire.

jeke --; T. bskal par chen po, bskal chen; S. mahā - kalpa. The great period, the duration of the world from its beginning to its destruction.

sain --; T. bskal bzang po; S. bhadra-kalpa. A good kalpa, a kalpa during which five Bus. appear successively.

toγtaxui -- ; T. hchags bskal pa; S. vivarta-kalpa. The period of regeneration.

xoγusun -- ; T. stong pahi bskal pa; S. çūnya-kalpa. An empty kalpa, an eon in which no Bu. appears.

GALBARAVARS ; T. dpag bsam ljon çing; S. kalpa-druma, kalpa-vrksha. The wish-granting tree, a mythological tree.

GALDAN Transcr. of T. Dgah ldan (pronounced ganden, genden); S. Tushita. "Blissful," the famous monastery Gandan, n. e. of Lhasa.

GANAGAMUNI ; T. Gser thub; S. Kanakamuni. One of the predecessors of Šagjamuni= Altan cidaγci.

GANDHARVA, ynyr idesity; T. dri za; S. gandharva. "Nourished by odor," name of the heavenly musicians.

GARSA ; T. snam sbyar; S. sanghati . Clothes worn by lamas for religious ceremonies. ED 549. Waist cloth of a monk.

GAŠIB Transcr. of Kāçyapa. See Gerel Sakiγci.

GEBKYI See geskyi.

GENEDTE iregsen; T. blo bur du hongs pa; S āgantuka. Coming suddenly , accidental, fortuitous; said esp. of the defilements of the mind which in reference to it are likened to the dust on a mirror, where the mirror symbolizes the undefiled mind.

GEREL Sakiγci; T. Hod srung(s); Kāçyapa. Name of the Bu. immediately preceding Šagjamuni, also one of Šagjamuni's disciples = Mahā-Kācyapa, and of an ascetic. ED 181 - 2.

GESKYI (= gebkyi, dgeskyi); T. dge skos; S. upadhivarika . Disciplinarian in a temple or monastery, superintendent of temple ceremonies.

GESIGYN doluγan -- ; T. yan lag bdun; S. saptānga-pūjā. The seven basic parts of a ritual; salutation to the deity, offertory, confession of sins, the four caγlasi ygei, prayer for the continuous propagation of the faith, request addressed to Bus. to continue their stay in this world until all amitan are liberated, dedication of the fruit of one's own merits to the amitan.

naiman -- ; T. yan lag brgyad; S. ashtānga. The eight main parts of the path of deliverance. See mør.

tabun -- ; T. yang lag lnga. "Five members;" i. e. the body and the extremities.

GETYLGEGCI (eke); T. Sgrol ma; S. Tārā. Saviour(ess), i. e., Dar-a eke.

GKIR γurban -- ; T. dri ma gsum. The three impurities = the three poisons: cupidity, hatred, obtuseness.

-- ygei; T. dri ma med pa; S. vimala. Undefiled.

GONBO, GOMBO Transcr. of T. mgon po = S. nātha. See itegel.

GØRYGESYN dyr ajul ygei orun; T. ri dvags la mi hjigs pa byin pahi gnas; S. mṛga-dāva. Place where security was given to the deer, site of the first sermon delivered by Šagjamuni. ED 437 b.

GRAΓ, GRAG See Pt I, graγ.

GYYDAM Transcr. of S. Gautama or Gotama, the gotra (family) name of the Bu. Šagjamuni.

H

HŪṂ ; T. hūṁ ; S. hūṃ. The last syllable in many tarni. See om.

I

ILAΓDASI ygei ; T. ma pham pa; S. ajita. Invincible, an ep. of Bu.

IḶAΓUΓSAN, ILAΓUΓCI ; T. rgyal ba; S. jina. Conqueror, victorious, standing ep. of Bus., Dalai Lamas, etc., espec. the tabun ilaγuγsad; T. rgyal ba lnga; S. panca-jina, tabun izaγurtu burxan. See izaγurtu.

ILAZU tegys nøgcigsen; T. bcom ldan hdas; S. bhagavant. Usually explained as "Victoriously passed beyond," A standard ep. of Bus.

-- tegys nøgcigsen eke; T. bcom ldan hdas ma. S. bhagavatī Feminine form to bhagavant. See ilazu tegys nøgcigsen and eke. ED 405.

ILBI, ILVI ; T. sgyu ma; S. māyā . Illusion, illusory nature of the nom ud.

ILE ; T. mngon pa(r), mngon sum du; S. sākshāt. "Manifestly, obviously," often renders S. pref. abhi in such meanings as: above, greatly, intensely, excessively; "before one's eyes," clearly, evidently.

-- boda yzeky; T. mngon sum du mthong ba; S. sākshād-dṛshti, sākshāt-kriyā . The act of seeing clearly, with one's own eyes, (clear)realization. ED 589 a.

-- bodatu; T. mngon sum (pa); S. pratyaksha. Immediately or directly perceptible. ED 374.

-- medeky; T. mngon sum du dmigs pa; S. praty-aksha. Sense-perception or object perceived (acc. to logicians the first source of cognition).

-- onul, -- onuxui; T. mngon rtogs; S. abhisamaya. Intuition of Buddhist truth; vision of the deity evoked by ritual (bytygel arγ-a) ED 58 a.

ILEDTE See also ile.

-- abisiγ øgkyi; T. mngon par dbang bskur ba; S. abhisheka. Bestowal of spiritual power or consecration.

-- boda; T. mngon sum; S. pratyaksha. Quite evident. ED 374 b.

-- bolxu; T. mngon par hbyung ba; S abhinishkramana Leaving home to become a monk; name of a a Buddhist sutra portraying the life of Šagjamuni.

-- toγuluγsan (burxan) ; T. mngon par rdzogs par sangs rgyas ; S. abhisambuddha. Fully enlightened (Buddha). ED 58 b.

-- toγuluγsan bodi xutuγ; T. mngon par rdzogs par byang chub; S. abhisambodhi.

-- γarxui; T. mngon par hbyung ba; S. adbhuta. Miracle, marvel, amazed; also name of a class of Scripture. ED 11b.

-- maγtaxu; T. mngon par stod pa; S. abhinand-; stotra. To praise worship.

-- nom; T. chos mngon; S. abhidharma. A very controversial term, sometimes transl. improperly by "metaphysics."

-- onuγsan; T. mngon par rtogs pa; S. abhisamaya. Realization, full comprehension; also the realization of the deity in the oγtarγui by the bytygelcin.

-- san saγuγsan; T. mngon sum du bzhugs pa; S. sammukha. Facing toward; having directly in view. ED 571 a - b.

-- uxaxu; T. mngon par rtogs pa; S. abhisamaya. Intuitive realization. ED 58 a.

-- xurijaxu; T. mngon par bsdu ba; S. abhinirhāra. Accomplishment, effectuation; obsequies.

ILERKEI ; T. mngon (par) rtogs (pa); S. abhisamaya. Vision.

-- nom . See iledte nom.

ILΓAL; T. bye brag; S. viçesha. Difference.

-- ygei; T. dbyer med pa, dbyer ma mchis pa; S. asambheda, asambhinna. Undifferentiated, identical.

ILΓAXUI ; T. ranm dpyod; S. vicāra. Deliberation.

IMAΓTA cinar = tere imaγta cinar; T. de kho na nyid. S. tattvatā . "Thatness," (metaphysical) reality.

INAΓUNGI or INAΓUNKI ynen ; T. kun rdzob kyi bden pa; S. samvṛti-satya. Surface, i.e., superficial or relative reality or truth, as contrasted to ynemlekyi ynen. ED 541 a.

INCIDXUI ; T. se gol gtogs pa; S. acchaṭā . Snap of the fingers; a very small division of time; also a ceremonial gesture; the sound by which a meditator is aroused from profound meditation.

IRYGEL, IRYGER ; T. smon lam; S. pranidhāna, pranidhi. Ardent desire, earnest wish, vow, prayer.

-- talbixu; T. smon lam hdebs pa. To make a vow, offer a prayer, utter a pious wish.

-- yn erke; T. smon lam la dbang ba; S. praṇidhana-vaçitā. Mastery over one's (religious) aspirations which enable a Bo. to reveal himself in any of the cosmic fields to achieve enlightenment.

jeke -- ; T smon lam chen mo. Tne Great Prayer Meeting in Lhasa.

uridu -- ; T. sngon gyi smon lam ; S. pūrva-pranidhāna. Previous aspiration, vow made in a previous existence.

ITEGEKY ; T. skyabs su mchi ba; S. çaranam gam- To take refuge in.

ITEGEL ; T. mgon po; S. nātha. Lord, protector. S. refuge. See abural. Applied to various deities.

γurban xutuγtan dur -- jabuγulxu; T. hphags pa gsum la skyabs su hgro ba or mchi ba; S. triçarana-gamana. The triple refuge in the γurban erdeni I take my refuge in the burxan, in the nom and in the xuvaraγ . This formula is a "declaration of intention" to become a Buddhist. It is also an indispensable part in the framework of a "liturgy" (bytygel yn arγ-a, γal un sudur, xangγal, etc.). In later Bsm. it was enlarged by introducing a declaration to the effect that the faithful first takes his refuge in the several gurus (lamas), protectors of the faith, dakinis.

IZAΓUR tabun ; T. rigs lnga; S. panca-gotra or panca-kula. "Mystic " family or conclave as contrasted to the mythological families. The system which became important in "esoteric" Bsm. (Lamaism) is an attempt of putting order into mythological chaos with regard to cosmology, macro- and micro-cosmos, soteriology, anatomy, in brief almost everything which could be subsumed under a pentad. They are: Masi geigylegci; T. Rnam par snang mdzad; S. Vairocana (center); Kødylesi ygei; T. Mi hkhrugs pa; S. Akshobhya (east); Erdeni γarxu jin orun; T. Rin chen hbyung gnas; S. Ratna-sambhava (south); Caγlasi ygei gerelty; T. Hod dpag med; S. Amitābha (west); Byky tusa ji bytygegci; T. Don yod grub pa; S. Amogha-siddhi (north). These Bus. are also called: "Buddhas of transcendent awareness" . See burxan.

IZAΓURTAN y kybegyn; T. rigs kyi bu; S. kula-putra. A young man of good family; a clansman, gentleman. Frequent form of address in the sudur.

IZAΓURTU ; T. rigs can; S. kulika. Belonging to a mystic family.

J

JABUDAL ; T. spyod pa; S. caryā . (Course of) conduct. See yndysyn.

arban nomtu --; T. chos spyod rnam pa bcu. The ten good actions.

arsalan u -- ijer aziraγsan; T. seng gehi stabs su gçegs pa; S. simha-vikrānta-gamin. Walking with the majestic step of a lion (one of the 80 nairaγ of a Bu.) See arsalan.

-- mør ; T. spygod lam; S. īryā-pātha. Behavior, deportment (esp. of monks), posture (while walking, standing, sitting, lying down).

nom un -- ; T. chos spyod; S. dharma-caryā . Holy service, ritual.

sain --; T. bzang spyod; S. bhadracaryā, bhadracarī. The "virtuous conduct" of a Bo.; also title of a famous devotional text. ED 406 a.

JAGŠA (fr. S.) ; T. gnod sbyin; S. yaksha. Class of demigods, guardians of riches, attendants of the god of wealth (Bisman = Kubera), sometimes described as evil (cf. T. name). Equals xour øgkygci. ED 442.

JAMA ; T. Gçin rje (Lord of death); S. Yama. God of death and hell. See Erlig and Pt. I.

JAMANDAG-A ; T. Yamāntaka. Ep. of Erlig yn daisun. The most formidable among the doγsit, blue, with 34 arms and 16 feet, eleven faces, the topmost being that of Manzusiri whose ferocious form he represents.

JAMBAR byky josuγar; T. ji ltar, ji ltar bzhin du; S. kathā. As, like, according to, commensurably with.

-- mety; T. ji lta ba(r); S. yathā-bhūtam. As it really is, according to its ultimate being or "essence."

JEGYDEL nasun -- ; T. tshe hpho; S. cyuti. Transition to another life; death.

sansar un -- ; T. srid hpho ba; S. bhava-saṃkrānti. Wandering through the circle of transmigrations.

JEKE kycyn oluγsan; T. Mthu chen thob; S. Mahā-sthāma-prāpta. He who has acquired great strength, one of the major Bos., often pendant to Nidyber yzegci.

-- nigylesky(i); T. thugs rje chen po; S. mahā-karunā. Great, i.e., egoless compassion, ep. of various divinities, esp. of Nidyber yzegci. ED 421 b.

-- toγus eke ; T. Rma bya Chen mo; S. (Mahā-) māyūrī : Great Peahen. Name of a tarni.

JEKE

--tørylkiten; T. skyes bu chen po; S. Mahāpurusha. Great Man, Great Being (= the Buddha).

-- ubadini; T. Dge sbyong chen po; S. Mahāçramaṇa. "The Great Ascetic," i.e. Šagjamuni.

-- xar-a; T. Nag po chen po; S. Mahākāla. The famous nom un sakiγulsun "The Great Black One," a Buddhist aspect of Shiva. As Gombu (fr. T. mgon po) he is the special protector " Lord" of Mongolia.

-- zirγalangtu bej-e; T. longs-spyod kyi sku; S. sambhoga-kāya. Body of bliss (see γurban bej-e, e.g. the body a Bu. enjoys while abiding in paradise.

JEKEDE ; T. rgya cher; S. vistarena. Greatly.

JERY ; T. thun mong; S. sādhārana. Common, general.

JIDAM ; T. yi dam; S. ishta-devatā; svādhi-daivatā , çraddhā-deva. A divinity chosen as personal protector or patron by a lama, who selects him before initiation and never discloses his identity before his death. The lama feels himself under the personal surveillance and protection of his yidam during all his life. At his funeral procession a picture of the jidam is carried in front, facing the coffin.

JIRTINCY ; T. hjig rten; S. loka (dhātu). The world. ED 464 a.

-- ailaduγci; T. hjig rten mkhyen pa; S. lokavid. Knower of the world, ep. of the Bu. ED 464 a.

-- ece nøgcigsen; T. hjig rten las hdas pa; S. lokottara. World-transcending, superworldly.

-- jin erkety; T. Hjig rten dbang phyug; S. Lokeçvara. Lord of the World, one of the ep. of Nidyber yzegci.

-- jin itegel; T. hjig rten mgon po; S. lokanātha. Protector of the World, ep. of the Bu. and other deities.

-- ji tedkygci; T. Hjig rten skyong ba; S. lokapāla. Protector of the world: any or all of the Dørben Xaγan, See Yhk. , I, 30-51.

γurban -- ; T. (a) khams gsum, (b) srid pa gsum; S. (a) traidhātuka dhātu, (b) tribhuvana, tribhavana. (a) Triple universe, the world of desire, forms, and formlessness. ED 256 b., (b) The three worlds: heaven, earth, and hades, the material, "revealed," and spiritual world.

γurban mingγan -- ; T. stong gsum gyi khams; S. tri-sāhasra-loka-dhātu. The three chiliokosmi or world systems consisting of a thousand worlds each, the cosmos. ED 464 a.

saba --; T. snod kyi hjig rten; S. bhājana loka. The world as a container, material world, world of inanimate objects.

JOGA ; T. rnal hbyor; S. yoga. Practice of meditation; concentrated thought = samadi.

-- jabudal; T. rnal hbyor spyod pa; S. yogācāra. Practitioner of yoga; name of a school of Bsm.

-- jabudaltu; T. rnal hbyor spyod pa; S yogācāra (= tegys uciralty) Practitioner of yoga. practice of spiritual discipline (name of a school of Bsm.). ED 448 b.

-- jin gesigyn; T. rnal hbyor gyi yan lag; S. yogāngāni . The members or sections of yoga discipline. See yndysyn.

JOGACARI ; T. sems tsam pa; S. yogācārin. Follower of the yogācāra or citta-mātra School.

JOGINI ; T. rnal hbyor ma; S. yoginī. A female yogin, also ep. of daginis.

JOSUCILEN ; T. tshul bzhin; S. yoniças. According to rules, etc. See next entry and Pt. I.

JOSUTAR ; T. tshul bzhin; S. yoniças. As it should be done: thoroughly, fundamentally, through and through. ED 448 a.

JOSUN ; T. tshul, lugs; S. naya. Method. See nom un josun. School of thought.

-- luγ-a adali = zokilduxu; T. tshul dang hdra ba or mthun pa; S sārūpya. Similarity, compatability, homogeneity between simultaneously appearing nom ud.

JYM (fr. T.) ; T. yum (hon.). The famous sudur jeke belge bilig baramid which exists in various versions, so called because it is considered as the Mother of all the Buddhas.

K K

KALBARABARS, KALBAVARS (fr. S.); T. bsam çing S. kalpavṛksha, The wish-granting tree, a mythological tree.

KANAKAMUNI Same as Altan cidaγci.

KECEGYY jin tailburi; T. dkah hgrel; S panjikā . Commentary on difficult points of a text.

KEDYI bykyi boluγsan; T ji snyed yod par gyur pa; S. yāvadbhāvikatā . Phenomenon. ED 447 b: "Actualization to the full extent."

KEI jin maxabud; T. rlung khams; S. vāyu-dhatu. The element wind; quality; animation. See maxabud.

-- vacir, kii vacir ; T. Kye rdo rje, Dgyes rdo rje; S. Hevajra. Oh, thunderbolt! (an invocation of the vajra, see vacir); name of a Tantric deity and of a Tantric work; kei or kii represent the S. interjection "he".

KELE jin erkety; T. Ngag(gi) dbang (phyug); S. Vāgīçvara. Lord of eloquence, ep. of Manzusiri.

KEMEKY terigyten; T. zhes sogs; S. ityādi. Thus (continuing to speak or recite), and so forth.

KEMZIJ-E; T. tshad ma; S. pramāna. Measure; logic.

KEREGTEN; T. yo byad; S. parishkāra. Equipment, utensils, requisites.

-- dyr erke; T. yo byad la dbang ba; S. parishkāra vaçitā . Mastery over "equipment"; power to fill and adorn the cosmos with precious things , etc. Second mastery of a Bu. This is the mastery the officiant exercises in offering the acilal un mandal.

KESEG busaγ; T. phran tshogs; S. kshudraka. Minor matters (esp. of the šaγšabad).

KICIJENGGYI ; T. brtson hgrus; S. vīrya. Energy, (heroic) striving. One of the baramid.

KILING yn aγasiṫu ; T . khro bohi rnam hgyur; S. krodha. Having a ferocious, terrible, or wrathful aspect (of a deity, like that of the doγsid).

KINNARIS ; T. mi ham ci; S. kinnara, fem, kinnarī . Female horse-headed demons, women birid , sirens.

KIZAΓALAL ygei; T. mthah yas; S. amita. Infinite.

KIZAΓAR; T. mthah ; S. koṭi. End, extreme point. ED 194a.

-- a kyrygsen; T. mthar phyin pa; S. nishthāgata. Having reached the extreme limit, or absolute.

KØDYLESI ygei; T. mi g'yo ba; S. acala. Immovable, unshakeable; attitude of a Bu. sitting in samadi; name of one kind of samadi; ep. of Çiva; name of a Tantric god.

KØLGEN ; T. theg pa; S. yāna (vehicle; path, road). Vehicle to salvation; also "vehicle" of gods and demigods, such as beasts (lions, tigers, etc.) and birds on which they ride (S. vāhana).

baγ-a --; T. theg pa chung ngu; S. hīnayana. The lesser vehicle Hinayana. Cf. jeke --.

baramid un -- ; T. pha rol tu phyin pahi theg pa. The vehicle of the baramid, exoteric Mahāyāna.

bodisadu-a jin -- ; T. byang chub sems dpahi theg pa. S. Bodhisattva-yāna, i.e., Mahāyāna.

bradigabud un -- ; S. pratyeka-buddha-yāna. The vehicle of the Pratyeka buddhas.

douradu --; T. theg dman; S. hina-yāna. The Lower or the Lesser Vehicle, Hinayāna.

γaγca -- ; T. theg pa gcig pa; S. eka-yāna. The unique or sole vehicle implying that all the other kølgen are really one; in other contexts it means simply Mahāyāna.

γurban --; T. theg pa gsum pa; S. triyāna. The three vehicles, namely those of the Sivaraγ, the Bradiγabud, and the Bodisadu-a (which are basically = γaγca kølgen).

jeke -- ; T. theg pa chen po, theg chen; S. Mahāyāna; The Major Vehicle, the all-saving, "catholic" group of Buddhist schools, contrasting with baγ-a kølgen; the two main divisions of Bsm. ED 446 a.

niγuca tarni jin --; T. gsang sngags kyi theg pa; S. mantrayāna. The "Vehicle of Sacred Spells" , another name for Vajrayāna.

vcir -- ; T. rdo rjehi theg pa; S. vajra-yāna. The Vehicle of the "Diamond" or "Thunderbolt," that late ritualistic branch of Bsm. distinguishable by its excessive use of tarni, mandal, and emphasis on ceremonies, and a legion of gods, demigods and spirits, and by a complicated soteriology and cosmology, integrating the macro-and micro cosmos. See Vacirdar-a.

KØRYG bej-e; T. gzugs brnyan; S. pratibimba. Image of a deity; meditative image in the mind of a meditator.

KYCYN arban --; T. stobs bcu; S. daça-bala. The ten powers distinctive of a Bu. ED 262-263.

KYLICENGGYI ; T. bzod pa; S. kshānti. Forebearance, one of the six baramid.

KYLIL = mutur, which is more frequent ; T. phyag rgya ("seal", loan transl. from S.); S. mudrā . Gesture, tie made with the hands in worship (cf. our folding the hands in prayer). See Pt. I under kylil and mutur.

KYRDYN caγ un --; T. dus kyi hkhor lo, dus hkhor (whence the colloquial dynxor); S. kāla-cakra. The Wheel of Time. Name of a Tantric system, its personification in a deity and its basic text, the Kālacakra sūtra. Its teachings are an amalgamation of Hinduist and Buddhist elements. Claimed by its adherents to have been revealed by Šagjamuni himself as the mystery of mysteries it can be traced back to the 10th century AD. Its complex mandala showing all kinds of cosmic symbols referring to its doctrine is perhaps the most complicated assembly of symbols ever devised.

KYRIM (fr. T.); T. sku rim; S. pūjā . Religious worship, rite.

KYRTEKYI; T. reg pa; S. sprashtavya. The tangible as the external "base" of bodily touch. See tøryn tygekyi.

KYSEKY ; T. hdod pa; S. kāma. Desire, lust, in kāma as last member of a cpd.with the meaning "wishing or seeking to." ED 177a.

M

MAΓAD ; T. nges par, rnam par. Stands for S. prefix nir- and for S. vi-,in their various meanings.
-- arilγaγci: T. Rnam par sel ba; S. Vishkambhin. He who expels, drives away, namely the demons, hindrances. Name of one of the Eight Great Bodhisattvas; his complete name is Sarva-nīvaraṇa-vishkambhin, "Remover of all obstacles".
-- γaruγsan; T. nges par hbyung ba; S. pravrājaka. One who has left his home to take up the religious life,(one who has become)a monk.
-- geigylygci; T. Rnam par snang mzad; S. Vairocana one of the five izaγurtu burxan.
-- ilγaxui; T. nges par hbyed pa; S. nirvedha(na). Intellectual penetration, insight. ED 305 a.
-- kiged maγad busu; T. nges pa dang ma nges pa; S. niyatāniyata. Certain and not certain.
-- onuxu; T. nges par rtogs pa; S. nirūpaṇa, avakalpanā , nitīraṇa. Complete and conclusive investigation. ED 275b, 295 a.
-- sedkil; T. nges par sems pa; S. nidhyapti. Profound thinking or meditation. ED 296 b.
-- tailburi; T. nges par hgrel ba; S. nirmocana. Explanation, interpretation, unravelling.
-- taΓlxu; T. nges par hgrel pa; S. nirmocana. Unfolding (ofthe basic meaning), commentary. ED 558a.
-- uxaγulxu; T. nges par ston pa(or) bstan pa; S. nirdeça. Elucidation, explanation. ED 301 a.
-- yges; T. nges pahi tshig; S. nirukti. Explanation, one of the four yneker udxaxui. ED 299.

MAΓADXUI See tein byged.

MAΓTAΓAL; T. bstod pa; S. stotra. Hymn of praise (the chanting of which is a regular act in major rites).

MAΓU, 1. T. sdig pa; S. pāpa. Sin, fault.
-- bej-e ji abxu. Unfortunate rebirth in the cycle of sansar:taking the body as an aduγusun, birid, or an inmate of tamu.

MAΓU, 2. ; T. ngan. Represents S. prefixes with a pejorative menaing, such as apa-, dur-.
-- orun i abxu; T. gnas ngan len; S. daushthulya. Gross wickedness, depravity. ED 272 b.
-- yzel; T. log par lta ba; S. mithyā-dṛshti. Wrong view, false doctrine; false conception and explanation (of a doctrine).
-- zajaγan; T. ngan song; S. apāya, durgati. The lowet three of the six zajaγan in sansar, such as aduγusun, birid, and inmates of the various tamu.

MAHA-A See also maxa.
-- bigsy; T. dge slong chen po; S. mahā-bhikshu. The "great mendicant" , ep. of the Bu.
-- risi; T. drang srong chen po; S. mahārshi. The Great "Sage", ep. of Šagjamuni.

MAHA-KALA See Jeke xar-a.

MAIDARI (fr. S.) ; T. Hbyams pa; S. Maitreya. The next Bu. to appear on earth, now supposed to be residing in Tysid yn orun as a bodisadu-a.

MAJ-A; T. sgyu ma; S. māyā . Illusion.

MANDAL; T. dkyil hkhor; S. maṇḍala. A disk (as the sun disk); (in Tantrism) mystic wheels (as of the four elements) located in the four centers of the body. See also Pt.I and Yhk. 128-138.
-- un zang yile; T. dkyil hkhor gyi cho ga, dkyil chog; S. maṇḍala-vidhi. Mandala ritual.
γal -- ; T. sbyin sreg; S. homa. Fire or burnt offering. See Yhk. 150-161.
xota -- . A plastic (usually metallic) mandala. See Yhk. I , 161 and picture.

MANGΓALAM = ølzei xutuγ ; T. bkra çis; S. maṅgala . Good fortune, happiness.

MANGLAI ; T. mchog; S. agra. The very best, top.

MANI ; T ma ni; S. maṇi. Gem, jewel,precious stone; talisman; "maṇi," is the name of the most frequently used invocation of the Lamaists: om maṇi padme hūṃ. See Pt.I.

MANTRA = tarni; T. sngags. Prayer, magic formula, sacred words. See Pt.I.

MANZUSIRI ; T. Hjam dpal; S. Manjuçrī. One of the eight Great Bodhisattvas, hypostasis for the belge bilig,one of the three Jeke tørylkiten; his name is translated as Zøgelen coγtu.

MARICI ; T. Hod zer can; S. Mārīcī . Name of a goddess of light.

MASI ; T. rab (tu), çin tu. Represents the S. intensifiers ati-, vi-. pra-and the word parama.
-- arilυγsan; T. rnam par daγ pa; S. viçuddhi. Complete purity.
-- delgerenggyi; T. çin tu rgyas pa; S.(maha-) vaipulya. Same as delgerenggyi.
-- gegegen; T. rab gsal. Collection of minor rituals recited in regular daily services.

-- geigylyn zokijaγci. T. Rnam par snang mdzad; S. Vairocana. One of the pentad of Bus. (izaγurtu burxan); he presides over the upper most paradise.

-- ketyrkei; T. rab hbyams pa; S prasara Eminent, distinguished, far-reaching, extending; scholar, learned person.

-- narin toγusun = nab narin toγusun.

-- sain. See xamuγ sain.

-- saitur; T. rab tu; represents S. su- and similar intensifying prefixes.

-- saitur orusuluγci; T. rab tu gnas pa; S. supra-tishthita. Consecrated.

-- suduluγsan; T. çin tu sbyangs pa; S. praçrabdha = praçrabdhi. The cathartic (of body and mind); ED 388 a: praçrabdha, pracrabdhi ("allayed, stilled; . . alleviation; calmed").

-- tonılxu; T. rnam par grol ba; S. vimukti, vimoksha. Emancipation, deliverance: ED 497 a.

MASIDA tein byged ilγaxui; T. rab tu rnam par hbyed pa; S. pravıcaya Transcendental analysis, having noumenon as its object; see tein byged ilγaxui. One of the two fundamental forms of higher vision (vipaçyana. See ylemzi yzekyi).

MAXA (fr. S.) See also maha-a. (Double "a" [two teeth ın M. transliteration of S. words] represent long ā) .

MAXABUD (fr. S.) dørben; T. hbyung ba chen po bzhi; S. catvāri mahā-bhūtāni. The four "great" elements which do not derive from anything and are the transcendental bases of certain qualities of things : earth (sirui), hard; water (usun), flexible; fire (γal), hot; air (salkin) yielding. See next entry.

-- ece boluγsan; T. hbyung ba las gyur pa; S. bhautika. Originated from the maxabud: material belonging to the sphere of perceptions by the senses. ED 412-3.

MAXARANZA misread for MAXARAAZA; S. Mahārāja. Great king, emperor. See maxa.

dørben -- . The Four Great Kings = xaγan, jeke = jirtynci ji tedkygci.

MAXASUNG ; T. sems dpah chen po; S. mahāsattva. A Great Being, ep. of Bos. ED 426 b.

MEDEGDEGYN ; T. çes bya; S. jneya. The knowable.

MEDEKYI ; T. (rnam par) çes pa; S. vijnāna. States of consciousness, last of the five coγca. They are classified according to the senses: consciousness of vision (nidyn), audition (cikin), olfaction (xabar), gustation (kelen), touch (bej-e).

MİNYKEI kemen barimtalaxu; T. bdag gis hdzin pa; S. mamakāra. Egoism, selfishness.

-- dyr barimtalaxu; T. dngos hdzin; S. mamakāra. The idea that something belongs to me, is mine.

MØN cinar (a) ; T. ngo bo nyid, rang bzhin nyid; S. svabhāva. ED 615 b. Intrinsic nature, self-nature . (b) T. de bzhin nyid; S. tathatā , tathatva. suchness, thatness, ultimate reality as contrasted to phenomenal appearance . ED 248. (c) T. de kho na nyid; S. tattva. Ultimate reality. See nom un cinar, belge cinar.

-- cinar (inu) xoγusun; T. rang bzhin stong pa; S. svabhāva-çūnya. Intrinsically or essentially void, without substance, (merely) relational.

sedkilyn -- cinar; Tsems kyi rang bzhin; S. citta-sva bhāva. Proper or true nature of the mind.

tegsi saca -- cinar; T. rang bzhin mnyam pa nyid; S. svabhāva-samatā. Equal by its (their) very nature.

MØN cinartu; T. bdag nyid can; S. ātmaka. Having .. for its substance or essence, being a personification of . . .

MØNGKE busu; T. mi rtag pa; S. anitya. Transitory.

-- busu jin cinar; T. mi rtag pa nyid; S. anityatā. Transitoriness (of all phenomena).

-- orun; T. rang bzhin gnas. Eternity, the indestructible element, the absolute nirvana.

-- ygei; T. rtag (pa) med (pa); S. anitya(tā). Without eternity, transitoriness.

MØR ; T. lam; S. pratipad, patha, mārga. Path or road, esp. the path of the holy truths.

-- yn zerge; T. lam gyi rim pa, lam rim; S. patha-krama. Sequence, steps on the way towards buddhahood, title of various works, of which the Lam rim chen mo by Tsong kha pa has become the most famous.

bisilγaxui jin -- ; T. bsgom pahi lam; S. bhāvanā-mārga. Via contemplativa.

tyridkyi jin -- ; T. hgog pahi lam; S. nirodha mārga. The path of suppression (of suffering). See tyridkyi (and) yneker.

xutuγtan u naiman gesigyn y --; T. hphags pahi lam yan lag brgyad pa; S. āryāshtāngga-mārga. The eightfold path of the holy ones proclaimed by the Bu. in his first sermon.

Its members are: yneker yzel, T. yang dag pahi lta ba, S. samyag drshti, "right" or "correct views" ; yneker onul, T. yang dag pahi rtogs pa, S. samyag-samkalpa, "right understanding or thinking"; yneker kelen, T. yang dag pahi ngag, S. samyag vāk, "right speech" ; yneker yiles yn ecys, T. yang dag pahi las kyi mthah, S. samyak-karmānta, "right aims" ; yneker amidural, T. yang dag pahi htsho ba, S. samyag-

ājīva, "right life; yneker simdan, T. yang dag pahi rtsol ba, S. samyag vyāyāma,"right effort"; yneker duradxui, T. yang dag pahi dran pa, S. samyak-smrti, "right mindfulness" ; yneker samadi, T. yang dag pahi ting nge hdzin, S. samyak-samādhi,"right meditative concentration."

yly surxui --; T. mi slob pahi lam; S. açaiksha-mārga. The path of one who needs no longer training, as a daisun i daruγci.

yzekyi jin -- ; T. mthong bahi lam; s. darçana-mārga. The intuitive path.

MØRGYKY(I) ; T. phyag tshal ba; S. abhivandana,namaskr-. To salute. See Pt.I. Salutation of the deity is the first ritual act when entering the temple; it is also an important symbol when conducting a bytygel arγ-a.

MØRGYL un silyg; T. phyag tshal gyi tshigs bcad. Hymn of salutation or praise.

MUNGXAГ ;T. ma rig pa; S. avidyā . Non-wisdom, non-knowledge (not ignorance); it is the first link in the chain of correlations (sityn barilduly-a) . The M. word is a semantic substitute.

MUNI (fr. S); T. thub pa; S. muni. Hermit, saint.sage.

MUTUR ; T. phyag rgya; S. mudrā . See Pt. I under mutur and kylil.

-- un abuly-a; T. phyag len. Procedure, agenda.

N

NAB narin toγusun = masi narin ; T. rdul phra rab; S. paramāṇu. Finest dust, smallest particle imaginable, "atom."

NAGANZUNA; T. klu sgrub; S. Nāgārjuna. Name of the famous founder of the Mādhyamika school of thinking (2nd century A.D.) .ED 292 b. See xoγusun.

NAIDANGГUI ; T. phrag dog; S. īrshā , īrshya. Envy jealousy.

NAIRAГ ; T. dpe byad; S. anuvyanjana. The (80) minor distinguishing marks of the body of the Bu.

NAMANCILAXU unal -- ; T. ltung ba bçags pa; S. pāpadeçanā . Confession of sins.

NAMZAR ; T. snam sbyar; S. samghāṭī. Garment pieced together of small strips, one of the three garments of the Buddhist priests.

NARIN tailburi; T. dkah hgrel; S. panjikā . Commentary on the difficult points of a work.

NASUN u erketen; T. tshe la dbang ba; S. āyur-vaçitā . Mastery over one's life, i.e. freedom to stay in the sansar as long as desired; third mastery of a Bo.

-- a tegylter, -- luγa tegylter = amin xabijatu; T. tshe dang ldan pa; S. āyuṣmat. Long-living, a form of address with venerable disciples. ED 102.

-- jegydkeky; T. tshe hpho ba; S. cyuti. Transfer of life; to die and be reborn.

-- u yxaγan; T. tshehi rig byed; S. āyurveda. The "science of longevity," medicine.

NENG Very, transl. S. prefix ati-.

-- ket regsen; T. thal ches par gyur; S. atiprasanga. An overstatement, exaggeration.

NER-E øngge; T. ming dang gzugs; S. nāma-rūpa. Name and form, the fourth link in the twel-fold concatenation called sityn barilduly-a. Note that the second part of the binom seems to reflect the Chinese transiation of the S., namely øngge "color" and Ch. se "color" represent here S. rūpa, T. gzugs, "form".

NEREIDKEL ; T. tha snyad; S. vyavahāra. Conventional concept or term. ED 316 b.

NIDYBER yzegci; T. pyan ras gzigs; S. Avalokiteçvara. "Looking with his eyes" - name of the most famous of all the Bos. He is popularly referred to as Arijabalo.The name is explained as meaning ziryuγan zyil amitan nuγud i nidyber yzegci; T. hgro drug sems can rnams la spyan ras gzigs, "eyeing the six kinds of amitan" (compassionately).

-- yzegci erketen; T. Spyan ras gzigs dbang phyug; S. Avalokiteçvara. The complete name of Nidyber yzegci, nidyber translating Avalokita = spyan ras gzigs and erketen dbang phyugs S. içvara.

NIDYN ; T. mig; S. cakshus. Eye as the internal base of vision. See tøryn tygekyi.

-- y erketen; T. mig gi dbang po; S. cakshus. The faculty of vision, "organ" of vision.

-- y tein medekyi; T. mig gi rnam par çes pa; S. cakshur-vijnāna. Visual consciousness, i e. becoming conscious of seeing something.

belge bilig yn -- tegysygsen; T. ye çes kyi spyan dang ldan pa; S. jnāna-cakshus. Possessing the eye of wisdom.

NIГUCA ji bariγci; T. gsang ba hdzin pa; S. guhyadhara. Holder of mysteries, ep. of the Bo. Vacirbani.

-- jin blama; T. gsang bahi bla ma; S. guhya - guru. Guide in mysteries, mystagogue.

-- jin ezen; T. Gsang bdag; S. Guhya-pati. Lord of Mysteries, ep. of Vacirbani.

-- orun a masida oruγsan; T. gsang bahi gnas la çin tu gzhugs pa; S. guhyānupravishta. Having deeply penetrated into the mysteries.

NIGENTE xarin iregci; T. lan cig phyir hong; S. sakrdāgāmin. One who only once returns, i.e. becomes only once more reincarnated.

NIGYL ; T. sdig pa, mi dge ba; S. pāpa, açubha. Sin, transgression.

-- i daruγci; T. sdig hjoms; S. aghahantr. Sin-destroyer, ep. of the Bu.

-- yn yge; T. mi dgehi gtam; S. akuçala-kathā. Unvirtuous accounts or stories (which the monk should avoid).

NIGYLESKYI ; T. snying rje; S. karuṇā . Compassion, 2nd of the four boundless states. See caγlasi ygei.

-- jeke; T. thugs rje chen po; S. mahākārunika. (He) of great compassion, ep. of Nidyber yzegci.

NILXA ; T. byis pa; S. bala. "Child", fool (figuratively in regard to understanding Bsm.).

NIRVAN ; T. zhi ba; S. nirvāṇa. Nirvana; calm.

-- i ecylgegci; T. zhi mthar byed. Destroyer of nirvana's calm; the lord of the simuns.

-- i eregci; T. zhi ba tshol ba. Seeking the (quiescent) nirvana, as the bradikabud.

orusil ygei -- ; T. mi gnas pahi mya ngan las hdas pa; S. apratishthita-nirvāṇa. The nirvana which is not permanently fixed, a nirvana in which the tegyncilen iregsen returns to worldly life to save amitan. ED 48 a.

ylegsen coγca ygei -- ; T. phung po lhag pa med pahi mya ngan las hdas pa; S. nir-upadhicesha-nirvāṇa. Nirvana without a remainder (of the five coγca). Note: nirupadhiçesha, not upadhiçesha. upadhi = skandha, M. coγca. See ED 300 a. Contrasted with next term.

-- ylegsen coγcatu bari nirvan; T. phung po lhag ma dang bcas pahi mya ngan las hdas pa; S. sopādhiçesa-nirvāna (i.e. with the five coγca somehow preserved).

NISVANIS ; T. nyon mongs; S. kleça .(The defilement or corruption through) passions. ED 198 a.

-- baraγsan ; T. zag pa zad pa; S. kshīnāç rava, kshināsrava. One whose nisvanis are already exhausted or eliminated (first of the erdem of a siravaγ).

-- ygei; T. nyon mongs med pa; S. nishkleça . Without defilement or corruption.

izaγur un -- ; T. rtsa bahi nyon mongs; S. mūla-kleça. Original defilements: delusion, hatred, and lust acc. to Asanga.

NOM; T. chos; S. dharma (Buddhist) religion, transl. as LAW , norm, etc.

-- baiγulxu; T. chos btsugs pa . To found, introduce the (Buddh.) religion. See also nom ud.

-- busu; T. chos min; S. adharma. Irreligion.

-- dur batu boluγsan; T. chos la brtan pa; S. dharma-dṛdha. Firmly grounded in religion.

-- dur erke; T. chos la dbang ba; S. dharma-vaçitā. Mastery over the (preaching of) Bsm. due to eloquence and knowledge, seventh mastery of the Bo.

-- ece γaruγsan; T. chos las hbyung ba; S. dharmato nigata. Coming out of or from the Buddhist religion, springing from the nom ud, q. v.

-- i edleky; T. chos la spyod pa; S. dharma-caryā. To perform one's religious duties, practice religion; one of the ten activities performed with reference to the doctrine, such as copying a sacred text, worshiping, alms giving, etc. ED 278 a.

-- luγ-a tegysygsen; T. chos ldan; S. dhārmika. Righteous, just.

-- nomlaxu; T. chos hchad pa; S. dharma - deçanā. Preaching of the Bu. religion.

-- un aγar; T. chos (kyi) dbyings; S. dharma-dhātu. The realm of religion; the realm or sphere of the nom ud. ED 278-279.

-- un axu josun; T. chos kyi gnas lugs. The natural state of the nom ud, q. v.

-- un belge cinar; T. chos rnams kyi mtshan nyid; S. dharma-lakshana. The nom ud as momentary manifestations.

-- un bej-e; T. chos (kyi) sku; S. dharmakāya. The "absolute" body of a Buddha, the absolute personified or imagined as a Bu. ED 277 a-b. See bej-e.

-- un boγda; T. chos (kyi) rje; S. dharma-svāmin. A higher clerical title, also exorcist.

-- un cinar; T. chos nyid; S. dharmatā . True nature, reality, the whole of the whole = dharmakāya, the essence of the essences. ED 278 a-b.

-- un cinar un møn cinar; T. chos nyid kyi ngo ba; S. dharma(tā)-svabhāva. The latent nom ud, nom ud as potentials. See nom ud.

-- un debel. Monk's or lama's official dress, canonicals; cloth wrappings for religious scriptures.

-- un erkety; T. chos kyi dbang phyug; S. dharmeçvara. Lord of the Buddhist religion, the Bu.

-- un jabudal; T. chos spyod; S. dharmacaryā . Religious act; religious conduct. ED 278 a.

-- un josun; T. chos lugs. Religion, religious sect or school; religious ceremony or rite.

-- un kyrdyn i orciγulxui; T. chos kyi hkhor lo skor ba; S. dharma-cakra-pravartana. The turning of the wheel of religion = preaching of the Buddhist religion. ED 277 a.

-- un kyrdyn; T. chos kyi hkhor lo; S. dharma-cakra. The wheel of the (Buddh.)religion, symbol of Bsm.

-- un øglyge; T. chos sbyin; S. dharma-dāna. Gift of the doctrine, the greatest of all gifts.

- un sakiγulsun; T. chos skyong; S. dharma-pāla. Protector(s) of the Religion, refers esp. to various group of deities, mostly of terrible aspect, charged with annihilating all enemies of the faith, including humans and demons and deities of heretic creeds.

-- un xaγan; T. chos kyi rgyal po; S. dharma-rāja. King of Religion, title of deities, esp. of Erlig (Yama), who metes out justice in the after-life; also a high ecclesiastical title, which is sometimes given to laiç high-ranking benefactors of the Church.

-- un xauli; T. chos srol. Religious custom(s), rite(s), ceremonies.

-- un zang yile; T. chos kyi cho ga; S. dharma-vidhi. Religious rite.

-- ygei. Same as nom busu.

xolical ygei --, ese xolicalduxu -- ; Γ. ma hdres pahi chos; S. āveṇika-dharma. A series of qualities exclusively belonging to a Bu. or Bo. ED 108-9.

xuricaxui -- ; T. hkhrig pahi chos; S. grāma-dharma. Unchastity.

NOM ud (plural of nom) . The word nom (S. dharma) acquired a very special meaning as a philosophical term by designating the irreducible elements for the construction of a pluralistic world conception comprising both external and internal phenomena. There are various attemps at rendering this term in English, such as "element," "essence", "mental dates", "mentals", none of them is quite satisfactory. Datum pl. data, might perhaps be acceptable, if one ignores the fact that a datum, by its very etymology, presupposes a subject. On account of this difficulty the M. term nom ud has been retained in this word list.

NOMTU; T. chos ldan; S. dharmin; dharmika. Religious, just, pious, righteous.

-- debel; T. bla gos; S. cīvara. Monk's robe, canonicals worn at religious services.

NOMUΓADXAL ; T. hdul ba; S. vinaya. Monk's discipline and the section of the Scriptures which deals with it.

NOMUΓADXAΓDAXU ; T. gdul bar bya; S. vineya. Somebody to be converted to the Buddh. religion.

NOMUΓADXAXUI bariγci; T. hdul ba hdzin pa; S. vinaya-dhara. Retaining (in memory) the Vinai code, an ecclesiastic title.

NØGCIGEKY amitan i γasalang ece -- . To deliver, save amitan from jobalang.

NØKYR, NØKYD. Retainer, group or conclave of gods' demigods, etc. evoked as associates of the chief deity, their lord (ezen), in the bytygel yn arγ-a.

-- sadun; T. bçes gnyen; S. kalyāna-mitra. Spiritual friend or guide. ED 174 a.

NUMUN erkety jin --; T. dbang pohi gzhu; S. indra-cāpa, indra-dhanus. Indra's bow, the rainbow.

NUTA baγuγaxu; T. gtan la dbab pa; S. nirnaya(na). Complete ascertainment, settling or deciding.

NUTADA sanaxui; T. bsam gtan; S. dhyāna. Meditation, the procedure of samadi.

NUTALAL ; T. gtan tshigs; S. hetu. Affirmation, syllogism, conclusion, logic, reason.

-- un uxaγan; T. gtan tshigs (kyi) rig pa; S. hetuvidyā . The science of logic, dialectics.

NUTALALCI ; T. gtan tshigs mkhan; S. hetuka. Logician. dialetician.

O

OCIR = vcir. See vacir.

OΓTARΓUI ; T. bar snang; S. antariksha. Space, spatial ether, heaven, the space where the evoked deity appears.

-- ber jabuγci; T. mkhah hgro; S. dāka. The male counterpart of a dagini.

-- jin orun; T. nam khahi khams; S. ākāça-dhātū . Spatial ether (not included in the four elements).

emyneki --; T. mdun gyi nam mkhah; S. antarīksha. The part of the sky in front of the bytygelcin where he expects the evoked deities to appear.

OΓUΓATA ; T. yongs su; S. pari-. Completely, perfectly.

-- adxaxu; T. yongs su rtogs pa; S. pari-kalpa. Imagination, figment. ED 320 b.

-- ariγun; T. yongs su dag pa; S. pari-çuddha. Wholly clean or pure; holy.

-- arilγaxu; T. yongs su sbyong ba; S. pari-çodhana. Complete purification . ED 330 b (pariç odhaka).

-- baraγsan; T. su zad pa; S. parikshīṇa. Completely exhausted.

-- bytygsen; T. yongs su grub pa; S. pari-nishpanna. Perfected absolute. ED 325-6.

-- bytygsen belge cinar; T. yongs su grub pa nyid; S. parnishpanna-lakshaṇa. (Marks of) perfection, absoluteness. ED 325-6.

-- irygeky; T. yongs su bsngo ba; S. parināmana. To devote or transfer one's own merits completely to the benefit of others. ED 323 b.

-- kereglekyi; T. yongs su spyod pa; S. paribhoga. Complete enjoyment or usufruct. ED 328 a.

-- øcigsen; T. yongs su zhus pa; S. pariprcchā. Question, interrogation. ED 327.

-- talbixu; T. yongs su gtong ba; S. parityāga. Complete abandonment, renunciation.

-- tegysygsen; T. yongs su rdzogs pa; S. parinīshpatti. Complete(n ess); perfection (of Bus. or Bos.), etc.

-- zorixu. To transfer completely (one's own bujan u coγca to one's fellow creatures).

OIR-A; T. nye bar . The M. and T. adverbs substitute for the S. pref. upa-.

sedkil i -- aγulxu; T. nye bar bzhag pa, nyer bzhag; S. upasthāna. Application (of one's mind). See duradxui.

OJUTU masi xurca --; T. dbang po çin tu rno ba; S. tikshnendriya. A keen sense organ; an extra-sensitive sense.

OLAN sonusuγsan; T. mang po thos pa; S. bahuçruta. Of much hearing, i.e. learning. One of the erdem of the sivarag and of the nøkyr sadun. ED 399 b.

OLANGKI ; T. phal po che; S. avatamsaka. A large number.

-- burxan; T. sangs rgyas phal po che; S. Buddha-avatamsaka. A "collection of Buddhas", also a group of Scriptures. ED 71a.

OLXU ; T. hthob pa; S. prāpti. "Reach"; the force which regulates the cooperation of the nom ud ("data") at any given gsan (moment in the continuum). See nom ud.

-- ygei; T. hthob pa med pa; S. a-prāpti. The force which excludes incompatible nom ud from appearing at a given moment.

OṂ (usually nazalized "o") . This mystic syllbable is the beginning of numerous tarni.

-- MANI BADME HUM; T. and S. OṂ MAṆI PADME HŪṂ . OṂ Jewel in the Lotus HŪṂ. The most frequently used tarni in the sense of a prayer, an exclamation and an apotropaeic expression. It refers to Nidyber ysegci. See arabazana.

ONUL ; T. rtog pa; S. kalpa. (False) thought. ED 172b.

yneker -- : Right thought. See mør.

ORUN, 1.; T. sa, Place.

γarxui jin --; T. hbung gnas; S. ākara. (Place of) origin, source.

ORUN, 2 ; T khams; S. dhātu. Plane of existence.

amitan u --; T. sems can gyi khams; S. sattva-dhātu. The plane of existence of the amitan.

birid yn --; T. yi dvags kyi khams; S. preta-vishaya. The sphere of the starveling ghosts.

γurban --; T. khams gsum; S. traidhatuka. The triple universe, namely the kyseky orun, øngge jin orun, øngge ygei jin orun.

ORUN, 3 ; T. yu; S. vishaya . Sphere, range, scope. See visai.

nidyn y --. The range of the eye or vision.

ORUN, 4 ; T. zhing ; S. kshetra. The "field" of a Buddha, his (mystical) country over which he, surrounded by by his nøkyd, is the spiritual ruler.

ORUN, 5 ; T. gzhi; S. ālaya. Base. See ED 106 under ālaya-vijnāna.

ORUN, 6; T. gnas; S. sthāna. Scientific discipline.

uxaγan u --; T. rig (pahi) gnas; S. vidyā-sthāna. Science, usually five branches; grammar, logic, metaphysics, medicine, and craftsmanshift (art).

ORUN,7 ; T. sa; S. bhūmi. Any or all of the stages in the spiritual development; ED 411 a.

bodisaduv-a jin --; T. byang chub sems dpahi sa; S. bodhisattva-bhūmi. The ten stages (in the career) of a Bo.

burxan u --; T. sangs rgyas kyi sa; S. buddha-bhūmi. The stages which lead to Buddhahood.

sivaraγ un --; T. nyan thos kyi sa; S. çrāvaka-bhūmi. Stations in the career of a siravaγ.

ORUN, 8 ; T. khams; S. dhātu. Any or all of the 18 divisions of the continuum of the personality (yrgylzi, T. rgyud, S. samtāna) consisting of the six erketen, the six visai, and the six tein medekyi. ED 282.

ORUXUI ; T. hjug pa; S. anupraveça. Entrance into full realization, intellectual penetration. ED 31 b.

ø

øBER; T. rang; S. ātman, sva. Self, own.

øBER (øBER-E); T. so so, translates the S. prefix prati- in a distributive or singularizing meaning; each taken individually, singly. See øber-e, below.

-- ijen burxan (= bradigabud); T. rang sangs rgyas; S. pratyeka-buddha. A Buddha who has found enlightenment for himself but does not reveal it.

-- ijen γaruγsan; T. rang hbyung; S. svayambhū. "Self-originated" (as the øber ijen burxan).

-- ijen ilaγuγsan; T. rang rgyal; S. praty-eka-buddha. Pratyekabuddha. See øber ijen burxan.

-- ijen nirvan i egeregci; T. rang zhi don gnyer. One who hopes to reach nirvana by himself (without a spiritual guide), a Pratyeka-buddha.

-- yn cinar; T. rang gi mtshan nyid; S. svalakshana. Individual characteristic (contrasts with jery jin belge cinar; S. sāmānya-lakshana, general or universal characteristics.

-- yn kereg; T. rang don; S. svārtha. One's own aim or purpose or advantage (as opposed to the aim of others).

øBERE, øBERIJEN (= bratiga) ; T. so sor; S. pratyeka, prthaktva, prati- . Singly, separately.

-- namancilaxu; T. so sor bçag pa; S. prati-deçanā . Originally: to confess (each sin) individually; to confess (in general). ED 363 a.

-- øber-e; T. so so ba; S. prthaktva. Separation, singleness, independence, as of the nom ud.

-- øber-e = tus tus ; T. so sohi; S. prthag. Single, independent.

-- tørylkiten = tus tus un tørylkity; T. so sohi skye bo; S. prthag-jana. Ordinary man, vulgar person (contrasted to the xutuxtu = arij-a).

øBERMICE ; T. bye brag; S. viçesha. Difference, distinction.

-- ygylegci, øbermicecin; T. bye bra smra ba; S. vaiçeshika. The Vaiçeshika school (one of the six darçanas [M. yzel] schools of thought of Hinduism)

PARCIN (fr. T. phar phyin); T. pha rol tu phyin pa. See belge bilig yn cinadu kizaγar-a kyrygsen.

RABNAI (fr. T.) ; T. rab gnas; S. pratishthā. Benediction, consecration of an image, temple, etc. See saitur orusiγulxui.

-- orusiγulxu. To consecrate an image, book, talisman, etc.

RABSAL gegegen; T. rab gsal. Textbook of minor rites, prayers, benedictions used in daily services.

øBESYBEN bytygsen; T. lhun grub; S. anābhoga. Effortlessly produced, for example as the samadi no longer requiring effort to induce.

øCIGSEN ; T. zhus pa; S. pariprchā . (The book of) questions (by) -- (in book titles).

øCIKY ; T. zhu ba . To pray for, receive.

øGLIGE ; T. gtong ba; S. dāna-tyāga. Renunciation (giving of gifts as part of the preparation for yoga); abandonment of worldly goods.

øLZEI ; T. bkra çis; S. mangala . Blessing; a farewell wish found at the end of religious books.

naiman -- ; T. bkra çis brgyad; S. ashtā-mangalāni. Eight objects permanently placed on altar tables. See takil.

-- ygyleky; T. çis brjod; S. mangala . Wish of good luck, blessing spoken in chorus by all the lamas present at the conclusion of a zang yile.

øLZEITY silyg ; T. Bkra çis kyi tshigs su bcad pa; S. mangala-gāthā . The text used for øIzei ygyleky.

øNGGE ; T. gzugs; S. rūpa. Shape or form (and color) as the external "base" of vision. See tøryn tygeky.

-- coγca; T. gzugs kyi phung po; S. rūpa-skandha. The aggregate of forms or visible things.

-- jin orun; T. gzugs kyi khams; S. rūpa-dhātu. The world of forms. See γurban orun.

-- ygei jin orun; T. gzugs med khams; S. ārūpya, ārupa-dhātu. The world without forms. See γurban orun. ED 104 a.

øTELKY ; T. rgan pa; S. jarā. Decay.

P

R

RADN-A ; S. ratna. Same as erdeni, q. v.

RIDI xubilγan; T. rdzu hphrul; S. nirmāna rddhi. Miracle, magic, sorcery.

-- køl; T. rdzu hphrul gyi rkang pa; S. rddhi-pāda. The bases of magic power, ED 151-2.

SACAΓU cinar; T. mnyam pa nyid; S. samatā; Absolute equality, equilibrium, sameness, identity.

- ygei ba -- ; T. mi mnyam pa dang mnyam pa; S. a-sama-sama. Same as adali ba adali ygei.

SAIBAR aziraγsan , or oduγsan; T. bde bar gśegs pa; S. sugata. "One who has attained bliss," ep. of a Bu. According to Asanga: anyone having achieved, without remainder, the extirpation of lust, hatred, and delusion. ED 597 b.

SAIN; T. legs rab. Stands frequently for S. intensifying prefix su-, "well".

-- amuγulang; T. bde legs; S. svasti. Bless, beatitude.

-- nairaγ; T. dpe byad bzang po; S. anuvyanjana. Any or all of the eighty minor physical marks of a Bu.

-- ojutu; T. blo bzang; S. sumati. Of good intelligence; also a name.

-- yge; T. gsung rab, lung rab; S. pravacana. "Well-(spoken) words." Certain groups of sacred texts (nine or, mostly, 12). ED 384 b.

-- ygety = subasida; T. legs par gsung ba; S. subhāshita. Well-spoken sermon.

-- yiles; T. las dkar; S. śukla-karma. "White," i.e., good deeds or conduct.

-- zarliγ. Same as sain yge.

SAISIJAN ygyleky; T. ched du brjod pa; S. udāna. "Solemn utterance," a branch of Scriptures.

SAITUR; T. rnam par, nye bar, rab (tu). Translates often the S. prefixes vi-, upa-, pra- in an intensifying meaning.

-- bisilγaxu; T. rab tu sgom ba; S. prabhāvanā . Profound concentration.

-- bolbasuraγsan; T. rnam par smin pa; S. vipāka. Maturation (of deeds), fruition, the arrival of just deserts.

-- daruγci; T. rab tu bjoms pa; S. pramardana. Destruction.

-- γarγaxu; T. rab tu hbyin pa; To admit into the clerical order.

-- γaruγsan; T. rab (tu) byung(ba); S. pravrajyā . Going forth (to the religious life). ED 387 b. pravrājayati.

-- nomlaγsan; T. legs (par) bśad (pa), legs (par) gsung (ba); S. subhāshita. Well-explained, well-stated (a characteristic of Buddhist doctrine).

-- orusiγuluγsan; T. rab tu gnas pa; S. supratishthita. "Well established," consecrated (as an image). See rabnai.

-- usambad boluγsan; T. legs par bsnyen pa rdzogs pa; S. sūpasampanna. Fully ordained.

-- uxaxu; T. rnam par rig pa; S. vijnapti. Representation, esp. in the term vijnapti-mātra (representation only). Different : ED 485 b.

-- yzegylygci; T. nye bar bstan pa; S. upadeśa. Explanation, exegesis; a branch of Scripture. ED135a

SAKIΓCI jirtincy ji -- ; T. hjig rten skyong; S. lokapāla. The (four) Guardians of the World; See xaγan (dørben jeke) and jirtincy (ji tedkygci).

SAKIΓULSUN (pl. sakiγulsud) ; T. srung ma; S. pāla. Protector, genius protector, a class of deities.

SAKILTA ; T. bsrung ba; S. arakshya (ārakshya). The three (four) points which with a Buddha need not be especially guarded, namely bej-e, kelen, amidural. ED 64 b.

SAMADI ,(=samadhi) ; T. ting nge hdzin; S. samādhi. Concentration, also a particular kind of such concentration. ED 568-9.

SAMADI, 2.; T. bsam gtan; S. dhyāna. Meditation on four levels. The S. term samādhi has a somewhat different meaning. First level: separation from evil; second level: ceasing of discursive thinking; third level: psychic joy fades, rising to the state of indifference (tegsi aγulxu,tegsi neigel); fourth level: indifference vanishes completely with reaching nirvana.

SAMANTA-BHADRA ; T. Kun tu bzang po; S. Samantabhadra. The "Throughout Good One," one of the Eight Great Bos. ED 563 a.

SAMBAΓ-A ; T. spobs pa; S. pratibhāna . Presence of mind; readiness in speech . ED 366 b.

SANAXUI ; T. sems pa; S. cetanā . Activity of volition; "thinking."

SANG, 1 ; T. sang. Burning of incense, incense offering.

SANG, 2; T. mdzod, gter; S. (-)kośa. Treasure house (Frequent as last part of cpds).

SANGGA (fr. S.) = xuvaraγ ; T. dge hdun; S. sangha. Congregation of monks, monkhood, clergy.

SANSAR (fr. S., this term is more frequent than its M. translation orcilang); T. hkhor ba, srid pa; S. samsāra, bhava. The circle or cycle of transmigrations or existences, samsara. It contrasts with nirvana.

-- yn kyrdyn; T. srid pahi hkhor lo; S. bhavacakra. The "revolving world," often applied to a pictorial representation of the cicle of reincarnations showing

the six kinds of amitan,tngri, asuri tørylkiten, aduγusun ,bïrid, tamu, in five or six panels arranged between the spokes of a wheel, the rim of which has twelve symbolic pictures of the sityn baridulγ-a.

γurban-- ; T. srid pa gsum; S. tri-bhava. The triple world of kysel øngge, and øngge ygei. ED258b.

SANSGRIDA ; T. legs sbyar; S. samskrta. Sanskrit translated as saitur neilegylygsen.

SANVAR; T. sdom pa; S. saṃvara. Vow. ED 539b-40.

-- øgky . To ordain.

SEDKIKYI ; T. hdu çes; S. saṃjñ... . Ideation (the naming faculty), the third of the five aggregates. See coγca.

-- ygegyn; T. hdu çes med pa; S. asamjnā. Unconsciousness; lack of ideation.

SEDKIL, l.; T. bsam pa; S. abhiprāya. Aim, purport.

SEDKIL, 2; a)T. sems; S. citta. Polysemantic term; "mind, thought," pure consciousness, i.e., consciousness emptied of its contents.

b) T. yid; S. manas. Intellect or "mind" as the internal " base" of ideation." See tøryn tygeky.

-- alziį-a: T. snyom las sems; S. tandrā . Sloth.

-- dyr yiledkyi; T. yid la byed pa; S. manas(i)-kāra. Attention, application of the mind in a particular direction . ED 418 a.

-- egyskeky; T. sems bskyed ba; S. cittotpāda. Aspiration or decision (literally "generation of mind,"), namely towards enlightenment, one of the important parts of the framework of liturgies.

-- xanγaγci erdeni; T. yid bzhin nor bu; S. cintāmani. Wish-granting gem = cindamani.

-- yn gšān; T. sems kyi skad cig; S. citta-kshana . The (16) consecutive moments in the process of illumination. ED 229 b. Moment of thought.

-- yn tedyiken y yzel; T. sems tsam pahi lta ba; S. vijnāna-mātra-darçana. The "mind-only-view" or school which holds that nothing exists but mind. It was founded by Asanga and popularized by Vasubandhu in the 4th to 5th centuries AD. See nom ud.

-- yn tein medekyi; T. yid kyi rnam par çes pa; S. mano-vijnāna. Perception by the thought-consciousness (sometimes improperly called the "inner organ"), the last of the tein byged medekyi. ED 418-9.

nisvanistu -- ; T. nyon mons pa can gyi yid; S. klishta-manas. The defiled mind, i.e. the mind affected or stained by mixed (good, bad, and neutral) nisvanis.

SEDKISI ygei ; T. bsam gyis mi khyab pa; S. acintya. Unthinkable, unimaginable, wonderful. ED 6b.

SEGYL ; T. mjug; S. visarga. Conclusion of a rite.

SELBIN arilγaxu; T. gso sbyong ba (short for nyes par gso ba dang sbyong ba). To confess and be absolved from one's sins.

SEREGE or SERIGE γurban -- ; T. rtse gsum; S. triçūla. Trident, a symbolic weapon in the hands of certain doγsid; also seen on temple roofs where it is supposed to protect from Indra's vacir , q.v.; also is taken as a symbol of the γurban erdeni.

SEREKYI, SERIKYI ; T. tshor ba; S. vedanā . Feelings of zobalang, zirγalang.
Second of the five coγca.

SEREL ygei, SERIL ygei; T. bag med; S. pramāda. Indolence.

SEREMZI ; T. bag yod; S. pramāda. Watchfulness, alertness.

-- ygei; T. bag med; S. apramāda. Carelessness; indolence

SIBARAΓ See sivaraγ.

SILΓADAΓ tørylkity; T. tshad mahi skyes bu; S. pramāna-purusha. The person who is the "measure," the authority, i.e., the Buddha. ED 383 a.

SILTAΓAN; a)T. rkyen; S. pratyaya. Condition, environmental cause. ED 375-6.

b) T. rgyu; S. hetu. Basic cause. ED 691 a.

SILYG (fr. S. çloka) ; T. tshigs su bcad pa; S. gāthā. Verses, fourth of the twelve degedy nom .

SIMDAXU ; T. nan tan; S. pratipatti. (Religiously good) behavior or exertion. ED 364 a-b.

SIMNUS ; T. Bdud; S. Māra. The Evil One, the Tempter. See Pt.I.

SIRUI jin maxabud; T. sahi khams; S. pṛthivī-dhātu. The element earth, its quality: hardness. See maxabud.

SITYGEN ; T. gzhi; S. ādhāra. Basis, foundation; "potentiality."

SITYN barildulγ-a; T. rten cing hbrel ba; S. pratitya-samutpāda. Dependent or (cor-)relational origination, or chain of twelve links of causes (as intuited in meditative concentration). One of the most controversional terms of Buddhist doctrine, possibly originally a set of 12 more or less loosely connected subjects for meditation which gradually grew into a whole. The twelve items, beginning with non-knowledge as the point of departure of all originations are: 1. mungxaγ, 2. xuran yiledkyi, 3. tein medekyi, 4. ner-e øngge, 5. tøryn tygekyi, 6. kyrtekyi, 7. serekyi, 8. xuricaxui, 9. cixula abxui, 10 sansar, 11. tøryl, 12. øtelkyi, ykyky.

ŠIBARAΓ, SIVARAG ; T. nyan thos pa; S. çrāvaka. Hearer, disciple . (In Jeke Kølgen only used with reference to followers of the Baγ-a Kølgen. ED 535 a.

SUBURΓAN ; T. mchod rten; S. stūpa , caitya. Stupa, pagoda, object of veneration. ED 133b. See Pt.I.

SUDULUΓSAN erdem; T. sbyangs pahi yon tan; S. dhuta-guna. "The 12 or 13 qualities of a purified man, ascetic." According to Asanga: the (12 or 13) practices that purify or shake off the strand (of bad habit). ED 286 a.

SUDUR; T. mdo; S. sūtra. Variously defined; in the Buddhist sense, esp. a work in which the Bu!s utterances are arranges in appropriate form, discourse. ED 604 b.

SUGAVADI; T. Bde ba can; S. sukhāvatī ; The Western paradise presided over by the Buddha Abida.

SUMBUM, SUNGBUM (fr. T.); T. gsung hbum ."The hundred thousand sayings," generic title of the collected works of ecclesiastical writers.

SURULCAXUI sitygen; T. bslab pahi-gzhi; S. çikshā-pada. "Basis of study," i.e. discipline (vinai). See šaγšabad.

SYSYG ; T. dad pa; S. çraddhā . Faith, trust in the Bu.
-- yn xoina daγaγci; T. dad pahi rjes su hbrang ba; S. çraddhānusārin. A follower of faith (contrasts with a follower of doctrine, dharmānusārin)

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ŠAΓŠABAD (fr. S. çikshā-pada "moral command"); T. tshul khrims; S. çīla. Monk's discipline.
-- tegylder; T. tshul khrims ldan, tshul khrims can. One who keeps the precepts perfectly; perfectly virtuous.

ŠAGIJ-A jin izaγur. The Çākya clan to which the Bu. Gautama belonged.

ŠASIN
sudur un -- i bariγci; T. Mdo sde pa; S. Sautrāntika. Follower of a Buddhist school which takes its authority from the sudur.

ŠASTIR (fr. S.) ; T. bstan bcos; S. çāstra. Textbook. See Pt.I.

ŠERCIN (fr. the T. contracted of çes rab kyi pha rol tu phyin pa) = belge biiig yn cinadu kizaγar a kyrygsen = prajnā-pāramitā.

ŠIGEMUNI = Šagjamuni. See Pt.I.

T

TABCANG, TABSANG = debisker; T. gdan; S. āsana. Seat, manner of sitting.

TABIΓ un usun; T. mchod yon; S. argham. Water for washing the face , the first of the naiman takil, q.v.

TACIJANGIUI; T. chags pa; S. rāga. Passion, lust (one of the three poisons).

TACIJAXUI urilaxui; T. chags sdang; S. rāga-dvesha. (Carnal) desire and anger.

TADURU; T. phyin ci log pa; S. viparyāsa. Error, delusion.

TAΓALAL; a) T. grub mthah; S. siddhānta. Tenet, set of tenets of a school. Buddh. schools apply the term to the differentiated doctrines beyond the commonly accepted Buddh. base.
b) T. dgongs pa; S. sandhi, sandhā. Esoteric meaning. ED 557 b.
c) T. dgongs pa; S. abhi-prāya. Cogitation, reflection, intention. ED 54 a.
-- un maγad tailburi; T. dgons pa nges par hgrel ba; S. samdhi-nirmocana. Name of the basic sudur of the Yogācāra school: " Unravelling of knots." ED 557 b.

TAILXU sakil ijen -- . To renounce one's vows (of a celibate monk who marries).

TAKIL ; T. mchod (pa); S. pūjā. Offerings, liturgical oblation, worship.
naiman; T. mchod bryad. The eight offerings made to the deity invoked. They are: tabiγ (un) usun, T. mchod yon; S. argha, water for washing the face; køl seregylky usun; T. zhabs bsil; S. pādya, water for cooling the feet; ceceg; T. me tog; S. pushpa, flowers; kyzi ; T. spos; S. dhūpa, incense; zula; T. snang gsal; S. āloka, lamp ; ynyr; T. dri; S. gandha, perfume; aman u idegen; T. zhal zas ; S. naivedya, food; køgzim; T. rol mo; S. çabda, music.
-- un ed; T. mchod rdzas . Ingredients needed for oblations.

-- un egylen; T. mchod pahi sprin; S. pūjā-megha. Clouds of offerings (freq. fig of seepch).

-- un orun; T. mchod gnas. Place of offering; object(s) offered.

TALBIXU See oγuγata talbixu.

TAMU ; T. dmyal khams, dmyal ba; S. naraka. Purgatory (not "hell").

ajus --; T. mnar med dmyal ba; S. avīci. Last of the hot purgatories designed for the punishment of the most heinous sins . ED 78b.

arban naiman --; T. dmyal ba bco brgyad; S. ashtā-daça-naraka. The eighteen hells assumed by Bsm.

kyiten --; grang dmyal. The eight cold hells.

xalaγun -- ; T. tsha dmyal ; S. tāpana. The eight hot hells. ED 249 b.

TANGΓARIΓ; T. dam tshig; S. samaya. Pledge, vow.

TAIIGSUΓ (boluγsan); T. rmad du byung ba; S. adbhuta. Woundrous, marvellous.

TARNI ; T. snags; S. mantra. Mantra, "magic" formula or spell.

-- jin kyrydn; T. sngags hkhor; S. dhāraṇi-cakra. A tarni whose syllables are arranged in form of a wheel or circle, esp. for magic purposes and prayer wheels; the vision of tarni syllables arranged in two circles of which one is moving clockwise and the other counterclockwise before the eyes of the bytygelcin engaged in performing the act of bytygel yn arγ-a..

amurlingγui jin --; T. zhi bahi sngags. Spell of propitiation.

delgerengyyi jin --; T. rgyas pahi sngags; S. paushtika-dhāraṇi. Spell to insure prosperity.

doγsin --; T. drag pohi sngags; S. abhi-cāruka. Coercing spell.

erke jin --; T. dbang gi sngags; S. vaçikāra-mantra. Overpowering spell.

niγuca --; T. gsang sngags; S. guhya-mantra. Secret spells.

TARNICI; T. sngags pa; S. mantrin. One versed in the mantras, or magical formulas; sorcerer.

TASURAXUI ygei; T. chad med pa; S. anuccheda. "Being without interruption," eternity.

TAVAR un takil; T. zang zing mchod sbyin; S. āmisha-pūjā . Offerings made in kind. ED 100 a

TEGSI = -- aγulxu = --neigem; T. btang snyoms; S. upekshā . "Holy indifference" towards joy and suffering, permeation of the universe with the power of absolute equanimity. Fourth of the four boundless states (caγlasi ygei).

-- neigem . See tegsi aγulxu.

-- sedkil; T. btan snyoms; S. upekshā . Equanimity, mental equilibrium. ED 147 b.

TEGSIDE sedkìl -- aγulxu; T. mnyam par hjog pa; S. samāpadyate. To put one's mind in concentration (samadi).

TEGYLDER ; T. ldan, dang ldan pa. Stands for S. suffixes indicating possession, such as -vat, etc. See tegysygsen.

TEGYNCILEN ; T. de bzhin; S. tathā. Thus.

-- cinar; T. de bzhin nyid; S. tathatā . Suchness, ultimate reality. See tere mety cinar. ED 248 a-b.

-- iregsen; T. de bzhin gçegs pa; S. tathāgata. Thus come (so the M. transl.), ep. of a Bu. ED 248 b.

TEGYS bajasxulangtu; T. Dgah ldan; S. Tushita. "Pleasurable," name of last abode of the Bus. before appearing on earth.

-- uciraltu; T. rnal hbyor spyod pa; S. yogācāra = yogācārin.. Practitioner of yoga. ED 448 b.

-- zirγalantu; T. long spyod can. Enjoying , enjoyable.

TEGYSYSEN; T. (dang) ldan (pa); S. sampanna, upeta. Possessing, having, complete with, furnished with.

TEIN, TEIN BYGED ; T. rnam par. Most frequently represents the S. pref. vi- in its intensifying functions, but also in the sense of "differently, especially."

-- adxaγlaxu; T. rnam par rtog pa; S. vikalpa. Discursive thought.

-- alγasangγui; T. rnam (par) gy'eng(ba); S. vikshepa. Distraction, confusion.

-- bolbasuraxu; T. rnam par smin pa; S. vipāka Karmaic maturation, results of good and evil deeds (deciding our destiny).

-- bolbasuraxu jin yr-e; T. rnam par smin pahi hbras bu; S vipāka-phala. Fruition-result. ED 395-6.

-- byged = tin; T. rnam par. Stands for the S. prefix "vi-" in its various functions.

-- byged adxaγ; T. rnam par rtog pa; S. vikalpa. False discrimination or perception. ED 480.

-- byged ariluγsan; T. rnam par byang ba; S. vyavadānatva. (The state of) purity.

-- byged geigylyn zokijaγci; T. Rnam par snang mdzad; S. Vairocana. The central Bu. in the cosmic pentad. See izaγurtu.

-- byged ilaγuγsan; T. rnam par rgyal ba; S. vijaya. Victorious, also a type of flask (the vijaya-kalaça) used in ritual.

-- byged ilγaxui; T. rnam par hbyed pa; S. vicaya. Analysis, having phenomenon as its object.

-- (byged) medekyi; T. rnam par çes pa, rnam çes; S. vijnāna. Perception as contrasting with knowledge (belge bilig). Based on the five outer

senses and a so-called inner sense or "sensorium commune" (sedkil; T. yid; S. manas) it is of six kinds to which the Yogācāras have added two more: mind affected by nisvanis (nisvanìstu sedkil; T. nyon mongs can yid; S. klishta-manas) and finally the store-consciousnes (bykyn y sitygen y tein medekyi; T. kun gzhi rnam par çes pa; S. ālaya-vijnāna. Store consciousness so called because it stores the karma-seeds (yiles yn køryngge; T. las kyi sa bon; S. karma-bīja).

-- byged nomlaγsan; T. (rnam par) bçad pa; S. vikhyata. Preached, explained. ED 482.

-- byged tonilxui; T. rnam par grol ba; S. vimukti, vimoksha. Liberation, release from sansar. ED 497a.

-- byged urbaγci boluγsan; T. yongs su gyur pa; S. parivṛtti. Complete change, transmutation.

-- byged xubilxui; T. rnam par hphrul ba; S. vikurvanā . Metamorphosis, miracle.

-- ky cinar ; T. de (kho na) nyid; S. tattva. (Metaphysical) reality. ED 481 b.

-- sinzıleky; T. rnam (par) dpyod pa; S. vicāra. Investigation, analysis.

-- suduluγsan; T. rnam (par) sbyangs pa; S. viçuddha. Purified, trained, educated.

-- tonilxu; T. rnam par thar pa; S. vimoksha. Liberation, release, salvation.

-- urbaγci (= tein byged urbaγci boluγsan) ; T. rnam gyur; S. vikrta. Changed, metamorphosed.

-- uriduγci; T. rnam hdren, rnam par hdren pa; S. vināyaka. The best guide, ep. of the Bu. ED 489 b.

-- uxaγdaxu; T. rnam par rig byed; S. vijnapti. Communication, representation. ED 485 b.

TENGSIL ygei; T. bla na med; S. anuttara. That than which there is nothing higher; highest, supreme.

TER-E cinar; T. de bzhin nyid; S. tathatā , tathātā. "Suchness = absolute reality" (many synonyms). ED 248 b.

-- jaγun u tulada kemebesy (patterned after S.); T. de cihi phyir zhe na; S. tat kasmād dhetoh. For what reason? A formula frequently found in texts where English would simply say "Why?"

-- ky cinar; T. de kho na nyid; S. tattva. Metaphysical reality.

-- mety cinar = tegyncilen cinar; S. tathātā , tathatā, tathatva "Suchness," true essence, absolute reality. ED 248 a.

TERIGYI ESI ygei, caγ; T. thog (ma) med (pahi) dus; S. anādi-kāla. "Beginningless" time;(from) all eternity.

TERIGYTEN nygyd; T. la sogs pa; S. -ādi. And so forth, and others, and other things (after enumerations).

TIB (fr. S. dvīpa) dørben --; T. gling; S. dvīpa. The four continents surrounding Mt. Symer.

TNGRI ; T. lha; S. deva. Denizen of Heaven, god, See Pt.I, ED 270.

-- busu; T. lha ma yin; S. asura. See asuri.

-- jin erkety. The Mighty One of the tngri: Indra.

TOBCILAN xurijagsan; T. mdor bsdus pa; S. samkshipta. Abbreviated; an abstract.

TODXAR, TODXUR ; T. bgegs; S. vighna. Hindrance, personified as demon.

-- arilγaγci; T. bgegs sel ba; S. vighna-vināyaka. Expeller of demons.

-- ygei; T. bar chad med; S. ān-antarya. Free from interruption(s), immediate sequence. ED 95.

TOΓTAΓAL; T. gzungs; S. dhāraṇī. " Magic spell," see tarni.

TOΓTAΓAXU sedkil sedkil degen --; T. yid la hdzin pa; S. manas(i)-kāra. Fixing in one's mind, concentration. ED 418.

TOΓULUΓSAN See iledte toγuluγsan.

TOΓURIXU ; T. (b)skor ba; S. pradakshinā . Reverential circumambulation (of a saintly person or sacred object from left to right so that the object so honored is always on one's right side).

TOΓUS See Jeke toγus.

TOΓUSUN narin --; T. rdul phra mo; S. anu. Particle, "atom."

TØB nom un --; T. chos kyi dbyings; S. dharma-dhātu. The sphere of religion; the sphere or, with others, "center" or nucleus of the nom ud, i.e., the absolute. ED 278 b.

TØRYGSEN xamtu -- ; T. lhan skyes; S. sahaja. Connate, congenital. Originally applied to amitan which were born simultaneously with the Buddha (friends, teachers, a horse, etc.). In the Vacir Kølgen the term acquired an esoteric meaning.

xojar --; T. gnyis skyes; S. dvija. Originally one belonging to the uppermost caste of the Hindus (brāhmana) ; oviparous.

TØRYKY ygei; T. skye med pa; S. anutpāda. Not born, without origination.

TØRYKYI; T. skye ba; S. jāti. One of the eight zobalang mentioned in the first sermon of the Bu.

-- dyr erke; T. skye ba la dbang ba; S. upapattivaçitā-utpatti-vaçitā. Mastery of reincarnation, the freedom of choosing the class of beings desirable for one's rebirth, 5th mastery of Bo. ED 138b.

TØRYL; T. skye ba; S. jāti. Birth or life (in reference to sansar).

-- orun; T. yul; S. gati. Any of the six classes of amitan in the sansar.

TØRYLKITEN ; T. skyes bu; S. purusha. Man of three kinds (inferior (øcyken --), average (dumdadu--), great (boγda); T. skyes bu dam pa; S. satpurusha. Worthy or illustrious person (jeke --) who knows the saddharma and practices accordingly.

TØRYN tygekyi; T. skye mched; S. āyatana."Organs of sense," "bases of cognition; 12 mentioned, six internal, "subjective" (nidyn, cikin, xabar, kelen, bej-e, sedkil), six external, "objective" (øngge, daγun, ynyr, amtan, kyrtekyi, nom ud). The term cannot be rendered by a single English word to cover both meanings, sense-organs (the mind being regarded as 6th sense) and sense objects. ED 101.

TUΓURBIL ece anggiziraγsan; T. spros bral; S. nishprapanca. Free from phenomenalization or constructive imagination. EB 380.

TUDAM; T. thugs dam, ji dam. Vow, solemn promise.

TUS tus un tprylkity. See øber-e øber-e tørylkiten.

TUSA bytygsen; T. Don grub; S. Siddhārtha. "Whose goal is reached " , first name given to Šagjamuni when living in his father's house.

TUSATU salm-a (calm-a) ; T. Don yod zhags pa; S. Amogha-pāça. "Infallible lasso" (for catching demons), a weapon of certain doγsid.

TUSBURI tørylkiten; T. so sohi skye bo; S. prthag-jana. Ordinary (not saintly) person(s); contrasts with arij-a = xutuxtu.

TUSXAILAN ygylekyi; T. ched du brjod pa; S. udāna. Fifth of the 12 degedy nom. "Solemn, joyous utterance," ED 128 a.

TYIDKER; T. sgrib pa; S. nivarana, nīvarana. Hindrance, interference. See xamuγ ED 311 a.

tabun -- ; T. sgrib pa lnga; S. panca-āvarana. The five obstacles : anger, wickedness, ignorance, sensuality, doubt. ED 107 a.

TYLESI jin øglyge; T. sbyin sreg; S. homa. Fire offering. See Yhk, I 150-161.

TYRIDKYI ; T. hgog pa; S. nirodha. Cessation of suffering . See ynen (4).

TYSHID yn orun (fr. S.) ; T. Dgah ldan gyi gnas; S. Tushitāh :"The place of the Tushitas." Descent from this place is the first of the famous twelve acts of a Bu.

-- yn tngri; T. dgah ldan; S. Tushitāh. "The gods of the Tushita paradise" ED 255 b.

U

UBADI, ubadij-a, ubadini (fr. S.); T. mkhan po; S. upādhāya . Religious teacher or instructor.

UBADIS ; T. gdams ngag; S. anuçāsanā. Religious instruction or advice.

aman u --; T. zhal gdams, man ngag; S. upadeça. Instructions, admonition by the Bu., etc. ED 135 a. Here the word aman, T. zhal is merely honorific.

UBASI; T. dge bsnyen;. S. upāsaka. Male lay-disciple.

UCIR siltaγan; T. rgyu mtshan, gtan tshig; S. hetu. Reason, motive.

UDXA maγad -- ; T. don dam pa; S. paramārtha. "Transcendent" truth.

UΓ ; T. gzhi; S. ādhāra. Foundation, basis.

-- ucir; T. rgyu mtshan. Principal cause; reason.

-- un siltaγan; T. rgyuhi rkyen; S. hetu-pratyaya. Basic or primary cause.

xola yin --; T. ring bahi rgyu: The remote cause.

UMAI a oruxui; T. mngal na gnas pa; S. garbhāvakrānti. Entering the womb (in the shape of an elephant, referring to the conception of the Bu.).

UMZAD = bumzad.

UNGSILAXU ; T. zhal hdon pa To recite, as sacred texts.

URIDA jabuγulxu; T. sngon hgro; S. pūrvam-gamana. Introduction or preface to a ritual.

URIN zalaxu; T. spyan hdren pa (where spyan "eye" functions as honorific); S. ākarshana, āvahana. Invitation made to a deity (to reveal itself to the bytygelcin) See xoγusun aγar.

URUΓ barildaxu; T. nying mtshams sbyor ba; S. pratisamdhi. Reincarnation.

USUN u maxabud; T. chuhi khams; S. abdhātu. The element water (which represents the quality of suppleness).

xojar -- ; T. chu gnyis. Two kinds of water as offered in cult. See takil, naiman.

UXAΓAN ; T. rig pa; S. vidyā. Science.

-- (tabun); T. rig pahi gnas lnga; S. vidyā-sthāna (panca). Sciences (five).

daγun u -- ; T. sgrahi rig pa; S. çabda-vidyā. The first of the five sciences: grammar.

UXAГAN
dotuγadu -- ; T. nang gi rig pa; S. adhyānta -vidyā. Inner, i.e., Buddhistic science, philosophy, scolasticism.

UXAГUL un ygyleky; T. rtogs par brjod pa; S. avadāna. Edifying stories, section in the collection of Buddhist Scriptures.

V

VACIR ; T. rdo rje; S. vajra. Thunderbolt; diamond; the all-destroying, indestructible weapon of Xormusda (Indra) was early used metaphorically to suggest immutability, permanency, and the like. In late Buddhism it became the symbol of the absolute. See kølgen and bej-e. In the mystical sphere it assumed connotations of the linga (phallus) in Hinduism, its counterpart (the yoni) being the xongxu. As a ritualist implement it may have developed out of the serege. The vacir, made of metal, 4-5 inches long, resembles an open-worked dumbell . It and the xongxu symbolize the male deity and its female counterpart (T. nus pa, S. çakti).
-- saγurin; T. Rdo rje gdan; S. Vajrāsana. Thunderbolt seat, name of the seat on which Šagjamuni, while meditating, found enlightenment.
-- xongxu; T. rdo rje dril bu, rdor dril; S. vajra-ghantā . Thunderbolt and bell . See under vajra.
-- zabilal; T. rdo rjehi skyil krung; S. vajrāsana. The "vajra" posture (cross-legged) taken up by the Buddha on the vacir saγurin.

VACIRBANI ; T. Phyag na rdo rje; S. Vajra pāni . See γar tegen vacirtu.

VACIRDAR-A or OCIRDAR-A ; T. Rdo rje hchang; S. Vajra-dhara. "Thunderbolt-holder," the supreme god of the vacir (un) kølgen. Superimposed on the cosmic pentad (see tabun burxan under burxan) he is the Angxan u Burxan (see angxan) from whom all the deities, and the whole cosmos emanate. His is the fourth, the vacirtu bej-e.

VACIRTU baγsi; T. rdo rje slob dpon; S. vajrācārya. The thunderbolt teacher, the hierophant of the Tantras, who can explain them to the proper candidates.

VAIDURJA (various spellings) ; T. bai du rya; S. vaiḍūrya Lapis lazuli, chrysolite, malachite.

VCIR .Older form of vacir, ocir.

VI- Transcription of S. initial "vi-" or "bi-".

VINAI; T. hdul ba; S. vinaya. Clerical discipline; one of the aimaγ saba. See also šaγšabad. ED 98 a.
-- bariγci; T. hdul ba hdzin pa; S. Vinaya-dhara. Master of the vinai.

VIŠAI (fr. S.); T. yul; S. vishaya. Scope, range, (sense) object, objective domain of the six senses (including sedkil).
nidyn y --; T. mig gi yul; S. cakshur-vishaya. Sphere, range, scope of vision. See orun. ED 502a.

VIŠAITU, bisaitu; T. yul yod pa; S. viçayin. Being within or belonging to, the range of sense objects.

VIVANGGIRID, BIVANGGIRID ; T. lung bstan; S. vyākaraṇa. Revelation, prediction.

VRIDI or BRIDI See ridi.

X

XABSURUN uciraxu; T. sbyor ba; S. yoga. (The practice of) meditation or yoga.

XAГACAГSAN ... ece --; T. ... dang bral ba; S. vīta- , vigata- Free(d) from ...

XAГAN ; T. rgyal po; S. -rāja. At the end of book titles a laudatory ep. in the sense of "King of ..."

XAГURCAГ; T. za ma tog; S. karanda. Basket (used in book titles).

XAMTU ; T. lhan cig; S. saha. Together, simultaneous.
-- nige(n) boluγsan; T. lhan cig (tu) byung ba; S. sahaja. Born simultaneously, coexistent. Especially applied to a genius protector supposed to be born and existing simultaneously with an exalted person, such as the Bu. and charged with accompanying him through all his life, according to popular belief. In India this belief was extended even to the certain exclusive possessions of such a person. Legend gave a genius protector also to Šagjamuni. Here he was later identified with Vacirbani (see Гar tegen vacirtu). For the objects co-existent with the Bu. see erdeni, doluγan. The idea expressed by xamtu nigen boluγsan or tørygsen gained a deeper significance in esoterism where it is sometimes described as the mysterious realization of the ultimate innate "it" of the self and the nom ud.
-- (nigen) tørygsen; T. lhan cig (tu) skyes pa; S. sahaja. See xamtu nigen boluγsan.

XAMUГ ; T. thams cad, kun; S. sarva. All.

-- a. Translates the T. kun tu which renders the S. pref. pari-, "completely." Cf. oγuγata, xotala.

-- a belgedegsen; T. kun tu brtags pa; S. parikalpita. Imaginary, figmental.

-- a bitygci; T. kun tu rgyu ba; S. parivrājaka. Wandering monk.

-- bytygegci; T. thams cad sgrub, kun byed; S. sarva-siddha. All-realizing, all-creating; also a name.

-- ece tegygsen; T. kun las btus pa; S. camuccaya. Collection, compilation.

-- i ailaduγci; T. thams cad mkhyen pa, kun çes; S. sarvajna. All-knowing, omniscient, ep. of Bus. and other saintly persons.

-- i medegci; T. kun mkhyen, kun çes; S. sarvajna. All-knowing, omniscient.

-- sain = Masi sain; T. Kun tu bzang po; S. Samanta-bhadra. Name of one of the Eight Great Bos.

-- sitygen i bui kemen ygylekyi (jin aimaγ); T. gzhi thams cad yod par smra ba(hi sde); S. mūla-sarvāsti-vāda. "Holding that all exists"; name of a Buddh. school which claims to represent the original teachings of the Bu.

-- tusa (i) bytygegci; T. Thams cad grub pa; S. Sarvārtha-siddha. "Completer of all benefits," name given to Šagjamuni in later times. ED 586 a.

-- tyidker i maγad arilγaγci; T. Sgrib pa thams cad rnam par sel ba; S. Sarva-nīvarana-vishkambhin. "Remover of all hindrances", one of the Eight Great Bodhisattvas. ED 548-9.

XANGГAL; T. bskang gso; S. tarpana. "Satisfaction", a very solemn and elaborate offering ("banquet") made especially to doγsid.

XARAM; T. ser sna; S. mātsarya. Greed, jealousy.

XARIГULUN yly cidaxu(i); T. phyir mi ldog ba; S. avinivartanīya. Not to be turned back, irreversible (said of certain Bos.) ED 78 a.

XARIN yly iregci; T. phyir me hong ba; S. anāgāmin. One who never returns (for reincarnation). ED 22a.

XARSI dabxucaγuluγsan--; T. khang pa brtsegs pa; S. kūtāgāra. Many-storeyed building; more exactly: house with eaves at each storey.

-- siltaγan; T. hgal rkyen; S virodha. Hindrance, obstruction (on the road towards enlightenment).

XATAГU jeke --; T. draγ po chen po; S. mahā-rudra. Very fierce or terrible (appl. to doγsid).

XATAГUZIL; T. dkah thub, dkah spyod; S. tapas, vrata. Self-mortification, penance.

-- jabudal; T. brtul zhugs; S. tapaçcaryā. Penance, religious austerity, self-mortification.

XATAГUZIXU; T. dkah ba spyod pa; S. dushkara-caryā. Practice of austerities, penance.

XOCURLI ygei; T. ma lus; S. açesha. Without remainder, all included, complete(ly), entire(ly).

-- ygei ilaγuγsan; T. ma lus rgyal ba. All-victorious.

XOГ saγ un nomtu debel; T. phyag dar khrod kyi chos gos. Clothes made of rags picked up from dust-hills (S. pāmçu-kūla); such clothes should be worn by the monk who therefore is referred to as pāmçu-kūlika. ED 338b.

XOГUSUN; T. stong pa nyid; S. çūnya. Empty; the VOID, the doctrine that "things" have no substance, no essence, no independent existence of any kind, but "exist" only as aggregates of conditions and relations. This view may be roughly described as relationism. It was given its systematic form by famous Nagārjuna (M. Naganzuna, Naγanzuna, transl as Luus bytygsen, after T. Klu sgrubs, 2nd cent. A. D.)

-- u aγar. The realm of the VOID from which the bytygelcin evokes (urin zalaxu) the deities.

XOJAR ygei; T. gnyis su med pa; S. advaita, advaya. Non-duality, monism understood as the absence of the dualism of our ordinary way of thinking.

XOLBUN nairaγulxu; T. sdeb sbyor; S. chanda. Poetry.

XOLICAL ygei; T. ma dres pa; S. āvenika. "Unmixed," i.e., peculiar characteristics, characteristics peculiar to a Bu. or other saintly person.

XOMSIM Same as Xongsim.

XOMXA; T. bum pa; S. kalaça. Water jar, water vessel used in rituals.

XONGSIM bodisadu-a; T. Spyan ras gzigs (pron. Chen-ray-si) See Nidyber yzegci.

XONGXU; T. dril bu; S. ghantā. Bell. For its symbolism and role in cult see vacir.

XORMUSDA (fr. Pers. Ormuzd); T. Dbang po; S. Indra. The Hindu god Indra.

-- jin numun; T. brgya byin gzhu; S. indra-cāpa. Indra's bow = rainbow.

XOTALA Translates the T. kun tu, kun nas or simply kun which represents the S. prefix "pari-" or "ā" meaning completeness, inclusiveness. See xamuγ-a, xotala.

-- bajasxulang; T. Kun dgah; S. Ānanda. "Great joy," name of the most famous disciple and personal attendant of the Buddha.

-- bajaxulang un kyrij-e; T. Kun dgah ra ba; S. ārāma. Pleasure-ground; garden; name of a

park given to the Buddha for the benefit of his disciples.

-- jin sitygen; T. kun gzhihi rnam par çes pa; S. ālaya-vijnāna. The "general basis" = ālaya-vijnāna (the eighth of the tein byged medekyi ; it stores the seeds (køryngge, T. sa bon, S. bīja) before they phenomenalize as karmaic acts .

-- sain jabudaltu; T. kun tu spyod pa; S. samudācāra. Behaviour, practice, habit; familiarity. ED 572 b.

-- tegysygsen; T. phun sum tshogs (pa); S. sampanna. Endowed with, all-possessing.

-- tygemel; T. kun khyad; S. vyāpin. All-prevading, omnipresent.

XOUR øgygci (Transl fr. T.) ; T. gnod sbyin, dug sbyin; S. yaksha. Harm-giver, a class of demons, yaksha.

XUBI mayu --; T. skal ngan; S. durbhaga. Misfortune.

XUBILƮAN See also ridi xubilyan.

-- dur erke; T. rdzu hphrul dbang ba; S. ṛddhi-vaçitā. Mastery of magic power; the freedom to adopt any of the innumerable metamorphoses, ninth mastery of a Bo.

-- ridi; T. cho hphrul; S. ṛddhi. Magic power. ED 151b.

-- u bej-e; T. sprul (pahi) sku; S. nirmāna-kāya. Metamorphic or docetic body in which the Bu. reveals himself to the amitan. See bej-e, yurban. ED 302 a.

zali --; T. cho hphrul; S. prātihārya. Miracle. ED 392 a.

XUBILZU tøryky; T. brdzus te skye ba; S. aupapāduka. To be born without visible cause or without parents, spontaneously. ED 139 (upapāda, upapāduka, aupapāduka) differs somewhat.

XURAL; T. htshogs, tshogs. Assembly, group, set (of necessary) things.

XURAN ; T. hdu(s). M. converb of xura- translates T. hdus.

-- egydygsen; T. hdus byas; S. samskrta. Compound, conditioned, produced by a combination of causes, as the phenomena of sansar.

-- ese egydygsen; T. hdus ma byas; S. asamskṛta. Uncompounded, unconditioned, as e.g. nirvana. See nom ud.

-- medekyi; T. hdu çes; S. samjnā . Ideations, ideas. See coyca.

-- yiledkyi; T. hdu-byed; S. samskāra. Constructive - conditioning force or aggregate. See coyca. ED 543a.

XURICANGƮUI ; T. sred pa; S. tṛshnā . Thirst or craving for life or enjoyment. See sityn barilduly-a, zobalang.

XURICAXUI ; T. sred pa; S. tṛshnā . See xuricangyui.

XURIJAƮSAN ; T. hdus pa; S. samuccaya Accumulation, collection.

tobcilan -- ; T mdor bsdus pa; S. samgraha. Abridgment

XURIJAN (modal conv. of xurija-) may stand for the S. prefix sam-.

-- kyrtekyi ; T. reg pa; S. samsparça . Contact or impingement between sense faculties and sense objects.

-- uxayulxui; T. mdor bstan pa; S. uddeça. Brief instruction, concise treatment.

XURIJAXU boda--; T bsdu bahi dngos po; S. samgrahavastu. Means by which a Bo. collects, attracts, converts the amitan. ED 547 b.

amitan i -- ; T. sems can sdud pa; S. sattvasamgraha. Gathering or attracting living beings towards oneself (said of Bos.). ED 548 b

XUTUƮ ; T. go hphang; S. pada. Rank or dignity of a saintly person.

XUTUƮTAN u orun; T. Hphags yul; S. Ārya-deça. Ārya-varta. Holy Land or Land of the Holy or Noble, mostly applied to ancient India between the Himalaya and the Vindhya Mountains.

-- y ynen. See ynen.

XUTUƮTU ; T. hphags pa; S. ārya. Holy, noble (as a title reserved for incarnate lamas).

XUVARAƮ ; T. dge-hdun; S. sangha. Clergy, priesthood.

Y

YGYLEGCI ; T. smra ba; S. -vādin. Follower of a "vāda" or school of thinking (usually at end of cpd).

YGYLEKYI jin sitygen; T. gleng gzhi; S. nidāna. Introductory phrase (at the beginning of a work setting forth the reasons which prompted the author to write

the book; a branch of Scriptures. ED 296 b.

YGYLESI ygei; T. brjod du med pa; S. anabhilāpya. Unutterable, inexpressible, ineffable.

YILE berke -- ; T. dkaḥ spyod; S. duccaryā , dushkara. Austerities, penance.
- γadaγadu -- ; T. phyiḥi bya ba. Outer rites, as opposed to inner samadi.
- γurban -- (or yiles) ; T. las gsum; S. trikarma. Three kinds of actions, as of body, speech and thought or good, bad, and neutral (adiaphora), etc.
- xar-a -- ; T. nag las; S. krshna-karma. Black or evil deeds. See yiles.

YILEDKY ; T. ḥdu byed ; S. samskāra. May stand for xuran yiledky.

YILEDKYI ji yiledygsen; T. byed pa byas pa; S. kṛta-karaniya. One who has done what must be done, one of the erdem of a daisun i daruγsan.
- -- jin coγca. See coγca.

YILES arban nigylty -- ; T. mi dge baḥi las bcu; S. daçākuçalāni. The ten sinful acts. ED 2 a.
- arban xǒjar -- . 12 famous events in the life of the Bu.
- -- tyr vaçita ; T. las la dbang ba; S. karma-vaçitā . Mastery of karma, the freedom to perform any (karmic) action and acquiring the fruit of it. Fourth mastery of the Bu.
- -- yn ecys; T. las kyi mthaḥ ; S. karmānta. Work, occupation. See also yneker.

YJ-E doluγan -- . Same as gesigyn, doluγan.

YKYGER un ezen; T. dur khrod kyi bdag po; S. çmaçāna-pati. Lord(s) of the cremation ground (represented as two dancing skeletons).

YKYL un ezen; T. ḥchi bdag; S. mrtyu-pati. Lord of Death, Yama = Erlig xaγan.

YLEMZI, 1; T. lhag par, lhag paḥi . May stand for S. abhi- in the sense of "excessive" or for adhi-, "over."

YLEMZI, 2 ; T. khyad par can; S. viçishta. Distinguished.
- -- omuγ; T. lhag paḥi nga rgyal; S. abhimāna. Excessive pride, arrogance. ED 13b.
- -- sedkil; T. lhag paḥi bsam pa; S. adhyāçaya. Strong religious intent, purpose, aspiration. ED 17b.
- -- yzekyi; T. lhag mthong; S. vipaçyanā . Higher vision, virtually equivalent to S. prajnā . See belge bilig. ED 491 a-b.

YLY ; T. mi; S. "a-", etc. Not, non- .
- -- alziaγci jirtincy; T. mi mjed paḥi ḥjig rten; S. sahā-lokadhatu. The perishable (M."untiring") world. ED 588 a.
- -- kødelkyi; T. mi g'yo ba; S. acala. Unshakeable, firm steadfast, a frequent ep. , also one of the doγsid. ED 6b.
- -- kødelygci = kødelysi ygei, Agšubi (fr.S.) ; T. Mi ḥkhrugs pa; S. Akshobhya. One of the pentad of cosmic Buddhas. He presides over the east. See burxan and izaγurtu.
- -- nicuxui; T. phyir mi ldog pa; S. avinivartanīya , avaivartika. Irreversible (said of the Bodhisattva having reached the 8th stage) . ED 79 a.

YNDYSYN, 1. ; T. brgyud pa; S. param-parā . Succession, tradition.

YNDYSYN, 2 ; T. rgyud; S. hetu. Cause.

YNDYSYN, 3; T. rtsa ba; S. mūla. Root, base. See bujan.

YNDYSYN, 4 ; T. rgyud; S. tantra. Yndysyn in its meaning of "basis, origin" is the translation of T. rgyud which renders S. tantra, transcribed in M. as dandr-a, dandris, etc. The tantras, of most diversified contents , set forth the latest , highly syncretistic phase of Buddhist thought. They are divided into four classes: yile jin -- (T. bya baḥi rgyud; S. kriyā-tantra) which chiefly deal with magic rites; jabudal un -- (T. spyod paḥi rgyud; S. caryā-tantra) which treat religious practice; joga jin -- (T. rnal ḥbyor rgyud; S. yoga-tantra) discussing yoga;tengsel ygei joga jin -- (T. rnal ḥbyor bla mamed paḥi rgyud; S. anuttara-yoga-tantra) setting forth supreme yoga . See vacir.

YNDYSYN, 5 ; T. rgyud; S. samtāna, samtati. Stream of consciousness; mentality, person(ality). ED 555 b.

YNEKER ; T. yang dag pa(r), translates the S. prefixes sam-, samyak-, pra-. General meaning: truly, really, completely, fully, in the right way.
- -- abxu; T. yang dag par len pa; S. samādāna. Receiving fully; taking upon oneself, as a vow, etc. ED 567 b.
- -- amidural; T. yang dag paḥi ḥtsho ba; S. samyag-ājīva . Right livelihood. See mør.
- -- bodi xutuγ un yj-e; T. yang dag byang chub kyi yan lag; S. (sam)bodhy-anga. Any or all of the seven members of enlightenment.
- -- duradxui; T. yang dag paḥi dran pa; S. samyak-smṛti. Right mindfulness. See mør.
- -- kelen ; T. yang dag paḥi ngag; S. samyag-vāk. Right speech. See mør.
- -- onul; T. yang dag paḥi rtogs pa; S. samyak-samkalpa. Right intentions. See mør.

-- samadi; T. yang dag pahi ting nge hdzin; S. samyak-samādi. Right meditative concentration. See mør.

-- simdal; T. yang dab pahi rtsol ba; S. samyag-vyāyāma. Right effort. See mør.

-- tebcikyi; T. yang dag par spong ba; S. prahāna. The getting rid of, abandonment. ED 389 b.

-- tegysygsen; T. yang dag par ldan pa; S. samyukta. Possessing completely, being fully possessed of.

-- toγuluγsan bodicid; T. yang dag par rdzogs pahi byang chub; S. samyaksambodhi. The well perfected bodicid.

-- udxaxui; T. so so yang dag pa rig pa; S. pratisamvid(ā). Special knowledge. ED 370 b.

-- ygylegci; T. yang dag par brjod pa; S. samgīti. Collective recitation of the Scriptures.

-- yile jin ecys; T. yang dag pahi las mthah; S. samyak-karmānta. Right aims. See mør.

-- yzel; T. yang dag pahi lta ba; S. samyag-drshti. Right views. See mør.

YNEMLEKYI; T. don dam pa; S. paramārtha. See under ynen.

YNEN y kizaγar; T. yang dag pahi mthah; S. bhūta-koṭi. The (extreme) limit of truth, supreme truth (= ynemlekyi jin ynen).

inaγungi --; T. kun rdzob bden pa; S. saṃvṛti-satya. Conventional or esoteric truth. ED 541 a-b. See ynemlekyi ynen below.

xutuγtan u --; T. hphags pahi bden pa; S ārya-satya. Noble or holy truths as proclaimed by the Bu. during his first sermon (enumerated under yneker above)

ynemlekyi yin --; T. don dam pahi bden pa; S. paramārtha-saya. "Absolute" truth, supreme truth. Constrasts with inaγungi ynen.

YNYR ; T. dri; S. gandha. Odor as the external base of of olfaction. See tøryn tygeky.

YR-E; T. hbras bu; S. phala. Fruition . See tein bolbasuraxu. ED 395-6

YRGYLZI; T. rgyun ; S. santāna. "Stream of consciousness". The "continuum" as the totality of all the nom subdivided in 12 tøryn tygeky = 18 orun = 75 (or 100) nom.

-- de oruγci; T. rgyun du hjugs pa; S. çrota- or srota-apanna. One who has entered the stream, metaph for one who has started upon the career of a Buddha.

YZEL; T. lta ba; S. darçana. View, opinion, philosophical system.

buruγu --; T. lta ba log pa; S. mithyā-drshti. Wrong, perverted heretical views.

YZYRTY nigen --; T. rtse gcig; S. ekāgra. Concentrated on one point, as the mind in meditative concentration.

Z

ZABSAR caγ un --; T. dus mtshams; S. samdhyā . Interval of time, esp. time for meditation and rites of which four are mentioned: morning, noon, sunset, midnight.

ZAΓAN jeke --; T. glang po chen po; S. mahānāga. The great elephant, ep. of Bus. and Bos.

ZAΓURATU sansar un --; T. bar do; S. antarābhava, bhavāntra. The intermediate state between two incarnations.

ZALAΓU bejety; T. gzhon nur gyur pa; S. kumāra-bhūta. Ep. of the Bo. Zøgelen coγtu " He of a youthful body." (This is the traditional explanation reflected in many images, but see H. V. Guenther's "Jewel Ornament of Liberation," London, 1959, p. 8). ED 187 a.

ZALAXU ; T. spyan hdren pa; S. ākarshaṇa, āvahana. Invitation or evocation of a deity in a bytygel yn aγ-a.

γoul --; T. gzhung hdren pa. To quote the Scriptures.

orun --; T. zhing spyan hdren pa; S. kshetrakarshana. Evocation of a deity with his nøkyd.

ZALBARIXU ; T. gsol ba hdebs pa; S. adhyeshana. To pray.

ZALΓAMZI tyidker yn -- ji tasulxu; T. sgrib rgyun gcod par; S. sambandhoparāma. Break in the series of hindrances, liberation from samsar.

ZALI ; T. sgyu(ma); S. māyā. Illusion of senses, maya.

ZANG yile; T. cho ga, chog; S. vidhi, vidhāna. (Tantric) ritual.

ZARLIΓ kiged šastir. Kanjur and Tanjur. Title of the two basic collections of Buddhist Scriptures in Tibetan or Mongolian, šastir being here = Tanjur, M. Danzur, fr. T. bstan gyur, "Translated Teachin

-- un sitygen. Symbol of the word of the Bu., as a sacred book.

sain yge --; T. gsung rab; S. pravacana. Preaching sermon; ninth of the twelve divisions of Scriptures. ED 384 b.

yndysyn --; T. bhah rgyud. The tradition of Buddhist

teachings through the succession of the fathers of the church.

ZAXA kizaγar orun dur tøryky; T. yul mthah khob tu skye ba; S.pratyanta-janapada-jāti. To be born in the borderland (country of savages) Fifth of the eight cilyge ygei.

ZEDKER ; T. bar du gcod pa; S. antarāya, pratibandha. Interference, obstacle. ED 39 a.

ZIRГALANG , T. bde ba; S. sukha. Enjoyment, pleasure as contrasted to zobalang. See also amuγulang.

ZIRГALANGTU bej-e; T.longs spyod (kyi) sku; S. sambhoga kāya. The body of bliss, enjoyment, or beatific body of the Buddha. See bej-e (gsum).

-- orun; T. Bde ba can; S. Sukhāvatī. "Country of Bliss" the Paradise, presided over by the Bu. Abida.

ZIRYKEN 1; T. snying po; S. manda. (M. and T. heart, S. cream) fig. best part, essence.

ZIRYKEN, 2. ; T. snying po; S. garbha. Matrix, metaph. origin, source from which all things evolve.

ZOBALANG ; T. sdug bsngal; S. duḥka. Usually translated as suffering, misery, understood as the permanent concomitant of all experiences (unpleasant, pleasant, and neutral). Antonyms amuγulang, zirγalang. ED 265 under duḥkatā .

ZOKIJAL; T. bkod pa; S. vyūha, viyūha. (Supernatural or wondrous) array or arrangement. ED 520.

zirγalangtu orun u --; T. Bde ba can gyi bkod pa; S. Sukhāvatī-vyūha. The " Glory of the Paradise" Name of a very famous sudur.

ZOKILDUГSAN, yndysyn e--; T. rgyun mthun pa; S. nishyanda, nisyanda. Proportionate, commensurate. ED 309 b.

ZOKILDUXU, 1 ; T. mthun pa; S. sārūpya. Similarity, compatibility, homogeneousness.

ZOKILDUXU, 2; T. mthun pa; S. anukūla, anubhāva. Conformity, appropriateness.

ZORIГ; T. dmigs pa; S. ālambana. Basis, point d'appuis; sense object, object of meditation. ED 103 a.

ZORIГULXU ; T. bsgnos pa; S. parināmanā. Turning over one's own merits to one's fellow-beings (One of the prayers in rites). ED 323.

ZØGELEN coγtu; T. Hjam dpal; S. Manjuçrī. Translation of the S. name which is usually transcribed as Manzusiri.

ZØNG bilig; T. mngon par çes pa, mngon çes. Higher or supernatural knowledge or abilities, acquired by the daisun i daruγci. The all-seeing eye, all-hearing ear, uninhibited mobility, unlimited metamorphosis, mind reading, memory of one's former incarnations. ED 50 b.

ZULA ; T. snang gsal; S. āloka (light). Lamp, fifth of the eight takil.

-- jin zokijaγci; T. Mar me mdzad; S. Dipankara. Name of one of the most famous predecessors of Šagjamuni.

ZYIL; T. rnam pa; S. ākāra. Class, kind, aspect.

ner-e jin --; T. ming rnam grangs; S. nāma - paryāya. Enumeration of names.

nom un --; T. chos kyi rnam grangs; S. dharma-paryāya. Piece or chapter of text. For the various meanings of the S. word see ED 279 b.

ADDITIONS AND CORRECTIONS

In the following list of additions and corrections, cross references to "Pt. I" are to the main dictionary, cross references to "B. suppl." are to the Supplement : Mongolian Buddhist Terms and Phrases (pp. 1159-1192).

AB- yge --xu. To make inquiries [AT 99].

ABAΓALDAI Mask of a shaman.

ABAXA Uncle.

ABAXAI One of the titles of the daughter of a taizi [AT 158].

ABILDA- To prognosticate from the entrails (like an haurspex [SH/ Mo. 3-357].

ABIRI Wrong spelling for aburi, Pt. I.

ABUL ygei. There was no receiving (of wounds in a battle) = nobody was wounded [AT 96].

ABXAΓUL- See abxuγul-, Pt.I.

ACINAR (Pl. of aci). Descendants.

ADALI teng. Equal.
bej-e degen -- teng. Equal to oneself.

ADAR- To slander, calumniate [SH/Mo. 3-301].

ADARUΓCI Slanderer [SH/Mo. 3-299].

ADISTID oruγulxu. To invoke blessings.

ADUΓULAΓULSUN Herdsman [SH/Mo. 2-336].

ADXU alaγ-a ben --xu. To clench one's fist [AT 76].

AΓ-A Wife [AT 109]; lady, Dame (a title) [ET 75].

AΓACI Ordinary, common.

AΓALI Virtue [SH/Mo.]

AΓAR un kei. Atmosphere.

AΓARU See agaru. Pt. I (S. agaru).

AΓASI mayu -- . Evil customs [AT 34].

AΓASILXA- To move.

AΓDULA- To be short, wrinkled.

AΓTACI Master of the horse [Vl.].

AΓTAS Pl. of ayta.

AΓUL- To take prisoner [ET 73].

AΓULΓACI Vanguard [AT 82].

hAΓULUDXUN Throw yourself (yourselves) upon (him) [SH/Mo. 2-345].

AΓULZARIN Gift (offered at meetings?) [SH/Mo. 3-353].

AΓURASUTAI Having possessions, rich.

AΓUSTA- To smell, scent; to taste (?).

AGARU See agaru, Pt. I (S. agaru).

AGIRA- To turn yellow, dry (bones) [AT 114]. See Pt. I.

AIBILΓ-A, 1. Diaphragm.

AIBILΓ-A, 2. Receding (of water) ?

AIDUR baidur. Thievish, crafty, cunning (looks, behavior); in a thievish, cunning way.

AIMAΓ Group.

AIMAΓCI Belonging to a class, division, group, etc. ; versed in one or all of the three main divisions of the γurban aimaγ saba, corpus of authoritative Buddhist writings. See B. supplement under aimaγ

AJAΓA barixu. To offer a ceremonial cup of wine to the ruler at his enthronement.

AJALΓU Words [AT 32].

AJUS Horrible, terrible.

AJUXU amin. Fearful life [AT 104].

ALAΓCI Motley (bow).

ALAΓDA- aman ijer --zu. Being killed by the mouth (i. e. being almost killed by a report about the power of the enemy) [SH/Mo. 2-372].

ALAXU kymyn. Killing man; man to be killed [AT 32].

ALBA(N) ygei. Free from alban (official obligations, such as taxes, duties) [Vl.].

ALΓASALDU- To separate, part [SH/Mo. 2-375].

ALΓUR Careful(ly). See Pt. I.

ALI ... àli... Either ... or.
-- jaγun. Anything.

ALIJ-A Evil customs [AT 33].

ALM-A Pot; bow.

ALURIΓSAN Downtrodden grass [AT 18].

ALURXAI Trace , vestige.

ALUS kety. More remote, further [AT 34].
-- kety sanaγsan. Ulterior thought or motive.

AMAN abxu. To make a vow [AT 35]. See Pt. I.
-- ijen γarxu. To utter words [AT 34].
-- kyzygyn. The first two vertebrae of the neck [SH/Mo. 1-350].
-- niruγu. Atlas, first vertebra of the neck.
jeke -- keleky. To brag [AT 85].

AMARA modun. Mango tree.

AMARA- To love [SH/Mo. 3-325].

AMARALDU- To love each other [SH/Mo. 1-337].

AMIDU See bailγa-.
-- γarxu. To get away with one's life [AT 81].

AMIRALDU- To have friendly relations. See amaraldu-.

AMIRI See amara, Pt.I.

AMLIΓ Untamed horse [AT 32].

AMTUΓU nom. fut. + sixaxu. Nearly, almost.
-- unaxu sixaba. Almost fell.
-- ykyky sixaba. Almost died.

AMURCI- To live peacefully, quietly.

AM ZUM Leisured, idle; fortunate; quick nimble.

ANDA boluγsan = γaidaγ γarγasan. Person who acts as substitute in taking upon himself the sufferings of another person (= amin zolig).

ANDALDA- To change, exchange mutually.

ANG ece bayuxu. To stop hunting (?) [AT 39, 99].

ANIRAD See anurad.

ANURAD Sworn brothers who after exchange of presents come to a pact of friendship [AT 128].

ARACAГUL- To help and save [SH/Mo. 1-342].

ARAKITU Drunk.

ARAN, 1. Spirits, liquor [AT 32, 63].

ARAN, 2. See arai, Pt. I.

ARBAГAD
kymyn toluγai jin -- . Ten per head.

ARBICIГUL- To increase, grow. See arbiciγul-, Pt.I.

ARCILAГ Elm tree (?); willow (?).

ARГAMZILA-
toryа ber --xu. To tie up a horse with silk [AT 80].

ARICI Protection [SH/Mo.1-342].

ARIГUI Pure [ET 73].

ARILCA- To be removed, disappear (= aril-, Pt.I) [AT 85].

ARUXAN Somewhat slow.

ASAГ geky. To demand [AT 73].

ASAГATAI Enviable [AT 92]

ASAГUL Question.

ASAГULCA- To question each other.

AS[A]M-A GARBHI [S. açma-garbha] Emerald.

ASARAN xairalaxu. To take care lovingly [AT 13].

ASIU Adv. or interj. descriptive of noise.

ASXA- To empty by pouring [AT 108].

ATAГALA- To envy.
bygyde ji --xu. To envy everything [AT 100].

ATAГATU Jealous of [AT 109].

AXATAI Having an elder brother.
kymyn --, debel sixatai. A man has an elder brother even as a coat has a collar (both are mutually indispensable). [AT 10].

AZAGEJEN Particle expressing astonishment, clicking one's tongue in astonishment.

AZAI (ažai). See azuγu, Pt. I.

AZAR(I) [S. ācārya]. Teacher, preceptor; sorcerer; name of a mask in Cam (Cham) dance where they are often confused with the asuri).

AZI (pronounced aǰi). See azuγu.

B

BAГATUD Pl. of baγatur, Pt.I.

BAГSI Secretary, clerk [Vl.].

BAГSILAГCI said. Counseling minister [AT 31].

BAГTA didaxu. To very nearly sink in (?) [SH/Mo. 3-345].

BAГTARA- To sink (into the mud); to penetrate [SH/Mo. 3-345].

BAГU Collar [AT 16].

BAГU-
--zu ogky. To give.

BAГUCU See boγuzu.

BAГULA- To put on a collar [AT 16].

BAГURI Slope, incline.

BAI- To abstain or refrain from, stop [AT 26]; to stand.
--n xoγurundu. Continually [ET 55].
saγun --n jabuxu. To be now sitting, now standing [AT 122].

BAILDU-
--n obxu. To conquer, occupy in battle.

BAILГA- To stop [AT 73].
amidu --xu. To allow to or let live, refrain or abstain from killing.

BAIRI kiky. To draw up a battle position [AT 121].

BAITU Having a bai (landmark) [ET 114].

BAJAR kyrgeky. To welcome.

BALA See next entry.

BALATU Having "bala." (Coloring matter sticking to objects which have been in contact with lead, herbs, etc. ?).

BANDIDA [S. pandita]. Title of lamas, the daisun i daruγci, etc. See B. supplement and bancin in Pt.I.

BARA-
terigyn ben --xu. To lose one's head [SH/Mo. 1-336]

BARAГAN Dark (of the pupil of the eye).
-- bej-e. Dark body [SH/Mo. 1-312].

BARAГDATALA Completely [AT 56]. See baraγda-,Pt.I.

BARAГUN xoisi. Southwest.

BARAS See bars, Pt. I.
--, gertei. With tiger (skin) houses (tents covered with tiger skins ?) [AT 28].

BARIГDAL ygei. What can (could) not be taken or caught [SH/Mo. 3-324].

BARILDU-
yge --xu. To speak as a mediator [AT 30].

BARKIRAXU daγudaxu To shout loudly [AT 16].

BARUГ A kind of dog [AT 15].

BARUГ byryg. Dark and gloomy (hendiadys).

BARUI- To turn red with impatience [AT 15].

BASAR Market place [Vl.] See Pt.I.

BATAKI ebedcin. Sickness of the stomach [AT, p. 181, note 6].

BEČKEGYR Older spelling of biskigyr.

BEIZI Title given to princesses [ET 11].

BEJ-E kyrgygsen. Marriageable (girl)[AT 7].
-- amidural un uxaγan. Physiology.
-- xad. Body, stature [SH/Mo. 3-372].

BEL Even, although [ET 73].

BELBESYREGYL- To cause to wear mourning [AT 113].

BELBISYN See belbesyn, Pt.I.
-- bergen. Widow [SH/Mo. 1-297].

BELKENCEG The small of the back.

BER An "ergative' particle [Grønbech].

BERINED See beriged, Pt.I [SH/Mo. 2-360].

BERKES Pl. of berke. See Pt.I.

BILGE (= bilig) . Sage, wise.

BILIG The "Sayings" of Genghis Khan.

BILXU- = bilxa-. See Pt I.

BIXARDAГUL- To exhaust, knock out [SH/Mo. 2-366].

BODA- = bodu-. See Pt. I.

BOГTAГ Headdress of married noblewomen (obs.) [SH/Mo. 3-333].

BOГTALA-, BOГTULA- To put on the boγtaγ, become married (of a noble woman) [SH/Mo. 3-334].

BOГTATU Wearing a boγtaγ [SH/Mo. 3-333].

BOГUL eme --. Female slave .
medel --. Slave under someone's jurisdiction.

BOГUNID- To be abased [AT 44].

BOГURZI, BOXURZI Milking pot [AT 18].

BOГUZU, BOГUCU, BAГUCU (?) One of two eyes [AT 121].

BOL tegynygei ču --, minygei ču --. Whether ... is belonging to him or to me.

BOL- To change into.
douradu ebygen --xu. To change into a lowly old man[AT 25].
øgky -- usa. If (you) will give [AT 28].

BOLAD Obs. spelling for bolud.

BOLГA- To consider or regard as [SH/Mo. 1-355].

BOLГAГA- To examine carefully [SH/Mo. 3-299].

BOLTARI- To skulk [AT 19].

BOLUI Pres. - fut. of bol-. See bolai, Pt.I [SH/Mo. 2-357].

BOLULCA- maγui --xu. To turn bad (siutation) [AT 24].

BOLULCI- = bolulca- Pt.I.

BOLZAL, BOLZUR Appointed time [SH/Mo. 3-341].

BORBI Gourd [AT 70].

BORCIN sonu. A kind of duck [SH/Mo. 2 -379].

BORI Declivity, slope [Kaz. 15].

BORU γazar. The brown earth [SH/Mo. 3-322].
- - undur. Milk-wine cart.

BORUГCIN Pheasant [AT 9]. See Pt. I.

BOSAXA See bosuγ-a Pt.I.

BOSU- (orig. BOSO-) . To close or obstruct a passage [SH/Mo. 3-292].

BOSUГATU altan --. Those of the Golden Threshold = Sons of the Emperor.

BOSXA Tomb (?).

BOSXAГULI = bosxaγul, Pt. I.

BØGTYR- To tie on the saddle.

BØGZI Scrapiron [NP].

BØLYGEDY- To quarrel with each other [AT 44].

BSANG Translit. of T. bsang. See sang "incense," Pt.I.

BUDUIГU Colored.

BUGIJ-A Tether for the forelegs of a horse made with a loop in the leading rein [SH/Mo. 1-321].

BULAГ-A Marten [AT 21]. See Pt. I.

BUL [A]KA, BULГ-A Fight [AT 19, 59].

BULCIRXAIDA- To harden, as pus in a gland. See bulcirxaita-, Pt. I.

BULГA Struggle [SH/Mo. 3-322].
-- sedkiky. To think of revolt [SH/Mo. 2- 345].

BULГALDU- To fight with each other [SH/Mo. 3-323].

BULJA- To contend [AT 36]. See Pt. I.

BURГANIГ casun. Whirling snow [AT 10].

BURUIГULAГULZU talbixu. To let escape [AT 84].

BUSUIГU Is it not? [ET 68].

BUTUNG Barrel.

BUXA gørygesyn . Wild bull [AT 39] . See Pt. I.

BUXUNA- To get excited; to hasten; to strive, make efforts; to go.

BUZI- To curl (of hair) = buzigirtu-, Pt.I.

BYDYN Achilles' tendon [SH/Mo. I-321].

BYGYM Globe (?).

BYGYTYR See bøgtyr Pt.I.

BYRDY Little lake, pool [ET 115].

BYRID- See Pt.I.
-- ygsen. Perfected.

BYRIJ-E xalzin -- . Big conch shell used as trumpet [AT p. 185, note 3].

BYTY- To grow up [AT 47] . See Pt. I.
--gsen. Perfect (government). [AT 92].

C

CABCI - To perform swordplay [ET 69].

CABCILΓ-A Swordplay [AT 66].

CACIR Hut [AT 94].

CAΓCIN, 1. Pauper, beggar . See Pt. I.

CAΓCIN, 2. White mare.

CAΓAN mør. Favorable road (fig.) [AT 103].

CAΓATU, CAΓTU Ordinary man, commoner (opp. to nobleman [AT 103].

CAΓUN Sea gull.

CAΓUR Military expedition (obs.) [SH/Mo. 3-311].
cerig --. Soldier, warrior (hend.).

CAΓURA- To set out for war.

CAΓURIJATA- To resound, echo.

CAMBUDVIB (S. Jambudvīpa). See Zambutib.

ČAMXAΓ Pavilion. See Pt. I [ET 115].

CANDALI (S. caṇḍāla) Person belonging to the lowest caste; low-caste person.

CANDANA = candan See zandan.

CAR-A Pot. See cara, Pt.I.

CAŠKIRA- To cackle.

CASUN møsyn. Snow (hend., poet.).

CAXULAI Seagull.

CEG Hill [SH/Mo. 3-390].

CEI- To become white [SH/Mo. 1-360].

CERBI A military command (obs.). See Pt.I under cerbi [SH/Mo. 2-395]

CEREGLE- See cerigle-, Pt. I.

CERIG cuur(a) Army; war; revolt.
-- nemeky. To add one's forces to those of one's ally [SH/Mo. 3-340].

CEYGEN See ciygen [AT 8].

CI See cu, cy, Pt.I.
jeke -- baγa -- . Both the great and the small.

CIBKI- To plunge, submerge (?)

CIBILTY The Evil One (S. pāpiman). Ep. of Erlig Xaγan. See Pt. I and B. supplement.

CIBKI- To plunge in water, submerge, let fall in the water.

CICEGEI Pupil of the eye [SH/Mo. 1-312].

CICIN See secen.

CIDA(N) jadan. As best (I) can [AT 23].

CIDAΓ See cadiγ, Pt. I.

CIDAXU jadaxu ber. As best (I, etc.) can [AT 23].

CIΓATU See caγadu Pt.I.

CIΓULΓAΓCI Participant of a meeting [AT 73].

CIG Pigtail, queue [AT 22].

CIGY sumu. Palace guard consisting of Chinese soldier

CIGYD See cøgyrsyn Pt.I [ET 73].

CIKETEI Equus hemionus, dziggetai [ET 115].

CIKINAΓ Black ears of a horse [AT 67].

CIKRAVART, CAKRAVAR (S. cakravartin) . "A ruler the wheels of whose (war) chariot roll everywhere without obstruction," emperor, world ruler. See nom un kyrdyn in B. suppl.

CILABALZI- To lick [SH/Mo. 3-359].

CILBUΓURDA- To seize the bridle [AT 100].

CILGE- To remove the skin or bark [Ko.].
--gsen modun. Dry tree [Ko. 2166].

CIM-A (Sound of) moaning; regret [AT 65].

CINAzu bucalxu. To boil [AT 108].

CINAΓUN On yonder side, beyond [SH/Mo. 375].

CINEGEN bulu --. Up to the nave [AT 46].

CINGGEkyle If matters stand so [AT 81].
--tele Just then [AT 10].

CIRΓ-A Deep well.

CIRYG Plum.

CIYGEN, CEYGEN Shining [AT 8].

CODAΓ zerlig -- .Wild parsnip [Go. 3-349a].

COKILA- To throw over, upset (a container) [AT 24].

COLU abxu. To assume a title [ET 15].

CØGEN bejes. A few persons, a small group [SH/Mo. 3-304, 306, 307].

CØKYn jadaxu. To be at the end of one's wits, be in a predicament.

CψZAL (T. chos rgyal, S. dharma-rāja). "King of the (Buddhist) religion." Title of Erlig Khan. See nom un xaγan.

CψZI (T. chos rje , S. dharma-svāmin) Master of the religion, a Tib. Mong. title.

CU See ci.

CULBUR, etc. See cilbuγur, etc., Pt.I.

CURBATAI altan --. Young siskin. See curba, Pt.I and cuur, infra.

CURDA A kind of fish.

CURU eligen y --. Membrane of the liver (?).

CUUR altan -- . See curba, Pt.I and supra.

CY See ci.

CYMCIS Hill with a pointed top.

D

DA Emphatic particle.

DABARXAI See dabirxai.

DABCANG, DABSANG See tabsang, Pt.I.

DABIRXAI sil. Artificial amber, artificial jewel [Ko.].

DABXUI Doubled, as a coat [AT 32].

DABXURLA- xotu ji --xu. To surround or besiege a fortress [AT 54].

DAΓA- --n. Following; also. See Pt.I.

DAΓA- To be wounded (?) [AT 87].

DAΓALA- To join somebody [AT 19].

DAΓALΓA- yly --xu. To be impossible [AT 51].

DAΓARAΓUL- To let a person suffer cold [AT 32].

DAΓARI- To meet.
--zu γarxui. To encounter, meet, pass [AT 13].

DAΓARILA- To knock against [AT 85].

DAΓARIN A sore on the spine of a horse.

DAΓATAI Two years old (horse) [AT 9].

DAΓULI-, DAULI- To pillage, make prisoner [ET 74].
--zu/zi abxu. To seize, take possession of [SH/Mo. 2-338].

DAΓURIJA-
--n biciky. To imitate the writing of, copy [ET 55].

DAΓURISXA- To proclaim.

DAGINI Goddess (pop. meaning).

DAI darxad = darxad (pl. of darxan) [Vl. 64].

DAIBU [fr. Ch. ta(i)-fu] A title of nobility [Vl.].

DAIBUCIN Wife of daibu [Vl. 139].

DAICIN tngri. See daisun tngri.

DAIDU See taidu.

DAILALDU- To vie with each other.

DAIR Chestnut-colored (horse) [AT 7].

DAIRLALDU- To draw up one's battle lines [AT 102].

DAIZI- To revolt [SH/Mo. 1-329].

DALAI øtygyn. The wide earth (poet.)

DALDARI- --n odxu. To escape [AT 13].

DAMZIΓUL-
--un . Through, by (somebody's help or mediation).

DAN Very, quite, often.

DANGLASUN Lump or clod of earth [SH/Mo. 3-292].

DARBAΓULΓ-A Flag, banner.

DARGIRAΓ-A, DARKIRAΓ-A Cascade. See dargina , Pt. I [ET 90].

DARU- To block the door (from outside) [SH/Mo. 3-298].
sang i --xu. To manage the treasury [AT 43].

DARUΓACIN Governor of an appanage [Vl.].

DARXA Privileges granted by rulers in recognition of gifts presented or services rendered to them [Vl.].

DARXALA- To grant privileges [AT 24].

DARXAN baγatur Noble Hero (title granted for valor in battle [ET 9].

DAULI- See daγuli-.

DEBEGEN See debege, Pt. I [ET 115].

DEBIGYR Name of a musical instrument.

DEBSE- To dance [SH/Mo. 1-319].

DEBSI- To change one's seat, move on one's seat [ET 69].

DED inu, -- ni. Secondly.

DEGEDEGEN Against the wind [AT 79].

DEGER-E More beautiful [AT 79].

DEGTY = degtyr . Terrace.

DELED-
kituγa --ky. To manufacture a knife [SH/Mo. 3-385].

DELGEGYL- To let hear.

DELGEREGYLyn jabuxu. To keep spreading, disseminating [AT 57].

DELYRE- To come to oneself [Gu.].

DENGGECE- See tengce-, Pt. I [SH/Mo. 3-297].

DERE abun ykyky. To die (i.e. be buried) having the corpse of one's enemy) for a pillow [SH/Mo. 1-352].

DERELEGYL- terigyn dyr nigen degyy ber --be. "Pillowed" one of his younger brothers on the head (of the corpse) [AT 77].

DERGEDE jabuxu. To be in somebody's service [SH/Mo. 3-374].

DIVANGAR, DUVANGAR The Buddha Dīpankara (lit. the Light-maker), one of the predecessors of the Buddha Çākyamuni.

DOKI- To bow one's head.
--γsan. Honored (queen) [AT 44].

DONGIUDun jabubai. The saying goes [AT 26].

DONGIUDIAL Shouting [AT 32].

DORAMBA, DOREMBA [T. rdo rams pa]. The second of the higher ecclesiastic ranks acquired through the study of canid. See rabzamba, laramba, Pt.I.

DORM-A, DURMA See baling [T. gtor ma].

DORU A Manchu word corresponding in meaning to a certain extent to M. josun and tøry; Ma. doro.

DORUITA- To be conqured. See doruida-, Pt.I.

DORUITAIUL- omuγ --xu. To curb somebody's pride. [AT 25].

DOTUR-A -- ben sanaba. (They) thought among themselves [AT 38].

DØNGGEzy. Just about. See Pt.I.

DØRBELZIN kymyn. Squat man [AT 115].

DUMDA orun. Central India.

DURA(N)
øcyken --. Little desires [AT 45].

DURbar = dura ber. See dura(n), Pt.I.

DUVAZA [Sh. dhvaja] Flag, esp. temple flag.

DYGANG Temple. See Pt.I dugang.

DYI Younger sister [ET 74].

DYLEIREM Deafening.

DYRI Unoccupied, free.
-- jin kybegyn. Son of ordinary people [SH/Mo.
-- mori. Ordinary horse [SH/Mo. 3-382].

E

EBCIGY(N) (in certain cpds.) Intelligence.
-- nimgen. Clever, intelligent, penetrating (mind).
--n y cimeg. Necklace, beads.
--n y γoul. The middle of the chest.
--n y gegen. Clever, intelligent.
--n xuruγu. Cartilage joining breastbone to ribs.

EBDERKI Broken, injured [ET 116].

EBIN abaγ-a. Great-uncle [ET 74].

EBKEMI- To roll up [AT 22].

EBKESY Spindle, spool [Ko.].

EBYDYG yn nidyn. Kneecap [AT 41].

EBYGE ecige. Father's father [ET 116].

EBYGEN casun u caγan --. The Old White Snow Man (a figure in folk-lore representing winter).

EBYLCI- (?) = ebylziky.

ECYS See also kizaγar.

ED Add. in Pt. I: [an Uigur word].

EDKE- To cut [SH/Mo. 3-312].

EDYI bykyi. To be alive [ET 73].

EDYN (pl. of edyi) These several, these many.

EDYR Also written ydyr.

EGEDE Spirit of good luck [SH/Mo. 1-330].

EGELTYRLE- To hang down (helmet from neck) [AT 101].

EGYD- To construct, make, manufacture.

EGYNEI Belonging to him [ET 72].

EJ-E dyr oruγulxu. To pacify, subject (an enemy) [AT 86].

EJETY- To deliberate [ET 74].

EKILE- To lead.
ezen --n bygyde. All, beginning with or including the lord [AT 42].
--n mordaxu. To set out in the lead [AT 121].

EKI(N) šasin u --. Basis or foundation of the doctrine or religion [AT 123].

ELE bøgesy. If, whatever it be.

ELEGYR See eregyl, Pt. I [ET 72].

ELGI- See elgy-.

ELGY- = ølgi-. To lift by a hook [AT 96].

ELSEGYL- To receive (?).

EMČY = ØMCI xubi. Personal part or portion [SH/Mo. 3-376].

EME køgyn (orig. kø'yn), Woman [SH/Mo. 1-325].

EMEGELDEL Old woman [ET 66].

EMLIG See emneg [AT 112] See Pt.I.

EMYS- To put around (e.g. a snare around the neck) [AT 84].

EMYSKEL Wedding present [SH/Mo. 1-316].

ENDEGY- To be mistaken about something, let something slip one's attention [SH/Mo. 2-377].

ENDEGYL- To bring into default [AT 102].

ENDEGYREzy tasijaraxu. To err, make mistakes [ET 55

ENE doura. Here(under).

ENELKYN amitan. The suffering creatures (precl.).

ENG, 1. The very (with superl.), the most.

ENG, 2. Area, space.
-- yn kymyn. Lowest class of people = xar-a kymyn. [Vl. 168]. See Part I under ENG.

-- yn xaracu. Person belonging to the lowest class [Vl. 168].

ENGGYRE See engkyreg, Pt. I.

ENGKE yje. Age of peace.

ERBENGKEI Flitting, fluttering (?). See erbeng.

ERDEM sinzilege. Scientific research.

ER-E aγta. "Men-geldings," soldiers, troops [SH/Mo. 2-382].
-- boγda (ere boγda) The man-saint [AT 85].

hEREGEI Thumb. See erekei, Pt. I [SH/Mo. 2-373].

ERGILGE The circling of flying birds.

ERGYn tegeky. To lift up, raise [AT 46].

ERIL Something sought or looked for, object of (re)search.

ERILDY- To seek or ask together, take counsel.

ERKE Beloved [ET 22].

ERKETEN The warriors and servants most close to the rulers at their headquarters.

ERKIM axa. Good sir!

ERTEGE- To trust [AT 71].

ERTE(N) y bujan. Merits acquired in former incarnations [AT 36].

ERY- To feel anxiety, worry [ET 68].
--gsen. Sad [AT 19].
--zy cøkyzy. Being depressed, despondent [AT 20].

ERYKE ger yn -- zasaγci. He or she who controls the tent flap [AT 108].

ERYS- zajaγan-a --gsen. To be overcome by fate, i.e. to be dead [ET 18].

.ESE bolxu. To be or act in vain, fail; to disagree [AT10].
yge dyr -- bolxu. Not to happen according to somebody's words [AT 41].

ESEN Safe, prosperous. See Pt. I.

ESERGY ..., buruγu. (To) the one side ... (to the other side [AT 19].
-- tesergy. To and from; hither and yon [Grøn.]; on this side and on the other side [AT 96].
-- xaran ... eteged xaran ... Turning the face aside.

ESERGYLCIN Opponent [AT 52].

ESI xatun. Empress, queen [AT 104].

ESIZEN Goatskin [AT 21, 43].
-- daxu. Goatskin coat.

ESYG = YSYG Mare's milk [AT 17], Koumiss made of mare's milk [SH/Mo. 1-310].

ESYGCILE- To drink esyg [SH/Mo. 1-310].

ETEGED tøry ece -- yile jabudal. Acts violating the law.

EZELEGYL- To give into the power or put under the command of somebody.

Γ

ΓADANASI That in front [Grøn.].

ΓADARTAI Covered with material (of a) lambskin greatcoat [Mo.].

ΓAΓCAΓCIN yzyg. Letters of the alphabet.

ΓAIMU zerlig --. Shepherd's - purse, Capsella bursa-pastoris.

ΓAL un sudur. Books dealing with the fire ritual.
-- xaγan, --un burxan, -- un tngri. The god of fire.
-- xul. Fire (poet., hend.).

ΓALZIN See xalzan.

ΓAR køl. The hands (hend.).

ΓARΓA-To dispatch (as a messenger, etc.); to let escape (as game, when hunting); to dismiss from office [AT 54]; to spit out [AT 54, 66, 99].
--n aldaxu. To cause to come out, lost [AT 17].

ΓARΓAΓU Punished or fined person (?).

ΓAUΓUU kyrij-e. Enclosing trench [AT 86].

ΓAUTU Surrounded by a ditch.
-- baisng. Prison.

ΓAZAR usun. Land and water [AT 47].
usun nutuγ --. Lands, waters and pastures [AT 48].

ΓAZARU inery. Name of an offering [SH/Mo. 1-305].

ΓAZARZI LA- To show the way, guide [AT 101].

ΓOLUMTA eke. Mother of the hearth (a Shamanist deity).

ΓONCIN Title of nobility [Vl].

ΓOTU Paw of a wild animal [SH/Mo. 2-371].

ΓURA Kind of hornless roebuck [SH/Mo. 3-292].

ΓUTU- To trouble or bother oneself; to lose face.

ΓUTUSUN Boot [SH/Mo. 1-292].

G

GEDERGI See gedergen, Pt. I [ET 116].

GEDYLGE- See gødylge-

GEGE- --gsen em-e. Divorced women [Vl.166].

GEGETY Bright [ET 116].

GEGEGDE-
ere degen -- tygei. May they be abandoned by their husbands (curse)[AT 41] .

GEM cimar. Fault, misfortune (?).

GEMYRIGYL- To make dissatisfied, discontented [SH/Mo. 3-327].

GEMZILE- See gemsi-, Pt. I

GENED Pl. of genen [SH/Mo. 1-354]

GENED- See genede-, Pt. I.

GENEGE Illness [Vl. 178].

GENEN pl. gened. Being unprepared against at attack. See Pt. I [SH/Mo. 1-338].

GENY- To arrive.

GENYGER Resentment [SH/Mo. 3-305].

GER yn kymyn. House slave or serf [Vl.].
naiman cayan --. The Eight White Houses, memorial buildings at the tomb of enghis Khan [AT 48, pp. 145-6].

GEREL- To fear (?).

GERGEI = GERGEN As special title wife of a said or "dignitary."

GERGEN See gergei

GERIJES Souvenir. See Pt. I [AT 110].

GERY The "dark", north side of a mountain [SH/Mo. 2-335]

GESKE- To smelt See Pt I [SH/Mo. 3-327].

GETY Across
møren --. Across the river [AT 28]

GICKI- = giški-. See Pt. I [ET 59].

GØDYLGE- / GEDYLGE- To rout an enemy [SH/Mo. 3-309].

GØMERGE / GYMERGE /KØMERGE Chest which according to tradition contains the remains of Genghis Khan [ET 15].

GØRYGED Obs. plur. of gørygen [SH/Mo. 344].

GØRYLELDY- To attack each other (?) [SH/Mo. 3-322].

GRAГ ɣadasun -- = mōdun --. The planet Jupiter.

GYBCIN Whole.
-- bej-e. The whole body [SH/Mo. 3-367].

GYGI- To fish with hook and line.

GYMERGE See gømerge.

GYNZI See gyngzy.

GYRGEN See kyrgen, Pt.I.

GYRY- To make by plaiting [AT 47].

GYYSI (Ch. kuo-shih). Preceptor of the Nation. See Pt. I, under gosi [ET 117].

I

IBEGEGDE- To be well treated [AT 103].

IBUL- / IBYL- To confuse, put in disorder.

ICE-_-ky (attributively) . Bashful [AT 104].

ICU- To retreat, recede (from fear) [SH/Mo.1-326].

ICUГDA- To be able to retreat or recede [SH/Mo.3-303].

IDXA- To hinder, stop [AT 15].

IDXAГ-A Warning.

ILCI See elci.

ILEDTE egyn y --. In his presence [AT 68].

ILEGYY See also ylegyj-e.

hILUXAD- To excite, stir up [SH/Mo. 2-340].

INAГ The friends (nøkyr) closest to the person of Genghis Khan, paladin, confidant.

INARU After.

INE- To sacrifice [SH/Mo. 301].

INERY See ɣazaru.

INZI, INZA See ingzi, Pt. I [Vl. 163, n. 11].

IRAGU
jeke --. "Great Melody," probably meaning: a sacrifice made to the ancestors. [SH/Mo. 300].

IREKYN Pl. of ireky(i).

IRGE = ERYGE Tent flap [AT 78].

IRGГ See irgen

IRGEN -- oryа, -- oryo, --oryan. People [SH/Mo.3-360].
kegere jin --. Steppe people: cattle breaders.
oi jin --. Forest people, hunters, trappers.

ISKELBYRI Spur [AT 18].

ITEGEL ygei. Without confidence [AT 23].

ITELGY Lanner falcon. See Pt. I [AT 22].

J

JABU--
cerig --xu. To go on a military expedition [SH/Mo. 2-394]; to go to war [SH/Mo. 2-394].
dayun ygei --xu. To remain silent [AT 12].
ger te --xu. To serve in the house [SH/Mo. 2-373].
zoɣuylan --xui. To be about to drink. [AT 63].

JAГAKI-
--ba? What did (you, etc.) do? [AT 116].

JAГAKIN, JAKIN Why?

JAГUCI What kind of?
-- kymyn. What sort of a man?
-- ulus. What (kind of) people [AT 7].

JAΓUN ber. Something.
-- bolba? (at the end of sentence). What is the reason? Why? [AT 108].
-- bui ? (at the end of sentence) . What ? What is the use? what does it mean?
-- zebe. Whatever weapon.

JAKIN See Jaγakin.

JAMBUTU Holding an office or rank.

JANAKI See xanaki.

JASA- γar tur --n barixu. To control with one's hand [AT 114].

JASU (h)ysy. Bones (hend.). [SH/Mo. 1-327].

JASUN caγan --. Nobility.

JEGYDKE-
orun i --ky. To pass on the crown or throne [SH/Mo. 2-352].

JEGYDGELDY- To shift, change, as sentinels, etc. [SH/Mo. 390].

JEKE købegyn or kybegyn. The oldest son [AT 104]
-- yge. Boast(ing words) [SH/Mo. 2-362].

JERY bygyde jeke ulus. The whole great people [AT 54].

JOSUN ygei. Contrary to the correct usage, against the rules, against good manners, unethical [AT 86

K

KEB josun. Manner, habit, custom, usage [AT 28].

KEBELI
nigen -- jin. Uterine [AT 94].

KEBELI- To slip down to one side (as a blanket, etc.), incline, sink (sun) [SH/Mo. 2-335].

KEBERTEI Having a (beautiful) form.

KEBID Obsol. for keid., See Pt. I.

KEBKERY- To break into pieces [SH/Mo. 1-331].

KEBTEGYD Name of Genghis Khan's nighttime bodyguard.

KEBTEGYL Night watch, nocturnal bodyguard. See kebtegyd [SH/Mo. 3-388].

KEDYN Pl. of kedyi See KEDY(N), Pt. I.
-- møsyn. How many strands (in a rope) ?

KEGEGCI Fem. to keger(e).

KEGEGYLYGED
ein -- . " Having been thus told or ordered." (Formula concluding a command, etc.) [SH/Mo. 3-394].

KEGELIDE- See kegelite-, Pt. I.

KEGEN = kegencer, Pt. I.

KEGER Chestnut horse with black mane and tail [AT 47].

KEGER-E See keger. See above and Pt. I.

KEGYL See køkyl (køkel).

KEGYR See kygyr.

KEGZIGYN = kegzegyn, See Pt. I.

KEKE Amniotic fluid.

KEKERI- = kekere-, See Pt. I.

KEL- --ky bygyde ulus. United people [AT 47].

KELBER = kelberi, See Pt. I.

KELDENG xuldung. (Going) clip-clop [AT 89].

KELE(N) abxu. To deprive somebody of his tongue [SH/Mo. 2-330].
-- ajalγu. Pronunciation, dialect.
-- kiky. To give information [SH/Mo. 2-334].
-- kyrgeky. To bring word, report [AT 91].

KELEGEI malaγai. Dumb and mute (hend.).

KELEKY bygyde. All [ET 74].

KELI- To lead (?)

KELKI- To prepare.
ziruxai --ky. To prepare a map [ET 86].

KEM yliger. Argument, syllogism.

KEMEtygei. Although .. say or says.

KEMLEGYR = kemnegyr.

KEMZI-
--n ziruxu. To measure and draw lines [AT 92].

KERCILGE The act of cutting, mincing, slicing.

KERD Sound made by a cutting instrument.

KEREG
nadur jaγun --? What sort of affair would that be for me ? [AT 19].

KERMEN Squirrel.

KESEG busaγ yge. Random words [AT 177].
doluγan -- ebedcin. Seven-part disease [AT 101].

KESEGDE- To take as an example, imitate [ET 68].
cimaγar --kyi. They should take you as an example [ET 68].

KESIG See keseg, Pt. I [SH/Mo. 3-374].

KESIG Shift, turn, guard; watch which is [or serfs which are] on duty in shifts [SH/Mo. 3-371].
-- jegydkeldyn. (Working) in shifts or turns.
-- mixa. Sacrificial meat [SH/Mo. 3-379].
-- oruxu. To do one's assigned turn in serivce [SH/Mo. 3-377].
jekes yn --. Portions of victuals offered to the ancestors which are later distributed to the assistants [SH/Mo. 1-305].

KESIGLE- To work in turns or shifts [SH/Mo. 3-378].

KESIGTEI, KESIGTY kymyn. Fortunate man [AT 81].

KESIGTEN Servants, guards on duty by turns (Either an acoustic contamination between kesig "favor" and kesig "turn", or a semantic identification, the bodyguards being regarded as the most favored persons close to the ruler. See Part I) [SH/Mo. 3-377].

KESIGTY Person (guard, servant) on duty by turns.

KESIGYCIN Servant who is on duty by turns [SH/Mo. 3-380]

KEZIJEDE Some time, in the future.

KI- jaγun --nem? What has become of [AT 78].

KIJEBYGEN = købeng .See Pt. I. The translation of this word as "linen" is doubtful [AT 132, note 1 on chapter 27, p. 132].

KILBAR kymyn. "Easy" man (?) [AT 16].

KINZI , etc. See ginzi, etc. [AT].

KIRCENG Penis.

KIRYGETY Serrate.

KØBEGYN See kybegyn.

KØDELKY ulus. Artisans, craftsmen [ET 70].

KØDYLEL ygei. Unshakable (courage).

KØGE xuca jin --. A guard fastened to the belly of a ram to prevent mating.

KØGECIRGEN Leather strap for cradle (?) [AT 96].

KØGYBYR See køgebyr, Pt. I [AT 46].

KØKE xalzin. Blue horse with white blaze [AT 67].

KØLGELE- To harness.

KØLGE(N) ba terged γarγaxu. To provide harness and carriages [SH/Mo.3-294].
-- oruγulxu. To put horses to a cart, harness [SH/Mo. 3-293].

KØMERGE See gømerge.

KØNDE- To cut marks [AT 75].

KØRBE- To quiver, as a fish taken out of the water. See degyli-.

KØRISYTEI See kørysyty, Pt. I [SH/Mo. 3-321].

KØTECI Master of the horses, equerry [Vl.].

KØTEL Groom. See køtyl, Pt. I [AT 117].

KYCY ijen øgky. To assist [AT 15].

KYGELYYR Excrescense on the testicles of a wild boar.

KYGYR / KEGYR Talk ,"topic" [AT 68].

KYISY(N) Depression in a fruit where the stem is attached to it.

KYITESY Frozen droppings of cattle.

KYKYR Pot [AT 70].

KYLCE- (?) To wait a little while (?) [AT 64].

KYLCIGYRE- See kølcygyre-, Pt. I [AT 36].

KYLCY- / KYLCI- See kølci-, Pt. I.

KYLI- --zy talbixu. To fetter or bind [AT 39].

KYLIL Trigram.

KYLYL Barrel [AT 18].

KYMYLEGYL- To anthropomorphize.

KYMYN Sometimes "slaves" [Vl. 165].
dumda --. "Middle class" people, lower than nojan. [Vl. 165].
sain --. Wealthy, prosperous, influential people of the upper class.

KYNE- To threaten [AT 33].

KYR Tomb [AT 48].

KYR- ynen yge degen --ygsen. Not having broken one's word [AT 45].

KYRCE / KYRCI Spade [AT 67].

KYREN(G) erijen. Dark-brown striped [AT 40].

KYRGE- γar tur --ky. To deliver into a person's hand [AT 101].

KYRGEN eriky. To look for a suitable daughter-in-law [AT 12].

KYRY- To sharpen an arrow.

KYRY Rock [SH/Mo. 1-318].

KYRYL ygei. Without arriving at his destination.

KYRYLCE- To meet each other . See Pt.I. [SH/Mo.3- 323].

KYZYGYY ber teberiky. To embrace the neck.
xatun -- . Epistropheus, the second cervical vertebra.

L

LABAΓ- A A kind of white insect (larva) found in brooks during autumn.

LARAMBA, LAREMBA, TARAMBA [T. lha rams pa] Highest ecclesiastic rank granted to students of canid in Lhasa.

LYBCITEN Armored horsemen [Vl.].

M

MAΓU ber jabuxu. To be on bad terms with [AT 23]
kymyn i -- sedkiky. To plan evil against somebody.
øcyken --. The minor or inferior part [AT 53].

MAΓUILA - To be displeased. See maγula- , Pt.I [SH/Mo. 3-325].

MAHA-A cina [S. Mahācīna, Great China]. A name for China, used in Buddhist scriptures.

MARIJALCI A flowered rug, carpet [Ko.].

MARTA jadazu. Being unable to forget [SH/Mo. 3-346].

MAXABUD
bej-e --un. Physical, corporeal.

MAXAI sir-a. Brown bear.

MEDE- To observe (a custom) [AT 29].
--tygei. Let (him) decide [SH/Mo. 3-303].
alba --ky. To control the taxes [AT 36].
øber yn erke ygeı --ky. To be conscious of one's own unimportance.
ulus i --ky. To govern a people [AT 36].
zajaγan --tygei. Let fate decide [AT 39].

MEDEL Jurisdiction.
-- boγul. Slave (under someone's jurisdiction).

MEDELTY Being under somebody's jursidiction, a subject [Vl.].
-- kybegyn. A subject.

MEGSI- To sob

METY -- . As it were.
emijeky iceky -- . Frightening and shameful, as it were [AT 30].

MILAZAΓUD un xoni; MILAΓAΓUD un xoni. Ram sacrificed to Genghis Khan on the 21st day of the third month in spring [SH/Mo. 3-359].

MINAΓ-A Whip.

MINGŢA(N) Body of a thousand men (military) [SH/Mo. 3-384].

MINGΓALA- To divide into groups of a thousand each.

MONGDA- To be exhausted, worn out.

MORDA- --n baγuxu. To go on a campain [AT 37].
... dur cerig --xu. To go on a campain against.

MORDAΓUL- To move soldiers, attack [AT 108].

MORILA-
cerig --xu. To campaign [AT 93].

MØD pl. of mør. Way (preclass.).

MØLTELE-, MØLTYLE- To dislocate, disjoint.
duγulγ-a ben --ky. To take off one's helmet.

MØN Same as before.
-- deger-e. On that very spot [AT 71].
-- søni. (In)the same night.
-- yge. The same words.
ene -- ci. This art thou indeed.

MØNGKE γazar. Eternity, nirvana [AT].

MØRGY- To greet by touching the ground with one's forehead, kowtow.

MØSELDY- To separate [SH/Mo. 2-375].

MØSYN Stick [AT 38].
γurba --. Threefold (cord).

MUNGXAΓLA-
--n boda basu. In my humble opinion [ET 55].

MUXALI Slave , serf.

MUXALIΓ
boduxu --. Bead of an abacus.

MUXUR nyke. Pit. See Pt. I.

MYKEI Malodorous [ET 118]. See ømykei, Pt. I.

MYSYN See møsyn.

N

NABSA / NAMSA [T. na bzah] Dress, garment (with reference to sacred statues and persons of rank).

NAΓ-A Relatives on mother's side.

NAΓADU caγadu. Here and there [AT 22]

NAICIΓAR Coarse, thick.

NAIDA-
nom i --xu. To be jealous of Buddhism, hold Bsm. in abomination.

NAILA- To consort, mate [AT 63].

NAILZAΓUR Scion.

NAIRALTU sain. Harmonious; sympathetic.

NAKŠATAR See nagšadar, Pt, I.

NALDAN, NALA [S.nalada] The Indian spikenard; the root of Andropogon; the blossom of Hibiscus Sinensis, etc.

NAMAΓ-A, 1. Barrel [AT 18].

NAMAΓ-A , 2. Foliage (?)

NAMCI Obs. form of nabci. See Pt. I.

NAMAΓATU airaγ. A bucketful of kumiss.

NAMLA- To shoot [AT 31].

NAMSA See nabsa.

NARAD Pl. of narasun [ET 73].

NARAN eke. Mother Sun.

NARBAI See narmai, Pt. I.

NARIN okin. Chaste virgin.

NASUN buyan. Life visualized under a karmic aspect.

NEBCERE- To come forth, seep through, percolate.

NEBSEGENE- To dangle, of tatters, etc.

NEBTEREn ketyreky. To stand out, surpass.

NEBTERKEI-e aman abxu. To give a definite promise.

NEGY- To move over to or join another group [AT 74].
--ky nøgciky. To nomadize [AT 46].
morilan --ky. To set out for war [ET 18].

NEGYDEL A horde of homads.

NEGYRI Overnight camp. See Pt. I.
γurban --. Distance of a three days' march [AT 7].

NEGZI- To search.

NEIGEM niγur. United front.

NEILE- To reconcile oneself with.
--ky ygei. Incompatible.

NEILELTE Connection, joint [SH/Mo. 1-350].

NEKE-
--zy gyiceky. To chase after, pursue.
øsij-e --ky. To pursue the vengeance [AT 120]

NEKEGYLCIN Pursuer [AT 96].

NEMEKYI baγuraxu. Growth and decline [ET 45].

NENGDE- To win, be victorious (?).

-NI- Suffix reinforcing a verbal base.

NIBEN [J. Nippon] Japan (now rare).

NIDYN ebydyg yn --. Kneecap [AT 41].

NIГULTAI Hidden, surreptitious [AT 68].

NIГUR Surface.
toli --. Surface of a miror.

NIGE(N) a) Whole .
-- tøry. The whole rule [AT 65].
b) Alone .
-- bejetei. Unmarried (of women only ?).
c) Only .
-- kedyn. Some.
d) Oneness
... luγ-a -- bolxu. To become one with.

NIGSIGYRE- .See zigsugyri-, Part I.

NIGED- To conspire; to combine.
dere -- yn xonuxu. To pass the night combining the pillow: to lie with a woman.

NIGEMYSYN At one blow [AT 117].

NILXARA- To weaken.

NIRAI bej-e. Tender body [AT 45].

NISKYL See niskel, Pt. I.

NIZE[GE]D One each
-- toluγai. One per head.

NOJAD
ger yn --. The officials of the naiman caγan ger.

NOM busu. Secular; profane.
-- xaγan [S. dharma = justice]. Lord of Justice, (epith. of Erlig Xaγan as Judge of the Dead). [S. dharma = Buddhist religion]. King of Religion (title given to secular rulers who patronized Buddhism, also title of high-ranking lamas).
-- yiledky. To spread Buddhism, adhere to the Buddhist faith.

NOMCIN A Buddhist.

NORMALA- To normalize, standardize.

NØGYGE debter. The second book or volume of a work.
-- eke. The second mother [AT 94].

NØKYCE- To unite. See Pt. I.
--je . Let us be friends [AT 20].

NØKYCELDY-
ger --ky. To set up housekeeping [SH/Mo.2-358]

NUГUS
dørben --. The four cardinal points [ET 75].

NUNTUГ Obs. for nutuγ. See Pt. I.

NUTA Thoroughly [AT 125].

NUTUГ
nigen -- ulus. One camp of people.

NUTUГLA- / NUTAГLA-
--n baγuxu. To encamp [AT 20].

O

OBAГ Precl. for obuγ, oboγ [Vl . 46].

OBUГTAN bolxu. To become a member of a clan [AT8].

OГCIN Given to anger.

OГTAL-
--zu orkixu. To cut off [AT 75].

OГTUL- To stalk game and shoot.

OI jin irgen. Forest people, hunters.

OISULALDU- To harm each other [ET 73]. See oisulad- Pt. I.

OITU Spirited [AT 24].

OKI
yile jin --xu. To summit, maximum of acts [AT45].

OL- To earn a living.

OLAN See ula.

OLDA-
aγasi ben --xu. To acquire customs [AT 34].

OLUNCUГ (orig. oloncoγ) Saddlebag [SH/Mo. 3-390].

OLUNKI The major part (of a group), majority.

ONGГACA Same as ongγuca.

ORAI Precl. for orui.

ORAN Precl. for orun.

ORDU
xalaγun i zailaγci --. " Palace for avoiding the heat," Imperial summer residence during the last dynasty in Jehol (the name is a translation of Ch.

name Pi-shu-shan-chuang. For Ch. characters see, Giles 9663, 10065, 2760, or Mathew 3108, 5866, 5630, 1454.

ORГA(N) , oryo. See irgen.

ORII-, orijata-. To recall back hunting falcons, etc. with a lure.

ORKI- To throw or turn somebody out [AT 69]
alazu --xu. To do away by killing. See Pt. I under orki-, b [AT 69].

ORLA- To growl.

ORU(N) Womb.
... -- ece salaysan. Proceeded from the womb of..
takil un --. Priest (?).

ORU- To join; to earn a living (?); to begin [AT 73].
singsin dyr --xu. To obey a prognostication [AT116].
uxayan --xu. To begin to understand [SH/Mo. 3-368].
xubisxal dur --xu. To start a revolution.
үgen dyr --xu. To follow the words, take the advice [AT 31].

ORUCI
xan --. Viceroy.

ORUГ xiryal. White horse with black back [AT 18]. Infra.

ORUГUL-
--zu jabuxu. To subdue.
ulus i --xu. To subdue a people.

ORULCA- To interfere.

ORUSI- To abide; to inherit.

OTURILA- To hunt game in spring before it gets pregnant. See oturla-, Pt. I.

OXUR (orig. [h]OXAR) Having a short tail. See oxur, Pt. I.

OXURA- To become short or scarce.
idegen uүuxu ji --xu. To become short of food and drink. To have food and drink in short supply.

Ø

ØBER zaүur-a. Elsewhere, privately [AT 68, 77].

ØBER-E bolxu. To separate from, abandon [AT 74].
-- busu. No(t) other (than); just that.
segyder ece ---e nøkyr ygei, segyl ece -- -e cucaү-a ygei, (You have) no other companion than (your) shadow; (you have) no other whip than (your) tail [AT 14].

ØBESYBEN tngri bolxu. To die a natural death .

ØBYR [= ebyr] tyr køl dyr oruүsan. "Entered into (my) bosom and legs" -- being my wife [SH/Mo. 1-357].

ØCIG øciky. To state one's case, recite one's plea [AT104].

ØGEDE bolүaxu. To cause people to come in stately progress [AT 124].
-- bolxu. (hon). To move, as in imperial progress, or to nirvana [AT 46].

ØGER-E kiky. To separate (physically, as head from chest) See øber-e [AT 88].

ØGLIGE Sacrificial dish [AT 65].

ØLCICEN Front (part) [AT 7].

ØLENG Green grass [SH/Mo. 3-298, note 2] .

ØLGY- To cross, go over.

ØLKE Sunny side of a mountain. Same as ølge, Pt. I [ET 120].

ØLKELE- To cross, go over. See AT p. 142, note 7].

ØLY Grey.

ØNDYR deger-e үarxu. To go out "on high" (of emperor) [AT 57].

ØNGGE Beauty, beautiful woman or women [AT 42].

ØNGGETY
mergen y -- . Having the aspect or appearance of a sage.

ØNYR kymyn. Relatives [AT 23].

ØRGESYN Pain, suffering [AT 85].

ØRI
kymyn dy nige morin u -- axu. To be indebted to somebody for one horse [AT 112].

ØRLYG Courageous, valorous [ET 75].

ØRLYGE manaүar. Early in the morning [AT 57].

ØRLYGEDE In the morning, during the morning.

ØRLYGYD Pl. of ørlyg.

ØRY-, 1. To hide [AT 15].

ØRY-, 2.
ysyg --ky. To set up in type. See Pt. I.

ØRYG [fr. Turkish] Quiet, in peace.

ØRYGESYN Widow.
-- xocuraүsan. Left behind as a widow.

ØS Hostility [AT 99].

ØSIJETY
cinu --. A person who hates (hated) you [AT 109].

ØSYR- To sprinkle.

R

RABZAM See rabdam.

RABZAMBA [T. rab byams pa] Lowest rank given to students of canid. See B. Supplement and doramba, laramba in this Appendix.

RASIJAN u araki. The drink rasijan [AT 36].

RINBOCE, RINBOCI [T. rin po che, S. mahāratna] Great jewel, title of the highest Lamaist clergy, such as the Dalai Lama, Panchen Rinopche , etc.

SABA zebseg. Tools, implements; weapons, arms.

SACA- = caca-.

SAΓALDURΓ-A Chin-strap. See Pt. I.

SAΓAMSIRA- To be lonely, abandoned, deserted.

SAΓANAL
caγan --. Light grey.

SAΓAR Rare for saγad.

SAΓU- To reign, rule [AT 62].

SAIN bolxu. To recover fromi llness.
-- kymyn. Nobeleman [AT 68].
abxu du bi -- buju. I am good or strong enough to take [AT 38].

SALA modun The sal tree, Shoren robusta.

SALBAR sibaγun. Clawed bird, some bird of preý [AT 29].

SALI (S. šali, çali) = salu. Rice.

SALTAR Coloring [AT 38].

SANA-
aci ji --xu. To be grateful.
camaiju axa gezy yly --m bi. I do not consider you my elder brother [AT 73].

SANAL
arad bygyde jin -- abxu. Referendum.

SANTARA-
--γsan ysyn. Disordered hair [AT 101] See sandura- Part I.

SARTAΓCIN Western nations.

SASA = saca, caca.

SEDKIL barixu. To take courage.
-- yn niγur i yzeky. " To look into the face of one's mind" = to understand or know oneself.

SEDKISI ygei sym-e. Translation of T. Bsam yas (S. acintya - "marvelous"), name of the oldest monastery in Tibet.

SEGER Arch of the foot.

SEGYL adaγ. Tail end [AT 74].

SEKY- / SEGY- To tuck up, turn up. See Pt. I under seky- [SH/Mo. 2-365].

SENCIN [Ch. hsien-sheng] A sage [AT 55].

SENGTERE- To become clear (mind) [SH/Mo. 3-368].

SERE- To learn (the news) [AT 93].

SERELTEI Cautious, watchful [AT 23].

SERIGYN ynen yges. Hard and inconvenient words or advice.

SERMEI A worn-out fur coat (of deer or saiga fur); worn-out fur.

SEZIGLE- To be in fear of [AT 114].

SEZIGYR, SECIGYR, SICIGYR A blow from the horns [AT 116].

SIBELGER = sibilger String of hair knotted on each side behind the ears.

SIBTUΓAR Angular (bird's tail) [AT 83].

SILBYLGYR See sibelger.

SICABALZA- To crawl.

SICAXAN Kneecap [AT p. 140, note on ch. 41].

SIDARLAL yiledky. To conduct a religious service (loan transl. from T. bsnyen par byed pa).

SIDI jin ecys. Doctrine, tenet (loan transl. fr. T. grub mthah, S. siddhānta.
degeđy jin --. The higher grades of siddhi.
jery jin --. The common siddhi(s).

SIGI mixa. The flesh growing between the teeth (gums?). [SH/Mo. 3-330].

SIIKIREN In parts, here and there (?)

SIKER Licorice [ET 122].

SIKI mixa. See sigi mixa.

SIL Exterior, appearance [SH/Mo. 3-383].

SILA Same as šaγšabad. See B. suppl.

SILCE- To slip [AT 105].

SILE See sili, Pt. I.

SILEGEBYRI Crutch, stick (?). See Pt. I.
temyr --. Long iron poker-like tool for cleaning Chinese chimneys.

SILEMDE- See Pt. I, silemede- [SH/Mo. 2-371].

SILEMELZE- To drivel, slobber [SH/Mo. 2-371].

SILGI Mountain trail [SH/Mo. 3-390].

SILIMDEG [Ch. yün-t'ai-ts'ai] Acc. to Giles 13,184: A vegetable found in Hupei, the stalks of which are eaten and the seeds furnish oil.

SILTEI Having a (beautiful,ugly) appearance [SH/Mo. 3-383].

SILTESYTEI ger. Lattice work tent [SH/Mo. 2-386].

SILYGLEL yn ajalγ-a . Meter (in versification).

SILYSY Lynx (?)

SILZIGE Illness which passes from one person to another; calamity which should have struck another person.

SINI Dropsy (?).

SINZI / SINSI Prognostics [AT 116].

SIRA- To shake, tremble, shiver.

SIRBAΓADAI Having the habit of switching (swishing) its tail (horse) [ET 122].

SIRBIL-, SIRBE-
ysy ben --geky. To ruffle one's hair [AT 98].

SIRE- See siri-, Pt. I. [SH/Mo. 2-370].

SIREGDE- = SIRGDE- To be cast, smelted [SH/Mo. 2-367].

SIREGEMEL temyr. Wrought-iron; purified iron.

SIREMY(N) Raw copper [SH/Mo. 2-370].

SIRΓAL, 1. See oruγ, supra.

SIRΓAL, 2. Pale chestnut-colored (horse) [AT 39].

SIRΓUΓUL Pale. See sirγul, Pt. I [AT 38].

SIRTY ger. Lacquered tent (?) [ET 71].

SIRTY- To give as a wedding gift [AT 20].
--n barildaxu. To be united (?).
--n barildaxu. Situation, condition.

SITYGEN
jeke -- . Stretched human skin used in magic. T. g'yang gzhi.

SIU biγu. Small stag [AT 80].

SIXA- To fatten for slaughter.

SIXAΓDA- See sixaγada-, Pt. I.

SOBILA- To see which turn an illness takes [SH/Mo. 3-348].

SOΓTUΓA- (orig. SUΓTAΓA-).
--zu unaγaxu. To intoxicate somebody so that he falls down [AT 14].

SOJUL, SOJOL are now the generally accepted readings for sujul, Pt.I.

SOJURXA-
Tngri jin --γsan. Favored by Heaven [ET 72].

SOLANAΓ-A Weasel. See Part I under SOLUNGΓ-A, 2. [SH/Mo. 1-320].

SONA Gadfly, horse-fly [SH/Mo. 2-379].

SONAS- Prec. for sonus-.

SONGXUR See singγur, Pt. I [AT 22].

SORUNG See šorung.

SØDYRGEN- To be an object of excitement.

SØDYRTE- To be excited [SH/Mo. 3-301].

SØJY- / SOJI- / SYJI- / SYJY- To instruct. Cf. suju, Pt I.
--n suryaxu. Id. [SH/Mo. 3-372].

SØJYGER Instruction, admonition [ET 76].

SUDDANI [S. Çuddhōdana]. Name of father of Çākyamuni.

SUΓU Bitch, female dog (?).

SUΓUM Cozy corner in a house [GO.].

SUJUL = SOJUL (SOYOL) which seems to be the most common reading.

SULTAD Pl. of sultan. See Pt. I . [SH/Mo. 2-378].

SULXARNAI (fr. Ar.)"The two-horned one," epithet of Alexander the Great (in folklore).

SURΓAL keleky. To instruct [AT 84].
-- yge. Words of instruction [AT 44].

SURTA- To be worth studying [ET 46].
--xu jabudal. Something worth studying.

SURUL The act of learning, interrogating.

SY, SYR " Soul," genious. See syr, Pt.I. and SYR, infra.

SYBE Entrance to a forest [AT 15]. See Pt.I.

SYIDKE-
nom i --ky. To abolish a religion or religious customs

SYMBYM [T.gsung hbum. Hundred-thousand sayings or teachings]. Collected religious works of a clerical author, extra-canonical miscellaneous writings.

SYMES Pl. of symge.
altan -- . Golden Buddha figures [SH/Mo. 3-351].

SYNDERLE- To rise or tower.

SYNG ulus. The Chinese Sung Dynasty (960 - 1279).

SYR kycytei. Powerful, majestic, formidable.
-- synesyn. Internal energy or power, "soul".

SYRKEI Frightening, awe-inspiring; terrible.

SYRTEI Powerful, majestic, awe-inspiring.

SYRYG
kymyn y -- . Community of men.
nigen -- aduγu. One herd of horses.

Š

ŠABZINATALA Swift.

ŠAΓZAMUNI The Buddha Çākyamuni.

ŠANG kesig. Reward.

T

TABCANG
naiman arslantu --. Throne carried by eight lions (Bsm., folklore).

TAΓARCIΓLA- To shed (blood) [SH/Mo. 3-330].

TAΓUL-
daisun i --xu. To defeat an enemy [AT 102].

TAΓUN Jay. See taγu. Pt. I.

TAIDU / DAIDU A title (?) [AT 61, 90 and note p. 155].

TAIΓA
aγula -- . Mountains and forests [AT 44].

TAIXU [Ch. t'ai-hou, Giles Nos. 10573, 4027; Math. Nos. 6020, 2144] Empress [AT 64].

TALA- To bring in a prisoner [AT 12].

TALAXA Prisoner [AT 12].

TALBI- To leave behind [AT 13].

TALBI-
--zu ilegeky. To throw away, abandon [AT 57].

TALXA
olza --. Booty [AT 102] See talaxa, Supra.

TAMARAГ "Echo word" to amaraγ.

TAMDURID- To devastate, lay waste.
samaγun dur --xu. To lay waste in the troubles of war.

TAMIR
bej-e jin -- saiziraγulxu. Physical culture, athletics.

TANGSUГ
γurban degedys -- = erdeni, γurban.

TARAMBA See laramba.

TARGI Short-haired (?) [AT 18].

TARMIN
-- nuγusun. Grey duck.

TARXAГA-
--xu øgky. To distribute; to make known, as orders.

TASIГUR (met.) Pain.

TASUL-
ysy ben --xu. To pull one's hair [AT 64].

TASURXAI kizaγar. Remote frontier, marginal area.

TATA- To use as a concubine; to purloin.
bej-e dy --xu. To bring upon oneself, incur.

TEGY-
arγal --ky. To collect arγal.

TEGY
xojar --. Twins [AT 105].

TELI That (middle Mong.) See ze teli.

TEMDEGTEI-E Distinctly, clearly.

TEMGY- To pick up [ET 76].

TEMTYL- = temtel-, temteri-, Pt. I.

TEMTYL- To seize or lock with both arms.

TENCIRDE- To be overwhelmed. See tencire-, Pt. I.

TEŃGYLYL ygei = tengcel ygei (?) [AT p.182, note 2 on chapter 102].

TENGSELKILE- To find out by questioning, investigate.

TERGE(N) y γoul. Axle of a cart.

TERIGYLE-
caγ -- For the time to pass (?).

TEYKE
bej-e jin --. Autobiography.

TEYNEI Same as tegyn y.

TEZIJETE For a long time, for quite a while [AT 14].

TIRTI, pl. tirtinar. [S. tīrthaka] (Indian) heretic, non-Buddhist.

TNGRI Archaic (Uıgur spelling) for tengri.
xan --. Khan-Heaven, His Majesty the Khan (cf. S. deva) [AT 103].

TOBCIГUR Little chain for fastening the door of a house, or the lid of a box, etc. Short string connecting the peg in the nose of a camel with the leading-rein. Cf. tobcilaγur. Pt. I.

TOBCILA-
--n jabuxu. To govern, rule over [AT 97].

TOГA-
yly --xu. To ignore, leave out of consideration [AT 25].

TOГAR
edyge --. Just then [AT 11].

TOГATAN
eke toγa-tan --. "Supernumerary soldiers" who are actually not part of the regular troops.

TOГULI- To seize the prey.

TOГUNALZI A cross-shaped piece of wood put in a pot to keep its cooking contents in the water [AT p. 131-2]

TOГURI-
--zu gyiceky. To run in circles [AT 54].

TOJIГ Kneecap, patella [ET 123].

TOKIJALDUГUL-
oi ji --un. At the occasion of the anniversary.

TOKIRASI ygei. Disproportionate, incommensurate, disharmonious.

TOLUГ esegei. Felt rug [AT 78].

TOMГA- See tomu-, Pt. I.

TOMГAГUL- v. caus. of tomγa- = tomu-.

TOMUГ-A Crown.

TOMUГATU
altan --. Those of the Golden Crown = the daughters-in-law of the Emperor (hist.).

TØBSI-
tøry --ky. To rectify the government [AT 123].

TØLYGESYN
øri --. Payment of a debt. [AT 43] See Pt. I.

TØRY-
--gsen. The born ones. Human beings [AT 123].
ojutu --gsen. Born with wisdom [AT 13].
tøryty --gsen. Born of your generation.

TØREI Rare present tense of tøryky.

TUГ sylde. Flag inhabited by the "soul" of Genghis Khan as the protector of his people.

TUГU Plaque.
møngyn -- . Silver plaque [AT 75].

TUJAL Flock of birds [SH/Mo. 3-287].

TULBAS odxu. To be overturned [SH / Mo. 3-286].

TULГA(N) Column, pillar [AT 48]. See Pt. I.

TUR- See tura-, Pt, I.

TURГAГUD (pl. of turγaγul). Name of Genghis Khan's bodyguard.

TURГAГUL Standing. See turγaγud.

TURSI- To experience.

TURSIГUD (pl. of tursiγul) Spies.

TURXAN See turaxan, Pt. I.

TUBE- To unite, be composed or compounded [ET 51]

TYLERE- To burn (?).

TYLI- To suffer, be in distress (?); to cover [SH/Mo. 3-298].

TYLIGEN Hardship, suffering, distress.

TYLIGETEN Sufferers.

TYSI- To accuse (?) [SH/MO. 3-315].

TYSIGYLIGCI Somebody who offers protection or asylum [Vl.].

TYSYGE Jug, pitcher [SH/Mo. 1-343].

TYSYR- To pour from one container into another, transfuse [SH/Mo. 1-310].

U

UB(A)SANG (T. bsang) Insense. Same as sang, Pt. I.

UBIS kiky. To move with difficulty. [SH/Mo. 2-387].

UCIRA-
--zu nairaltu sain bolxu. To be on friently terms.
... luγa --xu. To happen simultaneously, coincide with (in time).
xubilγan dur --xu. To meet (in various) incarnations [AT 48].

UCIRALDU- To meet each other (in various incarnations) [AT 47].

UГUГSAГAR Kiiping (it) in the mouth [AT 104].

UГUCA- To sip. See oγucixu. Pt. I [AT 110].

UГULГACİ See uulγaci, Pt.I.

UГUR- To throw away.

UГURCAГ Relinquished, outcast.

UIMRAГ-A Confused, unreasonable, hare-brained (?).

UJILSUN Quiver of birch bark.

ULA
ϕdyn y --. Place on an arrow used for the feathering.

ULAJ-A kycy. Relay horse [SH/Mo. 1-327].

UMAI Blood relations [AT 73].

UMDAГAS-
--cu jadaxu. To be dying from thirst.

UNAГAN u sigir-a. Name of a plant (Asarum Sieboldii). (Ch. hsi-hsin. Giles Nos. 4163, 4565; Math. 2467, 2740].

UNALDA- To neigh (?).

UNG (onomat.) Sound of a bell.

UNGГASUTU Woolen; loaded with wool.

UNTUXUN See untuγun, Pt. I [ET 25].

UNAГ-A(N) Foal, colt [SH/Mo. 1-339].

UNUGUL- To offer a riding horse as a gift [SH/Mo.1-342].

UNZI[I]ГUL- To hang (one's head) [SH/Mo. 3-330].

URAD Pl. of uran. Artisans [SH/Mo. 3-385].

URAГADAzu barixu. To catch with a snare.

URГADA- To snare birds [AT 79].

URГUγsan Growing wild [AT 14].

URIГALDA- To be utterly responsive (?).

URIГALГU See uralγu, Pt. I [SH/Mo. 2-387].

URTAГCIN Long (bow). See urtuγcin, Pt. I [AT 25].

URUГ eligen. Relatives [AT 23].
-- tøryl. Relations, kith and kin [AT 23].
altan --. The clan of Genghis Khan.

URUГTAN
altan --. Relatives of the emperor.

URUГULDU- To tie an "unbroken" horse.

URULDUzu daruxu. To overcome [AT 26].

USUSXAL The (course of) history [ET 54]; bastard (invective) [SH/Mo. 2-326, note 180].

URUSXALANG Current.

USUN casun Waters (hends.) [AT 27].

V

VACIR
malaγa jin --. "Thunderbolt" on top of hats worn by priests of rank [AT 22].

X

XA Upper portion of the arm [AT 104]

XABIRГ-A ber unaxu. To fall on one's side [AT 41]

XACIR Eagle. See xacir, Pt. I [AT 85].
-- tas. Heron ? Black eagle ? [AT 38].

XAD See bej-e -- (hend.) [SH/Mo. 2, 372].

XAГ-A cabcixu. To cut about [AT 117].
-- γarbuxu. To shoot through with an arrow [AT 26].

XAГA- To protect; to side with.
umai ben --xu. To protect one's womb, i.e. blood relatives [ET 69].
uruγ be --xu. To protect, i.e. side with one's relatives by alliance [ET 69].

XAГAS Asemantic echo word in the cpd "neres xaγas": names [SH/Mo. 2-402 , note].

XAГUN Testicles See xaγunaγ.

XAILA- To call shout.

XAIMUГUR See xaimuγur and keibyr, Pt. I.

XALA-
aman inu -- bai. His mouth was burned [AT 110].

XALAГAR Verily, surely.

XALAГUCI- To catch a fever. See xalaγuca-, Pt.I [AT43].

XALГA- To let attack. [AT 86].

XAMAГALA-
bej-e (ben) --xu. To defend oneself.
beje --xu jabudal. Self-defense.

XAMIГASI jaγasi. In all directions [AT 12].

XAMIZU Completely (?) [AT 58 p. 153, note].

XANAKI janaki. From time to time (hend.) [AT 57].

XANGSIJARTU
xar-a --. Black-nosed (dog). See xangsijar, Pt.I [AT 37].

XANICI-
--n jabuxu. To 'have fun" together. See Pt.I. [AT 22].

XANILXA- To compare.

XAR-A mør. A bad road [AT 102].

XARALIГ Belonging to the common people.

XARANGГUN Darkness.

XARI Vassal.
dørben -- ulus. People of the four foreign lands [AT 27].

XARIJA- yxygylky. To kill with curses [AT 14].

XARIJATAN Subjects, subordinates [AT p. 145] .

XARIL bucal ygei jabuxu. To go to the land of no-return, die [AT 45].

XARMAI All ?
-- mongγul. All the Mongols [AT 31].

XAS tøry. The precious rule : "Your Majesty's rule". [AT 44].

XASUГ Sharp (?) [AT 15 (p. 121, note 1)].

XAŠKIR-cu xorixu. To call and enclose (flocks) [AT 69].

XATUN Dalai. Yellow River = Xatun Møren or Xatun Гoul.

XATUND (orig. Xadund, obs. pl. of xatun) Wives, spouses.

XAZIMAL un yr-e. Ofphaned child [AT 83].

XOBXURAГUL- To divorce (a wife).

XOCID Late [AT 72].

X CURA- = xocur-.
ønycin --γsan. Left behind as an orphan [AT 45].

XODXUR See xotuγur, Pt.I.

XOГUSUN Empty-handed [AT 120].

XOJAR sedkil. Disloyal, treacherous [SH/M0. 2-358].

XOLA ranaγsan. Distant thought, ulterior motive [AT34].

XONCIN (γoncin). Title of nobility [Vl.].

XONГUR xalzin. White blaxe [AT 67].

XONINd Obs. pl. of xonin [SH/Mo. 2-359].

XORГAN
øndege jin --. Glaucoma.

XOSIГU
emyne --. Vanguard [AT 92].

XOSIГUL-
uduridun --xu. To order to lead in front [AT 26].

XOTUNG Concave back of a horse (?) See AT p. 116 and xotuγur, Pt. I.

XUBACIГUR Taxes.
alban -- Taxes and tribute [AT 21].

XUBCIГUR See γubciγur.

XUГUR Four-stringed fiddle [AT p. 135, note].

XUГUS
γurban -- kizy ebkegsen. Triple-folded [AT 42].

XULADU See xulatu, Pt. I.

XULIГUBCI Cap or hood which also protects the ears.

XULISU(N) See xolisun.

XUMI-
--zu. Completely (?) [AT 58, and p. 153, note].

XURUILA- To brandish; to signal by waving [AT 102].

XUSU- To scratch (= kisuxu). See xusu-, Pt. I [SH/Mo. 2-386].

Y

YBCI- To flay.

YDE manaγar. Evening and morning [SH/Mo. 3-302].
-- zilda. Late, evening [SH/Mo. 3-302].

YDE- To lure , allure game (?) [AT 38]

YDELE jabuxui. Ordinary actions [AT 22].

YDESIBYR At evenings = ydesi byri.

YDYR = edyr [SH/Mo. 2-391].
- sira da. At the time when the day (=sun) is yellow, at sunset [SH/Mo. 3-296].

YGE daγu. Words. See Pt. I under yge [SH/Mo. 1-327].

YGEGYN (pl. of yge(i)gy). Not having, lacking, without.

YGY ... ygy. Particle used in a double question ... or ... [SH/Mo. 2-352].

YILE Duty, obligation [SH/Mo. 2-351].

YILEDKE- jal-a. Hard labor (as a punishment).

YJ-E jin bicimel. Genealogical record, family register.

YJEGELED See YJELID, Pt. I.

YJERGEGSEN Wanting food desperately (?) [AT 22].

YKEG Food safe [AT p. 174 , note on 90].

YKERTY cerig. Oxen troops [AT 101].

YKYDKY- To lose one's head . See ykydke-, Pt. I. [SH/Mo. 2-374].

YLDE-
--zy orkixu. To chase away [AT 61 and 69].

YLDY Precl. for ildy.

YLEGE- Same as ylije-.

YLEGYJ-E Chiefly, mainly. See ilegyy.

YLEMZI yge(n). Proverb [SH/Mo. 3-298].

YLI Nest, ant hill.

YLIDKE- To annihilate [ET 76].

YLILE- To build or sit in a nest or an anthill.

YLY boli. That will not or would not do [SH/Mo. 3-326].

YNDYSYN bariγcid. Maintainers of a religious school tradition, disciples of a teacher (transl. of T. rgyud rnams).
-- blama. S a m e.

YNEGELTEI Animal resembling the fox with scales on its back.

YNEN(G) Ermine, polecat [SH/Mo. 1-321].

YNGGY- or YNGKY- To wallow [Go.].

YNI xoruxai. White dung or earth beetle.

YNICIN elige. Diaphragm.

YNYGYN Kid [SH/Mo. 1-339].

YNYRCI One who has a keen sense of smell; sensitive to odor.

YRE cøm-e. Seeds.

YREZIL zimis. Pomegranate.

YRISYN Suddenly, quickly [AT 49].

YRYBTYLE- To grate.

YRYS sar-a. Spring festival.

YSYG yn erike. Line (of writing or print).
-- yn yr-e. Letter (of the alphabet) T. yig hbru.

YSYLENG Dense (vegetation); fluffy. See ysykei, Pt.I.

YTYNG [Ch. wu-t'ung For characters see Giles No. 12707, 12274, Math. 7191, 6619).
-- modu. Sterculia platanifolia.

YZE-
--tele edyi zaγur-a. In no time [SH/Mo. 1-346].
jabuxu, -- je. I shall try to march [AT 23].

YZEGDE-
γaixamsiγ-a --kyi. Wonderful looking.

YZERI Appearance, phenomenon.

Z

ZA, ZĒ Particle expressing doubt, estonishment.
ken zē axu. Who will, may, might (it) be? Who else may it be ? Who (else) is there ?

ZABAΓ-A(N) ølyng. Name of a grass growing on swamps. [Go.].
-- turγan-a. Poplar with small leaves.

ZAD Humans, humanity, foreigner.

ZADA Rainstone. See Pt.I and cf. Laufer, Sino-Iranica, 527 f.

ZADAΓAI See zidaγai.

ZAΓAΓ-A Testicle(s) [AT 95, p. 88].

ZAΓU(N) Body of one hundred men; a century [SH/Mo. 3-384].

ZAΓUCIN kij-a. Imperial guard officer who reports on Mongolian affairs to the emperor.

ZAILAΓUR Good for nothing; rascally.

ZAISANG Minister [Ch. tsai-hsiang. For characters see Giles 11490, 4249 or Math. 6675, 2562].

ZAJAΓ-A
tngri ece -- ber egydygsen. Born by Heaven's Decree [ET 54].
-- ygei. Not predestined [AT 36].

ZAJAΓACI Fortune teller.

ZAKI- To proclaim.

ZALA-
--n xadxuxu. To plant upright (standard) [AT 37]

ZALAΓ-A The foremost.
zirγuγan tymen -- bui ... Will be the foremost of the six myriads. See zaγalγ-a. Pt. I.

ZALΓAΓUL- To cause oneslef to be joined to somebody [AT 105].

ZAM Postal relay (station) etc. [SH/Mo. 3-384].

ZANCI Raincoat made of felt . See zangci. Pt. I.

ZANDAMANI = zindamani. . See cindamani, Pt. I.

ZANGGIDU- To heap up, as stones; also = zanggid-, Pt. I [AT 22].

ZANGTU = zangtai, Pt. I.
-- tørygsen. Born with character.

ZARAΓ What is necessary; requirement. See zaraγi, Pt. I.
kiky. To do what is necessary, make the necessary dispositions. See Pt. I.

ZARAΓTAI That which is necessary, requirement.

ZARBIJAL modun. Wood of which cangues are made [SH/Mo. 1-347].

ZARΓAΓ, zarγaraγ. Depilated skin.

ZARΓU Legal case [AT 93]. Law court [Vl.].

ZARLIΓ Official document, writ.

ZARUΓUL-
kybegyn i kymyn dyr --xu. To have the son employed by somebody.

ZASAΓ zarliγ Utterance of xaγan [AT 25].

ZASAΓLA- To condemn [AT 115].

ZASAΓUL Steward, estate-manager.

ZASAUL See za saγul. Commander of the flank.

ZAXA Neighborhood [AT 98]; near to [AT 81].

ZE teli All right, then! Enough of words ! [SH/Mo. 3-303].

ZEBE Weapon(s). See Pt. I zebe. [AT 56, 70].
-- jin morin. War horse.

ZEGERE Wild goat .

ZEKIR- To turn cold, lose affection [SH/Mo. 3-326].

ZENGGY- = zinggy- or zingky-. To slander, calumniate [ET 74].

ZERGELE-
--n saγuγsan. Seated in the ranks of the imperial spouses.

ZIBSIJER- To arrange , order; to give orders [SH/Mo. 3-311].

ZIBTURA- To diminish [SH/Mo. 3-304].

ZIDAΓAI = zadaγai. Pool, pond [ET 117].

ZIΓSA Monk's cell; school (in a monastery or temple).

ZIΓUD- To escape. See arai.
--un γarxu. To escape. See arai.

ZIG buju. How strange ! [AT 27].

ZIGI Dwelling place, residence = nutuγ [ET 19].

ZIKERGE- To frighten.

ZIL
oγtaryui --. "Year of the firmament"(which with its celestial bodies governs the year) [ET 50].

ZILCY- To search [AT 17].

ZILDA Late. See yde, Pt. I [SH/Mo. 3-302].
yde --, ydesi --. Evening.

ZINLABCI byin rlabs (pronounced jinlap) Consecration, blessing = adistid, Pt. I.

ZIRAMAI = ziram-a.

ZIRAMUD Little fish.

ZIREB (Onom.). Adv. descriptive of rapid movement; briskly.

ZIREN = zirin, Pt. I [ET 74].

ZIRΓAΓUL- To make happy [ET 68].

ZIRGIRA- To groan . See zigire-, Pt. I. [AT 46].

ZIRIN sedkilty. Disloyal, treacherous [SH/Mo. 2-358].

ZO
taulai jin --. Back of a hare [AT 84].

ZOB See zab, 1 in Pt. I.

ZOBXURA-- To be or get lost.

ZOΓUΓLA-
bajarlazu --xu. To enjoy.

ZOKI-
olan luγ-a --xu. To adapt oneself to or suit the many [AT 45].

ZOLI Γ
amin --. See under anda boluγsan.

ZOLIΓ Money paid to buy off services owed to the government [Vl.].

ZOLUΓA- Obs. for zolγa-.

ZON People [AT 67].

ZØB boltuγai. Let it be all right.

ZØBDEKI Left (hand) [AT 24].

ZØBSIJE-
ygen dyr --ky. To approve the words [AT 69).

ZØBSIJEL Contentment [AT 89].

ZØGEI
yker --. Bumblebee.

ZØGE-
--gsen. Established (of a people or a name) [AT 47].
xamurun --gsen. Brought together, assembled (people) [AT 44].

ZØLKE Large valley bisected by a river [SH/Mo. 2-346

ZØTEGERGEGCI Jealous (woman) [AT 22].

ZRLIΓ (rare). Uigur spelling for zarliγ.

ZUD tur(a)xan. Famine, murrain, epizootic.

ZUГ Sometimes incorr. for zyg.

ZULAГ Kumiss.
-- saculi. Aspersion of kumiss (offering).

ZULГA- To remove the hair.
ysyn i --xu. To depilate.

ZUN
erkety -- Sigamuni. The powerful Lord Çakyamuni [AT 125].

ZUSAГ yzeskylengty. Long-tailed pheasant (?)

ZYGYRI Sacrifice, offering [Vl.].

ZYILEGLE-
ama --ky. To pant.

ZYLGE Marshy soil covered with tufted grass [ET 118].

ZYLGE Islet, island in a river . See Pt. I.

ZYR Deer. See Pt. I.

蒙英大辭典

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